

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

W. H. TROXELL, Editor & Publisher.

Established by SAMUEL MOTTER in 1879.

TERMS—\$1.00 a Year in Advance

VOL. XXVI.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1904

NO. 9

THE LADY LIFE LOVED.

This is the garden; but never a bloom—
Violet—poppy, flame-rod:
The stars are like wandering ghosts in
the gloom—
The lady they loved—she is dead!
She drank the wild wine of the poppies
fall deep
And the midnight-mad mocking birds
sang her to sleep.
This is the portal: Start not at a sound—
'Tis the heart beating fast for Time fled.
No lips to be kissed now; no brow to be
crowded:
The lady they loved—she is dead!
She passed from Fate's prison—its bolts
and its bars—
And died with her beautiful face to the
stars.
And I seem like a child that has lost the
home-way,
And the shadows are phantoms of dread.
And the wind and the stars and the fly-
ing clouds say:
"The lady of Love—she is dead!"
And the ships hear the harbor bells over
the foam,
But my life has no light and my heart
has no home. —F. L. Stanton.

TUNNELING THE HUDSON.

Shafts Sunk And Tubes Started On Both
Sides Of The River
Summer dwellers who are accus-
tomed to believe that all the won-
ders of the world are included within
the boundaries of Greater New York
will find in the huge new shaft lead-
ing down to the Pennsylvania Rail-
road tunnel under the Hudson a
subterranean wonder rivaling the
Mammoth Cave or the underground
mysteries of Luray Cavern. This
shaft, sunk at the outer edge of the
Tenderloin, at Eleventh avenue and
Thirty-second street, descends for 65
feet through solid rock, and at this
level forms the point of departure
for the twin tunnels under the Hud-
son.

To the visitor who peers nervously
over the mouth of this great open-
ing, 60 feet long and 40 feet broad,
and sees faint lights flashing below
or hears confused murmurs of under-
ground activity, this pit seems to re-
semble an entrance to Plutonian re-
gions rather than the commonplace
creation of engineers, planned to fur-
nish an entrance to the new tunnel.
To the more daring, who tempt for-
tune by descending the narrow
wooden steps that lead vaguely down
into the damp darkness below, the
experience is worth the semblance
of danger incident to making it.
Halfway down the stairway turns,
and here is the boundary between
the upper and lower world. At this
point the mouth of the shaft, fram-
ing a narrow picture of cloud fleck-
ed sky, resembles strikingly the op-
en dome of the Pantheon at Rome;
beyond and beneath the journey is
made in ever-increasing darkness.

But at the foot of the shaft imagi-
nation and sentiment end; here the
visitor meets the practical and sees
the hand of the engineer. Straight
before him as he reaches the bottom
level are two ragged arches, heven in
solid stone, and through them two
narrow gauge tracks vanish into
darkness, carrying tiny cars laden
with rock blasted 200 feet beyond,
for the work has already marched
this far toward the Jersey shore.
These rough arches, smoothed and
lined, will one day make the pass-
ageway for the great tubes. Al-
ready the engineers are at work pre-
paring to equip the shaft with ele-
vators, and in a short time material
and workmen alike will be lowered
and raised, and the wooden steps
will lose their usefulness.

Straight across the river, not more
than a mile away, is another
shaft, identical in general charac-
ter to that at Eleventh avenue and
Thirty-second street. On that side
of the river also the two tubes have
been started, and for a few feet the
work has gone under the solid rock.
These two shafts are the lungs of
the tunnels. Through these the
hundreds of workmen, who will
gradually join those already at work
will breathe. Through them also
will be raised, by elevators, soon to
be put in, all the stone blasted out
of the tunnels. Some months later
the workmen descending through
these shafts, one in Manhattan, one
in Weehawken, will meet far under
the Hudson, and then the tunnels
will be completed. —New York Tri-
bune.

COD FISHING ON THE BANKS.

Large Fish Are Deep Down In The Water.
It has been surmised that the fish-
ery on the new Foundland banks,
which has just begun, would be un-
usually profitable, because of the
phenomenally high price of cod liv-
er oil last winter. But the Norwe-
gian season, which is earlier than
the one here, must have been very
favorable, as the market price of oil
it has run down until now it is quot-
ed as being only one-fifth higher
than it was this time last year. How-
ever, stocks of fish are low the world
over, and there will be a larger fleet
than ever off the banks and at the
old places along the coast for the
next month or two. The great deal-
ing and curing concerns are all en-
larging their "flakes," or outdoor
drying scaffolds, to meet the increas-
ed harvest, which may reasonably be
expected to be brought in by the
large number of boats fitted out this
year.

Just now the fishing is exception-
ally laborious because of the great
depth at which the cod are found.
The best fish are found far down—
great, large flaked, thick fleshed,
small-paunched fellows. They are
drawn up by main strength, but are
usually dead, or nearly so, by the
time they are hauled to the surface,
owing to the difference in the pres-
sure of the water. Their tremen-
dous gills show what prodigious
quantities of water they have to
breathe out to obtain their air sup-
ply at the great depth at which they
live. It is probably also that they
derive nourishment from minute
marine organisms they strain out of
the water as it pours through their
gills.

Some of the men believe that these
great cod are of a different
variety from the smaller ones com-
monly caught in shallower water.
They are not dainty feeders by any
means. On the smaller boats the
bait is not always very well preserv-
ed—ends of meat, chopped dogfish
young devilfish and other odds and
ends found in the pound nets. But
the big fellow takes it all the same
and when the location is well chosen
come up heaving and panting every
time the hook is thrown out. Their
omnivorous voracity is almost in-
credible. Bits of leather, marlin-
spikes, iron bolts, a ball of twine,
leaden soundings, plummet, hoofs
of deer, and among the curious
things which dissection shows some
of them to have gathered in.—Mon-
treal Gazette.

Piles Upon Top of Piles

Piles upon top of piles of people
have the Piles, and DeWitt's Witch
Hazel Salve cures them. There are
many different kinds of Piles, but if
you get the genuine and original
Witch Hazel Salve made by E. C.
DeWitt & Co., of Chicago, a cure is
certain. H. A. Tisvold, of Sumner-
ton, S. C., says, "I had piles 20
years and DeWitt's Salve cured me
after everything else failed." Sold
by T. E. Zimmerman, Druggist.

A Very Hard Luck Story.

Here is a remarkable story of con-
tinued hard luck in the case of R.
D. Dukes, a farmer. Within a short
space of time a lot of things hap-
pened to him. He lost his crops;
cholera killed most of his hogs; a
shed fell and killed two of his cows;
his wife was thrown from a buggy
and hurt so badly that she went on
crutches for months, and she was
just beginning to walk again when
she was burned to death by an ex-
ploding lamp; Mr. Duke also was
seriously burned in the fire; then he
injured his knees and had to go on
crutches; then he was badly burn-
ed again in a prairie fire; a few
weeks later his mother died, and
last Sunday his house burned up,
with all its contents.—Beloit, (Kan)
Gazette.

A Husband's Meanness

"Jones says he doesn't believe the
dodo is extinct and"—
"That's right! It hasn't been
half an hour since I told you mamma
was coming to visit us and now you
are throwing out slurring insinua-
tions. You're a brute!"—Houston
Post.

Justifiable Suspicion.

Missress (to pretty housemaid)—By
the way, Mary, should my husband
ever attempt to kiss you just box his
ears soundly. Maid—Shure, ma'am,
he's felt the weight of me hand twice
already.—Mississippi Delta.

HE HAS ANTS ON ICE.

New Orleans Man Says They Live In His
Refrigerator.
"There is a very popular belief
that the small ant cannot stand
much cold," said a man who lives in
the upper part of New Orleans, "but
the idea is entirely wrong. There
may have been a time when the ant
could not endure low temperatures,
but that time has passed, if it ever
existed. The fact is that the ant
seems to rather like the cold, if I
may judge from experience at my
own home. They have for some
time been in the habit of making
the icebox their headquarters. They
simply live there. It is the one
favorite spot with them. Nor are
they the least bit inclined to shun
the ice. Up to very recently I had
thought that the ant was in the hab-
it of burrowing deep into the ground
in order to escape the rigors of the
winter. But there is nothing in
this old idea. Why, they are so
fond of cold things that they use
the ice in my refrigerator as a sort
of skating place. They spend the
day skating around on the ice,
and even at night I find some of
them fooling around as if they had
some important task to complete
before the sun came up. What tem-
perature can an ant stand? That's
what I would like to know. From
the ease and manifest comfort they
displayed while rambling over the
ice at my place I would judge that
that zero would not daze them to
any considerable extent. I would
suppose they have educated them-
selves up to the point where they
can endure the cold without much
suffering. It may be due to the ex-
igencies of the struggle for existence
one of the things necessary in the
ceaseless fight for life. But what-
ever the cause of it, you can put the
ant down as being able to stand
more cold than the average human
being."—New Orleans Times-Dem-
ocrat.

Cats Useful In Many Ways

Very few persons stop to think
what an important position cats hold
in the economy of nature. In some
parts of the country, notably in
Southern California, it is absolutely
necessary to have cats to successfully
raise cattle. The cows feed on a red
clover, which makes a superior qual-
ity of beef. This clover grew very
sparsely until it was discovered that
one farmer who had raised a large
number of tabby cats always had
fine clover fields. Investigation
proved that the cats killed the field
mice, which killed the wild bees,
which fertilized the clover seed by
carrying the pollen from flower to
flower, thus causing the seeds to
sprout thickly every year. Now
all the farmers have cats.

The Way They Do.

Head of Bureau—I suppose you
know something of the duties of the
office.
Applicant—Oh, yes. They are to
come late, go home early and do as
little as possible while you are here.
"Quite satisfactory; you must
have held public office before."—
Boston Transcript.

Kept To His Line

Patience—Yes, Bob Brief, the
able counselor, proposed to me last
night in true legal style.
Patience—And that smacking noise
we heard later?
Patience—Oh, he was just sum-
ming up.—Youkers Statesman

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature
of
J. C. Watson

Forbidden Fruit.

A request was once made to the au-
thorities of one of the colleges at Cam-
bridge that room might be found on
the spacious lawns of their garden for
the lady students of Girton college to
play lawn tennis. Guessing clearly
enough what would be the result of
the admission of these students of the fair-
er sex among the undergraduates, the
master replied that it was ordered in
the statutes of the college that the gar-
dens must be devoted to the purposes
of horticulture and must not be used for
husbandry.—Spare Moments.

Her Victim.

Nell—You are simply making a fool
of young Mr. Saphedde. Belle—Oh,
well, I'm probably only saving some
other girl the trouble. —Philadelphia
Record.

To His Credit.

He—So you are under the impression
that I am a woman hater of the worst
sort? She—No, of the best sort. You
say you never intend to marry.—

OAK APPLES.

Forms of a Disease Propagated by a
Minute Gallfly.
The little brown balls popularly
known as "oak apples," which may of-
ten be seen growing in clusters upon
oak twigs, are not fruit, as some sup-
pose, but forms of a disease which re-
sults from the attacks of a minute
gallfly (cynipid). This little insect, a
distant cousin of wasps and bees, is
provided with a complicated piercing
ovipositor in her tail, by means of
which she makes little holes in the
tender shoots of the oak, laying an egg
in each, and at the same time introduc-
ing a drop of irritant fluid.
The substance of the shoot is thus
stimulated to unnatural growth and
produces an oak apple or "gall," which
may be regarded as a sort of vegetable
tumor and serves as a home for the
grub which hatches out of the egg.
This can easily be seen by cutting
open a young gall, but in an old one
the insect has escaped by driving a
tunnel to the outside.
The oak is infested by many other
kinds of gall. Some are tufted, others
look like currants, and others again
are the little brown "oak spangles"
seen on the undersides of the leaves.
Each kind of gallfly leads to the pro-
duction of a different kind of gall.—
London Answers.

BOWER BUILDERS.

Birds That Construct Gardens For
Their Own Enjoyment.
There are five different bower birds—
three in Australia, the regent, the satin
and the spotted; one in the Papuan is-
lands, the catbird, and one in New
Guinea. Their brilliant plumage is
golden yellow, glossy black or spotted
brown, often with a rose tinted color.
Their bowers are in no sense nests,
but miniature gardens, adapted for en-
joyment and courtship and set in the
eye of the sun. A pavement of equal
sized pebbles is arranged, and num-
bered twigs are thrust firmly between
them in two parallel rows, inclined to
each other, inclosing an avenue about
a yard long and several inches wide.
To decorate this arbor gay feathers,
ruddy berries, pearly shells, bleached
bones, even watches, knives and other
glittering objects, are tastefully placed
in and around the entrance.
The New Guinea bird, still more of a
gardener, constructs a miniature coiled
summer house, with internal gallery.
Before this is a meadow of moss, kept
free from grass, dust and leaves, on
which bright flowers and fruit are dal-
ily offered by the enamored male bird
to his mate.

RIVAL MUSICIANS.

The Earliest International Band
Contest Was Held In 1720.
The earliest record of an interna-
tional band contest is of one held in
the year 1720 between the bands of
Handel and Buononcini, a gifted Ital-
ian composer, who by his friends and
admirers was declared to be infinitely
superior to the German master. The
king headed the partisans of the Ger-
man and the Prince of Wales those of
the Italian artist. The controversy has
been perpetuated in the lines of John
Byron, a popular poet of his day:
Some say, compared to Buononcini,
That Myneer Handel's but a niny.
Others aver that he to Handel
Is scarcely fit to hold a candle.
Strange all this difference should be
'Twixt tweedledum and tweedledee.

Simonde's Delay.

"Why should we expect religion,"
says Sir John Lubbock, "to solve ques-
tions with reference to the origin and
destiny of the universe? We do not
expect the most elaborate treatise to
tell us the origin of electricity or of
heat. Natural history throws no light
on the origin of life. Has Bibliology
ever professed to explain existence?
Simonde was asked at Syracuse by
Hiero who or what God was, when he
requested a day's time to think of his
answer. On subsequent days he al-
ways doubled the time required for de-
liberation, and when Hiero inquired
the reason he replied that the longer
he considered the subject the more ob-
scure it appeared."

The Seychelles Islands.

The Seychelles islands form an archi-
pelago of 114 islands and are situated
about 1,400 miles east of Aden and
1,000 miles from Zanzibar. They rise
steeply out of the sea, culminating in
the isle of Mahe, which is about 3,000
feet above the level of the ocean and
is nearly the center of the group. All
the islands are of coral growth. The
houses are built of a species of massive
coral known as square blocks which
glisten like white marble.

His Reason.

Judge—You let the burglar go to ar-
rest an automobilist? Policeman—
Yes. The automobilist pays a fine and
adds to the resources of the state. The
burglar goes to prison, and the state
has to pay for his keep.—Fillegende
Blattler.

Her Victim.

Nell—You are simply making a fool
of young Mr. Saphedde. Belle—Oh,
well, I'm probably only saving some
other girl the trouble. —Philadelphia
Record.

To His Credit.

He—So you are under the impression
that I am a woman hater of the worst
sort? She—No, of the best sort. You
say you never intend to marry.—

CHURCHES AND OUTLAWS.

Ancient Laws That Gave Shelter and
Protection to Criminals.
In early times, when life and prop-
erty were accounted cheap unless de-
fended sword in hand, the church of-
fered shelter and sanctuary to those
who had occasion to fear the arm of
the law. In the middle ages whoever
crossed the threshold of a church was
considered under divine protection and
could not be arrested, while several
churches and cathedrals still preserve
the knockers used by those who had
fled thither for shelter and claimed ad-
mittance. In some buildings the fugi-
tive from justice sat upon a chair or
stool, and the register of a church in
Durham, England, covering a period
extending from the year 1464 to the
year 1524, included, besides other
crimes, 195 murders and homicides, in
which 283 persons seeking protection
were concerned. To attempt to violate
sanctuary by force was in those days
a very serious matter, and when the
outlaw decided to save his life by leav-
ing the realm he did so in the follow-
ing manner: "When a robber, murderer
or other evil doer shall fly into any
church upon his confession of felony
the coroner shall cause the abjuration
to be made thus: Let the felon be
brought to the church door and there
be assigned unto him a port, near or
far off, and a time appointed to him to
go out of the realm, so that in going
toward that port he carry a cross in
his hand, and that he go not out of the
king's highway, neither on the right
hand nor on the left, but that he keep
it always until he shall be gone out of
the land, and that he shall not return
without special grace of our lord the
king."

PERSONAL NOMENCLATURE.

Ancient Names and the Modern Sys-
tem of Surnames.
Neither Hebrews, Egyptians, Assy-
rians, Babylonians, Persians nor Greeks
had surnames, and in the earliest peri-
od of their history the same may be
said of the Romans. In course of time,
however, every Roman citizen had
three names—the praenomen, or per-
sonal name; the nomen, or name of the
gens or clan, and the cognomen, or
family name, as Publius Cornelius Scip-
io Africanus.
It is impossible to state with any de-
gree of certainty when the modern
system of personal nomenclature be-
came general. It has been stated that
the practice of surnames began in Nor-
mandy and extended to England after
the Norman conquest, but a document
in the Cottonian MSS, quoted in Tur-
ner's "History of the Anglo-Saxons"
contains reference to Hwita Hatto, a
keeper of bees in Halthfield; to Hatto
Hatte, his daughter, mother of Wul-
signe the Shooter, and Lulle Hatte, sis-
ter of Wulsigne. The date of these re-
cords of the Hattes is not to be ascer-
tained, but they were certainly written
before the year 1066. So far as anti-
quarians have been able to discover,
Hatto is the first surname whose exist-
ence can be traced in England. It is
not improbable that the founder of the
Hatto family was so called because of
some unusual or noticeable headgear
that he was in the habit of wearing.

Ancient Ventriloquism.

Ventriloquism was undoubtedly
known both to the Jews and to the
Egyptians. It was used by many per-
sons for purposes of deception. The
wizards who employed it declared that
their "familiar spirit" resided in the
abdomen, whence the voice was sup-
posed to proceed. The Old Testament
Scriptures abound with denunciations
both of persons who had these fami-
liar spirits and of those who went
to seek their advice and assistance.
They were treated as though they were
in familiar intercourse with the evil
one and according to Jewish law re-
ceived no mercy. Instances, however,
are very frequent in much later his-
tory of deception being successfully
practiced by persons having this pecu-
liar gift.

Carlyle's Picture of Rogers.

Carlyle gives this striking picture of
Samuel Rogers, the poet: "I saw Rog-
ers while ago at dinner with Wyl-
gent, a half frozen, old, sardonic Wyl-
gentian; no hair at all, but one of the
whitest bare scalps; blue eyes, shrewd,
sad and cruel; toothless, horseshoe
mouth drawn up to the very nose;
slow, croaking, sarcastic insight, per-
fect breeding—staterooms where you
are welcomed even with flummery; in-
ternally a Bluebeard's chamber, where
none but the proprietor enters!"

Still One.

"Hello, Bill, old man! Well, well! I
haven't seen you since the old days,
when we used to run around together!"
"No, Jack. Ah, those old days! What
a fool I used to be then!"
"I tell you, I'm glad to see you. You
haven't changed a bit, old man."—
Philadelphia Press.

His Long Wait.

Tommy—Oh, but a great man if you
smoked. Datsy—My dear boy, if you
will only wait until you are great be-
fore you smoke I shall not complain.—
New Yorker.

Not Her Role.

Edith—Why do you refuse him?
Ethel—He has a pet. Edith—But he
can blot it out. Ethel—Perhaps, but he
can't use me for a blotter.—Woman's
Journal.

Whist.

She—Do you really enjoy whist, Mr.
Finsse? He—No! I enjoy it! Not at
all, madam; not at all. I play a dis-
tinctly scientific game.—Boston Tran-
script.

THE WORK OF NOVICES.

Inventions That Have Worked Won-
ders In Glassmaking.
In 1827 a carpenter of Sandwich,
Mass., wanting a piece of glass of a
particular size and shape, conceived
the idea that the molten metal could be
pressed into any form, much the same
as lead might be, writes William E.
Stewart in the Cosmopolitan. Up to
that time all glassware had been
blown either offhand or in a mold, and
considerable skill was required, and
the process was slow. The glass man-
ufacturers laughed at the carpenter,
but he went ahead and built a press,
and now the United States is the
greatest pressed glassware country in
the world.
In 1890 a novice in the plate glass in-
dustry, Henry Fleckner of Pittsburg,
whose only knowledge of glass had
been acquired in a window glass fac-
tory, invented an annealing "lehr," the
most important single improvement
ever introduced in plate glass man-
ufacture. In three hours by the lehr the
same work is done which under the old
kilm system required three days.
About the same year Philip Argobast
of Pittsburg, also a novice in glass-
making, invented a process by which
bottles and jars may be made entirely
by machinery, the costly blow oven
process being avoided and the expense
of bottle making reduced one-half.

PRESENCE OF MIND.

The Way Two Englishmen Captured
Four Hundred Prisoners.
Toward the close of the peninsula
war 400 prisoners were captured by
John Colborne, afterward Field Mar-
shal Lord Seaton. Colborne, who was
wounded at Talavera, had been dis-
abled for some time, but in 1813 he
was in active service again, and when
Wellington's army crossed the frontier
into France he performed what was in-
deed the most amazing feat of his ca-
reer.
When riding, with no comrade but
the famous Sir Henry Smith, separated
from his column, he saw 400 French
soldiers passing along a ravine below
him. "The only way was to put a
good face on the matter," he wrote.
"So I went up to them, desiring them
to surrender. The officer, thinking, of
course, the column was behind me, sur-
rendered his sword, saying theatrically,
'Je vous rends cette eppee, qui a bien
fait son devoir.' (I surrender this
sword, which has done its duty well.)
The 400 followed his example." Sir
Henry Smith used to declare that he
had never seen such cool presence of
mind as Colborne displayed on this oc-
casion.

ANCIENT MIRRORS.

The Old Egyptians Made Theirs Of
Highly Polished Metal.
Wilkinson shows that we are in-
debted for our mirrors to the ancient
Egyptians. At first they were made
of metal, so well compounded and pol-
ished that some recently dug up from
Thebes have regained a wonderful lus-
ter after burial for thousands of years.
Oval in shape, they were fastened to
carved wooden handles. References
are made to such looking glasses in
Exodus and Job. The Greeks and Ro-
mans made similar mirrors of silver.
Pliny says that the earliest glass
mirrors were made of black volcanic
glass. Through the middle ages glass
backed with thin metallic sheets came
into use, and "bullseyes," or glass
globes into which while hot a metallic
mixture was blown for backing.
At Murano, near Venice, in the thir-
teenth century, the republic protected
the trade and jealously guarded its
secrets, securing a lucrative business for
a century and a half. Mirrors were
then made from cylinders of glass flat-
tened on stone, carefully polished, be-
veled at the edges and silvered by an
amalgam.

Ruined His Stomach For Science.

One of the most singular things
about the great nervous specialist, Dr.
Brown-Sequard, was the way in which
he saved his nerves for science, but in-
jured his stomach for the same cause.
Throughout his life he was opposed to
the use of tobacco. "I never smoke,"
he once said, "because I have seen the
most evident proofs of the injurious
effects of tobacco on the nervous sys-
tem." But his desire to investigate the
contents of his own stomach, by swal-
lowing sponges to which a thread was
tied and pulling them up to examine
the gastric juice which they had ab-
sorbed brought on a rare affection
known as myrcism, or rumination,
which compelled him to masticate his
food a second time.

Colored Clothes and Health.

The health value of colored clothes
is infinitely superior to that of sable
fabrics. You will find more microbes
to the square inch on dark than on
light garments. Black arrests the
health giving rays of the sun. It is
strange that Mme. la Mode should turn
out to be only the high priestess of
health in disguise and that the mi-
crobes of Mayfair and the bacilli of Bel-
grovia should be more afraid of a but-
terfly of fashion than of a sable coated
doctor of medicine.—Chic.

The Way of Servants.

Subbubs—I see Cushman has an-
nounced himself as a candidate for
governor. Citman—Yes; he declares it
is his "great ambition to be the ser-
vant of the people." Subbubs—Serv-
ant? What! Doesn't he mean to keep
the place if he gets it?—Philadelphia
Ledger.

Whist.

She—Do you really enjoy whist, Mr.
Finsse? He—No! I enjoy it! Not at
all, madam; not at all. I play a dis-
tinctly scientific game.—Boston Tran-
script.

SMILING AND SELLING.

There Are Times When the Two Do
Not Blend Successfully.
"If you cannot learn to smile you
cannot learn to sell," says an exchange.
Now, we are willing to agree that a
happy disposition is a very essential
quality for a salesman to have. But,
taken literally, the statement is not
true. Perhaps 85 per cent of success-
ful salesmen sell goods with a smile
and find that it pays. But, on the other
hand, there are 15 per cent or more,
who scarcely ever indulge in a smile
while waiting on customers.
Take, for example, some of the wom-
en who make up the highest class of
city trade—the kind that drives up to
a shop in a swell turnout, enters like
a queen, snubs the floorwalker, seats
herself in a comfortable seat and looks
around impatiently to be waited on. If
you know much about selling this class
of trade you know that if you smile
benignly and perhaps remark about
the beautiful weather you will receive
a frigid stare from the customer that
will make you shake. In most of the
stores where this class of trade is cat-
ered to you will find salesmen who are
expert at handling it. They sell even-
ing slippers, carrying boots, riding
boots, leggings, etc., with a cold polit-
eness that would drive away an ordi-
nary shopper.
There are times and places for every-
thing, and the time and place not to
smile are in a shoe store when one of
the human icebergs which inhabit the
Four Hundred swishes in to buy \$40 or
\$50 worth of footwear—that is, if you
expect to sell to her.—Shoe Trade Jour-
nal.

MUSIC IN COURT.

On one occasion all who were pres-
ent in the court of justice at Berlin
had the great pleasure of listening to
a free performance by Professor Joachim,
the famous violinist. It appeared from
the evidence that a dealer in musical
instruments was charged with cheat-
ing a customer by representing that a
violin which he offered for sale at
\$12.25 was an instrument that could be
played. The great professor was called
in as an expert witness, and, taking
up the impugned instrument, he pro-
ceeded to play upon it. Under his
magic fingers it really sounded like a
violin, but in a few moments, much to
the regret of his listeners, the maestro
laid the instrument down with an evi-
dent air of contempt. But he had se-
cured the accused's acquittal.
The great tenor Mario once had to
give a free exhibition of his magnifi-
cent vocal power in court in order to
gain freedom for himself. He had
been arrested in Madrid on mistake for
a mischievous political agitator and in
vain proclaimed his identity to the
powers that be. Finally he was told
that if he really was the famous sing-
er his voice was a certain means of
convincing the court of the truth of
his claim. For seven or eight min-
utes Mario held all within hearing
spellbound, and he was then allowed
to take his departure, with profuse
apologies for his arrest and detention.
—Chicago Tribune.

Straw For Hats a Century Ago.

In the early part of the last century
there were fewer factories in this
country than now, and many things were
made by hand which today are the
work of machinery. This was especial-
ly true of the braid for straw hats.
Rye straw was commonly used, al-
though wheat was also in demand. But
the rye straw had longer stems and
was more easily handled.
In driving along the country roads, in
Massachusetts particularly, late in the
summer one would see great bundles
of the straw hanging on the fences to
dry. When the sun and wind had
done their share of the work, it was
placed in casks where sulphur was
burning until it was bleached to a pale
yellow. Then it was split into narrow
widths suitable for braiding.—St. Nich-
olas.

The Making of Character.

The order of the world is moral in
every fiber. Men may do what they
please within certain limits, and be-
cause they do what they please society
seems to be in a state of moral chaos,

ATTACKS CLINE WILL

Alleging fraud and undue influence on the part of the executors before the will was signed and delivered, Nicholas O. Cline, of Frederick, has filed a bill in the Circuit Court at Chicago, Ill., to set aside the will of his brother, George T. Cline, the millionaire real estate operator, who died about a year ago, leaving an estate estimated at almost \$3,000,000.

The bill of particulars sets forth that for two months before his death George T. Cline endured much suffering, and a great part of that time he was under the influence of opiates administered to relieve his pain.

The bill alleges that George E. Cline, of Los Angeles, Cal., and Aquilla R. Yeakle, of Frederick, nephews of the millionaire, and Edwin Warfield, of Chicago, attended Mr. Cline at Mercy Hospital, where he was confined for two months before his death, and declares these men caused George T. Cline to sign a will giving them absolute control of the entire estate for an indefinite time and without bond.

It is alleged that the signature was obtained while George T. Cline did not know the contents of the paper he was signing and while his mind was weakened by long suffering and the constant use of opiates.

The will, which was probated July 7, 1903, appointed as executors the three men named as defendants in the suit.—Frederick News

Locked Up Jailor

Roanoke, Va., July 17.—When Jailor Templeton entered the county jail at Tazewell last evening he left his prison keys in the main door, while he was attending to some duties in an isolated part of the jail. Mrs. Maggie Morgan, a white woman prisoner, took advantage of an opportunity to escape by passing out of the main entrance and locking the door behind her, leaving the keys on the outside and fastening the jailor securely in Mrs. Morgan made good her escape, and so far there is no trace of her.

In Case Of Wrecks

The Gould lines of railroad in Colorado are being equipped with telegraphons, which enable a conversation to be carried on over a telegraph wire without interfering with the sending of a telegraph message over the same wire at the same time. Instruments are placed in cabooses and coaches so that in case of wrecks, communication can be established with headquarters immediately by throwing a hook over a wire and grounding the other end of the wire to the rail or car wheel.

Slaughter Is Now On

O. F. Cook, who found the Guatemalan boll-veev-eating ants, has wired the Department of Agriculture from Texas that the new ants are destroying cotton boll worms and are attacking similar injurious insects with even greater avidity than they do the boll weevils. Another important fact is that the ants do not injure at all the ladybird larvae, which are beneficial insects. Mr. Cook reports that the agricultural value of the ants now depends chiefly upon acclimatization and rapidity of propagation. These questions are being investigated.

Brain Development

Brain development is found by Professor Seggel, of Munich, to have two periods of acceleration—from 10 to 11 and from 17 to 18 in girls, and from 12 to 13 and 19 to 20 in boys. At the period of most rapid increase in height, from 12 to 14 years, the growth of the brain is less than one-hundredth that of the body, but at 17 to 19 it grows one-thirtieth as fast, and at 20 reaches one-seventh of the body growth.

The insular Bureau of the War Department issued a circular inviting proposals for the sale of \$3,000,000 Philippine 4 per cent. bonds.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WALTER KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

SENDING WHEAT WEST.

For the first time in a number of years, Baltimore is shipping wheat to the West instead of receiving it from that section. In other words, it has been "sending coals to Newcastle."

Several thousand bushels have been sent to western points during the last 15 days, and the bulk of this cereal has gone to points from which ordinarily at this time of the year Baltimore draws supplies. It is stated that, were it not for the garlic mixed with Southern wheat which is the variety shipped West, Baltimore merchants would have sent this cereal even to Chicago. All of the wheat from Baltimore has been used for milling purposes, and was therefore of the best quality. There seems to be a temporary scarcity of good, soft winter wheat in all sections of the country at present except in the vicinity of Baltimore.

A large part of the Western wheat is in bad condition. This being the case, millers in the West are taking some of Baltimore wheat to supply their demand until the better quality of wheat begins to arrive from their own section and until the stock which is at present damp has dried out. The demand for Baltimore wheat has not been confined to the West, but points in New York State and Pennsylvania have also been supplied.

A NEW YORK LAWYER HELD FOR RANSOM

Judge Dennis Daniel McKoon, a New York lawyer, has disappeared and the police have been notified by T. A. Darby, a friend and business associate, that he was kidnapped in lower Broadway shortly before noon on Friday last and is now being held for ransom.

Letters have been received from Judge McKoon, Mr. Darby says, asking that \$5,000 be demanded for his release be paid. According to these letters, Judge McKoon, who is 76 years old, met three men who had arranged a business appointment with him on Friday, and they took him to a house, the location of which was unknown to him, where he is kept a prisoner. The letters, he wrote, he would throw out of a window to a boy who was passing.

When asked if Judge McKoon had ever disappeared this way before, Mr. Darby said that he had not. Captain Langan, of the Detective Bureau, however, said that Judge McKoon had several times before been reported to police headquarters as missing and that each time he had subsequently turned up all right.

Brutally Tortured.

A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobidk, of Colusa, Calif., writes: "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from Rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for Liver and Kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by T. E. Zimmerman, Druggist.

Two Hundred People tumble

Cleveland, Ohio, July 17.—Two hundred people were hurled to the ground today by the collapse of a stand at Brighton Park, a suburb of this city.

A ball game between amateur clubs was in progress, and the stand was crowded, when, without warning, the entire crowd was thrown to the ground in a heap. Other spectators and the ball players set to work extricating the people from the wreckage, while calls were sent out for ambulances.

When all were finally extricated it was found that 10 persons had sustained broken arms or legs while a number of others were bruised and cut.

It is claimed the collapse was caused by the removal of some underpinning which had been carried off by people for firewood.

Fortune For A Laborer

Through a firm of Belfast attorneys, James Hutton, an Irish workman, 52 years old, of York Springs, has been informed that by the death of his uncle, a wealthy Irish farmer, he is entitled to a one-third share in an estate valued at \$93,000. Hutton went to York, and is making preparations to leave for the Emerald Isle in August. He came to this country 19 years ago. He is the youngest of 17 children. All his brothers and sisters, save two, died since he left Ireland. The uncle, who leaves the large estate also bears the name of James Hutton.

Largest Pension Agency.

Topeka, Kan., July 20.—The rolls for the Topeka Pension Agency, the largest of the United States, show a decrease of only nine pensions for the year just ended. The list contains 115,620 pensioners who drew \$10,294,221 last year. During the year 4,232 pensioners died. Most of the veterans who died leave widows.

Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, A Powder. To shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Makes walking easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Itching Nails, Swollen and Sweating Feet. All drug stores and shoe stores. Don't accept any substitute. Send for FREE. Address: Allen S. Cincinnati, La. Ry., N. Y.

THE PTOMAINNE SEASON.

Dangers That Lurk In Bacterial Growths That Flavor Food.

This is the time of the ptomaine. It is the season of all others when the family turns to the ice box for lunches and for suppers, and the ice box is the home of the ptomaine.

There is much to learn of the ptomaine and of its related poison, the leucemias, says the Chicago Tribune. It is in the proteid molecule that both germs have a percentage, the result of bacterial growths splitting up the molecule. In the albumen of meats and meats of the larger those poisons have homes. Decomposition in meats, milk and cheese may give life to them in dangerous form. Again this bacterial destruction may make only for flavor and give zest to the palate. On a microscopic but almost as dangerous scale, it is the old question whether the fungus picked up in the field in a mushroom or a toadstool.

Bacterial growths give flavor to butter, to cheese, to meats and other foods. It has been discovered that if in this bacterial growth there be plenty of oxygen, the poison of the ptomaine does not develop. If the oxygen be limited the developing ptomaine may be extremely dangerous at the end of a week. As to range of the poisonous effects, some of these germs may produce only a painful form of cholera morbus. Others kill their victims in a few hours. But while most is a general index to the possibility of ptomaine poisons, that on meats, cheese, milk and bread is to be watched most.

Do not eat food that shows mold. If the sense of smell is offended, throw the food into the garbage can. Hoed promptly a warning from the ice box. Even foods that offend none of the senses may be dangerous. Milk having the animal heat in it and hurried to market through a hot sun may be deadly within six hours. Made into ice cream its tyrotoxin may kill like pestilence.

To be reasonably safe keep the icebox clean. Scald it out at least once a week and let it air.

MR. EDWARD LYNCH DEAD

Mr. Edward Lynch died at his home in Westminster, Tuesday night in his seventy-eighth year. He was secretary of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Carroll county, a position he has held for nearly six years. Mr. Lynch for many years was one of the active, progressive and leading citizens. He was one of the first to extend the limits of Westminster by opening new streets and laying out building lots. For a long time he was also engaged in the lumber and coal business, and was identified with all enterprises making for the welfare of the city.

Mr. Lynch is survived by a widow and the following children: Mrs. John S. Mathias, Mrs. Orlando Reese, Mr. John Thomas and Gloyd Lynch, Mrs. Edward Shriver, of Waynesboro, Pa. His only brother is John T. Lynch, a retired farmer and former sheriff of Westminster. Mrs. Elizabeth Lynch, also of Westminster, is a sister.

FILLED WITH SNOT.

Frederick Mallory, of Williams street, Cumberland, shortly after retiring Sunday night heard someone in his chicken-house and the chickens making an unusual noise. Climbing out on a perch, he fired a load of No. 4 shot from his double-barreled shotgun, the firing being followed by loud cries and groans. Mallory dressed at once, gave himself up and was committed to jail. The wounded man, found lying on the grass in the yard, gave his name as George Campbell, a neighbor of Mallory's, who had recently moved to that locality from Mosquito Flats. He was filled with shot from his head to his feet along one side of his body. Campbell was taken to the hospital. He claims he was lying down by the chickenhouse waiting for his wife to come home.—American.

T. E. Zimmerman

ask the readers of this paper who are suffering with indigestion or dyspepsia to call on them at once and get a bottle of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. If you knew the value of this Remedy as we know it, you would not suffer another day. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a thorough digestant and tissue building tonic as well. It is endorsed personally by hundreds of people whom it has cured of indigestion, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart and stomach troubles generally. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It is pleasant, palatable and strengthening.

At the annual missionary services of the Christian Missionary Alliance for the districts of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland and the District of Columbia, held at Rocky Springs Park, Pa., over \$42,000 was raised for foreign missions.

Working Night and Day

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fog into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c. per box. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

There were a number of drowning accidents throughout the country. At Toledo, O., Henry Yetter, who had a cork leg, jumped into the water to save his 10-year-old-son and both were drowned.

Parker Rye is Maryland Whiskey. If you know good whiskey, Parker Rye will please you. As it has everyone who has ever tried it. It has its own reputation to give you higher grade whiskey than you have ever before tried. It is the real, genuine article, pure all the way through. It is better than any you have ever tasted. 4 FULL QUARTS, \$5.50. 8 Quarts, \$6.85; 12 Quarts, \$10.00. Packed in plain seals, each case without name to indicate contents. We pay expressage. All orders accompanied by O. Order, Express Order or Certified Check. OXFORD DISTILLING CO., 5304 N. Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

"OOM PAUL" KRUGER DEAD

Paul Kruger, former president of the Transvaal Republic, died at Clarens, Switzerland, on July 14, of senile pneumonia. Mr. Kruger was born October 10, 1825, at Colesburg Cape Colony, of German parents.

In 1883 Kruger was elected president of the Transvaal over General Joubert, being re-elected in 1888, 1893 and 1898.

Kruger became practically dictator, so great was his influence over his countrymen, and stoutly opposed British aggression.

In 1895, when the Jameson raid occurred, Kruger turned over Dr. Jameson to the British for punishment, but for four years thereafter he was busy preparing for war with Great Britain and placed the Transvaal in splendid condition for defense.

In 1899 war was declared against Great Britain.

On June 5, 1900, Pretoria fell, and Kruger fled to Portuguese territory and on October 19 sailed for Europe.

In 1901 he took up his residence in Holland.

AN OLD ADAGE SAYS

"A light purse is a heavy curse" Sickness makes a light purse. THE LIVER is the seat of nine tenths of all diseases.

Tutt's Pills

go to the root of the whole matter, thoroughly, quickly safely and restore the action of the LIVER to normal condition.

Give tone to the system and solid flesh to the body. Fake No Substitute.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

The Tax Books are now ready, and the County Treasurer would call the attention of the taxpayers for 1904 to Section 46, Article 81, Revised Code of Maryland. All persons who shall pay their State taxes on or before the

FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

of the year for which they are levied, shall be entitled to a discount of

5 PER CENTUM

on the amount of said taxes; all who shall pay the same on or before the first day of October, of the said year, shall be entitled to a deduction of

4 PER CENTUM,

and all who shall pay for the same on or before the first day of November, of said year shall be entitled to a deduction of

3 PER CENTUM.

Taxes on the income of mortgages became due September 1, 1904, for said year.

All those who are in arrears for the years 1902 and 1903 are requested to make immediate payment, as further delay will add additional cost to such delinquents.

CHAS. C. BISER, County Treasurer, July 22-25.

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILROAD

Lutheran Reunion at Pen-Mar

The annual Reunion of the Lutheran Churches of Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia will be held at Pen-Mar Park, on the Western Maryland Railroad, on Thursday, July 28th. A programme of great interest will be given and fine music, good speeches and other enjoyable features will be presented, and it is expected that this Reunion will be the largest and most successful in the history of the Lutheran Church. A special feature of this year will be the attendance of the Loysville, Pa., Orphan Boys' Band.

Low rate excursion tickets will be on sale to Pen-Mar and full information can be obtained from local ticket agent.

In addition to the regular and special train service already announced, there will be an additional special train to leave Pen-Mar Park at 11 P. M. for Hagerstown, Chambersburg and intermediate points.

STRAYER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,

125 W. Saratoga St., Baltimore,

GETS A SITUATION

FOR EVERY GRADUATE.

Day and night sessions all the year. New students received at any time. Send for Catalogue, Book of names. We instruct Short-hand Writing, Bookkeeping, etc., by Mail and loan typewriters to persons in all parts of the United States in connection with our Mail Course. Terms Moderate. We have recently purchased motion picture New Remington, Smith Premier and Oliver Typewriters. Attach this paper when you write.

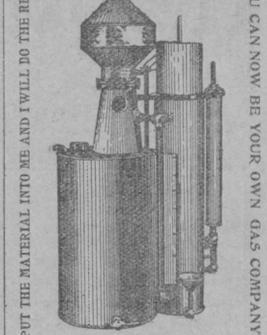
May 6-17.

One Minute Cough Cure

For Coughs, Colds and Croup.

SUNLIGHT AUTOMATIC FORCE FEED GAS MACHINE

YOU CAN NOW BE YOUR OWN GAS COMPANY.



No Limit to Size. LIGHT FOR ALL. It Has Come To Stay. It Has No Equal.

SAFE, ECONOMICAL, BRILLIANT, HEALTHY.

Having made important improvements in our Gas Machine by the application of Force Feed and combining generator and gasmeter in one, and simplifying many points of construction, and requiring small space to install; obviating all danger of excessive discharge of carbide into generator, making gas in excess of consumption. We now claim to have the perfect Gas Machine, furnishing the most brilliant light ever produced, and are prepared to furnish the Improved Machine, guaranteed to be the most simple and efficient working Gas Machine on the market. We guarantee all machines as represented and put in on approval. All material of the best, put up in neat and substantial manner. All inquiries for prices or information in regard to installing machine will have prompt attention. Descriptive circulars on application. Rights for sale. Fully protected by patents.

Manufactured by J. T. HAYS & SON, Patentees, EMMITSBURG, MD.

may 6

IMPORTANT!

Carpenter Work.

Building in all its branches. Contracting; Jobbing and Day's Work. Hard-wood work and Stair Building a specialty. Contracts accepted a distance of fifty miles from Emmitsburg, Md. Estimates given promptly and cheerfully.

F. W. LANSINGER, Contractor and Builder, Emmitsburg, July 24-1

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Call and see my new line of

Spring & Summer Dress Goods,

Mousseline De Soie, Mohair, Persian Lawn,

Shirt waist Goods

in Champagne and White. Also received a new line of

NOTIONS,

Foundation Combs, Fancy Stock Pins, Belts, etc. Real Lisle

Gauze Hose,

Fine Shirts,

in the new gray effects.

Chinese Matting in prices ranging from 12 1/2 to 25 cents.

JOSEPH E. HOKE, Emmitsburg, Md.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY

Beautifully situated among the Blue Ridge Mountains. Classical and Scientific Courses. Specially organized Department of Music and Art. Well equipped Library and Laboratory, and Cooking School. Steam Heat and Electric Light. Letters of inquiry directed to the

MOTHER SUPERIOR

JACOB L. TOPPER DANIEL SWEENEY.

Funeral Directors.

THE UNDERTAKING BUSINESS, formerly conducted by Topper & Hoke, will be continued by the undersigned at the old stand on West Main Street, in Emmitsburg. Fine caskets and funeral supplies always in stock. Prompt and careful attention given to the business in every particular. When in need of funeral directors give us a call. Respectfully,

TOPPER & SWEENEY.

oct 19

HOKE & ANNAN'S

Marble Yard,

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

Monuments, Tombstones,

and cemetery work of all kinds.

Work neatly and promptly executed Satisfaction guaranteed

jan. 29-1yr.

Your Wants Promptly Supplied

FEED.

Such as Corn Chop, Oats and Corn Chop, at \$1.20 and \$1.25 per 100 lbs.; Oats Chop, 90 cts. per 100 pounds; White Feed, \$1.30 per 100 lbs., Cotton Seed Meal, \$1.40 per 100 lbs.; Bran, \$1.20 per 100 lbs. Oats, 55 cents a bushel.

HAY.

The highest market price paid for Hay.

CORN.

A carload of Ear Corn on the road. Will be here in a few days.

CLOVER SEED.

Choice Clover Seed 13 cts. per bushel.

COAL.

April will be the month to lay in your winter supply of coal, as the prices will be the lowest.

Fertilizer.—Plenty of Spring Fertilizer now on hand.

Flour.—I handle Rhodes', Covert's and Minnesota Flour. Will deliver it at your door in town free of cost.

Let us have your orders.

J. STEWART ANNAN.

Nothing has ever equalled it. Nothing can ever surpass it.

Dr. King's New Discovery

For Consumption Price 50c & \$1.00

A Perfect For All Throat and Cure: Lung Troubles.

Money back if it fails. Trial Bottles free.

Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

New Advertisements.

DAUCHY & CO.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Keeps and beautifies the hair. Promotes a healthy scalp. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling out and is the best preparation for the hair.

VIRGINIA COLLEGE

For YOUNG LADIES, Roanoke, Va.

Opens Sept. 25, 1904. One of the leading Schools for Young Ladies in the South. New Buildings, Plaster and equipment. Campus ten acres. Grand mountain scenery in Valley of Virginia. Famed for health. European and American teachers. Full course. Conservatory advantages in Art, Music and Elocution. Certificates Wesleyan. Students from 30 States. For catalogue address: MATTIE P. BARRIS, President, Roanoke, Va.

A RAZOR

that we guarantee will give you satisfaction or your money back. Full hollow ground, set ready for use.

We are experts in grinding razors, scissors, clippers, knives, etc.

Send us your razor and 25 cents and we will show you how to make it a new one.

THE ELECTRIC CUTLERY CO.,

328 N. Gay Street, 2 squares from Hillen Station, Baltimore, Md. April 8-6m

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for report on patentability. For free book: How to Secure PATENTS write to

CASNOW & CO. TRADE-MARKS

OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE WASHINGTON, D. C.

SHERLOCK HOLMES SAYS

In Adventure III:—

" * * * * I have here four letters which purport to come from the missing man. They are all type-written. In each case, not only are the 'e's' slurred and the 'r's' tailless, but you will observe that the fourteen other characteristics to which I have alluded are there as well.

Had the writer of these letters used

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER

the famous detective would have been baffled, as the Oliver produces each and every character perfectly, owing to superior construction and distinctive mechanical features.

"TO SEE IT IS TO BE CONVINCED."

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER CO.,

14 St. Paul St. BALTIMORE, MD.

STIEFF PIANOS. "The Piano with the sweet tone" MADE BY THE MAKER. WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. Convenient Terms. STIEFF, 9 NORTH LIBERTY STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

EMMITSBURG MARKETS

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Corrected by R. R. Zimmerman & Son.

Table with market quotations for Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, etc.

Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.

Table with market quotations for Butter, Eggs, Chickens, etc.

LIVE STOCK.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, lectures, parties, etc., must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1904.

FREDERICK COUNTY PHONE 33

The Smart Set Magazine will entertain you.

Two men were killed by railroad trains near Cumberland and two others were injured.

Two little girls ran away from Keyser, W. Va., with a circus, but were captured at Cumberland.

Annie Perry, colored, fell under a railroad car at St. Michaels and had her left leg cut off.

Quite a number of people from this place attended the Reformed reunion at Pen-Mar yesterday.

There will be a festival held at Middle Creek School House, on Saturday evening, July 30, 1904.

Lulu Lewis, 11 years old, daughter of William Lewis, was killed by a passenger train at Williamsport.

George Harris, colored, who was shot by Julius Cooper, also colored, died at Annapolis from his wounds.

Mrs. William Bruchey was badly burned at her home in Frederick by the explosion of a gasoline stove.

Horace W. Clark has sold his farm on the National Pike, west of Frederick, containing 133 acres, to Nicholas Shafter, for \$11,970.

Reed Rickard was accidentally shot and seriously injured by his brother, Charles Rickard, at Williamsport.

The Pennsylvania National Guard will go into encampment at Gettysburg tomorrow and remain in camp one week.

William E. Hudson, aged 20 years, died in Frederick at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Hudson, July 19, of typhoid fever.

The annual picnic of St. Joseph's Catholic Church will be held in the Sisters' Grove, near town, on Wednesday, August 10, 1904.

John and William Wilkinson, brothers, were drowned in Saunders' millpond, near Laurel, Prince George's county, while bathing Sunday evening.

The residence of Mr. Joseph E. Hoke and sisters, on West Main street, has been repaired, which is quite an improvement.

A new Methodist Episcopal church will soon be completed at Greensboro, Caroline county. It is of brick and has a seating capacity of 500. It will cost \$8,000.

Mayor Strite is negotiating with a corporation in New York State to locate another automobile factory in Hagerstown, where two other establishments of the kind are now in operation.

Mr. Robert M. Wantz, of near town, has our thanks for a box of very fine early apples of different varieties. Among the lot was one apple of last year's crop, which was as sound and firm as the new apples.

Mrs. Sarah E. Ray, 1008 Harford avenue, Baltimore, is nearly 101 years of age, and Mrs. Susan Askey, 181 Barclay street, has nearly reached 90 years. Abraham Bell, 2201 East Baltimore street, will celebrate his one hundredth birthday next Wednesday.

Annie Downs, the colored woman whose leg was cut off under the wheels of a car she was about to board at St. Michaels, Talbot county, died before she could reach Cambridge Hospital, to which she was being conveyed from Bellevue in a launch by Dr. Hines and a staff of nurses.

Judge Parker, of New York, has received a compliment from the Oxford Distilling Company of Baltimore, they having named after him their latest product—Parker Rye. This whiskey is absolutely pure, and is far superior to the average liquors. Their advertisement appears in another column.

While enjoying a bath in Jones Falls in Woodberry seven boys were arrested by the police of the Northern district Tuesday afternoon. Four were released on payment of costs and the others will be sent before the Juvenile Court. It is unlawful to bathe in nature's garb within sight of persons passing along a thoroughfare.

Rev. John Rose, a clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, residing on East Pratt street, Baltimore, complained to the police that he had paid \$5,150 for what he believed was worthless mining stock and had given a check for \$4,050 to a stranger, who represented himself to be John Lawrence, who was arrested. Miss Virginia Hamilton was also arrested on a charge of complicity in the case.

Killed By Lightning. Mrs. John Ryder, wife of a wealthy farmer, living near Fort Loudoun, Franklin county, Pa., was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

She went to the attic of the house and was closing a window when the bolt struck her. She was found dead soon afterward. Mrs. Ryder was 60 years old and before marriage was a Miss Shelby. Her husband and several children survive.

The thirteen monuments to be erected on Antietam battlefield by the State of Pennsylvania have arrived at Sharpsburg, and will be dedicated September 17, the anniversary of the battle.

Somnambulist Hurt By Fall.

Mrs. John Woolridge, living near Waynesboro, was probably fatally injured by falling from a second story window while walking in her sleep. She was found unconscious in the garden with her left arm broken, and it is thought that she sustained internal injuries.

Ran Nail In His Foot.

Nicholas Lingg, millright, of New Oxford, is in Virginia overseeing the placing of new machinery in a large mill and while at work stepped on an up-turned nail, which penetrated the foot to a considerable depth. The physician in attendance succeeded in preventing blood poisoning and the latest reports indicate that Mr. Lingg is able to go on crutches and attend to his work.

Nickel In The Slot.

The nickel-in-the-slot machines and other gambling devices which have been doing a good business in the saloons in Frederick were all removed last Friday night. These devices disappear from the places bi-yearly on the eve of every session of the grand jury but as soon as that body adjourns they are reinstated.—Sun.

Maryland Woman's Romance.

At St. Louis, Mo., Monday, Amanda V. Pennell, of Thurmont, Md., was married to Beresford D. Osborne, in the Fourth District Court, by Justice Carroll. The couple stated that they were in St. Louis seeing the World's fair and had decided that they would remember the Fair city more distinctly by making it the scene of their wedding.—Sun.

On Sunday Mrs. Nettie Hastings died at the home of her father, William D. James, near Cambridge, of what the family thought to be colera morbus, but which her physicians diagnosed to be arsenical poisoning. She was the widow of Philip Hastings, who died six weeks ago as the result of an accident. His death made her very despondent. Before dying she denied taking any drug.

Barn And Crops Burned.

A large bank barn on the farm of William Harshman at Quince, near Waynesboro, was destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon, together with all the contents, including grain and hay crops, farming implements, etc. Mr. Harshman had just finished hauling into the barn the last load of wheat, when the fire broke out. The loss will be about \$5,000.

Douglas Mason, aged 17 years, was killed Saturday by a heavily charged electric wire which had become disconnected and was in a gravel pit filled with water where young Mason and other boys were bathing near Murricks, Prince George's county. In trying to rescue him a companion was badly shocked. The deceased was the son of J. G. Mason, of Murricks.

SUICIDE WITH A PISTOL.

Mr. Harry Parkison, missing from his home since last Wednesday, was found dead Monday morning in the woods opposite the Short Line depot, near Annapolis. He was found in a clump of bushes. The body was very badly decomposed. Under the left arm was found a self-loading revolver. There were three loaded and two empty shells in the weapon. It was evident that he had killed himself, and the coroner so pronounced.

In a Critical Condition.

William Reilly, 8 years old, son of William Reilly, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who is spending the summer with his grandparents in Frederick, had his right arm amputated near the elbow at the Frederick City Hospital last Friday evening. He fell from a cherry tree and broke his arm in several places. Blood poisoning had set in, and even now the child's life is despaired of.

Curiosities.

Henry L. Kery, of near McSherrystown, has the following curiosities in his possession which were hatched on his farm and which he has preserved in alcohol: A four-legged chicken, preserved for 26 years; a double-headed chicken, seven years, and a chicken with five bills and three eyes, which was hatched recently.—Star and Sentinel.

Author of "Jim-Crow" Law.

Mr. William G. Kerbin, member of the House of Delegates from Worcester county, says the statement that he introduced the "Jim-Crow" Car law at the request or suggestion of Mr. Giles is not true. He adds:

"I promised the people of this county last fall that I would try to pass such a measure, and introduced it on my own responsibility."

Resisting A License Tax.

The 20 or more cabmen who use the Glen Echo end of Cabin John bridge as a cab stand, are up in arms at the recent action of the Glen Echo town government in imposing an annual tax of \$10 upon each carriage. Mr. Edward C. Peter, of Rockville, has been engaged as counsel and it is the intention to fight the payment of the tax. It is understood that the Mayor and Council did not act until they had been advised by counsel that they had the authority to impose the tax mentioned.

Big Reward Offered.

The Calvert County Commissioners have offered a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who killed Maggie Luffbury, alias Maggie Keats, the young mulatto girl whose body was found July 3 in the woods near Battle Creek, a short distance from the Patuxent river. The failure of Detectives Mason and Thomas of the Baltimore Police Department, who were several days working on the case, to trace out any tangible clue to the murderer, prompted the Commissioners to offer the reward.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

Fairfield, July 19.—Mrs. J. F. Mackley and Miss Helen Neely are visiting in Maytown.

Mrs. Samuel Smith, who was visiting in Lancaster county, has returned to her home in Fairfield.

Miss Mary Denny, of White Post, Va., spent a week with Mrs. J. L. Hill, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Neely are at St. Louis attending the World's Fair.

Mrs. Ruth Haugh and baby, of Baltimore, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Marshall, of Fairfield.

Miss Leah Musselman, of Emmitsburg, was a recent visitor to Fairfield.

Severe Accident To A Lady.

Mrs. Frederick Oldham, of Baltimore, was injured Thursday evening of last week while driving in a trap at Pen-Mar. The horse was frightened by a trolley car and started to rear. Mrs. Oldham who is of good avoirdupois, endeavored to climb out of the trap. When she put her weight on the step the side of the vehicle broke and threw her heavily to the ground. Her right leg was broken above the ankle and the ankle sustained a severe sprain. Her husband and children are occupying Mrs. Dixon H. Geiser's Fern Cottage at Pen-Mar during the summer.

BALLOONIST'S MISHAP.

A balloon ascension which was to have taken place at Oakland was cut short by the explosion of the balloon. Robert Croop, balloonist, was inflating the great canvas bag, by the combustion of kerosene in a pit through which it was conveyed underground to a funnel with a dipper into the bag. Croop, on the inside of the balloon, was manipulating the damper when an explosion occurred, blowing the top of the balloon entirely off, and the sides falling inward were soon consumed. Croop was caught in the meshes and was covered with the burning canvas. He was fought his way through the fire to the open air. His right hand was frightfully burned and his hair singed entirely off.

IRA WEAVER KILLED.

Ira Weaver, son of Luther Weaver, a farmer residing near Ridgely, Md., was shot Monday afternoon and died Tuesday morning at an early hour. Young Weaver, who was cultivating corn, had taken his gun along to shoot crows, and it is supposed that while turning in at end of row the trigger of the gun caught in a bush. The load pierced his right arm just above the elbow. Drs. Malone and Greensboro, were immediately summoned and amputated the young man's arm. Mr. Weaver was a graduate of Zeth Business College, of Altoona, Pa., and was about twenty years of age.

No More "Jim-Crow" Excursions.

General Passenger Agent F. M. Howell, of the Western Maryland Railroad, sent a communication to Burgess Sharpe of Chambersburg, Pa., stating that the railroad company would run no more negro excursions from Baltimore to Chambersburg and that the company had no idea of the class of people who were going on the last excursion, and if they had known the excursion would never have been run. Mr. Howell's letter was a response to a petition sent by the people of Chambersburg asking the company not to run any more colored excursions to Chambersburg.

Cavalrymen Camp Near Thurmont.

Troop F, 15th U. S. Cavalry, on route from Fort Meyer, Va., to Gettysburg, camped near Thurmont last night. The troop is under command of Captain Howard R. Hancock and was for two years stationed in the Philippine Islands. The troop will form part of the National Guard encampment of Pennsylvania at Gettysburg, where the troop will remain until the latter part of the month, after which they will go to Harper's Ferry, W. Va., and form part of the West Virginia command. The troop is composed of sixty men with necessary horses and wagons. The troop passed through town this morning.

PRESBYTERIAN REUNION.

It is estimated that fully 5,000 people attended the great Presbyterian reunion at Pen Mar Park on Thursday of last week. As usual the music was a feature of the reunion. The Presbyterian reunion chorus, organized from among the best singers in the Presbyterian church in Harrisburg, rendered a number of selections.

At a business meeting it was decided to hold the next reunion at Pen Mar on the second Thursday in July, 1905.

Rev. Dr. W. A. McCarroll, of Shippensburg, J. C. Eckels, of Carlisle, Rev. Geo. Reed, of Newville, Rev. T. J. Ferguson, of Hagerstown, are again on the committee of arrangements.

Fire In Waynesboro.

Fire broke out shortly before 6 o'clock Tuesday afternoon in the drafting department of the Frick Manufacturing Company, at Waynesboro. Within a half hour, however, the flames were under control. The drafting department is located in the office building, the interior of which was badly damaged. The books were saved. A representative of the Frick Company stated that the origin of the fire was unknown. The damage resulting from the destruction of patterns and drawings will be considerable.

Unknown Man Drowned.

Children playing along the Potomac river banks last Saturday discovered the body of a man floating on the surface of the water near Wiley's Ford, Allegany county. Coroner O'Neil being notified, went to the scene and recovered the body, which appeared to have been in the water some days. The man appeared to be aged about 45 years, weighed 135 pounds and was about 5 feet 4 inches in height. There were no clues to his identity on the body, nor were there any signs of violence. The body was removed to the Cumberland morgue, awaiting identification.

The material of old Christ Church, Port Tobacco, is being removed to La Plata, Charles county, to be used in building a new house of worship.

PERSONALS.

Mr. G. Payson Rowe, of St. Joseph, Mo., is visiting his sister and brothers in this place.

Mrs. Susan White, of Thurmont, is visiting her brother, Mr. Henry Stokes, of this place.

Mr. James H. Stokes, of Washington, D. C., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stokes.

Mrs. James A. Slagle and Miss Susan Shorb are visiting friends at Waynesboro and Greensboro, Pa.

Misses Marion Hoke and Eva Rowe visited Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Krise and Mr. and Mrs. John O. Musselman, of Virginia Mills, Pa., last week.

Mr. Charles Shorb, of Virginia Mills visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shorb, of this place, on Sunday last.

Mr. O. A. Horner, of this place, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. G. Lloyd Palmer, of Hansonville, this county, started yesterday for St. Louis, Mo., to attend the Exposition.

Mrs. Lizzie Mobley, of Baltimore, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Hoover.

Mrs. Edward Simm and two children, of Frederick, and Mr. Harry Kefauver, of New York city, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Stokes.

Mr. Ralph Zacharias, of Allegheny, Pa., is visiting his father, Mr. C. T. Zacharias, of this place.

Mrs. Charles J. Wentz, of Baltimore, visited her mother, Mrs. Catharine Hyder, of this place.

Mr. Philip Kerrigan, of Chicago, Ill., visited his cousin, Mr. James M. Kerrigan, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Phillips and daughter, Miss Helen, of Philadelphia, are visiting Mrs. Phillips' mother, Mrs. Knouf, of this place.

ANOTHER PRISONER ESCAPES.

Constable Samuel D. Rhodes had a desperate encounter near Hancock Wednesday morning with an unknown negro, 20 years old, whom he arrested charged with stealing over \$200, representing a year's savings, from Jonathan Bosior, a Wabash workman. The negro drew a pistol and was about to fire when constable Rhodes dealt him a heavy blow on the arm with his knee, knocking the pistol out of his hands. A scuffle ensued and the negro escaped, owing to the officer having a sprained ankle, caused by a fall when the negro George Williams, charged with stealing a heavy box on the arm with Perry escaped from him several weeks ago. Rhodes fired several shots after the negro.

Sheriff Downin later arrested on suspicion a negro, D. W. Barkley, who had \$70 on him, but the accused proved an alibi and he was released.

FIRE AT HORSE THIEF.

A stranger of slender build, aged about 25 years, hired a horse and buggy on Sunday at the livery stable of John Kemp at Frostburg, and did not return it. On Monday Mr. Kemp, accompanied by Excise Commissioner John W. George of Cumberland, started looking for the horse and the thief. At 10 o'clock on Monday night, while passing a house on the Dillon Peach farm, about three miles west of Hancock, the thief was observed sitting in the house.

Superintendent Thomas W. Shalleross telephoned to Baltimore and Philadelphia Monday evening and expected a force of 60 men to arrive Tuesday evening. He stated that the demands of the striking Italians would be ignored, and but few of them will be again employed. The men are still quartered at Bidensburg, and none of them were to work in Washington Monday. It is believed they will ask to be given employment. Superintendent Shalleross stated that no serious interruption to the work will result.

ITALIAN LABORERS ON STRIKE IN HYATTSVILLE.

The entire force of 65 Italian laborers engaged in constructing the Hyattsville sewerage system quit work Monday at noon, demanding an increase in wages from \$1.35 to \$1.50 per day. Several of the men were discharged on Sunday and claim they were offered \$1.50 by Washington contractors. The strike had not anticipated and completely tied up the work.

Superintendent Thomas W. Shalleross telephoned to Baltimore and Philadelphia Monday evening and expected a force of 60 men to arrive Tuesday evening. He stated that the demands of the striking Italians would be ignored, and but few of them will be again employed. The men are still quartered at Bidensburg, and none of them were to work in Washington Monday. It is believed they will ask to be given employment. Superintendent Shalleross stated that no serious interruption to the work will result.

VITRIOL IN HIS FACE.

Mrs. Mary Lohman, wife of ex-Constable John W. Lohman, threw a quantity of vitriol in her husband's face Saturday in Waynesboro, Pa. Lohman was horribly burned and is probably disgraced for life. The couple separated several months ago. In a separation agreement Lohman promised not to molest his wife and she was allowed a sum of money. Lohman went into a restaurant kept by his wife to remove his personal effects, a quarrel followed and Mrs. Lohman suddenly threw a quantity of vitriol in his face. He ran from the place and hid with a physician's aid. He says he will have his wife arrested. Mrs. Lohman is alleged to have told her sister she intended burning her husband's eyes out.—Sun.

Sammel Dowman, 68 years old, tenant on the Henry C. Wolfe farm, near Chewsville, fell from the haymow in his barn and broke his hip. He is in a serious condition.

The pill that will fill the bill. To cleanse the liver without a quiver. Take one at night.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are small, easy to take, easy and gentle in effect, yet they are so certain in results that no one who uses them is disappointed. For quick relief from biliousness, sick headache, torpid liver, jaundice, dizziness and all troubles arising from an inactive, sluggish liver, Early Risers are unequalled. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

MARRIED.

BERCAW—OTT.—On July 20, 1904, at St. Anthony's Church, Mr. William H. Bercaw and Miss Mamie Ott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ott, all of this District.

DIED.

MORTIMER.—On July 15, 1904, at St. Joseph's Academy, near town, of old age, Mr. John Mortimer, aged 98 years. Mr. Mortimer was born in Ireland. He lived at St. Joseph's Academy for many years and was considered the oldest man in this section of the country. The funeral services were held at St. Joseph's Catholic Church on last Saturday morning. Interment in the cemetery adjoining the church.

FOGLE.—On July 16, 1904, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Samuel Fitz, near Emmitsburg, Md., Mrs. Elizabeth Fogle, better known as "Aunt Betsy" Fogle, aged 83 years, 8 months and 9 days. Funeral services were held at the German Baptist Church, Rocky Ridge, Md., on Monday evening, and were conducted by Elder Thomas Koltz, assisted by Elder Flohr, and Rev. Charles Reinwald.

ECZEMA AND ITCH CURE.

FREE. Knowing what it was to suffer, for an aching, itching, or burning Rheum, Erysipelas, Piles and skin diseases, I will give you my secret. Write to W. W. Williams, 400 Manhattan Ave., New York.

While There Is Life There Is Hope. I was afflicted with catarrh; could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it. Marcus G. Shantz, Railway, N. J.

Cream Balm reached me safely and the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief. Respectfully, Mrs. Franklin Freeman, Dover, N. H.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 50 Warren St., New York.

GASOLINE FATAL AGAIN.

Miss Melvina Gordon Burned To Death At Her Home.

Miss Melvina Gordon, 52 years of age, was burned to death by gasoline fumes at her home, 2118 Eastern Avenue, Baltimore, Monday evening at 5:30 o'clock. No one was in the house at the time, and when discovered lying in the yard, evidently only a few moments after her clothing had become ignited, by Mr. William Tapping, 2120 Eastern Avenue, Miss Gordon was dead.

Mr. Tapping gave the following account of the tragedy: "I returned to my home, adjoining St. Joseph's Church, Emmitsburg, on Saturday about 5:30 o'clock, and immediately went to the rear of the house. As I stepped into the yard I noticed smoke issuing from the second story of the Gordon residence and I sprang over the fence. Miss Gordon lay on the ground before me beside the hydrant, which was turned on. Her clothing was burned about the shoulders and there were burns on her breast and neck. On closer examination I found that her lips were badly scorched, showing only two clear teeth that she died from inhaling the fumes.

"As soon as the fire caught her clothing she must have run downstairs and rushed to the hydrant to save herself. She did not succeed in getting under the stream, for her clothing was not wet. The water had been flowing only a few minutes, showing that she died just before I reached her.

"Seeing that Miss Gordon was undoubtedly dead I turned my attention to the fire in the second story. When I reached the kitchen the gasoline stove was blazing, but only slightly. Almost all of the gasoline had evidently burned out. A two-gallon can stood near the stove, but whether it contained gasoline or not I do not know. The hydrant was turned on the fire, at the same time sending a boy to notify No. 11 Engine Company. Before it arrived, however, I had succeeded in extinguishing the flames. Captain Lynn and his men and myself carried the dead woman into the house and Captain Lynn telephoned to her brother and sisters, who were at their hotel, the Rose House."

Mr. Edward J. Gordon, a brother of the dead woman, said that his two sisters, Misses Mary and Margaret Gordon, had left the house this afternoon for a visit to their brother, Mr. Thomas Gordon, proprietor of the Rose House, on Gay street, near Fayette, leaving Miss Melvina in charge of the house. He said that she frequently filled the gasoline stove with kerosene from the second floor from the demijohn mentioned by Mr. Tapping and that she must have been trying to refill the stove while it was lighted. He believed that her clothing caught near the neck while she was bending over to the tank and that death was caused by the inhalation of the flames. Mr. Gordon said he and his brother and sisters were notified at the Rose House that their sister had met with an accident, but did not know until their arrival at home that she was dead.

Italian Laborers On Strike In Hyattsville.

The entire force of 65 Italian laborers engaged in constructing the Hyattsville sewerage system quit work Monday at noon, demanding an increase in wages from \$1.35 to \$1.50 per day. Several of the men were discharged on Sunday and claim they were offered \$1.50 by Washington contractors. The strike had not anticipated and completely tied up the work.

Superintendent Thomas W. Shalleross telephoned to Baltimore and Philadelphia Monday evening and expected a force of 60 men to arrive Tuesday evening. He stated that the demands of the striking Italians would be ignored, and but few of them will be again employed. The men are still quartered at Bidensburg, and none of them were to work in Washington Monday. It is believed they will ask to be given employment. Superintendent Shalleross stated that no serious interruption to the work will result.

VITRIOL IN HIS FACE.

Mrs. Mary Lohman, wife of ex-Constable John W. Lohman, threw a quantity of vitriol in her husband's face Saturday in Waynesboro, Pa. Lohman was horribly burned and is probably disgraced for life. The couple separated several months ago. In a separation agreement Lohman promised not to molest his wife and she was allowed a sum of money. Lohman went into a restaurant kept by his wife to remove his personal effects, a quarrel followed and Mrs. Lohman suddenly threw a quantity of vitriol in his face. He ran from the place and hid with a physician's aid. He says he will have his wife arrested. Mrs. Lohman is alleged to have told her sister she intended burning her husband's eyes out.—Sun.

Sammel Dowman, 68 years old, tenant on the Henry C. Wolfe farm, near Chewsville, fell from the haymow in his barn and broke his hip. He is in a serious condition.

The pill that will fill the bill. To cleanse the liver without a quiver. Take one at night.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are small, easy to take, easy and gentle in effect, yet they are so certain in results that no one who uses them is disappointed. For quick relief from biliousness, sick headache, torpid liver, jaundice, dizziness and all troubles arising from an inactive, sluggish liver, Early Risers are unequalled. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

MARRIED.

BERCAW—OTT.—On July 20, 1904, at St. Anthony's Church, Mr. William H. Bercaw and Miss Mamie Ott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ott, all of this District.

DIED.

MORTIMER.—On July 15, 1904, at St. Joseph's Academy, near town, of old age, Mr. John Mortimer, aged 98 years. Mr. Mortimer was born in Ireland. He lived at St. Joseph's Academy for many years and was considered the oldest man in this section of the country. The funeral services were held at St. Joseph's Catholic Church on last Saturday morning. Interment in the cemetery adjoining the church.

FOGLE.—On July 16, 1904, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Samuel Fitz, near Emmitsburg, Md., Mrs. Elizabeth Fogle, better known as "Aunt Betsy" Fogle, aged 83 years, 8 months and 9 days. Funeral services were held at the German Baptist Church, Rocky Ridge, Md., on Monday evening, and were conducted by Elder Thomas Koltz, assisted by Elder Flohr, and Rev. Charles Reinwald.

ECZEMA AND ITCH CURE.

FREE. Knowing what it was to suffer, for an aching, itching, or burning Rheum, Erysipelas, Piles and skin diseases, I will give you my secret. Write to W. W. Williams, 400 Manhattan Ave., New York.

While There Is Life There Is Hope. I was afflicted with catarrh; could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it. Marcus G. Shantz, Railway, N. J.

Cream Balm reached me safely and the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief. Respectfully, Mrs. Franklin Freeman, Dover, N. H.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 50 Warren St., New York.

NEARLY A HUNDRED YEARS.

The "White House" on St. Joseph's premises has countless hallowed memories clustered around it, many that may be traced to the days of the venerated Mother Seton who breathed her last within its walls.

An apartment in that same house has for long years been the favored home, the little kingdom of a worn out son of toil for solitary old man, verging on his hundredth year. In that humble apartment on Friday last, July 15th, died John Mortimer, whose age as accurately as we could learn was ninety-eight.

The funeral services were held at St. Joseph's Church, Emmitsburg, on Saturday morning. The Requiem was sung by Rev. J. O. Hayden, C. M., pastor, who also blessed the grave when the mortal remains were consigned to their final resting-place, about twenty feet from the Sacristy, in the little cemetery that surrounds the parish church.

A remarkable interest attaches to the life-history of this man so truly wise in that Scriptural sense that counsels us to sell all that we possess to purchase the precious pearl of the Gospel. A native of the North of Ireland, a genuine Orangeman, for more than half a century, he fostered a bitter and unrelenting hatred against all Catholics, avoiding the least intercourse with any who professed the true faith, although lamentably ignorant of its doctrines.

During the Civil War he was doing military service at Point Lookout, where he first met the Sisters of Charity, then caring for the wounded and sick soldiers. A man of strong character, independent principles, and with like Napoleon, John Mortimer had hitherto been a law unto himself. Now, according to his oft-repeated testimony, the humble, unobtrusive devotedness of the daughters of St. Vincent de Paul had an irresistible fascination for him, and from that time on he discharged his painful and laborious duties, cheerfully illustrating the maxims of their holy founder. The religion that could mould human beings into instruments of the Divine mercy toward suffering humanity was their security for a recompense beyond all this world can offer.

Only the most ordinary advantages of education had ever been within the reach of a mind gifted with rare intelligence. It is not surprising, therefore, that in his first foraging for drink he drank not always from health-giving streams; unwholesome, muddy waters had from his early youth told their vitiating influence upon him. Knowing always how to draw good from evil, Almighty God was pleased to place the springs of life and comfort entirely new to him. Without struggle or hesitation he yielded to the powerful

