

The Weekly Chronicle

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

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CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC PHONE.

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1913.

THE CHRONICLE will be independent in politics, progressive in spirit and a champion of what it conceives to be right.

Editorial from The Chronicle, June 8, 1906.]

Calendar for August 1913 with days of the week and numbers 1-30.

Communications intended for publication in this paper, letters of a business nature in relation to the Chronicle, and all orders for Job Printing to be done at this office should be addressed to THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

FREDERICK COUNTY. Frederick is next to the largest of the counties of Maryland. In population and wealth it ranks next to Baltimore county.

DECISIONS OF SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES AS TO NEWSPAPER SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Few readers of newspapers fully and clearly understand the laws governing subscriptions. Following are the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States on the subject.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S POLICY TOWARDS MEXICO.

If we were to be guided by some of the skeptics of the press, such as the Washington Star and the Brooklyn Eagle, we would say with the former that the proposition of mediation in the Mexican troubles, would be embar-

assing for the U. S. and with the latter, flippantly add that the plan is "one glittering in theory." In point of fact what has been the diplomacy of our Government regarding the Latin American States from the beginning? The National integrity of these Republics, from the time that they threw off the yoke of Spain, was obtained by the insistent purpose of the U. S. Government that, through mediation secured by the friendly offices of European powers,—the U. S. declining to take part in any plan of pacification except on the basis of the independence of the Colonies"—Mexico and the other states became independent Republics. These are the words of Dr. Rush, then minister to England, in his conference with Castlereagh, who submitted the basis on which the Spanish Government solicited England's mediation, to sustain an amnesty which was intended merely to perpetuate the tottering power of Spain over her colonies.

If mediation prevailed when the rights of Spain over her colonies were incontestable, for the law of nations in those days laid stress upon the fact that the independence of a nation involved a question of right depending exclusively upon the determination of the nation itself; while the other question, one of fact, was whether the colonies which for upwards of two centuries had belonged to Spain, were actually exercising that right and could determine for themselves the form of government they wished.

Mexico should remember these facts. Regardless of the question as to whether Huerta's claims rest upon might or right, Wilson's friendly offices are tendered to check present disorders and to set the career of Mexico once more in the direction of peaceful commercial and international relations and to end the turmoil caused by the clashings of political control. These are the principles which President Wilson wishes to enforce, let them be ever so "glittering." They are

principles which the Latin-American Republics will, we are sure, perceive in the end to be for their own welfare, no less than for that of their Northern neighbor and indeed for the other nations of the world.

Yet, the stubbornness of Huerta may wreck this pacific plan. A false National pride, if not personal greed, may cause him to persist in resenting what he considers American intrusion. If so, let him remember the good that was brought about in 1854 by the plan of Ayutla, when, after Arista's term of office, Mexico was once more in the throes of disorder by Santa Anna's insatiable thirst for power.

The conciliatory plan of Ayutla brought Commonfort upon the scene securing to Mexico not only temporary relief but a promise of permanent government.

Should conciliatory measures fail, let President Wilson, however reluctant he may be to do so, resort to the ultimate resource of the rulers, declare war against the Marplots who are making a pandemonium of Mexico, abstaining as far as possible from invading her territory, unless it be on the northern frontier to repel aggression, and by a well established blockade, closing as rats in a trap, all ports from the mouth of the Rio Grande to Progreso on the Gulf, from Lower California to the Gulf of Tehantepec on the Pacific; and thus allowing Huertistas and Carranzistas to fight it out like Kilkenny cats, until they cease from exhaustion.

"SAFETY" ON THE WORST MANAGED.

No news that has ever emanated from official sources of the W. M. Railway Co. has been received with more profound joy than the announcement that this road is about to establish the "Safety First" system, "as soon as a selection can be made of a suitable man to take charge of this highly important work."

It is certainly high time for some official of this road to be interested in safety and that something be thrown around the Western Maryland to prevent it from throwing all of its rolling stock into the junk heap.

UP Penmar way bandits and thugs waylay automobiles, hold-up the occupants, take their valuables and then soak them on the head with a piece of lead pipe. They do things differently in South Carolina. The other day one Mr. Ferguson was taking a little spin near Great Falls when two highwaymen stopped the car and attempted to separate him from a large roll of coin of the realm.

AN Indian Register of the Treasury! Does that mean that wampum will be more plentiful? WHAT have become of the Pearre and Talbott booms? Partly Correct. "What's the matter with your husband, auntie?" said the sympathetic mistress.

putting the sleep wallop on foot-pads.

INTERMITTINGLY for six long, weary years we have descanted and elaborated upon and sung the praises of that modest, inexpensive, but most useful and effective road implement, known as the split log drag.

THE Chicago Inter-Ocean is of the opinion that swearing is a national trait. Not many will take issue with that publication, that is, if they are honest. That journal is not overstating the condition when it says, "in some sections of the country it is uncommon to hear a single sentence of the ordinary converse of men which is not interlarded with oaths."

ALL cities and towns are paying attention to traffic regulations. Emmitsburg may not be classed with those places that need much regulation of this kind but it would certainly be to the advantage of all if those who hitched on Main street were required to place their vehicles in such a way as to have a wider space in the center of the street for passing teams.

CHICAGO is the last place in the world one would look for a woman with small feet. Under ordinary conditions one might as well look for a prayer book in a poker game or for a beer opener in a church.

ONE million registered automobiles in the United States! Putting the average cost at \$750 a piece, look what it means. Why with that amount a fellow could buy a few thousand Pullman trains, complete—all but the porters.

SEVERAL new dances were the outcome of the recent torrid spell. The latest that cropped out up North seems to be the "pussy sneak"—danced in rubber-soled shoes. Mayhap it is a sort of gumshoe-politics glide, as it were.

A NEW YORK firm has just received a postal card that has been on the road eleven years. There are no particulars as to the point it started from or the route it took.—Christian Science Monitor.

It probably spent most of that time on the W. M. Derailroad.

It all depends upon how you spell it. Mr. Bryan said that Lind's mission was one of peace, while Mexico viewed it as a piece of effrontery.

AN Indian Register of the Treasury! Does that mean that wampum will be more plentiful?

WHAT have become of the Pearre and Talbott booms?

Partly Correct. "What's the matter with your husband, auntie?" said the sympathetic mistress. "Did you say he was a victim of senile debility?" "I dunno 'bout the other part," answered Aunt Dinah sharply, "but he's got de debil in him all right."—Buffalo Express.

Romance of a Gainsborough.

A great dealer, now dead, once told me that sauntering into an auction room he observed the portrait of a boy in a hat, ascribed to Gainsborough. He had that power of eye which can pierce through superposed paint, and, looking deep down into that picture, he felt certain that the hat was an addition and the boy a girl.

Going upstairs backward. Walking upstairs backward is urged by a London physician as a useful practice in cases of heart weakness and as helping in a more equal distribution of muscular wear and tear. "Firstly and most important," he says, "walking upstairs backward would prevent any tendency to hurry. No matter how inveterate a 'stair rush' a man might be, he would have to moderate his pace if going backward.

Just Being Human.

Whatever else I may be ashamed of, let me not be ashamed of being human. I may well blush for my little store of knowledge, for it might have been greater, and for my imperfect wisdom, which might have been sounder; for my sins, that might have been fewer, and for my righteousness, which is paltry enough.

Loubet Surprised Constans.

In spite of his imperturbability M. Constans admitted that one man had succeeded in astonishing him. Emile Loubet, afterward president of the republic, did this. "When I left the ministry of the interior," said M. Constans in telling the story, "I handed over to my successor the key of the safe containing the secret service money. It was then the beginning of March, and I had a nice little sum, more than a million, in bundles of 10,000 francs.

His Own Medicine.

A medical practitioner on board an American liner administered rather freely sea water among the patients who were ill. No matter what their ailments were, a dose of the briny fluid was quickly handed to them, and they were told to drink it up.

Cautious Hiram.

Two farmers met in a certain town a day or two after a cyclone had visited that particular neighborhood. "She shook things up pretty bad out at my place," said one, stroking his whiskers meditatively. "By the way, Hiram," he added, "that new barn o' yours get hurt any?" "Waal," drawled the other, "I dunno, I hain't found it yet."—Youth's Companion.

No Evidence.

"They tell me that fellow Whiggles is a man of letters," said Joram. "I've heard so," said Snippe, the tailor. "but I can hardly believe it. I've written to him ten times about a little bill he owes me, and nary a letter can I get out of him."—Harper's Weekly.

Describing It.

"How do you like this chowder, Mr. Starboarder?" asked the landlady. "It is cold, but not clammy," replied Mr. Starboarder.—Philadelphia Record.

Current Comment From Leading Journals.

The Increase of Drinking.

While the temperance folk boast that 44,000,000 people in this country have been included in "dry" territory, their more logical opponents note the increased consumption of alcoholic beverages per head of population. Washington dispatches yesterday reported 143,220,000 gallons of whiskey and brandy consumed during the last fiscal year, and 65,246,000 barrels of malt liquors, a notable increase over the report of 1912.

The Wine and Spirit Circular of Aug. 10.

frankly states its conviction that "if prohibition really prohibited it would be repealed." And it notes how gingerly the Prohibitionists treat the question of barring liquors from the home as they would bar them from the saloon. Congress passed the Webb law providing that where a "dry" State prohibits the shipping of liquors within its borders, the inter-state traffic shall be stopped. No prohibition State has taken advantage of this law. On the contrary, the Legislature of Georgia unanimously passed an amendment to its prohibitory law, providing that any individual in Georgia may legally have shipped for his own consumption, from another State, and at any time, whiskey not in excess of three gallons.

Experiment Farm for City Men.

On the outskirts of Pittsburgh a novel experiment is about to be tried. An experimental truck farm is to be started where young and even older city men may learn agricultural science at a minimum of expense to enable them to either profitably utilize gardening spaces in the city or to go to the small farm districts beyond the immediate suburbs, there to practice reducing living expenses by cultivating small tracts of ground.

Reciprocity in Cash.

There is one kind of reciprocity between Canada and the United States that can hardly fail to appeal to all classes in this country, and that is the acceptance in each country of the currency of the other for its full value and without question. Canadians who have crossed the line on their vacation trips this summer have invariably suffered inconvenience by reason of inability to pass Canadian money. Except in exceptional circumstances, Canadian money is useless as ordinary legal tender, except in cities close to the border. The traveling Canadian has therefore to exchange his money for American if he would escape serious inconvenience in travel and trade transactions in the United States. There is no such discrimination made in Canada against United States money. It is almost invariably accepted from American travelers. Much of it is to be found in ordinary circulation, especially in silver. There is no inconvenience to trade by reason of the fact. Exchange is easy, if for any reason it is necessary. Its acceptance certainly facilitates trade. Moreover, it is an act of courtesy that is not without its real value. It would therefore be reasonable to urge that both countries there be reciprocal recognition of the money of the other.—Ottawa Citizen.

WHEN IN
Frederick
—even between trains—be
sure to visit the
Diamond Alleys
The Finest in the State
Something Going On All The Time
Finest Brands of
Wines, Liquors, Cigars
SHERWOOD A SPECIALTY
Match Games of Duck Pins
EVERY WEEK
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Feb 17, '11-1y

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EMMITSBURG, MD.
Beautiful Location, Lots
Carefully Attended To, Perfect
Drainage, Grounds Well Kept.
LOTS AT PRESENT \$25.
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An Attractive Booklet. 5 Cents.
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Peace Pact Signed by Balkan States.
The peace treaty between the Balkan states was signed in Bucharest, Roumania.
The two wars in which the Balkan states have been embroiled have been extremely costly in human life and treasure. An Italian correspondent who has visited all the chief cities of conflict has made an approximate table of the losses in men and money up to the present of the combatant nations. For the first war his estimate is as follows:
Bulgaria—350,000 soldiers mobilized; 80,000 dead; \$300,000,000.
Serbia—250,000 soldiers; 30,000 dead; \$160,000,000.
Greece—10,000 dead out of 150,000; \$70,000,000.
Montenegro—8000 dead out of 30,000; \$4,000,000.
Turkey—450,000; 100,000 dead; \$400,000,000.
For the second war his figures are as follows:
Bulgaria—60,000 dead; \$180,000,000.
Serbia—40,000; \$100,000,000.
Greece—30,000; \$50,000,000.
When the number of persons massacred and the victims of the cholera epidemics are added to the totals it is reckoned that nearly 400,000 must have perished. The monetary loss all told is said to be \$1,360,000,000. The Boer war cost England 20,000 dead and \$1,000,000,000.

Diplomacy
By F. TOWNSEND SMITH
Count Rudolph Breitstein, secretary of the German embassy to the United States at Washington, was called one afternoon to the private office of his chief, who said to him:
"There is the paper you are to take to Berlin. Take it home with you and keep it in your hiding place for important documents till your departure. But be careful. If the French office should get hold of it we would be ruined. It refers to payment for the French work on the Panama canal."
Count Rudolph took the paper, at the same time saying to the ambassador:
"It is said that no spying is done in Washington, but I do not believe it. I have reason to suspect that my hiding place—a little safe in a wall in my home—is known. Let the place where I keep the key be known as well and a document might as well be laid out on a table. I will hide this paper till Saturday, the day I leave."
Miss Agnes Winterton, the daughter of an admiral of the United States navy, but whose father was dead, maintained a social position in Washington that she had inherited, but which she could not have retained in poverty in any other city except Washington. Miss Winterton was sitting in the drawing room of Count Breitstein, having sent up her card to the count's mother, with whom he lived, when a latchkey was put in the front door lock, and Count Rudolph himself entered the house.
The rain was coming down in torrents, and the room in which Miss Winterton sat was quite dark from the storm and the heavy window curtains. The count came into the room, where she was sitting in a shaded corner, and, though he looked about the room, did not see her. But he wore glasses and had not wiped the moisture from them after entering the house. Going to a bookcase, he took down a volume from the left hand corner of the top shelf, opened the volume, put a paper in it, closed the case and left the room unconscious of having been observed. Mounting to his room, he threw himself on a lounge for a brief rest before dressing for dinner.
The countess, who was changing from street to dinner costume, kept Miss Winterton waiting some time. After Count Rudolph left the drawing room the young lady, yielding to a natural feminine curiosity, went to the bookcase and took down the book in which Rudolph had placed the paper and, opening the former, took out a document which she read.
"The information contained in that few pages of matter," she said to herself, "if used by me would make us all rich." Then, folding it, she put it back in its place and resumed her seat.
It is singular that one who could yield to a temptation to gratify a curiosity she had no right to indulge could have had the fortitude to resist the temptation to make a fortune by means of the information derived. But we are all bundles of inconsistencies, and women, though more likely than men to yield to some petty fobble, are by no means behind the sterner sex in resisting great ones.
The countess did not mention to her son Miss Winterton having called, and he remained in ignorance of the young lady's having been in the house at the same time as himself. He left for Berlin in a few days and was not back in Washington again for several weeks. On the night after his return he met Miss Winterton at a reception given by a member of the cabinet. He chatted with her for a few minutes, not for a moment suspecting that she held a secret that would make her rich and secure his dismissal from the German diplomatic corps in disgrace.
Time wore on. The diplomatic business bearing upon the building of the canal was settled, the necessary treaties were signed and the work commenced. Meanwhile Count Rudolph and Miss Winterton were thrown occasionally together. The countess was especially pleased with her and often invited her to her house. The count had no idea of marrying an American wife, but felt that if he were so inclined Miss Winterton would be his choice.
Washington gossip had it that Miss Winterton had set her cap for the German secretary of legation, but there was not a word of truth in the report. The count was a man of the world and, above all, a diplomat. He asked her to be his wife simply because he made up his mind that he couldn't very well get on without her. Added to this, he knew that when he introduced her in Berlin she would take high social rank there. She was quite clever and passably comely. But, above all, there was a high bred air about her that would always make her prominent in any society in which she might be introduced. So he proposed to her and was accepted.
One evening not long after the engagement they were sitting in the drawing room. Miss Winterton arose, went to the bookcase, took out the book she had taken before, opened it and said:
"Your hiding place is empty today."
Rudolph was appalled. He had never used that book before for concealment and well remembered the one occasion. Then she told him how she had seen him hide his document and how she had refrained from making a fortune. "I cannot understand it," he said.
The young countess has become very popular in Berlin.

The Citizens' National Bank
OF FREDERICK, MD.
CAPITAL \$100,000
SURPLUS \$300,000

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WM. G. BAKER - Vice President.
H. D. BAKER - Vice President.
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SAMUEL G. DUVAL - Asst. Cashier.

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THOS. H. HALLER,
DANIEL BAKER,
C. H. CONLEY, M. D.,
C. E. CLINE,
P. L. HARGETT,
J. D. BAKER.

NOTICE.
On November the 1st, 1909, this Bank increased its interest rate to Four (4%) per cent. per annum on all its special interest bearing deposits, said deposits to remain in all other respects subject to the provisions of the contracts under which they were made.
Referring to the above notice, it is not necessary for any depositor to present his or her book to have any change made. The 4% rate, will, of course, be paid on new deposits made of the same class.
This bank offers first-class facilities for the transacting of your general banking business.
July 3, '10-1y

HANDWORK.
Sash, Doors, and Frames
made by hand a specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to and done right.
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People who in buying Groceries, make price and cheapness the standard instead of quality, will sooner or later, come to a realizing sense of the falseness of their economy. We stand for quality, first, last and all the time; and while doing so, we know that we can give you, intrinsically, better value for your money than the man who eternally talks cheapness. This is a House of Quality at moderate prices.
THE BEST ALWAYS.
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Successor to Besant and Knott,
aug 23-1yr FREDERICK, MD.

Child Eats Heart Tablets; Dies.
Orpha Gramley, the four-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel P. Gramley, of Alfarata, near Lewistown, Pa., climbed to the cupboard and ate fifteen heart tablets used by her mother. She died before the family physician could afford any relief.

Kills Physician on the Street.
Dr. W. J. Clent, one of the best known physicians of Alexander, S. C., was shot and killed on the street by O. M. West, a rural free delivery mail carrier. Dissension, originating before the recent death of Mrs. Clent, is reported to have caused the clash. West surrendered to the police.

Colored Man Kills Girl.
Estill Potter, thirteen years old, the daughter of Newton Potter, was killed by Goldie Winkfield, colored, employed at the Potter farm, near Lexington, Md. The murderer escaped.

75,000 Pennsylvania Auto Licenses.
Pennsylvania automobile license registrations passed the 75,000 mark. This is over 15,000 beyond the total for 1912. It represents an income of over \$750,000.

The Split Farthing Club.
A club limited in membership to men who agreed to stint themselves to the utmost in order to increase their possessions was the Split Farthing club of London. One member is reported to have had his garments so darned that there was not enough of the original left to show the texture. The members presented so starved an appearance that it was said there was not an ounce of fat among the lot.

No Use in Objecting.
The cynical person was standing in front of a part of an exhibition of local art talent labeled "Art Objects."
"Well, I suppose Art does object, and I can't blame her, but there doesn't seem to be any help for it," he finally said.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Looks That Way.
"Many criminals are more desperate after they have served a number of terms in prison," remarked the new member of the club.
"Yes; they must be possessed of a courage born of convictions," agreed the man who knows.—Buffalo Express.

Sixteen Days Clearance Sale
Of most desirable Summer Merchandise that is wanted and useable right now. The Price Reductions are so pronounced that wise buyers cannot afford to neglect this opportunity.

House Dresses 99 cts.
That sold up to \$1.90. Washable Gingham and Lawns, neatly trimmed, generously cut, and are a splendid purchase for you. Think of it, 99 cents for a dress ready to wear.

Washable Silk Waists.
Away down in price to about cost of material.
\$1.75 from \$2.50
\$2.00 from \$2.75
\$2.75 from \$3.75
This season's best sellers and most stylish garments. Practical all the year around—not many of them.

Fine Lingerie Dresses.
Of White Embroidered Voile and Swiss to close out at one-third off of the already low prices.

Parasols, \$1.49.
We will sell you any Parasol in our stock for \$1.49. Better be quick.

Street Dresses.
Of Pure Ramie Linen, and Ratine in Blue, Pink, White and Tan that sold up to \$7.50. Your choice for \$4.49.

Much Reduced.
Are 36 inch Wash Silks, Foulards, Colored Voiles and White Lingerie Waists.

The Rummage Table contains short ends of Silks, Dress Goods, White Goods and Odd Items that mean much for little.
A few of those \$1.00 Shirts left at 79 cents.

THOS. H. HALLER,
Central Dry Goods House
17 and 19 North Market Street FREDERICK, MARYLAND
march 27-1y

THE INDIVIDUALITY OF
A LEHR PIANO
The Distinctive Quality
Of a LEHR PIANO—the quality that makes it so different from other ordinary instruments—
Is Its Pure & Vibrant Tone
This tone is the object, the purpose for which the Lehr instrument is created. But you yourself, without assistance, can judge the tone! Can be seen at
Birely's Palace of Music,
FREDERICK, MD.
PROF. LYNN STEPHENS, Representative.
dec 22-1f

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Heavy and light hauling of any kind and for any distance.
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apr 8-'10-1y

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3-11-'10

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WHAT you save is more important than what you earn. Spend all that you get, and you will never have a surplus. Save even a little, and you are making headway.
There are various ways of saving, but one of the most effective is to spend your money wisely. You can do this by reading the advertisements in this paper closely and by taking advantage of the offers made. You can thus save without denying yourself what you need.
Merchants regularly advertise everything that you eat, wear, need for the home or require in your business. The advertisements tell you where you can buy cheaply and at the same time get goods of quality.
PRACTICE TRUE ECONOMY—BUY ADVERTISED GOODS.
Even if you do not want to buy, it pays to read the advertisements and keep posted, so you will know where to buy when the time comes.

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NEW LOT OF
Spring and Summer Shoes
—IN—
Ladies', Misses and Children's
Men's, Boys' and Youths'
1913-Spring and Summer-1913
M. FRANK ROWE,
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Your Spring Clothes
will meet every requirement of fit, style and service value, if you give us the privilege of making them to
Your Individual Measure
Our line of Spring Fabrics represent the very Newest Weaves and designs.
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GETTYSBURG, PA.
Feb. 8-1f

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A STOCK COMPANY
E. E. ZIMMERMAN, Local Director.
Jan. 1-1f

