

# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

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## LOVE AFFAIRS OF THE RIBBON-COUNTER GIRL.

Say, Mame, I've got a real romance this time, an' there ain't any mistake about that. Naw, not that fellah. I've had three since him. He was cheap. He wanted to take me into the gallery at Fourteenth Street Theater. What do you think of that? An' although he'd bought the tickets, an' took me down there and everything, when I saw the man at the door piloting him towards the gallery I says:

"Excuse me; were you unable to obtain seats in the park?"

He stammers and blushes, an' says:

"Yes, Miss Manning, the park seats were all gone, but we can see just as well from where we're goin'."

An' I says: "I'll really have to beg your pardon, but if you need the money to buy meal tickets or anything, I wouldn't for the world think of havin' you waste it on a mere girl like me."

I always think of smart things like that to say, just at the right time, too, an' if you was to ask me how I do it, you know, I couldn't tell you.

Well, he was pretty sick, and he stood their muterin' something about trying to get better seats, but I just flounced out and left him, an' I ain't seen him since, an' don't want to.

Yes, an' an, them is rainbow ribbons. Well, of course, you'll have to pay a high price if you want them kind. No; we ain't got no cheaper. I guess, perhaps, you've got into the wrong store. No? Well, I can't show you any cheaper ones. Oh, don't mention it. Good day.

But the real romance I was going to tell you about, Mame, was this:

You know in books, sometimes, the heroines feel from their earliest childhood that there's a heart waitin' for 'em, an', like the song, they must go forth an' find it. An' all the time there's things happenin' which shows he's in the neighborhood, or is thinkin' of them, an' searchin' for them with a hungerin' heart, and by an' by they see him, an' know it's him without anybody tellin' 'em, and then they're introduced, an' that evenin' they tell each other all about it, an' get engaged, and as soon as they get money enough they're married.

Well, you'll think it's just foolishness, but that's exactly what's happened to me.

When I was about 14 years old I seen a photograph in a glass case in front of a gallery of a handsome young man, an' the eyes seemed to be lookin' right into mine as if to say:

"We were born for each other, Myrtle, dear. Why does a cruel fate keep us apart?"

I've dreamed about that face thousands of times, and one day I got up courage enough to go up to the photographer and ask him who it was.

He told me the name was Henry DeGrow, an' just a night or two ago when I was at the theater there was the owner of the face sittin' right next to me.

He was awfully startled when he seen me, an' I blushed scarlet, so that the fellah I was with began to ask me questions.

Well, I didn't see him again for quite a while till this morning. When I went to the new clerk that's at the next counter to ask him for the loan of his scissors, havin' forgot mine, I found him leasin' pensive on the counter, gazin' out in the distance. I spoke to him, an' he looks up, an' what do you believe? It was him!

Say, I nearly died. Well, I didn't have no opportunity to be introduced, so I merely asks him for his scissors an' goes away, an' when I looks around, over my shoulder, there he was lookin' after me with his eyes full of vague mystery.

Ain't it wonderful? I expect all the others was just preparation for this one, 'cause I can't help feelin' that my hour has come. How do you think Mrs. Henry DeGrow would sound on a weddin' invitation?

That's him now, talkin' to that silly lookin' blonde, the washed-out, pink-eyed one. Go look him over an' see if you don't think he's handsome.—Evening Herald.

## DANGER IN DYNAMITE.

Some Information Concerning It Given By An Expert

Many people have, of course, only a general or perhaps vague idea of just what dynamite really is; they view it as dangerous and as an explosive, something to be given a wide berth. Yet on the authority of an expert in these matters, a man of New York who has manufactured dynamite and who has traveled throughout the country from Maine to California to instruct people in its proper use and handling, dynamite is not an explosive, but is rather a detonator; a difference in degree only, yet a wide difference in effects. An explosion is caused by the generating or liberating of gases from a solid, liquid or other gaseous substance so quickly that the gases formed cannot be confined in the space of the original substance, a more or less slow process, whereas detonators liberate their gases all more instantaneously. The greater bulk must find an outlet at once, and does not have time to seek the place of least resistance, but must find space immediately. A detonation is, in round numbers, 1,000 times quicker than an explosion. A strong concussion and a spark in combination will cause it.

Dynamite is not quite the dangerous substance that most people suppose it to be. It can be handled with impunity even recklessly if one knows just how this should be done, and will not detonate except under certain well-defined circumstances. The marketable article, in order to fit into drill holes is generally in the form of sticks, varying from half an inch to three inches in diameter and in length from two and a half to twelve inches. These sticks are formed by packing dynamite into oiled paper cases of the required size. Only under certain conditions will dynamite act to the purpose for which it is made, so under ordinary circumstances it may be viewed as safe to handle and cart about, probably as safely as coal oil or naphtha could be carted.

In the early days of its manufacture, before its properties were well understood and before perfection of combinations in its manufacture had been reached, there were some unaccountable explosions and queer actions which gave dynamite a bad name, that ever since has clung to it. Knowledge regarding it has not grown to be general, however, with the passing of years. Now and then one hears of children finding pieces of dynamite sticks and playing with them until some one rescues the children from supposed great danger, which probably really did not exist, for the children would have difficulty in causing an explosion. Careless workmen, well accustomed to handling and knowing all its properties, throw away pieces sometimes, and these, of course, while not absolutely dangerous as playthings for children or for others to handle, may just as well be let alone. It is one of the many things which children should not employ in their play.

Now and then a mysterious explosion is laid to the use of dynamite, yet experts know, when they see explanations regarding the affair, that the conditions were not right for dynamite, and that undoubtedly it was not present at all, and was not the agency causing the explosion. Usually it is some less powerful agent that is used. Again, some man prominent in the public eye receives a mysterious box by express or otherwise that is thought to be an infernal machine. The police are notified and take the machine and usually soak it in water before opening it. But if it is dynamite, as it is usually reported to be, it will detonate just as readily, even though it may have been soaked in water for twenty-four hours, or as many days, for that matter. Therefore, it is probable that that these machines do not contain dynamite at all. Water will destroy matches, or match heads, gunpowder and other substances, but not dynamite, which to render it harmless must be soaked in some substance which will dissolve its ingredients.

## MCUE GUILTY.

Jury Returns Verdict In First Degree At Charlottesville

Charlottesville, Va., Nov. 5.—J. Samuel McCue, for two terms Mayor of Charlottesville, a member of the Council for a long period and a prominent attorney of the bar of Albemarle county, was found guilty today of murder in the first degree for killing his wife, Mrs. Fannie M. McCue, on the night of September 4. The verdict carries with it the death penalty. The jury was absent from the courtroom only 25 minutes.

### Defense Files Objections

The defense filed objections to the decision of the jury, and next Wednesday was set to argue for a new trial of the prisoner.

The closing argument was made this morning by Commonwealth's Attorney Gilmer, and at 11:09 Judge Morris placed the case in the hands of the jury.

The accused, who has been under a severe strain during the past several days, grew perceptibly nervous, and his lips twitched as the jury filed from the room.

### Jury Out Only 25 Minutes

Shortly after 11:30 it was announced that the jury had reached a conclusion. As the jury filed in at 11:34 there was a dead silence in the courtroom, and when the defendant was asked to stand up he arose. When the words determining his fate were uttered he showed no signs of emotion, but when his little daughter Ruby, with eyes reddened by crying, climbing on his lap and his relatives moved closer tears streamed down his cheeks, and the anguish he felt was depicted on his face.

### No Demonstration In Courtroom

The Court's strict admonition that there must be no demonstration was adhered to.

Fully half the spectators remained some time after the jury was discharged with the thanks of the Court.

The following are the members of the jury which found McCue guilty after hearing the testimony and argument.

Shelton Chieves (foreman), W. B. Spiers, J. Y. Stoddell, J. B. Prentice, T. F. Parson, A. S. Johnson and A. J. Saunders of Petersburg; L. E. Holmes and F. E. Fewell of Warrenton; Nelson C. Decker and S. B. Quinn of Fredericksburg, and John A. Traylor of Richmond.

### Say Jurors Read Papers

Counsel for the defense moved that the verdict be set aside, on the ground that the jurors had read newspapers. The Court called the jurors to the witness stand one by one and questioned them under oath as to whether they had read the newspapers. As a whole, they said they had not been influenced by any thing they had read. The motion will be argued later. As McCue left the courthouse to go to jail, accompanied by four guards, a large crowd was standing on the outside, but there was no untoward act.

### Climax To Unusual Case

The verdict came as a climax to one of the most important trials that has been conducted in the State of Virginia in recent years. None has aroused deeper interest or been more closely followed by the people. A large number of witnesses was heard and a great amount of testimony given, and over three days were consumed in arguments. One particularly sad feature of the trial was the fact that McCue had for years been a lawyer at the bar before which he was tried and convicted and had been on friendly relations with most of those identified with the trial. The jury evidenced the greatest interest, frequently questioning the witnesses.

The foreman shook hands with the prisoner and the relatives that surrounded him just before he was taken to jail.—Baltimore News

### A Good Complexion

"Sparkling eyes and rosy cheeks, restored by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers," so writes S. P. Moore, of Nacogdoches, Tex. A certain cure for biliousness, constipation, etc. Small pill—easy to take—easy to act. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

## SAVED FROM SUICIDE.

Effects Of Half A Second's Sleep A Day For Several Months

A well-known man had among his ancestors a number of men and women who committed suicide. He himself became melancholy, and his children, who knew the hereditary taint, were much worried about him.

A physician told him that mental fatigue was his trouble, and persuaded him to try an experiment. The man was a very busy man and scoffed at the idea of taking a nap in the middle of the day. He finally agreed to the following:

He would sit up in his easy chair every afternoon with his hands over his knees holding a dinner bell in both his hands. If he lost consciousness and went to sleep he would be willing to sleep for so long a time as it would take for the dinner bell to fall to the floor and wake him up.

The doctor who suggested this arrangement declared that the mere mental relaxation of going to sleep, if only for a few seconds, would suffice to save him. He invited his patient to study the activity of the brain by noticing how many things he could dream in the second of time he would sleep.

Every day for several months the man with the suicidal heredity sat down after luncheon with the dinner bell in his hands. Every day he went to sleep, slept for half a second, while the bell fell to the floor, and his mental condition improved steadily, partly because of the rest which his mind got by losing consciousness for a second, and partly because of his interest in the extraordinary dreams which passed through his brain while the bell was falling.

These dreams carried him all over the world, and seemed to last indefinitely. A dozen or more human beings were mixed up in them. A long succession of events, which were perfectly clear, passed before his eyes, gradually interrupted by a sound from a distance, which at first would mix in with the dream, and ultimately would prove to be the dinner bell striking the floor.

The person who says that he has been dreaming all night probably does not realize that he actually dreamed about a second and a half while he was waking up.—The Scotsman.

## AMERICAN TABLE MANNERS.

It is a common charge against our countrymen that they have never learned to eat. Foreigners note this failing as conspicuous in the category of those deficiencies of deportment commonly termed "Americanisms." On this side of the water we regard eating as a necessity and sometimes annoying incident in the rush and scramble after dollars, while in most European countries dining is exalted to the dignity of a ceremonial rite.

Americans must take this criticism of our table manners with good grace, for generally speaking, it is just and merited. Imbued with the ardor of commercial conquest, American people live in an atmosphere of high tension. They are always in a hurry and begrudge every minute that delays them in the race for wealth. The business man eats his breakfast with more attention to manual expertness than regard for gastronomic satisfaction. He bolts his food while his restless eyes scan the morning paper propped between the sugar and the spoon tray. If his coffee is too hot he impatiently adds cold water. Always his mind is upon everything else in the world except his breakfast.

Dinner is the one meal of all the day that should be eaten with deliberation and mental and physical complacency. It should typify the highest ideals of culture and embody the vital principle of right living. Only in a few households is the dinner more than a mere expedient to satisfy the animal craving for food. Instead of being a daily reunion of the family, full of sweet sentiment and a shrine of domesticity, it is hurriedly disposed of by the members of the household, who come and go with little regard for each other. The business man is unable to stop the turgid tide of his affairs, and his racking brain and weary body are out of harmony with the tranquility of the dining room.—Kansas City Journal.

## EUROPE INTRODUCED THE ORANGE BLOSSOM WREATH

The beautiful, and frequently curious, wreaths and headdresses worn by the brides of various nationalities have always come of deep significance. In most instances the bridal wreath means prosperity; in other cases the wealth of the bride's family connection is shown by the jewelry work and gems displayed above the bridal veil. Curiously enough, the veil is never absent, no matter what the religion or nationality of the bride couple. So-called civilized nations seem to prefer the orange blossom for the bride's wreath. The American girl and her English cousin remain true to the orange blossom, but of recent years fewer orange blossoms have been used, and the practice of stringing rare pearls or crowning the costume with a diamond coronet, where great wealth is involved in the marriage, is now fashionable, says an exchange.

The orange blossom was first introduced into Europe in this connection by the Crusaders of the Middle Ages, who borrowed the custom from the Saracens. As the orange tree bears both blossoms and fruit at the same time, it was thought a tree of good omen, and as such peculiarly suited for bridal decorations. The Swiss maidens to this day wear orange blossoms in profusion, the wreath extending far below the waist of the bride. In Germany the bride wears a singular crimson silk tower on her head, which is bedecked with tinsel, silver coins and the precious gems owned by the bride's family. The Spanish bride wears carnations or pink and white roses entwined in long wreaths. Among the wealthy Spaniards the bride has gold or silver leaves made into a wreath. Of late years, since poverty has oppressed many proud Castilian families, these wreaths can be hired for the occasion for a small sum.

In Russia the priest places a wreath of filigreed silver on the bride's head, while in Armenia the Greek Church demands that the bride wear the silver-gilt wreath until the priest calls at the new home and removes the wreath with special religious ceremonies. Myrtle and white heather are frequently intermingled with the orange blossoms in rural England.

### A HALF-POUND OF SLEEP.

"I'll allow myself a half-pound of sleep tonight—a full half pound—for I'm dog tired," said a fat man.

"A half-pound of sleep? What do you mean by that?"

"Well, I'll explain. I am taking, you must know, the sleep cure for corpulence. To reduce my weight I am curtailing my sleep instead of my food. An old herb doctor in Oshkosh advised me to try the sleep cure, and I have been using it, off and on, for six months now. I have lost 8 pounds in that time.

"What I do is to sleep only six hours a night, instead of eight. It was very hard at first to get up at five instead of seven o'clock every morning, but gradually I got accustomed to it, and gradually my weight went down.

"But just as sure as I go back for a single night, to my old allowance of eight hours, up my weight jumps a half-pound. That is at the rate, you see, of a quarter of a pound an hour.

"I sleep, now, six hours a night, and, though my health is perfect, my weight is slowly descending. But it goes up whenever, as is the case today, I get dog tired and allow myself an 8-hour night."

"But you said you'd love me as long as I lived."

"No, I did not. I said I'd love you till you died.—Houston Post.

"A man, like a razor, must have some temper to be any good at all."

"Yes, temper is a good thing to have, but a very bad thing to lose."

—Philadelphia Press.

English Lady to Irish Girl—How is it, that you never speak of belonging to the Irish race, my dear?

Irish Girl—Because it is sinful to boast, Madam.—Boston Bulletin.

### CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

## WHAT THE WORLD WANTS.

Men who cannot be bought.  
Men whose word is their bond.  
Men who put character above wealth.

Men who possess opinion and will.  
Men who see the divine in the common.

Men who "would rather be right than be president."

Men who would not lose their individuality in a crowd.

Men who would not think anything profitable that is dishonest.

Men who will be as honest in small things as in great things.

Men who will make no compromise with questionable things.

Men whose ambitions are not confined to their own selfish desires.

Men who are willing to sacrifice private interests for the public good.

Men who are not afraid to take chances, who are not afraid of failure.

Men of courage, who are not cowards in and out of their nature.

Men who are not larger than their business, who overtop their vocation.

Men who will give 36 inches for a yard and 32 quarts for a bushel.

Philanthropists who will not let their right hand know what their left hand is doing.

Men who will not have one brand of honesty for business purposes and another for private life.—Gallitsburg Times.

### A GREAT CHEMIST

During the latter half of the last century there lived in Sweden a poor apothecary named Scheele, who, in his short life, probably did more to enlarge our knowledge of chemistry than any other man. Throughout his life he had to contend with sickness and poverty. He was obliged to carry on the business of an apothecary in order to keep the wolf from entering his house—he never succeeded in keeping it from the door. His great delight was to investigate things chemically and to find out all he could about them. It is simply astounding to the chemist to find how many discoveries of the highest importance he made. He died in 1786 at the age of 43.

Though Scheele was an apothecary, his chemical work was not practical in the ordinary sense, and it was no doubt often difficult for him to explain what he was doing. His most important discovery was that of oxygen—a discovery that was made at the same time (1774) by the English clergyman Priestley. This is one of the most important discoveries ever made in the field of chemistry.

### POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Do the best you can and you will be surprised how well you do.

It is one sign that you are all right when you believe that others are.

The smartest man we ever knew and the one who could use the longest words could not hold a job.

So many of us act the fool while thinking we are acting smart. Look yourself over. Do you do it?

Don't be too confidential; don't tell every one the story of your life. It will be soon enough to tell that when you stand before St. Peter.

They talk about getting into the rut. Remaining in the rut isn't so bad. Most successful men are found in the rut; most failures are found outside of it.—Atchison Globe.

### The Word "Marmalade."

The word "marmalade" is apparently derived from the Portuguese marmelo, a "quince," which, again, is from mid-Latin malumellum, Greek melonellon, "honeysuckle," or "sweet apple." The word is at least as old as the reign of Henry VIII. The following sentence occurs in a letter from that monarch: "He most heartily thanketh her good ladyship for her marmalade," which by a comparison of other letters was apparently made of quinces.

Anne Basset, Lady Lisle's daughter, gives the name "codlinace" to her mother's duty. Her letters giving the account of the presentation of the said marmalade to the king and relating how he desired a repetition of the same as soon as might be have been printed more than once.—Pearson's.

### Animals Which Rarely Drink.

Naturalists have discovered many animals which seem to need no water or which drink only at rare intervals. There is a certain breed of gazelles which never drink, and the llamas of Patagonia live for years without taking water. There is a particular class of cattle near Losere, in France, that rarely touches water, but in spite of this fact these cattle give milk of a rich quality, from which excellent cheese is made. Many naturalists have the theory that hares do not drink or that water is not a necessity for them, and that the dew on the grass is sufficient for their needs.

## HUMAN BRAINS.

The Difference Between Those of the Male and Female.

The female brain in human creatures is smaller than that of the male and it is also lighter. The difference in weight is considerable. The average man's brain is between four and five ounces heavier than the average woman's. The reason, it may be said, is that the woman herself is smaller than the man in size and weight. That accounts partly for the difference, but not entirely.

The diminished size and weight of the brain are said to be a fundamental sexual distinction in the human species. It is not peculiar to civilized men and women, but is found universally among savages, wherever sufficient observations have been made. There is said to be also a difference of balance between the various parts of the compared brains. The occipital lobes, which preside chiefly over the physical functions of the organism, are declared to be more voluminous in the female than in the male, a physiological fact which is contrary to common belief.

It appears to be unquestionable that in purely intellectual endowment the man is superior to the woman. On the other hand, in the equally noble emotional capacity the woman is superior to the man.—Home Advocate.

## JAMS AND JELLIES.

How They First "Got Among the Commonalty" in Scotland.

In Galt's "Annals of the Parish" the Rev. Michl. Habschider quaintly chronicles the events of his district in Scotland about the year 1760. In the course of these records he says:

"I should not in my notations forget to mark a new luxury that got among the commonalty at this time. By the opening of new roads and by our young men sailing to the West Indies heaps of sugar were brought home, while many among the cabages in their yards had planted groset and berry bushes, which two things happening together, the fashion to make jam and jelly, which hitherto had been only known in the kitchens of the gentry, came to be introduced into the village.

"All this, however, was not without a plausible pretext, for it was found that jelly was an excellent medicine for a sore throat and jam a remedy as good as London candy for a cough or a cold or a shortness of breath. In the berry time there was no end to the borrowing of her brass pan, which occasioned a great fasherie to Mrs. Balwhidder."

## SUBSTITUTE FOR GLASS.

Gilded Paper Used by Market Gardeners in Germany.

In a small way oil paper is used for glass in many places, but only in Germany is this done on a large scale. The florists and market gardeners in the district of Frankfurt use what they call "fensterpapier" in great quantities for their greenhouses. The paper is a strong, tough manilla.

There is no difficulty or secret about its preparation or use. The paper is nailed to light wooden frames and painted again and again with boiled linseed oil until it is so saturated that the last coat forms a smooth, glistening surface like varnish. This renders it translucent and water proof.

It is found to admit sufficient light for growing plants, does not need shading in hot sunshine, lasts well, is not easily broken and, on the whole, is a hundred times cheaper than glass. It is, of course, useful rather than ornamental and would not do as a substitute for glass in a private conservatory.—London Mail.

### Similarity.

Uncle Jerry's memory had begun to play queer pranks with him, but he refused to admit the fact and stoutly insisted that he could remember things as well as ever.

On one occasion while calling at the house of a friend he was introduced to a stranger whose name was Eddy.

In the course of the conversation that followed he addressed the stranger as "Mr. Whirlpool."

"I beg your pardon," said the other, "but my name is not exactly Whirlpool. It is Eddy."

"I beg your pardon for the mistake," replied Uncle Jerry courteously. "I was misled by the—er—similarity of sound."

### An Old Shoe.

A young couple recently started on their wedding tour. A shower of rice and old shoes followed them as they entered the railroad coach. After the train pulled out the bridegroom saw an old shoe lying in the aisle. Supposing it was one that had been thrown at him, he picked it up and dropped it out of the window. An old man across the aisle awakened a few minutes later and began looking for that particular shoe. The bridegroom had to buy him a new pair.

### Serious.

"My dear," said Mrs. Henpeck, "I'm positive that our George is thinking seriously of matrimony."

"Well, I only hope so," returned Henpeck, with unusual spirit. "I wouldn't want any boy of mine to be so unfortunate as to regard it as a joke."

### Hitting Himself.

Father—Now, Maud, in selecting a husband look before all things, for intelligence and integrity. Your mother, I am sorry to say, looked only for money.

### Follies.

Little James—Father, what are follies? Father—Amusements that we have grown tired of, my son.



# REPUBLICAN VICTORY.

Roosevelt and Fairbanks Elected By A Sweeping Majority.

President—THEODORE ROOSEVELT, of New York

Vice-President—CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS, of Indiana

The above is the result of the election on Tuesday last for President and Vice-president of the United States, and the Republican majority is conceded to be the largest in the history of the country. Of the 476 electoral votes, the Republican candidates received 343. In 1900 President McKinley received 292 electoral votes, and Bryan 155, a majority of 137 for McKinley.

**Parker To Roosevelt**  
At 8.30 p. m. Tuesday Judge Parker sent the following congratulatory telegram to President Roosevelt:

"The people by their vote have emphatically approved your administration and I congratulate you."

"ALTON B. PARKER."

President Roosevelt sent this telegram to Judge Parker:

"I thank you for your congratulations. THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

President Roosevelt issued a statement in Washington saying, that "under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination."

## How Some of the States Voted

The Democratic National Committee concedes Republican victory in practically every State which was considered doubtful. Pluralities for Roosevelt in such of these States as afford material for reliable estimates are as follows:

|                  |         |
|------------------|---------|
| New York.....    | 225,000 |
| New Jersey.....  | 50,000  |
| Connecticut..... | 25,000  |
| Indiana.....     | 40,000  |
| Wisconsin.....   | 60,000  |

The plurality of the popular vote for Roosevelt, it is estimated, may reach the unprecedented figure of 1,846,641. In 1900 McKinley's plurality of the popular vote was 861,527 and in 1896 it was 593,261.

In New York and a number of the States considered doubtful Roosevelt ran ahead of the McKinley vote of 1900 and Parker fell behind Bryan's record in that year.

The indications are that the Republicans will have a majority of about 94 in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-Ninth Congress. The Senate will stand: Republicans, 56; Democrats, 34. A Republican majority of 22. The Republican majority in the present Senate is 24.

In Baltimore city John Gill, Jr., Dem., and Frank C. Wachter, Rep., were elected to Congress. Parker's plurality is 413.

Meagre returns from West Virginia indicate that Roosevelt has carried the State, but Cornwell, Democrat, for Governor, is making considerable gains. Four Republican Congressmen are elected, with the Second district in doubt.

The vote in Virginia was light. Reports indicate that nine Democratic and one Republican Congressman—Campbell Slem, in the Ninth—were elected. Parker's plurality is estimated at 25,000.

North Carolina elects 10 Democratic Congressmen and will probably give Parker 50,000 majority.

Joseph W. Folk is elected Governor of Missouri by probably 20,000. Roosevelt's majority in the State is estimated at 15,000.

Parker's plurality in Arkansas is estimated at 40,000.

Mississippi gives probably 60,000 plurality for Parker.

William L. Douglas, Dem., was elected Governor of Massachusetts by a plurality estimated at 20,000. Roosevelt carried the State by about 60,000.

A majority of 400,000 is the modest little figure put up for Roosevelt in Pennsylvania. The Republicans will control the Legislature by a big majority, and Senator Knox, appointed by Governor Pennypacker to fill out Senator Quay's term, will be elected for the full term of six years.

Parker carried South Carolina by about 40,000. The Legislature and all the Congressmen elected are Democratic.

Texas cast a light vote but Parker's majority may run over 200,000. A solid Democratic delegation is sent to Congress.

Louisiana gives Parker probably 35,000 majority and elects seven Democratic Congressmen.

Illinois went Republican by a big majority, the Republicans claiming

it for Roosevelt by from 100,000 to 200,000. The Republicans, it is said, will have 19 Congressmen, a gain of 2.

The Republican plurality in Ohio, it is stated, will exceed the high water mark of 137,000 in 1894, and also any previous Republican record on Congressmen.

Scattered returns from Iowa indicate a plurality for Roosevelt of upward of 100,000.

George W. Berge, fusionist candidate for Governor, has probably been elected in Nebraska. W. J. Bryan claims his election by 8,000. The electoral vote of the State will go to Mr. Roosevelt.

Roosevelt carried Wyoming by a large majority, but the Governorship is in doubt.

South Dakota gives Mr. Roosevelt between 40,000 and 50,000. Chairman Martin, of the Democratic committee, concedes the State to the Republicans by 30,000 plurality.

North Dakota went Republican, it is claimed, by 25,000.

In Minnesota it is estimated that Roosevelt's plurality will be 100,000. Johnson, Dem., is leading Dunn, Rep., for Governor, and is likely to be elected Governor, unless Roosevelt's plurality should pull him through.

A big majority was given Roosevelt by California, Secretary Stone, of the Republican committee, putting it at 75,000.

## Electoral Vote, 1904

According to the latest indications the electoral vote will be as follows:

| States              | Dem. | Rep. |
|---------------------|------|------|
| Alabama.....        | 11   | 9    |
| Arkansas.....       | 9    | 10   |
| California.....     | 10   | 10   |
| Colorado.....       | 10   | 10   |
| Connecticut.....    | 7    | 3    |
| Delaware.....       | 3    | 3    |
| Florida.....        | 13   | 13   |
| Georgia.....        | 13   | 13   |
| Idaho.....          | 3    | 3    |
| Illinois.....       | 27   | 15   |
| Indiana.....        | 15   | 13   |
| Iowa.....           | 13   | 10   |
| Kansas.....         | 10   | 13   |
| Kentucky.....       | 13   | 13   |
| Louisiana.....      | 9    | 13   |
| Maine.....          | 6    | 8    |
| Maryland.....       | 8    | 16   |
| Massachusetts.....  | 16   | 14   |
| Michigan.....       | 11   | 11   |
| Minnesota.....      | 10   | 18   |
| Mississippi.....    | 10   | 18   |
| Missouri.....       | 18   | 18   |
| Montana.....        | 3    | 3    |
| Nebraska.....       | 8    | 8    |
| Nevada.....         | 3    | 4    |
| New Hampshire.....  | 4    | 12   |
| New Jersey.....     | 12   | 30   |
| New York.....       | 30   | 30   |
| North Carolina..... | 12   | 4    |
| North Dakota.....   | 4    | 24   |
| Ohio.....           | 24   | 24   |
| Oregon.....         | 4    | 4    |
| Pennsylvania.....   | 4    | 4    |
| Rhode Island.....   | 4    | 4    |
| South Carolina..... | 0    | 4    |
| South Dakota.....   | 4    | 4    |
| Tennessee.....      | 12   | 12   |
| Texas.....          | 18   | 18   |
| Utah.....           | 3    | 3    |
| Vermont.....        | 4    | 4    |
| Virginia.....       | 12   | 5    |
| Washington.....     | 5    | 7    |
| West Virginia.....  | 7    | 23   |
| Wisconsin.....      | 23   | 3    |
| Wyoming.....        | 3    | 3    |
| Totals.....         | 133  | 343  |

\*Maryland's electoral vote will probably be divided between the Presidential candidates.

Total electoral vote, 476.

Necessary to a choice, 239.

Majority for Roosevelt, 210. Majority for McKinley in 1900, 137.

## Killed in Peculiar Way

Steuensville, O., Nov. 8.—Three workmen were instantly killed early today in a buggy used to wrap a wire cable on the new Steuensville extension bridge. The rope supporting the buggy broke, throwing it against a pier, and hurling the men to death on the ground below.

## McCue Sentenced

Former Mayor J. Samuel McCue, of Charlottesville, was sentenced to be hanged on January 20, next, for wife-murder. Judge Morris overruled a motion for a new trial.

## Two Democratic Election Judges

at Goldfield, Col., were killed by a Republican deputy sheriff, who had been ordered to leave the polling place, and Democratic election officials, including a woman, were attacked and beaten by Peabody deputies.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 16 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

# A HAPPY HOME

is one where health abounds. With impure blood there cannot be good health. With a disordered LIVER there cannot be good blood.

## Tutt's Pills

revivify the torpid LIVER and restore its natural action.

A healthy LIVER means pure blood. Pure blood means health. Health means happiness.

Take no Substitute. All Druggists

## For A Dankard Home

Dr. Peter Fahrney, the millionaire patent medicine manufacturer of Chicago, formerly of Washington county, Md., has given to the German Baptist Brethren church (Dunkard) the valuable property, San Mar, lying along South Mountain, near Mapleville, in Washington county, to be used as a home for the aged and homeless of the dankard church. The property several years ago was fitted up as a sanitarium and including the land, is valued at \$20,400. The announcement of the gift was made last week by Rev. A. S. Barnhart, a Dunkard minister of Hagerstown, who has just returned from a trip to Chicago on church business.

## A Heavy Load.

To lift that load off the stomach take Kodol Dyspepsia cure. It digests what you eat. Sour stomach, belching, gas on stomach and all disorders of the stomach that are curable, are instantly relieved and permanently cured by the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. S. P. Storrs, a druggist at 297 Main street, New Britain, Conn., says: "Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is giving such universal satisfaction and is so surely becoming the positive relief and subsequent cure for this distressing ailment, I feel that I am always sure to satisfy and gratify my customers by recommending it to them. I write this to show how well this remedy is spoken of here." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure was discovered after years of scientific experiments and will positively cure all stomach troubles. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

## Watchman Killed By A Robber

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—John Kerr aged 42 years, a watchman for the Pennsylvania Sweep and Smelting Company, was killed today by a robber while attempting to save a fellow-workman from being murdered. David Rikle, engineer for the company, came upon two young men robbing freight cars. He attempted to catch them, when one of the robbers drew a revolver, and just as he pulled the trigger Kerr jumped between the burglar and Rikle. The ball entered Kerr's breast, killing him. The robbers escaped.

## Arrangements have been made

for the unveiling of the Statue of Frederick the great in Washington, which will be an imposing event. President Roosevelt is to be the principal speaker.

## Judge Parker issued an address

to Democrats declaring that the fight against the tariff-fed trusts must go on.

## DR. FENNER'S

## KIDNEY and

## Backache

## CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Also Rheumatism, Backache, Headache, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. I necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations free.

"For years I had backache, severe pains across kidneys and scalding urine. I could not get out of bed without help. The use of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure restored me. G. WAGONER, Knoxville, Pa." Druggists, 50c. \$1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

## ST. VITUS DANCE

See Cure. Circular, Dr. Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y.

## CHAS. D. EICHELEBERGER,

Druggist

## JACOB L. TOPPER DANIEL SWEENEY,

## Funeral Directors.

THE UNDERTAKING BUSINESS formerly conducted by Topper & Hoke will be continued by the undersigned at the old stand on West Main Street, in Emmitsburg. Fine caskets and funeral supplies always in stock. Prompt and careful attention given to the business in every particular. When in need of funeral directors give us a call. Respectfully

TOPPER & SWEENEY.

oct 19

WANTED—Quickly, few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory of few counties. \$15 salary and expenses paid weekly. Advance money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address: STRAUS & TRAVELERS, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, sep 16-104

# READ THE OCT. AND NOV.

## BARGAINS OF

## M. R. Snider's Department Store,

## HARNEY, MD.,

And tell your friends where the right place is to purchase your FALL AND WINTER GOODS. Quality away up and price away down. We have one of the most complete lines in every department that we have ever had the opportunity to show our many friends. So we kindly invite one and all to come and inspect our immense line of goods. We will guarantee to please you in style, quality, quantity and extremely low prices. It is not what you make but what you save. So call at SNIDER'S BARGAIN STORE TO SAVE MONEY.

## Clothing. Clothing.

Our assortment in suits and overcoats far exceeds anything we have ever shown or ever has been shown in Harney. To save money it will pay you to look through this immense stock before you think of making your purchases. Men's Suits, prices ranging from \$1.50 to \$15. This is one of the greatest lines you have ever seen, and those new styles, new colors, plaid styles, high quality and low prices. Youths' long pants suits, age 11 to 19 years, prices ranging from \$1 to \$8. Boys, these are fine and will please you and your pocketbooks, too. Little gents' suits, age 3 to 15 yr., short pants and one of the finest assortments you have ever looked at. 50 Boys' \$1 to \$1.25 suits, reduced to 60c. Good school suits, regular line \$1 to \$5, you will find our line new and right up to date with all the new styles. You cannot help but be well pleased once you visit our clothing department and hear those prices. Overcoats for men, youths and boys. This is one of the greatest lines we have ever shown. Oh! those styles are great and those prices so low that every person can very easily afford to own one and everybody keep warm. Men's overcoats range in price from \$1.25 to \$12.50. Youths', \$1.25 to \$8; Boys', \$1 to \$5.

## Ready Made Pantaloon.

Fine all wool pants for winter, all new styles, prices \$1.50 to \$4. Cord pants for men, an extra large line, every pair guaranteed, \$1.29 and up. Youths' cord pants, a large assortment, \$1.19 and up. Little boys' cord pants, 45c and up. Cotton pants, 19c and up.

## Dry Goods Department

Is full of all kinds of dress goods. Silks, Brilliantines, Crepe de Chine Serges, Venetian cloth, Adriatic all wool Tricots. Plaid dress goods in all the leading shades and styles at away down prices. Cutting Cloth, 6, 8, 10c per yd. A beautiful line of calicoes, 4, 5, and 6c. A fine assortment of muslin, extra good quality 5c per yd. Canton flannel, extra heavy, 5c up. Columbia and Star shirting, 8c and up. Turkey red damask, 15c and up. Cotton plaid ginghams, 5c. Laid, castor gingham, 6c per yd. Ticking, 8c and up. Marseilles, 8c and up. A beautiful line of waist goods, 10c and up.

## Notions.

About 12 doz. regular 10c Hose left over for Misses, 8c a pair. A fine line of 10c hose for men, women and children, 3 pair for 25c.

## Underwear.

We have the best and heaviest fleece lined underwear for men this year that we have ever had. Think of it, a 42 size shirt, weight 20 oz., and sell for 40c. Where can you beat the weight for the price? Boys' 25c. Ladies' extra heavy vests, 25c. You should see our line of wool underwear. This line is full and complete of everything found in a first-class notion department.

## Comforts. Comforts.

A beautiful line, extra heavy, extra large size, 75c and up.

## Boots and Shoes.

Here is where cents count. It is not what we say about our line, but what our customers say about our good shoes that counts. It is not the lowest price shoes that are the cheapest at all times. A few cents more often makes a few months wear for you and your children. We have got the largest line of shoes found anywhere and we work hard to

## Hats and Caps.

One of the finest lines of hats and caps ever shown in Harney. Men's hats, 10c. to \$2. Boys' hats 10c. to \$1. Caps, 5c. to 50c. 50 men's \$1.50 and \$2 stiff hats go at 25c, each.

## Groceries.

White sugar, 5c; Brown sugar, 4 1/2c; all package coffee, 12c; best coal oil, 12c a gallon. Water crackers, 5c and 8c. Ginger snaps 5c. New cornmeal, 2 1/2c a pound. Rice, 5c and up. Oatmeal, 4c a pound. Extra fine Syrup at low prices.

## Coarse and Fine Salt.

Don't forget we have a carload of salt which we are selling at low prices.

## Wire. Wire.

No. 9, \$2.25; No. 10, \$2.80; No. 12, \$2.40. This is cheap, my friends. Remember these prices are cash only. I remain,

Your friend,  
M. R. SNIDER.

## SUNLIGHT AUTOMATIC

## FORCE FEED GAS MACHINE

YOU CAN NOW BE YOUR OWN GAS COMPANY. PUT THE MATERIAL INTO ME AND I WILL DO THE REST.

No Limit to Size.

## LIGHT FOR ALL.

If Has Come To Stay. It Has No Equal.

SAFE, ECONOMICAL, BRILLIANT, HEALTHY.

Having made important improvements in our Gas Machine by the application of Force Feed and combining generator and gasometer in one, and simplifying many points of construction, and requiring small space to install; obviating all danger of excessive discharge of carbon into generator, making gas in excess of consumption. We now claim to have the perfect Gas Machine, furnishing the most brilliant light ever produced, and are prepared to furnish the Improved Machine, guaranteed to be the most simple and efficient working Gas Machine on the market. We guarantee all machines as represented and put in on approval. All material of the best, put up in neat and substantial manner. All inquiries for prices or information in regard to installing machine will have prompt attention. Descriptive circulars on application. Rights for sale. Fully protected by patents.

Manufactured by

J. T. HAYS & SON,

Patentees, Emmitsburg, Md.

may 6

Two cases of murder and suicide of similar nature occurred in Chicago within two hours of each other.

## SELL YOUR

## HAY, WHEAT AND CORN TO

## J. Stewart Annan.

The highest market price always paid for these products. Having a hay packer I am exceptionally well prepared to buy and handle hay to an advantage.

All kinds of

## CHOP & BRAN

always on hand. The best grades of

## COAL

always in stock.

## FLOUR.

When in need of Flour give me a call, I handle Rhodes', Cover's and Minnesota Flour.

When you want to buy anything in my line give me a call, and when you have anything to sell come to see me.

J. STEWART ANNAN.

## Nothing has ever equalled it.

## Nothing can ever surpass it.

## Dr. King's

## New Discovery

For Consumption, Coughs and Colds.

A Perfect Cure For All Throat and Lung Troubles.

Money back if it fails. Trial Bottles free.

Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

## New Advertisements.

DAUCHY & CO.

## PARKER'S

## HAIR BALM

Clears and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to remove Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures itching Scalp and itching Itching.

## Notice to Creditors.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

## KATE CALL,

late of said County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of April, 1905; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 14th day of April, 1904.

ERNEST LAGARDE, Executor.







FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1904.

## A PERSIAN TRAGEDY.

Salome Covered by Which Princess  
Salome Escaped Her Master.

James Baker, a well known traveler and writer, tells a curious story of a war 100 years ago. The Persian shah was besieging Tiflis, and the husband of the Princess Salome had been slain in the siege. When the Persians entered and sacked the town Salome fled to save her young son, but he was torn from her arms and locked by pieces of stone and her own life was spared and she was borne to the camp outside the walls of Tiflis to the shah. He told her to Djafar Bek, who sat her up in a castle—a part of which still remains—where she was the lovely tropical botanical garden of Tiflis. Charmed by her beauty, he asked her to become his wife. She refused and begged her purchaser to play her. The Persian gave her a night to reconsider the matter and on the next day he lay reclining on a great cushion under a tree on that hot, sunny hillside and awaited her answer. Presently she appeared before him, veiled in a long, pure white robe, calm and stately, her face deathly pale. She advanced, her armed followers following her. The Persian waved his followers aside and asked the princess, "You consent to be my wife?" "Yes," was the solemn answer. "I consent to love you, for after the death of my husband and son it is my destiny; there is no other fate for me."

"In Georgia," said the princess, "there are certain families that possess strange powers and dark secrets. My mother foretold I should be the wife of a Djafar, and from my mother I, too, receive these powers to lead the future." The Persian was impressed by her manner and her presence. She was her power. "Give me your hand," she said. "Let me read there if I shall have long years of happiness with you." He held forth his hand. She held it until it slightly trembled in her fingers. Then she burst forth with a cry of horror, "Oh, my master, knowest thou that death awaits thee, perchance this very night?" Djafar Bek trembled now. "Thou wilt die by the hand of a man thou hast this day befriended." "Is it by Asa Dhoulla Bek?" he asked. "We quarreled today, and about you. He would have bought you." "Oh, my master," exclaimed Salome, "I have this day looked today, then I can avert this evil and make his arms useless against thee." "What! You can do this?" exclaimed Djafar incredulously. "Most certainly. Give me your dagger." He drew it and handed it to her. She held it up and, looking up to the blue heavens above, murmured a prayer; then, handing it back to him said: "Now it is useless. It can slay no one." He looked at her unbelievingly. "Try it," she exclaimed. "Strike here!" He struck the blow where her finger rested full upon her heart. The keen blade went swiftly home, and she fell at his feet, exclaiming, "O God, receive my soul!" Then she lay dead.

## Iron Making in Early History.

Iron was used before history was written. The stone records of Egypt and the brick books of Nineveh mention it. Genesis (ix, 22) refers to Tubalcham as "instructor of every artifice in brass and iron," and in Deuteronomy (xv, 11) the blacksmith of the giant Og was a "bedstead of iron." The galleries of Tyre and Sidon traded in this metal. Chinese records ascribed to 2000 B. C. refer to it. Horace speaks of it as superior to bronze. The bronze age came before the iron age because copper, found as a nearly pure metal, easily fuses, and with another soft metal—tin or zinc—alloys into hard bronze, while iron, found only as an ore, must have the impurities burned and hammered out by great heat and force before it can be made into a tool.

## Not a Favorite Breed.

Lovers of good, plain dogs which have been allowed to grow naturally will appreciate the story of the English poodle who went to a dealer in dogs and thus described what he wanted:

"I'll want a kind of dog about so 'igh an' so long. It's a kind of gry'ound, an' yit it ain't a gry'ound, because 'is tyle is shorter nor any o' these 'ee gry'ounds an' 'is nose is shorter an' 'e ain't so slim round the body. But still 'e's a kind o' gry'ound. Do you keep such dogs?"

"No," replied the dog man. "We drowns 'em."

## An Awkward Compliment.

There is nothing if not gallant. Mrs. Brown is exactly the same age as her husband, but she will not admit it. "My husband is forty," she said to some friends the other day, "you wouldn't believe it, but there's actually ten years' difference in our ages."

"Impossible, dear madam," hastily interposed Jones, anxious to say something agreeable. "I'm sure you look every day as young as he does."

## Not Serious.

Mr. Short—My dear Miss Kate, I have a very serious question I wish to ask you, Miss Long—What is it, pray? Mr. Short—Will you marry me? Miss Long (scoffingly)—Do you call that serious, Mr. Short? Why, I don't think I ever heard anything so ridiculous.

## Cynical.

Cynics—The propagation of the human race depends upon early marriages. Sillicus—How do you make that out? Cynicus—Well, if a man waited until he was really old enough to get married he wouldn't—Philadelphia Record.

## Foolish men mistake transitory semblances for eternal fact and go astray more and more.—Carlyle.

## His Negative.

Bunsby—They speak of Multy's negative virtues. What are they? Dawson—They're something I don't like. He always says no when you want to borrow anything of him.—Boston Transcript.

## CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Early Risers

The famous little pills.

## FARM GARDEN

## PIG HOUSES.

One That Embodies Features Recommended by Prominent Breeders.  
By GEORGE M. ROMMEL, Bureau of Animal Industry.

Hogs are notably affected by extremes of heat and cold, and the character of their shelter will therefore depend on the locality. If the locality is one of severe winters warm quarters are a necessity and an extensive pigery may be erected. Four things should be especially considered in its construction—(1) light, (2) ventilation, (3) warmth and (4) cleanliness. Under cleanliness ease of cleaning and dryness must be regarded. A well drained location should be chosen. One that will give the hogs a good climb to reach it will provide needed exercise. The house should be on a north and south line, so that both sides may receive direct sunlight during a part of the day. John Cowan of Iowa recommends a house with a wide driveway, with pens six or eight feet square on either side opening into the driveway, and each pen provided with a window for light and ventilation. L. N. Bonham of Ohio recommends a house with a row of sleeping pens on either side of a cement floored alley, opening into feed pens floored with cement. The sleeping pens are floored with boards laid in gravel or cinders. Paving brick costs about twice as much as cement.



HOG HOUSE FOR COLD LOCALITIES.

The first cut shows a rough sketch of a house arranged on plans similar to those. The pens are eight feet square. Each pen has two doors and a window. One door opens into the driveway and the other into the feed pen. If it is desired to protect the hogs from visitors it may be found well to dispense with the door into the driveway, in which case the latter need not be wider than necessary to permit driving through with a wagon. The windows are provided in the roof. The feed rooms are located in either end of the house. They should be at least as large as the pens, and may be on either side of the driveway or extend entirely across the end of the house. In the latter case the driveway should be dispensed with or made wide enough to enable a wagon to turn around in it. The width of the driveway will therefore depend on the presence or absence of this middle feed room.

If no other means of ventilation than the windows is provided they should be so arranged that entering air currents will be directed upward when the windows are opened and direct drafts on the hogs avoided. The size of the house and its equipment will depend upon the size of the herd and the resources of the owner. Not more than fifty breeding hogs should be confined in one house. Sanitary considerations make a smaller number much safer. Arrangement of the pens will depend largely on climate and convenience. A very common plan is to have only the sleeping pens under cover, building feeding pens of the same size just outside the hog house and adjoining it. If these pens are floored substantially with concrete they will last well. If the floor is properly laid, fitting close to the posts and baseboards, there will be little danger of the hogs doing damage to the walls of the house by rooting, and rats will be prevented from burrowing under the walls.

The second cut shows this arrangement of pens for the house in the first cut. The advantage of this plan is that the sleeping and feeding pens are

separate. The main part of the manure will be left in the outside pens and can easily be removed. If separate feeding of the pigs is not necessary the outside feeding pen need have no partitions. This arrangement will doubtless be more convenient for those who breed only for market. The feeding pen connects with the pasture.

Where it is desirable to have both sleeping and feeding pens under cover the pens in the house can be enlarged. A convenient plan for such a pen is used by the Michigan Agricultural College. The pens are 8 by 16 feet. A false wooden floor is built of strong material, usually 2 by 4 inches, in two sections of equal size. This false floor is made small enough to fit conveniently into the pen and rests on cleats in the bottom of the pen. As a rule, only one section of the floor is used at a time, this part of the pen being kept bedded and used as a sleeping pen and the remaining part being used as the feeding floor.

Philadelphia may be slow, but the pumpkin credited to a West Philadelphia is certainly up to date and would be a prize winner anywhere—5 feet 7 inches circumference, 200 pounds weight, and still growing at the time of writing.

## Just a Little Favor.

Mrs. Nodd—The cook refuses to get up earlier than 7. Todd—Ask her if she won't do it for a couple of days until I can rearrange my business.—Brooklyn Life.

## What Worried Him.

She—But, pa, he says he can't live without me. Pa—But the question is whether he can live without me.—New York Press.

## Many a girl makes a blunder in not taking heed at his word when he says, "I am not worthy of your love."

## Sir Andrew Clark's Aphorisms.

The late Sir Andrew Clark, who was Mr. Gladstone's physician, made use of the three following aphorisms during a conversation with Miss Frances Willard: "Labor is the life of life." "Ease is the way to disease." "The highest life of an organ lies in the fullest discharge of its functions." There is a feast of food for reflection in these three sentences.

## His Idea.

Wall Street—So your son is studying law. Do you expect that he will stick to it? Speculator—Oh, no; I just want him to know enough about it so that he will be able to evade it successfully.—Detroit Free Press.

## Quite Engaging.

"She is a very sweet girl."  
"Why, the heartless fiend had promised to marry four different men."  
"Well, that's what I mean; her manners are most engaging."

## Knew the Worst.

Keeper of the Gates—Aren't you afraid of what the recording angel's book may show? Spirit—No; on earth I had a candid friend.—Smart Set.

## Salvation With Food.

Fourteen-year-old Emma, who had come home from her first day's schooling in elementary physiology, was questioned by her parents as to what she had learned.

"Papa," she complained, "I don't think I like physiology."

"Why not, my dear?"

"Well, teacher was explaining digestion to us today, and she said we had to mix salvation with every mouthful of food."—Harper's Weekly.

## But He Meant Well.

The good man was comforting the stricken widow.

"Do not grieve, sister," said he.

"Think how much better off he is."

And the good man wondered why she refused to be longer comforted by him.—Browning's Magazine.

## INDIGESTION

"I was troubled with stomach trouble, Theodor's Black-Draught did me more good in one week than all the doctor's medicine I took in a year."—MRS. SARA H. SHIRFIELD, Ellersville, Ind.

Theodor's Black-Draught quickly invigorates the action of the stomach, cures even chronic cases of indigestion. If you will take a small dose of Theodor's Black-Draught occasionally you will keep your stomach and liver in perfect condition.

## THEODOR'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

More sickness is caused by constipation than by any other disease. Theodor's Black-Draught not only relieves constipation but cures diarrhea and dysentery and keeps the bowels regular.

All druggists sell 25-cent packages.

"Theodor's Black-Draught is the best medicine to regulate the bowels I have ever used."—MRS. M. GRANT, Sneads Ferry, N. C.

## CONSTIPATION

Price 1 Cent!

## THE SUN

NOW SELLS FOR ONE CENT, AND CAN BE HAD OF EVERY DEALER, AGENT AND NEWSBOY AT THAT PRICE.

ALL SUBSCRIBERS IN

District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia

North and South Carolina

AS WELL AS THOSE IN

Pennsylvania And Delaware,

AND THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES,

can get THE SUN by mail for one cent a copy.

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IS THE CHEAPEST HIGH-CLASS PAPER IN

THE UNITED STATES.

The Sun's special correspondence throughout the United States, as well as in Europe, China, South Africa, the Philippines, Porto Rico, Cuba and in every other part of the world make it the greatest newspaper that can be printed.

Its Washington and New York bureaus are among the best in the United States, and give THE SUN'S readers the earliest information upon all important events in the legislative and financial centers of the country.

The Sun's market reports and commercial columns are complete and reliable, and put the farmer, the merchant and the broker in touch with the markets of Baltimore, Norfolk, Charleston, New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and all other important points in the United States and other countries.

ALL OF WHICH

THE READER GETS FOR ONE CENT.

THE SUN is the best type of a newspaper, morally and intellectually. It is an educator of the highest character, constantly stimulating to noble ideals in individual and national life.

The Sun is published on Sunday, as well as every other day of the week.

By mail THE DAILY SUN, \$3 a year, including THE SUNDAY SUN, \$4. THE SUNDAY SUN alone, \$1.00 a year. THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 a year.

Address A. S. ABELL COMPANY, Publishers and Proprietors, Baltimore Md.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers

The famous little pills.

## CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness, it cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## A NEW STOCK OF

Fall and Winter

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS.

WARM LINED SHOES

for Old Ladies'. A good stock of

FELT BOOTS.

Respectfully,

M. FRANK ROWE.

THE SMART SET

A Magazine of Cleverness

Magazines should have a well defined purpose.

Genuine entertainment, amusement and mental recreation are the motives of The Smart Set, the

MOST SUCCESSFUL OF MAGAZINES

Its novels (a complete one in each number) are by the most brilliant authors of both hemispheres.

Its short stories are matchless—clean and full of human interest. Its poetry covering the entire field of verse—pathos, love, humor, tenderness—is by the most popular poets, men and women, of the day.

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N. B.—SAMPLE COPIES SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

Shakes in the Water.

All reptiles swim. Almost all snakes move through the water with as much ease and rapidity as on land. Rattlesnakes, for example, are much given to swimming in placid water if it is not too cold. In the everglade lakes of Florida they may be often seen. It is well to know that to attack from a boat a poisonous snake in the water is a much more dangerous proceeding than to attack the snake on land. The reason is that the reptile will immediately make for the boat, since it must have a solid base from which to strike. It half leaps and half climbs into the craft, and there is a fight at uncomfortably close quarters.—Success.

A Wedding Warning.

The Breton peasant does not believe in any such new fangled doctrine as that of the equality of the sexes, and he makes that clear when he takes unto himself a wife. Then, according to ancient custom, directly the fatal knot is tied the bridegroom gives the bride a smart box on the ear, saying, "This is how it feels when you displease me."

After this ungallant proceeding he draws her tenderly toward him and kisses her, saying, "And this is how it feels when you treat me well."

Electrical Way.

"I thought Smeargle was a friend of yours."

"He was until lately. I had to drop him. He was always wanting to borrow money."

"Refused him sharply, did you?"

"No; I lent him some."—Chicago Tribune.

CASTORIA.

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Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

## Western Maryland Railroad

## MAIN LINE

Schedule in Effect October 2nd, 1904.

| Read Downward           | STATIONS.         | Read Upward             |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. | Le Cherry Run Ar  | S. M. P. M. P. M. A. M. |
| 10 30 9 50 9 10         | Big Pool          | 8 50 12 45 10 10        |
| 9 35 9 55 9 15          | Clear Spring      | 8 45 12 40 10 05        |
| 9 40 10 00 9 20         | Charlton          | 8 40 12 35 10 10        |
| 9 45 10 05 9 25         | Union Deposit     | 8 35 12 30 10 15        |
| 9 50 10 10 9 30         | Ar. Hagerstown 16 | 8 30 12 25 10 20        |

Saturday only. The 8:25 p.m. train leaves Hagerstown daily, including Sundays.

| Read Downward           | STATIONS.        | Read Upward             |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. | Le Hagerstown Ar | S. M. P. M. P. M. A. M. |
| 4 30 3 10 1 10          | Chewsville       | 7 30 11 55 10 15        |
| 4 25 3 05 1 05          | Emmitsburg       | 7 25 11 50 10 10        |
| 4 20 3 00 1 00          | Edgemont         | 7 20 11 45 10 05        |
| 4 15 2 55 12 55         | Buenavista       | 7 15 11 40 10 00        |
| 4 10 2 50 12 50         | Ar. Highfield 16 | 7 10 11 35 9 55         |

P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.

| Read Downward           | STATIONS.       | Read Upward             |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. | Le Highfield Ar | S. M. P. M. P. M. A. M. |
| 3 00 1 45 12 15         | Fairfield       | 11 15 10 15 9 15        |
| 2 55 1 40 12 10         | Gettysburg      | 11 10 10 10 9 10        |
| 2 50 1 35 12 05         | New Oxford      | 11 05 10 05 9 05        |
| 2 45 1 30 12 00         | Ar. Porters Ar  | 11 00 10 00 9 00        |

P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.

| Read Downward           | STATIONS.     | Read Upward             |
|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. | Le Porters Ar | S. M. P. M. P. M. A. M. |
| 5 30 4 15 2 15          | Spring Grove  | 9 55 8 40 6 40          |
| 5 25 4 10 2 10          | Ar. York 16   | 9 50 8 35 6 35          |
| 5 20 4 05 2 05          | Ar. York 16   | 9 45 8 30 6 30          |
| 5 15 4 00 2 00          | Ar. York 16   | 9 40 8 25 6 25          |

P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.

| Read Downward           | STATIONS.        | Read Upward             |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. | Le Highfield Ar  | S. M. P. M. P. M. A. M. |
| 4 55 3 40 1 40          | Blue Ridge       | 6 45 11 15 9 15         |
| 4 50 3 35 1 35          | Thurmont         | 6 40 11 10 9 10         |
| 4 45 3 30 1 30          | Rocky Ridge      | 6 35 11 05 9 05         |
| 4 40 3 25 1 25          | Brookville       | 6 30 11 00 9 00         |
| 4 35 3 20 1 20          | Union Bridge     | 6 25 10 55 8 55         |
| 4 30 3 15 1 15          | Lindley          | 6 20 10 50 8 50         |
| 4 25 3 10 1 10          | New Windsor      | 6 15 10 45 8 45         |
| 4 20 3 05 1 05          | Westport         | 6 10 10 40 8 40         |
| 4 15 3 00 1 00          | Glyndon          | 6 05 10 35 8 35         |
| 4 10 2 55 12 55         | Arlington        | 6 00 10 30 8 30         |
| 4 05 2 50 12 50         | Ar. Baltimore 16 | 5 55 10 25 8 25         |

P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.

| Read Downward           | STATIONS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Read Upward |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. | Le Hagerstown for Shippensburg and Intermediate Stations at 10:15 a.m. and 4:15, 6:15 and 11:25 p.m., and leave Union Bridge for Baltimore and Intermediate Stations at 4:45, 5:35 and 6:05 a.m. and 12:30 p.m., daily, except Sunday. |             |

Sunday—Only—Leave Baltimore for Union Bridge and Intermediate Stations 9:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. Leave Union Bridge at 6:25 and 8:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., for Baltimore and Intermediate Stations.

## Train via Altoona and Cut-Off

Leave Hagerstown for Chambersburg and Intermediate Stations at 8:30 p.m. Leave Chambersburg for Hagerstown and Intermediate Stations at 8:30 p.m.

Leave Rocky Ridge for Emmitsburg at 8:50 and 10:30 a.m. and 6:30 and 8:30 p.m. Leave Emmitsburg for Rocky Ridge at 7:50 and 9:55 a.m. and 2:55 and 4:50 p.m.

Leave Brookville for Frederick at 8:30, 9:30 and 10:30 a.m. and 4:45 and 6:45 p.m. Leave Brookville for Columbia, Littleton and Taneytown at 9:45 a.m. and 12:15 p.m.

Leave Frederick for Baltimore at 7:50 a.m