

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

W. H. TROXELL, Editor & Publisher.

Established by SAMUEL MOTTER in 1879.

TERMS—\$1.00 a Year in Advance

VOL. XXI.

EMMITTSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1900.

NO. 52.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

I. S. ANNAN.

Lace Curtains 24 yards long 60 cents pair, 3 yards long 75 cts. pair, 3 yards long \$1. pair, 24 yards long \$1.50 pair. Come and examine these curtains, they are extremely low in price for the quality.

Mattings 12, 15, 18, 22, 30 and 35 cts. per yard. Largest assortment in town.

Carpets from 20 cts. yard and up. Come in and look at them when in town.

My Clothing Stock is full up. Any one in need of a suit of Clothing will do well to look through our line before making their purchase elsewhere. Fancy Double Breasted Vests. The latest patterns.

SUMMER LAP SPREADS.

Headquarters for all good kinds of Roasted Coffee from 6 cts., a pound and up to 35 cts. A kind to suit all people.

5 pounds Prunes for 25 cts. 6 pounds of Rice for 25 cts.

Sept. 22-1yr.

I. S. ANNAN.

NEW STYLES
In Spring and Summer
Shoes and Slippers
—AT—
M. FRANK ROWE'S SHOE STORE.

A large and well selected stock of Men's, Women's, Boys' and Children's Shoes. Latest Styles. Prices Moderate. 18 Different Styles of Durable Shoes in Men's and Black Children's Shoes for 25, 35, 40, 50, 60, 65 and 75 cents a pair in Button and Lace, Black and Tan. A good assortment of Women's fine Shoes for \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.65, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, and \$3.00 a pair, in Button and Lace. I have Ladies' Fine Shoes that are Perfectly Smooth Inside, no Nails, Tacks or Wax Thread to hurt the feet. Call and examine them. No trouble to show my assortment of shoes whether you intend buying or not. Guarantee prices as low as you will find any place for good shoes. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Respectfully,

M. FRANK ROWE.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, and you will be kept your bowels open, and be well. Force in the shape of violent physic or pill, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take



KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

It costs with you whether you continue the same old way, or you change to a new one. The new one is the best. It is the only one that will keep you healthy and happy. It is the only one that will keep you from getting sick. It is the only one that will keep you from getting old. It is the only one that will keep you from getting poor. It is the only one that will keep you from getting ugly. It is the only one that will keep you from getting stupid. It is the only one that will keep you from getting lazy. It is the only one that will keep you from getting dishonest. It is the only one that will keep you from getting wicked. It is the only one that will keep you from getting evil. It is the only one that will keep you from getting damned. It is the only one that will keep you from getting lost. It is the only one that will keep you from getting alone. It is the only one that will keep you from getting forgotten. It is the only one that will keep you from getting abandoned. It is the only one that will keep you from getting deserted. It is the only one that will keep you from getting rejected. It is the only one that will keep you from getting refused. It is the only one that will keep you from getting ignored. It is the only one that will keep you from getting overlooked. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underappreciated. It is the only one that will keep you from getting undervalued. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underused. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underemployed. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underpaid. It is the only one that will keep you from getting undernourished. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underdressed. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underfooted. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underhanded. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underhauled. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underhanded. It is the only one that will keep you from getting underhauled.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY

FOR YOUNG LADIES,
CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY.
NEAR EMMITSBURG, MD.
This Institution is pleasantly situated in a healthy and picturesque part of Frederick Co., half a mile from Emmitsburg, and two miles from Mount St. Mary's College. TERMS—Board and tuition per academic year, including bed and bedding, washing, mending and Doctor's fee, \$200. Letters of inquiry directed to the Mother Superior, mar 15-1t

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FORCED DRAUGHT.

Of the various methods of forced draft, two have had the greatest vogue; that where the fireroom is closed and the air forced into it, and that where the fireroom is open but the ashpit is closed, either in the simple form or as part of the casing over the boiler front, the air in either case being forced into the ashpit and into the casing around the furnace door and thence over the fire. A modification of this latter form, with considerable elaboration for the purpose of heating the air forced in, is the system of Mr. Howden, which has probably been used more extensively than any other in merchant vessels, and is used almost exclusively today in the express steamers of all the great mail lines.

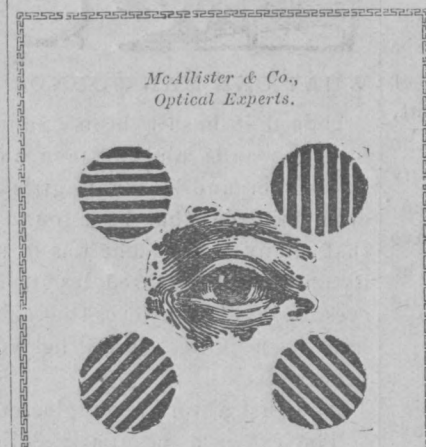
The system in which the fireroom is closed and the air forced in—then acting just as in the case of natural draft—is the one which has been used most in the naval service, for the reason that it requires the fewest fittings, and, generally speaking, is the simplest. In all war vessels the boilers are below the protective deck in any event, so that it requires very little additional structural work in the way of bulkheads to provide for placing the fireroom under pressure.

The system by induced draft or suction has been used to some extent, and quite successfully; but its use does not compare in extent with the other two already mentioned, and for the purpose of this article it need not be further considered.—Engineering Magazine.

"It is said that chewing tobacco is good for the bites of the kissing bug," remarked Spatts.

"But how can the insect be induced to chew tobacco?" asked Bloomburper.—Judge.

SOLID SILVER
American Lever Watches,
WARRANTED TWO YEARS,
ONLY \$6.
G. T. RYSTER.



Can You See These Lines With Equal Distinctness?

If not, then it is ninety-nine out of a hundred chances that you need glasses; consult us—we'll not charge you anything to examine your eyes and find out the trouble.

Gold Glasses \$5.

Not plated or rolled gold, but solid gold rims, just the thing for a present to some older folks.

And do you know, two pairs of glasses are a blessing to those who don't, but who have to hunt for the one pair when it is mislaid.

You save lots of annoyance, time and trouble, much more than their cost by having two pairs instead of one.

McAllister & Co.,

where members of the firm and only members of the firm make the examinations.
3 N. Charles Street,
Baltimore, Md.

NEW MEXICO'S GREAT RUINS.

One County Contains the Remains of Past Prehistoric Buildings.
It is not only in Santa Fe county where the ancient dwellings are found, but in San Juan there exists wonderful remains of the early dwellers. About a mile west of the county town of Aztec, on a mesa now under cultivation, are found the fallen or partially standing walls of a structure which presents features of unusual interest. The mound of debris which has been made from the fallen wall is quite twenty-five feet above the general level, and out of the heap of walls yet standing rise in their original position to a further height of thirty feet.

The lower rooms can now be reached only through a passageway that has been cut through the second story, and can be examined only by the aid of artificial light. They vary from 6x10 to 10x16 feet at the base and are 10 feet high. The ground walls are 3½ feet in thickness, and the facings of all outer and inner walls are made of dressed stone of uniform thickness. While shaped without the aid of metal tools, they present a very uniform appearance, and the amount of labor required to dress them with implements of stone attests the skill and patience of the builders. The many thousands of tons of rock were brought by human labor from a quarry two miles distant. Some attempt was made to break joints in the different courses, and, doubtless for artistic effect, alternate layers of stone, not more than one inch in thickness were frequently used in the walls.

The builders evidently knew the use of the plumb line, for the standing walls are vertical, but they were ignorant of the principles of bonding at point of wall intersections, for each cross wall is built to, but not into the wall it meets at the true right angle. They evidently were not familiar with the use of lime, for all mortar was made from a deposit of red clay, about a half mile distant, which contains a large amount of peroxide of iron and minute infusoria of marine deposit, which furnishes a mortar, when protected from the weather, almost as hard as cement. In these dry and now underground rooms, this mortar has become almost as hard as the stone itself, but in the outer walls the centuries of storms and sand-laden winds have worn it away to a depth of about two inches.

Passage to the several rooms was made through doorways of uniform width of three feet, varying from four to five feet in height, and so far as known, all entrance was first made from the court or quadrangular area embraced within the outer walls. Light and ventilation were secured to the outer tier of rooms by openings, usually eight by twelve inches in size, which are located at a uniform distance of six feet from the clay floors.

In all places where irregular joints occur the mortar is filled with countless numbers of flakes of stone perhaps not more than one-eighth of an inch in thickness. The mortar was placed in with the hand, as is apparent from the palm and finger prints. All dividing walls were carried from the base through the upper stories, thus making rooms in tiers of uniform size. As the several stories were completed, an offset of about four inches was made, and from the receding thickness of the three stories seven stories in height.

While many of the rooms bear no evidence of fire, others are blackened with smoke, and the fireplaces in the angles are connected with plastered flues that extend upright through several stories.

A puzzling question arises as to how or where they procured the logs that support the several floors. They resemble red spruce, but that is not now found nearer than 100 miles distant on the higher mountains, at the head of the Animas River, and if procured, could have been brought down only by being floated on that stream. One log which now in part supports the floor of three rooms, is forty-two feet in length, with a difference of

but two inches in diameter at either end.

Some years ago a log was removed from the ruins that was sixty-four feet in length, having a diameter of eight and eleven inches at the extreme ends. No red spruce now growing in the forest maintains its size to this degree. All supporting beams were cut in the spring, for they are free from bark, and bear no marks of tools except at the ends, where with stone axes they were cut off as evenly as can be done with modern steel axe. This may be a hard statement to believe, but the logs are here to speak for themselves, in the absence of their former owners, and all can see who will. So enduring and great is the strength of this timber that now, after centuries of use, where it has been protected from moisture it is apparently as sound as when first cut, and the two logs that span each room now support a deposit of from ten to fifteen feet of rock and mortar that has fallen from former walls. In other rooms through the open doorways can be seen the broken and battered beams and poles that have been crushed by the great weight of fallen debris, writes Cecil A. Deane.

At right angles to the beams is laid a tier of small poles about three inches in diameter, and also free from bark. On these is a layer of cedar splints, and above them a layer of cedar bark, which in turn is covered with a deposit of clay mortar about four inches in thickness, which forms the floor proper.

About fifty rooms in the lower and now underground story have been opened. The number so far as investigations have been made indicates a total of about 100 rooms, or 700 in the building before its destruction began. A plan of the ground story was made by Prof. W. K. Moorehead, president of the Archaeological Society of Columbus, O., who with a party of assistants passed two weeks here in 1892 in making a careful survey of the ruins. His time did not admit of examination of the east or remaining side of the quadrangle. The mounds of debris there are of less height, and, unlike the sandstone rock used in the walls of the three sides, waterworn boulders, taken from the river bed, were put in place. The walls were probably not more than two stories in height.

The eight council chambers and places where their mystic ceremonies were observed are faced with cut stone, and the depressions are now about eight feet in depth, although doubtless partially filled above their former bottom.

The archaeological treasures that may be found in the many sealed rooms are purely a matter of conjecture. That many relics will be recovered if they are opened may be expected from the fact that in those opened by the Boston party fourteen skeletons and mummies were found in one room, and from other rooms two wagon loads of vases, jars, pitchers, bowls and other articles of domestic life were secured and removed.

A few hundred feet to the east of this large ruin is another almost as large, as is proved by the area covered by the debris of fallen walls. It bears evidence of still greater antiquity, and but isolated portions of the stone walls appear above the surface. The timbers where exposed are greatly decayed, and the general surface of the mounds is broken into numerous depressions where the once supporting timbers have been crushed by the weight of fallen walls. From the size of the few rooms that can be entered it is inferred that there were seventy-five rooms in the first story, but how many stories there were originally in the building cannot now be determined.

At a distance of about 400 feet from the large ruin is situated an ancient reservoir covering about one acre, and now in use. It was doubtless used as a storage of water for domestic purposes by the occupants of the two large pueblos, and by those who lived in many smaller houses whose ruins now dot the surface in all directions from the

greater ruins. It was supplied by a ditch which received its water from the river at a point about four miles above the reservoir, and traces of the ditch, which was about twenty feet wide on the bottom, can yet be seen to a distance of twenty-five miles below this point.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

SMARTLY DRESSED BEDS.

The French Roll Substituted For The Pillow On Them.

The pillow has fallen from its high estate. Once upon a time it rose proud and snowy from its position of honor at the head of the bed all day long; now it's shoved into some obscure corner during the day, and only brought forth at night when comfort and not beauty is a first consideration.

The French roll's the thing that finishes the smart bed in these degenerate days, not the roll we eat for breakfast, but an affair of pasteboard that looks like an enlarged rolling pin and would be about as comfortable.

Of course it's covered, usually with a material that matches the coverlet, and is finished at the ends very often with a large tassel.

That's style in bed dressing for you, but one must pity the sorrows of the poor old pillow that served us faithfully for many years and is now relegated to obscurity because, forsooth, it is pronounced a mushy affair, lacking in chic, and liable to tumble into a shapeless heap at any moment.

"After suffering from severe dyspepsia over twelve years and using many remedies without permanent good I finally took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It did me so much good I recommended it to everyone," writes J. E. Watkins, Clerk and Recorder, Chillicothe, Mo. It digests what you eat. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

COST OF WAR HORSES.

It is difficult to estimate the enormous expenses incurred by the English government for the transportation to South Africa of necessary war material, and especially so with respect to the horses needed.

A Budapest newspaper, called the Sport and Hunting Journal, has calculated the cost to the English for sending to the Cape 3,000 horses that the British Military Commission has just bought in Hungary.

The average price of these horses was \$160. They will be embarked at Fiume in the horse steamer, Mont Liban, especially arranged for the purpose, and shipped direct to Durban. The voyage will take from thirty-five to forty days.

The cost price alone of the 3,000 horses amounts to \$480,000. Add to this the expense of transportation, custody and food as far as Fiume, amounting to about \$60,000. The expenses during the sea voyage as far as Durban, including the maintenance of the animals, pasturage purchased at calling stations, &c., aggregate \$995,400. Adding all these you have a total that indicates that every horse arriving at Durban has cost England nearly \$3,000.—Paris Nouvelles.

W. S. Musser, Wilhelms, Pa., saved the life of his little girl by giving her One Minute Cough Cure when she was dying from croup. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grippe, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

The Bride—Mrs. Pinchpenny's present has arrived. It's a silver-plated butter-dish.

The Groom—How is it marked?
The Bride—Marked down, I suppose, or we'd never have gotten it.—Philadelphia Press.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts. T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggists.

"MISSING-LINK" SKELETONS.

Said to Have Been Found in the Philippine Islands.

Dr. George F. Becker, of the Geological Survey, returned from a scientific exploration of the Philippines, bringing with him two skeletons of dwarf Aetas, or "Little Niggers," who are believed to be the missing link between the man and the monkey.

The skeletons will be kept at the National Museum. They are the first of their kind ever brought to this country. Though adults, the capacity of the skulls is only three-fourths that of an average American cranium. The arm bones are so long that the owners must have been able to touch their knees with their finger tips when standing erect. The eye holes are notably long. The formation of the jaws is very monkey-like. Even the feet differ from those of the average man. The big toe is more developed and the three outer toes of each foot so modified as to turn inward like those of some monkeys.

The Aetas are a tribe of the lowest human beings on earth. They were the earliest inhabitants of Polynesia, and remnants of them still linger in some of the larger islands in that part of the world. The men average four feet eight inches in height. The women are from three to four inches shorter. Both sexes have a strikingly ape-like appearance. Their wool is black, their heads seem too large for their bodies, and their jaws project beyond their noses, while their faces are wrinkled in deep lines like those of monkeys. They live in wild fashion in the forests, much after the manner of monkeys, sowing no plants and subsisting on wild fruits. They have no intercourse with more civilized human beings.

The Aetas carry on a queer traffic in gold, precious stones, rare plants and birds' skins, which may be purchased from them by depositing in a recognized spot small mirrors or other articles which they covet. These articles they carry away in secret, replacing them with articles of their own merchandise. In this way the European markets are furnished with birds of paradise, which the dwarfs kill with poisoned darts fired from blowpipes. In Borneo the Little Niggers do a considerable business in baby orang-outangs, which they get from the nest.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, costs you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations. 428.

THE DIMPLED CHIN.

It Is Declared By Scientists To Be An Abnormality.

All the young men and all the maidens who up to this time have rejoiced in the possession of a dimpled chin must now commence to look upon that feature as a doubtful blessing since the iconoclastic lecturer is abroad in the land to declare that said dimple is not a mark left by the touch of Venus as she passed, nor yet the print of an angel's finger, but is just an ordinary freak of nature caused by the bones of the lower maxillary knot not knitting properly.

Thus does science destroy poetry and reduce the dimple in the chin, sung of poets and admired of man to an abnormality, almost as great as the harelip.

Perhaps Vandyke beards and imperials will become more conspicuous since this information has been given to the world, for the masculine portion of humanity may hide such blemishes—but unfortunate femininity will have to go right ahead pretending it likes it and dislikes the plain round chin, which is the normal one, just the same as ever.

They were talking of evolution. "Now," said the Thoughtful Girl, "take a piece of cheese, let it stand for a few weeks, and it comes to life."—Chicago Journal.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

W. A. CLARK'S COUP.

United States Senator William A. Clark, of Montana, whose eligibility to a seat in that body was to have been voted upon Tuesday, caused a sensation by resigning, and before midnight he was reappointed by Lieutenant-Governor Spriggs to fill out the unexpired term. The Legislature not being in session, no election can be held. The action of the Senator was not anticipated by the members of the Senate, who listened to the reading of a long statement by Mr. Clark with much amazement, and at its conclusion it was agreed that the resolution to bar Mr. Clark from the Senate, reported favorably from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, should go over until Wednesday.

The political situation in Montana appears to be peculiar at the moment. Governor Smith, whose affiliations are said to be with the Daily faction, is temporarily in California, and the affairs of state are being administered by Lieutenant-Governor Spriggs, who is identified with the Clark faction. During the absence of the Governor Spriggs has reappointed Clark, but what the final action will be remains to be seen when the Governor returns. —Sun.

LOOKING FOR GOLD.

The Treasury Department is somewhat mystified by the disappearance of a fabulous sum of gold. Secretary Lyman J. Gage, it is said, places the shortage at \$400,000,000, and to discover the whereabouts of the coin a vigorous search will be instituted.

Those in charge of the local Sub-Treasury state that the amount of reserve gold at this port shows no sign of decrease. There is between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000 in their possession, and this sum is in excess of the usual amount stored here. It is thought by these officials that typographical error, the real deficiency being \$4,000,000, or possibly \$40,000,000.

The Sub-Treasury in the Onstom House is the depository for all money received from duties on imported goods, from the Internal Revenue Department, from banks and from other sources of a national character. Its supply of gold coin has been considerable for some time and several months ago it dispersed so much of the precious metal that the banks objected. The work of counting the money is too laborious, and it was not as convenient for business transactions as notes. —Baltimore News.

AGAINST THE STANDARD OIL.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 16.—The Supreme Court today ordered that the briefs of attorneys for the Standard Oil Company be stricken from the files, for the reason "that they contain improper and offensive imputations" toward the court. The court also sustained the demurrer of the attorney to the petition of the Standard. This in effect upholds the constitutionality of the Nebraska Anti-trust law and advances the suit, which is one to disbar the company from the State, to the point where the court will take testimony to prove that the Standard Oil Company is a trust. —American.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Chamberlain's Candy Cathartic. 50c or 25c. Dr. C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

The Southern Industrial Convention opened at Chattanooga, Tenn., with a large attendance.

\$100 REWARD, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

SUNSTROKE AND HEARTSTROKE.

According to a French medical journal it has been ascertained by Dr. Messor that there is a distinct difference between prostrations from heat and pure sunstroke. True sunstroke can occur only in the tropics, since there alone are the rays of the sun powerful enough to produce the action on the cranium that constitutes sunstroke. Heartstroke, on the other hand, is produced by the action on the whole surface of the body during a sufficiently prolonged period of a temperature exceeding 104° Fahrenheit. It may result from continued overheating in a room, as in the case of stokers on board a ship, who work in high temperature and with a meager air supply. The heat if damp prevents the body from perspiring freely, and if too dry parches the skin and thus stops the perspiration which is necessary to health. Negroes are far less susceptible to heat than whites because the black color of their skin operates as a shade or screen. Dr. Messor calls the attention to the fact that the temperature inside a person's clothing is often much higher than the temperature in the open sun, the clothing seeming to confine the heat and to hinder the evaporation. One of the predisposing causes of heat apoplexy is lying down, the heat rays, both direct and reflected from the ground, having thus a much larger surface to act on. —Baltimore Sun.

BATTLEFIELD WILLS.

Every British soldier in South Africa has served out to him when he enlists a little volume containing, among other things, three blank forms ready for will-making. Usually a soldier pays no attention to this pocketbook and goes into battle with his will unmade. After he has been hit by a bullet and begins to realize that his chances of getting home are small, a soldier begins to think more carefully of the loved ones left behind him.

As a result many queer and pathetic wills have been found upon the bodies of dead soldiers, and in every case the wishes of the testator have been respected.

The body of one soldier was found on the battlefield of Elandslaagte, who before death had scrawled with the end of a lead bullet on the inside of his helmet the words, "All to my wife."

When an English army invaded Afghanistan one soldier was caught while doing scout duty and shot down when none of his companions were in sight. Weeks afterwards his body was found lying before a tall rock, on which he had written in letters of blood "I want mother to have all." In both cases the War Office held the wills to be valid and saw that the proper distribution of the property was made.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demonic enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times the cost. For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggists.

FAST RUN ON B. & O. S. W.

Improvements so far made on the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern are permitting fast runs to be made with passenger trains. The other day a train covered the distance from Cincinnati to Parkersburg, 199 miles, in 252 minutes, allowing six stops. This was about a mile in every 1½ minutes. The roadbed in this section of the line has been brought to a condition equaling that of any other road and permitting the highest speed with perfect safety. A statement just completed shows that the Baltimore and Ohio's Royal Blue Flyer No. 1, and the Washington and New York Express during the month of April were late only twice.

PURCHASE OF AN HISTORIC SITE.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., May 16.—Joseph Laughrey has purchased from John Rankin 150 acres of coking coal on Washington Run, Franklin township, for \$65,000. The tract is the original tract taken up by George Washington just before he went to the Revolutionary War. On the land, which is known as "The Meadow," Washington erected a fine grist mill, which Lawrence Washington and various hired men operated. This stands today. On the new tract Laughrey will erect 100 coke ovens and build a mining village.

PHILIPPINE CORALS.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Two interesting collections of minerals and corals found in the Philippine Islands have been sent to Washington by the Jesuit Fathers of Manila. One of these collections has been on exhibition at Georgetown College for some time. The other, which has been presented to the Government, is now being catalogued according to the scientific classification, and will be given a permanent place in the National Museum. One of the finest specimens in the collection is an exceedingly beautiful and rare coral from the Island of Mindanao. This coral, known as "imperialis," is found in no other waters in the world. It is as white as snow, and resembles tiny feathers, its texture being so soft and pliable that it is difficult to believe that it is stone. One of the exhibits bears a striking resemblance to a hornet's nest, and to this is attached a petrified sponge, while clinging to its sides are many little flower-shaped particles. The minerals in this collection include almost every known variety. Among the precious stones the opals are especially beautiful. Another interesting feature is a large number of beautiful and valuable shells, of which much of the expensive and magnificent pearl mosaic work produced in Vienna and Venice is made.

NEW PEACH BUD PEST.

A new pest has been found at Benton Harbor, Michigan, and has been doing much damage to peach buds. What was thought to have been the result of cutworms proves to be that of a long, slender fly, with yellow stripes across its back.

The first of these insects was discovered by Fruit-Grower S. Levy, and the insect was in the act of piercing the peach bud when discovered. It is believed that one of the greatest pests that has worked on peach orchards has been found. As the insect is entirely new to old peach men there, it will be sent to the experiment station at Lansing.

Strike Situation in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—The strike situation of the building trades, the telephone and electric light linemen and the girls employed at the cigar factory of Harberger, Homan & Co., remains practically unchanged today. Each side is steadily holding out for either higher wages or shorter hours, or both.

Dr. Samuel H. Keedy, a native of Washington County, Md., an ex-United States Consul to Rheims and Grenoble, France, died on Monday evening of heart disease, at St. Agnes' Hospital, in Baltimore. During the Civil War Dr. Keedy was an assistant surgeon, and served a number of hospitals. He was appointed Consul by President Cleveland. A widow and one daughter, Mrs. W. C. Goodell, of Philadelphia, survive him.

KILLED IN A PAPER MILL.

George Ernst, an employee of the Spring Grove Paper Mills, near Hanover, was killed Tuesday night. A fly wheel, about seven feet in diameter, at one of the engines running one of the paper machines burst, and the flying pieces struck Ernst with terrific force in the center of his body.

ADMIRAL DEWEY visited the birthplace of Admiral Farragut, near Knoxville, Tenn., and unveiled a marble shaft erected there to the hero of Mobile Bay.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Use Allen's Foot-Powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Hot, Swollen Feet. All druggists and shoe stores, 5c. Sample Free. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, Lenoir, N. Y.

Two prostrations from the heat were reported in Chicago.

"There is no little enemy." Little impurities in the blood are sources of great danger and should be expelled by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

\$1000.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

Form as many English words as you can using only the letters contained in the text "WARD DRUG COMPANY" (for example: on, rag, candy, woman, etc.). Use no letter in a word more times than it appears in the text. Prizes: One hundred dollars in gold for the person forming the largest list of words; \$100 will be given for the second largest list, \$75 for the third largest list, \$50 for the fourth and \$25 for each of the 5th, 6th and 7th largest lists, and \$500 will be divided among the persons bright enough to form 20 words or more who do not win the leading cash prizes. Complete list of prizes and full particulars of the contest will be sent promptly to all contestants. This is a legitimate offer made by an honorable company and should not be classed with such catch-penny affairs. If you are any good at word making, you are sure of a reward that will pay you many times over for your trouble. Every one has an equal opportunity, distance makes no difference. It is intended to make every contestant a permanent customer. Write your name and address plainly on your list and number words, enclosing twelve cent stamps or twenty-five cents silver for a package of Ward's Prize Pills which is just the medicine every family needs at this season of the year. Ask your druggist about them. Contest closes July 15th, 1900. In case of a tie for any prizes the money will be equally divided between such tie contestants. Mail your list at the earliest possible moment. Some one is going to get the prize money, for every one may be knocking at your door. Our contest is to make one man a household word in every home. Satisfaction positively guaranteed, or money cheerfully refunded for the asking. Address: WARD DRUG CO., 39 and 32 East 14th Street, New York.

MANY WISH TO BE CADETS.

In anticipation of the passage of the army reorganization bill, the War Department is being flooded with applications from persons who seek appointments to the additional cadetships created by the act. Provision is made in the bill for a hundred cadets, in addition to the present strength of the cadet corps. It is not specifically stated in the bill that nominations for these places are to be made by Senators, but the War Department will proceed upon the theory that such is the intent of the bill, and each Senator will be allowed to maintain one cadet at the Academy. He will not be entitled to appoint a cadet annually, but only to make a nomination whenever there shall be a vacancy within his control. It is said at the War Department that it would be impossible, even should the act pass immediately, to arrange for the reception of the additional cadets during the present academic year. The heads of the various bureaus of the War Department affected by the proposed reorganization were before the house Committee on Military Affairs Wednesday, to give their views on the proposed change. The hearings were quite technical, dealing with internal administration, and in general showed that the bureau chiefs did not favor the system proposed by the bill.

In the Spring

When we would like to feel strong, vigorous and ambitious, we are weak, tired and dull; appetite

Tako

is poor, food is not relished, sleep does not seem to refresh, we go to bed tired and get up tired. This

America's

condition is because of thin, impure, sluggish blood which is unequal to the demands of the body

Greatest

for more life, vigor, energy, strength. Nature cries for help, and it is to be found in Hood's Sarsaparilla, the

Spring

great blood purifier, blood enricher, blood vitalizer.

Medicine

Be sure to get Hood's, because it is Peculiar to Itself—and remember, also,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

OWNERSHIP OF ELECTRIC PLANT.

In the Equity Court of Adams county, Pa., Tuesday, Judge Swope handed down his decision in favor of the Keystone Electric Light, Heat and Power Company, in the proceedings between that company and the Gettysburg Transit Company. The two companies have been at war for three years over the ownership of the electric lighting plant operated by the Transit Company.

The Hotel Helene, 119 Fifty-third street, Chicago, was destroyed by fire. Two lives were lost.

Doctors Say;

Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels.

The Secret of Health.

The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.

Tutt's Liver Pills Cure all Liver Troubles.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Emmitsburg Water Company, in Frederick County, will be held at the Banking House of Annan, Horner & Co., in Emmitsburg, Maryland on MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1900, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing seven directors and for the further purpose of adopting a new set of By-Laws for said company. A full attendance of the stockholders is requested. By order of the Company, E. R. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary.

FINE LOAD OF HORSES.

I will receive on Saturday, April 28, 1900, a fine load of Indiana Horses, consisting of workers and drivers. Mules always on hand. Come and inspect this lot before purchasing elsewhere, as I will positively not be undersold. H. A. SPALDING, Littlestown, Pa. apr 6-4f.

THOSE SUPERB TONES

that instantly arrest your attention, that appeal to your musical sense by their sweetness, come from

STIEFF PIANOS

Yet they're reasonable in price, and compare with any in quality. Catalog for the asking. Repairing and Tuning at moderate prices. Accommodating Terms. Planos of other makes to suit the most economical. CHARLES M. STIEFF. Warerooms, 5 N. Liberty St. Factories, Block of E. Lafayette Ave., Aiken and Lanvale Sts. Baltimore, Md.

ICE CREAM.

THE Ice Cream Season is here, and my Ice Cream Parlor will be open to the public during the entire season. I make a specialty of furnishing Ice Cream, Cakes, Confectioneries for Festivals, Picnics, Parties, Etc. Call and get prices before placing orders elsewhere.

MOUNTAIN WATER

For sale at all times. This ice will be delivered at your door upon your order.

CONFECTIONERIES AND GREEN GROCERIES.

I have a confectionery store in connection with the ice cream business. A full stock of candies and cakes of all kinds, groceries, etc., and everything found in a first-class confectionery store. Soliciting your orders, I remain, Respectfully, JOS. D. CALDWELL. apr. 20-3ms.

SIX LOAVES FOR 25 Cts.

Acme Bakery!

Fresh Bread, Rolls, Cakes and Pretzels

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Just think of it—Six Loaves of sweet delicious Bread for 25 cents. All orders promptly delivered to any part of the town. I make a specialty of baking large cakes to order at reasonable prices. Soliciting a continuance of the public patronage, I remain, Respectfully, JAMES A. SLAGLE. apr 6-4f

WHAT ONE MAN FOUND OUT.

Indeed it hasn't been one man, but thousands, and not men alone, but women and boys and girls and even children that have found out that many a headache was in reality an eye-ache, caused by strained eyes, brought on by eyes that should have been protected and helped by proper glasses. And just a word about glasses: The eye is a peculiarly delicate organ, so sensitive that you should never allow anyone to prescribe glasses for you whom you don't know to be eminently fitted by study and years of experience. Some disorders of the eyes require the professional treatment of an oculist, while many defects can easily be remedied by a careful, experienced optician. We are opticians, not oculists, but we are careful, experienced and thoroughly reliable. We will examine your eyes free of charge, and furnish you with the proper glasses at a moderate cost, or if your eyes need an oculist's attention, we will frankly tell you so. No one but a member of our firm examines your eyes here, hence you can be sure of the most scientific, painstaking methods only being employed.

McAllister & Co.,

3 N. CHARLES ST., Baltimore, Md.

HOKE & ANNAN'S Marble Yard,

EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND.

Monuments, Tombstones

and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed

may 29-1yr

G. W. Weaver & Son.

G. W. Weaver & Son.

GETTYSBURG.

It has been said that if we endeavor to trace out the principle of action in individuals it will be found that every man, in proportion to his vigor, is more or less actuated by ambition. Whether in the conduct of our business we are actuated by ambition, or by a desire for gain, this store stands forth this season as the best in values and comprehensiveness.

Take our ready to wear stock for instance—we know where of we speak when we say that it excels in variety, in the values we give, in styles and fit any similar department outside of the large cities.

THE TAILOR MADE SUITS

up-to-dateness in everything except prices. They were contracted for, to be made, from goods at old prices—(we cannot promise to duplicate any at our prices) and we make an offering of about 25 suits—top notch in style and fit, mostly in single breasted Jacket Suits, made of Navy Blue Cheviots, Check Casimires and a few Home Spuns. Jackets lined in Silk Serge, skirts in good Percaleine; regular \$12.00 values, at \$8.90. Suits at \$10.00, \$12.00, 14.00, worth fully \$2.50 more to-day.

ODD DRESS SKIRTS.

We mean one or two of a kind that cannot be re-ordered at the former price, reduced to \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00—a full dollar under in each. Plenty of better skirts, including Rainy Days.

SHIRT WAISTS.

Some of our wisest customers are laying in their supply of Shirt Waists from this first stock of ours, because of first choice and because they can see there is no skimp or hurry in the making. The 50c. waist as carefully made as the \$3.00 one. A selection now from nearly a hundred dozen.

Crash and P. K. Skirts.

Summer is likely to step in any day, we are ready to have you dress comfortably for the season. We pay the same attention to details in selection of a skirt that costs 50c. as one costing \$5.

Special in crash skirts is a heavy half linen, made very full—deep hem, at \$1.00. Crash Skirts from 50c. to \$2.00. White P. K. and Duck, \$1.00 to 2.50.

CALICO AND LAWN WRAPPERS.

59c. to \$1.25, a full cut, as you would probably make them yourself, and we were going to say with a great deal more style, yet there is no style to a house wrapper, but beauty instead and comfort.

MERCERISED SATEEN SKIRTS

look as well as silk—wear much better and cost less—price starts at 1.00. A really rich one at \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.

SPRING IS HERE,

and I am ready with New Goods and call attention to buyers of furniture. Don't fail to call on

M. F. SHUFF

before buying anything needed in his line. He will save you money.



Undertaking and Embalming.

Everything up to date in this branch of the business. Nice selection of Caskets, Coffins, Robes and Trimmings always in stock. I always carry in stock the Boyd Patent Steel Grave Vault which is one of the finest things there is on the market for laying away your dead. Calls promptly answered at any and all times.

dec 1-1f.

EMMIT HOUSE, GEORGE M. RIDER, PROPRIETOR, EMMITSBURG, MD.

The leading hotel in the town. Traveling men's headquarters. Bar supplied with choice liquors. A free bus from all trains. I also have a first-class livery in connection with the hotel. nov. 26-1yr

New Advertisements. DAUCHY & CO.

Simply Send Your Address

on a postal and sufficient Electro-Silicon will be sent you, without charge, to clean all your silver.

FREE ELECTRO-SILICON

SILVER POLISH. It's unlike all others. Gives the silver's brilliant, bright, easily and saves the silver. This free sample will prove it.

Sold in boxes by grocers and druggists, 75c. or sent postpaid by us for that amount. In stamps. The Electro-Silicon Co., 40 Cliff St., New York.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases and itching. 25c. and 50c. Druggists.

GO TO SCHOOL. Board and room. Tuition low. All books free. SITUATIONS GUARANTEED. Over 50 Remington and Smith Premier typewriters. 354 students last year from 18 States. 8th year. Send for catalogue. Address, STRAVER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Department 25, Baltimore, Md.

LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Patterson Brothers. Steers, per lb. 4 00 5 00 Fresh Cows, 20 00 25 00 Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb. 2 1/2 3 1/2 Hogs, per lb. 5 00 5 1/2 Sheep, per lb. 4 00 4 1/2 Lambs, per lb. 4 1/2 4 3/4

VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. jan 29-4f.

EMMITSBURG MARKETS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Corrected by E. R. Zimmerman & Son.

Wheat, (dry)..... 64 Rye..... 45 Oats..... 35 Corn, shelled per bushel..... 45 May..... 6 00 11 00

Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke. Butter..... 14 Eggs..... 9 Chickens, per lb..... 7 Spring Chickens per lb..... 13 Ducks, per lb..... 7 Potatoes, per bushel..... 50 Dried Cherries, (soured)..... 8 Blackberries..... 3 Apples, (dried)..... 3 Peaches, (dried)..... 3 Onions, per bushel..... 40 Lamb, per lb..... 7 Beef Hides..... 30 1/2

BOARD AND ROOM.

Board and room. Tuition low. All books free. SITUATIONS GUARANTEED. Over 50 Remington and Smith Premier typewriters. 354 students last year from 18 States. 8th year. Send for catalogue. Address, STRAVER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Department 25, Baltimore, Md.

GO TO SCHOOL.

Board and room. Tuition low. All books free. SITUATIONS GUARANTEED. Over 50 Remington and Smith Premier typewriters. 354 students last year from 18 States. 8th year. Send for catalogue. Address, STRAVER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Department 25, Baltimore, Md.

may 29-1yr

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, festivals, picnics, ice cream and cake festivals, and similar enterprises, got up to make money, whether for churches, associations, or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1900.

Messrs. Hoke & Annan have built a stable and shed combined.

Local Lynx Heights, Garrett county, elected two negro town officers.

The green-pea louse is disturbing the rest of Frederick county market gardeners.

JANE COLLINS, of Baltimore, committed suicide Wednesday morning by swallowing a quantity of rat poison.

Williamsport, (Md.) expects to show at the coming census a population of 2,000. In 1890 the population was 1,200.

ABOUT 600 George's Creek, (Md.) coal miners have gone out of Maryland to seek employment since the strike began.

JOHN WHITE, a retired farmer, was found dead in bed at his home in Hagerstown, by his wife. He was 86 years old.

E. L. BERRYMAN, the sixth man, has declined the contract to remove the dead animals from the streets of Baltimore city.

FREDERICK GALLION is building a steam automobile 16 feet long and 6 feet wide to run between Pen Mar and Waynesboro.

The entire Frederick Fire Department is preparing to attend the annual meeting of the State Association in Baltimore June next.

DR. CHARLES A. WELLS, of Hyattsville, has brought suit against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for \$6,000 damages at a railroad crossing.

IN Washington county the heat May 15 caused several prostrations. The girls employed in one of the knitting mills had to stop work.

ON Wednesday the Mt. St. Mary's College baseball team defeated the Washington College team, of Chestertown, by a score of 6 to 4.

It is reported from Wicomico county that ex Gov. Elitha B. Jackson has been prevailed upon to be a candidate for Congress in the First District.

A STAMP cancelling and postmarking machine has been received in the Frederick postoffice. Heretofore the cancelling has been done by hand.

FOURTY four graduates received diplomas at the annual commencement of the Maryland Medical College, held in Ford's Opera House, Baltimore.

THE May term of the Frederick county Circuit Court, which is a non-jury term, began Monday morning, with Judges McSherry and Motter on the bench.

ON Tuesday Aaron Bokinski, about 38 years of age, of Baltimore, was overcome by the heat while working on a sandbank, and died as he was being carried into the City Hospital.

THE Rev. Wm. McCormick, C. M., for the past four years assistant rector at St. Vincent's Church, Germantown, Philadelphia, has been transferred to this place, where he will act as assistant Rector at St. Joseph's Church.

JACOB DIXON, a well-known resident of Point of Rocks, Frederick county, died Sunday night, aged 59 years. His daughter died last Wednesday and his wife on Friday, thus the whole family becoming extinct in less than one week.

THERE will be no services in the Reformed Church next Sunday, owing to the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. C. B. Shulenberg, who is attending classis now in session at Manchester, Carroll county, Md.

THE maple sugar crop this season was very large in Western Maryland and West Virginia. H. S. Thompson sold 3,500 pounds at Gorman. John T. Cosner, of near Gorman, made 5,000 pounds during the season. Maple sugar sells at 8 cents a pound.

ON Monday the city of Annapolis voted by a majority of 441 to issue \$121,000 of city bonds for permanent improvements. Under the act submitting the question only tax-payers were permitted to vote and women who are tax-payers voted as well as men.

A TRAVELING "preacher" was in town last Sunday. In the afternoon he delivered a "sermon" before a small audience on the Public Square. While addressing the crowd an unusually mean act was perpetrated by a big boy. The boy picked up the "preachers" hat and punched one or two holes in it.

A BOY'S HEAD CUT OFF. Adam Stupki, aged 9 years, son of Frank Stupki, a Pole, 1224 Hare street, East Baltimore, Md., was killed Wednesday night by being run over by a freight car of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad.

The accident happened on Boston street, near Potomac street. The lad jumped on a car of a train while it was moving, lost his footing and fell beneath the car. The wheels passed over his body, completely severing the head from the trunk and badly mangle the body.

The body was picked up by Walla Banna and Stephen Labuda, neighbors of the boy's parents, placed in a sheet and taken home by the father of the victim.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY MEETING

The Emmitsburg District Democratic Primary Meeting to select delegates to the County Convention, will be held in Spangler's Opera House, in this place, on Saturday evening, May 26, at 8 o'clock. The County Convention will be held in Frederick, on Saturday, June 2, at which Convention delegates will be selected to attend the State Convention to be held in Baltimore, on June 5, and also delegates to attend the Sixth Congressional District Convention to be held at Rockville, September 5.

COMMISSIONERS ORGANIZE.

The newly elected Board of Town Commissioners met Monday evening and organized by electing Mr. John T. Long, President; Mr. Oscar D. Frailey, clerk; Mr. Victor E. Rowe Treasurer, and Mr. Michael Hoke, Street Commissioner.

The Board will meet again on next Tuesday evening, when the appointment of a constable will be considered. What would be the matter with this official wearing a blue uniform?

At the same meeting the Board will elect a commissioner to fill the vacancy caused by the disqualification of Mr. A. M. Patterson.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Jacob Hoke and wife, with their daughter and son, Mrs. H. F. Shulley, and Mr. Clarence Hoke, visited friends in York, Pa., last Saturday and Sunday. Judge John C. Motter and wife, of Frederick, and Dr. George T. Motter and daughter, of Taneytown, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Zimmerman, on Sunday last.

Mr. M. Frank Rowe and wife were in Gettysburg on Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary Myers, of Pen Mar, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. James Neely, of Taneytown, made a visit to this place yesterday.

THE HORSE WENT HOME.

A lady and gentleman from Gettysburg drove to this place on Monday evening, being guests at Mr. W. P. Nunemaker's. When they were ready to start for home the gentleman drove the team to Mr. Nunemaker's residence, and, without tying the horse, went in to the house to bid the family good-bye. The horse took advantage of the absence of the driver and started for home, going down town, at a lively gait. The gentleman secured a team from Mr. Geo. Rider, and the party were driven to their home in Gettysburg. The runaway horse, with the buggy, arrived in Gettysburg about the same time as the party who started half an hour later. The buggy was slightly damaged.

LIVING IN ALASKA.

Lewis Whitehouse, of Easton, Md., a skilled mechanic, who went to the Alaskan gold fields two years ago, leaving his family at Easton, where they still are, writes from Nome, Alaska, under date of January 20: "It costs a fortune to thaw the frozen ground for mining. Wood is \$50 a cord and coal \$150 a ton. A rabbit is worth \$2, beefsteak \$2.50 a pound, fresh vegetables from \$7 to \$12 a crate holding about a bushel. There is no game except ptarmigan and a few rabbits; 42° below zero is the lowest thus far this winter, and the weather has been very pretty all the time. At our shortest day we had about 24 hours of sunshine, and it was very bright on that day and nearly every day since. I have not found the climate in Alaska anything like as bad as I expected, but if I get back home alive I think I shall be satisfied to stay there."

MONOCACY BRIDGE.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company Sunday placed a new steel bridge across the Monocacy river, about three miles north of Frederick City. The company has had a number of workmen engaged in building new piers and abutments for the past several months. While this work was progressing a large number of bridge builders were constructing the new structure on tucks so that there would be no interference with the traffic. At daybreak Sunday morning several hundred men set to work to swing the two massive spans into position and by nightfall the work was successfully completed. Many hundred men lined the river banks to witness the engineering feat. A new steel bridge will also be placed over Double Pipe creek in a few weeks, when the company will then be enabled to haul their heaviest engines over the Frederick division.

THE GOVERNOR'S VISIT.

Adj. Gen. John S. Saunders of the Maryland Guard was in Hagerstown Tuesday making arrangements for the visit of Governor Smith and party to Antietam to attend the dedication of the Maryland monument on May 30. The party will have their headquarters in Hagerstown and drive to Antietam.

Capt. B. F. Bond, division passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was in Hagerstown, and has arranged for the trip of President McKinley and the other distinguished visitors to Antietam on May 30. Two special trains will take the party to Keedysville, from where they will drive to the battlefield. President McKinley will be invited to visit Hagerstown before returning to Washington.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

Tuesday afternoon a car on the Washington and Rockville electric railroad jumped the track near Halpine, two miles east of Rockville. Fortunately the car had just stopped to let off passengers and had not begun to run at its usual speed. The accident happened just as the car started to cross a switch, and was probably caused by a defect in the switch. After leaving the track the car dashed into a trolley pole, snapping off close to the ground and considerably damaging the front of the car. There were four passengers on the car at the time, but all of them escaped unhurt excepting Mrs. M. J. Colley, of Washington, who was thrown from her seat and bruised. The motorman sustained injuries to his face. As a result of the accident travel was suspended for several hours.

Edw. Cuthbert, cure constipation forever. 10c. Sec. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

REFORMED CHURCH CLASSIS.

Maryland Classis of the Reformed Church met in its eightieth annual session in Trinity Reformed Church, Manchester, Carroll county, Wednesday evening, May 16. Rev. S. M. Roeder is pastor of the Manchester church, which consists of three congregations.

There are 64 congregations in the classis, having a total membership of 15,568. In territory it comprises the State of Maryland and the District of Columbia. Considerable business of importance will claim the attention of the classis for about six days. Reports will be read by all the pastors of their charges and by ministers without regular charges. Home missions, foreign missions, beneficiary education, the colleges and the Theological Seminary will receive attention.

The present membership of the classis is of 47 ministers and 35 elders. Two of the ministers are at work as missionaries in Japan at this time. They are Rev. Christopher Noss, formerly of Silver Run, Md., and Rev. William E. Lampe, of Frederick, Md.

WATER RENT CASE.

In the Circuit Court at Frederick on Tuesday Judge McSherry rendered a decision in the case of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of Frederick against Charles W. Ross and Henry Williams, proprietors of Hotel Burgess, sustaining the decision of Justice Biser, from which the city made an appeal.

Seth Burgess, who was a tenant of the property, was in arrears for his water rent to the city, and finally becoming insolvent, the city authorities brought suit against the landlords for \$15.40, alleging they were liable for their tenant's water rent.

The chief judge in substance said: "The city has the right to look exclusively to owners of property for the water rent and can refuse water except upon contracts made with the owners. But where property changes hands it is necessary for the city to have a new contract with the new owner. In this case the defendants had no contract with the city to supply the water to the hotel property, and therefore cannot be held for the rent. There can be no question as to the power of the city to make the regulations under consideration, and there is no trouble with the system, but the difficulty has been occasioned because the ordinance has not been properly enforced."

MUD AND FILTH MUST GO.

Judge Stake on Monday appointed Clinton E. Miller foreman of the grand jury and in his charge scored the officials of Hagerstown, on account of the bad condition of the alleys. He said he did not know on whom the blame rested. Whether the Mayor and Council, Street commissioners, the police or street superintendent was responsible he did not presume to say, but he stated the grand jury would not be discharged, but merely dismissed, and if the condition of the alleys was not improved at once he intimated that he would reassemble the grand jury and have them investigate the matter and fix the blame and hold the offenders responsible. He said the mud and filth would have to go. He stated that the theory held in olden times that the Lord sent plagues upon the people had long since been exploded and science has demonstrated that epidemics of diphtheria, typhoid, etc., were due to unsanitary conditions.—Sun.

It would not be out of place for the newly elected officials of Emmitsburg, who entered upon the discharge of their duties this week, to investigate the sanitary conditions of this place, and if any dirty or filthy places be found, apply the proper remedy at once. It is their duty to see that the town is kept in a properly cleanly condition.

FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL.

The Frederick County Commissioners who advertised for sealed proposals for the construction of a new female high school building in Frederick City opened the bids Monday but declined to take any action on them as it is said that the lowest of the five bids received was about 25 per cent. more than they had calculated to expend on the building. The bids were furnished in accordance with the plans and specifications as designed by the architects, Wyatt & Nolting, of Baltimore. The Commissioners had decided to spend not over \$21,000 for the building, but the lowest bid received was \$26,500, while others, it is said, ranged to \$30,000. When the Commissioners proposed erecting a new modern building they conferred with the architects and after acquainting them with their wants and desires, invited them to prepare a design and plans for the structure to meet the wants, comforts, convenience and sanitary arrangements for the children. The plans for a modern building, estimated to cost from \$30,000 to \$35,000, were submitted. This was considered too much for the Commissioners, notwithstanding six to seven hundred children are to be provided for, to say nothing of the future increase of the school. It is thought the erection of the building will be indefinitely postponed.

THE LAWYER FAMILY.

A family reunion took place at the old Lawyer homestead, in Silver Run Valley, Carroll county, Monday, at which three or four generations of the Lawyer family participated. The ages of those present, numbering over 150, ranged from 6 months to 90 years. The Lawyer family originally came from Hanover, Germany, and were among the first settlers who mingled with the Quakers and founded Germantown, Pa. Those present at the reunion were the descendants of Casper Lawyer.

The entire Lawyer family were present except L. M. Lawyer and family, of Iowa, and the children of Ira B. Lawyer, of Missouri, Kansas and California. The occasion also celebrated the seventy-fifth birthday of the host, Ira B. Lawyer. An address was delivered by ex-Fire Marshall Edwin J. Lawyer, and by Rev. W. H. Earhart. The oldest member present was William Lawyer, vice-president of the First National Bank of Westminster, who is 90 years old. He is the last one of the older generation.

"DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the finest pills I ever used."—D. J. Moore, Milbrook, Ala. They quickly cure all liver and bowel troubles. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

FAIRFIELD, May 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Crouse, of Littlestown, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Landis, of Fairfield.

Memorial services, on May 30, will take place in the morning. Procession will form at 8:30 A. M., and move at 9 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Steck, of Gettysburg, will deliver the oration at the Cemetery. Miss Grace Plank, of near this place, who is attending the C. V. S. N. School at Shippensburg, spent a few days at her home. Miss Grace is looking well. Mr. and Mrs. F. Shulley spent one day in Emmitsburg last week.

There was preaching on the street in Fairfield on last Sunday afternoon by an evangelist from York.

James Dixon Post 83 G. A. R., will have their Memorial Sermon preached on Sunday, May 27, at 2:30 o'clock, P. M., by Rev. W. J. D. Scherer, in the Lutheran Church. All old soldiers are cordially invited.

The citizens of this community who have lots in the Union Cemetery met in the Cemetery last Tuesday and placed new stakes at each corner of their lots, and also straightened up the head stones making everything look as though the dead was cared for. The 30th of May will find the Cemetery looking in a cleanly condition.

Your correspondent read a letter from Rev. DeYoe, who formerly preached in Emmitsburg. He intends taking a trip to Europe for his health.

HARNEY ITEMS.

HARNEY, Md., May 16.—Mr. Andrew Stonifer has purchased from Mr. Wm. Cromer the property next to the Central Hotel, and we are informed that he will move his hydraulic cider press to Harney and also run a general work shop for which he is building a large frame structure. Mr. Stonifer's mill hereafter will be conducted by his son, Herbert, who has been in the mill for a number of years.

Mr. John Weybright had the extreme unpleasantness last week to pay \$10 to redeem his team, which his father's hiring stole, drove to Emmitsburg and sold it. The purchaser, however, only gave \$10 on the team and then the man ran away with both money and team, and after being hotly pursued for some time was overtaken and lodged in the lock-up. The team was held until Mr. Weybright redeemed it.

Holy communion was held at Piney Creek Church on last Sunday morning. The Harney U. B. C. E. Society has sent three delegates to the Carroll county C. E. convention, now in session at Union Bridge.

Mr. James Wantz will begin to repair his bank barn by building a large annex.

Mr. Albert Shoemaker has nearly finished his new house.

Mr. Jesse Cornell, the medicine man from Zora, Pa., was visiting his nephew, Mr. Charles Cornell, of this place.

Mr. Charles Eckenrode, from Westminster, and Mr. J. J. Ohler from Johnsville, were here on Sunday.

FOREFATHERS' DAY AT THE OLD MOUNTAIN.

For The Chronicle. The landing of the Pilgrims was celebrated this year at the Mount with some of the enthusiasm that used to characterize the anniversary in olden times.

On the 25th of March, 1634, the colonists of Lord Baltimore landed on St. Clement's Island in the Chesapeake, and celebrated Mass in thanksgiving for their safe arrival. Two days later they founded the town of St. Mary's, and, for the first time in the history of the world, proclaimed religious liberty for all.

This principle, the basis of the new colony, became one hundred and fifty years later incorporated into the constitution of the greatest Republic the world has ever known, the United States of America.

On Wednesday, therefore, 9th inst., a theological conference was held, attended by priests from Emmitsburg, Frederick and Westminster, as well as by professors from the college.

Wednesday evening at 7, the Purcell Lyceum, under the direction of Rev. Richard J. Farrell, gave an excellent rendition of the classic drama, "Richelieu."

Thursday, the 10th, was, like Wednesday, observed as a holiday. The boys banqueted in honor of the day, and in the evening after the usual May devotions, a display of fireworks took place on the terrace, interspersed with patriotic speeches and songs. 'Rah for Maryland!

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. Lysen, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is sold by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggists.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Western Conference, Maryland Lutheran Synod, was held in Boonsboro, Washington county, Mrs. J. D. Main, of Hagerstown, presiding.

The easiest and most effective method of purifying the blood and invigorating the system is to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for cleansing the liver and bowels. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has offered the city of Hagerstown a free site for the municipal electric plant. The city has, besides, several other offers of free sites.

How Are Your Kidneys? Dr. Hobbs' Spargous Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

This New System of Collecting and Distributing Mail Will Be Established in This District.

That the Rural Free Delivery Service will be inaugurated in Emmitsburg District is almost an assured fact, and will be put in operation on or about June 1st, unless the unexpected should happen.

Mr. E. W. Shriver, of Westminster, the originator of the "Postoffice on Wheels" and the special agent for the promotion of the Rural Free Delivery Service, arrived in this place on last Friday, having been sent by the Postoffice Officials, for the purpose of laying out routes and securing such information necessary for the successful inauguration of the system in this District.

Mr. Shriver in company with Mr. John A. Horner, postmaster at this place, spent several days traveling over the District, selecting such routes as they believe will take in the most thickly populated sections of the District, giving the people the benefits and advantages to be derived from this new system of collecting and distributing mail matter.

The plans for the introduction of the system here, as formulated by Mr. Shriver, have been sent to the Postoffice Officials at Washington, and if they meet the approval of these officials, the system will be put into operation as soon as it is possible to complete the necessary arrangements.

Under the present plan the mail will be collected and distributed by three carriers.

Carriers' Routes.

The routes to be travelled by the carriers, and as now laid out, follow. These routes have not yet been officially numbered, but for the sake of convenience and for the purpose of properly designating them, we have numbered them as follows:

Route No. 1.—The carrier will leave Emmitsburg about 9:30 A. M., and will deliver mail along the Gettysburg road, as far as Fairplay, Pa., where connection will be made by collection box with Carrier from Gettysburg, then return on Gettysburg road to the road leading to Rhodes' Mill, following this road to the Mill, where a collection box will be placed. From this point the Carrier will travel the road leading past McIlhenny's School House to Elker's Shops, in Liberty township, Pa., where another collection box will be placed; thence up the hill to the Tract road at Mr. James Plank's. It is probable that a collection box will be located at this point. He will then follow the Tract road to the Tract (Zimmerman's) School House, then making a loop, going through Seabrooks' woods, and pass Mr. E. W. Shriver's residence to Mr. Lewis Krise's, thence on that road to the Waynesboro pike, up the pike to Zora, Pa., where a dispersing box will be placed. From this point the Carrier will follow the pike to Emmitsburg, thence on the Taneytown road to Messrs. David and Joseph Ohler's, and then follow the road leading to Bolinger's School House, where connection will be made with Carrier No. 24 from Harney, by collection box, and then north on the Bull Frog road to the Littlestown road at Mr. James Neely's, and thence to Emmitsburg via Littlestown road, completing Route No. 1, of twenty-two miles.

Route No. 2.—The Carrier will leave Mt. St. Mary's at 6:30 A. M., going to collection box at Mr. Althoff's residence, where the Upper Mechanicstown road intersects the Frederick and Emmitsburg Turnpike road, and then return by the pike to Mt. St. Mary's College, where a collection will be made; thence to Emmitsburg via pike, collecting mail along this route for the 7:50 A. M. dispatch. Carrier will then remain in Emmitsburg until the arrival of the 9 A. M. train, and after receiving all the mail matter for that section of the country, will start distributing about 9:30 A. M., returning over route given above to Mt. St. Mary's, where a station will probably be established, with all the facilities of a regular postoffice; thence down the pike to Althoff's, following the Upper Mechanicstown road, delivering mail as far as the District line; thence on the road leading to Mr. John A. Peddicord's on the pike, coming up the pike as far as the new road, near Mr. Wm. Sweeney's residence; up this road to the Mountain road, and will follow this road as far as to the road leading to Mr. Jacob Hoke's residence, following this road to Mr. Joseph Hopp's on the pike, following the pike to the tollgate, thence down the Cragersstown road to Motter's Cross Roads, at Mr. W. H. Weaver's, and then to Motter's Station, where a connection will be made with the Rocky Ridge delivery by means of a collection box. The Carrier will then proceed to Mt. St. Mary's via Clairvaux. At 2:30 P. M. the Carrier will again start on his collecting trip. He will first go to the collection box at Mr. Althoff's, collect all mail that has been deposited, and return to Collection Station at Mt. St. Mary's, and thence to the College for collection, and return to the Emmitsburg Postoffice via the pike, collecting all the way in for dispatch on the 4:50 P. M. train. He will remain in Emmitsburg until the arrival of the 7 P. M. train, receive the mail and distribute it to patrons along the pike, to Mt. St. Mary's College, and thence to Mt. St. Mary's Station, giving the people of Mt. St. Mary's, the College and those residing along the pike the advantages of two daily mails. This will make a trip of 214 miles.

Route No. 3.—Carrier will leave Emmitsburg at 9:30 A. M., via the Bruceville road to Mr. A. Harner's, at the cross roads, where a collection box will probably be placed; thence west to the tollgate, and down the Cragersstown road to the Dry Bridge road to Mr. A. Harner's, thence on the Keysville road to the bridge across Tom's Creek, near Maxwell's Mill; he will then follow the

FOREST FIRES.

Martin's Mountain, lying between Cumberland and Flintstone, nine miles from Cumberland, is on fire and the fine timber is rapidly disappearing before the flames. The whole country is impregnated with smoke. It required hard work all day Monday to save Fairview church and schoolhouse, which were in the track of the flames.

The hills lining the George's Creek mining valley, in Allegany county, are also on fire, and there is some apprehension for several of the small villages. The house of George V. Jenkins, of Hartmansville, W. Va., was burned. Seven buildings in the town were ablaze at one time, but all were saved except the Jenkins residence. In fighting the fire which threatened the village of Cross, the men were driven before the flames for half a mile at one time, being compelled to flee for their lives. The wind forced the flames ahead.

Word has been received of the destruction of the house of John Thrasher at the new town of Henry on the West Virginia Central and Pittsburgh Railway, and a train caught fire while rushing through an avenue of flames. The damage to the train was slight. Fires are burning on Sand Patch Mountain, on the Pittsburgh division, and in the vicinity of Green Spring, 14 miles east of Cumberland.

The engine and reel of the Pioneer Hose Company of Cumberland were taken to Mount Savage Monday by special train to fight the fire which started in a false seam in an abandoned heading used as a ventilator at the Union Mining Company's mine at Mount Savage. A number of members of the fire company are on the scene.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for a long time and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—JOHN E. CLIFFORD, Proprietor Norwood, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggists.

To Mothers In This Town.

Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists. 25c. Sample Free. Address, Allen S. Clumsted, Lefroy, N. Y.

J. C. Kennedy, Roanoke, Tenn., says, "I cannot say too much for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. One box of it cured what the doctors called an incurable ulcer on my jaw." Cures piles and all skin diseases. Look out for worthless imitations. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

You will find while visiting Frederick the most important place to get a meal is at Doll's Restaurant, near Square Corner. Everything we serve is good.

may 11-2t

"After suffering from piles for fifteen years I was cured by using two boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve," writes W. J. Baxter, Forth Brook, N. C. It heals everything. Beware of counterfeits. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

FOR SALE.—Two Falling-top Buggies for sale cheap. One End Spring, nearly new, and Side-Bar Complete. Two sets Single Harness. Apply to

J. H. NORRIS, Emmitsburg, Md.

MRS. RACHAEL C. BANKER died in Westminster May 11, aged 50 years, from the effects of a trifling wound on one of her fingers. In fact it was a mere scratch, but it superinduced blood poisoning, from which death ensued.

All reports indicate that the Maryland fruit crop will be large this year.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

AN arrangement has been entered into between the Mayor and City Council of Westminster and the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Baltimore for the redemption of city bonds. Six will be taken up outright, and the remainder will be taken up at a lower rate of interest.

Does the Baby Thrive

If not, something must be wrong with its food. If the mother's milk doesn't nourish it, she needs SCOTT'S EMULSION. It supplies the elements of fat required for the baby. If baby is not nourished by its artificial food, then it requires

Scott's Emulsion

Half a teaspoonful three or four times a day in its bottle will have the desired effect. It seems to have a magical effect upon babies and children. A fifty-cent bottle will prove the truth of our statements.

Should be taken in summer as well as winter.

50c. and \$1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

CONRAD FISHER, said to be the last of the stage drivers on the old national pike, died at his home in Cumberland May 12, aged 71 years.

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1900.

COUNTESS CASTELLANE.

SHE COMPARES AMERICAN AND FRENCH MANNERS.

Impressions of the Young Woman Who Was Formerly Miss Anna Gould—She Says Frenchmen Have More Taste.

The Countess Castellane, formerly Miss Anna Gould, said to a newspaper reporter the other day:

"To be frank, then, in matters of etiquette the people of my adopted country seem to me far ahead of those in America.

"In little things, which, after all, are in the question of dress, are the big things, the Americans are neglectful or ignorant.

"Five years abroad in the aristocratic families have made me cognizant of details, which, when I was Anna Gould, I should probably not have noticed.

"Knowledge is gained by experience. I remember that I used to write that sentence in my copybooks in as round and perfect a hand as I could muster. I have learned now that it is a fundamental principle.

"Until I had lived, as it were, en vie, with the Parisians of St. Germain, I still thought our customs, our manners, all perfect. Now I am endowed with power to contrast.

"With what do I find fault? Ah, remember the praise will come later. First, then, to attack the blame.

"For instance, let us imagine a scene in one of the most exclusive drawing-rooms of this beautiful city. Follow me through the front door, where we have presented our cards to a butler, perfectly trained, admirably uniformed. The house, as far as we are permitted a glimpse of it, is charmingly furnished. Everything is, if I may so express it, as it should be. By the lights in the drawing-room, which are turned to perfection, with draperies at the windows or shades on the lamps, one distinguishes a group of women, beautiful, well-dressed.

"Well, imagine I have entered announced by the butler. The hostess rises and greets me. By the custom which prevails in America, she introduces me.

"What? I am astounded, not that she introduces me—remember, I have been born and brought up in America—but that no one rises. No, they sit perfectly still and bow.

"In France would they do that? Never. When the hostess rises they all rise.

"No one is ever introduced there unless she requests it. Without being introduced every one speaks, taking it for granted that to be guests at the same house is sufficient guarantee of one's social standing.

"But an introduction in France, no matter how informal may be the gathering, is a signal to rise. Of course, I am speaking now entirely of a gathering of women. I know none who would remain seated and bow to another.

"Then let us pass on to the moment of departure. Imagine I have said good-bye to the hostess. The others also remain seated while I disappear. Ah, what bad taste! Pardon me, so it seems to me, who has become accustomed to seeing everyone rise as I pass out of the room.

"Here it is no uncommon thing to see a woman stretch out her hand to a friend and remain in her chair while she does so. She will greet her cordially, and yet not take the trouble to rise.

"It is a custom which a resident of France cannot fail to comment upon.

"The French people seem, so to speak, to have their manners at the tips of their fingers.

"I believe I must say it—they are uniformly more polite.

"I believe they are, as a rule, more considerate of one's feelings.

"After all, has not someone said that good manners are indicative of a good heart? Ah, French people have not only good hearts, but, surely, it seems to be part of their training never to hurt anyone's feelings.

"I have seen here as gorgeous jewels, as magnificent costumes, as ever one could see in Paris. Of the former I must say I have seen none.

"Here the women seem to wear their jewels as if to say:

"Can one have too much of a good thing?"

"By all the Parisian laws of good taste—yes.

"In France there are never any entertainments given for women only. Ah, imagine such a thing in France! How funny it would be. Every one would say, 'Why not men, too?'

"How do I account for this fact that there are no women's lunches, women's teas?

"Well, this you may remark, so I say it timidly: The French women are more domestic than the American. Yes, she is. She would not think of leaving her house, her babies, unless for something important. To meet women would not be to her important. To meet men—ah! well, yes, men are more important.

"No French woman would ever deny the importance of man any more than she would deny his attraction.

"Are Frenchmen more attentive than American men? Ah, I married a Frenchman, and I had met innumerable other Frenchmen. The American is more earnest, the Frenchman more witty; the American is probably more capable in a business sense, the Frenchman is better. I do not think he has better manners. I do not think he dresses better, but he has more taste; always, whether in the conduct of his house or the furnishing of it, he has more taste.

"He shows it in everything he does. In everything he permits his wife to do.

Dr. J. J. Henna, a native of Puerto Rico, says that there are 288,000 Negroes out of a population of 1,000,000 in that island.

SHADE TREES.

The Osage Orange One of the Best for All Purposes.

The Silver Maple is very inferior as a shade tree. It is good for a few years, but soon fails. Long rows of it were planted in Columbus, O., in 1856, but they are all gone. The wood is weak and soon becomes broken and straggling. Kneass says it has the largest head in proportion to its trunk of any tree he knows of. It is a poor tree to stand storms. It is much planted because easy to obtain.

The Sycamore is a strong grower, but that is about its only good quality. It is open headed and has long, straggling limbs. But the greatest objection to it is the light brown fuzz, which it continually throws off, especially while the tree is young. The fuzz is disagreeable to breathe, and the Sycamore should be planted where many people pass and repass.

While many of the trees spoken of are good, and each has its own special merit, yet the society failed to mention the best of all American trees—the Osage Orange. This neglected tree has more good qualities for more kinds of uses than any other tree on the continent of America. It is a strong grower. It is a beautiful, robust, sloping tree, with wood that outlasts cedar or locust. It protects itself (while young). In all my travels I never saw a dead one or one bored by beetles. The railroad gives double price for ties made of it. One great railroad at my suggestion is planting largely of it. For avenues in a city nothing can equal it. I have two trees of it in a horse lot where horses and cattle have been kept and fed for years, yet from small sprouts they grew right up and are now twenty-five feet high. It is the coming tree and it will be the staying tree.—John H. Creighton, in Exchange.

A Barrel Feed Rack.

In barn or yard enclosure a cask is a very handy affair for feeding hay or straw to sheep or calves, says a writer in an exchange. All that is needed is a good crockery cask, from which two-thirds of the staves should be cut.



(Barrel Rack.)

As shown in the illustration, thus making holes through the fender can be obtained. The animals then feeding from the rack waste no food, and, unlike the ordinary rack or manger, the strong cannot easily drive the weak away from it. If any of the lambs or calves are disposed to fight over their food, however, a stake driven about a foot from the cask and opposite the whole staves, is pretty sure to result in the weaker ones getting their requisite allowance. The barrel is easily filled, and the fodder, hay or straw may be fed from it with practically no waste at all.

Starting Early Vegetables.

It is time to start some of the earlier and harder vegetables under glass, either in greenhouse or greenhouse. New Englanders are thus living in the northwest need not haste, but further south trucking operations were well under way long ago. Savannah, Charleston and Norfolk truckers had the most profit in the earliest crops. The larger the plants are when taken from the hothed to the open ground, the quicker they will reach maturity or a marketable size. Tomatoes may be started in a forcing house, and grown in flats or pots until nearly ready to blossom, when transplanted, and so forced along that the first few bushels may be ready to pick from two days to a week ahead of the general plantings, and a much higher price realized for them.

Other plants to be started in this way are egg plant, peppers and the usual list of harder vegetables, including cabbage, cauliflower, celery, kale and sprouts. For supplying a local market, where the full retail price can be secured, it will also pay to start green corn and melons under glass.

Stable Notes.

The cow loveth a generous feeder. Better let that calf be a little fat than a little starved. The good cow will make milk either from her food or her system—feed is cheaper than cow. Be sure you are feeding the good cow enough; be more sure you are not feeding a poor one too much. Let the cow's bed be warm and clean and comfortable these nights—Joe Frost is an insatiable consumer of milk.

Milk freshly creamed with a separator is in its best possible condition, with less liability to taints and odors, as the separator removes all disease germs and bacteria. Some markets make a distinction in price in favor of separator cream, and even butter Separator cream is sweeter, fresher, more uniform, freer from taints and can be had at any desirable consistency.

The curing room in the cheese factory should be built so that its temperature can be regulated. It should be uniform. Fluctuation means varying flavor. The room should be insulated by several thick walls and paper lining. To ventilate it an air drain should come underground from some distance and enter the room at two points.

By salting butter in the granular form all working is avoided and the grain is preserved perfectly. If the right kind of salt is used it dissolves at once, covering every particle with a saturated brine. It is only necessary to remove the brine in a good manner either before or when packing for market.

J. Q. Hood, Justice of the Peace, Crossby, Miss., makes the following statement: "I can certify that One Minute Cough Cure will do all that is claimed for it. My wife could not get her breath and the first dose of it relieved her. It has also benefited my whole family."

Dr. J. J. Henna, a native of Puerto Rico, says that there are 288,000 Negroes out of a population of 1,000,000 in that island.

RAISING OF PHEASANTS.

EGGS INCUBATED BY LITTLE BANTAM HENS.

Experiments With Mechanical Incubators Have Proved a Failure—Why It is Economy to Use the Domesticated Hen for Setting.

The Eastern Shore English pheasant preserve of Mr. John Harrison, on the Chesapeake shore, in Dorchester County, has been entirely restocked with vigorous lot of birds taken from the wild on the ranges of De Gaisne, in New York State. Mr. Busick, manager of this extensive Maryland game preserve, had much difficulty last year in securing a strong stock of pheasants, the fatal difficulty of operation of bringing the introduction of new birds to the ranges.

Thirty-five new breeds of the pure ringneck or English strain have arrived at "The Moors," and are now in winter quarters in the breeding pens. About 100 wild birds are also in the natural covers, and will aid materially in the breeding stock.

Mr. Busick is an exceptionally successful pheasant fancier, and is probably the only one on this side of the Bay who has successfully pursued the difficult operation of bringing the birds to a state of maturity on a large scale. Pheasants are probably more difficult to propagate than any other bird grown in this country, and in producing them successfully a scientific knowledge of the subject is not essential. The practical methods in use at the hatcheries of "The Moors" differ materially in many respects from those pursued by many of the large Northern fanciers.

The breeding pens at "The Moors" cover over an acre of ground, and are furnished with dense artificial covers of green cedar. Each of these runs is occupied during the spring and summer months by six females and a cock bird, and from these pens come all the eggs used in the plant. Eggs, on being taken from the pens, are entered into the care of hatcheries, where a large stock of good sitters is required in the hatching house during the incubating season.

Experiments, and mechanical incubators in this department proved a failure, and after several breeds of chickens, including the leghorn and games, had been given a trial with the delicate pheasant eggs. Sea-brights and bantams were awarded the contract of bringing out the young birds from the shells. After hatching the hens are kept with the young birds until the youngsters start out a full covering of feathers. In large runs covered and inclosed young birds begin active life, remaining under the protection of the wire until their legs and wings are strong enough to enable them to escape the hawks and carnivorous animals, among which the opossum, weasel and mink figure conspicuously, and all of which seem to regard pheasant meat with high favor. When reared in these contracted ranges the birds are necessarily thrown in contact with their keeper much of the time, and, strange to say, when they are liberated from the pens their wild instinct comes suddenly to them, and one or two days is sufficient to make them as wild as if they were reared by their mothers in the wild state without the aid of man.

The object of incubating and rearing the young pheasants with bantam hens is to keep the pheasant hens laying during the time when, if they were allowed to retain the eggs, they would be occupied with sitting. As the current price of pheasant eggs for hatching purposes is from \$3 to \$4 per dozen, it is great economy to utilize the domesticated chickens in doing the work for the pheasant hens.—Baltimore Sun.

An Apple Eater.

During a visit to the south of England a gentleman relates a unique and interesting experience in dietetics. It was that for the last three years he had lived on one meal a day, and that meal was composed chiefly of apples. Further astonishment was evoked by his reply to my question as to what he drank, when he stated that the juice of the apples supplied him with all the moisture of drink he needed. This, he claimed, was of the purest kind, being in reality water distilled by nature and flavored with the pleasant aroma of the apple. He partook of his one meal about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, eating what he felt satisfied him, the meal occupying from twenty minutes to half an hour. He looked the picture of healthful manhood, and was engaged daily in literary work.—Chambers' Journal.

Not a Ladies' Man.

Perhaps the most striking trait in Lord Kitchener's character is his disinclination to put a married man in a position of responsibility under him. He appears to hold the theory that matrimony interferes with business. He backs up his precept by example, for, as everybody knows, Lord Kitchener is a bachelor. Like many a notable personage before him he does not shine in the society of ladies. It is related that on one occasion he was presented to a certain well-known countess at Cairo, and opened the conversation by asking:

"Do you find Cairo nice in this season of the year?"

"Delightful," she replied.

There was a pause of five minutes, during which Kitchener gazed thoughtfully at his mustache. Then he said:

"Ah, I am glad."

Lord Kitchener does not claim to be "a ladies' man."—Boston Journal.

In Gay Harlem.

Mr. Short—What is that infernal caterwauling?

Mrs. Short—Why, that is the janitor's baby. The cutest little black thing in the world.

Mr. Short—He's not so black that it interferes with his being a little yellow.—New York World.

She Used the Telephone.

Often has the telephone been used as a device of Cupid, but Mrs. Nellie Clifford Becker has made it an instrument for divorce, and without premeditation. She is a telephone operator. Her husband, William L. Becker, now an express agent in New York City, knew that, but he supposed that she was employed on the regular city lines. As a matter of fact she was in charge of the long-distance circuit.

One day there was a call on the long-distance telephone for a woman in Syracuse. Mrs. Becker asked for his name. The unsuspecting Becker gave it, and Mrs. Becker was startled to learn that she was talking to her own husband. She sent for the woman with whom Becker wanted to speak, and then listened to every word that was said, and their conversation furnished her with evidence for her divorce. She didn't permit her husband to remain ignorant of it, either, for she promptly told him she had heard every word that had been said.

Becker tried to explain, but there wasn't much room for explanations, and Mrs. Becker told him so. The couple were married 12 years ago, and the husband has been frequently charged with straying from the path of rectitude. Mrs. Becker has brought suit for absolute divorce through Lawyer Wm. C. Lapham in the Supreme Court, and Justice Frank H.isco has appointed a referee to take evidence.

Early Training.

An interesting experiment is to be tried in France in all the lycées, or higher public schools, girls at the age of 15 are to begin a course of lessons on their moral duties in life, passing on to psychology as applied to the early education of little children. The syllabus and outline of the girls' course, prepared for the minister of education by Mme. Blanche Benzon, has been issued, and covers ground which is left untreated in education usually, but which it is surely most needful to cultivate. In a series of "talks" the attention of the children is to be directed formally to their duties, whether as individuals as members of the family, as members of society, or as patriots and law-abiding and helpful citizens. Such subjects are ignored in the courses of many of our national schools. The teacher thinks it is the place of the parent to give such guidance, while the parent teaches on these matters indirectly, if at all in actual works. Happily, in many families the unconscious teaching of example and daily conversation supplies the needed training and stimulus.

The Singing Pupil.



"How do you think I am coming along in my singing?"

"Howling success."

Crushing Out Ambition.

"You told me you had sent an article to the magazine. Was it published?"

"No."

"Did the publishers return it?"

"They did not."

"Then you didn't send stamps for return postage?"

"Yes, I did. They returned the stamps. They said the manuscript was not worth return."

"Why don't you sue them for it?"

"That's what they want me to do. They would like to have it read in court."—Chicago Tribune.

Occasion to Yawn.

The lover foresees difficulties. "A chasm," he exclaimed, "yawns at our feet."

Vivian Briskitt, the Chicago girl, had never looked more beautiful than she was looking to-night; but there was a good deal of horse sense about her for all that.

"Perhaps it's because my feet are such a chestnut," she suggested with the utmost candor.—Detroit Journal.

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See clubbing arrangements in other parts of paper.

Entered at the postoffice at Baltimore, Md., as second-class matter, April 15, 1894.

Chas. C. Patton & Co.

Frederick A. G. Patton, Manager and Publisher. American Office, BALTIMORE, MD.

Acted on the Suggestion.

"It seems foolish," said the young woman, last week, "for a man to spend his money on a ridiculous Valentine when the girl would appreciate a box of candy or something of that sort so much more."

"Ah!" said the young man.

This morning the young woman was much mystified when she received a boxed ham and a dozen cheese sandwiches in a neat box.—Indianapolis Press.

Poultry Notes.

A hen hatches in 21 days, turkeys 26, duck 30, goose 30, pigeon 18, guinea 23, pea hen 28.

Feed chickens and similar pests a lump of lard with strychnine inside, but keep away the dogs and cats.

A fortune is waiting for the breeder who can produce a fowl that will lay as many eggs as the best strains of Leghorns, eggs of a size larger and dark brown or heavily tinted.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary tract, but gently and safely, promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

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Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in its efficiency. It is rapidly effective and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

T. E. ZIMMERMAN & CO.

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TIME TABLE.

On and after Oct. 1, 1899, trains of this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7:50 and 10:00 a. m., and 2:55 and 4:50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8:20 and 10:30 a. m., and 3:25 and 5:20 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8:26 and 10:40 a. m., and 3:31 and 6:31 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 8:55 and 11:10 a. m., and 4:01 and 7:04 p. m.

WM. A. HIMES, Pres't.

Western Maryland Railroad.

Schedule in effect October 1, 1899.

MAIN LINE.

Read Downward. STATIONS. Read Upward.

A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

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DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

Chief Judge—Hon. James McSherry.
Associate Judges—Hon. John C. Matter and Hon. James B. Henderson.
State's Attorney—Glenn H. Worthington.
Clerk of the Court—Darius H. Hargett.

Orphan's Court.
Judges—Gowen P. Philpot, Russell E. Lighter, Roger Neighbors.
Register of Wills—Charles E. Saylor.

County Officers.
County Commissioners—George A. Dean, William H. Horman, Singleton E. Remsburg, James O. Harne and G. A. T. Snouffer.
Sheriff—Charles P. Troxell.
County Treasurer—Alexander H. Remsburg.
Surveyor—James W. Troxell.
Scries Commissioners—Samuel Datrow, S. Tiernan Brien, Charles W. Wright, J. Henry Stokes, Charles B. Shagle, Dr. H. Rotter Gross, Examiner.

Emmitsburg District.
Notary Public—W. H. Troxell.
Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Millard F. Shuff.
Registrars—Chas. J. Shuff, E. S. Taney, H. P. Maxwell, Jas. B. Elder.

Consul-General.
School Trustees—Dr. R. L. Arnan, G. Mead Patterson, John W. Reigle.

Town Officers.
Burgess—M. F. Shuff.

Churches.
Ev. Lutheran Church.
Pastor—Rev. Charles Heinewald. Services every Sunday morning and evening at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. Wednesday evening lectures at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 9 o'clock a. m.

Reformed Church of the Incarnation.
Pastor—Rev. W. C. B. Shulerberger, Vice-pres. Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock, and every other Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 9:30 o'clock a. m. Midweek services at 7 o'clock. Cathechism class on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.