

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

ESTABLISHED OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

TERMS—\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

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NO. 52

THE OFFICIAL CROP REPORT

Pessimist Has Hard Job on Hand

CROP KILLER'S VISION

Scent For Drought Like a Kentucky Colonel

OUTLOOK NOW IS VERY GOOD

Agricultural Department Is The Farmer's Best Friend but Its Reports Is Not Up to Trade Expectations. —The Latter Is Generally Correct.

The official crop report called forth the following from the New York Times: "At this time last year wheat advanced 3 cents in a single day, and there was talk of dollar wheat, because the Government report announced the abandonment of 3,533,000 acres of winter-killed plant. This year the abandoned area is only 1,318,000 acres, and the condition is 6 per cent. better. It does not follow that we shall harvest the entire indicated 461,000,000 bushels, although it may be mentioned for the encouragement of the pessimists that in 1902 the actual harvest surpassed the May indications by 70,000,000 bushels. It would be more practical not to reckon upon anything so exceptional as that, but to make allowance for the usual seasonal deterioration as the crop matures.

"Even this leaves the pessimists with a hard job on hand. The indications now are better than in 1906, when the output was the maximum record, almost a round 493,000,000. But in May that year the expectation was only for 453,000,000 bushels. The realization of an equal improvement this year would take us above the half-billion-bushel mark for the first time. It would be prudent not to be elated prematurely or unduly, but it would also be the teaching of experience to be forewarned and forearmed against the crop killers. They see 'bugs' where bibulous gentlemen see snakes, and they have a keener scent for a drought than a Kentucky Colonel.

"At this season the winter wheat has passed all but the perils of harvest. It has survived the dangers of floods or droughts in the autumn time of sowing and germination. It has come through the alternate frosts and thaws of the winter and spring, and when the condition is as high as this year the plant is made, subject only to the perils of maturity, which are small for a growth of good constitution. In one respect the outlook this year is exceptionally good. In recent years there have been such troubles regarding harvest hands that the gathering of the crop has not received fair treatment. Not only did the expense necessitate hurrying the actual harvest, but the difficulty of getting hands at all often caused cutting prematurely and neglect to clean up the crop closely. Within a month some of the winter wheat will be moving, and within two months two-thirds of the wheat of 1908 will be garnered and recorded beyond the reach of the growlers. It will be an adventure if there is not enough to fill every barn, and set moving the idle freight cars.

"Yet the produce market greets these facts by stronger prices, as though (Continued on page 8.)

METHODISTS AND DISCIPLINE

More to Be Left to the Individual Court of Conscience and Less to Ecclesiastical Rule.

The resolution of the Methodist bishops that improper amusements shall be combated by spiritual rather than legislative means, accords faithfully with the times and their tendencies. Writes the New York Globe, "A certain new impatience with ecclesiastical courts and discipline manifests itself here as in other parts of the address. Let more be left to the individual court of conscience, and less to the courts of the church—this seems to be the spirit of the bishops."

Costing five million dollars, the new Thames Tunnel for horse-drawn traffic and pedestrians between Drayton and Rotherhithe will in all probability be ready for use shortly.

KITCHEN ECONOMICS

The Cook a Public Benefactor in France

IS DECORATED BY GOVERNMENT

State of Affairs Not Easily Appreciated in This Country.—Rise of M. Escoffier, Leading Chef.—Effect of Good Cooking

No American can easily appreciate the position held in France by the French cook, George August Escoffier, the leading chef in France, now in New York, says the Philadelphia Press.

Everybody knows that the man competent to manage the kitchen and the cooking of a big hotel receives the salary this city pays its Judges, and more than the Federal Government pays the members of its district judiciary. But M. Escoffier is a personage in France. He began life a poor boy and a practical cook. His ability is recognized as much as that of an artist. He is decorated by the Government and wears the coveted red ribbon in his buttonhole. His opinion is quoted. His dishes are gravely discussed. His services in making the food products of France more palatable at home and in greater demand abroad are recognized by all the various signs with which a community or a nation prove their appreciation of public service.

This is no mere fanfare or flare over "cooking as a fine art." This reputation is not based on dishes that figure in costly menus, though M. Escoffier has designed these. The French understand perfectly that well-cooked food is at the base of national strength and economical individual expenditure. When M. Escoffier publishes a volume of recipes which make the raw material of food go farther and taste better than his predecessor, the French understand he has added to the national wealth.

Half the expenditure of the average family goes to food and its preparation. The families are few that save 10 per cent. of their income. By good cooking provide equally good food with 40 per cent. instead of 50 per cent. of the income and either savings or the free margin for expenditure is doubled.

This is no fancy. The French kitchen makes the best investors in Europe. The well-to-do in this country understand this better than those of small means. The girls in wealthy families who go to expensive schools are nearly always taught cooking more carefully than the girls in the high schools. No woman in France is above learning to cook, and all French women save. Many an American mother makes the grievous mistake of sending her girl to the high school and never giving to her knowledge of the kitchen. Both are equally necessary.

ROOSEVELT THUMPED

Big Stick Turns on Him Who Lives By It

AN ENGINEER HARD ON MACHINE

People Tired of Noise of Grinding Gears in Government Machinery.—Continual Turmoil is Hurting Business Interests.

It is not to be wondered at that, says Brooklyn Life, Mr. Roosevelt is mad at the way he is being treated by Congress. And yet who has he to blame but himself. A crushed worm will turn and the only wonder is that this particular worm has enough strength left to wriggle. To paraphrase the old saying to the effect that those who live by the sword will eventually get its blade in the neck, those who live by the stick are bound to get thumped. We do not believe a cyclone will sweep the President into the chair he now occupies. For first, Mr. Roosevelt was bred a gentleman and he has given his word of honor that he will not accept another nomination. Secondly, the people are tired and will be more so before June at the continual turmoil which is hurting business and engendering bad feeling. Mr. Roosevelt has done splendid work for the nation, but he has done it and while in motion wants the wheels he has set in motion to keep on turning they are weary of the noise of grinding gears. The machine needs a grinding engineer and a thorough oiling.

The painting of the Forth Bridge costs \$10,000.

CHRONICLES OF EMMITSBURG

Series Of Entertaining Articles Concerning Town And People

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT EARLY TIMES

Customs and Amusements Now Almost Forgotten Recounted by Oldest Inhabitants

ANECDOTES ILLUSTRATIVE OF LIFE OF FORMER GENERATIONS

Old Timer Tells of Famous Hostelry Managed by Mrs. Agnew.—Francis Scott Key Made Speech From Its Front Porch.—Some Celebrated Guests.—Black's Tavern the Rendezvous of Teamsters.—Travelling in the Days Before Steam Locomotives.—Trip to Baltimore Cost More Inconvenience Than One to Europe Nowadays.

"Mr. — you are one of the old 'boys' and can no doubt tell of many interesting things in connection with the early days of Emmitsburg," said THE CHRONICLE man to a well-known and highly respected citizen of the town who is too modest to allow his name to appear in print.

"Yes, I can be counted among the old timers and can well remember many things about Emmitsburg about which later generations know little or nothing. When I was a small boy there were no hotels in Emmitsburg; they were all taverns then. The first to assume the more pretentious title was Mrs. Agnew's tavern which occupied the present site of the Hotel Spangler. It was a famous old hostelry and many noted people were its guests. I once heard Francis Scott Key, author of our national anthem, make a speech from its porch. General William H. Harrison stopped there on his presidential campaign tour in 1840, and General Harney, of Mexican War fame, spent the most of one Summer there.

"Mrs. Agnew had a great reputation as a caterer and entertainer. The patrons of Saint Joseph's Academy and Mount St. Mary's College made her place their home during commencement season, and some of them remained for many weeks to enjoy the mountain air and the good cooking for which Mrs. Agnew was noted.

"Thomas Welsh, a sedate middle aged gentleman, was Mrs. Agnew's right-hand man about the hotel. It was said of him that he never laughed and only smiled about twice a year — when the first Summer boarder came in June and when the last one left in September. Yet there was some quiet humor in Mr. Welsh. One cold frosty morning he came into the office and backing up to the stove where Dunstan, a young colored man, was fixing the fire, remarked, 'This is the morning when the Jews lick the pump handles.' Dunstan slipped out and Welsh waited results which were not long coming, for presently an unearthly noise was heard outside. Mr. Welsh went out to see what was the matter and he found Dunstan with his tongue fast to the iron pump handle, from which predicament he was soon rescued with only the loss of a little of his unruly member. Welsh said that Dunstan, who was somewhat given to talking back, had too much tongue left, even then, but you can rest assured that the young victim was never known to lick a pump handle afterwards."

"Won't you tell THE CHRONICLE readers about some of the other taverns, Mr. —?" asked the man behind the pencil.

"Well," said the kind old gentleman with a smile and a twinkle in his clear blue eye, "another of the old-time taverns, was Black's, located where the

Emmit House now stands. It was much patronized by teamsters from over the mountain who hauled flour, ground by country mills in Washington county, Maryland, and Franklin county, Pennsylvania, to Baltimore, returning with loads of store goods or German emigrants for the West. It was a sight to see one of these teams of six splendid Conestoga horses and great Loudon wagons, and the teamster as he mounted his great saddle horse, cracked his black snake whip, drew his line on the leader, and started off with bowbells on every horse. He felt as big and proud as the conductor of a modern Pullman train.

"It was not unusual to see eight or ten teams go through town together. The charges for the wagons and taverns were not at all extravagant, an eleven penny bit (twelve and a half cents) for a square meal, and three cents for a drink. The menu was not like that of the Waldorf-Astoria, but it was good and substantial, and those who partook had appetites to match, which is the chief requisite after all."

"How about travelling in the early days, Mr. —, did the people make many trips then?" asked the reporter.

"Travelling was a very different thing then to what it is now, let me tell you," replied the patient victim of the interviewer. "Going to Baltimore was like a trip to Europe now, and took almost as much time. Anyone who had been there and had exploited the city was looked upon as a person of distinction by the small boys who thought that perhaps sometime in the distant future they might be able to do likewise. The old swinging Concord Coach and the market wagon furnished the rapid transit. Mr. McDannel, who lived and died in a house that stood where J. T. Hays & Son's store now stands, was owner and driver of the stage line. He left Emmitsburg for Baltimore every Monday morning and returned every Friday evening, bringing with him the weekly mail, the only one we received."

"Do you remember much about the postal rates that obtained in the good old days of the stage coach, Mr. —?" timidly asked the newspaper representative, determining to make this his last question.

"Do I remember them? Perfectly," said the old gentleman with an air of astonishment. "They were calculated to make a deep impression upon me for they were very high. To send a letter to any distant part of the country used to cost twenty-five cents, so you can see that there was not very much unnecessary correspondence.

"Come around another time and maybe I will tell you something about politics and the schools as they were in days of old when I was young."

FAR AHEAD OF MOST JOURNALS OF ITS CLASS.

The Editor and Publisher, New York City, "a publication for Newspaper Makers," says this about THE CHRONICLE:

The Emmitsburg (Md.) CHRONICLE, edited by Sterling Galt, is one of the neatest, best edited, and most attractive country weeklies that reaches this office. Its typographic appearance is far ahead of most journals of its class, and its contents are well selected.

One-fifth of the world's surface is uninhabited by the white man because of the presence of malaria.

A squarrel can bite deeper than a dog.

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THAW IS A NUISANCE

Society Better Off If He Were Immured in Asylum

HIS PRIVILEGES UNDER THE LAW

Again He Becomes Object of Public Consideration.—What Guarantee Is There That He Will Not Commit Another Murder.

"It is important," so thinks the Brooklyn Eagle, "that the law permits Harry Thaw to become again an object for public consideration. Society would be better off could he be immured for an indefinite period in the Asylum for the Criminal Insane to which he was committed immediately after his second trial. But he has certain privileges under the law of the State, and among these is that of demanding a new hearing as to his sanity. If he can be proved sane at the present time and if it can be shown beyond reasonable doubt that he is not liable to a recurrence of the emotional insanity attributed to him by the jury that found him not guilty of the murder of Stanford White, his release from Matteawan cannot be legally prevented. The jury did not determine his mental condition at the time of his trial, or immediately prior to his commitment to Matteawan. What it passed upon was his mental responsibility on the night he shot his victim to death.

"It may be an easy matter to prove Thaw sane now. A lunacy commission established his sanity in the middle of his first trial. That verdict may easily be repeated as a result of impending hearing. But it will be a far more difficult matter to convince the court that Thaw is immune to a recurrence of the insane impulse with which, rightly or wrongly, a jury has already credited him. Viewing his case in the most charitable light it is still a fact that the burden of all the evidence adduced in his favor at the decisive trial proved him to be subject to intermittent attacks of a highly dangerous insanity. With that in view how can the release of him from all restraint be justified either in law or in common sense? What guarantee will there be that under the stress of some violently crazy emotion he will not commit, or attempt to commit, murder? If there is any doubt as to his mental balance why not give it to the State against which he has once offended and to which is due an adequate protection from him in the future?"

The book most sold in France last year was the Bible. One thousand were sold per day during the whole year.

Opportunity knocks once on every door—but sweeps out mornings for the man who helps himself.—Bill Barlow.

POLITICAL LUNCHEON

Two Cardinals and a Number of Bishops Dined.

SEC. TAFT AND CATHOLIC CHURCH

His Candidacy Will Meet General Approval Here, in Rome, Cuba, Panama and in The Philippines.—Appointments to Office.

There was a somewhat remarkable luncheon given at the White House last week. All those present except the President, Mrs. Roosevelt and Secretary Root were Catholics. There were two Cardinals, a number of Bishops and Archbishops, Attorney General and Mrs. Bonaparte and a number of others prominent in the Church and in official life in Washington. The luncheon doubtless was not without political significance. The President and Secretary Taft stand very well with the Catholic Church. Secretary Taft especially is persona grata with the Church in the Philippines, in Cuba, in Panama and in Rome where he managed for the very satisfactory a transaction which was very satisfactory to the Vatican in as much as this country through his agency paid a large sum of money for the Church holidays in the Philippines. In appointments to office members of the Catholic Church have been treated very fairly by the President and Cardinal Gibbons, and Cardinal Logue and other Church dignitaries have not been slow to let the laity know.

The wife in Abyssinia always owns the house and contents.

WRONG IDEA OF GOVERNMENT

It Is Not The All-Provider

SPIRIT WORTH NOTING

Would Minimize Individual Short-sightedness

MODERN MOUND BUILDING PLAN

Spirit of Benevolent Paternalism Which Seeks To Have The Government Do For Everybody What They Could Easily Do For Themselves

The project to have the Secretary of War erect fifty experimental mounds along the banks of the Mississippi as places of refuge when the river is in flood, introduced by Representative Wallace, called forth the following comment from the Boston Transcript:

Mr. Wallace's project is probably destined for the pigeonhole, but its presentation is worth noting as another manifestation of the spirit of benevolent paternalism which seeks to have the Government do for everybody what they have heretofore done for themselves. This conception of Government is that it is a kind of general providence. It will take care of people who will not take care of themselves, and will address itself to minimizing the consequences of individual shortsightedness. The man who goes to farming in a region well known to be liable to floods and freshets can have the comfortable assurance as he labors that there is a Government mound ready for him in case the waters prove uncontrollable. If the Government would only go a step farther and establish a system of flood insurance of crops the agriculturists of the districts now most visited by overflows would lead an existence no longer amphibian, and might view, in bad seasons, what he now considers disasters, as occurrences not altogether undesirable.

Seriously, Mr. Wallace goes only a little in advance of other advocates of Government insurance against individual liability. The many bills in Congress intended to have the Government take foresight for those who will not take it for themselves bear a degree of resemblance to Mr. Wallace's project that suggests a sort of cousinship. States that will not appreciate the value of good roads are to have them built in part at least at Federal expense, and all experience shows that when the Government once starts in this business the vista of cost becomes immense. All such projects in their essence are centralising. That is the tendency of thought in this country today. Short cuts to results of admitted general advantage are favorites with those who cannot or will not see that if the centralization tendency is not checked it means the deterioration of the muscle and fibre of local self-government, and flabbiness of the individual initiative. We may smile at Mr. Wallace and his Government mounds, but we should remember that his idea is significant of a disposition to make the Government the all-provider, a disposition more impressively illustrated by the project for a cabinet department of health with a 'bureau of infant nutrition.'

MR. JEROME AND POPULARITY

He Has Lost What He Can Never Recover.—New Yorkers With Sorrow Give Him Up.—Politically Dead.

The public hearings in the proceedings to secure the removal of District Attorney Jerome, of New York City, are now over and in the opinion of the Evening Post much has come out in the testimony, as in previous disclosures and events during the year past, to confirm the opinion which a great many people in New York have sorrowfully formed. It is that Mr. Jerome has fallen from the high place he once held in public favor and esteem, and that he can never recover it. Politically, it would seem certain that he cannot again be of service to this city.

About 8,000 acres of coal lands located in Monterey county, Cal., about 200 miles from San Francisco, are about to be developed.

Greenland has a population of 11,895.

Coffee was first produced in Arabia early in the fifteenth century. It was first imported into England about 1650.

The wife in Abyssinia always owns the house and contents.

HORSE BREEDS AND ORIGIN

Thoroughbreds of 17 Century

GIGANTIC PERCHERONS

Of Flemish Stallions and French Draft Mares

FAMOUS MORGAN ROAD HORSES

Belgians the Heaviest, Largest, Most Docile Horse on Earth and Easiest to Keep.—Infusion of Thoroughbred Blood is Changing Types.

The following most interesting article appeared in last Sunday's edition of the Philadelphia Record: The thoroughbred, the oldest pure-bred horse in existence, dates back to the seventeenth century, for the foundation of the modern race horse was laid during the time of Charles II, when Barb and Arabian stallions were crossed with English mares used in the chase.

The most successful sires of roadsters are of the Hameltonian strain of trotters, which leads back to Messenger, a gray thoroughbred, foaled in England in 1780. In 1788 he was imported to America and located in this city.

In 1823 a Norfolk trotter named Bellfounder, No. 55 in the English Hackney Stud Book, was imported, and he was the sire of the Charles Kent mare, she also tracing back to imp. Messenger.

The hackney at shows is judged by his knee and hock action, the legs lingering somewhat when at speed, with the front feet performing a spiral motion. Among the famous hackneys well known in this city was the late A. J. Cassatt's Cadet, also Hildred, Forrest King and Newsboy.

The Belgians, the heaviest and largest of the draft breed, are said to be a cross between French draft mares of the Boulonnais and Nivernais stallions. The Ardennais is a horse of the heavy artillery type. The Belgians, reared on the lowlands suitable for the production of gross horses that have little to do but eat and grow, are the most docile horse on earth and the easiest horse to keep.

The Clydesdale is a cross of the Flemish stallion Glander, with British fen mares. They were numerous in Scotland in 1750, and many of the get were gray in color. The type is described as having rotundity of barrel, clean bone, well set postern, a prompt swinging walk, well flexed hocks and a sharp trotting motion.

The Shire horses are magnificent drafters, and their origin can be traced back to the Flanders type crossed with the mares of Lincoln and Cambridge in England. All colors are found in the breed, but bays, blacks and browns predominate. They are of good conformation, strong bone and muscle, large amount of hair on legs, heavy mane and fore-top, a paucity of neck in many cases, strong back and of a generally powerful appearance.

French coach horses are termed half breed. They are said to have had their origin from thoroughbred stallions mated with French or Flanders mares, which produced two types, the coacher and the trotter. Infusion of thoroughbred blood is changing the type somewhat, producing a high action in knee and hock.

CHAMPIONS THE MERRY WIDOW

It is not necessary for everybody to believe all the stories told about the Merry Widow hat, comments the Philadelphia Press. It may be large and expansive, but it does not commit all the multifarious crimes imputed to it.

The Merry Widow hat is not a joke. There are people who regard it as one of the most serious propositions of all that have come before the country for a long time. Organized movements to reform it or abolish it have been undertaken. Church authorities in some places have issued edicts against it; it obstructs the view of the pulpit; it is big enough to shield the sleepy attendant who wants to take a nap; its dimensions, decorations and devices are blamed for distracted thoughts.

There are complaints also that on the streets, in the street cars, at baseball games, and at various places, in fact pretty much all places, the Merry Widow hat is the whole thing, even when no merry widow is with it.

A railroad train has been delayed because a young woman wearing one of these creations could not be got out of the car until she had unpinned it and taken it off. Street railway managers contend that it fills cars without giving any extra fare. On the street no one pretends to walk around a Merry Widow hat unless he has a full day off and is a pedestrian of some reputation. It saves time to dodge under it.

Now, we do not feel inclined to sympathize with all these objections. We do not really think any of them are weighty. The Merry Widow hat has many more advantages than drawbacks. It is really good-looking to one who takes the right view of it. It will save umbrellas in rainy weather and sunshades in clear weather. It has already justified itself as a life-preserver in saving one young woman from drowning and as a signal to stop a railroad train.

Let us not be impatient with the Merry Widow affair. It is only a temporary lid at best, and will come off in time, like the lids that authorities put down occasionally on the city's wickedness. Another season we shall be at the other extreme.

Wants To Take Work Cure.

It is said that Harry Thaw has promised his mother if she obtains his release he will go to work. Work—good, hard work and plenty of it—is such an excellent recipe for keeping young men with a superfluity of cash and a paucity of brains out of mischief that it is a great pity it is not applied in the first instance.—Baltimore American.

With an income of \$71,000 a day, Mr. Carnegie can still give away a few libraries.

STATE JOURNAL

Paragraphs of Maryland News for Hasty Reading

Seven hundred and fifty delegates to the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which met in Baltimore, spent Saturday at Gettysburg seeing the battlefield. Governors Hoch, of Kansas, and Hanley, of Indiana, were among those who made the trip.

The first convictions under the new Liquor law for Washington county were made last Saturday, when Justice Hoffmann sent Ross Munshower to jail for 60 days for furnishing three boys, ranging in age from 15 to 18 years, with liquor. Munshower and another man, who was not apprehended, bought a keg of beer of the Hagerstown Brewery and, taking it to a shed near by, allowed the boys to drink.

The first step toward the organization of a patrons' association, to co-operate with the commissioners, trustees and teachers of the public schools in Frederick, was made at a meeting held at the Girls' High School in Frederick, the principal address at which was made by Rufus K. Wood, general manager of the Maryland Steel Company and a member of the State Board of Education. It was explained at the meeting that the purpose of the proposed association is to enlist the aid of all persons interested in the public schools in a general movement to better them, and especially in an effort to secure from the County Commissioners more liberal appropriations for school buildings and the support of the schools.

The Maryland Classis of the Potomac Synod of the Reformed Church in the United States is holding its annual session in the Reformed Church at Cave-town, Washington county. The classis, has under its care 11,425 church members and contributed during the financial year of 1906-07 \$18,137 and \$78,699 for congregational expenses, the latter sum being \$18,601 in excess of the amount given the preceding year.

All the \$50,000 necessary to put Poolsville on the route of the new Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg railroad was subscribed on Saturday at an enthusiastic meeting at Boyds.

Because of a reduction from 12 1/2 cents to 11 cents an hour was made in their wages a number of trackhands employed by the Hagerstown Electric Railway Company quit work last Saturday.

On Monday afternoon James B. Smith, convicted of murder in the second degree for killing his wife in South Cumberland, was sentenced by Judge Henderson to eighteen years in the penitentiary. He was taken to Baltimore immediately as it was feared that he might be lynched.

A large frame dwelling at Woodsboro, the residence of William B. Cuthshall, register of wills of Frederick county, was destroyed by fire early Monday morning. How the fire started is not known. It had made such headway when it was discovered that some members of the family were compelled to flee from the house in their nightclothes. The loss is between \$5,000 and \$6,000 partly covered by insurance.

Several recent attempts at arson in this county have stirred up the authorities.

The May (nonjury) term of the Circuit Court for Frederick county convened Monday with Chief Judge Worthington and Associate Judge Motter on the bench.

Mrs. Susan Groff, of Frederick, through her attorneys, Urner & Urner, has made application in the Circuit Court for an injunction against the Mount Olivet Cemetery Company of Frederick, directing the company to reinter the body of her husband, the late Capt. Joseph Groff, which was exhumed by the cemetery company and placed in a vault on its grounds, and restraining the company from further interfering with the body.

Dr. Charles H. Conley, of Adams-town, has purchased from Col. J. A. August, formerly of Virginia, the latter's fine country place South of Frederick and little more than a mile from the city. Dr. Conley, who is the son-in-law of the late Gen. L. Victor Baughman, and has been residing at Adams-town since his marriage, a couple of years ago, will move to his newly purchased property, which is much nearer the county seat. Dr. Conley is chairman of the Democratic Central Committee of Frederick county and is a director of the Citizens' National Bank of Frederick.

The Maryland Portland Cement Company, composed largely of Baltimore capitalists, whose plant along the Western Maryland Railroad, near Hagerstown, is now nearing completion, has been exempted from taxation for three years by the Board of County Commissioners. Under an act passed by the legislature the commissioners have this power, the purpose being to encourage the location of industries in this county.

Col. William Henry Legg, a member of the Maryland legislature before and during the civil war, and prominent in politics in this State, especially at his old home, in Queen Anne county, died unexpectedly Tuesday morning at his home, Baltimore, of Bright's disease.

Chrales K. Edmunds, of Baltimore, has been elected president of the Canton (China) Christian College.

UNDERTAKER.

M. F. SHUFF

Modern Furniture, BEDS, MATTRESSES.

Hospitals, Hotels Institutions Furnished Throughout.

Special prices for Furniture in large quantities.

SEWING MACHINES.

CABINET WORK, REPAIRING. BOTH PHONES.

W. Main St., Opp. Presbyterian Church.

EMBALMER.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court for Frederick County, passed by said court on the 20th day of January 1908, the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of Niles M. Wilhide, late of Frederick county, deceased, will sell at public sale

On Saturday, May 16th, 1908, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the farm of George N. Wilhide, situated on the Monocacy River near the mouth of Tom's Creek, about 5 miles East of Emmitsburg, in Frederick County, State of Maryland, all the following personal property, viz: ONE 12-HORSE POWER FRICK TRACTION ENGINE, 1 water wagon, 1 Huber Thresher, Machine Sheet, 1 STEAM CHOPPING MILL, 2 sets single buggy harness, one nearly new, 1 Halter, 1 good Winter robe, 1 horse blanket, 1 Summer lap spread, 1 Edison Gem Phonograph with about 60 records, 1 Roller Organ with seven records, 1 telescope, 1 rifle, 1 pistol, 2 umbrellas, 1 nickel watch, 1 gold watch and chain, 1 safety razor, 1 combination awl and other property of the deceased.

Terms of sale prescribed by the Court:—Cash upon all sums of or under \$10; upon all sums over \$10 a credit of six months will be given the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes bearing interest from day of sale with good and sufficient security to be approved by the executor.

And at the same time and place by virtue of an order of the Orphans Court for Frederick County, passed on March 23rd, 1908, and a power of sale in said will contained, the said executor will sell all that valuable timberland situated on the East side of the Mountains near Emmitsburg, in Frederick County, State of Maryland, in the Fifth Election District of said county, of which the said Niles M. Wilhide, died, seized and possessed. Said Mountain land is well timbered with chestnut, oak and other valuable timber and adjoins the lands of Geo. S. Springer, J. Stewart Annan, heirs of J. M. Stouter, deceased, and others. The same being described in a deed from Peter Baumgardner and wife to said Niles M. Wilhide dated May 1st, 1873, recorded in Liber C. M., No. 10, Folio 164, one of the land records of Frederick County.

Terms of sale prescribed by the court for said land:—One-half cash on day of sale, ratification thereof of the Orphans Court, the balance in six months, the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes, bearing interest from day of sale with good and sufficient security to be approved by the said executor for the deferred payment. All conveyancing at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.

GEORGE N. WILHIDE, Executor. Vincent Sebald, Attorney. April 24-4ts.

POEMS

BY KENNETH M. CRAIG FOR SALE AT HELMANS STORE, PRICE \$1.00 PER VOLUME. oct 18-19

Advertisers who spend money for results find that THE CHRONICLE brings them.

GET A MOVE ON.

"My friends, don't waste your time in fretting all the livelong day, And do not worry constantly if things don't come your way, But follow the example of successful men and wise And do as they've been doing—get a move on—ADVERTISE!" tf

KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE AND HONEY COUGH SYRUP AND TAR Mothers endorse it Children like it Tastes so good E. C. DOWITT & CO. CHICAGO

Isaac J. Gelwicks Wines, Whiskey, Bottled and Draught Beer POP, GINGER ALE, SOFT DRINKS Cigars and Tobacco The Only Bowling Alley In Town Isaac J. Gelwicks July 26-1y

DUKEHART & CHRISMER Carriage Manufacturers Makers of Fine Vehicles of all descriptions. Carriages, Surreys, Buggies, Runabouts, Light and Heavy Wagons. None but first class material used and all work done in the best manner. REPAIRING AND RECONSTRUCTING. EMMITSBURG, MD. march 27-6ms

Thos. H. Haller TAILORED SUITS The newest Tailored Suits are in and wait your inspection. To say they are beautiful scarcely does them justice, you must feast your eyes to properly appreciate their excellence over previous seasons. SEPARATE SKIRTS will command unusual attention this Spring. LIGHTWEIGHT JACKETS are strongly seeking favor.

CENTRAL DRY GOODS HOUSE 17 and 19 North Market Street FREDERICK, MARYLAND march 27 1y

Your Spring Suit We want to clothe you this Spring and we offer you THE BRICHEST AND BEST CLOWES THE MARKETS AFFORD. LOWENSTEIN & WERTHEIMER, HEAD TO FOOT OUTFITTER, FREDERICK, MARYLAND. jan. 24-'08 1y

CONTAINS KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE AND HONEY COUGH SYRUP AND TAR Mothers endorse it Children like it Tastes so good E. C. DOWITT & CO. CHICAGO SOLD BY T. E. ZIMMERMAN. aug. 2-1y

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

John D. Keith, Esq., of Gettysburg, will deliver the Memorial Day oration at the Fairfield cemetery at ten o'clock on the morning of May 30. Those who desire to attend the ceremonies at Gettysburg can do so after the Fairfield exercises are over.

Fairfield did her part in the civil war sending to the army the following men, all members of Company G, 209 Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers: Paxton H. Riley, I. Trimmer Riley, J. C. Shertzer, Hiram Eshelman, Fred Shulley, William Metz, John Kint, Joseph Rose, Daniel Woodring, William Roller, Lewis McLaughlin, Wilson Eyer, Lewis Butt, John Moser, Thomas Culbertson, James McCullough, Daniel Bieseker, Thomas Winebrenner, Joseph Bowling, Henry Beard, William Yingling, Shields Hunter, Peter Brooks, Joshua Cease, Charles Hinkle, Washington Culbertson, John Smith, John W. Baker and C. H. Walter. Those whose names are set in italics are now numbered among the dead.

Mr. Carroll Reindollar, of this place, made a business trip to Emmitsburg last Saturday.

Mrs. Harry Shulley and Miss Lillie Hoke, of near Emmitsburg, were recent visitors at Fairfield. They were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. Shulley.

Mrs. Millard Stoner and Miss Pearl Plank, of Knoxlyn, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. Shulley.

Mr. George McLaughlin has had a tin roof put on the house on Centennial street he recently acquired.

The farmers have not finished sowing oats in this locality. The season is rather late. There seems to have been little or no damage done to the apple trees by the recent cold weather.

FRIENDS' CREEK ITEMS

Mr. H. W. Kipe, of Eyer's Valley, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kipe on Thursday.

Mr. John Eyer and his mother, Mrs. E. Eyer, spent Saturday evening at Mr. and Mrs. Annan's Furgerson's.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Eyer and son, Fleet, of Taneytown, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kipe.

Mrs. Jacob Smith and Mrs. Gaunter, of Fountain Dale, spent Sunday with Mrs. Zimmerman.

Mrs. W. P. Miller and daughter, Ruth, of Eyer's Valley, visited friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clarke and family visited Mrs. Clarke's parents Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Shriner.

Mr. James Wetzel and family, and Mr. and Mrs. William Rogers, both of Eyer's Valley, visited Mrs. Harriet Zimmerman.

Mr. E. C. Shriner, is improving at this writing.

The Misses Annie Hardman, and R. Kipe, made a business trip to Thurmont last week.

Mr. L. P. McKissick, of Eyer's Valley, visited Mrs. Hardman recently.

Mr. Harry Bonebrake, and Mr. George Kipe, of Rouzersville, spent Sunday with Mr. W. H. Kipe.

Mrs. John Kipe and family have returned home after spending several weeks at Cascade.

A fine horse belonging to Mr. Joseph Beard had one of his legs so badly broken that the animal had to be killed.

Mrs. Zimmermau is ill at this writing.

Mrs. W. H. Kipe, made a business trip to Blue Ridge Summit on Monday.

GRACEHAM.

On Sunday Mr. George Fleagle, of Waynesboro, Pa., visited his sister, Miss Emma Dotterer, who is now a resident of our town.

Mrs. Wm. D. Morrison, who has been at the Episcopal Church Home in Baltimore for treatment the past three weeks, is expected to be well enough to return home this week.

Last Saturday Mr. Calvin Colbert shot a large Osprey, or fish hawk, that measured over five feet from tip to tip of wings. Mr. Wm. Martin said this hawk had been carrying daily from his fish pounds, one or more of his brood fish.

We are glad to note the improvements made upon our Church and parsonage which are being painted and otherwise beautified. The cupola was closed in by slats to keep out the rains which had done much damage to the ceiling of the church.

Miss Kate Engle is having her residence painted.

Look for the edition of THE CHRONICLE on May 29th. The editorials, news matter and special features will be furnished by a number of Emmitsburg ladies. May 15-25.

FOR SALE.

One Small Pony, Perfectly Kind and gentle. Cream color with white mane and tail. Will sell cheap to quick buyer. M. S. HARDMAN. Emmitsburg, Md.

In Nuremberg there are 1700 houses which were built during the sixteenth century.

TANEYTOWN ITEMS.

Mrs. Roy Smith has returned from a visit in York.

Dr. and Mrs. William B. Duttera, of Salisbury, N. C., with their children, Elizabeth, Billy and Dorothy, are visiting Mr. Amos Duttera.

The Rev. Mr. D. J. Wolf is attending Reformed Classis, at Cavetown.

The Misses Mary Fringer and Alma Shriner and Mr. Eugene Reindollar were at home over Sunday.

Miss Flora-Arnold spent several days at home.

The Rev. Dr. H. A. Goff, Mr. R. S. McKinney, the Misses Mary and Helen Reindollar and Ethel Basehoar attended the C. E. Convention in Westminster.

Miss Grace Martin has returned after several months nursing at Ballston Spa, New York.

Dr. C. Birnie, Mr. George H. Birnie and Dr. and Mrs. F. H. Seiss were in Baltimore several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cray are visiting Mr. Edward Classon.

Reindollar's Opera House has been purchased by the Birnie Trust Company.

Mr. Tobias Baumgardner, of Ohio, is visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Frank Clingan and son, and Mrs. Terry and child, of York, were in town several days.

The Junior C. E. Society of the Lutheran Church held a social on Tuesday evening at Mr. David Mehning's.

Mrs. Walter Bower is visiting in New Windsor.

A homeopathic physician is about to move into the office in the Central Hotel Building, formerly occupied by Dr. C. E. Roop.

HARNEY.

Mr. Leroy Null left on Friday for Erie, Pa., where he is under contract to play baseball this season.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Brown's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Haugh, near Taneytown.

Misses Mable Ohler and Annie Herr, both of Gettysburg, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in this place.

Miss Alice Clouser spent a few days in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bishop and family, of Hanover, Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell and Mr. James Bishop and family, of Emmitsburg, spent Sunday with Mr. Amos Bishop, of this place.

Miss Emma Crouse, of Littlestown, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Dallas Shriver, of this place.

Master Joseph Snider, of Emmitsburg, is visiting his grandfather Mr. William Snider.

Mr. S. S. Shoemaker spent a few days in New Freedom last week.

Be sure to get the Woman's Edition of THE CHRONICLE— May 29th. May 15-25.

The Oldest Organ in the World.

In the Baltic Sea, 40 miles from the mainland, lies the Swedish island Gothland, a Mecca for students of early Gothic architecture. In Wisby alone, the chief town of the island, with its population of 8000 souls, may be studied what remains of no less than ten churches, some of which date from the eleventh and twelfth centuries. The oldest of them, says the *Youth's Companion*, is the Church of the Holy Ghost, completed about 1046.

Professor Hennerberg director in a German music school, and especially interested in the study of medieval organs, visited 59 churches in Gothland, and in a little village called Sundre came upon the remnant of what is unquestionably the oldest known organ in existence. The case alone has survived the fret of seven centuries; the holes for pedals and manuals are placed as in modern instruments, and inside one can see the chamber for the bellows and judge of their action; the exterior is adorned with paintings dating from about 1240.

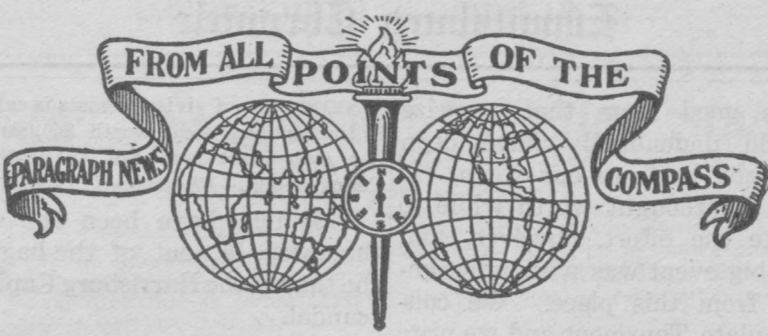
When this ancient instrument could no longer serve its original purpose, it was used as a sacrists, and for the safeguard of holy vessels and vestments was kept in careful repair; hence its excellent preservation to our day.

Our Methodist Brethren.

A religious denomination that can point to an increase of 278,357 communicants in this country in four years, making its total membership 3,036,000; to an increase of \$2,678,495 in the value of its church property, making the total valuation \$186,924,024, and to net profits of \$735,999 in its book business during the same period, not to mention numerous other items showing a corresponding measure of prosperity spiritually and materially, is to be congratulated. This record of the Methodist Episcopal Church indicates a vitality that some of the other Protestant bodies cannot duplicate.—*Boston Herald.*

Even Mauser Bullets Are Ineffective.

Successful experiments have been made in St. Petersburg with a new bullet proof coat of arms. The coat effectively protects the body from Mauser bullets fired two paces off, flattening the bullet into a mushroom shaped piece of metal, but retaining it under the tissue of the covering.



Atlantic City will spend \$500,000 on beach improvements this season.

Twelve thousand doctors are going to have a convention in Chicago next month.

The Senate has passed the postoffice appropriation bill carrying amounts aggregating \$229,027,376.

Seven miners were killed and several others were hurt in a mine explosion near Wilkes-Barre, Pa., on Tuesday.

A nephew of a Pittsburgh millionaire oil man was shot in a fight with a policeman in Altoona and instantly killed.

A tornado of great violence passed over Nebraska last Tuesday killing many people and destroying much valuable property.

Governor Hughes of New York in a letter has declined to allow his name to be considered in connection with the vice-Presidency.

The Navy Department is anticipating an immediate increase of 3000 men in the enlisted force, to be followed a few months later by a like addition.

Rear Admiral Evans recently closed his official career on May 7 when he participated in the imposing parade of soldiers and sailors at San Francisco.

A draft of a law to prohibit the manufacture of absinthe has been laid before the Senate of France. A similar law was defeated in the House of Deputies.

The returns of the delegates to the Republican National Convention early this week showed that Taft had a third of the convention, 337 votes to be exact.

A bill has been introduced in the House to appropriate \$50,000 for a memorial to the mother of George Washington, the structure to be erected in Washington.

The case against District Attorney Jerome, in which all the testimony has been taken, is now before Governor Hughes who has absolute power of removal and it depends on Mr. Hughes whether Jerome will continue in office.

The attempt made by Prince de Sagan, who it is said desires to marry Madame Anna Gould, to have an audience with the Pope in order that Madame Gould's marriage with the Count De Castellane may be annulled has failed. The Pope refused him an audience.

Countess Szechenyi, formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, of New York, was formally introduced to the Magyar aristocracy at a ball held at the Budapest Park Club on Thursday evening of last week. Among the guests were Archduke Joseph and the Archduchess.

The American Bible Society has received from Mrs. Russell Sage an offer to contribute \$500,000 toward a permanent endowment for the society, on condition that an additional \$500,000 shall be contributed for the same purpose before the end of the present year.

It has now been decided that the Prince of Wales and his entourage will not remain on board ship in the St. Lawrence during their visit to Quebec, but will stay at the citadel, the residence of the Governor General, where Earl Grey and his staff will also reside.

Last week another embezzlement shocked the financial circles in Pittsburgh. A national bank examiner unearthed a shortage in the account of the Allegheny National Bank to the amount of \$469,000, due to the confessed dishonesty of the cashier, William Montgomery.

As soon as it shall have been settled by the Chicago and Denver national conventions who will be the candidates for president of United States it is the intention of the United States Steel Corporation to start the mills in full, and they are prepared for the longest and most steady run on record.

Senator Rayner, of this state, disputes the right of the President to exile Col. Stewart to Fort Grant, Arizona. In a very caustic speech he declared that Mr. Roosevelt should have consulted Congress before taking any action. His remarks were greeted with applause.

The Senate Committee on Finance voted unanimously to report the bill already passed by the House and providing for the permanent restoration of the words "In God We Trust" to gold and silver coins of the United States. The motto was taken off the coins by order of the President.

The President has written to three United States Senators declaring his supremacy, as a commander-in-chief, in all matters referring to the control of the Army and Navy. The letters in every case are in defence of his course in discharging without honor the negro soldiers he believed to be guilty of shooting up the town of Brownville, Texas, and his action in banishing Col. William F. Stewart to an abandoned military post in a desert section of Arizona.

The second trial of the Capitol graft cases began this week in Harrisburg, Pa. There will be six defendants, several of whom were former high state officials and one a member of Congress. The basis of the cases will be the metallic furniture furnished for the building.

Announcement was made at Washington Saturday by the Papal delegate, Most Rev. Diomedeo Falconio, that Auxiliary Bishop Muldoon, of Chicago, has been recommended for appointment as bishop of the Rockford, Ill., diocese. Bishop Muldoon's name has been sent to Rome, but the Pope has not yet made the appointment.

Developments of the last week, especially the overwhelming Taft victory in Kentucky, have convinced the friends of Vice President Fairbanks that there is no possibility of his nomination by the Republicans for the presidency, and it is expected that he will quietly drop out of the race without formal announcement of his withdrawal.

Bishop Brent, of the Philippine Islands, who recently was elected Bishop of Washington in succession to the late Bishop Satterlee, has cabled the officials of the conference held in Washington last week that he has the call under consideration, but it is not yet clear as to whether his duty requires a continuance of his work in the Philippines or the acceptance of the call to that diocese.

Speaker Cannon was petitioned by a committee from the Methodist Episcopal Church Conference meeting in Baltimore that the Littlefield interstate liquor shipment bill now before the Judiciary Committee of the House be reported with favorable recommendations; that the House pass the bill and send it to the Senate for consideration and that action be taken there before the adjournment of the present session of Congress.

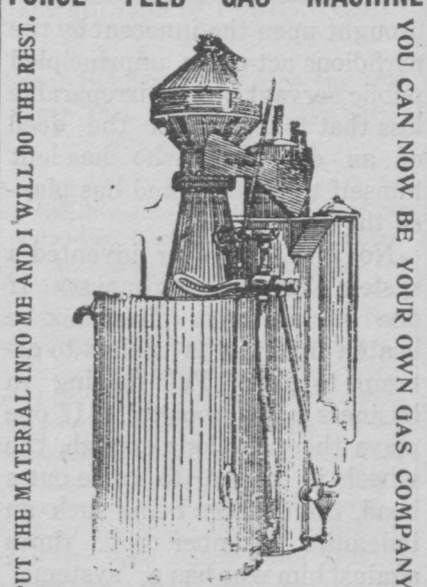
The most daring flight yet made by Wright brothers, of Dayton, O., now experimenting with their airship at Kill Devil Hill, 12 miles from Manteo, across Albemarle Sound, N. C., was accomplished by the aeronauts on Tuesday. They ascended to an altitude of 75 feet, directed their airship seaward, and sailed out over the Atlantic Ocean for two miles. Turning with ease the aeronauts returned to the shore and landed within 1,200 feet of the starting point, on the half mile of beach between the ocean and sound, upon which they are experimenting.

Recent disclosures made by the examiners in charge of the affairs of the Allegheny National Bank show that the shortage instead of being \$469,000 is really \$1,250,000. Cashier Montgomery, who was given up by his bondsmen, made a partial statement exonerating Senator Penrose, R. R. Quay, John K. Tener and others of his friends and was released after his bail had been increased to \$100,000, double his first bond. Although liberated when the new security was approved, Montgomery is under constant guard of four detectives, his friends declaring they fear he will attempt suicide.

Immediately after his arrival in Panama Secretary Taft was busy holding conferences with President Amador, Foreign Secretary Arais, Senator Arango, the Panama Minister to the United States; Mr. Squiers, the American Minister to Panama, and William Nelson Cromwell, the legal adviser of the Panama Canal Company. Colombia's recent seizure of the town of Jurado, on the frontier, involved in the general boundary question between the two countries, has been fully considered. The Panama Government has agreed to the suggestion made by Mr. Taft to withhold all action until the Secretary of War has had an opportunity personally to confer with President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Elihu Root.

A Jury has been selected for the trial of the Capitol grafters now in process at Harrisburg, Pa. The case for the Commonwealth was opened by James Searlet on Wednesday. It is thought that former Governors Stone and Pennypacker will be called to testify in this trial. Those on trial are: Congressman H. Burd Cassel of Marietta, Pa., head of the Pennsylvania Construction Company, which supplied about \$2,000,000 worth of metallic furniture; Joseph M. Huston of Philadelphia, architect of the Capitol and designer of its furniture; William P. Snyder, former auditor general; William L. Mathues of Media, Pa., a former State treasurer; James M. Shumaker of Johnstown, Pa., a former superintendent of public grounds and buildings, and Frank M. Irvine, a travelling auditor in the auditor general's department. Snyder, Mathues and Shumaker were convicted in the first conspiracy trial of defrauding the State out of about \$19,000 in a bill for wooden furniture. An appeal for a new trial is still pending.

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YOU CAN NOW BE YOUR OWN GAS COMPANY. PUT THE MATERIAL INTO ME AND I WILL DO THE REST. No Limit to Size. LIGHT FOR ALL. It Has Come To Stay. It Has No Equal.

SAFE, ECONOMICAL, BRILLIANT, HEALTHY, Having made important improvements in our Gas Machine by the application of Force Feed and combining generator and gasometer in one, and simplifying many points of construction, and requiring small space to install; obviating all danger of excessive discharge of carbide into generator, making gas in excess of consumption. We now claim to have perfect Gas Machine, furnishing the most brilliant light ever produced, and are prepared to furnish the Improved Machine, guaranteed to be the most simple and efficient working Gas Machine on the market. We guarantee all machines as represented and put in on approval. All material of the best, put up in neat and substantial manner. All inquiries for prices or information in regard to installing machine will have prompt attention. Descriptive circulars on application. Rights for sale. Fully protected by patents.

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Interest Paid On Savings Accounts and Time Deposits.

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Self-Balancing Simplex Cream Separators.

Undoubtedly The Best On The Market.

See the link blade.

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Successor to Zimmerman & Shriver.

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THE LARGEST Tailoring House in the World is represented by **W. D. COLLIFLOWER**

who keeps on hand a full line of samples of the best all wool garments made. I have just received a supply of Men's and Boys' **CORD PANTS** of all sizes. **The Saturday EVENING POST** may be purchased on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week. Yours truly, **W. D. COLLIFLOWER.** aug. 9-1y.

EMMITSBURG GRAIN ELEVATOR

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Dealers in Hay, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bran, Chop, Timothy and Clover Seed, Poultry and Cattle Powders, Fodder Twine, Etc.

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Insures all kinds of property **AT LOWEST RATES.**

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E. L. ANNAN, AGENT EMMITSBURG, MD. 8-2-1y

OYSTERS

Served in every Style and supplied to families in any desired quantity.

ICE CREAM

Served in my parlors and sold by measure.

GEO. E. CLUTZ. July 13-1y

MOUNTAIN VIEW CEMETERY.

Whole Lot 16x16 feet, \$25. Half Lot, 16x8 feet, 14. Single Graves, - - 6.

All Lots or Graves must be fully paid for prior to an interment. Apply to **J. HENRY STOKES.** sept 2-1y

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—One Dollar a year in advance; Six months, 50 cents. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES made known on application at this office.

THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right to decline any advertisements which he may deem objectionable.

NO ATTENTION whatever will be paid to anonymous contributions.

MANUSCRIPTS offered for publication will be returned if unavailable, when accompanied by stamps.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for this paper should be addressed to THE EMMITSBURG CHRONICLE.

CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC and Frederick County Telephone connections.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

Calendar for May 1908 showing days of the week and dates.

FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1908.

If the readers of THE CHRONICLE will be good enough to send to this office the names and addresses of former Emmitsburgians, or those identified with or interested in Emmitsburg and its people, the Editor will greatly appreciate the courtesy.

A NUMBER of Emmitsburg ladies have graciously adopted an idea proposed by this paper, and on the 29th of the month THE CHRONICLE will for that day belong to them. Nor could it be in better hands. They will write the editorials, gather the local items, edit the news-matter, and in a word, show what they think a weekly paper—a special number of it at any rate—should be. An edition of this character cannot fail to be full of interest to the community, for the editorials on this occasion will express many individual opinions, and all the readers of THE CHRONICLE will for a certainty be greatly edified thereby. The powers that be will probably be shown wherein they have been derelict or faithful in their duty; no doubt words of commendation for our good town will flow from facile pens; interest will be focused on local happenings, seen through the critical eyes of discerning femininity; what to wear, and how to wear it, will surely be told in a piquant way; feminine foibles (if there are any) will be commented on; the waywardness of man (and he has so many shortcomings) will likely receive gentle but just rebuke, and the country, the State, the County, and the community will be the better thereafter—all because of this Woman's Edition.

We believe, with Hargrave that "Women are the poetry of the world, in the same sense as the stars are the poetry of heaven. Clear, light-giving, harmonious, they are the terrestrial planets that rule the destinies of mankind." To the women, then, God bless them!

HONESTY in business, fair dealing in every relationship of life, —these things go along ways towards bringing success. A man who adopts the opposite principle may win for a time, he may laugh at honesty, he may ridicule it as and impediment to advancement, he may scorn the sometimes uphill plodding of him who follows the golden rule as best he knows how, but the day is bound to come when the man with no business principle will either go under himself or pave the way for the ruin of those whom he leaves behind. Such has been the history of the world since time began. Each year one notes with pity and with sorrow the downfall of dishonest public officials, one sees numberless wrecks caused by ill-gotten gain and witnesses the dishonor

brought upon the innocent by the perfidious act of an unprincipled public servant or the irreparable loss that follows upon the deed of an employee who has lent himself to trickery and has played the knavish part.

No one has ever invented a system that can beat honesty if one sticks to it. It cannot be beaten and it is useless to attempt to do it. Fair dealing in business is like roulette. If one plays the game long enough, the wheel is bound to come out a head, the chances being such an indefinite number of times against him who has a "system." He may make an occasional winning but he is sure to lose it again and the wheel will get it back. The comparison may appear ill-chosen but it seems to explain the situation.

The great majority of business men of to-day are strictly honest in their dealings, and it speaks well for the morale of the business world that such is a fact. It shows that the times are growing better, notwithstanding the pessimist's mournful declaration to the contrary, and it augurs well for the future which, let us believe, will be even more honest than the present.

DUE vigilance on the part of officers of the law is a safeguard against crime and also an aid to the quick apprehension of criminals after crime has been committed. But that vigilance must be exercised with due discretion to the end that innocent persons be not taken into custody and subjected to all kinds of indignities such as were heaped upon a woman the other day who was said to resemble the Mrs. Guinness the now notorious female Blue Beard who is charged with wholesale murder. Upon information furnished by an irresponsible passenger and not under oath this woman and her companion were taken from the train, deprived of their liberty, given the "third degree," by the authorities, insulted and finally discharged—not even railroad expenses being furnished them, all because one was said to look like a criminal for whom search was being made.

Indignities such as this are bad enough and far too frequent, but the most unfortunate thing about it is that one can never have the wrong redressed—that is in a manner commensurate with the enormity of the injury inflicted and the notoriety sustained by reason of the "mistaken identity." One could sue for damages it is true; but the average officer of the law does not possess sufficient means to satisfy the claim that would naturally be for a large amount, and a jail sentence for him who wrongfully deprived a person of his liberty would be little, if any, satisfaction to the one imposed upon. There is a tendency toward too much badly displayed zeal on the part of detectives, both municipal and private, and also a great deal of bad judgment on the part of ordinary policemen, and a private, law-abiding citizen who may possess a few of the physical characteristics of a chance malefactor, should be legally protected from their clutches.

AN opportunity for the High School to distinguish itself in athletics was presented by the Tome Institute, of Port Deposit, which held its Interscholastic Field and Track Meet last Saturday. A full account of the event, together with the list of prizes and the conditions governing the Meet, was published in THE CHRONICLE, but no attention whatever was paid to the notice. The school of our good neighboring town of Thurmont entered the lists, made a most creditable showing, and brought honor to its school. Right here in Emmitsburg we have a physical instructor of ability, a man who could have put the local boys in

FROM England comes the sad news that the Poet's Corner of the local newspaper is in danger of extinction. —New York Evening Post. Would that the danger threatened the Spring Poet's corner in the American Press.

such good form that a prize would undoubtedly have been brought back to our town. It was not thought worth while to make the effort, however, and the big event was without an entry from this place. We congratulate Thurmont and we urge the local High School to look forward to the Meet next year.

SEVERAL years ago this town had a baseball nine that played the game, and played it well. It won frequently, it lost its share, but it afforded the lovers of this truly American sport—of whom there are many in Emmitsburg—a great deal of pleasure. With the number of enthusiasts in our midst and with plenty of good material right at hand, it is surprising that no organization has been effected for this season. Several citizens have offered substantial assistance and have made practical suggestions in regard to management and the like, but up to this time no action has been taken. St. Euphemia's School has a nine that is already doing good work—an aggregation that will be heard from before the Summer is over—and the public who thoroughly enjoy the game are wondering if there is not enough energy among local ball players of more advanced years to at least generate sufficient power to hold a meeting.

ADMIRAL EVANS on taking command of the battleship fleet, said that it was "ready for a feast, a frolic or a fight." The splendid officers and men of this magnificent flotilla have had the feast and the frolic, but the only thing in the nature of a fight that has occurred thus far was when those proud American women of California bombarded their brave guests with flowers. May they never receive worse treatment, even at the hands of a foreign power.

TUESDAY, May 12th the Evening Capital, Annapolis, Maryland, completed the twenty-four years of its existence, during which entire period it has been under the same management. The Capital has proven its right to succeed. It is a clean, newsy and truthful paper, always alert for the interests of the community in which it is published, and for the State at large. We heartily congratulate our very esteemed contemporary and wish it continued prosperity.

IN Chicago, the other day, says a New York paper, a prominent banker made an address in which he pleaded for a more considerate attitude towards wealth on the part of the Church. If that banker had reflected for one moment he would probably not have criticized the Church at all; he would have realized that the lack of consideration of which he spoke was brought about by wealth itself—by its lack of consideration for the Church.

A NEWS dispatch credits Count Boni de Castellane, the first husband of Mme. Anna Gould, with declaring that the moment he meets Prince Helie de Sagan he will create a scandal. Boni has furnished so much scandal already that the novelty has worn off. If he wants the people to sit up and take notice he will have to do something "real devilish" this time.

"OLD Frescoes Discovered" was the heading of an article that appeared in a Washington paper during the convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution. What a revolution there would have been had that heading been slipped into that elaborate write-up of some of those notable Daughters.

ATTENTION of vivisectionists is called to the fact that a cat worth \$40,000 in her own right was put to death in Pennsylvania. —Philadelphia Inquirer.

This must have been the cat that was let out of the bag at the time of the Harrisburg Capitol scandal.

AND now someone has started the query "How much does it cost to keep a hen a year?" —Baltimore American.

We don't know what it costs. There are always so many church suppers going on that no one has ever succeeded in keeping a hen a year in these parts.

"WHOLE hog or none" seems to be Governor Hughes' motto at present, and, although he is in every way worthy of the first place on the presidential ticket, it looks very much as though the "none" end of it will be his allotment.

ANOTHER man has found a way to make gold out of scrap iron. —Cleveland Leader.

That's nothing. Bryan and a few others have been making gold out of hot air for some time.

MRS. CHARLES CRELLIN, of Hazelton, Pa., says the whole Bible can be read in thirty-eight hours. —Baltimore News.

And yet we know people who have not read it in thirty-eight years.

THE average woman carries fifty miles of hair on her head. —Exchange.

And some of them talk as if forty miles of it were wrapped around their brains.

THE Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg have been duly sworn in and will no doubt soon be sworn at.

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Market reports table listing prices for Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Hay, Country Produce Etc. (Butter, Eggs, Chickens, etc.)

Market reports table listing prices for WHEAT, CORN, OATS, RYE, HAY, STRAW, POULTRY, PRODUCE, POTATOES, CATTLE, and Fall Lambs.

Market reports table listing prices for Wheat, Corn, Rye, Oats, Timothy Hay, Mixed Hay, and Bundle Rye Straw.

Advertisement for Waltham Specialty Co. featuring a \$1.50 saved on a French Model Design for April 10 Box Plaits, Front and Back, Silk Embroidered Knot Buttons, Collar and tie complete. Sizes 32 to 44. White or black Japanese Silk.

Advertisement for BRIDAL GIFTS by Sterling Silver Forks, Knives and Spoons, Fancy Serving Pieces and Cut Glass. GALT & BRO., ESTABLISHED OVER A CENTURY. JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS, STATIONERS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Advertisement for White Pine and Tar for coughs and colds. At Zimmerman's Pharmacy.

Advertisement for Mount St. Mary's College and Ecclesiastical Seminary. Conducted by secular clergymen, aided by lay professors. The one hundredth scholastic year begins September 13, 1907.

Advertisement for THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK. ORGANIZED IN 1853. MAIN OFFICES: 56 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK. EQUITY STABILITY PERMANENCY.

Advertisement for Cortright Metal Shingles. MAKE THE MOST DURABLE ROOFING KNOWN. You add nothing to Cortright Metal Roofing. It contains everything but the nails to fasten it on.

Advertisement for ROWE'S LIVERY. TEAMS AT ANY TIME AND FOR ANY OCCASION. SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL MEN. ALWAYS PROMPT AND SATISFACTORY SERVICE. HOWARD M. ROWE, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Advertisement for The New Suit Fabrics for Spring. are here in all their beauty. A larger, better and more comprehensive showing than we have ever before made so early in the season, one you will not find equalled elsewhere. J. D. LIPPY, The Tailor, Gettysburg, Pa.

Concrete Construction.

- Concrete Pavements, Sidewalks, Steps, Gutters, Cellar Floors, Water Troughs, Hitching Posts, Carriage Blocks, etc.
- All work by contract and all contracts faithfully carried out.
- Estimates Furnished.

CHAS. E. GILLELAN,
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND. aug 9-1y

Sporting Goods.

Kodaks and Supplies.

Cigars, Pipes and Tobacco. Knives, Razors, Hardware, Guns, Rifles, Revolvers and Ammunition. Confectionery, Groceries and notions.

C. J. SHUFF & CO.
Northeast Corner Public Square, Emmitsburg, Md.

ARE you going to buy a **MATTING** this Spring? If so come and examine my stock before buying.

I have the largest and best selected assortment of **MATTING** ever displayed in Emmitsburg.

OVER 100 PIECES, BOTH JAPAN AND CHINA, AT ANY PRICE YOU WANT FROM 15 CTS. TO 50 CTS. PER YARD.

Also a fine line of **FLOOR OILCLOTH, Linoleums and In-laid Linoleum.**

JOSEPH E. HOKE.

Second Floor. Both Phones.

Ready! The Spring Styles in High Art Clothing

AN AUTHORITATIVE DISPLAY FOR MEN

Never before in the history of this store have we shown such a large stock of **HIGH ART CLOTHING.** For months we have been preparing for this Opening Display and we have spared no pains to make it an occasion worthy of the attention of every up-to-date dresser in this community. We show the product of America's largest organization-clothing for men and young men modeled upon exclusive and advanced designs, and distinctly expressive of the clearest fashion ideals of the moment. The fabrics are assuredly striking and attractive, with every trait of refinement. The prices, as always, are decidedly lower than equal style, quality, fit and workmanship can be sold for elsewhere. For sale only by

B. ROSENOUR & SONS,
Market and Patrick Streets, Frederick, Md.

NEW STOCK OF

Spring Shoes and Oxfords.

M. FRANK ROWE.

I HAVE A
Carload of Atlas Cement

J. Thos. Gelwicks.

April 24-1y

Will Abandon Football for a Year

Acting upon the recommendation of the Alumni Athletic Association Advisory Committee, the faculty of Swarthmore College has decided to recommend to the Board of Managers the abandonment of football and basket ball for an indefinite period, but at least one year, dating from January 1, 1909.

Coal keeps best under sea water.

Today's Suggestion by Ellen Stan.

A POPULAR SPRING COAT.

NEVER before has dress reached the high artistic standpoint that it has today. Women of culture and good taste refuse to be blown about like feathers in the wind and are forced by their modistes to wear anything that is termed fashionable regardless as to whether it is becoming or suitable.

Dress is a means to an end, the end being to make one comfortable and pleasing to look upon. Well bred women recognize this fact, and by them we are spared the misery of a grotesquely gowned figure being forced upon us in the most unexpected places. Poor, misguided creatures that some of us are, believing that because garments are costly or pretty in themselves we have attained perfection! I wish for the benefit of the world at large that incongruity of surroundings affected every woman as it should and gave her a shock that sent chills running up and down the spinal cord, just as the striking of a false note does to one whose ear has been trained to music.



To be really well dressed our clothes must be a part of our surroundings. It seems impossible to make some people understand this. Women will say to me, "If I had money I would be well dressed." Let me say to you right here that women who are not tastefully dressed when they spend \$50 a year on their wardrobe would not be well dressed if they spent \$5,000 a year on it.

To be well gowned does not mean that we wear broadcloth in place of serge, ostrich plumes instead of ribbon or stiff quills, duchess lace instead of chiffon, or sable, ermine and seal rather than cheaper furs. But it does mean that we buy the best serge to be had in place of a cheap broadcloth; that the ribbon and quills on our hat be of the best; that a good quality of chiffon be chosen to make the yoke of our evening gown in place of an imitation duchess lace; that a squirrel, lynx or Persian lamb be selected in good skins in preference to imitations of the more expensive furs.

A coat such as this can be satisfactorily made at home. The pattern is cut in seven sizes—from 32 to 44 inches bust measure. To make the garment for the average person it requires 4½ yards of material 27 inches wide or 2½ yards 44 inches wide.

Any reader of this paper who desires to secure this pattern may do so by sending 10 cents to this office. Give the number, 3916, state size desired and write the full address plainly. The pattern will be forwarded promptly.

PIE, PABULUM OF PURITAN BRAIN

Modern Rabelais Descants on The One Glory That Decadent Massachusetts Still Boasts

Sometime since the New York *Sun* boasted that it was an authority on pie. This thoughtless claim ignored the Bentztown Bard and also the Boston *Traveler*. This journal of the Hub answered the assertion in this wise:

The knowledge of our esteemed contemporary the *Sun* is almost encyclopaedic; everything it touches, except Roosevelt and his appendices, it illuminates; him it exacerbates, flagellates and macerates; it has a pretty wit; it serves everything with a sauce piquante; if it could endow with common sense those upon whom it bestows advice it might achieve unquestioned authority, if not infallibility; its variety is infinite; its humor constant; like the trunk of the elephant, its pen can lift a pin or pull down a pillar with equal address; and in general its appearance, content, opinion and method differ from those of its contemporaries as the fruitage of a French chef's art differs from the culinary chemistry of the cook of a Maine logging camp. While admitting the height and depth and breadth of the *Sun's* information, we refuse to acknowledge its possession of omniscience, and our reverence and admiration stop abruptly when it assumes to pose as an authority on pie. We draw the line at pie; and, assuming the dangers of the perilous charge of provincialism, we assert that no person and no publication outside the historic pie belt, which is New England, can be allowed to claim authority in the arts and literature of pie.

In delivering ourselves the other day of a thoughtful essay upon the coincidence of the decay of Puritanism and pie we may have been misunderstood, for what we designed to call attention to was a falling off in the quantity, not the quality, of pie consumed in New England. The pie of merry New England still holds its primacy; it still has its Phidiases, its supreme artists, who appeal to the palate and peristalsis of their countrymen. It is for these great artists, and they are largely Puritanesses, to say the first and last word on pie; the mere outsider may indulge in the piffle of pieana, may even carp in criticism and comment of the *bonne bouche*, under certain conditions; but when the art of the master is discussed with flippancy, when the supremacy of the work is questioned, when primacy and supremacy are claimed for the inferior products of inferior regions and races, a shocked community rises in indignation to protest against a Philistinism which is perilously close to sacrilege. The *Sun*, has been putting on airs about pie and its lore; it should put them off at once; it assumes too much; it is getting on dangerous ground, into a field of knowledge and art in which it is alien; it should recognize its limitations and not bring grief to a proud and pie fed people.

Pie is the pabulum of the Puritan brain; that it appeals to the palate is a mere detail; that it feeds dyspepsia and fosters indigestion is merely a coincidence. Linked as it has been with the Puritanism, pragmatism and poetry of New England for ages, pie has attained an almost sacrosanct station in the affections of the people; and who shall pull it down? We have noted with surprise and indignation the efforts of the *Sun* to dethrone pie, to speak of it lightly and irreverently; we have watched its insidious efforts to boost the pie of Virginia and to reach the solar plexus of Yankee pie and pride by satire and scoff and of late, recognizing the futility of trying to turn the great heart and appetite of America from pie, it has sought to erect itself into a supreme court on all questions of pie.

The march of time, the changing interests of the age, the shifting of the centre of population, the growth of the West and the coming of new peoples, have threatened and weakened the supremacy of New England in many ways. The poets and publishers have gone to New York, the South stretches a greedy hand for our calicoes, while Ohio reaches for our leathers and our shoes; the bloodroot of Chicago challenges the sarsaparilla of Lowell, and the plasters of Terre Haute rival the pills of Lynn and Lydia; but in one great department of human activity New England is still supreme, even though her sway and primacy may be questioned by the envious rivals—Pie. We tell this to the *Sun* more in sorrow than in anger, with the hope that it will cease its assaults on a historic and honored institution, and that if it must add to its literary lure the department of pieography it will come to New England for its pieographers.

The present population of Germany is about 63,000,000.

New Name Coined by Methodists

The Methodists have found a name for the American divorce habit. They call it "consecutive polygamy", and, in view of the continuous performance, that isn't half bad.—*Haverhill Gazette.*

The largest plough ever built has been successfully used on a Texas farm. The implement clears a strip of ground seven feet wide.

THE BRIGHT SIDE

WHY should we cloud the sunshine
God sends us day by day
By fearing that to-morrow
May have a sky of gray?

Why should we mar the blessings
The present has in store
By longing after others
Or wishing these were more?

Look on the bright side always,
What better plan than this?
Since fretting never changes
What we think's gone amiss.

Let's take things as we find them
And make the best of life
By thinking of its blessings
And not its wrong and strife.
Enjoy each hour of sunshine;
God gives it all in vain
If foolishly we waste it,
Foreboding future rain.

Look on the bright side always,
And watch the blessings grow
As flowers do in the summer—
God likes to have it so.

Take what a good God sends you
With thanks for what is giv'n
And trust Him for to-morrow
Just as you trust for Heav'n.
Aye, make the most, my comrade,
Of time that flies so fast,
By gathering up its gladness
Before the chance is past!

Look on the bright side always,
And sing when skies are gray,
And little ills and worries—
Let's laugh them all away.

—EBEN E. REXFORD in *Sunday Magazine.*

The Senate has put an end to Forester Pinchot's press bureau by forbidding the use of any of the forestry appropriation for the purpose of preparing any articles for magazines or newspapers.

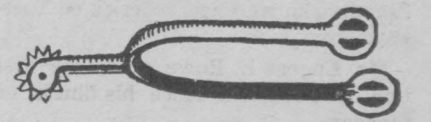
Ten thousands lives were lost in a flood in the valley of the Yang-tse Kiang river, China, on April 13.

At a conference between the leaders of the House and Senate it practically was agreed that Congress shall adjourn Saturday, May 23.

Macaulay said that no man need ask for better food than plain roast beef and baked potatoes.

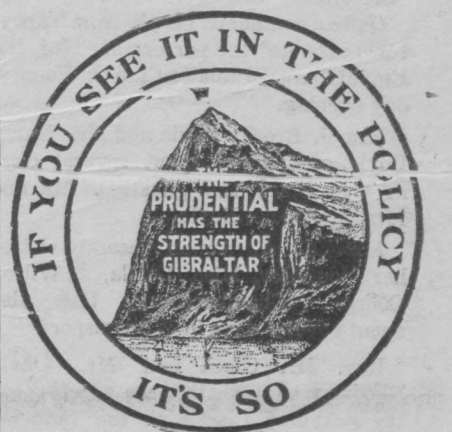
The present population of Germany is about 63,000,000.

By a recent decision of the Postoffice Department publishers of newspapers are not allowed to continue sending their publications to subscribers who are in arrears for more than one year. As this law affects ALL PUBLISHERS of newspapers in the United States we regret that we are unable to deviate from the rule. All subscribers for THE CHRONICLE who are in arrears will therefore kindly remit the amount of their subscription at their earliest convenience.



Attractive advertisements spur people on to the buying point. Let them know that you have something good; they'll do the rest. It is simply a question of letting them know.

The correspondence in THE CHRONICLE enables its readers to know what their friends in different localities are doing.



The Prudential Insurance Company of America.
Insurance At Net Cost.
THE POLICY CONTAINS THE ENTIRE CONTRACT.
WHOLE LIFE POLICY
LIMITED LIFE POLICY
ENDOWMENT
GOLD BOND.
For information, fill out attached coupon.
Name..... Age.....
Address.....
Send to
W. F. HARDY, Supt.,
1031 & 1033 Chestnut St., PHILADELPHIA
Oct 4-1y

THE STAFFORD

Perfect Service.
Finest Location.
Excellent Cuisine.
Liberal Management.
Fireproof Construction.

WASHINGTON PLACE
BALTIMORE, MD.

June 28-1y

The editorials in THE CHRONICLE are non-partisan. They are broad, independent and constructive.

SOLID SILVER
American Lever Watches,
WARRANTED TWO YEARS,
ONLY \$6.

G. T. EYSTER



Perhaps you can't spare the time to call—and maybe you don't care to write. Use either phone—we have either both—and your orders will receive prompt attention from
The Emmitsburg Chronicle.

PERSONALS.

THE CHRONICLE invites its readers to send in communications containing personals and items of news from their respective localities.

Mrs. Cleveland Hoke is visiting in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodney Burton are visiting in town this week.

Rev. Mr. Murray, of Baltimore, was in Emmitsburg last Saturday.

Messrs. C. F. and Samuel Rowe were out of town this week on business.

Mr. Charles Kretzer spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Mobley, of Baltimore.

Messrs. Isaac M. Annan and T. E. Zimmerman were in Frederick on Tuesday.

Mr. Eugene L. Rowe made his first trip to Frederick since his illness, on Monday.

Misses Elizabeth Horner and Harriet White returned from Baltimore on Thursday.

Miss H. H. Motter, who spent the winter in California, has returned to her home in this place.

Mr. P. J. Brady, an architect and builder of Baltimore, spent a few days of last week in this place.

Mrs. John Norris and Mrs. Renneberg, her daughter, both of Baltimore, spent Monday in this place with Mrs. Amelia Norris.

Quite a number of people from Taneytown attended the performance of the Emmitsburg Dramatic Club on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. J. Brooke Boyle and Mr. Harry Boyle, of Liberty, spent several days in this place the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Brooke Boyle.

Mrs. A. A. Annan recently visited her daughter, Miss Luella, at Wilson College, Chambersburg. She also spent several days in Williamsport.

Rev. Mr. Gluck and Mr. David Rhodes are attending the meeting of the Maryland Classis of the Potomac Synod at Cavetown, Washington county, being delegates from the congregation of the Reformed Church in this place.

Mrs. Charles Rider and daughter, Helen, and Miss Mae Long attended the wedding of Mrs. Rider's niece, Miss Emma Spalding, who was married to Mr. Joseph Rang, of McSherrystown. The wedding was solemnized in Littlestown, the home of Miss Spalding.

Dr. Henry C. Houck, of Baltimore, who had been seriously ill for some time with blood poisoning brought about at an operation, has so far recovered that he is now able to be about. Dr. Houck will spend part of the summer in Emmitsburg. He is now a guest at the Spangler House.

Rev. Mr. Shulenberger and Mrs. Shulenberger are in Hagerstown where Mr. Shulenberger is being operated on for cataract. The hope of this whole community that the operation might be successful and that he might have his sight restored will be realized according to the report from his physician.

Commissioners Sworn In.

On Thursday night at half past seven o'clock the Burgess of the corporation, Mr. T. E. Zimmerman, who had qualified earlier in the week at Frederick, met five of the newly elected commissioners and administered the oath to them.

Thurmont Wins 75-Yard Dash.

Stoner, a pupil of the Thurmont high school, won first place in the 75-yard dash, rural high school championship, at Tome Institute last week. His time was nine seconds flat. In the 88-yard run Eyler, of the same school, came in second.

WARNING.

Mountain View Cemetery is private property and it is unlawful for children to enter it unaccompanied by parents or guardians.

It is also unlawful for any person to deface any lot, (or tombstone or railing thereon) in said cemetery, or to cut or in any manner destroy shrubbery fences or any other property belonging thereto.

The case of the Emmitsburg Water Company vs. the Burgess and Commissioners is marked for trial during the present term of court.

FOUND DEAD NEAR MARSH CREEK

Inmate of the Almshouse Wanders Away and Dies Near Fairfield.

The dead body of William McIlhenny was found last Friday by Hayden Reinecker, a grandson of Emanuel Plank, near the run on Mr. Plank's farm on the road from Fairfield to Gettysburg near Marsh Creek.

The Gettysburg Times printed the following in its edition of last Saturday: Mr. McIlhenny had no living relatives nearer than distant cousins.

He was a former resident of Freedom township and had been an inmate of the almshouse for about ten years. The man was feeble in both body and mind and had often talked about wanting to get away.

He was watched carefully but several times within the past few weeks he escaped the vigilance of the authorities and escaped. He was always followed and taken back. Last Thursday however he managed to get away and out of sight before it was discovered that he was not around.

He seemed to get renewed strength in his effort to escape and in spite of energetic efforts on the part of Stewart Beard he could not be found.

Where he got food is not known. It is known that he had something to eat on Saturday and on Monday he was seen near the home of Albert Culbertson on the Fairfield road.

The body was taken to Emmitsburg to-day to be buried beside those of his parents and brothers and sisters all of whom were buried in the Lutheran cemetery. Mr. McIlhenny was 69 years old and was never married.

BASEBALL AT THURMONT.

The baseball club of Thurmont public school defeated the Emmitsburg public school club on Saturday afternoon at this place. Some trouble was experienced in securing a field on which to play, the regular ground being too wet.

Eddie Creeger did the twirling for the local club and had the visitors guessing. At the end of the ninth inning the score was a tie, 7 to 7. In the tenth Emmitsburg scored twice and it looked as though it was their game.

Not so, however. Roy Creeger opened for Thurmont and went to first, Eyler followed, scoring Creeger; Raymond Creeger hit safe and Eyler was caught at home plate. Joe Black went to first, Eddie Creeger made an out.

With two hands out, two men on bases and two runs to win, something had to be done. George Firor was next at bat and the first ball that came his way he smacked out in deep centre and before the ball was returned Raymond Creeger and Joe Black had scored and the game was won.

Score: Emmitsburg.....0 0 1 2 0 2 1 1 2-9 Thurmont.....0 0 3 2 0 0 2 0 3-10 Batteries: Thurmont, Eddie Creeger and Roy Creeger; Emmitsburg, Sellers and Cook.—Catoctin Clarion.

To-morrow the same nines will play a game on the public school grounds in this place.

Look for the edition of THE CHRONICLE on May 29. The editorials, news matter and special features will be furnished by a number of Emmitsburg ladies. May 15-2ts.

Marylander Makes Narrow Escape. The "Murder farm" at Laporte, Ind., which has caused such a stir, might have numbered among its greswome corpses a Marylander.

Patronage of St Joseph. The Feast of the Patronage of St. Joseph, May 10th, was observed in Saint Joseph's Catholic Church this place, in a very fitting manner.

Wanted by Professionals to Play Ball. Jack Barry, who played shortstop against Mount St. Mary's in the game with Holy Cross College, is wanted by both the Philadelphia Nationals and the Athletics.

Located a Bench-Mark Here. On Tuesday surveyors of the United States Geological Survey, working in connection with the Maryland State Geological Survey, were here and placed a bench-mark on the Reformed Church.

Knox to Speak at Gettysburg. United States Senator Philander C. Knox, one of the candidates for the Republican nomination for President, will deliver the oration on Memorial Day at Gettysburg.

GEORGETOWN BEATS MOUNTAIN

Freshman Southpaw Has a Shade the Better of the Argument with Connelly.

The Washington Herald of May 14th, commenting on the baseball game between Georgetown University, and Mount St. Mary's College, said in part: "In one of the fastest and most exciting games seen at Georgetown Field this year, the Blue and Gray yesterday triumphed over the Mount St. Mary's College nine by 1 to 0.

The visitors showed surprising strength due, in a large measure, to the superb pitching of Connelly, who is one of the best twirlers to oppose the Georgetown aggregation this spring.

His team backed him up in great shape, cleaver playing killed at least three base runners who had reached second base, the danger zone.

The Georgetown crew performed in sensational style at times, and although four errors were committed the bad work was invariably repaired by a piece of brilliant playing, which more than redeemed for the bungle.

Diamond twirled a strong game, and really had a shade the better of the argument with Connelly. The freshman so thpaw issued six passes, but when it came to hits to help shove the gifts around the circuit, there was nothing doing.

The slight fellow invariably pitched himself out of the holes he dug, and in numerous instances twirled the team to safety after it had bungled.

But three hits were obtained off Diamond, and for five innings the Mountaineers could not get near his twisters. Although only four were gotten off his opponent, two of these were bunched which went a long way toward deciding the game.

Robinson, the visitors' third baseman, showed lots of class, his one stab and throw of a hot liner off "Dukey" Mess, bat in the first inning being particularly commendable.

CHRISTIAN VOTERS' PLATFORM

Methodist Want a President Who Will Not Touch a Drop.—Resolution Before General Conference.

Resolutions were introduced at a session of the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church which, if passed, will have great effect on the political situation in the United States in the next Presidential campaign.

In introducing the resolution Rev. Mr. Gettys made a brief speech, stating that the two great political parties, to which a vast majority of the voters of the country belong, should be impressed with the fact that Methodism stands for the abolition of the liquor traffic, and that no man who uses liquor should be elected President of this nation.

HIS BODY FOUND IN MONOCACY

John Fogle Drowned While Fishing.—Inquest Deemed Unnecessary. The body of John Fogle, about 28 years old, was found last Friday in a small ravine opening into the Monocacy River on the farm of William H. Baker, tenanted by Armstrong McKinney, near Walkersville, this county.

The body was found by William Fites, an employe of McKinney, and it was sometime before it was identified. Justice John J. Ramsburg, of Walkersville, decided that Fogle came to his death accidentally from drowning, and that an inquest was unnecessary.

PATRONAGE OF ST. JOSEPH.

The Feast of the Patronage of St. Joseph, May 10th, was observed in Saint Joseph's Catholic Church this place, in a very fitting manner. Rev. Father Hayden was celebrant of the Solemn High Mass at 10 o'clock, with Father McNelis as deacon and Father Sedgwick as sub-deacon.

FOR SALE—My store property and blacksmith shop at Four Points, there being 1 1/2 acres of land in the lot. Nearly all the buildings are new and in good repair. Two wells of good water and a cistern on the premises. Address JOHN M. RODDY, Emmitsburg, Md. my 8-2ts.

NEW OVEN BUILT.

Mr. Harry Hopp, proprietor of the Home Bakery, has recently had his oven rebuilt and enlarged to keep up with his ever increasing trade. This bakery is a model of cleanliness, and as for the quality of its products, everybody knows that there is none better.

Getting Ready for Summer at Pen-Mar. The Western Maryland Railroad is now busy getting Pen-Mar ready for the Summer season which begins on May 30. Several new attractions are being added to the park among which is a large skating rink.

THE DRAMATIC CLUB'S SUCCESS

"Union Depot" Given Before Large Audiences.—Miss Hummel's Drilling of Dramatic Club.

Last night and Wednesday evening the Emmitsburg Dramatic Club entertained large audiences with one of the best performances yet given in St. Euphemia's Hall. There is no doubt that a great deal of credit must be given to Miss Hummel who had charge of the rehearsals, but she had the advantage of having most proficient scholars and the natural ability of those who made up the cast had much to do with the success of the entertainment.

"Union Depot," by Annie Sara Bock, is a "screaming farce" depicting the scenes around a city railroad station and there is not a dull line in the book. Beside those who have made names for themselves in previous efforts of the club special mention should be made of Miss Codori and the Misses Anna and Mary Felix and Mr. Ward Kerrigan.

The songs were well sung but the most appreciated was the first one given by a chorus of the small children. In this number the training of Miss Hummel was apparent in the creditable way in which the children danced and the ease of their deportment under the distracting gaze of the audience.

W. F. & G. DIRECTORS MEET.

Expect To Have Line to Thurmont Finished in Ninety Days.—Gettysburg Its Terminal. At the meeting of the directors of the Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg Railroad held in Frederick last Saturday it was decided to begin at once to extend the road from its present terminal at Lewistown to Catoctin Furnace, where it will intersect the Monocacy Valley Railroad, running from the latter place to Thurmont.

It is expected to have the road completed to Thurmont within the next 90 days. From Thurmont the road will be extended to Emmitsburg, and then on to Gettysburg, its terminal.

Honesty Of An Exhibitor.

"When Abraham Lincoln said 'You can't fool all the people all the time' he pronounced a law which has been the guiding star for The Liberty Moving Pictures," says the management of this amusement, "ever since—years ago—it sought the favor and support of the public. This is the one ever-welcome attraction eagerly awaited by the lovers of clean, wholesome amusement because it is so thoroughly reliable."

SOCIETY MEETS.

The St. Aloysius Society, of St. Joseph's Church, held its regular monthly meeting in St. Euphemia's Hall last Sunday. Master Roy Gelwicks read a paper which was very much enjoyed by all present, and Father McNelis, the Spiritual Director of the Society, spoke for a short while to the members.

At this meeting the boys received a treat from a benefactor of the Sodality in the form of some delicious candy, for which they expressed their thanks.

Be sure to get the Woman's Edition of THE CHRONICLE—

May 29th. May 15-2ts.

Cost of Drink in Great Britain

With a total population of 43,659,121, the United Kingdom expended for liquors of all kinds during 1906 the sum of \$809,681,829, or an average of \$18 per capita. Of this amount \$495,187,316 was spent for beer, the quantity consumed being 33,891,101 barrels; \$253,201,812 for spirits, or 39,302,402 gallons; \$53,992,951 for wine, or 12,328,691 gallons, and \$7,299,750 for other liquors, or 15,000,000 gallons.

The per capita expenditure for spirits was \$5.82, beer \$11.35, wine \$1.25, and all other liquors 12 cents.

WANTED.

The names and addresses of people living in this District who make hickory or oak baskets. Apply at this office. tf

FOR SALE.

A one-horse McCormick Mower, in good condition. Apply at CHRONICLE Office. tf

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hays, who have been indisposed for several days, are convalescing.

Proper Printing. If you desire Fine Printing at a moderate cost, the kind of printing that requires good taste and nicety of judgment, have all your work done by The Chronicle Press. Modern Equipment and New Type Throughout. Business and Society Stationery, Wedding Invitations, Wedding Announcements, Visiting Cards, Opening Cards, Menus, Programmes and Folders for all occasions. Printed in the Most Approved Style. Sale Bills and Sale Cards With Appropriate Cuts. Book and Pamphlet Work. Engraving, Lithographing, Embossing. Ruling and Binding. The Chronicle Press, Emmitsburg, Maryland.

Hoke & Rider. MAKERS OF MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES. MARBLE AND CEMETERY WORK OF ALL KINDS. Estimates Furnished on Short Notice Free of Charge. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

SIDNEY WEST. Shirt-Maker, Men's Wear, Hatter. Colorado Building, 14th & G Streets, WASHINGTON, D. C. Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO OF NEW YORK. Oldest in America Largest in the World. Home-Made Bread. EMMITSBURG HOME BAKERY, HARRY HOPP, PROPRIETOR. Cakes Rolls Pies. EVERYTHING IN THE BAKER'S LINE. Advertise in THE CHRONICLE and see how well it pays.

NEGLECTED INDUSTRY

Manufacture of Willow Baskets Almost Lost Trade

Making the old-fashioned willow baskets, considered the Philadelphia Record, is considered nowadays an art; for the basket-makers of this sort are becoming scarce in America, as well as abroad, for two reasons: First, farmers and other land owners raise very little willow, and second, none of the young men seem to care to learn the trade of making baskets, since split-wood baskets and those in other styles are made by machinery so cheaply nowadays that competition has nearly annihilated the hand basket trade.

Those who do make this sort of ware have all they wish to do and more, too. For there has not as yet been produced a product on the American or foreign market that will stand the wear and tear of the good old-style willow basket, and no class appreciates this more than the Pennsylvania German farmers. The few remaining willow weavers are descendants of the Pennsylvania Germans, or of Germans.

Mr. Cook, one of the few remaining basket makers who resides in Reading, Pa., says that he is satisfied that a fortune awaits any American farmer who will devote his land to willows, for they are not difficult to raise, and most of the willow at the present time has to be brought from foreign countries. From the fact that the willow basket in most cases lasts three times longer than any machine-made product, the farmer will always find a good market for his willows.

Mr. Cook says basketmaking dates back to the history of the Holy Land, and the industry was popular in Britain in its earliest history, when the shields were made of basket material for their earliest warriors. Herodotus had the basketmakers allied with the making of boats, to be used on the Tigris and the Euphrates many centuries ago. The work of making baskets and wicker-work has always been done on the same principles, commonly styled web-work, for the willow rods are crossed at right angles by two of the largest osiers, with the thick end toward the basket-maker, who holds them with his foot, thus forming the slath, which is the foundation of the basket. Next, the long end of one of the rods is woven over the pair of shorter ends, and now and then additional longer ends are woven together, until finally the basket nears the top, when the perpendicular ribs are turned down and braided into each other, forming the edge of the basket. The handle is aided by forcing one or more bade sticks down the weaving of the sides, where they are pinned fast by weaving other rods among the mainstay, plating and weaving the handle according to the taste and design of the maker, who has half a dozen different ways of making a handle. Of course, the work of basketmaking has one general principle, though each maker has his style, which Mr. Cook says varies greatly. The most critical points in the work, he declares, are those of making bottoms in baskets that will stand the wear and add handles that cannot be pulled out of their sockets.

MODERN CONVERSATION.

A writer in a popular magazine deplores the poverty of the present-day conversation, also its insincerity, particularly on the part of young men, whose talk consists mostly of flattery and frivolous love-making. Is not the young woman greatly to blame for this? An observer of social doings declares that it is impossible to interest the average girl in any talk that is not flavored with compliment and courtship—that no matter in what direction the barque of conversation is steered, she manages adroitly to tow it into the port of sentiment. Perhaps this is because it is the only ground on which the average young man and young woman can meet. They have no other ideas and sympathies in common. The young man devotes himself to business, but he manages to read the newspapers and keeps up with the intelligence of the day; the girl reads the society page, the fashion magazine and the latest and lightest novel. If he should bring into his talk any comment on public movements abroad or at home, or on the political questions of the day or even minor local matters of moment, she would yawn behind her fan, or her pretty pout would tell him that she was mentally voting him a dry stick. What wonder that he interprets the pout, and proceeds to change it to the smile by telling her how chic she looked in her Easter hat, or that he chose his violet tie because it was just the shade of her eyes.

But the good conversationalist does not talk learnedly or stiltedly. Small talk may be made entertaining and even thought-suggesting. Tact enters more largely into conversation than into any other form of social life.—MARY E. BRYAN, in Uncle Remus's—The Home Magazine for May.

No Wonder He Went Home.

Newport missed an elegant opportunity to give another monkey dinner while Prince de Sagan was in this country to act as the guest of honor.—Los Angeles Times.

PENNSYLVANIA AND FORESTRY

Governor Stuart Speaks of the President's Conference of Governors Now in Session.

Governor Stuart of Pennsylvania before leaving for Washington to attend the conference of the Governors, made this statement especially for the Philadelphia Press:—

"The President's administration has brought about and accomplished a great many policies which have been beneficial to the American people, but he has never proposed anything of greater interest to those living and those to come than this conference called to endeavor to arrange some plan for conserving our natural resources.

"Pennsylvania some years ago began among other things, the preservation of its forests, and today has one of the best organizations for the purpose in the country. It has achieved as much—possibly more than any other State—along this line.

"At present we have nearly a million acres of reservation, which the State is taking care of and planting with new trees. Pennsylvania is doing that which in the future will make what are now virtually waste lands not only valuable in assisting the preservation of our water supply, but of immeasurable benefit to coming generations."

THE GREAT STEWART MYSTERY.

Under the above heading the New York Sun published the following editorial:—"Now that Senator Rayner of Maryland has taken up the case of Colonel William F. Stewart of the Coast Artillery we may expect some interesting revelations. There is much to be said on both sides of the question, but in our opinion very little in favor of the precise manner of the Colonel's discipline. That, we think, might easily have been managed otherwise.

"It will be recalled that the Sun first called attention to the Colonel's exile at Fort Grant, an abandoned army post in Arizona, twenty-six miles distant from the nearest railway and ten miles distant from any human habitation. He was sent there last October with one man to look after him, his only apparent sin consisting in a stern refusal to apply for retirement after forty years of service. Of course that was not all, for the army seldom, if ever, wishes to get rid of eligible officers, but it was all the public could ascertain definitely, and with that we had to be content. Meanwhile the man could not be retired against his wish. He still lacked three or four years of the statutory age of 64 and he refused to ask for retirement on the score of forty years of service. The expedient had been suggested to him by headquarters and he had respectfully but firmly declined unless he was to be retired as a Brigadier-General—something not to be considered in the Department's scheme. So the Colonel, silent, imperturbable, uncomplaining, packed his traps, went out to Fort Grant with the wolves, the coyotes and the chaparral and sat him down and waited.

"Some weeks ago the Sun took notice of the case, controversy followed, and about ten days ago Colonel Stewart was transferred to an old abandoned fort in Florida where at least he would have the freedom of the nearby city of St. Augustine. But hardly had he reached there and begun to unstrap his trunks, bags, &c., when he got orders to return to Fort Grant. He promptly obeyed. Presumably by this time he is there or thereabouts. He has had a more or less interesting journey of 6,000 or 7,000 miles and no doubt feels vastly refreshed in consequence, and there he is, or soon will be again, just where he began. Apparently he is the bagatelle of the moment which the War Department finds it amusing to speed. He is saying nothing, however. Maybe he is something else.

"Meanwhile Senator Rayner has taken up the case and seems disposed to press it. Perhaps we shall at last hear all the facts, a consummation much to be desired. The spectacle of a Colonel of the Coast Artillery banded about from one side of the country to the other, consigned to a remote and painful exile from civilization, cloistered from all human companionship and sympathy, and all this without a reason that can be or has been explained—this is a spectacle that naturally excites wonder. Evidently Colonel Stewart has done nothing for which he can be court-martialed. Presumably he has not laid himself open to a court of inquiry. But clearly he has done something—something which the Department wishes to punish secretly and hesitates to deal with openly.

"What, then, are William F. Stewart's offences and where are the defects in our military system which permit or require these evasive and underhand methods?"

Look for the edition of THE CHRONICLE on May 29th. The editorials, news matter and special features will be furnished by a number of Emmitsburg ladies. May 15-25.

The sperm whale can stay under water for 20 minutes.

GOVERNORS COLLATE

Meeting at Call of President Roosevelt

SUBJECTS FOR CONSIDERATION

Universal Divorce Law, Extradition of Criminals, Tubercular Cattle, Quarantine and Co-operation of Adjoining States.

Although no definite programme of subjects has been announced, the conference of Governors called by the President which is meeting at the White House this week will, in response to general demand, consider the following matters:

First—A plan for a universal divorce law, the classification of offenses for which decrees may be granted and the simplification of methods of procedure in relation to them.

Second—A plan for the extradition of criminals from one State to another, upon the telegraphic demand of Governors.

Third—A plan for the universal agreement regarding the treatment of tuberculosis in cattle.

Fourth—A plan for the care and segregation of the victims of consumption to prevent the spread of disease.

Fifth—A plan for the better supervision and observance of quarantine regulations.

Sixth—A plan for the co-operation of adjoining States for better protection of inter-state parks and forest preserves.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK IDEA

History of Movement and its Inception.—Large Geographical Area Open For Experimentation.

"The postal savings bank idea," says the Boston Transcript, "now brought prominently before the country by a favorable report from the Senate committee on the bill to put into execution Postmaster General Meyer's project, made its first official appearance in this country as far back as 1871. Postmaster General Cresswell then recommended that the United States imitate the example of Great Britain, which ten years earlier had established the system. His successors have from time to time renewed the agitation, Mr. Wanamaker being particularly strenuous in its advocacy, but neither Congress nor the country has heretofore shown a sympathetic interest in it. At present it is included in the administration programme and unquestionably there is more concert, more direct pressure, for the enactment of a postal savings bank law than any other time since Mr. Cresswell started the movement."

"The argument for the project is that it will offer facilities for savings in regions where they are at present lacking, and that the Government guarantee would bring out money now hoarded by individuals in small quantities. Such persons, it maintained, have a deep-seated suspicion of ordinary banks, and prefer to trust their funds to the proverbial 'old stocking' or similar improvised depositories. Certainly it can be scarcely expected that the system will make much progress in regions where there are long established and well managed savings banks which pay higher interest than the Government will be authorized to pay."

A large geographical area is open to the experimentation of the Government as the people's banker, if the absence of savings banks therein is an indication. It may fairly be questioned, however, if the absence of such institutions is not due to the high rates for money in these sections attributable to their comparative newness and the opportunities thereby presented for quick and profitable 'turns' with spare funds. History shows that the 'savings-bank habit' flourishes most markedly in old and long-settled communities, those that have passed the stage where present funds are urgently required and eagerly bid for in the process of civic and commercial development."

THERMOMETRIC READINGS.

Table with 4 columns: Day, 8 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M. Rows for Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

Readings for the week beginning May 1907:

Table with 4 columns: Day, 8 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M. Rows for Friday, Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

The average woman carries 50 miles of hair on her head.

JAPANESE TREATY IS SIGNED

Disputes Not Involving National Honor or Territory Are to Be Settled by Arbitration.

Some millions of people in both countries will breathe freer and sleep easier since Secretary Root and Baron Takahira have signed a treaty between the United States and Japan. The treaty binds both countries to settle by arbitration for a period of five years all disputes not involving national honor or territory. Now Congress will be able to say "We knew those gun boats were not needed" and that the President was keeping this treaty up his sleeve until he should get appropriations for more war ships. This is one view to take of the subject; another view is that we have five years to build "Dreadnoughts" and that we can possibly by working days, nights and Sundays finish the Panama Canal in that time. It is said that a number of other treaties on the arbitration bases have been arranged between the United States and foreign countries and that they will soon be published.

TROUBLE FOR LIQUOR DEALERS

Drastic Measures Soon to Be Enforced in District of Columbia.—About Whiskey Labels.

Last week was a hard one for the liquor interest in Washington. The Congress has voted down canteens in soldiers' homes and a bill before Congress that will reduce by half the number of saloons in Washington. Added to this Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou has announced that after the first of July the Pure Food law with reference to alcoholic beverages will be enforced. This means that only pure whiskey, aged by time will be permitted to be sold under the simple label of whiskey. All other compounded drinks and by far the greater number of whiskeys heretofore sold are compounded drinks have got to be sold as imitation goods and so clearly labeled that the average mind may be able to know that they are not pure whiskey and also to know the precise adulterant or adulterants which they contain.

National Bank For Littlestown.

There is a movement on foot to organize a national bank in Littlestown, Pa. A meeting has been held and the project is promised the support of the most prominent and influential citizens of the town. Such an institution is greatly needed in Littlestown.

Be sure to get the Woman's Edition of THE CHRONICLE—May 29th. May 15-25.

A man's hair turns gray about five years earlier than a woman's.

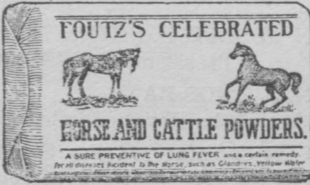


Liberty Moving Pictures

The Show that is... Different!

Admission: 15 and 25c

SPANGLER'S OPERA HOUSE ONE NIGHT—MAY 16, 1908—SATURDAY—Performance starts 8:15 p. m.



Foutz's Horse and Cattle Powder. A Standard For 50 Years.

Its Reliability and Purity are everywhere known and its Efficiency for conditioning and Curing Animals of Disease has never been equalled. It Cures Chronic Cough, Heaves, Influenza, Hide-Bound, Indigestion, Constipation, and all Stomach troubles. Restores lost appetite and increases the assimilation. It assists in fattening and increases the quantity of milk and cream. Foutz's Superior Poultry Food... 25c per package Foutz's Certain Worm Powder... 50c " Foutz's Perfect Lice Powder... 25c " Foutz's Liniment... 25c " bottle Foutz's Certain Kolk Cure... 50c " package Foutz's Healing Powder, for collar galls, etc... 25c " package Every article of our manufacture is guaranteed and bears U. S. Serial No. 217. Beware of imitations which are now on the market! Sold everywhere—

At Emmitsburg, Md., W. S. TROXEL THE DAVID E. FOUTZ COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD.

The New Tin Shop East Main Street, opposite Troxel's Store

CHARLES E. KUGLER

Tinner Plumber Gasfitter

STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING PLANTS GENERAL REPAIRING.

No Contract Too Big--No Job Too Small

my1-lyr ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Japanese Taxes the Heaviest

It is held by the Toyo Keizai, a Tokio newspaper, that the Japanese are today the most heavily taxed people in the world. The estimated expenditure for the current year is \$308,000,000, which means an average annual burden on the head of every family amounting to one-fifth of his income. A comparison of 20 per cent. in Japan is made with England, 8.9; France, 12.2; Germany, 7.9; America, 3.2; and in these other countries it is shown that the earning capacity of each family head is from three to five times greater.—Chicago Journal.

The United States ranks first in the matter of copper production and Japan second.

WM. P. EYLER,

AUCTIONEER,

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

nov. 1st-1f.

EMMITSBURG RAILROAD.

Table with 4 columns: Daily Except Sundays, STATIONS, Daily Except Sundays, and a grid of times for various stations.

VINCENT SEBOLD, General Manager

VINCENT SEBOLD,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Offices Sebold Building, Public Square, Emmitsburg, Md.

On Mondays and Tuesdays at Frederick. On Thursdays at Thurmont National Bank. Both Phones—C. & P., Emmitsburg, 22-2; Frederick County, Emmitsburg, 27. dec 7-1f

Pasture! Pasture!

50 acres of choice Blue Grass Pasture; plenty of shade trees and running water in the field. All kinds of stock will be pastured and well taken care of at reasonable rates. Field open May 1, 1908.

CHARLES E. GILLELAN,

april 10-1f

The general news items in THE CHRONICLE keep its readers in touch with national, state, and county happenings.

DOES THIS MEAN YOU?

"It would be a foolish man indeed who would cut off his fire insurance when a conflagration loomed upon the horizon, or who considered canceling his life insurance when his health was poor. For exactly the same reason no wise business man will long consider cutting off his business insurance—which is advertising—simply because there is a little temporary tightening up of things financial." tf

Red Dragon

SELTZER



TRADE-MARK REGISTERED.

"NO SECRET FORMULA"

10 CENTS

RELIEVES INDIGESTION HEADACHE TRAIN FATIGUE, SEA SICKNESS SOLD EVERYWHERE

Jan 24-ly



Get Your CREAM SEPARATOR

FROM

D. W. GARNER

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND.

Four Different Styles. One Will Suit Your. EMPIRE Quality in All. 300 pounds for only \$45.00 Cash.

Write us to-day. Some Second Hand Machines for sale cheap.

D. W. GARNER.

may 8-2m

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY AND COLLEGE

FOR YOUNG LADIES. WITH PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

PUPILS UNDER TEN YEARS OF AGE NOT RECEIVED.

This Institution, beautifully situated in a healthful location in sight of the Blue Ridge Mountains, is easily reached by Western Maryland Railroad from Baltimore. Extensive grounds afford ample advantages for outdoor exercise, the surroundings are attractive and picturesque. The Curriculum thorough and comprehensive, embraces all branches necessary for a refined education. For particulars address:

SISTER SUPERIOR,

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY,

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

6-14-1f

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FOR SPEED SAFETY, SURETY

A Solid Roadbed is Essential

Visibility and Speed

in the Underwood (Tabulator) Typewriter are supported by perfectly balanced construction.

Underwood Typewriter Company, Inc., 27 W. Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md. feb 7-4ms

If the readers of THE CHRONICLE will be good enough to send to this office the names and addresses of former Emmitsburgians, or those identified with or interested in Emmitsburg and its people, the Editor will greatly appreciate the courtesy.

Serve your own best interests and get the most from your investment by subscribing for THE EMMITSBURG CHRONICLE. \$1.00 a year.

THE OFFICIAL CROP REPORT.

(Continued from page 1.)

There was likely to be some shortage. It is true that the Government report is not quite as good as trade expectations, but it is an open question whether the trade expectations are not the more likely to be correct.

Good Shot But Not Good Enough

A news dispatch from Frankfort, Ky., says that the adjutant-general's department has learned of an encounter between a Madison county tobacco grower and "night riders" a few nights ago.

Telephone girls become "left-eared."

PUBLIC LOCAL LAWS.

CHAPTER 316.

AN ACT to repeal Section One, two, three, five and six, of Chapter 469 1/2 of the Acts of the Generally Assembled Maryland Session of 1906 entitled "An Act to regulate the sale and granting license for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors in Frederick County" and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section one, two, three, five and six of Chapter 469 1/2 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, Session 1906 entitled "An Act to regulate the sale and granting of licenses for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors in Frederick County," be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted, so to read as follows:

1.—That all licenses to sell spirituous and fermented liquors in Frederick County shall expire on the first day of May next ensuing the date of issue and shall be issued to males over the age of Twenty-one years only, and for Twelve, nine, six or three months, and for no other terms.

2.—That any person desiring to obtain a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in Frederick County shall, before the first day of April if he desires a license for twelve months, before the first day of July, if he desires a license for nine months, before the first day of October, if he desires a license for six months before the first day of January, if he desires a license for three months, file an application in writing therefor with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County in which he shall state first, the name and residence, of the applicant and how long he has resided there; Second, that he is a citizen of the United States, and has been for twelve months next preceding the filing of such application, a bonafide resident of the State of Maryland, and for three months next preceding the filing of such application, a bonafide resident of Frederick County; Third, the place of birth of the applicant and if a naturalized citizen, when and where he was naturalized; Fourth, the name of the owner of the premises upon which the business to be licensed is to be carried on; Fifth, a description of the location where the business for which license is sought is to be carried on, so that such location may be readily identified from such description; Sixth, that the applicant is not, or if the application be by a firm, that no one of the applicants is in any manner pecuniarily interested in the profits of any business conducted at any other place in said county where spirituous or fermented liquors are sold or kept for sale; Seventh, the kind of license desired; Eight, that no person except the applicant or applicants is in any manner pecuniarily interested in the business to be licensed, and that no other person shall be in any manner pecuniarily interested therein during the continuance of the license asked for; Ninth, that the applicants have not, nor has any of them, had a license for the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors in this state revoked, nor have any of them been convicted of any offense, indictable under the laws of this State, within two years preceding the filing of said application, except an unintentional sale of intoxicating liquors and beers to minors, in which case the facts shall be fully set forth, nor have they or any of them been refused a license under the provision of this Act within one year preceding the filing of said application; Tenth, that the room in the building where the business is to be conducted under the license sought is not within sixty feet of any church building or any school house, or within the limits of any city, town, or village and not within one-half of a mile of any church building or school house, if such place of business is not to be with the limits of any city, town, or village, which said application shall be verified by the affidavit of the applicant made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court with whom the application is filed, or one of his deputies; and if any false statement is made in any part of said application, the applicant or applicants so making said affidavit shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and upon indictment and conviction shall be

punished accordingly, and any license issued upon such application shall be suppressed.

3.—That there shall be annexed to said application a certificate signed by at least nine reputable freeholders, bonafide residents of the neighborhood, who shall be a majority of the resident freeholders residing nearest to the place in which the applicant proposes to conduct the business under the license applied for, and in which each of the persons certifying shall state his residence or place of business; that he is over twenty-five years of age; how long he has known the applicant; that he believes the applicant or applicants to be a proper person or persons to have the privilege of selling spirituous or fermented liquors, and he accordingly recommends the issuing of the license applied for.

5.—That if any person shall file in writing with said clerk any reason why the license applied for should not be granted, such clerk shall forthwith present the application and certificate and the objection to a judge of the Circuit Court for the said county, and such judge shall proceed to hear, and determine the question as to whether the license applied for shall be issued or not, after giving such notice to the applicant and the objector as such judge shall deem reasonable and proper, and shall award the cost of such notice and the costs incurred by such hearing as such judge shall deem equitable and just and all the provisions of this Act shall be mandatory; nevertheless, the said judge may, in his discretion, for sufficient cause, refuse a license to any applicant and may also, in his discretion, grant a license to an applicant convicted of selling intoxicating liquors or beers to minors when he believes the sale to have not been an intentional violation of the law.

6.—That the clerk of the county shall file and carefully preserve the application, certificate and affidavits, and after giving the said notice, if no cause be shown to the contrary, or if cause be shown and the said judge shall direct in writing that the license shall be issued, to the applicant or applicants the license fee now required, or that may be hereafter required by law for the issuing of the license applied for; provided, that the license issued under the provision of this Act may, in the discretion of the Court, be assigned or transferred upon the assignee or transferee complying with all the provisions and conditions necessary to obtain a new license under this Act.

SECTION 2.—And be it enacted, that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage. Approved April 6, 1908. HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.

HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates. HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate. Office of the Chief Clerk of the House. I Herewith Certify, That the foregoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.

A. J. ALMONEY, my 15-3t. Chief Clerk of the House.

CHAPTER 38.

AN ACT to repeal Chapter 404 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of the session of 1880, entitled, "An Act to authorize the County Commissioners of Frederick County, in their discretion to levy annually a sum of money for the erection and furnishing of new school houses in said county," and to re-enact said Chapter 404 of the said Acts of 1880, with Amendments thereto providing for the enlargement of the powers and duties of the Board of County School Commissioners of Frederick County.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Chapter 404 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of the session of 1880, entitled "An Act to authorize the County Commissioners of Frederick County in their discretion to levy, annually, a sum of money for the erection and furnishing of new school houses in said county," be and the same is hereby repealed and the same is hereby re-enacted with amendments thereto, providing for the enlargements of the powers and duties of the Board of County School Commissioners of Frederick County, so as to read as follows:

SEC. 2.—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Board of County Commissioners of Frederick County before making the tax levy for the year 1908 and in every year thereafter shall ascertain from the Board of County School Commissioners of Frederick County the amount of money the said Board of County School Commissioners of Frederick County shall deem necessary.

First. For purchasing sites for new school houses, buildings and equipping new school houses and making additions to old school houses in said county.

Second. For making up the deficiency for the general school purposes and for the payment of teachers' salaries as mentioned and described in Section 25 of Article 77 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, and the said County Commissioners of Frederick County are hereby authorized, empowered, directed and required to levy and collect such a tax upon the assessable property of every character in said county equal to the amount deemed necessary by the Board of County School Commissioners ascertained as aforesaid for the respective purposes herein set forth, provided said tax shall not exceed seven cents on the one hundred dollars for purchasing sites for new school houses, building and equipping new school houses, and making old school houses, and thirty cents on the one hundred dollars for making up the deficiency for general purposes and for the payment of teacher's salaries as mentioned and described in said Section 25 of Article 77 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland unless the Board of County Commissioners of Frederick County shall approve and sanction an additional tax.

SEC. 3.—And Be It Enacted, That the taxes so levied and collected shall be paid quarterly to the Board of County School Commissioners of Frederick County on the day fixed for the payment of the State School tax to the several counties.

SEC. 4.—And Be It Further Enacted, That the said Board of County Commissioners of Frederick County on or before the 15th day of April in the year nineteen hundred and eight, shall pay to the Board of County School Commissioners of Frederick County such portion of the tax levied by said County Commissioners for building new school houses under section 404 of the Acts of 1880 in the levy for 1907 not contracted for prior to January, 1908 to be used by said Board of County School Commissioners for the purchasing of sites, buildings and equipping new school houses and making additions to old school houses.

SEC. 5.—And Be It Further Enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage. Approved March 3, 1908. HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.

HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates. HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate. Office of the Chief Clerk of the House: I Herewith Certify That the foregoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.

A. J. ALMONEY, my 15-3t. Chief Clerk of the House.

CHAPTER 94.

AN ACT to repeal Section 311 A. of Article 11 of the Code of Public Local Laws of the State of Maryland, titled "Frederick County," as passed by the General Assembly of Maryland, January Session, 1902, Chapter 500 and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, that Section 311 A. of Article 11 of the Code of Public Local Laws of the State of Maryland, titled, "Frederick County," as passed by the General Assembly of Maryland, Session of 1902, Chapter 500, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows: 311-A. No person having a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors at any place in Frederick County shall knowingly sell or give any spirituous or fermented liquors to any Drunkard or to any person at the time visibly affected by intoxicating drinks, nor shall he sell or give any spirituous or fermented liquors to any person whose parent, guardian, wife, husband or other relative on whom the support of the family, of which such person shall be a member, may depend, shall have given such licensee a notice in writing that such person is of intemperate habits.

SEC. 2.—And be it further enacted that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage. Approved March 17, 1908. HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.

HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates. HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate. Office of the Secretary of the Senate: I Herewith Certify, That the foregoing is a true copy of the Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.

ROBERT MOSS, my 15-3t. Secretary.

CHAPTER 339.

AN ACT to repeal Section 145 of Article 11 of the Code of Public Local Laws, titled "Frederick County," sub-title, "Fish," and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 145 of Article 11 of the Code of Public Local Laws, titled, "Frederick County," sub-title, "Fish," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

145.—It shall not be lawful for any person to take, capture, or destroy fish by seine, drag nets, fish baskets, or fish pots, eel weirs, brush or fascine nets, or any means or contrivance whatever of the nature of a seine which are known to destroy or capture fish, in the Monocacy River or any of its tributaries or in any other waters within the limits of Frederick County; provided, nevertheless, that fish may be taken in the Monocacy River or any of its tributaries during the month of July, with a seine not over twenty feet in length or with a net commonly known as the "str net."

SECTION 2.—And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage. Approved April 6, 1908. HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.

HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate. HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates. Office of the Secretary of the Senate: I Herewith Certify, That the foregoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.

ROBT. MOSS, Secretary. my 8-3ts.

CHAPTER 444.

AN ACT to authorize and empower the Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg, Frederick County, to borrow money necessary for the improvements of streets, alleys and crossings of said town, not exceeding the sum of Twenty-five Hundred (\$2500) Dollars, and to issue bonds therefor.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, that the Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to issue bonds in the name of the said Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg, Frederick County, to an amount not exceeding Twenty-

five-Hundred (\$2500) Dollars in the aggregate in sums of not less than Fifty Dollars (\$50) each said bonds to be sealed with the seal of the said corporation, signed by the Burgess of the said town, and counter signed by the President and Secretary of the said Board of Commissioners; said bonds to bear interest payable semi-annually on the first days of July and January of each and every year, at a rate of interest not exceeding five per centum per annum, for which interest proper coupons shall be attached to said bonds, signed and counter signed as aforesaid.

SECTION 2.—And be it enacted, That said bonds shall be issued payable twenty years from date thereof and redeemable at any time after the expiration of five years from date at the pleasure of the said Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg.

SECTION 3.—And be it enacted, That the said Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg shall apply the proceeds from the sale of said bonds to the improvement of the streets, alleys and crossings of the said town of Emmitsburg.

SECTION 4.—And be it enacted, That the Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg shall provide annually, out of the usual tax levy, an amount sufficient to pay the interest on the said bonds, and they shall set apart a further sum of Fifty (\$50) Dollars annually to be reinvested in such securities as they may select, to create a sinking fund for the redemption of the said bonds.

SECTION 5.—And be it enacted, That the said bonds shall be sold by the Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg at not less than their face value for cash, after giving at least three weeks' notice by advertisement in one or more newspapers published in Frederick County.

SECTION 6.—And be it enacted, That at a municipal election to be held in Emmitsburg at such time and place as may be fixed by an ordinance of said Burgess and Commissioners of Emmitsburg, the qualified voters of Emmitsburg, shall determine by ballot whether the said bonds hereinbefore provided for shall be issued or not, at which said election there may be written or printed on the ballots of said voters the words "For issue of bonds," or "Against issue of bonds," and if a majority of the ballots cast shall contain the words "For issue of bonds," then this act shall become operative and binding, but if a majority of said ballots shall contain the words "Against issue of bonds," then this act shall be void and of no effect, and the judge of said municipal election shall return to the Burgess of Emmitsburg the number of ballots cast "For issue of bonds," and "Against issue of bonds," respectively and the said Burgess shall announce the result thereof to the Board of Commissioners of Emmitsburg who shall also canvass the vote and verify the same.

SECTION 7.—And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage. Approved April 6, 1908. HON. AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, Governor.

HON. JOSEPH B. SETH, President of the Senate. HON. J. ENOS RAY, Speaker of the House of Delegates. Office of the Secretary of the Senate: I Herewith Certify, That the foregoing is a true copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session, 1908.

ROBT. MOSS, Secretary. my 8-3ts.

ORDER NISI ON SALES. NO. 8309 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity. MAY TERM, 1908.

In the Matter of the Report of Sales, Filed this 4th day of May 1908. Felix A. Diffendal, Assignee of Cornelius Shriner, Mortgagee of Adaline Shriner, on Petition.

ORDERED, That on the 30th day of May, 1908, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate, reported to said Court by Felix A. Diffendal, Assignee in the above cause, and filed therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$370.00. Dated this 4th day of May, 1908. SAMUEL T. HAFFNER, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County. True Copy—Test: SAMUEL T. HAFFNER, Clerk. May 8-4ts.

ORDER NISI ON SALES. NO. 8310 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick county, sitting in Equity. MAY TERM, 1908.

In the matter of the Report of Sales filed the 6th day of May, 1908. Edgar L. Annan, Mortgagee of Jacob G. Troxell on Petition.

ORDERED, That on the 30th day of May 1908, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate, reported to said Court by Edgar L. Annan, Mortgagee in the above cause, and filed therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$1438.00. Dated this 6th day of May, 1908. SAMUEL T. HAFFNER, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County. True copy—Test: SAMUEL T. HAFFNER, Clerk. May 8-4t

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DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

Circuit Court.

Chief Judge—G. W. Worthington. Associate Judges—Hon. John C. Motter and Hon. James B. Henderson. State's Attorney—Arthur D. Willard. Clerk of the Court—Dr. Samuel T. Haffner.

Orphans' Court.

Judges—William H. Pearra, chief judge John E. Phlegger and Geo. H. Whitmore. Register of Wills—William B. Cuthshall.

County Officers.

County Commissioners—Lincoln G. Dinterman, Lewis H. Bowles, H. Milton Kefauver, W. H. Hogarth, J. Stewart Annan. Sheriff—Geo. Edward Myers. County Treasurer—George W. Crum. Surveyor—Rufus A. Rager. School Commissioners—Oscar B. Coblenz, Secretary, Treasurer and Superintendent; S. N. Young, Assistant; Rev. Isaac M. Motter, President; Col. L. Therman Brien, Dr. H. Boteler Gross, J. Henry Stokes, Chas. W. Wright, William R. Young. Health Officer—Dr. C. F. Goodell.

Emmitsburg District.

Notary Public—W. H. Troxell. Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Millard F. Shuff, L. M. Fisher. Constable—W. H. Ashbaugh. School Trustees—M. F. Shuff, Oscar D. Frailey.

Town Officers.

Burgess—T. E. Zimmerman; Commissioners, H. M. Ashbaugh, J. H. Rosensteel, Sterling Galt, J. T. Long, J. D. Caldwell. Borough Constable—Wm. Daywalt.

CHURCHES.

Ev. Lutheran Church.

Pastor—Rev. Charles Reinwald. Service every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Wednesday, lectures at 7:00 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.

Reformed Church of the Incarnation.

Pastor—Rev. A. M. Gluck. Services every Sunday at 10:00 a. m. and every other Sunday at 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Midweek service at 7:30 p. m. Catechetical class on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Presbyterian Church.

Pastor—Rev. Kenneth M. Craig. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Wednesday evening Lecture and Prayer Meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church.

Pastor—Rev. J. O. Hayden, C. M. First Mass, 7 a. m., second Mass, 10:00 a. m., Vespers 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Pastor—Rev. R. Koonz. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League Devotional Service, 6:30 p. m. Sunday School at 1:30 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

Emerald Beneficial Association.

Officers: President, Edwin Chrimer, Vice-President, J. Edward Baker, Treasurer, P. F. Burket, Secretary, Chas. O. Rosensteel. Branch meets the fourth Sunday of each month in C. O. Rosensteel's house, East Main Street.

Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent Association.

Rev. Geo. H. Traggser, Chaplain; president, Geo. Althoff; vice president, John Althoff; treasurer, George Keepers; secretary, Chas. E. Eckenrode.

Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R.

Commander, James H. Black; Senior Vice-Commander, John H. Metzger; Jr. Vice-Commander, John Shank; Quartermaster, George T. Gelwicks; Surgon, A. Herring; Adjutant, Samuel Gambel; Chaplain, Samuel McVair; Officer of Day, George Eyster; Officer of Guard, John Reinsider.

Vigilant Hose Company.

Meets the first Friday evening of each month at Firemen's Hall. President, Chas. R. Hoke; Vice-President, E. Moser; Secretary, C. B. Ashbaugh. Treasurer, A. A. Horner.

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