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AMUNDSEN'S OWN STORY OF HIS SOUTH POLE DASH

The Explorer and Four Companions With Fifty-two Dogs Climb Over Ice Mountains to the Pole. New Range of Mountains Located.

BY ROALD AMUNDSEN.

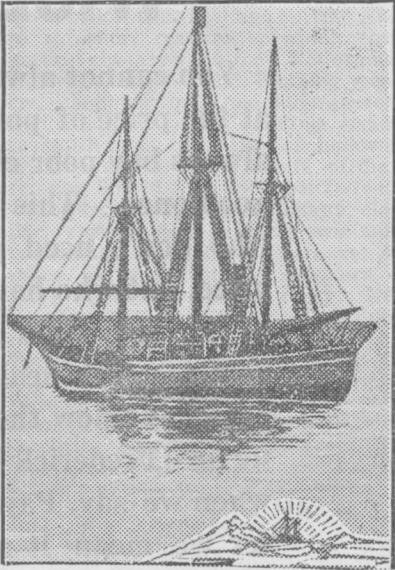
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HOBART, Tasmania, March 8, 11:20 a. m.—On the 10th of February, 1911, we commenced to work our way toward the south, from that day to the 11th of April establishing three depots, which in all contained a quantity of provisions of about 3,000 kilos. One thousand six hundred kilos, including 1,100 kilos of seal meat, were cached in 80 degrees, 700 kilos in 81 degrees and 800 kilos in 82 degrees south latitude.

As no landmarks were to be seen, these depots were marked with flags seven kilometers on each side in the easterly and westerly directions.

The ground and the state of the barrier were of the best and specially well adapted to driving with dogs. On Feb. 15 we had thus traveled about a hundred kilometers. The weight of the sledges was 300 kilos, and the number of dogs was six for each sledge. The



"GOOD OLD FRAM!"

lowest temperature on these depot trips was minus 45 Celsius or centigrade (49 degrees below zero F.). On the 4th of March, on our return from the first trip beginning on the 15th of February, we found out that the Fram had already left us. With pride and delight we heard that her smart captain had succeeded in sailing her farthest south and there hoisting the colors of his country. A glorious moment for him and his comrades—the farthest north and the farthest south—good old Fram! The highest south latitude attained was 78 degrees 41 minutes.

Captain Roald Amundsen, First Man to Reach the South Pole.



Photo by American Press Association

Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the south pole, is a bachelor, forty years old, and a native of Norway. His first taste of exploration was in 1897, when he sailed as first officer of Gerlach's Belgian south polar expedition. He is the first man to accomplish the long attempted feat of taking a ship from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean by way of the Northwest passage. This he accomplished in 1903 and 1905.

surface of the barrier was smooth and fine, with no sastrugi. The crevices were very local and were found dangerous in only two places. For the rest—long, smooth undulations. The weather was excellent—calm or

The Pole Surrounded by a Vast Plateau Named in King Haakon's Honor. Three Days Spent at Point Farthest South. "Devil's Dancing Room."

Winter on the Ice Barrier.

Having cared for the dogs, the turn came to use our solid little hut. It was almost entirely covered with snow by the middle of April. First we had to get light and air. The Lux lamp, which had a power of 200 standard

candles, gave us a brilliant light and kept the temperature up to 20 degrees Celsius (68 degrees F.) throughout the winter, and our excellent ventilation system gave us all the air we wanted.

In direct communication with the hut and dugout on the barrier were workshops, packing rooms, cellars for provisions, coal, wood and oil, a plain bath, a steam bath and observatories. Thus we had everything within doors if the weather should be too cold and stormy.

The sun left us on the 22d of April and did not return until four months later. The winter was spent in changing our whole outfit, which on the depot trips was found to be too clumsy and solid for the smooth surface of the barrier. Besides this, as much scientific work as possible was done, and some astonishing meteorological observations were taken.

Open Water All Winter.

There was very little snow, and there was open water close by throughout the winter. For the same reason higher temperature had been expected, but it remained very low.

In five months there were observed temperatures between minus 50 and 60 degrees Celsius (58 and 76 degrees below zero F.), the lowest temperature, on the 13th of August, being minus 59 degrees Celsius. It was then calm. On Aug. 1 the temperature was minus 58 degrees Celsius, and there were six meters of wind. The mean temperature for the year was minus 28 degrees Celsius (14.8 below zero F.).

I had expected hurricane after hurricane, but I observed only two moderate storms and many excellent aurora australis in all directions.

The sanitary conditions were of the best all the winter, and when the sun returned on Aug. 24 we met the men sound in mind and body, ready to set about the task that had to be solved.

Already, the day before, we had brought our sledges to the starting place for our march toward the south. Only in the beginning of September did the temperature rise to such an extent that there was any question of setting out.

First Start For the Pole.

On Sept. 8 eight men, with seven sledges, ninety dogs and provisions for four months, started. The ground was perfect. The temperature was not bad. The next day it appeared that we had started too early, as the temperature of the following days fell and was kept steady between minus 50 and 60 Celsius (58 degrees and 76 degrees below zero F.). Personally, we did not suffer at all from this cold. Our good furs protected us. But with our dogs it was a different matter. It would easily be seen that they shrank from day to day, and we understood pretty soon that they could not stand the long run to our depot at 80 degrees south.

We agreed on returning and to wait for the arrival of spring. The provisions were cached, and off we went for the hut. With the exception of the loss of a few dogs and a couple of frozen heels everything was all right.

Only in the middle of October spring came in earnest. Seals and birds appeared. The temperature was steady between 20 and 30 Celsius (68 degrees and 86 degrees F.).

The original plan that all of us should go toward the south had been changed. Five men had to do this work, while the other three were to start for the east and visit King Edward VII. land.

This last mentioned trip was not included in our program, but owing to the fact that the English had not reached it at least this summer, as was their intention, we agreed that the best thing to do was also to make this trip.

On Oct. 20 the southern party started—five men, four sledges, fifty-two dogs and provisions for four months—everything in excellent order.

The Journey to the Pole.

We had made up our minds to take the first part of the trip as easily as possible in order to give ourselves and the dogs a rational training, and on the 23d we made our depot in 80 degrees south. We went right ahead.

In spite of the dense fog an error of two to three kilometers happened once in a while, and we were caught by the

mag marks and found these on our way without difficulty.

Having rested and fed the dogs on all the seal meat they were able to eat, we started again on the 26th, with the temperature steadily between minus 20 and 30 Celsius (4 degrees and 22 degrees below zero F.).

From the start it was the intention not to drive more than thirty kilometers a day, but it appeared that this was too little for our strong, willing animals. At 80 degrees south we began to build snow cairns of a man's height, in order to have marks on our return trip. On the 31st we reached the depot at 81 degrees and stopped there one day and fed the dogs on as much pemmican as they wanted.

We reached the depot at 82 degrees on the 5th of November, where the dogs for the last time got all they wanted to eat. On the 8th, southward again, with a daily march of 50 kilometers.

In order to lighten our heavy sledges we established depots at each degree of south latitude.

Like a Pleasure Trip.

The trip from 82 degrees to 85 degrees became a pleasure trip—excellent ground, fine sledging and an even temperature. Everything went like a dance.

On the 9th we sighted South Victoria land and the continuation of the mountain range which Sir Ernest Shackleton mentioned in his chart as running toward the southeast from the Beardmore glacier, and on the same day we reached 83 degrees and established here depot No. 4. On the 11th we made the interesting discovery that the Ross barrier terminated in a light toward the southeast at 86 degrees south latitude and 163 degrees west longitude, formed between the southeast mountain range running from South Victoria land and a range on the opposite side running in a south-westerly direction—probably a continuation of King Edward VII. land.

On the 13th we reached 84 degrees, where we established a depot; on the 16th we were at 85 degrees, where also we made a depot.

From our winter quarters, "Framheim," 78 degrees 38 minutes south latitude, we had been marching due south. On the 17th of November, at 85 degrees, we arrived at a place where the land and barrier were connected. This was done without any great difficulty. The barrier here rises in undulations to about 300 feet. Some few big crevices indicated the limited boundary.

Here we made our head depot, taking provisions for sixty days on sledges and leaving thirty days' provisions on the spot.

A Difficult Climb.

The land under which we lay and which we now had to attack looked quite imposing. The nearest summits along the barrier had a height of from 2,000 to 10,000 feet, but several others further south were 15,000 feet or more.

The next day we began the climb. The first part of it was an easy task—light stops and well filled mountain sides. It did not take a long time, for our willing dogs worked their way up. Further up we met with some small but very steep glaciers. Here we had to harness twenty dogs to each sledge and take the four sledges in two turns. In some places it was so steep that it was difficult enough to use our skis.

Some big crevices forced us from time to time to make detours. The first day we climbed 2,000 feet, the next day mostly up some small glaciers, camping at a height of 4,500 feet. The third day we were obliged to go down on a mighty glacier, "Axel Heiberg's glacier," which divided the coast mountains and the mountains further south.

The next day began the longest part of our climb. Many detours had to be made in order to avoid broad cracks and open crevices. These were apparently mostly filled up, as the glaciers in all probability had long ago stopped moving, but we had to be very careful, never knowing for certain how thick was the layer that covered them.

Our camp that night lay in very picturesque surroundings at a height of 5,000 feet. The glacier here was narrowed in between the two 15,000 feet high mountains, the "Fridtjof Nansen" and the "Don Pedro Christoffersen." From the bottom of the glacier rose Mount "Ole Engstad," a big snow cone 13,500 feet high.

Day's Splendid Work.

The glacier was very much broken in this comparatively narrow pass. The mighty crevices seemed to stop us from going farther, but it was not so serious as it appeared. Our dogs, which up to this time had covered a distance of about 700 kilometers, the last day's very hard work, ran this day thirty-five kilometers, the ascent being 5,000 feet, an almost incredible record.

It took us only four days from the barrier to get up on the vast inland plateau.

We camped that night at a height of 10,000 feet. Here we had to kill twenty-four of our brave companions and keep eighteen, six for each of our three sledges.

We stepped here four days on a

count of bad weather. Tired of this, we set out on the 28th of November. On the 26th, in a furious blizzard and in a dense snowdrift, absolutely nothing was to be seen, but we felt that, contrary to expectations, we were going fast down hill. The hypsometer gave us that day a descent of 600 feet.

We continued our march the next day in a gale, and a dense snowdrift got our faces badly frozen. We could see nothing. We reached that day 86 degrees, dead reckoning. The hypsometer indicated a fall of 800 feet.

The next day was similar. The weather cleared a little at dinner time and exposed to our view a mighty mountain range to the east and not far off only for a moment, and then it disappeared in the dense snowdrift.

On the 29th it calmed down and the sun shone, though it was not the only pleasant surprise he gave. In our course stretched a big glacier running toward the south. At its eastern end was the mountain range going in a southeasterly direction. Of the western part of it no view was to be had, it being hidden in the dense fog. At the foot of this glacier, the Devil's glacier, a depot for six days was established, at

Before us lay an absolutely plain plateau, only here and there marked with a tiny sastrugi.

In the afternoon we passed 88 degrees 23 minutes (Shackleton's farthest south was 88 degrees 25 minutes). We camped and established our last depot, depot No. 10. From 80 degrees 25 minutes the plateau began to slope down very gently and smoothly toward the other side.

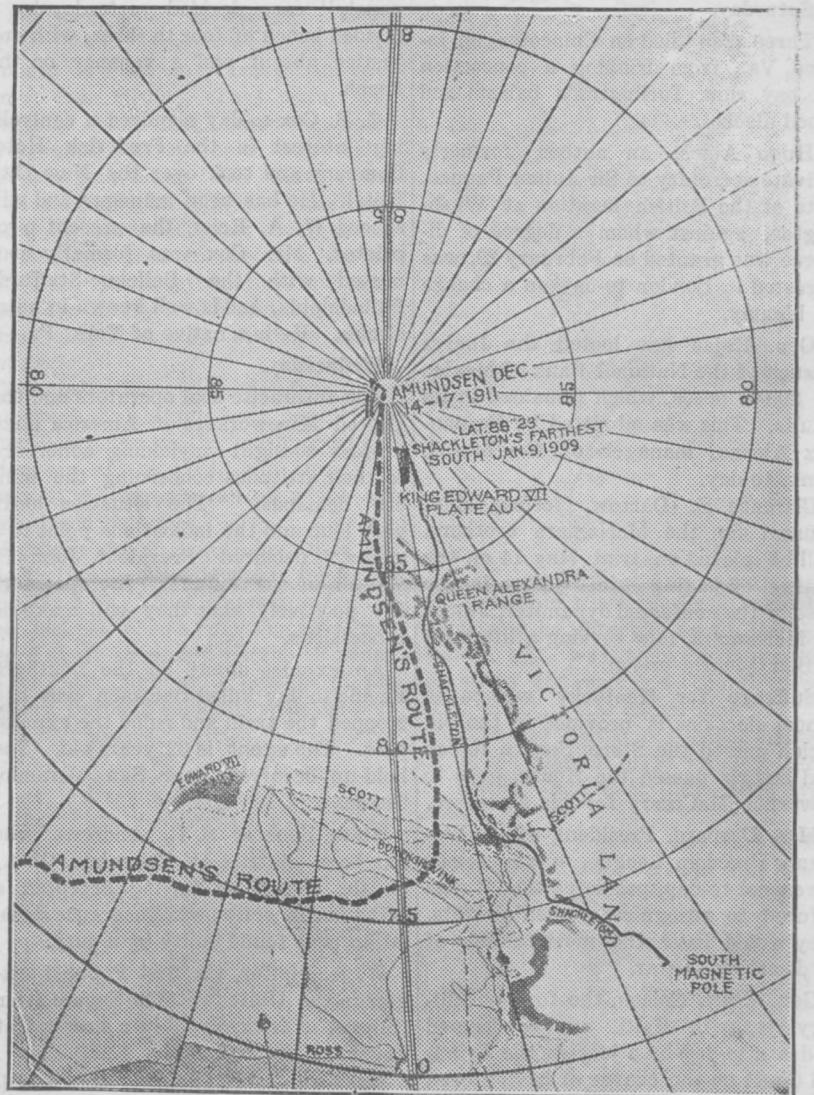
On the 9th of December we reached 88 degrees 33 minutes; on Dec. 10, 88 degrees 53 minutes; Dec. 11, 89 degrees 15 minutes; Dec. 12, 89 degrees 30 minutes; Dec. 13, 89 degrees 45 minutes.

Up to this time the observations and dead reckoning agreed remarkably well, and we made out that we ought to be at the pole on Dec. 14 in the afternoon.

The Pole Attained.

That day was a beautiful one—a light breeze from southeast, the temperature minus 23 Celsius (8.4 degrees below zero F.), and the ground and sledging were perfect. The day went along as usual, and at 3 p. m. we made a halt.

According to our reckoning, we had reached our destination. All of us



MAP SHOWING AMUNDSEN'S ROUTE TO THE SOUTH POLE.

86.21 degrees south latitude. The hypsometer indicated 8,000 feet above sea level.

A Splendid Mountain View.

On Nov. 30 we began to climb the glacier. The lower part of it was very much broken and dangerous. Moreover, the snow bridges very often burst. From our camp that night we had a splendid view over the mountain to the east. There was "Helmar Hansen's summit," the most remarkable of them all. It was 12,000 feet high and covered with such broken glaciers that in all probability no foothold was to be found. "Oscar Wisting's" "Sverre Hassel's" and "Olav Hjelrand's" mountains also lay here, beautifully illuminated in the rays of the bright sun.

In the distance, and only alternately to be viewed in the fog, appeared from time to time "Mount Nielsen," with its summits and peaks about 15,000 feet high. We only saw the nearest surroundings.

It took us three days to surmount the Devil's glacier, always in misty weather.

On the 1st of December we left this broken glacier, with holes and crevices without number, with its height of 9,100 feet. Before us, looking in the mist and snowdrift like a frozen sea, appeared a light, sloping ice plateau filled with small hummocks.

The walk over this frozen sea was not pleasant. The ground under us was quite hollow, and it sounded as though we were walking on the bottoms of empty barrels. As it was, a man fell through, then a couple of dogs. We could not use our skis on this polished ice. Sledges had the best of it. The place got the name the "Devil's Dancing Room." This part of our march was the most unpleasant. On Dec. 6 we got our greatest height, according to the hypsometer and aneroid, 10,750 feet, at 87 degrees 40 minutes south.

On Dec. 8 we came out of the bad weather. Once again the sun smiled down on us. Once again we could get an observation. Dead reckoning and observation were exactly alike—83 degrees 53 minutes 1.43 seconds south.

gathered around the colors—a beautiful silk flag—all hands taking hold of it and planting it.

The vast plateau on which the pole is standing got the name of the "King Haakon VII. plateau." It is a vast plain, alike in all directions. Mile after mile during the night we circled around the camp.

In the fine weather we spent the following day taking a series of observations from 6 a. m. to 7 p. m. The result gave us 89 degrees 55 minutes.

In order to observe the pole as close as possible we traveled as near south as possible the remaining nine kilometers.

On Dec. 16 there we camped. It was an excellent opportunity. There was a brilliant sun. Four of us took observations every hour of the day's twenty-four hours. The exact result will be the matter of a professional private report.

This much is certain—that we observed the pole as close as it is in human power to do it with the instruments we had, a sextant and an artificial horizon.

On Dec. 17 everything was in order on the spot. We fastened to the ground a little tent we had brought along, a Norwegian flag and the Fram pendant on the top of it.

The Norwegian home at the south pole was called "Polheim."

The distance from our winter quarters to the pole was about 1,400 kilometers. The average march a day was twenty-five kilometers.

The Return Journey.

We started on the return trip on the 17th of December. Unusually favorable weather made our way home considerably easier than the journey to the pole. We arrived at our winter quarters, "Framheim," on the 25th of January, 1912, with two sledges and eleven dogs, all well.

The daily average speed on the return trip was thirty-six kilometers. The lowest temperature was minus 31 Celsius (23.8 degrees below zero F.), the highest minus 5 Celsius (23 degrees above zero F.).

Among the results are the determination of the extent and character of the



Friday.

The report comes from Los Angeles that J. B. McNamara is dying in the State Penitentiary at San Quentin where he is serving a life sentence for dynamiting the Los Angeles Times.

To-day's list of railroad wrecks show that ten persons were killed on the Canadian Pacific at Hull, Quebec; four on the Georgia Railroad at Social Circle, Georgia; one on the Rochester and Eastern at Victor, N. Y.; and the list of injured in these wrecks may possibly number 25.

George T. Gumbrell, former President of the Roxbury Distilling Company, was to-day found guilty of obtaining money under false pretenses, with a recommendation for mercy in the imposition of sentence. Gumbrell is about 70 years old. He was charged with having duplicated warehouse receipts for whiskey. He is alleged to have procured approximately \$80,000 by this method.

It was rumored at Hagerstown, to-day, that the Western Maryland Railway Company was negotiating for the purchase of the plant of the Hagerstown Brewing Company, on Foundry street, but the rumor was denied. The railroad company will double track Foundry street, and it is said, is anxious to get more room on the street, and the brewery stands in the way.

Saturday.

Three men died on Chincoteague Island, Va., from drinking a concoction of bay rum, Turlington's balsam and wood alcohol.

Hugo Ames, an author, formerly private secretary to Sir Julian Pauncefote at the British legation at Washington, against whom a degree of divorce was granted on February 29, was arrested in London to-day on a charge of bigamy.

Gen. Rojas has looted the Juarez branch of the National Bank of Mexico of 20,000 pesos, which remained in its vaults. This was admitted by Fernandez Alonzo, manager of the branch bank, to-day.

Clarence S. Darrow, former chief counsel for the McNamara brothers, will be placed on trial May 14 on the charge of having bribed jurors in the case of the confessed dynamiter, James B. McNamara, now serving a life term in San Quentin prison.

Suffrage for Kentucky women in school elections is provided in the bill which passed the State Senate to-day and having passed the House, goes to Governor McCreary for his signature.

Mrs. Despard, President of the Woman's Freedom League, in a speech at Liverpool to-day, predicted that if man refused to recognize women's rights, they would have the most terrible of all disasters—a war.

Gen. Jules Coicou, the former military tyrant of Haiti, was condemned to death to-day by a jury in the Criminal Court on the charge of having been the principal author of the fusillade of March 15, 1908, in which ten persons, including three of his own brothers, were shot to death.

Sunday.

President Yuan Shi Kai of China, took the oath of office this afternoon.

Talcott Williams, LL. D., editor of the Philadelphia Press, has been appointed director of the School of Journalism at Columbia University, endowed by the late Joseph Pulitzer, according to announcement made at the university to-day.

A big demonstration was held in Mexico City in support of the Madero government. The speeches, while not laudatory of the President, pledged him support.

Three hundred "hoboes" knelt on the floor of a Chicago mission and prayed for the recovery of Dan Martin, their religious leader. Martin died. He was regarded as the greatest mission worker in Chicago.

Monday.

The National Miners' Federation of England unanimously decided to accept the Prime Minister's invitation to meet the coal owners and representatives of the government at a conference to be presided over by Premier Asquith.

The joint committee of the Maryland Assembly named to investigate the advisability of establishing a state-aided technical school in connection with Johns Hopkins University, made a report announcing that a bill with this end in view will shortly be offered to the members of the House.

A hundred thousand dollar roadway and memorial arch for the home of Thomas Jefferson is proposed in a bill introduced in the House to-day by Representative Flood, of Virginia.

A far-reaching decision upholding the right of patentees to absolutely dictate how their patented articles may be sold by retailers, and declaring legal the in-

ventor's "monopoly" in his selling contracts, was made by the Supreme Court of the United States to-day.

City attorney Edward J. Smith, of Frederick, Md., spent some time in Washington to-day in conference with Representative David J. Lewis, concerning the latter's bill on the Frederick war claim, the object of which is to refund to Frederick \$200,000 paid as a ransom to the Confederate Army, under command of Gen. Jubal A. Early, July 9, 1864, to save the town from destruction by fire.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the Bureau of Chemistry in the Department of Agriculture, has decided to resign his office and accept a business offer.

Tuesday.

For more than three hours this evening the Senate, in one of the stormiest and most protracted executive sessions in the recent history of Congress, debated the confirmation of Chancellor Mahlon W. Pitney, of New Jersey, whom President Taft has nominated to succeed the late Justice Harlan on the Supreme Court bench, and then finally agreed to resume debate at noon tomorrow and vote on the confirmation at 4 o'clock.

Attorney-General Wickersham indicated to-day that there was a strong likelihood of a rehearing being asked of the Supreme Court in the "patent monopoly" case decided yesterday by a divided bench of four to three, with one justice absent and a vacancy on the bench.

C. B. Cox to-day acquired a controlling interest in the Frederick Hotel Company and took over the New City Hotel. He has been manager and will succeed W. A. Reist, the present proprietor. Mr. Cox was formerly connected with the Bellevue-Stafford, Philadelphia, and is well known in hotel circles. He is a native of York, Pa.

Wednesday.

The anthracite coal operators and the United Mineworkers of America alike profess to-night unyielding adherence to their attitudes concerning the miners' demands. "The situation looks very blue and the indications point to a strike," declared President John P. White, of the miners. The operators say positively that they will make no concessions.

An express agent on the Southern Pacific to-day killed two men who had stopped the train and rifled the express safe. The agent is 32 years old. The hold-up occurred near San Antonio, Texas.

State Senator S. R. Andrews, who has been on trial at Columbus, Ohio, on the charge of having accepted a bribe in connection with insurance legislation, was found guilty by a jury.

W. A. Pfeffer, the first Populist senator in the United States Senate from Kansas, is critically ill in a hospital at Topeka, Kan.

Hagerstown Democrats have nominated Frank W. Mish for mayor.

Ten window-smashing suffragettes were sentenced in London to prison for terms ranging from four to six months.

General Sheng-Yung is on the way to Peking at the head of an army of 10,000 men to restore the Emperor.

Thursday.

A band of outlaws at Hillsville, Va., killed Judge Massie, Commonwealth Attorney Foster and Sheriff Webb of the Carroll county court when one of their members was sentenced to prison. The clerk of the court was wounded as were also several members of the jury. All the outlaws escaped.

An attempt was made on the life of the King of Italy to-day. He was not hurt.

Declaring that he would not consent to serve in the event of the passage of Senator Beck's bill now before the Legislature which adds his name and that of S. A. Williams of Harford county to the State Board of Education and provides that this Board shall appoint the County School Commissioners, Joseph D. Baker to-day issued a statement in opposition to the contemplated move.

WESTERN MARYLAND LOW GRADE LINE THROUGH FREDERICK

Cut-Off Around Boonesboro Middletown and Lower Part of Frederick County Assured Is the Latest.

A low-grade freight through the lower part of Frederick county is reasonably assured in the near future. It is the purpose of the company to eliminate the heavy grades and sharp curves necessary on the main line by moving their freight over the projected route through or by Frederick, Middletown, Boonesboro to Williamsport.

The plan is dependent on the company being able to raise \$6,000,000 for construction. All passenger service will be carried on the line through Thurmont, Sabillasville and Pen Mar, the new road being for freight only.

AMUNDSEN'S STORY OF SOUTH POLE



Photo by American Press Association.

CAPTAIN ROBERT N. SCOTT, AMUNDSEN'S BRITISH RIVAL.

Ross barrier and the discovery of the connection of South Victoria land and probably King Edward VII. land, with their continuation in the mighty mountains running toward the southeast, which were observed as far as 88 degrees south, but which in all probability continue across the antarctic continent.

The entire length of the newly discovered mountains is about 850 kilometers. They have been named "Queen Maud's range."

The expedition to King Edward VII. land, under the command of Lieutenant Prestud, has given excellent results. Scott's discoveries have been confirmed, and the survey of the Bay of Whales and of the barrier dome by the Prestud party are of great interest. A good geological collection from King Edward VII. and South Victoria land is being brought home.

The Fram arrived at the Bay of Whales on the 9th of January. She had been delayed by the "Roaring Forties" on account of the easterly winds.

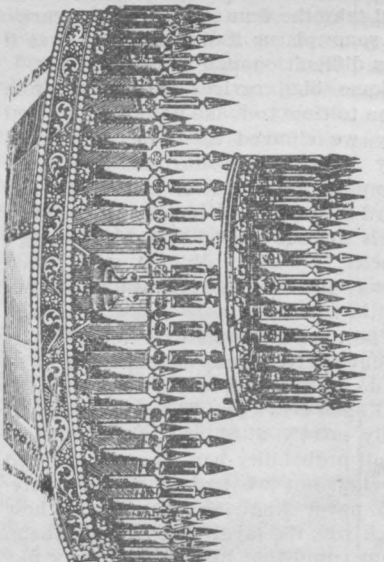
On Jan. 16 the Japanese expedition arrived at the Bay of Whales and landed on the barrier near our winter quarters. We left the Bay of Whales on Jan. 30. It was a long voyage, with contrary winds. All are well.

ROALD AMUNDSEN.

SHOCK FELT AT PIG'S MISERY

Cause of Disturbance Accurately and Fully Accounted for by the Local Scientist on His Own Instrument.

The seismograph in the private laboratory of Dr. Dan Shorb, at Pig's Misery, registered the earthquake of the 11th inst. more accurately, it seems, than any instrument in America. From the moment this local scientist flashed the news to the important universities mail bags by the hundred have arrived with inquiries for more explicit details.



THE SHOCKOGRAPH, (Side View.)

Attached to Dr. Shorb's shockograph is a photo-photo-loc-projecto-phase, the Doctor's own invention, which takes a picture of the shock, makes a photograph record of the rumbling and times the length of the disturbance.

When interviewed, over the wireless, by the Shah of Persia—who is very susceptible to shocks—Dr. Shorb said: "The intensity of the tremulosity of the quake indicates that the disturbances originated at Oyster Bay and the reading of the photophase shows that it was occasioned by Colonel Roosevelt's struggle while kicking himself into the Ananias Club."

Will Congress investigate the baseball trust? Not as long as they are elected by popular vote.

THE GRAVE OF ST. PATRICK.

After ages of neglect the traditional resting place of St. Patrick, Ireland's patron saint, in the cathedral graveyard at Downpatrick, Ireland, was covered with a memorial stone in 1901.

The stone is a rough weather beaten boulder of granite, weighing about seven tons, from the mountain side of Slieve-na-Largie, where it rested at a height of 600 feet.

Upon the upper surface of this boulder is incised an Irish cross, faithfully reproduced from one cut on an equally rough, unhewn stone found on the island of Inisclotheran, one of the islands of Lough Ree, where St. Diarmid founded his famous ecclesiastical settlement about the middle of the sixth century. Under the cross the name "Patrie" is cut in Irish characters copied from the earliest known Celtic manuscripts.

This simple treatment is considered to be the nearest approach to the form of monument which would have been constructed about the year 469, the supposed date of the saint's death.

Paint---Drouth

The longer the drouth the more rain is required to water the earth.

The longer a building goes without painting the dryer it gets and more paint is required to keep water out.

A ten gallon Job this year is a eleven gallon Job next year—you will save money by using the best paint.

DEVOE'S

J. Thos. Gelwicks, Agt.

April 24-1y

THE OLD RELIABLE Mutual Insurance Company OF FREDERICK COUNTY

ORGANIZED 1843

OFFICE—46 NORTH MARKET ST. FREDERICK, MD.

A. C. MCCARDLELL O. C. WAREHIME President Secretary

SURPLUS \$25,000

NO PREMIUM NOTES REQUIRED

INSURES ALL CLASSES OF PROPERTY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE AT RATES 25 PER CENT. LESS THAN STOCK COMPANIES CHARGE

A Home Insurance Company for Home Insurers

Feb 11, 10-1y

You Want The "F. & D." Guarantee WE WRITE Fidelity and Surety Accident and Health Burglary Plate Glass Liability Auto

ORGANIZED 1890

ASSETS \$6,904,365.36

HOME OFFICE: BALTIMORE MD.

Fidelity and Deposit Co. OF MARYLAND

EDWIN WARFIELD, President.

We Do Business Everywhere HALLER & NEWMAN

General Agents for Frederick County FREDERICK, MD.

Aug 12-10-1y

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= CARLOAD OF THE = Famous Studebaker

Buggies and Farm Wagons

Drop in and inspect this line before you buy, it will pay you

Repairing and Repainting Work Made to Order

Very Respectfully,

J. J. Dukehart.

Feb. 10-'11 1y.

Maine to be Floated To-morrow.

With the opening in the great cofferdam in Havana Harbor, more than half completed, army engineers there believe that, barring unforeseen mishaps, what remains of the old battleship Maine will be floated out next Saturday, March 16. As soon as it is clear of the dam the hull under convoy of the cruisers North Carolina and Birmingham, will be towed into the Gulf of Mexico and there with appropriate ceremonies, consigned to its final resting place in the deep.

—CALL ON—

GEO. T. EYSTER.

See his splendid stock of GOLD & SILVER Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES

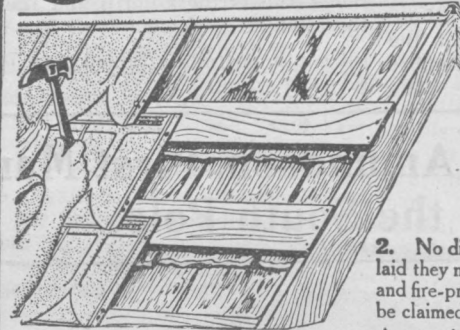
Any absent Emmitsburgian would appreciate a subscription to The Chronicle. 52 weeks \$1.00.

A STORE FOR WISE MEN

You cannot always buy good clothes at the price of poor ones—but you can always buy poor clothes at the price of good ones. This store is run for Men who don't need poor Clothes at any price, but who have also been "Cured" of the idea that good clothes always cost a great deal. Truth is as you probably know the clothes buying public of Frederick have learned that when we say, Pay Less and Dress Better we mean it and prove it by our quality and prices.

HARRY G. DORSEY & CO.

CORTRIGHT METAL SHINGLES



LAI D RIGHT OVER OLD WOOD SHINGLES

2. No dirt—no bother, and when once laid they make a thoroughly storm-proof and fire-proof roof, neither of which can be claimed for the wood shingle.

As to price—they cost no more than a good wood shingle, and in some places they cost much less.

Roofs put on 26 years ago are as good as new today, and have never needed repairs.

For Sale by JAMES G. BISHOP, Emmitsburg, Md.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

are presented in the present low prices on high-grade well-secured investment bonds. Many gilt-edge securities are now selling on a 5 per cent. to 6 per cent. basis; this opportunity should be taken while it is here.

Underlying conditions are improving and it is to be expected that the low prices now prevailing will not hold much longer. Bond prices by the middle of the year should be materially higher than they are at present, and already the investment market is strengthening up.

Make your investment purchases now, through us. Our facilities for the purchase and sale of securities are equal to those of larger city firms and more convenient to you.

MOTTER BROS. & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS, FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

The Emmitsburg Savings Bank

A public institution, organized and owned by the people and operated in the interest of the people.

4% Interest	The Following is a Statement of Its Growth:	Lock Boxes for Rent. Notary in Bank
	June 12, 1909 . . \$	
	December 31, 1909 . . 80,893.91	
	June 30, 1910 . . 153,242.98	
	December 31, 1910 . . 174,210.42	
	June 30, 1911 . . 187,485.02	
	December 30, 1911 . . 218,806.19	

UNDER STATE CONTROL

Having a State Charter, the Emmitsburg Savings Bank is subject by law to regular examination under the supervision of the State Bank Examiner—just the same as a National Bank—and its statements are published, in accordance with the law, five times a year.

DR. D. E. STONE, Jr., President.
J. LEWIS RHODES, Vice President.
H. M. WARREN, Cashier.
P. F. BURKET, Teller.
GUY K. MOTTER, Attorney.

DR. D. E. STONE, Jr., President.
GUY K. MOTTER, Vice President.
P. F. BURKET, Cashier.
J. LEWIS RHODES, Teller.
J. R. OHLER.
J. C. ROSENSTEL.
WM. A. DEVLISSE.

The Weekly Chronicle

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—One Dollar a year in advance; Six months, 50 cents. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES made known on application at this office.

THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right to decline any advertisements which he may deem objectionable.

NO ATTENTION whatever will be paid to anonymous contributions.

MANUSCRIPTS offered for publication will be returned if unavailable, when accompanied by stamps.

CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC PHONE.

Entered as second-class matter January 1, 1909, at the post office at Emmitsburg, Md., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1912.

THE CHRONICLE will be independent in politics, progressive in spirit and a champion of what it conceives to be right. Its columns will always be open for a dignified discussion by the people of any subject that may seem to them interesting, or that may in anywise be a benefit to the community at large.

[Editorial from The Chronicle, June 8, 1906.]

1912 MARCH 1912						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Communications intended for publication in this paper, letters of a business nature in relation to the Chronicle, and all orders for Job Printing to be done at this office should be addressed to THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

FREDERICK COUNTY.

Frederick is next to the largest of the counties of Maryland. In population and wealth it ranks next to Baltimore county. In the fertility and productiveness of its lands it ranks among the first in the Union, and especially in the production of wheat. The area of this great county is 633 square miles. The great body of the people are of German, English and Scotch-Irish descent, the progeny mostly of the early settlers. The land is mostly of fine limestone quality, and the greater part of the county is a valley of rolling lands lying between the Lingular Hills and the Catocin Mountain. This splendid valley is drained by the Monocacy river, and is one of the best farmed and most highly improved and productive areas of the Union. The great crops are wheat and corn.—*Maryland Manual issued by Board of Public Works.*

"AN INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT."

The unanimous opinion of the joint legislative committee on the plan for a technical school in connection with Johns Hopkins University is that \$600,000 should be appropriated for the purpose and an annual appropriation of \$50,000 made for its maintenance.

The committee, composed of Senators Beck, Campbell, Hammond, Benson and Emmert, and Delegates Marbury, Taylor, Campbell, Maltbie and Hargett, which will shortly introduce a bill making provisions for the above plan, has evidently gone into the matter very thoroughly as appears from the strong arguments submitted in its report.

Of the arguments presented none is more practical than that from the viewpoint of "An Industrial Investment." Maryland is primarily for Marylanders and the people of the state, through legislative enactment and otherwise, should favor, work for, and support every measure and every enterprise that is of value to the commonwealth.

A technical school in connection with Johns Hopkins University will prove of inestimable value to the State. It will keep at home the ambitious and deserving youth of Maryland; it will, owing to the prestige of the parent university, bring here

the youth of other states; it will help in a wonderful degree the intelligent conservation of Maryland's resources and aid most materially in the resources and development of innumerable industries and fully supply the home demand for scientific and technical talent.

The amount, \$600,000, is little enough compared to the enormous profit that will accrue to the State from the investment.

TRAMP LABOR A SUCCESS IN OTHER STATES.

Forty-five per cent. of the roads in Massachusetts are constructed according to modern process and there is one mile of good road to every 357 inhabitants. This puts Massachusetts in the front rank. Rhode Island comes second and Indiana, with one mile of fine road to every 105 persons, stands third. Maryland has only 9 per cent. of her roads improved—that is built according to modern principles and of lasting material. By comparison Maryland certainly does not figure very well.

But Maryland can solve the problem if she will. How? By doing just what other states do—by using the labor of convicts, county prisoners and tramps.

North Carolina, which has many model roads, adopted this plan. Georgia has made wonderful strides in road building by this means. New Jersey with its excellent highways owes much to convict and tramp labor. Why doesn't Maryland profit by the example?

CO. A. ARMORY BILL SHOULD PASS.

If an armory is considered necessary for the efficiency and the comfort of one branch of the State Militia, justice and appreciation of service well performed dictate the advisability of granting and shows the reasonableness of the request for an armory in Frederick City, the home of Company A.

This company has no peer in the State Militia. Its personnel is high above the average, its efficiency is a matter of note and its officers are men of intelligence, soldierly pride and manly bearing.

Company A. is an important integral part of Maryland's Militia. It is a valuable asset to it. The State must be proud of this organization. Frederick County is, and the people of the county want this crack company to have everything within reason, that it asks for. A suitable armory, such as is provided for in the bill now before the legislature, is entirely within reason and we sincerely hope that Company A. will not be disappointed at this session.

HARMONY AT ANNAPOLIS.

If harmony means the hidden knife, a determined, quiet scowl; and a dog-in-the-manger attitude and a laugh that resembles a growl; then everything's peace at Annapolis, and all that we've got to do, is to wait and count over important bills that this session will not go through.

ALL honor to the memory of St. Patrick and to the sturdy, witty, brainy, optimistic, liberty-loving race of which he is the patron saint. It ought not to be forgotten that nine of the signers of the Declaration of Independence were Irishmen and that Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, was one of them.

THE bill before the Legislature providing for the publication each month of the bills passed and paid by the County Commissioners and showing in detail the amount received as well as spent by that board meets with approval on all sides.

ROSCOE CONKLING MITCHELL, according to a press dispatch, is to be Colonel Roosevelt's publicity pilot. Mr. Mitchell was one time press agent for Dr. Frederick A. Cook. It is noticeable that Dr. Cook failed to reach the pole.

WE take it for granted that the Burgess and Commissioners have planned some decided improvements for the streets as nothing was done last season.

THERE'S plenty of paint in the stores of Emmitsburg. Let's have more of it on the outside.

EMMITSBURG needs more cement sidewalks. Have you contracted for yours yet?

INSTEAD of taking to the stump the Colonel had better take to the tall timbers.

CURIOUS BITS OF HISTORY

SOME WILD-CAT RAILROADING.

By A. W. MACY.

Some remarkable railroads were built in this country—on paper—during the years 1836-1840. One of the most ambitious was "The Great Western Railroad," projected to run from New York city to Lake Erie, and thence westward to the Mississippi river, a distance of about 1,050 miles. It was to be built on piling, and the total cost was estimated at \$15,000,000. Great enthusiasm prevailed, and much excitement. Lands were received for subscriptions at extravagant prices. Cities were staked out at various points along the proposed route. Some people even feared that all the land adjacent to the road would be occupied by cities and none be left for farming purposes. Numerous other roads were projected to the north and to the south, to connect with this great trunk line, and "terminal cities" of magnificent proportions were laid out. One state legislature (Illinois) planned the construction of 1,300 miles of "state railroad," to cost over a billion dollars. More than \$8,000,000 were actually appropriated for internal improvements, and when Governor Ford took office in 1842 there was hardly enough unappropriated money in the state treasury to buy a postage stamp.

(Copyright, 1911, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

DIET AND HEALTH HINTS

By DR. T. J. ALLEN Food Specialist

COLORING MATTER IN GREEN PEAS.

It was recently demonstrated at an exposition in New York that enough coloring matter is contained in a can of green peas to dye a handkerchief a deep copper color. It is not illegal to use certain dyeing and preserving materials in canned foods if they are labeled as the law requires. Appeal to the eye and sense of taste are not to be ignored, but so long as people prefer denatured flour and denatured rice because they look prettier and bright green canned goods because they look prettier it is impossible to have good nutrition with good health. It should be possible to get unpolished rice anywhere cheaper than the polished, and it should be possible to buy entire wheat anywhere, but merchants can not afford to keep such choice foods because there is little demand for them, owing to the lack of such knowledge as is daily supplied in these Hints. It would be easy now to form in this city a club who could purchase the best food for themselves at reduced prices or arrange with a grocer who would gladly keep such food if he knew of the demand.

(Copyright, 1911, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

INSTEAD OF DARNING

HOW USEFULNESS OF STOCKINGS MAY BE PROLONGED.

Does Not Pay to Spend Much Time in Mending Hosiery—Are Useful in Making Rugs for the Nursery.

In these halcyon days of guaranteed hosiery—at a very moderate price, too—it can be said with emphasis that it does not pay to spend much time darning stockings. When they have really begun to give out, the putting of a whole hour on a large heel hole is nothing less than wicked. The sensible housemother prefers to put by the ragged socks and stockings and to buy new rather than to spend on prolonging the life of a couple of pairs for two more wearings the time that would suffice to make a new outfit or simple tailored waist.

But there is no need to throw old black stockings in the rag bag for want of ways to use them. First of all, a well worn black sock is one of the best things to be had for use in sponging off dark clothes with household ammonia or other cleaning fluid. It leaves no light colored lint, and is soft and absorbent to handle. A supply should be always in some convenient place if the men of the household have a way of wearing black or dark blue suits for everyday.

Woven rag carpet is no longer a thing despised. Through the winter many home lovers return to the old fashion of sewing carpet rags, to be woven into serviceable rugs for nursery and sitting room, as well as for the furnishing of the summer bungalow. The touch of black is most desirable to set off the brighter stripes, and for this purpose old black stockings cut around and round in spiral fashion, or as an apple is peeled, to make a long strip, will be found useful to the very toe.

One notable housewife uses stockings in the mop that she polishes floors and wipes up with, as they are softer than the mops usually sold. Wherefore, save the old stockings.



Potato water is good to take mud stains from cloth.

A root-bound fern soon indicates its condition by drooping fronds.

Sunflower seeds make better bait than cheese for the mouse trap.

It is better to wipe off meat with a wet cloth than to let water run over it.

Jellied veal can be deliciously seasoned with lemon juice and celery salt.

Equal parts of milk and lukewarm water are excellent for sponging palms.

A pinch of borax in cooked starch will make the clothes stiffer and whiter.

A bread pudding may be deliciously flavored by a few slices of candied orange peel.

To place ferns upon the window sill means their death, as they cannot live in a cold draught.

Dried lemon peel sprinkled over coals will destroy any disagreeable odor in the house.

When blowing out a candle, hold it high and blow upward to keep the grease from running.

Hot biscuits, generously buttered and spread with currant jelly are delicious served with game.

A better iron rest than the ordinary metal stand is a firebrick, as it does not cool the iron so rapidly.

Home-Made Vinegar.

Save all your apple parings and put in crock or granite pan and cover with water, let stand a few days, then strain through a thin cloth. A large salt sack will do—and squeeze, but not hard enough so the parings will come through. Rinse all your syrup pails and pitchers and put in the juice, or you can put in a little brown sugar. Then set where it is warm and let work. If you will have any mother from old vinegar put that in, but it will make its own mother. This makes good vinegar and saves buying at stores.

Potato Farel.

Peel six large potatoes, cut them in halves lengthwise and scoop out the centers, leaving the shells about one-half inch in thickness. Season two cups of chopped raw beef with one tablespoonful of softened butter, one tablespoonful of tomato catsup, one teaspoon of minced parsley, one-half teaspoon of minced onion, one-half teaspoon of salt and a few grains of pepper. Fill the potato shells with the meat, sprinkle with buttered crumbs and bake with equal parts of butter and hot water.

Savory for a Beef Stew.

(For about three pounds of meat.) Take one medium sized onion; stick it with three cloves; add one blade of mace, one teaspoonful of peppercorns, one-half teaspoonful of allspice, one tablespoonful of salt, one-half teaspoonful of summer savory, one-half teaspoonful of thyme, one-half teaspoonful of marjoram, one tablespoonful of lemon juice, one tablespoonful of mushroom or tomato catsup or a few drops of Worcestershire sauce.



ADVERTISING IS INVESTMENT

Experience, Tact and Special Knowledge Necessary to Make the Profits Certain.

There are certain laws that govern all advertising and they are suggested in the following questions, to which every advertiser should have an answer before investing his money.

1. Is there any merit in the article to be advertised?
2. Am I willing to tell the truth about it?
3. Who are the people to be interested?
4. What mediums or channels will reach those people?
5. What are the "talking points"?
6. What is the best way to tell my story?
7. How much will it cost to do it properly?

Having answers to these questions does not finish the work. To select what seems the best mediums and fill the space with the "talking points" is not sufficient for good advertising. With the best of care advertising is largely an experiment, and it is only by watching and testing even the best mediums that the most profit can be made from the investment.

The enormous sums spent in advertising each year show plainly that it pays or it would not continue, and the fact that our competitors advertise more and more each year necessitates our advertising judiciously—if we wish to keep in the race.

The man who wishes to invest money in stocks will go to a broker for tips, and the man who wishes to invest money in advertising should follow the same line of reasoning. He should go to a reliable agent, or employ a competent man to take entire charge of it.

Advertising today is an art, and requires experience, tact and a special knowledge of the art, and there are men thoroughly trained who are capable of making the advertisement a good investment.—Publicity.

Advertising is like felling a tree. It is not the final blow of the axe that does all the work. Every blow that went before contributed its share.

SOME FORMS OF ADVERTISING

Paper That Holds Affections of Family Circle is the Highest Class Medium.

Every once in a while you find that somebody has said something you wanted to say—only better. The man who has got ahead of me this time is Charles H. Grasty, editor of the Baltimore Sun.

"If you have something to sell," he says, "you can go to a job printer and have a lot of bills struck off and distribute them around town. That is advertising in the crude state."

"Put the same matter in any kind of a newspaper and that is advertising in a more advanced and effective form."

"Insert the same copy in a paper that goes into the home, with a hold upon the affections of the family circle, and that is advertising in the highest state. As time goes on and the confidence and esteem of the readers attach themselves to the paper, the habit of reading the advertisements in that paper becomes fixed and an advertising medium is established."—E. C. Patterson, in Collier's.

What Advertising Does.

First, it saves time, and time is money. Shopping, especially with men, takes time that real business men or artisans can ill afford to spend. The modern method is to decide from reliable information, previously obtained, what you want to buy before going to the street or sending for goods by mail. The economical method for obtaining this information is by reading advertisements.

True, some are false statements, but the public is getting more and more wisdom every day, and the advertisers more honest. More credence is given to advertising now than ever before, and this condition is bound to increase, because it is the experience of business men that truthful advertising is the only kind that is permanently profitable.—Seth Brown in "Library of Advertising."

As It Always Does.

An advertisement for a wife in the Boston Post by John Farrell, a Boston railway man, brought him nearly 1,000 replies, or, to be exact, 946, and many from far distant cities. He found his soul-mate among them, too, and was married last week.

Bold.

"Miss Peech," stammered the bashful young man at the other end of the sofa, "would you—er—consider me bold if I were to—er—throw a kiss to you?"

"Bold!" quoth she. "I'd consider it the quintessence of laziness."

RICH CUP OF CHOCOLATE

New Way of Preparing Beverage That Up-to-Date Housewife Should Try.

As both tea and chocolate are served, it is well to know of new ways to make the chocolate. Four tablespoonfuls of very rich cocoa or chocolate or two bars of sweet chocolate; add to this proportion one quart of hot milk, a one-inch stick of cinnamon, one tablespoonful of arrowroot or cornstarch and three tablespoonfuls of sugar; pour the hot milk over the cinnamon, cocoa, sugar and arrowroot, and simmer for fully ten minutes, then add one tablespoonful of sherry, one of vanilla and a dash of salt, and beat it for five minutes with a Dover egg beater; to this may be added, for those who like coffee, one cup of very strong, clear coffee, and top the cocoa with whipped cream.

To make Vienna chocolate, scald three cups of milk and one of cream; add three heaping tablespoonfuls of grated chocolate, two of sugar and two of cornstarch, and one teaspoonful of vanilla; stir until smooth, then cook for five minutes more. Beat the whites of two eggs stiff, with one tablespoonful of sugar, and add a spoonful of this meringue to each cup of chocolate.—Vogue.

HOW TO WASH EIDERDOWN

Must Be Rinsed Thoroughly and Dried Out of Doors on Sunny, Breezy Day.

Silk or saten covered eiderdown quilts can without difficulty be washed at home.

Two things, however, are necessary to perfect success. First, the quilt must be dried out of doors on a sunny, breezy day, and second, it must be rinsed through several clear, clean waters.

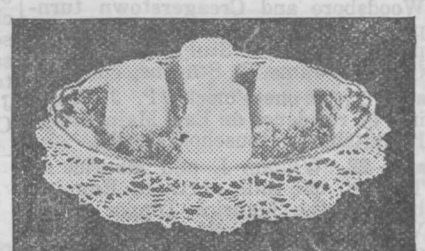
Make a strong suds of a good white soap shaved into boiling water. Add a teaspoonful of household ammonia to every gallon of water, and let the quilt soak for half an hour in a tub half full of water.

Squeeze (don't rub) the dirt out; then change the water, using tepid water for the first rinsing and cold water to which a handful of salt has been added for at least two other rinsings. Squeeze the water out, hang between two lines in the bright sun, stretching the quilt as nearly flat as possible. Shake it occasionally during the drying process, and turn over once or twice, so that every bit of down will be dry and fluffy.

TO MAKE EGG TIMBALES

Dainty Dish That Makes a Very Attractive Appearance When Tastefully Served.

To four well beaten eggs, add one scant cup of sweet milk, and season to taste with salt, pepper, and parsley if liked. Pour into buttered molds, stand the molds in a pan half filled with hot water, and bake in a moderate oven until firm. Turn out on a hot platter, garnish with parsley and



serve with mushroom sauce. For those that like the flavor, a few drops of onion juice may be added with the pepper and salt for seasoning. If baked in large cups the four eggs beaten with the cupful of milk may be formed into 4 large timbales, but when baked in the smaller timbale balls, this mixture will be sufficient to fill 6 molds.

Grape Butter.

Take ripe grapes, pull from stems, then press pulp from skins and put skins in one dish and pulp in another. Cook pulp and remove seeds by sifting through colander, then add to sifted pulp the skins also one-third as much cooked apples as there is of grapes. For every four cups of this combined sauce, add three cups sugar. Place on stove and cook down about one-third. Use only granite pan or kettle to cook in, and stir almost constantly. A most delicious and healthful sauce for children.

Chocolate Pie.

Three eggs, one pint of milk, two tablespoons of grated chocolate, two-thirds of a cup of sugar, a pinch of salt and a teaspoon of vanilla. Moisten the grated chocolate with a little of the milk and melt. Beat this up with the eggs and sugar, add the salt and the rest of the milk slightly warmed. Flavor with a teaspoon of vanilla. Pour into a plate lined with a rich crust and bake the same as custard pie. When cold cover with a meringue.

Fruit Roll.

Fruit roll is a nice variation in candy-making. It is also a good recipe for using up the broken nuts and pieces of candied fruit used in making other candies. Chop the nuts and fruit into tiny bits. Roll out a piece of fondant until it is about half an inch thick. Put on the layer of nuts and fruit and roll as you would roll a jelly roll. Let stand until firm and then cut into slices.

WHEN IN
Frederick
—even between trains—be
sure to visit the
Diamond Alleys

The Finest in the State
Something Going On All The Time

**Finest Brands of
Wines, Liquors, Cigars
SHERWOOD A SPECIALTY**

Match Games of Duck Pins

EVERY WEEK

JOHN H. FRAZIER

Feb 17, '11-ly

**The Emmitsburg Realty Co.
Real Estate
Brokers**

Emmitsburg, Frederick County, Maryland.

Farms, County Residences, Houses
and Business Property for Sale or
Lease.

J. ROWE OHLER, Manager.

aug 19-11.

**Mountain View
Cemetery**
EMMITSBURG, MD.

Beautiful Location, Lots
Carefully Attended To, Perfect
Drainage, Grounds Well Kept.

LOTS AT PRESENT \$25.

HALF LOTS \$15.

For Information Apply to J. HENRY STOKES.

SOUVENIR VIEWS

OF

EMMITSBURG AND VICINITY

An Attractive Booklet. 10 Cents.

Postage Prepaid.

THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE

Send One to Your Friend

HANDWORK.

Sash, Doors, and Frames
made by hand a specialty.

Jobbing promptly attend-
ed to and done right.

J. THOMAS LANSINGER,
CONTRACTOR and CARPENTER

GREEN ST., EMMITSBURG.

Jul 7-11

CLARENCE E. MCCARREN
LIVERYMAN

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

- First-class teams furnished for private use.
- Satisfactory arrangements guaranteed commercial men.
- Horses boarded and vehicles cared for by the month.
- Heavy and light hauling of any kind and for any distance.
- Buggies, surreys and large pleasure vehicles available at all times.
- Gaited riding horses—perfectly safe.
- Prompt service and moderate prices.

apr 8-'10-ly

CHARLES M. RIDER
(SUCCESSOR TO HOKE & RIDER)

**Monuments, Memorials and Ceme-
tery Work of All Kinds**

ARTISTIC WORKER IN CUT STONE

CONCRETE EXPERT

My yards hold exhibits of beautiful work. These and photo-
graphs are always open for inspection.

C. & P. TELEPHONE—26-4 RESIDENCE.

WEST MAIN STREET, EMMITSBURG, MD.

**Mount St. Mary's College
and Ecclesiastical Seminary**

Conducted by secular clergymen, aided by lay professors

Classical, Scientific and Commercial Courses. New Laboratory for
the practical teaching of Physics and Chemistry.

The latest modern improvements. Beautiful grounds. New athletic
field. Fine gymnasium and swimming pool.

Separate department for young boys.

Address, VERY REV. B. J. BRADLEY, A. M.,

Emmitsburg, Maryland.

3-11-'10

A FAIR EXCHANGE

MAN Y people have things that they no longer have
use for, but keep them in the house taking up room
and doing no one any good.

Better sell or trade off things you don't want. Adver-
tise them and you will find that there are people ready to
take them and pay cash, or trade for them. You will
find it easy through the Columns of

THE CHRONICLE

**Meeting
Mrs. Fleming**

Gerber is a bachelor. When his
bosom friend Fleming suddenly mar-
ried a girl unknown to Gerber, mar-
ried without the slightest preliminary
warning, Gerber felt hurt. He was
in Shanghai when the news reached
him. Smothering his feelings, he cab-
led his congratulations. Then he
wrote, promising to drop in on the
Flemings the very first moment he
landed in Chicago.

Mrs. Fleming was anxious to know
Gerber. She had heard all about the
old school days, the tricks, the sum-
mer evening larks, the swimming hole
and the pasture lot athletics. She
felt as though she knew Gerber and
would instantly recognize him, even
though Will had no picture of his
chum to show her.

Time went on regardless of matri-
mony and friendship. The business in
Shanghai proved long drawn out.
When a year and a half had passed
Fleming had ceased talking about his
boyhood days and Gerber's arrival
was a mislaid hope. Fleming put in
all his spare time amusing William
Fleming, Jr.

On the memorable night that Mrs.
Fleming was called away to her
mother's, at the other end of the city,
Fleming was alone with his son and
heir, his pipe and papers and mem-
ories.

The son and heir went to sleep.
Fleming's pipe was drawing well and
the memories slowly crept out of the
years. It was just then that Gerber
walked in.

The two old friends skimmed briefly
over the main events of their history
and Gerber was about to begin on
his oriental experience when Fleming
interrupted him.

"Just hold on a minute. I'll tele-
phone Mildred that you are here.
She's perfectly crazy to know you."

Fleming started for the nearest
drug store to telephone. He no sooner
had closed the door behind him than a
fretful murmur from some corner of
the flat caught Gerber's ear. Almost
immediately the fretful murmur be-
came a wail.

Gerber, panic-stricken, made one
jump for his hat, put it on and started
to escape. But a blood-curdling roar
made him turn desperately toward the
noise.

A baby! Fleming had a baby! What
did one do for a dying infant and
where was the fool father?

Gerber's knowledge of babies came
slowly from the comic pictures in the
newspapers. You picked them up and
walked with them.

Gerber tried this with shaking
hands. It worked like a charm.
Round and round the flat went Ger-
ber. On the twenty-second round,
just as he swung with graceful stride
toward the parlor, the door opened
and a natty hatted, gowned and gloved
young woman stood blinking dazedly
at the interior of her home.

Gerber surmised that the young
woman was Mrs. Fleming. He was
sure of it when, with flashing eyes,
she demanded: "What are you doing
with my baby?"

Gerber stared helplessly. "I heard
him crying and I thought I'd pick him
up," he explained hesitatingly.

"Oh, you thought you'd pick him
up!" cried Mrs. Fleming, her mind
one gallery of newspaper headlines,
pictures of kidnapers and "black
hand" murderers. This dark, olive
skinned, smooth faced tall man, with
the soft slouch hat—

For one awful second Mrs. Flem-
ing's heart stopped beating. Then
with lightning swiftness she was at
the library table and her hand touched
her husband's brand new gun. She
pointed it straight at the head of the
man.

"Put that baby on the couch!" she
ordered.

Gerber obeyed and then opened his
mouth to explain.

"Don't move or make a sound. I'll
fire if you do!" commanded the wom-
an with the gun.

Gerber flushed and stood motion-
less.

Fleming found an interesting tableau
on his return. A rigid Gerber, a
deadly pale wife with a shining new
gun rigidly poised and a sweetly slum-
bering infant.

"What the—Mildred! What in
heaven's name are you doing with
that gun? Put it down! This is Ger-
ber. Gerber, you know. I went out
to call you up to tell you to come
home and meet him. Your mother
said you had just left. I stopped in
to get some cigars and—"

Gerber began to gurgle something.
Mrs. Fleming gave a sudden lurch
and with a "Well! The baby!" crum-
pled up on the library table.

Fleming gave one look at Gerber
and then at the sleeping infant. Then
he threw up his hands. "Gerber, I
clean forgot the kid," he cried.

Would Save the Trees.

Mrs. Helen G. Longstreet is work-
ing hard to save the forests of Geor-
gia, and is making speeches in the
state to get money to carry on the
work. She would have the state
build dams in different parts of the
state to provide power for mills. Mrs.
Longstreet is very much interested in
the work of Mr. Gifford Pinchot in the
direction of conservation and wishes
to help him as much as possible.

**A
LITTLE
BIT
HUMOROUS**

The Young Bride Again.

A dear little thing of Baltimore but
recently married insisted that the
marketing for their first dinner at
home should be done by herself.

"Nice quarter of lamb, ma'am," po-
litely suggested the butcher when she
had announced her intention of seeing
that Henry was to have "just the very
best dinner ever." "Nice quarter of
lamb, ma'am."

The bride's face wrinkled in
thought. "But," said she, "there are
only two of us! Don't you think an
eighth would suffice?"

Propriety.

Not long after the expulsion from
Eden, Eve saw Adam digging in the
ground with something.

"What is that implement?" she in-
quired.

"That? Why, that's a spade!" re-
plied Adam, thinking no wrong.

Whereupon Eve blushed violently.

"O, mercy!" she cried, and averted
her face. In other words, it was long
enough after the expulsion for the
sense of propriety not only to have
come into being, but to have gained
considerable headway as well.—Puck.

To His Personal Knowledge.

Desk Sergeant—What did you put
that fortune teller out of business
for?

Police Inspector—She's a humbug.
I tried to find out from her what had
become of the diamond pin I lost the
other day, and she gave me the wrong
steer.

NO SPEEDING.



"Yez same to be takin' yer toime
wid thim hammer awn nails."

"Yis, O'h workin' by th' day. O'll
not be like a chauffeur."

"Yez won't."

"No, O'll never be arristed for fast
droivin'."

The Sadder the Better.

"Tis very hard to write a joke
At which a wight may laugh,
Twere easier, if truth were spoke,
To write an epitaph."

Challenged.

"I know an actor who can draw
tears from both men and women by
the skilful way in which he can work
upon their feelings."

"Humph! Any dentist can do the
same."

Experienced.

Young Wife—Do you think it is
justifiable for a wife to take money
from her husband's pockets?

Older Wife—It isn't a case of justi-
fication at all; it's a question of find-
ing any to take.

Antique Decoration.

"Did you ever see such a lot of old
girls as Mrs. Bangs had at her birth-
day party?"

"Never. To be in keeping, she
ought to have decorated the room
with wallflowers and century plants."

Half and Half.

Customer—How much for that suit
of clothes, if I pay cash?

Tailor—Forty dollars.

Customer—How much on credit?

Tailor—Eighty dollars, half of it
down.

One Exception.

"You can never tell what religion
one has by his outside."

"Oh, yes; you know when he's a
real Christian by the ashes on his
sidewalk."

Circular Motion.

Rivers—What is it that ails you
when you have a buzzing in your
head?

Brooks—Wheels.

**The Citizens' National Bank
OF FREDERICK, MD.**

CAPITAL \$100,000

SURPLUS \$300,000

OFFICERS.

J. D. BAKER	President.
WM. G. BAKER	Vice President.
H. D. BAKER	Vice President.
WM. G. ZIMMERMAN	Cashier.
SAMUEL G. DUVALL	Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

GEO. WM. SMITH,	THOS. H. HALLER,
JOHN S. RAMSBURG,	DANIEL BAKER,
WM. G. BAKER,	C. H. CONLEY, M. D.,
C. M. THOMAS,	C. E. CLINE,
D. E. KEFAUVER,	P. L. HARGETT,
JUDGE J. C. MOTTER,	J. D. BAKER.

NOTICE.

On November the 1st, 1909, this Bank increased its interest rate
to Four (4%) per cent. per annum on all its special interest bearing de-
posits, said deposits to remain in all other respects subject to the provi-
sions of the contracts under which they were made.

Referring to the above notice, it is not necessary for any depositor
to present his or her book to have any change made. The 4% rate, will,
of course, also be paid on new deposits made of the same class.

This bank offers first-class facilities for the transacting of your
general banking business.

July 3 '10-ly

New Tailored Suits.

Suit selling has been unusually active with us—not surprising
for we are showing some of the most satisfactory values for the
money ever produced. Each day the express brings us some-
thing new—Brown is looking up considerably. To-day brings
us the Model which has all the ear marks of a \$25.00 Suit.
Splendid Quality, Correctly Tailored, very effective. Price \$16.00.
Plenty of other splendid designs, \$8.50 up. Suits for Large
Figures,

Polo Coats.

are holding the center of the stage—A wonderful variety of per-
sonal notions. New garments to-day—\$5.75 up. Handsome
styles a little higher up.

Underwear.

If an abundant Chestnut Crop does indicate a cold winter,
it will be wise to get ready. The makers of our underwear have
established the highest standard of excellence in this product,
guaranteeing to each customer the most satisfactory comfort, fit
and wear. Children's, 15c. up, Misses', 25c. up, Boys' 25c. up.

Ladies', 25c. for a good garment. Superior qualities at 37½c.
50c. up to elegant garments of Silk and Wool.

Solid comfort for men at 50c. Fleece-lined, English Ribb
Better grades 75c., \$1.00 up.

Union Suits For Everybody.

New Shirts and Neckwear For Men.

THOS. H. HALLER,

Central Dry Goods House

17 and 19 North Market Street - - - FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

march 27-ly

You are Invited to Inspect My

**1912 LINE of SPRING AND 1912
SUMMER FOOTWEAR**

Lot of Sample Shoes and Boots

Latest Styles. Moderate Prices.

M. FRANK ROWE,
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND

"Clothes that are Right"

OUR showing of the new suitings for Spring and Sum-
mer is an exhibit that is complete in every sense of
the word. And not only variety is here to attract you,
but the character of our garments and moderate prices
will prove strong inducements. With Easter but a few
weeks off and each day busier than the one before, we
ask for an early inspection.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor,

AT HOTEL SPANGLER GETTYSBURG, PA.
Emmitsburg, Every Wednesday.

Mch. 8-11.

Peoples Fire Insurance Company of Maryland

H. M. WARRENFELTZ, Agent, EMMITSBURG, MD.

HOME OFFICE, FREDERICK, MARYLAND

A STOCK COMPANY

DR. D. E. STONE, Local Director.

Jan. 1-11

PERSONALS.

It is the aim of THE CHRONICLE to publish as many personal and social items as possible, but it frequently happens that those who have guests visiting them, and those who entertain, fail to send a list of their friends, or an account of these events, to this office. Readers who live at a distance are always interested in what is going on "at home," and for that reason, if for no other, this column should be filled every week. It is of course understood that anonymous contributions will not be published. Names of persons furnishing items will be withheld.

Dr. and Mrs. George E. Schofield and son, of Baltimore, spent a day here.

Miss Willie Ritchie, of Frederick, was in town last week.

Bishop Murray was in town on Monday.

Rev. Mr. Gluck spent several days out of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Bache, who visited here for several weeks, have returned to Washington.

Mrs. Andrew A. Annan and Miss Luella Annan have returned from a three weeks' stay at Atlantic City.

Miss M. Louise Motter is visiting in Lancaster.

Mrs. Frances S. Cook, who spent some time in Baltimore, has returned to Emmitsburg.

Misses Ruth and Rosanna Ohler, Ruth Harbaugh, Helen Baumgardner and Mr. John Troxell spent a very pleasant evening at the home of Mr. Meade Fuss, the guests of Charles and Carrie, on March 7.

Mr. Murray Welty, of Leaf River, Ill., who spent several weeks here among relatives and friends, has returned home accompanied by his nephew, Maurice Martin.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Martin, who has been visiting in the West, has returned home.

Mr. P. J. Snouffer, of Baltimore, is visiting in town.

Miss Madeline and Mr. William Frailley visited in Gettysburg on Sunday.

Mr. George T. Eyster and daughter, Virginia, visited Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Ott, of Taneytown, one day last week.

Miss Elizabeth Hoke is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. Ellis Musselman, of Gettysburg.

Mr. Olin Moser made a business trip to Middleburg on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Snively, of Greencastle, Pa., visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James T. Hays.

Mr. Howard Ridinger, of Gettysburg, was in town on Saturday.

Mr. W. F. Campbell, of Hampstead, Md., spent a day here this week.

FORMER RESIDENT HONORED AS FLORIDA STUDENT

Mr. Annan Cook Acting for His High School Accepts National Flag With Patriotic Spirit and Words.

Mr. Annan Cook, formerly a resident of Emmitsburg and a pupil in our public schools, but now living in Florida, where he attends the Duval high school, took a prominent part in very interesting exercises when the Jacksonville Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, presented the school with a large United States flag. Mr. Cook, representing the school, received the national emblem and in his speech of acceptance said:

"In the name of the Duval high school, in behalf of the faculty and the student body, I accept this flag, an emblem of freedom, justice, equality. This flag, the Stars and Stripes of the United States of America, its every star a beacon to the oppressed of other countries, lightens the pathway to freedom, protection and equal opportunity. No less is it a guarantee of our own perpetual freedom. It is an inspiration to liberty-loving people everywhere.

"As we hoist this beautiful ensign to the breeze, we thank the Jacksonville Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution for it. We pledge allegiance to it, to the Republic for which it stands; our nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."

County Presents Bill to State.

The County Commissioners have instructed their attorney to draw a bill providing for the payment by the State to Frederick county of money incurred by the keeping of patients of other counties at Montevue Hospital. There are now 160 State patients at Montevue, paying \$150 a year. Advance in the cost of living during the last five years and interest on an investment of \$200,000 at 10 per cent made the cost last year \$208.30 a patient. The Commissioners say the difference should be paid the county.

Money Left to Blue Ridge College.

By the will of the late Jacob Stoner, one of Carroll county's wealthy citizens, his residence in Union Bridge is given to his wife during her lifetime and at her death to Blue Ridge College. All his stocks, bonds and money are bequeathed to Blue Ridge College, a number of articles of personal property described to his nephews and nieces, and the residue of his estate to his wife.

Any absent Emmitsburgian would appreciate a subscription to The Chronicle. 52 weeks \$1.00.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Readings from THE CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer for week ending Friday March 15.

	8 A. M.	12 M.	4 P. M.
Friday	—	41	45
Saturday	38	39	39
Monday	27	37	43
Tuesday	35	39	37
Wednesday	40	45	45
Thursday	34	52	55
Friday	39	—	—

Readings from THE CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer for week ending March 18, 1911.

	8 A. M.	12 M.	4 P. M.
Friday	—	52	53
Saturday	36	46	54
Monday	39	45	50
Tuesday	36	41	39
Wednesday	35	42	44
Thursday	14	22	25
Friday	25	—	—

For several weeks the beautiful hyacinths in the windows of Mrs. Michael Hoke's home have attracted considerable attention and a great deal of comment. They are exceedingly pretty.

It was reported on Wednesday that the authorities had apprehended the safe blowers who robbed the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

On Monday Dr. James W. Eichelberger removed a 14-ounce tumor from the back of one of his patients residing at Bridgeport. The operation, which was successful, was very quickly performed and the patient was not put under the influence of an anesthetic.

Some one put a lighted candle under the steps of the Creamery building, it is supposed with the intention of burning it. Fortunately little damage was done.

On Sunday morning, March 10th, the stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Humerick and brought them a baby boy, weighing nine and a half pounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Topper are the proud parents of a baby boy.

On Thursday night the water was turned off much to the inconvenience of the many who were not notified.

SOME PRIMARY POSSIBILITIES

Congressional Aspirants and Judicially Inclined Lining Up Their Forces.

The coming primary on May 6, is the all-important subject before local politicians.

In Montgomery county, Gist Blair, who was a candidate for the Congressional nomination two years ago, will again be a candidate. On Saturday Arthur Stabler, of Montgomery county, announced his candidacy.

From Washington county Charles D. Wagoner, a Hagerstown lawyer wants to be considered also for the same place and it is likely that Thompson A. Brown, a lawyer and manufacturer, of Hagerstown, may enter the race for the nomination. Mr. Brown has served several terms in the Maryland Legislature and was the Republican floor leader of the House at the last Legislature. Senator Zihlman of Cumberland may get in the contest.

There will be three candidates in the primaries for the Republican nomination for Judge. They are Arthur D. Willard, Frank C. Norwood and Edward S. Eichelberger, all three having served as state's attorney for Frederick county. Former Judge Glenn H. Worthington and former Senator Jacob Rohrbach will be the Democratic candidates for the nomination. There is also a possibility that Mr. John S. Newman may enter the primaries for the Democratic nomination, although he has not yet determined upon his course.

Five thousand people make a good-sized town, yet more than this number are employed at STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER'S in Philadelphia. In addition to the immense business of our Retail Store, thousands of good merchants all over the country sell STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER'S Suits, Coats, Skirts, Linens, Upholstery Materials, Underwear, Hosiery and Dress Fabrics. We prefer that you buy of your local dealer if he carries our goods—and he should if he handles merchandise of quality and distinction. If you cannot obtain the lines you wish in your own town, write for a free copy of the Spring and Summer Fashion Catalogue of our Retail Store which is now ready. Address Strawbridge & Clothier, Philadelphia. 3-15-2ts

MARRIED.

FLOHR—McCLAIN.—On March 7, 1912, Mr. Urban Flohr and Miss Carrie McClain, both of near Zora, at the bride's home, by Justice H. J. Lowe, of Fairfield.

FLOHR—McCLAIN.—On Thursday evening, March 7, 1912, Mr. Urban Flohr and Miss Carrie McClain, both of near Zora, were married at the bride's home, by H. J. Lowe, J. P., of Fairfield, Pa. They will reside with the groom's father in Cove Hollow.

CHURCH NEWS

Regular services in the Emmitsburg Churches are as follows:

CATHOLIC

Mass, Sunday 7 and 10 a. m.
Mass, Daily 6 a. m.
Vespers, Sunday 7 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN

Sunday, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
Christian Endeavor, 7:00 p. m.
Wednesday Prayer Meeting 7:30 p. m.

LUTHERAN

Sunday, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:00 a. m.
Junior Christian Endeavor, 1:45 p. m.
Senior " " 6:45 p. m.
Wednesday, Prayer Meeting 7:30 p. m.
Saturday, Catechetical instruction 2 p. m.

REFORMED

Sunday, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
Wednesday Service, 7:30 p. m.
Saturday Catechetical Instruction at 2:30 p. m.

METHODIST

Sunday School, 1:30 p. m.
Service, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.

Rev. Mr. Gluck read an interesting paper before the Reformed Ministerium of Frederick county this week. His subject was "Elector Frederick the Third and His Influence on the Reformed Church." Mr. Gluck was requested to have the paper published.

Carload of Acme Wagons, all sizes, at wholesale prices. The list can be seen by any cash buyer for a wagon. Come and get your wagon, any size, POSITIVELY AT WHOLESALE LIST PRICES. Never before in the history of Taneytown have there been wagons sold at WHOLESALE PRICE list plus the FREIGHT. D. W. Garner is doing it. Come with your cash and get a bargain. Only prices of this kind are secured by CASH, and by Cash I mean money down in the hand and not 30 days. D. W. GARNER, 3-15-3t Taneytown, Md.

FOR SALE.

One 30-horsepower boiler and a 20-horsepower engine in good condition. Complete wrapper factory outfit, consisting of about 40 sewing machines, tables, shafting, etc., complete. Will sell at a sacrifice.

Also for sale or rent house and lot next door to postoffice, Thurmont, 12-room house. Good business location. Apply to 1-52t M. L. CREAGER, Thurmont.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURES.

On Thursday and Friday evenings, March 28th and 29th, Prof. Robert Turner, of Boston, will deliver, at St. Euphemia's Hall, a two-part illustrated lecture, "From Bethlehem to Calvary." Each evening 120 views will be displayed, making in all 240 separate and distinct pictures. These lectures, the second a continuation of the first, will begin at 8 o'clock. Admission to each lecture 25 cts. 3-15-2t

Excursion from Smithsburg to Baltimore over Western Maryland Railroad, Saturday, April 6, 1912, by Double Pipe Creek Corset Band. See posters with schedule later. 3-15-2ts

BAND.

WANTED.—An experienced salesman in general Dry Goods. One making good will have a chance for rapid advancement. Apply by letter or person at once to G. W. WEAVER & SON, Gettysburg, Pa.

WANTED PRINTER.—Principally straight composition but must be able to handle display work. One that will be on the job from Monday morning till Saturday noon of each week. No others need apply.

CHRONICLE OFFICE.

The Dixie Moving Picture Show will exhibit here for one week, beginning March 25. Showing all the latest Life-Motion Pictures, carrying their own electric light plant. 15-2t

WANTED ALIVE.

Will pay highest cash prices for fur-bearing animals, especially skunks. Will buy until May 10. GEORGE WINEGARDNER, Emmitsburg, Md. 3-1-4ts

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

Standard Bred Barred Rock and White Leghorns Apply to HERBERT GINGELL, Zora, Pa. 3-1-5t

FOR RENT.

Eight-room house, stables and lots; good location. 3-8-3t JAS. A. KEILHOLTZ.

Apply to D. W. Zentz, Zentz's Mill.

COOK WANTED.—From June 1st to Oct. 1. MRS. M. BENNETT, Clairvaux, Emmitsburg. 3-8-4t

HOUSE FOR RENT.—On Green st., suitable for small family. Apply to 15-2t MRS. C. J. GELWICKS.

FIRST BASEBALL GAME ON 26TH

Schedule Not Completed.—Comment on Basketball Team and Players.

(Special to The Chronicle.)

With the opening of the baseball season only ten days off the Mt. St. Mary's baseball squad has not as yet had a chance for outside work. The boys have been steady at work in the "gym" for the past three weeks and Coach Thompson reports them all in good condition to stand the heavy drill of outside work. This past week was the time looked for to get out on the field but the snow storm Monday night put it in such condition that it is not likely the boys will be able to appear much before next week. A large squad has been reporting at the "gym" every day, going through dumb bell exercises and setting up drill. The idea of this work is to have all the candidates in the best of condition so as their muscles will not be subject to the cold winds when they get out on the field. The squad so far looks very promising although there has not been much chance to get a line on any of the pitchers. This is a very important department and with the heavy schedule as arranged a great deal of anxiety is felt in regard to who will be the Mountaineers' mainstay in the box. The schedule is now in the hands of the faculty council and will be ready in a few days for publication. The first game will be played on Echo Field, March 26.

The basketball season at Mt. St. Mary's closed last Friday when the local boys defeated Bucknell University. It proved to be great finale and also the best game that was played on the local court this season. It is a rather hard proposition to size up the work of the quintette for the year. It might be said that the work was good, bad and indifferent. The team started off rather poorly, losing the first six games. This was more or less due to the fact that all the material had little or no chance to show itself. By constantly changing the men a combination was reached that looked good. After this team got going better results were at once reached and the boys had plenty of confidence, a point lacking and very noticeable in the early games. Although it could hardly be expected that the team would get away with all the games on the long schedule, nevertheless it was felt at the beginning of the season that the squad would add the majority to the list. However some of the games the latter part of the season could not be improved upon and with the speed they were showing it would be hard for any college team to get away with them. Some comparison can be gained from the game played with Bucknell. After leaving here with a defeat, they played Georgetown the next day and defeated the Washingtonians by a decisive score. Georgetown had been considered by many of the sporting writers as having one of the best teams in the country.

The poor start may be due to the fact that the material was unknown to Coach Thompson and it took time after trying out different combinations to hit upon the right one. This will be alleviated next season as all the men are well known to the coach now and he practically can start in where he left off this past season. The Mount should be well represented by a fast team next year as only one man will be lost through graduation. And with the rest of the team back together, with the promising substitutes on this year's squad, the local collegians should have a very fast aggregation. Thomas Mulhearn, '13, of Lansford, Pa., assistant manager this past season, has succeeded Finton Tehan who was manager of the season just closed. Mr. Mulhearn has started to work and is now busy arranging his schedule for next year.

Joseph Letter, of Philadelphia, was the unanimous choice of this year's basketball squad for captain for the season of 1912-13. Although this is Letter's first year on the team his work stood out very prominently, his floor work at all times being on the sensational order. He should prove a good leader as he has all the requisites. Plenty of dash and spirit besides being very popular among the students. Joe will get plenty of work out of the boys as he is a horse for work himself. The new captain has a grand opportunity as the team will almost be intact next year and with so able a leader the Mount is most fortunate.

DEVOT TAKES LEAST GALLONS: ALWAYS

Paint Devot; its the cheapest paint in the world: never mind the price; it may or may not be more. Less gallons will paint the house; and the paint will outwear anything. Skip wear; you've got to wait, to find that out. It covers more; you haven't got to wait to find that out. It's the cheapest of all; no matter about the price.

M A Thomas, painter, Lynchburg, Va., writes: "The first job I did with your paint I estimated 37 gallons; had 12 gallons left. Since then I have used Devot altogether and recommend it to all my customers. When I commence a job, I tack up a card reading as follows: M A Thomas, contractor; Devot Paint."

That's how. Sold by J. THOS. GELWICKS.

A petition has been sent to the Maryland Legislature to impeach Judge Keedy of Washington county.

ORDER NISI ON AUDIT

N O. 8756 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

MARCH TERM, 1912.
In the matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 11th day of March, 1912.

Edgar G. Stansbury vs. Mary A. Stansbury, widow, et al.

Ordered, That on the 2nd day of April, 1912, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

Dated 11th day of March, 1912,
HARRY W. BOWERS,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County.

True copy—Test:
HARRY W. BOWERS,
E. L. Rowe, Sol'r. Clerk.
3-15-3t

SPECIAL MEETING

—OF—

County Commissioners.

Frederick, Maryland, March 11, 1912.

The County Commissioners will meet at their office at the Court House on Monday, April 1st, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M., and will continue in session three weeks to hear appeals from assessments, assess new property, consider pension applications and for the transaction of general business. The following schedule of districts has been adopted:

FIRST WEEK.
April 1 and 2—General Business.
April 3—Creagerstown and Emmitsburg Districts.
April 4—Hauvers and Woodsboro Districts.
April 5—Catoctin and Urbana Districts.
April 6—Buckeystown and Middletown Districts.

SECOND WEEK.
April 8—Woodville and Langanore Districts.
April 9—Liberty and New Market Districts.
April 10—Petersville and Mt. Pleasant Districts.
April 11—Jefferson and Mechanicstown Districts.
April 12—Jackson and Johnsville Districts.
April 13—Lewistown and Tuscarora Districts.

THIRD WEEK.
April 15—Burkittsville, Ballenger and Braddock Districts.
April 16—Brunswick and Walkersville Districts.
April 17—Frederick District.
April 18, 19 and 20—Pension Days.

The attention of all taxpayers is especially directed to this notice, as no abatement will be made nor any credit allowed after the 30th day of April, 1912, until the levy of this year shall have been completed. Persons having erected new buildings, or made additions and improvements to their old buildings, and those acquiring additional personal property would do well to report the valuation of same, otherwise they may be assessed excessively. Those disposing of personal property are earnestly requested to report the same, and bring their sale books to this office before May 1st if they wish to be relieved from taxes on same this year. By order,

LINCOLN G. DINTERMAN, President.
Markwood D. Harp, Clerk.

EGGS FOR HATCHING

Thorough Bred Barred Rocks

Also Young Chicks Just Out of Incubator.

Address MRS. CORNELIUS F. ZIMMERMAN, R. F. D. NO. 3. FREDERICK, MD. mch 1 13ts

SOLID SILVER

American Lever Watches,

WARRANTED TWO YEARS,

ONLY \$6.

G. T. EYSTER

FURNITURE

Is Needed
at All Times.

Select what you
want here and you
will not be disappointed.

E. E. Zimmerman
Furniture Dealer

ON THE SQUARE

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

ELENOR BYERS

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 30th day of September, 1912, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 27th day of February, 1912.

BLANCHE G. RHODES,
CARRIE JANE BYERS,
Executrices.

3-1-5t

SHALL WE SEND YOU A WONDERFUL PICTURE

Costing Hundreds of Dollars, of the Great Baltimore Harbor as it looks after being built up since the great fire in 1904, with its fifteen million dollar piers? This picture was taken from the top of the Emerson Bromo Seltzer Tower 310 feet high and shows the Big River and Ocean Going Vessels, a vast portion of the city the entire harbor, the eastern Shore of Maryland and miles and miles of surrounding Country.

IF YOU LIKE IT

Tell us so, it is the front cover of J. Bolgiano and Son's Seed Catalogue for 1912. It plainly shows Bolgiano's New Pier and Warehouses and Bolgiano's Seed Store both on the water front.

IT'S FREE

Although Bolgiano's 1912 Catalogue cost many thousands of dollars to produce—having over 300 half tone illustrations. We will send it to you free if you plant Garden Seeds, Field Seeds or Flower Seeds or users of Poultry Foods and supplies—but we cannot afford to give it free to those who do not use these items—the edition is limited so send for one to-day before they are all gone.

FOR A 2c. STAMP
We will also send a 25c. Poultry Record for one year.

J. BOLGIANO & SON,
THE OLD RELIABLE SEED STORE
BALTIMORE, MD.

feb 6-12 tf

THE STAFFORD

Perfect Service.
Finest Location.
Excellent Cuisine.
Liberal Management.
Fireproof Construction.

WASHINGTON PLACE

BALTIMORE,
MD.

June 28-17



DR. O. W. HINES

..VISITS..

EMMITSBURG

MARYLAND

Every Two Months

Next Visit

MAY, 1912

EMMIT HOUSE

Letters To The Editor.

[The Editor would have it understood that he is not responsible for the views expressed in communications addressed to him and published in THE CHRONICLE.]

No attention will be paid to anonymous communications.

Contribution on Conditions at Union Bridge on Account of Dust and Cinders.

Blue Ridge College, Union Bridge, Md., Mch. 13, 1912.

Enclosed you will find copy of my speech delivered at contest last Friday. We have reached a crisis in the affairs of this town and unless we take a wise course we are heading toward grave and trying times. To those who live here there can be no possible misunderstanding of the situation.

A continuation of the present order of things must inevitably reach a climax, which, as true as the needle to the North Star, will determine whether we shall rise with a might to oppose, or whether we shall, like a cringing cowardly dog, whimper and lick the velvet hand that feeds us the death-dealing dust morning, noon and night.

This old Burg has never aspired to any great degree of civic beauty or loveliness, but just now her substantial home-loving citizens should rebel earnestly against having this ugliness and discomfort thrust upon them. Prosperity had hung up her hat and settled down to stay in these romantically picturesque sun-kissed fields with the clear-flowing Pipe and Sams creeks at their feet, and the great hills of Carroll and Frederick counties towering above them glowing in the first gorgeous penciling of Autumn, when suddenly, the happy beauty of the place is secretly wooed and won by that brilliant Knight of the Keystone commonwealth.

Mr. Chairman, on yonder hilltop on that eventful day quivered the destiny of this town in fate's tremendous balances. Our town authorities were cunningly thrown off their guard as to the probable injury we would sustain. Otherwise they would have at the expense of the corporation if need be, made a tour of investigation to different cement plants and if there was a more desirable mode of construction to eliminate their objectionable features our councilmen would have insisted upon a binding contract to secure the best or none at all.

Alas! After a period of polite boasting and flattering promise upon promise these skyrocket promoters promising under apparently good political cloth, but really controlled by a few predatory subsidiary money mad financiers come and thrust Union Bridge into a state of gasping asphyxiation. The whole community is nightmarish and unmercifully flopped in the dust.

Upon the occasion of a banquet at the cement plant it is said that some of the promoters of this enterprise laughed at the stupidity of this community and remarked, "They are so far behind the times that they think they are yet voting for Abraham Lincoln." Knowing that such a nuisance was to be inflicted upon us do you wonder they laughed at the stupidity that permitted it?

It was told me that when on the construction the inquiry was made as to which working plan should be used—the wet process at greater expense but obviating the dust nuisance, or the dry process—the one we have? The reply was, "Give 'em the dust." And we have it. Well no, not quite for just last week a knowing official of the company said, "Union Bridge don't know what a good dusting is like." We don't want to back like the stolid ox nor lunge against the traces like a grass-fed mustang, but by thunder to such promised injustice we will be more vociferous than "the lion tamer who roars from the peaks of Sagamore Hill."

What are we going to do about it? Are we going to have polluted God's beneficent gift of fresh sweet air that comes to us scented with the aroma of forest and field? Are we going to allow this thing to ruin our town; destroy our gardens; the blooming flowers, the trees and the growing crops?

You know every blade of grass, every flower, every bird that sings, every cataract that roars and every storm that sweeps across these everlasting hills are sentinels proclaiming the loving gentleness and awful grandeur of Jehovah. Shall we let these go to smash? Shall we allow a mercenary, foreign corporation to deprive us of our God given blessings—we who enjoyed and appreciated these hallowed privileges before the Tidewater Cement plant was dreamed of? If we tacitly submit we deserve to be buried beneath the cement dust as deeply as was Hercules and Pompeii.

The trail of the serpent sin has made the highway of human life dusty enough without the Tidewater Portland Cement company adding its gloomy pall of furnace fumes and dastardly choking cement dust, lime and shale wastes to clog our lungs, to blind our eyes and to send us coasting rapidly down to a disgraceful relinquishing of our constitutional rights.

Government experts say that cement mills according to size throw out from twenty to forty tons of waste every day and that trees close to the source of smoke and dust may be killed very quickly; the injurious effects decrease with distance, governed, however, by the direction of the prevailing winds and the configuration of the surrounding country, smoke of an injurious character tending to settle in the valleys. As not only trees but other all other vegetation is poisoned in this way. This question has a legal phase, the discussion of which is beyond my sphere of work.

This is an interesting example of an innocent community being ground between the upper and nether millstone. Are we going to be an easy mark and put up with this forced economic concreteness?

Do you know that the great life insurance companies will not insure the lives of our neighbors—the cement workers? Do you know that it is only a question of time with dust and smoke like this unchecked that the genus homo around Union Bridge will be but a scrap heap of ill-assorted miseries? Our nerves will be a fizzle of loose ends; our stomachs will become a mere formula of energetic refusal; our hearts a halting mechanism, scarcely able to pump the thinning fluid through our sclerotic veins, unless we compel as we can and will the abatement of this nuisance.

It is a matter of public knowledge that our private citizens are assessed

very high, but not many know that this million dollar corporation has in some unexplained manner secured a very low assessment. The Vice President of this concern is quoted with saying that the plant is valued at over \$1,700,000. They are assessed at only \$202,228. They pay \$1,400 tax. They should pay if assessed at only three-fourths of normal value the sum of about \$7,000 annually. You see they are actually beating the people out of at least \$5,600 in unpaid tax every year. In a man's lifetime that would amount to over \$400,000. More than enough to macadamize every road in Carroll county. Is this justice? In my judgment it is an outrage with the dust nuisance thrown in. This is hitting us too hard. It tells. It stings. It rankles and yet our local dinky weekly ink splasher to our chargin and bitter sorrow has raised no serious protest in behalf of our very existence.

Our protest is everlastingly right. The law says that absolute license is impossible in any community. No individual or corporation has the right to impose upon an established community a burden, a menace or to take property out of the taxable values of that community. Even the United States Government can not disturb the public repose except in time of war.

In law precedents have been established. The Supreme Court of California recently rendered a sweeping decision against the California Portland Cement Co. It sustains an injunction against that company which compels them to shut down all but a very small part of their mammoth plant on account of the injury done to the growing fruit in the vicinity of the mill. No. They shall not brass knuckle and choke the fat out of us without some lusty howling and some pretty solid and effective kicking. We do not often lack courage, but just now some of us appear to be deficient in plain spunk. The stars and stripes shall not float over a town of financial slaves.

Fellow citizens, in the name of the missing link are we going to take to the tall timber? Can we afford to tear down or sell out our homes—homes which cost us the labor of a lifetime—homes built up with hearts as pure and hopes as exalted as ever existed beneath the sweep of the Almighty stars? Shall this institution which stands for moral and religious enlightenment, whose influence has already been felt in this community and will, as the ripple caused by a stone cast into the bosom of a placid lake, continue to enlarge its influence until it reaches the shores of Eternity, have all its brightest hopes forever blighted? Shall our beloved Blue Ridge College be crushed to death or made to flee by this cement octopus? No. This dust nuisance must and shall be abated. The people of this community are not suffering with density of intellect, poverty, stupidity or ignorance. We simply want more iron in our blood—our back-bones stiffened and an awakening from our lethargy. Then when we demand it there is a justice which will come to our rescue. The dust will be stopped and our constitutional rights to prosperity in a clean atmosphere will be re-established.

ROCKWARD NUSBAUM.

FRIENDS' CREEK.

Misses Lucy Adelsberger, Rhoda and Ruie Kipe spent Thursday evening at the home of Mr. W. T. Miller.

Mr. R. L. Eyer and family spent Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Zimmerman.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gulland and two children, of Zora, were recent visitors at the home of their aunt, Mrs. Hardman.

Mrs. Zimmerman, who was very ill last week, is slightly improved.

Misses Rhoda and Ruie Kipe spent Saturday at the home of Mr. R. L. Eyer.

Miss Lottie Kipe, of Highfield, spent a few days with friends in this place.

Mr. Samuel Foltz is spending some time with his sister, in Lancaster, Pa.

Mr. Roscoe Eyer and family spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Martin Eyer.

Mrs. Lizzie Eyer and son, Merle, of near Motters, are spending a few weeks at the home of Mr. Martin Eyer.

Mrs. S. H. Duffey and son spent Sunday at the home of her parents.

Misses Rhoda and Ruie Kipe spent Sunday at the home of Mr. S. O. Foltz.

Mr. L. P. McKissic visited his aunt, Mrs. Hardman, on Monday.

The pastor of Friends' Creek Church will attend to the Ordinance of Baptism, on Sunday, Mar. 17, at 2 P. M., in the stream in front of the church. He will also attend to the Ordinance of Feet Washing and Communion at 6:30 P. M.

FRANKLINVILLE NEWS.

Mrs. Brook Keilholtz, of Waynesboro, is spending some time with her mother, Mrs. A. C. Hott.

Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Stull and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Stull.

Mr. Ernest Dubel and Miss Ruth Overholzer, of near Emmitsburg, spent Friday evening with Miss Esther Shindeldecker.

Miss Ethel Baxter, of Thurmont, spent several days last week with Misses Mary and Edith Brown.

Old Time Quilting Party.

A quilting party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Byers on Wednesday of last week. Those present were: Mrs. Mary Luckenbaugh, Sallie Luckenbaugh, Jane Fissel, John Huffman, Ephraim Herr, John Eyer, Harry Baker, Jack Wenshoff, Lulu Eyer, Charles Rager, Edgar Taney, Misses—Mary Luckenbaugh, Elizabeth Eyer, Ethel and Hazel Byers.—Messrs. George Hoffman, Earl Fite, Charles Herr, Luther Byers, Harry Luckenbaugh.

Objects to Mrs. Schley's Pension.

The Senate Committee on Pensions will report adversely on the bill granting a pension of \$150 a month to the widows of Rear-Admiral Schley and Admiral Robley D. Evans. This committee has made an arbitrary rule against any and all pensions appropriating more than \$600 a year.

GRACEHAM

Mr. George Firor spent Sunday in Baltimore.

Miss Belva Colliflower is visiting her brother, Herbert, near New Midway.

Miss Mary Colliflower, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Jennie Colliflower and family.

Mrs. Harry Groshon and daughter and Miss Catharine Engle spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. Wm. McCarney.

Miss Mary Heagy spent Sunday with her cousin, Mamie Seiss.

Mrs. Belle Seiss left Monday for Biglerville where she has been engaged in the millinery business for some time. Rev. Huebener will have service Sunday morning at half past 10 o'clock.

Mrs. Freshour, of Thurmont, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jacob Martin.

Among those who intend moving this Spring are: Theodore Stoner to Thurmont; Mrs. Emma Firor to the house vacated by Mr. Stoner; Rev. Oerter to Thurmont; Chester Joy to the house vacated by Mr. Oerter; Clyde Young to the house vacated by Mrs. Firor; Mr. Vanhorn to George Firor's rooms at the store; Mr. McCarney to near Thurmont; Edward Angell to the house vacated by Mr. McCarney; Alvey Zimmerman to the house vacated by Mr. Vanhorn.

Those who have bought property in town are: Mrs. Emma Firor, Alvey Zimmerman, Edward Earnst, Chester Joy, Edward Angell, Joseph Fisher.

LOYS AND VICINITY.

Mrs. William H. Martin and Mrs. Charles H. Hoffman and daughter, Mary, spent Monday afternoon with Mrs. John S. Hoffman of near Creagerstown.

Messrs. George Eyer and John Sherry spent a few days of last week with friends in Westminster.

Miss Vallie Miller, of near Hoover's Mill, was in this place on Monday last.

Mr. Elmer J. Pittinger spent Monday with friends near Loy's Station.

Mr. John H. Pittinger was a visitor in Graceham on Monday.

Mrs. Mary Shaeffer returned to Westminster to her home after spending some time with her mother, Mrs. Samuel Martin of this vicinity.

Misses Ethel Freshour and Elsie Robinson spent Tuesday evening with Mrs. Alice Loy.

Mr. Elmer Pittinger spent Wednesday afternoon with friends near Rocky Ridge.

Mr. C. P. M. Kolb, of Creagerstown, was in this place on Wednesday of last week.

Messrs. William Mort, Roy Freshour and John Long, spent Wednesday evening with Mr. George H. Beiler and family.

Mr. Eyer, of Wakefield, Carroll county, spent some time with his sister Mrs. Charles H. Hoffman, and family, of near Loy's.

Mr. Elmer Hahn, of Johnsville, spent a few hours with friends here on Wednesday.

Mrs. George W. Pittinger and son, Harvey, were visitors in Graceham on Thursday.

Mr. William Angell was in Graceham on Thursday.

Mrs. William Martin paid a visit to Mrs. Charles Hoffman on Thursday.

Mrs. Allen Yingling, of Creagerstown, spent Thursday with Mrs. Charles H. Hoffman of this vicinity.

Miss Ava Miller, of Detour, spent some time with her cousin, Miss Vallie Miller.

Mr. Heffner, of Creagerstown, spent a day of last week in this place.

Mrs. Elias Groshon, of Creagerstown, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. William G. Crum.

Miss Lottie Fisher spent several days with her cousin, Miss Belva Colliflower, of Graceham.

Miss Hazel Boller is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Boller.

Miss Bina Eyer, of Franklinville, spent a few days of last week with her sister, Mrs. Howard Eigenbrode.

Mrs. Mary Mott spent some time with Mrs. Irvin Beard, of Waynesboro, Pa. Quite a number from town attended the oyster supper which was held by the willing workers of Rocky Ridge on Saturday evening March 9.

Mr. B. Free and Miss Elsie Rhodes, both of Creagerstown, spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Hoffman and family of this vicinity.

BLUE RIDGE COLLEGE.

Prof. Edward D. Naff will give an entire program of song in Blue Ridge College auditorium, Wednesday evening, March 21st, at 8 p. m. It will be a pleasant remembrance to many to think of Prof. Naff, in the good old M. C. I. days. How we liked to hear him sing and play. He was fine then but he has been away these many years teaching and singing and no doubt he can sing ever so much better now. The past five years he has been teacher of Artistic Singing and Director of Music at Central Female College, Tuscaloosa, Alabama, and is now faculty member of the Roanoke School of Music. We extend a cordial welcome to all to come to hear him.

Monday night we experienced a peculiar participation of snow, coal dust, shale dust, limestone and cinders. Later, however, the snow turned to rain with the same dusty ingredients. It was miserable. The mixture looked a little like pepper and salt.

Mr. Robert Sollenberger was delighted to have his mother and father with him a few days recently.

Miss Gertrude Kable was taken to her home in Woodsboro last Friday and will undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Miss Irene Harlacher has enrolled for work during the Spring term. A number of our students enjoyed the plays given at Linwood Saturday evening, in spite of the bad condition of the roads.

The Stoner contest on Friday evening was awarded to Miss Blanche Bonack, while second honor was captured by Miss Pearl Starr, one prize going to each society.

Dr. Hoenshel personally conducted us on a trip around and over Ireland. His presentation was very realistic and was thoroughly enjoyed.

ACROSS THE LINE

Fairfield.—D. B. Rock recently installed a gasoline light plant in the store room of C. S. Martin at Charmian.

Mrs. Clayton Barr, of Guernsey, is visiting her parents, Calvin Sanders and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. James Shindeldecker, of Gettysburg, R. D., spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Amos Stoner.

Mrs. James Sitef, of Franklin Grove, Illinois, is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Helen Cunningham who was injured in an automobile accident at Charlottesville, Va., some time ago, is able to be out.

Miss Susan Shorb a popular teacher in Franklin county, spent several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shorb. She returned on Monday.

Mr. Harry Baxter will move to Mr. Tyson Linsinger's farm. Mr. Black from near Greencastle has purchased the Baxter farm. Mr. Baxter's neighbor's regret his moving from their midst but they extend a warm welcome to Mr. Black.

Mrs. James Bouey, who has been very ill, is so much improved that it will only be a short time until she will be out again.

Mrs. J. R. Baker and Mr. and Mrs. C. Shorb, all of whom have been confined to the house have almost fully recovered.

Debate at Miney Creek.

At Miney Branch school house last evening the question "That Socialism would be for the best interests of humanity" was debated by Miss Sharrets and Prof. Strauss, affirmative; Messrs. Donald Agnew and John Matthews, negative. The affirmative side won. One of the negative speakers was signally honored by the audience, receiving besides the applause a beautiful bouquet.

Again Busy at Waynesboro.

The labor difficulties in Waynesboro have been adjusted satisfactorily and the Geyser shops are running full force. Foreman Dewitt against whom the workers took their stand resigned.

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Thursday morning, are subject to daily change.

EMMITSBURG, MAR. 15

Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.

Butter	22
Eggs	16
Chickens, per lb.	12
Spring Chickens per lb.	15
Turkeys per lb.	15
Ducks, per lb.	14
Potatoes, per bushel	\$7.00
Dried Cherries, (seeded)	12
Raspberries	15
Blackberries	4
Apples, (dried)	4
Lard, per lb.	69
Beef hides	8@11

LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Patterson Brothers.

Steers, per 100 lb.	5.00@6.00
Butcher Heifers	5@5.50
Fresh Cows	30.00@50.00
Fat Cows per lb.	3@4
Bulls, per lb.	4@5
Hogs, Fat per lb.	7@7.50
Sheep, Fat per lb.	2@2.50
Spring Lambs	5@6.50
Calves, per lb.	7@7.50
Stock Cattle	3.50@4.50

BALTIMORE, MAR. 18.

WHEAT:—spot, @100%

CORN:—Spot, @70%

OATS:—White, @57%

RYE:—Nearby, \$. @ \$1.00 bag lots, . . @

HAY:—Timothy, \$. @ \$25.50 No. 1 Clover

@ \$23.50; No. 2 Clover, \$21.50@22.50.

STRAW:—Rye straw—fair to choice, @ \$17.50

\$18.00 No. 2, \$16.00@16.50; tangled rye blocks \$12.50

\$14.00@ . wheat blocks, \$11.50@11.75; oats

\$10.00@10.50

POULTRY:—Old hens, @16; young chickens, large, 15@16; small, @ Spring chickens, Turkeys, 18@19

PRODUCE:—Eggs, 19 . @ butter, nearby, rolls

21 @ 22 Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania

prints, 21@22

POTATOES:—Per bu. \$1.10@1.25 No. 2, per

bu. New potatoes per bbl. \$. @ \$

CATTLE:—Steers, best, \$. @ \$. ; others

\$. @ \$. ; Heifers, \$. @ \$. ; Cows, \$. @ \$.

\$. @ \$. ; Bulls, \$. @ \$. ; Calves, 7.50@8.50

Fall Lambs, @ c. spring lambs, 5@7; Pig

75@1.50, Shoats, \$1.75@2.75 Fresh Cows

\$. @ \$ 9 per head.



UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT makes the strongest CONCRETE

FOR SALE BY

E. L. FRIZELL Emmitsburg, Md.

Apr. 30-09 1 yr.

Boy's Leg Cut Off by Street Car.

William Keller, seven years old, was run over by a street car in Frederick on Wednesday and was so badly hurt that it was necessary to cut off the child's leg.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

HAVE your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same and has always on hand a large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware.

GUY K. MOTTER

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW

Will be in Emmitsburg Tuesday of each week from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Office at Public Library Room. Frederick office telephone number 30. June 3-10-11

NOTARY PUBLIC

A. A. HORNER

OFFICE: Banking House of ANNAN, HORNER & CO.

EMMITSBURG, MD.

may 30-10-11

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

YOU SHOULD HAVE IT IN YOUR HOME.



It is excellent in cases of emergency.

THE DUFFY MALT WHISKY CO.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

If you cannot buy Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey from your local druggist or dealer, we can have you supplied at the following prices:

1 Bottle.....\$ 1.00

4 Bottles.....3.80

6 Bottles.....5.50

12 Bottles.....10.00

EXPRESS PREPAID. Send us Certified Check, Money Order or cash by registered mail with your order.

dec 29-11

J. W. RIEGLE, D. V. S.

TEL. 263

E. G. W. SCHUBEL, D. V. S.

TEL. 1305

Drs. RIEGLE & SCHUBEL

VETERINARY PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

Calls Day and Night.

EMMITSBURG, MD.

General Reduction

In Prices on Every Article in Our

Entire Store Including

Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Caps, Shoes,

Men's Furnishings, Traveling Goods, Etc.

From Now Until the 1st of February.

LOWENSTEIN & WERTHEIMER

HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS

11 N. Market Street, FREDER

ECONOMY SILOS

MANUFACTURED IN:

Frederick City, Frederick County, Md.

We are close to you which makes the freight very low on the Economy Silo as compared with others. The Economy Doorway is a Marvel of Simplicity and Perfection. Any boy can take them out or put them in, and yet they are perfectly air-tight, entirely preventing possibility of spoiled ensilage.

The Economy is the best, hooped silo that is manufactured. Easy to put up. The best of material used in its construction throughout.

Every silo fully guaranteed. Write for Free Illustrated Catalogue with proof of claims from delighted users.

The Economy Silo & Manufacturing Co.
FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

Feb. 17, '11-12

MATTHEWS BROTHERS

We are now ready for our SUMMER TRADE with a full line of

Sodas, Coco Cola, Ginger Ale, Ice Cream, Confectionery, Tobacco and a Beautiful Line of Cigars and Pipes

Ranging in Price from 1c. to \$5.00

Come and look the line over, we will treat you right.
dec 1-12.

JUST RECEIVED

New Striking Spring Suits

They are New, Nobby, Neat Patterns—You Will Like These—STANDARD STYLES AND THE PRICE IS POPULAR. But values are far better than last year at same price.

CHARLES ROTERING & SONS PUBLIC SQUARE
EMMITSBURG, MD.
STRICTLY CASH

Feb 26-11-12

WE'RE AFTER YOU

"You are the Individual We Require"

The above is intended to attract the attention of individuals who are using the sock instead of the bank for a depository, and who in consequence are receiving no interest on their savings.

WE PAY 4% INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

and would be delighted to have all present "sock bank" patrons call and talk over the "real thing" banking proposition with us.

Established October, 1882

ANNAN, HORNER & CO., Bankers

oct 8-09-11

New Spring Goods

AT

Joseph E. Hoke's Store

Call and Examine Them. Among the New White Goods are:

Cotton Corduroy, Cotton Crepe, Voile Veritas, Lingerie Batiste, Corded Madras, Linen and Linene, the Beautiful New Snowflake Drapery for Curtains, also Casement Cloth and Curtain Swiss, Large Assortment of Dress Gingham in Stripes, Plaids, Checks and Solid Colors.

All Kinds of Cloth for Spring Coat Suits,

Tangier's Pongee, Polo, Storm and Buckingham Serges, also All Wool Cream Serge. Fine lot of Percales in Dark and Light Colors, also Galatia for little boys' suits.

Never before have I had such a well selected stock. Call and see them the goods speak for themselves.

JOSEPH E. HOKE

The KITCHEN CABINET



WE ARE constantly reminding ourselves not to waste money, but are we careful of wasted time, wasted talents and wasted opportunities?

CAREFULNESS IN LITTLE THINGS.

Most people are sufficiently watchful of the large leaks in household management, but the little leaks are those that often sink the great ship. It is necessary that a certain amount of care and thought should be directed toward even the simple processes of housekeeping, to make the machinery run smoother. If we are visitors in a home we do not care to hear the wheels go round, the most perfect running machinery, especially in the home, is the noiseless kind. The taking proper care of supplies after purchasing is hardly secondary in importance to intelligent buying.

Perishable food should never be bought in large quantities beyond the needs of the family.

Food left in paper bags that come from the markets are more apt to be flavored by the chemicals present in the paper. This is especially true of foods containing moisture.

Cereals of all kinds should be kept in glass jars, tightly covered, in a cool place.

Flour is highly absorbent and should be kept in a dry cool place.

Butter and milk should never stand uncovered.

Coffee should be bought in small quantities and ground as needed.

Eggs are porous, and for this reason should never be placed near food of strong flavor.

Soap should be unwrapped and piled in an open place to dry.

Fruit should be spread out to prevent decay, and all portions of decayed fruit should be at once removed.

Oiled papers that come in cracker boxes and other foods for wrapping should be carefully saved. They are useful for many things, wrapping sandwiches, eggs and are especially good after the second use, for cleaning flat irons while ironing.

One of the old-fashioned wire coffee stands make the best kind of a trivet for use in boiling puddings in a cloth. It is sufficiently high to hold the pudding well up from the bottom of the kettle.

When making ginger cookies, try a cup of coffee left from breakfast for the liquid instead of milk. The flavor is excellent with ginger.

Nellie Maxwell.

The KITCHEN CABINET



HERE are no shackles which persistent reason and dogged labor can't rend asunder.

Nothing is hopeless to determination.

This earth belongs to us to do with as we dare.
—Herbert Kaufman.

SOME COMPANY SALADS.

When serving luncheon or dinner to a few friends, one likes to have a salad that is a little unusual for the occasion. Here are a few to choose from:

Goldsmith Salad.—Take a half cup of apples minced fine, one-fourth of a cup of minced celery, a fourth of a cup of chopped hickory nut meats, a fourth of a cup of chopped green pepper and olives mixed. Serve in green pepper cups and garnish with mayonnaise dressing.

Apple, nuts and celery served in head lettuce is a simpler salad and one that is generally liked. Mayonnaise may be served with this or a plain, less expensive, boiled dressing.

Salad plants contain but little nourishment. Their chief value lies in the mineral salts they contain, and when mixed with dressings of oil they are of as much value to the system as food.

Lettuce and green vegetables, if allowed to stand in a dressing, will wilt, so it is best to keep the lettuce crisp and fresh, and serve it freshly prepared.

Grape Fruit or Pomelo Salad.—There is no fruit salad equal in deliciousness to that prepared with carefully-removed sections of grape fruit added very gently to celery and nuts, and mixed with mayonnaise. Sometimes even the nuts will crush the fruit and the utmost care should be used in mixing the salad, otherwise the juice is crushed from the fruit and the salad is watery and unsightly.

Grape Fruit and Cherry.—Cut the ripe fruit in halves, using the large cherries when obtainable. Cut the grape fruit and remove the sections with care; let all stand a few moments in French dressing to season. Serve with mayonnaise on lettuce and garnish with maraschino cherries.

Nellie Maxwell.

Watts, Franklin—Love your neighbor as yourself, but don't take down your fence.

Adrift with Humor



Lost Time.

The late Sylvester Miller, civil engineer, who was engaged in railroad enterprises in Central America seeking local support for a road attempted to give the matter point. He asked a native:

"How long does it take you to carry your goods to market by muleback?"

"Three days," was the reply.

"There's the point," said Miller. "With our road in operation you could take your goods to market and be back home in one day."

"Very good, señor," answered the native. "But what would we do with the other two days?"

Economy in Music.

"What's all that racket about in the parlor?" asked the father.

"Why, that's Mary and Jane playing a duet on the piano," explained mother.

"Both of 'em playing at once?"

"Yes; it's a duet."

"Well, can't they wear out the piano fast enough playing one at a time?"

A Shrewd financier.

"Say, boss," said Uncle Eben, "would you lend me 'bout six bits and take dis mule foh security?"

"How long do you want the loan?"

"Oh, till 'long 'bout April or May."

"That's a curious kind of transaction."

"Well, I'll make it four bits. All I really kyahs about it gittin' rid o' feedin' de mule."

MIKE LOST.



"Did you ever back a horse in your life, Mike?"

"Yes; once, and only once."

"Did you win anything?"

"No, begorra; that I didn't."

"Why, how was that?"

"Well, you see, I backed the blessed hoss through a shop window, and I had to pay \$10."

Weary Waiting.

You'll agree that Fortune's fickle And she's often slow, we've found; Death is apt to wield his sickle Long before she gets around.

Dubious.

"He's a perfect duck of a doctor!" "For heaven's sake don't tell people so."

"Why not?"

"Naturally, they'll think he's a quack."

Beyond Masculine Aid.

"How's your wife?"

"She's having constant trouble with her head."

"Can the doctor help her?"

"No—nobody but the milliner."

Stray Stories.

Similarity.

"Binks certainly does tell the most wonderful tales about his automobile trips."

"But, then, you know, some yarn naturally goes with a spin."

Below Stairs.

"What's your missis kicking about?" inquired the housemaid from next door.

"This is her night out, but I told her I had an engagement myself."

Quite So.

"The mumps seem such a plebeian sort of sickness."

"It should not be, for actually it is rather a swell affair."

The Result.

"People ought not to borrow trouble."

"No, because that is a loan which fate always pays back with interest."

Practical Fashions

MISS' AND SMALL WOMEN'S COAT.



5672

The polo coat is claiming attention of all well dressed women and the design here shown is the latest word in such a garment. It has the wide revers and deep collar and cuffs. Polo cloth is the appropriate material to use, the reverse side forming the collar and cuffs, or some of the new mixed woollens can be utilized having the trim of plain goods.

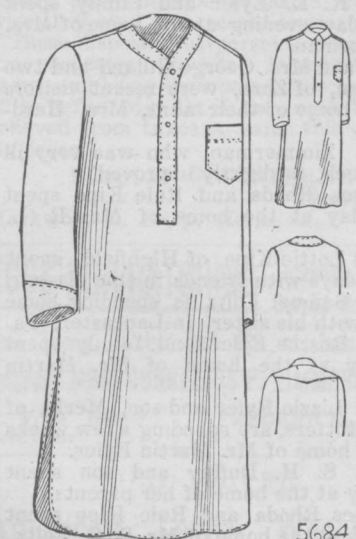
The pattern (5672) is cut in sizes for 14 to 18 years. To make the coat in the medium size will require 4 1/2 yards of 44 inch material.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 5672. SIZE.....
NAME.....
TOWN.....
STREET AND NO.....
STATE.....

Practical Fashions

MEN'S SACK NIGHT SHIRT.



5684

A roomy, comfortable sleeping garment is made after the design here pictured. It is easy to make and even an inexperienced needle worker can fashion it. A back yoke is provided, but may be omitted if preferred plain, as this yoke is merely a facing. The garment can be finished either with a simulated collar as illustrated, or a standing collar may be used. Cambric or muslin is the material necessary.

The pattern (5684) is cut in sizes 34 to 42 inches breast measure. Medium size requires 4 1/2 yards of 36-inch material.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 5684. SIZE.....
NAME.....
TOWN.....
STREET AND NO.....
STATE.....

Painting the Eiffel Tower.

The Eiffel Tower in Paris, France, changes its dress every five or six years at a cost of from \$14,000 to \$16,000. The date is at hand when fifty painters will find occupation for three or four months in covering the 180,000 square yards of its surface with a new coat of paint. The shade has yet to be decided upon. The Eiffel Tower started twenty-two years ago in orange, wore red in 1893, golden yellow in 1899 and silver white on the summit and crone yellow at the base in 1907. There are people who would vote for an invisible share of khaki for the coming renewal. The tower is now used as a wireless telegraph station, as a post for an electric device to prevent hailstorms and as a guiding mark for aviators.

FIGHT SAN JOSE SCALE NEXT

Injurious Pest Can Be Checked If Trees Are Sprayed While Leaves Are Off—Good Solution.

San Jose scale, a pest which is spreading over this country with amazing rapidity, can be checked, says Dr. T. J. Headlee, state entomologist at the Kansas Agricultural college, if orchard owners will spray now while the leaves are off the trees. Spraying with a lime and sulphur solution any time while the trees are dormant is advised by Dr. Headlee, but he believes that the best results will follow if the application is made before the buds begin to swell.

Other solutions may be used as sprays, but the lime-sulphur mixture is especially recommended because it also will kill scab and fungus growth. To prepare the spray, 20 pounds of lime and 15 pounds of sulphur are allowed to 50 gallons of water. Put ten gallons of water in an iron kettle and add 20 pounds of unslaked lime. Boil, adding water when necessary to keep the mass from spluttering. When the lime has slaked into a pasty mass boil until the mixture assumes a dark red color. Strain and add water to make out the 50 gallons of spray. There are other solutions on the market already prepared that are effective. Spray with great care, says Dr. Headlee, as it is only by contact with the poison that the scale is killed.

Ordinarily, one spraying in a year is sufficient, but where the pest is well established it is well to spray now and then again later on in the winter. Since one scale can produce nearly 3 1/4 millions of young in a single summer, it is evident that if the pest is not combated promptly it will soon destroy an orchard.

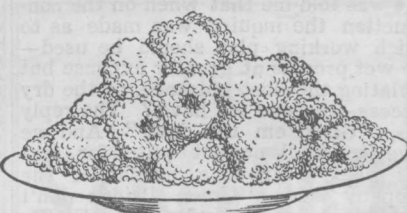
NEW CROSS OF SMALL FRUITS

Illinois Grower Accidentally Developed Raspberry-Strawberry—Promises to Become Popular.

An Illinois grower states that through an accidental cross between the red raspberry and the strawberry there has been developed a plant which promises to become important.

The cross was made by bees carrying the pollen from a bed of strawberries to a red raspberry patch near by, and the berry resulted from the seed that fell on the ground.

The berry is very large, some growing to the size of a hulled walnut. In shape it is like the strawberry, with



The Raspberry-Strawberry.

a hollow center like the raspberry, and resembles this fruit to some extent.

It grows on a bush about three feet high, the stalk being covered with thorns. It is of a beautiful red and requires sugar and cream to bring out its flavor, which is peculiar to itself, slightly resembling the mulberry, and there is a lingering delicate after-flavor.

It is said to be a large producer, and requires little cultivation. The vines are mowed close to the ground late in the fall, or in the spring, and the new shoots that come up bear the same season.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

If you plant pear trees in rich soil you invite blight.

Old and many young trees are infested with the woolly aphid.

We cannot longer raise paying apple crops unless we spray.

The lime-sulphur mixture is a good remedy for the oyster-shell scale.

It is better to give the orchard clean cultivation than to try to raise crops in it.

If the garden is fall plowed it means you can plant at least a week earlier next spring.

Fruit trees should never be planted on the lawn, as they cannot be profitably worked.

If you buy your seed potatoes this year, look at them closely, and if there is a sign of scab, reject them.

In very cold weather, cover the barrels of potatoes and fruit with two thicknesses of paper or grain sacks.

The hardest grape of all is the Concord. There may be some of better quality, but none can stand so much grief.

Expert orchardists recommend seeding the orchard to crimson clover—or rye to be plowed down the following spring.

Wood ashes are valuable to spread around fruit trees for small fruits and vegetables; they should not be wasted.

Clean out the henhouse and put the cleanings on the garden this fall. Next spring you will wonder what makes things grow so fast.

For moss and lichens on old fruit and shade trees, spray when leaves are off. Spray in the middle of a mild, clear day, when bark is dry.

Remember rabbits have just as sharp teeth this year as ever. They will surely gnaw those fruit trees if you give them half a chance.

In putting manure about young trees keep it away from the trunk or you will provide a harbor for field mice and gnawed trunks will be the result.

Dedication at St. Joseph's - Oct. 14, 1910

St. Euphemia's Sem. - Oct. 14, 1910

Reference to Mother Seton - Mrs. Esther Barry's death
Nov. 25, 1910.

Sisters of Charity mentioned in article on death
of Mrs Charles Jourdan Jan. 27, 1911 page 6

St. Joseph's College - "The Maderos & Emmitsburg -
March 17, 1911

Work of Early Missionaries - page 2 - March 31, 1911

St. Joseph's College mentioned - "Governor Visit Eburg p. 2 - April 28, 1911

May 26, 1911 - Mother Seton's name mentioned in
article on pg. 6. concerning Mr. Michael Jenkins at
St. Joseph's.

June 23, 1911 - St. Joseph's College & Academy

July 14, 1911 - St. Joseph's

Sept. 29, 1911 - Mother Seton Ref. pg. 3 - Another year at St.
Joseph's.