

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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NO. 26

TO THE RESCUE

The Farmer Saves The Situation

DEPENDENT ON HIM

If He Were Thrifty He Could Feed The World

TRUSTS NOT IN IT WITH FARMERS

Farmers Make Balances in Our Favor In International Commerce, Without Which Financial Panics Would Run Their Disastrous Course.

The vast amount of gold being shipped to this country from foreign lands in the last few weeks is not a philanthropic loan from our well-wisher over the sea. Rather it represents the gift of the farmers for the easement of the banks and bankers of this country.

The following article taken from the columns of the *Washington Post* is a tribute to the agriculturist, the fruit of whose labors has made the prosperity of this country, and an explanation of the rescue work done by the tiller of the soil in this country.

The American farmer, with his all too crude methods of tillage, is yet the dependence of the country in time of stress. There is now on the ocean steaming for this land a vast sum represented in gold coin and gold bullion, to be applied to the payment of the balances in our favor created by exportations of cotton and tobacco, grain and provisions.

The steel trust, the oil trust, and kindred combinations are not in it with the farmers of America when it comes to making balances in our favor in international commerce. They have a monopoly of the home market and refuse to compete in neutral markets, except to dump their surplus to be sold for what it will fetch. It may be said that the farmer, too, sends only his surplus abroad, and that is true; but his surplus is deliberately created, while the surplus of the steel trust is an accident.

For ten years the American farmer has been a very prosperous man. From 1873 until 1897 his cry was calamity; but the moment the coinage question was settled the farm began to flourish; the mortgage was lifted, additional buildings were erected, machinery was purchased, live stock improved, and instead of being a debtor to the money changers, the farmer is become a depositor in the banks.

Prices have been high—too high—due to several causes, not the least to our rapid increase of population. While our birth rate is greatly in excess of the death rate, we get accessions from abroad to our population of about 1,000,000 annually. It is quite likely that the American farmer will find 20,000,000 more home mouths to feed in 1910 than he had on his hands in 1900, and certainly that will be true, if the present wave of immigration holds without ceasing.

If the American farmer practiced the economies and the thrift that maintain in Belgium he could feed the world, but he has drawn all too prodigally on field and forest, and to-day he has his hands almost full feeding our own people, compared with the immense surpluses of food he sent abroad in the '70's.

But methods of tillage are improving and the farmer is beginning to pay attention to seed selection, a matter wholly neglected for centuries. Hereofore this country has been blessed with cheap meat and bread, and that, more than all other causes, made our marvelous growth as a nation.

In a statement of some length President Roosevelt explains the ground on which he ordered the "In God We Trust" from the new coinage. He says that such use of "a beautiful and solemn sentence" tends to cheapen it and is irreverent.

George Bruce Cortelyou, Secretary of the Treasury, is an active candidate of the presidency. Archbishop Ireland, it is said, will support Mr. Cortelyou. The announcement from the Secretary will come out in a month or so.

Noticing that the days are getting shorter, a little Germantown boy remarked that it gets late very early now.—*Philadelphia Record*.

PROMOTION OF PEACE

A Review of the Work of The Hague Conference

WAS MORE LIKE A WAR CONGRESS

Thirteen Conventions Held and Seven Resolutions Adopted.—Next Conference to be held in 1915.—Eight Years For "Home Study."

The proceedings of The Hague Conference have attracted wide-spread and varied criticism. In the whole proceedings, by far the most important questions discussed were those backed by the United States delegates. This is conceded by all. The *Army and Navy Register* says:

The eighteen weeks' session of the so-called peace conference at The Hague is described by sagacious and discerning observers as a gathering to legislate for war instead of a body for the promotion of peace.

This is the official list of conventions adopted by the conference as the final product of its labors:

1. The peaceful regulation of international conflicts.
2. Providing for an international prize court.
3. Regulating the rights and duties of neutrals on land.
4. Regulating the rights and duties of neutrals at sea.
5. Covering the laying of submarine mines.
6. The bombardment of towns from the sea.
7. The matter of the collection of contractual debts.
8. The transformation of merchantmen into warships.
9. The treatment of captured crews.
10. The inviolability of fishing boats.
11. The inviolability of the postal service.
12. The application of the Geneva convention and the Red Cross to sea warfare, and
13. The laws and customs regulating land warfare.

"The right to sign these conventions will be open until June 30, 1908."

In addition the conference has made declarations and adopted resolution as follows:

- First—That balloons shall not be used for the throwing of explosives.
- Second—A recommendation in favor of obligatory arbitration.
- Third—A recommendation regarding the establishment of a permanent court of arbitration.
- Fourth—A resolution concerning the limitation of armaments.
- Fifth—The convocation of the third conference.
- Sixth—The prohibition of unnecessarily cruel bullets in warfare.
- Seventh—The co-operation of all countries in the building of the Palace of Peace.

Altogether, the conference was misnamed. The results of its discussions are contributions to universal peace only in the remotest and most indirect way and it was a sensible proposition, at the end, to hold no more such conferences until the year 1915, the period intervening to be expended in "home study of questions and exchange of views among the powers."

RAILROAD CASUALTIES.

Four Thousand Were Killed and 76,286 Injured in a Year.—Number of Collisions Was 1806.

The Interstate Commerce Commission bulletin on accidents upon railroads of the United States during the year ended June 30 last shows total casualties, 81,286 or 5000 persons killed and 76,286 injured. This shows an increase of 10,352 casualties, or 775 in the killed and 9577 in the injured, as compared with the previous year.

These figures include only accidents to passengers and to employees while actually on duty on or about trains.

The report for the last quarter (included in these figures for the year), embracing April, May and June, shows 1065 persons killed and 18,646 injured; 1806 collisions and 1971 derailments, involving \$3,232,673 damage to trains and roadway.

President Roosevelt will send a strong recommendation to Congress in favor of the establishment of postal savings banks.

The Pennsylvania Railroad now has a steam locomotive that, in a recent trial, ran 89.4 miles an hour.

COMMENTS ON THE CURRENCY

Investigations Of Affairs Of National Banks Well Under Way

WHAT HAS HAPPENED IN THE MONEY MARKET

A Lucid Explanation of the Causes of the Shortage in Circulating Money In America

CONSPICUOUS INCIDENTS WHICH STARTED GENERAL COLLAPSE

What Various Newspapers Have to Say of the Peculiar Things That Are Happening in Prosperous America.—Remedies Suggested and Revision of Laws Which Would Make These Conditions Impossible.—J. J. Hill and Mr. Peabody Make Some Valuable Comments and Give Advice.—Government's Attitude Toward Wall Street is Upheld.

Last Saturday the following news item appeared in the daily papers: "The extent of the investigation by national bank examiners into the affairs of several national banks, it was learned to-day, is much more sweeping than was at first supposed, and criminal actions for violation of the banking laws will be begun in all probability against a number of bank officers."

This leads to the very a *propos* query, "What has happened?" The *New York Evening Post* in an article on the subject says—"The plain citizen can understand 1893, when, after prices of merchandise had declined on the hands of the merchant, after railways had gone bankrupt because their diminished earnings would not pay their debts, after a harvest which hardly paid interest on farm mortgages, and after a year of formidable strikes against cuts in wages, a crash in the money markets and a prolonged industrial depression followed. But an industrial collapse in October, 1907, seems to him to have no sense at all."

"The truth is that the existing situation works back, though in a very different way from 1893, to use and abuse of credit. Between 1896 and 1901, the rapid expansion of this country's industry and speculation was based on proportionately rapid accumulation of real capital. The savings of a series of very conservative years were being re-invested. But with the famous 'boom' of 1901, the movement of expansion went on far more rapidly than the community's savings alone could have warranted. It did so, notably in the United States, and the proof of this assertion is that, at the very moment when our markets were boasting that we were the richest community in the world, they were borrowing unprecedented sums to keep up the pace of financial and industrial development, and our banks had created in Europe, against this country, the largest floating debt in its history."

"But when an event of the sort described occurs, the extent to which large lenders and borrowers are involved together is suddenly disclosed. Which prop will be the first to go is left to chance or destiny. In 1873, it was a banking house which had endorsed a railway's notes, calculating to meet them at maturity by fresh use of credit; in 1893 it was a railway which had bought other railways on a margin and could not keep the margin good; last month it was a copper speculator, who got his bank in trouble by backing a cornered stock with its resources, and a trust company whose president had so tied up its resources in unavailable securities that it could no longer meet its dues to other institutions. But the real cause in each case lay far behind the conspicuous catastrophe. If it had not been these incidents which started the general collapse, it would have been something else."

The investigation into the acts of several of the directors of involved institutions shows that they made loans

that exceeded ten per cent. of the capital stock and unimpaired surplus of their banks, which is the limit laid down by the law.

Concerning a remedy for the "tight condition" many suggestions have been made. The following is from James J. Hill—"The best and quickest remedy is for every man who is hoarding money to return it to its usual employment. It is he who is doing the mischief. As has been seen, the money is in the country, but it must be made available. It is as much the duty of every citizen to deposit all his surplus cash in the banks, which are entirely sound and solvent, as it would be to subscribe to a war loan. In this way will money be put in circulation and financial institutions of the country be enabled to make the advances without which business cannot be done."

"This is to be given all possible emphasis," comments the *Springfield Republican*; "yet it must not be forgotten that what we suffer from most is a contraction of credit rather than a contraction of the circulating money volume. The largest 'hoarders' are the banks themselves which hug their cash reserves closely while all the time refusing new and drawing in old credit. That gives the same impression and precisely the same effect as would a general contraction of the money volume."

Mr. Henry W. Peabody calls loudly for more bank notes, a "greater elasticity in our currency." He wants a new law by which the \$250,000,000 of United States bonds not yet deposited for bank circulation, may become available. Section nine of the law of 1882 is the restriction he wants removed. He says, "Cannot we unite in urging Congress to repeal these harmful restrictions and give the national banks a real chance?"

Senator Cullom declares "the Government ought to keep out of this mess. * * Wall Street should be left to take care of itself without involving the affairs of the Government." The *Philadelphia Press* answers this statement in an editorial part of which is here given:

Secretary Cortelyou didn't go to New York to help speculators. He went there to help legitimate business interests. Unscrupulous speculators got hold of the assets of certain banks and used them for their own personal ends. Had they alone been involved the country and the Treasury might have looked on with indifference. But all public confidence and the safety of all banks were involved, and the Treasury and the strong men of New York together were able to drive out the speculators and save the situation.

So long as the existing system remains the Treasury can't keep out of such "messes." The Treasury is the one great factor that locks up money and keeps it out of circulation. Until an elastic currency is provided when a great stringency occurs the Government with its vast resources is bound to come to the public relief.

A WIRELESS POSSIBILITY

May Be Able to Transmit Power Without the Aid of Wires.—Marconi at Work on New Problem.

Signor Marconi announces that he is giving considerable time and thought to the problem of transmitting power by the Hertzian waves, the means by which wireless messages are now delivered. He explained in an interview that the Hertzian waves were now being employed for many purposes besides telegraphy in the British navy. All the larger ships, he said, were equipped with an apparatus by which the same waves that were employed for wireless communication were used for the invisible transmission of power to the extent of controlling and exploding torpedoes.

LARGEST SHIP AFLOAT.

Displacement Three Hundred Tons Greater Than *Lusitania*.—Speed Over Twenty-Six Knots

To-morrow the *Mauretania*, sister ship to the *Lusitania*, will leave Liverpool on her maiden voyage to New York. The *Mauretania*, while she probably will be known always as the *Lusitania*'s sister ship, is indeed, so far her superior that, grand even as that monster of the seas is conceded to be, the term is hardly an accurate one.

On her builder's trial the *Mauretania* cruised for five days, and on one of these days it is asserted that she maintained an average speed of 26½ knots an hour, and that she went over a measured mile at the tremendous pace of 27.2 knots an hour.

EX-SENATOR McCOMAS

Died Suddenly At Home In Washington On Sunday

DEATH DUE TO HEART FAILURE

Was Associate Justice of Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia And Former Republican Senator from Maryland.

Lewis Emory McComas died at his home in Washington, D. C., last Sunday. His death was due to heart failure. The funeral services were held in Hagerstown on Tuesday.

Justice McComas was a native of Williamsport, Md., and was born October 23, 1846. He was educated at St. James' College, Maryland, and at Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa., graduating from the latter in 1866. He studied law in Hagerstown, Md., and was admitted to the bar there in 1868, practicing in that city until 1892. He was a candidate on the Republican ticket for the Forty-fifth Congress, but was defeated. He was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress from the Sixth Maryland District and served six years, being defeated for the Fifty-second Congress.

Mr. McComas was a delegate-at-large to the Republican National Conventions in 1892 and 1900, and during the presidential campaign of 1892 was the secretary of the Republican National Committee. On November 17, 1892, he was appointed by President Harrison an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, which office he held when he was elected to the Senate to succeed Arthur P. Gorman, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1899.

Senator McComas retired to private life in 1905, being succeeded by Senator Rayner, Democrat, and took up the practice of law in Washington, the firm being McComas, Gaither & Greenbaum, but did not long remain out of public life, as on June 29, 1905, he was appointed by President Roosevelt Associate Justice of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia. During all of his residence in Washington Mr. McComas was lecturer on international law in the Law School of Georgetown University.

Justice McComas was twice married. His first wife was Miss Leah Humrichouse, of Williamsport, Md. She died in Washington in April, 1904. In July of this year Justice McComas married Mrs. Hebe Harrison Muir, widow of the late Judge Upton Muir, of Louisville, Ky.

Herman Henze, so it is alleged, is counterfeiting half dollars. According to statements made to Commissioner Shields of the United States Secret Service in New York, Henze has been producing half dollars of practically pure silver, so skillfully made that only experts could detect the fraud. The present price of silver, it was said, made it possible to purchase silver with which to make the coins of standard weight and fineness at a profit of about 50 per cent.

Among civilized peoples the Norwegians have the best eyesight.

PLANS FOR THE CRUISE.

The Provision Alone Will Cost \$375,000.—Tests Made of Methods of Preservation of Food.

Every detail in the preparations for the sailing of the battleship fleet to the Pacific Ocean is now well in hand, and by December 16, the date on which the vessels will pass out of Hampton Roads in review before President Roosevelt, members of his Cabinet and high officials of the navy, all arrangements for the comfort of the men en route will have been attended to.

The cost of provisioning the fleet is estimated at about \$375,000, contemplating the feeding of a force of 15,000 men for 100 days. Only this week contracts were awarded for head cheese, frankfurter and other sausages and veal.

Advantage will be taken of the two-ocean cruises of the battleships to make several tests with the provisions aboard as to their preservation, packing and handling. It is desired to find some suitable form of bagging in which to carry dried provisions, as it is believed bags will afford the advantage of compactness and greater facility in handling in difficult places than if their contents were carried in boxes or barrels.

A NEW STATE

The Forty-Sixth Star In The Flag

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Her Constitution Provides For Prohibition

AREA IS 70,430 SQUARE MILES

New State Is Twenty-Third in Point of Population.—Is a "Corn State" With a Crop of 150,000,000 Bushels Last Year.—Has Novel Constitution.

This week there is born the forty-sixth addition to the Union. Oklahoma, the new state is larger than Indiana and Ohio combined. In population it ranks twenty-third and its metropolis, Oklahoma City is a place of some distinction, having, young as it is, forty miles of asphalt pavements. The state has 5500 miles of railroads, 700 banks and fifty daily newspapers. Oklahoma's constitution is a document of 60,000 words, longer by far than the constitution of any other state. One of its clauses provides for state-wide prohibition. As a "corn state," Oklahoma ranks high, last year's crop amounting in round numbers to 150,000,000 bushels. In its population are 24,669 full-blooded Indians and 50,670 part Indians, many of them in a high state of cultivation.

The state is provided with a novel constitution. It provides, for instance, that every railway company shall furnish comfortable and clean depots and depot buildings, and that such buildings shall be kept clean, lighted and warm for the comfort and accommodation of the public.

The enabling act passed by Congress under which the Constitutional Convention of Oklahoma was held was approved on June 16, 1906. In the following November the convention began its labors, which extended over a period of eight months and early exhausted the appropriation of \$100,000. The time which had been estimated as necessary for the work of framing the document was sixty days. One of the first duties of the new Legislature will be to pay the bills of this convention. It was made up of ninety-nine Democrats, twelve Republicans and one Independent, and was held at Guthrie, in Oklahoma Territory. The Constitution received the approval of the citizens of the State last September with a majority of more than 108,000 votes.

The provisions of the constitution with regard to corporations show the advanced ideas of its citizens on this subject.

It is provided that every railroad or public service corporation doing business in the State shall maintain a public office for the transaction of business where transfers of stock shall be made, books kept for the inspection of stockholders and detailed information be supplied as to its business, and its directors shall hold at least one meeting annually within the State. A corporation commission of three members is granted extraordinary powers and it is provided that all appeals from the decision of the commission shall be to the Supreme Court only, and no other court has power to review, revise, correct or annul any action of the commission while within the scope of its authority, or to suspend or delay the execution of its decisions. Railroad fares are fixed at two cents per mile, unless it be found that a railroad is unable to meet expenses by charging this rate. The common law which refers to the liability of corporations for accidents due to the negligence of fellow-employees, is abrogated.

The new state is made up of Oklahoma and what was formerly known as Indian Territory. The population is estimated at 1,500,000.

The new star will not make its appearance in the flag until July 4, 1908, the time for this step having been fixed by law to cover all new States.

A dollar gives you confidence, Five makes you walk on air, A ten-spot lets you face the world Without a thought of care. With fifty large ones right away You feel your own true worth, But get a hundred-dollar bill— Ah, well, you own the earth.

—*Nashville American*.

Subscribe for The Chronicle.

STATE JOURNAL

Paragraphs of Maryland
News for Hasty Reading

George T. Kenly, a well-known mechanical engineer of Baltimore, is at work on a new airship, which is modeled along aeroplane lines. He is the second Baltimorean who has interested himself enough to push the study of airships to the experimental stage. He is following the ideas gained from experiments with what he terms "aeroplane kites."

In the official count of the vote in twelve wards of Baltimore, 3,689 ballots were thrown out. This means that one vote out of every twelve was declared spoiled.

Prof. Joseph Pache, director of the Baltimore Oratorical Society, has been decorated by the German Emperor with the order of Red Eagle of the fourth class as a mark of recognition for his services in fostering the study of German music in a foreign land.

State Senator B. Abner Betts, who was defeated for re-election in Washington county by a small majority, is already prominently mentioned for Comptroller of the State Treasury two years hence.

The ladies of Annapolis are trying to keep the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Electric Railway Company from constructing its trolley system in that town.

Judge Henderson at the opening of the November term of court in Rockville said of the late Judge McSherry—"He was a public-spirited citizen and so faithful in his civic obligations that no call to public duty ever came to him unheeded or unanswered. In all these varied activities he displayed that untiring industry to which we have alluded, and it is probable, nay almost certain, that the premature breaking down of his splendid physical constitution was due to his extreme devotion to public duty."

Governor Warfield has announced the appointment of Judge A. Hunter Boyd, of Cumberland, Chief Judge of the Fourth Judicial circuit, as Chief Justice of the Maryland Court of Appeals, to succeed the late Chief Judge James McSherry, of Frederick.

Governor-elect Crothers made his first appearance on the streets of Elkton last Monday. Mr. Crothers has been ill since September 19, when he was stricken with typhoid fever.

The various courts of the District of Columbia adjourned from Monday to Wednesday out of respect to the late Judge Louis E. McComas, associate justice of the District Court of Appeals. The District Bar will adopt resolutions, a copy of which is to be sent to Mrs. McComas.

The colors carried by soldiers from Maryland in the Confederate army in the civil war were hung in the flag room of the capitol at Annapolis last Tuesday with impressive ceremonies.

The travel from Baltimore to the Jamestown Exposition since the opening day has been enormous it being estimated that more than 100,000 persons passed through the city on the way to the big show.

The Colored State Industrial Fair, to be held over Centre Market, Baltimore, November 25 to December 2, will be an interesting exhibit of the progress the negro has made in educational and industrial pursuits. The last similar fair in Maryland was 19 years ago, in Baltimore.

Altogether there are five aspirants for Judge McSherry's vacancy. They are H. W. Talbot, W. P. Maulsby, G. H. Worthington, J. P. Newman and Clayton Keedy.

State Forester F. W. Besley has issued a warning to his wardens in the heavily wooded districts of various counties to be unusually vigilant, as forest fires usually occur at this season of the year. So far the only fire that has been reported has been on the State forestry reserve near Catonsville, but from now until Spring fires are likely to occur in the dry leaves and underbrush. Few persons realize that in the six counties in which forest fire records were kept in the year 1906 the damage thus caused amounted to over \$200,000. There are 23 counties in the State, nearly four times the number included in the estimate, and the total damage from woods fires in 1906 conservatively might be placed at \$500,000.

The forestry law also makes a person responsible for a fire also liable in civil action for damages for the injury resulting and for the cost of fighting the fire.

After fires have been put out the warden and the State Forester, possibly with the assistance of the State Fire Marshal, have the duty of investigating the cause of the fire and prosecuting cases of incendiarism. A fine of from \$25 to \$1,000 and a sentence in prison of from 30 days to one year are the penalties for "every individual or corporation that carelessly, negligently, or willfully, maliciously, or with intent sets on fire, or procures to be set on fire, any woods, brush, grass, or stubble lands not their own."

Prime Timothy Seed \$2.50 per bushel.
Emmitsburg Grain Elevator. FRIZELL & BOYLE. * sep 13-14.

TRAIN AND TRACK.

New York city's subways are now carrying 80,000 more passengers daily than they did one year ago.

The street car companies of Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland and Buffalo have ordered cars of the Montreal "pay-as-you-enter" type.

There are now at work on the new Western Pacific railroad, under construction from Salt Lake City to San Francisco, 7,000 men. About 400 miles of the line will be finished by the end of this year.

A writer in the Frankfurter Zeitung protests indignantly against the idea that the American Pullman cars are more comfortable and elegant than first class cars in Europe, and he adds that the American railway companies are now beginning to get rid of the Pullman cars and build their parlor and sleeping cars after European models.

An Amendment.

Mrs. Meantime—Henry, I have to write a paper for our club on "The Woman Who Deliberates Is Lost." Have you any suggestions to make? Mr. Meantime—Well, I don't know. You might make it "extinct" instead of "lost."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Stockholders of the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light and Power Company of Baltimore will meet next Wednesday when a proposition looking to the absorption of the Baltimore Electric Company, the rival concern locally, will be voted upon. The Baltimore Electric Company controls the Maryland Telephone Company. It is expected that in event of the two lighting companies getting together the C. & P. Telephone Company will take over the Maryland Company.

1842 1842

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6-14-11

PUBLIC SALE.
By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Hannah M. Reeves and Jacob H. Reeves, her husband, to Annie M. Stouter, bearing date the 24th day of November, A. D., 1885, assigned to Edward H. Rowe, which mortgage and assignments are duly recorded in Liber W. I. P., No. 2, folio 14, one of the land records of Frederick county, the undersigned, assignee of said mortgage, will sell at public sale at the Emmitt House, in the town of Emmitsburg, Md., at 2 o'clock, P. M.,
On Saturday November 23, 1907,
all that lot of ground situated about two miles West of the town of Emmitsburg, Md., which was conveyed unto the said Hannah M. Reeves by Reuben Morrison by a deed bearing date the 16th day of September, A. D., 1865, and recorded in Liber J. W. L. C. No. 3, folio 178, one of the land records of Frederick county, containing about 20 acres of land more or less.
Terms of sale as prescribed by the mortgage—Cash.
EDWARD H. ROWE,
Assignee of Mortgage.
nov. 1-14.

ARE YOU GOING TO HAVE SALE?
Don't put it off till the last minute to arrange for dates. I have engagements up until the middle of March, but I can accommodate you if you book your date soon. Orders left at THE CHRONICLE OFFICE will receive prompt attention.
WM. P. EYLER, Auctioneer,
Emmitsburg, Route No. 1.
nov. 1st-14.

JOSEPH E. HOKE,

Emmitsburg, Md.

It is not a bit too soon to get your thinking cap on for Christmas buying. Do the thinking now—and then examine the ENTIRELY NEW STOCK which is ready for your inspection. It always happens that last-minute buyers are disappointed. The assortment is broken when they come—all because they put off buying until the eleventh hour.

Now Is The Best Time

To make selections for the holidays—now when you can shop leisurely, and while my different stocks are COMPLETE. Anything you may select will be laid aside for you until you want it—and by making an early selection you will save yourself a vast amount of trouble. I have always had a large and carefully selected stock of

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

but this season's selections being better than ever, you will profit by looking them over at this time.

In addition to articles especially adapted for Holiday Gifts my Regular Fall and Winter Goods are here. Everything of the Best Quality and at the Right Price.

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FOR IT.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

SUSANNA WINTER,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 25th day of May, 1908; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 25th day of October, 1907.

J. ROWE OHLER,
J. ELMER ZIMMERMAN,

Executors.

Oct. 25-5t.

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KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP
Mothers endorse it Children like it Tastes so good
Nearly all other cough cures are constipating, especially those containing Opium. Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup moves the bowels, contains no Opium.
E. C. DeWITT & CO. CHICAGO

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aug. 2-1p

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HAY.

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J. THOS. GELWICKS.

SOLID SILVER
American Lever Watches,
WARRANTED TWO YEARS,
ONLY \$6.
G. T. EYSTER

The farmer, the poultry raiser and the gardener will always find matters of vital interest to them in THE CHRONICLE.

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—AND—
See his splendid stock of
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
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On Mondays and Tuesdays at Frederick. On
Thursdays at Thurmont National Bank. Bot
Phones—C. & P., Emmitsburg, 22-4; Frederick
County, Emmitsburg, 27. dec 7-14

FRIEND'S CREEK ITEMS

Mrs. W. H. Kipe and Miss Rhoda Kipe made a business trip to Thurmont spending the day with Mrs. Kipe's sister, Mrs. A. C. Eyer.

Mr. Murray Turner returned from his Summer's employment at Blue Ridge Summit.

Mr. S. H. Duffey is very proud of his twin calves.

Mrs. Ruth Kipe is improved greatly. She is now spending a few weeks with Mrs. Hardman.

Mrs. J. B. Kipe was a recent visitor at the home of Mrs. Jane McClain.

Mr. N. Naugle, Miss Emma Turner and Master Howard Turner were the guests of Mrs. Hardman.

Rev. Mr. S. C. Kipe's family spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kipe.

Messrs. Joseph Turner and Edward Naugle spent Sunday with Mrs. Hardman.

Mr. W. P. Kipe spent Sunday with his brother, Mr. J. B. Kipe.

Mr. Jacob Turner made a business trip to Emmitsburg on Wednesday.

Rev. Mr. Charles Reinwald, of Emmitsburg, visited Mrs. Catherine Hardman, an aged member of the Lutheran Church.

The appointments of the ministers of the Maryland and Virginia Eldership of the churches of God as made at their annual sessions last week are as follows:

Uniontown and Frizellsburg—Rev. L. L. F. Murray.

Carrollton, Windfield, Warfieldsburg and Wakefield—Rev. V. K. Betts.

Mayberry, Bark Hill and Friendship—Rev. J. A. Saxton.

Creagerstown, Oak Hill, Sharpsburg, Antietam and Mt. Brier—Rev. W. S. Shimp.

Edgewood, Zittlestown, Samples, Manor and Pleasantville—Rev. S. A. Kipe.

Locust Valley, Bethel and Augustus—Rev. W. H. Engler.

Broadfording, Kaiserville, Comer, Bear's Valley and Nova Mission—Rev. W. G. Stine.

Germantown and New Baltimore—Rev. J. M. Carter.

Friendship and Mt. Hope—D. C. Eyer.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

Mrs. D. B. Martin and daughter, Miss Hazel, of Fountain Dale, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. F. Shulley.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Hafer, of Abbotstown, spent a few days with Mr. Calvin Sanders, of this place.

Miss Bessie Kittinger spent a day at Gettysburg.

Mrs. Ruel Musselman, of Highfield, visited her mother, Mrs. Marshall.

Mrs. Daniel Woodring is ill at her home in Fairfield.

Miss Virginia Denny, of Strasburg, Va., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hill.

Mrs. J. L. Wortz attended the funeral of her sister, who died recently.

Mrs. Mary Smith and Miss Kate Keady are visiting in Carlisle.

Last Sunday evening while Miss Olive Plank and escort were driving past the West Fairfield school their horse ran into some obstructions in the road and the vehicle was upset. Miss Plank's arm was broken at the wrist.

Mr. Samuel Dubs purchased the D. R. Musselman property on Centennial street for \$300.

A surprise party was given Miss Grace Dubs last Friday night, the sixteenth anniversary of her birthday.

The entertainment was thoroughly enjoyed by Miss Dubs and her friends.

Mrs. Millard Stoner, Knoxlyn, and Mrs. M. J. Groff, of Denver, Col., were recent guests of Mrs. F. Shulley.

Mr. Milton Butt and Mr. Culp, of near Reading, spent a few days with Mr. Butt's aunt, Mrs. F. Shulley.

IRON SPRINGS NEWS.

Squire J. A. Spangler has improved his farm by building a new wagon shed.

Mr. Edward Reese has taken a trip to Illinois to visit his brother and is also visiting relatives in Iowa.

The section men from Highfield and Charming are working near this place where the wreck occurred on the railroad.

Mr. Henry Hassler, from Cashtown, visited his daughter, Mrs. Mamie Hummell, several days of last week.

Mr. Philip Hoffman, of Gettysburg, visited Mr. Ambrose Sanders and family last week.

Mr. J. E. Kissinger, who resides in Gettysburg, called upon Mr. J. Frank Cashman recently.

Mr. William Strausbaugh, who has been confined to his house on account of ill health, is able to be around again.

Mr. J. Harry Pecher, of Liberty township, who teachers at Fountain Dale, passed through this section on last Saturday.

WANTED.

Anywhere in Virginia or Maryland improved or unimproved farm land or town property, Valley Realty Company, Home Life Building, Cor. 15th and G Sts., Washington, D. C. State full particulars and give lowest price.

Subscribe for The Chronicle.

GETTYSBURG NEWS

John W. Hoke, former member of the Legislature announced his candidacy for the State Senate from the Franklin-Adams district. Mr. Hoke will be an out-and-out anti-Penrose candidate.

Senator Alexander Stewart announces that he will not be a candidate for reelection, but ex-Senator Donald P. McPherson, of Gettysburg, will be a candidate for Adams county.

The Democratic nominee will likely be T. Z. Minhart, of Chambersburg present member of the Legislature.

While excavating for one of the new State roads in Cumberland township, about one mile from Gettysburg, a vein of anthracite coal of fine quality, between eight and nine feet in thickness, was discovered. The vein was followed for several hundred feet through the Buttonwood Stock Farms and through the farm of Phares M. Mishler and was found to crop out at a number of places.

The vein at most places lies very near the surface. The discovery has made a great stir in the entire county.

Twenty-one inspectors were appointed by State Zoologist Surface to carry on the Fall campaign against insects Pennsylvania. They will give practical demonstrations from now until next Spring and Professor Surface believes the work will result beneficially to the farmers and fruit growers. D. K. McMillan, Gettysburg, will be the inspector for Adams county.

As guests of the War Department and of the National Park Commission, Sir Frederick and Lady Borden and General and Mrs. Lake, of Ottawa, Canada, spent a few days in Gettysburg. Sir Frederick is commander of the Canadian militia, and their visit to this place was not only for the purpose of studying the battlefield, but also to learn the manner in which the park is laid out that the general plan may be utilized in laying out several military parks contemplated by the Canadian Government.

TANEYTOWN ITEMS.

Mrs. N. B. Hagan and daughter, have returned from a short visit to Frederick.

Mr. Francis Gardner made a flying trip to Baltimore.

Miss Mary Brining is visiting relatives in Harrisburg and Philadelphia.

Mrs. Mary Motter, of Washington, visited Mrs. George Motter for several days during the past week.

Mrs. Martha Fringer is visiting Mrs. Wm. E. Wheeler.

Mr. George Weant's little daughter, Rena, is ill with appendicitis and has been taken to the hospital at Frederick.

This year the Union Thanksgiving Services will be held in Grace Reformed Church. The sermon will be preached by Rev. Dr. Herman A. Goff.

Mr. John Warden, an evangelist from Harrisburg, expects to be in Taneytown for ten days. He will hold a series of services in the Lutheran Church, beginning November 17.

Mrs. Arthur Coombs and children are visiting in Hanover for a week.

Rev. Dr. Herman A. Goff has gone to Cincinnati to a convention of the Presbyterian Brotherhood. While there he and three of his college chums, who have for many years been known as the Tennessee Quartette, will give several concerts.

The Clark property on Baltimore street, extended, has been sold by Mr. Jacob Buffington, to Mr. Walter Bower.

FOUR POINTS AND VICINITY.

The Mite Society of the Toms Creek M. E. Church will hold their annual supper in the vacant house belonging to Mr. Dubel near Mr. N. C. Stansbury's, on the afternoon and evening of November 19.

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Ogle and daughter, Helen, of Rocky Ridge, spent Sunday with Mr. N. C. Stansbury and family.

Mrs. George Neely and Miss Alice Neely, of Fairfield, Pa., spent one day last week with Mr. H. F. Maxell.

Mrs. Ivy Fuss and son, of near Frederick, visited Mrs. William Fuss, of this place, last week.

Mrs. Harry Nagle and children spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Six, of Thurmont.

Mrs. W. N. Fogle and son, Harry, of Detour, and Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Byers and family, of near Greenmount, spent Sunday with Mr. S. H. Fite and family.

Miss Julia Troxell and Mr. John Troxell, of near Loys Station, spent Sunday with Mr. Samuel Troxell and family.

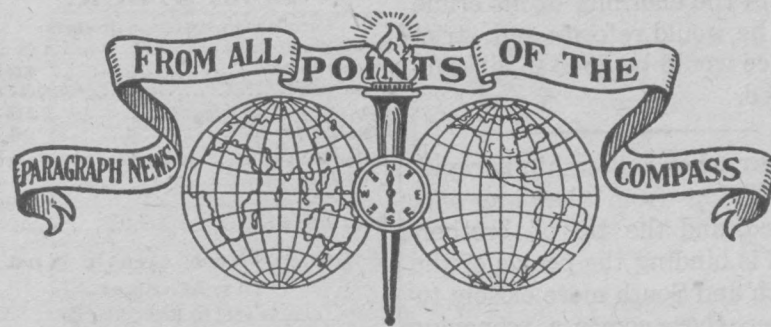
Mrs. M. E. Martin is visiting her son, Mr. Howard Martin.

Miss Helen Ogle, of Rocky Ridge, spent a few weeks with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Stansbury.

Miss Mary Moser, of Emmitsburg, is spending a few weeks with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Fite.

Four Points had a mad-dog scare last week. A dog, evidently suffering from rabies, bit several other dogs which since then have been killed.

Mr. E. Grimes and family spent Sunday with Mr. James Mort and family.



Crown Princess Frederick William gave birth to a son on the 9th instant.

In the next three months the mint in Philadelphia expects to coin \$52,000,000 in double eagles.

Two big robberies in private houses last week netted New York professional thieves \$7,200.

The Exchange in Rome was closed last Monday. The financial unrest is effecting other parts of Europe.

William Jennings Bryan will make another campaign trip through New York state the last of this month.

The number of deaths from bubonic plague in San Francisco up to this time is 57. This makes the death rate 63.3 per cent.

Heavy snow storms have passed over the middle West in the last few days. Snow fell as far South as Louisiana on Monday.

The twenty-seventh annual convention of the American Federation of Labor is in session in the Auditorium at Jamestown.

Judge G. Wellborn in the United States District Court fined the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company \$330,000 for rebating.

More than 1,000,000 Londoners came out to see the Lord Mayor's Show on the King's birthday. The pageant was the most elaborate and spectacular affair held in many years.

In order to keep the number of cadets up to the full quota, Col. Scott, Supt. at West Point, will urge the appointment of three instead of two cadet alternates as is now the case.

It is now positively stated in Paris that Mme. Anna Gould and the Prince Heile de Sagan, Count Boni de Castellane's cousin, were married in London about a week ago.

Senator Platt of New York declares that the marriage certificate by which Miss Mae Wood expects to prove her marriage to Mr. Platt, is a forged document.

Sir William Treloar, who until last Saturday was lord mayor of London, during his administration raised £60,000 to establish a school for the young cripples of London.

Proceedings have been instituted by Attorney-General Hadley of Missouri to keep the International Harvester Company of America out of the state for alleged violation of the anti-trust laws of Missouri.

The liquor interests of Delaware are preparing to test the constitutionality of the law passed by the last Legislature under which Kent and Sussex counties adopted local option at the special election last week.

From the statement made by Mr. Henry M. Whitney of the expenses he incurred in his campaign for the governorship of Massachusetts it appears that it cost him \$29,219.18 to be defeated.

Newspaper reports say that if Miss Ida Veronica Simonton, now in this country, goes on the stand in the Thaw trial, the whole aspect of the case will be changed. Miss Simonton is anxious to testify.

A new \$4,000,000 terminal with every arrangement for avoiding congestion, will soon be built in New York. It is claimed that when the structure is completed the crush at the Brooklyn Bridge will be entirely overcome.

On account of lack of railroad transportation facilities orders aggregating 500,000 tons of coal for the Northwest have been refused by Pittsburgh concerns. Coal orders declined within a few weeks have aggregated perhaps 1,000,000 tons.

Champ Clark, of Missouri, figures out the political situation as follows: "The 'one-gallus' Republicans at the cross roads are for Roosevelt; the 'one-gallus' Democrats are for Bryan, and the politicians of either party are against both."

Charles J. Glidden, the automobilist and originator of the "Glidden Tour", wants to start balloon ascensions in every country throughout the world. Glidden has already reached in his automobile almost every known or accessible country on the globe.

President Roosevelt will assist all he can in securing relief from the high price of paper now exacted by the Paper Trust. He will advocate in his annual message to Congress the duty on print paper and wood pulp be removed.

Arrangements have been completed for the Berlin American colony's annual celebration of Thanksgiving Day. The speakers at the dinner will be President Hadley, of Yale, "Roosevelt Professor" at the University of Berlin, and Prof. Schofield, of Harvard, this year's "Exchange" professor.

Some papyri have been dug up on the Island of Elephantia in the Nile river, which contain a hitherto unknown page of the Scriptural book of Nehemiah.

Kentucky Democrats are urging Henry Watterson as a candidate for the United States Senate against Gov. J. C. W. Beckham. There is said to be a strong feeling against Governor Beckham who is held responsible for his party's recent defeat in the State.

Mrs. Grace Quackenbos, of New York, has been appointed special assistant attorney to the Attorney General of the United States at a salary, which, while not officially announced, is approximately \$5,000.

A recent news despatch says President Roosevelt can have the delegation from New York to the next national convention if he will accept a nomination. Whether he can have it to turn over to another candidate is a disputed question.

Six of the anarchists who attacked Cardinal Merry Del Val, Papal Secretary of State, at Marino in August have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from two to four months, and to pay a fine of \$10 each. One of the accused was acquitted.

Gallipolis (Ohio) Journal says—"Senator Joseph Benson Foraker will enter the race for the Presidency within the next ten days as an open and avowed candidate against Secretary of War William Howard Taft. The movement for Foraker is to be led by Charles L. Kurtz."

The Japanese embassy in Washington has been advised that the national exposition of 1912 at Tokio will be held between April 1 and October 31. The government will appropriate \$5,000,000 and this with other monies to be advanced will aggregate \$10,000,000 toward the furtherance of the project.

Dr. Julian P. Thomas, the new owner of the giant German balloon, Pomern made a successful trip of many miles in his strange craft last Saturday. He and his wife and four other persons were occupants of the balloon which started from Philadelphia at 11 o'clock a.m. and arrived in New York at 5 o'clock p.m.

Postmaster General Meyer has ordered that hereafter souvenir post cards received at the dead letter office of the Department, that are not returnable to senders because of defective addresses or other reasons, be sent to the orphan asylums and children's homes. Between 40,000 and 60,000 of these cards are received at the dead letter office daily.

The banks of Europe are making an effort to stop the shipment of gold to the United States. The Bank of England advanced its rate of discount to seven per cent., a rate which has not been reached since 1873. This action of the Bank of England has been followed by a similar move on the part of the banks of France, Belgium and Germany.

There was a great time at Sandringham on the 9th when King Edward celebrated his 66th birthday. In the party were the King and Queen of Spain and the Queen of Norway. One of the incidents of the happy occasion was the presentation to King Edward of the Cullinan diamond valued at \$750,000. This was a gift from the Legislative assembly of the Transvaal.

The trial of John R. Walsh, former president of the defunct Chicago National Bank, on the charge of misapplication of its funds, began on Tuesday in the United States District Court, Chicago, before Judge A. B. Anderson. The indictment against Mr. Walsh contains 160 counts. The offense charged is punishable by from five to ten years in prison. It is believed the trial will last about a month.

After an inspection of the Tombs in New York city, the Duchess of Marlborough said: "I have been greatly impressed by what I have seen. I consider the prison system in this country greatly superior to that of England, and was especially struck by the fact that the prisoners are permitted to talk to one another, to have communication with the outside world and, most of all by the fact that a prisoner in this country is considered innocent until proved guilty."

In the current issue of Truth a London periodical, there is a decided fling at the British aristocracy and a strong tribute to the framers of the American Constitution. The latter are complimented for "seeing that the conferring of the titles of dignity and honor, even if not hereditary, led to the creation of a spurious order without a standard of merit, to the raising of artificial distinctions between man and man, and to the corruption of public life by an appeal to sordid unworthy motives."

THE BEST ICE-CREAM In The Town.

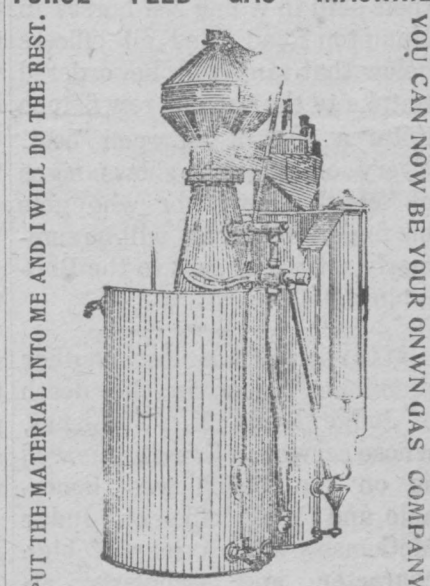
There are various qualities of ice-cream but I have only

THE BEST.

It is known all over the county. Brick Ice-Cream, packed to order, a specialty.

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July 12, 07-6ms

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Having made important improvements in our Gas Machine by the application of Force Feed and combining generator and gasometer in one, and simplifying many points of construction, and requiring small space to install; obviating all danger of excessive discharge of carbide into generator, making gas in excess of consumption. We now claim to have perfect Gas Machine, furnishing the most brilliant light ever produced, and are prepared to furnish the Improved Machine, guaranteed to be the most simple and efficient working Gas Machine on the market. We guarantee all machines as represented and put in on approval. All material of the best, put up in neat and substantial manner. All inquiries for prices or information in regard to installing machine will have prompt attention. Descriptive circulars on application. Rights for sale. Fully protected by patents.

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Patentees,
EMMITSBURG, MD.

may 6

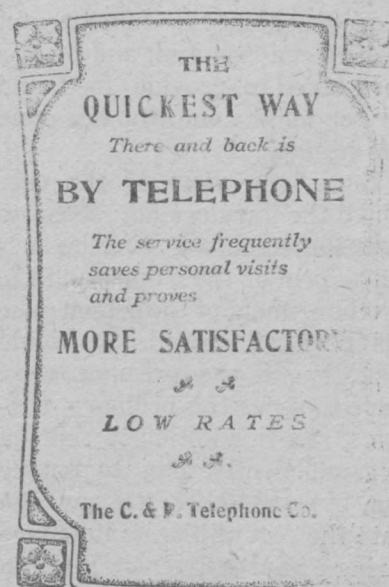
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Interest Paid On Savings Accounts and Time Deposits.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

July 13-14



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ICE CREAM

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July 13-14

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bearing the name of

Wanamaker & Brown

is known the country over for its Quality, Fit And Finish.

The New

Autumn Style

Book Is Ready.

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Single Graves, - - 5.

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Emmitsburg Chronicle.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right to decline any advertisements which he may deem objectionable.

NO ATTENTION whatever will be paid to anonymous contributions.

MANUSCRIPTS offered for publication will be returned if unavailable, when accompanied by stamps.

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Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

1907 NOVEMBER 1907

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24	25	26	27	28	29	30

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon	5	5:39	Full Moon	19	7:04
First Quarter	12	0:14	Third Quarter	27	11:21

FRIDAY, NOV. 15, 1907.

AN incident occurred during the recent Wall Street flurry which, though it received no comment from the press, shows that generosity and practical loyalty is not always on the side of the monied employer. A Chicagoan by the name of Dawson, whose payroll runs up into the thousands, would feel the need of immediate cash, a number of his employes thought, so a score of them, all hard working men, immediately offered \$6,000 in currency to tide him over the panic, and then assured him if the sum was not sufficient he need give himself no uneasiness as they would forthwith increase the amount. There were those among these men, of course, who did not respond to the call of their fellows. They hung back and were indifferent to any predicament in which their employer might be placed, and they were short sighted enough for the moment, to forget that his interests were really theirs—that the result either way would, of necessity, be mutual. Whether or not Mr. Dawson accepted the offer is not stated but there is every reason to believe that if he had found it necessary to take them at their word he would not have hesitated, for the proffer was a spontaneous one, and it came from those whom he could claim as friends of the truest sort.

There is not very much, some might say, in a little occurrence of this kind. A casual observer would make just such a remark, but to a large employer in whose business the loyalty of those whom he employs is an essential, the incident means a great deal more, for this quality in business relations is not a too common thing in these days. It proves nothing more or less than that this man Dawson must have had proper consideration and a warm friendly feeling for his men at all times, and that their relations were proportioned. It recalls the truth of the saying that real business success after all is built upon the loyalty and friendship existing between employer and employee, and that a man who never does aught but the "square thing" by those whom he employs and upon whom he is necessarily dependent, is the one who is bound to win in the long run. It likewise brings to mind the good advice of Elbert Hubbard who wrote:

"If you work for a man, in Heaven's name work for him. Speak well of him; stand by him and stand by the institution he represents. If put to a pinch, an ounce of loyalty is

worth a pound of cleverness. If you must vilify, condemn and eternally disparage, why resign your position, and when you are outside, damn to your heart's content. But as long as you are a part of the institution, do not condemn it. If you do, you are loosening the tendrils that hold you to the institution, and the first high wind that comes along, you will be uprooted and blown away in the blizzard's track, and probably you will never know why.

THE Navy is not to be outdone. It is intimated that after January 1st, all rear-admirals in the service will be required to test their skill in riding sea horses in Hampton Roads, and all officers below that rank will be ordered to take to the oar and row fifteen miles a day in an open boat. Every officer who shows signs of "charley horse" or who gets his fingers blistered, will be summarily retired or sent to the Philippines.

MARYLAND has lost another prominent citizen in the death of Judge Louis E. McComas, whose service in Congress as well as on the bench was honorable and most efficient. Judge McComas was a man of high character and scholarly attainment, and his amiable personality endeared him to all with whom he came in contact. As a Judge of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia his decisions were noted for their accuracy and soundness, and his ability as a lawyer was recognized by both bench and bar. Besides a host in this state, Judge McComas had as friends and admirers many men of prominence throughout the country, by all of whom his sudden and untimely death will be keenly regretted.

OUT of respect to the man's family a jury ought to be called to inquire into the sanity of that Western professor who suggested that Mr. Roosevelt be enthroned as King Theodore I.

DURING these unsettled weeks prior to the assembling of Congress, when third term talk insists on coming to the front; when delegations in the various states are already laying plans to instruct for Mr. Roosevelt whether or no; when the Taft boom is on the wane, and Hughes is looming up in New York, and the Philadelphia Press is hanging on to Knox; the advice of the late John Hay, who did all in his power the night of Mr. Roosevelt's election to persuade him not to pledge himself to refuse a third term, must be ringing in the President's ears.

Is there not something radically wrong with our penal code? Under the present conditions an ordinary thief or housebreaker robs a man of \$100 and, after enjoying the luxury afforded him by his ill gotten gains, is apprehended and sent to jail. A certain length of time elapses and he is liberated and is ready to once more ply his nefarious trade. In the mean time what has been the position of the victim who has been robbed? Just this; he has been deprived of what was honestly his, he has lost it irrevocably; he has been put to all kinds of inconvenience in his attempt to convict a criminal; and he has been taxed to provide food and shelter for the one who has done him injury.

There is a view of the case which the law does not seem to have contemplated, viz., the lasting reform of the culprit and the reimbursement of the person who has been victimized. It would seem that if the prisoner were made to serve the ordinary sentence, and in addition to that, a term sufficiently long to enable him, by hard labor, to pay the state the cost of his maintenance during imprisonment, and to earn in a like manner the equivalent of what he unlawfully appropriated, (which should, of course, go to the person robbed,) he would have such a positive

idea of the enormity of his crime that he would reform; and strict justice would be done to all concerned.

JUST when fellowship is rapidly evolving from what was once hatred, and the tie of brotherhood is binding the people of the North and South more closely together, there comes a reopening of the one-time sectional wound in the shape of a set of resolutions gotten up by a Grand Army Post in Washington, berating a clergyman for presuming to eulogize Gen. Robert E. Lee, one of the finest specimens of a Christian gentleman this Country has ever produced. This revered gentleman spoke the truth when, in his reference to the Southern Commander, he said:

"Great as were Lee's achievements as a general, splendid his victories on the field of battle, the greatest thing about Lee was his spirit. When defeat came down upon him, he was a man. He took up life again among his people, and labored to make the union real, strong, and permanent."

It is a significant fact, notwithstanding the action of the isolated Post in question, that the members of the Grand Army everywhere are locking arms with their Dixie brethren—all comrades now—and on public occasions are emphasizing the complete reconciliation between North and South. Not long ago the Confederate veterans cheered Grant and Roosevelt; last week the Army of the Tennessee met at Vicksburg as the guests of the Confederate Army of the Tennessee, last Tuesday, as the Confederate veterans presented their tattered battle flags to the State, at Annapolis, enthusiastic midshipmen cheered the parade as it passed by; officers in the United States uniform lifted their caps; the sentry at the gate of the academy presented arms, and the sergeant of the guard, with bared head, stood at attention. And in a recent number of Collier's, under the caption, "This is Patriotism," we find that "the blue and the gray have organized together, in Missouri, the 'United Veterans of the Civil War,'—a splendid step, and one which we devoutly hope will be followed in every part of the United States." "We are all friends now," continues the editor of that magazine with proper spirit, "and there could be no better expression of our true feeling than such a fellowship as is represented by this movement, the beginners of which are planning a national organization, to be completed in about two years." No person in his right mind can fail to agree with the Rev. Mr. Van Schaick (whose utterances above were the subject of the resolution in question) when he says: "The friends of Lee, however, like the friends of Grant, have nothing to fear. No man need rush to the defense of any of the great leaders of the civil war."

That Washington commandery would do well to remember that, (to use this clergyman's words) "We might as well try to dam Niagara with rushes, as to hold back the truth of history with resolutions."

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

EMMITSBURG.	
Corrected by L. M. Zimmerman	
Wheat, (dry).....	92
Rye.....	70
Oats.....	50
New Corn.....	60
Old Corn per bushel.....	75
Hay.....	\$ 7.00@13.00

Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.	
Butter.....	20
Eggs.....	25
Chickens per lb.....	10
Turkeys, per lb.....	14
Spring Chickens per lb.....	11
Ducks, per lb.....	09
Potatoes, per bushel.....	\$.50
Dried Cherries, (seeded).....	12
Raspberries.....	15
Blackberries.....	4
Apples, (dried).....	4
Lard, per lb.....	11
Beef Hides.....	06

LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Peterson Brothers	
Steers, per 100 lb.....	4 @ 5.00
Butcher Hefers.....	4 @ 4 1/2
Fresh Cows.....	20.00@50.00
Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb.....	2 @ 3 1/2
Hogs, Fat per lb.....	6 @ 6 1/2
Sheep, Fat per lb.....	3 @ 4
Lambs, per lb.....	5 @ 6
Calves, per lb.....	6 @ 6 1/2
Stock Cattle.....	3.50@4.00

Taneytown Grain And Hay Market.

Prices paid by Reindollar Co.	
TANEYTOWN, Nov. 13.	
Wheat.....	\$.95
Corn new and dry.....	50
Oats.....	75
Timothy Hay prime.....	45
Mixed Hay.....	12.00
Bundle Rye Straw.....	8.00@10.00
	9.00@10.00

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13.	
WHEAT:—Spot, 1.01 1/4	
CORN:—Spot, 63 1/2	
OATS:—White 54 1/2 @ 55	
RYE:—Nearby, 86 @ 87; bag lots, 75 @ 85.	
HAY:—Timothy, \$19.00 @ \$19.50; No. 1 Clover \$. @ \$18.00; No. 2 Clover, \$16.00 @ \$17.00	
STRAW:—Rye straw—fair to choice, \$. @ \$14.50; No. 2, \$13.50 @ \$14.00; tangled rye, blocks \$11.50 @ \$12.00; wheat, blocks, \$7.50 @ \$8.00; oats \$9.00 @ \$10.00	
MILL FEED:—Spring bran, per ton, \$26.50 @ \$27.00; 100 lb. sacks, per ton, 27.00 @ \$27.50; middlings, 100 lb. sacks, per ton, \$28.00 @ \$29.00	
POULTRY:—Old hens, 12 @ 12 1/2; young chickens, large, @ 13 1/2; small, @	
PRODUCE:—Eggs, 31; butter, nearby, rolls 20 @; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania prints, .19 @	
POTATOES:—Per bu. 55 @ 60; No. 2, per bu. @ New potatoes, per bbl. \$. @ \$8.	
CATTLE:—Steers, best, \$4.50 @ \$4.75; others \$3.50 @ \$4.00; Hefers, \$. @ \$; Cows, \$2. @ \$2.50; Bulls, \$2.00 @ \$3.00; Calves, 8 @	
Spring Lambs, 6 @ 6 1/2 c.; Pigs, \$1.00 @ \$1.50, Shoats, \$2. @ \$3.; Fresh Cows, \$30.00 @ \$40.00 per head.	

PHILADELPHIA Nov. 13.	
WHEAT, 1.01 @ 1.01 1/4; CORN, 64 @ 64 1/2; OATS 54 @ 54 1/2; BUTTER 28 1/2 @; EGGS, 32; POTATOES per bu. \$.68 @ \$.70; LIVE POULTRY—Fowls, 11 @ 14; Spring chickens, @	

TRADE WITH THE
THE LEADERS

No Clothing and Shoes like Rosenour's. We defy competition, and will save you money when you visit Frederick.

B. Rosenour & Sons,
Market and Patrick Sts.

FREDERICK, MARYLAND.
oct 11-1y

Come and Hear The
1908 Model Edison
Phonograph
NOW ON SALE.



November Records.
A good selection always on hand.

E. E. Zimmerman
DEALER IN WELL MADE FURNITURE.
aug 17-1y

Wedding and Holiday Gifts.

For more than a Century it has been sufficient guarantee of the quality of an article to know that it was bought at Galt's.

Goods sent on approval, express charges prepaid.

GALT & BRO.,

ESTABLISHED OVER A CENTURY.

JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS, STATIONERS,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

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White Pine and Tar

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

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and Ecclesiastical Seminary.

Conducted by secular clergymen, aided by lay professors.

*The one hundredth scholastic year begins September 13, 1907.
*Classical, Scientific and Commercial Courses. New Laboratory for the practical teaching of Physics and Chemistry.
*The latest modern improvements. Beautiful grounds. New athletic field. Fine gymnasium and swimming pool.
*Separate department for young boys.
Address, VERY REV. D. J. FLYNN, LL. D.,
Emmitsburg, Maryland.

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\$105,000,000

Fire, Lightning, Windstorm.

CAPITAL
\$3,000,000

THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

ORGANIZED IN 1853

MAIN OFFICES: 56 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

EQUITY

STABILITY

PERMANENCY

Assets January 1st, 1907, \$20,839,174. Liabilities, including cash capital \$13,430,819. Net surplus \$7,408,355.
Insures against loss of real and personal property, rental income, Earned profits and commissions.

E. L. ANNAN, AGENT, EMMITSBURG, MD.
aug 9-1y

Cortright Metal Shingles

MAKE

THE MOST DURABLE ROOFING KNOWN.

¶ You add nothing to Cortright Metal Roofing. It contains everything but the nails to fasten it on.

NOTHING TO RUST, NOTHING TO ROT, NOTHING TO CURL AND SPLIT, NOTHING TO LEAK.

¶ You pay for Cortright Metal Roofing only at a moderate price, less than for either stone slate or tiles, and perhaps no more than for wood shingles.

JAMES G. BISHOP, AGENT, EMMITSBURG, MD.
Sample shingles may be seen at this office. aug. 16-1y

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TEAMS AT ANY TIME AND FOR ANY OCCASION.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL MEN.

ALWAYS PROMPT AND SATISFACTORY SERVICE

HOWARD M. ROWE,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

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jan 26-1y

Seasonable Display of Suit Fabrics.

A superior and distinctive showing of Suiting, rivals all others in quantity, beauty, style and quality and surpassing all others in moderation of prices.

Any man who wants a beautiful suit should come here at once and make his selection, as the most exclusive patterns are selling fast.

LIPPY

Gettysburg, Pa.

The Tailor

Mch. 8-1y

George Ade Fables

Hazel's Two Husbands and What Became of Them.

[Copyright, 1902, 1903, by Robert Howard Russell.]



10:30 A. M.

Once there was a Nice Girl who graduated from the High School in a White Orange and read an Essay, on Helioptre Paper, entitled "Life and Its Opportunities."

The Girl's name was Hazel, and about the time she drew the Diploma she was eating Sour Pickles and just crazy to be an Authoress.

A few Months later she Debutted with a Fanfare of Trumpets, after which she was so busy straightening out her Dates and sorting over her Dance Programmes that she forgot all about her Literary Ambitions.

Hazel was built on the Gibson Plan, and it looked as if a good, fresh Breeze might blow her away. Just the same, when she went to a Hop she was good for everything from the Grand March to "Home, Sweet Home." All she needed to keep her on the Jump throughout the entire Night was a dab of Chicken Salad and a Macaroon about 1 a. m.

Hazel stood in with the real Rowdy-Dows and was present at most of the tall Doings, but she was a trifle shy on Wardrobe. Papa had a large Family Hitched behind his lowly Apple-Cart, and he could not provide Hazel with very many Snake Rings and Diamond Belt-Buckles.

So foxy Hazel had the Weather-Eye at work. She was looking for something Kind and Easy.

Of course she liked the Boys she met at the Dances. They were lovely Chaps and kept their Hair combed nicely. Each one of them owned another Suit of Clothes and a Banjo, but Hazel was not looking for a Banjo. She was hoping for a Perfect Gentleman who would hand her a Check-Book and tell her to go as far as she liked.

Therefore, when an Elderly Bachelor with an Income of several Dollars per Minute began to hang around, she hearkened to the Voice of Reason.

Hazel found herself in a swell Shack right on the Boulevard, with 14 Vassals to do her Bidding and a Change of Jewelry for every Hour in the Day.

Husband would arise at 7:30 and pike to the Office, but Hazel would take her Coffee in Bed about 10:30 and then read the Sussie Notes, for fear that her Name had got into the Papers. Then she would have her Hair done up and permit two or three strong Servants to lift her into her Clothes. Then she would go out for a little Ride in a Royal Equipage padded 14 inches deep.



THE SLOBSTERINE.

All this time the Money-Getter would be answering the Telephone with one Hand and dictating Contracts with the Other.

At 6:30, when the Producer showed up for Dinner, he was a Faded Flower, and had about as much Gimp as a Wet Towel. But Hazel, when she began to sniff the Night Air, was just as kittenish as a Broncho and keen for a Frolic. She was for taking in a chaste and instructive Musical Comedy and then having a tasty little Supper of about 11 Courses.

If the Producer tried to lie down and claimed that it had been a Hard Day at the Office, Hazel accused him of being a Slobsterine, and intimated that he had ceased to Love. After sitting around all Day, Hazel was not hankering for any Quiet Evening in the Library. She wanted to get out and hit up the High Spots and dazzle the Public with her A1 Exhibit of Precious Stones.

Papa knew that if he did not go she would call up some of the Live Ones and leave him behind. He wanted to be game, so he would trail along and hover like a Dark Cloud at the Outskirts of the Happy Group. The only time any one paid any Attention to him was when the Check came.

Hazel had him going South-most of the Time.

If he ever started to rise up and declare himself she would give him a sweet little Kiss, right on the Forehead, and tell him to lie down and Behave.

There is only one Finish for the de-luded Mortal who tries to work on a Day Schedule and at the same time cover the Bright-Light District with the Night Shift. He winds up as the Principal Attraction of a Daylight Function at which six of his old-time Friends wear White Gloves. Every one sends Flowers, but he does not have to acknowledge them.

Hazel looked very well in Black, but it was Hard Lines for her to stay in-floors. She knew it would cause Talk if she cut loose before the Grass was Green in the Family Lot, so she was pulling for an Early Spring and plenty of Rain.

When she bought her Second Ticket for the Merry-go-Round, she was determined on one Thing.

"The next one I pick out will not be tied down to any Office," she told herself. "I want a Man who can keep awake all Evehing. I refuse to travel with Quitters. What we need in this Country to put Ginger into our Social Affairs are Gentlemen of Leisure who begin to get Good along about Mid-night."

So she picked out a handsome Wretch of Good Family who never had worked a Moment in all of his Life, and who hated the sight of a Bed.

He argued that it was Bad Form for any one to suggest going home before Day-break.

They went traveling together as soon as she had settled the Insurance. When they arrived in a New Town he would go out to buy a Package of Cigarettes, and then he would return in three days.

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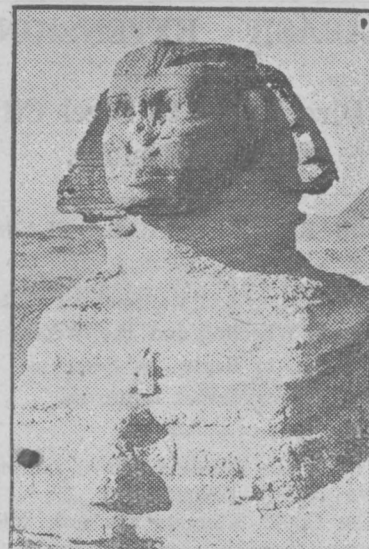
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That a successful candidate has a harder time escaping his "friends" than his enemies.

That that which is worthless is very plentiful. It is plentiful because it is worthless—advice, for instance.

That fools not only "rush in where angels fear to tread," but, on getting in, imagine that they are angels.

That because no physical effort is required in keeping the lips closed, many a good act goes uncommended.

That the reason some men and women are unhappy is because they don't recognize happiness even when it is touching elbows with them.

That when a man becomes morally indolent he tries to salve his conscience by persuading himself that he is in the midst of "religious doubt."

That instead of getting up on the band wagon of progress and riding in it, some sore-heads, (from the very spirit of opposition that is in their make-up), get in front of it, and in trying to stop it, get run over.

NEW YORK FASHIONS

Pattern for Fancy Blouse Waist Designed by May Manton—No. 5799.



Send 10 cents to this office, give number of this pattern, No. 5799, and state size desired. It will then be sent to you by mail postpaid. Be sure to write plainly and always give full address. Several days must be allowed for delivery of pattern.

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

Methodist foreign mission schools have over 70,000 pupils.

The Presbyterian church at Seneca, N. Y., which has just celebrated its centennial, has had Rev. A. B. Temple as its pastor for thirty-four years.

The Baptist convention at Halifax voted for organic union of the denomination throughout Canada, but referred the details to a committee.

The Rev. Dr. E. C. Hughes, father of Governor Hughes of New York, is so old fashioned as to publicly disapprove of tobacco, bridge whist and the theater.

Bishop Moore of the Methodist Episcopal church has just publicly advised his ministers to dress well, to wear collars that fit and to have the linen clean.

Most Rev. William H. O'Connell, who succeeds the late Mgr. John Joseph Williams as archbishop of Boston, is the youngest archbishop in America and head of the archdiocese in which twelve years ago he labored as an assistant priest in a slum parish.

The opinion, which was once quite prevalent, that originally all mankind had one and the same speech is no longer held by competent authorities. Language is a growth, and the various tongues have reached their present status through countless ages of development.

"You don't mean to say that Spender is on his uppers. Why, I thought he had money to burn!"

"So he did have; but, unfortunately for Spender, he carried no fire insurance."—Brooklyn Life.

What The Sphinx Thinks

NOT TOO SERIOUS.

A Bit Of Wit And Humor To Season The Serious Side Of Life.

Cut Him Off.

If there's anything Uncle Joe Cannon dislikes more than another it's the proverbial loquaciousness of the Washington barber.

"Shall I clip your hair a little at the ends, sir?" asked a colored "tonsorialist" of the statesman on one occasion.

"You'll have to," grunted Uncle Joe "unless you've invented some method by which you can clip it out from the middle and save the ends, which are curly. I should prefer that to all things except of course to your utter silence."—Harper's Weekly.

Classify Him.

"Yaas," said Cholly, "I confess I prefer dear old England to this country. I should like to be a subject of the king."

"Vain longing," retorted Miss Pepprey. "Of course you can never be anything but an object."—Philadelphia Press.

Soon.

Suburban (hiring cook)—How much a month do you want?

Norah Gonigan (indignantly)—What do ye take me for—a far-rm hand? Me scale av salary is 17½ cints an hour, kitchen time, wid double pay for holidays an' whin ye have comp-ny.—Puck.

Similarity.

Stubb—Yes, the fancy gardener has named his special radish after his wife.

Penn—Rather a warm compliment. Did he say why he did so?

Stubb—Yes; he said they never agree with him.—Chicago News.

Questionable Veracity.

Green—So Bragg's tells a different tale, does he? Well, I guess my word is as good as his.

Brown—I should hope so. Bragg's is a charter member of a fishing club.—Detroit Tribune.

Heavy Bread.

Mrs. Bacon—I wonder what in the world got into this bread of mine?

Mr. Bacon—It couldn't have been one of those meteorites we saw falling last night, could it, dear?—Yonkers Statesman.

He Explained.

The stranded automobilist was working over his car. Up came a sarcastic follower of the plow.

"How many horsepower is she?" he mirthfully inquired.

"Sixty," replied the automobilist.

"Then, by heck, why don't she go?"

"Because, my friend, thirty are pulling each way."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Fearfully Foxy.

"I work a foxy scheme on my boy. He'd rather wash the dishes than wash his hands, so I let him wash the dishes."

"What's the foxy part?"

"Why, he gets his hands clean."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Lucid Interval.

Doctor—Has your husband had any lucid intervals since I was here last?

"Well, this morning he kept shouting that you were an old fool, and he tried to break the medicine bottles."—Life.

A man should allow none but good impulses to stir his heart, and he should keep it free from any evil that may beat it down and harden it.—Rev J. D. Hammond.

In France.

L'Amie—Oh, Gabrielle, is it true that you are to be married?

L'Ingenue—Quite true.

L'Amie—And to whom? Tell me, is he rich, handsome and well born?

What is his name? Who is he?

L'Ingenue—I do not know, cherie, but I am to be married, for mamma says she is keeping her eyes open for a son-in-law, and, as thou knowest, I also am doing my very best.

Subscribe for THE CHRONICLE now.

Maximum of everything save price in "Teek" Shoes.

We offer exceptional values in

PARKER-BRIDGET

Distinctive

Suits for men at \$15, \$18, and \$20.

Keep in mind the fact that we sell the productions of the few skilled ready-to-wear clothes makers, and measure Parker-Bridget values by the most rigid standard.

Fully a half hundred styles in these three grades—a most impressive variety—and each showing the intelligent craftsmanship that designed and executed them.

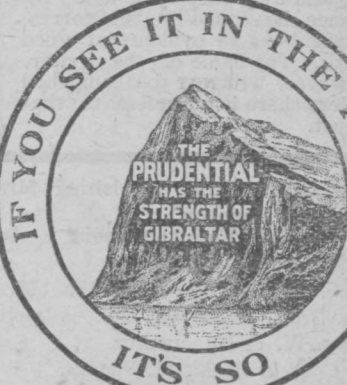
Parker, Bridget & Co.,

Head-to-foot Outfitters. Pa. Ave. and Ninth Street.

WASHINGTON, D. C. may 17-6m

The correspondence in THE CHRONICLE enables its readers to know what their friends in different localities are doing.

The Paragraph News, published in THE CHRONICLE every week, is accurate, and it covers all important events.



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Insurance At Net Cost.

THE POLICY CONTAINS THE ENTIRE CONTRACT.

WHOLE LIFE POLICY LIMITED LIFE POLICY ENDOWMENT GOLD BOND.

For information, fill out attached coupon.

Name..... Age.....

Address.....

Send to

W. F. HARDY, Supt., 1031 & 1033 Chestnut St., PHILADELPHIA.

Get 4-ly

THE STAFFORD

Perfect Service. Finest Location. Excellent Cuisine. Liberal Management. Fireproof Construction.

WASHINGTON PLACE BALTIMORE, MD.

June 28-ly

EMMITSBURG RAILROAD.

Daily Except Sundays					STATIONS					Daily Except Sundays				
P	M	P	M	A	Le	Ar	P	M	A	Le	Ar	P	M	A
4.50	2.55	9.40	7.45	Emmitsburg	8.50	11.10	4.00	6.40						
5.05	3.10	9.55	8.00	Emmitsburg	8.35	10.55	3.45	6.25						
5.20	3.25	10.10	8.15	Rocky Ridge	8.20	10.40	3.30	6.10						

Special Accommodation leaves Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 5.20 a. m., arriving at Motter's, 5.35; Rocky Ridge, 5.50; leaves Rocky Ridge, 6.05 a. m., arriving at Motter's at 6.20, Emmitsburg, 6.35.

VINCENT SEBOLD, General Manager.

C. J. ROWE

AGENT FOR YORK LAUNDRY.

Laundry called for Monday and delivered Saturday.

PERSONALS.

THE CHRONICLE invites its readers to send in communications containing personals and items of news from their respective localities. Articles intended for insertion in the CHRONICLE should reach this office on Wednesday morning and they should, in every instance, be signed by the correspondents as an evidence of good faith. The name of the writer, however, will not be published unless there is a request to that effect.

Miss Laura Smith is visiting Mrs. G. Grove in Hanover.
Mrs. J. McC. Foreman spent a day in Baltimore this week.
Master Annan Cook is visiting Mrs. Mrs. Groff, of Denver, Col., is visiting Mrs. W. P. Nunemaker.
R. G. Cook in Highland, Florida.
Mrs. A. A. Hack and Miss Eleanor Hack, spent Monday in Baltimore.
Mrs. Hammond, of Liberty, is visiting her brother, Mr. Brooke Boyle.
Miss Sarah W. Kilmer, of Arlington, Mass., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. L. Higbee.

Miss Hazel Elder has returned from Frederick where she was under treatment at the Frederick City Hospital.
Miss Mary Ellen Eyster is now visiting in Taneytown. She will spend several days in Bruceville with Mrs. Charles Valentine.

Rev. Mr. Craig spent several days in Baltimore this week attending the State convention of the Christian Endeavor Society.

Mrs. Howard W. Slemmer and Miss Gertrude Detwiler, who spent some time visiting friends near this place, have returned to their home in Norris-town.

Mrs. Marian Hoke, Miss Belle Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reinwald and Mr. Charles J. Rowe attended the Christian Endeavor convention in Baltimore.

IN THE COURTS.

Special to The Chronicle.

Jacob Harman, a showman who was at the Frederick Fair and who was later at Norfolk, Va., charged with abduction, has been held for Frederick county authorities. Florence H. Tracey, a young girl of Frederick left with Harman, and her father now seeks Harman's extradition upon a charge of abducting his daughter. Harman, it is expected, will resist extradition.

Mrs. Jessie Stewart, wife of Charles A. Stewart, seeks an absolute divorce in the Frederick court. The defendant is a resident of Baltimore.

Nelson Coleman and Henry Knipple, both colored, have been held for court upon a charge of robbing and assaulting with intent to kill Paul Ternin, a Pole. Ternin's throat was cut, his clothing torn off and a small sum of money stolen from him. The men were caught at Mt. Clare. Ternin's injuries are not serious.

Messrs. P. F. Pampel and A. S. Brown, attorneys, have secured from the court an absolute divorce for Charles W. Schuetze from his wife, Minnie Schuetze. Mrs. Schuetze lives in Baltimore.

The following jurors have been drawn by Judge Motter for the petit jury at the December court to convene on December 9.

Buckeystown—Robert S. Ranneberger.

Frederick—Charles Tucker, David F. Davis, Joseph F. Eisenhaur, George D. Kehue, Charles P. Troxell.

Middletown—Melvin F. Holter.

Creegerstown—Grove A. Shryock.

Emmitsburg—Sebastian B. Florence.

Urbana—William T. Watkins.

Liberty—John Roy Sundergill.

New Market—Samuel C. Ramsburg.

Hauvers—William H. Brown.

Woodsboro—Samuel C. Haugh.

Mt. Pleasant—Charles H. Routzahn.

Jefferson—Clarence E. Hemp.

Mechanicstown—John V. Hemler.

Jackson—Charles C. Grossnickle.

Johnsville—Isaac L. Bostian.

Linganore—George D. Norris.

Lewistown—Samuel Eyer.

Tuscarora—John Correll.

Burkittsville—Baxter T. Horine.

Braddock—Wm. H. Krantz.

Walkersville—David Hedges.

Letter to Philip D. Lawrence.

Emmitsburg, Md.

Dear Sir: They're glad they found-out Devoe.

Corpus Christi, Texas, is right on the Gulf and one of the hardest climates for paint; hot sun, salt air, and strong winds.

The Sidbury Building, painted Devoe in 1899, is a shining example of perfect paint snow-white after 7 years, as if painted last week.

We should like every property-owner from Maine to Mexico to see that white white.

Experience teaches who wants to learn as well as who waits to be kicked.

Yours truly

F W DEVOE & CO

P. S. J. Thos. Gelwicks sells our paint.

Everybody is singing "My Dark Marie," Have you gotten your copy?

nov. 15-t.

ON CORPORATE GUILT.

Judge Landis Considers Them as Individuals.

THEIR RESPONSIBILITY GREAT.

The Moral Aspect of Corporate Offenses Deepens Their Guilt.—They Make Criminals of Hundreds of Their Employees.

"A corporation or a business house," says Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis in the *American Business Man* for November, "so far as the law is concerned is no different from an individual. If the individual is honest, he has the respect of his friends and the public with which he comes in contact. He need have no fear of the law. If he is dishonest, if he steals and defrauds, the law is there to see that he stops his evil practices and that he is punished. It is the same with honest and dishonest corporations and business houses.

"A guilty corporation arraigned before the court is on the same footing as the guilty individuals. Both belong to the criminal classes. Law has been violated and that violation has to be punished. If laws were made and then permitted to be broken, the state of affairs resulting would be anarchy. This is obvious to any one. If, then, at the outset it is borne clearly in mind that dishonesty by a corporation is the same as dishonesty by an individual, that the firm which violates for instance, an interstate commerce statute, is on the same footing before the court as the man who counterfeits the coin, or steals from the mails, the necessity of honesty in business will not be difficult for the men of business to understand.

"So much for the strictly legal aspect of the case. The moral aspect deepens, if anything, the offense of the corporation. An individual violates law, and the contamination ends with that individual. The carrier who steals from the mails is not, by that theft, making fellow criminals of other carriers. But the business house which adopts a commercial policy of dishonesty is paving the road to moral destruction for a score or perhaps a hundred of its employees."

DEATH OF MRS. QUEEN.

Former Resident Dies at the Age of One Hundred.—Has Been Living Near Washington For Years.

Mrs. Alice Queen, who was born in this place on September 15, 1807, died last Tuesday night at her home in Tenleytown, near Washington, D. C.

A full account of Mrs. Queen's life was published in THE CHRONICLE for Friday, September 20, last.

The funeral services took place this afternoon, Rev. Mr. E. H. Smith, pastor of Eldbrooke Methodist Episcopal Church, Tenleytown, officiating.

Mrs. Queen is survived by eight children, fifty-nine grandchildren, 132 great-grandchildren and five great-great-grandchildren.

SURPRISED BY HIS FRIENDS.

Mr. William Myers was pleasantly surprised by some of his friends, who gathered at his house on Wednesday evening. Mrs. Myers had prepared quite a banquet which was very much enjoyed by all present. The following were the guests: Mr. and Mrs. David Guise, Mr. and Mrs. McGlaughlin, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Welty, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myers, Misses Amye Sanders, Elsie Long, Etta and Mary Hardagan, Messrs. Huber Sanders, Earl Eyer, John Rosensteel, Robert Kerrigan, James Mullen, and John Strack and Xavier Myers.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Zimmerman & Shriver is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the said firm may present them to L. M. Zimmerman who will make settlement therefor and who will receive and receipt for all amounts due the former firm.

November 7th, 1907.

ZIMMERMAN & SHRIVER.

From this date I will conduct the business under my own name, and I shall greatly appreciate a continuance of the public's patronage and the prompt settlement of all former accounts.

L. M. ZIMMERMAN, successor to Zimmerman & Shriver. nov. 8-3ts.

FOR SALE.

A Cottage in good repair situated on Green street near the factory. Apply to B. J. TYSON. nov. 15-2ts.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN.—A sixty-five dollar, double barreled shot gun in excellent condition, shells and full equipment. Price fifteen dollars. Apply at this office. nov. 15-2ts.

POET—SONG WRITER.

Rev. Mr. Craig has Just Published a Song Which Will be Popular.

Very flattering notices of the Rev. Mr. Craig's book of Poems are beginning to come in from all quarters. The *Daily Times-Record*, published at Sayre, Pa., after speaking in most complimentary terms of the author says: "During his residence here he wrote several poems and his friends tried to induce him to have them published. Rev. Mr. Craig is a native of Scotland and many of his verses have the metric construction and the nature-loving sentiment displayed in the writings of the greatest of all Scotia's poets, Robert Burns."

Mr. Craig has just recently had one of his poems, "My Dark Marie," set to music, Allan Hedderwick being the composer. The melody is particularly appropriate to the sentiment of the song and the nautical cover design on the front sheet is most attractive. Mr. Craig is publishing "My Dark Marie" and in a short time this popular ballad will be on sale at all the leading music stores in the country.

RAILROADING ON W. M. R. R.

A Fast Train Loses Thirty Minutes Coming from Hillen to Union Station in Baltimore.

The Fast Express (?) on the Western Maryland Railroad is not a misnomer—for fast has other meanings than swift or ahead of the standard. On Monday evening this train got fast somewhere between Hillen and Union stations. Something got so fast in the engine that they were unable to loosen it. Thirty minutes were lost between the above named stations.

The broken-down engine, so well is this road managed, was not taken from the train but was dragged up the road delaying the trains arrival at Rocky Ridge an hour or so. It might also be said that the passengers in the chair car, who paid a certain premium for the extra attention they received, had the pleasure of traveling in a cold car.

Boxing and Wrestling Match at Elder's Opera House.

Lovers of athletics in this place are looking forward with a great deal of pleasure to the appearance of Americus and other well-known Baltimore athletes. The date of this performance has been postponed to November 23. The reputation of the men who will give the exhibition of wrestling and boxing should assure the manager a large audience.

PRICE OF MILK RAISED.

Owing to the scarcity and high prices for all kinds of feed we are compelled to raise the price of milk, the same as the dairymen in other places have done, and beginning on Monday, November 18th, the price will be 6 cents a quart or 24 cents a gallon. Cream, 10 cents a pint.

PATTERSON'S DAIRY.

nov. 15-1t.

NAME MUST APPEAR.

Notwithstanding repeated requests that all communications intended for publication in THE CHRONICLE be accompanied by the name of the sender, unsigned items, accounts of social gatherings, etc., continue to come to this office. As no attention is paid to unsigned contributions it would be well for those who care to have their items appear to sign them. The writer's name will NOT appear unless there be a request to that effect.

WANTED.

A middle aged woman who knows how to do domestic work about a house, and will do it. Small family of grown people. Good position with good wages to the woman who gives satisfaction. Address. P. O. Box 6. Waynesboro, Pa. nov. 8-tf.

FOR RENT.

Two desirable front rooms, now occupied by Dr. Brawner, one on first floor, one on second. Will rent one or both. Moderate terms. HARRY C. HARNER. Nov. 1. tf.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

I hereby warn all persons not to trespass upon my land for any purpose whatsoever. The law will be enforced against all offenders. JOHN H. HOKE. nov. 8-2ts.

We have just installed the latest improved steel hay baler which has a capacity of 40 tons per day. We are buying hay in large quantities and are paying the highest market price for it. Is your crop for sale? nov. 15-tf FRIZZELL & BOYLE.

Advertise in THE CHRONICLE and see how well it pays.

WABASH EXTENSION.

A Direct Line to Steel City From Baltimore.

GEORGE J. GOULD AND HIS PLANS.

Western Maryland Railroad to Pittsburgh, Wheeling and the West.—Work to Begin as Soon as Money Market Improves.

The Boston Transcript in its railroad news gives the following:

The Gould interests are not idle. George J. Gould in his plans for the Western Maryland Railroad proposes to utilize the George Creek & Cumberland Railroad when it builds its line to Pittsburgh and the West to link the road with the Wabash. This is made plain in the recent annual report of the company. President B. F. Bush in referring to the road says:

This railroad, 32.59 miles long, extends from the city of Cumberland through the Cumberland narrows, dividing it into two lines, one running north to the Pennsylvania State line, and the other traversing the coal territory known as the Georges Creek region. The terminal facilities of this property at Cumberland supplement those of this company and its line affords the only available outlet through the Cumberland narrows for the shortest and best connection of the Western Maryland system with Pittsburgh and the West.

The main connection with the Wabash is to be at Wheeling, the line being about 150 miles in length and running through Uniontown. From Uniontown it is intended to build to a connection with the Wabash just outside of Pittsburgh so as to give the Western Maryland a direct line to the steel city from Baltimore. It is announced that the connection will be built just as soon as the money market improves.

New Boniface in Taneytown.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Mr. Devine, brother of one of the leading hotel men of Hanover, has leased the Central Hotel, Taneytown, for a term of years.

He is going to take possession very shortly and is now in Baltimore, accompanied by Mr. H. David Mehring, purchasing furniture.

THERMOMETRIC READINGS.

Taken every week day from THE CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer.

	8 A. M.	12 M.	4 P. M.
Friday	50	48	
Saturday	48	55	58
Monday	45	46	46
Tuesday	38	46	44
Wednesday	35	43	45
Thursday	38	43	43
Friday	25		

Last of The Season.

Mr. Philip Lawrence, who is noted for the fine tomatoes he raises, brought two exceptionally fine specimens of this vegetable, the last of the season, to THE CHRONICLE office this week.

No matter what a man's abilities may be, it is idle to suppose that there can only be one man in the United States who is fit to be its president.—*Labouchere in London Truth.*

Mr. Peter Bollinger has purchased the Klingel property adjoining the farm owned by Mr. Joseph Felix. The price was \$1,100.

Last time, they called it a free trade panic, and we are unable to see that this high protective tariff panic is any better.—*Houston Post.*

The price of champagne has advanced, which, of course, pushes up the price of wild oats.—*Washington Herald.*

Next we will hear of near-sighted farmers shooting aeronauts by mistake for canvasback ducks or wild geese.—*Washington Post.*

"My Dark Marie" has a nautical swing about it that is very catching. Try it. * * * adv. Nov. 15-1t.

Last Sunday was the 424th anniversary of the birth of Martin Luther.

Help Wanted.

Wanted a girl to do general housework. Apply at this office. tf.

Read the "Paragraph News" in the CHRONICLE and keep abreast of the times.

"My Dark Marie" is the song of the day—25 cents at any dealer's. * nov. 15-1t.

¶ Serve your own best interests and get the most from your investment by subscribing for THE EMMITSBURG CHRONICLE. \$1.00 a year.

Q. R. S. MEETING.

Last Tuesday evening the Q. R. S. was very delightfully entertained at the home of Mrs. J. Henry Stokes. The programme was an interesting one, the paper, on the "Influence of the Crusades on the History of the World," being prepared and read by Rev. Mr. Gluck. "My Dark Marie," the popular song, recently written and published by the Rev. Kenneth Mackintosh Craig, was sung for the first time in public and from its reception it is safe to say that Rev. Mr. Craig has caught the popular ear.

The subject for the next meeting to be held in December at the home of Mr. James Helman will be "Christmas, in Song and Story."

POEMS

BY KENNETH M. CRAIG

FOR SALE AT

HELMAN'S STORE,

PRICE \$1.00 PER VOLUME.

oct 18-tf

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE

By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias of the State of Maryland, issued out of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, Maryland, being No. 35 Judicials February Term 1907, at the suit of The Thummont National Bank, a body corporate and for officers' fees against the Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, Rights and Credits of The Monocacy Valley Cornet Band, a body Corporate, Charles C. Saylor, Charles R. Strine, Leslie T. Warner, Luther H. Winter and G. Clarence Warner, and to me directed. I have seized and taken into execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate, either at law or in Equity of the said The Monocacy Valley Cornet Band, a body corporate, Charles C. Saylor, Charles R. Strine, Leslie T. Warner, Luther H. Winter and G. Clarence Warner, in and to the following Real Estate, to-wit: All that lot of ground and improvements thereon consisting of a

FRAME HALL,

about 20x60 feet, situated at Troutville, Woodsboro District, Frederick County, Maryland, it being the same property conveyed by deed from Laura V. Feeser and John J. Feeser her husband, to the said The Monocacy Valley Cornet Band bearing date March 4th, 1898 and duly recorded in Liber D. H. H., No. 1, Folio 280, one of the land records of Frederick County, Maryland. And I hereby give notice that

On Friday, November 29th, 1907,

at 11 o'clock A. M., I will sell on the premises at Troutville, Woodsboro District, Frederick County, Maryland, the same property so seized and taken in execution, by public auction to the highest bidder for cash. Conveyancing at the expense of the purchaser.

JOHN H. MARTZ, Sheriff of Frederick County. nov. 8-3ts.

WASHINGTON'S

LEADING

FLORIST

Blackstone Florist
14th and H Sts. N.W.
Washington, D. C.

Mail, Telegraph or Phone Orders executed immediately. Flowers and Designs for Weddings, Funerals, Receptions and all other occasions.

COMMENCEMENT BOUQUETS.

march 22-1y

HOKE & RIDER

MAKERS OF

MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES

MARBLE AND CEMETERY WORK OF ALL KINDS.

¶ Estimates Furnished on Short Notice Free of Charge.

¶ ALL WORK GUARANTEED.



Colorado Building,

14th & G Streets,

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

SIDNEY WEST

Shirt-Maker,

Men's Wear,

Hatter.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

ISAAC J. GELWICKS

OYSTERS

By Measure, and In Every Style.

POP, GINGER ALE

and

Soft Drinks of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Bowling Alley.

Private Bowling Parties may Rent the Bowling Alley by the evening.

ISAAC J. GELWICKS

A LOT OF BOOTS AND SHOES FOR SALE.

july 26-1y

Home-Made Bread

EMMITSBURG

HOME BAKERY,

HARRY HOPP,
PROPRIETOR.

Cakes Rolls Pies

¶ Deliveries made in new water and dust-proof wagon.

¶ Wedding and birthday cakes made to order.

EVERYTHING IN THE BAKER'S LINE.

july 13-1yr

BUSINESS LOCAL.

HAVE your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same and has always on hand a large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF FARMERS

A Local Farmer's Experience With a Wheat Crop Told in
His Own Words

ANOTHER CONTESTANT FOR HARNESS PRIZE

How He Plowed and Why, The Nature of His Soil and the Way He Treated it.—
Water Furrows Most Essential.—Puts Out the Seed As Soon After a Rain
As Possible.—Twenty Bushels to The Acre on Abused Land.

MR. EDITOR:

I herewith submit an article on my mode of producing wheat. My land is of a heavy nature with clay sub-soil. In plowing I am governed considerably by weather conditions. For instance, if we are suffering from drouth, I prefer to wait for rain, if the crop is late, in preference to plowing hard, dry soil which breaks up in clods when it is next to impossible to get the seed bed in order; the young roots of grain cannot penetrate the hard bottom of the bed. On account of the clay sub-soil I never plow more than seven or eight inches deep because the clay would be brought to the surface. Immediately after plowing I use the land roller to level and pack the ground. In plowing I always use a jointer and turn every thing under and keep it there to form a mulch; secondly it holds the moisture and lets the water sink to the sub-soil. In this condition (after rolling) I let the ground rest for several days before harrowing. In my first harrowing, I always follow the course of the plowing; next I cross harrow then roll. Then another period of rest for the purpose of taking in the benefits of the air.

Now, the water furrows to be drawn I consider one of the most essential points. The object in these is to pro-

tect the low ground from getting too wet. Just where to draw the furrows requires your best judgment. I always use a barshare plow for these and plow deeper than the main body.

My object in this is to carry off the water, nearly the same as a tile ditch. Now I harrow again, never minding the water furrows. Harrow and roll alternately as much as possible. The oftner the better.

When the seed bed is in prime condition, I sow, always aiming to be ready as soon after a rain as possible. When the crop is in I take a single shovel plow and go through the water furrows to the depth of four or five inches to give the water a clear course.

I sow two bushels of wheat and 250lbs. of medium grade fertilizer to the acre and have gotten just as good results as from the higher priced fertilizers, having tried both.

By this method I raised twenty bushels to the acre which is not so much, yet very satisfactory when one considers the land in question had been very much abused by former tenants so that no wheat could be raised at all until five years ago. Now it is constantly improving by rotating crops and careful management.

UNCLE SI.

SIREs AND SONS.

John Coyle of New Haven, ninety-two years old, walked into the city hall the other day and was made a voter.

The foremost plowmaker in the world is James Oliver, who recently passed his eighty-fourth birthday. He lives at South Bend, Ind.

Major Reinholdt, who died recently at his home in Glenolden, Pa., passed through forty-six battles of the civil war without receiving a wound.

Lord Beresford will be the guest of honor at the annual banquet of the United States Naval Academy Alumni of Chicago, to be held in that city in November.

Professor Thaddeus S. C. Lowe of Pasadena, Cal., who in 1865 made the first artificial ice ever produced in the United States, has just celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday.

Robert T. Lincoln, according to a Chicago friend, is out of politics for all time. As president of the Pullman company he is enjoying life better than when he represented this country abroad or as secretary of war.

Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, Mr. Cleveland's physician, is a native of New York state and was a close friend of the late Daniel Lamont, who interested Mr. Cleveland in the physician. Dr. Bryant is now about sixty-two years old.

The New York World figures that John D. Rockefeller has made public gifts up to the present of \$102,055,000. Of this amount \$44,000,000 has been given to the general and southern education boards, \$22,000,000 to the University of Chicago, \$15,000,000 to church and mission work and \$2,000,000 to the Rockefeller Institute.

Count Witte is in the Pyrenees seeking health. His duties in the czar's service and his tremendous responsibilities have wrecked him physically. It is greatly to his credit that he is still a poor man, though unlimited possibilities of wealth were in his grasp. Now what means he had are gone, and he must find something to do to make a living.

DAMES AND DAUGHTERS.

Mrs. Russell Sage will shortly establish a branch of the Young Men's Christian association at Sag Harbor, N. Y.

Governor Folk of Missouri has appointed a woman, Miss Adelaide J. Thompson of Jefferson City, a member of the state library commission.

Hon. Mrs. De Vere Percy, daughter-in-law of the Earl of Limerick, has patented a safety purse and manages all the business connected with its manufacture.

Lady McKenna, widow of Sir Joseph McKenna, left the bulk of her fortune of \$180,000 to societies for the care of horses and dogs. For the maintenance of Rorey and Ruffles, her two dogs, she left annuities of \$200 each.

In her collection of rare and valuable old china Miss Margaret Wilson of Auburn, Me., has one mustard pot and spoon that came over in the Mayflower. The ware is known as Lustre and is very fine. Its history since 1620 is a matter of record.

For the first time in the history of Rhode Island a woman has applied for and been granted by the barbers' commission the right to work as an apprentice in the ranks of the knights of the razor. The young woman is Miss Mazie A. Niles of Providence.

Even women of the aristocracy are not above trade, the Duchess of Sutherland upon one occasion, when she visited Russia, having packed her trunk with samples of highland tweed, with which she used to drum up trade, from which she has been called the "drummer duchess."

"Some so called statesmen," observed the philosophical boarder, "are merely political seismographs. They are always in a state of agitation over some upheaval that is threatening to destroy the foundations of civilization, but they can't tell exactly what it is or where it is."—Chicago Tribune.

Puffman—Sir, I am a self made man!
Blunt—By George! You look like the kind of man you'd be apt to make!—London Pick-Me-Up.

The Wise Farmer

who intends to have sale in the Spring is he who has about decided upon the date and who is beginning to think of his Sale Bills. There is only one thing more for that man to do now, and that is to book his date at The Chronicle Office, so that he may avoid conflicting with the time some other person may have chosen. All persons advertising their sales in The Chronicle, in addition to having their

BILLS

Printed at this Office

will be entitled to Sale Cards (ready for mailing) Free of charge.

THIS PAPER REACHES THE PEOPLE, AND ADVERTISERS IN THE CHRONICLE GET RESULTS.

G. W. WEAVER & SON,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Emmitsburg, Md.

WE LEAD IN EVERYTHING WE SELL.

"Wooltex" Coats for The Little Miss.



"Wooltex" Coats for children are just as different in little girls' coats as they are in girls of larger growth and for women. Different in Style, in Quality, in Service. "Wooltex" means Pure Wool, it means a certain designed style, it means two seasons of wear for good, it means an interlined yoke over chest and back. It means, too, that they cost less than qualities such as "Wooltex" usually cost.

NOTE.—Have the Branch send for some of them to look at or send to us for illustrated catalogue if you cannot come to see us.

The College Coat

For the Miss of Larger Growth or the
Young Woman.



They show such snappy style that they instantly suggest the up-to-date college girl or stylishly dressed young woman. Look at the cut, note the mannish effect in its rather broad shouldered design. It is an overcoat, long, loose and easy. Pure wool—which gives a maximum of warmth with a minimum of weight, while tailoring is perfection in every detail.

If you care for clothes—it's the coat you'll want. The price is less than you'd expect, after seeing it on yourself.

Look up the coat question at once. There will be trouble to get selection a little later on.

G. W. WEAVER & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Everything in Dry Goods, Notions, Ready-to-Wear Clothes For Women and Children.

