

ANOTHER SUIT AGAINST EQUITABLE

21 New Cases and Five More Deaths in New Orleans.

QUARANTINES ARE SEVERE

New York, Aug. 1.—An action was instituted by State Attorney General Julius M. Mayer in the supreme court, New York county, in the name of the people of the state of New York, against the Equitable Life Assurance Society, its officers, directors and members of the executive and finance committees, all of which are named in the complaint. Among the defendants are: The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States and James W. Alexander, Chauncey M. Dewey, Cornelius N. Bliss, Clayton Ives, Melville E. Ingalls, James H. Hyde, Alexander J. Cassatt, Jacob H. Schiff, James J. Hill, T. Jefferson Cooldice, Alfred G. Vanderbilt, John Jacob Astor, Gage B. Tarbell, Marvin Huggitt, Jose F. De Navarro, Edward H. Harriman, Levi P. Morton, August Belmont, Darfus O. Mills, Robert T. Lincoln, George J. Gould, John Sloane, George F. Wilson and Henry C. Frick. The complaint contains 21 sections and covers 33 pages of type-written matter, refers to the Frick committee report and the investigation made by State Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks, is based on information and belief, and Attorney General Mayer in his prayer to the court says that the action was brought on behalf of the people of the state of New York, in the public interests and pursuant to the provisions of law. He therefore asks:

1.—That the defendants, each of them, other than the defendants of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, account for their official conduct in the management and disposition of the funds and property committed to their charge.

2.—That the individual defendants, and each of them, be compelled to pay the defendant, the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, any money and the value of any property, which they or any of them, have acquired to themselves, or transferred to others, or lost, or wasted, by a violation of their duties.

3.—That any defendant, or defendants, now a director or directors of officer in the defendant society, upon proof of misconduct, be removed, and that a new election be held by the board of the defendant society, purely authorized to hold the same, in order to supply the vacancy or vacancies created by the removal.

4.—That the net surplus of defendant society, after deducting a sufficient amount to cover all outstanding risks and obligations, be paid to, or credited to, or applied for the benefit of, the present policyholders in equitable proportions, in accordance with the charter and with law.

5.—That the plaintiff have such other or further relief as may be just, equitable and profitable.

The individual defendants are further charged with having "acquired to themselves, or caused or permitted to be transferred to others, in violation of their duties, money, property and the value of property belonging to the defendant society."

The complaint also charges: "That the defendants wrongfully caused the defendant society and a number of other societies and corporations in which the defendant society was a large stockholder, and in which some of said individual defendants were also directors and stockholders, to pay large sums of money to themselves, or some of their number, and to other persons, under the guise of salaries and fees for attending to their duties as officers and directors and members of committees of the defendant society, and of several other societies and corporations."

Special mention is made of the receipt by Mr. Hyde of salaries aggregating \$27,000 annually from the Equitable, Mercantile and Commercial Trust companies, in all of which the Equitable Life is largely interested.

Allegation is also made of the payment of "illegal and excessive pensions to various persons," and of the payment of "excessive, improper and unwarranted sums to various attorneys and counselors at law, the aggregate amount of which far exceeded and was entirely disproportionate to the services rendered."

SCHLEY'S SISTER SEEKS DIVORCE

Mrs. Marie A. Schley Fisher Alleges That Husband Deserted Her.

Baltimore, July 28.—Mrs. Marie Antonette Schley Fisher, sister of Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, and socially prominent, has sued her husband, Parks Fisher, for absolute divorce in circuit court No. 2. The bill of complaint was filed by Senator Isidor Rayner, her attorney. The grounds on which the divorce is asked is abandonment for at least three years. Mr. Fisher is also charged with refusing to provide for his wife.

Taft Sails For Nagasaki

Kobe, July 31.—Secretary Taft and his party arrived here yesterday afternoon from Kio. They were the recipients of an enthusiastic welcome from the governor and the mayor and city officials and assembled thousands. Amid a display of day fireworks the party proceeded to the water front, where a short reception was held. Secretary Taft and Miss Roosevelt were given a number of presents.

The steamer Manchuria sailed at 10 o'clock last night for Nagasaki.

FAILS TO HALT YELLOW FEVER

New York Attorney General Brings Charges Against Directors.

MANY ILLEGAL ACTS ALLEGED

New Orleans, Aug. 1.—New cases up to last night, 21; cases to date, 30; deaths, 5; total deaths to date, 62; new foci, 5; total foci, 46. Of the five deaths reported about three occurred in the emergency hospital and all five bore Italian names. Another case was discovered outside of the city, being that of an Italian who left here a week ago with several others and took up his residence in Morgan City. On their arrival there they were quarantined and one of them was taken sick four days ago. His case was diagnosed as yellow fever.

By the end of the present week the authorities believe that they will be enabled to announce that the scourge can be eradicated before the coming of frost. Daily the system of inspection and report is becoming more perfect, and in a few days no more new cases traceable to the original infection may be expected. There was no accurate census of the population of the Italian quarter when the fever broke out, and it is impossible to find all who escaped from that one when the presence of the fever became known.

Many people are still leaving New Orleans, but it is difficult to separate those who are going away on their usual annual vacations or on business from those who are seeking to get out of harm's way. The great bulk of the city's population is still here, however, and apparently has decided to stay until the mosquito theory is proved or frost comes.

Reasonableness in the country with respect to quarantines is not increasing, as is evidenced by a dispatch saying that Port Gibson, Miss., would exclude all freight from New Orleans. Other towns have taken similar action, and business men are apprehensive that the quarantine infection will spread, and that there will be continued contraction of territory in which New Orleans may deliver its goods.

The declaration of quarantine by Louisiana against New Orleans has opened nearly the whole state to the commerce of Texas and other states, allowing outsiders to invade territory heretofore controlled by the New Orleans merchants.

QUARANTINE GUARDS KILL TWO

Fired On Suspects Who Tried to Escape From Detention Camp.

Meridian, Miss., Aug. 1.—Dr. Donald, state health officer in charge at Hattiesburg and points below that place, reported to the Meridian Star that five Italians attempting to escape from the detention camp near Lumberton, Miss., were fired upon by the cordon of guards. Two were killed and three seriously injured. The guards repeatedly called on the fugitives to halt, but no attention was paid to their orders. Dr. Donald reports only one case at Lumberton, the original one. The patient is recovering from the fever.

Suspicious Cases at New York

New York, Aug. 1.—Symptoms of fever, the nature of which has not been determined, were discovered on the steamer Proteus from New Orleans. Even while the health officials at quarantine were announcing that this steamer, from fever infected New Orleans, was free from fever symptoms, a record which few vessels even from ports where there is no plague have made, the fever symptoms were developing in four children. The five day limit in which yellow fever cases develop was within three hours of its end when Health Officer Doty announced that the Proteus had no abnormally high temperatures on board. At the end of the time limit another test caused the four children to be transferred to Hoffman's Island for inspection for the cause of fever which had just appeared. Three adults accompanied them to the detention hospital.

SICKLE KILLS A YOUNG MAN

Flies Into His Throat From Emery Wheel While Being Sharpened.

Hagerstown, Md., July 31.—While sharpening a grass sickle on an emery wheel at the Crawford Automobile Works, John Shirley, aged 22, was almost instantly killed by the blade coming loose from the handle and striking him in the neck. The point entered his throat, severing the right jugular vein.

The flow of blood choked Shirley to death within two minutes, before medical aid could be brought to him. O. D. Shirley, a brother of the young man, was at the factory at the time and saw his brother die. Shirley was a native of Virginia, and a crack shot of the First Maryland regiment. He lived with his brother and two sisters in the suburbs of the city.

General Wheeler's Daughter Married

New York, July 28.—Miss Julia Knox Wheeler, daughter of General Joseph Wheeler, was married to William Julius Harris, of Georgia, in this city, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Ernest M. Stires, at St. Thomas P. E. church, Fifth avenue and 531 street. The three sisters of Miss Wheeler were present and gave the bride away. Dr. Seale Harris, brother of the groom, acted as best man, and the ushers included Captain Joseph Wheeler, Jr., of the United States Army.

HARD FIGHTING ON SAKHALIN

Japanese Forces Killed Over 200 and Captured 500 Russians.

GUESSING AT PEACE TERMS

Tokio, July 31.—The following dispatch has been received from the Japanese army headquarters: "Our independent cavalry which entered Rykoff (on Sakhalin Island, 45 miles northeast of Port Duro) July 27 withdrew on finding order in the city unfavorable to its occupation. Our army, intending to crush the enemy's forces before they retreated from the eminences west of Rykoff, commenced to advance at 3 a. m. of July 28. The van, together with an independent body of cavalry, advanced by forced march, attacking and dislodging the enemy holding the northern extremity of Rykoff and rushed into the town. Confused street fighting ensued, but the town was completely taken at 8.30 o'clock in the morning." "The enemy's main strength, which opposed our right column, fled in disorder southward, taking the short route leading to Pareono." "On July 28 a detachment which was sent south in pursuit of the enemy met the enemy's infantry, some 800 strong, at a point six miles south of Rykoff and killed over 200 and captured 500." "The enemy's strength opposed to our right column was of some 3000 infantry and four guns and four machine guns, and that opposed to our left column some 2000 infantry and four guns." "The enemy's loss in trophies is under investigation."

England Stands By Japan

Washington, July 31.—Japan comes to the Washington conference assured that whatever her peace terms they will have the sympathetic approval of Great Britain. Several suggestions from Washington to London that the cause of peace would be served by an expression to Japan from her ally favoring moderation in her demands upon Russia have not availed to change the British government in its apparently unalterable determination to stand by Japan however severe she makes her conditions of peace. Nor has the British government seen its way clear to render assistance to Washington in the efforts which this government is making to obtain an armistice. Advice reaching here show that London is opposed to an armistice until Japan has been satisfied that Russia's plenipotentiaries are prepared to do more than discuss means of ending the war; if Russia is ready to conclude peace and has so empowered her plenipotentiaries, Great Britain, it is believed, might favor an armistice, but even in such event it is said she would not be willing to offer Japan advice upon the subject.

It is known that Japan will demand an indemnity that will approximately cover the cost of the war to date. This was communicated to Russia early in the preliminary negotiations. The amount is still a secret, but it is based upon the most careful estimates of the cost of the war, and will be accompanied by a more or less detailed statement showing the method by which the final figures were computed. It will not fall far short of \$1,000,000,000, according to advice reaching here from well informed sources. Besides the indemnity, it is believed, Japan's other essentials to the continuance of the negotiations are the cession to Japan of Sakhalin, of the Liao Tung peninsula and of the railway as far as Harbin; the recognition of Japan's preponderant influence in Korea, and the return of Manchuria to China.

If the Russian plenipotentiaries are prepared to accept these essentials, the officials here are confident that the bases will be laid for negotiations sure to lead to the signing of the treaty of Washington, bringing peace in the Far East.

AUTO RECORD LOWERED

Walter Christie Makes a Kilometer in 25 Seconds Flat.

Cape May, N. J., July 31.—Being officially timed by Sam Butler, secretary of the Automobile Club of America, Walter Christie in his 120-horse power automobile reduced the American kilometer record by making the time in 25 seconds flat. He made several attempts but could not reduce his own time further, his best later time being 25 1/5 seconds. He will try again for the world's kilometer and mile records on August 19.

Challenge to Swim Niagara Rapids

Norfolk, Va., July 28.—John W. Glenister, of New York and Norfolk, issued a challenge to William J. Glover, Jr., of Baltimore, to swim the lower Niagara Falls rapids from Flat Rock to Lewiston dock, Lewiston, N. Y., the race to take place the first or second week in September. Glenister claims to be the only athlete ever to swim the upper whirlpool rapids at Niagara.

San Jose Scale in Virginia

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 1.—The San Jose scale has invaded this section for the first time, and fruit trees are suffering. Peach and plum trees particularly are affected, and in some instances the fruit on these trees is not falling off, but the trees themselves are dying.

Seized By a Shark and Drowned

Beaufort, N. C., July 31.—While wading waist deep in the sea, Sutton Davis, 16 years of age, was seized by a shark and drowned in full view of a large crowd of bathers.

TRIED TO CARRY OFF LITTLE GIRL

Negro, Believed to Be Charles Long, Forced to Drop Her and Flee.

Plainfield, N. J., July 29.—A negro, believed to be Charles Long, who murdered Matthew Cunningham, of Trenton, and later escaped from Dismal Swamp in South Plainfield, attempted to carry off one of the little girls of a fresh air camp under the supervision of Miss Sarah A. Curry, at Netherwood. The negro failed in his attempt to get away with the little girl, although he dragged her screaming into the woods. There he was forced to leave her and flee for safety.

Miss Curry started from the Netherwood fresh air camp with a large number of New York children and the mothers of some of them, to take them back to their homes on the East Side, after having spent a week in the country. As they were passing a clump of woods on the way to the railroad station a negro grabbed Annie Wagner, aged 9 years, who was walking behind the rest of the party.

Before he had disappeared with her into the woods the child's screams attracted the attention of her companions, and her mother and aunt, with other women, pursued the negro, who beat them all off, but fearing that their cries would bring assistance, he dropped the little girl to the ground, turned about, pulled out a revolver, brandished it and fled.

WILL REORGANIZE BUREAU

Secretary Wilson to Place Crop Reports On High Standard.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Secretary Wilson will reorganize thoroughly the crop statistics bureau of the department of agriculture, according to information here. Already he is seeking men of character, standing and education to conduct the work of the bureau, men in whom the farmers and growers of the country will have implicit confidence and who will place the reports of the bureau on a standard of excellence never heretofore achieved. One man he has found, although he does not at this time wish to publish his name. The other three he hopes to secure in a short time.

Two of them will be southern men and both will be experts in cotton and tobacco statistics. This, in brief, is one of the ideas which Secretary Wilson elucidated to President Roosevelt.

RATTLES UP HIS PANTS-LEG

Berry-Picker's Horrible and Probable Fatal Plight.

Pottsville, Pa., July 31.—With an angry, hissing rattlesnake up the inside of his trouser leg, John Lenko, of Minersville, was frightened into unconsciousness while out picking berries. His companions, not knowing what was wrong, were trying to revive him when the snake crawled out of Lenko's pants, and two of the women in the party became hysterical. Lenko's wife declares she "saw the devil leave him."

Lenko was bitten several times by the snake, and his condition is serious. He was sitting down picking berries, when one of his feet disturbed the snake, which was hiding under some dry leaves, and in trying to find a hole, it crawled up Lenko's trouser leg before he could arise.

JERSEY POPULATION GROWS

Long Branch, Millville, New Brunswick and Newark Show Increases.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 1.—Census bulletin No. 9, issued from the office of the secretary of state, shows New Brunswick as having 23,133 population, an increase of 3127; Long Branch has 12,183, an increase of 331; Millville has 11,884, an increase of 1301.

Secretary of State Dickens received from James P. Hall, supervisor of census of the city of Newark, the official returns of the census of that city. The official figures are 283,289, a gain of 37,219 over the census of 1900.

Father and Daughter Drowned

Manassas, L. I., July 31.—While Frank Brown, of Jamaica, L. I., was swimming in Manassas Inlet with his daughter and Miss Todd, of Plainfield, N. J., the two girls became exhausted, and he was only able to keep them afloat until two men put out from the shore in a boat and took them on board. While Mr. Brown was trying to get into the boat it was upset, and all were thrown into the water. The boatmen rescued Miss Todd, but Mr. Brown and his daughter were swept away by the current and were drowned.

Secretary Root Goes to Labrador

Utica, N. Y., July 31.—Secretary of State Root and Colonel William Cary Sanger, former assistant secretary of war, accompanied by Mr. Root's sons, Elihu, Jr., and Edward, left Utica for Montreal. Thence they go to St. Johns, N. E., and from there will sail for Labrador. They expect to be absent a month.

Seized With Cramps and Drowned

Lancaster, Pa., July 31.—Jacob Shenk, a young son of Harry Shenk, residing on the Lampaster farm, near this city, was seized with cramps while bathing in the Conestoga creek at Pugh's mill and drowned.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Wednesday, July 28.

Otto Bernheimer, a wealthy New York cotton broker, committed suicide by shooting.

Samuel Harper, father of President Harper of the University of Chicago, died at Chicago, aged 87 years.

An explosion in the Enterprise powder mill at Greendale, Pa., killed Benjamin Potter and partly wrecked the mill.

General Charles Miller was reappointed major general of the Pennsylvania national guard by Governor Pennypacker.

John Mulqueen, 6 years old, has been found by the New York police in a vacant lot, where he slept in a trunk and ate scraps for two months.

Thursday, July 27.

Three boys were killed and several injured by the collapse of a two-story building in Chicago.

Robert Rohitz, 18 months old, overturned a dishpan of hot water at his home in Philadelphia and was scalded to death.

The United States mint in Philadelphia will coin for the Panama government 1,000,000 silver pesos, equivalent in value to an American dollar.

For the first time in the history of the country, in the past fiscal year more than 100,000 immigrants entered the United States within the 12 months.

Friday, July 22.

Potomac poisoning has caused the death of Charles A. Burr, of New York, head of U. S. Plummer & Co., straw importers.

Charles H. Savage, former president of the Middletown Silver company, committed suicide by shooting at Middletown, Conn.

Mrs. Margaret Weems Jones, 97 years old, a daughter of Captain Weems, founder of the Weems steamship line, died at Baltimore.

With her hair and clothing ablaze from ignited naphtha, Mrs. George F. Wilson saved her life by jumping into a bath tub at the Norma apartment house, New York.

Saturday, July 29.

Secretary Shaw will address the Virginia Republican state convention at Roanoke on August 8.

Five railroads entering Chicago will erect a terminal station to cost from \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000.

Seven-year-old Harry Binson accidentally shot his mother with a blank cartridge at their home in Brooklyn.

Bishop Conaty, of Los Angeles, Cal., has received \$250,000 from a Los Angeles man for a home for the Little Sisters of the Poor.

Her naphtha lamp rammed by a steamer and rapidly filling, Mrs. E. L. Dunlap, of New York, stood at the wheel and ran the boat to its pier at Bath Beach, Me.

Monday, July 31.

John H. Bunn, of Philadelphia, was drowned while bathing at Atlantic City, N. J.

Falling face downward on a rusty nail, Herbert Steffe, a boy, died two days later at Laurel Hill, Lehigh county, Pa.

Colonel W. J. Bryan will soon start on a two-years' trip of the world, meeting Mrs. Bryan in Japan, for which place she has already sailed.

Tuesday, August 1.

William Hevener, aged 5 years, of Philadelphia, while playing in the street, was run over and killed by a trolley car.

John F. Post, of Pompton, N. J., formerly a member of the state assembly, died at Montclair of valvular disease of the heart.

Colonel Philip McHenry, who was private secretary to former Vice President Garrett A. Hobart, committed suicide at Prescott, Ariz.

Baltimore brewers and their employees settled their differences by mutual concessions, the engineers, firemen and others to receive an increase in pay.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS

The Latest Closing Prices in the Principal Markets.

PHILADELPHIA.—WHEAT steady; winter extras, \$3.50 @ 3.75; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$3.90 @ 4.10; city mills, fancy, \$5.80 @ 6.00. RYE FLOUR firm; per barrel, \$4.15. WHEAT steady; No. 2 Pennsylvania red, new, 85 1/2c; CORN firm; No. 2 yellow, local, 59 1/2c; OATS steady; No. 2 white, clipped, 35c; lower grades, 30c. HAY firm; No. 1 timothy, large bales, \$15.50; PORK firm; family, 17c. BEEF firm; beef hams, \$23 @ 24. POULTRY: live steady; hens, 15c; old roosters, 9 1/2c. DRESSED firm; choice hams, 15c; old roosters, 9 1/2c. BUTTER firm; creamery, 24c; per pound, EGGS steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 20c; best dozen, POTATOES steady; new, per bushel, 90c @ \$1. BALTIMORE.—WHEAT steady; No. 2 red, 87 1/2c; steamer No. 2 spot, 78c; do. new, 63 @ 91c. CORN quiet; mixed spot, 61 1/2c; steamer mixed, 58 1/2c; southern, 40 @ 42c. OATS steady; white No. 2, 28 1/2 @ 28 3/4c; mixed, No. 2, 25 1/2c; No. 3, 24 1/2 @ 25c; No. 4, 24 1/2 @ 24 3/4c. BUTTER steady; creamery separator, extras, 21 @ 21 1/2c; held, 16 @ 18c; prints, 20 @ 23c. Maryland and Pennsylvania fair, prints, 14c. EGGS firm; fancy Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia, 17 1/2c; West Virginia, 17c; southern, 16 1/2c.

Live Stock Markets.

PITTSBURGH Union Stock Yards.—CATTLE steady; choice, \$5.35 @ 5.50; prime, \$5.15 @ 5.30. HOGS active; prime heavy, \$6.05 @ 6.10; medium, \$5.30; heavy @ Yorkers, \$5.20 @ 6.35; light Yorkers, \$6.35 @ 6.40; pigs, \$6.50 @ 6.30; roughs, \$4 @ 5.15. SHEEP active; prime wethers, \$5.30 @ 5.50; common, \$2 @ 3; spring lambs, \$4.50 @ 7.50; veal calves, \$7.50 @ 8c.

THE NACHEZ INDIAN

HE ASCRIBED THE SALVATION OF HIS RACE TO A WOMAN.

Traditions of a Tribe of Fire Worshipers That Were of Oriental Origin—The Legend of How the Sacred Flame Was Allowed to Die.

Of all Indian tribes, none was more interesting or more rudely destroyed than the Natchez. What is remembered of them is calculated to make a deep impression upon the imagination and to cause regret that some historian has not preserved a truthful history of this singular people. In the early traditions of the Mexicans, preserved to us in their hieroglyphical paintings, there is presented the wonderful spectacle of families and nations, from innate impulses, moving from "the north" and, ever restless, wandering over an unoccupied continent in search of homes. It is evident that the same wisdom that befouled the primitive language at Babel and scattered the swarming millions of Asia impelled the early occupants of our continent to move onward like advancing waves of the sea.

In these strange migrations some chief must have separated from the parent multitude and turned his face with his followers toward the southwest, and, finally reaching the delectable lands of the valley of the lower Mississippi, there established what was afterward known as the tribe of the Natchez.

The country selected is of surpassing loveliness, for from the precipitous bluff that so unexpectedly frowns down upon the Mississippi, inland, to where the nation erected its great mound is one continuous undulation of picturesque scenery, originally enriched with groves of live oaks and magnolias. It was really a fairyland, and enough of the primitive forest still remains to give the sanction of truth to the most florid description of it preserved in legendary lore.

There cannot be a doubt that at the time these nomads took possession of their adopted homes the surrounding country was comparatively without inhabitants, for the savage and warlike nations which lived in the neighborhood never would have permitted the Natchez in their infancy to occupy lands which even afterward the latter defended more by moral than by physical force.

As fire worshipers the Natchez displayed their original origin, and they were more sincere in this most poetic of all idolatries than the magi of the east. They possessed a tradition which, unlike the traditions of any other nation, gallantly ascribed the salvation of their race to a woman.

This was that after the destruction of all the inhabitants of the earth save a single family, which family was about to die because of the continued darkness of the heavens, a young girl, inspired with a wish to save her race, threw herself into the fire which was used as a light and that sooner was her body consumed than she arose in the east, surrounded with such surpassing glory that her form could not be looked upon. Thus enshrined she became the chief, her nearest female relative being elected her successor; hence were established the worship of the sun and the living sacrifice of the sacred fire, together with the belief that so long as it blazed upon their altars the Natchez would be powerful and happy.

The sun, a female sovereign, was absolute in power. The rewards of the chase and of the cultivation of the soil were placed under her charge, implying that they were the results of her genial rays, and through her, as if directed from the hands of Providence, they were distributed among the people.

The Natchez must have rapidly increased after their establishment on the banks of the Mississippi, for their tradition was that in the first century of their settlement they raised those monuments of industry on which to erect their temples and bury their dead, and the remains of which are so much admired to this day. Their great work was built upon a hill, where they believed fire fell from the sun, indicating that their wanderings were at an end. This series of mounds, the most remarkable in the valley of the Mississippi, has been almost entirely overlooked by the curious in such relics of ancient days.

A natural bluff was leveled upon the top and used as the foundation of the mounds, the only example known. Upon a base thus prepared were raised the great elevation for the great temple of the sun, the inferior works used for defense and the graves of the nobles. In excavating these singular ruins, now covered with trees of a century's growth, it is not difficult to conceive them rising in their perfection from the open plain, their summits smoking with sacrificial fires and covered upon the great mound and at the festival of fruits that the sun showed herself to the multitude.

Attired in robes of white cotton, adorned with feathers and her breast glistening with various brilliant stones, she assisted in the early greeting of her supposed ancestor, and as the god of day ascended in the east and shot his bright rays across the landscape they first of all fell upon the sacred priestess and were reflected back in ten thousand rays, which were regarded by the worshippers as a recognition of sympathy and acknowledged relationship.

According to the belief of the Natchez, the extinction of the fire of the temple would be a signal for their destruction, thus having, it would seem, with some other nations mentioned in history, a foreboding of their extermination. A brief period before the French invaded their homes by some

accident this fearful catastrophe happened, and the nation was consequently suffering from superstitious depression. It was therefore that they fell a comparatively easy prey to the superior arms and discipline of the European invaders.

In their struggle for existence after an obstinate defense they were first driven from the banks of the river; but, again rallying, they gathered for their final struggle at the base of the great mound. As soon as the tribe thought themselves sufficiently prepared they provoked attack, and their last great battle took place. The sun chief was killed, and the survivors, believing that the dark prophecy that rested upon the Natchez had been fulfilled, as a crowd of flying fugitives retreated west of the Mississippi and after various misfortunes were lost or became absorbed among the Osages, the Tensas and other friendly tribes.

The enlightened mind in speaking of the Natchez explains their destruction upon philosophical reasons. It was the weak giving way to the strong, but their fate appealed to more sympathizing and more imaginative hearts, who have softened the story of their ruin, stripped it of its harsher features and left it so interwoven with golden light that we half forget the unwelcome truth and think hopefully of the departed. The southern Indians of our day when sitting beside their council fires and speaking of the times that are past tell us that a young Natchez chief famed for his virtue and bravery became enamored of a beautiful maiden and that his passion was returned. His interviews were stolen ones and few and far between. On one occasion, when the young chief was keeping his night watch over the sacred fire of the temple, he heard the plaintive song of a day bird and, flying to the neighboring groves, there met his mistress and exchanged the solemn vows of eternal love. Returning to the temple, the young chief, to his horror, discovered that the flame had expired in his (unconsciously to him) long absence, and the altars which had ever glowed with living fire were cold.

Alarm filled the young warrior's breast, despair was impressed upon his features, and as the sun illumined the hills and made the homes of the Natchez glisten in its refreshing and (to them) sacred radiance there was no response of ascending sacrifice, and the chief priests rushed with precipitation to the temple to learn the cause.

Terrible indeed were the wallings that ascended from the soul stricken worshippers. It was deemed that a curse had fallen upon the nation, that its speedy extinction was shadowed forth, and amid the excitement, by order of the great sun, the young maiden was sacrificed not only as a propitiation, but that her surpassing beauty should no longer tempt the guardians of the sacred altars to neglect their vigils.

The young chief was doomed to make expiation in fastings and prayers, and after due ceremonies he was imprisoned in the center of the great mound, there to remain until he would back the lost fire from heaven. It was in vain that he essayed the comparatively easy task of lighting the proper combustibles by rapid friction. Overwhelmed by religious fear, his strength of arm appeared to have departed, and even when from long and patient labor the fire was about to descend, a tear of regret for the memory of his mistress would fall upon the just igniting wood and leave his interminable task to be again renewed.

Although years—ya, centuries—have passed away,

FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1905.

LIGHTNING KILLS SIX

Struck Crowd Who Sought Shelter From Storm Under a Bath House.

New York, July 31.—During a thunder storm of terrific intensity which passed over New York, five persons were struck by lightning and instantly killed and nine were seriously injured at the Parkway baths, Coney Island.

The intense heat attracted great multitudes to the shore resorts, and when the storm blew up from the westward the Parkway beach was thronged with bathers and spectators.

CALL FOR SUPREME COUNCIL

Royal Arcanum Jurisdictions Make Necessary Demand.

Rome, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Supreme Regent Howard C. Wiggins, of Rome, announced that he has received a request from the constitutional number of supreme representatives requiring him to call a special session of the supreme council of the Royal Arcanum.

The constitution requires that to call a special session a majority of all the representatives of seven or more grand jurisdictions must unite and request the supreme regent in writing to that effect.

The time and place of holding such special session will be announced as soon as suitable arrangements can be made therefor.

FORESTERS IN SESSION

Triennial Convention Opens at Atlantic City.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 1.—The Independent Order of Foresters, International Congress, opened its triennial convention here. Mayor Stoy, who welcomed the delegates, was given an unusual honor by being elected to honorary membership.

The meeting devoted its time to lengthy reports. There were 150 members who received the Supreme Court degree and were admitted as Royal Foresters.

HOCH SAVED IN DEATH'S SHADOW

Woman Gives \$500 to Appeal Case to Supreme Court.

Chicago, July 27.—Johann Hoch, "Blue Beard" and confessed bigamist, sentenced to be hanged yesterday for poisoning one of his wives, was granted a reprieve until August 25 by Governor Deneen.

The stay of execution followed hours of anxiety on the part of Hoch, who had never given up hope and was allowed by the governor only after the latter had been assured that the necessary sum to appeal the case had been raised.

The amount, \$500, was given by Miss Cora Wilson. The attorney declares that she was actuated purely by humanitarian motives.

Hoch said: "If the supreme court decides against me I am willing to die. I ask no mercy and no favor. I believe in the law, but I feel that if the supreme court has a chance to review this case it will result favorably to me."

We can help to make people bright by our keenness, but we can never accomplish anything toward making people good except by our tenderness.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

GOT THE FIRST PLATE.

Johnny Had It Clutched, but He Had to Let Go.

President Roosevelt, on one of his hunting tours in the Adirondacks, spent a very long day in restless pursuit of big game.

Amusement was created in the presidential party when the chief executive, whose identity had been kept a secret, was given a seat at the family board.

Much to the amusement of all the president seized the rim of the plate on one side, while Johnny held the other.

There was a moment of doubt. Then the president, softly and with a twinkle in his eye, but with inexorable decision, leaned over and spoke into the red, resentful face of the hungry boy.

"Johnny," he said, "let go." Johnny let go.—Success.

THE MILKY WAY.

One of the Great Problems of the Science of Astronomy.

Some of the streams of fainter stars in the Milky Way are very striking and must convince the most skeptical of their reality, says a scientist.

It is possible to draw an arc of a circle through any three stars and a conic section through any five, but where they find ten or twenty stars falling into line not once, but in many cases, and that there is a curious similarity between the strange curves and branching streams which these phalanges of stars mark out on the heavens, there is no room left for doubt.

If it is proved that a group of stars is arranged in line or marshaled in any order it would follow that the individuals of the group must be actually as well as apparently close to one another and that they form some kind of system, having all of them had a common origin or been subject to some common influence.

Roses, orange blossoms and the parma violets are similarly treated by the process. The fat is melted, and the leaves are put to soak in it till it grows cold, when it is placed in a hydraulic press, and the flowers are removed by means of a sieve.

This is not the pomade used by hairdressers, but simply the raw material used for the manufacture of essence. It may be kept for a year or more.

Roses and orange blossoms on being distilled give a scented water, at the top of which floats the essential oil. The waters are largely sold for the toilet as well as for the pharmacy and cookery.—New York Herald.

The Formation of Clouds.

Clouds are simply a form of water made visible by the cooling of the air which previously held the water in the form of invisible vapor.

"Talking about expensive hats," said a prominent New York hat dealer, "the most costly hat that was ever made was presented to General Grant while in Mexico in 1852. It cost \$1,500 in gold. It is now in the National museum at Washington.

Snails Slow to Die.

Snails are slow even when it comes to dying, and one naturalist who had mounted a shell upon a card was surprised to find four years later that the worm water employed in soaking the shell of the mount had revived the inmate, which he had long since supposed to be dried and dead.

Nothing Articulate.

"You never hear of the Seawells' family skeleton nowadays," observed Rivers.

The Dog Has No Mechanics.

In no well attested case has a dog shown any sense as to the nature of any mechanical contrivance.

Warning to Guests.

This notice greets one in a hotel opened by a foreigner who has just "mastered" the English language.

TOWN OF MANY SCENTS.

Grasse, in the Riviera, the Center of the Perfumery Industry.

Cradled in the hills in the heart of the Riviera, the little town of Grasse holds the monopoly of the trade in scents.

Just why this spot should have been selected is not clear, for there are a hundred other places which are quite as conducive to the growth of flowers and much more accessible.

The air is heavy with the scent of these blossoms, but, should you wander through the town with its dark and narrow streets, the experience is vastly different.

No Extension.

"Is the wind due east or due west today?" asked an evasive creditor by way of changing the subject of his debt.

His Defense.

A very honest man and a very good understanding may be deceived by a knave.—Junius.

TAKE KODOL AFTER EATING.

After a hearty meal a dose of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will prevent an attack of indigestion.

Dropped Dead While Playing.

Herman Hoeneke, age 25 years, a native of Duesseldorf, Germany, whose mother resides, dropped dead in the front yard of his boarding house.

FRESH YEAST Every Baking Day

The greatest plan ever devised for the busy housewife. Send for a free sample of Fulton yeast and we will tell you of our method of supplying you regularly with yeast—fresh from the factory.

FULTON YEAST

is the product of twenty-five years' experience. You will have better bread, more of it, and just when you want it.

FULTON YEAST CO., INC.

For Many Years, No. 101 5th ave NEW YORK.

Has been well and favorably known as a place where honest and conscientious medical advice, correct and scientific treatment, and speedy and permanent cures were assured.

Drs. F. A. & J. A. Greene

Known and acknowledged throughout the entire country as the most successful physicians in the cure of chronic and nervous diseases.

Columbia College

School of Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Bookkeeping and English. Positions secured for all graduates.

July 29-31

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat.

STOOD DEAD AGAINST FRIER.

Altoona, Pa., July 29.—Standing against one of the stone pillars of the bridge near Birmingham, Howard Billets, aged 18, a Pennsylvania railroad track hand, was found dead. He had been killed by a most unusual accident.

What is known as the "Blues" is seldom occasioned by actual existing external conditions, but in the great majority of cases by a disordered LIVER.

Tutt's Pills

They control and regulate the LIVER. They bring hope and buoyancy to the mind. They bring health and elasticity to the body.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Not to be mistaken for any other pills.

Will Continue The Business.

The business conducted by the late John M. Stouter will be continued in all its branches.

EMMTSBURG MARKETS

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Country Produce Etc.

Butter, corrected by J. E. Hoke, 14

Eggs, 14

Live Stock.

Steers, 23 1/2 @ 24

Fresh Cows, 0 00 @ 40 00

Pigs, 3 1/2 @ 3

Sheep, 8 1/2 @ 9

Lamb, 4 1/2 @ 6

Calves, per lb., 4 1/2 @ 5

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat.

Get it at Michael Hoke's.

Wedderburn SLOE GIN

The John Wedderburn Co. SOLE OWNERS BALTIMORE MD.

may 20-ly

A FACT ABOUT THE "BLUES"

What is known as the "Blues" is seldom occasioned by actual existing external conditions, but in the great majority of cases by a disordered LIVER.

THIS IS A FACT which may be demonstrated by trying a course of

Tutt's Pills

They control and regulate the LIVER. They bring hope and buoyancy to the mind. They bring health and elasticity to the body.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Not to be mistaken for any other pills.

Will Continue The Business.

The business conducted by the late John M. Stouter will be continued in all its branches.

EMMTSBURG MARKETS

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Country Produce Etc.

Butter, corrected by J. E. Hoke, 14

Eggs, 14

Live Stock.

Steers, 23 1/2 @ 24

Fresh Cows, 0 00 @ 40 00

Pigs, 3 1/2 @ 3

Sheep, 8 1/2 @ 9

Lamb, 4 1/2 @ 6

Calves, per lb., 4 1/2 @ 5

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat.

Get it at Michael Hoke's.

Wedderburn SLOE GIN

The John Wedderburn Co. SOLE OWNERS BALTIMORE MD.

may 20-ly

SUNLIGHT AUTOMATIC FORCE FEED GAS MACHINE

YOU CAN NOW BE YOUR OWN GAS COMPANY

No Limit to Size.

LIGHT FOR ALL.

It Has Come To Stay. It Has No Equal.

SAFE, ECONOMICAL, BRILLIANT, HEALTHY.

Having made important improvements in our Gas Machine by the application of Force Feed and combining generator and gasometer in one, and simplifying many points of construction, and requiring small space to install; obviating all danger of excessive discharge of carbide into generator, making gas in excess of consumption. We now claim to have the perfect Gas Machine, furnishing the most brilliant light ever produced, and are prepared to furnish the Improved Machine, guaranteed to be the most simple and efficient working Gas Machine on the market.

Manufactured by J. T. HAYS & SON, Patentees, EMMITSBURG, MD.

PRIVATE SALE.

The Farm of the late John P. Moser, situated one mile East of Emmitsburg, on Taneytown road, in a high state of cultivation, with all necessary buildings in perfect condition, is offered at private sale. Apply to EDGAR C. MOSER, Attorney for the Heirs. July 21-4

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM KOONS, late of said County, deceased.

Persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of January, 1906; they may otherwise by law be excluded from the benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of June, 1905. THOMAS W. TROXELL, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM KOONS, late of said County, deceased.

Persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of January, 1906; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of June, 1905. THOMAS W. TROXELL, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM KOONS, late of said County, deceased.

Persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of January, 1906; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of June, 1905. THOMAS W. TROXELL, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM KOONS, late of said County, deceased.

Persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of January, 1906; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of June, 1905. THOMAS W. TROXELL, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM KOONS, late of said County, deceased.

Persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of January, 1906; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of June, 1905. THOMAS W. TROXELL, Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

STIEFF PIANOS

"The Piano With the Sweet Tone."

SOLD BY THE MAKER

Write for Catalogue. Convenient Terms.

STIEFF 9 N. Liberty St., Baltimore, Md.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, FOR YOUNG LADIES.

About sixty miles from Baltimore, at the base of the Blue Ridge Mountains. Established 1800. Incorporated 1816. Healthful location, large and shady lawns, modern equipment throughout.

Students may pursue either the classical or the English Course; graduation is attainable in either. Music, Painting and Domestic Economy are branches of special interest in their respective departments. Address: SISTER SUPERIOR, St. Joseph's Academy, Emmitsburg, Md.

PEERLESS Paper MEAT Sacks

Are safe and sure to prevent skippers in meat if the simple directions on each sack are followed.

As soon as your meat is smoked, in the early morning, before the blow or steeper by putting in an appearance, place your meat in the sack, following the simple directions plainly printed on each sack, and you can rest assured that your meat will not be bothered with worms in your meat.

Peerless Paper Meat Sacks are made from a specially prepared, very tough, pliable, strong, elastic, graded heavy paper, with our perfect "flexible" bottom, which is air and water tight, and also can be used for several years. They are made in three sizes to suit all sizes of meat, and sell at 2 and 4 cents apiece, according to size. The large or extra size take the same weight of meat, and weigh (live weight) from 350 to 400 pounds, according to the weight of the meat, in medium size from 200 to 250 pounds and the small or extra size from 150 to 200 pounds.

A fair trial will fully sustain every claim for our sacks, and we feel that where once used they will become a household necessity. Ask your grocer for them. Page 4, and 5, contain prices, according to size. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE Great Southern Pkg. & Mfg. Co., FREDERICK, MD.

MOUNTAIN VIEW CEMETERY.

Family Lots, 16x16 ft., \$15. Half " 8x16 ft., 8. Single Graves, 3.

Apply to J. HENRY STOKES.

\$500 Reward

for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person caught refilling "Wedderburn Eye" is the best whiskey on the American market. Address, THE JOHN WEDDERBURN CO., Sole Owners, Baltimore, Md.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DAUCHY & CO.

VIRGINIA COLLEGE

For YOUNG LADIES, Roanoke, Va. Opens Sept. 25, 1905. One of the leading Schools for Young Ladies in the South. New buildings, pianos and equipment. Campus ten acres. Grand mountain scenery. Valley of Virginia, famed for health. European and American Teachers. Full course. Constructive advantages in Art, Music and Elocution. Certificates Wellesley. Students from 30 States. For catalogue address: MATTIE P. HARRIS, President, Roanoke, Va.

CHARLES R. HOKE'S Marble Yard.

EMMTSBURG - MARYLAND. Monuments, Tombstones, and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed. Jan 29-lyr

VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. Jan 29-lyr

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention to free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure TRADE-MARKS, write to PATENTS and TRADE-MARKS, OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Early Risers

The famous little pills.

MATTING!

in Japanese and China in prices ranging from 12 to 35cts. Call and examine my goods, the quality speaks for itself. JOSEPH E. HOKE.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, festivals, pic-nics, tea parties and cake festivals, and similar enterprises, got up to make money whether for churches, associations, or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1905.

FREDERICK COUNTY 'PHONE 33

The widow of Mr. Richard T. Lowndes has been paid \$16,000 life insurance of her late husband.

Mr. Jacob W. Brown has sold his property containing 22 acres of land situated on the Bruceville road, to Mr. John H. Clutz for \$800.00.

Lost.—A gold wreath pin, between the residences of A. M. and G. Mead Patterson. Finder will please leave pin at Mr. A. M. Patterson's.

Preston E. Favorite, of Thurmont, and Miss Nettie R. Martin, of Hagerstown, were married at the Lutheran parsonage, Frederick, July 26, Rev. C. F. Steck officiating.

The barn of George Winters, a few miles north of Hancock, was destroyed by fire from lightning. All the contents were consumed. The loss is \$3,000. No insurance.

The resignation of Lieut. Col. Charles B. McClean, of the First Infantry, Maryland National Guard, has been received at the Adjutant-General's office, in Annapolis, and will be accepted.

The Emmitsburg and Taneytown base ball teams played a very interesting game of ball in this place Wednesday afternoon. The game was won by the Emmitsburg team, the score being 9 to 8.

Justice George Britt, of Borden Shaft, an aged man, jumped from a moving street car in North Cumberland Monday, his head striking a cobblestone and he was unconscious for over an hour.

By reason of the heavy increase in freight traffic over the main line of the Western Maryland Railroad a telegraph office has been opened by the company at Chewsville. The telegraph office at that point was abandoned when the Altenwald cutoff was built several years ago.

T. G. Growlen, an aged farmer residing in Cumberland Valley, eight miles north of Cumberland, went to a spring at noon Saturday and found the body of his 3-year-old child in the spring. The little one had strayed away and fallen through a gate, which had been left open.

Engineer Crosby, of the State Highway Commission, has sent a letter to the County Commissioners of the various counties urging them to apply for their allotments of the State Aid Road Fund before August 5, the time limit.

NEW STORE.

I wish to announce through these columns that I will open a general store on Monday, August 7th, at J. C. Williams' old stand, and kindly solicit the patronage of all.

TYSON LANSINGER.

BEAN SOUP.

Arthur Post No. 41, G. A. R. will hold their annual picnic and Bean Soup, in Waybright's Grove, formerly Maxwell's grove near Ohler's School House, being the same place where it was held last year, on Saturday, Sept. 9, 1905. Further particulars given later.

SUCCESSFUL PICNIC

The thirteenth annual picnic of St. Joseph's Catholic Church was held in the Sister's Grove, near town, Wednesday, and was a grand success. The attendance was unusually large, and the day was highly enjoyed by all who had the pleasure of attending.

Camping.

On Wednesday Messrs. Lewis E. Higbee, Andrew Annan and Annan Horner, of this place, went to Myers' Mill, near Harney, Md., where they are camping on banks of the placid waters of the Monocacy. This point on the Monocacy is a famous fishing, boating and camping place. They expect to remain in camp two weeks.

Mrs. Bridget Healey, who was found in Jones Falls under the Pratt street bridge, Baltimore, Monday night, and was rescued by Policemen Gearheartly, was turned over to Mrs. Reynolds, a daughter, who lives on Spring street, near Gough. Asked by Justice Granam at the Central Station Tuesday as to how she came to get in the Falls, she stated that she had a quarrel with another daughter with whom she lived at 111 South Ann street, and had determined to end her life. As soon as she struck the water, however, she changed her mind and shouted for help. Mrs. Healey is 66 years old.

Suicide of J. Mortimer Young.

James Mortimer Young died at his home, at Clarksburg, Montgomery county, Monday morning as the result of swallowing two bottles of laudanum last Thursday. He was 60 years old, a Union veteran and a pensioner. His ill health, coupled with worry over the tragic death of his brother, Artemus Young, who was killed by a stick in the hands of a man named Hawkes about six years ago, brought on temporary derangement. He is survived by a widow and one child, Mrs. Anna Manrow, of Baltimore.

MEETS HORRIBLE DEATH.

Miss Fannie Anderson Victim Of Coal Oil Explosion.—Was Starting Fire When Can Burst.

Frederick, Aug. 2.—Miss Fannie Anderson, aged 55 years, who lived with her nephew, Chas. Summers, of near Jefferson, Md., met death in a horrible manner on Thursday last. Miss Anderson, who was alone at the house at the time, had just started a fire in the kitchen range, using coal oil to start the fire, and it is supposed the oil in the can caught fire, causing an explosion, which was heard by Mr. Chas. Summers' father and mother, who upon investigation, saw that their son's house was on fire. Upon reaching the kitchen the charred body of the unfortunate woman was found. Death had come quickly to her relief. Assisted by neighbors the fire was quickly extinguished, causing but little damage to the property. The funeral of Miss Anderson took place Friday at 1 p. m., services being held at the Catholic Church on the Manor. Interment was made in the cemetery adjoining the church. Miss Anderson is survived by three sisters, Mrs. Mary Roelke, of near Petersburg, Md.; Mrs. Wm. B. Taylor, of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. George Kohlenberg, of Baltimore.

TO NUMBER R. P. D. BOXES.

To facilitate a more accurate handling of the mail by rural free delivery carriers the Postoffice Department is arranging for the numbering of all rural letter boxes which under the regulations of the department are entitled to service, and authorizing the delivering by rural letter carriers of ordinary mail matter of all classes addressed to boxes by number alone, so long as improper and unlawful business is not conducted thereby, the same as is now permitted in the case of postoffice boxes. Instructions will be issued to postmasters within a short time to assign to boxes entitled to service consecutive numbers, beginning with the first box reached by the carrier after leaving the postoffice, and a new box erected subsequent to the original numbering will be assigned the next consecutive number in use on the particular route.

Negro Clubs Organizing.

Much interest in politics is already being manifested in Washington county by both Republicans and Democrats. The leading issue will undoubtedly be the negro disfranchising amendment, although much interest is being taken in the oyster question, many persons in both parties there being in favor of the Haman oyster plant, providing for the leasing of the oyster beds in the Chesapeake bay.

The Republicans will line up the negroes solidly against the amendment. In this they will have no trouble, for many colored voters there believe this may be their last time to vote. Political summer schools will be organized to instruct the illiterate negro how to mark his ballot.

The colored people of Williamsport have already organized a Roosevelt club, with 45 members, and by the time the campaign is fairly on it is expected to have every negro in the district enrolled.

Shattered By Lightning.

During the severest electrical storm of the season last Sunday afternoon the tower of Grace Lutheran Church, in Westminster, was struck by lightning and considerably shattered. The lightning entered at the top of the tower and, running down the woodwork on the inside till it reached the brickwork, burst out a section of the wall. It is feared the tower has been made unsafe.

The tower of the Reformed Church at Taneytown was also struck and considerably damaged by lightning during the storm.

Alms House Wedding.

Andrew Faurman, aged 62 years, and Mrs. Sarah Dawson, a widow, aged 65 years, were the principals of a wedding at the Alms House alms house Sunday evening. Rev. William A. Melvin, pastor of the Methodist Protestant Church, performed the ceremony. The attendants were Miss Emily Clover, warden at the insane asylum, and William Bachman. The bride is a cook at the insane asylum. The groom has been an inmate at the alms house 27 years. The wedding had been in progress for some time.

BRUNSWICK Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

Plans for the \$15,000 Y. M. C. A. building at Brunswick are expected to be completed in a short time. It is to be a modern building in every respect and will have hot and cold baths, shower baths, pool room, bowling alleys, reading room, sleeping rooms and a restaurant. The building will also contain an assembly hall.

LADY ATTACKED BY DOG.

Mrs. Mary J. Weaver, mother of J. S. Weaver of New Oxford, while walking along a street of that borough, was attacked by a large dog. It jumped on her back tearing her clothing and sinking its teeth into the aged lady's flesh to such an extent as to require the service of a physician to dress the wound. The dog was not considered mad, but vicious, and ought to be killed. Owner of dog settled the matter by payment of \$20.

Struck by Lightning.

The large residence of Mr. Clarence M. Hoshall, of White Hall, was struck by lightning last Sunday and considerably damaged. No one was injured. About a year ago lightning struck the same house.

The large barn of Mr. John W. Burns of White Hall was struck by lightning last Sunday afternoon, but little damage was done.

Elder William H. Franklin, of the German Baptist church, died in Carroll county, aged 74 years.

SENSATION OF FALLING 60 FEET

Harry Metzler Says He Experienced Nothing Unusual When He Fell.

Harry Metzler, the York steeple-jack and smokestack painter, who three months ago fell from the top of a 60-foot stack of one of the industrial plants of York, Pa., and escaped with no other injuries but a broken leg and a sprained leg, has almost completely recovered from this hurts, and according to his own statement, will return to his occupation of climbing steeples and stacks for a livelihood.

Metzler describes the sensation he experienced while dropping from the top of the tall stack to the tin roof, 60 feet below. He says: "I have often read and have heard others say that when an individual is in great peril of his life that all the important events and deeds of his career flit like pictures through his mind. I experienced no such sensation and do not recall thinking of a previous incident of my life when I realized I was about to fall or while I was making the descent. I was clinging to a rope attached to the top of the stack. It was my only support. A few inches above me I saw that the strands of the rope were parting and I realized that I must fall.

"My first thought was of my two companions, who were working on the roof directly under me. I did not want to fall upon them, and I shouted: Look out, down there. I am going to fall.' As I saw them hurry out of danger my next thought was of the steam whistle at the foot of the smokestack. I'll strike it and be impaled upon it, I told myself. Then the rope broke and I felt myself shooting downward, with the air currents produced by my rapidly descending body rushing past my ears. The instant I felt myself falling I thought I must avoid the steam whistle and land on my feet. I managed to keep my body erect and prepared myself for contact with the roof. That is why, I am certain, that I was not more seriously hurt. As I saw myself within a few feet of the roof I tried to land on my toes. When I landed I fell in a relaxed heap. I did not think I was hurt, and I said aloud: 'That was lucky.' Then I got upon my feet and the instant my weight was upon my legs I knew I was hurt. Both legs gave way and I fell flat. Throughout the time of the fall I had no other thoughts or sensations than those I have just told of."

Loves The Snake Eater.

Myrtle Henry, aged 15 years, who lived 10 miles from Roanoke, Va., became infatuated with the band leader of the American Carnival Company, at Front Royal, six weeks ago. She followed the show to Charlestown and Martinsburg, last week going to Frostburg Allegany county. In the meantime she changed her affections to the snake eater. She had no boarding place and slept among the baggage. She was taken in charge by the authorities and was committed by Justice Chambers to the Female House of Refuge until she is 21 years of age. At the hearing it developed that she had never attended school or church and that when she was in Martinsburg she stayed with an uncle whose name is Bennett. She said she would rather go to jail than return home.—Sun.

New Firm.

Messrs. Lutheran M. Zimmerman and Edgar W. Shriver have formed a co-partnership under the firm name of Zimmerman & Shriver, and will conduct a general warehouse business at the old stand of the late firm of E. R. Zimmerman & Son, in this place. They will give special attention to and carry a full and complete line of agricultural machinery and repairs of every description. They will also deal in Lumber, coal, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fertilizer, etc. They are agents for the J. L. Case Threshing Machine Company, McCormick Harvesting Machinery and Superior Grain Drills. Custom Sawing a Specialty.

Snake Hanged Her.

While Miss Margaret Deardorf, of Cumberland township, was making her brother's bed a large blacksnake sprang from under the pillow and coiled itself around her right arm. The girl attempted to tear the reptile away with her left hand, but instantly the coils had encircled her left wrist also.

Screaming for help, she ran to her brother who was working in the garden. He could not kill the snake with a club for fear of injuring his sister, but succeeded in cutting off the reptile's head with a penknife. The snake made no effort to bite the girl.

Henry Krise Dead.

Henry Krise, of near Woodshoro, this county, died Friday night at 9:30 o'clock, of paralysis, aged 90 years. Mr. Krise was unmarried and lived at the family homestead all his life, his niece, Mrs. H. C. Delaplane, having been the housekeeper for a number of years past. Mr. Krise was the son of Henry Krise, and was the last surviving member of his generation. He is survived by a number of nephews and nieces. The funeral was held on Monday morning. Services at Lutheran church at Woodshoro and interment was made at Mt. Hope cemetery, Woodshoro.

SOOTHING AND COOLING.

The salve that heals without a scar is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. No remedy effects such speedy relief. It draws out inflammation, soothes, cools and heals all cuts, burns and bruises. A sure cure for piles and skin diseases. DeWitt's is the only genuine Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of counterfeits, they are dangerous. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

Rev. Wm. Hoffman, who has been pastor of St. Matthew's German-English Lutheran Church, Hagerstown, for about a year, has tendered his resignation to accept the pastorate of Trinity Lutheran Church at Rockport, Ind.

ARE YOU USING ALLEN'S FOOT-POWDER?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Fungus, Itching, Hot, Swollen Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, etc.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY MEETING.

Delegates Appointed To The Two County Conventions To Be Held In Frederick.

The Emmitsburg District Democratic Primary meeting was held in Spangler's Opera House, in this place, on last Saturday evening. The meeting was called to order by Vincent Sebold, Esq., chairman of the Central Committee. Mr. William Morrison was elected chairman of the meeting, and Mr. James A. Baker, secretary.

A new Central Committee was elected as follows: M. P. Shuff, E. L. Frizell, John A. Peddicord, William Morrison, D. F. Roddy, Clarence Rider, Johnson Eyer, Y. C. Harbaugh, John H. Hoke, J. C. Rosensteel, B. J. Jenkins, Vincent Sebold, Dr. J. W. Reigle, Michael Lingg, Singleton Sheely, William Fox, Jacob Adams.

The following were appointed delegates to attend the County Convention to be held in Frederick on August 5, to nominate delegates to the State Convention: F. A. Diffend, J. B. Elder, Robert L. Troxell, Charles R. Hoke, Edward Chrismer, John L. Zacharias, Howard K. Martin, Samuel Hemler, Joseph Welty, W. H. Troxell, Dr. J. B. Brawner, A. J. Kreitz, John T. Long, I. M. Fisher, John M. Roddy, Wm. Harner, Dr. Stone.

The delegates named to attend the County Convention to be held in Frederick, September 16, next, to nominate a county ticket are: P. F. Burkett, M. E. Shuff, Charles E. Myers, Vincent Sebold, Michael Lingg, William Morrison, A. V. Keepers, John A. O'Connor, J. M. Kerrigan, J. C. Rosensteel, H. F. Roddy, George M. Morrison, Dr. John McE. Forman, J. Rowe Ohler, E. L. Frizell, Chas. McCarren, and B. J. Jenkins.

Big Sharks In The Tred Avon.

John T. Price, a veteran trawler, of Easton Point Md., reports Tred Avon River infested with sharks. Monday while trawling off what is known as Holidays Island, at the mouth of Back Creek, about a mile and one-half from Easton Point, he saw five or six of them, ranging in length from 5 to 15 feet. He says they have been playing havoc with his "trot" lines, biting them in two and devouring the crabs upon them. He also reports that there are large schools of fish in the river, especially around this island, and in the cove near the residence of the Dixons, at Bloomfield.

Mr. Price says it is an amusing sight to watch these sharks as they rush into a school of fish and scatter them. Sharks in the Tred Avon River will break up bathing on the shores.

Mr. Price when he went to work Monday morning took his Winchester rifle along with the view of shooting at them if they again molested his "trot" lines, not thinking to kill them, but to frighten them off, as he says it is next to impossible to kill one by shooting it. He said that while seine hauling several years ago in the river he surrounded a shark with the seine and had nearly hauled him ashore when one of the men picked up a sharp ax and drove it into the shark's back up to the eye of the throat, which so infuriated the fish that he turned and made a wild dash for the deep water, tearing the seine to pieces. He also said that he afterwards caught several, and the only way to capture one is to haul him in, and when he turns to make his way out to loose the seine before he strikes it; then he will not tear it, but after striking it will again turn for the shore. Then haul in your seine again, and keep this practice up until you get him ashore.

Drowned In High Water.

Sunday brought the shocking news of the drowning of James L. Julius of Latimore township in Bermudian Creek. Mr. Julius owns the mill formerly known as Powder Mill along the creek. The rains on Saturday had swollen the stream to a torrent.

There is a plank bridge near the mill maintained by the township with guard rails on either side. Saturday evening Mr. Julius attempted to cross this bridge in a conveyance. The water was rushing over the bridge. A plank was swept on the bridge which freighted the horse. It plunged over the bridge, breaking down the side guards and taking vehicle and Mr. Julius into the creek. The horse struggled in the water and finally reached shore. The food carried Mr. Julius down stream. The body was not found until Saturday morning and then two miles down the creek from the point of accident.

Mr. Julius was a prominent Democrat and citizen of Latimore township, had a merry greeting for every one and enjoyed the respect of all who knew him. He was about 50 years of age and leaves a wife, a married daughter, Mrs. Myers of Pittsburg, a son attending Lancaster Business College and two sons at home.—Gettysburg Compiler

Roadhouse Raided.

Constable Thomas H. Garrison, aided by several detectives, raided the roadhouse conducted by P. J. Steubener, on the Bladenburg road, Sunday evening, arrested the proprietor and several witnesses and secured a "sweat" cloth as a memento of the occasion.

The occupants of the place were taken by surprise, and some of them made an attempt to get away. The constable and his deputies blocked the doors and windows, however, and the whole party, with the exception of Steubener, and aggregating eight in number, were taken to Hyattsville and locked up over night.

Steubener was arranged before Justice Arthur Carr and was fined \$75, which was paid. The men gave their names as J. Briscoe, M. Fortane, J. Robinson, J. Layne, W. Hawkins, W. Hazen and Martin Bennett, all of Washington.—American.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

Fairfield, Aug. 1.—The Fairfield Band festival will not come off at this time. The members have concluded not to have a festival.

Mr. George Kebil, hotel keeper, has put up a large corn crib, setting it on posts, and by having tin around the posts hopes to prevent rats from getting at the corn.

Mr. Howard Riley who drives Mr. Wm. Linn's team, hauls heavy loads from his steam saw mill, some of which average 1 1/2 tons to the horse.

Everything now growing seems to take the blight, such as potatoes, cabbage, tomatoes, in fact nearly everything is going that way.

While Fairfield is said to be a nice little town, with 5 churches, one would suppose people were all good, but some have to skip ones in a while on account of their tricks. Centennial street is the nicest street in town since the town council have piked the street. It is a level street with green grass on either side of the crushed stone. Some people take a delight in keeping things clean and have the grass in good shape while others care very little for flowers or grass, etc.

Mrs. George Jacobs, of near Gettysburg, and Mrs. Salina McNair, of Kansas, were recent visitors at Mrs. E. Shulley's.

Castwown Base Ball Club played a game of ball with the Fairfield boys, the Castwown boys were the winners.

Rev. and Mrs. Harry Musselman, are visiting among their friends in Fairfield.

Rev. and Mrs. C. L. Ritter returned to their home in Fairfield on last Friday. They are looking well after spending their vacation.

Mrs. John Irwin, of Fairfield, is very ill at this time.

We are glad to learn that Mr. Linn, who was sick, is able to be about again.

Miss Susan Sullivan, of Monrovia, Md., is visiting in Fairfield.

Prof. Charles Decker, of near Gettysburg, is visiting his daughter who lives with J. W. Musselman, of this place.

Rev. C. L. Ritter preached his first sermon on last Sunday after his vacation. His text was, "Let us go into the House of the Lord"

On last Sunday two heavy showers passed over Fairfield. It rained heavily.

If there is not a good crop of corn it will not be on account of not having any rain.

Mr. Robert Sanders left his two horses in the pasture field one night and one of them was kicked on the stifle. The horse died.

There is lots of oats out yet. It is thoroughly soaked. There is only one way to get it dry, cut the sheaves open. If that is not done it will rot inside the band.

The new school house has the rafters all up. The masons have the brick work of the gable ends nearly half done.

Those who hauled brick from the station unloaded them like stones. They were thrown off on a pile like stone. Good brick or they would not stand throwing.

Mrs. William Reed, of this place, is having a large Silo built. D. C. Shulley has the foundation ready for a large one. Some people think there is nothing like a Silo to keep corn fodder green to feed.

Mr. Carl Reindollar will live in the Jos. Banty house until spring.

Mr. J. J. Hill, our potato raiser, has sold about 4000 bushels potatoes right out of the field at 35¢ per bushel. Mr. Hill expects 2500 bushels this year.

Mr. Erl Hartzel, of Reading, who is visiting his grand parents in Fairfield, is reported being sick at this time.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Carroll Abaugh, of Westminster, spent a few days with Mr. G. L. Gillilan, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Delaplane and family, of Pittsburg, Pa., are visiting Mr. Geo. L. Gillilan, of this place.

Miss Nettie G. Smith, of Hanover, Pa., is visiting Miss Nellie Hyster.

Miss Grace Favorite has returned home from a visit to Baltimore.

Mrs. Clarence Martin and daughter are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Kretzer.

Mr. Oscar Sloanaker, of Baltimore, is visiting friends in this place.

Mr. Paul Lawrence, of McSherrystown, Pa., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Lawrence.

Mrs. H. C. Annan and daughter, Miss Ruth, of Beloit, Kan., have gone to Gettysburg, after a visit to Mrs. A. E. A. Horner.

Miss Margaret Colt, of Northumberland, Pa., has returned home after a visit to Miss Elizabeth Horner.

Mr. Henry P. Fisher, of Easton, Pa., who was visiting Mr. R. L. Annan, of this place, has returned home.

Mr. O. A. Horner has returned home from Shippensburg, Pa., where he was the guest of Mr. Alexander Stewart, son of Mr. G. H. Stewart.

Mr. and Mrs. James McGrath and little son, Joseph Gordon, of Philadelphia, who were visiting at Mr. James McGrath's near town, have returned home.

Mr. William Roddy, of Baltimore, who was visiting at Mr. James McGrath's, near town has returned home.

Mrs. P. E. Pampel, of Frederick, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Smith, near town.

Mr. Rockefeller Eyster and wife, of Philadelphia, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gillilan, of this place.

ASKS \$15,000 DAMAGES.

Wm. Thos. Harwood Sued For This Amount For False Arrest.—Miss Mayhugh The Complainant.—Marriages. And Other Interesting News.

Frederick, Aug. 2.—Miss Mary B. Mayhugh was on Wednesday last given a hearing before Judge Johnson upon a charge of embezzling \$1,500 from Wm. Thos. Harwood, of this city. Miss Mayhugh showed that Harwood had given the same to her voluntarily to buy a home for herself. It was also sworn to that Harwood declared that he "thought more of her than any one else on God's green earth." Miss Mayhugh stated that "she lived with her mother and Mr. Harwood was a boarder there." Immediately after the hearing suit was instituted by Miss Mayhugh for \$15,000 damages for arrest. Messrs. P. E. Pampel and A. S. Brown appear as her attorneys. The Mayhughs came here from Brunswick, Md., and for a time Miss Mayhugh was employed at the "Gem Dining Parlors" here, and where it is said Harwood first made her acquaintance. They now reside on West Patrick street. Mr. Harwood is well known in this city, and is a son of the late Thos. Harwood.

Marriages.

Miss Fannie W. Hammond, of Royal Oak, Md., and Mr. Ormond Hammel, of Baltimore, were married Wednesday last at All Saints P. E. Church, Baltimore. The parties are well known in this county.

Jas. Edgar Bartgis and Miss Minnie Estalla Speaks, both of this city, were married by Rev. McLane, in this city, on Wednesday last.

Dr. L. P. Appleman, formerly of Midletown, Md., and Miss Josephine Lane Durnin, of New York, were on Wednesday last, married in Washington, D. C.

John H. Gashom, of Shippensburg, Pa., and Miss Nettie Kennedy, of Greenscastle, Pa., were married Thursday last, in this city, by Rev. S. M. Hench.

Preston E. Favorite, of Thurmont, and Miss Nettie R. Martin, of Hagerstown, were married here on July 26th, by Rev. C. F. Steck, of the Lutheran church.

Deaths.

John Rawlings, aged 70 years, a respectable colored man, of this city, died at Montevue Hospital on Wednesday last of old age. Interment was made in Greenmount cemetery. Rev. T. O. Carroll officiating.

Chas. Butcher, a well known colored man, and a resident of Bartonsville, died there on Friday last of Bright's disease, aged 68 years. Interment was made at Bartonsville Saturday. Butcher leaves a widow and several children.

Notes.

The United Fire Company have purchased a pair of horses for the new hose chemical wagon. Pending the renovation of the engine house the horses are being kept by Dr. R. V. Smith, veterinary surgeon, of this city. The horses are of the "Axtelroy" stock and were obtained near Lovettsville, Va.

Co. A, 1st Regiment M. N. G., have received their uniforms and equipments and will go into the State Encampment at Bel Air on Saturday next.

Sixteen members of the Junior Branch Y. M. C. A., are camping at Braddock Heights. They have named the camp after Mr. Joseph D. Baker, president of the Citizens National Bank. The camp is in charge of Secretary Ira Logan.

Democratic primaries were held here Saturday. No contests were made and Gen. Baughman heads both delegations. Jos. W. Gaver was chairman, and J. Francis Smith, secretary. Gen. Baughman also heads the list of Central Committee men.

Jno. W. Dixon, of Park Mills, who, two years ago had a horse stolen, has just succeeded in locating the animal at Libertytown, where it was in the possession of a Mr. Rippion, who purchased it from another party. It will be recalled that Mr. Dixon at the time had a member of his family arrested charged with the theft, but upon trial in the Circuit Court was acquitted.

Thos. J. Wash, of this city, has returned to Panama, where he will resume his duties as one of the secretaries to the Canal Commission.

Mr. Chas. Barrick, of Fountain Rock, was on Thursday last the victim of an assault by a tramp, who afterward escaped. Mr. Barrick had just called to a neighbor, "you had better go to work," which the tramp evidently supposed was made to him. Mr. Barrick was not seriously injured.

Squabble Over Dollar.

The contract for the construction of a road 6140 feet long in York county is being held up because of a difference of \$1 in the bids. The lowest two bidders were J. A. Cocklin, of Bowmansdale, who asked \$7430, and Joan Doffling, of York, whose bid was 7431.

The law required that the contract be awarded to the "lowest and best bidder". States Highway Commissioner Hunter awarded the contract to Mr. Doffling. The York county Commissioners protested on the ground that it was not a question of money, but one of precedent, and the contract has been sent back to the Highway Department.—Gettysburg News.

DIED.

ASHBAUGH.—On July 31, 1905, at her residence on Gettysburg Street, in this place, Mrs. Martha J. Ashbaugh, wife of Mr. William H. Ashbaugh, aged 66 years, 10 months and 6 days. The deceased, who was a daughter of the late John A. and Rachel Dwyer, is survived by her husband, three sons and four daughters, viz., Messrs. William E., Herbert M. and Charles

SOME NOTED FASTERS

FEATS OF PERSONS WHO WENT LONG PERIODS WITHOUT FOOD.

The Remarkable Case of a French Girl Who Lived for Nearly Four Years on Water Alone—Fasts of the Famous Englishman, John Scott.

How long is it possible for man to maintain life without food of any description, liquid or solid? At the aquarium two "hunger artists," Signor Succi and M. Alexandre Jacques, some years ago tied for premier honors in England by abstaining from food for forty-two days, and in the eighties of the last century a man named Merlati maintained health and spirits for fifty days on a Spartan diet limited to sips of water.

But even such feats as these are mere pauses between meals compared with some of the fasts of still more remote generations, if we are to believe contemporary records. Thus we learn that a young French girl, Christina Michelot, after an attack of fever was utterly unable to swallow any form of food and from November, 1754, to July, 1755, swallowed nothing at all more sustaining than water. Remarkable to say, after nearly four years of this starvation diet she gradually recovered her health and lived long in the land.

For a year and three-quarters, it is said, a Ross-shire woman named Katherine McLeod actually lived without partaking of any form of sustenance. Once during this period an attempt was made to force food down her throat, but the woman narrowly escaped suffocation and the attempt had to be abandoned.

A Harrogate girl of twelve, one Ann Walsh, lived for eighteen months on a daily glass of wine and water, a diet on which she somehow managed to preserve health and good looks; Monica Mutcheteria, a Swabian, spent a whole year without swallowing either food or drink, and for three years she never slept, while Dr. Willan, an eighteenth century physician, had among his patients a monomaniac who for sixty-one days refused to touch food of any description.

About the same time, too, we are informed that a French peasant boy of Chateauroux was never known to partake of food during twelve months, and yet was able to do a good day's work on his father's farm.

Dr. Plot, in his "Natural History of Staffordshire," tells a remarkable story of a woman, one Mary Waughton of Wigginton, who appears to have reduced the problem of living to its lowest material limits. Thus, says her historian, "she does not eat in a day a piece above the size of half a crown in bread and butter, or, if meat, not above the quantity of a pigeon's egg at most," while her only beverage was a spoonful of milk and water daily, and yet, although this was Mary's modest fare year after year, she is described as "a maiden of fresh complexion and healthy enough."

Another Staffordshire worthy of the eighteenth century, one John Adams, lived for thirty years, it is said, on a daily crust of bread and a glass of water, and yet, was famed for his muscular strength and his glowing performance. Unfortunately we do not know what John ate when nobody was looking.

In the two cases which follow we get on to more reliable ground, since the feats described are little more remarkable than those of our own time. In 1771 a Stamford man made a wager of £10 that he would touch neither food nor drink for fifty-one days, and he won his bet handsomely. The records, however, are silent as to the price he afterward paid for his defiance of nature.

The second of these old time fasters was the famous John Scott of Teviotdale, whose fasts have survived to our own day enshrined in border verse. John's first experiment as a faster was when he was incarcerated for not paying his creditors. So indignant was he that not a mouthful of prison fare passed his lips for thirty-two days. The fame of this feat got abroad, and the king, curious to test the man under stringent conditions, had him locked up with a loaf of bread and a jug of water in a room in Edinburgh castle.

When the door was opened at the end of thirty-two days the bread and water were quite untouched, and John seemed none the worse for his abstinence. In later years Scott exhibited his powers as a modest eater to the pope, and his fame became great throughout Europe, while to crown his fasting performances when he was thrown into prison for railing against one of Henry VIII's divorcees he threw all his own records into the shade by going "without bite or sup" for fifty days.—London Tit-Bits.

The Soap Bubble's Colors.

When light impinges on the soap bubble part of it is reflected from the exterior surface and part enters the film and is reflected from the interior surface. This latter portion traverses the water medium between the two surfaces twice and is therefore kept behind the first reflected ray. The two sets of waves interfere with each other and produce a colored light instead of a white light. Other waves again may destroy each other and extinguish the light. Some of the constituent colors of the impinging white light—formed by their passage through the film—interfere so as to destroy each other, while others remain unaffected. As the film diminishes in thickness the colors necessarily vary. In this way is accounted for the marvelous variety of beauty of colors in the soap bubbles, the iridescence of oil upon water, the changing color of steel when being tempered and the gaudiness of some insects' wings.

In Doubt.

Farmer Blake at New York restaurant—Wash. Minn. here's spinach 25 cents. I wonder now if that's a peck or bushel.—Life.

Fatally Shot in Mock Duel.

Big Rapids, Mich., July 25.—Frank, only son of Judge L. G. Palmer, was perhaps fatally shot in a mock duel. Palmer and Glen Carpenter, his lifelong friend, in fun stood back to back, and after pining off an agreed number of steps, turned and snapped the triggers of their revolvers. Witnesses were horrified to see Palmer fall, shot through the stomach. The revolvers had both been examined and were supposed to be empty, but evidently one cartridge had been overlooked. The young men were about 19 years old.

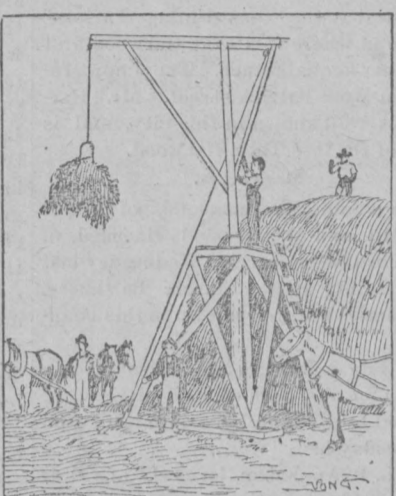
FARM & GARDEN

HAYING DEVICES.

The Western Stacker as Used in Ohio. Good Hay Rigging.

The man who has stood with his back to the stack pitching hay by hand under a hot July sun will appreciate the first picture here shown. The derrick or pitcher will cost the man on the farm about \$5 in cash. It is mounted on runners twelve feet long. The base of the frame is 10 by 10 feet square and the top 5 by 5 feet. The telephone pole in the center is twenty-five feet high. The arm is fourteen feet long and the brace about twelve feet. The pole and arm can be turned in a complete circle by means of a crowbar inserted in the pole near the bottom.

An entire haycock can be easily lifted straight from the ground to a level with the top of the stack, then carried over and dropped in place on the stack. It will keep two men busy on the stack all the time, and they will not have to reach over the edge of the stack to help get the hay up. Besides, it does not drag up the side of the stack, as many pitchers do, nor does it make the stack heavier on one side than the other. A round stack can be built twenty feet high and easily made to hold from twelve to fifteen tons. It saves time, money, help, muscle, patience "and other things too numerous to mention."

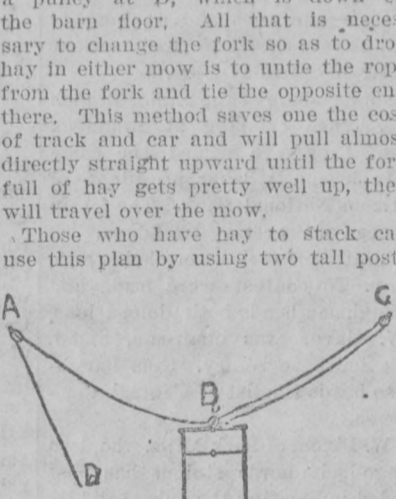


A HAY DERRICK.

The foregoing expresses the idea and experience of a writer in Ohio Farmer, and in the same journal another correspondent describes his plan for unloading hay with a horse fork in the barn or on the stack, which he considers very convenient and cheaper than any set of haying tools and just as good. He has used it for two years and found it valuable.

This plan is as follows: Fasten pulley blocks at A and C in the cone of the barn. Then with an open ring fasten another pulley to the ring in the hayfork. Then tie one end of a rope to the open ring, after it has been closed, and then put the rope through the pulley at C, then down through the pulley at B, which is on the fork, then through the pulley at A, then through a pulley at D, which is down on the barn floor. All that is necessary to change the fork so as to drop hay in either row is to untie the rope from the fork and tie the opposite end there. This method saves one the cost of track and car and will pull almost directly straight upward until the fork fall of hay gets pretty well up, then will travel over the row.

Those who have hay to stack can use this plan by using two tall posts as shown in the diagram.



A GOOD HAY RIGGING.

or one if the stack is near a tree, which can be used to fasten one pulley to. Set the post far enough away so you can drive a load of hay between the post and the stack. This rigging will not take any more rope than a track and car and is very convenient in small barns.

"Seed Spot" Planting.

An interesting way of planting in reforesting waste lands is known as the "seed spot method" and consists, according to an exchange, in breaking up the ground in small spots about two feet square at intervals of eight feet every way. A dozen seeds are scattered on the loose earth and lightly covered with soil. When the seedlings are two years old one is left where propagated. The others are used to plant in intervening spaces each way and in other locations as needed.

Feeding Grain to Calves.

Calves will begin to eat grain when from seven to ten days old. The best way to start them is to put a little grain in their mouths immediately after feeding them milk, and in this way their attention is called to the grain instead of sucking each other's ears and mouth. This taste will soon lead them to the feed boxes, where they will eat greedily.

Seed For High Protein Wheat.

Experiments lead Messrs. Harper and Peter of the Kentucky experiment station to believe that flinty kernels from the middle of the head should be selected from early maturing varieties for developing a high protein type of wheat.

Fatally Shot in Mock Duel.

Big Rapids, Mich., July 25.—Frank, only son of Judge L. G. Palmer, was perhaps fatally shot in a mock duel. Palmer and Glen Carpenter, his lifelong friend, in fun stood back to back, and after pining off an agreed number of steps, turned and snapped the triggers of their revolvers. Witnesses were horrified to see Palmer fall, shot through the stomach. The revolvers had both been examined and were supposed to be empty, but evidently one cartridge had been overlooked. The young men were about 19 years old.

THE GAME OF ROUND BALL.

Three Catchers and There Was Some Scientific Batting Done.

Until about 1860 the ball game played in Massachusetts was called "Massachusetts round ball." No game called "town ball" was known in Massachusetts.

We did not know that in England a game called rounders was played. We believed that round ball was distinctively an American game. Four old cat and three old cat were regarded as derivatives of round ball. They were the resource when there were not enough players on the field for round ball.

In a match game of round ball there were fourteen players on a side. The game was quite as active as baseball is and exciting. Bases were called goals. There were four goals set in a square, not in a diamond. At each goal a stout stake four feet high and about two inches in diameter was driven into the ground, the runner going at full speed would seize this stake, frequently swinging around it two or three times before he could stop himself. There was no running beyond first on a hit. Unless some part of the runner's body touched the goal he could be put out by being hit by a thrown ball. "Pitched out" we called it.

The batter stood in a circle four feet in diameter, midway between first goal and home. The thrower stood in the center of the square made by the goals, thirty feet from the batter. Many teams had what was called a "dip thrower"—that is, one who could throw a swift ball, starting low and shooting up. There were no fouls. Everything went. Backhanded batting was common. The batter swinging round with the ball as it came to him would drive it sideways or backward for a long hit. A few were skillful at what was called side batting. Grasping the bat near the middle with the thumb and fingers of one hand and being careful that the finger ends were below the surface, they held it horizontally, the end pointed toward the thrower. In this position the batter would catch the ball on the top of the bat and, in a fraction of a second, as it slid along the surface and by a quick deflection of the bat shoot the ball backward to the right or to the left.

Hundreds of men now living in central Massachusetts have seen it done. There were three catchers in line behind the batter. The first catcher played close. He usually crouched and took only the low throws. The second and third catchers stood erect, alert for the high and wild throws. There were two back fielders, one at the right and one at the left of the third catcher. They were there for the backhand and slide hits. There was a player at each goal; a player between second goal and home and two outfielders. The ball was made of woolen yarn, firmly wound, with a few shill in the center. It was covered with leather and was somewhat smaller than the regulation baseball. It was not mussy. A tick and a catch was out. One out, the side was out. To avoid being put out by a ball thrown at him and properly coached, a runner would now jump in the air, now fall flat on the ground and up and away again in a twinkling. Runs were called rallies. The big matches were generally decided by the priority in getting 100 rallies. Each team chose its own "referee," and the two "referees" chose a "judge," who was a solemn and important person, silent except when the referees could not agree. His decision was final.—Exchange.

King George Was Thin.

Among the anecdotes told by a biographer concerning John Leech, the famous Punch artist, is the following: On one occasion when in the country on a sketching tour Mr. Leech paid a visit to a traveling waxwork show which happened at the time to be in the village. The proprietor of the waxworks in giving a description of the different exhibits pointed to a very lean, attenuated figure with an order on its breast and said: "It is 'His Majesty King George IV.'"

"Who?" inquired Mr. Leech in surprise. "Why, I thought George IV. was a fat man."

"Did yer, then?" sneered the showman. "Well, yer wouldn't be very fat if you'd been without vittles as long as him."

Humor in Men and Women.

There can be no doubt that women have less sense of humor than men. Much humor in a woman is rare and remarkable. The love of approbation is as common among women as humor among men, and as rare among men as humor among women. The temptation to say the unpalatable thing which quite apart from dislike or anger, at times seems to attack the masculine mind seldom occurs to them, and when it does it denotes not, as in men, a mere ebullition of the spirit of independence, but a real want of benevolence going down to the roots of the nature. Most women would rather be liked by every one very many wish for, and a few actually have, approbation.—London Spectator.

Unnecessary Noises.

Noise is easily misinterpreted as a sign of vigorous enterprise in all lines of human activity. There is a bustle of trade which no one would suppress. The loudest shout is not by any means the most accomplished and effective orator. The best work may be done without great clamor and uproar. Noise is commonly associated with the fakier who covers the phibcock quality of his wares by stridently proclaiming their virtues. Much of the noise of the city street is entirely unnecessary and could be suppressed without injury to any material interest. A society for the prevention of din would find a fertile field for its beneficent offices.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Look Up from Now Clams.

New York, July 24.—Stanley Ward, of Lawrence Park, Bronxville, whose wife died on Saturday from typhoid fever, caused, it is supposed, by eating infected raw clams, Mr. Ward having himself been affected at the same time, was reported to be progressing favorably towards recovery. Mr. Ward is a brother of Holcombe Ward, the tennis player.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

CHARLES H. FLETCHER.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

HAVE YOUR WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same, and has always on hand large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HARGREAVES, French Street, London, E.C.4. or Patent Solicitors, 15, Broad Street, New York, N.Y.

Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year in advance. Single copies, 10 cents. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 637 F St., Washington, D. C.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Charles H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 37 BURLINGTON STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

NEW STOCK OF SHOES For SPRING AND SUMMER, 1905.

18 Different Kinds OF DOUGLAS SHOES TO SELECT FROM.

Made of many different leathers. Patent Vici, Patent Corona, Dull Finished Corona, Box Calf, Valour Box Grain and French Calf.

These shoes are made on the newest, up-to-date lasts. Neat and well finished. Perfect fitting.

A New Lot of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Shoes.

Good lot of Infants' Shoes. Lot of Infants' Socks and Soft Sole Shoes.

Boys' and Youths' Shoes of the best makes. Shoes and prices will please you.

Respectfully, M. FRANK ROWE.

Washing in Naples. Washing in Naples is done in any old tub, barrel or dish and generally outside of the house, and by the amount of water used one would judge it to be so.

A Careless Fruit. The natives of Alaska say that the short eared owl, which is rather stupid and has a peculiarly shaped head, was originally a little girl. For some reason she was turned into a bird with a very long bill, much like a curlew's.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

CHARLES H. FLETCHER.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

HAVE YOUR WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same, and has always on hand large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HARGREAVES, French Street, London, E.C.4. or Patent Solicitors, 15, Broad Street, New York, N.Y.

Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year in advance. Single copies, 10 cents. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 637 F St., Washington, D. C.

SPIRIT OF THE PIANO.

More Adapted to the Parlor Than to the Concert Hall.

The fact that the piano is descended from the spinet and the harpsichord is still a stumbling block to amateurs of music. The fact that in tone and resonance it has lately been enormously developed is also a stumbling block to those who write for it. The first class have entirely neglected the harpsichord, a perfect and fully evolved instrument, the spirit of which is altogether different from that of the piano. The second class have been tempted by the dynamics of the piano to treat it too much like an orchestra and to forget that it is not only a solo instrument, but really a chamber instrument.

Its utterance, which Chopin understood so well, is really chamber music, and there is always something lamentable to me in the contemplation of a great artist distressing himself and his instrument in the attempt to fill a large concert room with exaggerated expressions of a delicate and intimate temperament. The effect is never untirely satisfactory, however great the artist may be, for that note of intimacy which is surely the very essence and spirit of the piano cannot possibly be maintained in the presence of a large and miscellaneous audience.

When we consider among all our impressions of pianoforte music the moments that have given us memorable pleasure, we find that they took place in intimate assemblies where some one played and some one sang and where the atmosphere thrilled with just that amount of electric disturbance which we call sympathy, which is born with the meeting of friends and dies when they disperse.—National Review.

THE GARDEN KEYBOARD

The planting of maize and late crop celery is now in progress. Cultivation will in part protect from midsummer drought and keep up growth.

Green corn, onions from sets, cucumbers, early potatoes, cauliflower, cabbage and summer squash are among toothsome products that one may now gather from the well managed garden. Trees and shrubs thoroughly watered at times during the dry weather will repay the trouble in greatly increased growth and beauty.

Supply hanging baskets, plant boxes and vases with plenty of water at all times.

If the first spikes of strong gladiolus are cut when fairly in flower they will usually throw up a number of new spikes.

The peony gives the best effect when massed in the border against shrub-

ESTABLISHED 1879

EMMITSBURG CHRONICLE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING \$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE 67 CENTS FOR 6 MONTHS.

No subscription will be received to less than six months, and no paper discontinued until arrears are paid, unless at the option of the Editor.

ADVERTISING AT LOW RATES

Job Printing

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

THE WOMAN'S PAPER.

THE FARMER'S PAPER.

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

THE WOMAN'S PAPER.

THE FARMER'S PAPER.

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

THE WOMAN'S PAPER.

THE FARMER'S PAPER.

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

THE WOMAN'S PAPER.

THE FARMER'S PAPER.

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

THE WOMAN'S PAPER.

THE FARMER'S PAPER.

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

THE WOMAN'S PAPER.

THE FARMER'S PAPER.

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

THE WOMAN'S PAPER.

THE FARMER'S PAPER.

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness. Ely's Cream Balm cleans, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spread over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Drug Stores or by Mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 60 Warren Street, New York.

Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE. On and after June 18, 1905 trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH. Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7:15 and 9:55 a. m. and 2:55 and 4:55 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8:45 and 10:25 a. m. and 3:25 and 5:20 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH. Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8:30 and 10:32 a. m. and 3:30 and 7:00 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 9 and 11:02 a. m. and 4 and 7:30 p. m. WM. A. HIMES, Pres't.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY

Circuit Court. Chief Justice—Hon. James McSherry. Associate Judges—Hon. John C. M. Ater and James B. Henderson.

County Commissioners—Wm. H. Bostlinger, Lewis H. Bowles, John H. Eitzer, William H. Hughitt, David G. Zentz. Sheriff—Charles T. Young. County Treasurer—Charles C. Biser. School Commissioners—Samuel Dutrow, S. Therman, Brian, Charles W. Wight, J. Henry Stokes, Charles B. Slagle, Dr. H. Boteler Gros.

Emmitsburg District. Notary Public—W. H. Trovelli. Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Millar F. Sluff. Constables—School Trustees—Dr. R. L. Annan, P. Sheriff Oscar D. Frailley. Town Officers. Burgess—E. L. Fizzle.

Churches. Ev. Lutheran Church. Pastor—Rev. Charles Bismeyer. Services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

Presbyterian Church. Pastor—Rev. David H. Riddle. Morning service at 10:30 o'clock. Evening service at 7:30 o'clock. Wednesday evening devotionals and prayer meeting at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. O. Hayden, C. M. First Mass 8:00 o'clock a. m. Second Mass 10:00 o'clock a. m. Tenth Mass 7:00 p. m. Sunday School at 2 o'clock p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

St. Mary's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

St. Mary's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

St. Mary's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

St. Mary's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

St. Mary's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

St. Mary's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek twice at 9 o'clock. Christian classes on Saturday afternoon at 12 o'clock.

St. Mary's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. M. Bailey. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School