

# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

W. H. TROXELL, Editor & Publisher.

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VOL. XXI.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1900.

NO. 39.

900 DROPS

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Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

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*Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

**CASTORIA**

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## Our Village Folk-Lore.

DOCTORS OF ALL KINDS.

BY M. F. WINTER.

CHAPTER IV.

Written For The Chronicle.

Although I was not fortunate enough to get any cure for measles, I have found some very strange ones for whooping cough.

Perhaps the most popular is that of applying for a piece of bread and butter, or any other little thing to eat, from a woman who has married without changing her name. Several of our townswomen who married men of the same name say that they have been very much appealed to in times when whooping-cough was an epidemic.

A similar cure is to applying for something to eat from a person who has never seen his father.

Still another cure comes from Waynesboro through one who was formerly our townswoman. I do not know whether or not it was ever practised here. It was practised in Waynesboro. Apply for a cure to the first man you see riding a piebald horse. No matter what he suggests it will prove a good cure.

Another cure for whooping cough is to catch a spider and put it in a thimble, then tie the thimble in a bag and fix it around the child's neck, though some say tie it under the arm. This has been tried in the village within the last six years.

Another strange cure is to place the child by a door, measure his exact height, and bore a hole in the door. Cut off a lock of the child's hair and put it in the hole. Plug it up and as the child grows above the plug he will outgrow the disease.

There is a cure similar to this for croup.

For asthma you cut a lock of the child's hair off and drive a hole in a tree, put the lock in and plug it up.

Another authority says that if you plug up your hair in a tree you will go crazy.

The same authority, (negro) says that if you let the birds get your hair and they make a nest in it you will be subject to headache.

A very old man always buried his hair so that it might rise at the Resurrection. He never burned it.

A cure for freckles is to rub them with a penny and throw the penny away. Whoever picks up the penny gets the freckles.

To be able to cure by the hands it is said you must let something die in them. For a felon you must let a mole die in your hands. You will then be able to perform cures. Some say the mole must be killed by a child under two years of age. Still another says that three moles must be killed by a child under seven. Such persons cure by pressing the felons of their patients.

To cure the ague a woman took a peach sprout of the first year's growth and placed it over the door. After the first time she walked under it she had but one chill.

The little end of a chicken wing bone is tied on a child's neck for some disease that I was unable to discover.

A mole's foot tied on a child's neck will make teething easy. This is a Queen Anne county remedy, probably not known here, although the lady who told it was once a resident here.

Cures by means of strings are numerous. Reference has been made to the scarlet silk thread for erysipelas. Here are several from Kent and Queen Anne counties, all of which are known here except perhaps, the blue yarn.

Tie a black silk thread around the neck for croup. Tie a red silk string around the neck for nose bleed. Tie red strings around your ten fingers for nose bleed. Tie a blue yarn string around the waist for backache. Tie a tarred rope around the waist for backache. Tie a hemp string around the waist for weed. Tie a green silk through your pierced ears for sore eyes. Tie yellow silk through your pierced ears for sore eyes.

Skins are also good for diseases, these have been tried here. Tie an eel skin on yourself for rheumatism

Tie an eel skin around your waist for a sprain. Tie a snake skin around your ankle for cramp. Use a rabbit skin for phthisis.

Twist a lock of hair on the crown of your head for nose bleed. Put a cold key down your back for nose bleed.

To cure a sty prick it with a gooseberry thorn. The superstition is that you must point to the sty, with a gooseberry thorn for nine successive days and each time throw the thorn over your left shoulder. This is an old Irish custom but was once known here.

To cure a child of mumps rub it on the hog trough.

Drink black cat's blood for shingles. Crickets are put on the chest for marasmus. Other ceremonies belong to this charm.

If you kill a spider you will never have sore fingers.

To find if a child really has the miasma, take a twine and measure the child. Wrap the twine around an egg and put the egg in the fire. If the string burns with the egg the child has not miasma. If the string does not burn the child has miasma.

If you hurt yourself on a nail, or any piece of iron, grease it and lay it away and your hurt will not amount to much.

If a horse hurts his hoof on a nail burn the nail so that the wound does not burn the child has miasma.

The most numerous of all cures apply to warts. To cure by the new moon has already been mentioned. Here are a good many others.

Decidely the most abhorrent is to rub a dead person's hand over the growth. As the hand decays the growth will disappear. Evidently this refers to a more serious growth than a mere wart. Burying under the eaves the article you rub on the wart is very common. This is done so that falling water may work the charm. Halve an onion, cut the wart, rub one half of onion on the wart, and enclose the blood by fixing the two halves of onion together, and then bury under the eaves. Rub the wart with a black radish and bury the radish under the eaves. Steal a piece of bacon, rub it on the wart and bury it under the eaves. Tie a string around the wart, take it off and bury under the eaves. Stick a wart, get a bean, split it, put some blood inside, fix it together and bury under it the eaves. If you rub your wart with a bone it will disappear. To notice a charm after it has been tried is unlucky. Here is a bean cure on which, after rubbing your wart, throw it in the fire and run away before you hear it crack. Go to a stump you have never seen before, wash the warts three times in the water that you find in the stump. Then turn away and do not look back.

If you have a growth and see a flat stone you never saw before, pick it up, spit on it, and touch your growth and put it back. Turn away and do not look at the stone. This is very similar to the cure for "stitch in the side." When we children ran until we felt stitches we picked up a small stone, spit on it, and put it with the wet part to the ground in the same place from which we took it up.

Here is another bean cure: When the moon decreases take three beans, rub each one three times on your wart and throw them away. As the moon decreases your warts will disappear.

Steal a dish rag, rub your warts and hang it anywhere, as the rag decays your warts will leave. Dip a cork in water, rub it on your warts, to make them go away. Make a wart bleed, put some of the blood on a piece of bread and give it to a dog. He will then get the warts.

To cure warts count them, put as many pebbles as you have warts in a bag with a penny. Put the bag out on the road. Whoever gets the bag buys the warts.

If you count another person's warts you will get them.

Warts can be charmed away with words.

I will relate a matter of fact cure for the benefit of those who do not

believe in charms. Rub the wart with a slice of potato.

This leads us to the cure of rheumatism. The rule here is to carry a potato in the pocket. In Frostburg they say carry two, one in each pocket. A buckeye in the pocket answers the same purpose.

CHAPTER V.

And now I will take you into the apothecary shop where, if you are not satisfied with what I have already pointed out, you may buy yourself a crude drug or a prepared patent medicine. You would never think as you ascend the granite steps into this modern drug store with its marble slab, soda fountain, and costly array of drugs that this was once the very place where an apothecary shop stood forty or more years ago. The house was long and low with an upper porch running from end to end. Several little twelve paned bow-windows jutted out and in one of these stood immense red, blue, green and yellow bottles. One step up and you are in. How powerfully strong these old drugs smell. Some tiny camphene lamps stand on the wooden counter.

If it is night they give out green little sparks of light. A very small, very old, very bent little man comes up behind the counter. If he thinks you have no particular business then he yells "get out!" Doctors and store keepers were not always polite to their customers in those good old days.

And now let us go back another fifty years or more. We will suppose you have a toothache. Perhaps you have never had the toothache before. Teeth were solid enough to crack hickory nuts with in those days, but every now and then one gave way as yours is doing.

First it growls, then, one by one, all the nerves in the side of your face and a dozen other teeth, begin to sympathize. Your mother makes a hop bog hot at the kitchen fire and drawing near (dear little women, in her homespun gown and calico cap) She claps it on your face and gives you ease. The next time you get no ease. You try a dozen other things and then you determine to "grin and bear it."

It goes away after a while, and comes again, maybe when you are in company. You "grin and bear it" again. Then suddenly something runs down to the raw flesh like a red hot gimlet, once, twice, thrice. Three times you jump, and screw your face, and yell "ouch!" All the company are alive and ready with remedies. Different communities have different remedies. I give the ones that our friends would have suggested.

Tie one end of a string to the tooth and the other end to a brick-bat. Then carry the brick to the garret, drop it out of the window where the company have gathered to see the show.

Another way is to tie the end of the string to a sad-iron. If the tooth is a lower one throw the iron over your shoulder. If it is an upper one drop it on the floor.

Tie one end of a string to the bed post, tie the other end to the tooth, jerk backward. This is the only one that, according to my knowledge, was actually tried. A woman called at a house near Emmitsburg and the man of the house came of the bedroom and informed her he had so drawn his tooth.

Another way is to tie one end to the latch of the door. Then let some one rush toward the patient with a shovel of coals. In Harford county a pistol was the exciting cause of a jerk sufficient to tear a tooth out. I fancy the observers were tickled at these necessary measures and after more or less time the patient joined the laugh. I think I have heard somewhere that blacksmiths drew teeth with pincers. In 1850, County doctors used pull-corns. Many sturdy farmers owned pull-corns for tooth pulling as well as lances for blood-letting.

The last half of the century has seen but little of this kind of work. Since 1850 we have had both visiting and resident dentists. The earlier ones were much given to drawing snags and replacing with artificial

teeth on gold plates. Several old women still wear their golden plates.

The later teeth are of porcelain set in red vulcanite. These are about to be superseded by newer kinds. The chief aim of the modern dentist, however, is to preserve the natural teeth. With this end in view he files, drills and fills with amalgam. Sometimes he caps, bridges or covers with gold to such an extent that whole gold sets would would scarcely seem a XXth century novelty. When I was a little girl I was told that if I did not put my tongue in a cavity from which a baby tooth had been drawn I would get a gold one. It struck me then that it would be beautiful to have a golden tooth.

Another superstition was that if you threw a tooth away and any animal got hold of it you would get the kind of a tooth that the animal had.

Eye cures consisted mostly of washes during the first half of the century. The pulling of wild hairs was also common. A wild hair was a thick hair lying in a different position from the rest of the lashes. Some people still believe they injure the eyes. The piercing of ears and wearing of beads for sore eyes is given in the list of gems. I have no horse doctor remedies. The coming of the automobile will be hard on his profession. But here floats a delicate looking doctor fanning the air with jeweled wings. Beware, there's a snake in the grass somewhere.

"AFTER doctors failed to cure me of pneumonia I used One Minute Cough Cure and three bottles of it cured me. It is also the best remedy on earth for whooping cough. It cured my grandchildren of the worst cases," writes Jno. Berry, Loganton, Pa. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Cures coughs, colds, croup and throat and lung troubles. It prevents consumption. Children always like it. Mothers endorse it. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

LAWYER—So, witness, your name is Sampson?

Witness—Yes, sir.

LAWYER—Now, remember you are on your oath. Do you seriously think you could break your namesake's record?

Witness—I don't know, sir; but I'd like to try when you have finished with the jawbone.—*Brooklyn Life.*

T. E. ZIMMERMAN & Co., Druggists, guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to any one who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It proves a decided tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia.

He was watching his neighbor's troublesome boy climb a tree, and he had a look of painful anxiety on his countenance. "Are you afraid the lad will fall?" he was asked. "No," he replied; "I'm afraid he won't."—*Trib-Bls.*

"I HAD dyspepsia for years. No medicine was so effective as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It gave immediate relief. Two bottles produced marvelous results," writes L. H. Warren, Albany, Wis. It digests what you eat and cannot fail to cure. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

Walker Round—That's a nice house; let's get somethin' to eat in there.

Old Hand—Not at all, me boy. The lady w'at runs it keeps a cookin' school.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Beauty Is Blood Deep. Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets, beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

"WHAT do you know about this affair?" asked the court.

"Nothin', sir, yer 'Anner," replied Mike. "I'm the folsioman on the beat."—*Philadelphia North American.*

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**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

## WHY HE DODGED WAR

ONCE WAS ENOUGH FOR THE TRAVELING MAN.

His Fourth of July Experience With Explosives in a Patriotic Pennsylvania Town Convinced Him That He Did Not Want to Go to War.

The travelingman who sells hardware remarked that he was afraid that he would die of heart disease if he was ever compelled to go to the front. His friends wanted to know what made him think so, and after lighting a fresh cigar he said:

"It was several years ago that I made up my mind never to go to war unless there was great need of men and my decision was not changed."

"Business had been good with me, and landing in a certain Pennsylvania town one Fourth, I determined to take a day off and celebrate the day. The result was that I walked over half the place, attended a picnic in the afternoon, danced until my feet were weary and returned to the hotel for dinner pretty well tired. So far so good, but I did not know where to stop."

"After dinner a man of my acquaintance proposed that we go out to see the fireworks and off we went determined not to lose an hour of our holiday. The fireworks display was to be on top of a high hill, almost a mountain, on the edge of the town, and, as I remember it now, that hill went almost straight up and down. We followed the big crowd, though, and at last reached the top. About every one in town was on the summit of that hill before 9 o'clock, when the display was scheduled to begin, and we were crowded and jostled on all sides."

"In due season some one put a big rocket in place and touched it off. It started with a rush, rose high in the air and exploded. While the sparks were falling all the women said, 'Ah!' long drawn out, and half the folk crowded around to get a better view. There was a woman with a big straw hat right in front of me and I was side-stepping when the rocket was in the middle of the platform where the fireworks were lying. Before any one knew what was wrong a big sky-rocket darted over the heads of a thousand or so spectators, so close that they could feel the rush of air following it."

"A moment later a fourpout began to spout unexpectedly and seeing the sparks falling all over the platform most of the spectators decided that it was time for them to go. Yours truly was among the number. I started down the hill on a run and was soon making ten-foot jumps. Even then I was only holding my own with a big fat woman just in front of me and she was some in the crowd who should have been handicapped to make anything like an even race."

"We made a quick trip, that is my friend and myself, but the sky-rockets were going much faster. They kept passing over our heads constantly and once a big wheel of some kind sailed by me going toward the bottom of the hill like a runaway. About a hundred yards from the top of the hill there ran a stone wall perhaps four feet high and some of the high-gear sprinters went bang into it. The men and women who did not lose consciousness groaned or screamed when they struck the wall. I was one of the crowd who I slowed up a little and then making out the fence through the darkness vaulted over it with a sigh of relief."

"But my troubles were not ended. It happened close to the wall as they had chosen shelter behind the fence just when I went over and my feet came down fairly in the middle of his back when I landed. He started to swear like a trooper and half rose to give me a good thrashing, but a sky-rocket struck the top of the wall immediately in front of him and stuck there while it sent red and green balls back up the hill in great shape."

"That settled the ironworker. He ducked down in the grass, before he had time to think of me again. I had rolled ten feet away and was sticking to the leeward side of the wall trying to keep my heart from choking me. I succeeded, but it was hard work and it was really weeks before the effects of my run and the excitement had passed away."

"All the men and women who had passed me in the stampede were keeping as close to the wall as they could, but there others coming and the early arrivals had troubles of their own. Somehow I escaped, but few of the others were so fortunate. The ironworker was a notable example. He was taken down, after the heels of his patent leathers had scraped along his back he suffered another accident. This time he had an encounter with a man of near his own weight who came over the fence dragging a small boy with him."

"They both landed on my would-be antagonist and he gave a yell that could be heard above the noise of the explosions and the cries of those in the crowd. Every one who could not see him concluded that a rocket had struck him and the women and girls screamed with renewed energy. No sooner had the man and his boy made their escape than two half-grown girls plunged over the wall and once more the ironworker yelled. One had landed on his head and the other on his outstretched arm. The ironworker would have fought them, but no one ventured to say a word while he held forth. He was a marked man, though, and the persons near him made haste to give him a wide berth. They were content that he should suffer alone. Of course, there were other persons trampled upon, but it seemed to me that he had more than his share of hard luck."

"The next morning I learned that one young woman had been killed by a skyrocket, while several other persons had been hurt. A one-legged thorn gambler was declared to be responsible for the premature explosion of the fireworks. After lighting a cigarette it was agreed he threw the burning match into a box of rockets on the platform. I knew nothing about the truth of this. One I decided that week to do a lot of dodging before going to war."—N. Y. Sun.

No Excuse for Thirst. In Paris there is a wine shop for every three houses

I. S. ANNAN.

I. S. ANNAN.

## TAFFEDA SILK

In all colors, Black, Pink, White, Red, Blue, Yellow, Lavender, and all shades, at 60 cents per yard. Come and examine these goods. They are worth more than I ask you for them. I bought a big lot of them cheap and am going to sell them to my customers at a low price.

BLACK SATINS in four different prices, 60, 75, 90 cents and \$1.00 per yard. These are new goods and low price for the quality. Come and look at them and see for yourself that the prices are away down. Save your Cash Register Tickets that we give with every cash purchase. They are worth 5 per cent. on the amount of \$3.00 and over.

**THE SNOW BOUND**

THIS BEATS ALL

Geo. WATKINSON & Co., PHILADELPHIA

**BED BLANKETS, LAP BLANKETS, HORSE BLANKETS**  
At Reduced Prices.

**BOOTS. BOOTS.**  
Leather Boots, Felt Boots of all kinds and prices. Come and examine our goods, and I am sure I will be able to sell to you.

I. S. ANNAN.

Sept. 22-1yr.

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and Monthly Edition of THE LIVING AGE FOR 1900.

Attention is invited to the great reduction in the price of THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE for the coming year, and also to the fact that the office of publication has been removed to Boston, where all communications should hereafter be sent.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE selects the most striking articles from the English magazines and reviews, and adds selections from the English weekly journals of literature, criticism and politics, and original translations from French, German, Italian, Spanish, and other Continental sources.

A GOOD OFFER. New subscribers to "The Eclectic Magazine" may receive with it "The Review of Reviews" or "Public Opinion" for only \$4.50 a year; or for \$5.00 "Harper's Monthly" or "Scribner's Magazine," or any other \$3 periodical.

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It costs with you whether you continue the interesting tobacco habit, or you quit it. It costs you the desire for tobacco, with all nervous distress, expense, and loss of time, and it costs you the money to buy it. It costs you the money to buy it. It costs you the money to buy it.

**STOP SMOKING.**  
NO-TO-BAC from people who will not quit. It costs you the money to buy it. It costs you the money to buy it. It costs you the money to buy it.

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**INSOMNIA.**  
"I have been using CASCARETS for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

**CANDY CATHARTIC**  
**Cascarets**  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED  
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripes. 10c, 25c, 50c.

**CURE CONSTIPATION.**  
Selling Everywhere. Cascarets, Elgin, Ill.

**NO-TO-BAC** Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.



FRIDAY, FEB. 16, 1900.

## COMPULSORY VOTING.

Mr. Calvin Satterfield, of Carroll county, introduced, by request, a bill in the Maryland Legislature, to impose a penalty for failure to vote, or in other words a bill to make voting compulsory upon all persons legally entitled to cast a ballot.

The bill provides that at every election every qualified voter shall be required to attend upon said election and cast his ballot.

Any person, the bill states, who is entitled to be registered as a qualified voter at a general State election, who shall have omitted to appear for registration, and who shall neglect to appear at the polls and offer his vote, and who shall not have a lawful excuse, shall be fined by the Board of Supervisors of Election \$5 and costs.

The valid excuses for failure to vote are: 1. In case the person was disqualified by law at the preceding election and when he omitted to vote. 2. In case the person being a public officer or employee, is during the whole of election day absent from his place of residence on official business in connection with his office. 3. In case the person was prevented by accident, or by violence or intimidation from casting his ballot. 4. In case of illness of the person or of a member of his immediate family, in which event an affidavit giving the details of the illness must be submitted to the Board of Supervisors. 5. In case of absence from the city or county for a period of at least two days, including the whole of election day.

The bill provides that any person making a false statement or offering any affidavit containing any false or fraudulent statement with intent to avoid the penalty, or with the intent to procure himself or any other person to be registered as a qualified voter, shall be fined not more than \$250, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both. Any election official who shall violate any section of this act shall be subject to the same penalty.

All fines and moneys collected by the Supervisors of Election shall be turned over to the Comptroller of the State, on account of the school fund of the State.

"I THINK I would go crazy with pain were it not for Chamberlain's Pain Balm," writes Mr. W. H. Stapleton, Herminie, Pa. "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years and have tried remedies without number, but Pain Balm is the best medicine I have got hold of." One application relieves the pain. For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggists.

HENRY CLAY PRICE filed a bill in equity in the Court of Allegheny County, Pa., against Andrew Carnegie and the Carnegie Steel Company praying for a decree that the "pretended transfer of his interests in the company was and is null and void, and that he is still the owner of such interests. The bill shows the enormous profits made by the company.

JOHN DINK, Poseyville, Ind., says, "I never used anything as good as One Minute Cough Cure. We are never without it." Quickly breaks up coughs and colds. Cures all throat and lung troubles. Its use will prevent consumption. Pleasant to take. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

A CASE of smallpox in mild form has made its appearance in Hagerstown. A 9-year-old daughter of Charles Boppe, a hostler, on South street, is sick with the disease. City Health Officer Simmons isolated the case, placarded the house and took every precaution.

## HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

"We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## THE COST OF PAPER.

The tariff duty on wood pulp should be repealed for a double reason—it tends to enhance the cost of paper, which is an article of the first necessity, and by confining the source of supply to the home market it insures the rapid destruction of our forests, says the *Phila. Record*. Repeal would give our paper makers access to the virgin forests of Canada.

The duty on paper should be repealed for the reason that importations are so small that the revenue derived therefrom is inconsiderable, and the tax on import only serves as a means of enhancing the price to the domestic consumer by preventing foreign competition.

The price of paper has increased so heavily within the past year as to seriously lessen the legitimate profits of publishers. This condition bears most heavily upon newspaper publishers, because they cannot readily make a proportionate advance in the price of their output. The leaders of all political parties are of one accord in crying out against the extortions of Trusts. It will be curious to observe when party representatives in Congress shall be brought to a vote on the bill to repeal the duties on pulp and paper whether they will have the courage to practice what they preach.

"Difficulties give way to diligence," and disease germs and blood humors disappear when Hood's Sarsaparilla is faithfully taken.

## SEVENTEEN-YEAR LOCUSTS.

The first indication of the coming of the seventeen-year locusts, which are due in this locality in 1902, has been noted by Mr. Valentine Menchey, residing about one mile north of Manchester, Carroll county. Mr. Menchey is digging a well on his premises at a point under an old apple tree, and close to the line of a fence. When the excavation had reached a depth of two and a half feet he noticed his flock of turkeys greedily feeding upon some objects thrown out with the earth, and upon investigation found the locusts present in great numbers. He gathered a pint of them and put them in a bottle in a warm room, where, from an apparently normal state, they soon became very lively. The locusts were most numerous near the line of the fence, and they were found in the earth from two and a half to five feet below the surface, none appearing at a greater depth.

Ask for Allen's Foot Ease, A Powder To shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sore Feet. At all druggists and shoe stores. 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Dimstead, Le Roy, N. Y.

DISCUSSION has become general in Elliott City over a proposed curfew law. The movement was started some weeks ago by the Rev. W. Rogers, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and has been advanced by Rev. Dr. Branch and Rev. Mr. Ide, representing the Presbyterians and Lutheran churches.

ON Wednesday the National American Woman's Suffrage Association elected Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, of New York, president of the Association for the ensuing year, to succeed Mrs. Susan B. Anthony.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

For the first time in the history of Washington county a colored man, James Clements, sat on the petit jury Wednesday.

## The Matter of Fear.

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, of Hartford, Conn., knows how what a good many Americans are afraid of—or used to be afraid of when they were children. He asked them, for purpose of scientific investigation, and they told him. His first circular letter of inquiry brought answers from 1,701 persons, mostly under 25 years of age, and others were heard from later. He summed up the result for the American Journal of Psychology and the government has now published his paper, along with twenty other papers, in a bulky pamphlet, entitled, "Experimental Study of Children."

Of Dr. Hall's 1,701 young Americans 603 had—or used to have—a fear of thunder and lightning, 143 of any high winds, 67 of cyclones, 41 of queer-shaped clouds, 34 of shooting stars, 25 of northern lights, 18 of comets, 16 of fog, 14 of storms, any kind; 14 of eclipses, 10 of very hot weather and 8 of very cold weather.

Snakes are—or used to be—an object of terror to 483, wild animals to 206, bulls, horses, etc., to 263; spiders, wasps, etc., to 203; rats and mice to 196, dogs and cats to 79, hawks, owls, etc., to 51. Fifty-seven are—or were—afraid of death by drowning, 205 afraid of the water on general principles, 365 afraid of fire and 436 of any strange persons, while 163 confess to a haunting nervousness on the subject of robbers.

Dr. Hall heard from 516 boys and 671 girls. The boys confessed to 1,521 distinct fears all told, the girls to 3,101 fears. The fears of the boys, according to Dr. Hall's data, increase in number from 7 years of age to 15, then they fall off.

The doctor remarks that the dread of being kidnapped, of blood, of cloud shapes, of shooting stars and of the end of the world seems to grow less as the boys and girls grow up, but the dread of thunderstorms, reptiles, robbers, machinery and self-consciousness seems to increase. He remarks further that "many infantile fears remain through life," and it's so.

## Russia's Resources.

The Chemnitz Tageblatt recently published an article on the wealth of Russia, from which we take the following figures:

Its 8,644,100 square miles of territory extend over one-seventh of the earth's surface—only 3,000,000 less than the entire British Empire. Its waters cover 230,018 square miles. It has fifteen souls to every square mile, or 130,000,000 inhabitants. One-twelfth of the world's population pay tribute to the Czar. It has 11,600,000 men able to fight. It can send 1,225,300 men into the field in a few days, and 1,000,000 more a few days later. Its total prepared fighting force is 2,500,000 men and 497,415 horses. The government owns 16,651 miles of railroad; private parties, 8,000 miles. It has a fleet consisting of 23 battle ships, 14 coast defenders, 16 cruisers, 23 cannon boats and 95 torpedo boats. The marine force are made up of 1,249 officers, 326 engineers, 38,000 men. Its commercial marine consists of 522 steamers and 2,135 sailing vessels. The river shipping has a fleet of 20,400 ships, manned by 90,350 men.

Russia can be practically independent of the outside world for food, since the opening up of Siberia's grain fields. The export of grain last year was 300,000,000 quarters. Famine, once almost unavoidable, is now limited to one or two districts. Once the railroads reach the interior of these, the danger will disappear. Over the empire's boundless meadows, steppes and prairies roam, in European Russia alone, 24,000,000 head of cattle, 44,480,450 sheep, 9,243,000 hogs. It cultivates 1,095,507,750 acres of land. The country is opening mines, draining marshes, cleaning forests, putting land hitherto held to be of no use to cultivation. Foreign cotton and corn, tea and tobacco are being tried. In its efforts to emancipate itself from foreign imports, Russia will want machinery, tools, seeds, etc. No nation is better situated to provide these than the United States.

## New Currency Bill.

The following is given out as the substance of the financial measure the Republican caucus committee has now submitted to Congress for consideration. An amendment to the coinage laws, making 25¢ grains of gold 900 parts fine the standard coin measure. An amendment to the green-back release act of 1875 providing for the redemption of the old currency with gold, and when so redeemed shall not be reissued except in exchange for gold. An amendment to the specie resumption act, directing the maintenance of a gold reserve of not less than \$100,000,000, the maintenance of the reserve at that figure now being entirely discretionary with the Secretary of the Treasury. An amendment to the national bank law, authorizing banks to be organized with a capital stock of \$25,000. At present the minimum is \$50,000. Another amendment to the same act, authorizing banks to issue notes to the par value of the bonds they have on deposit to secure circulation. At present the limit is 90 per cent. A third amendment to this act reduces the taxation on bank circulation to one-tenth of 1 per cent.

## "Example is Better Than Precept."

It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. Thousands of testimonials are examples of what Hood's has done for others, and what it will do for you.

Scrofula—"Running scrofula sores made me shunned by neighbors. Medical treatment failed. A relative urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Did so and in few months the sores completely healed." Mrs. J. M. Hatch, Etta, N. H.

Inflammatory Rheumatism—"Two attacks of the grip and an inflammatory rheumatism. Am 80 years old, but Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me and I can climb stairs and walk anywhere." J. Loveland, 375 Fargo Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Hood's Pills cure liver bile, the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## Tiny Combatants.

Moles, clumsy and almost blind, become perfect demons when they quarrel. No one knows what they quarrel about, but when they once start fighting one has to die. They will keep on in the presence of any number of spectators, hanging on to each other like bulldogs and burying their enormous strong teeth in one another's flesh. Hedgehogs, another type of the quiet, inoffensive looking animal, not only fight, but always to the death, and when one is killed the other generally devours him. Rabbits, on the other hand, are proverbially the most timid of creatures, yet a fight between two rabbits is a ludicrous sight, as they skip and jump over each other like a blow from the hind legs of a rabbit is no joke to his opponent. Among birds, robins are the most pugnacious. Robins become so frantically set on killing each other that they allow themselves to be picked up in the hands of a looker-on without even stopping to catch their breath.

## Prevention better than cure. Tutt's Liver Pills will not only cure, but if taken in time will prevent

Sick Headache, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, constipation, jaundice, torpid liver and kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS ABSOLUTELY CURE.

Let Me Protect Your Eyes Before It Is Too Late. I Will Save Them For You.

Do not allow ANY ONE to put Eye Glasses and Spectacles on you, unless they are Experts.

PROF. F. R. MAYER, EXPERT OPTICIAN.

15 years experience in the business. Room 11, Kupp building, York, Pa. Hours from 9 a. m., 8 to p. m. 1900-19



## Dreadful CROUP

Mothers, when your children are attacked by the dreadful croup, you need not despair. Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup will relieve and cure this disease at once. You can always depend on this marvelous remedy; it never fails to cure. For whooping-cough and measles-cough it is the best remedy in the land. Children like it.

## Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Will cure Croup without fail. Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cents. At all druggists.

## Notice to Creditors.

The undersigned, Receiver in 6079 Equity, pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed on the 3d day of February, 1900, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the Charlotte Milling Company of Frederick County, Maryland, a body corporate, to file their claims, duly authenticated, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, on or before the 5th day of March, 1900.

NICHOLAS C. STANSBURY, Receiver. feb 9-4ts.

## Notice to Creditors.

The undersigned, Trustee in No. 6903 Equity, pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed on the 3d day of February, 1900, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against David Ling, deceased, to file their claims, duly authenticated, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, on or before the 5th day of March, 1900.

EUGENE L. ROWE, Trustee. feb 9-4ts.

## A REGULAR MEETING

BOARD OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS FOR FREDERICK COUNTY, Will be held in their Office in the Court House, on Wednesday and Thursday, February 7th and 8th, 1900.

Teachers' salaries will be paid on and after Saturday, February 17th. By order of the Board, EPHRAIM L. BOBLITZ, Secretary. jan 26-3t.

## EMMITSBURG MARKETS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Corrected by E. R. Zimmerman & Son.  
Wheat, (dry).....\$ 64  
Rye.....\$ 48  
Oats.....\$ 40  
Corn, shelled per bushel.....\$ 30  
Hay.....\$ 6 00 @ 9 50

## Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.  
Butter.....\$ 16  
Eggs.....\$ 12  
Chickens, per Do.....\$ 7  
Spring Chickens per Do.....\$ 7  
Ducks, per Do.....\$ 7  
Potatoes, per bushel.....\$ 50  
Dried Cherries, (seeded).....\$ 8  
Raspberries.....\$ 7  
Apples, (dried).....\$ 3  
Peaches, (dried).....\$ 3  
Onions, per bushel.....\$ 40  
Lard, per Do.....\$ 6  
Beef Hides.....\$ 8 35

## LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Patterson Brothers.  
Steers, per Do.....\$ 4 40  
Fresh Cows.....\$ 20 00 @ 35 00  
Fat Cows and Bulls, per Do.....\$ 2 50 @ 3  
Hogs, per Do.....\$ 5 00 @ 54  
Sheep, per Do.....\$ 3 00 @ 34  
Lambs, per Do.....\$ 4 50 @ 5  
Calves, per Do.....\$ 5 00 @ 5

## What's Your Money's Worth?

Answering that question depends upon where you go to find out. We honestly, conscientiously believe that your money's worth will be found in one of

## STIEFF PIANOS

Others have found it so, why not you? Stieff Pianos are in more homes, universally approved and enjoyed, than any other instrument on the market today. Catalogue and book of suggestions cheerfully given. Pianos of other makes at prices to suit the most economical.

CHARLES M. STIEFF, WAREHOUSES—9 North Liberty street. Factories—Block of East Lafayette avenue, Aiken and Luyvale streets, Baltimore, Md.

## HOKE &amp; ANNAN'S Marble Yard,

EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND.

## Monuments, Tombstones

and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed may 29-1yr

## New Advertisements.

DAUCHY & CO.



## SENT FREE

to housekeepers—

## Liebig COMPANY'S

## Extract of Beef

## COOK BOOK—

telling how to prepare many delicate and delicious dishes.

Address, Liebig Co., P. O. Box 2718, New York

## Buy A Bissel, The Sweeper

That Sweeps Clean.

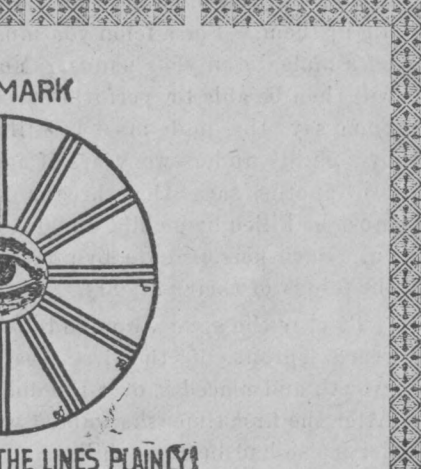
The Bissel Cyclo Bearing Carpet Sweeper.

It saves carpet, curtains, time and health.



I manufacture and deal in all kinds of furniture, Mattresses, Bedding and Feathers, Bicycles and Repairs, Show Cases, Refrigerators, Cornice Poles, Picture and Room Mouldings, Step Ladders, Washing Machines and Wringers, Sewing Machine Needles, Upholstering and repairing. Thanks for past patronage and asking a continuance of same, I am yours for business, C. J. SHUFF, on the Corner at the Public Square, dec 15-3ms. Emmitsburg, Md.

## TRADE MARK



CAN YOU SEE ALL THE LINES PLAINLY?

## Glasses are Needed

When you reach the age of 40 or thereabout. Even if your eyes are all right in other respects, Nature demands assistance in the form of glasses.

## Double Glasses

Better known as Farsight and Nearsight glasses, are not a luxury, but a necessity to any person who is compelled to wear two pairs of glasses. It is like getting back your eye-sight. After a short time you do not know you have glasses on. Thousands of our customers who wear them testify to what a blessing they are.

## Suffer From Headache?

Perhaps your eyes cause it. Have them examined free at

## McAllister &amp; Co's,

OPTICIANS,

NO. 3 N. CHARLES STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

15 years experience in the business. Room 11, Kupp building, York, Pa. Hours from 9 a. m., 8 to p. m. 1900-19

G. W. Weaver &amp; Son.

G. W. Weaver &amp; Son.

## GETTYSBURG.

## Extraordinary Offer.

We take inventory in the Cloak and Suit department on February 1st, and in order to clean the department of all wraps by this date, we will sell every Jacket, Ladies' and Childrens' new this season

At 1-2 Price,

That means a \$5.00 JACKET for \$2.50. That means a \$10.00 JACKET for \$5.00.

and so on.

COLORS ARE BLACK, CASTOR AND BLUE.

—ALL—

## CAPES

Plush, Cloth and Astrakan at 1-3 to 1-2 off.

## ALL SUITS AT 1-4 OFF.

These goods are all new this season, and of our regular stock, not bought for the purpose of a sensational sale. The general stock is still large but sizes will soon be broken. So come early to avoid disappointment.

## A few Jackets of Season 1898 at a Song

## THE LEADERS,

## G. W. WEAVER &amp; SON.

## WINTER IS HERE

with its long chilly nights. Make yourself comfortable by buying a Nice Comfortable Spring and Mattress of

## M. F. SHUFF,

where you can get anything you want in the furniture line



## FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

## Undertaking and Embalming.

Everything up to date in this branch of the business. Nice selection of Caskets, Coffins, Robes and Trimmings always in stock. I always carry in stock the Boyd Patent Steel Grave Vault which is one of the finest things there is on the market for laying away your dead. Calls promptly answered at any and all times. dec 1-tf.

West Main Street.

## M. FRANK ROWE

will give from

## 10 TO 25 PER CENT. OFF

—ON ALL—

## WINTER BOOTS AND HEAVY SHOES.

## MANY BARCAINS.

Reduction on all winter Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. Felts cheaper than you will find at many places, from 10 to 25 per cent. off.

Respectfully,

M. FRANK ROWE.

## Acme Bakery!

Fresh Bread and Rolls,

Cakes of All Kinds,

BUNNS AND PRETZELS.

I make a specialty of making cakes of every description for persons desiring them and at short notice.

## FINE FRUIT CAKES

baked to order at 25 cts., per pound. Persons making their own cakes can have them baked in my oven at a low price. All orders promptly filled and delivered to all parts of town. Soliciting a continuance of the public patronage, I am

Respectfully, JAMES A. SLAGLE, dec 15-3m.

## EMMIT HOUSE,

GEORGE M. RIDER, PROPRIETOR, EMMITSBURG, MD.

The leading hotel in the town. Traveling men's headquarters. Bar supplied with choice liquors. A free bus from all trains. I also have a first-class Livery in connection with the hotel. nov. 26-1yr

## VINCENT SEBOLD,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. jan 29-1f.

## SOLID SILVER

American Lever Watches,

WARRANTED TWO YEARS, ONLY \$6.

G. T. FOSTER.



# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, festivals, picnics, ice cream and cake festivals and similar enterprises, not up to make money, whether for charities, associations, or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, FEB. 16, 1900.

The sleigh bell market is rather dull this winter.

SEND THE CHRONICLE an order for any job printing you need.

So far both the goosebone and the ground hog have proven a failure.

\$1,000 to invest March 15th, and \$1,200 April 1st. Inquire at CHRONICLE office.

An unknown intruder in the home of Mr. Alfred Boward, at Hagerstown, kissed and awakened Miss Boward and fled.

The ninety first anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln was celebrated with a banquet by the Union League of Baltimore.

The Glass Blowers who gave an exhibition at Dr. Spangler's Opera House, last week, attracted large crowds each evening.

A representative of a Philadelphia silk-manufacturing concern has been looking over South Cumberland for a site for a mill.

A DELEGATION of Methodist Episcopal clergymen will visit Annapolis to protest against proposed changes in the Sunday laws.

A PECULIAR ailment has resulted in the death of several horses in the vicinity of Elkton, the symptoms being similar to those of spinal meningitis.

MARK MARSHALL, colored, said to be 105 years old, was buried in Hagerstown by Lyon Post, G. A. R. He served in the Union Army throughout the Civil War.

GROWERS of tomatoes in Talbot county are considering the advisability of opening a cannery, since packers have refused to grant claims of the growers for the coming season.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled for piles, injuries and skin diseases. It is the original Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of all counterfeits. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

The Daughter of the Revolution will unveil a memorial tablet in the chapel at the Naval Academy on Washington's Birthday.

WALTER, eight-year-old son of John H. Hoffman, of Williamsport, was painfully burned, while attempting to light a fire with the aid of coal oil.

ELECTRICIANS of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Cumberland are considering the advisability of adopting electric motive power on grades near that city.

The recount of ballots in the case of Linticum against Bowie, in the Fifth district of Anne Arundel county, showed no change from the official count except that Linticum lost one vote.

W. S. PHILLIPS, Albany, Ga., says, "DeWitt's Little Early Risers did me more good than any pills I ever took." The famous little pills for constipation, biliousness, liver and bowel troubles. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

In the Maryland Legislature the Ways and Means Committee of the House decided to favorably report General Latrobe's bill repealing the tax on mortgages.

The movement started in Rockville recently to organize a branch of the Young Men's Christian Association has been abandoned owing to failure to get sufficient financial assistance.

The 2-year-old daughter of Joseph W. Wolfinger, of Highfield, member of the House of Delegates from Washington county, burned herself in a terrible manner by falling against a hot stove. One arm is in a serious condition.

The Fair and Supper at St. Euphemia's Hall was well attended last evening. This will be oyster night. Oysters will be served in all styles. It is enough to announce that the "Prince of Caterers," Frank Hoke, will have charge of this department. Don't miss one of his celebrated oyster fries. Fair closes to-morrow evening.

The passenger train on the Pennsylvania railroad due at Frederick at 9:15 o'clock was derailed near Walkersville Monday morning. The train was going at its regular speed, 30 miles an hour, when it ran into an open switch, which, it is alleged, had been thrown open by some miscreant. The engineer immediately applied his air brakes, which soon brought the train to a standstill. The engine, tender and two passenger coaches were derailed and the track badly torn up for about 50 yards. The engine is said to have been badly damaged. None of the passengers was seriously injured.

## ROPE WALKING AT NIAGARA.

The man who wanted to walk across Niagara Falls on a rope was wisely restrained by the authorities. Probably he is thankful that such was the case. Death comes soon enough. Take the inroads of disease for example. Common ailments like constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria and nervousness, do much to shorten life. There is a medicine that will cure these, if taken faithfully, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, with a Private Revenue Stamp over the neck of the bottle.

## PERSONALS.

Mr. William A. Frailey has gone to Ironton, Ohio.

Mrs. Lillie Steckman, of Carlisle, Pa., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Hoke.

MESSRS CHARLES E. HOKE and Andrew Annan have formed a partnership under the firm name of Hoke & Annan, for the purpose of carrying on the marble business in its various branches. The business will be carried on at Mr. Hoke's old stand, on West Main street. If you are looking for a tombstone or monument it will be to your advantage to consult these gentlemen before placing an order elsewhere.

ARTICLES incorporating the Afro-American Building and Improvement Joint Stock Company, of Frederick, have been filed in the Circuit Court's office. The incorporators are John Thomson, Philip Walker, Frank Roberts, John Holland, James N. Davis, Frank Coats and Bernard N. Duvall. The capital stock is to be \$10,000 and the company is to be organized to form a savings institution and to deal in real and personal property.

## APPOINTMENTS.

On Wednesday Governor Smith sent to the Senate the appointments for Emmitsburg District, which were confirmed, as follows:

Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Millard F. Shuff and Alexius V. Keepers.

Notary Public—W. H. Troxell.

The following were appointed Supervisors of Election for Frederick county: Jacob Rosenstock, George Ed. Smith, to represent the Democratic party, and Arthur D. Willard, to represent the Republican party.

## CRUELTY TO A HORSE.

William Staub was arrested Monday charged with cruelty to animals and fined \$5.75 by Justice White, of Frederick, which he paid. He was unable to get the horse he was driving to go fast enough, when he took up a pick handle and beat the animal over the head. When this did not make the animal go he took a stout iron chain and, fastening one end around the horse's lower jaw, he secured the other end to a cart, to which a horse was attached, when he lashed the forward animal, thus dragging his own animal by the mouth.—Sun.

## GREENMOUNT AND VICINITY.

Our candidates for the spring election are making their rounds and are as usual very talkative.

The recent rains have made the roads in a very bad condition.

Mr. John Hoffman is building a new engine house.

Mr. Dan. Eck gave a dance Tuesday night.

Miss Lizzie Kemper died at her home, near McCleary's, on Tuesday morning. A tumor in the stomach was the cause of her death. She was about 33 years old.

A specialist from Baltimore, Md., is here buying walnut logs. He will ship them the old country.

Mr. S. S. Moritz is on the sick list.

## QUILTING PARTY.

A quilting party was held at the home of Mrs. James Boyd, in Liberty township, Pa., on Feb. 7. The quilters were: Mrs. Krise, Mrs. Manahan, Mrs. Pecher, Mrs. Overholzer, Mrs. Hull, Mrs. Lingg, of Illinois; Mrs. Topper, Mrs. Hare, Mrs. Nunemaker, Mrs. Bowling, Mrs. Rose, Mrs. Beard, Mrs. Baker, Mrs. Boyd, of Fairfield; Mrs. Walter, Misses Fannie Krise, Bertha Manahan, Laura Beard. There were also present: Mr. and Mrs. James Boyd and family, Ivy, May, Mary, Bessie, Nellie, Elmer, Ross, Robert Boyd, Ruth Hare, Effie Hull, May Lingg, Gye and Blanche Baker, George Hare, Wm. Baker, John Topper, Milton Hull, Walker Manahan; and Joseph Lingg, of Illinois. The day was greatly enjoyed by all, and Mrs. Boyd returns thanks to guests for kindness.

## PANIC AT A FUNERAL.

A panic was caused Monday at the funeral of Jeremiah Brown, near Brownsville, Washington county. The corpse was taken into the church, which was crowded with colored and white people. The body was carried to the church and the crowd which surrounded the coffin caused one of the girders in the floor to give way, which resulted in the floor sinking several inches. Everybody was in a panic and great excitement prevailed for a time, women shrieking and men shouting.

Rev. Mr. Keets, who preached the funeral sermon, mounted the pulpit and bid the audience keep still, as there was no further danger. His words pacified the crowd, which became orderly once more, and the services were concluded. The body was buried in the cemetery adjoining the church.

## LOOKING FOR TROUBLE.

The residence of Postmaster Joseph Grimm, at Huyett, near Hagerstown, was entered Tuesday night by a strange man, who was upstairs in the room of his daughter, Miss Anna Grimm, before he was discovered. The man effected an entrance by removing several slats from a shutter and raising a window in the parlor. He passed through the parlor, went up stairs and entered Miss Grimm's bed chamber. She was aroused by the man leaning over her and passing his hand over her face. She screamed, but the man made his escape before other members of the family were aroused. The intruder, Miss Grimm says, was of very slim build, wore a dark hat and dark clothes. Postmaster Grimm thinks he knows the man, whose conduct was very similar to that of the man who broke into the residence of Alfred Boward, of Hagerstown Sunday morning, went up stairs and kissed Mr. Boward's seventeen-year-old daughter.

## HARNEY ITEMS.

HARNEY, Md., Feb. 14.—On Saturday morning while at Stonestifer's feed and exchange store, Mr. Wm. Linn, an aged gentleman had his second stroke of paralysis, having the other about one year ago. On Saturday and Sunday it was thought the old gentleman would not stand the attack, but at this writing, hopes are entertained for his recovery.

Harney is quite up-to-date, for we had a shooting match and wheeling contest on last Saturday. Turkeys being the principal awards.

Rev. Phil. T. E. Stockmayer, of Gettysburg Theological Seminary, and formerly of Funkstown, Md., filled the pulpit of St. Paul's Lutheran Church on Sunday afternoon, preaching on the subject of baptismal repentance. He delivered a flowery and logical sermon, straight and to the point.

Rev. Wm. Minnick has returned home and will again take charge of his regular church duties at Mt. Joy and Harney.

Piney-Creek school has quite a scheme by which it will solicit money for a library. It is this: Everyone who takes part pays ten cents etc., also presents a basket in which there is something to eat, and a name on a slip of paper, another buys the basket, looks at the ticket and whoever is mentioned on it shares with him the hidden prize whatever it may be.

Messrs. Staub and Herr of Baltimore, are home for a few days.

Mrs. Wm. Steward, of Copperville, Md., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Charles Cornell.

Mrs. Wm. Shaw, of Baltimore, is here on a visit to her father, Mr. Wm. Linn.

## FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

FAIRFIELD, Feb. 13.—Mr. Wm. Bennett, who went west some 6 or 8 years ago, has returned home to this place, looking well. It seems that boys who were born and raised in this place, like to come back to see their old home. There is no place like home.

The members of the Catholic Church of Fairfield will have oyster, ice cream and chicken suppers, beginning on February 22, and continuing until Saturday night.

Miss Harbaugh, from Sabillasville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Brown, of Fairfield.

Do not forget the G. A. R. Bean Soup on this coming Saturday night, at Fairfield.

Mr. J. J. Reindollar, of Fairfield, who bought a lot on Main street is making preparations to build a large house, with a large store room attached. Mr. Reindollar keeps a full store and is very much crowded, the room being rather small for his goods.

February is a short month. It is said that women talk less in February than any other month in the year.

A new doctor has come to Fairfield. Dr. Glenn is not well enough to drive out in damp weather or after night. He has a young man, Dr. J. H. Hilderbrand from East Berlin, Pa. He comes well recommended.

Dr. W. G. Dubs reports a great many horses having a cough which leads to sore throat, if not checked in time. This was not a hard winter on horses, as there was no snow to sleigh. Last winter we had our blizzard about this time and the roads were drifted shut. No one could travel for a few days.

## CARROLL'S RURAL DELIVERY.

The Government is losing no time in perfecting the new system of rural free mail delivery in Carroll county. The opposition has practically died out since new plans and new methods have been introduced.

An innovation is the placing of large steel repository boxes at certain points for the delivery and collection of mail. Ten of these are now in Westminster. The inventor is T. J. Crowder, of Staunton, Va. The repository is oblong in shape and has 33 steel mail boxes opened from the outside by keys. The mail is placed in each receptacle from the rear by the carrier. The whole repository weighs 650 pounds. It is held up by four steel posts several feet above ground. The use is to supply mail to parties who have not the advantage of the wagon delivery or the cross-country mail carrier. Each family will be supplied with a key to its own box and the name placed in a niche. The use will be free to patrons, except that a deposit of 25 cents will be required as security for the return of the key.

A further improvement is in course of construction—an electric attachment connected with each box to the house of the patron which will announce the deposit of mail.

## DOWN SOUTH.

Our genial friend, Mr. J. Thomas Gelwicks, left this place several days ago for the South, where he is enjoying all the luxuries afforded by the Southern climate. While his friends in Emmitsburg are perspiring one day and almost freezing the next, and looking for a great blizzard to sweep down upon them at any time, we can imagine we see our fellow townsman sitting on the banks of the Miami river or some other noted fishing stream, in his shirt sleeves, with rod and line in hand, landing cavallies, amberjacks and red snappers in large numbers, with no thought of blizzards in mind. This is real life, and no one enjoys this kind of sport better than Mr. Gelwicks, unless it is our friend, Brother Cassell, of the *Calcutta Clarion*, a noted angler. Mr. Gelwicks is stopping at the New Hotel Roseland, Jacksonville, Fla., where "special table d'hôte dinners" are served every day at 6 p. m. Mr. Gelwicks has our thanks for copies of the *Indian River Advocate*, of Titusville, Fla., and *The Sunday Times-Union* and *Citizen*, of Jacksonville, Fla.

## This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, Cures Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Pains, Break up Colds, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. *Never fail.* Over 10,000 testimonials. At all druggists 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy N. Y.

## ALLEGED FLIMFLAM.

Two young men have been causing the merchants of the southern section of Frederick county much trouble by a flimflam game and are said to have succeeded in obtaining considerable money by their trickery.

Several of these merchants were in Frederick last Saturday demanding that the young fellows should be arrested, but when they were closely questioned by the authorities they could not swear positively whether they had been victimized or not. They felt satisfied, however, that they had lost some money, but just how they did not know.

Mr. Grove, of Lime Kiln, had quite a contention with State's Attorney Worthington and the Sheriff about the men and demanded that they be placed under arrest. He was informed that they could not be arrested without a formal complaint and that if he would go before a magistrate and swear out a warrant charging they had swindled anyone out of any money while they were in his store they would be apprehended and prosecuted. Mr. Grove was unwilling to do this, but thought they should be arrested on suspicion.

The men had a horse and buggy and, driving up to a store, would go in and purchase a trifle for 10 or 20 cents, tendering a \$10 or \$20 bill in payment. This naturally necessitated the storekeeper going to his safe to make the change. About the time he had made the change it would dawn upon the purchaser that he had just the right amount, which he found in another pocket, and, not caring to take all the merchant's ready change, asked for the return of the large bill, and would proceed to return the change that had been given him. During this stage of the game the third man would ask that the merchant change a \$5 or \$10 note for him, and by the time that the exchanges were all made and the men gone it would occur to the merchant that he was \$5 or \$10 out, but just when or how it was done he could not tell, as the manipulation had been too skillfully done for him.

At Dubs they asked a merchant who had been apprised of their operations, for two cigars and tendered a \$10 bill. They were given their change, when they gave him a \$20 bill, asking that the \$10 be returned and the cigars be taken out of it. Walking back to his safe, he picked up a double-barreled shotgun and gave them five minutes to leave the place, and they left.—Sun.

## KILLED AT SEVEN PINES.

William Catlin, son of Joseph Catlin, of Crisfield, was shot at Seven Pines, St. Mary's county, Md., on last Thursday night about 9 o'clock. William Nelson, who was with Catlin at the time the shooting occurred, made the following statement:

About 9 o'clock at night Catlin and I were passing Duke's store and heard a noise in the back room. We went around to the rear of the building and were about to look in the window, when a shot came from above, which struck Catlin in the top of the head, killing him. Another ball struck him in the leg as he lay upon the ground. I then fled for my life and reported the matter to Capt. Dave Hoffman, of the sloop Ewing Bradshaw. Captain Hoffman tried to get the body of Catlin, but was not allowed to come near the house.

On Friday Justice Murphy summoned a jury and an inquest was held. The jury returned a verdict that "William Catlin came to his death from a 32-caliber pistol bullet fired from a pistol held in the hands of some unknown person."

## An Editor's Life Saved by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

During the early part of October, 1896, I contracted a bad cold which settled on my lungs and was neglected until I feared that consumption had appeared in an incipient state. I was constantly coughing and trying to expel something which I could not. I became alarmed and after giving the local doctor a trial bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the result was immediate improvement, and after I had used three bottles my lungs were restored to their healthy state.—B. S. EDWARDS, Publisher of The Review, Wyant, Ill. For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggists.

FEBRUARY 11—13 was the anniversary of last winter's blizzard.

## How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hodge's Sarsaparilla Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

## SALE REGISTER.

Feb. 17, at 12 m. John M. Adams will sell at his residence 14 miles east of Emmitsburg, 1 cow and other personal property.  
Feb. 17, at 1 p. m. Commodore P. Freeze will sell at his residence on the Mullin place, on the road leading from Mr. St. Mary's to Thurmont, personal property.  
Feb. 24, at 1 p. m. James T. Hays, Executor of Jas. S. Metzger, will sell at the Emmitsburg House in Emmitsburg, 4 acres of Mountain land.  
Feb. 28, at 1 p. m. Miss Lizzie Hurler will sell at her residence in Liberty township, Pa., the old Reiman farm near Gingle's Mill, horses, cattle, head of cattle, 7 shoats and other property.  
March 1, at 10 a. m. Frederick Brown will sell at his residence on Mr. Frederick Rhodes' farm, in Freedom township, horses, cattle and farming implements.  
March 6, at 10 a. m. John P. Bollinger will sell at his residence on the Keyville road, 2 miles south of Emmitsburg, horses, cattle and farming implements.  
March 10, at 10 a. m. Albert Dotterer will sell at his residence on the old Frederick road, about 2 1/2 miles south of Emmitsburg, horses, cattle and other property.  
March 21, at 10 a. m. John M. Roddy & Bros., will sell at their residence at Mott's Station, horses, cattle and farming implements.  
March 22, at 10 a. m. Samuel J. Whitte, agent for W. A. Whitte, will sell at public sale, the old Reiman farm near Gingle's Mill, horses, cattle, farming implements, and household goods.

## THE FACTORY IN MOTION.

For The Chronicle.

The day set for my visit to the Factory proved to be foggy and drizzling, and I could not help thinking of the country school teachers all over the State, for few have so short a walk and still fewer are fortunate enough to teach on a turnpike, where the mud is not ankle deep. A very few minutes brought us inside the factory that stands to the right as you pass out into the Frederick pike.

Here we were confronted with the iron wheels rolling in their leather belts and roaring as if to assure us that the work of the XXth century is now upon us, after a hundred years of Rip Van Winkle sleep under the shadow of the mountains.

Passing up the stairway we came into the sewing room where about thirty young people were gathered, all sewing with more or less rapidly under the supervision of two or three managers.

Although the work was begun but a few weeks ago our young people have fallen in the regular order of things, and they compare favorably with the fifty young people of Westminster, who have been working for several years.

It was, I believe, very discouraging at first. Not only was the learning tedious, but the sitting was almost unbearable and the wages were insufficient. But now they are growing more skillful, the sitting is more tolerable and the wages are increasing. Some are exceeding four dollars a week.

I think they are learning rapidly—but then what is that an Emmitsburg boy or girl cannot do?

At one of the houses for working girls in Baltimore, I met a girl who was earning less than two dollars a week, and she had been at it for two or three weeks. The matron told me that the forewoman considered her very promising and that in time she would earn much more than her board.

The very spirit of the age is in this kind of work. The working of numbers with one aim—propelled by the same machinery, day in and day out; leveling upward, week in and week out; accumulating money, little by little, year in and year out; old members dropping out and new members coming in until the end of the XXth century finds us so far ahead that we look back and say can it be we had so small a beginning!

We will then read as in a dream, that the village sewing women of the XIXth century sat behind twelve paneled windows and tick tacked away on an insignificant little sewing machine.

Oh yes, the retired sempstress may be modest in her demeanor and not in her work as she tick tacks away, but nevertheless she will pass away before the coming crowds of factory girls.

And what are factory girls? The village factory girl is exactly what she makes herself. She is altogether different from the throngs that crowd the sewing rooms of the city. There is no reason why she should not be the noblest product of the village at the end of the XXth century if she starts right now.

She will have exactly the same privileges of school and church and home training that many girls have who stay home and amuse themselves socially. She can dress as tastefully and neatly as any lady may care to dress in so small a town. She can cultivate good manners in the sewing room. And just here let me say she has a great advantage over almost any other woman.

The labor that she does is so ordered that honor is bestowed on the industrious and skillful. This is seldom so outside. Politics, trade, and to some extent the professions, depend on one beating down the other. Bitterness is engendered and strife succeeds. This is directly opposed to the high development of character. Every time a teacher is elected to a position there is some one else embittered at being thrown out. Again I say that the factory girl of the future should be the highest type of womanhood.

If those now within the walls so uphold themselves that women shall consider it an honor to join their ranks they will be doing the country at large a great benefit. May not Emmitsburg with its banner churches, its gradating facilities, also have its model factory girls.

M. F. W.

## "CARRY SUNSHINE WITH YOU."

A bright, fresh, sunny face is always inspiring, and it always denotes good health as well as a happy heart. Many faces that were once overcast with gloom have been made bright and sunny by Hood's Sarsaparilla which cures all dyspeptic symptoms, strengthens the nerves and tones up and invigorates the whole system.

Constipation is cured by Hood's Pills, the non-irritating cathartic. Sold by all druggists.

High winds did much damage in and around Cumberland Wednesday afternoon. Two frame houses in South Cumberland, owned by John Reuschel, were blown off their foundations, and one was badly wrecked, tearing away a part of the foundation. An outbuilding blew over on Charles Comiskey, in the same place, breaking his arm. At John Bopp's flower gardens, two miles west of Cumberland, over one hundred panes of glass were broken, the sash being smashed to pieces, and it was feared for a time that the buildings and both houses would be destroyed.

GEO. BARBE, Mendota, Va., Says, "Nothing did me so much good as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. One dose relieved me, a few bottles cured me." It digests what you eat and always cures dyspepsia. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

The spring election in Pennsylvania will be held next Tuesday.

Edwate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

## FALSE ISSUE RAISED.

Communicated.

ED. CHRONICLE.—The article in last week's CHRONICLE purporting to represent to correct alleged misrepresentations in my previous article is at hand. The writer seeks to create sympathy for his own bad cause and at the same time to cast reproach upon pastor Cort and his Consistory by raising false issues. The article defending the Consistory against previous attacks contained no reflection upon the community in general and all the pious talk of your correspondent last week is against a man of straw of his own creation. No one denies that as a community the people are energetic and industrious, etc.

At the same time no man, with any respect for his reputation will deny that there are loafers, profane swearers and drunken rowdies who disgrace the community by their conduct. The writer who wrote last week's article has been heard to say often that the former postoffice was not a respectable place to go into on account of profanity. This individual who has been writing and getting others to write articles censuring the Consistory in village newspapers within a circuit of twenty miles, himself complained several years ago that there was a vast amount of profanity in the saw mill and about the Rail Road station on the Lord's day, on the part of certain young men, some of them he named, who congregated there. Visiting ladies of other towns and cities have declared that they could hear more profanity in front of our former postoffice in a few minutes in one evening than they ever heard elsewhere in two years time.

'Tis true that we have no saloons here but we have some good patrons of Highfield saloons who frequently make night hideous with their drunken revelries. Some who do not get drunk themselves, as far as the writer knows, including the Sunday School Superintendent, who urges on this rowdy element in the effort to insult ministers of the gospel and lead these profane rowdies in singing ribald songs as they pass the minister's house night after night. That same individual had to leave a couple of Pennsylvania towns on account of criminal conduct and has been forbidden, for good reasons, to go behind the counter in our village store. These are the lawless elements to whom we referred and not to our community in general, where we have many respectable Christian people. The fourteen persons present at our first service included a majority of the Consistory and others who belong to the best people of the community, and one of your last week's correspondent's family said there was about the same number at the Lutheran service, but there were far more over on the mill-pond skating than were present at both churches. At Highfield the services were on a rainy afternoon. Eleven persons were present. In both places persistent efforts have been made to prevent persons from attending religious services by circulating deliberate falsehoods. Out of a remark that pastor Cort made to the effect that he had heard more profane swearing in Sabillasville in two years and a half than he had heard in the United States in fifty, the lawless element manufactured the report that he had condemned both towns or communities in wholesale style as being worse than hell itself, just as your correspondent perverted the meaning of our former article.

Some members have been threatened and bullied so that with tears in their eyes they lamented that they dare not attend services if they wanted, henceforth to have peace with their neighbors. This horrible state of affairs in a land of civil and religious liberty seems to be very gratifying to your correspondent who, instead of doing his duty as a professing Christian, gloats over the fact that very few persons now attend the religious services. One week they complain that the church was closed so as to prevent them from going to Sunday School and preaching. The next week they join hands with a rowdy element in gloating over the fact that very few persons did attend after the doors were opened. Consistency is a jewel—as we showed in our former article.

These people who began this unpleasant discussion by deluging village newspapers with their hypocritical lamentations are the last people in the world who have any right to say anything on the subject. In speaking of our former article some well meaning folks have said this is all very true what you have stated but you give the town a bad name by publishing it. To this our reply is, that it is the horrible sin of profanity that gives the town a bad name and not the public condemnation of it. If all professing Christians would stand by faithful pastors who confessedly preach Gospel truths, iniquity would soon hide its head for shame and the cause of Christ and the welfare of the community would be wonderfully promoted thereby. Let us have peace.

ONE WHO KNOWS, P. S.—We have no Kentuckians about but we have a Virginian.

[As no possible good can come from a further discussion of the above subject, we are compelled to close our columns to any further ventilation of this disputed question. Therefore, no other articles concerning the Sabillasville difficulty will appear in these columns.—Editor.]

The midwinter reception given at the Woman's College of Frederick city last Friday evening was one of the most brilliant events in the history of the institution. About 400 guests, comprising Frederick's most distinguished citizens and many friends from a distance, called during the evening. The guests were received in the college parlors by President and Mrs. Apple, Miss Jenkins, the lady principal, and Misses Cooke and Upcraft.

## THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

Major Richard M. Venable, in an argument before the Senate Finance Committee, criticised the basis of representation in the Legislature. Senator Moses will introduce a bill providing for a constitutional amendment giving Baltimore increased representation in both houses.

Mr. Knott introduced a bill incorporating the Maryland Experimental Oyster planting Company. Mr. Lancaster has a bill to tax private oyster lots and to compel the State fishery force to protect them.

Mr. Satterfield, of Caroline county, introduced a bill to make voting compulsory.

It is stated that the Dollar Gas bill will be favorably reported in the Senate. The Corporations Committee of the House reported favorably Mr. Marten's bill requiring the gas company to extend its mains in the Annex.

The bill requiring the United Railway Company to furnish six tickets for a quarter was favorably reported in the Senate and made the special order for Thursday at 10 o'clock.

Governor Smith signed the Police Reorganization bills and several other measures.

There is no better medicine for the babies than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Its pleasant taste and prompt and effectual cures makes it a favorite with mothers and small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds, preventing pneumonia or other serious consequences. It also cures croup and has been used in tens of thousands of cases without a single failure so far as we have been able to learn. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. In cases of whooping cough it liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate, and lessens the severity and frequency of the paroxysms of coughing, thus depriving that disease of all dangerous consequences. For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggists.

The Frederick County Commissioners Monday reappointed the Old Board of Charities and Corrections. The board has charge of the Montever Hospital and furnishes supplies for the county jail. It is composed of Daniel T. Ordeman, Frederick; George Hughes, Urbana, Democrats; A. H. Etzler, Woodsboro, Harry B. Witter, Frederick, and George W. Ramsburg, Middletown, Republicans.

Mrs. J. K. MILLER, Newton Hamilton, Pa., writes, "I think DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the grandest Salve made."





ROOTS FOR HENS.

They Are a Fine Substitute for Grass and Vegetables.

Some June day watch a hen in a small flock left to roam and peck at liberty and see what she does. Just as soon as it is light she is up and bustling around to catch the earth worm. You will find her always busy searching for food a tip of grass here, then a clover leaf, next a grass-hopper, a scratcher, another grass leaf, or a sharp pebble attracts her attention. A little rest in the shade, with perhaps a dust bath, is her only recreation. She is active all day long, trying to satisfy her appetite, and at night she comes back to roost in a full crop of these hardy days for biddy and the lays an egg nearly every day, besides storing up fat to assist in nourishing her while she is hatching her brood.

To imitate these conditions during the cold, dreary winter months, the poultryman should have made it his business to March preparing roots and mash. The scientist has shown the farmer how to make June butter in December. He has told him just how much muscle and fat forming food the cow wants every day. The pig, the sheep and the big steer have each had their needs studied, but up to this time very little scientific work has been done on the hen. Our hen is not so easily studied as the large animals, but in the experiments which have been made it has been assumed that fowls use food the same as higher animals, but some think that fowls use it more economically.

However, poultrymen have found by many different trials that the production of good results, and these are being fed in ignorance of why. The hen at liberty eats a great deal of fresh grass in its season. This serves a twofold purpose. It not only furnishes food, for tender growing grass is very rich in nutriment, but it also dilutes other foods, furnishing necessary bulk. For when biddy is confined and fed wholly on grains, which are concentrated foods, in order to extend the crop sufficiently to overcome the hungry feeling she eats more than she requires. This form of fat and the active fowl is changed to a sluggish hen. When fresh grass and vegetables can not be had, roots furnish a very acceptable succulent food. I consider that the chief value of roots for hens lies in their succulence, palatability and addition of bulk, rather than in their nutriment. A fresh beet or turnip hung in the sunshine is much relished by fowls. By boiling them to a soft consistency and thickening with a good quantity of eggs and adding a little salt, a very acceptable mash is made. The cooked vegetables give bulk and add to the flavor and variety of the mash. For this use I think no root superior to the small potato.

There is no vegetable that will completely fill the place of cabbage as a winter food for hens. The crisp, tender leaves more closely resemble fresh grass, both in composition and mechanical condition. Fowls seem to relish it and will eat a surprising amount if it is kept before them. Just now clover is in its prime. This is an excellent food, very nutritive, cheap, and easily preserved and prepared. Unlike roots, clover is in its prime in the winter. It is a good food, forming materials. If steamed soft and mixed in the mash in the proportion of one part to five or six of ground grains a very gratifying mash is produced.—H. M. Thomas, in Reliable Poultry Journal.

#### One Way to Figure It.

A good incubator of 200-egg capacity, can be bought for \$20 to \$25. A good brooder, we will say, will cost \$20 more. Total, \$40 for machines. Twelve hundred eggs, or one hundred dozen, at twenty cents per dozen equals \$20. Twenty-five gallons of oil at twenty cents, equals \$5, giving us a grand total of \$65. The natural process can not be estimated in this way, for you could not get enough broody hens to hatch and raise the chicks at this time of the year. But you have raised 618 chicks with the incubator and brooder which will sell for from forty to sixty cents each. At the lower figure you will receive \$37.08, leaving a net profit of \$27.88, all paid during a season of the year when you have little else to do. The poultry business for the farmer is surely full of great promise and possibilities and we expect to see the day when every farmer will consider an incubator and brooder indispensable.—Poultry Journal.

#### Right Amount of Exercise.

Exercise, too much or too little, has a bearing on health, and, what appeals to poultrymen, a relation to profits. If the bird has to work for its grain in scratching material so deep that it cannot get foot enough for its needs, or it is obliged to range too far for its food, it will never do its best, either in growth or egg yield. On the other hand, the bird that has no work to perform in getting its living is sluggish and is a poor layer. Leg weakness can be avoided and strength gained by proper exercise on the part of little chicks. It is a mistake to let a hen that has been shut in on the nest for three weeks, drag her chicks around all day. Much better results may be obtained by yarding and feeding them two-thirds of each day. The busy, bustling hen is the bird that is well and pays a profit.

#### Keep the Eggs Clean.

Keep the eggs clean by keeping the nests and everything about the hen house clean. When eggs get dirty, as they sometimes will in spite of all precautions, they should be washed before being marketed, but it is better not to have to wash them. Receivers of eggs say that washed eggs will not keep, and that the solutions sometimes used to make dirty eggs look nice and clean destroy the quality. Often eggs so treated spoil before the lot can be jobbed out.

#### A Competent Authority States That the Export Trade in American Made Eggs Has Been Reduced 85 per Cent, Within Four Years.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Signature of *Wm. D. Dr. Bull's*

#### WAY TO PRESERVE CIDER.

Substrate of Bismuth and Citric Acid Will Keep It Sweet and Clear.

This year's large apple crop has made cider abundant and cheap, and by reason of processes discovered in recent years cider made early in the fall when apples are cheapest remains palatable all winter. This improvement in the method of preserving cider has come a change of theory as to the unwholesomeness of the beverage. Twenty years ago cider was denounced as a dangerous drink, now it is recommended especially to persons suffering from some stomach disorders, and to those of a rheumatic or gouty tendency.

The French have made a medical study of cider, doubtless partly because it takes the place of wine in parts of France, and the results of this study has led the French experts to the conclusion that the presence of malic acid and of tannin in cider makes it of great hygienic value. Some dyspeptics cannot drink it, but in some forms of intestinal trouble it is helpful. It is recommended especially to gouty persons.

To be wholesome, however, cider must be in good condition, and especially it must not be too hard. The old method of putting up cider in a strong and securely corked bottle, along with three or four raisins and a tablespoonful of sugar to a pint is still practiced in this country, and the result is a delightful beverage with all the effervescence of champagne, but this method of preserving cider is expensive and troublesome. The French have discovered a cheaper method, and that is to place in cider that is to be preserved from hardening a small quantity of the substrate of bismuth. This method of preserving cider is expensive and troublesome. The French have discovered a cheaper method, and that is to place in cider that is to be preserved from hardening a small quantity of the substrate of bismuth.

The French have also discovered a method of preserving the bright transparency of cider. Most cider when exposed to the light becomes clouded, and brown. This change is due to the chemical action of tannin and sometimes of iron contained in the cider. Save in appearance the beverage is none the worse for the change, and in fact, a cider that quickly turns brown is regarded as especially wholesome for some persons because of its being rich in tannin. To preserve the clear beauty of cider, however, the French use citric acid in quantities varying with the natural acidity of the cider, usually about sixty grains to the gallon. With citric acid and substrate of bismuth only fine color but almost at a uniform condition of fermentation.

#### Seed Corn.

Many farmers owning both bottom and upland corn fields, make the mistake of using the same seed on both kinds of soils. Corn which is adapted to the moist moisture conditions of the valleys will not do so well on the upland as will some variety that has by several years of cultivation and selection become adapted to the conditions there. It is for the same reason, says a writer in Farmers' Home, that the large Colorado potatoes that have been grown for years under irrigation will do so poorly when used for seed in Kansas without the accustomed supply of water. It is generally the case on the farm that the corn from all the fields, both upland and bottom, is cribbed together. When the time for seed selection comes the largest ears are picked out irrespective of the kind of soil that grew them. As the bottom land produces the largest ears, it is more than likely that the best seed will be from the lower and moister portions of the farm. This is the proper seed for the lowland, but it is not so well adapted to the dryer and poorer upland as is seed that has been raised there. As has been suggested before, a small box attached to the side of the wagon bed into which the desirable ears can be thrown is the most practical device that can be recommended. By a little judicious selection for a series of years, a strain can be established on the upland portion of any farm which will be well adapted to that and other soils similar to location and composition. An eight-inch ear from the upland will ordinarily prove better for planting on the upland than will a twelve-inch ear from a draw in lower portions of the farm.

#### Jerseys.

Jerseys are the smallest in average size of the noted dairy breeds, cows ranging from 700 to 1,000 lbs. and bulls from 1,200 to 1,800 pounds. Yet the highest weights have been after recorded, and where effort has been made



(Nancy's John Bull, a grandly bred Jersey.)

to build up a herd of larger size an average of over 1,000 pounds for mature cows has been easily attained. The average weight of Jerseys in America is considerably more than in other countries. The Jersey is a cow of this breed varies more than any other. At one time a careful examination of the foundation stock on the Island of Jersey showed that but one cow in ten was solid colored. The proportion is greater in the United States, but there are pure registered Jerseys of all shades of brown to deep black, and of various shades of yellow, fawn, and tan colors to a creamy white; also mouse color or squirrel gray, some light red and a few bluish. With all these colors and shades there may be more or less white, in large patches or small, and on any part of the animal. Bulls range much darker in color than cows. But there are always signs or markings about a pure Jersey or a high grade, or something in its appearance, hard to describe, by which the blood is unmistakably shown.

According to Canadian estimates the amount of Manitoba wheat now in store is double the quantity on hand at same time last year.

#### The Helpful Prune.

Prunes afford the highest nerve or brain food, supply heat and waste, but are not muscle feeding. They should be avoided by those who suffer from the liver.

"I HAD bronchitis every winter for years and no medicine gave me permanent relief till I began to know it is the best cough medicine made," says J. Kootz, Corry, Pa. It quickly cures coughs, colds, croup, asthma, grippe and throat and lung troubles. It is the children's favorite remedy. Cures quickly. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

#### COST OF GREAT WARS.

The Aggregate Sum Is So Vast as to Be Beyond the Ordinary Grasp.

We have recently heard that as far as we have gone we have spent something like six millions to bring Mr. Kruger to his senses. It will, therefore, be interesting to look back to other items of our war bills, dating back to exactly three hundred years ago.

If we take the paid bills of the file and add up the totals, we find that during this period we have spent about \$1,400,000,000 in war. Calculating the population of the United Kingdom at forty millions, we might estimate that had the money been saved, there would be a nice little nest-egg of \$35 for every man, woman and child of the population. Still, it is well to remember, when people advocate peace, that the figures with grief, that, on the whole, we have made a very fair profit on our war expenditure, for it has helped us largely to gain an empire whose total revenues would pay off the war bill in less than six years. Indeed, one of the best investments we ever made is found in the heaviest item of the whole account, the \$331,000,000 spent in smashing Napoleon. If this sum had not been forthcoming, the British would, without doubt have been printed in the French language, and the tri-color would now be waving over the House of Parliament.

The next largest item to the Wellington account is the bill for the campaign of the great Duke of Marlborough, which totals up to the comparatively modest figure of \$182,000,000, while \$121,000,000 is written off in our profit and loss account as to the price of our little family quarrel, when Cousin Jonathan left home and set up in business for himself. John Bull always scratches his head rather doubtfully over that leaf in his ledger.

It is three hundred years ago this year since the Earl of Essex started the account by four million pounds' worth of war against the Spaniards in Ireland; while less than fifty years after Cromwell followed him in the same distressful country, wasting fifty-seven good millions in slaughtering the poor Irish. The British army, in the British army. He in his turn was followed by William III, whose traveling expenses in Ireland and Holland amounted to \$333,000,000.

Canada cost us about \$62,000,000, a fairly good bargain, compared with the Crimea War, of which our share was \$69,000,000, out of a total of \$305,000,000. The terrible waste in this war laid rather in lives than in money, for out of 97,860 men we put in the field, we lost 22,189, or 22.6 per cent of the total strength. Only 2,755 of these poor fellows were killed in action, while of the 18,280 wounded only 1,875 died of their wounds. There were 17,847 died of disease, and it may be safely said that the British troops were well cared for as those who are now engaged with the Boers, the British army would have left the Crimea richer by 17,000 men.

Less unpleasant reading than our bills, though our educated girls taking up the profession, the old homestead farming would take on a new charm, and the rush of farmers' sons to the cities would be checked if not entirely done away with.

Age Afflicts Feet. A London physician declares that a person in robust health walks with his toes pointed to the front, while one with his health on the wane graduates his toes to the side and a bend is perceptible in the knees.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Signature of *Wm. D. Dr. Bull's*

Skinned. In Easton, Penn., the cost of electric lighting of 2,000 candle power per lamp per year is \$49.50. In Troy, N. Y., the cost per lamp per year is \$42.23. By deducting the Easton price from the Troy price it is possible to ascertain the capacity of the American citizen for skinning and his fellow man for being skinned.

Immense Wooden Building. The Parliament Building in Wellington, New Zealand, is the largest wooden structure in the world. In Wellington and some other New Zealand towns almost every house is constructed of wood. Large churches and important business premises are built of the same material.

No Grip, Pain. Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, which you desire.

Hood's Pills. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY. FOR YOUNG LADIES. CONVENT OF THE SACRAMENT. NEAR EMMITSBURG, MD.

This Institution is pleasantly situated in a healthy and picturesque part of Frederick Co., half a mile from Emmitsburg, and two miles from Mount St. Mary's College. TERMS—Board and tuition per academic year, including bed and bedding, washing, and laundry, \$200.00. Letters of inquiry directed to the Mother Superior.

#### New Rifles.

One thousand Krag-Jorgensen rifles have been supplied to the British, Kentucky and Kearsarge. Both branches of the service will soon have small arms of the same calibre, and greatly simplifying the problem of interchangeable supplies of ammunition when the army and navy are required to carry on joint operations. The Lee rifle will gradually be discarded and replaced by the other small calibre rifle. The Army Ordnance Department will manufacture the Krag-Jorgensen rifle for the navy, but the ammunition will be manufactured by the Ordnance Department.

#### A Mile a Minute.

The speed of a carrier pigeon in calm weather is 1,200 yards a minute. With a brisk wind prevailing, and blowing in the direction of its flight a pigeon has been known to make 1,900 yards a minute.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP. Cures Pleurisy and Pneumonia. The best remedy for lung affections. Small doses. Price 25 cts. at druggists.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c per box. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Bicycles Co., Chicago or New York.

#### Substitute for Rubber.

A discovery which promises to possess more value than any other in the world is reported from London. Walter F. Reid told the Society of Chemical Industry the other day that another substitute for rubber had been found. It was composed of half-dried linseed or castor oil, which has been treated with nitric acid and then mixed with a preparation closely akin to gun cotton, known as nitro-cellulose. The cellulose should be only slightly nitrated, and ought to be wet when mixed with the oil. Two parts of the latter are used to one of the cellulose. After being thoroughly mixed the compound is carefully dried. It is insoluble in most of the liquids used to dissolve oil. The cost of this preparation is said to be about one-fourth as great as that of pure Para gum.

Mr. Reid declares that the new substitute was almost as serviceable as rubber for bicycle tires, machine belts, waterproof blankets for soldiers and men, garden hose and tubing to convey oil or gas.

#### Swallowed a Watch.

Baby Alma Todd, of 225 North Avenue, Brooklyn, was so delighted with a toy watch which would tick when wound up that she promptly and appreciatively swallowed it, and later cried when she wanted it back.

"Tick-tock in Alma tummy," was the way in which she announced the result to her mother, who did not at first understand what was meant. When the full significance dawned upon her the family doctor was hastily called in, but it was decided that the child had merely swallowed the watch, and she did not seem to be suffering. Two days afterward, however, an X-ray picture was taken to settle all doubts, and the watch was plainly seen lying at the bottom of the stomach. An operation will probably have to be performed to remove the watch, and the surgeons say that as the little one is remarkably healthy, there will be but very little danger attending it.

#### The Indian Service.

Among the items of expense in the running of our government, a considerable sum is required for the Indian service. The system by which our wards are cared for is not exceedingly elaborate, and yet it is necessarily costly. The appropriations to this service for the current fiscal year beginning July 1, 1899, are \$7,678,883, a reduction of \$558,812 from the year preceding. Quite an item of expense in connection with the care of the Indians is for education. Not more than 20,522 Indians have been in the provided schools in the past year.

#### Girls as Farmers.

Fifty girls have taken up the study of scientific farming at the Minneapolis College of Agriculture, and if the innovation shall prove successful it will naturally spread to other agricultural states. Heretofore one great drawback to farming has been the difficulty of keeping the boys upon the farm. With trained and educated girls taking up the profession, the old homestead farming would take on a new charm, and the rush of farmers' sons to the cities would be checked if not entirely done away with.

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## Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures indigestion, heartburn, flatulence, sour stomach, nausea, sick headache, gastralgia, cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

T. E. ZIMMERMAN & CO.

—AND—

GEO. T. EYSTER, Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES.

See his splendid stock of GOLD & SILVER

Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES.

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MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York.

Branch Office, 625 E. St., Washington, D. C.

Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Oct. 1, 1899, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7:50 and 10:40 a. m., and 2:55 and 4:50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8:20 and 10:30 a. m., and 3:25 and 5:20 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8:20 and 10:40 a. m., and 3:31 and 6:34 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 8:56 and 11:10 a. m., and 4:01 and 7:04 p. m.

WM. A. HINES, Pres't.

Western Maryland Railroad.

Schedule in effect October 1, 1899.

MAIN LINE.

Read Downward. STATIONS. Read Upward.

A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M.

Emmitsburg 7:50 10:40 2:55 4:50

Rocky Ridge 8:20 10:30 3:25 5:20

Frederick 9:10 11:20 4:15 6:25

Washington 10:00 12:10 5:05 7:15

Philadelphia 11:00 1:10 6:05 8:15

New York 12:00 2:10 7:05 9:15

Baltimore 1:00 3:10 8:05 10:15

Washington 2:00 4:10 9:05 11:15

Philadelphia 3:00 5:10 10:05 12:15

New York 4:00 6:10 11:05 1:15

Baltimore 5:00 7:10 12:05 2:15

Washington 6:00 8:10 1:05 3:15

Philadelphia 7:00 9:10 2:05 4:15

New York 8:00 10:10 3:05 5:15

Baltimore 9:00 11:10 4:05 6:15

Washington 10:00 12:10 5:05 7:15

Philadelphia 11:00 1:10 6:05 8:15

New York 12:00 2:10 7:05 9:15

Baltimore 1:00 3:10 8:05 10:15

Washington 2:00 4:10 9:05 11:15

Philadelphia 3:00 5:10 10:05 12:15

New York 4:00 6:10 11:05 1:15

Baltimore 5:00 7:10 12:05 2:15

Washington 6:00 8:10 1:05 3:15

Philadelphia 7:00 9:10 2:05 4:15

New York 8:00 10:10 3:05 5:15

Baltimore 9:00 11:10 4:05 6:15

Washington 10:00 12:10 5:05 7:15

Philadelphia 11:00 1:10 6:05 8:15

New York 12:00 2:10 7:05 9:15

Baltimore 1:00 3:10 8:05 10:15

Washington 2:00 4:10 9:05 11:15

Philadelphia 3:00 5:10 10:05 12:15

New York 4:00 6:10 11:05 1:15

Baltimore 5:00 7:10 12:05 2:15

Washington 6:00 8:10 1:05 3:15

Philadelphia 7:00 9:10 2:05 4:15

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