





FRIDAY, SEPT. 14, 1900.

## PRESIDENT MCKINLEY'S LETTER.

President McKinley's letter accepting the Republican renomination for President was published on Monday. It is a voluminous document, occupying nearly an entire page in the big daily papers. The introductory part of the letter deals with the money question, which the President calls the "immediate" issue of the present campaign; he reviews the condition of the United States Treasury, our increased foreign commerce and industrial condition and advocates the shipping subsidy bill.

As to the trusts, he favors a policy of publicity and uniform State laws, but he approves of the honest co-operation of capital as necessary to meet new business conditions. Combinations should be effectually restrained. He promises the Porto Ricans the annulment of the tariff on or before March 1, 1902, "if the Legislature of Porto Rico shall provide local revenues for the expenses of conducting the government." The people of Cuba shall be given self-government as soon as the conditions warrant it.

The remainder of the letter is devoted largely to the Philippine question, beginning with the cession of the Archipelago by Spain and concluding with the latest report of the Taft Commission on August 21 last, which noted the progress being made toward the establishment of civil government in the islands.

The President then argues that what has been done there was the only course open. Natives having fired upon American troops before the conclusion of the treaty of peace, it was necessary to restore order, and he asks why those who favored signing the Peace Treaty and acquiesced in the payment of \$20,000,000 to Spain through their Senators, should now raise objection to the results. He asks what the opposition could and would have done were it in the same position. To establish a protectorate instead of a sovereignty, he argues, would entail interference by other nations, which would, perhaps, develop another and more serious war and drift to militarism pure and simple, by the necessity of sending a larger army and navy to the islands.

The President denies that there is any imperialism, and that those who raise this cry are encouraging the Filipinos, who are guaranteed the same rights as any other freedmen under the Constitution.

He concludes by saying the American question is between duty and desertion, and the American verdict will be for the "Republic against both anarchy and imperialism."

## ELECTION IN MAINE.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 10.—Returns from today's election indicate that John F. Hill, the Republican candidate for Governor, is elected by about 32,000 plurality, over his Democratic opponent, Samuel L. Lord.

Two hundred and forty districts out of the 312 in the State give Hill 54,648; Lord, 30,252. The same districts four years ago gave Powers (Rep.) 60,574, and Frank (Dem.) 24,784. This shows a Republican loss of 11 per cent. and a Democratic gain of 18 per cent., compared with the vote of 1896.

Congressmen Amos L. Allen, Charles E. Littlefield, Edwin C. Burleigh and Charles A. Boutelle, are re-elected by majorities ranging from 6,000 to 10,000. In all but one of the 16 counties the Republicans elected their county tickets.

The Democrats showed considerable satisfaction on account of their gain in four years of 18 per cent. This increase over the 1896 vote did not apply in particular to any locality, but seemed to be general throughout the State.

## Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians of the country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.  
Sold by druggists, price 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## MURDERED IN CHINA.

John Goodnow, United States Consul-General at Shanghai, China, after inquiries in every direction, learns that the number of American and British missionaries probably murdered during the uprising in China has been 93.

One hundred and seventy others stationed in Pechili and Shan-Si provinces are unaccounted for, and there is reason for the belief that have met the same fate. Of those whose deaths have been absolutely proven 22 were Americans—eight men, eight women and six children—44 were British—nine men, 15 women and 10 children. There is strong proof that 37 more were killed at Ta-Yuen-Fu. All the natives from that place tell substantially the same story. Ten men, 13 women and seven children are known to have been there.

The list of missing numbers:  
Americans, 20 men, 21 women, 20 children.  
British, 41 men, 49 women and 19 children.

It is impossible to get the numbers of the Catholics murdered, but many French priests and sisters were killed as well as several Swedish and Danish Protestants.

The massacre and persecution of Chinese Christians continue. It is said the anti-foreign leaders intend to exterminate them. Litterati and minor officials are sending memorials to the Dowager Empress thanking her for ridding the country of foreigners.

All the information coming from the interior is that, except in those parts of the country which the foreign troops occupy, the people believe that the Empress has won great victories and driven out the foreigners. It is said they will continue to think so until the foreigners who were compelled to flee are able to return and conspicuous punishments are inflicted in retaliation for those who were killed.

## OVER 2,500 DEAD.

Twenty-five hundred or more lives lost, hundreds of people more or less injured, and property valued at ten to twelve millions of dollars destroyed, is the terrible record of the West India hurricane, which, at a velocity of seventy-five to eighty-four miles an hour swept Galveston and the entire Gulf coast of Texas on last Saturday. The storm area in that State was from the Red River on the north to the Gulf on the south, and throughout the central portion. From Texas the storm passed to Oklahoma, with its fury nearly spent.

In addition to Galveston and Houston, nearly a score of other towns were damaged, and throughout the whole vast section swept by the tempest there was more or less loss of life.

The latest estimates show that over a thousand people perished in Galveston and the immediate vicinity. The property loss in that city alone will reach ten millions.

The War Department received late Monday night a dispatch from General McKibbin, stating that he had received reports that all but fifteen of the one hundred and twenty men of Battery O, First Artillery, stationed on the Island of Galveston, had been lost. Both officers also perished.

Eight ocean steamships were stranded on Galveston Island, including the British steamship Kendall Castle, Norwegian steamship Gyller, the Mallory steamer Alamo and the British steamer Red Cross. Small sailing vessels were swept miles inland.

## KILLED BY A NEGRO.

William O'Neill, a laborer, about 36 years old, was struck over the heart with a large cobblestone early Sunday morning on the Washington road, near the Baltimore and Ohio railroad crossing, in Southwest Baltimore, and died while being taken to the Maryland University Hospital in the Southwestern district ambulance.

Upon reaching the hospital O'Neill was carried on a stretcher into one of the rooms, but the physicians saw at once that he was dead. The body was then taken back to the ambulance and removed to the morgue. Death was probably caused by the shock of the blow, but the exact cause will not be known definitely until after Dr. N. G. Keirle, the city post-mortem physician, makes an autopsy.

The cobblestone which killed O'Neill is said to have been thrown by one of two colored men who attacked O'Neill and two fellow laborers, William Kelley and James J. Nugent. Both negroes escaped, but are believed to be now under arrest.

## EXPLOSION AT THE GAS WORKS.

Shippensburg, Pa., was shaken about half-past three o'clock last Saturday afternoon by a terrific explosion which took place at the gas works, which killed one man and wrecked the gashouse. The report of the explosion was heard for blocks, and caused great excitement, which increased when it was discovered that a man was being burned to death in the building. It was thought at first that the imprisoned man was B. H. Miller, the superintendent, and a desperate effort was made to get him out, during which his son, Harry N. Miller, bugler of the famous Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment, was almost overcome by the gas, and had to be carried out. With the aid of the fire department, the fire was finally gotten under control, and the body, which was burned into a black crisp, beyond recognition, taken from the building. It was then discovered that Superintendent Miller was at home and safe. The blackened and charred remains were finally identified as George Davis, a laboring man, whose residence adjoins the gas plant. The superintendent stated that Davis had been engaged to make some changes in the place, but was cautioned not to begin work until the gasmen returned and closed the valve leading to the storage tank. There was no one present when the explosion took place, but it is supposed that he was smoking, and opened one of the doors leading to the purifier, when the gas burst out and ignited from his pipe or a gas jet in an adjoining room. Davis was over forty years of age, and leaves a widow and six children.

The destruction of the gas plant has left considerable of the town and the large buildings of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School in darkness, and oil lamps and tall candles were brought into general use. Repairs will be made at once, and it is expected to have the plant in operation in a few days.

**SOLDIER LOVER KILLED.**  
CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., Sept. 10.—Last December Sadie Mae Kyle, the pretty daughter of Justice of the Peace George S. Kyle, of this place, wrote to her soldier lover in Columbus, Ohio. He enlisted to go to the Philippines and Miss Kyle heard nothing from him. Yesterday she received a letter from Frank F. Geyer, a member of Company G, Twenty-eighth Regiment, United States Infantry, who is at home in Reading, Pa., recovering from wounds received in battle near Manila. In the letter was a fragment of the missive sent by Miss Kyle to her Columbus soldier.

Mr. Geyer states that the letter was taken from the pocket of a dead Filipino soldier who had been killed by the Americans. Accompanying the letter was a small American flag stained with blood. It is presumed that Miss Kyle's sweetheart was either captured or killed and that the Filipino, who was afterward killed, rifled his pockets and found the young woman's letter which in return was recovered by Geyer and sent by him to Miss Kyle.

**Wheeler Now On The Retired List.**  
A formal order was issued Monday by the War Department announcing the retirement of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, who on Monday reached the age limit of sixty-four years. General Wade, commanding the Department of Dakota, was telegraphed to take charge of the affairs of the Department of the Lakes until the department commander arrived. It is expected that General Otis will go to Chicago about the first of October to assume command of the department.

The President will not make any appointment to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of General Wheeler, but it is probable that the recommendation of General Chaffee to have Colonel Daggett appointed and retired will be carried out. It is also probable that General Theodore Schwan, colonel in the Adjutant-General's department and brigadier-general of volunteers will be appointed brigadier-general in the regular army and retired. This will leave the vacancy for General Chaffee, whose regular rank is colonel of cavalry.

**GOVERNMENT SENDS AID.**  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Orders have been issued by the War Department for the immediate shipment to Galveston of 555 tents and 50,000 rations. These stores and supplies are divided between St. Louis and San Antonio and probably will be delivered tonight or tomorrow. This represents about all such supplies the Government has on hand at the places named, but it is stated at the Department that the order could be duplicated in a day.

ONE man was instantly killed, four others are lying at the point of death, and four more are seriously burned, as the result of the explosion of a steam pipe in Baldwin Locomotive Works, in Philadelphia.

## FOREIGNERS CLAIM MILLIONS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Claims aggregating \$2,399,000 or more have arisen in connection with the efforts made, principally in Hawaii, to prevent the bubonic plague from securing a foothold in this country and its outlying possessions by burning a considerable part of the Japanese and Chinese quarter, where it was thought the disease might find lodgment.

Two thousand Japanese residents are said to have lost their homes, furniture and practically all their belongings. Their loss is estimated at \$300,000. The Chinese loss was estimated at about \$2,000,000. The Japanese Consul-General to Hawaii first brought the matter to the attention of the Hawaiian authorities, asking that the losses incurred by Japanese be reimbursed to them. President McKinley gave the necessary authority to Governor Dole to appoint a commission of five members to pass upon all claims of this nature, but upon objection of the claimants this fell through. The authorities here feel that it is a matter which Hawaii should adjust, and moreover there is no fund available under which the United States Government could pay for such losses.

## FOUND A TREASURE.

Richard T. Wallace, living on Sixth street, Williamsburg, N. Y., picked up on a rubbish heap an old tin box, containing stocks, bonds and a lot of other apparently negotiable paper, bearing the signature of John T. Rollins.

Wallace calculated the face value of the securities to be \$60,000, and assumes that they have so increased in value as to be now worth about \$200,000.

He found Rollins, the owner, but the latter was not enthusiastic over the matter. He said that he had not seen the papers yet, and could not be sure whether the box contained anything of value or not. He had not seen it for 28 years, but he remembered that when he left it and went West there was nothing in it that was of any value at the time, although some of the papers may be valuable now.

The emergency bags sent by a church society to Kansas soldiers in the Philippines contained among the necessities a box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the well known cure for piles, injuries and skin diseases. The ladies took care to obtain the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve knowing that all counterfeits are worthless. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

**AMERICAN WALNUT**, which has long been such a favorite wood in England, has met a powerful rival in the English markets. This is the Cape laurel wood, a report upon which has recently been prepared under the authority of the Imperial Institute of London. This new wood is hard to saw, but planes easily and turns well, while the polish that may be imparted to its surface is extremely brilliant.

**EX-MINISTER TO SIAM** John Barrett, Senator Foraker and Governor Roosevelt are among the Republican campaigners assigned to Maryland by the National Committee, which has decided upon a vigorous campaign in this State.

The disappearance of Joseph Watkins, a laborer of Caroline county, has led to the suspicion that he committed suicide, the missing man having made threats against his life.

**CORONER LLOYD**, in St. Louis, held the Seeker Contracting Company responsible for the electrocuting of two policemen by improperly placed wires.

**To Cure Constipation Forever.**  
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 50c. If C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

**THE Postoffice Department** has issued orders classing all card chains or endless chain systems as lotteries and excluding them from the mails.

**JAMES F. MENNS**, a watchman at the New Haven Poorhouse became despondent at the misery he saw and committed suicide.

**CHIEF ILLOWAHE**, an aged medicine man of the Yakima tribe, was stoned to death in Washington State.

**FOUR men** were horribly burned in a powder explosion at the Sterling colliery, near Shamokin, Pennsylvania.

**THE Census Bureau** announced the population of York, Pa., to be 33,654.

**Save Your Money.**  
One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills. They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.

**No Reckless Assertion**  
For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse **TUTT'S Liver PILLS**

## A PARODY.

Even the most delightful parody ever composed or written isn't more pleasing than the tone of one of the popular

## STIEFF PIANOS

Our instruments are fine in every sense of the word. To see them is to recognize their claims to admiration. To hear them is to be sure that there couldn't be anything better.

Second Hand Pianos of various makes at very low prices.  
Moving, Tuning and Repairing. Accommodating Terms. Catalogue and Book of Suggestions cheerfully given.

**CHAS. M. STIRFF**,  
Warerooms, 9 N. Liberty St., Factory, Block of East Lafayette Avenue, Aiken and Lantana Streets, Baltimore, Md.

## PUBLIC SALE

—OF—  
**REAL ESTATE**

On Saturday, September 15, 1900.

At 1 o'clock, P. M., the undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, a small farm, situated in Freedom township, Pa., on the Bull Frog road, one mile north of Moritz's Store, and one mile southeast of Dietz Mill, containing

**45 ACRES.**

more or less, improved with a Two-Story Log House, Weatherboarded, good Frame Stable, Large Hog Pen, Chicken House, and all necessary outbuildings. This property is in a good state of cultivation and under good fencing, adjoining lands of A. Herring on the South, Daniel Eck and W. Rogers on the West, J. L. Scott and John Biglum on the East. The property is supplied with fruit of all kinds. A good well of water at the door, and also a never failing spring a short distance from the buildings. Any one wishing to view the property can call on the tenant living thereon, or address the undersigned.

Terms made known on day of sale.

**SAMUEL DUBBS**,  
aug 24-45. Rural No. 4, Gettysburg, Pa.

## PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in the last will and testament of James S. Stinson, deceased, and also by order of the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Md., the undersigned, Executor, will sell at public sale, on

Saturday, the 29th day of September, 1900,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Emmitsburg, Md., a small farm in Friends' Creek Valley, about four miles west of Emmitsburg, and adjoining the lands of James L. Tresler, Cornelius Shriner and others, containing

**33 ACRES OF LAND,**

more or less, improved with a Good Two-Story Dwelling House, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Hog House, Chicken House and Storage House. All have been recently built and in good condition. About fifteen acres in large timber, Oak and Chestnut. A large part in old and young Locust. Apple orchard of choice Fruit, Cherries, Pears, Plums, Grapes, &c. A never failing Spring of good water at the door. The land is in good condition and productive. There can be made six to eight hundred locust posts on the farm at the present time. This is one of the most productive fruit farms in this valley, all the fruit being of choice varieties.

Terms of sale as prescribed by the Court.—One-third cash on day of sale or the ratification thereof by the Court. The balance in one and two years from day of sale. The purchaser agrees to give his notes bearing interest from day of sale with good and sufficient security to be approved by the undersigned for the deferred payments, all cash at the option of the purchaser. Possession given on the first day of April, 1901.

**JAMES T. HAYS**,  
sept 14-15. Executor.

## ORDER NISI ON SALES.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF

FREDERICK COUNTY, MD.

August Term, 1900.

In the matter of the sale of the real estate of William Hiteshue, deceased.

In the matter of the report of sales, filed the 10th day of September, 1900.

Ordered, by the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, this 10th day of September, 1900, that the sale of the real estate of William Hiteshue, late of Frederick county, deceased, this day reported to this Court by his Administrator, d. b. n. c. t. a., be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 6th day of October, 1900, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Frederick county for three successive weeks prior to the 6th day of October, 1900.

The Executors' Report states the amount of sales to be Twenty-One Hundred and Thirty-Seven Dollars and Thirty-Three Cents. (\$2,137.33).

**G. BLANCHARD PHILPOT**,  
RUSSELL E. LIGHTER,  
JOS. M. NEIGHBOURS,  
Judges of the Orphans' Court.

True copy, test.

**CHAS. E. SAYLOR**, Register of Wills

**EUGENE L. ROWE**,  
sept 14-45. Administrator, d. b. n. c. t. a.

Will receive on Wednesday, Sept.

12th, a Load of Fine

## INDIANA HORSES

consisting of Smooth Chunks, Drivers, High Actors, Workers, Carriage and Business Horses, also several Extra Fine Saddle Horses. This is an extra fine load of horses. Mules always on hand.

**H. A. SPALDING**,  
sept 14-31. Littlestown, Pa.

## NEW STORE.

I have opened a Confectionery and Grocery Store in the room lately occupied by Mr. King, at West Main Street. A fine line of Candies, Coffees, Cakes, Glassware, Queensware, Cigars and Tobacco, Several Different Grades of Flour, Feed of all kinds, etc. My goods are all new, and prices right. Ice Cream on hand at all times. Give me a call.

Respectfully,  
**GEORGE E. CLUTZ**,  
June 1-4f

## FOR RENT.

A large and commodious dwelling house, quite near Mt. St. Mary's College, in excellent repair and well located. Can be rented on liberal terms. Inquire.

**VINCENT SEBOLD**,  
Emmitsburg, Md.

**VINCENT SEBOLD**,  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square, at Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate.

jan 29-4f.

## G. W. WEAVER &amp; SON

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Dress Goods,  
A Varied Assortment.

The feature of almost all stocks of this store is the vastness of assortments; this is so in an augmented degree of the

## New Dress Goods Stock.

There is not a taste that we will not be able to please, not a purse that we will not be able to suit, because we have all the fashionable weaves and colorings, in the greatest variety of prices.

## THE SUITINGS COMPRISE

## Homespuns, Cheviots, Coverts,

in the correct color mixtures with

## BROAD CLOTHS, HABIT CLOTHS,

## PEBBLE GRANITES, HENRIETTAS

and others in the colors that Dame Fashion asks for. This store has never been better than it is today—and we invite our community in full confidence of pleasing them in all their Dry Goods desires.

## THE LEADERS.

I. S. ANNAN.

I. S. ANNAN.

Prosperity is built on a cash foundation. The merchant who gives credit generally finds that his debtors use their cash where they can buy cheapest. Big profits and long credits never build a big business. It's the pushing, restless, bargain-selling spot cash merchants who are doing the bulk of the business and the people who buy at I. S. Annan's with their cash get a big discount of 5 per cent on all cash purchases.

## Straw Hats at Half Price,

they must go, come quick before they are all gone and get your 5 per cent. Come and examine our Lawns, greatly reduced in price they must be sold to get room for fall goods. Come quick and get the bargains.

## ROLLER BLINDS

complete for 10 cents a piece, and get 5 per cent. off if you pay the cash. I have a new lot of Boys' and Men's Caps just arrived, and am selling a boy's cap worth 25c. for 10c., and a man's cap worth 50c. for 15c. Come and examine them and if you want a cap I know you will purchase. Men's Night Shirts 50c. a piece, a good one. Boys' and Men's Working Shirts 25c. and up, a big line of these.

## Men's Working Gloves

10c. a pair and up. I have a bale of Unbleached Muslin of about 1500 yards, worth any persons 8c. per yard, which I am selling at 5c. per yard, in pieces of 4 to 15 yards by the piece. Come and look at this muslin, I know if you see it it will sell itself. Thanking you for past favors and hoping to receive a part of your future trade.

Sept. 22-1yr.

I. S. ANNAN.

## EMMIT HOUSE,

GEORGE M. RIDER, PROPRIETOR,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

The leading hotel in the town. Traveling men's headquarters. Bar supplied with choice liquors. A free bus from all trains. I also have a first-class Livory in connection with the hotel. nov. 26-1yr

## New Advertisements.

DAUCHY & CO.

Simply Send  
Your Address

on a postal and sufficient Electro-Silicon will be sent you, without charge, to clean all your silver.

FREE  
ELECTRO-SILICON

## SILVER POLISH

It's unlike all others. Gives the silversmith's brilliant quickly, easily and saves the silver. This free sample will prove it.

Sold in boxes by grocers and druggists, 75c. or sent postpaid by us for that amount in stamps. The Electro Silicon Co., 40 Cliff Street, New York

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**  
Gives the hair a beautiful growth. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Keeps the hair to its youthful color. Cures itching humors. Cures itching humors. Cures itching humors.

## EMMITSBURG MARKETS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Corrected by E. R. Zimmerman & Son.

Wheat, (dry).....\$ 64  
Rye..... 65  
Oats..... 65  
Corn, shelled per bushel..... 50  
Hay..... 6 00 @ 11 00

## Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.

Butter, per lb..... 14  
Eggs..... 14  
Chickens, per lb..... 7  
Spring Chickens per lb..... 8  
Ducks, per lb..... 7  
Potatoes, per bushel..... 40  
Dried Cherries, (seeded)..... 8  
Raspberries..... 7  
Blackberries..... 3  
Apples, (dried)..... 3  
Peaches, (dried)..... 40  
Onions, per bushel..... 8  
Lard, per lb..... 8  
Beef Hides..... 8

## LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Patterson Brothers.

Steers, per lb..... 4 @ 5  
Fresh Cows..... 30 00 @ 35 00  
Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb..... 25 @ 30  
Hogs, per lb..... 15 @ 16  
Sheep, per lb..... 15 @ 16  
Lambs, per lb..... 15 @ 16  
Calves, per lb..... 15 @ 16

McAllister & Co.,

3 N. CHARLES ST.,  
Baltimore, Md.



# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, entertainments, picnics, ice cream and cake festivals and similar enterprises, got up to make money, whether for churches, associations, or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 14, 1900.

PATRONIZE THE BAND FESTIVAL.

St. Euphemia's School re-opened on Monday morning with a large attendance.

CARROLL COUNTY continues to be excited over the "open road" question into Westminster.

MARTIN L. MAIN is converting the Surbridge bicycle factory at Hagerstown into a furniture factory.

According to the police census there are 132,823 voters in Baltimore city, and of this number 30,512 are colored.

HARRY STRAHORN, aged seventeen years, of Cecil county, received injuries by a fall from a horse which may prove fatal.

THERE is an ice famine at Williams port. On last Monday not a pound of ice could be purchased in that town at any price.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are prompt, palatable, pleasant, powerful, purifying little pills. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

The Westminster Volunteer Fire Department elected John T. Deer secretary and treasurer and J. Pearre Wantz assistant secretary.

PLANS have been completed for two mills to be erected by the Cumberland and Potomac Cement Manufacturing Company at Pinto, Allegany county.

WATER mains in Annapolis are being freely flushed to purify the water supply. Great complaint is made of the bad condition of the water.

The Washington County Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad is hauling daily from 10 to 25 carloads of peaches from points along the line.

To prevent consumption quickly cure throat and lung troubles with One Minute Cough Cure. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

HOWARD MARKER, 8 years old, son of Charles Marker, of Pleasant Valley, Carroll county, had his hand badly crushed in the cogwheels of a cornsheller.

The long drouth has threatened a water famine at Frederick. Reserve supply in the reservoirs is extremely low, and the sources have been diminished.

NEGOTIATIONS are pending for the purchase of four hundred acres of land on Sheepcut Bay for summer resort purposes. The site adjoins on the south that of Ocean City.

JOHN BAER, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was thrown from the top of a car and seriously injured. The accident took place near New Midway, Frederick county.

REV. CHARLES H. KNIGHT has been forced by reason of ill-health to give up the pastorate of the Reformed Church at Clear Spring, Washington county, and St. Paul's.

THE Weather Bureau reports the heated period which has prevailed almost continuously over the Eastern part of the United States since the early part of July, permanently broken.

REV. J. ADDISON INGLE, son of Rev. Dr. Osborne Ingle, of Frederick, who has been at home on a furlough after missionary work in China, has been ordered to resume his work there, and will leave shortly for the mission field.

REPUBLICANS of near Narrows Point, Allegany county, have organized a McKinley-Roosevelt-Pearre "full dinner pail" club, and have endorsed McKinley, Roosevelt and Pearre.

MESSRS. BASIL C. and Wm. N. Gilson have sold their farm containing 260 acres of land, situated near this place, to Mr. John H. Brown, of Fairfield, Pa., for \$8,000 cash.

WANTED.—A white woman to cook, wash and iron for a private family in Baltimore City. Comfortable room and home, and good wages. Address O. C. MARTINEZ, 21s. 22 E. Lexington St., Balto., Md.

STREET improvements have begun in Annapolis and this is likely to be followed by a "building boom," which is reported to be very desirable in view of the scarcity of residences for rent in the State capital at present.

The festival for the benefit of the Emmitt Cornet Band opened in Dr. Spangler's Opera House last night and will be continued to-night and to-morrow night. Everybody should attend this festival and give the Band boys a big send off.

The National Democratic Committee and the Democratic States Central Committee will have Senator Wellington's speech, delivered at Cumberland Tuesday night of last week, printed for general distribution. There is quite a demand for it.

On Thursday of last week Samuel and E. P. Brown, executors of estate of Philip Brown, of Fairfield, deceased, sold a farm situated in Liberty and Hamilton townships, containing 180 acres and 62 perches, improved, to Charles B. Harbaugh, of near Taneytown, at \$45 per acre.

IRWIN COLLEGE, a Baltimore and Ohio trainman, was beaten into insensibility and robbed near Hyndman by two white men and a negro. The white men are in jail, but the negro escaped.

THE farm of the late Ezra Cramer, containing 63 acres and adjoining the farm of Col. L. V. Baughman, was sold to Frederick Putnam at \$108.25 per acre. The Cramer home farm, near Mount Pleasant, containing 193 acres, was sold to Ezra Cramer, Jr., at \$75 per acre.

The annual Bean Soup under the auspices of Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R., was held in Mr. Stouter's Grove, on last Saturday. The attendance was large and the affair quite successful. Unfortunately a disturbance took place late in the evening in which several persons were more or less injured.

SOME ladies, children and gentlemen, who went out Sunday in a steam launch of the Naval Academy, were detained all night off Ray Ridge owing to an accident to the machinery of the boat. Farmers, seeing the predicament of the launch, helped to send the women and children home.

A DUAL celebration at Frederick served to produce a memorable Defender's Day. A Spanish trophy cannon was dedicated and the twenty-second anniversary of the foundation of the Improved Order of Heptasophs were the events of a long and never-tiring program.

The name of Joseph W. McFadden, a Baltimore boy who was killed while fighting in Cuba during the Spanish-American war, has been placed on a bronze tablet recently erected in the chapel at Fort Riley, Kan., to the memory of the heroes of the First United States Cavalry who were killed in Cuba.

JUDGE STAKE decided in a habeas corpus proceeding, in Washington county, that justices of the peace have no right to fine a man for selling on Sunday, but the grand jury was the proper body to take cognizance of such cases. The habeas corpus was in the case of John E. Crompt, of Pen-Mar, fined \$50 and costs for selling cigars on Sunday.

OLD Defenders' Day was celebrated with enthusiasm in Baltimore, Wednesday. The chief events were a demonstration at Darby Park by the Irish Volunteers, a tournament at the Maryland Line Confederate Soldiers' Home, at Pikesville; parade of the Boys' Brigade and a meeting of the Society of the War of 1812.

## PERSONALS.

Mr. James F. Hickey, of Hagerstown, spent Sunday in town.

Messrs. Emanuel Wolf and Frank Hoke, of Waynesboro, made their weekly visit to this place and Harney last Sunday.

Rev. and Mrs. Charles Reinwald have returned home from their vacation.

Mr. George S. Gillelan has gone to Philadelphia to spend a few weeks with his brother, Mr. Joshua T. Gillelan.

SUIT AGAINST A PHYSICIAN.

George L. Pendleton, a colored lawyer, of Annapolis, has instituted suit for \$1,000 damages against Rev. Abraham M. Evers, pastor of Grace United Brethren Church, Hagerstown, who is also a registered physician. Pendleton alleges Rev. Mr. Evers attempted to remove from his face or neck a growth and that the treatment made the growth bigger and deformed him, and was a drawback when he argued a case before a jury. Rev. Mr. Evers said Pendleton declined to take the full treatment.

## BALL SYSTEM OF JURORS.

Judge Boyd drew the grand and petit juries for the October term of Court at Cumberland, using the ball system for the first time in drawing a jury in Allegany county. The system is original with Judge Boyd, and worked admirably. Instead of placing the 200 names in the box numbered balls are used. A number is drawn from the box which corresponds with the number and name prepared on a sheet of paper. By this system there is a chance of a thorough mixing up.

## OUSTED BY THE TRUST.

Former employees of the Cumberland Steel and Tinplate Company, whose plant in Cumberland, was recently absorbed and closed by the Steel Trust, have started a move toward the erection of a new plant in Cumberland. They have raised \$5,000 toward such a plant. It is estimated that \$15,000 would be sufficient to start a small mill. The promoters are men of large experience. They propose to manufacture high-grade tool steel, which is always in demand. Many of the men who were thrown out of work by the shutdown of the steel mill own their own homes and are averse to leaving.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

John Saffer and wife to James A. Slagle, real estate in Frederick county, \$300.

James A. Slagle to John Saffer and wife, real estate in Frederick county, \$300.

Henry C. Henshaw and wife to the B. & O. Railroad Company, real estate in Frederick county, \$400.

John A. Roddy, of A., to Charles W. Rager, real estate in Frederick county, \$225.

Dr. J. G. Troxell to Frank J. Troxell, real estate in Frederick county, \$50.

CHARLES DOARNBERGER, who has served four years of a nine-year sentence in the penitentiary for robbing a Western Maryland freight car in Hagerstown, and Francis Watson, who has served two years of a three-year sentence in the penitentiary for the larceny of a bicycle from a Hagerstown dealer, have been pardoned. The pardon of Doarnberger provides that he shall leave the State at once and never return. Watson is a Pennsylvania school teacher. His pardon was recommended by Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania; Judge Edward Stake and ex-State Attorney Wagaman.

## DROUTH AND TYPHOID.

The country about Hancock, Washington county, is in the midst of a protracted drouth. Wells are going dry and streams are dried up entirely at many points. Farmers are hauling water for miles for their stock. Wells in Hancock are very low and some private owners have locked their pumps against heretofore users for their own protection. The unusual number of deaths from typhoid fever in that section are attributed to the condition of the water produced by the drouth.

The drouth has cut short the water supply at Loneconing and the water company is no longer able to supply water takers. It is with difficulty that enough water can be obtained to run manufacturing plants. The Potomac river is very low and the dams at Cumberland and Dam No. 6 can be crossed dryshod. Notwithstanding this, the water is quite clear. People have taken to canoeing again since the water has been purified.

## A FATAL ACCIDENT.

Tuesday afternoon at W. B. Miller's kindling wood mill in Salisbury, Allen Smith, aged about 15 years, who worked in the mill, was asked by some girl bundling to place a belt on a swiftly moving pulley.

He was caught in the shaft and in a moment his body was going around the shaft at break-neck speed. His feet struck the beams above and the flesh and bones in his right foot were terribly pounded and mashed. His left arm was broken below the elbow and wrist, and above his elbow the bone was broken entirely in two and was almost torn loose. It only hung to the remainder of his body by a thin thread of skin. His clavicle was also torn loose from the top of his breastbone, and there were many serious internal injuries.

Drs. Slemmons and Morris deemed it advisable to have the injured boy carried to the Peninsula General Hospital. Here his arm was amputated by Dr. Dick and Dr. Slemmons and the other injuries attended to, but about 9 o'clock the lad passed away. He regained consciousness once for a short time.

## SUDDEN DEATH OF MR. TAYLOR.

Mr. Hiram Taylor, a well-known resident of this District, died suddenly at his home, west of town, yesterday morning. Mr. Taylor had walked out on the porch when he suddenly fell and expired in a few minutes. He was in his usual state of health when the end came. His sudden and unexpected death was a great shock to the members of his family.

Mr. Taylor was a carpenter by trade and a life-long Democrat. A number of years he served as a member of the Board of County Commissioners.

Mr. Taylor never married. He is survived by two brothers, Messrs. William C. and James H. Taylor, and one sister, Mrs. Jane Corry.

The funeral services will be held at St. Anthony's Church, at Mt. St. Mary's, at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

## A TERRAPIN STORY.

Fifty-one years ago Mr. Samuel A. Haines, then a youth in the employ of the late Major Benjamin V. Bennett, saw in a field on the Major's farm, near Denning, in Carroll county, Md., a land terrapin, upon the shell of which he cut his initials and the figures 1849. A few days ago an employee of Mr. Bowers who is Mrs. Irene C. Bennett's tenant on the farm at this time, found the terrapin in the same field and carried it to Mr. Haines, who at once recognized the initials and date as his own work. Mr. Haines resides on a farm adjoining the Bennett place. He was surprised to see that the terrapin, after the lapse of so many years, was not changed in size or appearance and that the carving on its shell was perfectly distinct and clear. *Westminster Sentinel.*

## FEDERICK COMMITTEEMEN.

Mr. J. M. Birely, who, as chairman of the Republican primary held in Frederick City on Saturday last, was authorized to name the 25 members to represent the district in the County Central Committee, Monday named the following: J. M. Birely, Reno S. Harr, M. A. E. Biser, William T. Shook, M. A. Woodward, W. W. Fleming, Harvey R. Lease, D. H. Hargett, G. S. DeGrange, James P. Perry, Hammond Urner, Scott S. Welby, E. Y. Goldsboro, J. T. Davis, E. C. Markell, William H. Bell, Henry Wineberg, Roger Motter, George T. Day, Milton Derr, A. H. Harrington, William B. James, W. A. Woodward and Samuel Waters.

## SEVERELY INJURED.

Daniel Spielman, a young man living at Clearspring, Washington county, made a narrow escape from death Saturday afternoon while working in a well on the farm of Isaac Bowland, near Clearspring. Spielman was at the bottom of the well, and men at the top were lowering a heavy bucket, which struck the wall and knocked loose some of the stones. These stones fell, striking Spielman on the head and shoulders. He was quickly removed from the well and taken to his home, where physicians dressed his injuries. In addition to several scalp wounds and bruises on his back and shoulders, his nose was broken.

## YOUTH SHOT.

Clyde, the 17-year-old son of Charles H. Rector, of Grafton, W. Va., president of the Red Creek Lumber Company, was taken to Cumberland at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning on a special train, suffering from a bad gunshot wound in the abdomen, which was accidentally sustained while hunting. A successful operation was performed at the Western Maryland Hospital and it is thought the patient will recover.

The Orphans' Court for Washington county appointed Thomas H. Kailer administrator of the estate of the late Capt David Kailer, who left \$25,000 to relatives in a will which was declared invalid.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

A well attended Democratic meeting was held in Dr. Spangler's Opera House, in this place, on last Friday evening for the purpose of organizing a Democratic Club. The club was organized by electing Dr. James A. Mitchell, President, and W. H. Troxell, Secretary. The organization will be known as the Bryan Democratic Club, and the next regular meeting will be held in the Opera House, on Wednesday evening, September 19, at 8 o'clock, and meetings will be held weekly thereafter on Wednesday evenings.

The Republican District primary meeting to elect a new Central Committee, was held in Gelwick's Hall last Saturday evening and was largely attended. The new committee is composed of the following gentlemen: H. G. Winter, Jno. F. Adelsberger, Jno. A. Horner, A. M. Patterson, E. R. Zimmerman, Wm. A. Frailey, Victor E. Rowe, I. S. Annan, Geo. T. Gelwick, J. Stewart Annan, W. H. Weaver, Jacob W. Dubel, N. C. Stansbury, H. F. Maxell, James O. Harbaugh, Wm. D. Ohler, and Geo. P. Beam. The newly elected Central Committee will meet in Gelwick's Hall to-morrow evening, at 8 o'clock, to organize.

At the same meeting a McKinley, Roosevelt and Pearre Club was organized by electing Jesse C. Clagett, President; J. Thomas Gelwick, Vice-President; John F. Adelsberger, Secretary, and S. N. McNair, Treasurer. One hundred and forty-seven members were enrolled. The club will meet at Gelwick's Hall, every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.

## HARNEY ITEMS.

Milton Academy at Taneytown opened on Monday with its usual large support from Harney, as follows: Misses Hattie L. Harner and Marion Shoemaker; Messrs. Russell S. Shoemaker, Raymond A. Kephart, Daniel W. Bowersox, Mervin Elyer, J. M. Eckenrode, Charles W. Hess and Tharlow W. Null. Our Public School opened on Monday with a large attendance. This year the Languages will be taught.

Mr. Tobias Eckenrode, owner of the Union Hotel of which Mr. Six is the proprietor, has been repairing the property by placing new curbing in front of the building and by filling the alley. This adds greatly to the appearance and comfort of the place.

Mr. J. I. Ohler, who has recently been clerking in the store at Johnsville, Md., has been enrolled as clerk in Mr. D. J. Hesson's store, this place. Mr. Ohler has had considerable practice in the business and we are confident he will be a good, profitable annex.

Mr. Chas. W. Staub, of this place, who had recently gone to Baltimore and joined the night police force, has taken upon himself the marriage vows, the bride being Miss McLeary, of Baltimore City.

Miss Fannie Herr, of Harney, and Mr. William Arentz, of Two Taverns, were married last week at the home of the bride.

## ELECTRIC RAILROAD.

The stockholders of the Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg, Electric Railway Company, who propose running an electric road from the national capital to the National Cemetery at Gettysburg, have elected the following directors: Col. L. Victor Baughman, Hon. John C. Motter, John Baumgardner, William H. Hinks, Dr. T. E. R. Miller, C. R. Nutt, Dr. F. B. Smith, Col. L. T. Brien, Charles Wertheimer, Isaac S. Annan, D. C. Walker, C. C. Walker, C. C. Waters, C. E. Cassell, John R. Stoner, Col. D. C. Winebrenner, E. R. Zimmerman and Alex. Ramsburg. The board organized by electing Colonel Baughman president, Col. D. C. Winebrenner first vice-president, I. S. Annan, second vice-president, Charles C. Waters secretary, Dr. F. B. Smith treasurer and William H. Hinks attorney.

The matter of building the road was talked over at length, and it was decided to place the matter in the hands of a committee of seven, who were given the power to build the entire road or any part of it, whatever they deemed best and wisest. The committee was appointed as follows: Colonel Baughman, Colonel Winebrenner, Dr. F. B. Smith, D. C. Walker, Colonel Brien, Charles E. Cassell and Charles Wertheimer.

## CHILD AND SNAKE.

The strange story of a child feeding a snake was witnessed a few days ago at Millstone, Washington county. Solomon Herbert stated that his little grandson, Willie Rice, 2 years old, while playing in the yard, shared his nibbling bottle with a great fat, shiny black snake. The child was thought to have an abnormal appetite. He usually took his bottle after being filled, into the yard, where it was supposed he enjoyed it himself. One day the bottle was filled with coffee, well diluted with cream. The little fellow went into the yard and soon returned for more, calling to his grandfather to go out and see something. Mr. Herbert followed his grandson, who went to where the snake lay. The babe sucked awhile, and then the snake sucked. When the babe sucked too long the snake showed signs of restlessness. When the bottle was finished the reptile crawled down a hole near the cellar door. It is thought the child had been sharing his bottle with the snake for many days.

## FATAL DRIVING ACCIDENT.

Elias Mayers, aged 76 years, of Littlestown, was killed in a runaway accident Tuesday evening. Mr. Mayers was driving along a country road when a steam well-boring machine approached his team, frightening the horse and causing him to dash off at great speed. The old gentleman was too feeble to control the animal, and the buggy was upset, throwing Mr. Mayers to the ground with such force that he died in a short time.

## STATE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

Hon. Thomas A. Smith, Chief of the Bureau of Industrial Statistics, has decided to start a State Employment Bureau under the auspices of his department. The main object of the Bureau is to bring the employer and employee together without cost to either party. It is believed that farmers and employers in the various counties of the State, as well as the city, often require help, mechanics and laboring men and women, but owing to the trouble of securing same are compelled to wait until they make a visit to the city or depend upon the various employment bureaus run for a profit. On the other hand there are many work-people who do not possess the necessary amount of money to pay for enrollment in these bureaus or whose wages are too meagre to spare even a dollar or two demanded by these agencies after the employment is secured.

It is thought that the Bureau of Industrial Statistics may accomplish this work with little cost, if the effort to be made is seconded by the press of the State and the various labor organizations and work-people generally.

For the present the following programme has been mapped out: A book will be opened at the Bureau, Room 408, Merchants' National Bank Building, South and Second streets, Baltimore, Md., on which the name of any person can be registered seeking employment. The person must apply to the office, stating age, residence, kind of work wanted and reference. Employers of all kinds of labor are requested to file applications for help by letter or otherwise. The Bureau will at once put the two in communication with each other, or where positive instructions are given will send the applicant to the employer at once with letter.

While this is being done a list of labor organizations will be arranged and the officers of such requested to keep the Bureau posted as to mechanics out of employment and how they can be easily reached, so that the wants of the county employers can be quickly supplied.

Of course, as there is no appropriation for the work at present, the effort will be limited, but it is hoped to demonstrate by the next session of the Legislature that this is a work both of practicability and usefulness to the people of the State.

The State of Illinois has established three employment bureaus in the city of Chicago. They were opened August 2, 1899, and up to date of July 23, 1900, had accomplished the following good work:

Applications for employment.....44,267  
Number of positions secured.....32,713  
Applications for help.....39,539  
Applications for help unfilled.....6,827

It will be seen by the above figures what an immense amount of good has been accomplished by the Illinois Bureau in securing work for the unemployed, and if only a small proportion of such work can be accomplished by the Maryland Bureau, the Legislatures will have sufficient data to base any legislation upon that may be deemed necessary.

There will be absolutely no discrimination between applicants, the first come being the first served. That is, the list will be strictly adhered to and persons on that list assisted to employment according to rotation. It is proposed to enroll men and women alike, without reference to race, creed or color, and endeavor to help all kinds of labor, from house help to factory or shop.

The employers of the State can make the effort a success by tendering their aid and sending to the Bureau for help of all kinds, while it remains to be seen whether those out of employment will avail of the opportunity offered.

## SEMINARIANS' RETREAT.

The Seminarians at the College, some forty in number, made a course of religious meditations during the week just closed, under the direction of Father Goeding, S. J., of St. John's College, Fordham, New York City. Perfect retirement and absolute silence are a feature of the retreat which all Catholic ecclesiastics are bound, once a year, to make. On Sunday and Monday Bishop Curtis, Vicar General of Baltimore, conferred Sacred and Minor Orders on several candidates of the class of Theology imposing hands and ordaining the following gentlemen to the grade of Deacon: Rev. John Devine, of the Diocese of Louisville; Rev. Michael McGuire, of Newark, N. J., diocese; Rev. John McGoldrick, of Brooklyn, N. Y., diocese; Rev. Michael Enright, of Little Rock, Ark., diocese; Rev. Daniel Hogan, of Mobile, Ala., diocese.

The College opened on Wednesday morning with solemn religious services, Mass of the Holy Ghost being celebrated by the Very Rev. President, Father O'Hara, assisted by the reverend members of the Faculty and students in residence, the corps of lay professors being also present.

## LOCK-KEEPER DROWNED.

Noah Nalley, aged 31 years, was drowned Monday evening in Chaney's Lock, on the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, four miles southwest of Downsville, Washington county. He had been the lock tender for about five years. His wife called him to supper. He replied that he would come after he had crossed the lock to pull some corn. Soon after he locked a canalboat, and that was the last seen of him alive. When he did not come as promised, his wife started out to hunt him. She saw his hat floating on the water in the lock. She called to some men and expressed her fears. He was found about 20 feet below the lock. He was a good swimmer, but it is thought when he fell in he injured himself and was prevented from saving himself.

Edguate Vogt Bowels With Castorets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 12c, 25c. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

## A FATAL DINNER.

Two aged women living in Sulphur Hollow, on the road just beyond the Catholic Cemetery of Cumberland, died on Saturday night, the symptoms indicating arsenical poisoning. Another woman who partook of food with them was made ill after the meal. A baby was also sick and a dog was also reported to be sick for a time. The dead are Mrs. Margaret Kark, aged 83 years, and Mrs. Katherine Heir, aged 74 years.

Mrs. Kark's grandnephew, Peter Spies, Mrs. Spies (who is a daughter of Mrs. Heir) and the 2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Spies lived in the same house, which was the property of Mrs. Kark. Mrs. Heir, a neighbor, was at the house for dinner with Mrs. Spies and Mrs. Kark. Mrs. Spies being at work at the time. The dinner consisted of pancakes, bread and butter and coffee, and was prepared by Mrs. Spies.

At this point it is timely to record Mrs. Spies' denial of a rumor that she had gotten hold of some poison instead of the baking powder used in the preparation of the cakes and to further record the assertion of the Spieses that there was no poison in the house.

It is not definitely established to what portion of the meal the fatal illness of the two women can be ascribed, but the authorities have possession of the can of baking powder, some remnants of the pancakes, some of the coffee grounds and the stomachs of the deceased women, all of which were taken to Baltimore by Dr. George L. Carder for examination by the State Chemist.

Mrs. Spies says the baby was the first one in the household to become sick. She herself, also became sick, and Mrs. Kark became so ill that Dr. J. Jones Wilson was sent for. He prescribed for the illness, and Mr. Spies, when he came, went for the medicine, but Mrs. Kark was found in her room dead when the medicine had been procured. This was about 8 o'clock at night.

Mrs. Heir became sick shortly after reaching her home, near by, and said she was going to die. Dr. H. H. Stansbury was sent for and Mrs. Heir was unable to give any account of her ailment after his arrival, further than to indicate her desire for water when the doctor questioned her on that point. Mrs. Heir died at 9.50 o'clock.

When Undertaker Lewis Stein arrived and realized that Mrs. Kark did not die a natural death he refused to complicate affairs by using embalming fluid, and communicated the situation to the coroner, Theodore Ogle, who with Dr. Stansbury and Dr. George L. Carder, went out to the place shortly before midnight. The two doctors made the post-mortem, removing the stomachs of the deceased. Dr. Carder secured the samples of the baking powder and coffee grounds. Mrs. Spies said the chickens had eaten up the pancakes, but State's Attorney John G. Wilson found a piece in the chicken yard on Sunday.

To Dr. Carder Mrs. Spies on Saturday night related the symptoms of her own illness, which tallied exactly with those of the other women. She said she vomited, that she was slightly giddy, that she could not get water enough and that she felt "trembly" in her lower limbs. It was thought by many that the well water on the premises had something to do with the sickness, but this does not appear to furnish a solution of the mystery, as the water was used before they sat down to the meal. The theory that the pancakes contained poison is slightly weakened by Mrs. Spies' statement that the baby did not eat any of the pancakes, and had nothing at the dinner but condensed milk, which was not used by the others at the table. A young woman who lives in the neighborhood is reported to have drunk some of the coffee an hour after the dinner without evil consequences. It is reasonably certain that something partaken of at the meal caused the whole illness, and despite the fact that the baby is said to have become ill and to have eaten no pancakes, the presumption that the poison will be found to have been contained in the pancakes is the most likely in the present incomplete state of facts.

There are rumors that the poisoning was not accidental, but there is nothing positive to justify such suspicions, which are rather from the lack of a satisfactory explanation of the tragedy than from any facts.

Both the women who died belonged to the German Lutheran Church, and were buried at a double funeral. Mrs. Heir was the victim of an attempted felonious assault at the hands of William Parrish, colored, who was shot and killed by John Meyers while pursuing her. Some think a friend of Parrish, out of revenge, may have used poison on Mrs. Heir.—Sun.

## HORRORS OF WAR.

Charles W. Rouzer, son of Mrs. Elmer R. Rouzer, of Thurmont, Frederick county, who is a member of the battalion of marines now in China, writes to his mother that he was wounded in the shoulder by the bursting of a sharp shell overhead in the capture of the city of Tientsin.

He gives a thrilling description of the fight in the trenches, of the 900-yard charge to the city gate, the terrible slaughter of the Chinese and the distressing sight of wounded women and children within the walled city. The sharp shell that wounded him killed his companion, W. McConkey. According to their agreement he notified his friend's sister, Miss M. McConkey, of Jersey City, of her brother's fate.

Mr. Rouzer stated that if he lived to go through the campaign he would return home, where he would spend the remainder of his days, as he would have enough to think of when he would recall the horrors of the attack and fall of Tientsin. He says the marines were side by side with the Ninth Infantry, whose loss in dead and wounded exceeded 30 per cent. Fourteen marines were killed and 30 wounded in the fight.—Sun.

JOHN MYERAND, of Philadelphia, sustained painful injuries by falling from a bicycle which he was riding down the mountain from Blue Ridge Summit to Waynesboro, Pa. He was riding from Philadelphia to St. Louis on a wager.

## STRIKE OF CIGARMAKERS.

A strike was ordered Monday morning by Cigarmakers' Union, No. 316, of McSherrystown, approved by the Cigarmakers' International Union, which called from work 650 cigarmakers in Hanover, McSherrystown and Mount Rock.

The strike had its origin in the shop of Abraham F. Hostetter, in Hanover, because of a cut of \$1 per thousand for making a certain cigar. The employees went out last Friday. The Cigarmakers' Union requested the adoption of the union shop system in factories where union men are in the majority. This the different manufacturers refused to do. Several conferences have been held with the manufacturers without result and the strike was accordingly ordered.

The strikers were employed in the factories of Samuel L. Johns, John A. Poist & Co., Frank X. Smith, Soss & Co., Charles H. Busbey and William L. Busbey, at McSherrystown; T. I. Smith, at Mount Rock, and Abraham F. Hostetter, at Hanover.

The most dainty and effective pills made are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are unequalled for all liver and bowel troubles. Never gripe. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

## FRANK B. G. MILLER DEAD.

Frank B. G. Miller, agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Frederick Junction, died Wednesday aged 63 years. He was one of the oldest telegraph operators in the country and was agent at Frederick Junction for 30 years. During the Civil War he rendered valuable aid to the Government as an operator, for which he was voted a certificate of honor. One of his most heroic feats was when he swam the Potomac river at Hancock, when it was raging with floating ice, and climbing a telegraph pole, tapped the wire and apprised the Government of the sudden advances of the Confederate forces. Thomas Eckert, now president of the Western Union Company, received this important message in Washington. He also superintended the construction of the first military wires in Maryland. He was a member of Columbia Lodge of Masons of Frederick. He leaves several grown children.

You can spell it cough, cough, cough, kaff, kaff, cough or laugh, but the only harmless remedy that quickly cures it is One Minute Cough Cure. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

## A REMARKABLE EXPERIENCE.</



A LUMBER SONG.

Sleep, my beloved. To sleep and dream is best.  
The night to us is peace, the day unrest.  
For day, while parted, brings to us but pain;  
In dreams we live the dear past o'er again.

We weep not in our sleep;  
Our tears are for the day,  
Which smiles, while I but weep,  
For sleep art far away.

Pushed by the voice of the earth day,  
His feet and hands and narrow nostrils;  
Forgetting the interval of years,  
Since last we met, with all their bitter tears.

Sleep, love. To dream is best.  
Our waking is but pain;  
In sweetest sleep we rest,  
And live the past again.

Sleep, my love, and let thy dreams of me  
Wake or dream, I still think of thee.  
But dreams make present time of all the past;  
The night restores thee—would my dreams might last!

Dream, dear, till the day breaks  
And earthly shadows flee,  
Where none to grieve thee wakes,  
And I be with thee.

—Neil Macdonald in Harper's Bazar.

THEY GOT FRESH AIR.

The Door Remained Open After a Very Forceful Argument.

An old story is told of Joseph Robidoux, the founder of St. Joseph, that had its origin in Holt county in the early settlement of that section. The trader who started the city was returning to St. Joseph with a number of red men, and they stopped with an acquaintance of Robidoux's close to the house, and Robidoux went in to remain overnight as the guest of his friend.

The settler closed the front door after they had retired, and Robidoux, who was used to sleeping in the open air, went softly to it and opened it. The owner of the house waited until Robidoux was in bed again, and the settler closed it. "The next time that door is closed there will be trouble," said the man who had founded St. Joseph. He resumed his couch with that.

The owner of the house closed the door, and Robidoux met him as he was returning to his bed. They clinched and fought by the light of the moon that came in through the window. It was a hard fight and lasted a long time, but at last Robidoux had the settler on his back and sat astride of him. He tangled his hands in his hair and bumped his head against the paneled door. "Open or shut?" he asked. The settler struggled, but did not say a word. His head was bumped many times, and the question was repeated.

Finally the settler was exhausted. His head was bumped again, and Robidoux asked, "Open or shut?" "Open," answered the settler, and they went to bed with the door standing wide open, admitting the fresh air.—Kansas City Journal.

ARMORED COFFINS.

They Were Once Used in a Churchyard in Scotland.

In the earlier half of the nineteenth century the practice of stealing bodies from the churchyards for the purpose of sale as subjects for dissection, which was known as "body snatching," was for a time very rife.

Various plans were made to defeat the nefarious and sacrilegious proceedings of the "body snatchers," or "resurrectionists," as they were sometimes called, a very common one being the erection of two or more small watch-houses whose windows commanded the whole burying ground, and in which the friends of the deceased mounted guard for a number of nights after the funeral.

A usual method of the grave robbers was to dig down to the head of the coffin and bore in it a large round hole by means of a specially constructed center bit. It was to contrive this maneuver that the two curious coffin-like relics now lying on either side of the door of the ruined church of Aberfoyle, in Perthshire, were constructed. They are solid masses of cast iron of enormous weight.

When an interment took place one of these massive slabs was lowered by suitable devices, tackles and chains on to the top of the head of the grave was filled in, and there it lay for some considerable time. Later on the grave was opened and the iron armor plate was removed, and laid aside ready for another funeral.

These contrivances still lie on the grass of the lonely little churchyard, objects of curiosity to the passing cyclist and tourist.—Scientific American.

The Explanation.

One morning a certain newspaper was perplexed to see in type the announcement that "the Scotts handed down an important decision yesterday." The afternoon paper of the town, with which the morning paper for years had held a bitter controversy, interesting none but themselves, laughed at that day, as the poets say, "in ghoulish glee," and it was up to the morning paper the next day to explain that "the types" made them say that the Scotts did so and so when the telegraph editor should have known that that word was merely the abbreviation of the telegraph for supreme court of the United States.

Municipal Ownership.

Municipal ownership long ago passed out of the stage of theory and experiment. It, in fact, it ever belonged there, centuries before America was discovered public ownership of public utilities was being dropped. The city of Rome 2,000 years ago possessed its splendid public baths, its superb aqueducts and other utilities owned and managed by the government.

No wonder they call it roasting a man to make him over the coals.—Philadelphia Record.

All men of genius are said to have eyes clear, slow moving and bright. This is the eye which indicates mental ability of some kind, it doesn't matter what.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

of

Castoria.

It is a fact that the kind you have always bought is the kind you should buy.

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A NIGHT OF TORTURE

IT BROUGHT A FORTUNE TO ITS INNOCENT VICTIM.

Twice Struck Up by Lynchers, He Confessed to Murder and Was afterward Indicted and Recovered \$25,000 From His Assaults.

Late in the fifties George W. King was the proprietor of a hotel in Oxford, 20 miles from Lafayette, Ind. In 1859 a stranger arrived at the hotel and gave his name as Dr. Rowe. He told King that he had no money and asked King to be trusted for his board till he could get practice in the place, promising to pay him as promptly as possible. King consented to the arrangement, and Rowe soon became a favorite with the people on account of his companionable disposition and superior intelligence. The doctor, however, fell deeper and deeper in debt. He had been at the hotel for nearly a year when King reminded him one morning that he had not paid anything on his board bill for three months. The conversation, it afterward appeared, was overheard by some one in the hotel, though nothing was thought of it at the time.

A week after the conversation Rowe was called out late at night to see a patient and failed to return. Days passed without any word from him, and his disappearance soon was connected with the conversation that had passed between him and the landlord about the unpaid board. One night three months later a party of disguised men entered the hotel and, overpowering King, took him to a woodland adjoining the town.

He negated the voices of several of his captors and especially of the leader, who told him that he was suspected of murdering Rowe and demanded that he confess. King stoutly maintained his innocence, and the leader of the mob ordered his companions "to strangle him up." A rope was placed around his neck, a dozen men pulled down a stout limb, over which the other end of the rope was thrown, and when the limb was released it carried King off his feet and left him hanging by the neck.

He was nearly unconscious when let down and again ordered to confess. After much delay he was restored sufficiently to understand what was said to him, and he again refused, declaring his innocence and saying he did not know what had become of Rowe. A second time he was strung up and a second time let down, but life was nearly extinct, and he was much longer in being restored than before.

The luckless landlady knew he could not pass through another such ordeal and live, so he consented to confess. He purposely lengthened the confession in order to gain time, and said that he and two men, named Rogers and Haggard, had poisoned some whiskey and induced Rowe to drink it, and after his death they had buried him in a hollow some distance away. It was nearly daylight when the confession was made, and the lynchers determined to take King to jail in Lafayette and then arrest Rogers and Haggard.

Before the jail was reached day had dawned, and King recognized his captors as members of the Horse Thieves' Detective company of Benton, Warren and Tippecanoe counties, nearly all of whom were known to him. Confident of his guilt, the men made no attempt to conceal their identity. So great was the excitement and so intense the feeling against King that he waived examination and went to jail, hoping that something would turn up to establish his innocence.

From the jail at Lafayette King addressed letters to editors of papers in Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and other cities, setting out the circumstances of his confinement and asking them to keep his letter in the papers by hopes that it might fall under Rowe's notice. The appeal was a partly one and was copied into many papers throughout the northwest.

Two weeks after its first appearance Dr. Rowe rode into Oxford and, attended by a number of citizens, proceeded to Lafayette, where his appearance caused the immediate release of the accused landlady. In explanation of his disappearance Rowe said he had left his home in the east on account of domestic troubles; that he had learned that his wife was on her way to Oxford and he had determined to leave the place secretly in order to prevent her from learning where he had gone. He had gone to a little town in southern Illinois, and it was there that he learned that the man who had befriended him was suspected of his murder and was in jail in Lafayette.

As soon as King was released he brought suit against 32 members of the Horse Thieves' Detective company for \$5,000 each and also against the company as a corporation. Thomas A. Hendricks, afterward vice president, was his counsel, but the case was not allowed to come to trial, the lynchers compromising by paying King \$25,000. With this money he purchased a farm and other property near Lafayette, where he lived till his death, at the age of 78 years.—Indianapolis Correspondent.

Famous Gamblers.

Mine, du Barry was the most famous woman gambler of the time of Louis XVI, but with her it was only a pastime. But Mine Penitard went in with the sole object of winning if she could. It is recorded that her winnings were enormous, and that in a single game she eased the pockets of the king of 25,000 louis d'ors (\$125,000).

OF HIS MIND.

"Have you forgotten that X that you borrowed from me some time ago?" "Oh, no, I still have it in my mind."

"Well, don't you think this would be a good time to relieve your mind of it?"

A Natural Inquiry.

"Papa," said Tommy Treadway. "Now, Tommy," replied Mr. Treadway, "I shall answer only one more question today. So be careful what you ask."

"Yes, papa."

"Well, go on."

"Why don't they bury the Dead?"

—Household Words.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

Don't tobacco spit and smoke your life away. Don't let the smoke of a pipe or cigar burn your throat and lungs. Don't let the smoke of a pipe or cigar burn your throat and lungs. Don't let the smoke of a pipe or cigar burn your throat and lungs.

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THE HEADLESS HORSEMAN.

An Incident That Happened in the Franco-Prussian War.

It is a peculiar circumstance that hardened and trained troops will go through a long fight surrounded by all the horrors that are inseparable from war without flinching and with the utmost apparent coolness, and the same men will be struck terrified by a single trifling incident.

Every war of importance, particularly wars between civilized nations, is prolific in incidents of trivial character in themselves, but so unusual and unnatural that they appeal to the natural instinctive horror of men more suddenly and intensely than perhaps the main terrors of days of carnage and surrounding scenes of suffering. Such an incident is the one, for example, which occurred at the battle of Worth in the early days of the Franco-Prussian war.

In the heat of the great battle a wing of the Prussian army was charged by the regiments of French cuirassiers in the hope of turning the wing and facilitating the falling back of the French infantry. But the cuirassiers were driven back by the unflinching Prussians. Again the cuirassiers charged, and again they were driven back by the withering fire of shot and shell.

For a third time they came down again, and as the enemy waited for them to draw nearer a horrible, blood-freezing terror seized the Prussians, and for a moment it looked as if they would turn and fly or be cut down without defending themselves. But in a moment they had pulled themselves together and beaten back for the third and last time the gallant cuirassiers.

The sight that terrified the Prussians appears nothing very much in black and white. It was a regiment of cuirassiers led at a dashing rate toward them by a headless officer sitting upright in his saddle and apparently encouraging his men after having been decapitated by a cannon ball.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

WHAT ARE VOLCANOES?

They Are Not Burning Mountains as We Understand That Term.

"What are volcanoes?"

Nine out of every ten persons would immediately have an answer for some sort to the question above, for have they not a lively remembrance of having learned in their school days that "a volcano is a burning mountain, from the summit of which are sent out smoke and flames?" This popular fancy has been exploded by scientists, whose work is to explode popular fancies.

In the first place, volcanoes are not necessarily mountains. In reality they are just the reverse—that is, holes in the earth's crust. Out of these are thrown the materials which, accumulating, form the heaps which we popularly call mountains.

These are, then, the result and not the cause of the action. Neither are they "burning," as we understand the term. There is no combustion, for any action we might reasonably call "burning."

The action need not necessarily take place at the summit, for eruptions are as frequent at the sides or even at the base. The so-called "smoke" is nothing more or less than the clouds of condensing steam which are formed on every occasion when an eruption occurs.

Lastly, the "flames," so called, are merely the reflection of the mass of molten rock and material inside the crater on the clouds of steam above, thus appearing as a glowing light. The friction, too, set up by the motion of the materials causes electricity, and hence the lightning discharges which add to the illuminating effect.—Pearson's Magazine.

Ben Brummel and His Boots.

In the "Reminiscences and Recollections of Captain Brown" (who was himself a famous actor) occurs the following anecdote of Ben Brummel, the time being 1815.

The dandy's dress consisted of a blue coat, with brass buttons, leather breeches and top boots, and it was the fashion to wear a deep, stiff white cravat, which prevented you from seeing your boots while standing.

All the world watched Brummel to imitate him, and order their clothes of the tradesman who dressed that sublime dandy. One day a youthful beau approached Brummel and said:

"Permit me to ask you where you get your backing?" "Ah," replied Brummel, gazing calmly at his boots, "my backing positively ruins me. I will tell you in confidence. It is made with the finest champagne!"

An Unexplainable Fact.

"The old superstition," said a leading physician, "that when death lays his hand on us our bodily health is made perfect has now been substantiated by the most advanced medical science. People dying of paralysis and bodily ailments which have kept them confined to their couches for years and palsied their limbs so that movement was impossible regain all their physical strength just as they cross the borderland. No; we can't explain why. All we know is this is the case."

Wanted to Remain Popular.

"I have only one request to make before I go," said the prominent Kansan on his deathbed, "and that is that my real friends will shoot the man who, after I am gone, starts a movement to erect a statue of me by popular subscription. I am supposed to be popular, and after I am gone I don't want that idea broken."—Wichita Eagle.

No Fun.

May-You didn't go to the theater with your Cousin Tom after all? I thought your fiancée had no objection. Mabel-He hadn't. That's why I didn't go.—Judy.

A Natural Inquiry.

"Papa," said Tommy Treadway. "Now, Tommy," replied Mr. Treadway, "I shall answer only one more question today. So be careful what you ask."

"Yes, papa."

"Well, go on."

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