

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

W. H. TROXELL, Editor & Publisher.

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VOL. XXII.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1900.

NO. 14.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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In Use For Over 30 Years.

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In Spring and Summer

Shoes and Slippers

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A large and well selected stock of Men's, Women's, Boys' and Children's Shoes. Latest Styles. Prices Moderate. 18 Different Styles of Douglas Shoes in Tan and Black. Children's Shoes for 25, 35, 40, 50, 60, 75 cents a pair in Button and Lace, Black and Tan. A good assortment of Women's fine Shoes for \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.65, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, and \$3.00 a pair, in Button and Lace. I have Ladies' Fine Shoes that are Perfectly Smooth Inside, no Nails, Tacks or Wax Thread to hurt the feet. Call and examine them. No trouble to show my assortment of shoes whether you intend buying or not. Guarantee prices as low as you will find any place for good shoes. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Respectfully,

M. FRANK ROWE.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're in danger. You're liable to become constipated, and the result is a weak, nervous, and irritable system. You're liable to become constipated, and the result is a weak, nervous, and irritable system. You're liable to become constipated, and the result is a weak, nervous, and irritable system.



KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

Invest with you whether you continue the nerve-racking habit of using cathartics, or if you prefer to use a safe, reliable, and effective remedy. You're liable to become constipated, and the result is a weak, nervous, and irritable system. You're liable to become constipated, and the result is a weak, nervous, and irritable system. You're liable to become constipated, and the result is a weak, nervous, and irritable system.



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This Institution is pleasantly situated in a healthy and picturesque part of Frederick Co., half a mile from Emmitsburg, and two miles from Mount St. Mary's College. Terms—Board and tuition per academic year, including bed and bedding, washing, mending and Doctor's fee, \$200. Letters of inquiry directed to the Mother Superior, mar 15-14

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Monuments, Tombstones and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed. may 20-1yr

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See clubbing arrangements in other parts of paper.

Entered at the postoffice at Baltimore, Md., as second-class matter, April 13, 1894.

Chas. C. Fulton & Co.
FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
American Office,
BALTIMORE, MD.

No Need To Cross.

Brooker T. Washington tells the following story of a member of the "p'oh white trash" who endeavored to cross a stream by means of a ferry owned by a black man:

"Uncle Mose," said the white man, "I want to cross, but I hain't got no money."

Uncle Mose scratched his head. "Doan' you got no money 'tall?" he queried.

"No," said the wayfaring stranger, "I haven't a cent."

"But it done cost but t'ree cents," insisted Uncle Mose, "ter cross de ferry."

"I know," said the white man, "but I haven't got the three cents."

Uncle Mose was in a quandary. "Boss," he said, "I done tole you what. Er man what's got no t'ree cents am jes' ez well off on dis side ob de river as on de odder."—Chicago Ledger.

MILLIONS will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspeptics used to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

"SOCIETY is getting fearfully mixed; it is embarrassing to meet one's landlord at a garden party."

"Yes; especially if you are behind with the rent."—Detroit Free Press.

THE coast line of the Chinese Empire exceeds 2,500 miles, and the land frontier 4,400 miles.

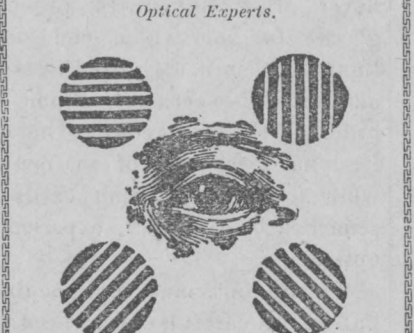
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Charles H. Fletcher

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American Lever Watches,
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Can You See These Lines? With Equal Distinctness?

If not, then it is ninety-nine out of a hundred chances that you need glasses; consult us—we'll not charge you anything to examine your eyes and find out the trouble.

Gold Glasses \$5.

Not plated or rolled gold, but solid gold rims, just the thing for a present to some older folks.

And do you know, two pairs of glasses are a blessing to those who don't, but who have to hunt for the one pair when it is mislaid.

You save lots of annoyance, time and trouble, much more than their cost by having two pairs instead of one.

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where members of the firm and only members of the firm make the examinations.

3 N. Charles Street,
Baltimore, Md.

Pekin Captured.

HISTORY OF THE TROUBLE IN CHINA.

The allied armies in China entered Pekin August 15, and rescued the legations. The allies entered the capital in the evening and surrounded the legations, whose inmates were safe. The allied forces met with obstinate resistance from the Chinese. The Japanese loss was over 100 men, but the loss of the other allies is not given. The Chinese loss is estimated at 300.

History of The Trouble in China.

The trouble in China began in May, when the missionaries and ministers were threatened at various times by the Boxers. Letters received since the outbreak show that the missionaries considered the peril great even in April. The outbreak at Pekin started on June 13, when the German legation arrested an anti-Christian brigand. This was the signal for an anti-Christian uprising, and at six in the evening the anti-Christians set fire to the American Church and burned it to the ground. The Europeans then barricaded the legations, and the rioters sacked and burned the houses in the European quarter. By June 18 the legations were besieged, and the Chinese government attempted to invoke the aid of M. De Giers, the Russian minister, and Mr. Conger to prevent the advance of Russian troops to Pekin.

The bombardment of the legations began June 20 by the Boxers and some of the troops of the Empress, and continued almost daily until July 16, when news reached Pekin of the fall of Tien Tsin.

Marine Guards Landed.

Marine guards for the Pekin legations were landed from the warships at Taku on May 29, in response to requests for Minister Conger and others, and were consigned by special train to Pekin two days later. The force numbered 350 officers and men of the six powers chiefly involved. Three days after its arrival all railroad traffic between Pekin and Tien Tsin was suspended. On June 5 the Boxers attacked and defeated the soldiers guarding the line.

Following the killing of the Japanese chancellor of legation by soldiers of the Empress' guard on June 11, the Boxers next day made an open attack upon a British patrol. At the same time the relief expedition under Admiral Seymour set out from the coast.

Seymour's force included 915 British, 350 Germans, 300 Russians, 158 French, 104 Americans, 52 Japanese, 40 Italians and 25 Austrians. Reports from Pekin at this time said that 10,000 Chinese troops under General Tung Fu Siang were prepared to prevent Seymour's men from entering Pekin.

The assassination of the German Minister, Baron Von Ketteler, and the destruction of many of the legations was learned on June 16. This was denied several times, but was confirmed on July 1. Reports from Chinese sources insisted that all the ministers were safe, and some messages stated that they had left Pekin. The retreat of Seymour without having reached the capital, and his final rescue ten miles from Tien Tsin, renewed the most serious fears for the ministers and those with them.

It became known on June 30 that the Chinese had, on June 19, given the ministers twenty-four hours to leave Pekin, which they had refused to do. Thereafter, persistent reports of massacre were sent out from Shanghai and elsewhere, to be promptly denied by the Chinese viceroys in the south and the ministers in this country and Europe. Reports on July 5 declared that all the foreigners were dead, and that the Emperor and the Empress Dowager had been poisoned. A message, in which Sir Robert Hart declared the situation "desperate" on June 25, was followed by more reports of torture and death. On July 12 it was admitted that no authentic word of the legation's fate had come from Pekin since June 24.

The Chinese government first approached this and other governments in an edict of June 26, received by Minister Wu in Washington on July 10. Secretary Hay at once asked, and Minister Wu agreed, that a message to Minister Conger should be sent through Chinese channels of communication.

There followed ten days of detailed reports of massacre, relieved by the attack on Tien Tsin, in which Colonel Liscum, of the Ninth United States Cavalry, fell on July 13, and the capture of the city on the following day.

Conger's First Message.

The first message from Conger, the genuineness of which was doubted both here and in Europe, was received by Minister Wu on July 20. It was undated, and read: "In British Legation, under continual shot and shell-fire from Chinese troops. Quick relief can only prevent general massacre." The United States urged that the other allies the necessity for immediate advance of the relief expedition from Tien Tsin, without waiting for the desired 50,000 men. The advance guard of the relief column actually started out on August 2, for Pekin, 16,000 strong.

Complete anarchy in Pekin was meanwhile reported on July 14. Minister Wu heard from Director of Telegraphs Sheng that Yung Lu for the imperial government, was supplying the foreigners with food. Then an imperial edict, dated July 29, declared that the ministers were held as hostage. Gen. Tung Fu Siang had threatened to kill them all, it was said, in case the allies marched on Pekin.

A message of Sir Claude MacDonald cleared up the situation somewhat on July 30. The British minister explained that his legation had been bombarded from June 20 to July 16, since which time there has been an armistice. Later reports said that Yung Lu had arranged the truce.

The second Conger message, received on July 31, reported our minister and his family "All well" on July 21. The losses of the foreigners up to this time were: Germans, 10; Japanese, 10; French, 11; British, 5; Russians, 4; Americans, 7; Italians, 7; native Christians, 2. At least 2,000 of the Chinese assailants were believed to have been killed by the defenders of the British legation.

The apparent treachery of the Chinese government was told in a dispatch received by the London Times on August 2, from its Pekin correspondent, Dr. Morrison. The Boxers were said to have been encouraged by the government even while it was offering safe escort to the ministers and negotiating with their home governments. Prince Tuan, it was asserted, informed the ministers that their government had ordered their withdrawal from the Chinese capital.

Capture of Tien Tsin.

After Taku was bombarded and reduced by the allies, a work in which Admiral Remy, of the American Navy, refused to take part, preparations were made to move on Tien Tsin. When the international forces attacked the arsenal, five miles above Tien Tsin, on June 22, the American and British marines carried the Chinese intrenchment at the point of the bayonet, supported by the Germans, who crossed the river lower down, and captured six guns, which they turned on the enemy. The Chinese attempted to retake the arsenal, but failed. On July 13 the allies made a determined attack on Tien Tsin, over forty guns bombarding the Chinese position. The fighting was desperate. The next day the attack was renewed. The walls were breached and all the forts taken. In the three days' engagement the allies lost over 700 killed and wounded, the Russians and Japanese being the heaviest losers. Over 8,000 men were engaged. The Ninth United States Infantry had 420 men in the assault on the forts. The loss was sixteen killed, sixty-nine wounded and one missing. Col. E. H. Liscum, the regiment's commander, was killed.

Chaffee's Advance.

No satisfaction being received from the Chinese as to the safety of the ministers, preparations were

made to move on Pekin.

On July 19 the President appointed Brigadier General Adna R. Chaffee a major general and assigned him to command the American troops in China. Reinforcements were ordered from Manila and from the States, and supplies were sent to China. General Chaffee made a rapid advance, reporting for some days very little of his movements. All the allies co-operated. The Chinese were defeated on August 4 at Pei Tsang, eight miles from Tien Tsin, in a battle lasting seven hours. The losses suffered by the allies were placed as high as 1,200 men out of the total of 16,000. Two days later, at Yang Tsun, the allies again routed the Chinese, losing on this occasion some 200 or 300 men.

General Chaffee reported from Matow that the troops suffered severely from extreme heat, but that little opposition on the part of the natives had been met in the more rapid advance. The occupation of Tung Chow, only a few miles from Pekin, occurred on August 12. The Chinese troops had then fled to the capital.

China's appeal to the various governments did not interrupt the advance. Requests for mediation were met with firm demands on the part of the United States and the other allies. Li Hung Chang was appointed to treat for peace where no declaration of war had been admitted. His proposal to deliver the ministers to the allied forces at Tung Chow was submitted at Washington by Minister Wu after the allies had left Tung Chow for Pekin.

FORTUNES IN HORSES.

It is no exaggeration to say that the non-racing public has but the faintest idea of the extraordinary value of first-class blood stock at the present day, says the London Mail. It will improve their knowledge to learn that at Newmarket 12 yearlings bred at the famous Eaton stud by the late Duke of Westminster sold at auction for 40,300 guineas, giving an average of 3,608 guineas. (About \$18,000 each, American money.)

Excitement was anticipated chiefly by reason of the presence among the yearlings of a brother of Flying Fox, the Derby winner of last year, and for whom in the spring M. E. Blanc paid the fabulous sum of 37,500 guineas. It was, however, not by the Fox's brother, but by another youngster, that the previous yearling was eclipsed.

Early in the sale Mr. Siever struck the note of high prices by giving 5,600 for the colt by Orme, from Gantlet, and his blood being up he knocked all precedents into a cocked hat by paying 10,000 guineas for a filly by Persimmon; while later he supplemented these purchases by taking the filly by Trenton, from Sandway, at 5,500. He had previously expended the trifle of 700 for a colt by Orme.

These results in themselves would have been sufficient to make the sale memorable for all time, but in addition the colt by Orme, from Kissing Cup, was knocked down to the young Duke for 9,100, after his opponent had retired at a hundred less. For Flying Fox's brother, the commoner, reconsidering his determination, made no bid, and so the Duke got him for 5,700 guineas, which was a sad blow for those who had prophesied his fetching five figures.

Until Sir Blundell Maple held the English record for money expended on a yearling, viz., 6,000 guineas for Childwick, who never distinguished himself beyond winning the Ceasarwitch as a four-year-old, with 7st. 9b.

CHINESE are dangerous enemies, for they are treacherous. That's why all counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are dangerous. They look like DeWitt's, but instead of the all-healing witch hazel they all contain ingredients liable to irritate the skin and cause blood poisoning. For piles, injuries and skin diseases use the original and genuine DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

AMERICAN women are said to be the most handsomely dressed at the Paris Exposition.

GIANT TREES IN OREGON.

I would like to draw attention to a bunch of immense trees in the mountains fifteen or twenty miles from any place, near Latourelle, on the O. R. & N., says a correspondent. I used to make every year a trip to the mountains, lasting generally eight or ten days, and it was on one of my last trips, about four years ago, that I discovered on the northeast side of the divide, between the waters of the Bull Run and the Hood River, this bunch of giant trees. The like I never saw before or since.

Before I saw these giants I had measured from time to time some trees at home, which girdled twenty-nine to thirty feet around about three feet above the base, but these trees could not be compared at all with the big trees I found in the mountains. They would appear as mere sticks against those giants. I honestly believe that these giants will girdle sixty to eighty feet around near the base, and that they are 350 to 400 feet high. They stand on a kind of flat or bottom, and this flat is well protected from discovery, as far as I could perceive, by steep and high bluffs, not only from the Hood River side up, but from the main water divide down. These big trees are, in my mind, somewhere near the north line of the National Park, but it is doubtful if they are in it.

There are two species of the giant trees. One species has a yellowish and not very rough bark, is straight and round as a candle, has no limbs to an immense height, and has a wonderful crown. The father of this very aristocratic species in our mountains is surely the emperor of our forest. People must not think that this tree is the so-called "noble fir," because I know not only the "noble fir," but many other mountain trees very well. Nor must they think that this species is one of the common trees in the mountains. I cannot say how many such giants there are. There may be hundreds, there may be thousands. On our way home one of my companions was drowned in the Bull Run, and, therefore I never went to the mountains again, but have always had a desire to go and investigate further about these big trees.

Cedar is the second species of the big trees. They rival in size and grandeur the first species. But the most wonderful thing about them seems to be that they are, in spite of their immense diameter and age, seemingly sound and hard through and through.—Portland Oregonian.

We read somewhere that a farmer has made a discovery that will be of vast importance to the farmers during a dry season. He has found that by planting onions and potatoes in the same field in alternate rows the onions become so strong that they bring tears to the eyes of the potatoes in such vast volumes that the roots of the vines are kept moist and a big crop is raised in spite of the drouth. If they had only known it what a boon that would have been to some of our farmers whose potatoes are a failure. We also understand that the same farmer has a scheme for raising custard pies by crossing the egg plant with the milk weed. And what a boon that will be for the pie maker.—Fred. News.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache, a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, costs you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS are Cathartics, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations. 428.

BILTER—How is your new cook getting on?

Tuckerly—I don't know. She didn't leave her address.—Brooklyn Life.

GERMANY is putting a tax on imported beer to help cover the cost of the new warships.

THE National Library of Paris has 1,400,000 bound books and 900,000 pamphlets.

STORM ON THE EASTERN SHORE.

Much Damage Done in Various Maryland Counties.

A terrific storm did much damage Saturday evening in Cecil and Harford counties and along the entire Eastern Shore.

On the elevated plateau in Harford county, west of the Susquehanna river, between Lapidum and Havre de Grace there was a great deal of hail. Some of the hail stones were as large as a man's thumb, and they fell so thickly that they covered the road. The tall, growing corn, which was drying up in the fields for want of moisture, was beaten to the earth by the force of the wind and dead branches were whipped from the trees and sent flying through the air.

A barn on the farm of Crawford Thompson, a short distance from Havre de Grace, was blown down and his son, Hugh Thompson, who was in the barn at the time, was caught under it and killed. The neighbors at once began to clear away the debris to rescue him, if alive, but at 4 o'clock Sunday morning his lifeless body was reached under a mass of wheat. Mr. Hugh Thompson was about 35 years of age and leaves a widow and one child.

In Easton the storm lasted about 15 minutes and did much injury. Trees were blown down all over the town. The town lost some of its finest maples, mulberries, poplars, cedars and honey locusts. The trunks of large trees were twisted in two and the tops carried in some instances several hundred yards. The corn in some fields southwest of Easton and nearby is levelled. The hailstones were as large as hickory nuts and did some damage to flowers and shrubbery. In Easton the electric light and also the gas went out. Considerable damage was done to the poles and wires of the electric light company. The fury of the storm seemed to center in Spring Hill Cemetery, where damage was done estimated at a thousand dollars. Monuments and tombstones were overturned and broken, and in some places the cases of the stones were wrenched out of position. J. W. Salmon's marble yard was wrecked. His workshop, a large building, was lifted from its foundations bodily and torn into fragments, and the falling of the heavy beams crushed much of the marble in the shop. Many other buildings were damaged and some persons injured.

In Dorchester county the storm was the greatest since the "centennial gale" of 1876. The worst damage was done at the Cambridge Manufacturing Company. The chimney of the saw mill was blown down to within 20 feet of the ground and fell in a line parallel with the building. This chimney was built in the early eighties to a height of 100 feet and was given a lift by a northeast gale before the mortar dried or the scaffolding had been removed. A piece of roofing some 14 by 20 feet in dimensions and consisting of rafters, sheathing and tin was taken from the roof of the sawmill and carried a distance of 870 feet. The mold loft, 24 by 100 feet, used for the storage of manufactured goods, is a total wreck. The company recently put in a system of saving and carrying off the sawdust and shaving, and all the apparatus outside the mill was blown down. The damage is estimated at \$2,000. Many other buildings were damaged and a number of boats were overturned. A large oval window, worth \$200, was blown out of Christ Episcopal church.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE SITUATION IN CHINA.

As the result of the conference between the president, Secretary Root and Acting Secretary Adee the reply to Li Hung Chang was agreed upon, drafted and sent through Minister Wu. The reply is to the effect that there can be no peace negotiations until stable government shall have been established in China.

News from Japanese sources is to the effect that three prominent Chinamen were executed by order of the Empress Dowager, and that the Emperor did not accompany the Dowager in her flight from Peking.

Rear Admiral Bruce has cabled to the British Admiralty from Taku under date of Monday, August 20, that the allies were fighting the Chinese outside of Tien Tsin on Sunday, August 19.

President McKinley and Secretary Root have extended congratulations to General Chaffee upon his recent success in China.

The situation in the Yang Tze Valley is reported as critical. There is immediate need of troops to protect Shanghai.

Rev. Dr. Wherry cables from Peking that some Chinese converts were miraculously saved. The mission was destroyed.

The Semi-official Berliner Post defends the policy of the United States in China against suspicions.

A thousand rebels have attacked Sang Ching, burning the government buildings located there. Field Marshal Waldersee has left Rome for the scene of hostilities in China.

The German troops were delayed by rain in the march to Peking.

The Che Foo-Taku cable is reported to be open for business.

All members of the Methodist mission in Peking were saved.

DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT \$10,000,000.

DENVER, COLO., Aug. 21.—Ten million dollars' damage is estimated to be the result of the forest fires in Colorado and Wyoming. This estimate was made today by C. B. Wantland, general land agent of the Union Pacific Railway. According to that official, the loss on timber is only a comparatively small item.

Mr. Wantland said today: "In many places the fires are spreading over almost bare country land where there is nothing but young growth, which might have made the forests of 10 and 20 years hence if it had not been for these fires."

"Lands which could have been sold for homes because of the pleasant surroundings will not be worth much for years. The vicinity of Glenwood Springs and such places, where tourists resort, will be much affected in a commercial way because the scenery will be impaired. In Middle Park the fires are burning so fiercely that ranchmen are beginning to fear that their homes will be swept away."

A dispatch from Saratoga, Wyo., says the fires in the Sierra Madre range have been checked by rain.

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty, many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures all stomach troubles. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

HAWAII IS A PART OF US.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Comptroller Tracewell, of the Treasury, has rendered a decision in which he holds that the Hawaiian Islands, under the act of May 25, 1900, constitute an integral part of the United States, and, therefore, officers of the navy therein are serving within the realm or dominion of the United States, and, consequently, are not "beyond seas" within the meaning of section 13 of the navy personnel act. It follows that such officers are not entitled to the same pay and allowances as officers of the army similarly situated, and, therefore, must be paid at the regular rates for officers of their grade, without the increase given by the act of May 26, 1900, to army officers.

Monjara Clark Buys Half a Railroad.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., August 22.—From an authoritative source it is learned that W. A. Clark, the wealthy mine owner of Montana, has purchased a one-half interest in the Los Angeles Terminal Railway. It is further stated the owners of the terminal would begin at once on an extension of the road to San Bernardino and thence to Salt Lake City.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Postmaster General Smith announced yesterday the appointment of William M. Johnson of Hackensack, N. J., as First Assistant Postmaster General, to succeed Perry S. Heath, who resigned to take the secretaryship of the National Republican Committee.

MAJOR JOHN B. KERR and Captain Slocum have been ordered to Berlin and Lisbon, respectively, as United States military attaches.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cassel's Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. call to cure, druggists refund money.

VETERANS ANGRY.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 20.—

James M. Morrison, State Department Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, today announced that but three of the thirty-six posts in this city, with a membership of 7,000, will send delegations to the National Encampment in Chicago next week. Commander Morrison stated that this action is the result of the invitation extended to W. J. Bryan to attend the Encampment.

"It is customary," said Mr. Morrison, "to invite the President, but never a candidate, and the old soldiers express indignation because they object to politics being injected into the Encampment."

"The delegation from this city will consist of about 150 men, the smallest number that has attended an encampment during the past 20 years."

Twenty Years Proof.

Tutt's Liver Pills keep the bowels in natural motion and cleanse the system of all impurities. An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation and kindred diseases.

"Can't do without them" R. P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va. writes I don't know how I could do without them. I have had Liver disease for over twenty years. Am now entirely cured.

Tutt's Liver Pills

PUBLIC SALE

REAL ESTATE

On Saturday, September 15, 1900.

At 1 o'clock, P. M. the undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, a small farm, situated in Freedom township, Pa., on the Ball Frog road, one mile north of Morris's Store, and one mile southeast of Diehl's Mill, containing

45 ACRES,

more or less, improved with a Two-Story Log House, Weatherboarded, good Frame Stable, Large Hog Pen, Chicken House, and all necessary outbuildings. This property is in a good state of cultivation and under good fencing, adjoining lands of A. Herring on the South, Daniel Eck and W. W. Rogers on the West, J. L. Scott and John Biggem on the East. The property is supplied with fruit of all kinds. A good well of water at the door, and also a never failing spring a short distance from the buildings. Any one wishing to view the property can call on the tenant living thereon, or address the undersigned.

Terms made known on day of sale.

SAMUEL DUBES, Aug. 24-45. Rural No. 4, Gettysburg, Pa.

Opening of Public Schools.

Office of the Board of School Commissioners for Frederick County, Frederick, Md.

The Public Schools for Frederick County will open on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1900,

with the exception of the Frederick Female School, which will not begin its sessions until Monday, October 1, 1900, by which time it is expected temporary arrangements may be made to continue until the building on Church street is completed.

The annex to the Female School on South street will open on Monday, September 3, as will also the Female High School, for which temporary quarters will be found in the same building.

Assistant teachers will be required to comply literally with the terms of their contracts, and principals will be held to a strict accountability for allowing assistants under their charge to receive less than the required number of pupils.

By order of the Board,

EPHRAIM L. BOBLITZ, Secretary.

Lumber & Cord Wood

PUBLIC SALE.

On Monday, August 27, 1900,

On the premises of Smith Barr, in Mt. Joy Township, Adams County, Pa., close to the road leading from Littlestown to Emmitsburg, about 4 1/2 miles west of Littlestown, at Barr's School House, will be sold at public sale,

45,000 Feet Oak Boards,

Plank and Scantling,

(full edged) 15,000 Feet Fencing Boards, 100 Cord Oak Shod Wood, Pine Posts, Chips, Chunks, Etc. Also, 20 Acres of Uncut Wood, Tree Tops, Etc., in lots to suit purchasers.

A credit of three months will be given. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on Monday, August 27, 1900, when terms and conditions will be made known by

Aug. 10-31s. A. M. KALBACH.

New Advertisements.

DAUCHY & CO.

Simply Send Your Address

On a postal and sufficient Electro-Silicon will be sent you, without charge, to clean all your silver.

FREE

ELECTRO-SILICON

SILVER POLISH

It's unlike all others. Gives the silversmith's brilliancy quickly, easily and saves the silver. This free sample will prove it.

Sold in boxes by grocers and druggists, 15c, or sent postpaid by us for that amount in stamps.

The Electro-Silicon Co., 40 Cliff Street, New York

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Keeps the scalp cool and healthy. Gives the hair a beautiful color. Cleanses the scalp and keeps it free from dandruff. Sold everywhere.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale conferred in the last will and testament of William Hiteshug, late of Frederick County, Maryland, deceased, and also by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, the undersigned, administrator D. B. N. C. T. A., of William Hiteshug, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises,

On Saturday, September 1st, 1900, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., all that Real Estate of which the said William Hiteshug died, seized and possessed, consisting of a Tract of Land, situated on both sides of the Emmitsburg Railroad about one-half a mile north of Motter's Station, adjoining lands of Dr. Charles D. Eichelberger, William Warner and others, and containing

128 1/2 ACRES OF LAND

more or less. The improvements are a Weatherboarded Dwelling House, Barn, Smoke House, and other outbuildings. There are some fruit trees on the premises and there is a well of water near the house. The above described land will be offered as a whole and in two parts, that part lying East of the E. R. R. if sold separately, shall have the right to the use of the land or private way running through the Southern portion of the land lying West of the said Railroad. The number of acres contained in the two parts will be announced at the sale.

Terms of sale as prescribed by the Court:

One-third cash on the day of sale or ratification thereof by the Orphans' Court, the balance in equal payments of six and twelve months, each the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes, bearing interest from day of sale, with good and sufficient security, to be approved by the said Administrator, D. B. N. C. T. A., for the deferred payments, or all cash in full on the day of sale. All the expenses of conveying, including revenue stamps, to be paid by the purchaser or purchasers.

EUGENE L. ROWE, Administrator D. B. N. C. T. A., of William Hiteshug, deceased. Aug. 10-45

ORDER NISI ON SALES.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF FREDERICK COUNTY, MD.

AUGUST TERM, 1900.

In the matter of the sale of the real estate of Daniel Sheets, deceased.

In the matter of the report of sales, filed the 14th day of August, 1900.

Ordered by the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, this 14th day of August, 1900, that the sale of the real estate of Daniel Sheets, late of Frederick County, deceased, this day reported to this Court by his Executors be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 8th day of September, 1900, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Frederick County for three successive weeks prior to the 8th day of September, 1900.

The Executors' Report states the amount of sales to be Twelve Hundred and Fifty-Five Dollars. (\$1255.00)

G. BLANCHARD PHILLIPS, RUSSELL E. LUTHER, ROGER M. NICHOLSON, Judges of the Orphans' Court.

True copy, test:

CHAS. E. SAYLOR, Register of Wills

John T. Hespelhorn, Eugene L. Rowe, Executors. Aug. 17-45.

Order Nisi on Audit.

NO. 7205 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

JULY TERM, 1900.

In the Matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 21th day of August, 1900.

Vincent Sebald Mortgagee of Jesse C. Clagett and Mary S. Clagett on Petition.

Ordered, That on the 10th day of September, 1900, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

Dated this 21th day of August, 1900.

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick Co.

True Copy—Test:

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk. Aug. 24-31s.

Order Nisi on Audit.

NO. 7221 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

JULY TERM, 1900.

In the Matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 21st day of August, 1900.

Eugene L. Rowe Assignee of Mortgage from Victor E. Rowe to Rowe K. Shriver on Petition.

Ordered, That on the 11th day of September, 1900, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

Dated this 21st day of August, 1900.

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick Co.

True Copy—Test:

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk. Aug. 24-31s.

Order Nisi on Audit.

NO. 7138 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

JULY TERM, 1900.

In the Matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 13th day of August, 1900.

James E. Clark and Annie Clark, his wife, et al.

Ordered, That on the 4th day of September, 1900, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

Dated this 13th day of August, 1900.

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick Co.

True Copy—Test:

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk. Aug. 17-31s.

VINCENT SEBOLD,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Wednesdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate.

ESTABLISHED 1842.

BE WISE

and when you purchase a Piano be sure to get one of the

STIEFF PIANOS

The Standard of Piano Excellence, together with our prices, make it an easy possibility for every home to be provided with music. OLD INSTRUMENTS IN EXCHANGE. Accommodating Terms. Catalogue for the Ask.

Wareooms, 9 N. Liberty st. Factories, Block of E. Lafayette Ave., Alken and Lanvale Sts. Baltimore, Md.

Indiana Horses.



A carload of Indiana Horses will arrive at my stables in Littlestown, Pa., on Tuesday, Aug. 14, consisting of 250 Smith Chunks, Drivers, High Actors, Workers and Business Horses, and several Extra Fine Saddle Horses. This is an extra good load of horses. Call to see them.

H. A. SPALDING, Littlestown, Pa.

NEW STORE.

I have opened a Confectionery and Grocery Store in the room lately occupied by Mr. King, on West Main Street. A fine line of Candies, Coffees, Teas, Glassware, Queensware, Cigars and Tobacco, Several Different Grades of Flour, Feed of all kinds, etc. My goods are all new, and prices right. Ice Cream on hand at all times. Give me a call.

Respectfully,

GEORGE E. CLUTZ.

June 1st

WHAT ONE MAN FOUND OUT.



Indeed it hasn't been one man, but thousands, and not men alone, but women and boys and girls and even children that have found out that many a headache was in reality an eye-ache, caused by strained eyes, brought on by eyes that should have been protected and helped by proper glasses.

And just a word about glasses:

The eye is a peculiarly delicate organ, so sensitive that you should never allow anyone to prescribe glasses for you whom you don't know to be eminently fitted by study and years of experience. Some disorders of the eyes require the professional treatment of an oculist, while many defects can easily be remedied by a careful, experienced optician.

We are opticians, not oculists, but we are careful, experienced and thoroughly reliable.

We will examine your eyes free of charge, and furnish you with the proper glasses at a moderate cost, or if your eyes need an oculist's attention, we will frankly tell you so.

No one but a member of our firm examines your eyes here, hence you can be sure of the most scientific, painstaking methods only being employed.

McAllister & Co.,

3 N. CHARLES ST.,

Baltimore, Md.

EMMITSBURG MARKETS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Corrected by E. R. Zimmerman & Son.

Wheat (67)..... 64
Rye..... 48
Oats..... 30
Corn, shelled per bushel..... 50
Hay..... 6 00 @ 11 00

Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.

Butter..... 14
Eggs..... 12
Chickens, per lb..... 7
Spring Chickens per lb..... 8
Ducks, per lb..... 7
Potatoes, per bushel..... 40
Dried Cherries, (seeded)..... 5
Raspberries..... 5
Blackberries..... 5
Apples, (dried)..... 3
Peaches, (dried)..... 3
Onions, per bushel..... 40
Lard, per lb..... 8
Beef Hides..... 6

LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Patterson Brothers.

Steers, per lb..... 4 @ 5
Fresh Cows..... 30 @ 35 00
Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb..... 25 @ 30
Hogs, per lb..... 5 @ 6
Sheep, per lb..... 3 @ 4
Lamb, per lb..... 5 @ 6
Calves, per lb..... 4 @ 5

G. W. Weaver & Son.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

DURING AUGUST

SALES OF CARPET.

Hundreds of yards of Velvet, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets are marked down in price, simply to force business—and to close out patterns that were bought for earlier selling, and which we got too many of. Not because they are not pretty or good, but because every new season must have new goods here.

SALE EMBRACES

Rugs, China Mattings, Upholstering, Drapery, Lace Curtains.

Details of patterns of which we have enough to fill one or more full sized rooms.

| | |
|--|---|
| 5 (Pats) Smith's and Stinson's Velvet Carpets that were \$1.00 per yard, August price.....75c. | 12 (Pats) Smith's best and Stinson that sold at 85c., August price.....70 |
|--|---|

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, festivals, picnics, ice cream and cake festivals and similar enterprises, got up to make money, whether for churches, associations or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, AUG. 24, 1900.

A heavy rain fell in this section of the country Monday night.

The Allegany farmers have united to fight the Cumberland huckster license tax.

Daniel Hemphill, a Potomac river guide, caught at Dam No. 4 a black bass weighing six and a quarter pounds.

The police of Hagerstown are on the lookout for five young Indians who escaped from the Carlisle Indian School.

The 27th Annual Great Grangers' Pic-Nic Exhibition will be held at Williams Grove the week beginning August 27.

The recent rains greatly lowered the temperature here. A drop of more than 30 degrees is quite a change.

The first man to wear a genuine shirt waist in Hagerstown made a great hit when he appeared on the streets.

Five valuable horses were burned to death in one of the stables at Pimlico race track. The stable was also destroyed. Loss \$5,500.

Samuel Hoke has sold his farm of 227 acres at Ceresville, Frederick county, to Albert Geasey, of Walkersville, for \$22,700.

The third annual meeting of the Old Men's Club of Montgomery County was held at the home of Mr. Winfield S. Magruder, at Travilah.

The 3-year-old son of Edward Reed, of Williamsport, had both feet badly burned by walking on a pile of hot ashes.

A small child of Mr. A. S. Cover, of Baltimore, summing in Washington county, fell down stairs and was badly hurt.

The city officials of Williamsport, Md., which put in a municipal lighting plant last year, are greatly pleased with the result.

Miss Judith Page has been appointed matron at the Maryland School for the Deaf in Frederick City, vice Mrs. M. Rinehart, resigned.

Clarence Stein, 6 years old, son of Jessie Stein, of Westminster, had the right of one eye destroyed by a stone thrown by a playmate.

A large demand for coal and work to the full capacity of the mines have followed the end of the strike in the George's Creek region.

Stock of the Second National Bank of Hagerstown sold at public auction for \$137 a share—par value, \$100. This is the highest figure at which it ever sold.

Col. George A. Pearce has been invited to receive the Spanish gun which will be placed at the base of the Key monument in Frederick, September 12.

John Garver, a brakeman on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, fell under the wheels of a train at Brunswick and received injuries from which he died.

Eleven fine sheep belonging to William Stock, along the Leitersburg pike, Washington county, were killed by a dog which got into the pasture field.

Hyattsville, Prince George's county, is enjoying over an artesian well bored by Martin Reed & Co., of Baltimore, the flow of which is said to be 1,000 gallons an hour.

The Democrats of District No. 1, Frederick county, formed a Bryan and Stevenson Club with 101 members, C. A. Remsburg secretary and headquarters at Adamstown.

John H. H. Lewis, of Hancock, charged with receiving illegal pension fees in a number of cases, was held by United States Commissioner Hagner in \$800 bail for a hearing next Saturday.

Contract to build the brick power house for the Hagerstown electric lighting plant was awarded to S. L. Lamkin, of Hagerstown, formerly of Baltimore, for \$4,270.

Philip Maher, the Annapolis dog-catcher, was arrested by a deputy sheriff for venturing into the county beyond his jurisdiction in performing his duty.

Mayor Edwin A. Seidwitz, of Annapolis, has received the contract to furnish 900 worth of bulbs, flowers, roots etc., for the parks and squares of Baltimore for the year 1901.

Dr. S. J. Wisnawski is circulating a petition asking Hon. William J. Bryan to come to Hagerstown and speak when he comes to Maryland this fall. Between 900 and 700 people have signed the petition.

Miss Edna Russell, aged 23 years, of Olds, Iowa, while on a visit to her uncle, Samuel R. Russell, at Newmarket, Frederick county, was taken with typhoid fever and died after a few days' illness.

Preserving The Mason and Dixon Line. The work of preserving the famous Mason and Dixon line dividing Pennsylvania and Maryland will begin about September 1. The work will be placed in the hands of the national authorities and the survey proper will be done without expense, Pennsylvania and Maryland simply bearing the expense of assistants. Major L. B. Brown, of the department of internal affairs, was in Washington arranging for the work. He met Maryland's representative and the matter was discussed at considerable length.—Star and Sentinel.

Mr. Boyer, residing on the old Weigand farm, a short distance from town, mysteriously left his home one day last week, and, according to report, his whereabouts is unknown.

The Maryland Catholic Summer School at Mt. St. Mary's, closed last Sunday with High Mass at St. Anthony's Church, Rev. J. B. Manley as celebrant. The Summer School was quite successful.

The old building of the Farmers and Mechanics' National Bank in Westminster, will be torn down and replaced by a modern structure, designed by Paul Reese, architect, son of Prof. James W. Reese, of Western Maryland College.

A cross on St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal Church, at Hancock, Washington county, was for a long time loose, and out of plumb, and the spire, was climbed by Raymond C. Goetz, of Hagerstown and the matter set straight.

Fifteen carloads of peaches were shipped from Chestertown last week to Philadelphia, Hazleton and other points. A number of carloads were shipped from Worton in refrigerator cars to distant points. Shipments by water were also very heavy.

Miss Esther Wolfinger, daughter of Daniel Wolfinger, of Leitersburg, Washington county, died August 15 of typhoid fever, aged 16 years. Two of her elder brothers, Jacob and Vernon Wolfinger, are critically ill of the same disease.

Miss Adelaide E. Brown, a school teacher of Brownsville, Washington county, and Professor Clyde B. Stover, assistant professor of chemistry in Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, were married August 22 at the Brownsville Protestant Episcopal Church.

The damage in Kent county from Saturday's storm is estimated at \$80,000. Reports of the destruction of buildings and crops are still coming in. In Cecil the damage amounted to about \$40,000. The famous poplar tree near Easton, the largest tree ever known in Talbot county, was blown down.

Charles Smith, of Washington, D. C., fell nearly 40 feet from the new Catholic Church Parochial School building at Mount Savage, and broke his leg in five places between the ankle and knee. He landed on his feet, twice catching a scaffold in his descent. He was taken to Washington.

A Kent county peach-grower, being in need of four patent wire peach-pickers, wrote to a Baltimore friend as follows: "Send four peach-pickers at once." By the next steamer the peach-grower had four negro men present themselves in response to the order for "four peach-pickers."

Miss Mary O. Gessner gave a reception and dance at her home in Cumberland Tuesday night. The men appeared in shirt waists and heartily thanked Miss Gessner for permitting this departure from a conventional, which gives dance devotees much comfort in this hot weather.

A. L. Patterson & Co., of Macon, Ga., were awarded the contract for sewers in Annapolis for \$5,666.44. George Jewell, of Annapolis, got the contract for paving West street with vitrified brick and asphalt filler at \$2.09 per square yard, the number of square yards to be determined by the joint commission.

The lawn fete on Wednesday evening for the benefit of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, given under the auspices of Miss Jane Howard, colored, was quite a successful affair. The lawn at the Emmet House, where the fete was held, was crowded with people. The cake walk was an attractive feature.

Work is being pushed ahead on the silver mine near New Germany, Garrett county, despite the report of State Geologist William Bullock Clark that silver did not exist in paying quantities in that locality. The shaft is now down over 15 feet and it is stated that last week chunks of silver ore weighing almost a pound were taken out.

A Bryan and Stevenson Club was organized in Frederick City with 50 members and John H. Grove president. The other officers are J. Henry Schmidt, vice-president; G. William Dunsenberger, secretary; William R. Warfield, treasurer. The club proposes organizing clubs throughout the county and conducting an active campaign this fall.

Joseph Peters, colored, was committed to the Elkton jail by Justice T. H. Cummings, charged with shooting Joseph Haines, colored, with a shotgun, the load entering his right leg, tearing away the flesh from the bone. Haines' condition is not serious. The shooting occurred several days ago during a quarrel. Peters escaped at the time into Pennsylvania.

The McCaffery Millions.

Mrs. Margaret Shipley, of Downsville, Washington county, has received her first installment of \$27,000, from the estate of the late John McCaffery, the eccentric Chicago millionaire. Mrs. Shipley is one of the heirs. She expects \$85,000 more in November and soon thereafter the balance of her share of \$300,000 will be paid over.

POLLUTION OF STREAMS.

The Frederick city authorities have instructed the superintendent of water works to notify all persons owning land adjoining the sources of the city's water supply and owners and operators of saw mills not to allow saw dust or other deleterious substances to be placed or washed into any of the streams or springs from which the water supply of the city is taken or they will be prosecuted for polluting the water.

A shooting affray near the village of Oakwood, Cecil county, led to the arrest of Joseph Peters, colored, charged with shooting and attempting to kill Joseph Haines, also colored.

KILLED BY CARS.

Edward Barr, aged 28 years, son of Alfred Barr, a farmer living in the northern outskirts of Hagerstown, was found dead lying alongside the tracks of the Altamont cut-off of the Western Maryland Railroad at 6:30 o'clock last Sunday morning by the crew of a north bound freight train in charge of Conductor Daniel Ridge. He was either struck by the pilot of the engine or the step of the caboose while sitting on the track to rest. A great black bruise was discovered on the back of his neck where he was struck. A number of small bones in his neck were broken.

MURDER SUSPECTED.

Trainmen on the first train leaving Chesapeake Beach Junction on the Chesapeake Beach Railroad Tuesday morning found the dead body of an unknown colored man lying on the tracks about three miles and a half from Upper Marlboro. With the exception of a few wounds about the head the remains were not mangled. The authorities are inclined to believe the man was murdered and his body placed on the tracks to cover the crime. Justice James Sears, acting coroner, was notified and a jury of inquest examined the body, but were unable to determine the cause of death.

YORK WATER COMPANY'S TROUBLES.

The York Water Company, some time ago, put meters in a number of private residences, but finding the water bills less than their regular rates, perhaps owing to a more economical use of the water, has ordered the water rent collected and the meters discharged. The consumers however are not willing to have it so, and have retained John A. Hooper, Esq., as their counsel to test the legal right of the company to this play "head I win, tails you lose," in this manner. The outcome will be watched with interest.

WOMAN BADLY HURT.

In company with a number of women from Eckhart mine, near Frostburg, Mrs. Margaret Rees, wife of John Rees, of Washington Hollow, went into the mine there to see the work of coal mining. On their way out some of the miners undertook to dirty the faces of the women with coal. Mrs. Rees escaped from the ordeal and retreated to the outside. On her way back into the mine she was in the dark and was caught against the "rib" by a car loaded with coal, which broke her collar bone, several ribs and cut her about the head and face. For a time it was thought she would die.

Burglary At Buena Vista.

Safe crackers put in their work a few nights ago at the Western Maryland Railroad Station at Buena Vista Springs, but they got only a few dollars for their trouble. They were after \$500 which had been received by the agent, but he took the precaution to take the money home with him. The safe was blown wide open during the night and the burglars left without any clue. The robbery was not discovered until the next morning. It is thought the men who planned the burglary were on the platform at the station when the train which carried the \$500 reached the station and saw the money handed off.

WESTMINSTER'S NEW WATER SUPPLY.

The capital stock of the Citizens' Water Company of Westminster, recently incorporated there, has all been taken and work has been begun on the artesian wells, from which it is expected a supply of water will be obtained. The first well has reached a depth of nearly forty feet, striking two veins of water, one of which, it is reported, alone gives a flow sufficient to supply the entire population of the place. The location of the well is near Bish's Mill, Cranberry Station, about a mile from the city limits. The works are to be constructed at once, and the power for pumping will be supplied by water rights owned by the company and the steam now used to run the mill, which has been purchased by the company.

HIGAWAY ROBBERY.

John Doyle, of Branchville, Prince George's county, who was waylaid and robbed of \$9 near Bladensburg on Thursday evening of last week, is recovering from the effects of a gash in the back of the head, inflicted by a stone thrown by one of the robbers. Doyle had been paid by check his month's wages as a section hand on the Baltimore and Ohio railway. He went to a saloon in Bladensburg to get the check cashed, and stopped a few minutes. He placed \$11 in one pocket of his trousers and \$9 in the other and started for home. When near the Spring he was waylaid and robbed. The highwaymen did not go into both pockets, and so he is \$11 better off by their negligence in the business. The officers are now on their track.

A WHEAT OPERATION.

A prominent farmer in the northern section of Frederick county who had 300 bushels of wheat in storage since 1897 sold it a few days ago for 65 cents per bushel and now regrets that he had not disposed of it in 1897. He says that when he placed it in storage the market was advancing rapidly. The wheat was worth \$1.25 per bushel, but he hoped to receive \$1.35 per bushel for his crop, and gave orders to sell at that price. The market reached \$1.32, but he would not sell. From this it declined steadily. When he sold it at 65 cents and went to have a settlement he found he had to pay 25 cents per bushel storage on the grain and lost three years' interest on the money which he could have realized on his wheat had he sold it promptly, besides the shrinkage in the market.—Sun.

FEAR CIDER AT WORK.

The members of the Shiloh Methodist Church held their annual picnic at that church near Clarksburg, Montgomery county, Thursday of last week, and was largely attended. Just previous to the closing of the day a crowd of men drove up almost to the entrance of the picnic grounds with a wagon loaded with beer, or, as it is better known in Montgomery county, "pear cider." Trouble resulted. Wilbert G. Davis, of Point of Rocks, Frederick county, a very quiet young man, was set upon by a crowd of men and was so badly beaten that he was rendered unconscious. He received very dangerous and painful wounds about the head which were inflicted upon him by the crowd with stones, which cut his head very badly. One of his wounds was at least three inches in length and a half inch deep, and several small holes were found on the side of the head. He was attended by Dr. J. E. Deets, of Clarksburg.

CUT OFF BOY'S HAND.

To save his child from death, John Rankin, of Hickory Corners, Selingsgrove, Pa., cut the lad's hand off with one blow of his pocket-knife. Rankin and his 8-year-old boy were picking huckleberries, and the boy was playing some distance from his father. Suddenly the lad screamed and came running to his father, showing two small wounds on his hand and shouting about a big snake. Rankin saw a huge rattlesnake coiled and ready to spring around and killed it with one blow of a big club. The poison was at work in the child's hand, however, and, knowing that every moment meant life or death for his boy, Rankin seized him and with one blow of a heavy knife he carried he struck off the hand at the wrist, above the snake bites. He then stopped the bleeding by tying a cord about the arm, and carried the child home. The doctor who later attended the boy said that Rankin's heroic action had undoubtedly saved the child's life.

SENSATIONAL STORIES REVIVED.

Mr. Thomas Norris, formerly of Allegany county, now of Iowa, is engaged in hunting down the murderers of his wife and nephew, who were killed at their home in Little Orleans, about three years ago, the house having been burned to hide the crime. Some time afterward William McCulloch and wife, an aged couple, were beaten and robbed at their home near Paw-Paw Tunnel, and later Adam Kessler, an old man, was beaten to death at Monrovia Station, his housekeeper was killed, the house robbed and burned and the hired man beaten and left for dead. So far search has not revealed the perpetrators of these outrages, and now it is stated the whole affair is about to leak out through a woman to whom one of the gang confided the story. Every now and then these sensational are revived with variations, but nothing substantial has ever resulted from the talk.—Sun.

KILLED BY CARS.

John Chrissinger, aged 22 years, was killed in the yards of the Western Maryland Railroad in Hagerstown Monday morning. He was freight brakeman on a train from Cherry Run which was shifting cars, and was directed to ride a couple of loaded box cars into a siding near the dispatcher's office. He started to run down the steps of a box car to reach the brake. His foot slipped and he fell between the cars with his leg and part of his body across the rail. Two of the wheels passed over his right leg, crushing it off below the knee. There was a blue mark on his breast where the brake rigging struck him, inflicting internal injuries. He was carried into the office of the train dispatcher, where, though in intense agony, he told Acting Night Yardmaster Havermill how the accident occurred. He asked for a drink of water and an hour afterward died.

PEPPERED WITH SHOT.

Levi Price, a distiller, of Fountain Mills, Frederick county, shot William Bowie, a young colored man, on his premises with bird shot, inflicting many painful wounds. Bowie visited Mr. Price's distillery and requested that he be sold some whiskey. Mr. Price refused to sell him any, when the negro became abusive. He was ordered to leave the premises, but this only tended to inflame him all the more, and he grew more insulting and abusive. Finding the negro did not propose leaving, Mr. Price procured a double-barreled shotgun and demanded that he quit the place. As he still refused to leave and threatened Mr. Price, he fired upon the negro, both loads taking effect in his face and body. The negro was taken home and physicians summoned, who extracted some of the shot.

TWO COLORED TRAMPS.

John Stewart, colored, was committed to jail, in Westminster, by Justice William Moore in default of \$500 bail for alleged assault on Mrs. Mary C. Stone-sifer. Stewart, in company with Jack Lee, colored, was on his way from Pennsylvania, where they had been employed in a tannery, to their home in Virginia. When they reached the home of Mrs. Stone-sifer, near Union Mills, they stopped and Stewart demanded from her something to eat and money. Upon her refusal he choked and struck her, but desisted when someone approached. Later both men were captured and a simple charge of assault and battery was preferred against them, which was subsequently altered to assault, with intent to rob. Mrs. Stone-sifer at the hearing identified Stewart, but exonerated Lee, who was released.

EDWARD NEYERER, a merchant of Wheaton, Montgomery county, was assaulted by an unknown person, who threw a stone at him through an open window while he was asleep on the first floor of his home.

PISTOLS AT A PIC-NIC.

Martin Guesford, aged 28 years, was shot and seriously injured Saturday evening at the Conococheague Union Sunday-school picnic, in Washington county. Norman Myers, of Charlton, was hit in the side by a bullet, which struck a rib and glanced off, making a wound of trifling importance. Guesford was hit in the top of the shoulder, probably while stooping. The ball is supposed to be lying along the back-bone.

John Ardinger and George Ardinger, brothers, aged about 25 and 21 years, respectively, are accused of the shooting. They reside in Berkeley county, W. Va., opposite Williamsport. The shooting was the result of a quarrel at a saloon near the picnic grounds. There was a row there and a fight with beer bottles, and the skirmish was continued with pistols on the picnic grounds. Two of the shots were aimed, it is said, at Mr. George William Swope, superintendent of the Sunday-school, but the bullets whizzed harmlessly by.

The greatest excitement prevailed at the time on the grounds. Men, women and children fell pell-mell over each other in their haste to get out of the way of the bullets, which went whizzing promiscuously through the crowd. Several women fainted and the men rushed for their carriages, intending to drive from the grounds, fearing a general riot.—Sun.

STORE AND POSTOFFICE BURNED.

The large general merchandise and farm implement store owned and conducted by Frank P. Chaney at Burtonsville, Montgomery county, was destroyed by fire with the contents midnight Thursday. The fire was first discovered by Michael Tool, a young man who resided near the store, shortly after he retired for the night. Mr. Chaney, whose residence is about half a mile from the store, was notified, and the neighbors, as soon as possible, assisted in trying to put out the fire, but the flames had made such headway that they could only watch for the building to collapse.

Mr. Chaney is also postmaster at Burtonsville, and the postoffice was located in the burned building. The mail matter on hand was saved by Mr. Chaney at great risk to himself. The office will be conducted temporarily at the residence of Edward H. Burton, near by.

More than \$200 worth of agricultural implements, barbed wire, etc., were on the porch, but could not be saved. The fire when first seen had made considerable progress in a back building used exclusively for storing hardware, crockery and nails, and no fire was known to be in any part of the building on Thursday, so that the disaster is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. The building and stock of goods were partially covered by insurance, \$2,000 being placed with the Montgomery County Mutual, of Sandy Spring.

MORTGAGE INCOME TAX.

Washington County Commissioners, by their attorney, William J. Wittenbach, have instituted suit against the Mechanics' Loan and Savings Institute and Mutual Insurance Company, of Washington county, to compel payment of the tax on mortgages. The defendants, with others, refuse to pay the tax, which is 8 percent on the gross income, three-fourths of which goes to the county and one-fourth to the State. The tax against the Mechanics' Loan Bank is \$1,899.88 for three years' interest, and \$27.16 against the Mutual Insurance Company, the latter holding mortgages amounting to \$13,785.92, the bank holding mortgages amounting to \$31,166.70. Some 30 or 40 additional suits will be brought against other holders of mortgages who likewise refuse to pay the tax, some contending that the reassessment law enacted in 1896 is unconstitutional, while others insist that the law applies only to mortgages made after 1896.

PERSONALS.

Miss Anabelle Shelley and Miss Emma Perry are spending a few weeks at "Meadow View Farm," the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis E. Krise.

Mrs. George Porter and two sons, of Wellington, Iowa, are visiting Mrs. Porter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Ross White, of Liberty township, Pa.

Rev. Dr. Titze and wife, of Lancaster, Pa., were the guests of Messrs. Allison Brothers, near town.

Mrs. Josephine McIntire and Mrs. David Wertheimer and children, of Frederick, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Welty, near town.

Mr. John Munshower, of Philadelphia, visited friends in town.

Mr. Harry Kreis, wife and family, of Baltimore, are the guests of Philip D. Lawrence.

Mr. Eugene Zimmerman has returned home from Baltimore.

Miss Nellie Eyster, of West Main street, is visiting friends in Waynesboro, Pa.

Fire wrecked the big six-story building of the Maryland Telephone Manufacturing Company, at the corner of Dark lane and Lovegrove alley, Baltimore, Wednesday. A number of office buildings on Lexington and St. Paul streets were injured by fire and water. The Masonic Temple caught fire several times, and was afterwards damaged by the bursting of the lines of hose that had been run through to the top floor. The loss to the Telephone Manufacturing Company will amount to from \$70,000 to \$75,000, and the losses on the Masonic Temple and other property will make it run close to \$100,000. There is \$38,000 insurance on the telephone manufacturing, and the other losses will be fully covered by various companies.

You will never find any other pills so prompt and so pleasant as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

HARNEY ITEMS.

HARNEY, Md., Aug. 22.—On the 14th inst. a very pleasant surprise party was held at the residence of Mr. George I. Shriver, near this place, in honor of his daughter, Loire. The evening was spent in playing various games, after which supper was served. About sixty-seven people were present.

On last Monday evening some scoundrels either stole or sunk Dr. Stewart's new boat, which he had recently placed on Stonesifer's dam, in the care of Mr. N. E. Hess. The miscreants were sharp enough not to break the lock, and by some ledger-de-main manipulation succeeded in getting the boat away. We are also informed that a few days afterward the boat some cunningly slipped up and stole his lunch. We suppose the Doctor will soon have a good opinion of Harney, but it is hoped that he will not judge the place by a few who doubtless do not belong to Harney.

Mr. Six, the successor of Mr. Samuel Berkhimer, is now carrying on the hotel business at the Union Hotel. He will move his family there today. We trust Mr. Six will meet with the approval of all persons who patronize these places.

The Harney Cornet Band held a festival in Mr. F. C. Null's grove last Saturday night. It was very well attended and quite a nice sum was realized, likely they will hold another one on Saturday evening, the 25.

"The Fairfield Dirty Dozen," as they call themselves, are now camping at Willow Grove Camp. The boys ought to behave, as they have a minister with them. This makes about ten different camps for Harney this year.

Messrs. H. O. Horner and J. I. Ohler will drive to Mt. Airy Camp to hear Sam Jones preach.

Mr. Gettys Myers has returned to Alexandria, Va.

Among this week's visitors are Prof. Henry Meier's son, Walter, of Taneytown; Mr. C. V. Eckenrode, of Westminster; Mrs. Slenaker and daughter, of Baltimore; Mr. Vernon Eyer, of Shippensburg; Miss May Hill, of Taneytown, and Mr. Wm. Foubie, of Morgan.

CEMENT MILL BURNED.

The large mill of the Cumberland and Potomac Cement Company, at Pimlico, Allegany county, on the Baltimore and Ohio and West Virginia Central railroads nine miles west of Cumberland, was burned last Saturday morning. The loss is between \$45,000 and \$50,000; insurance \$39,550, divided among 20 companies. The origin of the fire is a mystery. It started in the upper floor of the mill, directly under the roof. About eighty men are thrown out of employment. Mr. A. Hixon, of Philadelphia, president of the company, who was in bed in the Queen City Hotel, Cumberland, when aroused by the report that the mill was burning, says they will be grinding again in ninety days if the insurance is satisfactorily adjusted. Besides the mill properly the main copper shop and a log building near by were burned. Four 150-horse-power boilers and an air compressor, recently installed, and a 450-horse-power Corliss engine were ruined. A Baltimore and Ohio box car and 150 barrels of cement were also consumed. The sheds and kilns were on fire several times, but were saved by the mill employees, who were aroused from their slumbers by the engine whistles. The capacity of the mill was 750 barrels a day. President Hixon says there is sufficient cement rock on the land leased by the company to keep the mill in operation 20 years. George L. Caldwell, of Washington, Pa., is secretary of the company. The cement plant in Cumberland recently burned will be rebuilt on the old site.

RIOTOUS NEGROES.

Negro rioters terrorized the town of Hyndman, Pa., on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, 14 miles northwest of Cumberland, Monday night and Tuesday morning. At least a hundred of them marched through the streets howling and demanding the blood of William Baldwin, a white man who, until recently was a foreman over the negroes who are working on the excavation for the Baltimore and Ohio track.

The negroes had been paid off and, a circus being at Hyndman, all proceeded there and were drinking. Baldwin, who is a powerful man, had been in the meantime appointed a special policeman. One of the negroes insulted him and, as he attempted to arrest him, another negro took Baldwin's pistol out of his pocket, but Baldwin was too quick and felled him with a club and then stamped him into insensibility. The crowd closed in on Baldwin and he laid out seven out of nine. The negro he first attacked is nearly dead, being still unconscious Tuesday night. Baldwin knocked another negro's eye out with a rock. The negro was accused of trying to commit a criminal assault on a white woman. Baldwin is a native Virginian. The negroes are from the vicinity of Washington and Baltimore. A riot nearly ensued when several were arrested Tuesday and lodged in jail. The negroes are still very threatening. A negro with his head badly crushed, supposedly by a train, was placed in the hospital at Cumberland Tuesday in an unconscious condition. He belonged to the gang of workers from which the rioters came.

A man named Kockel died Tuesday from injuries by falling from a West Virginia Central freight train at Wallman, Md. He vainly tried to save his life by tightening his necktie about his wounded knee to prevent hemorrhage. A time book found on him showed that he had worked for Supervisor Kean, of the West Virginia Central, but his first name was lacking.

How Are Your Kidneys? Dr. Hober's Kidney Pills cure all urinary troubles. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

CAPTAIN DAVID KAILER DEAD.

Capt. David Kailer, aged 96 years, 6 months and 19 days, the oldest and one of the best-known citizens of Frederick, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George W. Koogle, Tuesday morning of general debility incident to advanced age.

He was born in the Middletown Valley and spent most of his life in Frederick and Washington counties. He was engaged in the wool manufacturing business until 1861, when he became engaged in farming, in which he was successful, retiring only a few years ago. He was a prominent Democrat, having cast his first ballot for Andrew Jackson in 1828, and he was very proud of the distinction of having cast 74 ballots for various Democratic candidates. He often expressed a strong desire to celebrate his diamond anniversary as an elector by casting his seventy-fifth ballot this fall for William Jennings Bryan.

Some years ago Mr. Kailer was elected and served one term as County Commissioner for Frederick county. When the war with Mexico broke out he organized a Mohawk company, equipping it with uniforms, and gave the Government a bond for the arms loaned his men. There were 102 men in his company, all of whom are dead except eight.

To his regret he said his company never had an opportunity to take part in any battle and disbanded after peace had been restored. In early life he was a great traveler and made a number of trips to the Far West, in the unsettled regions, and often recounted the hardships he and his companions were compelled to endure as explorers.

The quicker you stop a cough or cold the less danger there will be of fatal lung trouble. One Minute Cough Cure is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. You will like it. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

NOTICE.—The members of Arthur Post No. 41, Dept. Md., Grand Army Republic, will hold their annual Pic-Nic and Bean Soup on Saturday, Sept. 8, at Crystal Point, (Stouter's), near Emmitsburg. The public is cordially invited. aug 10-51s. COMMITTEE.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn? Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It cools the feet and makes them "right." It cures Itch, Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Smarting, Hot, Callous, Sore and Sweating Feet. Allen's Foot-Powder relieves all pain and gives rest and comfort. We have over 50,000 testimonials. It cures while you walk. Try it today. All druggists and shoe stores sell it. 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

It will surprise you to experience the benefit obtained by using the dainty and famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

FREDERICK College opens Sept. 3. 4f

PLEADED GUILTY.

Joseph Carney alias "Philadelphia Jimmy," and Joseph Davis alias "Philadelphia Blinky," two young men who were recently released from the West Virginia Penitentiary, where they had served a term of three years for larceny and taken to Frederick, were taken before Judge John C. Motter Monday and pleaded guilty to the charge of burglary. They were sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. They robbed the store of P. L. Hargett & Co., in August, 1897, and escaped from Frederick to Martinsburg, W. Va., where they were arrested while attempting to rob a store for which they served a term of three years.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. 50c. If C. C. & Co. fail, druggists refund money.

MOUNTAIN PEACHES.

Shipments of peaches continue heavy from the central and southern sections of Washington county. New York and Pittsburg are the chief markets. Every evening the United States Express Company runs a special peach train on the Washington County Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. From five to eight carloads of peaches are hauled by this train every evening from Keedysville, Rohrerstown, Brownsville, Bartons and other stations on the branch.

Shocked Her.

In an elevated train sat a dignified, severe looking lady. In her lap lay a thick book, whose manilla paper cover bore the stamp of the Y. W. C. A. library. Beside her was a bundle and inside the bundle a little flat tin box. The seat facing her was occupied by a very young man and a white haired old man, rather nervous, but with a kind and interested expression.

As the train slowed up for the Fifth street station the lady gathered up her bundle, rose and began to elbow her way through the crowded aisle toward the door. The young man looked at the little tin box left on the seat, but did not budge. The old gentleman no sooner saw it than he grabbed it, stumbled over the young man's feet and gently touched the lady's shoulder, gracefully lifting his hat as she turned around.

A look at the box and then a look at him. That was all. The train had stopped, and there was no time for words, but that look she gave him was calculated to have the same effect as a right arm blow. And it did.

He sank back into his seat dumfounded. The young man laughed outright, and the other passengers grinned. Putting on his spectacles, the old man brought the object near his eyes, and the look of amazement on his face gave way to a sickly smile as he read in large, gilt letters, "All Tobacco Cigarettes."—New York Mail and Express.

Pays Every Day.

One New York millionaire who earned his fortune by his own efforts under rather disadvantageous circumstances conducts his business in a way that is highly original in many particulars. One of the most striking of these is his method of dealing with his employees. They are paid every night, and at the close of every business day all the expenses of running the business have been met, and the manager knows just how his affairs stand as far as that feature of his business is concerned.

But that is not his object in paying salaries every day instead of following the usual custom and waiting until the end of the week or month. He employs many men who have lost former situations through intemperance, although they were all men of ability in their field. If they severed their connection practically with the establishment at the close of every business day, it made no difference to the employees what happened to them after he left his establishment. By this means the millionaire is able to get the services of good men at a small salary and have no responsibility as to their conduct after they have received their pay for one day's work.—New York Sun.

A Single One Escaped.

Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, in narrating the experiences of "A Missionary in the Great West," recalls in "The Ladies' Home Journal" his visit to a town which had been more or less abandoned for 12 years.

"I could not," he says, "find a single member of the church left except one old lady who had been bedridden for a number of years. 'Yes,' she said in answer to my inquiry, 'I am still a member of the Episcopal church, I reckon. We did have about a dozen members once. There was—' And she called over a number of names. I interrupted her in each case by asking what had become of them. 'She's joined the Latter Day Saints,' was the answer when the object of my question had neither removed nor died. 'It seems to me everybody has joined the Latter Day Saints,' I commented. 'Yes,' she replied; 'most every one. They had a revival here and got them all except me.' 'Why didn't they get you?' I asked. 'I reckon because I was bedridden, and they could not get at me,' she said frankly."

Let Gyes For Women.

The costume of the Pu Yuan Pen-Jen women in the Shan states is very striking, consisting of a cloth head, an open jacket and a pair of short white trousers reaching barely to the knee. But the most important, though the least noticeable, part of their costume is their colored cloth garters. These the women are obliged to wear, as without them it is believed they would be able to fly away, leaving their husbands and sweethearts sorrowful. This legend recalls a custom of ancient Carthage, where the unmarried women wore metal leg gyes, which were severed only during the marriage ceremony. The Akkas, also a Woul tribe, wear similar garters, though I do not think the same importance is attached to them. It is probably an emblem of some old custom of which the true significance has been forgotten.—Geographical Journal.

Too Honest.

A lawyer took in a new boy the other day, and as he had suffered to some extent from the depredations of the former one, he determined to try the new boy's honesty at once. He therefore placed a \$5 note under a weight on his desk and walked out without a word. Upon his return, half an hour later, the note was gone, and half a dollar in silver had taken its place.

"Boy, when I went out I left \$5 under this weight."

"Yes, sir, but you hadn't been gone five minutes when a man came in with a bill against you for \$4.50. I guess the change is correct."

"You paid the bill?"

"Yes, sir. There it is, all receipted. The man said it had slipped your mind for the past four years, and so—"

He did not get any further before he made a rush for the door. That boy is not in the law business any more.—Chicago News.

Satan Got Behind.

Mother—So you've been at the fair again, Adolphus?

Son—The cupboard door came open of itself, mother, and I thought—

Mother—Why didn't you say, "Get thee behind me, Satan?"

Son—So I did, mother, and he went up and pushed me right in—Brooklyn Life.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Doesn't Waste Words Now.

"My husband," said the lady who combed her hair straight back from her brow, "used to waste words a good deal, but he has gradually outgrown the habit since he and I have known each other."

"And how has this happened?" the other woman asked.

"It has just been a sort of natural development—evolution, you might perhaps call it. The first letter he ever wrote to me was shortly after we had become acquainted and before there was really anything like an understanding between us. This is the way he signed it:

"Yours, my dear Miss Weston, most sincerely,
JOHN HAMILTON LARSON."

"There, you see, were ten words—enough for a telegram—and to bring a commonplace friendly letter to an end. But after we became engaged his first letter to me was signed in this way:

"Yours, my darling, affectionately, John."

"That, you will observe, was a reduction of 50 per cent from his conclusion as a mere friend. The first letter he ever wrote to me after we were married was signed:

"Yours,
John."

She stopped for a moment and sighed and then continued:

"We have been married 17 years now. Yesterday I received a letter from him. Here is the way it was signed: 'J.'—Chicago Times-Herald.

Will Make a Cat Run.

With regard to color, both cats and dogs appear to have little aesthetic perception. We have heard of a dog appearing to prefer scarlet to blue, but it is difficult to eliminate the effect of association in dealing with a single instance. Cats, however, seem to show a definite aesthetic perception of texture—esthetic, for it is not ordinary bodily comfort which rules. They may like to sleep on velvet, but they revel, waking, in the feeling of crackling paper or texture of stiff silks, and there is a well authenticated story of a cat which goes into the garden to lick the undersides of foxglove leaves and cannot be kept from trying with his tongue the texture of flannel.

But the keenest aesthetic pleasure for a cat lies in the region of smell. The dog uses smell merely as a medium of information, but the cat revels in it. She will linger near a tree trunk, sniffing each separate aromatic leaf for the pure pleasure of it, not like a dog, to trace friend, foe or prey. If the window of a close room is opened, the cat leans out, smelling the air. New dresses are smelled, partly, perhaps, for future recognition, but also, apparently, for pleasure. A strong smell, above all a spirituous smell, is not only disagreeable, but absolutely painful. Lavender water may please a tiger, but it will put a cat to flight.—London Spectator.

One Way of Looking at It.

"Look at this, will you?" exclaimed the real estate and house renting optimist. "In this paper there is a record of 87 marriage licenses issued yesterday."

"Well, what of it?" said his partner, the pessimist of the firm, who was leaning back in a chair with his hat pulled down over his eyes.

"What of it?" echoed the other.

"Can't you see?" Those 87 marriage licenses mean 87 marriages. The 87 marriages will lead to 87 inquiries for houses, flats or at least eligible apartments. It's bound to stimulate business in our line, and we'll get our share."

"That doesn't follow at all. Those 87 licenses represent 174 persons, don't they?"

"Yes."

"Probably all adults?"

"Undoubtedly. What of it?"

"Nothing," growled the pessimist, "except that 174 persons who have hitherto occupied 174 apartments will hereafter occupy 87. You give me a pain! Go away!"—London Answers.

Pirates of the Philippines.

The Moros are born pirates. The sea seems more their home than the land. They fairly revel in the water, for, wherever possible, they build their houses in the sea, raising them on piles sunk in the shoal waters of the coast. This mode of building has been followed in all the Philippine Islands, the houses, even if miles from the sea, being built on piles. It seems to suggest a time when the Malays were water dwellers. In truth, a backward glance through time shows us the Malay sea rovers setting out in their warpraus to conquer the multitude of islands in the south sea and haunting the coasts so as to be ready to take to the water again at a moment's notice.—Leslie's Popular Monthly.

A Cavalry Charge.

In a cavalry charge, especially when the firing is at long range, it is practically impossible for the enemy to aim at so small a figure as a human being with any certain chance of hitting him. And so the horse presenting the larger target, the list of casualties among horses, under the circumstances, is naturally greater than among men. At Talavera 220 horses were killed and 240 men, while at the famous charge of the Light brigade at Balaklava the losses among horses were 300 and among men 280.

Why He Backed.

A witness in an Irish court talked so loud that Charles Phillips, who was counsel on the other side, said, "Fellow, why do you bark so furiously?"

"Because," said the man, looking hard at Phillips, "I think I see a thief!"

When a man tells you that he doesn't like the game of checkers, you can be perfectly sure that he doesn't know how to play it.—Somerville Journal.

Every time a man sees the cloth from which his new suit is to be made it looks uglier.—Aitchison Globe.

THE wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he trailed on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

A Sane Duchess.

When the "Beggars' Opera," by Gay, was produced in 1728, it took the world positively by storm. The king still clung to Handel, but the nobility, with the Duchess of Queensberry among them, flocked rapturously to the "Newgate pastoral." The "Beggars' Opera" had a run of 92 nights, unprecedented in those days, and as one result of its success Handel became bankrupt. Suddenly there came an order from the lord chancellor to stop the new piece. Why, is not exactly known unless it was because the prime minister considered himself to be too faithfully represented therein. However that may have been, the theater had to be closed, whereupon the Duchess of Queensberry took up Gay's cause and vehemently championed it.

Very busy was she in those days, driving about in her coach asking for guinea subscriptions for printing copies of the forbidden play. And so heedless was Kitty that she carried her list to the queen's drawing room itself and had the audacity to ask the king for a subscription. This was a little too much, and her grace was requested to withdraw from the court, Kitty announcing, with characteristic composure, that the command was very agreeable to her, as she had never gone there for her own diversion, but to bestow civility upon the king and queen.—Good Words.

English Cabinet Secrets.

Secrets of state are probably the best kept of all secrets. When cabinet ministers in England first are admitted to the privy council, they have to take a solemn oath not to make known the conversation or proceedings of cabinet councils or any communications they may have with the queen or with another minister. They cannot give a hint of such things even to the highest members of the government who are not cabinet ministers. No clerk or secretary is allowed to be present at cabinet councils, no written record is kept, and it is the custom not to take any notes; hence no one but the crown and the ministers ever know what has been said in the cabinet. The oath of secrecy lasts to the end of life. An ex-cabinet minister is as much bound by it as an actual cabinet minister.

Any conversation a minister or a peer may have with the crown on state matters must also be kept secret. So must letters to and from the sovereign. And even communications that have passed between sovereigns and ministers of former reigns must not be divulged. But in cases of extreme urgency the crown could and would allow a breach of the oath of secrecy.

Napoleon's "Dog Teeth."

"In the world's history," said a Buffalo man, "there are three characters who in the popular mind stand pre-eminent—Alexander the Great, Caesar and Napoleon. Napoleon lived so near our own time as to be almost within the memory of living men, and there are plenty of men today in France who heard of Napoleon from their fathers, who lived in the stirring times connected with his name."

"There is a curious fact in connection with Napoleon's personal appearance that I have never been able to find mention of in any of the biographies, and that is that two upper front teeth were very long and lapped over the lower ones to an unusual extent, giving him a most peculiar appearance when smiling. These teeth—the two upper incisors, on either side of the mesial plane—originally form a line that meets with the corresponding teeth in the lower jaw, but in Napoleon's case they overlapped. This information came to my father directly from the son of Napoleon's dentist, who made a memorandum of the fact."—New York Tribune.

Insane Sense.

Among the inmates of a certain insane asylum were two who were considered perfectly harmless and not without a certain modicum of common sense. These two were generally employed in the garden and were frequently left without supervision.

An opportunity offering, they planned between themselves at attempt to escape.

"Now, bend down, Tom," said Jack to the two conspirators came to the wall surrounding the grounds; "then I'll climb up your shoulder to the top, and when Tom up I'll be able to give you a hand."

Tom accordingly bent down, and Jack, with a little difficulty, managed to gain the top of the wall, where, instead of assisting his friend, he disappeared on the other side and, as he was making off, shouted:

Well, I think, Jack, you'll be better to stay on another fortnight yet. You're not nearly cured!"

Rebelling the Doctor.

Doctor (sitting with unsuccessful efforts to cure patient)—Well, I've just one more remedy to try in your case, and if this doesn't help you nothing will.

Patient—Why didn't you frankly tell me that in the first place, doctor? If nothing will help me, I could have taken that at the start and saved the expense of your attentions.—Boston Transcript.

Hills (at the depot)—Going away, Mills?

Mills—Yes; going to seek my fortune. Want to go along?

Hills—No; I've just returned from seeking mine. By the way, could you loan me \$1 till you get back?—Chicago News.

A Distinction.

"Knogood tells me you won some money from him last night," said the man with the shrieking shirt.

"Nipe," said the man with the whispering tie; "I merely won a few cents from him."

"Oh?"—Indianapolis Press.

The private secretary of an important official is a good thing until he begins to think he is the important official.—New Orleans Picayune.

The stars on the United States coinage are six pointed, while the United States flag carries five pointed stars.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

WILD BEASTS IN BATTLE.

Two Panthers and a Sea Lion in a Fight to the Death.

Among all fights of wild beasts perhaps the most terrible are those in which the combatants belong to different elements. The struggle then seems peculiarly wanton and unnatural. Not long ago two pan on a small island off the Californian coast declare that they witnessed such a battle. The men were amusing themselves watching the antics of a number of sea lions on a reef when all at once the creatures began to bellow in alarm and red into the water. One huge fellow alone stood his ground and moved his head slowly, as if watching.

A moment later the men saw creeping from the shadow of a rock two large panthers, which had evidently swum over from the mainland in search of prey.

Simultaneously the panthers leaped upon their enemy and a terrible combat ensued. For nearly 30 minutes it went on, till the reef was skirted with crimson foam.

Twice the lion struck a panther squarely with his flipper and knocked him a dozen feet away. But the great cats kept to their work, and finally one of them buried his teeth in a flipper of the sea lion, and tore it off with a single savage tug.

Bellowing hoarsely with pain and anger, the wounded bull caught the panther's throat between its jaws and dragged him into the water, but the big brute was weak from loss of blood. The panther escaped, and with its maw, swung out for the mainland across the narrow channel, while the sea lion struggled out toward the ocean to die.

The men went down to examine the field of battle. A hole deep enough to bury a horse had been dug in the soft mud, while the shore was stained blood red.—San Francisco Call.

FORGET BUSINESS AT NIGHT

That is the Only Way to Be Sure of Doing Your Best Work.

"Every business man of common sense knows, whether he chooses to acknowledge it or not, that the farther away he gets in the evening from his commercial associations during the day, so that his business associates or thoughts of it or them cannot get at him, the healthier he is, the wiser he leads—in short, the better off he is in every respect and the abler for the duties of the morning," writes Edward Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal.

"Now, what does he get in the city in the evening, even if he lives as fully regular as he can? There is no mode of life he can possibly follow which is in any way recuperative to his mental or physical being. He has never been out of hearing of the noises of the city or out of the range of its lights. Every night he has slept in the polluted air of the city and in the morning has looked out on the gray sidewalks which he sees all day long. What does such a man know of the exhilarating, refreshing and blood quickening experience of opening the shutters of his chamber window upon a landscape of spaces and sunshine. And what is far worse, what do his wife and children know of such a blessing?"

"Yet he deludes himself into the belief that he must live in the city, so as to be 'in touch with things.' If you ask him what those 'things' are, you invariably discover that they are of a business nature, either strictly business or some social convention which he feels has a bearing on his business. But it is always business, business! Now, a man living under these pressure rarely does his best work, although he fully believes that he is doing it. But he cannot be giving out the best because he does not allow the best to get within him."

San Storms.

The connection between the aurora, sun spots and magnetic disturbances has never been explained, but many observations have shown that it definitely exists. The outburst of a formation of spots is immediately registered in every magnetic observatory on the earth. Sometimes the disturbance of terrestrial conditions is very marked.

For example, on Feb. 13, 1892, a great spot, accompanied by enormous cyclonic disturbances, burst forth on the sun's surface. That night a magnificent aurora was visible all over the northern half of the United States and in many parts of Europe. Telegraphing was carried on between New York and Albany without batteries, so strong were the earth currents. The telegraph system of Sweden was completely paralyzed, and in Russia much difficulty was experienced with the telegraph lines. At the Kew observatory in England the magnetic needle swung two degrees out of its normal position.

All this has furnished physicists and astronomers a fruitful field for study, and a vast mass of observations has been accumulated, but so far no satisfactory explanation of the mysterious bond of sympathy between solar and terrestrial disturbances has been forthcoming, nor does any one yet know the true nature of the aurora.

O'Connell and the Tipperary Boys.

At Tipperary, brave Tipperary, they wanted to take the horses from O'Connell's carriage and draw him themselves upon his way. "This will never do," he said to his daughter-in-law. "Their intentions are excellent, but they'll get so excited that we'll find ourselves in the ditch presently."

In a moment he was out among these gigantic Tipperary men, just as big as any one of them. "Now, boys, be reasonable," he said. "Leave the horses under the carriage."

"But, shure, we'd rather pull you along ourselves, sir," was the reply as the preparations for so doing went gallantly forward.

"All right; on your own heads be it!" cried O'Connell good humoredly, and, throwing off his coat, he set to work with pugilistic intent, boxing them right and left until he got them to desist. Their amusement and delight knew no bounds, and when, on regaining the carriage, he doubled up his hand and shook it at them, with a beaming smile and a twinkling eye, the air was rent with enthusiastic shouting, and he drove off even a greater hero than when he had come.—Donahoe's Magazine.

A Long Lightning Conductor.

Bavaria boasts that it has the longest lightning conductor in the world. It rises some yards above the top of the meteorological station on the Zugspitze, the highest point in the German empire, and runs down the side of the mountain to the bottom of the Hohental, where there is running water all the year round. The length of the rod is five and a half kilometers, nearly three miles and a half.

CASTORIA.

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June 15-1yr-8-0-w.

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Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat.

Artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulency, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. Dewitt & Co., Chicago.

T. E. ZIMMERMAN & CO.

—CALL ON—

GEO. T. EYSTER,

—AND—

See his splendid stock of

GOLD & SILVER

Key & Stem-Winding

WATCHES.

Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.

On and after June 24, 1900, trains on this road will run as follows:

| TRAINS SOUTH. | |
|---|--|
| Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7:10 and 10:00 a. m., and 2:50 and 4:50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8:40 and 10:30 a. m., and 3:20 and 5:20 p. m. | |
| TRAINS NORTH. | |
| Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8:20 and 10:33 a. m., and 3:31 and 6:36 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 8:56 and 11:08 a. m., and 4:01 and 7:06 p. m. | |

WM. A. HINES, Pres't.

Western Maryland Railroad

Schedule in effect June 24, 1900.

MAIN LINE.

| Read Downward. | STATIONS. | Read Upward. |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 8:20 A. M. | Cherry Run | 8:40 P. M. |
| 9:45 A. M. | Big Pool | 8:45 P. M. |
| 10:15 A. M. | Clear Spring | 8:50 P. M. |
| 10:25 A. M. | Charlton | 8:55 P. M. |
| 10:35 A. M. | Williamsport | 9:00 P. M. |
| 10:45 A. M. | Hagerstown | 9:05 P. M. |
| 10:55 A. M. | Frederick | 9:10 P. M. |
| 11:05 A. M. | Williamsport | 9:15 P. M. |
| 11:15 A. M. | Cherry Run | 9:20 P. M. |
| 11:25 A. M. | Big Pool | 9:25 P. M. |
| 11:35 A. M. | Clear Spring | 9:30 P. M. |
| 11:45 A. M. | Charlton | 9:35 P. M. |
| 11:55 A. M. | Williamsport | 9:40 P. M. |
| 12:05 P. M. | Hagerstown | 9:45 P. M. |
| 12:15 P. M. | Frederick | 9:50 P. M. |
| 12:25 P. M. | Williamsport | 9:55 P. M. |
| 12:35 P. M. | Cherry Run | 10:00 P. M. |
| 12:45 P. M. | Big Pool | 10:05 P. M. |
| 12:55 P. M. | Clear Spring | 10:10 P. M. |
| 1:05 P. M. | Charlton | 10:15 P. M. |
| 1:15 P. M. | Williamsport | 10:20 P. M. |
| 1:25 P. M. | Hagerstown | 10:25 P. M. |
| 1:35 P. M. | Frederick | 10:30 P. M. |
| 1:45 P. M. | Williamsport | 10:35 P. M. |
| 1:55 P. M. | Cherry Run | 10:40 P. M. |
| 2:05 P. M. | Big Pool | 10:45 P. M. |
| 2:15 P. M. | Clear Spring | 10:50 P. M. |
| 2:25 P. M. | Charlton | 10:55 P. M. |
| 2:35 P. M. | Williamsport | 11:00 P. M. |
| 2:45 P. M. | Hagerstown | 11:05 P. M. |
| 2:55 P. M. | Frederick | 11:10 P. M. |
| 3:05 P. M. | Williamsport | 11:15 P. M. |
| 3:15 P. M. | Cherry Run | 11:20 P. M. |
| 3:25 P. M. | Big Pool | 11:25 P. M. |
| 3:35 P. M. | Clear Spring | 11:30 P. M. |
| 3:45 P. M. | Charlton | 11:35 P. M. |
| 3:55 P. M. | Williamsport | 11:40 P. M. |
| 4:05 P. M. | Hagerstown | 11:45 P. M. |
| 4:15 P. M. | Frederick | 11:50 P. M. |
| 4:25 P. M. | Williamsport | 11:55 P. M. |
| 4:35 P. M. | Cherry Run | 12:00 P. M. |
| 4:45 P. M. | Big Pool | 12:05 P. M. |
| 4:55 P. M. | Clear Spring | 12:10 P. M. |
| 5:05 P. M. | Charlton | 12:15 P. M. |
| 5:15 P. M. | Williamsport | 12:20 P. M. |
| 5:25 P. M. | Hagerstown | 12:25 P. M. |
| 5:35 P. M. | Frederick | 12:30 P. M. |
| 5:45 P. M. | Williamsport | 12:35 P. M. |
| 5:55 P. M. | Cherry Run | 12:40 P. M. |
| 6:05 P. M. | Big Pool | 12:45 P. M. |
| 6:15 P. M. | Clear Spring | 12:50 P. M. |
| 6:25 P. M. | Charlton | 12:55 P. M. |
| 6:35 P. M. | Williamsport | 1:00 P. M. |
| 6:45 P. M. | Hagerstown | 1:05 P. M. |
| 6:55 P. M. | Frederick | 1:10 P. M. |
| 7:05 P. M. | Williamsport | 1:15 P. M. |
| 7:15 P. M. | Cherry Run | 1:20 P. M. |
| 7:25 P. M. | Big Pool | 1:25 P. M. |
| 7:35 P. M. | Clear Spring | 1:30 P. M. |
| 7:45 P. M. | Charlton | 1:35 P. M. |
| 7:55 P. M. | Williamsport | 1:40 P. M. |
| 8:05 P. M. | Hagerstown | 1:45 P. M. |
| 8:15 P. M. | Frederick | 1:50 P. M. |
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| 8:35 P. M. | Cherry Run | 2:00 P. M. |
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