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STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

ESTABLISHED OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

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NO. 11

AN UNWRITTEN LAW PUZZLE

EFFECTING PRESIDENT

Can Executive Leave Country During Office Hours

JOHNSON AND ROOSEVELT DID IT

Nothing in Constitution Prohibiting President Going Out of Limits.—Precedent and Duty to be At Desk is All That Prevents.

Some one has asked the editor of the Springfield Republican about the question of the President going outside of the limits of the country, the idea being prevalent that it is illegal for him so to do. The editor replied as follows:

There is nothing in the constitution or the laws of the United States to prevent the president from going out of the country during his term of office, but there has grown up a custom or rule, having the force of an unwritten law, that he shall remain within the boundaries of the United States.

This seems to have originated in the early idea that a public officer is hired to remain at his post, and Jefferson complained of a popular clamor against the president's exercise of his right to spend his summers, for example, away from the capital. But he declared he would not remain at tide water (Washington) during the two "bilious months," whatever people might say. Then, too, the constitution provides that in case of the president's "inability to discharge the duties of his office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president." If, then, the president should go out of the country for awhile, the question would at once arise whether he had not disabled himself from discharging his official duties, and whether the vice-president should, and assume control, as lieutenant-governors of states do when the governor leaves the state. And no president would care to risk the raising of such a question, for the vice-president of the United States, unlike the vice-governors of states, has never been admitted to temporary occupation of the post of chief executive, and no president now would venture to establish a contrary precedent.

Mr. Roosevelt—of course—has been the only president apparently to break the rule under discussion. He went to Panama—on a government vessel, to be sure—and at Panama he did not remain every minute of the time within the canal zone. The only other exception in mind is that of President Johnson, who crossed the bridge at Niagara Falls when visiting there in one of his "swings around the circle." President McKinley, in his southwestern trip in 1901, went part way over the bridge at El Paso, but did not touch Mexican soil.

EX-GOV. WARFIELD AGAIN IN STATE POLITICS

He Will Take Up the Fight For Reforms.—Favors Nomination by Direct Vote of the People.

To-morrow Ex-Governor Warfield will again enter politics and henceforth that day will be called a red letter one in the history of Maryland's political affairs. On Saturday, July 31, at Lisbon, Howard county, he will address a meeting advocating the nomination of party candidates by direct vote of the people. He will attack the present primary election system as a whole, the United States Senatorial primary law, the political conditions in Howard county, legislative expenses, party leadership and other subjects of interest and importance.

This move is looked upon by those close to ex-Governor Warfield as the first step in a campaign which he will institute for political reforms which he has for a long time favored. It is also regarded as the beginning of an open fight against State Senator Gorman, who is the leader in Democratic politics in Howard county.

The Whitley Reward Money.

Deputy Attorney Cunningham of Pennsylvania will conduct an inquiry at Cleveland, O., August 5, to determine who shall receive the reward for the capture of James Boyle and his wife, the kidnapers of Willie Whitley. The state of Pennsylvania offered a reward of \$15,000, less the cost of conviction, for the capture of the kidnapers. So far Patrick O'Reilly, a saloon-keeper at Cleveland, is the only applicant for the reward. He informed the police of the whereabouts of the Boyles on the night of March 23, and the arrests followed in a few hours.

The total trade of the United States with its noncontiguous territories during the fiscal year just ended amounted to \$160,000,000, as against approximately \$50,000,000 in 1908.

MONTEVUE IMPROVED

Dr. Herring Again Visits Institution at Frederick

IS NOW EQUAL TO ANY IN STATE

Main Building Highly Praised by Secretary of State Lunacy Commission.—Negro Quarters Crowded.

Dr. A. P. Herring of the State Lunacy Commission, again visited Montevue on Monday. For sometime Dr. Herring's criticisms of this institution have caused a great deal of resentment on the part of those in charge of the asylum. On Monday, accompanied by Dr. H. P. Fahrney, the physician at the institution, Mr. David Cramer, president of the Board of Charities and Correction and George R. Dennis, Esq., attorney to the County Commissioners, Dr. Herring made another thorough inspection.

The friends of the hospital and asylum were very much gratified to hear Dr. Herring had much to say of praise for the conditions as he found them. Concerning the main building the inspection showed that it was the finest county asylum in the State, both externally and internally.

Dr. Herring took pains to deny that he had ever made any statements reflecting seriously upon the condition of Montevue Hospital as a whole. Statements printed in Baltimore newspapers as relating to the entire institution, he said, had been made in reference to the Negro department. In regard to his address at Towson several months ago, he charged that in a typewritten synopsis of the address which he furnished to a Baltimore newspaper words which made it clear that he was referring to the Negro department at Montevue had been changed in the newspaper office so as to make it appear that he was referring to the "Frederick County Asylum" as a whole.

The Negro department is overcrowded and it was this condition to which his previous criticisms had been chiefly directed. The completion of the addition to this department, which will be ready in about thirty days, will relieve overcrowding in a large measure, but the State Lunacy Commission has directed that no more Negro patients be received from other counties until the number at the institution has been reduced by death or removal.

WASHINGTON MONUMENT NOT WIRELESS TOWER

Navy Department Will Have To Erect Its Own Mast For Telegraphing, Says President and Cabinet.

The Washington Monument will not be used in making wireless experiments by the navy.

The question of utilizing this very favorable location for the transmission and receipt of Government wireless messages recently was revived by Lieut.-Com. Cleland Davis, the acting chief of the Naval Bureau of Equipment. The Secretary of the Navy submitted the plan to the President and his Cabinet.

The Navy Department expects to erect a wireless station in the Capital with a vertical support or tower from 500 to 600 feet in height. But before determining the location of the station, it was desired to make temporary use of the Washington Monument as a support for the antenna in the conduct of experiments.

The President and Cabinet had previously ruled against the use of the marble shaft as a wireless station, and after full consideration of the matter, it was again decided not to allow its use even for experimental purposes.

HISTORIC PIPE ORGAN TO BE REMODELED

Instrument Tested by Handel and Brought Here in 1756 Will Be Taken From King's Chapel, Boston.

In pursuance of a decision to replace the organ of historic King's Chapel, Boston, which was installed in 1756, with a new one, workmen are engaged in the ancient church in assembling the parts of the modern instrument.

The original organ was imported from London, and when it reached Boston, more than a century and a half ago, it was the sensation of the town. In its long history many famous musicians sat at its keyboard.

There is a tradition that before the organ was sent to America it was tested and approved by Handel himself in London, and on this account, as well as for other sentiments, as many of the original parts as possible will have a place in the remodeled structure.

Helen Spencer of unsavory fame in the Panama Canal Zone, was captured in Ecuador by New York detectives. She is now in prison in the Tombs.

STORY OF PROTECTIVE TARIFF

TAFT IS LEADER OF NEW SCHOOL OF PROTECTION

Argument Advanced By Those Who First Secured Adoption of Protective Policy in United States

IN ORDER TO PLACE OUR INFANT INDUSTRIES FAIRLY ON THEIR FEET

Insistent Demand For Lower Duties And Wilson-Gorman Tariff Bill.—Financial Depression That Followed.—President Leader in Demand For Measure Which Would Be Sufficient to Equalize Difference in Cost Here and Abroad.—Downward Revision Is The Cry of His Party.

While the attention of all those interested in the tariff is concentrated just at present on the efforts of the President to secure certain specific reductions, such as free hides, free coal, free iron ore and free petroleum and the House rate of \$1 a thousand feet on lumber, the general success of Mr. Taft's influence in favor of downward revision is likely to be lost sight of. There is no doubt in the mind of any unprejudiced observer that Mr. Taft has exerted material influence and that but for his efforts the rates generally would be considerably higher.

When the President and the people come to cast up the results, unless all present prospects fail, they will find small reductions all along the line to the number of about six hundred. But of far more importance in the estimation of the President, and of the people will be the provisions for a corporation tax and for a tariff commission. These provisions will afford the machinery necessary to a future tariff revision which will be in accordance with the tariff plank in the last national platform, and without such machinery the fulfillment of that plank is an impossibility. The fact is that President Taft is the leader of a new school of protection—new just now, at least, although it is actually a return to the arguments originally advanced in favor of the protective policy. Those who first secured the adoption of the protective policy submitted that wages abroad were much lower than in the United States, that many industries thrived in foreign countries which did not exist here and that in order to maintain the demand for labor in this country and so maintain the higher wage scale it was necessary to impose a tariff which should equal the difference in the cost of production here and abroad. The policy was adopted, American industries were established and the wage scale was maintained. But prices to the consumer

CONGRESSMAN PEARRE WILL NOT RUN FOR JUDGE

Will Not Enter Primaries in Allegany County.—He Will Support Lindley Sloan for that Office.

Congressman George A. Pearre will not be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Chief Judge of the Fourth Judicial Circuit of Maryland. He will, therefore, not enter the primaries in Allegany county, which will be held August 14.

Congressman Pearre would have had until July 30 to announce himself had he intended to engage in the fight. A Republican leader who is close to Congressman Pearre says an understanding has been reached whereby Congressman Pearre is to support D. Lindley Sloan for the Republican nomination for Chief Judge, and in return Mr. Sloan and his friends are to support Mr. Pearre in the primaries next year for renomination for Congress. Mr. Pearre has decided to go into the Congressional primaries again next year, according to this statement.

Cardinal Gibbons Accepts.

Cardinal Gibbons notified the Albany (N. Y.) burgesses corps yesterday that he had accepted its tender of life membership in that historic body, which probably numbers among its honorary members more famous Americans than any similar organization in the country. The cardinal has also permitted his nomination as honorary chaplain.

The Wrights Have Been Honored.

The list of decorations which the French Government bestowed on foreign aviators was announced in Paris on Monday. It was headed by the Wright brothers. Wilbur Wright, when offered the cross of the Legion of Honor last fall, declined to accept it unless his brother, Orville, was similarly decorated.

Fruit Failure In Pennsylvania.

Not more than a fourth of a crop of peaches and one-third of a crop of apples will be gathered this year in Pennsylvania, according to information received at the State Department of Agriculture. State Zoologist Surface estimates that the loss to apple growers this year will amount to \$1,000,000.

TOWER 250 FEET HIGH FOR ADVERTISING PURPOSES

Times Square, New York, to be Embellished by Seven Story Column.—May Be Built Higher.

Plans have been approved and a contract let for the erection in Times Square, New York, of a tower 250 feet high, said to be the only structure of its kind ever built exclusively for advertising purposes.

The ground floor will apparently be free of walls and surrounded on all sides with fronts of glass. Even the steel supporting columns, inclosed in mirrors, will be invisible from within and without.

The third, fourth, fifth and sixth floors will be occupied by offices. The seventh is to be a huge frieze or dado, intricate with electric arabesques and illuminated advertising signs. Flaming arcs will crown the four ornamental corner posts.

Ultimately it is proposed to extend the steel framework to a total height of 30 stories.

Uncle Sam Objects to Lotteries.

Because official lotteries are to form a feature of the attractions the United States government is hesitating about accepting invitations to participate in the Italian expositions at Rome and Turin in 1911. France, Great Britain, Spain, Germany, and a number of other countries already have signified their intention of participating.

Large Mortgage Recorded.

The largest mortgages ever entered in the office of Recorder of Deeds in Adams county were recently filed with Recorder Jacob A. Appler and are now being recorded by Deputy Recorder Willis Appler. The mortgages are against the Western Maryland Railroad Company, the one being for \$50,000,000, the other for \$10,000,000.

Spain's Anti-War Riots Serious.

Barcelona, Spain, is now under martial law. Serious rioting has occurred following the declaration of a general strike Monday in protest against the military operations in Morocco and the dispatch to that country of large bodies of troops. A number of persons have been killed and many wounded.

THE CHANNEL CROSSED

Frenchman Does Trick in Small Monoplane

M. LOUIS BLERIOT WINS PRIZE

Speed Averaged More Than 45 Miles An Hour.—Sailed 250 Feet Above Water.—Machine's Weight.

England experienced a thrill when Louis Blériot flew across the English Channel on his little bird-like machine in half an hour. Blériot left Les Baraques, three miles from Calais on Sunday morning at 4.30 on one of the smallest monoplanes ever used. He crossed the channel in a little less than half an hour, twice as swiftly as the fastest mail boat. His speed averaged more than 45 miles an hour; sometimes it approached 60 miles. He kept about 250 feet above the sea level, and for 10 minutes, while about mid-channel, was out of sight of both coasts and of the French torpedo destroyer which followed him, with his wife and friends aboard.

Hardly was he out of sight of watchers on the French coast before he was spied by people on the English side. The machine looked like a monster hawk. The noise of the motors was audible as he swooped overhead.

By his achievement the hardy Frenchman won the prize of \$5000 offered by the London Daily Mail for the first flight across the English channel, and stole a march on his rivals, Hubert Latham and Count de Lambert, both of whom had hoped to make the attempt.

Hubert Latham's second attempt to fly across the Channel ended disastrously Tuesday. Almost in the moment of victory his monoplane fluttered down into the sea, two miles beyond the admiralty pier. Thousands of persons crowding the water front saw the fall, and were kept in suspense, not knowing whether the daring aeronaut had met death or not.

Parts of the framework of the monoplane were splintered on landing. Everyone expressed surprise at its small size. It is no more than 20 feet across the wings, and its weight is about 400 pounds, the motor being 25 horse-power. The machine is fitted with an airtight, sausage-shaped rubber bag, so that it would float if it descended to the sea.

FORMER PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER DIES

Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor Dandridge, Once Mistress of the White House, Passes Away at Winchester.

Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor Dandridge, the daughter of President Zachary Taylor and a former mistress of the White House, died at Winchester, Va., Sunday evening, after a brief illness. Mrs. Dandridge was the third daughter of Gen. Zachary Taylor, 12th President of the United States, and was born at Fort Snelling, Minn., and was 85 years old. Death was due to heart failure, following a long period of illness. She was buried at Winchester on Tuesday.

Mrs. Dandridge received her education in Philadelphia. At the age of 19 years she married Maj. William S. Bliss, who was a member of her father's staff in the Mexican war, and who later became his private secretary. After her father's inauguration, Mrs. Bliss, or "Miss Betty," as she was popularly called, became mistress of the White House. It was said of her that she "did the honors of the establishment with the artlessness of a rustic belle and the grace of a duchess."

Mme. Nordica was married yesterday.

SPENCER, MASSACHUSETTS, HOME OF THE HOWES

Inventors of Sewing Machine, Truss Bridge and Bed Springs All Born In Same House In Little Town.

The little town of Spencer, Massachusetts, which has long been famous but did not know it, will, on October 1 of the present year, call upon the whole world to witness its tardy recognition of its own distinction by dedicating a monument to the cause thereof, the Howe family. The noted members of the family which made the little Massachusetts town famous are Elias Howe, inventor of the sewing machine; William Howe, inventor of the truss bridge, and Tyler Howe, inventor of the bed spring. All three were born in a house still standing in Spencer.

Prince Miguel of Braganza, eldest son of the pretender to the Portuguese throne, renounced his right to the throne to marry Miss Anita Stewart, an American girl.

Germany will be represented at the Hudson-Fulton celebration by Admiral A. D. von Koester.

BIG BLUNDERS BY LAWYERS

IN NATIONAL AFFAIRS

Our Infallible Constitutional Administration

WHOLE CABINET OF LEGAL LIGHTS

Few Things That Have Happened In First Five Months of Its Existence.—No Discredit to Legal Side of Taft's Advisers.

This is the greatest constitutional lawyer administration in the history of the country, says the Springfield Republican. The President himself is a distinguished legal light. So is his secretary of state, Mr. Knox; so is his secretary of war, Mr. Dickinson; and so are the secretary of the interior, Mr. Ballinger, and the secretary of commerce and labor, Mr. Nagel—not to mention the attorney-general, or Senator Root, who seems to hold a position equivalent to that of advisory counsel to the administration.

Now let us see what has happened under this infallible constitutional administration during only the first five months of its existence. First was the appointment of Senator Knox to the cabinet after, and during whose senatorial term, Congress had increased the salaries of cabinet officers, contrary to clause 2 of section 6 of article 1 of the constitution. To meet the difficulty Congress had to put the secretary of state's salary back to the old figure where it must remain during Mr. Knox's incumbency.

Next came President Taft's recession from his earlier position that no amendment of the constitution was needed to enact a valid income tax law. Then in the matter of the sugar trust prosecution the course of the department of justice under Mr. Wickersham is thus chronicled by the Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce:—

The attorney-general first asserted that there was no possibility of proceedings, then allowed investigations to be made, and finally indictments to be asked for. The district attorney, after a conference with his chief, however, asserted that the indictments would probably not amount to much, and finally this announcement was promptly followed by a batch of indictments.

Then all the great legal heads of the administration got around the corporation income tax proposal and put the bill into a shape which, as was duly announced, made it absolutely unassailable in the courts. But it has since gone back to its infallible framers, at least once, if not twice or three times, to be doctored over and patched up and

(Continued on page 8.)

DEATH ENDS CELEBRATED RECTOR'S LABORS

Dr. William R. Huntington of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church, New York.—Graduate of Harvard.

Rev. Dr. William R. Huntington, rector of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church, New York, died early Monday morning after a lingering illness of intestinal trouble at the Summer home of his son-in-law, Royal Robbins, where he had been since April.

William Reed Huntington was born in 1837 at Lowell, Mass. At his graduation from Harvard in 1859 he was class poet. His studies for the ministry were under the direction of an uncle, Rev. Dr. Frederick D. Huntington, who later was Episcopal Bishop of Central New York. In 1862 Dr. Huntington was appointed curate at Emmanuel Church, but after a few months became rector of All Saints' Church, Worcester, where he continued for 21 years. During this time he was elected bishop of Iowa, but declined the honor. He left Worcester in 1883 to become rector of Grace Church, New York, where he remained until his death.

Heney Says Tawney Is Wrong.

In reply to Representative Tawney's assertion that he has been paid for service not rendered, Francis J. Heney of San Francisco said: "I have not received a dollar in fees except for services rendered prior to the San Francisco graft cases. The delay in payments to me by the United States Government was due to lack of funds, compelling a special appropriation by Congress. A fully itemized statement of all my accounts is in the hands of the United States attorney general."

District Attorney Jerome of New York has decided to take a hand again in the Thaw case which is attracting public attention by reason of a pamphlet written and published by Thaw's mother.

ODDS AND ENDS

Col. Roosevelt shot a snipe.

A new French cabinet has been formed by M. Briand.

Whitelaw Reid entertained King Edward on Saturday.

The camp of the M. N. G. at Westminster has been broken.

On Monday 50 years ago the first street car was run in Baltimore.

Japan is very anxious for a new trade treaty with the United States.

Uruguay is to negotiate abroad a loan of \$6,000,000 for public works.

The annual reunion of Lutheran Sunday Schools of this county was held yesterday at Braddock Heights.

A girl bandit held up a Golden tourist in Eastern Colorado on Sunday and relieved him of his valuables.

The National City Bank of New York will assume the Costo Rican loan amounting to about \$10,000,000.

The new Cuban Government will save \$2,180,543.68 this year on account of generous pruning by President Gomez.

Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh will leave for his Summer home at Dublin, N. H., as soon as Congress adjourns.

At a conference at the Treasury Department it was decided to largely increase the supply of one and five dollar bills.

Secretary Nagle of the Department of Commerce, addressed the National Travelers' Association at Chicago on Saturday.

Robert Pitcan, for 52 years a prominent official in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, died in Pittsburgh on Sunday.

Edward McCann of the Chicago police force, has been indicted on five counts of receiving tribute from Chicago dives.

Cornelius P. Shea, the Chicago labor leader, was sentenced to from five to twenty-five years in the penitentiary for attempting to murder a girl.

Further reports from points along the Gulf coast of Texas show that 41 persons were killed, 37 injured and \$1,816,000 worth of property destroyed.

Cardinal Andrieu, of Bordeaux, fined for inciting disobedience to the French separation law, will not recognize the sentence of the court.

By the side-swiping of the Royal Blue express by a B. & O. engine in Philadelphia on Saturday both the engineer and fireman of the fast train were killed.

Congressmen Tawney, Mann and Smith were presented each with a cat by an anonymous friend. They were deposited in the desks of the gentlemen in the House of Representatives.

Before a moving-picture machine Orville Wright made his aeroplane whirl around in the air for 20 minutes at the rate of 44 miles an hour at the testing grounds near Washington.

John S. Wise, Jr., of New York, said in Paris that he has hopes of Col. Roosevelt heading the mayoralty ticket in New York this Fall. Mr. Wise seems to be the only one to hold this hope.

When King Alfonso visited the barracks in Madrid to say farewell to the soldiers bound for Morocco, the soldiers and their wives violently protested, and three companies of Chasseurs mutinied.

It appears that King Alfonso of Spain favored the marriage of his cousin, Prince Alfonso, to Princess Beatrice, but the Spanish government opposed it on the ground of the Princess being a Protestant. The King advised a secret marriage.

MT. ST. MARY'S ITEMS

The Misses Alice McNulty and Sadie Baker, of Baltimore, are visiting in this place.

Mrs. Robert Perty, of Baltimore, has returned home.

Miss Minnie Althoff, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with her brother, Mr. George Althoff.

Several days ago the Mountain Blues easily defeated the Friend's Creek baseball team by the score of 12 to 8. Allen Kreitz, pitcher for the victors, played a masterly game and was especially effective with men on bases. He struck out 13 batsmen.

Miss Lillian Brown of Emmitsburg, was the guest of Miss Mary Knott.

Mr. Ernest Weaver, of York, Pa., visited his parents last week.

St. Anthony's picnic was a grand success.

While on a visit to Camp Crothers, Westminster, last week Mr. Edward Hoffman had the misfortune to have his pocketbook picked. The purse contained something over \$7 and a railroad ticket.

Messrs. George Wagner and George Shorb, of Waynesboro, spent Sunday here.

McCardell's Ice Cream.

Vanilla, Chocolate, Peach, French and Orange Ice this week. July 30-2ts

Minister's Health Fails.

Rev. William S. T. Metzger, formerly pastor of the Lutheran churches at Thurmont and Jefferson, but who retired about six months ago on account of failing health, has gone to Glenn Gardner, N. J., to become pastor of the Lutheran Church at that place.

SPORTING NEWS.

Frederick Wins and Loses at Baseball.—New Faces on The Team.

The baseball representative of this county, the Frederick team, has been playing an uphill game during the last several days. Last Saturday with Musser in the box they defeated Westminster 5 to 3. On Monday in Hagerstown they were badly beaten. The score was 10 to 1, the lonely tally being made on an overthrow. Fanwell was in the box and his opponents made 9 hits. Russell for Hagerstown held the Frederick boys to 4 hits and struck out ten men.

On Tuesday at Frederick a double header was played with Hagerstown. In the first game the "champions" of Maryland and the Cumberland Valley were given a goose egg. Miller officiated for Frederick and Hagerstown could only gather in three hits, while Strauss and Finn for Hagerstown were easy. The score was 4 to 0. The second game went to Hagerstown. Score 9 to 5.

The Maryland Athletic Club found Frederick too much for them on Wednesday at Baltimore. Oakley, of the Johnstown Tristate League, pitched for Frederick. It was a fast game. The score was 3 to 1.

Harry Pulliam Shoots Himself.

Harry M. Pulliam, president of the National League of Baseball Clubs, shot himself through the head Wednesday night in his room in the New York Athletic Club, where he lived. The bullet entered the right temple and passed out at the left, destroying both eyes in its passage.

Spain Under Martial Law.

All Spain is under martial law on account of the riots in Barcelona and other cities. The fighting with the Moors and the troubles at home have put Spain in a bad condition. The Spaniards are objecting to the fighting in Morocco because they declare it is sacrificing the nation's interests to protect a private mining undertaking.

Town Property For Sale.

The property of the late Samuel N. McNair, Esq., deceased, situated on West Main street. The premises are improved by a large brick dwelling house and stable and other out buildings, may be bought at private sale. Apply to Edgar L. Annan, agent for heirs, Emmitsburg, Md. July 2-1f.

Six persons were killed in a wreck on the Wabash near Kansas City Sunday.

A new passenger station will be erected at Shepherdstown by the Norfolk and Western.

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Thursday morning, are subject to daily changes.

EMMITSBURG, July 29.
Corrected by Boyle Brothers.

Wheat \$1.04
Rye55
Oats40
Corn75

LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Patterson Brothers.
Steers, per 100 lb. 4.50 @ 5.50
Butcher Hefers 3 1/2 @ 4 1/2
Fresh Cows 30.00 @ 40.00
Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb. 2 @ 4
Hogs, Fat per lb. 3 @ 4
Sheep, Fat per lb. 2 1/2 @ 3
Spring Lambs 4 @ 6
Lambs, per lb. 5 1/2 @ 6
Calves, per lb. 5 1/2 @ 6
Stock Cattle 3.50 @ 4.00

Country Produce Etc.
Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.

Butter 16
Eggs 19
Chickens, per lb. 12
Turkeys, per lb. 15
Spring Chickens per lb. 15
Ducks, per lb. 15
Potatoes, per bushel 75
Dried Cherries, (seeded) 12
Raspberries 15
Blackberries 15
Apples, (dried) 4
Lard, per lb. 12
Beef Hides 07

BALTIMORE, July 28.

WHEAT:—Spot, \$9.50 @ \$11.11 1/2
CORN:—Spot, @ 75 1/2
OATS:—White 52 @ 53
RYE:—Nearby, bag lots, 72 @ 73.
HAY:—Timothy, \$17.00; @ \$17.50 No. 1 Clover \$14.50 @ \$15.00; No. 2 Clover, \$12.00 @ \$13.00.
STRAW:—Rye straw—fair to choice, \$15.00 @ \$15.50. No. 2, \$14.00 @ \$14.50; tangled rye, blocks \$10.00 @ ; wheat, blocks, \$9.00 @ ; oats \$9.50 @ \$10.00
MILL FEED:—Spring bran, per ton, \$36.00 @ \$36.50; 100 lb. sacks, per ton, \$26.00 @ \$26.50; mid dlings, 100 lb. sacks, per ton, \$26.50 @ \$27.00
POULTRY:—Old hens, @ 15 young chickens, large, @ ; small, @ ; Spring chickens, large, 18 @ ; Turkeys, @
PRODUCE:—Eggs, 22 1/2; butter, nearby, rolls @ 20; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania prints, .19 @
POTATOES:—Per bu. @. No. 2, per bu. @ New potatoes, per bbl. \$1.50 @ \$1.85
CATTLE:—Steers, best, \$4.00 @ \$4.50; others \$3.00 @ \$3.50; Hefers, 8 @ \$8 ; Cows, \$2 @ \$2.50; Bulls, \$2.50 @ \$3.00; Calves, 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4; Fall Lambs, @ c. spring lambs, 56 @ 1 Pig \$1. @ \$1.50; Shoats, \$2 @ \$3. ; Fresh Cows, \$30.00 @ \$40.00 per head.,

Taneytown Grain And Hay Market.

Prices paid by Reindollar Co.

TANEYTOWN, July 30.

Wheat, \$1.05
Corn per bushel 75
Timothy Hay prime \$8 @ 9
Straight Rye Straw @ \$9
WE OFFER YOU:—Bran at, \$27.00 per ton, White Feed, at \$31.00 per ton. Cotton Seed Meal, \$.00 per ton. Flax Seed meal, \$ per ton. Ear Corn \$95.00 per bus. Shelled Corn, \$95.00 per bus.

Proclamation

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, an Act was passed proposing an amendment to Section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the State, which said Act is in the following words to-wit:

CHAPTER 25.

AN ACT to amend Section one of Article one, title, "Elective Franchise," of the Constitution of this State, and to provide for the submission of said Amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring, that the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section one of Article one, title, "Elective Franchise," of the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof, as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and stead of Section one of said Article one.

SEC. 1. All elections shall be by ballot, and every male citizen of the United States of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who has been a resident of the State for two years and of the Legislative District of Baltimore City or of the county in which he may offer to vote, for one year next preceding the election, and who, moreover, is duly registered as a qualified voter as provided in this Article, shall be entitled to vote, in the ward or election district in which he resides, at all elections hereafter to be held in this State, and in case any county or city shall be so divided as to form portions of different electoral districts for the election of Representatives in Congress, Senators, Delegates or other officers, then to entitle a person to vote for such officer, he must have been a resident of that part of the county or city which shall form a part of the electoral district in which he offers to vote, for one year next preceding the election; but a person who shall have acquired a residence in such county or city, entitling him to vote at any such election, shall be entitled to vote in the election district from which he removed, until he shall have acquired a residence in the part of the county or city to which he has removed.

Every male citizen of the United States having the above prescribed qualifications of age and residence shall be entitled to be registered so as to become a qualified voter if he be, first: a person who, on the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, or prior thereto, was entitled to vote under the laws of this State, or of any other State of the United States, wherein he then resided; or second: a male descendant of such last mentioned person; or third: a foreign born citizen of the United States naturalized between the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine and the date of the adoption of this section of this Article; or fourth: a male descendant of such last mentioned person; or fifth: a person who, in the presence of the officers of registration, shall, in his own handwriting, with pen and ink, without any aid, suggestion or memorandum whatsoever, and without any question or direction addressed to him by any of the officers of registration, make application to register correctly, stating in such application his name, age, date and place of birth, residence and occupation at the time and for the two years next preceding, the name or names of his employer or employers, if any, at the time and for the two years next preceding, and whether he has previously voted, and if so, the State, county or city and district or precinct in which he voted last, and also the name in full of the President of the United States, of one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, of the Governor of Maryland, of one of the Judges of the Court of Appeals of Maryland and of the Mayor of Baltimore City, if the applicant resides in Baltimore City, or of one of the County Commissioners of the county in which the applicant resides; and any person who is unable to comply with the foregoing requirements as to making application for registration in his own handwriting, solely because he is physically disabled from so doing; or sixth: a person, or the husband of a person, who at the time of his application for registration, is a bona fide owner of real or personal property in an amount of not less than five hundred dollars, is assessed therefore on the tax-books of the City of Baltimore or of one of the counties of this State, has been such owner and so assessed for two years next preceding his application for registration; shall have paid and shall produce receipts for the taxes on said property for said two years and shall at the time of his application make affidavit before the officers of registration that he is, or that he is the husband of the person who is the bona fide owner of the property so assessed to him to or her, as the case may be, and that he or she has been such owner for two years next preceding his application.

No person not qualified under some one of the above clauses shall be entitled to be registered as a qualified voter or be entitled to vote. Every written application to be registered, presented to the officers of registration by any person applying to be registered under the above fifth clause, shall be carefully preserved by said officers of registration and shall be produced in any Court, if required, as hereinafter provided. The affidavit of any applicant for registration, duly made to the officers of registration or in Court, that he, the applicant, is a person who was entitled to vote on or before the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, as aforesaid, or that he has become a naturalized citizen of the United States between the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine and the date of the adoption of this section of this Article, or his affidavit upon information and belief that he is a descendant of a person who was entitled to vote on or before the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, or that he is a descendant of a person who has become a naturalized citizen of the United States between the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine and the date of the adoption of this section of this Article, shall be prima facie evidence of any of said facts so sworn to.

A willfully false statement upon the part of any applicant for registration in relation to any of the matters aforesaid shall be perjury, and punishable as perjury is punished by the laws of this State.

Any person who feels aggrieved by the action of any board of officers of registration in refusing to register him as a qualified voter, or in registering any disqualified person, may at any time, either before or after the last session of the board of officers of registration, but not later than the Tuesday next preceding the election, file a petition, verified by affidavit, in the Circuit Court for the county in which the cause of complaint arises, or, if the cause of complaint arises in Baltimore City, in any court of common law jurisdiction in said city, setting forth the grounds of his application and asking to have the action of the board of officers of registration corrected. The court shall forthwith set the petition for hearing and direct summons to be issued requiring the board of officers of registration complained against in said petition to attend at the hearing in person or by counsel, and where the object of the petition is to strike off the name of any person, summons shall also be issued for such person, which shall be served by the sheriff within the time therein designated; and said several courts shall have full jurisdiction and power to review the action of any board of officers of registration and to grant or withhold, as it may deem lawful and proper, the relief prayed for in the premises.

In determining whether any person who applied to be registered under the above fifth clause of this section was or was not entitled to be registered under said fifth clause, the court shall require the board of officers of registration complained against to produce the written application prepared and submitted by such person at the time he presented himself for registration to said board of officers of registration, and upon said written application the court shall determine whether or not said person; when he presented himself for registration, complied with the requirements of said fifth clause; and if the court shall determine the said written application, so prepared and submitted by said person, complied with the requirements of said fifth clause, and that said person was not disqualified under any other provisions of this Article of the Constitution to be registered upon the books of registry in question, then the Court shall order said person to be registered as a qualified voter, but if the court shall determine that said written application of said person failed to comply with the requirements of said fifth clause, or the said person was in any other respect under this Article of the Constitution disqualified to be registered upon the books of registry in question then the court shall order that said person shall not be registered upon said books of registry.

The court may enforce any order by attachment for contempt in said cases; neither party shall have any right of removal; exception may be taken to any ruling of the court at the hearing of said cases and an appeal shall be allowed to the Court of Appeals as in other cases; all such appeals shall be taken within five days from the date of the decision complained of and shall be heard and decided by the Court of Appeals upon the original papers, and otherwise, as the Court of Appeals may by rule prescribe, as soon as may be practicable.

The General Assembly shall have power to provide more fully by legislation not inconsistent with this section of this Article, for the hearing and determination of all such cases. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State shall be at the next General Election for members of the General Assembly to be held in this State submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment" as now prescribed by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said Article XIV of the Constitution. Approved February 25, 1908.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, in pursuance of the provisions of Section 1, of Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that a copy of said Act proposing an amendment to section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of said State, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months preceding the next General Election, which election will be held on November 2nd, 1909, at which election the said proposed amendment shall be submitted, in the form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State, for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, Done at the City of Annapolis, this 1st day of July, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

AUSTIN L. CROTHERS.
N. WINSLOW WILLIAMS,
July 30-3m Secretary of State.

Going By Degrees.

Friend. "Since the ambassador's wife has been here social life has become much livelier."

Professor. "How old should you say she was?"

Friend. "About forty-three, I suppose."

Professor. "H'm; Reamur or Fahrenheit?"—*Fliegende Blätter*.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

Lumber and Wood

Saturday, Aug. 14th, 1909.

The undersigned will sell on the home farm of Isaac Pecher, in Liberty township, along road leading from Fairfield to Emmitsburg, about 3 miles from Fairfield and 3 1/2 miles north of Emmitsburg, the following lumber:

35,000 CHESTNUT SHINGLES
sawed 24 inches long, 5,000 feet of good square Boards, 2,000 square feet of Scantling, 2x4, 4x4, 4x6, 1,500 square feet of Oak Plank, 1 1/2 and 2 inches thick, 600 Locust Posts, 200 sawed Posts, fence posts,
30 CORDS SLAB WOOD

dry and sawed short. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock p. m. where saw mill is located back of sheep barn and to be continued to another part of the farm same afternoon. 8 months credit on all sums over \$5.00, note being given with approved security.

J. H. PECHER,
J. M. Caldwell, Auct. July 23-4t

ROAD NOTICE.

We the undersigned citizens and tax payers of Frederick County, State of Maryland, do hereby give notice, that on the 9th day of August, 1909 we intend to petition the County Commissioners of Frederick County, State of Maryland, for the locating and opening of a public road in said County: Beginning at a point on the public road leading from Tom's Creek Church to the Stoney Branch road in said County at or near the place where the lands of Miss Adelaide Close join the lands of the Porter heirs, thence in a South Easterly direction through the lands of Miss Adelaide Close to the lands of Andrew A. Annan thence in the same direction through the lands of Andrew A. Annan, to the lands of George N. Wilhide; thence in the same direction through the lands of said George N. Wilhide to the lands of Warren G. Devilbiss; and thence in the same direction through the lands of the said Warren G. Devilbiss to a point on the said public road known as the Stoney Branch road, about 200 yards North of the Pool's Fording Bridge across the Monocacy River.

The said proposed road to be not less than thirty feet wide and is about two miles long and is situated in said Frederick County, State of Maryland.
WARREN G. DEVILBISS,
GEORGE N. WILHIDE,
ADELAIDE L. CLOSE,
ANDREW A. ANNAN.

July 9-6t

ALBERT ADELSBERGER
LIVERYMAN

Emmitsburg, Maryland

Fine Horses and First-Class Carriages.

Teams for Drummers and Pleasure Parties a Specialty

may 7-9-1y

The Delight of Candy-Lovers

Realizing that wholesomeness and purity as well as tastiness form the basis of candy manufacture, we have maintained so high a standard in the production of our confections that the name "Brownley's" is significant of quality.

Fresh supplies of all our specialties are manufactured by us daily, and our stock is generously replenished with every toothsome confection that can be conceived of or desired by candy-lovers.

No matter how perplexing the question of selecting sweets and favors for any social function, "Brownley's" will furnish timely suggestions with suitable supplies.

We specially prepare boxes for Colleges, Schools, and Seminaries, and a large number of orders from one institution will be delivered with greater dispatch than if one box was sent at a time.

For school feasts and candy scrapes we supply any desired grade of confections, and for colleges and seminaries we will prepare sweetmeats in "Alma Mater" colors, if requested.

Orders from out-of-town patrons will receive prompt attention, and we earnestly invite inquiries as to prices, and estimates will be cheerfully submitted.

We pack and ship candies to every part of the world, careful carriage being assured. Send for Booklet.

We manufacture two assortments of High Grade Bon Bons, and Chocolates, at 40c. and 60c. per pound. Each line comprising more than One Hundred Varieties. On orders of five pounds or over, we prepay all Express Charges.

Brownley's
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE
1203-5 G Street
Washington, D. C.

feb-19-1y

M. FRANK ROWE,

NEW STOCK OF SPRING
AND SUMMER SHOES AND
OXFORDS, LATEST STYLES

EMMITSBURG,

MARYLAND

Special! Special!

24 Inch Dress Suit Cases
98c.

16 Inch Silk Lined Matting Bags
\$1.19

COMMERCIAL OPERATORS

11 South Market Street, FREDERICK, MD.

dec-4-1y.

GETTYSBURG LETTER

Hon. William A. Martin, of Lincoln Avenue, has announced the engagement of his youngest daughter, Miss Esther Hope, to Mr. Victor B. Hausknecht, of Hazelton. Mr. Hausknecht graduated from college in June, and is well known here. He was for a time director of the Citizens Band and leader of the College Orchestra.

Mr. Robert C. Shriver, of Hanover street, was painfully injured one day last week by making a misstep in alighting from his wagon at the Gettysburg Roller Mills.

Mr. William P. Wentz had several ribs fractured by being kicked by a colt he was shoeing on Monday.

A valuable mule was caught in the knives of a mower at the Butterwood Stock Farm, tenanted by Daniel H. Stoner, and so badly cut that it had to be killed.

John D. Keith, Esq., has purchased a handsome automobile of the Overland model.

The Sunday Schools of town will hold a union picnic in Frank N. Frommeyer's grove, on Thursday, August 5th.

Contractor Charles E. Lady started work on Monday on the cement walks and pavement at the new East End High School building.

By a recent act of the Legislature, requiring moving picture theatres to have a certain number of aisles and exits, the Wigard Theatre, on Baltimore street, conducted by D. J. Forney, not coming up to the requirements, has been closed.

Mr. John W. Warner, owner of the building occupied by the Wigard, has had plans drawn up, which have been approved by the State officials for a new building, which will be erected at once. The room now occupied will be used as a lobby and ticket office.

Mr. John W. Runk and family, of Chambersburg, while visiting the battlefield Friday, met with an accident on Chambersburg street. A lady attempted to cross the street in front of the machine, became confused, and stopped. To avoid running her down, Mr. Runk steered the machine to the side, breaking two crossing plates and bending the axle of the machine.

Misceants have been visiting potato patches near town and carrying away the tubers while the owners slept.

At a meeting of the Retail Grocers Association, held Friday evening, it was determined to close the stores during the Summer at 6 P. M., Saturdays excepted.

An effort is being made to institute a circle of the Brotherhood of America in this place.

A very enjoyable concert was given on the lawn in front of the Battlefield Hotel, on Monday evening, by the Citizens Band.

County Treasurer Slonaker recently purchased the J. M. Walter property, on York street, for \$3,500. He intends making extensive improvements.

A six-round boxing contest, scheduled for Saturday evening, at the Walter Theatre, between Harry Sevecal, of Indiana, and Benjamin Carter, colored, of town, proved to be a tame affair, the Indianan putting "Ben" out of business in the second round, with a blow over the heart.

Gettysburg was again invaded by some of Baltimore's colored population on Monday—1171 in all who proceeded to make things lively. In a tussle with one of the "bad" ones, Chief-of-Police Gordon had his shoulder severely wrenched.

Mr. Charles Rider, son of Mr. James F. Rider, and Miss Joy Rosensteel, daughter of Mr. John Rosensteel, both of Round Top, were married in St. Francis Xavier's Church, Monday morning by Rev. Father Hayes.

TANEYTOWN ITEMS.

The Misses Eliza and Eleanor Birnie spent some days in Westminster last week.

Miss Roberta Roelkey gave a dance on Tuesday evening in honor of a number of house guests.

Mrs. Annie Black, of Baltimore, is visiting Miss Dora Jones and friends in Harney.

Miss Jones and Mrs. Black spent Sunday in Uniontown.

Mr. H. Galt, of Springfield, is visiting his sisters.

Mr. and Mrs. Clandinsburg, and daughter are visiting in Baltimore.

The Misses Emma and Christine Swombly, of New Oxford, Pa., are visiting Miss Helen Swombly.

Mr. Henry C. Annan, of Beloit, Kansas, is visiting relatives in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wolf and daughter, of Baltimore, are visiting Mr. B. O. Fuss.

Mr. John Rebert, of Littlestown, spent a day in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Sentman Sheets, of Dayton, Ohio, who have been visiting Mrs. Roy Smith have returned to their home.

The Misses Margaret and Ruth Elliot are visiting relatives in this community.

Question Right To Borrow Money.

At a conference between City Attorney Edward J. Smith and the attorneys for the various banks in Frederick it was deemed questionable whether Frederick had the right to borrow the money necessary to increase the water supply without an act of the Legislature.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

Miss Fannie and Ruth Snyder spent Sunday with Waynesboro friends.

Mr. John Snyder and son, Earl, are visiting friends and relatives in Gettysburg.

Mr. E. P. Brown, of Marion, Pa., was a business visitor in town on Saturday.

Misses Ethel and Helen Gelbach, twin daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gelbach, of Philadelphia, are visiting their sister, Mrs. H. I. Harbaugh.

Mr. Raymond Michael and Miss Mary Firor, of Hanover, were Sunday visitors at the home of James Corwell.

Miss Mattie McGlaughlin, of Middletown, is spending some time with her parents, John McGlaughlin and wife.

Mrs. Harry L. Wertz, who suffered a stroke of paralysis last Monday, is improving, we are glad to say.

Mrs. E. V. Stonebraker and daughter, Mary, are visiting friends in Williamsport, Md.

Mr. Robert Marshall sprained his knee very badly one day last week.

The Misses Wible, of near Gettysburg, were visitors at Christian Frey's on Sunday.

John W. Gelbach, of Glen Rock; Mrs. Grace King, of Harrisburg; Mrs. Minnie Stover, of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Jas. Caldwell, of Gettysburg, and Mrs. Edw. Weikert, of Greencourt, all visited their sister, Mrs. H. L. Wertz, on Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Hafer, of Womelsdorf, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Shulley.

Mrs. George E. Sanders and daughter, Anna, spent Sunday in McSherrystown.

A party of our young folks are enjoying camp life at Knoxlyn.

Mrs. John Pitzer has sold her property at Union school house, Hamiltonban township, to Calvin P. Bream, for \$1,500.

The real estate of the late John Manherz was sold last Saturday at public sale. Mrs. John Pitzer purchased the house and lot at the West end of town, Dr. J. Ellis Musselman bought the vacant lot adjoining; Mr. J. W. Neely 4 acres and 34 perches of farm land, and Emanuel Shindedecker bought the property at Virginia Mills.

With even games and well matched nines Fairfield and Arendtsville crossed bats on the local grounds last Saturday to play off the tie. The excitement of the spectators was high and the result of the game was eagerly watched.

In the eighth inning a dispute arose over ground rules and with Fairfield at the bat, the score 7 to 5 in favor of the locals, and one man out, the visitors left the field. The umpire declared the game forfeited.

The pulpit of the Reformed church was filled last Sunday by Rev. Dr. Krebs, of Littlestown.

Rev. E. V. Stonebraker is on his vacation.

Miss Leila Elliott, of Balston Spa, N. Y., is visiting at the home of Mr. J. J. Reindollar.

The local baseball team went to Gettysburg on Wednesday and were defeated by the score of 4 to 1. Fairfield made its only run in the last inning.

Batteries: Fairfield, Swope and Ray; Gettysburg, "unknown" and Beard.

"Unknown" happened to be from the Tri-State league, having played with Reading, and his work won the game for Gettysburg. Hemler and Rosensteel, of Emmitsburg, played with Fairfield.

FRIENDS' CREEK ITEMS

A great many people from this place attended the reunion at Pen Mar last Thursday. All had a most delightful day.

Miss Lizzie Hardman killed a large copperhead snake in her Spring house last week. The reptile measured over 30 inches long.

Mr. W. H. Kipe got lost in the woods on the mountain last Saturday night. He was on his way home from Emmitsburg when he got off the road and became bewildered. He called and some parties found him after a long search.

The corn crop in this section looks pretty sick owing to the dry weather.

Mr. J. Harbaugh and wife spent Sunday with Mrs. J. McClain.

Miss Ruie Kipe spent Sunday with Mr. Duffey's family.

The peach and apple crops in this vicinity will be fairly good.

Mrs. Ed. Gorley and family spent a day with friends in this place.

Mrs. Jacob Turner was the guest of Mrs. W. H. Kipe one day recently.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Clark and family spent Sunday with Mr. C. C. Shriver.

Mrs. B. R. Eyler, of Taneytown, visited Mr. W. H. Kipe.

Masters Earle and George Kipe, of Waynesboro, spent a few days with their sister, Mrs. Samuel Humerick.

Valuable Frederick Property Sold.

Messrs. Thomas and Alleine Williamson have purchased from the People's Fire Insurance Company the large building at the corner of Court and Patrick streets, Frederick, which the insurance company had recently purchased for \$10,500.

The Democratic primaries under the new law were held last Saturday in Washington county. They were entirely harmonious.

Letters To The Editor.

[The Editor would have it understood that he is not responsible for the views expressed in communications addressed to him and published in THE CHRONICLE.]

No attention will be paid to anonymous communications.

Ex-Governor Warfield and Popular Control Of Government Machinery.

Mr. Editor:—

As one who voted, at the late Federal Senatorial Primary, for Gov. Warfield for U. S. Senatorship, I suppose I may be allowed to say that while I am still disposed to give him my personal support for such measures as he champions regarding the emancipation of popular suffrage from the "lets and hindrances" of "Bossism," I cannot follow him in his proposition to place the election of U. S. Senators directly into the hands of the people.

I know, of course, that the abuses and corruption which have overtaken the election of Federal Senators in some States cause indignation if not exasperation, and that many, who look about them for a remedy, are prompted to declare that the people should be allowed to determine who shall be their Senators. But, this is not in the spirit of our organic law; and let us be thankful that we may look upon as one of the most signal blessings vouchsafed to our land so wise an organ of Government as the Constitution of the U. S.

The Federal Senators never were and never should be considered as the Representatives of the People. The Constitutional safeguard by which Senators are elected by the State Legislatures is the cornerstone of State Sovereignty. Destroy it, and one of the two results will inevitably supervene: either we will rush headlong into Populism, which is but another word for Socialism, or the sudden tautness of stringent measures to preserve conservatism will throw us back into Monarchism or some other form of absolutism. Let us not interfere with the actual organic formation of the Federal Senate. It rests upon conservative principles—it guards our institutions against the instability and vagaries of the mob,—the tumultuousness that characterizes popular conventions. See the consequences which must follow should the deputation be governed by popular representation. Each city and large community—particularly industrial—embracing the Senatorial District, being apportioned its quota of votes, in ratio to its population, the dangers inherent in a direct, impulsive,—if you object to its being called metricitious suffrage—will open the door to factions and misleading velleity—not to use harsher terms and say that the people often do not know their own will. Yet, it may be exclaimed; cannot the people be trusted? Aye, the people! But we must distinguish people. Is the white, seditious Hun, is the anarchy infected Russian,—the positivist Frenchman with his phalansteries, the Italian with his vendetta and black-hand terrors, the unbridgeable and stolid brother in black, who, in our tide-water regions, and soon, when he has mastered a little more than the rudiments, must be reckoned with as an overlapping element of the devoted Southland,—the people? Or is that only part of the community, the hope of all our best and dearest traditions, the master race, who, with perfect notions of the value of representation, have shown themselves at all times competent and able to make adequate provision for the perpetuity of the principles which have made our country what it is, the true and only people.

I am with Ex-Governor Warfield in the measures he forecasts and which he will elaborate at Lisbon, Howard county, next Saturday, but let him not touch Senatorial Representation, let him look upon it as one of the *Sacra Sancta* of true Americanism.

VINDEX.

Mr. Editor:—

Will you allow an observer some of your valuable space to express his views on a subject that should interest everyone of our citizens? The one feature above all others which made Old Home Week a howling success was the most excellent music furnished by the various bands. Our own organization deserves more than a passing notice. The members of the Emmitt Cornet Band deserve much praise for the part they played on this most enjoyable occasion. The question naturally arises why can we not have even a better band? We have the talent here and all we seem to lack is a little of the same kind of push and vim which made Old Home Coming an occasion long to be remembered. What could we have that would be more appreciated than a splendid band giving concerts on the public Square two or three times a week? Aside from the pleasures these concerts would afford there is a business view to take of it. What would advertise the town more than a band of the first rank? The music would attract people from far and near, and, of course, bring trade to the town. Let us all go to the relief of the band and see if we cannot have a band second to none in the State.

OBSERVER

FOR SALE.

Two thoroughbred young Jersey Bulls, 6 and 11 months old. Apply to D. H. GUISE, Emmitsburg, Md.

July 9-4t.

Summer Candies.

A special line 25c. per pound at McCordell's. July 30-2ts

Cardinal Gibbons was 75 years old last Friday.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, Pa., the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Allen B. Longenecker, late of said county, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises, at Zora, Pa.,

On Saturday, August 28th, 1909, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate of which the said Allen B. Longenecker died, seized and possessed, situated at Zora, in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., and on the turnpike road leading from Emmitsburg to Waynesboro, and known as the Nune-maker farm,

CONTAINING 205 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, adjoining lands of P. H. Riley, Mr. Royer, John Waggener, J. Lute Topper, James Glacken, and others. About 150 acres is farming land and the balance timber land. This land is in a good state of cultivation, under good fencing, and is improved with a large

BRICK DWELLING HOUSE containing ten rooms, a Wash House, Wood Shed, Spring House, and a large Bank Barn, 50x86 feet, with running water in the barn yard, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Tool House, Chicken House, also by a

STORE BUILDING, 15x40 FEET, containing shelving and counters. This is a desirable location for a store. There is also a

SIX-ROOM TENANT HOUSE on the premises. Two springs of excellent water near the door of the first mentioned dwelling house and a well of water at the tenant house. There are two apple orchards and other fruit on the premises. Persons desiring to view the farm can do so by calling at the premises.

Terms:—A cash deposit of 15 per cent. of the purchase money will be required of the purchaser on the day of sale, and the balance on April 1, 1910, when possession will be given.

JACOB R. LONGENECKER, WILLIAM R. LONGENECKER, Administrators. July 30-5ts

ORDER NISI ON SALES.

No. 8152 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

JULY TERM, 1909.

In the Matter of the Report of Sales, Filed the 6th day of July 1909.

Alice M. Baker vs. J. Bernard Baker, et al.

ORDERED, That on the 31st day of July, 1909, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate, reported to said Court by Eugene L. Rowe and Milton G. Urner, Jr., Trustees in the above cause, and filed therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$5068.00.

Dated this 6th day of July, 1909. SAMUEL T. HAFFNER, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County.

True Copy—Test: SAMUEL T. HAFFNER, Clerk.

Eugene L. Rowe, Sol. July 9-4ts.

COLUMBIA

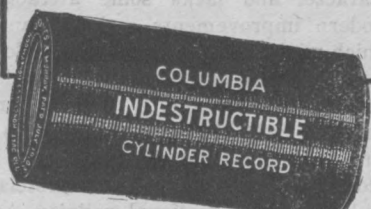
Indestructible Cylinder Records

35c

The clear, full, brilliant tone of Columbia Indestructible Cylinder Records is the best reason for their sensational popularity.

They fit any cylinder machine and last forever.

C. A. SPRENKLE EMMITSBURG



Have some bargains in Edison Phonographs to close out.

Get my prices and easy terms of payment before buying.

C. A. SPRENKLE, Frederick Street EMMITSBURG, MD.

VIGOROUS FRUIT TREES
Berry Plants, Shrubbery and a complete line of Privet Hedging Locust and Catalpa Seedlings, etc. Highest quality. Stock guaranteed. Get our new astonishing low price list before you buy. Write to-day if free SPRAYERS given as premiums.
The Westminster Nursery
Westminster, Md.
June 25-6m

SOLID SILVER
American Lever Watches,
WARRANTED TWO YEARS,
ONLY \$6.
G. T. EYSTER

PEARRE'S
MODERN PHARMACY
Albert L. Pearre
FREDERICK, - MARYLAND
TELEPHONES (Maryland 186 C. & P. 101R)
June 25-1y

THE OLD RELIABLE
Mutual Insurance Company
OF FREDERICK COUNTY
ORGANIZED 1843
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FREDERICK, MD.
A. C. MCCARDELL President O. C. WAREHIME Secretary
SURPLUS \$25,000
NO PREMIUM NOTES REQUIRED
INSURES ALL CLASSES OF PROPERTY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE AT RATES 25 PER CENT. LESS THAN STOCK COMPANIES CHARGE
A HOME INSURANCE COMPANY FOR HOME INSURERS
CHARLES F. ROWE, Agent, EMMITSBURG, MD.
Feb-19-1yr

Home-Made Bread
EMMITSBURG
HOME BAKERY,
HARRY HOPP,
PROPRIETOR.
Cakes Rolls Pies
Deliveries made in new water and dust-proof wagon.
Wedding and birthday cakes made to order.
EVERYTHING IN THE BAKER'S LINE.
July 18-1yr

E. L. FRIZELL
—DEALER IN—
FEED, COAL SEEDS
AND ESPECIALLY
FARMERS' SUPPLIES
IN GENERAL
WEST MAIN ST., EMMITSBURG, MD.
Apr. 30-09-1yr

EMMITSBURG
GRAIN ELEVATOR
BOYLE BROS.
—DEALERS IN—
Hay, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bran, Chop, Clover and Timothy Seed, Chicken Feed, Horse and Cattle Powder, Maryland Portland Cement, Terra Cotta Pipe. A Full Line of
MACHINERY
And Repairs for same.
Coal in all Sizes
Call and get our Prices before you buy.
BOYLE BROS.
Apr. 2-09

EMMITSBURG
GRAIN ELEVATOR
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—DEALERS IN—
Hay, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bran, Chop, Clover and Timothy Seed, Chicken Feed, Horse and Cattle Powder, Maryland Portland Cement, Terra Cotta Pipe. A Full Line of
MACHINERY
And Repairs for same.
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BOYLE BROS.
Apr. 2-09

American Plan Both Phones Everything New Cafe Attached
THE
Arlington Hotel
J. F. BEACHT, Prop.
FREDERICK, - MARYLAND
Bus Meets All Trains.
June 25-3m

ESTABLISHED 1882
Annan, Horner & Co.
BANKERS
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND
—O—
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED
—O—
Interest Paid on Time Deposits
—O—
Savings Department
—O—
Buy and Sell
STOCKS, BONDS, ETC.
July 13-1f

FIRE INSURANCE
THE MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE CO.
of Carroll County, Md.
DR. J. W. HERING, President.
G. GLOYD LYNCH, Secretary-Treasurer
Insures all kinds of property
AT LOWEST RATES.
Surplus - - \$40,000
NO DEBTS.
E. L. ANNAN, AGENT
EMMITSBURG, MD. 8-2-1y

EMMITSBURG
GRAIN ELEVATOR
BOYLE BROS.
—DEALERS IN—
Hay, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bran, Chop, Clover and Timothy Seed, Chicken Feed, Horse and Cattle Powder, Maryland Portland Cement, Terra Cotta Pipe. A Full Line of
MACHINERY
And Repairs for same.
Coal in all Sizes
Call and get our Prices before you buy.
BOYLE BROS.
Apr. 2-09

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PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for this paper should be addressed to THE CHRONICLE, CHEESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC and Frederick County Telephone connections.

Entered as second-class matter January 1, 1909, at the post office at Emmitsburg, Md., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1909.

THE CHRONICLE will be independent in politics, progressive in spirit and a champion of what it conceives to be right. Its columns will always be open for a dignified discussion by the people of any subject that may seem to them interesting, or that may in anywise be a benefit to the community at large.

[Editorial from The Chronicle, June 8, 1906.]

AGAIN THE CIVIC SOCIETY.

In the current number of *Success* there appears an excellent article on "What Women Might Do For Their Towns." It is contributed by Mrs. Mary Heaton Vorse, who very methodically and at the same time very plainly tells what great and practical reforms have been and could be effected by societies composed of women banded together for promoting better sanitation, better streets, better school facilities, and all that goes to make life more livable, more endurable in the larger cities as well as the smaller towns and villages. The article is worth reading and contains a great deal that can hardly fail to find an echo in the mind of unselfish women who have at heart the welfare and higher interests of the place in which they spend the greater part of their lives. What these civic societies have accomplished in this country is a well-deserved and imperishable monument to the sagacity, the foresight and executive ability of the gentler sex, and a constant reminder of how many of the improved municipal conditions everywhere man owes to woman.

We have heretofore suggested that there is a place for a woman's civic organization in Emmitsburg and the article in *Success* only strengthens our belief that if one were formed here many much-needed improvements would soon be brought about.

DR. WILLIAM REED HUNTINGTON.

The Protestant Episcopal Church lost one of its biggest, broadest men by the death of Rev. Dr. William Reed Huntington, rector of Grace Church, New York. Dr. Huntington's whole life was spent in the cause of humanity, and though his chief active labors were within the parish over which he presided, his influence spread throughout the country and affected the church at large. Dr. Huntington hated sham and had no sympathy with ecclesiastical snobbery. The physical, mental and moral, as well as the spiritual welfare of men, women and children elicited the best that he had to offer, and the success of his varied undertakings in their behalf is a matter of living record. As a preacher he was particularly forceful and his sermons went to the very root of the matter in hand. They were couched in perfect English and practical to the last degree. But everything Dr. Huntington urged or did was practical and progressive. This made his counsel highly valued, and this accounted for the fact that his advice was eagerly sought by a large number of clergymen. Dr. Huntington's books and poems and printed sermons have been widely read, his "briefs" on matters ecclesiastical being looked upon as authorities in the Episcopal Church. The place Dr. Huntington held in that

church will be hard to fill and his loss will be keenly felt by many people in many parishes other than his own.

WARFIELD AND GORMAN.

Young Gorman in his "retort" doesn't think that ex-Governor Warfield has been "true and faithful" to the Democratic party to which "he (Warfield) owes so much," and why? Simply because the ex-Governor would not be dictated to by the ring to which Gorman owes allegiance; simply because Mr. Warfield—after having his name used in an underhand way to advance the interests of others and finally being sacrificed by misrepresentation—did not say to the "organization," "What is your pleasure now?" There is no truer Democrat in the country to-day than Edwin Warfield, and not one has been more faithful to the true principles of Democracy than he. But Mr. Gorman's and Mr. Warfield's conception of Democracy are widely divergent and time will prove that the latter's conception is the right one.

WHAT ails the owners of the Waynesboro Pike? Are they in business simply to divide dividends at the expense of a suffering public? Or is it that they are really incapable of managing the road they control? Every automobilist, every driver, every one who travels from Emmitsburg to the top of the mountain will attest that this part of the pike is one of the worst pieces of road to be found in this section of the country, and for the company to demand toll for travel on the particular part referred to is an outrage pure and simple.

To reduce the annual expenditures of the Government \$50,000,000 would seem at first to be a pretty big undertaking. But anyone at all familiar with the enormous yearly waste of time, labor and material in the different departments and bureaus—this time, labor and material being engaged and contracted for at a high rate—can readily understand how a large part of this sum, at least, could be saved by the establishment of the proposed Public Expenditures Committee, a body of business experts.

If Mr. Taft cannot determine what real whisky is, let the "Bentztown Bard" set him straight. What is better still, let the President taste one of the Bard's own joy juleps. If he does—well, it is an even bet that next Spring the Chevy Chase golf links will be planted in mint instead of grass.

THE Western Federation of Miners now imposes a ten-dollar fine on any member who calls another a liar or uses profane language on the floor of the convention. What a lot of bankrupt representatives there would be if Congress would apply the same rule at the National Capitol.

WHY should the people of Howard county desire to avoid an "open break" between ex-Governor Warfield and State Senator Gorman? Anything that will tend to weaken young Gorman's boss rule policy will decidedly benefit Howard county and the whole State, for that matter.

"JEWELS in a Garbage Box" and "Diamonds in Cheese." These items in the daily press should set those men at ease who preach about hard luck, and at most all conditions whine. Cheer up! and soon we'll gather pearls from every bunch of swine.

How nice of Pearre, the perennial, to forego the honor of a judgeship, and, guided purely by a sense of duty to his country, to seek another term in Congress.

In a Baltimore paper appears the heading, "Waiting To Hear Nebraska's Voice." As if Bryan had once ceased talking.

WE compliment Montgomery county in having a Blair Lee and we honor Blair Lee for his conscientious service to his county and the people of the State. Another term and then something higher.

DON'T some of the testimony in the Sutton inquiry at Annapolis give one a splendid conception of the much vaunted "chivalry" and "manly deportment" of our naval officers?

THE various candidates in Frederick county must be holding a sort of a Quaker meeting—waiting for the spirit to move them.

A MUCH NEGLECTED INDUSTRY

Religion of Domestic Make Ignored by Tariff Makers.

Before the congressional conference has finished its important labor it would be wise for it to consider one interest of profound significance which has been wholly neglected and let unprotected. We refer, of course, to the interest of religion. No other country in the world can compete with the United States in the production of new and valuable forms of religion. The raw material is abundant, cheap and easily accessible, and the market for the product is steady and unvarying. Our native ability in the production of this form of manufacture has been abundantly demonstrated. Within less than a century we have produced three strong and popular forms of faith, not counting Dowiesism, Sanfordism and Millerism, which may be considered as mere by-products of credulity, confirmed to restricted areas of space and time. But Mormonism, Spiritualism and Christian Science have secured not only a national but an international recognition. They are even invading foreign markets and nothing but the barrier of the Federal Constitution would prevent the levying of an exportation tax.

Now what has the Federal Government done for the protection of these valuable domestic products? Nothing; absolutely nothing! To be sure it may plead in extenuation of its neglect that our home market is in no danger of invasion by the "pauper labor of Europe" or Asia, that the several attempts to introduce Buddhism, Mahometanism, Shintoism and the like have met with disastrous financial failure. It may "point with pride" to the undoubted fact that when a Shinto priest recently attempted to demonstrate to an exclusive Back Bay audience the divine character of his mission by walking on hot plates, he simply gave employment to a skillful chiropodist. But our senior senator, who is a profound historical student, will recall that as late as the seventh century the people of eastern Europe were obliged to erect a very stiff and prohibitive tariff against Mahometanism. And history may repeat itself. And more than that, we know that in certain parts of our recently assimilated colonial possessions there is absolute and unrestricted free trade in Mahometanism. Surely a watchful and paternal government ought not to slight any one of its "infant industries." It may say that Christian Science, for instance, is a very vigorous and stalwart infant; but so is the steel trust. Besides, every acute political economist knows that a protective tariff is not used solely for the exclusion of foreign goods; but to enhance the value of the home market. And certainly there never was a time when the domestic product of religion needed such tender fostering as it does today. The wages of preachers are disgracefully low. And there is but little heresy among them on the subject of race suicide. Some acute economists are inclined to think that the supply of religion greatly exceeds the demand—that there has been an undue multiplication of plants devoted to its production. Others are sure the home product is of a distinctly inferior type.

But a careful analysis of the prevailing conditions will show that this industry needs governmental protection. Mrs. Eddy has taken the first step in this direction by securing a copyright for her specific product. But if we are to have a distinctly American religion we must have it carefully hedged away from foreign competition. Of course we recognize the peculiar difficulties we shall encounter in securing this result. The first settlers brought a special brand of religion when they came to this country. It is old-fashioned in character and lacks some attractive modern improvements and appliances which might bring it up to date. Comparatively few people use it, but it has on account of its age, a certain prescriptive right of possession. But it is of foreign production and it must not be allowed to block the way of a first-class modern form of national religion. As Mr. Dooley truly says, "we are a great people—and the best of it is we know we are." We have the best government, the best navy—or we shall have if the money holds out—and the best tariff in the world. And we ought to have the best religion.—*Boston Transcript.*

EARLIEST MENTION OF CARDS

Most Ancient Games, the First Packs and Other Lore.

The earliest direct mention of playing cards discovered so far is in the "History of the City of Viterbo." The author quotes Covelluzzo, who wrote about the end of the 15th century "In the year 1379 was brought into Viterbo the game of cards, which comes from the country of the Saracens and is with them called naib." It is worthy of remark that Covelluzzo did not write at that date he mentioned, but a century later, in 1480, and it is quite possible that he may have been mistaken in attributing the cards to Saracenic origin or may have simply been quoting a popular tradition. The Saracens were familiar with naibis, the predecessors of cards, but they did not invent the game of cards, of which naibis were only a part. The earliest date about which there can be no dispute at which playing cards are directly mentioned by a writer as a matter of his personal experience is that discovered in the register of the court treasurer of France, in the reign of Charles VI. The entry is under the date of February 1, 1392, as follows:—

"Given to Jacquemin Gringonneur, painter, for three packs of playing cards, in gold and various colors and ornamented with several devices, to carry before the Lord our king, for his amusement, 56 sols of Paris." This is the foundation upon which is based the popular notion that playing cards were intended for the amusement of a crazy French king. Critics have pointed out that the amount paid is simply for the hand painting and decoration of the cards. There is nothing in the entry that gives ground for supposing that cards themselves were new. There are on exhibition to-day at the National library in Paris what are supposed to be 17 of these cards, that were painted for Charles VI, and this has strengthened the impression that they are the original model from which all playing cards have been copied. Unfortunately for the fame of the exhibit, it has been proved that the cards shown in Paris are really very fine Venetian tarok cards, and are part of an edition made at least as late as 1425.

During the 20 years that follow this date of the royal treasure's (1392) literature is full of reference of playing cards. Almost every author that mentions games of gambling paraphernalia particularizes one or more games of cards. But before that date no allusion had been found to a game that could be construed as a card game, although there are several writers who might reasonably be expected to mention cards if they were acquainted with them. Hugh von Tymburg, who wrote in the second half of the 13th and the beginning of the 14th century; Petrarch, who wrote in the first half of the 14th century; Chaucer, who wrote in the second half of the 14th century, made no mention of cards, although in the writings of all of them are references to gambling games and implements.

In the Escurial library there is a manuscript composed by order of Don Alphonso the wise, dated 1321, which gives the rules for a number of games, especially chess and dice, but does not contain a word about cards. But one naturally asks if the earliest mention of cards is to be found in the register of a royal treasurer of France, where did cards come from if they were not a new thing to him? To go back a little, it is well known that there existed long before the date of any mention of playing cards a series of emblematic pictures called naibis, which were used by gypsies and others for the purpose of fortune-telling and sorcery. It is probably these naibis that were brought to Europe by the Saracens, and perhaps they were supposed to be of Saracenic origin.

Authorities seem to be pretty well agreed that toward the end of the 14th century some inventive genius, probably a Venetian, selected a number of these naibis or pictures, and added to them a series of numeral cards, so as to convert them into implements by which the excitement of chance and the interest of gambling might be added to the amusement afforded by the original naibis. The principal reason for assuming that cards originated in Italy and not in France is that the names of the cards themselves and the names of the earliest known games played with them are all Italian, and that these Italian terms were carried all over Europe. If they were of French origin the nomenclature might be expected to be French. There is an abundant evidence that the playing cards which rapidly found their way all over Europe were made in Venice. As each country got to making its own cards, the emblems of the suits were changed to please the national fancy, until there is nothing left to-day of the original faith, charity, justice and fortitude which were represented on the first Italian packs.—*New York Telegraph.*

With Bilious Complexion.

The grocer stopped as his eye fell upon some boxes of fruit he hadn't ordered.

"Do you know anything about the disposition of these lemons?" he asked his clerk.

"Yes, sir—sour," was the reply.—*Boston Transcript.*

Discussion of Affairs in General from Leading Journals of The Country.

Constitution Tinkering

(Milwaukee Sentinel.)

Gladstone once said that the Constitution of the United States was "the most wonderful instrument ever struck off at a given time by the brain and purpose of man."

It has stood the wear and tear, the stress and storms of more than a hundred years. It has weathered every gale and triumphantly met every crisis of our national life.

The Federal Constitution is the fundamental law of the land. Every amendment to the original instrument has been adopted because of the development of the country in its earlier career, or of some great crisis like that of the civil war. It is now forty years since the last constitutional amendment was adopted.

We do not belong to that class of citizens who believe that "what has been shall be throughout all generations world without end," but it must be a grave cause that will justify a change in the fundamental law of the land.

No such cause exists to-day. No serious national crisis demands any change in our fundamental law. To tinker or tamper with our Federal Constitution is dangerous business. The American people will think long and soberly before they approve any scheme to change the nation's organic law. If once the bars are let down, and Constitution tinkering is indorsed, a path full of peril for the republic will be made dangerously easy of access.

A Swat For Bwana Tumbo.

(Atchison Weekly Globe.)

In his latest editorial in the Outlook, Theodore Roosevelt says in the beginning, "Give me neither poverty nor wealth." Theodore has always been wealthy; he was born that way. Such roughing it as he has done has been of the silver spoon variety, born of desire rather than necessity. He knows little of the life of those in moderate circumstances. He has lived in a palace. If the rich have anything that has been denied him, it isn't a matter of record. His present expeditions will net a fortune of more than modest proportions, and his position on the Outlook soars above mediocrity. If his present status is neither poverty nor riches, it is much nearer the latter, it is edging closer. He seems to have sacrificed the facts to sentiment.

Stop Being Pawns.

(Chicago Daily News.)

The whole body of the consuming public is thus airily ignored by these servants of special interests, because "the people want to get it over" and especially because "the people will have forgotten all about it before the next election." This is a grave indictment against the American people, since it denies their ability to govern themselves. Further, the present spectacle of the president trying to obtain reductions in the tariff and to prevent increases in duties already monstrously high places the voters in an unenviable light. In that direction lies patriarchy rule, not self-government. It is time for the people of the United States to cease being pawns in the hands of agents of the special interests. As mere assets of unscrupulous politicians they cut an ignoble figure. Not the president, but the people through their chosen representatives in Congress, ought to frame the new tariff bill and they ought to frame it in the interests of the many, not of the few. It remains for them to repudiate their unfaithful representatives who have brought about the present abominable situation in Washington.

Protection Produces Smugglers

(Philadelphia Record)

The only effective means of arresting the growth of the trade of the smuggler is in reducing the duties on imports to a reasonable revenue basis. So long as the temptations coexist in 100 per cent. duties on woolen clothing with the opportunities afforded by thousands of miles of land and sea line, prevention of the continuous spread of the contraband traffic is out of the question. Much is said of breeding "a nation of perjurers" on an income tax; but this is not perjury compared with rearing an enormous brood of smugglers by a brutal tariff system.

The New Prosperity

(New York Evening Post.)

Prosperity is coming, but it will not be the old prosperity. We refer not to its outward form or bulk or duration, but to its spirit. The enlarged business which is before us, the new displays of energy, the further growth and achievements of capital fruitfully employed in corporations and otherwise, will be marked by other methods. We shall not easily drop back into the old style of conducting the great business of the country. It is necessary and timely to dwell upon this, because many have been persuading themselves that the excitements, the reforms, the painful inches of progress gained in the past few years, were all to go for nothing and that we should settle back with swinish complacency into the mire where we were formerly wallowed. And the evidence that this is not to be plain-

ly angering many. "To be blunt," writes a member of the Union League Club to the Sun, "William Howard Taft is a great disappointment to a host of people who had been looking on March 4 for a material change from things past to things to come."

The implication of such complaints is obvious. Reckless financiers had felt themselves disagreeably checked in their operations. They had intensely disliked the publicity, the inspection, the regulation to which their proceedings had been subjected. And it was a flattering unction to lay to their souls that all of that would pass away with a change of Administration. But they ought to have been keen enough to perceive that no force is lost in the political and business world, any more than in the physical. The efforts recently made to render business cleaner, and to hold corporations to a stricter accountability, were often violent, frequently ill-judged, and sometimes were but a tool in the hand of political ambition; but their intent in the minds of the people was honest and their effects were wholesome. Those effects will abide with us. Business will soon be larger than before, but it will be managed more cautiously and with more integrity than before. The counsels which we have taken to heart in a period of adversity will not be wholly ignored when prosperity returns. There will not be so many impudent flotations so many secret manipulations of property, near the verge of the criminal law. Promoters may hate the new provisions for inquiry and publicity, but they will also dread them, and work under a salutary fear that they may be applied to their combination at any moment. A saner spirit and sounder methods will be visible in our great entrepreneurs and administrators of vast capital.

One On Mark Twain.

(Providence Journal)

Perhaps that little joker, the corporation tax, will hit with a peculiar shock the venerable humorist, Mark Twain. It will be recalled that Mr. Clemens recently had himself incorporated, the better, as was explained, to safeguard his output for his posterity. Under the provisions of the projected law it appears that Mark Twain, Limited, will in common with all corporations be subject to the tax on annual net income over and above five thousand dollars. That the net income of Mr. Clemens is over and above five thousand dollars is altogether probable. Had he remained for business, as for other purposes, a "natural persons," instead of acquiring a charter to become an "artificial person," not only might he continue to pocket all his gains, but he would escape certain proceedings which corporations generally are not contemplating with serenity. His business affairs, in a word, will be subject to Government inspection, with some consequent measure of publicity, very likely to his own inconvenience as well as cost. Whether it will occur to Mr. Clemens that there is anything funny about this, the mere statement of the case seems at least as funny as some of his inventions.

Was Not Detrimental.

(Augusta Chronicle)

Ex-Senator Platt has made a formal affidavit to the effect that his membership of the United States Senate was in no way detrimental to the express company of which he was president. Speaking for ourselves we are prepared to believe this statement.

America Facing Backward.

(New York Mail.)

We are tail-enders in the great rivalry for commercial supremacy—England Germany and Japan are all ahead of us. Our chief mission appears to be to produce the freight and allow them to carry it at their own rates. In addition we are generously building a \$400,000,000 canal connecting the two great oceans whereby our rivals will find it still easier to retain control of the world's commerce.

In this limitless field of human activity is presented the astounding spectacle of American enterprise facing backward.

Too Many Excuses.

(Rochester Herald)

A great many persons will always believe that Harry Thaw got off more lightly than he deserved. Be that as it may, to liberate him now from confinement will tend to make the crime of murder seem less heinous than it now does, and we are witnessing at present a lax regard for the sacredness of human life, which bodes not good, but evil. It fares the land where the life of the individual is not held to be sacred, and men and women believe that they have a right to kill for some real or fancied wrong. Too many murderers of late have escaped the penalty of their malicious deeds on the plea of the "unwritten law" or temporary insanity. If the electric chair claimed more of those slayers of men, the "unwritten law" as an excuse for crime would fade away like mist before the morning sun, and would-be homicides would forget to become "temporarily insane" at convenient moments.

JOHN F. KREH

THE PHOTOGRAPHER

8 N. MARKET STREET, FREDERICK, MD.

INTERIORS, EXTERIORS,
GROUPS, COPYING, ENLARGING, PHOTO SUPPLIES,
CRAYON AND WATER COLOR WORK

Apr. 23 09-1y

An Opportunity for Farmers

To secure a SUPERIOR LIME, FLAME BURNED IN FLUE KILNS from high per cent Carbonate of Lime Rock, free from ash, slate and the impurities found in lime burned in the "Old Pot Kilns" with alternating layers of Rock and fuel.

FLAME BURNED LIME from Pure Rock gives better results in less quantity per acre than lime burned in the old way. Application is therefore cheaper, yet results are better.

POTOMAC VALLEY STONE AND LIME CO.,

HAGESTOWN, MD.

July 16-10ts

LOSSES PAID \$105,000,000 Fire, Lightning, Windstorm. CAPITAL \$3,000,000

THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,

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ORGANIZED IN 1853

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EQUITY STABILITY PERMANENCY

Assets January 1st, 1907, \$20,839,174. Liabilities, including cash capital \$13,430,819. Net surplus \$7,408,355.
Insures against loss of real and personal property, rental income, Earned profits and commissions.

E. L. ANNAN, AGENT, EMMITSBURG, MD.

aug 9-1y

Cortright Metal Shingles

MAKE

THE MOST DURABLE ROOFING KNOWN.

You add nothing to Cortright Metal Roofing. It contains everything but the nails to fasten it on.

NOTHING TO RUST, NOTHING TO ROT, NOTHING TO CURL AND SPLIT, NOTHING TO LEAK.

You pay for Cortright Metal Roofing only at a moderate price, less than for either stone slate or tiles, and perhaps no more than for wood shingles.

JAMES G. BISHOP, AGENT, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Sample shingles may be seen at this office.

aug. 16-1y

Careful Dressers

Those who are most particular about the correctness of every detail, are quick to recognize the Superior Style and Splendid Wearing Quality of the clothes we make.

J. D. LIPPY, TAILOR,

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GETTYSBURG, PA.

GRAND EXHIBIT!

BY

BIRELY'S PALACE OF MUSIC

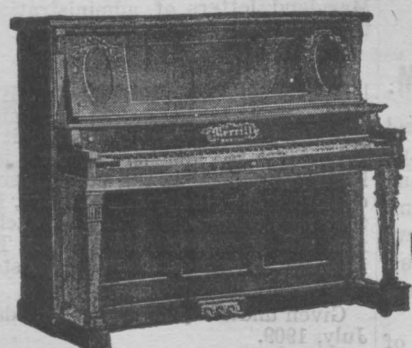
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AT FARMERS' PIC-NIC, NEAR TANEYTOWN

We will have for this occasion a number of special designs, and exceptionally fine-toned instruments, which we will offer at interesting prices.

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Don't fail to come and see them.



A Souvenir to Everyone

This Exhibit will be under the personal Charge of

MR. J. M. BIRELY,

assisted by

GEORGE EVERHART and R. GRUBBS

July 30-2ts

A PAGE FOR YOUR SCRAP BOOK

CUT THIS OUT EVERY WEEK AND AT THE END OF THE YEAR YOU WILL HAVE A COLLECTION WELL WORTH PRESERVING

THE law of nature is, that a certain quantity of work is necessary to produce a certain quantity of good of any kind whatever. If you want knowledge, you must toil for it; if food, you must toil for it; and if pleasure, you must toil for it.—*Ruskin.*

WHAT is difficulty? Only a word indicating the degree of strength requisite for accomplishing particular objects; a mere notice of the necessity for exertion; a bugbear to children and fools; only a mere stimulus to men.—*Samuel Warren.*

THOSE who quit their proper character to assume what does not belong to them, are for the greater part ignorant of both the character they leave and of the character they assume.—*Burke.*

WHEN a true genius appears in the world, you may know him by this sign, that the dunces are all in confederacy against him.—*Swift.*

THE scriptures teach us the best way of living, the noblest way of suffering, and the most comfortable way of dying.—*Flavel.*

WE should often be ashamed of our very best actions, if the world only saw the motives which caused them.—*La Rochefoucauld.*

A FIT of anger is as fatal to dignity as a dose of arsenic to life.—*Dr. Holland.*

FROM THE
CHRONICLE
EMMITSBURG



JULY

30,

— 1909 —

Suggestive Questions on the Sunday School Lesson by Rev. Dr. Linscott for the International Newspaper Bible Study Club.

(Copyright 1909 by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D. D.)

Aug. 1st, 1909.

Close of Paul's Missionary Journey. Acts xviii: 1-22.

Golden Text.—In the world ye shall have tribulation; be of good cheer; I have overcome the world.—John xvi: 33

Verse 1.—What remarkable thing had immediately preceded Paul's start for Corinth?

* There is no record of a vision or any special Divine instruction, for Paul going to Corinth; but is a good man as much guided by God when he is not conscious of it, as when he is, and why? (This question must be answered in writing by members of the club.)

Verses 2-3.—What was the attraction between Aquilla and Paul?

How do you account for it that there is an affinity between men of the same trade?

Have labor men a perfect right to band themselves together, for mutual protection, against the undue demands of capital?

Has capital a moral right to protect itself against labor?

Have business men a right to protect themselves against undue competition?

Paul worked at his trade as a tent maker for a living, is there any suggestion in this that modern preachers should do a similar thing?

A large proportion of the membership of the present day Christian Church, have the latent ability to preach; ought not this ability to be developed, thus giving to every local church several preachers, and the work being divided between them, would be better done than at present, and each preacher make his own living?

Verse 4.—It is the duty and privilege of every adult Christian to be engaged, at least every Sunday, in some specific spiritual work?

Why did Paul, in the beginning, in Corinth, confine his work to the Sabbath day and to the Jews?

In The European Market.

"What you want is a pretty American wife with a dowry of twenty millions."

"Oh, I'm not so particular. I should be quite content with an ugly one with forty."—*Sourire.*

Adam God, the religious fanatic, began a 25-year sentence last week in a Kansas penitentiary.

A Christian Warning.

We deem it a solemn duty to warn young couples either to avoid 39-cent hammocks or else to hang them very low.—*Christian Work and Evangelist.*

Anything to Oblige.

In divorcing a fool and his money most of us are willing to be named as co-respondents.—*New York Press.*

WE CALL YOUR ATTENTION

to the fact that our profits were \$4600.00 for the past six months, after paying all expenses and 4 per cent. to our depositors, which shows conclusively that we can pay 4 per cent. with safety and profit.

If you are not getting 4 per cent. you are losing money.

Write for our free booklet "Banking at 4 per cent."

Middletown Savings Bank,

Middletown, Md.

"The Bank That Pays 4 Per Cent"

7-24-09-1y

THE STAFFORD

Perfect Service.
Finest Location.
Excellent Cuisine.
Liberal Management.
Fireproof Construction.

WASHINGTON PLACE

BALTIMORE,

MD.

June 28-1y

Concrete Construction.

Concrete Pavements, Sidewalks, Steps, Gutters, Cellar Floors, Water Troughs, Hitching Posts, Carriage Blocks, etc.

All work by contract and all contracts faithfully carried out.
Estimates Furnished.

CHAS. E. GILLELAN,

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

aug 9-1y

C. J. SHUFF & CO.

SPORTING GOODS.

Kodaks and Supplies, Guns and Ammunition, Bathing Suits, Tennis Rackets, Baseball Goods, Cigars, Cigarettes, Fine Pipes and Tobacco, Confectionery and Notions.

EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND.

Mid-Summer Dainties for The Table

Everything for Summer

Household Comfort.

JOSEPH E. HOKE

Emmitsburg, Maryland.

SPRING and SUMMER

Lines, now ready for your inspection. We have selected this season THE GREATEST LINE OF

Clothing, Cents Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Shoes

IN ALL VARIETIES EVER SHOWN IN FREDERICK.

We only handle the best makes in all our departments. Everything up to date. Call and see us as we can save you money by trading with the leaders.

B. ROSENOUR & SONS,

UP-TO-DATE OUTFITTERS,

Market and Patrick Streets,

Frederick, Md

10-11-07

PERSONALS.

It is the aim of THE CHRONICLE to publish as many personal and social items as possible, but it frequently happens that those who have guests visiting them, and those who entertain, fail to send a list of their friends, or an account of these events, to this office. Readers who live at a distance are always interested in what is going on "at home," and for that reason, if for no other, this column should be filled every week. It is of course understood that anonymous contributions will not be published. Names of persons furnishing items will be withheld.

Dr. Carson Frailey was in town this week.

Mr. W. F. Hardy, of Philadelphia, is visiting here.

Rev. James Neck, of Baltimore, spent several days in town.

Mr. George S. Eyster was in Gettysburg recently.

Mr. August Peppler, of Baltimore, spent Sunday in this place.

Miss Ruth Patterson has returned from her visit to the Mountain.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis M. Annan have returned to their home in Moline, Ill.

Mr. W. C. Stockburger, of New York city, was in town this week.

Mrs. August Peppler and Mrs. Louis Peppler have returned to Baltimore.

Mr. William Tyson, of Baltimore, visited his parents on Sunday.

Mr. Walter Zeigler, of Frederick, was here on Sunday.

Mrs. E. L. Annan was in Westminster last week.

Miss Anna Maxwell, who visited Miss Grace Rowe, has returned to York.

Mrs. E. L. Annan and Miss Belle Rowe spent sometime in Waynesboro, Pa.

Masters E. L. Annan and Samuel McN. Annan are visiting in Westminster.

Mr. Morris W. Stansbury, of Gettysburg, was in town on Saturday evening last.

Mrs. James A. Slagle spent several days visiting friends at Blue Ridge Summit.

Miss Mary Mondorff is spending two weeks at the Blue Mountain House, Pen Mar.

Mr. Raymond B. Hays, of Zanesville, O., a student at Yale University was here recently.

Mr. E. W. Shriver is spending the week at the Blue Mountain House, Pen Mar.

Miss Alma Ott, of Baltimore, who was visiting Miss Nellie Rowe, has returned home.

Miss Livingston, of York, who spent several days with Miss Lulu Patterson has returned home.

Mr. B. T. Elder and Mr. Gaeng, of Baltimore, spent Sunday in Emmitsburg.

Miss Julia Wadsworth and Miss Mae A. Kerrigan were in Frederick on Monday.

Miss Anna E. Annan is visiting her brother, Mr. Lewis M. Annan, in Moline, Ill.

Mrs. Dr. D. C. O'Donoghue and family, of Passaic, N. J., are spending the Summer with Eugene Warthen.

Mrs. E. L. Annan and Miss Carrie Johnston, of Elk Lick, Pa., attended the Lutheran Reunion at Pen Mar.

Mr. Walter Peppler, and Miss Grace Lansinger and Miss Olivia Hardy went to Pen Mar on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Hack and Miss Eleanor Hack have gone to Capon Springs, Va., for the Summer.

Miss Kate Schofield, of Baltimore, has returned home after spending sometime at Mrs. A. Spindler's.

Mr. Michael Hoke and Mr. James Hospelhorn drove to Sharpsburg where they spent a few days with Mr. Hoke's sister, Mrs. Crowell.

Miss Ethel Peppler, of Baltimore, who had been visiting Mrs. Albert Patterson, left this week for Shippensburg, Pa.

Miss Virginia Welty is visiting her uncle, Mr. Howard Martin, and her aunt, Mrs. Grace Baumgardner, at Four Points.

Mrs. Edgar Moser and three children, and Mrs. Margaret Shank spent Thursday near Greencourt, the guests of Mrs. Krise Byers.

Mrs. Frances T. Caldwell, of McKnightstown, is visiting her son, Mr. Joseph D. Caldwell. Mr. Caldwell is also entertaining Mr. Edwin E. Bishop and family, of Hanover.

Mrs. David Wertheimer and children, of Connellsville, Pa., and Mrs. William Churchill, of Front, Royal, Va., have returned to their homes after visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Welty.

Mrs. Mary C. Titzel and her daughter, Miss Helen Titzel, of Lancaster, Pa., visited Mrs. Titzel's brothers, Messrs. Robert B. and John G. Allison, at "Locust Dale Farm."

Mrs. Bernard Margada, Mrs. George Kreis and daughter, of Baltimore, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Haley, of Waynesboro, Miss Fannie Snyder and Miss Dora Hoffnagle, of Fairfield, spent Old Home Week with Mrs. Philip Lawrence.

Mr. D. E. Seely and the Misses Edith, Orel, Ethel and Frances Seely, of Ann Arbor, Mich., are spending a few days with Mr. Walter K. Rhodes, near town. The party came from Ann Arbor in an automobile.

The following persons were at Pen Mar on last Thursday: John and Francis Mathews, Charles Eichelberger, Thomas and William Frailey, Walter Peppler, Thomas Gingell, Charles Sellers, Luther Whitmore and Francis White.

Among the guests for the Summer at "Thornbrook," the home of Mr. J. Calvin Fox, are: Mr. and Mrs. von Knoblock and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Denmead, Mrs. Bryne and daughter, Miss Clara Bryne, Mrs. Sager, Mr. Armstrong, Miss Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Doyle and son, Miss Hickey, Mrs. Stork and two daughters, the Misses McFadden, Mrs. Burgess and daughter, all of Baltimore; Miss Margaret Hauce, of Philadelphia; and Mrs. Sherwood and two daughters.

A MUSICAL ORGANIZATION THAT DESERVES A GREAT DEAL OF CREDIT



Since its organization a short time ago the Emmitt Cornet Band has given a great deal of pleasure to the people of this community, all of whom are proud of the good work it has done. This band deserves support and it is fair to assume that the credit due it will be given by the people. The work

done during Old Home Week by these musicians was very much praised by visiting bands and strangers. The character of music rendered by the Emmitt Cornet Band is above the average and the painstaking course pursued by the men and their leader cannot fail to bring results.

Beginning at the left the men are standing, H. M. Ashbaugh, Robert Burdner, Charles Ashbaugh, John Little, William Longenecker, Warren Gelwicks, Allen Gelwicks; seated, C. O. Rosensteel, Charles Gelwicks, Elmer E. Eyster, (leader), and Joseph E. Elder.

LIMBURGER CHEESE COST HIM \$37

Mr. W. S. Guthrie Robbed at Union Station, Baltimore.

Mr. W. S. Guthrie, who spent Old Home Week here, was victimized by a clever rogue at Union Station, Baltimore. Mr. Guthrie had bought a ticket for St. Joseph, Mo., his home, and was waiting for his train in the smoking room. Near him sat a man who either assumed or was deaf and dumb. Shortly after he had noticed the man, the latter pointing to Mr. Guthrie's coat held his nose. On examination it was found that in some way or other his garment had been daubed with fragrant limburger. The stranger took Mr. Guthrie by the arm and led him to the washroom.

Mr. Guthrie took off his coat and a moment later, while he was rubbing the Limburger cheese from his coat, the stranger disappeared. A short time later Mr. Guthrie discovered that his pocketbook, containing \$37 and his ticket for St. Joseph, was gone. The police found the pocketbook a short distance from the station containing Mr. Guthrie's ticket, but the money was gone.

SUNDAY SCHOOL REUNION

Reformed Church Schools to Meet Next Week at Braddock Heights.

The fifth annual reunion of the Sunday Schools of the Reformed Church in this county will be held on Thursday, August 5, at Braddock Heights, beginning at 2 P. M. An elaborate program has been prepared. Rev. J. Wayne Bowers, the newly elected pastor of the charge at Jefferson, will pronounce the invocation. The address will be delivered by Rev. John M. Schick, D. D., of Washington. Revs. Guy Brady, J. A. Ditzler, G. A. Snyder, D. D., Herman, G. M. Smith and Miss Eleanor Markey will take part in the exercises.

The officers of the union are A. C. McCardell, O. B. Coblenz and F. C. Remsburg. The committee for this meeting consists of the following gentlemen: A. C. McCardell, J. Travers Thomas, Daniel L. Slagle, William P. Holter, R. Claude Dutrow, David Cramer and F. C. Remsburg.

Grangers' Picnic At Taneytown.

The Taneytown Grange No. 184, will hold its twelfth annual picnic at Ohler's Grove, near Taneytown, on August 10, 11, 12 and 13. Prominent men will deliver addresses. Ex-Governor Warfield, Governor Crothers, Congressman Goulden and Lefean are among those who will speak.

Chocolate Nut Sundae 10c.

A dipper "Ice Cream," with ladle of "Swiss Chocolate" over the cream, a spoonful of "Chopped Nuts" over the chocolate, and topped off with "Whipped cream" and "Maraschino Cherry" and a "Delecta" Wafer on the side all for 10c. at McCardell's. July 30-2t

New Pastor at Thurmont.

Rev. J. W. Reinecke, pastor of the Reformed Church at St. John, Pa., has accepted a call to the Reformed Church at Thurmont. He will enter upon his new duties in September. He has been in charge of the St. John's Church for 11 years.

A new pavement has been laid in front of the property occupied by Mr. John Glass.

Rev. Mr. W. C. B. Shulenberg, who has been ill for several days, is recovering rapidly.

TWO TEAMS WRECKED ON PIKE

Roadway Too Narrow for Three Vehicles.—No One Hurt.

Two teams came to grief on Sunday evening on the pike near the coal bins. Messrs. John Matthews and Robert Sellers were driving toward town and two other teams were coming in the opposite direction, the one being owned by Mr. Hoffman, of Gettysburg. The third team was behind and in attempting to go round Mr. Hoffman the accident happened. The latter in trying to give sufficient road-room for the third team ran into Mr. Matthews' team. Both Mr. Matthews and Mr. Sellers were thrown out of the runabout, fortunately sustaining no injury. The front wheel of Mr. Hoffman's team was demolished and the shafts of the other badly broken. The harness on Mr. Matthews' horse was also torn. The third team, the cause of the accident, was not injured in any way as far as is known, for the driver never stopped.

GETTYSBURG TROLLEY FOR SALE

Foreclosure Proceedings Instituted In Adams County Court.

Foreclosure proceedings have been instituted in the Adams county court of the mortgage on the Gettysburg Transit Company by the West End Trust Company of Philadelphia, the trustee named in the mortgage.

This property was sold in 1897 under similar proceedings and was bought by Philadelphia business men. They re-organized the affairs of the company and placed a mortgage of \$100,000 on the property. The road was built in 1893.

Run Down By Racing Teams.

Andrew J. Koser, of Biglerville, may lose his life as a result of being knocked down and run over by horses. A large crowd attended a festival held in Biglerville and several young men amused themselves by racing through the streets. Fearing an accident, Koser tried to stop the racers, but was knocked down and run over by the horses. His skull was crushed and he sustained internal injuries which are expected to prove fatal.

Dropped Dead on Street.

William Allen, aged about 42 years, a colored hodcarrier, dropped dead on South Market street, Frederick, on Friday last, near the entrance to Mount Olivet Cemetery. The immediate cause of his death was heart failure.

Don't fail to visit the tent of the late improved "1900" Gravity Washers, on exhibition at the Granger's Picnic at Taneytown, August 10-14.

J. K. BIRELY, General Agent, July 30-2ts Middleburg, Md.

Views of Emmitsburg.

An attractive Booklet containing Views of the Old Town, Pictures of the Institutions, all the Churches and several interesting portraits, will be mailed to any address for 15c.

THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

Mr. James M. Kerrigan has had a concrete walk laid from his house to the stable on his property, East Main street. A concrete pavement has been laid in front of his residence.

Mrs. John D. Sebald was taken to St. Agnes Hospital, Baltimore, on Tuesday. Mrs. Sebald will have to undergo an operation.

A modern wire fence is being erected along the alley side of St. Joseph's Cemetery.

CONSECRATION OF REV. MURRAY

Services Sept. 29 at St. Michael and All Angels, Baltimore.

Rev. John Gardner Murray will be consecrated Bishop Coadjutor of Maryland on Wednesday, September 29, the Feast of St. Michael and All Angels, in the church of which he is rector.

The details of the service are being rapidly arranged. In the course of a few days announcements will be made of the names of the consecrating bishops, of the priests who will take part in the services and of the laymen who will present the necessary credentials. Part of these arrangements are in the hands of Bishop Tuttle of Missouri, the oldest, and for that reason the presiding Bishop of the Episcopal Church in this country. Bishop Paret, upon whom will necessarily fall a great deal of the detail, is away on his vacation.

At least 200 clergy will march in the procession. Many of them will come from Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Rev. Mr. Murray was elected Bishop Coadjutor to Bishop Paret last spring.

Distant Home Comers Return.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Gibbs, of Taylors Falls, Minn., and daughter, Mrs. E. M. Childs, of Kalispell, Mont., have returned to their homes in the West after visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Shuff. It will be remembered Mr. Gibbs was the gentleman who at the opening exercises of the Old Home Week Celebration accepted the key of Emmitsburg from Burgess M. F. Shuff on behalf of the visitors and friends of this place.

Hurt in Runaway Accident.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Willhide and their three children, of near Ladiesburg, this county, were thrown from a carriage in a runaway accident a short distance from Graceham, Mr. Willhide being badly hurt and his wife and one child painfully cut and bruised about the head and body. The horse took fright while Mr. Willhide was out of the vehicle, and in an effort to quiet the animal he was knocked down and run over.

Canary Bird Supplies.

Bird Seed to Keep him well, Bird Manna to make him sing and Bird Sand to keep his cage clean. Book all about birds free at McCardell's. July 30-2ts

Celery Plants.

A large supply at low prices.

WESTMINSTER NURSERY, June 25-4ts Westminster, Md.

Festival at Tom's Creek.

A festival for the benefit of Tom's Creek Sunday School will be held tomorrow evening at Tom's Creek Church. A band will be present. Everyone is invited.

MARRIED.

WACHTER—PRYOR. Miss Hattie Ella Pryor and Mr. Guy Roscoe Wachter, son of Dr. Wachter, all of Sabillasville, were married Wednesday night at Trinity Lutheran parsonage, in Hagerstown, by Rev. Dr. J. S. Simon.

DIED.

Regular death notices published one time free of charge. Obituary poetry and resolutions charged for at the rate of five cents a line.

KOONTZ.—On July 26, 1909, James William Oliver Koontz, infant son of Mr. Herbert Koontz, aged 1 month and 16 days. The funeral service was held at the home of his parents on Tuesday morning. Interment in Mountain View Cemetery, Rev. Dr. Reinwald officiated.

EMMITSBURG RAILROAD

READ DOWNWARD.					STATION.		READ UPWARD.				
408	406	710	404	402			401	403	709	405	407
P M	P M	A M	A M	A M			A M	A M	A M	P M	P M
5 05	.....	8 57	7 50	.....	Le... Baltimore... Ar		9 25	.....	.....	5 15	7 30
7 07	.....	10 37	10 17	.....	Ar... Rocky Ridge... Le		7 40	.....	.....	2 46	5 37
7 10	2 50	10 40	10 20	7 45	Le... Rocky Ridge... Ar		7 40	10 15	10 35	2 40	5 35
7 25	3 05	10 55	10 35	8 00	..... Motters.....		7 25	10 00	10 20	2 25	5 20
7 40	3 20	11 10	10 50	8 15	Ar... Emmitsburg... Le		7 10	9 45	10 05	2 10	5 05

Special rates to Pen Mar, round trip from Emmitsburg, 75 cents, from Motters, 60 cents. Children half fare. Good to return on regular trains daily, and on Thursdays and Saturdays on the Pen Mar Express at 6.10 P. M.

VINCENT SEBOLD, General Manager.

July 30-09-1y

YOU ARE GOING TO BUY

Stockers and Feeding Cattle

THIS SEASON

You want to buy where you can get the best cattle for the least money. Write or wire at once to

JOHN J. LAWLER
163 EXCHANGE BUILDING
UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO

Sound, safe, conservative, strict honesty and a square deal guaranteed.

ESTABLISHED OVER 25 YEARS

REFERENCES: Live Stock Exchange National Bank, Chicago
Any Mercantile Agency
Thousands of our satisfied customers

We handle more stockers and feeders than any firm in the world. A big selection at all times. Sales, 40 to 50 loads daily.

Come to Chicago and we will sell direct to you, or order at once by mail or telegram and we will ship just what you want direct to you at lowest market prices. Write at once for our plan of filling orders. We can save you money. Write us for quotations of prices before you buy.

July 16-20ts



HARRY G. TRITAPOE.

OUR ANNOUNCEMENT

of real estate for sale does not mean a lot of low-class property at high-class prices. You can get that any time and anywhere. What we offer is real estate that is worth every cent asked for it and will be worth a lot more at no distant date. If you mean business we have the property worth investigating.

C. & P. Phone 67F. 121 Court Street, Maryland 356M.
July 9-09-1y

THIRTY DAYS SPECIAL

CLEARING SALE

MUST have room for Fall and Winter goods. Clothing each and every suit must go at less than cost. Our line of \$5.00 and \$5.50 Men's Suits now reduced to \$2.99 and \$3.49, our \$7.50 and \$8.00 line reduced to \$5.49 and \$5.99, our \$10.00 line \$7.49, our \$12.40 and \$14.00, now \$9.49 to \$10.49. These are new and up-to-date.

Youth's clothing reduced the same as men's. Boy's knee pants suits, extra large line. Now is the time to get your boy's school suits away down, prices ranging from 50c. to \$3.50. Now don't miss the clothing sale as it means money to you. 100 pair of Men's Dress Pantaloon, ranging in prices from \$1.75 to \$4.00. Must all be closed out at \$1.39 to \$2.99, these are new and extra values.

MEN'S HATS AND CAPS. Every straw hat must be closed out at less than cost. Cut prices on Stiff and Soft Hats.

Carpet and Matting All Reduced in Price Now.

Remnants in carpet and matting less than cost. Give us a call. Mackerel and White Fish they are fine and cheap.

SHOES AND OXFORDS

We carry the largest line ever carried in our town. We have got just what you want at away down prices, our entire line of Men's Ladies', Misses' and Boy's, all must be closed out at less than cost. These are all new and up to date. Men's Patent Leather Shoes reduced in price also.

GROCERIES

This line is always full and complete of fancy and staple goods at away down prices. Lard and side meat 10c. per pound in trade.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS

An extremely large line of staple goods always on hand, also dress goods of all kind at the right price, our entire line of the latest Crepe de Luxe and lawns at cost.

WIRE AND FENCE

Don't forget that we are agents for Pittsburgh and American fence so when in need come our way, we expect another car of Pittsburgh Perfect Fence inside of 10 days. So come our way for low prices. It will pay you now and at all times to call at Snider's Bargain Store to get what you want in each and every department at all times, at away down prices. Your friend,

M. R. SNIDER,
HARNEY, MARYLAND

July 23-2ts

PUBLIC SALE

—AT—

D. W. GARNER'S IMPLEMENT WAREHOUSE

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Saturday, August 7, at 1 P. M.

Of Top Buggies, Rubber and Steel Tire, Runabouts Auto Seats, Steel and Rubber Tire, Harness, Double and Single. Also Secondhand Harness, Empire Grain Drills, Harrows and Plows and Farming implements in general. To miss this sale means to miss bargains. Everybody come.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale.

J. N. O. Smith, D. W. GARNER, Auct. July 30-2t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

LAURA B. DWEN

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of February, 1910; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 9th day of July, 1909.

EDWARD S. TANEY, Eugene L. Rowe, Agent.

July 9-5t. Administrator.

UNDERTAKER.

M. F. SHUFF

—DEALER IN—

Modern Furniture,
BEDS, MATTRESSES.Hospitals, Hotels Institutions
Furnished Throughout.Special prices for Furniture in
large quantities.

SEWING -:- MACHINES.

CABINET WORK, REPAIRING.
BOTH PHONES.

W. Main St., Opp. Presbyterian Church.

EMBALMER.

A Dollar an Hour

Instead of
A Dollar
A DayDo you realize
what this
means to you
and those de-
pending upon
you?Don't be
satisfied with
a small salary
all your life—
do as thou-
sands have
done; let the
International
Correspondence
Schools showyou how your pay can be increased. It
matters not where you are, in the city
or on the farm, in the mine or in the
mill, in the office, store, or shop, the
I. C. S. can and will increase your earn-
ing capacity.A Dollar an Hour is not out of
your reach, if you will only let us help
you. It will cost you nothing to ask
us—How? Cut out the coupon—mark
any occupation you like—mail at once,
and it will bring to your aid all the
resources of that great institution, the
I. C. S., an establishment founded and
maintained for the benefit of poorly
paid men and women.

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS

Box 780, SCRANTON, PA.

Please explain, without further obligation on my part,
how I can qualify for a larger salary and advance-
ment to the position to which I have marked X.

Ad Writer	Architectural Draftsman
Show-Card Writer	Structural Engineer
Window Trimmer	Structural Draftsman
Civil Service Exams.	Contractor & Builder
Ornamental Designer	Foreman Plumber
Mechanical Engineer	Civil Engineer
Mechanical Draftsman	R. E. Construction Eng.
Foreman Machinist	Surveyor
Electrical Engineer	Mining Engineer
Electrician	Chemist
Town-Station Supt.	Bookkeeper
Architect	Stenographer

Name _____
Street and No. _____
City _____ State _____

Represented Locally by

J. L. WHALEN,

238 N. Market St. Frederick, Md.

sept 14 '08-ly.

TUB SUITS

This will be a great season for Wash Suits, which will be universally worn. Manufacturers have been quick to note the change in my Lady's notion of Summer wear and are providing the most fetching Wash Suits ever thought out. Our advance shipments are here—the Coats are made 36 to 45 inches long—the skirts are correct to the minute. The materials are Motor stripes, Linens in all colors, Natural Linen, English Repps and Colored Linens. They are tailored like Wool Suits, are chic in effect and really beautiful, as well as serviceable. They begin at \$3.50 and you will be surprised and pleased at the new turn of things.

Commencement Wear

is now being seriously considered and we are ready for you. We enter into the spirit of the Commencement Gown and thoroughly enjoy it—the most important dress, you say, next to the Bridal—we agree. We have provided all of the newest and most wanted materials with beautiful and harmonizing trimmings. Handmade Batiste, French Mulls, Persian Lawn, Flaxon, the new fabric, French Lawns, Kaishi and Japonica Silks, which are very apt, and other gauzy silks. Consult us

Today

We begin Pronounced Reductions in the prices of our

Tailored Suits.

This means that we will sell every Suit in our store at such a drastic cut in price that you will hardly pay more than the cost of the material. It will pay you to take this seriously, as cool and rainy days through summer will give you an abundance of chances to get your money's worth.

New Voile Skirts, Great Sellers; New Waists, New Neckwear.

Ever Tried JERGEN'S TALCUM POWDER—absolutely pure, 12c. a can.

THOS. H. HALLER,

Central Dry Goods House

17 and 19 North Market Street - - - FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

march 27-ly

Geo. E. Clutz

Ice Cream, Groceries,

Oysters, Confectionery,

Soft Drinks,

Tobacco and Cigars.

—CALL ON—

GEO. T. EYSTER.

—AND—

See his splendid stock of

GOLD & SILVER
Key & Stem-Winding
WATCHES.

Scoll Bros.

Midsummer

Clearance Sale

We are compelled to announce our annual clearance sale much earlier this season owing to the large business of the past two months which left us with many odd pieces in all departments.

A Reduction
of 20 to 25%

On China Closets, Kitchen Cupboards, Tables, Chairs, Rockers, Dressers, Wash Stands, Parlor Tables, Rugs, Portiers, Lace Curtains, Bed Spreads, Table Covers, Iron Beds, Springs, Mattresses, Pictures, Mirrors, Clocks, Etc.

Handsome Premiums

Given Away during this sale on all bills of Ten Dollars or over. Special inducements to June Brides dealing here and an extra present in addition to premium you are entitled to.

SCOLL BROS.

43 & 45 E. PATRICK ST.,

Frederick, - Md.

CASH OR CREDIT

J. M. DRONENBURG, Manager

Mch 28-09

Field And Garden

Poor Pasture Land And The Cow.—
Don't Make Her Work Too Hard.

In the month of June, when pastures are supposed to be at their best and the dry food at the barn may be wholly omitted, we find it necessary to keep up the full winter grain ration and also a good feed of hay night and morning to keep the cows from slacking up on the milk or growing thin in flesh. And yet the pasture is better than some—probably as good as the average. It certainly does not pay to keep the cows on short rations, for that means small returns. With high prices prevailing for grain and hay, it is hard to figure out much profit when supplies have to be bought. Yet it may be better to incur some temporary loss than to allow cows to run down in condition, for a cow too thin in flesh cannot be a profitable one. Therefore, while the hay was withheld for two weeks, we have been obliged to resume its feeding until such time as the growing crops furnish the needed supplemental food.

This leads to some serious thinking about the future of our pastures, says a writer in the New York Tribune Farmer. What is to be done with them? How are the cows to be fed? Shall we try to keep the bushes down and the pastures fertilized? As to what is to be done with these old pastures that are too rough and rocky for the plow and well started toward forest growth, there seems to be only one conclusion, and that is to let them revert to forest. I have already done so with much of mine, and have a good wood lot growing on what was poor pasture hardly worth fencing a decade ago. I shall let much of the present pasture lot go the same, and shall assist Nature in starting the trees if necessary. There can be no question about the future value of a good wood lot in any section of the civilized world, and a little practical forestry work on our old pasture lands will put them into such condition that they will have a value much above what they can ever be made to yield as pasture.

The cows have to work too hard for what they get when compelled to roam over large areas of rough and bushy pasture for a scanty supply of poor grasses. They use up strength and force which ought to be used for making milk. It is too much to ask the cow to act as a milk-making machine, a bush cutter, a land grubber and a long distance walker all at once. It is enough for her to make the milk, and while doing it to get only such exercise as may be needed to keep her in good health. Hence her food should be within easy reach and of abundant supply. How shall it be supplied? I have it worked out like this: A small pasture near the barn, which has good water, where the cows can go for water, exercise and some grass, and the rest of the food be supplied at the barn. Probably one acre for each cow will be as near as will be necessary for small herds, with the land to decrease as the herd increases—that is, four acres for four cows and 10 acres for 40 cows, as these acreages will give plenty of exercise and as much pasture as one can afford under modern conditions.

The feeding at the barn must be governed by circumstances. With the small herd and an acre of pasture a cow, hay and grain, if home grown, may be best for the main dependence; with the large herd the silo will be a necessity. Have we not reached the condition where the dairyman cannot afford to depend on pasture? Is it too much to say that the farmer who requires 10 acres of land for each cow has not learned his business well enough to either win or deserve success? I do not advocate the exclusive stall feeding of cows, as they need the sun and open air and out-door exercise, as well as a chance to bite the grass a little, but we are confronted by a condition which makes it the part of wisdom to abandon old practices and adopt in their place something better suited to meet our needs. Less pasture, better feed, more milk, more wood and lumber growing up and more profit for us.

BREAKS THE WORLD'S RECORD

Orville Wright and Lieutenant Lahm Sail in Air Ship for One Hour and Twelve Minutes.

Before 8,000 people Orville Wright with Lieutenant Lahm broke the world's two-man record in the first of the official tests at Fort Meyer, Washington, on Tuesday evening. He sailed in the air for one hour and twelve minutes and could have stayed longer.

The previous record was established by his brother Wilbur and was one hour and nine minutes. In the time Orville was up he could have crossed the English Channel twice.

By the feat one of the requirements of the Government has been complied with. It decided that the first part of the test was satisfactory and that if the speed voyage is as good, the machine will be accepted. Wilbur Wright estimates that the machine averaged 40 miles and hour to-day. Some think it was making more. If it does as well tomorrow the Wrights will get a check of not less than \$25,000 from Uncle Sam.

Secretary Knox is trying to secure naturalization treaties with Turkey and Russia.

Household Hints.

Summer Laundering.—Use of Starch
Gum Arabic.

For navy blues in cotton or linen, rinse in a thin starch water made a deep indigo blue, always using soft water. They should not be made stiffer than new cloth.

For stiffening thin black goods, use gum arabic water, or very thin glue water. The best way is to wash in very thin starch water, using no soap. No extra starching will be needed.

Black lawns, percales, dimities and other mourning goods, were the color is apt to "streak," should after washing, be rinsed in water to which turpentine in proportion of one tablespoonful to each pailful of water has been added. Black sateen skirts should be treated the same.

The same proportion of turpentine and water should be used for delicate pinks, greens and lavenders. These colors must not be rinsed in blue water, as it gives them a dirty look.

"Shepherd's plaid" in fine black and white checked prints, should be dipped in a hot suds when washed clean, which will give them a fresh look, clearing the white.

When a muslin becomes limp without being soiled, freshen without washing by sprinkling with gum arabic water, then iron. When starching such goods, turn wrong side out, dry in shade as rapidly as possible, sprinkle and roll in a damp towel for a little time, then iron on the wrong side and press all rough seams.

If so unfortunate as to scorch any article, hang it in the hot sunshine and, unless too badly scorched, it will clear. White goods should be wet and laid on the grass in the hot sunshine, repeating until the scorch disappears.

Try to have soft (rain) water for the rinsing, if not for the whole washing, as the bluing is even in soft water, while with hard water it is apt to cause it to streak.

Some Vegetable Recipes.

Corn Salad—Three stalks of celery chopped fine, mixed with half a can of corn or with tender green corn, with a nice salad dressing.

Corn and Tomatoes—Cut a slice from the top of each large smooth tomato, scoop out the seeds, leaving the inside like a cup. Fill with grated corn seasoned with butter, pepper and salt, cover with the tops, pour a little water in a buttered pudding dish, set the stuffed tomatoes in, cover the dish and bake in a moderate oven for an hour.

Pick-Ups.

For cleaning the sink or removing stains of smoke or soot from cook vessels, use any good borax soap powder. It is better than coal oil.

It is claimed that when a thing is wanted to boil quickly, a stick should be laid across the top of the vessel in the center, and this will prevent boiling over. A piece of clean kindling will do. Try it.

If food is unfortunately burned to the vessel when cooking, empty at once, and put into the burned vessel a tablespoonful of sal soda to a pint of water, bring to a boil, and let simmer for an hour. The food will slip from the vessel without scouring.

A solution of soda is good for many purposes in the household. Dissolve one pound of the soda in one quart of water, put into a jug and label "soda solution." If hard water is used, one tablespoonful of the solution in the dish water will soften it so a lather can be made with soap.

In washing dishes—china, or glass—do not use soap, unless you are blessed with the softest water. Have the dishes scraped free from all scraps of food and use clear hot water—hand-hot, with clean dish cloths. Have clean, soft drying cloths, and polish with these. Soap and hard water give greasy, sticky dish cloths and smeary dishes. When done with the dishes, use soap powder to clean the pots, pans and kettles, then wash out the clothes with the borax soap powder, rinse clean and hang out to dry. Burn the sticky, greasy dish cloth. They will get gray-colored, but they can be kept clean and soft.

SUTTON INQUIRY NOW A TRIAL

Mother's Accusations Reverses the Whole Situation.

By the action of Major Leonard, judge-advocate in the inquiry into the death of Lieut. James N. Sutton, Jr., the Government put itself on the defensive on Tuesday and made Mrs. Sutton, mother of the dead lieutenant, a complainant and accuser of one or more of the young Marine Corps officers who were mixed up in the Sutton tragedy of the murder of her son.

This complete reversal of the situation, from a simple investigation into a criminal action was based on the admission as evidence of a letter written by Mrs. Sutton to the Secretary of the Navy on February 8 last, and was a complete surprise to the Suttons and to Attorney Henry E. Davis, who is handling the case for them, and was vigorously opposed by Mr. Davis. One result of the move was to cause a postponement of the inquiry—or of the trial as it will probably be hereafter—until probably August 10.

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Now going on, will continue till sold, to make room for our Fall and Winter Stock.

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Split, Sennit and Panama Straw Hats.
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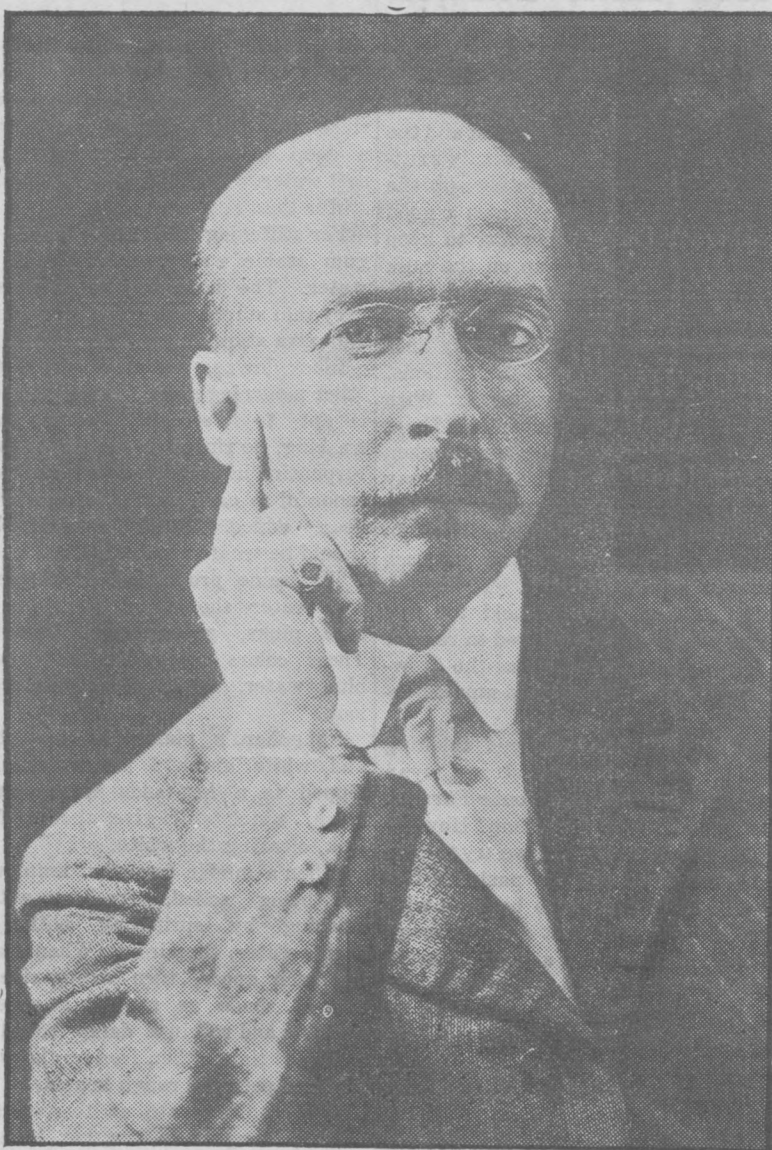
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A MAN WHO BELIEVES IN IGNORING PARTY LINES AT ELECTIONS



GEORGE R. GAITHER.

George R. Gaither, the Republican candidate for Governor of Maryland at the last gubernatorial election, thinks that "the only purpose of a party organization should be to register and organize the vote for the general election. With the wide circulation of the press of to-day and its general interest in public affairs the task of informing the voters is largely done through that agency."

Mr. Gaither advocates a permanent change as an inducement to get better men to accept nominations and his proposition is to reduce the length of the

Legislative session to sixty days and increase the salary to \$500 a year, payable annually, members to respond willingly at extraordinary sessions.

"What we really need," claims Mr. Gaither, "is not party representation but representation of the entire people. I cannot imagine any local question that can arise in the near future upon which the parties can reasonably divide. We should aim at a system of local government that eliminates party lines, which will promote the selection of candidates upon their merits and not upon party consideration."

BIG BLUNDERS BY LAWYERS

(Continued from page 1.)

the chances now are that the courts will throw it out as invalid, after it has been enacted.

Most remarkable of all is the attempt of the administration, through the attorney-general's office, to secure from Congress an act to validate the collection of the Spanish war legacy tax, within the year prior to its repeal in 1902, in cases where the testator died within that year—the law providing that the tax should be due and payable one year from the death. The taxes in such cases were collected, and now, under decisions of the United States courts, are being recovered by the legatees. When this remarkable proposal from the attorney-general's office came before the Senate, Mr. Hughes of Colorado, a lawyer of distinction, said:

Mr. President, I should like to know if it is claimed that the attorney-general of the United States has expressed the opinion that 11 years after a law has been passed and six years after it has expired this body can enact a binding construction of that law? I think it is an affront to the learning and conservative judgment of the lawyers of the Senate to ask them to say that when the supreme court cannot decide a question of statutory construction in the determination of litigated rights, this body may enact a construction of a law which has passed out of existence and make that construction determine the rights of litigants whose rights are before the court.

It is safe to say that Congress will never take such action as is thus asked for and if it should, it would be put aside by the courts in short order.

So it may be said that the late attorney-general, Mr. Bonaparte, has no particular reason to blush for his official record as a lawyer, when so many of the greatest legal minds of the country, following him, are seen to be floundering and "dulling" here and there about as badly. All of which is and can be said in no discredit to the legal side of Mr. Taft's administration. We are only reminded of what the late James C. Carter of New York said to an ambitious law student who was "certainly of the opinion" in a moot argument: "You never can be certain of the opinion about any matter related to the law; the most you can hope to do is to locate the preponderance of the doubt."

Breaks Record for Handling Coal.
The Virginian railway at Norfolk, Va., Saturday broke all records in the quick bunkering of foreign steamers when in 60 minutes 268 tons of coal were dumped into the German steamer Adelheid for use on the remainder of her voyage from New Orleans and Pensacola to West Hartlepool. Steamers usually arrive one day, take on 300 tons of coal and get away the next day.

POEMS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

These verses are published by request of the school department. Teachers and pupils are asked to become familiar with the poems published from time to time under this head.

MY GARDEN BED.

In my little garden bed,
Raked so nicely over,
First the tiny seeds I sow,
Then with soft earth cover.
Shining down the great round sun,
Smiles upon them often;
Little raindrops pattering down,
Help the seeds to soften.
Then the little plant awakes,
Down the roots go creeping;
Up it lifts its tiny head
Through the brown mold peeping.
Higher and higher still it grows,
Through the summer hours;
Till some happy day the buds—
Will open into flowers.

DAISIES.

At evening when I go to bed
I see the stars shine overhead;
They are the little daisies white
That dot the meadow of the night.
And often while I'm dreaming so,
Across the sky the moon will go;
It is a lady, sweet and fair
Who comes to gather daisies there.
For when at morning I arise,
There's not a star left in the skies;
She's picked them all and dropped them down
Into the meadows of the town.

VIOLETS.

O wind, where have you been,
That you blow so sweet?
Among the violets
Which blossom at your feet.
The honeysuckle waits
For summer and for heat;
But violets in the chilly spring
Make the turf so sweet.
—CHRISTINA ROSETTI.

New York Watchful of Her Children.

The health department at New York is congratulating itself on figures made public which show as a result of the summer campaign beginning June 1, a greater reduction in the infant mortality than has ever been accomplished before. As a result of this success, inquiries as to the methods in use in New York have come from as far as Moscow. In one period the death list was more than cut in half as compared with previous years.

Women Can't Work in Chinatown.

Women missionaries to the Chinese have been forced to cease their work with residents of New York's Chinatown. This is in part the result of their alleged activity in the Elsie Sigel murder case and the information they are supposed to have given the police concerning the ways of Chinatown.

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Families, for the season.....	\$5.00 " "
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