

The Weekly Chronicle.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

ESTABLISHED OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

TERMS—\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

VOL. XXXIII

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1911

NO. 27

FOREST FIRE WARNING

THE STATE FOREST LAW

List of Wardens and Patrolmen in Frederick County

TO HELP PROTECT THE FORESTS

Failure to Report Fire Punishable by Fine.—Landowner's Responsibility and Warden's Duty.—State and County Share Expense.

Forest fires are not rare in our woodlands, the more the pity. Recently the State has sent out a notification headed "What To Do In Case of a Forest Fire." The idea, of course, is to avoid as much as possible, the loss annually felt, not only by the property holder, but by the whole community, due entirely to these devastating fires.

The annual damage caused by forest fires is enormous. In view of the fact that most of these fires are from willfulness, or carelessness, attention is called to the following provisions of the State Forest Laws.

The law requires that "Any one who discovers a forest or brush fire not under the control or supervision of some person," shall extinguish it or report it immediately to the local Forest Warden or Patrolman. Failure to do so is punishable by a fine of \$10.

The Forest Wardens or Forest Patrolmen for Frederick county, with their addresses and telephone numbers, are as follows:

J. Howard Creeger, Thurmont; F. W. Fraley, Catocin, (telephone Thurmont 44-14) Patrolman; Gideon O. Harne, Point of Rocks, (telephone Brunswick 82-5); Charles E. Klein, Frederick, and Vernon Smith, Lewis-town, (telephone Thurmont 44-11).

In case of fire the local Forest Warden, or Patrolman, should be notified immediately. The law requires that the landowner, or tenant, on whose lands the fire is burning shall do all that he can with the help he has on his place to control the fire, and prevent its escape to other lands. Upon the arrival of the Forest Warden he will assist the landowner and if more help is needed he will obtain the men and direct their work, the expense of such service to be paid by the County and State.

No back-firing is allowed on lands without the consent of the owner, except under the direction of the Forest Warden, who is authorized, by law, to start back-fires, plow furrows, tear down fences, (whenever the necessity arises) in order to check a fire.

A strict enforcement of the law will reduce to a minimum the forest fires in the county. It is the duty of everyone who wants the forest protected from fire, to cooperate with and assist the Forest Wardens in enforcing the law and to punish anyone who violates it.

TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE TOLLS AND COMMERCE BOARD

Western Accusers Say Rates Are Exorbitant and Independent Concerns Are Rapidly Absorbed.

A thorough investigation of existing telegraph and telephone rates is believed to be foreshadowed by demands which have been filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission in the form of petitions directing the attention of the commission to the apparent purpose of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company "to monopolize all facilities for wire communication."

The petition states: "We believe your investigation of telephones will disclose the fact that the people are now, and for a long time have been, deliberately deprived of the advantages, benefits and economies of low uniform rates by systematized violations of the laws designed for their protection and betterment. That exorbitant rates for unimproved service have been maintained either by actual combination or by 'gentlemen's agreements,' and that strenuous efforts have been employed to prevent the introduction of cheap tolls, whether by competition or legislative measures seems obvious to your petitioners."

Twelve Dead in Storm's Wake.

The storm which passed over Emmitsburg on Sunday, the day before caused the death of twelve in Wisconsin, Iowa and Illinois. More than 50 persons were injured. The storm out there caused a drop of 50 degrees in the temperature. By the time it reached here it had moderated enough that our thermometers only dropped 40 degrees. While it rained here, in the middle west it sleeted and much damage was done to electric wires. At Virginia, Ill., every public building was demolished.



President Taft, who has just finished a 15,000-mile trip. Mr. Taft will now give attention to his third annual message to Congress and his consideration to the appointment of a successor to the late Supreme Court Justice Harlan, and the naming of men to fill other important judicial vacancies.

Mr. Taft spent an hour in Frederick on Wednesday as the guest of the Associated Boards of Trade of Maryland, in convention in that city.

MARYLANDER TALKED OF FOR SUPREME COURT BENCH

Senator Rayner's Remarks After Long Interview With President Taft at The White House.

Senator Rayner spent some time with President Taft at the latter's invitation on Monday and it was reported that the subject of their conversation was the next appointment to the Supreme Court bench. Senator Rayner gave no definite answer to inquiries but he did say: "Maryland ought to have a place upon the Supreme Court, and I have presented the name of a gentleman who will receive the united endorsement of the profession and who will take rank with the ablest men who have ever adorned that tribunal. I did this, however, under strict seal of confidence."

"One thing is certain," continued the Senator, "the standard of the Supreme Court should be maintained. We were delighted when Lurton and Lamar were appointed; and when White was made Chief Justice, a worthy successor of Marshall, the President, I think, accomplished the most gratifying act of his administration. Justice Harlan's marvelous intellect has vanished and his successor should be equally as profound a lawyer."

"When I say I have a Maryland man I do not mean Bernard Carter. Unfortunately he is beyond the age limit. It would be a precious choice to have him. There is no better lawyer in the United States than Bernard Carter. I have met the ablest of them all, but never his equal. The President, however, has set 60, or thereabouts, as the limit on account of the retirement feature."

"One single man upon the Supreme Bench may change the whole constitutional history of the country, and never before, since the foundation of the Government has a more delicate and critical duty devolved upon the President than the filling at this hour of the vacancy on the bench."

GOVERNOR OF SOUTH CAROLINA MAKES LYNCH LAW SPEECH

Said He Would Have Led the Mob That Hung a Negro Rather Than Punish the Leaders.

Gov. Bleas of South Carolina, broke forth on Saturday at Anderson, S. C., in a speech to a gathering of farmers on the subject of lynching, an affair of that kind having been recently perpetrated near that place. He said among other things that rather than use the power of his office in deterring white men from "punishing this nigger brute," he "would have resigned the office and come to Honepath and led the mob."

A thousand persons heard the Governor laud the lynchers, but not one of them cheered. Most of them thought the Negro met a deserved fate, but they were not prepared for the Governor of the State to laud the work of lynchers in a public address.

Gov. Bleas's speech has been bitterly resented all over the State, and he will be attacked when the Legislature meets. The Legislature is hostile to him, and following revelations in regard to his alleged relations with the "Whiskey Ring" in the days of the dispensary, when he was State Senator, a movement was started to begin impeachment proceedings.

Wu Ting-fang has sent a long telegram to the Regent, Prince Chun, urging him to abdicate.

ASSOCIATED TRADE BOARDS

SECOND ANNUAL CONVENTION AT FREDERICK

Address of Welcome Delivered by Mr. Joseph D. Baker.

---Taft Graces Occasion on Wednesday



The second annual sessions of the Associated Boards of Trade of Maryland began in Frederick on Tuesday afternoon. Delegates from all parts of the State attended the meetings which ended on Wednesday when the Association entertained President Taft.

Mr. Joseph D. Baker welcomed the Association to Frederick and in his address said there is no question of so much importance as municipal government; that party government must be backed by a thoughtful constituency and a sound public sense which will make for the uplift and betterment of the people. He pointed out that the Associated Boards of Trade are one of the most important factors in promoting these conditions in the State.

"The people," he said, "are today placing over and above personal liberty civic authority. Personal liberty must stop whenever it interferes with the good of the majority. Trade organizations stand for the public good against private interests. This spirit of standing for the good of the many and for the uplift of municipal government and life is interesting the best thought of the community."

The annual report of the president emphasized the importance of the State making arrangements for the care and employment of her own people at the same time bringing the States advantages to the rest of the world. He quoted Dr. Harvey W. Wiley's statement that "the opportunities for farmers in the great Northwest are not half as good as those in Maryland and the East, and he prophesied that in 50 years the people will be turning from the West to cultivate the abandoned farms in the East."

"There is no good reason," Mr. Mills declared, "why plows and wagons, with other implements used on the farm, should not be made in the cities and towns of Maryland. The manufacture of automobiles and other utilities would bring a richer reward than if the money to build the factories is invested in stocks."

Mr. Mills urged upon the citizens of Maryland that they honestly and intelligently participate in public affairs and that they take active share in politics.

"I am convinced that Maryland and many of its towns have antiquated methods of auditing public accounts," he said. "The coming Legislature should pass an auditing law that will trace every dollar of public revenue from the taxpayer to the State treasury, and again as it goes out to meet the expenses of the State government; and the counties and towns would do well to have laws equally effective."

President Mills expressed regret that in some towns there is a feeling of hostility toward men of wealth, and hence capitalists seek other fields for residence and investment. Men of wealth, he asserted, should be encouraged and



Champ Clark, Speaker of the National House of representatives, was indorsed for President in 1912 by the Democratic convention of the Seventh Kansas congressional district at Dodge City.

COAL STRIKE PREDICTED BY NEW YORK MERCHANT

To Begin At The End of Present Agreement, March 31st Next.—Warns Household to Keep Bins Full.

A prominent New York coal merchant predicts a strike in the anthracite field when the agreement, created as the result of a commission appointed by President Roosevelt, expires on March 31, 1912. This merchant says that the organization known as the United Mine Workers are presenting inducements to have the employees in the anthracite coal region join their organization, and also that they had at Pottsville, a convention of delegates representing the United Mine Workers of the whole anthracite coal region. The result of the deliberations of that convention have been set forth, as I understand, in the local press, naming the demand that they will make upon the operators. If these facts are true my unqualified opinion is that there will be a strike.

"What chiefly concerns the users of anthracite coal is how to provide themselves with fuel to be consumed after April 1. There are two classes of consumers: The householders, representing the domestic classes and the largest percentage of users, and those who use steam generators."

"My advice to the householders is to keep their bins replenished as fast as they consume coal this winter. To the steam generator consumers my advice is to store what coal they possibly can between now and April 1."

"The money invested in coal at this time would be the same as money put into fire insurance. We do not place insurance with the hope that we are going to have a fire, but we do place it so that we would not be crippled by a heavy loss, in the event of a fire, at a time that might be very serious to us."

ONE MILLION DOLLAR DEAL BUT NOT ONE CENT OF CASH

St. Louis Arrangement That Is Engaging Interest of Congressional Investigating Committee.

E. G. Louis told Tuesday how he borrowed \$1,000,000 on paper from the National Bank of Commerce of St. Louis and capitalized his University Heights Realty and Development Company without the actual transfer of a dollar.

Testifying before the Congressional Committee, which is investigating his \$3,000,000 damage suit against the Government, he said it was all a paper transaction, but when asked for details said, "It's too deep for me. You'll have to ask a banker."

The committee called the cashier of the National Bank of Commerce, who had testified that the bank never loaned Lewis \$1,000,000 and he produced three drafts, two for \$340,000 each and the third for \$320,000, which, he said, would substantiate his statement.

"I told the officers of the bank that the property had cost \$200,000 but that I believed it was worth \$1,000,000, and wished to capitalize the company for that amount. I asked their advice," said Lewis, "and one of them suggested this method, which I followed:

"The three drafts were made out, marked paid, and deposited in the bank, and a check against this deposit was then made out and paid to the University Heights Realty Company, which gave back a check for \$1,000,000 to the bank. This check was marked paid, and the transaction was completed."

"But," said Congressman Redfield, "this draft is made against an individual for \$1,000,000, and there must have been some such funds."

"You'll have to get a banker to explain that," said Lewis, "it paid up the capital stock, according to law."

Samuel Gompers, in addressing the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, advocated the referendum, initiative and recall.

WM. P. MAULSBY DEAD

SON OF JUDGE MAULSBY

Succumbs To Heart Trouble on Monday Night

BRILLIANT CAREER AS LAWYER

Fought In Civil War With Great Credit.—Admitted To The Bar In 1866.—Staunch Democrat but Not Successful as Politician.

William Pinkney Maulsby, son of the late Judge Maulsby, died at his home in Frederick on Monday night about midnight from heart trouble brought on by a severe cold which he contracted several days before.

Mr. Maulsby is survived by his widow, who before her marriage was Miss Henrietta Pigman; one son, Mr. Henry Hanson Maulsby, and two daughters, Miss Mary Shriver Maulsby and Mrs. John Francis Smith.

Col. William Pinkney Maulsby was considered the ablest attorney practicing before the courts of Frederick county. He was born in Carroll county in February of 1844, the son of Judge William Pinkney Maulsby and Emily C. Nelson Maulsby.

His early education was received at St. James' College, Washington county where he graduated with high honor in 1861.

The great struggle then on between the States attracted him to the army and he enlisted as a private in Company G., First Maryland Regiment, commanded by his father. Rapid promotions followed and in 1864 when he returned to Frederick he was adjutant of the regiment with the rank of first lieutenant. During the period of his service he was present at the battles of Charleston, Harper's Ferry, Martinsburg, Monocacy and Gettysburg.

In the fall of 1864 he began the study of law in his father's Frederick office and in two years was admitted to the practice of his profession.

His brilliant mind and rare attainments soon brought him into prominence all over the state. An eloquent speaker, endowed with remarkable mental strength his services were in demand at all times.

Ever a staunch Democrat he was selected by his party for the State Senate but like the rest of the ticket was defeated in 1907. For many years he was an active member of the John F. Reynolds Post, No. 2, G. A. R., of Frederick. During his life he was a consistent christian worshipping in All Saints' Episcopal Church.

Mr. Maulsby numbered among his friends the leading men of all profession in this and adjoining States and no man who has died within recent times will be missed as much as he, especially in his home county.

GOVERNMENT TRYING TO CONTROL CHESTNUT BLIGHT

Wants To Stop Ravages of Disease Already Responsible for Loss of \$25,000,000 in Valuable Timber.

Increased and vigorous efforts to stay the ravages of the chestnut bark disease, which already has destroyed \$25,000,000 worth of valuable timber in the Eastern States, are to be made by the Department of Agriculture. With this end in view, Dr. Haven Metcalf, in charge of the work, for the Bureau of Plant Industry, is taking the question up with the authorities in those States where the disease has appeared. Early next week, he will visit the State Agricultural Experiment Station at Blacksburg, Va., the furthest State South in which the disease has yet been discovered. So as to prevent it from spreading down through the Appalachian region, where millions of dollars' worth of fine chestnuts exists, a strong fight will be made in Virginia against the infection.

"New Jersey, Delaware, Long Island, and the eastern end of Maryland are doomed," said Dr. Metcalf to-day.

"We must try to stop it from spreading southward and westward. It has appeared only slightly as yet in Virginia, West Virginia, Western Maryland, and Western Pennsylvania; so with the aid of these States we think we can save the rest of their chestnut timber. New York also has been attacked only along the eastern side."

"At a conservative estimate the chestnut stand of the country is worth between \$300,000,000 and \$400,000,000; and as the disease spreads rapidly, it would mean a great economic loss to the country if we could not check the infection."

Prince Miguel of Braganza is reported to have raised a loan of \$10,000,000 for the Portuguese royalists.

ASSOCIATED
TRADE BOARDS

(Continued from page 1.)

ports from local assessing bodies and make independent investigation of the work, with power to order new assessments and, if necessary, to make the local assessments directly."

On Wednesday, for the first time in thirty years, Frederick entertained a President of the United States. Mr. Taft came in the afternoon and addressed the people for three-quarters of an hour in defense of his arbitration treaties.

The welcome accorded him by the citizens of this county made a strong impression on Mr. Taft and he left Frederick delighted with his short visit. During his stay he decorated the grave of Francis Scott Key.

In his address, which was delivered from the stage of the Opera House, Mr. Taft in part said that he hoped he was neither a crank nor a blind optimist in his ardent advocacy of international arbitration as a substitute for war, the President pictured Europe as an armed camp burdened with taxation until bankruptcy is almost staring many nations in the face. If the nations could enter into an interlacing agreement for international arbitration, this problem could be solved.

Mr. Taft declared that he would be willing to arbitrate questions of national honor and disputed the proposition that his treaties involved abdication of power by the Senate.

"They have already exercised that power," he said, "by agreeing in the treaties now existing to arbitrate a class of questions that arise in the future without knowing exactly what those questions are, and I think that it is no extension of that power they now have to agree to abide by the judgment of a tribunal not only upon the merits of something to be arbitrated, but also upon the question of jurisdiction of that tribunal. To hold otherwise, it seems to me, would be very narrow. I agree there is a difference between deciding that they have not the power and the wisdom of its exercise, but I want to appeal to you to give them this power."

"We are a great nation. We are in the van of this cause of peace, of permanent peace. We have 90,000,000 people separated by two oceans from entangling alliances. Everybody knows that we are not afraid to fight."

"That is what we are standing out for. We are standing out because we believe war hurts all nations. It is not that we are afraid of any nation, and that we are seeking to have that method of settling a difficulty because we are afraid."

"Because we are so big and because everybody knows we are not afraid we are in a position of advantage to press the question of arbitration. The plain common people are looking to us to lead, and I think it would be a retrograde step if we were to say, 'Well, we sympathize very much with the cause of arbitration, we are in favor of permanent peace, we love peace, but we have a little quirk in our constitution that a sensitive Senate cannot get over

in the construction of its powers, and, therefore, we will have to retreat from the van, where we have been leading in the cause of peace, and let some body go on.'

"I do not believe we ought to discourage the people of the world in that way. Having made these treaties, if they can be construed to come within the Constitution, as I think they can, let us stand by them and let us take steps toward an international arbitral court that these treaties form."

"It is not," the President concluded, "that we are afraid we will have war with Great Britain or with France. The possibility of war with those countries is most remote. But these treaties are an example to the world. The other nations will come tumbling over to join us."

"We have no doubt about that, because we have intimations of that kind from other nations. Then, if we can make treaties with all the nations of the world, it will be only a short time until each nation makes a treaty with the other, and then we will have a substitute for war."

JOSEPH PULITZER AND
HIS PRINCIPLES

Foreign born and none too well equipped as a youth Joseph Pulitzer made for himself a name honored in this his adopted country as well as abroad. His life is an example of what is possible for the immigrant to accomplish under our government.

The characteristics strongest in his makeup can be gathered from the influence he had on the press of the world. Here is a message sent by him to the World staff in 1907:

To the World Staff—Express to the editors, managers and entire staff my warm appreciation of their excellent and successful work for an institution which should always fight for progress and reform; never tolerate injustice or corruption; always fight demagogues of all parties; never belong to any party; always oppose privileged classes and public plunder; never lack sympathy with the poor; always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

When the World building was dedicated, Oct. 10, 1889, Mr. Pulitzer said editorially, in part:

God grant that the World may forever strive toward the highest ideals—be both a daily schoolhouse and a daily forum, both a daily teacher and a daily tribune and instrument of justice, a terror to crime, an aid to education, an exponent of true Americanism.

Hughes' Sacrifice To Duty.

Charles E. Hughes' associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States and one-time Governor of New York, forfeited a bequest of \$100,000, in addition to lucrative commissions, when on the ground of public duties, he declined to qualify as one of the trustees and executors named in the will of Joseph Pulitzer. This fact was learned when the will was offered for probate.

ODDS AND ENDS

Representative Henry, of Texas, declares that the Democrats of the House will undertake to amend the anti-trust law at the coming session of Congress.

The Supreme Court of the United States will take a recess after announcing opinions next Monday, November 20, until Monday, December 4.

More than 3,000 samples of imported food and drugs analyzed at entry ports during the past year were found to be misbranded or unadulterated.

Moving pictures based on scenes of a copyrighted book constitute an infringement of the copyright, the Supreme Court decided.

Kentucky can tax the steamers of the Southern Pacific Company, according to a decision of the Supreme Court. A wholesale jail delivery was planned by convicts in the prison at Los Angeles, where the McNamara brothers are confined.

Four men lost their lives when the schooner Witch Hazel struck on a breakwater off New Haven, Ct.

Governor Foss spent \$16,828 in his campaign for re-election as governor of Massachusetts.

The trial of Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson has been set for January 12, 1912.

I. B. C. Ousted From Missouri.

The International Harvester Company of America was ousted from Missouri and fined \$50,000 by the Supreme Court of that State on Tuesday.

The court's decision sustained the finding of Special Commissioner Theodore Brace, who reported to the court that the company violated the common and anti-trust laws of Missouri.

The court ruled that the fine must be paid on or before January 1, 1912 and that if the International Harvester Company proves to the court by March 1, 1912, that it has ceased all connection with the International Harvester Company of New Jersey, which the court held to be unlawful, that the ouster of the International Harvester Company of America will be suspended.

Dr. Finney Making Up His Mind.

Regarding the report that he had been formally offered the Presidency of Princeton University, Dr. J. M. T. Finney of the surgical staff of Johns Hopkins Hospital says that it was simply a matter of making up his mind what to do. He did not expect, however, to reach a decision for some time, as he found himself confronted with many difficulties.

"While there has been nothing particularly official in connection with the matter," said Dr. Finney, "I will admit that no more calls will have to be made. I can discuss the offer now any time I desire without impropriety."

Chinese Students Hard Up.

Nine Chinese Government students at the University of Pennsylvania, who have found themselves without funds through the failure to receive their regular remittances, have received a helping hand from the Trustees of the institution.

The failure to receive funds from home is attributed to the revolution, and the students say they are willing to wait for the reformers ultimately win. The Trustees have granted the students an extension of time in which to pay their tuition fees and dormitory expenses.

PULITZER'S WILL LEAVES
HIS PAPERS IN TRUST

Total Estate \$30,000,000.—Half Million Each to Museum of Art and Philharmonic.—Valet Gets \$100,000.

The counsel for the Pulitzer estate has made public Joseph Pulitzer's will. Reckoning the value of his New York and St. Louis newspaper holdings at \$12,000,000, the will disposes of \$21,000,000 by direct provisions. The total value of the estate will probably reach \$30,000,000.

The New York World and the St. Louis Post-Dispatch are left to a board of four trustees. The will gives a million dollars in addition to one million already given to Columbia University for a school of journalism. If Columbia fails to carry out the agreement Harvard gets the two million. His valet, Jabez Cunningham is given \$100,000.

The sum of \$250,000 was bequeathed to Columbia for scholarships and prizes. Among the Pulitzer prizes are the following:

- \$1,000—For the best paper on the school of journalism.
- \$500 medal—For the best service rendered by an American newspaper.
- \$1,000—For the best example of a reporter's work.
- \$1,000—For the best novel of American life.
- \$2,000—For the best book upon American history.
- \$1,000—For the best American play.
- \$1,000—For the best American novel teaching patriotism and service.
- \$7,500—For five travelling scholarships.

Court Curbs Commerce Commission.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission lost an important struggle Monday when the Supreme Court of the United States ruled that the commission in its effort to prevent rebates, direct and indirect, has no power to prohibit railroads from paying operators of grain elevators for handling grain in transit. The commission had decided in set cases that the practice of paying elevator companies at reshipping points amounted to heavy rebates and forbade it. The court held that the commission had no power under the law to prohibit the payment of these charges but might fix charges just and reasonable.

Turkey Kicks Out All Italians.

The Turkish Government issued a decree on Wednesday that every Italian within Turkish boundaries must leave the country in 24 hours or suffer military imprisonment until the end of war.

England's King Off For India.

The King and Queen of England sailed on Saturday on their long voyage to India on board the Medina with a fleet of escorting cruisers. During his absence the government will be in the hands of four commissioners.

Russia Sending Cossacks to Peking.

On Monday 1500 Cossacks left Vladivostok, Siberia, for Peking where they will be on hand for any emergency, even to the extent of taking part in the rumored division of the empire.

Smugglers Pay \$8,000,000 in Fines.

The enforcement of the law against Custom House "beaters" has resulted in the conviction of 100 and the payment of \$8,000,000 in fines in thirty months.

POEMS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL
CHILDREN.

The following poems have been prepared for use in the first three grades of the public schools of the county, by Miss Ella V. Kreig, primary supervisor:

November Poem.

November woods are bare and still,
November days are clear and bright;
Each noon burns up the morning's chill,
The morning's snow is gone by night.
Each day my steps grow slow, grow light,

As through the woods I reverent creep,
Watching all things lie "down to sleep."

November days are bare and still,
November days are bright and good;
Life's noon burns up life's morning chill,
Life's night rests feet which long have trod,

Some warm soft bed in field or wood,
The mother will not fail to keep,
Where we can "lay us down to sleep."

H. H. JACKSON.

Thanksgiving Day.

Over the river and through the wood,
To grandfather's house we go,
The horse knows the way
To carry the sleigh
Through the white and drifted snow.

Over the river and through the wood—
Oh, how the wind does blow!
It tings the toes
And bites the nose
As over the ground we go.

Over the river and through the wood,
To have a first-rate play,
Hear the bells ring,
"Ting-a-ling-ding,
Hurrah for Thanksgiving Day!

Over the river and through the wood,
Trot fast, my dapple gray!
Spring over the ground,
Like a hunting hound!
For this is Thanksgiving Day.

Over the river and through the wood,
Now grandmother's cap I spy!
Hurrah for the fun!
Is the pudding done?
Hurrah for the pumpkin pie!

LYDIA M. CHILD.

A Child's Thanksgiving.

I thank thee, Father in the skies,
For this dear home so warm and bright;

I thank thee for the sunny day,
And for the sleepy, starry night.

I thank thee for my father's arms,
So big and strong to hold me near;

I thank thee for my mother's face;
I thank thee for my dolly dear.

I thank thee for the little birds
That eat my crumbs upon the sill;

I thank thee for the pretty snow
That's coming down so soft and still.

O Father, up there in the skies,
Hear me on this Thanksgiving day,
And please read in my little heart
The "thank yous" I forgot to say.

—By KATE PATCH, Kindergarten Review.

The Bill of Fare.

Pies of pumpkin, apple, mince,
Jams and jellies, peaches, quince,
Purple grapes and apples red,
Cakes and nuts and gingerbread—
That's Thanksgiving.

Turkey! oh, a great, big fellow!
Fruits all ripe and rich and mellow,
Everything that's nice to eat,
More than I can now repeat—
That's Thanksgiving.

Lots and lots of jolly fun,
Games to play and races run,
All as happy as can be—
For this happiness, you can see,
Makes Thanksgiving.

We must thank the One who gave
All the good things that we have
That is why we keep the day
Set aside, our mamas say,
For Thanksgiving.

—EUGENE FIELD.

EYLER'S VALLEY NEWS.

Miss Violet Knott spent Tuesday afternoon with Miss Maude Willard.

Mrs. Nina Rogers spent Tuesday with her mother, Mrs. H. I. Willard. Mr. Ross Smith spent Sunday last in Emmitsburg.

Mrs. Cora McKissick visited Mrs. Mary Knott on Friday.

Mr. George Anzengruber visited his brother, Frank, on Sunday.

Mrs. Catherine Anzengruber has returned home after spending several days with her daughter, Mrs. Mary Knott.

Mr. William McKissick, employed near Thurmont, spent Sunday at his home.

Miss Violet Knott visited at the home of Mrs. Emma Matthews on Wednesday.

Miss Catherine Roddy visited at the home of Mr. Frank Anzengruber on Thursday.

Mr. William Fisher was in Thurmont on Monday.

Advertise in The Weekly Chronicle.

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Thursday morning, are subject to daily changes.

EMMITSBURG, NOV. 17.

Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.

Butter	20
Eggs	28
Chickens, per lb.	9
Spring Chickens per lb.	13
Turkeys per lb.	13
Ducks, per lb.	9
Potatoes, per bushel	12
Dried Cherries, (seeded)	15
Raspberries	4
Blackberries	4
Apples, (dried)	4
Lard, per lb.	06
Beef Hides	08

LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Patterson Brothers.

Steers, per 100 lb.	4.50@5.25
Butcher Heifers	4 1/2 @ 5.
Fresh Cows	30.00@30.00
Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb.	2 1/2 @ 4
Hogs, Fat per lb.	7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Sheep, Fat per lb.	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
Spring Lambs	4 @ 5
Calves, per lb.	6 1/2 @ 7
Stock Cattle	3 1/2 @ 4 1/4

BALTIMORE, NOV. 16.

WHEAT—spot, 92 1/2 @ 93
CORN—spot, @ 71
OATS—White 52 1/2 @ 53 1/4
RYE—Nearby, \$1.02 @ \$1.03 bag lots, @ .
HAY—Timothy, \$34.00 @ \$. ; No. 1 Clover @ 21.50 @ 22.00; No. 2 Clover, \$19.00 @ \$21.00.
STRAW—Rye, straw—fair to choice, \$18.00 @ \$18.50; No. 2, \$16.00 @ \$17.00; tangled rye blocks \$15.00 @ \$17.00 . wheat blocks, \$11.00 @ \$11.50; oats \$11.00 @ \$12.00

POULTRY—Old hens, @ 11 ; young chickens, large, @ ; small, @ Spring chickens, @ 11 Turkeys, 16.

PRODUCE—Eggs, 32 ; butter, nearby, rolls 20 @ 22 Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania prints, 19 @ 21

POTATOES—Per bu. \$9.00 @ \$1.00 No. 2, per bu. New potatoes per bbl. \$. @ \$.

CATTLE—Steers, best, \$. @ \$. ; others \$. @ \$. ; Heifers, \$. @ \$. ; Cows, \$. @ \$. ; Bulls, \$. @ \$. ; Calves, @ 10 1/2 Fall Lambs, @ c. spring lambs, 4 @ 5 1/4 Pig 1.50 @ 2.00, Shoats, \$2.50 @ \$4.00 Fresh Cows \$. @ \$ 9 per head.

DON'T BLAME FATE!!!

If YOU, like all others who are disabled by Accident or Illness, are thereby prevented from earning your regular income.

If you lose, the fault will be YOURS.

We cannot protect you from the Inevitable Accident or Illness, but WE CAN protect you against the financial loss incident thereto.

For a few pennies a day, the FIDELITY & DEPOSIT COMPANY of Baltimore will guarantee you a substantial income when you are sick or hurt.

\$6,904,365.36

BEHIND

THE "F. & D. GUARANTEE."

HALLER & NEWMAN, General Agents. CLARENCE M. MALONE, Solicitor
FREDERICK, MARYLAND

One man says my ads look as if
I didn't want work.
Guess again. I want it and I
am getting it.

If you need me let it be known.

THOMAS LANSINGER,
CONTRACTOR and CARPENTER

Jul 7-11

SOLID SILVER
American Lever Watches,
WARRANTED TWO YEARS,
ONLY \$6.
G. T. EYSTER

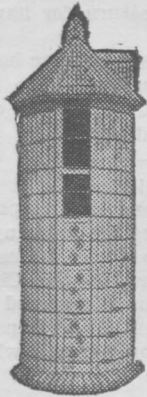
NOTARY PUBLIC

A. A. HORNER
OFFICE: Banking House of
ANNAN, HORNER & CO.
EMMITSBURG, MD.
May 20-10-11

ECONOMY SILOS

MANUFACTURED IN

Frederick City, Frederick County, Md.



We are close to you which makes the freight very low on the Economy Silo as compared with others. The Economy Doorway is a Marvel of Simplicity and Perfection. Any boy can take them out or put them in, and yet they are perfectly air-tight, entirely preventing possibility of spoiled ensilage.

The Economy is the best hooped silo that is manufactured. Easy to put up. The best of material used in its construction throughout.

Every silo fully guaranteed.
Write for Free Illustrated Catalogue with proof of claims from delighted users.

The Economy Silo & Manufacturing Co.
FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

b. 17, '11-12

Cravenette "RAIN COATS"

in Worsted Cashmere or Thibet at the Low Price of

\$5.00, \$6.50, \$8.50, \$9.50 to \$10.00

These are great values and will give genuine good service for Rain or Shine.

Boys' Suits \$1.25 to \$5.00, Men's Suits \$4.00 to \$15.00

CHARLES ROTERING & SONS PUBLIC SQUARE
EMMITSBURG, MD.
STRICTLY CASH

Feb 26-11-12

NOT AN EXPERIMENT.

We have passed "the new boot stage."

We do not experiment with our business nor with your business.

We are not in business for the purpose of financing auxiliary enterprises.

We enjoy the distinction of top-notch quality, "That time enduring kind."

We respectfully solicit your banking business on the basis of superior strength and experience, and assure courteous, intelligent treatment and close attention to your individual wants.

WE PAY 4% ON TIME DEPOSITS
ANNAN, HORNER & CO., Bankers

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND

Oct 8-09-11

Pay Less, Dress Better

If there is any one store in a community that Sells Better Merchandise at a given price---provides a Better Service goes to greater extremes to give its patrons the best values for their money, such a store is worthy of looking up and sticking to.

We Are Just Such a Store.

If you have any doubt about it and want the best possible proof that we are such a store, if you want to see better Clothes, Shoes, Etc., than you thought moderate prices would buy, step in for a look and see the proof. When we say Pay Less and Dress Better we mean Better Clothes for the Same Money, the Same Clothes for Less Money. Come and see.

HARRY G. DORSEY & CO.
POPULAR PRICE OUTFITTERS
FREDERICK, MD.

A Narrow Escape From State Prison

By SAMUEL E. BRANT

Copyright by American Press Association, 1911.

I was cashier for Richard Steptoe & Co. I had the safe combination and was implicitly trusted by the head of the firm. The amount of cash in the safe varied. Sometimes there would not be \$10, sometimes there would be \$1,000, and occasionally when a large amount of currency would come in after banking hours it must be kept overnight there. At such times I was always troubled, for the safe was an old pattern and the lock out of date.

I always counted the cash in the safe, night and morning. One morning my cash did not correspond with what had been there the night before by \$20. I thought that I must have made a mistake in my count the night before, but on balancing my cash I could detect no error. Fearing that something was wrong with me, I said nothing about the missing money, but, being sure that my cash balance was right, made up the deficiency from my own pocket.

Within a week I missed another amount from the safe. This time it was \$15, a smaller sum than before, but the amount in the safe was much smaller than before. It now became evident that some one not an outsider had the lock combination and was helping himself whenever in need of ready cash. I feared it might be one of the clerks who was tempted. I shrank from being the means of sending any one, especially one I knew well, to prison, so I went to Mr. Steptoe and told him that I thought we should have a new safe or at least a new lock. The matter was compromised by a safe and lock workman changing the combination.

What was my astonishment ten days later to miss another \$10. I had been given the combination by the man who had changed it. He had not even spoken it. I had handed him a slip of paper on which he had written it and handed it back to me. There was something uncanny about these disappearances. I am no more superstitious than other fairly educated people, but I couldn't momentarily resist the feeling that a ghost was helping himself to the cash.

Still, I didn't report the matter. I had a dread that I should get some of my fellow employees into trouble or that I should discover that something had gone wrong with myself. After thinking about the matter a good deal I found that I couldn't add a column of figures twice with the same result. I called on my doctor and told him that I suspected my mind was giving way. He recommended me to take a vacation. I didn't take his advice, not liking to leave the safe to any one else during my absence.

I thought of watching the safe nights, but I couldn't watch every night, and there was no knowing when a robbery would occur. Sometimes several weeks would elapse between them. But after I had made up a hundred dollars from my own pocket I began to think I had better take measures to stop the leak.

One day, when one of the clerks, George Simpson, came for his salary, I noticed while he was signing the receipt slip that the end of the forefinger of his right hand was covered with the finger end of a kid glove.

"Cut your finger?" I asked.

"No; burned it."

The next week when this young man, Simpson, came to draw his salary he still wore the covering on his finger. When I remarked upon it I detected a look of uneasiness cross his face. I didn't think much about it, however, but when another week had passed and I still noticed the kid covering I began to wonder about the finger.

"Not healed yet?" I asked.

"No; I guess my blood must be in a bad state."

"Let me see it."

He took off the covering. The tip of his finger looked as if the skin had been taken off and had not grown again. I made no remark, but took the receipt he had signed and filed it.

At a time when no money had been missed for a space of twelve days I made up my mind to watch the safe nights. I couldn't remain awake every night in succession, so I took a book-keeper, Travers, into the secret, and we started in to watch alternately. I took first watch, Travers second. On the fourth night, it being my turn, about 11 o'clock I heard a key put in the lock of the office door. Some one came in stealthily, and I could hear the tread toward the safe. Pretty soon I heard a faint sound like a tumbler falling in a lock. I waited awhile and heard another, then another, until I had heard four. My position was behind a desk over which was an electric light. Hearing the safe door swing open, I switched on the light. There was a man reaching into the safe. He turned pale as a sheet and faced me. I went to him. He was Simpson.

"I wasn't taking anything out. I was putting it back," he gasped, holding out his hand with some bills in it.

"Simpson," I said, "you're a fool."

"I know it."

"I have known of this for a long time. Tell me how you did it."

"I pared the skin of my forefinger down to the quick, making it so sensitive that I can feel the tumblers fall. I breathed a sigh of relief. He was returning all he had taken. I did not report the matter, and he has never again taken such a risk at money borrowing. He had a narrow escape from a wrecked life.

SNAPSHOTS OF THE MODE.

Victorian Frills Again a Favorite in Fashion.

Quaint frills are with us. Scallopéd frills, edged with black velvet, are very smart. Frills dissembled as ruches, made of silk cut on the cross, frayed out and gathered through the middle are pretty for young girls' dresses.

Pink mescaline of the raspberry tint with knotted fringe around the tunic



RUSSIAN BLOUSE SUIT.

and a crossover bodice is a sort of dress a young girl will find extremely useful for dances and the like.

One can hardly wear too much real and valuable lace. It figures for evening gowns on satin and rich white and gold Venetian brocades which have a flavor of the middle ages.

A delightful combination of colors is a delicate mauve, veiled with gold lace and embroidered with gold, pink and mauve, all very light and dainty.

The Russian blouse suit never loses its favor for the small boy. This one is made with a new collar which carries out the prevailing vogue for crossover effects. The suit consists of blouse and trousers.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

This May Manton pattern is cut in sizes for boys of two, four and six years of age. Send 10 cents to this office, giving number, 7112, and it will be promptly forwarded to you by mail. If in haste send an additional two cent stamp for letter postage, which insures more prompt delivery.

HERE AND THERE.

Poke Shape Bonnet Seen in Fall Millinery.

Gradually the little poke has crept in among the toques and turbans, making even the smartest of these look a little passe. The poke is likely to hold its own in the new fall millinery.

A collar, if high, should be just as high and fit just as close as can be worn with comfort to be smart looking.

Veiled jewels--this is the last cry--and the ornament in greatest vogue is the enameled and jeweled watch



USEFUL FALL COAT.

hung upon a chain of equal elaboration of beauty. Though the chain shows in full view around the neck, the watch is thrust beneath the corsage veiling.

Waists close at the back as usual, but in front the arrangement of revers and side bands is very misleading. One would naturally think that the waist fastened under one of these adornments.

The loose long coat is a fashionable one for many occasions. This one is made in peasant style, with sleeves and body cut in one. There are seams on the shoulders and at the center back, which provide graceful lines.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

This May Manton pattern is cut in sizes for misses of fourteen, sixteen and eighteen years of age. Send 10 cents to this office, giving number, 7109, and it will be promptly forwarded to you by mail. If in haste send an additional two cent stamp for letter postage, which insures more prompt delivery.

GUY K. MOTTER

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW

Will be in Emmitsburg Tuesday of each week from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Office at Public Library Room. Frederick office telephone number 30. June 3-10-11

Surety Bonds

FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT
COMPANY OF MARYLAND

This Company, the oldest and the largest surety company South of New York with a

CAPITAL OF - \$2,000,000

SURPLUS OF - 2,560,364

TOTAL ASSETS OVER 6,500,000

furnishes bonds for Executors, Administrators, Trustees, Etc.

No individual should be asked to go on a bond, now that there are corporations furnishing bonds.

MR. JOHN S. NEWMAN, Agent in Frederick, will furnish bonds promptly on application.

EDWIN WARFIELD, President.

Aug 12-10-12

Paint---Drouth

The longer the drouth the more rain is required to water the earth.

The longer a building goes without painting the dryer it gets and more paint is required to keep water out.

A ten gallon Job this year is a eleven gallon Job next year--you will save money by using the best paint,

DEVOE'S

J. Thos. Gelwicks, Agt.

April 24-12

Furniture Wall Paper Glass Cut in Any Size

E. E. Zimmerman

Furniture Dealer

ON THE SQUARE

4% Interest Paid on Savings Accounts
Compounded Every Six Months

The Emmitsburg Savings Bank

WILL PROVE TO BE THE

IDEAL BANK FOR YOU

—regardless of the size or nature of your account. You will find satisfaction in its sound and liberal policies, and you will be assured of courteous and competent service at all times.

The Emmitsburg Savings Bank is Growing Every Day Why Not OPEN AN ACCOUNT AND GROW WITH IT

DR. D. E. STONE, Jr., President.
J. LEWIS RHODES, Vice President.
H. M. WARRENFELTZ, Cashier.
P. F. BURKET, Teller.
GUY K. MOTTER, Attorney.



DR. D. E. STONE, Jr.,
GUY K. MOTTER,
P. F. BURKET,
STERLING GALT,
J. LEWIS RHODES,
J. R. OHLER,
E. R. SHRIVER,
J. C. ROSENSTEELE,
WM. A. DEVILBISS.

Under Supervision of The State Banking Department
Open Saturday Nights from 7 to 9

THE OLD RELIABLE Mutual Insurance Company

OF FREDERICK COUNTY

ORGANIZED 1843

OFFICE—46 NORTH MARKET ST.
FREDERICK, MD.

A. C. MCCARDELL O. C. WAREHIME
President Secretary

SURPLUS \$25,000

NO PREMIUM NOTES REQUIRED

INSURES ALL CLASSES OF PROPERTY
AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE AT RATES
25 PER CENT. LESS THAN STOCK
COMPANIES CHARGE

A Home Insurance Company for Home Insurers
mch 11-10-12



DR. O. W. HINES

..VISITS..

EMMITSBURG

MARYLAND

Every Two Months

Next Visit

January, 1912

EMMIT HOUSE

At Dukehart's Carriage Shops

= CARLOAD OF THE =

Famous Studebaker

Buggies and

Farm Wagons

Drop in and inspect this line before you buy, it will pay you

Repairing and Repainting
Work Made to Order

Very Respectfully,

J. J. Dukehart.

Feb. 10-11 12

The Weekly Chronicle

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—One Dollar a year in advance; Six months, 50 cents. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES made known on application at this office.

THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right to decline any advertisements which he may deem objectionable.

NO ATTENTION whatever will be paid to anonymous contributions.

MANUSCRIPTS offered for publication will be returned if unavailable, when accompanied by stamps.

CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC PHONE.

Entered as second-class matter January 1, 1903, at the post office at Emmitsburg, Md., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1911.

THE CHRONICLE will be independent in politics, progressive in spirit and a champion of what it conceives to be right. Its columns will always be open for a dignified discussion by the people of any subject that may seem to them interesting, or that may in anywise be a benefit to the community at large.

[Editorial from The Chronicle, June 8, 1906.]

1911 NOVEMBER 1911						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

Communications intended for publication in this paper, letters of a business nature in relation to the Chronicle, and all orders for Job Printing to be done at this office should be addressed to THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

FREDERICK COUNTY.

Frederick is next to the largest of the counties of Maryland. In population and wealth it ranks next to Baltimore county. In the fertility and productiveness of its lands it ranks among the first in the Union, and especially in the production of wheat. The area of this great county is 633 square miles. The great body of the people are of German, English and Scotch-Irish descent, the progeny mostly of the early settlers. The land is mostly of fine limestone quality, and the greater part of the county is a valley of rolling lands lying between the Lingano Hills and the Catoctin Mountain. This splendid valley is drained by the Monocacy river, and is one of the best farmed and most highly improved and productive areas of the Union. The great crops are wheat and corn.—*Maryland Manual issued by Board of Public Works.*

BALTIMORE'S CHANCES DIM.

Baltimore might as well give up her efforts to bring the next Democratic Convention to the Monumental City. The police investigation, a farce of the first magnitude, the pre-primary exposure of discreditable local civic conditions, the enforced recount incident to ballot frauds and another ballot box examination soon to follow—all this has placed a blot upon Baltimore's erstwhile fair escutcheon which time alone will eradicate.

CONSOLATION.

I'm gladdest of all
As this old world I roam
To learn I'm elected
To stay right at home.

—Bentztown Bard.

We always did like the Bentztown Bard. He is forever saying such kind, comforting and considerate things. What could be more consoling to an "also ran" than the little verse above? Dear old Bard, his big heart throbs for the vanquished as well as for the victor—right in the pumpkin season, too, when pies are piling up and the froth is on the cup and the sausage and the scrapple are in bloom.

YOU KNOW HIM.

The man who shakes you by the hand and looks into your eye, then pledges you his word, which soon turns out to be a lie, may think himself a "shrewd" one,

may conclude he's very smart, may pat himself for playing what he calls the slickest part. The world, however, spots him as a conscience-wanting slave, and all decent men regard him as a poltroon and a knave.

THAT newspaper men are generous is borne out by the fact that the late Joseph Pulitzer left \$100,000 to his valet. We haven't a valet, but as soon as some of our delinquent subscribers pay up we have determined to follow Mr. P's good example and leave our office devil about \$4.80 worth of pink chewing gum. This will at least keep him from chewing the rag about making the fire these cold mornings.

THE beauty of moral conduct appeals to many people who, unfortunately for the world at large and communities in particular, refuse to make self-sacrifice enough to cause morality to become general. Some one has well named these people "moral loafers" whose action is divorced from their sympathy. Sympathy and conviction without action to back it up amount to little.

CHICAGO is truly a city of extremes. Within twenty-four hours one man died from the effect of heat and another from excessive cold. During the same period a beggar got six months for annexing himself to a loaf of stale bread and a "gentleman" who found upon his person a large sum of money that belonged to some one else was allowed to go free.

It is easy to hustle
From morn till night,
But it's hard to do nothing
And do it right.

—Union Bridge Pilot.

Don't know about that. Doing nothing seems to have become a fine art in some localities—more so than hustling, and as for doing it right there are enough doers not a hundred miles from here to form an all-star team.

A census report states that the birth rate in the United States increased thirty per cent. during 1910. We have not heard of any move for protection, however, in behalf of this infant industry.

"MAN saved from a schooner" is the heading in a Washington newspaper. Which indicates that the Anti-Saloon League is getting in its work even in the District of Columbia.

GENERAL LI says that China may be geographically and monarchical divided. But how can we place any confidence in a report coming from such a source?

"SOLID gold" and "solid fact" are terms we often use, and soon, they say, we can demand a chunk of solid booze.

MAYBE it is not too early to say goodbye to Mr. Taft. We note that T. R. is coming out for him.

SELECT and elect sound very much alike but there's a big difference after all.

A Death Feigning Plan.
That certain insects, birds, mammals and reptiles habitually pretend to be dead when danger threatens them is a well known fact, but it is generally believed that this stratagem is resorted to only by animals. In South America, however, there is a plant—a species of mimosa—which resorts to death feigning, evidently for the purpose of preventing the grass eating animals from eating it. In its natural state this plant has a vivid green hue, but directly it is touched by a human finger or by any living animal it collapses into a tangle of apparently dead and withered stems.

Declined the Invitation.

A somewhat striking story dealing with the now obsolete conventional suicide, harakiri, or "happy dispatch," once common in Japan, was once told by the French Admiral Gourdon. When he was a young man he had a comrade who, having assisted in the organizing of the Japanese navy, was subsequently raised to the rank of admiral in that force. He took the part of the tycoon against the mikado in the revolutionary war and, having been captured, was tried by court martial and sentenced to death, which in those days implied harakiri. When, however, the fatal sword was presented to him he flatly refused to kill himself and declared that if he was to die somebody else must kill him. Threats and entreaties alike proved unavailing. He resolutely refused. The whole of Japan was scandalized at such immoral behavior, which, however, saved his life. The Japanese penal code had never contemplated such a contingency as a man inhuman enough to refuse the harakiri, and in the end he was banished from the country and returned to France.

The Martinet.

"The martinet never succeeds. A typical martinet was the well known one who, having ordered his men to change their shirts and then, having learned that they had no shirts to change, said in that event they must change shirts with each other. I heard yesterday of still another type of martinet."
The speaker was an old West Pointer, says the Washington Star. He continued:
"This chap, a captain, strode up to one of his men and said, with a fearful frown:
"Who's the idiot that ordered you to leave that mess of empty meat cans right here in front of headquarters?"
"It was the colonel, sir," the man replied.
"Very well then," said the captain sharply. "Let it stay there. And your leave's stopped for a week, my man, for calling your colonel an idiot."

Roadless Russia.

Russia is a roadless land. It is inconceivable to the foreign visitor who has ever left the beaten track of the railways in Russia how a great empire can have subsisted so long and so successfully amid the competition of the rival states beyond its borders without even a pretense at roads.
The secret, of course, lies in the fact that for five or six months in the year nature herself provides roads over the greater part of the expanse of all the Russias, admirably smooth, glassy roadways over hard worn snow. The traffic is further cheapened over these roads by the substitution of a sledge runner for the wheel and axle. This brings the cost of land carriage as near the cheapness of water borne freight as possible, and it is the principal reason why Russia in the twentieth century is still a roadless land.—*London Standard.*

Wrong Interpretation.

A city official tells of a conversation he and a Spanish maiden had when he was a sergeant, with troops stationed on the island of Porto Rico.
"The senorita," said the official, "had become infatuated with a certain soldier named Harry, and she had learned his name. One morning she approached me and asked:
"Where Harry?"
"He was asleep, and I laid my head on my hand and closed my eyes to tell the girl. She misunderstood the signs and, with a cry, pointed to heaven. I shook my head and pointed down. The senorita raised her hands in silent supplication. Later Harry was seen on guard, and the girl looked at me reproachfully."—*Indianapolis News.*

Rode to a Sure Death.

Jacques de Chastel, bishop of Soissons, had accompanied Louis IX. (St. Louis) on the African crusade and, finding that nothing had been accomplished and that the army was about to return in disgrace to France, refused to go, took leave of his friends, partook of the sacrament, mounted his horse fully equipped for battle and, in sight of the whole army, charged alone into the Saracen camp, where he was at once cut to pieces.

A Vast Difference.

Young Hopeful—Father, what is a traitor in politics? Veteran Politician—A traitor is a man who leaves our party and goes over to the other one. Young Hopeful—Well, then, what is a man who leaves his party and comes over to yours? Veteran Politician—A convert, my son.—*London Tit-Bits.*

His View.

Willis—Do you think a man should be allowed to hold the highest honor in the United States more than four years? Gillis—Sure thing! I say, if a man can top the league in batting for ten or even fifteen years, let him stay in the game for the good of the sport.—*Puck.*

Time to Quit.

"I used to sing quite a little," said Mr. Cumrox.
"How did you come to quit?"
"I began to take notice that the audience was inclined to appear sad at the comic songs and look tickled at the pathetic ballads."—*Washington Star.*

Fairly Warned.

"Won't you try a piece of my wife's angel cake?"
"Will it make an angel of me?"
"That will depend on the kind of life you have led."—*Houston Post.*

The chains which cramp us most are those which weigh on us least.

A Startling Lecture.

Mr. J. M. Barrie has given us a whimsical description of Professor Campbell Fraser, the famous author and dramatist having been at one time one of the professor's pupils. "I see him rising in a daze from his chair," says Mr. Barrie, "and putting his hands through his hair. 'Do I exist,' he said thoughtfully, 'strictly so called?' The students looked a little startled. This was a matter that had not previously disturbed them. Still, if the professor was in doubt there must be something in it. He began to argue it out, and an uncomfortable silence held the room in awe. If he did not exist the chances were that they did not exist either. It was thus a personal question. It was no wonder that the students who do not go to the bottom during their first month of metaphysics begin to give themselves airs, strictly so called. In the privacy of their room at the top of the house they pinch themselves to see if they are still there."—*Pearson's Weekly.*

Wonders of a Book.

There is perhaps no greater wonder than a book. By the help of little figures upon spins or paper men have been able to transmit their thoughts through thousands of years. The names and shapes of things, the deeds and sorrows that have occurred as far back as Adam, have been made known to us. Even those invisible and abstract thoughts which have no shape or substance, but which inspired the writer and have since inspired others, are all put down in the little letters and made eternal. The songs of David, the speculations of Plato, the visions of Homer, have by these means been handed down faithfully for many centuries and distributed among mankind. If there were no books our knowledge would almost be confined to the limit of sight and hearing. All that we could not see or hear would be to us like the inhabitants of the planet Saturn—a mere matter of idle conjecture.—*Barry Cornwall.*

Mother at Prayer.

Once, says a writer, I suddenly opened the door of my mother's room and saw her on her knees beside her chair and heard her speak my name in prayer. I quickly and quietly withdrew with a feeling of awe and reverence in my heart. Soon I went away from home to school, then to college, then into life's sterner duties. But I never forgot that one glimpse of my mother at prayer nor the one word—my own name—which I heard her utter. Well did I know that what I had seen that day was but a glimpse of what was going on every day in that sacred closet of prayer, and the consciousness strengthened me a thousand times in duty, in danger and in struggle. When death came at last and sealed those lips the sorest sense of loss I felt was the knowledge that no more would my mother be praying for me.

Court Fools.

Court jesters were either misshapen, half imbecile midgets, whose senseless remarks were welcomed with laughter; quick witted, half mad fellows or poor, merry poets who devoted themselves to the task for the income which it brought.

It was their business in medieval times to entertain kings and nobles with amusing sallies.

One of the early French jesters was Mathurine, a woman.

English jesters made use of calfskin coats, which buttoned down the back and protected them from the anger of those who were provoked at their satirical thrusts.

A fool's cap was adorned with three asses' ears and a cock's comb and worn on a shorn head. He had a wide collar, carried a scepter, and his costume and cap were decorated with bells.

Animals That Smoke.

The writer was extracting solace after the petty worries of the day from his well seasoned brier when it was suddenly revealed to him what sort of creature he really was in an extract he happened across from a work on "The Common Use of Tobacco." "There are but three kinds of animals which generally use tobacco—the rock goat of Africa, whose stench is so insufferable that no other animal can approach it; the tobacco worm, whose intolerable visage gives to every beholder an involuntary shudder," and the third animal—which is he!—*London Chronicle.*

Largest Crystal of Beryl.

It remained for a Turk, wandering far from his native land, to find the largest crystal of beryl (aquamarine) ever discovered, a long distance inland in Brazil. It was dug out at a shallow depth, transported by canoe to the coast and finally sold at Bahia, bringing the finder, it is said, \$25,000. According to estimates, this crystal would furnish fully 2,000,000 carats of aquamarines of various sizes.—*Argonaut.*

Life's Three Questions.

The three great questions of life are: "Is it right or wrong? Is it true or false? Is it beautiful or ugly?" These our education should help us to answer, and inasmuch as it fails it will lack in reaching a proper physical or moral standard.—*Harper's Bazar.*

Clam Shells.

Clam shells are susceptible of a fine polish and are used for many ornamental purposes. Chinese carve them into snuffboxes, tops of walking sticks, bracelets and similar articles.

Natural Suggestion.

Hardup—I don't know how to express my love for Miss Gotrox. Wigwag—I should think you would send it C. O. D.—*Philadelphia Record.*

Speaking English.

Almost any one who speaks English might be put down successively in half a dozen places where English is supposed to be the mother tongue and hear as many dialects spoken, not one of which he would understand until it was interpreted. An old Lancashire worthy and a London lady were one day occupants of a railway carriage. The train had been waiting long at a certain station, and there was no appearance of it starting when the worthy remarked:

"They're a gly, tanglesome lot here."

"I beg your pardon," said the lady.

"I'm sayin' they're a gey daidlin' lot here."

"I really beg your pardon, sir."

"I'm observin' they are a vera dreich lot here the night."

"Really I must again beg your pardon. I don't comprehend you."

"I was just tryin' to say that the train was late."

"Indeed, sir, it is—very late," agreed the lady and then collapsed.—*London Tit-Bits.*

Orderliness Is Big Asset.

To teach children habits of neatness, system and order is to insure some degree, at least, of success. Yet they are often brought up amid disorder and confusion, allowed to throw things down just where they use them and to form slovenly and slipshod habits. They are not taught to put things where they belong, and consequently they grow up shackled with handicaps which they can rarely throw off.

If there is any delusion in the world it is that "things just for now," dropping things wherever one may happen to be temporarily, saves time. On the contrary, this is a great time waster and a great demoralizer of character. A bad habit not only tends to repeat itself, but to increase the tendency in that direction.

If you were not taught the beautiful lesson of orderliness in your youth, teach it to yourself now.—*Success Magazine.*

Needed a Sea Turn.

Captain Lane had retired from active pursuit of his beloved calling and had turned his attention to town affairs. Having succeeded in rousing the citizens to the need of a drinking fountain and also to the need of two coats of paint on the town hall, Captain Lane felt himself a valued and important person.

One day he was asked by a sojourner in the town to give his opinion of the present administration.

"It's pretty fair," said the captain slowly. "Of course there's things that could be different and would be better so, but on the whole 'tis pretty fair. But now I'll tell ye—I'm speaking from experience, you understand—things at the seat of government won't be run as they could be run till the people of this country make up their minds to stop confining their votes to landlubbers!"—*Youth's Companion.*

A Correction.

In a town of such size that every one knows every one else it is often customary to speak of people by their first names, even when one would not do so to their faces. The butcher is known as Joe Smith, the grocer as Frank Parsons, the lawyer as Will Andrews, and no offense is meant or taken. One day a friend was helping a teacher of the industrial school to put hats and coats on forty little members of the kindergarten class. Two little tow headed girls attracted her attention, and as she tied their hoods she asked:
"Are you Charlie Porter's little girls?" Two serious little blue eyes looked up as the elder replied:
"His name was Charlie when he was a little boy. He's Mr. Porter now."—*Exchange.*

The Moral.

"The persistency with which children see in a fable some other moral than the one which it is intended that they shall see is often distressing," remarks a Philadelphia instructor of the young. "I had recited to one little boy the story of the wolf and the lamb and had followed it up with the remark:
"And now you see, Tommy, that the lamb would not have been eaten by the wolf if he had been good and sensible."

"Yes, I understand," said Tommy. "If the lamb had been good and sensible he should have had him to eat!"—*Lippincott's.*

A Hotel Experience.

"There are two classes of arrivals who ask you to register for them," said a hotel clerk yesterday. "One is the woman with tight gloves who really cannot write. The other is the men who arrive after 11 p. m. and who say: 'Just register (hic), old man, will you? Been carrying this grip and m' hand's so nervous I couldn't hold a pen.'"—*New York Sun.*

Lost Days.

"You used to say," she complained, "that you counted that day lost when you did not hear the sound of my voice."

"Yes, I know," he replied, "and I shall never cease to long for those dear lost days."—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

Can Aid.

The farmer viewed the battlefield by cannon ripped and torn.

"Them soldiers is a help," he said. "They've went and shelled my corn."—*Dallas News.*

In the Point of View.

Her Husband—You spend altogether too much money. Mrs. Whooper-Rupp—Not at all. The trouble is you don't make enough.—*Exchange.*

Shake not the credit of others in endeavoring to establish your own.

Not Going That Way.

"Miss Adkins, there is something I desire very much to ask you."

"Oh, Mr. Williston—I mean Fred—I'm sure I should be delighted to hear—that is, I mean what is there that you can possibly wish to ask me?"

"Would you be willing to go on a long journey with me?"

"A very, very long journey, Fred?"

"Yes, a very, very long journey."

"Yes, I will go with you. Of course I—I suppose it is the journey that a man and a woman take together only once in a lifetime?"

"Well, as a rule I suppose it would not be taken more than once. You see, my mother and I are thinking of taking a trip to Japan, and she thought it would be nice if I could find some one who would be willing to go as a sort of traveling companion and maid to her in return for having her expenses paid."

"Oh! Well, you just tell your homely mother that when I wish to hire out I'll look for some other kind of a job."—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

Father's Dilemma.

A parent's life is one long responsibility. It's a wonder that so many of the genus discharge their duties so acceptably. A writer in the Cleveland Plain Dealer has discovered another parental problem, or perhaps he merely calls attention to one which many fathers have discovered for themselves.

"How's the family?" one inquired of a happily married west sider yesterday.

"Well, my children are at a difficult age now."

"Difficult? Why, they've all passed the measles and teething stage, have they not?"

"Long ago. But you don't know a father's troubles. My children are at the age where if I use slang my wife says I'm setting a bad example, and if I speak correctly the kids think I'm a back number. Which would you do?"

In a Japanese Sleeping Car.

It was at night we had our first experience in a Japanese sleeping car. The track is narrow gauge, and the standard sleeping cars have six seats running lengthwise, each seating two passengers, with a center aisle. The upper berth is the regular Pullman style, and a section will accommodate two passengers. The night was during the extreme heat of midsummer, the car was crowded, and in addition to the regular curtains each berth was provided with a mosquito bar, which added to the general discomfort. Passengers were taken on and left down at all stops, so there was a constant procession through the aisle all night. Part of the car was reserved for local accommodation, and those who sat up smoked incessantly, so that long before morning the atmosphere became intolerable.—*Railway Age Gazette.*

Submarines at Sea.

Equilibrium is almost as difficult to maintain for a submarine vessel as for an aeroplane. With modern large submarines the act of diving is performed when the vessels have headway. The bow is depressed by horizontal rudders, and the vessel moves obliquely downward. The desired depth having been attained, the steersman must so manage the horizontal rudders that the vessel shall practically maintain its level; but, in fact, its course becomes really an undulating one. There must be no movement of men or weights in the vessel without immediate compensation to restore and maintain the balance, else the submarine may dive to a disastrous depth. Manual control has been found better than automatic control.

Mesmerism.

Frederick Anthony Mesmer, the founder of mesmerism, was a German physician of Merseburg. His thesis setting forth the science of mesmerism was published in 1766. Mesmer contended that the heavenly bodies diffused through the universe a subtle fluid, which acts on the nervous system of all animated beings and especially upon that of man. He gained a great number of followers and realized a splendid fortune. A committee of physicians and "philosophers" investigated his pretensions, which were finally exposed in 1784. Notwithstanding this, however, Mesmer continued to have many friends and followers, so great was the personal "magnetism" of the man.

Superstition That Is Ancient.

In many parts of Great Britain the superstition still survives that it is folly to save a drowning man, as he will sooner or later do an injury to the rescuer. The superstition comes down from our ancestors, yet traces of it exist among the Sioux and other Indians, who seem to have inherited it from aboriginal sources. The belief is most prevalent in Cornwall and various parts of Scotland.

A Mean Jolt.

Peckem—So you want to marry my daughter, do you? Young—Yes, sir. Peckem—Hem! Are you aware that she strongly resembles her mother? Young—I am, sir. Peckem—Then take her, young man, and—er—be as happy as you can.—*London Mail.*

Greatness.

Greatness is self conscious, not in the ordinary sense of that phrase, but in the sense that denotes consciousness of its possession.—*William E. Simonds.*

Stage Snow.

He—There was nearly a bad fire at the theater. She—How was that? He—The villain lit a cigarette and tossed the match into the snow.

JOSEPH E. HOKE'S STORE

MAIN STREET

New Fall and Winter
DRESS GOODS

All Wool French and Storm Serges, in all colors,
Panama Cloth, Broad Cloth, Popular Cloth,
Texel Cloth, Flannels, Outings, Plaid
Suitings for Children's School
Dresses.

Full Line of Winter Weight Underwear
FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Large Assortment of
Blankets, Sweaters,
Gloves, Notions

We distribute McCall's Fashion Sheets. Also take orders
for McCall's Patterns.

JOSEPH E. HOKE.

A SINGULAR
VEHICLE

By ELINOR STEWART CATON
Copyright by American Press Asso-
ciation, 1911.

A seedy man, out at the elbows and
looking as though he had slept the
night in the park, stopped a gentleman
on the sidewalk and said:

"My friend, you haven't seen a fam-
ily consistin' of a woman and four
small children—two boys and two girls,
the girls lookin' like me and the boys
like their mother—go ridin' by here to-
day in a two story frame house paint-
ed yellow?"

"Excuse me, my friend. I'm in a hur-
ry."

The wayfarer passed on, leaving the
seedy man standing looking after him
as though he felt very much hurt.
Leaning up against a tree box, he
waited for another person to question.
A lady came along, and the man, pull-
ing the rim of his hat, accosted her.

"Beg your pardon, ma'am. Have you
seen anything of a poor woman with
four children enjoyin' themselves on an
afternoon ride in a yaller house on
wheels down this here street?"

The lady looked sorrowfully at the
man, took out her portemonnaie, picked
out a silver coin to the value of 10
cents, gave it to him and walked on.
He looked at the retreating lady, then
down at the coin in his hand, and
didn't seem to understand.

The next person to whom he ap-
plied was a benevolent looking
gentleman with mutton chop whiskers and
spectacles.

"I'm lookin'," said the seedy man,
"for a family"—and stopped short.

"Well, my good man, tell me about
what family you're looking for."

"I've tole that to two pussons al-
ready, and they don't seem to know
what I'm talkin' about. I thort I'd
just call 'em a fambly to you, so's
I wouldn't mix you up, and say nothin'
about the rest of it."

"But how can I help you to become
reunited to this family without your
telling me more about them?"

"Well, if you're sure you'll under-
stand, I'm lookin' for 'em to ride by
here about this time in a yaller house
enjoyin' themselves"—

"In a yellow house?"

"Yes, two story, shingle roof."

"My good man," said the other after
contemplating him thoughtfully for
some time, "tell me where you live.
I'm going to take you home."

"My residence is anywhere from 74
Union street to no number at all at
present, Hopkins street."

"Poor fellow!" sighed the benevo-
lent man.

"I tole you you wouldn't understand
me. None o' the others did. What's
the use o' my tellin' people all about
it? They only think I'm gone daft."

He looked very much troubled. Tak-
ing out his bandanna handkerchief, he
blew his nose sonorously.

"Come with me," said the benevo-
lent man coaxingly.

"I don't want to go anywheres with
nobody. I just want to catch my wife
and children as they go by and enjoy
the rest o' the ride with 'em."

"I think I can take you where you'll
learn all about it. Come."

"Where you goin' to take me?"

"Oh, I'll take you where you'll be
cared for."

"I don't want to be cared for. I
want to know whether my family has
gone past. There's a puff of smoke
blowin' around the corner now. I
shouldn't wonder if it's them!"

"I see. They're coming in an automo-
bile. You confused it with a yellow
house."

"I didn't do no such thing. The
smoke I'm talkin' about comes out o'
the chimney."

The gentleman assumed an authori-
tative tone. "Now, my man, either
walk with me to a police station or
I'll call a policeman and have you
taken there by force. You're off your
head. I don't know whether you are
a dangerous lunatic or not, but you
need to be shut up, if not for the pub-
lic good, for your own."

"I knowed it," said the man lug-
ubriously. "I knowed if I tole you the
hull thing I'd get myself into trouble."

"Will you come?"

"Who are you anyways?"

"I'm the president of the Society of
General Charities. Now you know
that I intend you no harm. I wish to
help you."

"But I don't need no help. There!
There's another puff o' smoke. I reck-
on they'll be turnin' the corner purty
soon. Will you wait a few minutes?
If they don't come along just as I said
they would I'll go with you."

"Instead of waitin' I'll go with you.
If you are satisfied the smoke you see
comes from another cause than what
you suppose, perhaps you will go with
me."

"Reckon I'll risk it."

They walked down the street to the
one where they saw the smoke and,
turning into it, saw a windlass pulled
around by a horse. Ropes led from it
to a two story yellow house about 100
feet away, which was being moved in
the middle of the street.

"There she are!" exclaimed the
seedy man. "Come on. I'll show you
the family."

The gentleman hesitated. Then, with
an expression of disgruntlement, he
was about to go on his way when he
changed his mind and followed the
other. Sitting in a window darning
stockings was a woman, while children
were running about.

"Hello, Mol!" said the seedy man.
"Hello, John!" said the woman.

The benevolent gentleman took a
bill out of his pocket, handed it to the
mover and walked away.

FASHION'S FADS.

Court Decolletage the Smart Feature
of Formal Evening Gowns.

Evening gowns are now worn to show
the crown of the shoulder. This "court
decolletage" is reminiscent of the Em-
press Eugenie's time. A fichu of tulle
is sometimes draped over the shoul-
ders and caught at the front of the
torso with a cluster of flowers.

For evening wear bandeaux of em-
broidery in gold or silver or embroi-
dery in colors to match the gown are
still as popular as ever. Women have
grown so used to this method of dec-
oration that they are loath to give it up
and have come to the conclusion that a
piece of embroidery repeated in this
manner on the hair gives to the entire
gown a richer effect.

Bar pins of various sizes are provid-
ed at last with pins that are said not
to bend or break. The stems of the
pins are of steel, and the pins are very
sharp.

There is a tendency to make coats of
three piece suits somewhat longer than



BLOUSE WITH NEW REVERS.

In the plain tailor makes, and a num-
ber of thirty-six and forty-two inch
coats are seen.

The blouse that is made with a sin-
gle revers is a fashionable one. This
model is particularly smart. The wide
frill in combination with the revers is
distinctly new and attractive. The
blouse is cut in one with the sleeves,
but is made in two portions joined at
the back.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

This May Manton pattern is cut in sizes
from 34 to 42 inches bust measure. Send
10 cents to this office, giving number, 7150,
and it will be promptly forwarded to you
by mail. If in haste send an additional
two cent stamp for letter postage, which
insures more prompt delivery.

FORECAST OF FASHION.

Lace Frocks Popular For Evening
Wear This Winter—Hat Trimming.

Evening dresses of lace for the com-
ing winter will be black and white or
black and champagne colored lace.

Fur scarfs coming from fashionable
furriers are made very wide.

The Prince of Wales tip, which
means three feathers, trims a lot of
fall millinery.

A notable feature in hat trimming
now is that we no longer see the rib-



COMFORTABLE DRESS FOR CHILDREN.

bon bows or flowers placed at the
back. All trimmings are gradually
working around toward the front.

Practically all kinds of fringe is be-
ing used this season, including ball or
drop fringe, silk fringe in all weights
and widths, chenille, wool and crystal
bead fringe, says the Dry Goods Econ-
omist.

Tucked scarfs in two tones of color
are draped round the figure and give a
distinctive note to the toilet.

Little children are wearing a great
many dresses made in this style. They
are very pretty and childish and adapted
to a variety of materials. In the
illustration the blouse is made of white
serge and the skirt is of blue, while the
trimming matches the latter.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

This May Manton pattern is cut for chil-
dren of two, four and six years of age.
Send 10 cents to this office, giving number,
7150, and it will be promptly forwarded to
you by mail. If in haste send an addi-
tional two cent stamp for letter postage,
which insures more prompt delivery.

The Citizens' National Bank
OF FREDERICK, MD.

CAPITAL \$100,000

SURPLUS \$300,000

J. D. BAKER	-	-	President.
WM. G. BAKER	-	-	Vice President.
H. D. BAKER	-	-	Vice President.
WM. G. ZIMMERMAN	-	-	Cashier.
SAMUEL G. DUVAL	-	-	Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

GEO. WM. SMITH,	THOS. H. HALLER,
JOHN S. RAMSBURG,	DANIEL BAKER,
WM. G. BAKER,	C. H. CONLEY, M. D.
C. M. THOMAS,	C. E. CLINE,
D. E. KEFAUVER,	P. L. HARGETT,
JUDGE J. C. MOTTER,	J. D. BAKER,

NOTICE.

On November the 1st, 1909, this Bank increased its interest rate
to Four (4%) per cent. per annum on all its special interest bearing de-
posits, said deposits to remain in all other respects subject to the provi-
sions of the contracts under which they were made.

Referring to the above notice, it is not necessary for any depositor
to present his or her book to have any change made. The 4% rate, will,
of course, be paid on new deposits made of the same class.

This Bank offers first-class facilities for the transacting of your
general banking business.

July 29, 1910

New Tailored Suits.

Suit selling has been unusually active with us—not surprising
for we are showing some of the most satisfactory values for the
money ever produced. Each day the express brings us some-
thing new—Brown is looking up considerably. To-day brings
us the Model which has all the ear marks of a \$25.00 Suit.
Splendid Quality, Correctly Tailored, very effective. Price \$16.00.
Plenty of other splendid designs, \$8.50 up. Suits for Large
Figures.

Polo Coats.

are holding the center of the stage—A wonderful variety of per-
sonal notions. New garments to-day—\$5.75 up. Handsome
styles a little higher up.

Underwear.

If an abundant Chestnut Crop does indicate a cold winter,
it will be wise to get ready. The makers of our underwear have
established the highest standard of excellence in this product,
guaranteeing to each customer the most satisfactory comfort, fit
and wear. Children's, 15c. up, Misses', 25c. up, Boys' 25c. up.

Ladies', 25c. for a good garment. Superior qualities at 37½c.
50c. up to elegant garments of Silk and Wool.

Solid comfort for men at 50c. Fleece-lined, English Ribb.
Better grades 75c., \$1.00 up.

Union Suits For Everybody.

New Shirts and Neckwear For Men.

THOS. H. HALLER,

Central Dry Goods House

17 and 19 North Market Street - FREDERICK, MARYLAND.
march 27-17

You are Invited to Inspect My

1911 LINE OF FALL AND
WINTER FOOTWEAR 1911

Lot of Sample Shoes and Boots

Latest Styles. Moderate Prices.

M. FRANK ROWE,
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND

CLARENCE E. MCGARREN

LIVERYMAN

EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND.

- First-class teams furnished for private use.
- Satisfactory arrangements guaranteed commercial men.
- Horses boarded and vehicles cared for by the month.
- Heavy and light hauling of any kind and for any distance.
- Buggies, surreys and large pleasure vehicles available at all times.
- Gaited riding horses—perfectly safe.
- Prompt service and moderate prices.

apr 8-'10-17

Peoples Fire Insurance Company of Maryland

H. M. WARRENFELTZ, Agent, EMMITSBURG, MD.

HOME OFFICE, FREDERICK, MARYLAND

A STOCK COMPANY

DR. D. E. STONE, Local Director.

Jan. 1-11

THAT MAN

Who leads in anything that is worth while being leader in,
is nearly always dressed in the fashion that leads. The
man who wears

Lippy Made Clothes

has the certainty of good fashion and of being among the
leaders in good fashion, because they have INDIVIDUAL-
ITY and are made from the Newest Fabrics.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor,

AT HOTEL SPANGLER GETTYSBURG, PA.
Emmitsburg, Every Wednesday.

Mch. 8-tf.

Mount St. Mary's College
and Ecclesiastical Seminary

Conducted by secular clergymen, aided by lay professors

Classical, Scientific and Commercial Courses. New Laboratory for
the practical teaching of Physics and Chemistry.

The latest modern improvements. Beautiful grounds. New athletic
field. Fine gymnasium and swimming pool.

Separate department for young boys.

Address, VERY REV. B. J. BRADLEY, A. M.,
Emmitsburg, Maryland.

3-11-'10

CHARLES M. RIDER

(SUCCESSOR TO HOKE & RIDER)

Monuments, Memorials and Ceme-
tery Work of All Kinds

ARTISTIC WORKER IN CUT STONE

CONCRETE EXPERT

My yards hold exhibits of beautiful work. These and photo-
graphs are always open for inspection.

C. & P. TELEPHONE—26-4 RESIDENCE.

WEST MAIN STREET, - EMMITSBURG, MD.

PERSONALS.

It is the aim of THE CHRONICLE to publish as many personal and social items as possible, but it frequently happens that those who have guests visiting them, and those who entertain, fail to send a list of their friends, or an account of these events, to this office. Readers who live at a distance are always interested in what is going on "at home," and for that reason, if for no other, this column should be filled every week. It is of course understood that anonymous contributions will not be published. Names of persons furnishing items will be withheld.

Miss Lou Manning and niece, Miss Emily Manning, left on Tuesday after a two weeks' visit to Miss Emily's grandmother, Mrs. Rebecca Moore, and relatives at Clairvaux.

Col. E. Austin Baughman, of Frederick, stopped here on his way to Sabillasville on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. G. Miller, of Frederick, and Mrs. Samuel Johnston, of Hagerstown, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Morrison the past week.

Miss L. M. Motter has returned from a visit to Washington. Mrs. J. T. Motter accompanied Miss Motter.

Mr. John Chase spent several days in Baltimore.

Miss Motter, of Frederick, visited Mrs. J. H. Stokes.

Mr. J. J. Shindelacker, of near Thurmont, was in Emmitsburg on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Linus Keating are spending part of their honeymoon at the Mountain.

Mr. Davison Has a Bully Time.

Mr. Davison is fond of motor cycling. Sometimes he rides double. Last week he had his mother on behind his Wheeler and Wilson and was bringing her home from a visit to Mrs. M. L. Baker when a 15,000 pound bull, genus Durham, jumped from behind a bed of violets along the road and after chewing up a tire and combing its mustache with a thirty-six-dollar headlight, recently purchased by Mr. Davison from Rears, Sawbuck and Company, and picking its teeth with a half dozen spokes from the machine, allowed the cycling party to return home.

When Mr. Davison first saw the bull he hoisted a signal of distress and made for shallow water. He soon found himself on a sand bank where he pulled the cyclometer off the turbine, releasing the carburetor from the caboose, sending the generator up to room 23 for help. But the bull cared for none of these things and went at 'em with the above result. No one was hurt, not even the bull, but the repairs necessary to get Mr. Davison's craft in commission will put a dent in \$10.48.

Health Officer Says "Ventilate."

The introduction to the health report for September which is just published, is given below:

Pleasant days and cool nights—harbingers of the approaching winter are at hand, and all mankind must need seek the shelter of the home for bodily comfort. It has been ascertained that 40 per cent. of the diseases of winter are due to improperly ventilated houses, school-rooms, offices and churches. Sleeping apartments especially should be well ventilated. The popular fallacy that night air is dangerous should be explained away. If due regard is paid to the art of ventilation, wherever humanity congregates, the "melancholy days" should have no terrors for the people of Maryland.

Blizzard in Western Maryland.

A blizzard made life miserable in the Western part of the State early this week. At Frostburg the drop in temperature was unusual and a gale of wind drove the heavy snow here and there making outdoor life almost impossible. At Oakland, Terra Alta and Sand Patch, on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and Thomas, W. Va., and other high points on the Western Maryland railroad, there was a heavy snow, with biting wind, and railroading was extremely hazardous.

Sues for Divorce.

Through her attorneys, Messrs. Stoner & Weinberg, Mrs. Minnie E. Renner has instituted proceedings for a divorce a mensa et thoro from her husband, William L. Renner. Much embarrassment has been caused Mr. and Mrs. William R. Renner, of Rocky Ridge, on account of a similarity of names, and the consequent false impression created. The William L. Renner in the above, is not William R. Renner, of Rocky Ridge.

Give \$25,000 to Gettysburg College.

The wife and children of the late P. H. Glatfelter, of Spring Grove, Pa., have given \$25,000 to Gettysburg College as a memorial to him. Mr. Glatfelter was a trustee of the college for many years and a very liberal supporter of the college, being the largest single contributor towards the building of the magnificent recitation hall.

Mrs. Mellon Wins Suit.

Mrs. Nora McMullen Mellon, who as a single lady was acquainted in Emmitsburg, has won out in the notorious divorce suit instituted by her husband some years ago. Mellon tried to divorce his wife by star chamber methods and Mrs. Mellon held out for a jury trial. She won and the trial will be held shortly in Pittsburgh.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Readings from THE CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer for week ending Friday Nov. 17.

	8 A. M.	12 M.	4 P. M.
Friday	—	56	64
Saturday	48	62	70
Monday	21	29	35
Tuesday	30	39	42
Wednesday	39	50	55
Thursday	36	40	43
Friday	32	—	—

Readings from The CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer for week ending November 18, 1910.

	8 A. M.	12 M.	4 P. M.
Friday	—	44	44
Saturday	37	42	44
Monday	41	48	49
Tuesday	42	45	43
Wednesday	42	45	44
Thursday	40	44	40
Friday	40	—	—

From Monday on the toll rates on telephone messages over the C. & P. wires between Emmitsburg and Gettysburg will be 10 cents.

The wind on Sunday night blew over a corn crib in Mr. Helman's yard and many trees were damaged.

On Monday morning the thermometer registered 16 at 6 A. M., a drop of over 40 degrees.

On Saturday night two teams collided on West Main street with serious results. One horse after the collision took to the pavement and knocked Miss Fannie Hoke down, but fortunately did her no serious injury. The shaft of one buggy stabbed one of the horses. Both vehicles were broken.

A new shingle roof is being put on the Payne property on West Main street.

The broom factory is in full operation.

The Emmitsburg Motor Car Company, Messrs. Wagerman and Zimmerman, have purchased a White steamer.

PRESIDENT TAFT COMPLETES SWING AROUND THE CIRCLE

Reached Washington Monday in Fine Fettle After Journeying From Boston to Frisco and Back.

President Taft has completed his second long swing around the circle having traveled in all about 15,000 miles and visited thirty States in which he spoke before thousands of his fellow countrymen.

The President says: "I have been materially benefited by the information which I have received as to the attitude of the people in the different parts of the country as affected by local conditions. The receptions have been very cordial throughout and I am certain that in taking this trip I have improved a real opportunity. I am glad, also, to say that although the trip has been a strenuous one, my health has continued good, and I have suffered no ill effects from the strain."

MARIAN FRANCES EICHELBERGER.

On Saturday Miss Marian Frances Eichelberger died at her home on Center Square after an illness of a few weeks. She was seventy-four years of age. The funeral service was held at her late home on Tuesday afternoon, and the interment was made in the Lutheran Cemetery, Rev. Dr. Charles Reinwald officiating.

Miss Eichelberger is survived by her brother, Dr. James W. Eichelberger, and her sister, Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Eichelhart, both of this place.

GEORGE EDWARD SHUFF.

George Edward Shuff, one of the oldest citizens of Thurmont district, died at his home, near that place, Monday evening of paralysis, aged 86 years, 8 months and 26 days. He was married three times, and survived his wives. Surviving him are four children: Oliver Shuff, Union Bridge; Charles J. Shuff and Millard F. Shuff, Emmitsburg; Miss Laura Shuff, at home. The funeral was held at 11 o'clock on Thursday at the late home. The services were conducted by Rev. M. L. Beard.

The members of the Tom's Creek congregation will hold a Thanksgiving Social in the Sunday school room on the afternoon and evening of Wednesday, November 29th. If the weather that afternoon and evening be inclement the Social will be held on Friday afternoon and evening, Dec. 1st. The proceeds are to be used to help defray the expenses of painting the church. Come! Come! The ladies will serve sandwiches, coffee, ice cream, cake and candy.

Taft to Name Justice Next Year.

President Taft will wait till January 1 before naming a successor to Associate Justice Harlan on the Supreme Court bench. Three or four other judicial nominations will be made at the same time, including a successor to Circuit Judge Grosscup of Chicago, who resigned recently.

CHURCH NEWS

Regular services in the Emmitsburg Churches are as follows:

CATHOLIC
Mass, Sunday 7 and 10 a. m.
Mass, Daily 6 a. m.
Vespers, Sunday 7 p. m.
PRESBYTERIAN
Sunday, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
Christian Endeavor, 7:00 p. m.
Wednesday Prayer Meeting 7:30 p. m.

LUTHERAN
Sunday, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:00 a. m.
Junior Christian Endeavor, 1:45 p. m.
Senior " " 6:45 p. m.
Wednesday, Prayer Meeting 7:30 p. m.
Saturday, Catechetical instruction 2 p. m.
REFORMED
Sunday, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
Wednesday Service, 7:30 p. m.
Saturday Catechetical Instruction at 2:30 p. m.

METHODIST
Sunday School, 1:30 p. m.
Service, 2:30 p. m.
Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.

The union Thanksgiving service will be held in the Presbyterian Church, Thursday morning, November, 30th, Rev. Mr. Gluck, will preach the sermon.

The celebration of the 150th anniversary of the organization of the Presbyterian congregation in this place will begin Friday, Dec. 1, at 7:30 P. M. Immediately before this service, from 5 to 7 Friday evening, a fellowship supper will be served to the members of the congregation in the lecture room of the church. A further announcement of the programme will be given later.

The Frederick County Ministerial Association of the Reformed Church met in Trinity chapel, Frederick, Monday morning with Rev. A. M. Gluck, of Emmitsburg, in the chair. Those present were: Rev. G. A. Snyder, D. D., Middletown; Rev. James R. Lewis, Lovettsville, Va.; Rev. A. M. Gluck, Emmitsburg, Md.; Rev. G. P. Bready, Walkersville; Rev. D. J. Wolfe, Taneytown; Rev. M. W. Sweitzer, Union Bridge; Rev. J. D. Thomas, Adamstown; Rev. S. S. Miller, Rev. E. L. McLean, Rev. I. M. Motter, Rev. Henri L. G. Kieffer, Dr. Joseph H. Apple, of Frederick. A paper was read by Rev. Mr. Lewis on the subject, "The Congregation and Its Missionary Activity. The association will hold its next regular meeting the second Monday in January.

MEMORIAL TO COL. BELT, MARYLANDER, UNVEILED

Hero of French and Indian War, Patentee of Chevy Chase and Trustee of First Free Public Schools.

In memory of Col. Joseph Belt, of Maryland, soldier and patriot of the country's early days, a boulder was dedicated Sunday at Chevy Chase, Md., in the environs of Washington.

Thomas Truxton Houston, Jr., a fourth great grandson of Col. Belt, unveiled the memorial. The ceremony was under the auspices of the Society of Colonial Wars.

Col. Belt fought in the French and Indian War, was patentee of Chevy Chase, and Trustee of the first free public schools in Maryland. The boulder is placed on the line dividing Maryland and the District of Columbia. It weighs about 10,000 pounds, and is set with a bronze tablet inscribed to the memory of Col. Belt.

Hitchcock on Subscriptions.

In order to free the postal regulations of a stringent feature in regard to second-class mail matter. Postmaster General Hitchcock has issued an order granting a full year as the period in which publications entitled to the second-class privileges, but on which subscriptions have expired, will be accepted at second-class postage rates.

This action rescinds the existing rules providing for varying periods of acceptance, ranging from three months to a year, according to the frequency with which the publication is issued. The new regulation, it was pointed out, will give publishers a greater opportunity to procure renewal of subscriptions.

Archbishop O'Connell Sails.

Archbishop William H. O'Connell sailed Saturday for Rome to attend the consistory at which he and Archbishop Farley and Mgr. Falconio will be elevated on Nov. 27 to the Cardinalate. The suite of Mr. O'Connell consisted of the Rev. Dr. P. J. Supple, the Rev. Joseph F. Coppinger, private chaplain; the Right Rev. Dr. M. J. Spaine, the Right Rev. Edward Moriarty, and the Right Rev. Jeremiah E. Millerick.

Farley and Falconio Sail for Rome.

Cardinals-Designate Farley and Falconio left New York on Tuesday for Rome. Twenty-five thousand Catholics cheered as the vessel went down the bay.

NATION'S CORN CROP AWAY SHORT OF LAST YEAR'S YIELD

Report Shows Shortage of 350,000,000 Bushels but the Crop Was the Third Largest in History of Country.

The corn crop is short of last year's crop about 350 million bushels. The government report shows that the production of corn in the United States, which at the beginning of the season promised to exceed the bumper crop of last year, was smaller by 349,412,000 bushels than last year's crop.

Notwithstanding this great decrease in production the crop this year goes down as the third largest in the history of the country, having been exceeded only by those of 1910 and 1906. There were reported decreases in production in all of the principal corn growing states, excepting Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Georgia, South Carolina and Alabama. Illinois led in production and Iowa and Missouri maintained their standing as second and third producing states.

Potatoes showed a falling off of 57,076,000 bushels. Only Wisconsin showed an increase in their production.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION IN CHICAGO SAYS McVEAGH

"Chicago Wants It and That Settles It."—Secretary of Treasury Guarantees Fact in Interview.

Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, who was in Chicago Saturday for the purpose of attending a series of meetings to be held in conjunction with sessions of the National Monetary Commission, told newspaper men and friends there that it was practically decided that the next Republican National Convention would be held in that city.

Fred W. Upham, who raised most of the Republican campaign funds in the West four years ago, was with him at the Blackstone Hotel when Secretary MacVeagh was questioned about the National Convention.

"We can guarantee that to Chicago," said Mr. MacVeagh.

"Chicago wants it and that settles it," Mr. Upham declared. "That was the only thing the leaders wanted to know."

President Madero's Aunt Dead.

Mrs. Marie Madero Garcia, aunt of President Madero of Mexico, died in Roosevelt Hospital, New York, Tuesday, following an operation for appendicitis that was performed a week ago. Mrs. Garcia, who was 31 years old, came to New York with her husband, Rodolfo, who is manager of the Nueve Leon Bank, Monterey, from Monterey about ten days ago. Her brother also accompanied her. Following the operation Senor Garcia took up his residence at the hospital and seldom left his wife's bedside. She seemed to make good progress, but on Monday night she had a relapse. During Mrs. Garcia's illness many prominent Mexicans visited her, including the Consul General in New York, C. Romero; Louis De La Barra, brother of the ex-Mexican Ambassador to the United States, and H. Barron, commercial agent for Mexico in the United States.

Nine Packers Submit to Arrest.

A further effort of the indicted meat packers to avoid trial and to have the Sherman anti-trust law declared unconstitutional and void was made Tuesday by their surrendering to the United States Marshal and seeking an immediate appeal to United States Circuit Judge C. C. Kohlsatt for a writ of habeas corpus. The packers submitting to arrest were Louis F. Swift, Edward F. Swift, Charles H. Swift and Francis Fowler, of Swift & Co.; Edward Tilden, National Packing Company; Arthur Merker and Thomas J. Connors, Armour & Co.; Edward Morris and Louis H. Heyman, Morris & Co.

Plan Madero's Overthrow.

That active preparations for a revolt in Mexico, to be headed by Gen. Bernardo Reyes, are being made at San Antonio was asserted Tuesday by leading Maderists. Gen. Reyes has made a sweeping denial of the assertion.

The Maderists have given out a statement to the effect that a hospital corps for the Reyistas left there for Laredo, supplied with bandages and other hospital appliances, to prepare for fighting.

Beatty Denied a New Trial.

Henry Clay Beatty, Sr., of Richmond, Va., informed his son, Henry Clay Beatty, Jr., the condemned wife murderer sentenced to the electric chair on Nov. 24, that the Supreme Court of the State had refused to grant a writ of error and a new trial.

WANTED.

Wanted.—50 shares of the Weekly Deposit of the Emmitsburg Savings Bank. Address, Y. B. 11-10-3ts care CHRONICLE Office.

DIED.

Regular death notices published one time free of charge. Ordinary poetry and resolutions charged for at the rate of five cents a line.

EICHELBERGER.—On November, 11, 1911, Miss Marian Frances Eichelberger, aged 74 years. Funeral service at the house on Tuesday, interment in Lutheran Cemetery, Rev. Dr. Reinwald officiating.

NEW SHERIFF ANNOUNCES HIS APPOINTMENTS

For Riding Deputy, Robert Cramer, For Office Deputy, Clarence Holtz, Turnkey, Harry Deeter.

Sheriff-Elect Fagan has announced his appointments for his term. For riding deputy, Mr. Robert Cramer, of Mt. Pleasant; as office deputy, Mr. Clarence Holtz, of Frederick, who served in a similar capacity under Sheriff Troxell; for turnkey, Mr. Harry Deeter of Frederick, formerly of the Frederick police force.

Several days ago Mr. Fagan entered into a bond of \$25,000 for the performance of his duties as sheriff, and as soon as his commission arrives he will be qualified to take charge of the office.

Candidate's Thanks.

I desire to express my sincere thanks to the voters of Emmitsburg District for the very generous support given me on election day.

HENRY BOYLE,
Liberty.

SALE.—On Saturday Nov. 25, 1911, East Main Street, household goods.

W. H. ASHBAUGH.

PUBLIC SALE—Nov. 28, 1911, at 12 o'clock, C. C. Springer, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, auctioneer.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

HAVE your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same and has always on hand a large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in the last will and testament of William P. Eyer, late of Frederick county, deceased, and pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court for Frederick county, the undersigned executors of the said will will sell at public sale on the premises, situated in Eyer's Valley, Frederick county, Maryland, near Eyer's store, on

Saturday, December 2, 1911, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the following valuable real estate, viz:

1st. All that tract of land situated in said county and state known as the "Eyer Homestead," about 4 miles west of Emmitsburg on the Eyer's Valley Road and near Eyer's store, described in a deed from George Cecil and wife to said William P. Eyer, bearing date the 27th day of April, 1901, recorded in Liber D. H. H. No. 11, Folio 705, one of the land records of Frederick county, containing 65 acres and 52 perches of land, more or less, improved by a good weather-boarded frame dwelling house containing 11 rooms, good bank barn, about 80x45 feet; hog pen, chicken house and other outbuildings.

There is an abundance of fruit such as apples, pears, cherries, etc., on the premises and a good spring of water near the buildings. About 45 acres of this land is under cultivation and the balance timberland, with oak, chestnut, and other valuable timber.

2nd. All that tract of mountain land near the above described tract of land, containing 38 acres, more or less, well timbered with thriving white oak, black walnut, and other valuable timber. These properties are well-located convenient to churches, schools and stores.

TERMS.—Prescribed by order of the Court: One-half cash on day of sale or the ratification thereof by the Orphans' Court, the balance in six months, the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes bearing interest from day of sale, with good and sufficient security, to be approved by the said executors for the deferred payment; or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. All conveyance at the expense of the purchaser.

ALICE M. EYLER,
MINNIE K. FORNEY,
Executrices.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned intending to quit farming will sell at public auction at his place along the Hampton Valley road a mile West of the Reservoir and three miles from Emmitsburg on

Tuesday, November 28, 1911, at 12 M.

sharp, the following valuable personal property: TWO BAY MARES, work wherever hitched both good leaders and perfectly safe for women to drive, 3 HEAD CATTLE, one a red cow with calf by March 21, a good milk cow, another a Jersey cow with calf, a good milk cow and a fine creamer, one red heifer, 2-horse wagon, two inch tread, one-horse wagon, light spring wagon, buggy as good as new, Pennsylvania Lowdown drill as good as new, latest improved McCormick horse rake in use but one season, spring-tooth harrow, pair of good wood ladders, pair of good hay carriages, 2-horse Syracuse plow No. 20, 1-horse Syracuse steel beam plow, double shovel plow, single shovel plow, McCormick mower, grain cradle, two sets work harness, two sets buggy harness, set of harness for one-horse wagon, single and double trees, lawn mower, upright Hensel piano, large sideboard, seven-foot extension table, old fashioned bureau, large refrigerator, large Divan couch, lounge, two square-top stands, one mahogany finish and one golden oak, round-top stand mahogany finish, reclining rocker, three oak rockers, large mirror and frame, mirror size 18x40, frame 5 inches wide, iron bed and springs, dresser, golden oak finish, wash stand, a 50-egg incubator, 4-gallon white cedar churn, butter tub, 1900 Washer, large chestnut wood box, one Oak Heater stove and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms.—On all sums of \$5 and under Cash; on all sums over \$5 a credit of 6 months will be given by the purchaser giving their notes with approved security bearing interest from date of sale. No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.

C. C. SPRINGER.
Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

Any absent Emmitsburgian would appreciate a subscription to The Chronicle. 52 weeks \$1.00.

ORDER NISI ON SALES.

No. 8773 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1911.

In the Matter of the Report of Sales filed the 6th day of November, 1911.

Edgar L. Annan, Mortgagee of Clara V. Cline and Samuel F. Cline, her husband, on Petition.

ORDERED, That on the 2nd day of December, 1911, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate, reported to said Court by Edgar L. Annan, Mortgagee in the above cause, and filed therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$240.00.

Dated this 6th day of November, 1911.

HARRY W. BOWERS,
Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County.

True Copy—Test:

HARRY W. BOWERS,
Clerk.
Eugene L. Rowe Sol'r. 11-10-4ts

FRUIT TREES FOR FALL PLANTING

Apple Trees Two Years Old in Different Sizes

SUMMER VARIETIES:

Benoni, Early Harvest, Yellow Transparent, Red Astrakhan.

AUTUMN VARIETIES:

Gravenstine, Maidens Blush, Oldenburg, Rambo, Summer Smoke-house and Wealthy.

WINTER VARIETIES:

Baldwin, Black Ben Davis, Fallanates, Gano, Grimes' Golden, Jonathan, Mammoth Black Twig, Missouri Pippin, Northern Spy, North Western Greenings, Paradise Winter Sweet, Rome Beauty, Stayman's Winesap and York Imperial. Hyslop and Transcendant Crab.

Also a general list of Peach, Pear, Plum Cherry, Quince and Apricot Trees. Currant and Gooseberry Bushes. Raspberry and Blackberry Plants. Asparagus and Rhubarb Roots. Also a general list of Shade and Ornamental Trees.

J. A. RAMSBURG,

Tel. 366 Frederick, Maryland.
10-6-tf

SOUVENIR VIEWS

OF

EMMITSBURG AND VICINITY

An Attractive Booklet. 10 Cents.

Postage Prepaid.

THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE

Send One to Your Friend

FINE NOTE PAPER

One pound of Fine Linen Note Paper—eighty odd sheets—with envelopes to match

50c

CHRONICLE OFFICE.

R. Q. TAYLOR & CO.

HATTERS

Umbrellas, Canes, Hand Bags, Steamer Rugs, Rain Coats, Men's Walking Gloves,

AGENTS FOR

Dunlap & Co., New York.

Christy & Co., London.

11 N. Charles St., BALTIMORE, MD.

Jan. 6, 1912.

The Emmitsburg Realty Co.

Real Estate Brokers

GETTYSBURG

One of the most severe wind storms experienced in this section for a long time followed the heavy rain storm of Sunday afternoon doing much damage, trees were uprooted, buildings unroofed and fences blown down.

A portion of the roof on President Granville's house on the college campus was blown off and two willow trees on the college campus uprooted. A large tree was blown over at the residence of F. Mark Bream on Carlisle street. The large wooden sign on top of the Weaver store building was blown over falling into York street and taking with it part of two chimneys. S. E. Waltman's woodhouse was unroofed. A large willow tree on the lot of H. H. Mentz was blown over and bricks on a number of chimneys in town were blown off. Tin roofs were taken off of a few small buildings and the weather vane on top of the Court House cupola is leaning at an angle of forty five degrees. A portion of the roof on the barn of Price Oyler, just east of town, was blown off and carried across the railroad into an adjoining field by the storm.

In corn fields few fodder or corn shocks are left standing and fences were blown down in many places.

The following members of the different Hunting clubs have left for their camps to hunt for the elusive deer. To the Cashtown camp: F. Mark Bream, J. G. McHenry, Wm. Bushman, Leo Bushman, Henry Kalbfleisch, P. A. Martin, D. J. Forney, T. S. Blocher, Clyde Munper, Clarence Reddig, Edmond Powers, Norman Storick, Clyde L. Bream and John W. Bream.

To the Arendtsville camp. Charles Tate, James Eicholtz, John Kimple and James Wise. To the Brysonia camp. W. J. Eden, Will Rottler, B. D. Williams, George Taylor, and Charles Lott. To the Taylor camp, L. L. Taylor, and to the Monterey camp. William Fleming.

The programme for the Teachers' Annual Institute shows the following instructors: Dr. S. H. Martin, Shippensburg; Dr. C. C. Ellis, Huntingdon; Prof. O. L. Warren, Elmira; Prof. C. F. Sanders, Gettysburg and the leader of song, Prof. Robert J. McDowell, of Pittsburgh. Dr. Granville will deliver the address of welcome on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The evening attractions are: Monday—The Tyrolean Alpine Singers and Yodlers. Tuesday—Governor Robert B. Glenn. Wednesday—The Commonwealth Male Quartette. Thursday—The Fellow Singers.

Gettysburg theatre goes took advantage of a rare opportunity on Friday evening that of witnessing a vaudeville performance by home talent, which was a new departure.

The play was given under the direction of Miss Manges of Harrisburg, for the benefit of the local Y. M. C. A., and proved a success, both from a financial standpoint and as a matter of entertainments.

The performance opened with the "Jingaboo," with Miss Gladys Raymond as soloist and a large number of children in a chorus. Mr. Wm. Timmis and chorus rendered Mr. Hayseed and Miss Mary Rudisill and a number of young ladies "The Rose chorus."

A clever play—"The Dress Rehearsal,"—was given by a cast of local players, followed by solos by Miss Reba Miller and Calvin Hartman and choruses.

Miss Manges gave a monologue, portraying a "Pennsylvania Dutch" woman on a tour of information, and as an encore A Small Boy. Both were well received.

Charming Weather was the title of a two-part song by Miss Hazel Thorn and Edgar Miller, showing in true style the drift of conversation taken by persons who think they are "All Alone," only to find their tete-a-tete rudely interrupted.

Walter Berger and Ernie Ziegler gave a singing and talking act, introducing parodies on several popular songs.

Calvin Hartman, soloist, gave the song Winter, ably assisted by a chorus. Miss Hannah Schmuckler was the soloist in the "Yama Yama Man," the chorus, in fancy costume, executing some neat steps.

Miss Ruth Clutz, soloist, with a mixed chorus, presented "The Glow Worm," and "If all the moons were honeymoons." In the former alternating electric lights produced a beautiful effect, and in the latter she sang from a large illuminated moon suspended from the ceiling, giving good effects.

The play ended with the chorus Good Night Dear. A large crowd was present, showing that much interest is taken in the local organization.

Doesn't Want Fortune Left Him.

Peter Odell, uncle of Ex-Gov. Odell, of New York, poor, old and suffering from an ailment which is slowly taking his life, learned without joy that he is the heir to one-half of the half-million-dollar estate of his brother, A. H. Odell, who was found dead in Los Angeles, Cal. When told of the fortune he cried out: "Why could he not live to enjoy it and not leave it to me? I don't know what to do with so much money. I am afraid of it."

ROCKY RIDGE.

Mrs. Mary Wood and son, Harry, who have been visiting in Chambersburg, have returned home.

Mr. W. Dunn Black, of Lancaster, was home for a day last week.

Mr. Clarence Ott visited his father one day last week.

Mrs. John Eyler is visiting in Baltimore.

Mr. Ephraim Fox is spending some time with his daughter, Mrs. Smith, at Big Pool, Md.

Mrs. Ersie Wood and family visited her home at Keymar on Saturday.

Mrs. Minnie Renner spent Friday in Baltimore.

Mrs. Sarah Fox visited in Thurmont on Friday.

Mrs. Charles Long returned from Baltimore where she attended the tenth anniversary of Mr. Edward Thomas' wedding. Mr. Thomas is her nephew.

Mr. David Renner has secured permanent employment at Union Bridge. Mrs. Sophie and Mrs. Emma Biggs spent Thursday in Baltimore.

Mr. W. H. Heird and children spent Monday in this place.

The iron fence around the cemetery here is completed.

Miss Florence Miller has returned to Baltimore.

Mrs. Julia Fox and Mrs. Katie Dubel, of Graceham, visited Mrs. Staub and other relatives last week.

Mrs. Samuel Beitler, who has been visiting in Hagerstown and Funkstown has returned home. Her sister, Mrs. Gimple, of Funkstown, and Mrs. Stouffer and two children accompanied her.

The supper given by the Jr. O. U. A. M. last Saturday night was a success.

Mr. Charles J. Barrick spent several days in Baltimore last week.

Mr. Samuel Vanhorn and family spent Sunday at Mr. Grover Barrick's.

Mrs. Laura Heird has returned from Thurmont.

Mr. Lewis Barrick, of Walkersville, visited Mr. Charles Barrick last week.

With the desire to correct a false impression made by a singular coincidence in names in connection with the divorce proceedings instituted by Mrs. Minnie E. Renner, we call attention to the fact that Mrs. Renner is the wife of Mr. William L. Renner, and not of Mr. William R. Renner, of this place.

GRACEHAM

Mrs. Herbert, of Washington, was the guest of Mrs. Groshon on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanhorn and children spent Sunday with their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Grover Barrick.

Mr. Harry Null, of Jefferson, spent Sunday evening in our town.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Groshon and children visited his brother Mr. Harvey Groshon, of Union Bridge.

Miss Catharine Engle spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. W. E. Smith.

Mr. Felix Shorb, who had been at the Frederick Hospital, has returned home.

Mrs. Belva Colliflower spent Friday afternoon with Miss Ada Yingling.

Mr. Douglas Johnson, of Troutville, is visiting Mr. Allen Saylor and family.

Misses Viola Colliflower, Esther Firor, Hazel and Lottie Zentz, spent Sunday afternoon with Mary McCarney.

Miss Ruth Firor has returned home after spending a week with Mrs. George Zimmerman in Walkersville.

Mrs. Alvie Zimmerman, of Lewis-town, visited her sister, Nora Colliflower, Monday afternoon.

BLUE RIDGE COLLEGE.

Chambers' interpretation of "A Grand Army Man" Saturday night was great. His impersonation of each of the many characters was remarkable.

Before the play was half finished we knew each character personally. The moral lessons they taught should be helpful to many. Two hours of tears and laughter were enjoyed. Prof. Chambers is president of a school of expression in Scranton, Pa.

Mr. Herman Beck greatly enjoys the charms of the chase. He was out last Friday and Saturday and the reports are that he bagged more than the laws of Maryland allow.

We understand one of our number, a staunch Democrat, was subpoenaed to appear before the court as a witness in the Repp-Railroad damage suit.

Some of our boys enjoy playing football regardless of unfavorable weather conditions. They are becoming very enthusiastic.

Miss Persis Valient recently received the sad news of the death of her brother, Mr. Frank Loveland. He has been a resident of California only a short time. His death was caused by pneumonia.

Mr. Frank Valient, of Pittsburgh, visited his sister, Miss Persis, on Wednesday.

Messrs. Roop and Bonsack spent last Saturday hunting on Mr. David Roop's farm. By some means the rabbits seemed to know of their coming and "laid low." So low that the boys did not see one of the species all day.

TANEYTOWN

The property of Mrs. Agnes Fink, which was offered for sale last Saturday, was not sold as the bid was only \$1900.

The C. E. Society will give a Story and Song Service on Sunday evening Nov. 19 at 6.30.

The first lecture of the Lyceum course will be on Monday evening in the Opera House.

Mrs. Mary L. Motter and Mrs. F. E. Cunningham of Washington spent Friday night in town.

Mr. Thomas Eckenrode has bought the Eckenrode building.

Mrs. S. G. Crapster has returned from her trip to Washington.

Miss Ellen Crapster is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Huddle in Washington.

Mr. J. S. Bower and daughter paid a visit to Harrisburg.

Mrs. J. C. Roelkey spent several days in Liberty last week.

The public school is now in charge of five teachers, the last new one being Miss Pennell of Chestertown.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Saylor of Baltimore have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Hagan.

Mrs. Joseph Kelly and Miss Joanna Kelly spent a week in York.

Miss Lucy Reifsnider and Mr. Michael Fringer were quietly married Wednesday Nov. 8th; but loudly, serenaded later in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kohler of Braintree, Mass., were in town last Friday. Mr. Kohler sung in the Lutheran Church on Sunday evening to the great enjoyment of his audience.

LOYS AND VICINITY.

Mrs. Charles H. Hoffman and daughter, Miss Mary, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. John Eyler and family at Wakefield, Carroll county.

Mr. William Clem, of near Rocky Ridge, was a visitor to this place on Tuesday last.

Miss Edith Eyler returned to her home in Wakefield last week after spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Charles H. Hoffman and family.

Mr. Harvey M. Pittinger visited friends near Graceham on Tuesday of last week.

Miss Elsie R. Robinson spent last week with Miss Cora Stimmel.

Mr. Jacob Tressler spent Saturday evening in this place.

Mr. William T. Gruber, of Rocky Hill, visited his aunt, Mrs. George W. Pittinger and family, on Wednesday.

Mr. John W. Loy returned to Frederick on Tuesday evening after spending a few days at his home.

Mr. Clarence C. Pittinger was a visitor to our town on Wednesday, evening, the 8th of November.

Mr. William Crum, of Loy's, is on the sick list at this writing.

Mr. William Martin spent a day of the past week with friends in and near this place.

Mr. Harvey R. Martin, of Detour, spent Wednesday evening with his brother, Mr. Theodore Martin and family of this place.

Mrs. Daniel Sherfy, of Creagerstown, spent Thursday with friends and relatives in this place.

Mrs. Minnie P. Hoffman and daughter, Miss Mary, were visitors to Thurmont on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Jessie Fox was a visitor to Thurmont last week.

Mrs. Washington Pittinger and son, Clarence, were visitors to Graceham on Friday last.

Mrs. George L. Eyler and son, Albert, spent Friday with Mrs. Theodore Martin and family.

Mrs. Harry C. Lohr and daughter, Miss Marie, of Creagerstown, and Mrs. Charles Putman, of Frederick, spent Friday with Mrs. Mary Mort.

Miss Ethel Beitler, of near Rocky Ridge, and Nettie Liday, of this place, spent Saturday with Annie Beitler and family.

Mr. John Crum, of Key Mar, spent Saturday in this place.

Mrs. Charley Miller, of Frederick, spent a few days of the past week with Mrs. George H. Beitler and family.

Mrs. George L. Eyler spent Saturday with Mrs. Katie Martin and family.

Mr. Daniel Speak and Mr. Walter Dorsey, of near Creagerstown, spent Sunday with Mr. William H. Long and family.

Mr. Harvey M. Pittinger spent Sunday with Mr. Lowell Long.

Mrs. W. H. Martin and sons, Charle and Elmer, spent Sunday with Mrs. Maggie Martin and family.

Mrs. Charles Eyler is on the sick list at this writing.

Mr. Elmer Pittinger last Saturday while hunting found a black snake, which measured five feet in length.

ACROSS THE LINE

The following is the result of the Fairfield borough election: School director, 6 years, John F. Lowe, R. 60, E. P. Brown, D. 28; 4 years, H. L. Harbaugh, R. 56, John M. Musselman, R. 54, George J. Kebil, D. 33, George M. Neely, D. 33; 2 years, W. K. Fleck, R. 61, J. J. Reindollar, R. 57, Harry Shryock, D. 38, Auditor, D. R. Marshall, R. 54, S. L. Allison, D. 38, Burgess, J. Blaine Waddle, R. 59, Horace S. Neely, D. 32. Judge of elections, Andrew L. Low, R. 52, Calvin Seifert, D. 38, Inspector, R. S. Reindollar, R. 62, D. Stoner, D. 29, Constable, Henry Peters, R. and D. 86.

The election resulted as follows in Liberty township: School director, 6 years, J. E. Zimmerman, R. 63, D. H. Guise, D. 49; 4 years, Simon P. Flohr, R. 53, S. H. Sanders, R. 58, Elmer Harbaugh, D. 57, Wm. Stahley, D. 57; 2 years, Jerry Miller, R. 59, W. T. S. Sites, R. 51, Walter Harner, D. 62, John A. Weisnar, D. 55, Auditor, James A. Kime, R. 69, Charles Smith, D. 55, Supervisor, J. David Dubel, R. 2 years, 63, John Crouse, D., 2 years, 52, John A. Baker, R. 62, Geo. Shryock, D. 54, Judge, M. R. Hull, R. 61, Luke Topper, D. 55, Inspector, Harry Wagerman, R. 60, James Boyle, D. 55, Constable, Martin L. Baker, R. 76, Harry Sanders, D. 41, Justice of the Peace, John Pecher D. 52.

In Freedom township: School Director, 6 years, Oliver Waybright, R. 37, Geo. Bricka, R. 65; 4 years, Marshall W. Bigham, R. 40, J. Luther Scott, R. 43, Jacob Kemper, D. 59, Geo. McDonnell, D. 52; 2 years, William R. Gillelan, R. 42, Albert Smith, R. 43, John A. Bollinger, D. 56, Samuel Kugler, D. 57, Auditor, Alex Scott, R. 47, Geo. E. Herr, D. 53, Supervisor, Abraham Waybright, R. 41, J. H. Plank, D. 63, Judge, Edw. A. Scott, R. 45, John J. Rhodes, D. 57, Inspector, Henry W. Reck, R. 51, Chas. A. Harner, D. 57, Constable, Chas. L. Bishop, R. 36, Darwin Eyler, D. 67.

In Hamiltonban township: School director, 6 years., Chas. Biesecker, R. 114, Calvin Sanders, D. 143; 4 years, Wm. Benchoff, R. 116, Wm. Donaldson, R. 112, Oliver Lightner, D. 123, Wm. Watson, D. 148; 2 years, James Gladhill, R. 98, Chas. Rife, R. 114, Wm. McCleaf, D. 145, Ambrose Sanders, D. 134, Auditor, Daniel Benchoff, R. 125, Robt. Neely, D. 131, John Kepner, D. 137, Supervisor, Calvin Bishop, R. 117, W. D. C. Marshall, D. 139, Judge, Wm. Linn, R. 128, Oliver Sanders, D. 134, Inspector, John H. Bigham, R. 122, John D. Sell, D. 127, Constable, John E. Reese, R. 149, W. H. Rentsell, D. 109.

Miss Cora Waybright died last Friday at her home in Freedom township, aged about 40 years. She is survived by her father, Abraham Waybright, and the following sisters and brothers: Mrs. Hockensmith, of Taneytown; Robert Waybright, of Baltimore; Samuel Waybright, near Taneytown; John; Margaret, Grace, Bruce and Ernest at home. Funeral was held Monday morning with funeral services at the Harney. Interment in Evergreen cemetery, Gettysburg.

FRIENDS' CREEK.

Miss Grace Gallion, who visited friends in this place, has returned to her home in Broadfording.

Miss Rhoda Kipe, who spent several weeks at the home of her uncle, Mr. Charles Eyler, of Franklinville, has returned home.

Mrs. W. H. Kipe and Mrs. R. L. Eyler and son spent Thursday with friends in Franklinville.

Misses Lucy Adelsberger and Rui Kipe spent Tuesday at the home of Mrs. M. J. McClaine.

Mr. R. L. Eyler spent a few days with relatives in Taneytown.

Mr. John Eyler and family, of near Emmitsburg, visited Mr. Martin Eyler last week.

Mrs. Cora McKissick, of Eyler's Valley, spent Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mr. R. L. Eyler.

There will be preaching services at the Friend's Creek Church every two weeks, evening and morning alternately on Sunday. On Nov. 26th there will be preaching in the evening at 7 o'clock.

Mr. W. H. Kipe is still suffering the effects of his accident of several weeks ago.

Isthmus Forts—Grant and Sherman. At the instance of Brig. Gen. E. M. Weaver, Chief of the Coast Artillery Corps and Acting Chief of Staff, the Secretary of War has approved the assignment of the name of Gen. Grant to the fort at the Pacific terminus of the Panama Canal, and those of Gen. Sherman, Gen. Wallace F. Randolph and Ferdinand De Lesseps to the sea coast forts near the Atlantic terminus.

BALTIMORE'S BEST STORE

Hochschild, Kohn & Co.

HOWARD AND LEXINGTON

COZY WEARABLES for WOMEN
—AT—
UNUSUALLY MODERATE PRICES

—Outing Flannel Gowns
—Outing Flannel Petticoats
—Knit Petticoats
—Dressing Sacques
—Long Kimonos

Garments which should be part of every prudent woman's fall and winter outfit. And, because this is Baltimore's Best Store, you can expect to get better garments—in quality and finish—than your money will ordinarily buy.

Any of these garments will be sent you by mail, with the understanding that they may be returned, and your money refunded, if they fail to please you in every respect.

Knit Petticoats, 25c. White or gray, with colored pin-striped border. Others of striped outing flannel, with scalloped edged ruffle.

Outing Flannel Petticoats, 50c. Of striped or plain white outing flannel, trimmed with ruffle.

Knit Petticoats, \$1.00. Of gray wool with colored borders.

Outing Flannel Gowns, 50c. Of striped outing flannel—two styles. One is collarless, and trimmed with pink or blue domed flannel; the other has rolling collar and cuffs.

White Outing Flannel Gowns, 79c. Rolling collar and cuffs finished with colored stitching; others of striped outing flannel.

Extra-size Gowns, 79c. Of striped outing flannel; rolling collar and cuffs.

Outing Flannel Gowns, \$1.00. Of striped outing flannel; rolling collar, cuffs and yoke finished with ribbon; another style is collarless, with round yoke and cuffs hemstitched.

Dressing Sacques, 50c. Of figured flannelette; rolling collar and three-quarter sleeves with cuffs.

Dressing Sacques, \$1.00. Of figured flannelette; sailor collar and edge of sleeves trimmed with satin ribbon.

Long Crepe Kimonos, \$1.00. With shirred yoke front and back; edge of kimono and sleeves trimmed with Persian band, in all colors.

Long Kimonos, \$1.25. Of figured flannelette in Persian effects; empire style; yoke and sleeves trimmed with bands of colored satin.

Long Kimonos, \$2.00. Of figured crepe in floral effects; neck and sleeves trimmed with satin.

Long Kimonos, \$2.50. Of crepe; large sailor collar and cuffs of satin, in navy, cardinal, pink, light blue and lavender.

Long Kimonos, \$2.50. Of figured flannelette, in empire effect; trimmed with satin.

Long Kimonos, \$5.00. Of plain or figured silk; some have yokes, others are in empire effect, trimmed with ribbon.

Eiderdown Robes, \$3.00. Of gray or red eiderdown; sleeves and pocket finished with shellstitch.

\$5.00 Eiderdown Robes, \$3.95. In grey, red, light blue and lavender; large collar, sleeves and pocket trimmed with satin band.

Blanket Robes, \$3.95. In gray and lavender, with white floral designs; Dutch neck, sleeves and pocket trimmed with stitched satin bands.

FREE DELIVERY of Purchases of \$5.00 or over

Where the goods are available in one package, they will be sent postpaid to any part of the United States.

Where the goods are not available, we will deliver free to the nearest freight or express office in Maryland, District of Columbia, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia or New Jersey

Hochschild, Kohn & Co.

Howard and Lexington Sts.

BALTIMORE, MD.



They last a lifetime. They're Fireproof—Stormproof—Inexpensive—Suitable for all kinds of buildings. For further detailed information apply to

JAMES G. BISHOP
EMMITSBURG, MD.

March 2-29 ts.

YOU CAN RAISE
100%
OF CHICKENS HATCHED

PRAISE WHERE PRAISE IS DUE.

I have been most successful with my Incubator Chickens this year—having raised 100 per cent. of chickens hatched. In former years I was only able to raise about 40% to 50% then I fed them on home products, but this year I am feeding Bolgiano's "Square Deal" Foods entirely and attribute my success to your nicely balanced foods.

My hatches were made with one of your Buckeye Incubators. I tell you this because I believe in giving praise where praise is due. Written on Sept. 26th, 1911 by Miss Lulu Thomas, of Pearsons, St. Mary's Co., Md.

DON'T BE FOOLED. If your local merchant doesn't sell Bolgiano's "Square Deal" Poultry Foods, drop us a postal, we will tell you who does.

WE HAVE SOMETHING NICE FOR YOU.

We have just published a book—something every one who raises chickens has been looking for—"POULTRY PROFITS FOR ONE YEAR." The price of this book is 25c. but if you will send us in stamps and mention the name of this paper, we will send you one free.

A POULTRY EXPERT. We have associated with us a Poultry Expert, who will gladly answer any question you would like to ask—drop us a letter.

J. BOLGIANO & SONS, Manufacturers "Square Deal" Poultry Foods. Almost 100 years Established Trade. BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

an 11 12



UNIVERSAL
PORTLAND CEMENT
makes the strongest
CONCRETE

FOR SALE BY

E. L. FRIZELL
Emmitsburg, Md.

Apr. 20-09 17.

ALBERT ADELSBERGER
LIVERY MAN

Emmitsburg, Maryland

Fine Horses and First-Class Carriages.

Teams for Drummers and Pleasure Parties a Specialty

may 7-09 17

The KITCHEN CABINET



PUDDINGS, my friend, do a mission fulfill:
They add to the dinner as well as the bill:
They cause men to wish, with ardor they may,
That the meal which fortells them came three times a day.

PUDDINGS, OLD AND NEW.

What to have for dessert is the daily question asked by thousands of housewives all over the land. Here is one to try:

Orange Tartlets.—Take two tablespoonfuls of sponge cake crumbs, two tablespoonfuls of cream, a teaspoonful of vanilla, two tablespoonfuls of butter, one egg, the grated rind and juice of an orange and four tablespoonfuls of sugar. Roll out some pastry, cut in rounds and line gem pans with it. Beat the butter to a cream, add the egg, well beaten, then the crumbs and flavoring and juice of the orange. Mix well together and put a teaspoonful in the lined gem pans. Bake fifteen minutes in a hot oven.

Ice cream with a hot pudding sauce of maple sirup or chocolate makes a delicious dessert.

Caramel Rice Pudding.—Cook a cup of rice in six cups of milk in a double boiler two hours, then add a teaspoonful of salt, two eggs slightly beaten and the rind of half an orange. Caramelize a cup of sugar in a saucepan and when a golden brown pour it into the mold, coating the sides on the inner surface. Add the rice mixture, cover and cook in the oven; let stand twenty minutes in the pan of hot water. Remove from the oven and serve with a soft custard.

Steamed Date Pudding.—Cover two and a fourth cups of soft bread crumbs with a third of a cup of milk. Chop a cup of figs and a half cup of suet together; add three beaten eggs, a cup of brown sugar and a teaspoonful of salt. Pour into a melon mold and steam for three hours and a half. Serve with an egg sauce. Beat three eggs until foamy, add half a cup of sugar and a half cup of hot milk with a teaspoonful of flavoring.

Cocoa Fruit Pudding.—Chop two-thirds of a cup of suet and a cup of figs, two and a fourth cups of bread crumbs in a meat chopper; add a half cup of cocoa, a cup of brown sugar, two eggs, a half cup of milk and a half teaspoonful of salt. Steam three hours and serve with chocolate sauce or sweetened cream whipped.

Nellie Maxwell.

The KITCHEN CABINET



BY DEGREES, by thinking light,
Thinking glad and sweetly,
You'll escape the stress of night,
Worry gone completely.
Get the habit of looking for
Sunsbeams protruding,
Tapping gaily at your door—
Surest cure for fretting.

VARIOUS STEWS.

Stews may be made of the cheaper cuts of meat and with different seasonings to vary the flavor, a great variety may be had.

Spanish Stew.—Cut a small piece of suet into pieces and try out in a saucepan. Add one and a fourth pounds of chuck cut in small pieces. Cook until well browned, then add a little water and simmer until tender. Add a third of a can of tomatoes, one small onion, a bay leaf and salt and pepper. Thicken with flour that has been browned.

Irish Stew.—Take one and a half pounds of the neck of beef, cut in pieces an inch square, place in a saucepan in which a little suet has been fried out; add a slice of onion and brown the meat. Cover with three cups of boiling water and simmer slowly for half an hour. Then add two carrots, cut fine. Cook another hour, and then add five potatoes cut in halves. When the potatoes are tender, add a little flour to the gravy. Season with salt, pepper and serve.

Veal Stew.—Take one and a half pounds of shoulder of veal, cut it in pieces, put into a saucepan with boiling water, one onion, salt and pepper to taste. When the meat is nearly cooked, put into a saucepan over the fire a piece of butter to fill a tablespoon and a teaspoonful of flour; blend and cook and then add to the veal gravy.

A very nice flavored stew may be prepared by using several kinds of meat, a few chicken bones for flavor, some beef and a little veal.

Nellie Maxwell.

No Fear.

"The paperhanger is one man who is not worried about his business."

"Why not?"

"Because he rather likes the prospect of its going to the wall."

The Test.

"Can animals reason?"
"Just you try if a bulldog can hold his own."

Farm and Garden

FARM FAIRS USEFUL.

They Not Only Educate, but They Make Money For the Holders.

That the farm fair is well worth while has been demonstrated in dollars and cents by the department of agriculture. Its report shows that there are in the United States 1,203 county fair associations, with a paid up membership of 95,321, and that the total receipts in 1910 of the various exhibitions were \$2,525,750.

The agricultural college and the farmers' institute have been benefited very greatly. The fair gives these in stitutes and their workers an opportunity to meet farmers personally. It gives an opportunity to secure cooperation in demonstration work, makes it possible to get in touch with farmers and conduct agricultural schools and short courses, not only while the exposition is on, but also in different parts of the country later. It makes it possible to collect in one place the results of field demonstrations all over the state and enables college and station men to secure



HAPPY CROWD AT FARM FAIR.

names and addresses of representative farmers with whom to correspond in disseminating agricultural information.

At certain periods each day demonstrations are given at different parts of the grounds. These demonstrations include packing of fruit, manipulation of the Babcock test, spraying operations, including the mixing of sprays, as well as their application; killing, dressing and packing of poultry for market; sanitary handling of milk; transplanting, budding and pruning of trees; seed selection, cheese and butter making, testing agricultural machinery, cooking, plowing matches, etc.

In exhibiting animals hay and bedding should be provided free if possible, and grain should be sold at a very moderate rate to exhibitors. This matter of feed at fairs has caused a lot of trouble. Grafting very frequently creeps in, leading to intense dissatisfaction and often to unpleasant experiences.

The judging must be done, so far as possible, by wholly disinterested experts. The judge ought to be ready to explain any finding if he is asked to do so. There are plenty of expert judges available in all lines now, as there is no reason why the best of judges should not be secured.

The matter of concessions and amusements has caused more controversy and discussion than any other thing in connection with the state or county fair. Trials of speed, acrobatic and sleight of hand performances, exhibitions of trained animals, moving pictures, military drills, games of ball, foot races and other similar entertainments, are all unobjectionable when properly controlled and provide entertainment for those who come to spend an idle hour.

But they should be very carefully supervised and not be permitted to interfere with the main exhibits and more educational features of the fair. All entertainments should be restricted to certain hours, when it would be possible for all who desire to witness and enjoy them.

It is suggested that all county fairs shall be supervised by the secretary of the state board of agriculture or some one from the department of agriculture. A general meeting of representatives of all the fair associations should be held each year for conference and discussion of important topics.

Value of White Oak.

White oak is now so scarce that the so called white oak timber of our markets is often a mixture of various species, including red oak. It is almost impossible to get an unmixed consignment of white oak.

Gems In Verse

OLD FAVORITES.

WHERE IGNORANCE IS BLISS.

Lo in the vale of years beneath
A grisly troop are seen
The painful family of Death,
More hideous than their queen.
This racks the joints, this fires the veins,
That every laboring sinew strains.
These in the deeper vitals rage,
Lo poverty to fill the band,
That numbs the soul with icy hand,
And slow consuming age!

To each his sufferings. All are men,
Condemned alike to groan,
The tender for another's pain,
The unfeeling for his own.
Yet, ah, why should they know
their fate,
Since sorrow never comes too late
And happiness too swiftly flies?
Thought would destroy their paradise
No more. Where ignorance is bliss
'Tis folly to be wise.
—Thomas Gray.

WYNKEN, BLYNKEN AND NOD.

WYNKEN, Blynken and Nod one night
Sailed off in a wooden shoe—
Sailed on a river of crystal light
Into a sea of dew.
"Where are you going, and what do you wish?"
The old moon asked the three.
"We have come to fish for the herring fish
That live in this beautiful sea.
Nets of silver gossamer we,"
Said Wynken,
Blynken
And Nod.

THE old moon laughed and sang a song
As they rocked in the wooden shoe,
And the wind that sped them all night long
Ruffled the waves of dew.
The little stars were the herring fish
That lived in the beautiful sea.
"Now cast your net wherever you wish—
Never afraid are we!"
So cried the stars to the fishermen three,
Wynken,
Blynken
And Nod.

ALL night long their nets they threw
To the stars in the twinkling foam,
Then down from the skies came the wooden shoe,
Bringing the fishermen home.
"Twas all so pretty a sail, it seemed
As if it could not be,
And some folk thought 'twas a dream
They'd dreamed
Of sailing that beautiful sea,
But I shall name you the fishermen three—
Wynken,
Blynken
And Nod.

WYNKEN and Blynken are two little eyes
And Nod is a little head,
And the wooden shoe that sailed the skies
Is a wee one's trundle bed.
So shut your eyes while mother sings
Of wonderful sights that be,
And you shall see the beautiful things
As you rock on the misty sea,
Where the old shoe rocked the fishermen three—
Wynken,
Blynken
And Nod.
—Eugene Field.

SHINE JUST WHERE YOU ARE.

DON'T waste your time in longing
For bright, impossible things.
Don't sit supinely yearning
For the swiftness of wings.
Don't spurn to be a rushlight
Because you are not a star,
But brighten some bit of darkness
By shining just where you are.

There is need of the tiniest candle
As well as the garish sun.
The humblest need is ennobled
When it is worthily done.
You may never be called to brighten
The darkened regions afar,
So fill for the day your mission
By shining just where you are.
—John Hay.

THE CLEW.

LIFE is a clearing in a wood
Where stars' midnight the soul—a
thrush—
Bathes in the beam and finds it good.
Peoples with song the solitude,
Then, singing, dares the dark, the hush
—William Roscoe Thayer.



Painting the Old Cow's Portrait

Daddy's Bedtime Story—

The Painter
Lady Who
Loved Animals

"THERE was a lady out in the field today where the cows are," said Jack. "She wasn't a bit afraid of them!" This seemed strange to Jack. From Evelyn's fear of cows he had formed the idea that all girls shrieked at sight of cows.

"Yes, daddy," cried Evelyn. "She was painting a picture of the cows, a real nice picture too. Couldn't you get me some paint in little tin bottles, like the lady had, and some brushes, so that I could paint pictures too?"

"Dear me! Don't you know that it takes years and years to learn to paint pictures? The lady whom you saw must have gone to school many years before she could paint that pretty picture which you saw."

"Well, perhaps painting schools are nicer than just plain schools, where you study arithmetic and reading and writing."

"I fancy they are a great deal harder, and they won't take folks at painting schools until they know a heap of things they have to learn at just the plain schools."

Evelyn sighed. "Well, I suppose I'll have to wait, but when I get to be a painter lady I won't paint just old cows. I'll paint nice animals like lions and tigers and monkeys. I can go to the circus and paint the animals right in their cages."

"Evelyn is afraid if they were not in cages she wouldn't be safe," said Jack, laughing.

"Well, painter ladies have to learn to know their animals so well that they won't be afraid to go right up and stroke them or play with them. That was the way with Miss Rosa Bonheur, the French lady who painted the finest pictures of animals that have ever been done. There were lions and tigers and all sorts of animals in the garden of her home near Paris. Miss Bonheur treated her pets just as you would a pet dog."

"There is a story told of one lioness that was so tame that it would stand with its paws on its mistress' shoulder and kiss her face. When the lioness became ill Miss Bonheur visited it several times every day. Just before the poor old lioness died it got up and tried to climb the stairs to the room where it knew its dear mistress was. Miss Bonheur heard it coming and, going down, took the dying lioness into her arms."

"Miss Bonheur got her animals when they were young, and she had a wonderful way of managing them. The secret of it was that she loved the animals instead of fearing them. Animals seem to know just how we feel toward them and almost always repay love and kindness with love."

Gems In Verse

THE RECORD BREAKER.

"I WANT to make the fastest time,"
The aviator said,
"Of any one that ever yet
Has traveled overhead."
And then he donned the leather togs
The men birds have to wear
And tuned the little motor up
And mounted in the air.

HE soared above the fleecy clouds
And sailed around the sky
Till something broke, and like a rock
He fell from regions high.
"Oh, did I make the fastest time?"
He asked of Dr. Brown,
And this is what the doctor said:
"You did, sir—coming down!"
—Minna Irving.

EASTERN NIGHT.

The world lies silent under the stars.
No echo comes from the hushed bazaars.
Only a wind stirs faint and free
Through the velvet palms by a moon washed sea.

The world lies silent under the stars.
Golden Venus and rose flushed Mars,
And the little waves shiver and tremble and beat
Like a tiny pulse on the sands at my feet

Then through the night the sound of a flute,
Sweeter than viol or harp or lute,
Murmurs its secrets to the stars
Out of the hush of the dim bazaars.
—Westminster Gazette.

RICHES AND GREATNESS.

I DON'T want to be rich if riches bring pride
And turn me from those who are now by my side.
If having wealth means I must wander afar
From the quiet of home where the shining lights are
And must learn how to sneer at the humble who toil
And mock at the man who is tilling the soil,
If I must be haughty because of success,
Judge my brother alone by the cut of his dress,
Shut my door against those whom I welcome today
Because they have less cold, hard cash,
then I say,
I don't want to be rich.

I don't want to be great if real greatness is just
Being petted and jollied by men I don't trust.
Being boosted by men who have axes to grind
And leaving the friends who are true far behind
If greatness means nothing but flourish and pomp
With no time to play with the children and romp,
No kisses from lips ruby red and no arms plump
And dimpled thrown round me—I say, if these charms
Must go out of my life, yes, if I must resign
The joys that I have and the pleasures now mine
I don't want to be great.
—Detroit Free Press

THE REAL TEST OF STRENGTH.

WHO is the strong? Not he who puts to test
His sinews with the strong and proves the best.
But he who dwells where weaklings congregate
And never lets his splendid strength abate
Who is the good? Not he who walks each day
With moral men along the high, clean way,
But he who loses gilded sin and shame
Yet will not sell his honor or his name.
Who is the wise? Not he who from the start
With wisdom's followers has taken part,
But he who looks in Folly's tempting eyes
And turns away, perceiving her disguise.
Who is serene? Not he who flees his kind
Some desert fastness or some cave to find,
But he who in the city's noisiest scene
Keeps calm within—he only is serene.
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Butterflies.

The colors of butterflies are influenced by the temperature of the air in which they live.

THE STAFFORD

Perfect Service.
Finest Location.
Excellent Cuisine.
Liberal Management.
Fireproof Construction.

WASHINGTON PLACE

BALTIMORE,

MD.

June 28-17

WEDDING

Invitations, Announcements, Visiting Cards and Engraving for all Society Purposes.
Embossing, Lithographing and Color Printing.
All Work Properly Done and Promptly Delivered.
Estimates and Samples submitted.
THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

EMMITSBURG GRAIN ELEVATOR

BOYLE BROS.

—DEALERS IN—

Hay, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bran, Chop, Clover and Timothy Seed, Chicken Feed, Horse and Cattle Powder, Maryland Portland Cement, Terra Cotta Pipe. A Full Line of

MACHINERY

And Repairs for same.

Coal in all Sizes

Call and get our Prices before you buy.

BOYLE BROS.

Apr. 2-09

—CALL ON—

GEO. T. EYSTER.

—AND—

See his splendid stock of GOLD & SILVER Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES

If You Are Not Looking For Quality Do Not Use

HANN'S GOODS

Hann's Toilet Cream

"Tooth Paste

"Mucilage

"Ever Sticking Glue

"Library Paste

"Handy Bluing

"Inks, Black, Red, Violet,

Green, Copying, Blue Copying, Black Copying, Blueblack and Blue.

This INK will not corrode your pen. Your dealer has these goods—do not accept any Substitute, all goods sold on their merits. Manufactured by

P. A. Hann & Co.

Creagerstown,

Maryland.

Jan. 13, 1912.

Men's, Young Men's and Children's Suits

Overcoats and Separate Pants,

Underwear, Sweaters, Hosiery,

Shoes for Every Member of the Family,

Hats and Caps for Men, Boys and Children.

Full Line of Traveling Goods.

LOWENSTEIN & WERTHEIMER

HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS

11 N. Market Street, FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

Jan 24-11

A FAIR EXCHANGE

MANY people have things that they no longer have use for, but keep them in the house taking up room and doing no one any good.

Better sell or trade off things you don't want. Advertise them and you will find that there are people ready to take them and pay cash, or trade for them. You will find it easy through the Columns of

THE CHRONICLE