

# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

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## ALL ONE SIDED.

### Express Companies And Railroad vs. Public.

## IT LOOKS LIKE GRAFT.

### Interstate Commerce Commission is Looking Into The Matter With a View to Protecting All Classes of Shippers And Opening Way for Competition.

The Interstate Commerce Commission, under authority of the new legislation, is moving out into fresh fields and establishing important precedents, says the *Philadelphia North American*. Heretofore, it has not dealt with the rates and operations of the express companies, but it has finally interfered peremptorily between the United States Express Company and certain shippers of whom an unreasonable rate was demanded. The dispute concerned the price asked for shipments of cut flowers. The commission, after full inquiry, ruled that the rate of \$1 per 100 pounds was excessive, and that the charge should be reduced to 50 cents. But the matter of general concern is that, for the first time, this Federal authority was exercised to prohibit the extortion by an express company of unfair charges from its customers. It is, however, we may hope but a beginning. Other steps must be taken, if the people are to have even a measure of fair play at the hands of these subsidiary transportation companies. For one thing, mere justice requires that, if the express companies are to remain in business, the public should have the advantage of free and open competition between them. How many people know that of the five leading express companies only two are allowed to do business in Philadelphia? The Adams Express Company, the United States Express Company and the Pennsylvania lines, and the United States Express Company, a similar monopoly of the lines of the Reading and Baltimore and Ohio.

The people are the only sufferers. They have no choice but to accept the terms offered, within a certain field, and the terms are always higher than the value of the service warrants under fair conditions. Having but two trunk line railroads, Philadelphia has been made over to two express companies and there is no competition. Great numbers of these two because they cover different territories. The artless observer of the situation might be inclined to wonder why a railroad company should permit monopolistic use of its lines by an outside express company. Why should it offer to all the companies a fair chance to do business, and thus enrich its treasury while it offered superior accommodations to the public? The answer is that the relation of the express company to the railroad company is tainted by graft. Great numbers of high railroad officials are stockholders in the express companies.

The railroad company, which does all the carrying, gets 45 per cent. of the express charges. It may be argued that the express company, for its share of 55 per cent., collects the goods at the shipping point and distributes them at the receiving point, a service which requires expensive organization and offices. But there is no reason why the railroad company should not collect and distribute the goods. Indeed, the Pennsylvania Railroad now has a store-delivery service of its freight in Baltimore. Is there any sound reason why each railroad company should not do this business and take 10 per cent. instead of 45 per cent. of the gross receipts? Perhaps the time will come when stockholders will be bold and strong enough to compel the operation of their own property strictly in their own interest. When the summation of the express companies' profits is safely reduced to the exorbitant charges they now make upon certain commodities and still earn large dividends for their owners. Unless the experience is misleading, a lower rate on the kind of matter now sent by express will greatly enlarge the shipments of such material. If this be the fact, then there is the further conclusion that the express business, as now done under non-competitive conditions, actually obstructs the business operations of the people. The hand of Federal authority having been thrust into the express business, possibly there might be some profit in inquiring whether the railroads could be compelled to withdraw monopoly privileges and to permit any responsible company or person to do express traffic on their lines. No doubt, capital and enterprise would be found to enter the field if the railroads should be compelled to give an equal chance, in the express business, to all possible shippers.

But of course, this is not the real and final remedy for the injuries inflicted by the monopoly. That remedy can be supplied only by the adoption by the United States Government of a parcel-post system. The power of the express companies and of the nation is not it; but a few score men, who are interested in the express companies, boldly declare that they shall not have it. No argument worthy of a moment's attention was ever formulated against the system. It is not in the experimental stage. All the civilized world has it, in one form or another. The subjects of European despotisms actually enjoy a benefit that is denied to the freest people on earth. An American cannot put into his post-office a package weighing more than four pounds, and the rate is 1 cent an ounce, or 64 cents for four pounds. In France and Belgium, in Germany and Great Britain, the weight limit for mailed packages is sixteen pounds; the size limit is 31 inches in length and 24 feet in girth. The French rate is 14 cents a pound, the German rate 15 cents and the British rate a little more than 2 cents a pound. These are the rates for domestic business. The British government will carry, at costs determined by distance, an even-pound package to any part of the earth where the British flag flies. This is the conclusion the American people will reach, some day or another, when railroads are ruled out of politics and the people actually control their own public affairs. We welcome the decisions made by the Interstate Commerce Commission in the cut-flower case, as supplying the first good promise that Federal authority will eventually overmaster and seize and operate the business of carrying small packages.

## JAMESTOWN--VIRGINIA

### VALIANT COLONY AND AN HONORABLE STATE.

### At All Times She Stood Proudly For Her Rights.—Cromwell Made A Treaty With Her as With an Independent Power.

From the earliest period of her history the colony (Jamestown) stood for those principles on which she was originally founded; the service of God, according to the Protestant faith; the establishment of English civilization; the rights of English-born citizens. Through the long contest with the Crown she stood valiantly for her rights. When, contrary to the orders of her Assembly, her records were given up to the Crown, she stood up in the pillory the clerk who gave them, and clipped his ear.

When the Revolution broke forth in England, she stood on her rights as a Commonwealth, and Cromwell deemed it expedient to make a treaty with her as with an independent power.

Within half a century or a little more she was a State powerful enough to assert her rights, and, on their denial, to expel the British. This revolution ended at the time of the defeat and death of the gallant leader, Nathaniel Bacon, and the execution of many of his followers. But, however it ended, this point is clear; that 12 years before the English people themselves rose in revolution, the Bland, the Randolphs, and their fellow-patriots were the products of the civilization established first on this continent at Jamestown.

If credit is to be given in measure as intrepid daring and first accomplishments are accorded to those three little unknown vessels, the Susan Constant, the Good Speed and the Discovery, with their company of sixscore men who established the first English settlement on this continent, are entitled to far more credit than any vessel or company whatever which succeeded them.

—Thomas Nelson Page in the Century.

## WILL THEY DO IT?

Last week, at a meeting of the stockholders of the Frederick and Emmitsburg Turnpike Company, the following officers and managers were elected: J. Marshall Miller, president; H. R. Heck, secretary and treasurer; P. N. Hamaker, superintendent; George M. Miller, J. C. Cronise, Charles S. Spook, George A. Dean, George Louck, J. Marshall Miller, John R. Rouzer, Judge James McSherry and G. Lloyd Palmer. This company charges eight cents per one-horse team from Emmitsburg to Thurmont, seven miles. This toll is levied on all teams to keep the wolf from the gate keeper's house, but if the wolves are not shod there is little danger of their ever using the pike. Once in a while this company dumps a load or so of rocks on the road bed and then holds an election and audits the accounts.

The question now arises, since the election, will the newly elected officers make a pike out of this road between Frederick and Emmitsburg or will they let bad enough alone?

## "LO, THE POOR INDIAN"

In a speech before the Geographical Society of Chicago, General A. W. Greely, commander of the Northern division of the United States Army, said that the courts of justice in Alaska have only instruments of private interest, "and that it was wonderful that 'the entire lot of Government officials were not hanged by mob law.' 'The same trouble predominates in Alaska today that has characterized the attitude of the United States Government towards all the aborigines, which it has come into contact,' said General Greely. 'It never treats them fairly. It has put the Eskimos, or the Alaskan Indians, on the road to ruin.'

## COMMISSIONERS SWORN IN.

Friday night, in the absence of the Burgess, the Commissioners were sworn in by Squire Stokes. After taking the oath of office they had a meeting and were formally organized. On Tuesday night another meeting was held and Mr. Joseph Caldwell was appointed street commissioner and Mr. H. M. Ashbaugh, secretary, was authorized to solicit bids for the services of a constable, lamp lighter and tax collector, and for furnishing oil for the corporation throughout the year.

The foundations are being dug for the Theatre building to be erected at Pen-Mar. The walls will be pushed forward with all speed.

## HOPE AND NUX VOMICA.

"If you cannot cure a man, tell him so, and remember that a physician is a teacher, and not a slaver to a patient. We work by wit, and not by witchcraft. There are diseases that as yet we have found no remedy for, and we might as well confess it. There is too much drugging, and while my theory has been dubbed a mixture of hope and nux vomica, I shall stick to it that there are only a few great drugs worth handling. I am not going to name them, either."—Dr. Osler.

The was another light frost on Sunday morning and not a few gardeners suffered the loss of early plants.

## Dollar Wheat Realized in Chicago.

Last Monday, in the most sensational opening in the history of the Chicago Board of Trade, wheat went over the dollar mark. Heavy realizing sales pushed the price back a little but the close the market was strong. In sympathy with the rise in Western wheat, the Southern grain advanced to 96 cents in Baltimore.

I care not whether one regards the Scriptures as divinely inspired or as merely literature. To every man trying to live an honest, decent life they are a well-spring of inspiration."—Optimist, Washington Herald.

## A SQUARE MAN.

### Governor Hughes a Presidential Possibility.

## MAN WHO DOES THINGS

### Generally Admired by the American People Because He Has Been Doing Things in New York Ever Since He Has Been Before the Public Eye.

The Washington Herald says that "It is quite obvious that Gov. Charles E. Hughes is growing in the estimation of the public. Practically unknown prior to his sudden rise to prominence by reason of the insurance investigations, he has so conducted himself since that time as to create the general impression that he is not only able, but sincere and 'square.' Now, unbiased observers of the political situation are beginning to see in his Presidential possibility what may very easily develop into a probability without any effort in that direction on his own part.

"It is characteristic of the American people to admire and put in high places men who do things. President Roosevelt himself is a conspicuous proof of this. Mr. Hughes has been doing things ever since he was selected to conduct the proceedings against New York's big insurance concerns. Especially since he became governor has his propensity for decisive and effective action manifested itself. No other Republican who is now regarded as a candidate for the Presidential nomination equals Mr. Hughes in this respect, a fact which may have very considerable weight before the party's standard bearer is named next year.

"The situation with reference to the New York State executive being just as it is, the dispatches announcing that he is to be pushed as a candidate for the nomination are of unusual interest and significance. There is no doubt of the governor's popularity with the people in his State, and in the event of a campaign to secure a solid Hughes delegation to the national convention it is plain that the politicians, should they desire to prevent such a consummation, would find that they had an exceedingly difficult task on their hands. Those politicians—the ones who have dominated the party heretofore, but who now seem to be aware that Hughes is master—are not in sympathy with President Roosevelt, and it is by no means probable that they would favor Secretary Taft, assuming that that gentleman continues to enjoy the support of the Chief Executive. The possibility of any less than a full-throated commanding the strength of the big New York delegation, if a serious effort is made to instruct it for Hughes, is hardly worthy of consideration. In a word, it now appears that the convention vote of the Empire State, if secured for the asking, and that nobody will have reason for surprise if the governor develops into a most formidable aspirant for the honor of leading the party in the fight to be waged next year.

"The circumstances that Gov. Hughes is no more popular with the old State machine than is President Roosevelt will not detract from his strength, in our opinion. The old-line Republicans gave him only lukewarm support, at best, in the gubernatorial campaign, but the result showed that the people were for him. Perhaps a part of the Democratic vote cast for him would have been withheld had the situation with reference to the Democratic nominee been other than it was, but it is none the less a fact that Gov. Hughes was highly esteemed by the better class of citizens throughout the State, and that he would have made a highly satisfactory showing under any circumstances.

"Unless all indications are at fault, Mr. Hughes' strength is increasing constantly. As we see it, candidates for the nomination—even Secretary Taft, with his administration backing—will do well to keep their respective eyes on the gentleman from New York."

On an occasion Speaker Cannon was asked for an authentic autobiography of himself, and a young man replied: "Mr. Cannon was born of God fearing and man loving parents. He made himself and he did a darn poor job of it."

## NOT A HEALTH RESORT

### REASON THAT ENGINEERS DECIDE TO RESIGN.

Congressman Foster has a Word to Say About Conditions at Panama.—Immense Amount of Cement That Is Needed.

Congressman Foster, of Vermont, spoke the other day at the 132nd celebration of the capture of Fort Ticonderoga about the conditions that prevail at Panama. His remarks dealt partly with the history of the Isthmus and the idea of a Panama Canal, which by the way has been under consideration since 1850.

Referring to the resignation of engineer Wallace and the criticism he received a year or two ago, "for thinking more of a raise of salary than of the interests of the canal," the congressman declared that salary was not the real reason that Mr. Wallace gave up his position. He asserted that Mr. Wallace was accompanied on the Isthmus by his wife and a young man relative. The young man died of yellow fever, and Mrs. Wallace told her husband that if he retained his position it would be to see her die slowly from the effects of the tropical climate. That was the consideration that caused him to go home.

The speaker said that engineer Stevens, who succeeded Mr. Wallace, gave up his position because he could not stand the strain any longer, and believed he had done his share.

It was stated that it will require all the cement product of the world during eighteen months to build the six mammoth locks that are to elevate the ships eighty-five feet above the level of the sea, which is the level of the inland lake that is to be made.

The self-made man is often proud of a poor job.—Cyrus's Calendar.

## OLD RIVAL DEFEATED.

### CONNOLLY WAS A MYSTERY TO THE GETTYSBURG TEAM.

### Opponents of the Mountaineers Only Able to Make Three Scattered Hits.—Opportunistic Hits By M. S. M. Win the Game.

A large and enthusiastic crowd saw Gettysburg go down in defeat before the husky Mountaineers. Mount St. Mary's shut Gettysburg out to 0. This game each year attracts a large audience because of the proximity of the two contesting colleges and by reason of the intensity of the athletic rivalry which good-naturedly exists between their representative teams. Gettysburg had an unusually large following of students and friends from both home town, who journeyed to Echo Field to root for their lads. They certainly did everything possible in the way of cheering the wearers of the Orange and Blue; but the White and Blue of the Mountaineers were destined to have the place of honor. The Gettysburg students took their stand on the North bank, while Mt. St. Mary's students ranged along the West bank of the field. Each team was respectively cheered by both bodies of students. Gettysburg College shouted for Mount St. Mary's and were in turn cheered by the Mountaineers. Then began a good-natured effort to outcheer each other.

But towards the seventh inning when it was evident that Gettysburg could not watch their opponents, the cheer came mostly from the West bank.

The game is easily told. Gettysburg could not hit Connolly to advantage. Their three hits were very scattered; not one coming at a time dangerous to M. S. M. But M. S. M. hit opportunely, although credited with only five hits. M. S. M. scored one in the third. Barrett flied to first and Mahoney was shot to first. Kelly waited for a base on balls and went to third on McHugh's double to left field. On the throw from left to catch Kelly at third, Lantz allowed the ball to get away and Kelly scored on the error. J. Connolly was out short to first.

M. S. M. scored three runs in the fourth. Captain Smith was first up. He hit a fast one to Lantz who could not recover in time to beat the fleet-footed captain to first. Quinlan then hit a scorcher towards second bag which was too hot for McAllister to handle. Ed. Connolly took a low one on the ankle and filled the hole. McShane hit low over second, scoring Smith and Quinlan. Kuhlman was here taken out of the box and Earhart substituted. Barrett struck out. Mahoney hit to second and was out at first. E. Connolly scoring by striking out. Another run added in the eighth. McHugh hit to short who fumbled and then threw badly to first, allowing McHugh to take second. J. Connolly then hit to the left and threw out at the plate. A ground ball was thrown to the pitcher, who by allowing McHugh to take second, was away from Hines and rolled down the embankment, and out of sight of the umpire. The ball was relayed and Connolly, who had been taking it easy was thrown out at the plate. 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Emmitsburg Chronicle.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1907.

We learn from the Times Democrat that in days gone by the English Church made use of gossip brides—contrivances resembling baseball masks containing a tongue clasp—which were locked on the heads of both men and women who talked too freely about their neighbors' business and failed to attend to their own. The thought occurs to us that it is a pity that these devices are not still in vogue.

The Catholic Mirror has it that "hammers are represented on the monuments of Egypt twenty centuries before our era" and that the hammer "was as useful as a weapon as a tool,"—proving beyond a doubt that Knockers are not of recent origin.

Speaking of knockers, and they are only less passive pessimists, it is about time for the perennial alarmist to break out with some wild prediction about the world, having arrived at the zenith of its power, being about ready to take a slump and to carry everything and everybody with it. He will come forth about commencement time and with the air of one who has absorbed all knowledge, tell us that the world is "all in," that the friction caused by the rapid pace men and women have been travelling has burnt up all morality in the social sphere and all sense of honesty in the realm of business; that religion is on the wane, and that nothing remains but the falling of the black curtain of hopelessness and despair.

The chances are that the being who holds such views is in sore need of a change of diet and a wider glimpse of things in general. He has been reading too many books from the same shelf and has gotten into a narrow groove of thought. The discords he perceives are, as the late John Hay put it, parts of a stupendous harmony too great for his appreciation.

For our part we prefer to think—and we seem to see some valid reason for it—that we are only beginning to see the possibilities which this big generous world holds out to us; we delight in the thought that it is a good world, peopled with sane and kindly folks, and that instead of having reached its zenith it is in its infancy of power. We rather like the idea—and it is a comforting one—that religion never had a firmer hold on mankind than it has today and that instead of the gloomy curtain of despondency everything, the filmy drapery of an obscured vision will be lifted and show us a magnificent future of undreamt of attainment.

If it is true that "tuberculosis kills one person out of seven" and "between the ages of fifteen and forty-five, one-third of all deaths in America are caused by consumption," is there any wonder that most of the States are becoming alive to the absolute necessity for guarding against the spread of these insidious diseases? The pity is that active steps were not taken in our own State long ere this. It is a matter for the people to take a hand in as well as the authorities, and as Doctor Woodward, health officer at Washington, remarked in this connection the other day: "When people come to think as much of their health and of the health of their children and those dependent upon them as they do of their ease, comfort, personal appearance, social standing, and property interests, the organization and status of the sanitary departments of our States and cities will be put upon their proper plane, but it is questionable whether they will reach their proper plane before that time."

Only when public sentiment is thoroughly aroused can anything as important and as far-reaching

as the stamping out of tuberculosis be successfully accomplished.

The thousand dollars worth of American Beauty roses has faded, the dogwood blossoms have shrivelled up, the five thousand dollar banquet has been consumed and Wm. E. Corey and Mabelle Gilman, man and wife, are now upon the high seas having what they are no doubt pleased to dream of as a honeymoon. But this is scarce the beginning; the rude awakening mayhap will be as from a nightmare, not a dream, and when the gaudy tinsel of infatuation becomes tarnished—as it surely will—there will come a crash, and in the wreckage that will follow, only two selfish, lonely outcasts will be tossed upon an unfriendly beach.

Then will this man no doubt remember the woman whom he discarded. Then perhaps will Wm. E. Corey think of the wife who gave him ambition, who slaved for him and who bought with her scant savings the very books from which he gained the special knowledge of that business of which he is now the head. Then no doubt, will this unfeeling, self-gratifying coward—bereft of that which money cannot buy—long for the peace of that little home for which a devoted wife herself but too gladly paid her all. Let it be hoped that he will, and let it be devoutly hoped that some of the bitter dregs may yet be his to taste.

It is a fortunate thing for the public that the Interstate Commerce Commission has discovered that its powers are really greater than it has heretofore realized. Recent developments in the application of its powers in dealing with the express companies laid bare a pernicious system of railroad protection for these companies resulting in mutual gain for the common carriers and a proportionate loss to the shippers. Heretofore, it would seem, the express companies have gone on the principle that as monopolies they could charge any rate they chose without a too particular regard to distance or nicety of classification, and to this very one-sided arrangement the railroads, have gladly consented, adjusting their tariff on a modest forty-five per cent. basis. This co-operation on the part of the railroads which has heretofore acted as a means of protection for the express corporations, is the main point at issue with the Commission, and toward this violation of the spirit of the law governing common carriers it will direct its special attention. It cannot be denied that express companies and sleeping car companies have been reaping benefits entirely disproportionate to the service rendered, and it is not at all unlikely that a thorough investigation by the Interstate authorities will bring to light many facts which will substantiate the oft-repeated allegation that the big dividends declared by these corporations have been made possible by extortionate tariff on the one hand and by the same methods plus enforced tips, on the other.

Mr. Hubbard has happily characterized this particular kind of tipping as a "morning offering" to Pullman porters on the part of the travelling public by which act, he intimates, the porter thrives, the company is enabled to declare its princely dividends, and the public suffers.

ON May thirteenth the Annapolis Evening Capital was twenty-three years old. That newsy, accurate paper, always alive to the interest of the community in which it is published, starts another volume with a promise to keep up the high standard it has always maintained. The Capital, to use its own statement, and it is a true one, has "endeavored to present home news in a clean and wholesome manner" and it has "faithfully performed its mission."

We heartily congratulate the people of Annapolis, and we extend our congratulations and our best wishes for continued success and prosperity to our much esteemed contemporary.

THE constituents of the Hon. David H. Guise, a man well-known and highly respected in this community, ought to feel proud of the courageous stand he recently

took against the salary grab bill providing a \$3,000 compensation for assemblymen in Pennsylvania. Mr. Guise not only voted against the passage of this bill but headed the small minority in its fight against it.

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Table with columns for commodity names (Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Hay, Butter, Eggs, etc.) and prices.

LIVE STOCK.

Table with columns for livestock types (Steers, Hogs, Sheep, etc.) and prices.

WHEAT:—Spot, 98; CORN:—Spot, 38 1/2; OATS:—White 49@49 1/2; RYE:—Nearby, 98@100; HAY:—Timothy, \$24.00@25.00; STRAW:—Rye straw—fair to choice, \$11.00@11.50.

MILL FEED:—Winter bran, per ton, \$22.00@23.00; Middlings, 100 lb. sacks, per ton, \$24.00@24.50; POULTRY:—Old hens, 15¢@16¢; Spring chickens, large, 20¢@22¢; small, 20¢@22¢.

CATTLE:—Steers, best, \$10.00@14.50; others \$3.00@8.50; Hogs, \$6.00@7.50; Calves, 7.00@7.50; Spring Lambs, 8.00 c. Pigs, \$1.00@2.00; Fresh Cows, \$30.00@40.00 per head.

Home-Made Bread

EMMITSBURG HOME BAKERY, HARRY HOPP, PROPRIETOR.

Cakes Rolls Pies

Deliveries made in new water and dust-proof wagon. Wedding and birthday cakes made to order.

EVERYTHING IN THE BAKER'S LINE.

ORDER NISI ON SALES.

No. 8167 EQUITY. In the Circuit Court for Frederick county, sitting in Equity.

MAY TERM, 1907. In the matter of the Report of Sales filed the 8th day of May, 1907.

Dr. E. Stone and Edgar L. Annan Mortgagees of William A. Snyder and Lizzie Snyder, his wife on petition.

ORDERED, That on the 1st day of June 1907, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Personal Property, reported to said court by Dr. E. Stone and Edgar L. Annan Mortgagees in the above cause, and filed herein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick county, for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The Report states the amount of sales to be \$259.30. Dated this 8th day of May, 1907.

SAMUEL T. HOFFNER, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick county. True copy—Test: SAMUEL T. HOFFNER, Clerk. Vincent Sub-Jud. Sol. May 10-4t

At Breichner's Barber Shop

A FINE LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS, SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOES.

Now Open

FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS

The Emmitt House

Under New Management. J. W. BREICHNER, Proprietor.

Special accommodations for Commercial Men.

FINE WATCHES. Our watches are the best that can be purchased, and guaranteed to be free from any defects in material or construction. GALT & BRO., ESTABLISHED OVER A CENTURY. JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS, STATIONERS, 1107 PENNSYLVANIA AVE., WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Right Goods at the Right Price ARE WHAT YOU WANT. I Keep None But The Best Stillhouse Goods AND I SELL IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT THE TRADE. FINE WINES AND LIQUORS. H. C. HARNER.

REFRESH YOURSELF! I have started my SODA FOUNTAIN for the season. Ice Cream Soda, Soda with Plain Syrups, Sundaes and Phosphates. All flavors. T. E. ZIMMERMAN, DRUGGIST.

Young Men's Suits. Without brag or egotism we can assert that you might travel throughout the entire country and find few stores that carry a larger or more comprehensive line of Suits for young men than exists here. Parker, Bridget & Co., Head-to-foot Outfitters. Pa. Ave. and Ninth Street. WASHINGTON, D. C. Prices, \$12 to \$25.

Parker, Bridget & Co., Head-to-foot Outfitters. Pa. Ave. and Ninth Street. WASHINGTON, D. C. may 17-6m

YOU write a letter to Jones enclosing a statement of his account. The letter should be in purple copying ink, the statement in black record, the credits in red. The New Tri-Chrome Smith Premier Typewriter will do it all with one ribbon; do it quickly, neatly and correctly. The Smith Premier Typewriter Company, 5, 7 and 9 Commerce St., Baltimore, Md.

ELECTION NOTICE. We, the undersigned, citizens and taxpayers of Frederick County, hereby give notice that we intend to petition the County Commissioners of Frederick County, Md., on Monday, June 3rd, 1907, to erect a bridge over Tom's Creek at Close's ford, adjoining the lands of Adelaide Close and Elmer Valentine, in Emmitsburg Election District No. 5. Said bridge will be about 100 feet long. WALLACE H. MOSER, GEORGE WILHDE, N. P. STANSBURY, N. C. STANSBURY, H. F. MAXELL, april 26-6ts.

PLACE YOUR ORDER WITH Zimmerman & Shriver COAL TO BURN Delivered to your Cellar Without Dirt or Dust in OUR SELF-DUMPING WAGON. UNDERTAKER.

M. F. SHUFF DEALER IN Modern Furniture, BEDS, MATTRESSES. Hospitals, Hotels, Institutions Furnished Throughout. SEWING MACHINES. CABINET WORK, REPAIRING. BOTH PHONES. W. Main St., Opp. Presbyterian Church. EMBALMER.

MASURY'S HOUSE PAINTS. THE PAINT WITH THE LONG LIFE. MASURY'S House Paints are known the length and breadth of the United States as the paint that lives the longest. PURE LINSEED OIL. The preservative qualities of which are unquestioned. JOHN W. MASURY & SON New York and Chicago. LOCAL AGENT: J. THOS. GELWICKS

5c. a day for TELEPHONE SERVICE. C. & P. telephones are now cheap enough for almost everybody. Your office, home, or farm should have the service. Most of your neighbors have our telephones-- have you one? THE C. & P. TELEPHONE CO. FREDERICK, MD.

TANEYTOWN. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Roelky and daughter, Roberta, spent a few days in Baltimore. Mrs. Penina Morrison, of Frederick, is visiting the family of Mr. W. W. Crapster. Mrs. Walter Bower visited her parents in New Windsor. Rev. Mr. John McC. White, of Princeton, will preach in the Piney Creek Presbyterian Church next Sabbath morning, and in Taneytown in the evening. Ralph, the youngest son of Mr. John Bair, near Galt's Station, is seriously ill with diphtheria. Mr. W. W. Crapster returned on Wednesday from a visit to Washington and Jamestown. Miss Jammie Reaver, of Westminster, is visiting Miss Clara Reindollar. Miss Josephine Evans, of Brunswick, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Shoemaker.

WANTED. A good live agent to sell the 1900 Ball Bearing Washing Machines, both hand and water power. Address, L. K. BIRLEY, Gen. Agent, Middleburg, Md. C. & P. Phone. a26-4t.

HAGERSTOWN EVENTS. The committee appointed by the stockholders at the annual meeting of the Hagerstown Fair Association to make recommendation relative to changing the methods of electing the officers and directors has made a report to the fair board. Among other recommendations, the committee suggests that every stockholder has the right to make nominations for directors and other officers, the same to be filed with the secretary in writing before the first Monday in December, to mail to each stockholder three printed ballots containing the names of each person put in nomination, and also to have printed 1,500 other ballots containing the names and have them in the fair board office in time for use at the election. Rev. Page Milburn, M. A., of Baltimore, a Methodist minister, will succeed Prof. J. Emory Shaw as president of Kee Mar College. Professor Shaw recently resigned on account of his health. He will spend the Summer with his family in a cottage at Pen-Mar. Kee Mar College will be conducted, as formerly, along denominational lines. The unseasonable Spring has seriously effected the orchards in Washington county. There will be but half a crop of peaches. A fierce forest fire that burned over many acres of valuable timberland on South Mountain, in the vicinity of Pen-Mar, raged 24 hours before it could be gotten under control. The loss will be heavy. The fire was checked on Monday. A 1 1/2-story frame butcher shop of Frank Happel, on the mountain at Blue Ridge Summit, was destroyed by fire on Monday. Judge Keedy, in his charge to the grand jury, referred to the recent escape from the Washington county jail. A few years ago the county paid \$38,000 to make the jail secure. Since then eighteen prisoners have escaped. The Judge said he did not know whether the escapes were due to faulty construction or negligence on the part of those in charge of the building. "As to whether or not you will find such facts as to warrant and demand a presentment and indictment," continued the Judge, "I leave to your consideration and judgment."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. In this column "UNCLE BILL" will answer all questions of a proper character submitted to THE CHRONICLE. Readers of this paper should not hesitate to patronize this column frequently, as "UNCLE BILL" draws a big salary and loves to work.

Uncle Bill: How does the Weather Bureau arrive at its prognostications? FARMER. Farmer: Close observation at headquarters in Washington brings out the following: They have six dice and the corresponding numbers are on a printed placard which contains every imaginable combination of weather conditions; for instance, if after shaking the dice three sixes a two spot and an ace fall out the chart will show up something like this: Rain, followed by mud and a dry spell in the morning, all preceding a snow storm and a hard cold for the week, strong Easterly winds and a cloud burst near the Gulf coast bringing on drought and danger to shipping. This arrangement makes it impossible for the Weather Bureau to miss it altogether, although at times, when the dice box has been moved by the office boy or mistaken for a cuspidor, such a thing has happened.

Uncle Bill: I suppose that you have read with not a little pleasure, the recent discussions concerning the Whippoorwill. What do you think is the merit in such a discussion? Do you think that this much joked bird sings, or if he does not, can he sing? G. U. ESSIT. Yes, I have devoted several hours of each day to this discussion but the only merit I can find is that it leads me to think very much on a subject that I particularly like. I am very fond of birds, especially broiled, and I am some what of a bird myself. An exhaustive study of the Whippoorwill question has brought out some very interesting facts concerning his vocal ability. Does he sing? You ought to hear him and Maude sing duets. (Maude is my cambrie mule, don't get this confused with Sembrich.) The effect is a cross between a steam piano and a wet bass drum. You may not know it but the American name for Whippoorwill (otherwise known as caprimulgus vociferus) is goat sucker. This accounts for his short tail and his tendency to butt in. I can prove to any reasonable man that the Whippoorwill can sing and if a delegation of scientific men will call on me any night after two o'clock I'll make my birds sing for them. Whippoorwills are from Kentucky where the sing weed grows; "That's all."

Uncle Bill: Why do politicians generally live so long? Q. U. IZZY. They don't. Look at the dead ones that are walking around.

Letter to James A. Slagle. Emmitsburg, Maryland. Dear Sir: We asked City Drug Co, Crystal Springs, Miss., to sell Devos. They wanted to know, of their own knowledge, how it compared with another paint they knew all about—it was sold right there, and considered good. They painted a house of W B McCluney two coats on purpose to test the two paints against one another: one coat Devos 6 gallons; the other coat that other paint 10 gallons. Difference \$20; \$7 for paint, \$13 for labor. That other paint is made in New Orleans; is pure; is considered an excellent paint, and has a good deal of local goodwill. But the standard of paint has been low all through the southwest. That paint is thin; it is, you see, six-tenths of a paint. Devos saves \$20 over it on half a small job. It is a case of local best compared with actual best. Yours truly, F W DEVOE & CO P. S. J. Thos. Gelwicks sells our paint.

Rev. Mr. Koontz to Address the G. A. R. The local post of the Grand Army of the Republic, Arthur Post No. 41, Dep't of Maryland, have invited Rev. Mr. Koontz to preach the annual memorial sermon. On Sunday, May 26th, at 2.30 P. M., the Post, in a body, will attend services in the Methodist Episcopal Church at which time this sermon will be delivered. Rev. Mr. Koontz, who recently was appointed to this place, will be greeted by a large and appreciative audience; many of our citizens never having had the pleasure of hearing him will take advantage of this opportunity.



HON. DAVID H. GUISE MISUNDERSTOOD IN HIS RECENT VOTE.

The Position of the Assemblyman from Adams County, Well-Known and Highly Thought of in this Community.

In order that the people of this community may not gain a wrong impression of Mr. Guise's vote on the Lydic Bill, the following, from the Gettysburg Compiler of May 1st, is published in explanation of that gentleman's position.

"The Star of last week was unjust, and it may be unintentionally so, in condemning Hon. D. H. Guise, Adams county representative in the Legislature, for his vote on the Lydic Bill. The House bill specially drawn to provide for a popular vote for U. S. Senator was the McCord bill, and the question whether the State was to have a law providing for a popular vote for U. S. Senator depended upon the fate of the McCord bill. After the fate of that bill had been sealed other bills on the same subject were simply playing the subject and wasting time. The McCord bill came up in the House March 19 and went through that body by a vote of 146 to 16 and Hon. D. H. Guise voted for the McCord bill as page 1462 of the Legislative Record will prove. This McCord bill is the one killed in the Senate ten days ago because Penrose ordered it done and every vote in the killing was a Republican vote. The position of the Star is gratifying from one point of view. It necessarily does not approve of the killing of that bill which had passed the House and was put out of existence in the Senate upon the order of Penrose. We trust this also means that the Star does not approve of Penrose.

"From Sumter to Appomattox will be repeated to-night."

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

Mrs. Harvey Sanders and two children are visiting Mrs. Sanders' parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Shulley.

Mrs. Harry Storer, of Knoxlyn, and Mrs. Harry Storer, of Ortanna, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Shulley.

Mr. Edward Gelback is visiting his sister, Mrs. H. L. Harbaugh of this place.

The Bible school, of the Christian Church of this place will hold their annual Children's Day service on Sunday evening, May 26.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Reindollar are visiting at Glenn Rock.

Mr. Moser, veteran of the civil war over eighty years old who died in Martinsburg, W. Va., was buried in Union Cemetery, this morning.

The passage of the State Pension bill in the Pennsylvania Legislature is a source of much pride in this locality.

The Memorial services of the G. A. R. will begin on Sunday, the 26th, when the annual sermon will be delivered. Services begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. All are cordially invited to attend.

HARNEY.

Mrs. Hannah Hess, who has been quite ill, is slowly improving.

Mr. Morris Bishop, of Harrisburg, is spending a few days with his father, Mr. Amos Bishop.

Mr. and Mrs. Shoemaker and family, and Miss Abbie Pooling, of Taneytown, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Shoemaker and family and Mr. and Mrs. Claude Conover, spent last Sunday as the guests of Mr. Grier Shoemaker and family, of this place.

Miss Delta Shriver is spending the week with her brother, Mr. Simpson Shriver, of Two Taverns, Pa.

Mrs. Cleason McHenry and daughter, Mae, of Philadelphia, were the guests of her sister, Mrs. R. Snider.

Miss Aurelia Shriver spent Sunday with friends in Littlestown.

A Pleasant Surprise Party. Last Monday evening a few of the many friends of Mr. Charles E. Gillean, gave him a surprise party, that day being the 40th anniversary of his birth. Mr. Gillean's guests were splendidly entertained. Those present to express their best wishes for many happy returns of the day were:

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Welty, Mr. and Mrs. Ross Baker, Mr. and Mrs. John Eckard, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Asbury Fuss, Mr. and Mrs. Holland Weant, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Russel Ecker, Mr. and Mrs. Cameron Ohler and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Mentzer; Mrs. William Fuss; the Misses Lizzie Eyer, Emma Eyer, Edna Bishop, Mattie Deihl and Edna Baker; Messrs. Newell Fitzer, Chester Ohler, Lloyd Ohler, Maurice Baker, Lloyd Bishop, James G. Bishop, John Baker, Orville Ecker, Russell Ohler and Guy Baker.

Fatal Accident at Ball Game.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

While engaged in a baseball game between the New Market and the Maryland School for the Deaf, on the school grounds in Frederick on Saturday last, Harry E. Koethe, supervisor of the boys of the school, aged about 20 years, son of Mrs. Charlotte and the late Charles W. Koogle, of Middletown, was struck by a pitched ball above the left ear with fatal effect. He got up but complained of dizziness. This occurred about 5.30 P. M., and in an hour he became unconscious. He was taken to the City Hospital where he remained unconscious till death came about 9 P. M.

Mrs. Alfred Riddlemoser.

On Tuesday May 14, Mrs. Alfred Riddlemoser, formerly Miss Lydia Hobbs, daughter of John Hobbs, died at Mt. Hope. Mrs. Riddlemoser was about sixty-five years of age. Her remains were brought to Emmitsburg on Wednesday the funeral services being held in Saint Anthony's Church, Rev. Father Trageser officiating. Mrs. Riddlemoser's body was buried in the same grave with the late Joseph Hobbs, in Mt. Saint Mary's Cemetery.

THERMOMETRIC READINGS.

Table with 2 columns: Time (8 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M.) and Temperature (Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday).

Mr. E. L. Annan is making extensive improvements on his property on West Main street.

J. Thos. Gelwick

PARAGRAPH NEWS

From All Points of The Compass.

A Digest of The Important And Interesting Happenings of The Week.

Much alarm is felt in Philadelphia over the plot that seems to have been hatched by the Black Hand society to kill the Duke d'Abruzzi.

St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Cathedral, Harrisburg, Pa., was dedicated on Tuesday with elaborate ceremonies. Every church in the diocese was represented.

Thirty-one persons were killed in the wreck of passenger train in California. Most of the victims were from Reading, Pa., and were coming home from an excursion to Los Angeles.

The Emperor of Russia has signed the appropriation of \$3,000,000 for the relief of the famine-stricken provinces in his realm. He also gave a large personal contribution toward the same cause.

In the testimony taken in the New York Life Insurance Election case it has come to light that certain ballots were "chloroformed." Defective ballots were fixed and fictitious names appended to them as witness.

Rev. Dr. John L. Clark, pastor of the Bushwick Avenue Church, in Brooklyn, who married Mabelle Gilman to William Ellis Corey, may have to face an investigation by the Congregational Ministers' Association.

Last Thursday was the seventy-fifth anniversary of Lafayette College, Easton, Pa. On May 9, 1832 this institution opened its doors with an enrollment of forty-three students. There are now over four hundred attending the College.

It is announced by the Interstate Commerce Commission that Attorney General Bonaparte has issued instructions to United States district attorneys to institute proceedings against twenty-five different railroad companies to exact penalties for violations of the safety appliance law.

The entertainment committee of the Christian Endeavor Societies of Seattle, having in charge the preparation for the National Christian Endeavor Convention, to be held there in July, after considerable debate voted that colored delegates to the convention should not be housed in the same hotels with whites.

Railroad companies are said by the Interstate Commerce Commission to have been negligent in the matter of sending in monthly reports of railway accidents, as required by law. The railroad companies were notified that a failure to report accidents promptly will result in a prosecution of the offending line.

A clerk in the Trust Company of America, New York, who has confessed to some minor thefts, has implicated several others, one of whom is a lawyer, in a scheme to steal \$1,000,000 worth of negotiable paper with the intention of demanding \$200,000 for its return with the guarantee that everything he kept secret and no one punished.

"Public health service in the United States is a disgrace to the country," said the celebrated Dr. Osler before the Pathological Society of Philadelphia, "and it always will be until politics is eliminated in the selection of men who look after the health of the public. Even in the rural districts of Great Britain no man is put in office unless he can show a certificate of qualification."

Former Governor Odell of New York, before the Republican State Committee holding its sessions in New York, presented a resolution indorsing Governor Hughes for the Republican nomination for President. A counter motion to have Odell's resolution tabled was offered and Chairman Woodruff said: "I move that this resolution be tabled on account of the gentleman who introduced it; by reason of his well-known antipathy to the President of the United States."

With a view of eliminating much red tape and simplifying the postal service in the United States, an investigation of the system now in vogue is being conducted by the postal commission, which was created by the last session of Congress. The commission will be assisted in its work by a bureau, just established. Expert accountants have been employed and will begin the work of formulating the new system.

The city of San Francisco was astounded by the news that Abraham Ruef, adviser of Mayor Schmit and political dictator, had pleaded guilty before Judge Dunne to the charge of extortion contained in the indictment recently found against him by the grand jury in connection with the French restaurant cases. After weeks of delay a jury had finally been secured and the actual trial of the indicted "boss" was to have begun. Sentence will be pronounced two weeks hence.

In the course of a lengthy interview President Diaz, of Mexico spoke of the needs of Central American. "I believe" said Mr. Diaz, "the best solution (of the problem of Central American republics) would be an amalgamation of all the Central American countries into one strong government, under a man with enough strength of character and honest common sense to hold in check the revolutionary spirit that has done so much to retard the progress and development of these countries."

Old Plymouth Church, Brooklyn the church in which Henry Ward Beecher labored and where Lyman Abbott preached shall never be used to promulgate the doctrines of Christian Science. When it was heard that the trustees had leased the building to the followers of Mrs. Eddy the members of this celebrated Church held a meeting and asked the trustees to rescind the lease. Gen. Horatio King made a speech denouncing the Christian Scientists and Mrs. Eddy, their head, as shams and frauds, and said Plymouth Church would be disgraced forever if the news went out to the world that the doctrine was discussed from its famous pulpit.

"From Sumter to Appomattox will be repeated to-night."

LET US HAVE ONE, TOO.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

The Frederick and Brunswick high schools will be fully equipped at once with a manual training department. Both schools will be under a competent instructor. The school commissioners have also decided to establish a like department in Frederick for the colored children. This school will be located in the northern section of the city.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in the Presbyterian Church on Sabbath morning, May the 26th.

Mr. Eichelberger Welty is having a concrete walk laid from his dwelling house to the pike.

J. T. Hays & Son are installing a 30-light gas machine at Union Bridge, Md.

Mr. George E. Clutz is having his property on West Main street repainted.

Mr. James Warren is giving his shop a coat of paint. This is quite an improvement.

Mr. H. B. Fogle, accompanied by Misses Lulu Koons, Mary Koons, Jeanette Engel, and Olive Engle, drove to New Chester, Pa., last week.

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IMPOLITIC MOVE.

EYLER'S FRIENDS INJURE HIS CAUSE BY UNWISE PETITION.

A Strong Sentiment In Favor of Condemned Man Dampened by Zeal of Misinformed Friends and Poorly Worded Petition.

The Gettysburg Compiler has this to say concerning the petitions being circulated for the commutation of Eyer's sentence:

Petitions are being circulated for signatures for presentation to the Board of Pardons asking that the sentence of death of Wm. Eyer on June 25 be commuted to imprisonment for life.

One of these petitions was presented at the office of the Compiler last week and signature to same requested and a refusal given to the signing of any such petition couched in the language used.

It was explained that the petition was prepared in Emmitsburg and the first dozen names were citizens of that place. The name at the head of the list was that of Edward H. Rowe. He was the party who sat beside William Hersh, Esq., during the progress of the trial. This petition containing the names of a few citizens of our town illustrated the harm that can be done one in the house of friends, for a paragraph in the petition would certainly do the prisoner more harm than good before the Board of Pardons.

In this paragraph the trial of William Eyer was styled a "miscarriage of justice" and trial and verdict were reflected upon and those who signed their names to the petition long petition could not have read it.

To call the trial a "miscarriage of justice" would not only be untrue but could do no good. The man was carefully and fairly tried and practically every ruling of the Court was in his favor so that all justice could be done.

The Supreme Court of the State has declared that the man was properly convicted of murder in the first degree. Any such statement would only do the prisoner more harm than good before the Board of Pardons.

It is usual also to ask the Court, District Attorney or any one who signs such petitions and it is impossible to conceive how these officers would see their way clear to sign a petition for commutation and stultify themselves by saying the trial they had a part in was a "miscarriage of justice" and so on.

To sign a petition not so worded and to have in existence another reflecting upon them would be unjust and unfair to the Court trying the prisoner.

It is the opinion of the Compiler that every petition asking for the commutation of the death sentence to life imprisonment and calling the trial a "miscarriage of justice" should be recalled and destroyed and a new start made with new petitions. The Compiler offers this suggestion because of the prevalent opinion that seems to be favorable to a commutation. Of the very large number of men who have been heard to discuss the matter the great majority said they should be imprisoned and not hanged.

This opinion is no reflection on the trial here. Those who hold to the opinion believe he was properly tried and convicted. They also recognize that the degree of drunkenness of the prisoner is no excuse for murder in Pennsylvania.

The sentiment however grows out of the peculiar circumstances of the case and conditions of the man. There is a total absence of cold bloodedness and wickedness of heart in the case. The man cannot be called depraved. He is woefully ignorant, so much so as to be harmless when sober. Though drunkenness is no excuse for the crime it is realized that his drinking had everything to do with making him capable of committing murder. He has no history of being often intoxicated. There was nothing of the hardened criminal or lawless desperado about him. He had been a hard working, industrious, dense ignorant young man and by the whimsy capable of taking the life of another. He was a wife who had born a good name and the prisoner has become a father since the commission of his act. These circumstances and conditions have created quiet a sentiment for commutation, and it is altogether possible if the man were presented to the Board of Pardons from this point of view, Court, officers and jurors might be willing to further this sentiment and the case of the prisoner given some hopeful aspects.

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DETOUR ITEMS.

Mr. Oliver Angel has sold his store to Mr. E. L. Mauer, a young and prominent business man of our town.

Miss Vellie Nicholson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Miller, is moving along rapidly.

Mr. James Myerly is having his house roofed with slate.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Fogle and Miss Katherine Appold visited in Keysville last Sunday.

A horse belonging to J. P. Waybright, driven by his son, Roger, became frightened last Thursday at the ringing of the bell at the railroad crossing west of town, and ran off. The animal turned into the Academy grounds where a number of children were playing but fortunately none were hurt.

Mr. and Mrs. William Fogle and son, Mr. P. D. Koons, Jr., and S. Arthur Myerly were in Frederick on Saturday.

Mr. T. J. Kolb was in York this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Koons and son, Russell, were the guests of Mr. T. J. Kolb on Sunday.

Mrs. W. H. Troxell, meet with a painful accident on Tuesday. While she was cleaning up the spring house, a stone fell from the wall and struck her on the head, inflicting a very bad cut, also wounding severely her shoulder. At present she is somewhat improved.

Mr. James Warren is giving his shop a coat of paint. This is quite an improvement.

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THE SECRET OF SELF-CONTROL.

By DONALD SAGE MAC KAY, D. D., (in the Caledonian)

Self-control is one of the perfections of the ideal man. It marks that point on the dial-plate of character which denotes the equilibrium of its varied powers. It is, in fact, the perfect poise of a man's mental and moral qualities. What we call a well-balanced nature is an essential condition of self-control. To be self-controlled, therefore, does not necessarily imply the possession of any extraordinary ability. The man possessing this power, looked at from the standpoint of any single talent, may be commonplace, a man of only moderate powers; but he is a force in the community, recognized as such by his associates and not infrequently accepted by them as a leader, simply because his powers, commonplace though they be, are held in perfect mastery, subservient to the one purpose he has in view. There is no warring of interests in his soul, no strife between his will and his emotions, no divorce between his ambitions and his ideals. His nature is in perfect poise—he has learned the secret of self-control.

It might be interesting to ask whether this quality is or is not, on the increase in our modern life. Are there more self-controlled people in the world to-day than there used to be? Society to-day, in its outward expression at least, is unquestionably more bridled and restrained than it used to be. Yet, there is a self-control that lies deeper than in the regions of speech or temper, which dominates the imagination, or reveals itself in the more subtle emotions of the heart and mind, and it is in restraining ourselves in these more hidden regions of the soul that the true test of character lies. It is in the inner citadel of character, too often an anarchy of desire takes the place of the settled rule of conscience and principle.

What, then, is the secret by which this great quality may be attained? Does self-control come through inheritance, or is it acquired by the will? In both ways, to a certain extent at least. On the one hand, that balance of nature and poise of soul out of which self-mastery proceeds, may be the priceless heritage of birth. That is, indeed, a great and rare gift. There are people who enter life with an array of powers so perfectly balanced and adjusted that self-control becomes for them a natural and an easy task. Such natures, in the perfection of their balance, are not swayed by the trivial irritations which so frequently unsettle others who are less fortunately endowed. Such people are not the pressure of worry as others do, and in the strength of their ordered qualities self-mastery becomes a natural sequence. Yet, even such natures must pay—do often pay—a certain penalty. The very fact that they are so perfectly balanced and self-poised implies not seldom a certain impassiveness of soul, a lack of sympathy, a want or sensitiveness to the movements of life around them. They are so completely self-contained that they are deficient in receptiveness towards the necessities of life about them. The self-control of a phlegmatic temperament may, indeed, be only another name for selfishness. The self-restraint which comes through sterilizing the soul from the outward world is a pretty poor apology after all.

On the other hand, it must be admitted that for a very large class of people this problem of self-control is tremendously complicated from their very birth. They come into the world with such an ill-adjusted array of powers, so unevenly adjusted (for which they are in no way responsible), that for them the effort to realize a proper self-control becomes one of the hardest tasks.

(To be concluded next week.)

COLLEGE NOTES. GETTYSBURG NEWS

Last week the 'varsity games were cancelled making the week void from a baseball standpoint. But the present week is well filled; Wednesday, Gettysburg; Thursday, West Virginia University; Friday, Johns Hopkins. Last year's game with the Indians went to thirteen innings and was won by M. S. M. by the score 2 to 1. The game tomorrow is expected to attract a large crowd to Echo Field.

The recent discussions as to whether the whippoorwill can or cannot sing, or does sing or does not sing, attracted our attention and afforded us some amusement. We hardly think that any Mountaineer will accuse the whippoorwill of braying or meowing. Yet those discussions have placed us in a position somewhat akin to that of the fellow who climbed the fence to escape the dentals of a white bull pup only to find that a black bull pup was awaiting his arrival on the other side. But our attention is attracted to a note rather of an observing, and is assumed to be the accompaniment of the whippoorwill's singing. What's the use in trying to knock the whippoorwill? Don't you sleep well?

Only one game was played in the Class League last week. The Seminary defeated the Sophomores 9 to 4.

Electricians are at work about the campus stringing electric wires and placing incandescent globes. The entrance through the oak grove from the upper terrace will be lighted with electric lights as also will be the various terraces about the main buildings. The electricity for these lights will be generated from a dynamo in the main engine room at the college.

It is interesting to note the great devotion which the students manifest towards their patroness, The Blessed Mother of God. Each morning after breakfast, large crowds make their pilgrimages up the mountainside via the grove to offer to their Mother the prayer of an affectionate body of children. Of the many beautiful customs at the Mountain, this one, in its simplicity and the ardor with which it is cherished and practiced, is not the least admired by those who understand its significance.

The Virginia Consolidated Copper Company, by Smith & Smith, attorneys, have secured an injunction against Thomas A. Donahue, in the local court, restraining him from interfering with the management of the company's property, known as the Liberty Copper Mines, near Libertytown, Md. Mr. Donahue has secured William P. Malsbury as his attorney. The defendant claims the company is indebted to him.

May Summit of the Circuit Court convened on Monday last with Judge Motter on the bench. The term is a non-jury one. The original trial and magistrates appeals docket were gone over and a few cases noted for trial. No appeals were ready for trial and court adjourned yesterday when the criminal docket was called. No cases of importance are marked for trial. Judge Henderson will next week sit in a few cases in which Judge Motter is disqualified under the law.

During the year the Bell Companies in the United States offset the depreciation which would otherwise have taken place in the value of the lines and equipment by expending \$32,814,568 for maintenance and renewal of plant. This expenditure was independent of that for new construction.

Year by year the plant is becoming of a more permanent character and nearly all of it is now of a type which need not be replaced until it is worn out. Throughout the country the business of the Bell Companies is supported by a satisfactory plant, a good organization and good service.

In reference to competing independent telephone companies it is stated that, as far as can be learned, they are, with few exceptions, making no relative gain; that comparatively few competitive plants have been established within the past few years and that investors are apparently less inclined than formerly to place their money in these undertakings.

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RIDDLEMOSEY. On Tuesday, May 14, 1907, at Mt. Hope Mrs. Alfred Riddlemoser, formerly Miss Lydia Hobbs, aged about sixty-five years. Funeral service at St. Anthony's Church, Mt. Saint Mary's, on Wednesday, with interment in Mt. Saint Mary's Cemetery, Rev. Father Trageser officiating.

HOBBS. On Tuesday, May 14, 1907, in Baltimore, Joseph Hobbs aged thirty-six years. Funeral services on Wednesday at St. Anthony's Church, Mt. Saint Mary's, interment in Mt. Saint Mary's Cemetery, Rev. Father Trageser officiating.

Wanted At Once. Man with two or three boys, from fourteen years up, to work in broom factory. Good chance for advancement. For wages and house rent to start with. Apply



**LIVE CAPITAL TOPICS.**

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Society has never been so gay in Washington during the Spring as this year when distinguished guests to the Exposition are arriving at the Capital nearly every day. This week is a notable one in the social world. General Kuroki, the famous Japanese officer and hero of Yalu, accompanied by Admiral Ijima, Commander of the Japanese squadron have arrived in Washington after a short stay at Jamestown and are the guests of Secretary Taft. They are being entertained not only at the Japanese Embassy but are besieged with invitations for dinners, luncheons and even breakfasts by the resident officials and citizens. They have been received by the President, dined at the White House and been given a reception to meet many Washingtonians by Secretary and Mrs. Taft. The hero of the earlier Chinese-Japanese war is the centre of attraction wherever he goes in the city. He is small in stature and typically Japanese in appearance. He is sixty-four years old and has been a soldier for forty years. The reception given to him and his suite is the most important formal recognition ever paid by the United States to a Japanese military officer.

Another visitor who is the recipient of the most distinguished attentions is the Duke Abruzzi of Italy who is not only an honored guest on account of his close relationship to the King of Italy but also because of his renown as an explorer. He is a guest at the Italian Embassy but he has also been entertained at the White House and had several receptions and a ball given in his honor. The Duke is commander of the Italian fleet at Jamestown and his visit to Washington follows that to the Exposition. He is accompanied by his suite and he will make a tour of the principal Eastern cities before returning to Italy.

A more striking contrast than that between the little Japanese officer and his royal highness, the Duke, would be hard to imagine but in the reception and meetings at fashionable entertainments they seem to have developed a mutual admiration and to have become good friends.

Officials of the Administration are almost to a man jubilant over the news from Ohio showing that Secretary Taft is after all the "favorite son" of that state. The President who is interested in the candidacy of Mr. Taft, naturally regards the decision of the Ohio leaders as something of a personal triumph and he has made no effort to conceal his satisfaction in the success so far of the Secretary. Mr. Garfield, of the Interior Department who has been a Taft boomer for more than a year is one of the jubilant officials who are expressing gratification at the result. The news stands. There are all of one opinion, that Ohio will have but one name to present to the Convention in 1908 and that other states will now rapidly fall into line and commit themselves for Mr. Taft. From this it will be visible signs of activity in other states in favor of the Secretary, this work having been delayed until the Ohio Republicans should have declared themselves. The chief aim of the Taft people will be to make the country better acquainted with the Secretary and to mold public opinion in his favor for next year. The first step in this direction was taken by the President himself when he announced the appointment of Oliver Street as United States attorney for the Northern District of Alabama. This appointment will doubtless be accepted as an anti-Fairbanks move and designed to offset the effect of the Vice-President's work in the South. The Vice-President is known to have been hard at work in the South and the President is just shrewd enough to begin his missionary work for Mr. Taft in the Fairbanks' reserve.

It is not to be understood that the President or his friends here believe that all that is necessary is for Ohio to name a man for him to be elected, or even to receive the nomination. They are aware that there is work to be done yet but they regard Mr. Taft's prospects as especially bright and they are not going to let any opportunity slip to advance his interests. It is rumored that the President may favor a movement to put Representative Burton in the Speaker's chair and thus force Mr. Cannon out of the race. Secretary Taft refuses to express himself with regard to the Ohio situation and is apparently more interested in his entertainment of the little Japanese General and in his preparations for the trip to the Philippines than he is in his chances for the nomination. Such good natured nonchalance in a Presidential candidate has perhaps never before been seen and sets an altogether new precedent in political manners.

**GRACEHAM.**

We are glad to note the sale of the Shipley property here, which has been vacant and neglected for six years. It was bought by our townsman, Mr. Adam R. Zentz, who already has cleared the premises of much that has made it unsightly, and will make a very pleasing and comfortable home of the place.

Mr. John Pittinger has rented the Hankey dwelling and store property here in town, vacated by Mr. William Morrison, and will remove here from Littlestown, Pa., in the next two weeks.

The usual Whitsunday love feast and communion will be observed here on Sunday. These services will begin the Summer schedule, 10 o'clock being the hour for services. All are cordially welcome. Some of the visitors expected to be with us on this occasion are Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Newcomer, Mr. Lloyd Colliflower and Miss Mary Colliflower, all of Washington, and Mr. William Colliflower and family of Baltimore.

It is heaven on earth to have a man's mind move in charity, rest in providence, and turn upon the poles of truth. —Warwick.

Use law and physic only for necessity. They that use them otherwise, abuse themselves into weak bodies and light purses. —Quarles.

**ROWE'S LIVERY**  
TEAMS AT ANY TIME AND FOR ANY OCCASION.  
SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL MEN.  
ALWAYS PROMPT AND SATISFACTORY SERVICE  
HOWARD M. ROWE,  
EMMITTSBURG, MD.  
C. & P. PHONE.

**A NOBLE STATE.**

(continued from first page.)

ter ties of affection between the two peoples." These words express the sentiment of the British people, their sentiment of affection and of pride, of hope of what you have done already, of hope of what you may do in the future. If I might venture to add any words in which Englishmen who have reflected upon your history, and their own would desire to convey their view of the teachings of that history, I would ask: Could the ancient moorland, with her recollections of fourteen centuries of national life and seven centuries of slow but steady Constitutional development send to her mighty daughter a better message than this old message? "Cherish alike and cherish together liberty and law." There is no true liberty, for anarchy means that the rights of the gentle and the weak are overridden by the violent. In the union of ordered liberty with a law gradually remoulded from age to age to suit the changing needs of the people, there has lain and there will always be progress and the peace both of England and America.

**NEWS FROM FREDERICK**

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Braddock Heights will be opened on May 20. Several attractions have already been secured. A special Summer schedule on the F. & M. Electric road will go into effect on that day and also on the Jefferson branch of that road.

Jacques de Molay Commandery A. F. & M. of this city, attended divine services at Hagerstown on May 9.

Memorial Day, May 30, will be appropriately observed in Frederick. Reynolds Post No. 2, G. A. R., and Schley Camp, S. V., will have charge of the exercises. The Company A., 1st Regiment M. N. G., the High School cadets and others have been invited to participate. The G. A. R. will attend St. John's Catholic Church on the Sunday preceding May 30. Monday, June 2, will be Memorial Day for the Confederate veterans. The programme, (not yet announced,) will be in charge of Alexander Young Camp Confederate Veterans assisted by Fitzhugh Lee Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy.

The Colored Hospital on West All Saint's street, will be formally opened next Monday. Dr. N. G. Bourne will head the hospital staff.

Renewed efforts are being made by residents of Court street and vicinity to get county commissioners to agree to pay for the paving with brick of the walks around the Court House. It is said that some of the Board are in favor of this project.

Democratic primaries for mayor of Frederick will be held on May 22nd from 10:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. under the Crawford County system. Mayor Smith and Alderman Schell will contest for the nomination. Aldermen will be nominated by a convention to meet on May 28th at 8 p. m., the primaries for the same to be held on May 27. A close and lively contest seems to be on for the nomination for mayor.

The Frederick & Middletown Railroad has secured additional ground for their new power house on East Patrick street, Frederick. The land adjoins the Northern Central Railroad.

Miss Daisy McDonald, of Frederick, has been elected State councilor of Maryland State Council of the Daughters of Liberty at their annual meeting in Salisbury. The new councilor is a well-known and very popular young lady of this city. A reception and banquet was tendered her when she returned from the convention.

Judge Jacob M. Birely, of the Orphans' Court, who has been very ill, is now improving. The Judge is very popular. He is best known in the county as the proprietor of Birely's Palace of Music, the leading music store in this city.

J. C. Schonforer, assistant chief of the Maryland Bureau of Statistics and Information, accompanied by assistants, is in this city to inspect all factories employing child labor. Children from twelve to eighteen must obtain permits to work and Mr. Schonforer, while here, will issue permits to applicants who are entitled to the same under the law.

Eleven millwrights, employed in placing machinery in the new City Mills, struck for shorter hours. This was refused and on Tuesday all of them left town.

Mr. Charles E. Kline, whose wife was killed last Summer while using a Frederick County Telephone Company's instrument was awarded \$3500 by a Cumberland jury.

A baseball team representing the Emmitsburg Public School defeated the junior team from St. Euphemia's School by the score of 15 to 9, on Monday afternoon.

**U. S. TRANSFER COMPANY.**  
MOTOR POWER  
REPLACES THE HORSE.

\$35 TO \$85.—300 HEAD OF HORSES and 100 HEAD OF YOUNG BLOCKY-BUILT MULES, 6 to 8 years old, weighing 900 to 1,400 pounds, to be positively sold, on account of our new motor-wagon system. Will be sold at the rate of 50 head a week. All good, serviceable stock, right out of hard work. Also, 30 HEAD OF BIG, YOUNG, FAT MARES, pavement sore; will come sound in the country. See SUPERINTENDENT at COMPANY'S STABLES, 533, 535, 537 and 539 WEST PRATT STREET, corner Greene, BALTIMORE, MD. feb 15-3mos. c. p.

**MULES. MULES. MULES.**  
U. S. TRANSFER COMPANY.  
100 HEAD YOUNG MULES, \$75 TO \$150 A PAIR. See Superintendent at Company's Stables, 535-537-539 W. Pratt st., cor. Greene, Baltimore, Md. feb 15-3mos. c. p.

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COMMENCEMENT BOUQUETS. march 22-ly



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The comfort of a woman's shoe depends largely on the flexibility of its sole. While all

**Dolly Madison Shoes**  
are unusually flexible, yet one style is especially designed for tender feet. It is called the Dolly Madison Hand-turn Shoe, with Feather Edge.

To those seeking absolute ease and comfort in their shoes we especially recommend this style  
\$3.00 and \$3.50  
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The ninety-ninth scholastic year begins September 14, 1906. Classical, Scientific and Commercial Courses. New Laboratory for the practical teaching of Physics and Chemistry.

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Separate department for young boys.  
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Souvenir Post Cards of Emmitsburg, Cigars, Pipes and Tobacco. Knives, Razors, Hardware, Guns, Rifles, Revolvers and Ammunition. Confectionery, Groceries and notions.

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Interest Paid On Savings Accounts and Time Deposits.

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July 13-17

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On Mondays and Tuesdays at Frederick. On Thursdays at Thurmont National Bank. Both Phones—C. & P. Emmitsburg, 22-4; Frederick County, Emmitsburg, 27. dec 7-17

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**

DR. J. A. O'TOOLE, DENTIST OF THURMONT, MD., WILL BE IN EMMITTSBURG, AT THE EMMITT HOUSE, TUESDAY OF EACH WEEK.  
april 5-11.

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See his splendid stock of GOLD & SILVER Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES.

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MARBLE AND CEMETERY WORK OF ALL KINDS.

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Have your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same and has always on hand a large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

No. 8086 Equity.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting as a Court of Equity. Joseph K. Hays, vs. George Smith and Annie Smith, his wife et al.

Ordered this 19th day of April, A. D. 1907, by the Circuit Court for Frederick County in Equity, that Hammond Urner and Eugene L. Rowe, Trustees in the above cause, give notice to all persons having claims against the estate of Jacob Smith, deceased, to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the Clerk of this Court, on or before the 18th day of May, A. D. 1907, by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper printed in Frederick County once a week for three successive weeks prior to the 18th day of May, A. D. 1907.

JOHN C. MOTTER.

Filed April 19th, 1907.

True copy—Test: SAMUEL T. HAFNER,

Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, Md. apr 26 4-ts.

**PUBLIC SALE.**

By virtue of a power of sale contained in last will and testament of Joseph T. Gelwicks, late of Frederick County, deceased, and in conformity with an order of the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, the undersigned, Executor of said last will and testament, will sell at public sale, on the premises,

Saturday, May 25, 1907,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., all that lot of ground, situated on East Main Street, in the Town of Emmitsburg, Md., of which the said Joseph T. Gelwicks, died, seized and possessed, being the Eastern part of Lot No. 109 on the plot of said town, fronting on Main Street about 16 feet and running back with a uniform width to an alley, improved with a 2-story

**WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE**

and a Bowling Alley.

Terms of sale as prescribed by the Orphans' Court:—One-half cash on day of sale or the ratification thereof by the Orphans' Court, the balance in six months, the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes, bearing interest from day of sale, with good and sufficient security, to be approved by the said Executor for the deferred payments, or all cash at the option of the purchaser.

ISAAC J. GELWICKS, Executor. may 3-4ts.

**ORDER NISI ON AUDIT**

No. 8074 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

MAY TERM, 1907.

In the matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 13th day of May, 1907.

George A. Ohler and Sarah Ohler, his wife vs. John T. Ohler, et al.

Ordered, That on the 4th day of June, 1907, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

Dated 13th day of May, 1907.

SAMUEL T. HAFNER.

Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County.

True copy—Test: SAMUEL T. HAFNER,

Clerk. Vincent Sebald, Sol. may 17-3ts.

**Webster's Estimate of the Bible.**

Daniel Webster placed the highest value on the Bible. Concerning it he once said, "If we abide by the principles taught in the Bible our country will go on prospering, but if we and our posterity neglect its instructions and authority, no man can tell how sudden a catastrophe may overwhelm us and bury all our glory in profound obscurity." Again he says: "I have read it through many times. I now make a practice of going through it once a year. It is a book of all others for lawyers and divines, and I pity the man who cannot find in it a rich supply of thought and rules for conduct. From the time at my mother's feet or on my father's knee I first learned to lispen verses from the sacred writings, they have been my daily and diligent contemplation. If there be anything in my style or thought that is commended, the credit is due to my kind parents for instilling into my mind an early love of the Scriptures."

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