

# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

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NO. 16.

**100 DROPS**

**CASTORIA**

**For Infants and Children.**

**The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of**

**Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.**

**Use For Over Thirty Years**

**CASTORIA**

**THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.**

**EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.**

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**THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.**

**NEW STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER SHOES -- AND -- SLIPPERS.**

**Low Prices. Many different kinds to select from.**

**NEW STYLES IN LADIES' & MEN'S SHOES.**

No trouble to show my assortment of shoes. Call and examine my stock.

**M. FRANK ROWE.**

**I. S. ANNAN. I. S. ANNAN.**

Just received a fine lot of Flynets, working and driving. Call and examine my stock before purchasing; as low as can be sold.

**LADIES' WRAPPERS,**

for 50 cents to \$1.20, all sizes and colors. Sheets, Pillow and Bolster Slips, all ready for the bed. New stock

**LADIES AND GENTS SHOES.**

Have just received a new lot of Gingham, Percales and Lawns, plain and striped, beauties, to be sold cheap.

**Carpets, Mattings, Linoleum**

2 yards wide. If in need of any give me a call. I have a good Machine Oil, sells for 25c., which is equal to oils selling for 40c. and 50c. A trial will convince you of that fact. Paints and oils of all kinds.

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And remember you get 5 per cent. off on all cash purchases. Delinquent and Butterick Patterns. Headquarters for fresh Salted White Fish, marked away down.

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**GEO. T. EYSTER.**

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See his splendid stock of

**GOLD & SILVER**

**Key & Stem-Winding**

**WATCHES.**

**HE—So your father objects to me because I am a poker player. The idea is preposterous.**

**SHE—No, George, he does not object to you because you are a poker player, but because you are not one. He was rather inclined toward you until he played with you last night.**—*Boston Transcript.*

**LINGERING SUMMER COLDS.**

Don't let a cold run at this season. Summer colds are the hardest kind to cure and if neglected may linger along for months. A long siege like this will pull down the strongest constitution. One Minute Cough Cure will break up the attack at once. Safe, sure, acts at once. Cures Coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. The children like it. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

**SUBSCRIBE FOR THE EMMITSBURG CHRONICLE.**

## ATE THE RAILS.

Hungry Wolves Stopped Traffic on an early Northwestern Railroad.

About 1872 one of the first railroads of the Northwest was built in the territory of Washington from Walla Walla to Wallula, along the banks of the Walla Walla River, and following the general line of what is now the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company's road between those points. The road was a primitive affair, and was built, owned and operated by Dr. Baker, of Walla. It had no Pullman cars, chair cars, or buffet cars, and the day coaches were mostly platform or flat cars. Instead of having a right-of-way the road had permission to go through the fields of the farmers. Consequently the road was not a rapid transit one, as the train hands had to get off and lay down the rail fences and put them up again after they had passed through.

The roadbed was constructed by laying cross-ties six or eight feet apart, and on those laying wooden stringers for rails. The heavy traffic over the road caused the rails to wear in spots so that train wheels and smashups were of daily occurrence. These were not serious, for when the train crew saw a wreck coming their way they would hop off and let it wreck.

The annoyances, however, soon became detrimental to the interest of shippers, so the owners had to devise some means of overcoming the difficulty. Rails of standard railroad iron were out of the question, as they had to be shipped "the Horn around," and freighted by wagon quite a distance. Strap iron could not be had. The Doctor, with Yankee shrewdness, finally hit upon the happy idea of substituting rawhide for strap iron. Cattle were plentiful and rawhide cheap, so the Doctor soon had his track layers at work putting the rawhide on the wooden stringers. The rawhide soon became dry and as hard as iron and answered the purpose admirably during the dry weather.

The winter succeeding the laying of the rawhide track was a severe one for that part of the country. The snow lay on the ground for several weeks. The wolves were driven from the mountains by the deep snow and skirmished for a living as best could in the valleys. When the snow began to melt it softened the rawhide rails and the hungry wolves soon found the tracks. When spring came and the snow had melted the wolves had eaten up the railroad track from Walla Walla to Wallula.—*Buffalo Express.*

## WATER CURE FOR CHRONIC CONSTIPATION.

Take two cups of hot water half an hour before each meal and just before going to bed, also a drink of water, hot or cold, about two hours after each meal. Take lots of outdoor exercise—walk, ride, drive. Make a regular habit of this and in many cases chronic constipation may be cured without the use of any medicine. When a purgative is required take something mild and gentle like Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

**A TRAVELING MAN IN DELAWARE** broke his automobile between towns. He spied a farmer nearby repairing a mower. On reaching the fence the farmer asked what kind of a machine that was out in the road.

"That," said the traveling man, "is an automobile. What do you call that thing you are pounding on over there?" "This," said the farmer, "is an automohay, but it won't."

"WHEN I spoke to papa about you he asked me how big a check you could draw."

"Good gracious! And what did you say?"

"I said you were a draftsman."

"And what did he say to that?"

"He—he wanted to know how big a draft you could draw."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

## GREAT FROM THE FIRST.

The world's most famous men have usually shown in their youth that there was good material in them, out of which brave and useful and honorable and clever men might be made.

A boy used to crush flowers to get their color and painted the white sides of his father's cottage in the Tyrol with all sorts of pictures, which the mountaineers gazed at as wonderful. He was the great artist Titian.

An old painter watched a little fellow who amused himself with making drawings of his pots and brushes, easel and stool and said: "That boy will beat me some day." So he did, for he was Michael Angelo.

A German boy was reading a highly sensational novel. Right in the midst of it he said to himself: "Come, this will never do. I get too much excited over it; I can't study so well after it. So here goes!" And he flung the book right into the river. He was Fichte, the great German philosopher.

## SUPERSTITION IN NAPLES.

There was considerable excitement in Naples recently owing to a rumor that tears of blood had fallen from a marble Madonna in that city.

Several persons vowed that they had seen them fall, and others, while not quite so positive as to the quality of the tears, were nevertheless certain that the statue had wept.

The rector of the church in which the statue stands discovered that it was simply a case of auto-suggestion. Those who claimed to have seen the tears were very nervous and excitable persons, and the rector did not hesitate to tell them that they were suffering under a delusion.

He then told his congregation that what they supposed to be a miracle was a mere hallucination, whereas they became so incensed that they drove him from the pulpit and would have done him serious injury if he had not barricaded himself in the rectory.—*American.*

"How is Hank doing in the city, now?" asked the grocery clerk, as he dusted off the plug tobacco with a piece of coffee sack.

"Right well," chuckled Uncle Jim from the cracker barrel. "Better'n we expected, I reckon. Talk about them gold bricks, I guess he bucconed the man that sent for him to go to work. 'Lige Johnson seen Hank down there las' week, an in place of Hank drivin' th' rich feller, b'gosh! he said the feller was drivin' Hank, while he set up behind with his arms folded, dressed in his Sunday clothes and taking things easy. Hank allus was a slick feller, by gee?"—*Cincinnati Tribune.*

For a bad taste in the mouth take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

"I can safely say that no man ever attempted to bribe me, gentlemen."

Voice in the Crowd—Don't be downhearted old chap; your luck may change.—*Tit-Bits.*

## HER ONLY CHANCE.

Maudie—Did you hear about Miss Antiquate's elopement?

Clara—Elopement!

Maudie—Yes. A horse ran away with her.—*Chicago News.*

## Is Life Worth Living?

A proper question often asked that depends on your happiness, your success, and the good you do. Life is what we make it. Success depends on your zeal; your zeal on your health; your health on your liver; and the liver on what you take to purify and keep the blood in active circulation. Myriads of people North, South, East and West say that VICTOR LIVER SYRUP is the grandest Liver Regulator and Blood Purifier known; that it saves the pulse; the doctor, trouble; often years of suffering; prevents blues, tired feeling, nervousness, irritability, insomnia, dyspepsia, etc. Is worth its weight in gold. Pleasant to take. Try it. Sold by all Druggists and Merchants.

**DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve** For Piles, Burns, Sores.

## THROWING THE LASSO.

The Manner in Which the Rope is Handled by an Expert.

"A mistaken impression prevails in the mind of the public in regard to the manner in which a lasso is handled," says an expert. "The idea that the loop is always swung around the head before making a cast, especially when the rope is on foot, is erroneous. No man of experience ever makes a cast in this fashion from the ground in practical work. There are several reasons why he does not. One of them is that the movement is likely to frighten the stock, especially horses; another that he may have to wait some minutes before a favorable opportunity occurs for making a cast. He knows that better results are obtained by holding the rope as unobtrusively as possible, even keeping it concealed from the object of capture.

"On the contrary, however, when mounted and in pursuit it is absolutely necessary to swing the loop over and around the head, for the cast must be made with the greatest possible force in order to overcome not only the forward movement of the pursued, but also the action of the wind should that chance to be against you.

"As to the manner of casting, some 'ropers' cast with a quick, jerky movement of the hand, seeming to use the arm very little and the body not at all. Others employ body, arm and hand. Both methods are effective when perfected by practice."

## Board With the Butler.

To avoid the trouble of housekeeping, many wealthy Parisians board with their butler, so to speak. Instead of ordering the food for the household from day to day, they pay a fixed sum per month to their butler or housekeeper, who contracts to supply them with the usual three meals per day, composed of the customary courses, says What to Eat. The price paid for this service varies in accordance with the style of living. If guests be invited to dinner or any sort of entertainment be given, an extra sum per head is paid. In this way the lady of the house avoids the annoyance of butchers' and bakers' bills, and if the butler does not keep his part of the contract it is easy enough to find another to replace him. Of course, the president's household is carried out on this plan on a large scale, and many of the big stores supply all their employees with daily meals in the same manner. The banks and other administrations of similar nature often furnish the noonday meal to their clerks by contract, the latter paying a trifling sum toward the cost.

## The Manufacture of Pins.

In 1775 a prize was given to the colonist of Carolina who produced the first native pins and needles. During the war of 1812, when, owing to restrictions upon commerce, the price of pins rose to the enormous sum of \$1 per paper, the manufacture was actually started in the United States, but does not seem to have met with success, as the enterprise was soon abandoned. The industry was not fairly started in this country until the year 1830.

The early pins in this country, as in England, were made with globular heads of fine twisted wire, made separately, and secured to the shank by compression from a falling block and die. These old pins had the misfortune of often parting with their heads. It was to overcome this difficulty that the attention of early inventors was directed. The solid headed pin, in common use today, took the place of the old form about 1840.

## Envyed the Other Boy.

Johnny—I wish I was Tommy Jones. Mother—Why? You are stronger than he is, you have a better home, more toys and more pocket money.

Johnny—Yes, I know, but he can wiggle his ears.—*Men of Tomorrow.*

"You stole the dog, and you know it, you infernal scoundrel!" wrathfully exclaimed the owner of the animal.

"You advised," replied the tough-looking citizen, "as you'd give \$25 for the dawg an' no questions asked."

"I'm not asking you any questions, you ugly thief! I'm telling you a few facts! Here's your \$25, and now you get out of here or I'll spread your ram-blossom nose all over your dirty face!"—*Chicago Tribune.*

The professional mountain climber's foot slipped when he was near the summit, and he started for the plain below by the shortest and most direct route.

"Gosh!" he exclaimed, as he went bumping from rock to rock. "If I live to reach the bottom what a story this will make for the magazines."—*Chicago Tribune.*

Holophane glass is a pressed glass resembling cut glass, having vertical prisms on the inside for diffusing light and horizontal prisms on the outside for directing the light

## MASCULINE VIEW.

Mrs. Bicker (reading)—A woman can endure pain better than a man.

Bicker—Hugh! I wonder what shoemaker wrote that.—*Chicago News.*

## SPOTTED COACH DOGS.

The Breed Has Become Practically Extinct in This Country.

What has become of the old black and white spotted Dalmatian dogs, better known as "coach dogs," that were so numerous and popular throughout the United States from 1800 to 1850 inclusive? The breed appears to have become extinct in this country, having, like the Newfoundland, which has shared the same fate, gone out of style and are no longer popular. These dogs were white in color and spotted over every part of the body with small black spots the size of a dime.

They were first brought to England from the Austrian province of Dalmatia, and are still popular to a certain extent in that country, from which the first specimens were brought to the United States shortly after the civil war. One of the reasons why this dog disappeared so quickly was no doubt the fact that he had no particular use other than to pose as a showy animal and to trot along by one's carriage or coach and attract attention by his striking color and markings. Aside from this the Dalmatian dog was completely worthless. He could neither hunt, serve as a watchdog, catch rats, fight, or do anything else that other dogs are capable of doing, and for this reason, no doubt, he died out.—*Washington Post.*

## Directions in London.

In London and throughout the tight little island the words "up" and "down" have a peculiar significance. In going to London from any part of England you go "up." In traveling in any direction from the capital you go "down." So in London itself everything goes "up." If it goes in the direction of the bank—that is, the Bank of England—and going from that center toward any of the points of the compass is to go "down."

The word bank, which is not only always spelled with a capital "B," but is always uttered with an impressiveness that suggests an initial letter of the largest type, may be said to be in a sense interchangeable with city, a term of equal dignity and value in the eyes of Englishmen, and likewise invariably adorned with a capital "C."

The City does not mean London by any means. It means a certain limited section of London, the part where business is mainly carried on and where the great financial institutions stand.

## Singing School for Thrushes.

A writer in Forest and Stream tells us of the methods the thrush adopts in teaching his little ones to sing.

"Find," he says, "a family of wood thrushes and carefully note what takes place. The old male thrush will sing the sweet song in loud, clear, guttural notes once and then stop to listen while the young birds try to imitate the song. Some will utter one note, some two. Some will utter a coarse note, others a sharp note. After awhile they seem to forget their lesson and drop out one by one. When all are silent, the old thrush turns up again, and the young thrushes repeat their efforts, and so it goes on for hours. The young birds do not acquire the full song the first year, so the lessons are repeated the following spring. I take many visitors into the woods to enjoy the first thrushes' singing school, and all are convinced that the song of the wood thrush is a matter of education pure and simple."

## Seven.

Numerous are the queer beliefs concerning the number seven. From the very earliest ages the seven great planets were known and ruled this world and the dwellers in it, and their number entered into every conceivable matter that concerned man. There are seven days in the week, "seven holes in the head, for the master stars are seven," seven ages both for man and the world in which he lives. There are seven material heavens. There are seven colors in the spectrum and seven notes in the diatonic octave, and the "leading" note of the scale is the seventh. Be it noted that the seventh son is not always gifted with benevolent powers. In Portugal he is believed to be subject to the powers of darkness and to be compelled every Saturday evening to assume the likeness of an ass.—*St. James Gazette.*

## Schoolroom Gems.

The following definitions are fresh from the schoolroom and are given undiluted:

"Apherbilly is the state of being an apherbilly."

"Apherbilly is the state of being insane on one subject only."

"Reverberation is when it is made again into a verb."

"The Te Deum is a grand opera."

"The British museum is the principal building in Paris."

"Virgil was a Vestal Virgin."

"Julius Caesar was the mother of the Fraechi."—*World's Work.*

## The Other Side.

Husband (mildly)—You should remember, my dear, that the most patient person that ever lived was a man.

Wife (impatiently)—Oh, don't talk to me about the patience of that man Job! Just think of the patience poor Mrs. Job must have had to enable her to put up with such a man.

## Tracing the Responsibility.

Sapphedde—No woman ever made a fool of me.

Miss Canstique—Who did, then? Philadelphia Record.

A man may be too poor to hire a lawyer and at the same time can afford to keep his own counsel.—*Philadelphia Record.*

## JOOM FOR ALL GRADUATES.

Nature Adjusts Matters and Always Preserves an Equilibrium.

Once a year the schools and colleges of the country harvest a crop of graduates. Since a year the wise men of the field write essays for publication on the surplus of men who are entering the law, medicine and other callings that are open to the newcomers. If the wise men are to be believed, it would seem that all the occupations were filled and that the young man had arrived too late.

Fortunately for the tenderfoot, the wise men have always been wrong. No philosopher has ever presented a logical argument that did not leave something to be said on the other side. Every year since the world set up for business a new crop of young men has arrived, and that new crop has eventually become the stay of the race. What has been going on eternally will continue. The young chaps will locate themselves. It is no argument that lawyers have their signs staring at you from every hallway on half the streets within several blocks of every courthouse in the country. The harvest that includes a new lot of lawyers also raises a lot of new litigants. Nature takes care to preserve an equilibrium. If the fiddlings of the medical schools do not find bones to saw, some of them turn to sawing wood. The boy who has gone through college with the intention of becoming president of the United States finds a satisfactory job as master of ceremonies in a colliery. A few justices and the new man adjusts himself to circumstances, and then he has become a part of the machine, which runs on as usual.

It is unnecessary to become alarmed about the surplus man. If he is in law, medicine, theology, horse trading, peddling milk or anything else, he finds it out, and he arranges the matter in some way without any upheaval in society. The surplus man is surplus only until he gets his first job. After that he is one of the establishment.—*Pittsburg Times.*

## SCIENCE SIFTINGS.

The sun's flames spring at times to a distance of 350,000 miles from its surface.

In dry air sound travels 1,442 feet per second, in water 4,900 feet and in iron 17,500 feet.

The amplitude of vibration of the diaphragm of the telephone receiver in reproducing speech is about the one-twenty-millionth of an inch.

Fresh air contains about three parts of carbonic acid in 10,000, respired air about 441 parts, and about five parts will cause the air of a room to become "close."

Holophane glass is a pressed glass resembling cut glass, having vertical prisms on the inside for diffusing the light and horizontal prisms on the outside for directing the light.

The following are found to be the densities of the planets, water being 1: Mercury, 3; Venus, 5.14; earth, 5.50; moon, 3.34; Mars, 4; Jupiter, 1.35; Saturn, 0.68; Uranus, 1.69; Neptune, 2.29.

The star Arcturus, the hottest of celestial bodies, gives us as much heat as a standard candle six miles away. This fact was ascertained by the radiometer, an instrument which will show the amount of heat given off from a man's face at 2,000 feet distance.

## He Was "In the Soup."

"Mon ami," said the Marquis de Croiselle the other day, "the hotel keeper's life is an unhappy one. If he does not look to the least little detail, the whole thing goes—what do you call it? Ah, yes, on the blink."

"Here is an example of what I say. When I had the Logerot, there was once a dinner there at which Chanccy Depew was a guest. I told the chef to put in the menu some dish in honor of him, and I forgot to look at the menu before it went to the printer."

"What do you think that imbecile of a chef had done? There?"

"And the marquis produced an old menu card on which among the 'soups' appeared the following:

"Purée de marrons à la Depew."

## Gently Sarcastical.

The following church notice was recently exhibited: "The service on Sunday morning is at 11 a. m. The supposition that it is ten minutes later is a mistake. Young men are not excluded from the week night service. The seats in the front portion of the church have been carefully examined. They are quite sound and may be trusted not to give way. It is quite legitimate to join in the singing. The object of the choir is to encourage, not discourage, the congregation."—*London Answers.*

## Giving Her Light to Die.

A small farmer in Aberdeenshire, having a wife that had been long ailing and confined to bed, was of so rigidly a disposition that he grudgingly the poor woman so much as a light. She in a pet one night exclaimed, "Oh, I wish this an' meo' thing that a pur body 'll nae get light to see to doo." The husband rises up and lights a candle and, placing it at the bed foot, says to his wife, "There, dee hoo!"—*Scottish American.*

## A Deep Look.

"Yes," said the lawyer, "there are many things to be investigated in this case. The first thing to be looked into—"

"Is my pocketbook," assented the client, with perfect assurance.—*Judge.*

## The Hungry Sea.

"Why do they speak of it as a hungry sea?"

"It takes the dinner right out of a person's mouth."—*Town and Country.*



FRIDAY, SEPT. 5, 1902

PRESIDENT IN A SERIOUS WRECK

President Theodore Roosevelt was painfully injured, but not disabled, by an electric car crashing into his carriage Wednesday morning at Pittsfield, Mass.

The President's injuries consist of severe bruises to his right cheek and a general shock. His cheek is swollen and black and his right eye is almost closed.

William Craig, a Secret Service detective who was riding in the carriage with the President, was instantly killed while trying to save Mr. Roosevelt's life by warning the motorist to stop the car. David J. Pratt, driver of the carriage, had his right shoulder dislocated and was bruised all over the body.

The other occupants of the carriage were George B. Cortelyou, secretary to the President, whose face and body were bruised; Gov. W. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, and Representative George P. Lawrence, of the First Massachusetts district, who escaped with a slight shaking up.

Luke J. Madden, motorman, and James Kelly, conductor of the car which ran into the President's carriage, were arrested. When the President asked Madden why he was running the car in such a manner, the motorman answered:

"Because I had the right of way."

The President called for the conductor of the car and said:

"This is the most damnable outrage I ever knew."

Mr. Roosevelt was brave and refused assistance, asking that those who needed help worse be looked after. He continued his trip, though he made no set speeches, but briefly announced to the waiting crowds the accident that had occurred. After a quick journey by rail through Western Massachusetts and Connecticut he arrived at Bridgeport, where he boarded the United States yacht Sylph and sailed to his home at Oyster Bay, Long Island.

A Washington dispatch states that the President will be asked to curtail the future trips he has planned. The view will be presented to him that he must be careful of his life for the sake of the nation, though personally he is averse to restrictions of this kind.

In Wall street there was a brief shock to the market, but normal conditions were easily restored.—Sun.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures radically—that is, it removes the roots of disease. That's better than lopping the branches.

JUDGE PHELPS has appointed William M. Maloy receiver for the Weaver Company of Baltimore city, a concern with a factory at Gay and Chase streets, and a salesroom at 12 North Charles street. It has been engaged in the manufacture of shirt waists and other clothing for women. The assets of the company consist of shirt waists now alleged to be unsalable, and the sewing machines used in the business. Suit for the receiver was brought by William P. Browning, who owns some of the stock. He says the company is hopelessly insolvent. The company consented to a receivership.

The fire in the Pocahontas Mine, West Virginia, which was thought to be under control, is still burning and great damage is resulting. The mine officials say that it may be 10 days before the fire is extinguished.

CATARH CANNOT BE CURED

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

IMPORTANT RAILROAD CHANGES.

It is stated that the Cumberland Valley Railroad will ask the Hagerstown City Council to give up South Walnut street and in return accept land from the railroad company for a street to run south from behind the Cumberland Valley Depot to a junction with Walnut street. South Walnut street is now occupied by the tracks of the Cumberland Valley road. It is stated that the company will tear down six frame houses it owns along Walnut street and widen the bridge in this street. The Norfolk and Western Railroad owns a 60-foot strip of land lying contiguous to and west of the Cumberland Valley track, and it is understood, will build tracks and hereafter come into Hagerstown over its own tracks which now stop at the junction in the southern suburbs. Norfolk and Western trains now come into Hagerstown over the Cumberland Valley tracks.

It is said the Cumberland Valley will make the improvements to afford greater facilities in handling the freight which is to be diverted from the Western Maryland railroad to it by the Baltimore and Ohio at Martinsburg. The Cumberland Valley has just completed a new bridge over the Western Maryland railroad in Hagerstown.

DEADLOCK AT HANOVER.

The deadlock over the selection of a Democratic candidate for Congress in the Twentieth district, comprising York and Adams counties, still remains unbroken. The conference at Hanover met Wednesday in its fourth session and balloted 15 times without deciding whether ex-Judge William McClean of Gettysburg, or Harry N. Gitt, of Hanover, should have the nomination. In a signed statement the Adams county conferees declared that there is no system of arbitration provided by the party rules and none will be acceptable to Adams county, for the reason that the nomination belongs by right to Adams county and it devolves upon York county to recognize that right. The York county conferees presented two propositions, both of which were rejected by Adams county. The first was that the question be referred to the Democratic voters of the district at a primary election, and the second to the effect that, if a petition signed by 1,000 Democratic voters of Adams county be presented requesting the conference to submit the issue to arbitration, the Adams county conferees will agree to arbitrate. The conference adjourned to meet at Gettysburg September 9.

TAKE CARE OF THE STOMACH.

The man or woman whose digestion is perfect and whose stomach performs its every function is never sick. Kodol cleanses, purifies and sweetens the stomach and cures positively and permanently all stomach troubles, indigestion and dyspepsia. It is the wonderful reconstructive tonic that is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by conveying to their bodies all of the nourishment in the food they eat. Rev. J. P. Holladay, of Holladay, Miss., writes: Kodol has cured me. I consider it the best remedy I ever used for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was given up by the physicians. Kodol saved my life. Take it after meals. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

DAVID MUNCE, the little son of John S. Munce, a leading citizen of Richmond, Va., is suffering from an exceedingly rare disease. It is known as leucemia, and the result is a practical turning of the blood into water. The boy was taken to Baltimore last week and examined by Dr. Thayer, after which he was taken home. There is no hope of his recovery.

\$25,000 FROM ONE ACRE.

A farmer in Georgia is this year producing \$25,000 worth of stuff on one acre or a little more of ground. Mr. John W. Moody is the farmer, and his crop of cions of his newly originated October peach is the product. On an acre, or perhaps a little more, he has 100,000 of these cions growing, which will be ready for sale and delivery this fall. He readily sold about 10,000 of these trees last fall at 25 cents each and anticipates as ready sale for this crop, he having agencies established in 92 counties for that purpose.

Neuralgia and Nervous Headaches

When you use the long needed specific that has cured thousands of throbbing, aching heads. VICTOR HEADACHE SPECIFICS are sold by all Druggists and Merchants. 10c.

80,000,000 FEET OF LUMBER SOLD

DULUTH, MINN., Sept. 2.—The Mitchell & McClure Lumber Company have transferred to Alger, Smith & Co., for \$750,000, 80,000,000 feet of standing pine, 13 miles of railroad, camps, sawmills, teams and other outfits.

It is reported that the Diamond Match Company is negotiating for the purchase of from 200,000,000 to 300,000,000 feet of standing pine in Northern Minnesota, for about \$2,000,000.

CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER 2.—The Chicago public schools opened today with an aggregate enrollment of 275,000 pupils. The children will carry a supply of pure drinking water for their protection against typhoid fever. Plans will be adopted later by the Board of Education either to put in filters or to furnish cauldrons for boiling the water.

A COMMUNICATION.

MR. EDITOR—Allow me to speak a few words in favor of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I suffered for three years with the bronchitis and could not sleep at nights. I tried several doctors and various patent medicines, but could get nothing to give me any relief until my wife got a bottle of this valuable medicine, which has completely relieved me.—W. S. BROCKMAN, Bagnell, Mo. This remedy is for sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

The supply of hard coal in Hagerstown is almost exhausted and coal dealers are unable to replenish their stocks. Many of the coal dealers are turning down large orders for winter supplies at \$8 a ton. Consumers are asked to buy only for immediate wants, that the supply may last as long as possible. The annual consumption of anthracite coal in Hagerstown amounts to about 20,000 tons, and has fallen off about 5,000 tons because of the number of gas stoves in use. The consumption of soft coal has increased steadily, until now it amounts to about 50,000 tons a year.

The Union Republican State Convention met at Dover, Del., and nominated United States District Attorney William Michael Byrne for Congress. J. Edward Addicks sat in the convention as a delegate from Brandywine Hundred. There was some objection to his program of nominating Mr. Byrne, but in the caucus of delegates from his county he won by 57 to 9, and the other two counties endorsed Byrne.

DURING the war game Edward Roy was killed, Harry Davis died from injuries, and Samuel Cleveland was wounded by the premature discharge of a 12-inch gun at Fort Wright, Fisher's Island, N. Y. The men were members of the Second Company, Coast Artillery, Regular Army.

A NEWS dispatch received in Paris from Fort de France says 1,000 persons lost their lives at Morne Rouge and Ajoupa Bouillon, Martinique, in the recent volcanic disturbances. Dispatches to the French government, however, do not mention any loss of life. Orders were issued for warships to proceed to the island of Guadalupe.

THE sum of \$8,730 was thrown into the large American flags carried in the labor parade in Chicago. The money is for the striking miners.

APHORISMS.

You never lift up a life without being yourself lifted up.—Emerson.  
To cease another's heartache is to forget one's own.—Abraham Lincoln.  
It is ever true that he who does nothing for others does nothing for himself.—Goethe.  
"Tis far better to love and be poor than to be rich with an empty heart.—Lewis Morris.  
God doesn't care for what is on the outside; he cares for what is inside.—Rev. M. Babcock.  
Fruitless is sorrow for having done amiss if it issue not in a resolution to do so no more.—Bishop Horne.  
The next time you are discouraged just try encouraging some one else and see if it will not cheer you.—J. R. Miller.  
She is never at a stay. If we do not retreat from it, we shall advance in it, and the farther on we go the more we have to come back.—Barrow.  
Kind looks, kind words, kind acts and warm hand shakes—these are secondary means of grace when men are in trouble and are fighting their unseen battles.—Dr. John Hall.  
Inherited the Business.  
"O'm descended from Brian Boru, malen. O'm hoy ye know," declared the brawny Mrs. Fitz Clancy.  
"Is that all included?" replied Mrs. Casey, the humble lady of the corner fruit stand. "Faith, O'm a descendant of Eve, the first apple woman!"—Philadelphia Press.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys. Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.  
Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations free.  
I had severe case of kidney disease and rheumatism, discharging bloody matter. Suffered intense pain. My wife was seriously affected with female troubles. Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure cured us both.  
F. M. WHEELER, Randolph, Ia.  
Druggists, 50c. Bt. Ask for Cook Book—Free.  
ST. VITUS DANCE. Sure Cure, Circular, Dr. CHAS. D. RICHELBERGER, Druggist.

100 MILES AN HOUR.

Machinery for a train that may revolutionize the railway transportation of the world is being built at the general electric works at Lynn, Mass. It is soon to be tried in Illinois, where the track is almost completed. The engineers estimate that the train will make ninety to one hundred miles an hour. If successful, the experiment means eventually a trip from Boston to New York in about two hours. The average time at present is about six. Chicago would be reached from New York in ten hours. The scheme has received the approval of the ablest electricians and railroad men in the country.

The line is about 150 miles long, and is remarkable for solidity and strength. As far as possible grades have been eliminated. Electricity will be the motive power, and the third rail system will be used.

A train of three cars has been built for the first train. The train will be equipped with twelve motors of 120 horse-power each. Instead of the high speed increasing the danger it is claimed that the train will be safer and run less risk of leaving the rails than an ordinary street car.

AN OLD ADAGE SAYS

"A tight purse is a heavy curse" Sickness makes a tight purse. THE LIVER is the seat of nine tenths of all disease.

Tutt's Pills

go to the root of the whole matter, thoroughly, quickly safely and restore the action of the LIVER to normal condition.

Give tone to the system and solid flesh to the body.

Take No Substitute.

SIXTY new men have reported for entrance at the Virginia Military Institute. Last year's first day's enrollment was only 35. There are yet seven days in which application may be made for admission to this year's class, and it is expected to exceed last year's which was 86 strong.

THE Duquesne Limited, a Pittsburgh, New York B. & O. flyer, was wrecked at Brooks Tunnel, 30 miles above Cumberland, on Sunday night. The train ran into an extra freight in the tunnel. No one was killed, but Conductor Parker, Pullman Conductor Richards and Porter Upperman of the passenger were badly injured. Parker was internally hurt and may not recover. A number of passengers were cut by broken glass, but none seriously hurt. The train was delayed five hours.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent purgative or pill poison, is dangerous. The smooth, easy, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take



EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, No Gripe, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Causes Dizziness. Get a box, 25c. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address: KEATING BROS. CO., CHICAGO & NEW YORK.

JACOB L. TOPPER DANIEL SWEENEY.

Funeral Directors.

THE UNDERTAKING BUSINESS, formerly conducted by Topper & Hoke, will be continued by the undersigned at the old stand on West Main Street, in Emmitsburg. Fine caskets and funeral supplies always in stock. Prompt and careful attention given to the business in every particular. When in need of funeral directors give us a call. Respectfully, TOPPER & SWEENEY.

TIME TELLS in the matter of Pianos. The best is that which lasts a lifetime and retains to the end its original perfect tone.

STIEFF PIANOS

Have been before the public for 60 years. There are thousands of them in use, and some of them have been proving their excellence for a generation. Every man that helps to make a Stieff Piano is a skilled workman, and, as a result, it is a well nigh perfect instrument.

Besides them we have other instruments at prices to suit the most economical. Accommodating terms. Catalogue and book of suggestions cheerfully mailed upon application.

CHARLES M. STIEFF.

WAREHOUSES, 100 N. LIBERTY ST. FACTORIES: Block of East Lafayette Avenue, Aiken and Lanvale Sts., BALTIMORE. MARYLAND.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in the last will and testament of George W. Rowe, late of Frederick county, deceased, and also in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county, the undersigned, as Executor, will offer at public sale at the premises described below as No. 1.

On Saturday, September 20th, 1902,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following desirable real estate of which the testator died, situated: No. 1. All that Lot of Ground, situated in the Town of Emmitsburg, Frederick county, Maryland, on the North Side of Main Street, West of the Public Square, adjoining the Lutheran Parsonage on the East and lot of William J. Wivell on the West. It is improved by a large BRICK DWELLING, STORE ROOM, WASH HOUSE, Stable, Wood Shed and Carriage House. No. 2. All that Lot of Ground situated in said Town, on the North Side of Main Street, West of the Public Square, adjoining the Presbyterian Parsonage on the West and lot of J. Henry Rowe on the East. It is improved by a

LARGE STORE ROOM, now occupied as such by said J. Henry Rowe. No. 3. All that Lot of Ground situated on the North Side of said Town, adjoining the Lutheran cemetery on the East, land of F. A. Diffendal on the West, and bounded on the South by a public alley, containing

TWO ACRES OF LAND, more or less. No. 4. All that Lot of Ground situated along and near the Poplar Ridge Road or "Dutch Lane," adjoining said Cemetery on the South, No. 3 on the West, and lot of Henry Winter's heirs on the North, containing

ONE AND ONE-HALF ACRES of Land, more or less. No. 5. All that Real Estate situated along and near said Road or "Dutch Lane," and West of the same, adjoining lands of Helen J. Rowe on the South and lands of Frailley Brothers on the West and North, containing

THREE ACRES OF LAND, more or less.

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 are subject to tenancies which will not expire until March 31st, 1903, and the rent and possession of the same are reserved till then. The corn growing on No. 2 is reserved with the right to cut off and haul the same and the fodder.

Terms of Sale.—One third cash on the day of sale or ratification thereof by the Orphans' Court, the balance in two equal payments of six and twelve months, the purchasers giving their notes bearing interest from the day of sale, with good and sufficient security, to be approved by the said Executor, for the deferred payments, or all cash at the option of the purchasers. All the expenses of conveying, including revenue stamps, if any, to be paid by the purchasers.

EUGENE L. ROWE, Executor.

Aug. 29-4ts

DR. H. L. GALL, DENTIST, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office in Lawyer Scholt's building, at the Public Square. Careful attention given Dental Surgery in all its branches. Terms moderate. July 4-6m

HOKE & ANNAN'S Marble Yard,

EMMITSBURG - MARYLAND.

Monuments, Tombstones and cemetery work of all kinds.

Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed. Jan 29-1yr.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY

Beautifully situated among the Blue Ridge Mountains. Classical and Scientific Courses. Specially organized Departments of Music and Art. Well equipped Library and Laboratory and Cooking School. Steam Heat and Electric Light. Letters of inquiry directed to the

MOTHER SUPERIOR

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

THE Tax Books are now ready, and the County Treasurer would call the attention of the taxpayers for 1902 to Section 46, Article 81, and Code of Maryland. All persons who shall pay their State taxes on or before

THE FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, of the year for which they were levied, shall be entitled to a discount of

5 PER CENTUM

on the amount of said taxes; all who shall pay the same on or before the first day of October, of the said year, shall be entitled to a deduction of

4 PER CENTUM,

and all who shall pay for the same on or before the first day of November, of said year, shall be entitled to a deduction of

3 PER CENTUM.

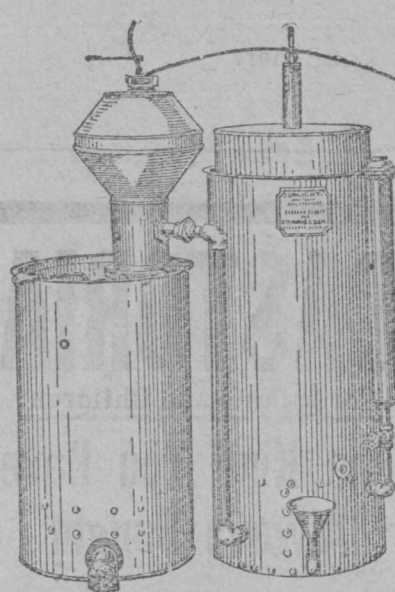
Taxes on the income of mortgages become due September 1, 1902, for said year.

CHAS. C. RISER, County Treasurer.

aug 1-5t

SIMON JOHNSON, colored, a burglar, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Attorney Charles N. Sheldon in Cleveland, O., as he was escaping from his home.

SUNLIGHT AUTOMATIC DROP FEED GAS MACHINE.



Put the Material Into Me, I Will Do the Rest And Need No Adjustment.

Only Machine Made To Feed Carbide Correctly From Reservoir.

Cool Generation And No Waste of Gas. THE GAS PASSES THROUGH DOUBLE PURIFIERS AS CONSUMED.

No Carbonizing at Burners Production and Consumption of Gas About Equal.

Machine will Run Indefinitely LIGHT FOR ALL. IT HAS COME TO STAY.

It is Safe, Economical, Brilliant and has No Equal. Machine can be placed inside or outside of building, and cannot be opened without removing guard or started without replacing guard when charging.

For simplicity and efficient working it has no equal. No springs, catches or traps to get out of order or adjust. All points are guarded against neglect or oversight. Carbide cannot be discharged only by descent of a gasometer bell. Cannot generate gas only when burners are lighted. Production and consumption of gas about equal. Average amount of gas in storage when machine is in service or out of service is about one-half cubic foot.

Can be charged while lights are running. Slack removed without handling. Can be charged or discharged by the most inexperienced. No valves to open or close.

Gas thoroughly washed and passed through purifier. No carbonizing at burners. It has less parts than any other machine measuring up to requirements of Acetylene gas engineers.

The light produced from Calcium Carbide needs no further introduction. In illuminating power it has no equal.

After long experimenting with gas machines we have succeeded in producing a Machine with the least number of parts. A point desired in any machine. Being simple can be understood by the most inexperienced.

All fittings lathe faced. Material the best heavy galvanized steel, put up in the most substantial and mechanical manner, and guaranteed as represented.

Manufactured and For Sale By

J. T. Hays & Son, Inventors,

ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION. EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

Plumbers, Steam, Hot Water and Gas Fitters.

G. W. WEAVER & SON BRANCH STORE IN THE MOTTER BUILDING.

MID-SUMMER GOODS.

We are constantly adding new goods in Summer Merchandise, so that the stock is always fresh and new—recently added

20 Styles New Lawns 6 1/2 worth 10

20 " " " 8 & 10 " 12 1/2

10 " " Madras 6 1/2 " 10

and many others.

NEW SUMMER LACE HOSIERY,

NEW BELTS,

NEW NECK WEAR

NEW FANCY GOODS, NEW LACES.

Anything you think you want will be cheerfully ordered, without putting you to obligations if you change your mind.

G. W. Weaver & Son

THE LEADERS.

Dry Goods, Notions and Carpets.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Reduced Prices!

In order to make room for our Fall and Winter Goods we have reduced the prices on a large lot of goods in order to sell them quickly. We name a few articles for the purpose of showing the reduced price: 30 cent French Gingham now 24 cents; Lawns at half price, and a lot of remnants at 3 cents and up. Lot of Dry Goods of different varieties at greatly reduced prices.

NEW OVERALLS.

We have just received a lot of New Overalls for men and boys at prices ranging from 25 cents to \$1 a pair.

QUEENSWARE.

A lot of new Queensware just received, consisting of a fine line of Cupboards, Chamber sets and Dishes of every description.

HOKE & SEBOLD.

Remember we have Fresh Fish every Thursday.

New Advertisements.

DAUCHY & CO.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Clears and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its Natural Color. Price 25c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. Jan 29-4t.



# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, festivals, picnics, ice cream and cake festivals and similar enterprises, set up to make money, whether for churches, associations, or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 5, 1902.

The Public Schools opened yesterday.

LONACONING, in Allegany county, is experiencing a water famine.

An addition, 100 feet long and four stories high, is being built to the Hagerstown Furniture Factory.

Did you know that Victor Liver Syrup can be given to a baby? It carries off all refuse matter and saves sickness.

The explosion of a boiler at Hall's sawmill, August 30, near Royal Oak, Talbot county, wrecked the place, but no one was hurt.

THREE young men, convicted in 1898 of desecrating a cemetery at Williamsport, have been pardoned out of the House of Correction.

SIXTY-FIVE shares of the stock of the Hagerstown First National Bank, par \$10 were sold at auction for \$32.50 a share.

The stable of Aaron Hewitt, in Rockville, was destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon, together with its contents. Loss \$300; no insurance.

Miss Rhoda K. Lewis and Mr. Charles E. Toms, both of Wolfsville, were married in Hagerstown by Rev. J. Harry Main, of Philadelphia.

Owing to the scarcity of Frederick's water supply Mayor Smith has issued an order requiring strict economy in the use of water and forbidding all street sprinkling.

MAURICE LAMA, the 10-year-old son of Roscoe Lamb, of Wheaton, Montgomery county, was kicked by a horse and so badly injured that his recovery is extremely doubtful.

RICHARD BLAKE, colored, 19 years old, was drowned in the harbor of St. Michaels, Talbot county, August 30, while swimming. He was on board the schooner Helen.

DURING the month of August there were filed for record in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court 56 deeds, 22 mortgages, 11 bills of sale, 5 chattel mortgages and one order of incorporation.

C. FRED COOK, of Somerset Heights, Montgomery county, has filed a bill asking that the Somerset Heights Water and Power Company be enjoined from installing a water plant.

ANNIE F. LAYMAN, of Frederick, through Joseph W. Gaver and P. Frank Pampel, her attorneys, has filed a bill in the Circuit Court for a divorce from her husband, Charles W. Layman, of Baltimore.

THE Cumberland Glass Works, employing 300 workmen, resumed operation in full Tuesday in the blowing department after a close down of about two months. The decorating department was started up Wednesday.

DEVONA SHANK, the young girl on whom an assault was made at Big Spring, Washington county, by a strange man, could not identify either William E. Bowers or Andrew Pugh as her assailant, who were arrested on suspicion.

THERE is a rumor in Worcester county that Asbury Dixon, hanged on Friday at Snow Hill, came to life after being placed in a coffin and was taken to his relatives. The story has gained credence among the superstitious negro element but no faith is placed in it by intelligent persons.

THE flouring mill of M. O. Valentine, near Mount Pleasant, this county, was destroyed by fire August 20. Loss \$4,000; no insurance. The mill had recently been equipped with modern machinery. The wheat of many neighboring farmers was stored in the building.

THE old canal at Lapidum, Harford county, has been drained of the stagnant water which had been a menace to the health of the citizens of that community. This work was done by the order of County Health Officer, Dr. Frank P. Smithson.

CHARLES H. FIELDS, the colored laborer who was injured while working on the new annex to the State House, died Friday morning at the Emergency Hospital, in Annapolis. Death was due to paralysis, blood clot having formed on the brain. He is the first patient to die in the hospital since it was opened.

MISS Mary E. Poffenberger, aged 40 years, died at Myersville, Frederick county, Friday morning from the effects of an overdose of laudanum, taken it is supposed, for cramps, from which she was suffering. She was found in an unconscious condition last Thursday night and Dr. Browning was quickly summoned. All efforts, however, failed to save her life.

TERRAPINS are growing scarce in the Chesapeake bay and its tributaries every season and it is no longer profitable to hunt them for a livelihood. Only a few watermen can make anything in this industry. Nearly all the terrapins brought to market now are caught by chance by crabbers. Crisfield markets more terrapins than any other place in Maryland. The pounds are well stocked for next winter's shipment. Six-inch terrapins bring \$30 and seven-inch bring \$40 a dozen.

AFTER having traveled nearly all night Miss Della Kibler and Mr. Harry R. Mauck, both of near Luray, Va., arrived in Hagerstown over the Norfolk and Western Railroad, at 4:15 o'clock Wednesday morning and two hours later were married in the parlors of Hotel Hamilton by Rev. George S. Bowers, of St. Mark's Lutheran Church. They said that they ran away from home because the sister of the bride strenuously objected to the marriage of the couple. Shortly after the ceremony had been performed Mr. and Mrs. Mauck returned to Virginia.

## TEACHERS' MEETING

The Annual Institute Held in Frederick Well Attended

The annual Teachers' Institute was held in Frederick on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

The second day's session of the Teachers' Institute opened in the Masonic Temple Hall at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning with prayer. This was followed by a round table discussion led by A. M. Isanogle and discussed by a number of teachers.

The lecture on "The Practical Word in Physical Geography," which was to have been delivered by Dr. James A. Mitchell, of Mt. St. Mary's College, had to be abandoned because of Dr. Mitchell's indisposition.

The round table discussion on "Grammar," which was not finished Monday, was taken up at 11 o'clock. Prof. H. D. Beachley, of Thurmont, opened the discussion and was followed by several teachers. Prof. John T. White, school examiner for Allegany county, who was to have assisted Prof. Beachley, in the discussion, was present and made a short address, but did not enter into the discussion owing to the fact that he is just recovering from a serious illness and is not able to stand any exertion.

This discussion was followed by some exercises in drawing, after which Prof. Fred. High delivered an address upon "The voice and how to use it."

At the afternoon session, after the opening exercises, Prof. E. L. Boblitz, addressed the Institute upon "District School Trustees." His address was interesting, instructive and timely and was highly appreciated by the teachers. The afternoon's program concluded with some instruction upon, "How to Draw."

The exercises on Wednesday morning opened with prayer, followed by a round table discussion on "Thoroughness" led by A. M. Isanogle and discussed by a number of teachers. Mr. Campbell, of New York State, made a short address on drawing and was followed by Mr. Bates Stephens, State superintendent, who addressed the teachers upon "When the Examiner Comes."

Dr. Simpson, school examiner for Carroll county, and Prof. John T. White, of Allegany county, also delivered addresses.

At the afternoon session Prof. Stephens made a very interesting address upon general topics. The address was greatly enjoyed by the teachers.

Before the institute closed Prof. Boblitz made an address thanking the teachers for their attendance and attention during the session. He further stated that he believed the institute had done a great deal of good and that more would follow as a direct result of the gathering together of the teachers and the expression of their opinions.

The standing committees were appointed as follows:

Beautifulizing school grounds and school room decorations—Pearl A. Eater, Florence DeMoth, Ruth Hoke, Harry Ecker, and Roger G. Harley.

Teachers and pupils' libraries—G. E. L. Palmer, A. M. Isanogle, Geo. W. Manahan, Nina Marriott and Sadie Spurrer.

School legislation—Harry J. Kefauver, Daniel O. Metz, George R. Stottmeyer, Edith D. Utz and M. Beth Firor.

W. TYLER PAGE CHOSEN.

The Republican Convention of the Second Congressional district met in Westminster and nominated Mr. William Tyler Page, of St. Denis, Baltimore county, for the House of Representatives. The nominee is clerk to the House Committee on Accounts and also private secretary to the two Congressmen from a Rhode Island. It was expected that Congressman Blakeney would be renominated, as the convention was for him. But after it assembled he announced that he would not accept the nomination.

FIFTY FEET DOWN A MOUNTAIN SIDE.

Owen C. O'Neill, aged 30 years, of Ellerslie, six miles from Cumberland, fell 50 feet down the mountain side of the Cumberland City Stone Crusher plant at Rock Cut, just opposite Corrigansville, and received injuries that proved fatal in less than an hour.

A dynamite charge had been fired and O'Neill was warned by the foreman not to go out on the bench of rock. Not heeding the advice he stepped out and went straight down the mountain side with fully 10 tons of rock. O'Neill's father, two brothers and two cousins were present when he fell.

YOUNG MEN ACQUITTED.

The ten young men who were arrested for causing a riot at the Gospel tent of Evangelist M. L. Yeakle in Hagerstown were acquitted before Justice Hoffman. There were 57 witnesses. State's Attorney Poffenberger abandoned the case, saying the testimony was not strong enough to convict. The men arrested were George Warner, Peg Manions, Robert Warner, Lloyd Swain, Tim Donahugh, William Burger, John Daymude, Frank Fagan, Jacob Lorchbaugh and John McCann.

THREE of Samuel Row's cows died and a fourth became violently mad as a result, it is believed, of having been bitten by a mad dog. The mad cow had to be shot. About two weeks ago a valuable dog belonging to Mr. Row, who is tenant on the Jacob Hammond farm in Keedysville district, became affected by rabies and died. Other dogs in the neighborhood, it is said, have been bitten by Mr. Row's dog before it died and there is considerable alarm in the vicinity of Keedysville, Washington county.

## THE CIRCUIT COURT.

The Frederick County circuit court convened at 9:30 o'clock Tuesday morning with Chief Judge McSherry and Associate Judge Motter on the bench.

The appeal case of David V. Zimmerman vs. Dr. Wm. C. Boteler was called. Jacob Rohrbach, counsel for Dr. Boteler, asked that the appeal be dismissed, as none of the witnesses for the appellant were present. The judgment of \$22 in favor of Zimmerman was thereupon affirmed. P. F. Pampel and A. S. Brown appeared for Zimmerman.

The case of Mrs. W. A. Barton vs. the Liberty Copper Mine and Mining Company was then placed on trial before a jury. This suit was brought by Mrs. Barton to recover \$42 alleged to be due for board. She secured a judgment for the full amount of her claim in the court below. J. F. R. Heagy appeared for the appellee and F. L. Stoner for the appellant.

The jury brought in a verdict in favor of Mrs. Barton for \$42.

At noon Judge James B. Henderson arrived and took his place upon the bench.

The case of John T. White vs. Howard Allnut was then taken up and placed on trial before a jury. This suit was brought by Mr. White to recover \$100 for alleged breach of contract. In the court below White was given judgment for \$20 and he appealed. George A. Pearce appeared for White and J. Roger McSherry and John E. R. Wood represented Allnut.

On Wednesday the case of Mrs. Mary Sponseller vs. Mary A. H. Blair was taken up and placed on trial before the court. This suit was brought to recover \$87 alleged to have been paid erroneously in the purchase of a piece of property. Vincent Sebold appeared for Mrs. Blair, and Wm. P. Maubley for Mrs. Sponseller. The court allowed Mrs. Sponseller \$28.80 of the \$87 for which suit was brought, and to pay all the costs above.

At Tuesday afternoon's session of court, the jury in the case of White vs. Allnut brought in a verdict in favor of White and fixed his damages at \$15. White was given judgment by the jury for \$20 and he appealed. George A. Pearce represented White, and J. Roger McSherry and John E. R. Wood appeared for Allnut.

The case of Fannie K. Eyer vs. Allen C. Eyer was tried before the court. This suit was brought to recover \$180 on a promissory note. Mr. Sebold, counsel for Allen C. Eyer, raised the question of the magistrate's jurisdiction in the case on the ground that the interest due on the note would make the amount over \$100, which would take it out of the jurisdiction of the court below. The question was argued and the court reserved its opinion. Wm. P. Maubley appeared for Fannie K. Eyer. Later the opinion was rendered in sustaining the contention of counsel for Allen C. Eyer.

The case of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company vs. Harry A. Peddicord was tried before the court. This suit was brought to recover \$105 on two promissory notes given in payment for a binder. Mr. Peddicord contended that the binder was not up to the guarantee. The court reserved its opinion. A. D. Willard appeared for the plaintiff and J. Roger McSherry appeared for the defendant.

In behalf of the congregation of the Presbyterian Church I wish to acknowledge the very great kindness and sympathy manifested by the entire people of this town and neighborhood, during the burning of the beautiful church last Thursday and as expressed to me personally by all I have met ever since. I would particularly mention and acknowledge the brave and prompt efforts of the fire company. The daring and expedition of those who helped them. The efforts of those who went into the church and recovered many articles of church furniture. The promptness and generosity of the Sisters at the Convent in sending men and the fire extinguishers. The kindness and brotherly interest of the churches of our town in offering the use of their buildings for services. The readiness with which even the Insurance Companies offered to pay full value. These and many other things too numerous to mention show the soul of good in things evil and that one touch of trouble makes the whole world kin.

D. H. RINDLE,  
Pastor Presbyterian Church.

## PERSONALS

Mrs. Frank Bossert, of Wilmington, Del., is visiting her former home at Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Grider's at "Bellvue Farm."

Miss Gertrude Annan has returned from a visit to Williamsport, Md. Rev. Charles Reinwald returned home last Friday.

Mrs. Susan White has returned to her home in Thurmont after spending sometime with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stokes.

Misses Mary and Charlotte Motter, who were the guests of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stokes, have returned to their home in Frederick.

Mr. Howard Waddles, of St. Joseph, Mo., is the guest of his mother in this place.

Mrs. Charles N. Hannace and son, George, of Wilmington, are visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Agnes Donnelly, of Baltimore, is visiting friends in this place.

Mrs. C. J. Carmack, of Baltimore, visited Mrs. R. J. Annan at "Edge Hill."

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Annan made a business trip to Baltimore last week.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR DYSENTERY AND DIARRHOEA.

"Some years ago I was one of a party that intended to make a long bicycle trip," says F. L. Taylor of New Albany, Bradford County, Pa. "I was taken suddenly with diarrhoea, and was about to give up the trip, when editor Ward, of the Laceyville Messenger, suggested that I take a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I purchased a bottle and took two doses, one before starting and one on the route. I made the trip successfully, and never felt any ill effect. Again last summer I was almost completely run down with an attack of dysentery. I bought a bottle of this same remedy, and this time one dose cured me." For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

## DIXON'S WARNING.

"Don't Drink Liquor" His Advice To Spectators.

The drop to the gallows of Asbury Dixon fell at 11:06 o'clock last Friday at Snow Hill, Md., and after several convulsive shudders, the murderer of Lizzie Borden breathed his last. Dixon slept well Thursday night and found happiness in having his nine-year-old son, Teemar, with him. Teemar slept peacefully in his father's arms during the night. Both awoke about 5 o'clock, and Dixon after a hearty meal, consisting of Maryland biscuit, beefsteak and lamb chops, followed by a cigar, proceeded with Sheriff Whaley and several deputies in a vehicle to the gallows back of the county almshouse. Along the county road leading to the place of execution were several hundred persons gathered to catch a glimpse of the condemned man. Around the gallows, situated in the gloom of the woods, was a space roped off to keep back the curious crowd. This space was guarded by several special officers.

Rev. Mr. Henry went upon the platform with the prisoner and offered a prayer, at the close of which Dixon was asked if he had anything to say. He looked at the 800 spectators gathered and said:

"I expect you all know what I am here for, and now take warning and don't drink liquor and don't give trouble. All who are ready to meet me in glory get ready and I will meet you there. Good-by to everybody."

Rev. Mr. Henry then sang the hymn "Nearer My God, To Thee," Dixon joining in the last few verses. After the singing of the hymn the rope was adjusted and Dixon signified that he was ready. The rope was cut by Sheriff Whaley and the man dropped to his death. The body was taken to the farm of Elijah J. Shockey for burial.

Asbury Dixon murdered Lizzie Borden last December after a drunken spree. Dixon and the Borden woman lived in a small tenement owned by Mr. Elijah J. Shockey, about six miles from Snow Hill. The Borden woman and her boy had gone to her mother's home, a half mile further down the country road, hoping there to find protection from the drunken fury of Dixon, who set out for the Borden woman's hiding place.

He found her standing in front of the fireplace after he had broken open the door. As he entered the room he raised his gun and emptied one of the loads of shot into the woman's thigh, making an ugly wound from which she died. The second load was fired at the little boy, but did not take effect, as he jumped out the door just as Dixon fired.

After the shooting he said:

"I have killed them and left them lying on the floor. I want to kiss my boy good-by, and I want you to take care of him. I am going away. If they catch me my neck will stretch for it." He then rushed out into the darkness and successfully eluded the officers for a week, but was finally captured after a sharp fight at his brother's house in Wisconsin county, only a few miles from the scene of the murder. During the fight Dixon was shot in the shoulder by one of the officers.

## WHISKY CAUSES A FIRE.

The handsome home of the Conococheague Club, was damaged by fire and water Monday. The fire broke out in the attic about 9 o'clock and it is said, was started by the colored steward, John Gray, going into the attic with a lighted candle sticking in a bottle to draw some whisky from a barrel. The candle fell into the stream as it ran from the barrel and set fire to the liquor. The fire followed the stream into the barrel, which exploded with a loud report.

An alarm was sent in and the entire fire department responded, including the Junior and Western Enterprise Engines, which were brought out on account of the low supply of water and inadequate pressure on the city mains. An effort was made to put out the fire with chemical extinguishers, but the fire gained considerable headway. Six streams of water were set to playing on the building from different directions. The fire was very stubborn and burst repeatedly from the attic windows. The roof was soon ablaze and finally fell in. It was after 10 o'clock before the fire was under control. The water from the city mains was of little use on account of the light pressure.

In the meantime all of the furniture was carried out of the building, including a number of handsome paintings, elks' heads, etc. They were deposited in the back yard and in the house of Dr. J. McP. Scott, a member of the club. Some of the furniture was damaged. The fire was confined to the upper floor, but the rest of the building was ruined by water.

The club was organized 10 years ago. The members purchased for a clubhouse the 24-story brick dwelling of Senator Louis E. McComas, on West Washington street, and handsomely furnished it. The building was recently renovated.

The board of governors consists of Edward W. Mealey, Alexander Neill, Sr., Charles Emmert, William M. Updegraff, R. Donald McKee, J. Clarence Lane, Samuel Shafer, Lewis T. Byron and William Kealhofer. The loss will be about \$5,000. The building is insured for \$2,500 and the furniture for \$1,000.

## REGULATIONS TO GO TO GETTYSBURG

Orders have been issued by the War Department at Washington directing that the band and two troops of the Second Cavalry and the Fourth Battery, Field Artillery, now stationed at Fort Myer, Va., shall march to Gettysburg to participate in the ceremonies upon the Battlefield on September 19 and 20, incident to the dedication of the monument in honor of the late Major-General Henry W. Slocum.

## SMALLPOX AT WILLIAMSPORT.

Seven Cases Discovered in Hoffman's Addition.

The discovery of smallpox among the residents of Hoffman's Addition to Williamsport, Washington county, has created some alarm. Dr. J. A. Fulton, of the State Board of Health, who was called there to investigate the cases, pronounced the disease smallpox. He was accompanied by Dr. C. E. Scheller, of Hagerstown, county health officer; Drs. W. S. Richardson and Theodore Boese. They report that there are seven cases in four houses in what is known as "tannery row" in the addition. Four of the cases are well defined ones, while the others are in a mild form. The afflicted section is located across the Conococheague creek a half mile from Williamsport and is thus rendered easy for quarantine purposes. Dr. Fulton placed the houses in which the cases are under strict quarantine, and the entire section has been quarantined to prevent the disease from spreading to town.

The first indication of the disease was noticed Tuesday last when Dr. Boese was called to attend Mrs. George Hoes. He found her complaining and that a rash had made its appearance. Dr. Scheller, county health officer, was consulted, and the physicians made an examination. Several other suspicious cases were found, when it was decided to send for Dr. Fulton and make a more thorough investigation. The disease is supposed to have been brought to the addition by a young man from the Shamrock Coal Mines, in Pennsylvania, where he had been employed. Dr. Fulton held a conference with Mayor McClannahan and the Town Council relative to adopting measures to stamp out the disease. Guards have been placed at the creek bridge, the approach to town, to prevent any communication with the infected section.

## MUSICIANS ROBBED BY FOUR TRAMPS

While walking along the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad about three miles east of Hancock Friday morning four traveling Italian musicians were attacked by the same number of tramps, one of whom was a negro. A desperate encounter ensued, but the tramps overpowered the Italians, one of whom was beaten almost to death, and robbed of \$53 in money and a silver watch. The holdup occurred in one of the loneliest spots along the railroad. As soon as the news reached Hancock a posse of citizens, headed by Constable Rhodes and Town Commissioner Ditto, started in pursuit. In the course of an hour the four men were overtaken, and two of the whites were captured at the points of revolvers. The negro and the other white man made their escape. The two captured men were taken to Hancock, where they gave the names of Bernard Sullivan and James Price. They admitted that they had taken part in the robbery, but contended that the negro did the beating.

Search for the other two men was continued Friday afternoon, and at 4 o'clock they were sighted in the mountains near Millstone, Md., 16 miles west of Hagerstown. A dozen or more shots were exchanged between the two men pursued and pursuers. Following a shot fired by Nathan Sachs, a merchant of Millstone, who joined the party, the negro was seen to throw up his arm and fall. A moment later, however, he arose and retired to better shelter. More shots were exchanged between the parties about 6 o'clock in the evening, the pursued seeming to be well provided with ammunition. As the crime was committed on the West Virginia side of the Potomac River, Sullivan and Price, who were placed temporarily in the Hancock lockup, were taken to the Morgan county lockup at Berkeley Springs.

## PRISONER MAKES HIS ESCAPE.

Eugene Rogers, colored, was arrested in Frederick last Friday upon a charge of attempting to burglarize the residence of Mr. Adolphus Fearhake, deputy clerk of the Circuit Court. Rogers was identified by Mrs. Gilmore Schley as the man seen by her endeavoring to break into Mr. Fearhake's house. Friday afternoon Justice Eckstein committed him to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Roger made his escape by knocking down Deputy Sheriff Shaw and fleeing into the country. Shaw had taken the negro from the Magistrate's office to the jail in a buggy and had neglected to handcuff him although when first taken to jail Friday morning Rogers had proved that he was a desperate character by making an assault upon Shaw before he was gotten into a cell. Friday afternoon Rogers accompanied the officer peacefully until they had mounted the steps leading into the jail, when he suddenly turned upon Shaw, and striking him a vicious blow in the face, knocked him down the steps. Before the officer, who was stunned by the blow and fall, recovered Rogers had escaped from the jail yard. Several officers quickly started in pursuit, and at one time it was thought they had him surrounded in a cornfield, but he eluded his pursuers and is still at large.

## A SAD DISAPPOINTMENT.

Ineffective liver medicine is a disappointment but you don't want to purge, strain and break the glands of the stomach and bowels. De Witt's Little Early Risers never disappoint. They cleanse the system of all poison and putrid matter and do it so gently that one enjoys the pleasant effects. They are a tonic to the liver. Cure biliousness, torpid liver and prevent fever. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

The explosion of a boiler in the canning-house of Ambrose Cooley, Harford county, injured three persons, one of them, a Bohemian boy, living in Baltimore.

Victor Liver Syrup. The great Liver and Blood Purifier, Dyspepsia and constipation are cured by the use of it.

## COURT IN SESSION.

Chief Judge McSherry's Vigorous Charge To The Grand Jury.

At the opening of the September term of the Circuit Court for Frederick county on Monday Chief Judge James McSherry delivered a notable charge to the grand jury. He said:

"In addition to the several statutes to whose provisions you have just been referred, there are other matters which more immediately concern this community and consequently demand your attention, and will require vigorous, prompt and fearless action on your part. It has frequently been announced from this bench, and it is now reiterated, that crime cannot and will not be tolerated within the jurisdiction of this court. Heavy sentences have been repeatedly imposed to emphasize that declaration and to vindicate the law's supremacy; but, I regret to say, sporadic outbreaks of disorder and violence still occur, and evil-disposed individuals persist in transgressing the penal code and in offending against the peace, government and dignity of the State. It is probably impossible to wholly prevent the commission of crime, but the punishment of the criminal can be made certain, speedy and severe. The most ignorant person ought to know that the power of the Commonwealth is great enough and far-reaching enough to finally overtake even the most adroit of malefactors, and that lawlessness must, in every community be inexorably suppressed; because there can be no security and no tranquility where crime predominates. Punitive justice may sometimes travel with a leaden heel, but the evil-doer should understand that it always smites with a mailed hand. Crime can never triumph over law. The criminal may run, in fancied security, an unchecked career for a time, but the law's strong arm will ultimately strike the culprit down. Society must be protected, order must be preserved, the public peace must be safe guarded, the rights of property must be respected and the security of the individual against violence must be maintained. Crime must not go unpunished, no matter by whom it may be committed. Upon the grand jury, in a great measure, rests the duty to bring criminals to trial. If you fail to indict when the evidence is clear, you encourage the evil-doer in his tortuous course. If you hesitate to act with promptness when your duty to act is obvious, your irresolution will cripple the administration of justice. And if you allow sympathy, with which you have no concern, to influence your judgment, you invite infractions of the law. Wherever laxity or indecision prevails, restraints are weakened and crime perceptibly multiplies. A stern, inflexible enforcement of the law is the surest way to protect life, person and property against aggression, for such a course inspires a wholesome dread of certain punishment, which, though not always effective as an absolute deterrent, is a constant menace to the viciously inclined. If you act with unflinching courage in bringing to trial those whom the evidence adduced before you shows to be guilty, and if the petit jury promptly and fearlessly convict, you will have laid before you several charges of savage assaults committed in public places. It will be incumbent upon you to probe these accusations to the bottom. If it be ascertained that a peaceable and reputable citizen was assaulted with a deadly implement upon one of the thoroughfares of this city, the guilty party should be brought to trial without delay. If it is true that several individuals were engaged in a violent attack upon another peaceable and reputable citizen at the Agricultural Fair Grounds, promptly indict them. Such frequent outrages as the newspapers have represented these assaults to have been must not go unwhipped of justice. If it should be found to be as serious as reported, they merit exemplary punishment. Law-abiding citizens must not be thus molested. Disturbances of the public peace must stop. The good order of the community must not be interrupted by fights and limb must not be put in peril. The law must be made a terror to the criminal classes.

"There are a few places in the community, and I am glad to say there are only a few, where, I am told, men and women of dissolute habits congregated, and where brawls and fights are frequent and where flagrant assaults sometimes occur. These are the places where the seeds of crime are planted. The evils which such places breed are numerous and the vice which originates there can scarcely be estimated. They have largely contributed to the demoralization of the domestic service of the town. They encourage a disregard of morality, of decency and of law. They are frequent causes of drunkenness and disorderly conduct, and the public thoroughfares are often filled at midnight with their reeling habitues of both sexes, whose drunken orgies and obscene language are shocking and outrageous. These places come so strictly within the legal definition of disorderly houses and as such are public nuisances. This subject—as to what constitutes a disorderly house—will be found fully discussed in the case of Beard vs. the State, 71 NW, Rep. 275.

"There is a kind of subject that demands your attention. It is probably more serious than the one just mentioned, because less open and notorious and because it affects a better element of the community. I allude to the disregard of the State's laws. I allude to the fact that the statute that forbids the sale of liquor on Sunday, is continually violated. There are numbers of saloons, restaurants, and hotel proprietors who rigidly obey the law. Those persons deserve the highest commendation; but none of the prescribed penalties are too severe for the individuals who transgress this salutary statute. There is no palliation or excuse for the sale of liquor on Sunday. When done it is always done deliberately. Nothing can be urged in extenuation of the act. It proceeds from sheer wantonness and capriciousness. The terms of the law prohibiting the sale of liquor on Sunday are imperative. The law is a commandment. It is not difficult to observe, and while it remains on the statute book, as it ought to remain, the plain duty of every citizen is to observe it, and to aid in its enforcement. Its infraction largely tends to the spread of intemperance, especially among the young, and the downfall and final ruin of many a promising youth may be traced directly to the stealthy and forbidden sale of liquor on Sunday. The violation of this law is an offense doubly reprehensible, for it desecrates the Lord's Day, thus disregarding His command, and it sets at naught the written law of the land, thus defying the Legislature. It blunts the moral sense of the buyer and the seller alike, and may be aptly styled the training school for crime. Stamp out this rank offense and stamp it out with relentless energy, and you will thereby render a lasting service to the community and to the cause of morality, and many a desolate home and stricken hearthstone will be gladdened, and many an aching and sorrowing heart will invoke the benedictions of Heaven upon you. Be resolute. Discharge your high duty with fortitude, fidelity and firmness and shrink from no responsibility that may confront you."

## General Debility

Day in and out there is that feeling of weakness that makes a burden of itself. Food does not strengthen. Sleep does not refresh.

It is hard to do, hard to bear, what should be easy,—Vitality is on the ebb, and the whole system suffers.

For this condition

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

It vitalizes the blood, gives vigor and tone to all the organs and functions, and is positively unequalled for all run-down or debilitated conditions.

Hood's PILLS cure constipation, 25 cents.

## DELIRIOUS PATIENT'S LEAP.

Harry Bailey, a resident of Corbett's Addition to Hagerstown, while delirious from typhoid fever, jumped from a second story window at his home to the ground, a distance of about 20 feet, about 1 o'clock Wednesday morning. He is believed to have escaped with but slight injuries. At least the examination made by a physician who was hastily summoned did not reveal any serious injuries. Mr. Bailey and his wife and daughter are all ill with typhoid fever. He has been sick for about five weeks, and the disease is now in its most critical stage. Unnoticed by his brother, who is nursing him, Mr. Bailey Wednesday morning arose from his bed and jumped out of the window landing on a sweetpotato bed. Owing to the fact that the ground was soft no bones were broken. His condition, however, is critical.

## BEWARE OF THE KNIFE.

No profession has advanced more rapidly of late than surgery, but it should not be used unless absolutely necessary. In cases of piles for example, it is seldom needed. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures quickly and permanently. Unequalled for cuts, bruises, wounds skin diseases. Accept no counterfeits. "I was so troubled with bleeding piles, that I lost much blood and strength," says J. C. Phillips, Paris, Ill. "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me in a short time." Seeches and heals T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

FOR SALE.—A House and Lot, situated 3 miles east of Emmitsburg, on the Harney road. There are 13 acres of land. The house, barn and other buildings are in good condition. Fruit of all kinds. Good water. Also a 7 acre wood lot, in Freedom town, Pa. For further information apply to GEORGE LIXX, P. O. address Emmitsburg, Md. aug 29-31

## Cake Walk

Owing to the rain on Thursday last, the colored people of St. Anthony's have decided to continue their picnic on Saturday, Sept. 6. The grand cake walk takes place at 7 P. M. Don't miss it!

## DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN CARROLL.

A large barn, stable and granary on the farm of Thomas J



THE "SANKERO."

Happy Lot of a Peculiar Figure of the Irrigation Country.

An eastern farmer coming to an irrigated valley finds everything as different from his accustomed life as he can well imagine. He must learn the new language of farming and a new set of farming rules. His neighbor greets him, not with the remark, "Looks like rain, but" "Have you seen when the water is coming in?" "The ditches are low today." He seems to speak of miners' inches and feet of water, and he can soon tell at a glance whether a ditch is carrying 50 or 100 miners' inches of water. He hears vivid discussions of headgates, weirs, laterals and canals. He finds that he is "under" a certain canal, which by and by will come to seem to him like an inexorable fate.

He will very promptly make the acquaintance of the king of the irrigated land, the zanjero, in Arizona called "sankero." In California sometimes shortened to "sanky," the water master of a ditch rider, a bronzed man in overalls and sombrero, who drives about in a two wheeled cart, with a shovel and a long crooked tined fork by his side and precious keys in his pockets. He is the yea and nay of the arid land, the arbiter of fate, the dispenser of good and evil; to be blessed by turns and cursed by turns and to receive both with the utter unconcern of a small god, for it is the zanjero who distributes the water. He opens the headgate of each farmer's canal, and when the water has run the necessary time he shuts it down again and again locks it securely. If the water is short, he sees that it is divided properly between Smith and Jones and Brown, usually with Smith and Jones and Brown watching him like cats. It is a hard place, that of zanjero in the valleys, subject to accusations, temptations, heartburnings; but, he is said to the credit of the American, there is no zanjero who is universally respected in his community as an honest man.—Ray Stannard Baker in Century.

MEN AND BOOKS.

Chopin rarely read anything heavier than a French novel.

Lord Clive said that "Robinson Crusoe" was his only book he ever read.

St. John Chrysostom never tired of reading or of praising the works of the apostle John.

James I. of England was a lover of the classics and very familiar with most of the Latin writers.

Bunyan read little besides his Bible and often said that Christians would do well to read no other book.

Salvador Rosa liked any kind of poetry, but more especially that relating to the country or to country scenes.

Hume said that Tacitus was the ablest writer that ever lived and himself tried to model his style on that of the Roman historian.

Locke gave most of his attention to works of philosophy. He said, "I stand amazed at the profundity of thought shown by Aristotle."

The elder Pitt liked Shakespeare, but not the labor of reading plays. He enjoyed hearing them and once said that he had learned more English history at the theater than at the university.—Literary Life.

Philosophy of Fatigue.

"Some may be interested to know that there is now almost a new kind of philosophy of fatigue," says a writer in *Almslee's*. "Some speculators think man became conscious because his intuitions were slurred up by exhaustion so that the mind has to pick its way slowly and logically instead of divining instantly, as it used to do. It was the fall of man. Wilder dreamers have even described the origin of cosmic gas and nebula, from which all the worlds come, as due to progressive fatigue of the ether, which is far more subtle and lack of it. It is a little as if they were attempting to rewrite the first phrases of the Old Testament so that it should read, 'In the beginning was fatigue.'"

Get His Answer.

"While on a trip through the south, soon after the civil war," said a Chicago man, "I stopped overnight at the little town of Warren, N. C. The next morning, strolling around looking for the place ever, I met a countryman who greeted me with a 'Howdy' and 'passed the time of day' most cordially. I was considerably taken aback when I noticed that he was barefooted, and I ventured to ask him if it was the custom of the country for the men to go without shoes. He answered, with a drawl, 'Waal, some on us does, but most on us tends to our own business.'"

A Curious Relic.

A curious relic of Louis XVII. is the "game of dominoes" made of pieces of the Bastille which were given to the emperor before he was taken to the guillotine. It is said that when the box containing it was brought in the queen, exclaimed to her bedchamber woman, Mme. Campan, "What a sinister plaything to give a child!" The sinister plaything is now added to the other revolutionary objects preserved in the Hotel Carnavalet.—London Chronicle.

A Hot Come Back.

President of the Geyserogony Gas Company—Heavens, doctor! You don't mean to say you are going to charge me \$2 for pulling one tooth?

Dentist—Yes, a dollar for pulling the tooth, the balance for gas furnished at your regular rates.—San Francisco Chronicle.

An Undertaker.

When the undertaker is sent for, he generally comes to grief.—Philadelphia Record.

The Difficult Part.

Husband—I don't believe you can keep account of the money you spend.

Wife—Oh, yes, I can. It's the money I cannot keep.—Town and Country.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

POWERFUL MECHANISM.

The Picking Up Machine Used in Grappling Ocean Cables.

A truly wonderful piece of mechanism is the "picking up" machine used in all grappling and cable hoisting operations. It is a powerful variety of the steam winch family, but also a most aristocratic and elaborate member, fitted with gear changing catches, patent brakes and other ingenious appliances. To give some idea of its capabilities in dry figures it can at slow speed lift twenty-five tons at the rate of one mile an hour or at fast speed ten tons at the rate of four miles an hour. Moreover, it can be quickly altered and adapted to changing circumstances in speed or lifting weight.

All being made ready, the big grapple, attached to 700 or 800 fathoms of chain and rope, is passed over the bow sheave, or pulley, and as soon as it reaches bottom the ship is sent slowly ahead. Back and forward across the path of the cable, as pointed out by the friendly marking buoys, we steam. Several times the grapple catches something, only to lose its hold again, probably an ineffectually upon the bottom, although a bonus's mate mumbles "mermaids' grottoes," but at last comes a steady strain. Every soul on board hangs over the bow, watching the grimy grapple rope come steadily up and over the well oiled pulley. At length the grapple itself appears, holding tight on to the truant.—Lippincott's Magazine.

May Day Custom in Belgium.

The most honored month of the year in Belgium is the month of May, known as the Virgin's month and consecrated to the Virgin Mary. In the province of Liege young maidens have a quaint way of predicting their love affairs this month. A group of girls arrange to meet at sunrise and start to walk through the fields until they come to a hedge, quite unobserved from the highway, where they generally choose a honeysuckle bush beneath the protecting branches of which to perform their mystic operations. Each maiden selects three blades of dew laden grass, the tops of which she cuts to equal length and to each of which she attaches a colored silken thread. Black represents a bachelor, red an unknown lover and green the secret desires of the maiden's heart. Ten days afterward they return to the same spot where they left the blades growing, and that blade of the three chosen which has surpassed the others in height reveals the lover the maiden is destined to have.—New York Tribune.

The Old Way of Passing Bills.

A document found among the Duke of Rutland's papers at Belvoir castle throws a curious light upon the mode of getting private bills through the house of commons in the days of King Charles II. The case in hand was the divorce bill of John, Lord de Roos, an affair that caused a great deal of gossip in its day. One of his lordship's agents wrote in January, 1697: "On Wednesday last I sat six and forty of the house of commons to the Duke of Rutland's papers at Belvoir castle, where were present Mr. Attorney General and Mr. George Montagu. As soon as they had dined we carried them all to the house of commons, and they passed the bill, as the committee, without any amendments, and ordered it to be reported the next day."

Shakes That Were Shakes.

Over on the eastern shore of Maryland there was a man who was suffering from a severe case of "shakes," as they call fever and ague in that country. One morning the local physician called on the patient and asked him how he felt.

"X—n—not a bit b—b—etter," was the shaking man's reply.

"Your case is a very peculiar one and hard to take hold of," remarked the doctor sympathetically.

"Yes, th—that's so," remarked the patient, trying to smile. "The c—case sh—shakes so I don't w—wonder you c—c—can't get hold of it."—Washington Post.

Their Words Stuck.

When Mark Twain was in Egypt, he one day arranged with a friend to meet him at one of the pyramids. The latter engaged two old but experienced Arabs to guide him to the place. He afterward complained that, although he had some knowledge of their native language, he could not understand anything that his guides had said to him.

"You should have hired younger men," Mr. Clemens told him. "These toothless old fellows talk only gum Arabic."

Captured.

Mabel—I suppose you have heard of sister Paul's marriage. She's taken a flier in Kensington.

Miss Jellus—Yes, I heard she had a flat, but I didn't hear where she had taken him.—St. Louis Republic.

The Pleasantest Route to Ruin.

"Prosperity has ruined many a man." "No doubt, but if I'm given any choice in the matter I'd rather be ruined by prosperity than by adversity. The process is more enjoyable."—Chicago Post.

Queen Elizabeth's Amulet.

Queen Elizabeth during her last illness wore around her neck a charm made of gold which had been bequeathed her by an old woman in Wales, who declared that as long as the queen wore it she would never be ill. The amulet, as was generally the case, proved of no avail, and Elizabeth, notwithstanding her faith in the charm, not only sickened, but died. During the plague in London people wore amulets to keep off the dread destroyer. Amulets of arsenic were worn near the heart. Quills of quicksilver were hung around the neck, and also the powder of toads.

The Absentminded Professor.

At a session of the German reichstag an absentminded member, Herr Wichmann, created no little amusement. He was calling the roll, and upon reaching his own name he paused for a response. Naturally none came. Then he called the name more loudly, waited a few seconds and found it out at the top of his voice. The laughter of his colleagues finally aroused him to a sense of the ludicrousness of his act, and he joined in the general hilarity.

A DANGEROUS TRAITOR.

The Result of Pechante's Plot to Kill the King.

Probably no well meaning poet was ever more taken by surprise than was M. Pechante, a gentle and mild mannered French dramatist of the seventeenth century, who was one day arrested for high treason as he was peacefully eating his dinner at a village inn.

The landlord of the inn where he was in the habit of dining discovered on a table a piece of paper on which were written some unintelligible phrases and below in a plain, bold hand, "Here I will kill the king."

The landlord consulted with the chief of police. Clearly this clue to a conspiracy ought to be followed up. The person who had left the paper had already been remarked for his absent air and gleaming eye. That man was Pechante.

The chief of police instructed the landlord to send him the next time the conspirator came to dinner. When Pechante was shown the evidence of his guilt, he forgot the awful charge against him and exclaimed: "Well, I am glad to see that paper. I have looked everywhere for it. It is part of a tragedy I am writing. It is the climax of my best scene, where Nero is to be killed. It comes in here. Let me read it to you." And he took a thick manuscript from his pocket.

"Monsieur, you may finish your dinner and your tragedy in peace," said the chief of police, and he beat a hasty retreat.

Scarcious, Egypt's Sacred Beetle. Scarcious, "the god beetle of the lower Nile," has been worshipped, petted and feared by several benighted sects of Egypt since the time "when the mind and history of man runneth not to the contrary." Like the other sacred creatures of idolatrous countries, several mythical fancies are woven around this entomological rarity.

The number of its toes, thirty, were supposed to symbolize the average number of days in a month. On each new moon day it deposited a ball containing 300 eggs, which the Egyptian priests assured their followers referred to the number of days in the year, the brilliant golden color of the ball itself personifying the sun. In ancient times this curious beetle was declared to be of but one sex, the male, but modern investigation has exploded that one myth at least.

In connection with the Egyptian nation the Gnostics as well as some of the early Christian fathers speak of Christ as the scarabaeus and symbolize him as a man with a beetle's head. The Egyptians always embalmed this sacred insect.

Two Sleeproom Warnings. In a recent lecture on first aid to the injured the speaker emphasized precautions that are so commonly disregarded as to be well worth repeating in print. The first is, never rub a person with liniment that has been put on a flannel cloth, for the roughness of the flannel and the friction on the skin, with the penetrating ingredients of the liniment, will easily make an abrasion of the skin, producing a condition that may take weeks to heal.

The second warning is that in any condition of unconsciousness the hot object applied, bag, bottle, brick or whatever it may be, must be wrapped in flannel or cloth before it is brought into contact with the flesh of the person to be treated. A severe burn is often made by a thoughtless attendant who puts a too hot water bottle next to the skin while the patient is unconscious or unable to move away.

Teaching a Parrot. "There are two ways," said a bird dealer, "of teaching a parrot to talk. One way is to put him in a darkened room, to sit in a corner and to repeat over and over again the word you want him to acquire. A clever parrot will learn a word or a phrase after some 400 or 500 repetitions, while for some it takes a week or more. You must keep still in the room. No sounds from within or without the house save your voice, monotonously repeating the phrase to be acquired, must reach the parrot's ear. Some people teach their birds in a well lighted room, speaking from a place of concealment in a closet or behind a door. This method is not so good, because in the light the parrot's attention is distracted."

One of O'Connell's "Balls." Some extremely amusing mistakes have been made by even the most practiced speakers in their desire to carry their audience with them. O'Connell once in an election speech in Connaught hall told his followers that measures injurious to Ireland were brought into parliament and would go over to England and "die on the floor of the house of commons in opposition to them," and when he came back he would say, "Are you for repeal now?"—London Standard.

Palestine Violin.

The rebab of Palestine is a sort of violin. The body is a square frame covered with parchment. The instrument is played with a bow. There is but one string, a thick, coarse horsehair, but expert performers can, it is said, get considerable variety of tone from this primitive instrument.

High Explosives.

"Tommy," said the schoolteacher to Tommy Taddells, "what do you understand by the term 'high explosives'?" "Sky rockets, ma'am," replied Tommy.—Judge.

If the average man was as good as he thinks other men ought to be, it wouldn't be long until his vanity made him topheavy.—New York Press.

"There's no progress about man." "No? But he's still doing business at the old stand, isn't he?" "Say, rather, he is doing business at the old stand still."—Philadelphia Press.

His Title.

"If it were customary in this country to confer titles upon men who go in for literature, what would I be?" asked a conceited journalist of his son. "Baron of Ideas," was the terse reply.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Couldn't "Kid" Him.

"Have you known what it is to be an orphan?" asks one of the characters in the "Plumes of Penance," and another replies, "Often." The similarity between the two words causes almost a page of good fifthhand fun. It would have been otherwise if either of the characters had happened to be an average London boy.

The tale is told of a London boy on his country holiday who was asked by a centurion to hold one of his horses. "Which 'orse?" asked the lad. "The off 'un," said the driver. "Orphan?" said the boy. "How d'ye think I know which of 'em's a orphan?" "Garn, you don't kid me." And that closed the incident.—London News.

Out of Proportion. Benham—I try to believe the Bible, but I find that story of the ten virgins, five of whom were wise and five foolish, a little perplexing.

Mrs. Benham—What's the matter with that?

Benham—Judging from the women I have known, the proportion of foolish ones was altogether too small.—New York Times.

As If It Were Possible. Claribel—I wonder what that creature meant?

Laurie—What creature?

Claribel—Why, Tentworth, of course. When I told him everybody said I was improving in my singing, he said he was delighted to hear it. The ideal—Stray Stories.

Her Protest.

"Darling," said Edwin, "your eyes are like diamonds, your teeth like pearls, your lips resemble the most glorious rubies, and your hair!" "Edwin," said Angelina sternly, "remember that you work in a jewelry warehouse and that it's disgusting to talk shop."

Election Promises. Successful Candidate—I shan't forget the promises in virtue of which I have been elected.

Political Manager—That's right. Bear them in mind. With a little brushing up they'll probably elect you again.—Puck.

Far From It.

Girl With the Plump Neck—Fan Biliwink has begun to show her age, hasn't she?

Girl With the Dimple—I should say not! She's begun to try to hide it.—Chicago Tribune.

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TIME TABLE.

On and after June 22, 1902, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7.10 and 10.40 a. m. and 2.50 and 4.50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 7.40 and 10.30 a. m. and 3.20 and 5.20 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8.25 and 10.35 a. m. and 3.35 and 5.45 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 8.55 and 11.45 a. m. and 4.00 and 7.01 p. m.

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P. & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg, Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown, B. & O. Railroad at Hagerstown and Cherry Run, Penna. R. R. at Briceville and Hancock, P. & V. R. R. at Union Station, Baltimore, Maryland.

Schedule in Effect June 22d, 1902.

TRAINS WEST.

STATIONS

Union Station, 7.10 a. m., 10.40 a. m., 2.50 p. m., 4.50 p. m.

Emmitsburg, 7.40 a. m., 10.30 a. m., 3.20 p. m., 5.20 p. m.

Rocky Ridge, 8.25 a. m., 10.35 a. m., 3.35 p. m., 5.45 p. m.

Shippensburg, 8.55 a. m., 11.45 a. m., 4.00 p. m., 7.01 p. m.

Gettysburg, 9.25 a. m., 12.15 p. m., 4.30 p. m., 7.30 p. m.

Hagerstown, 9.55 a. m., 12.45 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m.

Cherry Run, 10.25 a. m., 1.15 p. m., 5.30 p. m., 8.30 p. m.

Briceville, 10.55 a. m., 1.45 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 9.00 p. m.

Union Station, 11.25 a. m., 2.15 p. m., 6.30 p. m., 9.30 p. m.

Emmitsburg, 11.55 a. m., 2.45 p. m., 7.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

Rocky Ridge, 12.25 p. m., 3.15 p. m., 7.30 p. m., 10.30 p. m.

Shippensburg, 1.55 p. m., 4.45 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 11.00 p. m.

Gettysburg, 2.25 p. m., 5.15 p. m., 8.30 p. m., 11.30 p. m.

Hagerstown, 2.55 p. m., 5.45 p. m., 9.00 p. m., 12.00 p. m.

Cherry Run, 3.25 p. m., 6.15 p. m., 9.30 p. m., 12.30 p. m.

Briceville, 3.55 p. m., 6.45 p. m., 10.00 p. m., 1.00 a. m.

Union Station, 4.25 p. m., 7.15 p. m., 10.30 p. m., 1.30 a. m.

Emmitsburg, 4.55 p. m., 7.45 p. m., 11.00 p. m., 1.30 a. m.

Rocky Ridge, 5.25 p. m., 8.15 p. m., 11.30 p. m., 1.30 a. m.

Shippensburg, 5.55 p. m., 8.45 p. m., 12.00 p. m., 1.30 a. m.

Gettysburg, 6.25 p. m., 9.15 p. m., 12.30 p. m., 1.30 a. m.

Hagerstown, 6.55 p. m., 9.45 p. m., 1.00 a. m., 1.30 a. m.

Cherry Run, 7.25 p. m., 10.15 p. m., 1.30 a. m., 1.30 a. m.

Briceville, 7.55 p. m., 10.45 p. m., 1.30 a. m., 1.30 a. m.

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