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OPERATORS AGREE TO ARBITRATE

To Make Counter Proposition to Anthracite Miners.

SETTLE ONLY NEW GRIEVANCES

New York, April 10.—At the joint conference of the sub-committee of the anthracite coal miners and their employers to be held here today (Tuesday), the operators will decline to accept the arbitration plan as presented last week by the mine workers, and will in its stead present a counter proposition, which, if agreed to by President Mitchell and his men, will bind each side for more than two years. The operators have been working on the new plan ever since the adjournment of the joint conference of last Thursday, and the inability of the presidents of the hard-coal carrying railroads to complete minor details caused a postponement of 24 hours of the conference. The exact nature of the counter proposition was not made known by the operators, and they do not intend to permit it to become public property until it shall have been presented to the miners.

It is said, however, that the offer to be made involves an arbitration plan very different from the one presented by the miners, one that will call for the settlement of only new grievances that may be, after an impartial investigation has been made, found to exist. The operators still maintain the position that the miners in their demands have not called attention to anything that has not already been passed upon by the anthracite coal strike commission. There is a strong impression among the miners' committee that the operators will propose that President Roosevelt be requested to summon the strike commission to review the entire controversy. They decline, however, to indicate how they would receive one suggestion. The commission is familiar to a considerable extent with conditions in the anthracite regions, and, therefore, would not have to go over the entire ground, as would be the case if an entire new set of men were selected.

The operators' representatives were in close conference most of the day, and promise that unless something unforeseen should occur, they will be ready with their answer to the miners' arbitration plan. The reason given for the postponement was that the large coal companies desired to obtain the sentiment of all the independent operators before they draw up their formal answer, and as some of the independents were engaged in exchanging views in the upper Pennsylvania coal fields, it was deemed best to wait until they had taken action. The operators, through a representative, said the general policy had been decided upon, and that the minor details will be disposed of at a full meeting of the sub-committee prior to the conference with the miners.

President Mitchell announced that the last of the bituminous coal operators in the Pittsburgh district who had held out against the 1903 wage agreement signed the scale. This action, he said, clears up the western Pennsylvania territory, and means that 40,000 men in that territory who produce from 35,000,000 to 40,000,000 tons of soft coal a year will receive an increase of 5.55 per cent. in wages.

MINERS ARE HOPEFUL

Believe Operators Will Open Way For Settlement of Trouble.

Philadelphia, April 10.—Mine workers throughout the anthracite region express the belief that the action of the operators requesting a postponement of the New York conference is an indication that, while President Mitchell's arbitration may not be accepted as presented, the operators themselves will have a proposition that will open the way for an amicable settlement of the existing differences. While the operators are reported as opposed to reconsidering any of the grievances passed upon by the anthracite strike commission, it is understood that they are likely to admit the possibility of here being new issues which might be arbitrated. There seems to be little hope in the coal fields, however, that the negotiations will result in an immediate termination of the suspension of mining. Should the operators present a counter proposition at the meeting it is regarded as certain that President Mitchell will ask for another adjournment in order to enable him to discuss its terms with the miners' committee, and to frame an answer to the operators. The developments in New York have created a more hopeful feeling among the idle miners.

Mules Hoisted From Mines.

Mahoney City, Pa., April 10.—The mules at all the collieries of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company in the Mahoney region have been hoisted. A number of Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron deputies have arrived at Gilberton.

Strike Acts as a Boomerang.

Pottsville, Pa., April 9.—A strike in bricklayers, stone masons and plasterers, has revealed a remarkable condition of affairs. For a year or two past strikes and threats of strikes have been frequent, and this, combined with the high price of lumber, has prevented nearly all building, although the demand for houses is unprecedented. The workmen themselves have been the hardest hit, as a common laborer who earns less than \$2 a day is being asked to pay from \$25 to \$40 a rent cent.

COSY DELL.

A MOUNTAIN HOME PICTURE.
From The Democratic Advocate.

I will sing a song as I toil along,
A song, sweet home of thee;
Of your rocks and rills, and dear old hills,
And your Cosy Dell to the lee.
I will choose a name to grace you,
And it shall suit you well,
'Twill describe your fairest feature,
So I'll call you "Cosy Dell."

The wild children of nature,
That have dwelt with you for years,
Shall never be molested,
Or have cause to harbor fears.
We will make of them companions
And permit them still to dwell
With us in the friendly shelter
Of our Cosy Dell.

And upon your genial bosom
We will plant a garden fine,
That shall form a pleasing contrast
To the grey rock and the pine;
And we'll plant "mongst other flowers,"
Fair rose and sweet blue-bell,
And strive to enhance thy beauty,
Our pretty "Cosy Dell."

For thou art a spot that nature
Most surely meant to shield
When she placed those rugged hillsides
Around one tiny field.
And whilst I thus describe you
I'll change my message to tell
Some of the pleasing features
Of the hills of Cosy Dell.

On the hill to the east there is always
A feast
Of nut, or grape, or berry;
There the children play the long day
And with the birds make merry.
There the wild flowers grow and peep
Through the snow,
And the arbutus blossoms swell,
And their perfume sweet on the winds
So floats
Is wafted down through the dell.

'Tis the home, also, of the birds that go
To the south each fall to escape the snow;
But return each spring on the swiftest wing,
And the sweetest songs that they ever sing
Are poured on the air as they court and pair,
And display their charms so bright and fair,
And rear their young, and fly pell-mell
Through the shady trees of Cosy Dell.

On the hill to the west the red bird's nest
May be seen the whole year through,
As he flutters through the pines and
And twitters on the vines
With a heart ever constant and true;
For he has to his wife: "We will settle
Here for life,
For there are none that will call me a swell,
When I wear my red suit and blow my
Little flute
In the gardens of Cosy Dell."

But, said to say, one red bird gay
Has a song that would frighten romance away.
He will sit and sing till the hillsides ring,
And the echoes cast it back with a fling—
"Bully, bully, bully, bully, bully!
'Twill make you laugh to catch his notes quite fully."
"Bully, bully—I'll join him; well,
'Tis a bully place, this Cosy Dell."

But you must not think this the only lay
Which he will sing while the hours away;
There are other songs he will sometimes sing—
And he hath a sweet, cooling note in the spring;
But for approbation plain and clear, and
For approbation strong,
With which to cheer his wife so dear,
And to urge the little riddles on,
With his "bully" song his throat will swell
Till it fills each nook in Cosy Dell.

On the hill to the north the crows hold forth
Their counsels, long and loud,
As they look so alert and step with a flit.
And a witch of their tails so proud.
What their chatter is all about I could
Never make quite out;
But I've fancied I heard them tell
Of the seeds in the ground and the
Berries to be found
In the gardens of Cosy Dell.

But the fairest spot,
And the grandest spot of all,
Is where the rocks rise, like towers to the skies,
And are docketed with a loud waterfall.
There the storm-clouds bump, and pause
To jump,
And bump themselves and yell,
As with savage bound and a thundering leap
They leap clear over the dell.

There is a deep ravine, the hills between
A miniature vale, I may say;
Where the grass is green and a brook is seen
To wind a tortuous way.
There are verdant cascades and changing shades,
And ferns and moss and flowers;
And the place where we fancy fairies dwell,
And haunt the vale of Cosy Dell.

There is a spot, once was called the
"Devil's Den,"
But that was long ago; and when
The students from a house near by,
When they could escape from their teachers' eyes,
To Cosy Dell their steps were bent—
Though with fears that a guilty conscience lent.
They shot the squirrel, the snipe and the hare,
For the beautiful pheasant they fashioned—
Robbed the poor little birdlings' nests,
And crushed the eggs in the pockets of their vests;
And, finding a poor wild cat in its lair,
They all got frightened to the ends of their hair,
As they justly feared they would go to—
Well—
For their cruel conduct at Cosy Dell.

Now the huntsman bold, with his hound
So cold,
And his pack of hounds and his gun,
Comes riding along, on his beast so strong,
In quest of a fine day's fun.

"May we hunt a while?" he says, with a smile.
We answer, "Not even to smell
The track of the game that rove happy
And tame,
O'er the green hills of Cosy Dell."

There is a raccoon's ranch up the
branch,
And the den of an old grey fox;
And a place where they say the possums play
In the fissures of the rocks;
And I'll ne'er forget, for I see it yet,
The spot where the poor miniks fell;
The only twain we could not let remain
At our home at Cosy Dell.

There are little field-mice, that look so
nice
And innocent all the while;
Though the mischief they do to trouble
to you
You could not refuse them a smile;
Nor the brown wood-chuck, with his
little head stuck
From the door of his winter's cell,
Where he dug him a hole for the nuts
'Neath the trees of Cosy Dell.

Are there snakes in the grass? They
will feed as you pass,
And we harm them not as they go;
For in God's great plan even they are
friends to man,
Though by few considered so.
And the terrapin, too, with the varied
hue,
Of his carved and scalloped shell,
Shall have a snug nest and a century's
rest
In the gardens of Cosy Dell.

Here would I rear my children dear
By the rule of love—not that of fear;
And whilst they gather flower and fern,
Sweet lessons of beauty their hearts
may learn.
A kindergarten it shall be,
Where from oldest child to little baby
May read Nature's book, as they learn
to spell,
In their own loved home in Cosy Dell.

We love each rock and tree and flower,
And bird or insect that charms the hour;
And I'd like to name each creature that
came
From the hand of God, our souls to in-
flame
With love for Him who hath made them all
And gave them power our hearts to
enthral,
And their tumultuous passions quell,
And make life sweet at Cosy Dell.

When whisper will doth the night air
thrill,
As he pierces the skies with his plaintive
trill,
It makes me think it were sweet, too, to
die,
As I listen and gaze at the starry sky.
Could I like this with a sense of rest,
And a gaze forever fixed upon the bliss,
On the face of Him who has loved so
well,
All we poor sinners at Cosy Dell.

STILL AFTER DOWIE

"First Apostle" of Zion Again Vigorously Denounced.

Zion City, Ill., April 8.—With the approval of thousands of Dowieites in a meeting, General Overseer Glenn Voliva denounced John Alexander Dowie as a spendthrift, liar and traitor, and was in turn promised support as leader of the Christian Catholic Church in Zion, to fill the place of the founder of the church, now deceased and on his way from Mexico to fight for his rights.

When, after denouncing Dowie, Overseer Voliva suddenly demanded a decision of the audience which crowded Shiloh tabernacle as to who should be their future leader, the 6000 persons in the auditorium rose as one person and signified their willingness to follow Voliva to the end.

On the platform with Voliva were Mrs. John Alexander Dowie, Judge Barnes, head of the law department of Zion City, and Overseers Speicher, Excell, Cantel and Granger.

A message was received from Dowie, stating that he would reach Zion City Tuesday morning, and ordering Shiloh house, his residence in Zion City, to be prepared for his homecoming. Voliva, after reading this message, vowed that Dowie would not be allowed to enter the door of what formerly was his Zion City home.

BLAMES IT ALL ON WIFE

Dowie Declares He Will Never Live With Her Again.

Little Rock, Ark., April 10.—Dr. John Alexander Dowie will never again live with his wife. This disclosure he made to a representative of the Associated Press, for whom he sent his final determination to separate from Mrs. Dowie was made after he had received and read the Chicago papers of last Friday, containing a story to the effect that he had intended to establish a harem in his Mexican colony. He ascribes this story to Mrs. Dowie and his son, Gladstone. This story caused Dowie great mental anguish.

"How could they be so cruel? How could they cause to be published such a thing?" he said over and over again. When he had regained his composure he told of his irrevocable decision never to live with Mrs. Dowie again. "She is the cause of most of my trouble," he reiterated. "She has spurred on Voliva and the others until this dreadful trouble came and my persecution was complete. For years I tried to shield her, but her strange conduct has now passed beyond the point of human endurance. Money and jealousy were at the bottom of it all. She was incensed because I wanted to leave so much to Zion. May God forgive her."

"I offered her 2½ per cent. of the vast estate. It should have satisfied her, for it would have provided amply for her wants. As for her jealousy, who can account for that. I only know before my God that my life has been pure and blameless. These stories about polygamy are more than cruel—they are shocking."

SUIT TO RECOVER \$5,000,000

Civil Proceedings Started Against Philadelphia Contractors.

RESULT OF FILTER MUDDLE

Philadelphia, April 7.—Civil proceedings were instituted by the city against the contractors and former city officials interested in the construction of the municipal filtration plant to recover \$5,000,000, which sum is alleged to have been wrongfully retained by the defendants. A bill in equity was filed with the prothonotary of the common pleas court by City Solicitor Kinsey and former Judge James G. Gordon, Mayor Weaver's private counsel, Thos. J. McDaniel, and Daniel J. McNichol, Jr., named in the bill as Israel W. Durand, former Republican leader of this city; State Senator James P. McNichol; Anastas McNichol, his wife; Daniel J. McNichol, John M. Mack, all of whom were at one time members of the contracting firm of Daniel J. McNichol & Co.; William C. Haddock and Peter E. Costello, former directors of public works, and John W. Hill, former chief of the filtration bureau. The prayer is sworn to by Mayor Weaver. The bill is in the form of a paper book of more than 4000 pages containing the entire history of the filter plant contracts, and setting forth in detail the mass of evidence that has been gathered showing the alleged wrongdoings of the defendants by which the city was defrauded.

This bill is expected to give the public the facts upon which the mayor and his counsel rely to prove the charges that have been made from time to time against D. J. McNichol & Co. It is the first of the civil suits to be begun by the city since the beginning of the investigation into the construction of the filter and many of the statements contained in it are along the line of the report made by the filtration commission and signed by Major Cassius E. Gillette as chairman of the commission just prior to the election last November.

PLUNGE OVER EMBANKMENT
Locomotive on Pennsy Runs Into Reading, Pa., April 10.—The locomotive of the north, and Wilkes-Barre express train on the Schuylkill division of the Pennsylvania Railroad plunged over an embankment near Port Clinton, about 25 miles north of this city. The engineer and fireman jumped as the locomotive went over, and both escaped with slight injuries. A heavy rain had loosened the earth of a high embankment on one side of the tracks and a great mound fell upon the rails. The engine plunged into this landslide. The rails were torn up for a considerable distance, but the three passenger cars remained on the track level and not a passenger was injured. Their escape is considered miraculous. The passengers were transferred to a train on the Reading Railroad, the tracks of which run parallel with the Pennsylvania road at this point, and taken to Pottsville.

SMUGGLERS ON WARSHIP
It is Said \$750,000 Worth of Goods Were Taken Ashore at Frisco. San Francisco, April 10.—The Post publishes a story to the effect that a strong belief that dutiable goods valued at about \$750,000 were smuggled ashore in launches from the battleship Oregon, just before she departed for the Bremerton navy yards. It says that an order has been issued instructing the inspectors at Bremerton to delay every man of the battleship until the whole matter has been sifted to the bottom, and the customs authorities throughout the country have been notified to find and examine the questionable packages if possible.

The battleship was scheduled to get away for Bremerton on Saturday morning, but was detained on account of not having received sailing orders.

McCurdy Charged With Conspiracy. New York, April 10.—Charges of conspiracy in the appointment of Robert H. McCurdy as superintendent of the foreign department of the Mutual Life Insurance Company were made in a new action brought by that company against Richard A. McCurdy, formerly president of the company, and his son, Robert. The complaint alleges that the two McCurdys conspired to enrich Robert H. McCurdy by maintaining his compensation on a commission basis at an exorbitant rate. In the suit the Mutual seeks to recover from the defendants \$1,002,841.58.

Heir to \$300,000. Boston, April 7.—Benjamin F. Ellis, of Peoria, Ill., by a decision of the state supreme court was declared heir to one-half of the estate of \$300,000 of Miss Susan Ellis Murdock, of Carver, Mass. The case has been in the Massachusetts courts more than three years, and distant relatives have come forward to the number of more than 100. By the decision the two first cousins, Ellis and Mrs. Louisa Jane Ellis Pratt of Sharon, Mass., are declared to be the sole heirs.

Fish Trapper's Fine \$1680. Woodbury, N. J., April 9.—Fish and Game Warden Avis discovered a "car," or live box, containing seven dozen yellow perch in Sand Ditch, below Gibbstown. He at once liberated the fish, and the man who had trapped them begged to be liberated, too, but the warden will refer the case to the county authorities. The trapper is subject to a fine of \$20 for each fish, which would make his total fine \$1680.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Wednesday, April 4.
The iron bed and spring mattress factory of Foster Brothers at Utica, N. Y., was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$240,000.

James Clynn, 21 years old, of Portsmouth, Va., was fatally shot in Chicago by Henry Seaman, whom he attempted to rob.

The Buffalo, N. Y., Evening Times building was badly damaged by fire that started in the lithograph department. Loss, \$200,000.

The Iowa legislature has invited President Roosevelt to attend the national convention of the Philippine veterans at Des Moines in August.

Thursday, April 5.
The late Catherine S. Drake, of Easton, Pa., left \$75,000 to charity.

General Blanco, formerly governor general of Cuba, died at Madrid, Spain. James W. Luce, a young white farmer, was hanged at Danville, Ark., for the murder of his wife and three children.

It was announced in New Haven, Conn., United States Senator Chauncey Depew has declined to stand for re-election to Yale College corporation.

The bristle of a toothbrush which lodged in the throat of Miss Agnes Zeltzer, of Eyeleth, Minn., two years ago, has just been removed from her arm.

Friday, April 6.
Mrs. Mary Turner, widow of Daniel Turner, who was with the Union forces at Fort Sumter, died at Asbury Park, N. J.

President Roosevelt will deliver his Decoration Day address this year before the Army and Navy Union at Norfolk, Va.

The result of the census of Wilmington, Del., recently taken by the police shows a total population of 55,432, an increase of 75,608 in 1900.

Dr. William G. Logan, a wealthy retired physician, has given his \$70,000 home at Kansas City, Mo., to the Board of Extension of the Christian Church.

Saturday, April 7.
Mrs. Mary Rogers, a negro woman, said to 123 years old, died in Chicago.

United States Senator R. A. Alger will not be a candidate for re-election before the Michigan legislature.

Delphine Love, an actress, committed suicide in New York by jumping from the second story of a hotel.

Weston Flint, lawyer, journalist and former librarian of the Washington, D. C., public library, died at the age of 71 years.

Walter Foster, 18 years old, of New York, shot and slightly injured his 16-year-old wife and then fatally shot himself.

George W. Riley, the engineer, was killed in a collision with the B. & O. between a passenger train and some freight cars near Cumberland, Md.

Monday, April 9.
On the summit of Angle Hill, Lehigh county, Pa., Contractor George H. Hazen, of Allentown, will start a rabbit farm.

The De Forest Wireless Telegraph Company, announced in New York that it had succeeded in sending messages across the Atlantic ocean.

Governor Harley, of Indiana, has refused to pardon or parole former State Auditor David E. Sherrick, who was sent to prison for 20 years for embezzlement.

Stepping in front of a shifting engine at Hinton, W. Va., Jack Perkins and Eugene Curtis, section men of the Chesapeake & Ohio road, were ground to pieces.

Tuesday, April 10.
Rev. U. G. Sutherland, who was on trial at New Albany, Ind., for killing his wife, was declared not guilty by the jury.

Jeremiah Barr was killed at Hazleton, Pa., by Frank Cooper while he was trying to force his way into Cooper's house.

The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for the condition of the national banks at the close of business on April 6.

The furnace of the Empire Iron Company at Oxford, N. J., has closed down because of the scarcity of coal, due to the miners' troubles.

All the Reading Railroad Company's round-house men in the vicinity of Shamokin, Pa., were put on half time on account of the coal suspension.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS

The Latest Closing Prices in the Principal Markets.

PHILADELPHIA.—FLOUR steady; winter extras, \$3.25; Pennsylvania roller, \$3.25 to \$3.40; C. V. mill, fancy, \$4.00 to \$4.70. RYE FLOUR mill, per barrel, \$3.65. WHEAT firm; No. 2 Pennsylvania red, new, \$2.25 to \$2.30; CORN firm; No. 2 yellow, local, 53c. OATS steady; No. 2 white, clipped, 37c.; lower grades, 35c. HAY firm; No. 1 timothy, \$15.50 for large bales. PORK steady; family, \$17. BEEF steady; beef hams, \$23 to \$24. POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 14½ to 15c.; old roosters, 10c. DRESSED firm; choice fowls, 15c.; old roosters, 10c. BUTTER steady; creamery, 25c. per lb. EGGS firm; selected, 19 to 20c. nearly 18c. southern, 17 to 18c. POTATOES steady; per bushel, 63c.

BALTIMORE.—WHEAT firm; No. 2 spot, 85c.; steamer, No. 2 spot, 76c.; No. 2 Pennsylvania red, new, 82½ to 83c. CORN firm; No. 2 yellow, local, 53c. OATS steady; No. 2 white, clipped, 37c.; lower grades, 35c. HAY firm; No. 1 timothy, \$15.50 for large bales. PORK steady; family, \$17. BEEF steady; beef hams, \$23 to \$24. POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 14½ to 15c.; old roosters, 10c. DRESSED firm; choice fowls, 15c.; old roosters, 10c. BUTTER steady; creamery, 25c. per lb. EGGS firm; selected, 19 to 20c. nearly 18c. southern, 17 to 18c. POTATOES steady; per bushel, 63c.

PITTSBURGH.—(Union Stock Yards).—CATTLE slow; choice, \$5.60 to \$5.80; prime, \$5.30 to \$5.50. HOGS steady; prime hoes, mediums and heavy Yorkers, \$6.85 to \$6.90. Light Yorkers, \$5.70 to \$5.80; pigs, \$6.55 to \$6.65; roughs, \$5.50 to \$5.60. SHEEP slow; prime wethers, \$6.25 to \$6.30; common, \$5.60 to \$5.70; veal calves, \$6 to \$6.50.

KILLED HIS SICK WIFE

Drunken Brute Beat Her So Badly That She Died.

Baltimore, Md., April 9.—Because his 9-year-old son Thomas did not cook a meal quickly enough to please him, John T. Kennedy created a disturbance that attracted his sick wife from her bedroom to the kitchen of their home in a tenement house. A fight ensued between the man and his wife, in which the latter was so badly beaten that she died soon afterward. A neighbor, summoned by the child, found the mother still alive, but unconscious, and placed her on a couch beside which Kennedy lay down and went to sleep. The police heard nothing of the affair for more than five hours, when officers went to the house and found Kennedy still asleep beside the corpse. He made a statement to the officials, in which he acknowledged having beaten his wife while intoxicated, but said that he did not think he was striking her hard enough to kill her.

Was Shot in Quarrel.

Philadelphia, April 10.—Word was received here of the fatal shooting of Stephen Booth, a negro, at West Grove, Pa., about 30 miles from here. Nathan Wilmer and John Gibbs, negroes, it is said were drinking in an abandoned shop when Booth entered and the three became involved in a quarrel. Each drew a revolver and eighteen shots were exchanged, the last one killing Booth. Wilmer and Gibbs are under arrest.

Flag House Bill in Congress.

Washington, April 10.—Representative Moon, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill which accepts for the government from the American Flag House and Betsy Ross Memorial Association what is known as the "Old Flag House," a two-story stone and brick structure in Philadelphia, where the first American flag was made in 1776. The bill requires the government to keep the house open for exhibition purposes.

Hangs Himself in His Sleep.

Akron, O., April 9.—Jacob Stair, aged 65, who has been known as a sleep walker, awoke while asleep, walked downstairs and hanged himself to a floor joist with a piece of twine. He was a prominent Mason.

South American Exile in Boston.

Boston, April 10.—Exiled from his native land and with a price upon his head, former president, General Domingo Vasquez, of Honduras, arrived in this city on the steamer San Jose from Port Limon, Costa Rica.

Keep Close to the Right Kind.

Whatever you do in life, make any sacrifice necessary to keep in an environment that will stimulate you to self development. Keep close to people who understand you, who believe in you, who will help you to discover yourself and encourage you to make the most of yourself. This may make all the difference to you between a grand success and a mediocre existence. Stick to those who are trying to do something and to be somebody in the world—people of high aims, lofty ambition. Keep close to those who are dead in earnest. Ambition is contagious. You will catch the spirit that dominates your environment. The success of those about you who are trying to climb upward will encourage and stimulate you to struggle harder if you have not done quite so well yourself.—Success Magazine.

To Waterproof Boots.

Put a pound of tallow and half a pound of resin in a pot on the fire. When melted, mix well, warm the boots and apply the hot stuff with a paintbrush until neither the sole nor the upper leather will suck in any more. If it is desired that the boots should immediately take a polish, melt an ounce of wax with a teaspoonful of lampblack. A day after the boots have been treated with tallow and resin rub over them this wax in turpentine, but not before the fire. The exterior will then have a coat of wax alone and will shine like a mirror. Tallow or any other grease becomes rancid and rots the stitching as well as leather, but the resin gives it an antiseptic quality which preserves the whole. Boots and shoes should be so large as to admit of wearing cork soles. They will then be much warmer.

Devotion.

That was a remarkable instance of devotion to which an Italian journal referred some time ago, wherein a husband, on hearing that his wife looked her best in mourning committed suicide that she might have an opportunity to wear it.—London Queen.

Insect Bites.

The London Lancet remarks: "Many people do not know how easily they can protect themselves and their children against the bites of gnats and other insects. Weak carbolic acid sponged in the hair and hair and in some cases clothing will drive away the whole tribe. We have no doubt that horses and cattle will be protected in the same way from flies, which sometimes nearly madden them."

Nothing will relieve indigestion that is not a thorough digestant.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat, and allows the stomach to rest—recooperate—grow strong again. A few doses of Kodol after meals will soon restore the stomach and digestive organs to a full performance of their functions, naturally. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman, druggist.

MOUNTAIN OF FIRE KILLS HUNDREDS

Reports of Fatalities About Vesuvius Are Coming In.

MANY TOWNS ARE ABANDONED

Naples, April 10.—Reports of fatalities consequent upon the eruption of Mount Vesuvius are coming in. According to information received, probably as many as 500 lives were lost. It is said that more than 200 perished in the district of San Giuseppe, while from the ruins of a church, which collapsed owing to the weight of ashes on the roof, 40 corpses were extricated, and it is asserted that at Sorrento 37 persons were killed by falling houses.

A railway train from San Giuseppe for Naples was derailed owing to showers of stones from the crater. Cars of stones from the crater.

Cavalry proceeding to the succor of the inhabitants of the devastated section have been unable to make progress, the rain falling on the ashes a foot deep, having made it impossible for the horses to travel.

The streams of lava are almost stationary. Troops are erecting barriers in the direction of Pompeii to prevent further danger in that quarter.

Almost equally with the devastation wrought by the lava is the damage done by cinders and ashes, which in incredible quantities have been carried great distances. This has caused the practical destruction of San Giuseppe, a place of 6000 inhabitants. All but 200 of the people had fled from San Giuseppe, and these 200 assembled in a church to attend mass. While the priest was performing his sacred office the roof fell in, many were killed and about 60 persons were badly injured. The only thing left standing in the church was a statue of St. Anna, the preservation of which the poor, homeless people accepted as a miracle and promise of deliverance from their peril.

At Ottajano five churches and 10 houses fell under the weight of ashes and cinders, which lie four feet deep on the ground. In the fall of the buildings about 12 persons were killed and many were injured. The village is completely deserted by its people. After the evacuation of the place the barracks and prisons fell in.

Reports from coast and inland towns depict terrible devastation. San Giorgio, Cremona, Portici, Resina and Gioi del Greco have been almost completely abandoned.

No trace remains of Boscoreale, a commune on the southern declivity of the mountain, where up to 48 hours ago 10,000 persons lived, and Torre Annunziata, on the shores of the gulf of Naples, one mile to the southward, is almost completely deserted by its 30,000 inhabitants. The people were brought to Naples by trains, street cars, military carts and steamships

FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1906.

59 New Cases Of Typhoid.

Pittsburg, April 11.—Fifty eight cases of typhoid fever were reported to the Bureau of Health today. These are new cases that have developed within the past 24 hours.

A new and more serious phase has come over the situation in the reports from the various schools about the city. At present there are 1,000 pupils absent because of illness and a great many of them are suffering from typhoid fever. The city Superintendent of schools, Samuel Andrews, today attributed these cases to the unfiltered city water supplied to the schools.

The Central Board of Education has taken up the matter and has ordered filters installed in the buildings over which it has control. The Board of Education has no control over the subdistricts of the city, and much indignation has been aroused against the boards that have either refused or neglected to supply the pupils with pure water.

The health authorities declare that each day makes the danger greater and the negligent boards should be compelled to have purified water served to the students.—Sun.

More Taxes From The B. & O.

The Montgomery County Commissioners Wednesday decided to increase the taxation of the double-trackage of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad Company in Montgomery county from \$12,500 to \$20,000 a mile. This will mean that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company will hereafter be required to pay taxes on an additional \$210,000 worth of property and will increase the annual revenue of the county about \$2,000.

Judge Bond, of the railway company, appeared before the board and made an argument against the increase, taking the position that the extensive improvements now being made in Montgomery county to the company's property should be completed before there should be any increase in taxation.

Two Sudden Deaths.

Mrs. Florence C. Middlekauff and her half-sister, Miss Frances M. Cook, died within a half hour of each other in the same house late Friday night, in Hagerstown. Mrs. Middlekauff was the wife of George W. Middlekauff, building contractor, formerly of Hagerstown, now in business at Jacksonville, Fla. She died of cancer.

Miss Cook, her half-sister, died of paralysis, without knowing that her sister had preceded her in death. She was born in Hagerstown and was 71 years old.

Hagerstown's Public Building.

Washington, April 9.—The Omnibus Bill, which will provide appropriations for \$20,000,000 worth of new public buildings this year, will contain an appropriation of \$100,000 for a new postoffice at Hagerstown. Representative Pearre introduced this bill early in the session, and has been unremitting in his arguments with the members of the Public Buildings Committee in behalf of his bill.

David Keener Shriver died at his home, on Green street, Westminster, Monday afternoon at the age of 60 years. Mr. Shriver was a son of the late Augustus Shriver, who at the time of his death was president of First National Bank of Westminster. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having entered as a volunteer in the Pennsylvania Bucktail Regiment at an early age. He leaves a widow and four daughters and three sons.

James A. Goodson, who died the other day in poverty in Atlanta, was at one time a rich ranchman in Wyoming. While prospecting in the West 20 years ago he struck a rich gold mine, and afterward invested his money in cattle. By an unfortunate investment he lost all.

An issue of the present municipal campaign in Hagerstown will be whether or not the city shall issue \$500,000 of bonds to establish municipal waterworks.

Daniel W. Reichard was appointed collector of taxes for Washington county. The office, which carries with it a salary of \$3,000 a year, is one of the most lucrative in the county.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has announced that he will give \$12,500 to the Blackstone Female Institute if its friends will raise \$37,500.

A deal for coal, gas and oil lands, aggregating 210,000 acres, in West Virginia and Ohio has been closed by Eastern capitalists.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company is spending millions on improvements on the Wheeling division.

McHenry Brothers, in Hagerstown, sold \$6,000 worth of horses Wednesday. Fifty-two horses brought from \$65 to \$237.50 each.

Historic Ferry Leased.

Mrs. Harry Ardinger has leased the old historic ferry over the Potomac at Williamsport to John Palmer.

This is the oldest ferry in continuous operation along the Potomac and has been owned by the Lemen family for more than half a century. The late Peter Light Lemen, for many years a prominent Berkeley county citizen, and father of the present owner of the ferry, once refused \$5,000 for his right to operate the ferry, but of late years it has not been so valuable.

During the Civil War this point was a bone of contention between the opposing forces. Doubleday's Battery of Union artillery was planted on the high hill on the Maryland side to command the approaches. It was at this point that the main body of General Lee's forces crossed the Potomac on the retreat to Virginia after the battle of Gettysburg.

Lives With Half A Stomach.

After having had part of his stomach cut away and his intestines connected in a new place, Charles A. Gale, of New York city, is seemingly on the road to health, after 10 years of sickness and pain. During the last decade Mr. Gale has been treated for appendicitis, ulcers, cancer, indigestion and many other complaints, but with no relief. He was a prominent shoe dealer in South Norwalk, Conn., and had to give up his business.

As a last resource his stomach was removed entirely on Saturday at the Lenox Hospital in Brooklyn. The doctors were astonished to find that the outlet from the stomach to the small intestine was no larger than the point of a lead pencil, and all of the food digested had to pass through this opening. The result was a wonderful collection of foreign objects in the stomach.

Every seed that Mr. Gale had eaten since a boy was there and many other things, while the stomach had been extended until it was twice the normal size.

Half of it was cut away and the intestine was connected with it in a new place, and now Mr. Gale is improving rapidly, with every indication of having health in the future.

Ask For Allen's Foot Ease, A Powder. It makes walking easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating Feet. At all Drug Stores and Shoe Stores. Be sure you get Allen's. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Lefroy, N. Y.

Woman Held Up Burglars

Convinced that thieves were endeavoring Wednesday afternoon to pick the lock of her apartment in St. Mark's avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., Mrs. Annie Garvin took her husband's revolver and suddenly opening the door, thrust the pistol at the faces of two astonished men, who were on their knees at work. The weapon was old, rusty and unloaded.

Mrs. Garvin threatened to shoot if either man moved. One started to crawl toward the stairs and down came the trigger. There was no explosion, but the burglars, believing the cartridge was defective bolted for the street.

Weapon in hand, the woman followed, yelling for help. Policemen were preparing to meet the fugitives, when one suddenly turned and again found himself facing the muzzle of Mrs. Garvin's revolver. Exhausted and frightened, he surrendered. He said he was Gerald Walsh, 18 years old. The other man escaped.

Child Killed By Train.

Suffolk, Va., April 5.—Inez, the 4-year-old daughter of George Babb was struck by a northbound Atlantic Coast Line train at Nunery's Siding about noon today and was instantly killed. This is the second child Mr. Babb has had killed at that point within the last two years.

Engineer Mark Noe, whose heroism saved many lives at the Norfolk and Western wreck at Juniper Siding yesterday, remarked shortly afterward that he never started on a run without first praying to God to preserve the lives of his passengers, his crew and himself. This remark was made after he had been carried to warm by a stove. His clothes were wet, and he complained of extreme cold. A traveling man furnished him dry clothing.

Big Planing Mill Burned.

The large planing mill of the United States Lumber Company, with much valuable lumber, located at Green Spring, 14 miles east of Cumberland, was consumed by fire. The company recently purchased a large tract of timber in the vicinity of Oldtown, Md. The fire originated from a spark thrown off by an engine.

Navigation on the lower part of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal was suspended for a short time by the sinking of Darby's grain boat on the level below Wexford. The boat was loaded with 2,000 bushels of wheat.

Mexican War Veteran Dead.

James A. Westbrook died at Cumberland April 4 aged 86 years. He was the last veteran of the Mexican War in Allegany county. He also served in the Union Army in the Civil War. For five years Mr. Westbrook was chief of police at Altoona, Pa. He served a number of years on the Cumberland police force. He was one of the early boatmen on the Chesapeake and Ohio canal. For five years he operated a cab line in Washington. A few years ago his son James died from wounds from an assault.

He is survived by his widow and the following children: Mrs. Louise Pavener, Mrs. Laura C. Atwell, Washington, D. C.; John H. and William F. Westbrook, Mrs. Nellie C. Long and Mrs. Martha A. Schugle, Cumberland.

What good does it do you to eat if your stomach fails to digest the food? None. It does you harm—causes belching, sour stomach, flatulence, etc. When the stomach fails a little Kodol Dyspepsia Cure after each meal will digest what you eat and make the stomach sweet. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman, druggist.

\$400,000 FOR CONNECTICUT

Washington, April 11.—The present prospects are, according to the view obtaining at the Navy Department, that the battleship Connecticut, being constructed by the Government at the New York Navy Yard, will not only cost approximately \$400,000 more than her sister ship, the Louisiana, being built by private contractors at Newport News, but that the Government will lose the race which has been on since the building of the two big ships was begun. Just how much longer it may take to complete the Connecticut than the Louisiana depends upon the action of Congress.

According to the latest figures at the Navy Department showing the progress being made on ships under construction the percentage of completion reached on the Louisiana is 97.92 and the Connecticut 97.11. It was stated at the department today that after spending the allotment made for the present month the department will have but \$10,000 to spend on the Connecticut for the month of May, unless Congress in the mean time passes the appropriation bill and authorizes the increase in the limit of cost asked for by the department and for which provision is made in the bill.

When Congress provided for the construction of one of these battleships at the navy yard it was with a view of obtaining comparative figures to show whether the Government could build ships more economically at the navy yards than by private contract. The race between the two ships has been watched with keen interest by naval authorities and those interested in ship construction because of the future policy it might bring about.

Unless Congress shall have made provision for the increased \$400,000 cost of the Connecticut by June 1, the work on the battleship will necessarily be suspended.

It is estimated at the department that the Louisiana will be ready for delivery to the Government in from four to six weeks.—Sun

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills For Constipation.

Germany's Big Drink Bill.

Germany's enormous drink bill is explained in letters to the bureaus of manufactures from American Consuls British and Guenther. Each inhabitant consumes a yearly average of 6 1/2 quarts of wine, 129 1/2 quarts of beer and 8 quarts of brandy. For a population of 60,000,000 people the liquor expenditure is \$672,588,000.

The average for male citizens over 15 years would be \$37.36. By contrast, German expenditures for schools were \$99,722,000; for working people's insurance, \$104,244,000, and for the army and navy \$203,847,000.

Rev. C. H. Cannon Leaves.

Rev. C. H. Cannon, after a pastorate of four years at Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church South, Cumberland preached his farewell sermon Sunday night. He has been sent to Grace Church, Roanoke, Virginia.

During Mr. Cannon's pastorate in South Cumberland the congregation has grown from 137 members to 385. He built a parsonage on Grand avenue at a cost of \$3,200, working on it with his own hands 165 days.

A FACT ABOUT THE "BLUES"

What is known as the "Blues" is seldom occasioned by actual existing external conditions, but in the great majority of cases by a disordered LIVER.

THIS IS A FACT which may be demonstrated by trying a course of

Tutt's Pills

They control and regulate the LIVER. They bring hope and buoyancy to the mind. They bring health and elasticity to the body.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

TAX SALE.

By virtue of the power vested in me, the undersigned, as County Treasurer for the collection of State and County Taxes for Frederick county and State of Maryland, for the years 1902 and 1903, I will sell for the payment of State and County Taxes for said years, now due and in arrears and for costs, at the Court House Door in Frederick City, Maryland,

On Monday, April 23rd, 1906, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following described Real Estate or so much thereof as will satisfy said taxes and costs:

A LOT OF GROUND situated on the Broad Street or Alley, lying South of Main Street, in "Shields' Addition" to the Town of Emmitsburg, Maryland, it being the Western half of the Lot designated on the Plat of said "Shields' Addition" as Lot Number 56, improved with a Two-Story Frame Dwelling House. The said Lot and improvements stand on the assessment books of said county in the name of James Snell and are assessed for the sum of Two Hundred Dollars.

Terms of Sale:—Cash. The purchaser to be at all the expense of conveying.

CHARLES C. BISER, County Treasurer.

March 20-4ts

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

JACOB SMITH, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 2nd day of October, 1906; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 30th day of March, 1906.

GEORGE SMITH, Administrator.

EUGENE L. ROWE, Attorney. mar 30-3t

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Frederick county, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed on the 12th day of March, 1906, in the matter of Jane Patton, deceased, being No. 7979 Equity on the Equity Docket of said Court, the undersigned, Committee, will sell at public sale on the premises at 1 o'clock, P. M.,

On Saturday, April 14th, 1906, the following described real estate, situated on the North side of East Main Street, in the Town of Emmitsburg, Frederick county, Maryland, all that part of

LOT NO. 114, on the plat of said Town, fronting Thirty Feet on said East Main Street, and running back from said street, with an equal width of thirty feet, to a public alley. Said lot is improved by a One Story Log House.

Terms of Sale:—One-third cash on day of sale or the ratification thereof; the balance in six months from day of sale, the purchaser giving his or her note secured to the satisfaction of committee, bearing interest from day of sale, or all cash at the option of the purchaser. All conveyancing at the expense of the purchaser.

VINCENT SEBOLD, Committee. march 23-4t

Matting Matting Matting

Call and Examine the Beautiful New

CHINA and JAPAN MATTINGS

—AT—

JOSEPH E. HOKE'S.

25 different patterns. The best assortment of Matting ever displayed in Emmitsburg at very low prices.

Have also a lot of Spring Dress Goods, Mohairs, Newdam Cloth, Taffeta effect, Crepe de Chine, Florentine Mohair, Zephyr Suiting, Henry Serge, Dotted Swiss, Persian Lawn and White Goods for Shirt Waists. Also fine assortment of Notions, Embroidered Shirt Waist Sets, Swiss Embroideries, All Overs, Italian and German Valenciennes Laces and Insertions, Lace Hose in White and Black, Beautiful Fans, Etc.

Also fine lot of Men's and Boys' fine fancy Shirts, in all the latest styles.

Candy of all kinds. Fine fresh Chocolates every week. Lowmy's Easter Bonbons. Also Easter Novelties.

JOSEPH E. HOKE

SPECIAL MEETING

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

FREDERICK, Md., March 19th, 1906. The County Commissioners will meet at their office at the Court House on

Monday, April 2nd, 1906, At 10 o'clock A. M., and will continue in session three weeks to hear appeals from assessments, assess new property, consider pension applications and for the transaction of general business.

The following schedule of districts has been adopted:

FIRST WEEK.

April 2 and 3.—General Business. April 4.—Frederick District. April 5.—Buckeystown and Middletown Districts.

April 6.—Cresgetstown and Emmitsburg Districts. April 7.—Catoctin and Urbana Districts.

SECOND WEEK.

April 9.—Liberty and New Market Districts. April 10.—Hauvers and Woodboro Districts.

April 11.—Petersville and Mt. Pleasant Districts. April 12.—Jefferson and Mechanicstown Districts.

April 13.—Jackson and Johnsville Districts. April 14.—Woodville and Linganore Districts.

THIRD WEEK.

April 16.—Lewistown and Tuscarora Districts. April 17.—Burkittsville, Ballenger and Braddock Districts.

April 18.—Brunswick and Walkersville Districts. April 19, 20 and 21.—Pension Days.

The attention of all taxables is especially directed to this notice, as no abatement will be made nor will any credit be allowed after the 30th day of April 1906, until the Levy of this year shall have been completed.

Persons having erected new buildings, or made additions and improvements to their old buildings, and those acquiring additional personal property would do well to report the valuation of the same, otherwise they may be assessed excessively.

Those disposing of personal property should also report sale and bring their sale books to this office before May 1st, by order,

WILLIAM H. HOGARTH, President. E. H. ALBAUGH, Clerk. mar 30-3t

ORDER NISI ON SALES.

No. 7969 EQUITY. In the Circuit Court for Frederick county, sitting in Equity.

MARCH TERM, 1906. In the matter of the Report of Sales filed the 16th day of March, 1906.

Ann Adelsberger vs. Alice Adelsberger, et al. Commenced, That on the 14th day of April, 1906, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate, reported to said court by Vincent Sebold, Trustee in the above cause, and filed therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick county, for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The Report states the amount of sales to be \$125.00. Dated this 16th day of March, 1906.

SAMUEL T. HAFNER, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick county. True copy—Test: SAMUEL T. HAFNER, Clerk. Vincent Sebold, Sol. march 23-4t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

AUGUSTINE WAGNER, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 26th day of September, 1906; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of March, 1906.

JOSEPH E. WAGNER, Administrator. march 23-5ts

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure a Patent, write to PATENTS and TRADE-MARKS to CASNOW & CO. OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

VINCENT SEBOLD, Committee. march 23-4t

Stock Profits

can be greatly increased by giving special care to the health of every animal and fowl on the farm. Sick poultry, sheep, cattle, hogs, horses, etc., depend on their livers to keep them well.

Black-Draught

Stock and Poultry Medicine

keeps their livers working and therefore keeps them well. Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine is a pure, natural, vegetable, blood purifier, and acts by regulating the stomach, liver and bowels. It prevents and cures Hog Cholera, Chicken Cholera, Colic, Distemper, Coughs, Colds, Constipation, Fever, Loss of Appetite, Wasting Away, and all the common stock diseases. It is a perfect medicine for general farm use. Try it.

Price 25c for a large can, at all druggists and dealers

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Heals Kidneys and Bladder Right

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, FOR YOUNG LADIES.

About sixty miles from Baltimore, at the base of the Blue Ridge Mountains. Established 1869. Incorporated 1876. Healthful location, large and shady lawns, modern equipment throughout. Students may pursue either the classical or the English Course; graduation is attainable in either.

Music, Painting and Domestic Economy are branches of special interest in their respective departments.

Address: SISTER SUPERIOR, St. Joseph's Academy, Emmitsburg, Md.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Colds, Prevents Pneumonia

SUNLIGHT AUTOMATIC

FORCE FEED GAS MACHINE

YOU CAN NOW BE YOUR OWN GAS COMPANY

PUT THE MATERIAL INTO ME AND I WILL DO THE REST.

No Limit to Size.

LIGHT FOR ALL. It Has Come To Stay, It Has No Equal.

SAFE, ECONOMICAL, BRILLIANT, HEALTHY.

Having made important improvements in our Gas Machine by the application of Force Feed and combining generator and gasometer in one, and simplifying many points of construction, and requiring small space to install, obviating all danger of excessive discharge of carbide into generator, making gas in excess of consumption. We now claim to have the perfect Gas Machine, furnishing the most brilliant light ever produced, and are prepared to furnish the Improved Gas Machine, guaranteed to be the most simple and efficient working Gas Machine on the market. We guarantee all machines as represented and put in on approval. All material of the best, put up in neat and substantial manner. All inquiries for prices or information in regard to installing machine will have prompt attention. Descriptive circulars on application. Rights for sale. Fully protected by patents.

Manufactured by J. T. HAYS & SON, Patentees, EMMITSBURG, MD.

may 6

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

EMMITSBURG MARKETS

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Corrected by Zimmerman & Shriver.

Wheat, (dry)..... 75

Rye..... 72

Oats..... 60

Corn per bushel..... 40

Hay..... \$7 00 to 9 00

Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.

Butter..... 18

Eggs..... 14

Chickens, per lb..... 11

Spring Chickens per lb..... 15

Turkeys..... 15

Ducks, per lb..... 12

Potatoes, per bushel..... 10

Dried Cherries, (seeded)..... 20

Raspberries..... 12

Blackberries..... 4

Apples, (dried)..... 4

Peaches, (dried)..... 4

Lard, per lb..... 6

Beef Bides..... 9

LIVE STOCK.

PENSIONS FOR TEACHERS

The Trustees of Carnegie Foundation Adopt Scale.
New York, April 10.—The trustees of the Carnegie Foundation, who are charged with administering the \$10,000,000 gift of Andrew Carnegie to provide pensions for professors and teachers of institutions of higher learning in the United States and Canada, met here and adopted a scale of pensions practically as outlined in the federal charter of the Foundation, which was formally adopted at the meeting.

The rules as adopted by the trustees make the following provisions: Any person 65 years of age, and not less than 15 years of service as a professor, who is at the time of his retirement a professor in an accepted institution, shall be entitled to an annual retirement allowance as follows:

For active pay of \$1600 or less an allowance of \$1000 shall be granted, providing that no retiring allowance shall exceed 90 per cent. of active pay.
For active pay greater than \$1600 the retiring allowance shall equal \$1000, increased by \$50 for each \$100 in excess of \$1600. No retiring allowance shall exceed \$3000.

After 25 years' service, regardless of age, the retiring allowance was fixed as follows:

For active pay of \$1600 or less a retiring allowance of \$800 shall be granted, providing that no retiring allowance shall exceed 80 per cent. of active pay.

For active pay greater than \$1600 the retiring allowance shall equal \$800, increased by \$40 for each \$100 of active pay in excess of \$1600.

BRUTAL MURDER AT SCRANTON

Polish Teamster, Said to Be Wealthy, Killed and Robbed.
Scranton, Pa., April 7.—George Wenefski, a Polish teamster, who lived alone on Crown avenue, on the outskirts of South Scranton, was brutally murdered. His partially denuded body was found on a refuse heap near his barn by a neighbor. Robbery was likely the motive. He was reputed to be wealthy, and that he carried his wealth in a money belt, which he wore next to his body. The fact that his shirt was pulled up and his trousers down indicated that the murderer or murderers looked for the money belt, and if it was there, got it. Another indication that they got the belt is the fact that a few dollars in the pockets of the dead man's clothes was not taken.

Wenefski's skull was battered in, but no weapon could be found at the scene of the crime. As yet the police have no clue to the perpetrators of the deed, but they are satisfied that robbery was the motive and that parties acquainted with Wenefski and his habits are guilty of the awful crime.

THREE DAM BUILDERS DROWN

Beat Strikes Boom and Capsizes in Susquehanna.
Lanacaster, Pa., April 9.—Martin Lee, Frederick Begette and John Connelly, all of Portland, Me., were drowned in the Susquehanna river at McCall's Ferry, where the McCall's Ferry Power Company is constructing a great dam across the stream.

Seven men were crossing the river in a boat when it ran on a boom. In attempt to rock it off it tipped, and soon began to sink. Four men, none of whom could swim, saved themselves by clinging to the boom. One went down with the boat. Two started to swim down stream, but one of them attempted to cling to the other, and then ensued a terrible scene to those who watched from the bank, unable to help. The stronger of the two men beat the other off with furious blows, and struck him not less than two-score of times. At last a terrific stroke sent the unfortunate to the bottom, but the stronger man was then too much exhausted to swim, and he sank only a moment after his companion.

Will Start Great Mission in New York

New York, April 7.—The purchase of Bowers property for the establishment of a Methodist Episcopal mission for destitute men was reported at the New York East conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, now in session in Brooklyn. Property purchased is at 103 Bowers, and the purchase price was \$200,000, this money having been supplied by the sale of the Forsythe and Willet Street churches. "It is proposed," said the Rev. Dr. James M. Buckley, in giving his report, "to establish a great mission for the uplifting of the men who are down and out."

All Around Bad Man Hanged.

Roanoke, Va., April 7.—Morris Creamans was hanged at Pearisburg, Va., for the murder of John Kide, whom he killed last April. Creamans had a long career of crime to his credit, he having killed three men, and participated in several other murders. He had been a horse thief, highwayman, postoffice robber and all-around bad man. He was 42 years of age and had been in prison 37 times.

Two Boys Killed by Train.

Pottsville, Pa., April 10.—George Brendel, aged 12 years, and Frank Gerber, aged 13 years, of this city, were killed by an express train on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Tannerville, Pa., about three miles from here. It is believed the boys failed to see the approaching train because of the fog.

Killed by Fall From Street Car.

New York, April 9.—Abraham Barker, 85 years old, of 204 South 42d street, West Philadelphia, fell from a street car in Fourth avenue and received a fracture of the skull from which he died.

Important.

"What sort of a man is Jimson?"
"Oh, he's one of those fellows who send their washwoman a check for \$2 and spell it 'cheque'!"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

FARM GARDEN

CLOVER ROOT BORER.

Destructive to Various Clovers and the Garden Pea.
By F. M. WEBSTER.

In America, the clover root borer has so far been especially destructive to red clover, yet with the recently increasing interest in the growing of alfalfa in the northern states it may be expected to become destructive to that crop also. Besides, it is known to attack mammoth clover and alsike. The fact that it also injures the garden pea will be very suggestive to growers of peas for canneries, and indicates the undesirability of sowing peas early in the season on ground that has recently been in these clovers or lying adjacent to the infested clover fields. In the middle west, where it is most destructive, it has attracted little attention, the effects of its ravages being usually attributed to adverse meteorological conditions. The full developed insect is a small, dark brown, hard bodied beetle. The larva, or grub, is about an eighth of an inch long, dingy white, with a honey yellow head and brown jaws.



SPLIT CLOVER ROOT. (Showing work of borer, slightly enlarged.)

The insect's method of attack is well illustrated by the figure, showing a clover root split in two, exposing the excavations.

In cases of extreme abundance, however, almost the entire main root except the bark is eaten out, the substance being displaced by excreta, and the dead root either becomes detached of itself or is easily broken off if one attempts to pull up the plant.

Over the territory where red clover is grown in this country the seed is sown either during late winter or spring, and during the first year the roots of the plants have not yet attained sufficient size to accommodate the insects; hence it is not till the summer of the second year that the roots are destroyed.

The only preventive measure yet tried that gives any promise of success is summer fallowing as soon as the hay crop is removed. At this time the young are in an immature state and, if deprived of food, must perish. But if the fallowing be delayed even for a few weeks the larvae will then have for the most part passed into the pupal stage, during which no food is required, and plowing can have little or no effect upon them.

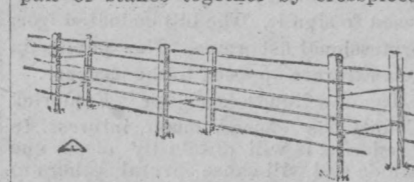
Grass Seed Adulteration.

Circular No. 15, office of the secretary of agriculture, states that in carrying out the provisions of an act of congress 251 samples of seed of Kentucky blue grass and 265 samples of orchard grass were obtained in the open market and examined. Of these forty-one samples of seed of Kentucky blue grass were found to be adulterated with seed of Canada blue grass, while 133 samples of orchard grass seed were found to be adulterated. The seeds most commonly used as adulterants being English eye grass and meadow fescue, the value of neither being more than one-third to one-half that of orchard grass seed. That the adulteration of orchard grass is very general is evidenced by the fact that samples containing adulterants were obtained from twenty-four states. The names and addresses of the seedsmen who sold the lots found to be adulterated, together with the percentages of adulteration in each lot, are also published in the circular.

Supporting Berry Bushes.

Building supports for heavy bushes with heavy posts and heavy wire is laborious business. The cut shows an arrangement contrived with light stakes and light wire, yet firm enough for the purpose in view.

Stability is secured by binding each pair of stakes together by crosspieces



WIRE SUPPORT FOR BUSHES.

of wire. Three strands of wire on each side will keep the bushes up in trim rows, and as the cross wires hold the two sides together the bushes really support themselves. The same arrangement can be used in the case of tomatoes.

Neat Ways to Kill a Hog.

A merciful way to kill a hog is to strike it in the head with a suitable implement, producing stupor, then instantly use the sticking knife. This causes instant death. A neat, unobjectionable method is to drop the open side of a suitable long, narrow box down over the animal and then turn box and animal upside down, when the knife can do its work and the hog be righted again that the hog can bleed out properly.—Exchange.

The Giant of Lobsters.

The largest lobster ever caught on the coast of America was taken by a Belfast (Me.) fisherman in 1891. It weighed twenty-three pounds and measured thirty-seven inches from the end of its tail to the tip of the long front claws. The monster was too large to enter a common lobster trap, but as the trap was being drawn up it was caught in the netting and safely landed. Many years ago a lobster weighing twenty-two pounds was captured near the same place, and the event was considered to be of enough importance to be given a place in Willimson's "History of Belfast."

A SILLY TOY.

The Way the Toothbrush Was at First Regarded.

Colonial diaries and letters make it plain that our unfortunate ancestors suffered much from jumping toothaches, swelled faces and the early loss or forcible extraction of teeth which at a later period might have been saved to render their owners many years of further service. No wonder, since the rare of the teeth was little understood, and that little often but negligently practiced.

Toothpicks were known; the toothbrush was not, although rough substitutes were employed, made of flattened sticks, split and pounded at one end to a stiff, fibrous fringe. Toothbrushes when first introduced were regarded as by no means important accessories to the toilet, but rather as minor luxuries and suitable for women only.

The diary of a London merchant trading to the colonies has this entry: "Bought a Toothbrush for my wife, which, used together with salt water, very strong, and a washbasin of Herbs, she is told will keep her Teeth from falling out or getting hollow. The salts and Herbs may well prove strengthening to her Gums which are tender, but for the brush it seems but a silly Toy, hardly like to wear the worth of its price and scarce cleanly save when new. But she must have it, being a new thing late from France."

In the famous collection of the letters of the Verney family, as well, the toothbrush is referred to as "an elegant trifle, now used by the ladies of Paris."

But when Sally Ann, a colonial belle, wrote to her sister she had, like the London merchant's wife, good hopes of its proving of more than trifling value. Her seafaring father had just brought her one, along with other gifts.

"Besides these, and ye small comb, he brt me a new mouth-brush made of ivory," she wrote, "the back parts inlaid very pretty with silver; and ye bristles long and stiffe and sett very firme: wch he is assured will help me of my Tooth Ache: wch, you will guess dear Judy I do pray it may."—Youth's Companion.

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

Melted butter will not make a good cake.

Veal should be white, dry and close grained.

The colder eggs are the quicker they will froth.

To make good pastry the ingredients must be ice cold.

Nutmegs should be grated at the blossom end first.

A brush dipped in salt water should be used in cleaning bamboo furniture.

Good macaroni is of a yellowish tint, does not break readily in cooking and swells to two or three times its bulk.

A simple and very efficient disinfectant to pour down a sink is a small quantity of charcoal mixed with water.

Warm bread and cake should be cut with a knife the blade of which has been heated by standing it in boiling water.

Mica Mining.

Mica mining is one of the greatest industries in North Carolina. Mica is found in all sorts of blocks of various thicknesses and shapes and can be split and resplit almost ad infinitum or until it becomes the thin, flexible wafer of commerce. The material is by nature imbedded or scattered through the felspar in masses large or small, close together or far apart, and is blasted from the rocks by means of dynamite, the purer veins being found between walls of slate. From the mines it is taken to the shops, where it is split into thin sheets, trimmed into regular forms and made ready for the market, the price varying with the size and color of the sheets. The average size is about 4 by 6, though rare sheets of 24 by 18 inches are sometimes found.

Napoleon's Bad Handwriting.

M. Houssaye attributes the muddle over orders at Waterloo to Napoleon's execrable handwriting. This was the opinion of the writing master of Alexander Dumas: "The emperor never lost a battle except by his bad writing. His officers could never make out what he meant. Remember this, Alexander, and make your down strokes heavy and your up strokes light." Grouchy declares that during the battle of Waterloo he could not make out whether Napoleon wrote "bataille gagnée" or "bataille engagée," and he conjecturally read "bataille galled."—Andrew Lang in London Post.

The Freaks of Fate.

Here is a unique memorial notice from a Georgia exchange: "Once he was nearly swallowed by an earthquake and shortly afterward was blown near a quarter of a mile by a hurricane, but he triumphed over all these afflictions, only to be kicked out of life by a mule that had a mortgage on it and was blind in one eye."—Atlanta Constitution.

Other Objections.

"Gladly would I die for you!" Her look of hauteur was maintained despite this plea.
"You are in error," she replied coldly, "if you think the color of your hair constitutes my chief objection to you."
The good night was brief and soon.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Big Difference.

She—How much do you earn a year?
He—About \$2,000.
"But we can't live on that!"
"You asked me how much I earned. I make about \$20,000."—Life.

It takes a wise man to discover a wise man.—Diogenes.

Blackmail.

"Mamma," said five-year-old Margie, "I'll make a bargain with you."
"What kind of a bargain, dear?" asked her mother.
"If you'll give me a penny every day to buy candy with," replied the small diplomat, "I'll not tell any one you have false teeth."

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

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Chas. H. Fletcher

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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See clubbing arrangements in other parts of paper.

Entered at the postoffice at Baltimore, Md., as second class matter, April 15, 1904.

Chas. G. Fulton & Co.

FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher

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Admonition.

The word "Admonition" comes to us from the language of the Mohawks. With them it was "Ta-de-on-dack" and meant "wood enters." This term was applied in derision to a few members of a once powerful branch of the Algonquians, who were defeated by the Iroquois and forced to seek refuge in a fastness of the mountains. They were in great distress, and it is said they sent messengers to their victors asking them to make no further war upon them, as they were reduced to the necessity of eating roots and the bark of trees. A few of them finally escaped to the north, and others were captured and held in slavery by the Mohawks.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE MOTHER ANTELOPE.

Wonderful Manner in Which She Provides For Her Young.

The manner in which the mother antelope protects her young until they are old and strong enough to join the full grown bands in their wanderings is an interesting and wonderful instance of nature's providence. These beautiful creatures live in an open country infested by all kinds of enemies and especially prowled over by the coyote, the gray wolf and the timber wolf, which subsist upon the young of all kinds of animals, yet the mother can easily protect her babies from the fiercest of these marauders. The enemy most dreaded is the soaring eagle.

There is a variety of cactus, a prickly plant which grows in great abundance all over the western plains, which furnishes her the means for this protection. Horses, cattle, buffalo and, in fact, all animals know the danger of treading on this plant. It grows in large patches some four or six inches in height above the ground and forms a thick mat varying in breadth from the size of the top of a man's hat to many feet. It is in the center of one of these patches that the female antelope prepares a place of safety for her young. The thorns of this cactus, while very poisonous and terribly painful to every other animal, for some reason are almost harmless to the antelope. The cactus may lacerate her legs, making them bleed freely, but neither the stickers nor their poison remains, while other animals seldom bleed, but retain the poisonous stickers in their wounds until they become malignant sores, causing excessive swelling of the limbs and very great and long continued suffering.

When the antelope has selected her patch of cactus, backing away a few feet, she will make a running jump, bounding high in the air and alighting in the middle of the patch, with all four feet close together, the hoofs pointing downward. Then, springing out again and repeating this operation until she has chopped the roots of the cactus plant to pieces, she loosens and clears a space large enough for standing room. She then will enlarge it by pawing and clearing with her sharp hoofs. Here she gives birth to her young in unaltered security, knowing that she can leave them in comparative safety during the day and return to them at night to give them suck. Should it be in a locality where eagles abound, however, the mother does not venture far away, as the soaring eagle often swoops down on the young, taking them away if she is not there to do battle for their lives.—H. H. Cross in Century.

EMMITTSBURG RAIL ROAD

TIME TABLE.

On and after Jan. 11, 1906, train on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7:50 and 9:55 a. m. and 2:55 and 4:10 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8:20 and 10:25 a. m. and 3:25 and 6:40 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8:30 and 10:32 a. m. and 3:30 and 7:00 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 9:00 and 11:02 a. m. and 4 and 7:30 p. m.

W. M. A. LINES, Pres't

DIRECTORY FOR FRIDRICK COUNTY

Circuit Court.

Chief Judge—Hon. James McSherry.

Associate Judges—Hon. John C. Motter and Hon. James B. Henderson.

State's Attorneys—Arthur D. Willard.

Clerk of the Court—Dr. Samuel T. Haffner.

Orphan's Court.

Judges—Russell E. Lighter-Jacob M. Bracy.

William B. Pearce.

Register of Wills—William D. Cuthall.

County Officers.

County Commissioners—Lincoln G. Ditterman.

Lewis H. Bowers, H. Milton Kefauver, Wm. H. Loggath.

County Clerk—Charles T. Young.

County Treasurer—Charles C. Biser.

Surveyor—John A. A. Rader.

School Commissioners—Samuel Putrow, S. Thompson, Brian, Charles W. Willard, S. Henry Stokes, Charles H. Nagle, Dr. H. Becker, George B. Smith.

Emmitsburg District.

Notary Public—W. H. Proyer.

Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Milled E. Smith.

Constables.

School Trustees—Dr. R. L. Annon, M. F. Smith, Oscar D. Prall.

Deputies—E. L. Fritzel.

A. Ruchow.

Ev. Lutheran Church.

Pastor—Rev. Charles Ruchow. Service every Sunday morning and evening at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. Wednesday evening lectures at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 9 o'clock. At church a case of suffering after noon at 2 o'clock.

Reformed Church of the Incarnation.

Pastor, Rev. A. M. Gluck, services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesday evening lectures at 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church.

Pastor, Rev. J. O. Hagdon, S. J. First Mass every Sunday at 8 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesday evening lectures at 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m.