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Associate Judges—Hon. John C. Motter and Hon. James H. Henderson.
State's Attorney—Wm. H. Hicks.
Clerk of the Court—Douglas H. Hargett.

Orphan's Court.
Judges—John W. Grindler, Wm. R. Young and Henry B. Wilson.
Register of Wills—Charles E. Saylor.

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County Commissioners—George A. Dean, William H. Norman, Frederick S. Hensburg, Geo. L. Shuff, Albert M. Patterson, E. S. Zentz.
County Treasurer—Geo. L. Kaufman.
Surveyor—Edward Albaugh.
School Commissioners—Lewis Keferner, Herman L. Routhahn, David D. Thomas, E. R. Zimmerman, S. Amos Ureter.
Examiner—E. L. Bantz.

Emmitsburg District.
Notary Public—E. L. Annan.
Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Francis A. Maxwell, Wm. P. Kaylor, John D. Davidson.
Registrars—Chas. J. Shuff, E. S. Toney, H. P. Maxwell, Jas. B. Elder.

Constables.
School Trustees—Dr. R. L. Annan, G. Mead Patterson, John W. Keigley.

Tax Collectors.
Barnes—M. P. Shuff.
Commissioners—George T. Gelwicks, Oscar D. Pringle, Victor E. Rowe, John D. Kane, C. T. Zaugg, F. A. Gelwicks.

Churches.
Ev. Lutheran Church.
Pastor—Rev. Charles Reinholdt. Services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek services at 9 o'clock a. m. Catechetical class on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Presbyterian Church.
Pastor—Rev. David H. Riddle. Morning service at 10 o'clock. Evening service at 7:30 o'clock. Wednesday evening Lecture and Prayer Meeting at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9:15 o'clock a. m.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church.
Pastor—Rev. P. V. Kavanaugh, C. M. First Mass 7:30 o'clock a. m., second Mass 10 o'clock a. m., Masses 3 o'clock p. m. Sunday School at 2 o'clock p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church.
Pastor—Rev. Wm. C. H. Hensburg. Services every other Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every other Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 1:30 o'clock p. m. Class meeting every other Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Societies.
Emerald Beneficial Association.
Rev. J. B. Manly, Chaplain; F. A. Adelsberger, President; John Byrnes, Vice-President; H. P. Byrnes, Secretary; Charles Rosenfeld, Assistant Secretary; John M. Kelly, Treasurer; E. S. Zentz, J. Rosensteel, Geo. Alford, Stewart, D. W. Stouffer, Messenger; J. C. Taylor, H. Weaver, Association held on the 1st and 3rd of each month at P. F. Burk's residence, East Main Street.

Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R.
Commander, Samuel Gamble; Senior Vice-Commander, J. B. Black; Junior Vice-Commander, Jacob Knapp; Adjutant, George L. Gillman; Quartermaster, Wm. A. Pringle; Surgeon, Abraham Buring, Chaplain, Jas. W. Davidson; Officers of the Day, Wm. H. Weaver, officer of the band, Albert Doffner; Sergeant Major, John H. Klenzler; Quarter Master Sergeant, Geo. T. Gelwicks.

Vigilant Hose Company.
Meets 1st and 3rd Friday evenings of each month at Fireman's Hall. President, Y. E. Rowe; Vice-President, James A. Shieff; Secretary, Wm. H. Troxell; Treasurer, H. H. Stokes; Capt., J. C. Taylor; Lieut., H. H. Howard; Rider, 2nd Lieut., Andrew Annan; Chief, N. S. Lewis; W. E. Ashbaugh; Hose Director, Thos. E. Tral.

Emmitsburg Water Company.
President, L. S. Annan; Vice-President, L. M. Motter; Secretary, E. H. Zimmerman; Treasurer, E. L. Annan; Directors, L. M. Motter, J. C. Taylor, J. P. Gelwicks, E. K. Zimmerman, L. S. Annan, E. L. Rowe, C. D. Hensburg.

The Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent Association.
Chaplain, Rev. J. B. Manly; President, A. W. Kessler; Vice-President, Joseph Byrnes; Secretary, George Keppers; Assistant Secretary, Wm. L. Myers; Treasurer, John H. Davidson; Sergeant at Arms, John C. Shory; Sick Visiting Committee, Harry C. Taylor, John C. Shory, Jacob L. Tupper, James Seitzer; Board of Trustees, John A. Postford, Joseph E. O'Ua, M. Hensburg.

Emmitsburg Council, No. 53, Jr. O. U. A. M.
Counsel meets every Tuesday evening at 7 p. m. Council, M. E. Saylor; Vice-Counsel, Joseph Adelsberger; Recording Secretary, Edgar C. Moser; Assistant Recording Secretary, E. R. Zimmerman; Committee, Charles Landers; Warden, Geo. Kautler; In Side Sentinel, Holland Wentz; Outside Sentinel, Harlan C. Truett; Financial Secretary, J. E. Adelsberger; Treasurer, V. E. Rowe; Chaplain, William Fair; Past Conductor, J. C. Taylor; Trustees, W. D. Colloffower, J. D. Caldwell and B. Wertz; Representative to the Council, J. S. Shieff; Alternate, Fost. C. Harbaugh.

The Admiral's Flag.

EVOLUTION OF THIS SYMBOL IN OUR NAVAL HISTORY.

The Admiral's flag has been revived for Admiral Dewey, and it is of interest to know something about its beginning and its evolution in the service of our country.

It has been generally believed that Farragut was the first officer in the United States Navy to win the title of Admiral, but such is not the fact. The rank was 91 years older in the record of the service. On December 22, 1775, the Continental Congress commissioned Esch Hopkins, an old and experienced seaman, Commander-in-Chief of the Navy, and George Washington officially addressed him as "Admiral Hopkins."

In the following year Admiral Hopkins put to sea from Philadelphia with his squadron of four ships and three sloops, and the Alfred, the flagship, carried Hopkins' flag. It was a square yellow silk affair, bearing the pine tree, the rattlesnake in the act of striking and the favorite motto, "Don't Tread On Me." This flag was sent aloft by Lieut. John Paul Jones. The insignia or flag rank was really more akin to the Colonial flags than to any previous symbol of naval dignity, and was merely a personal flag of Hopkins for the righteousness of his cause. Just how long this flag remained in the service is questionable, but as no one succeeded Hopkins in the solitary dignity of Commander-in-Chief, it is highly probable that the flag went with him when he left the Navy in 1777.

The Union Jack.

The union jack of the British ensign had long before become the recognized insignia of flag rank in the King's navy—being carried at the main, the fore, or the mizzenmast, accordingly as the squadron commander was an admiral, a vice-admiral, or a rear-admiral, and with the statutory adoption of our national ensign on June 14, 1777, we had something other than personal choosing upon which to base our own markings of naval seniority. That resolution declared "that the flag of the 13 United States be 13 stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be 13 stars, white, in a blue field, representing a new constellation."

That act on one gave us a blue flag, with 13 stars, to be carried by our flag officers, but the democratic spirit of the Americans was too strong for a repetition of so aristocratic sounding a title as Admiral. The ranking officers of the service were captains, and, agreeably to continental practice, the senior captain present could carry only a simple triangular pennant. Custom is pretty strong, even though set by your enemy, and in the shape of our flag we followed the example of the British, while we gave to our captains commanding squadrons the temporary title of Commodore. Up at their main trucks these commodores hoisted their blue triangular flags—not rightly the Commodore's swallow-tail of European navies—with their single big white star encircled by a ring of 12 smaller ones.

Pennants and Barges.

In 1818, with the presence of 21 States in the Union, the old formation of a single large star, surrounded by its circle of smaller ones, made it difficult to keep the flag within reasonable limits and still preserve its circle of fair-sized stars, and, consequently, in 1837, when the Union had doubled its original strength, the stars were rearranged. In 1844, however, though there were still but 25 States in the Union, the broad pennant was changed to the legitimate burgee or swallow-tail of the commodore, even though the rank was only a brevet, intended to assume all of the privileges that he knew he ought to have, even while Congress had failed to make his title a legal one. Long before this the custom had become set to distinguish between officers of the same rank carrying broad pennants. The senior commodore carried a blue flag with white stars, the next commodore junior to him carried a red flag with white stars, while, should a third be present junior to both of the others, his flag, for the time, became white with blue stars. When apart on their separate commands each carried the blue pennant of seniority. It was an unusual occurrence for three officers of flag rank so to meet, but a copy of the *New York Gazette* of 1831 says: "It is worthy of record that there are now three broad pennants flying in our harbor—the blue, red and white. The former at the navy-yard, under Commodore Chauncey; the red on board the Potomac, Commodore Downes, and the latter on board the Hudson, Commodore Cassin, just returned from the Brazils."

In 1857 the title of flag officer was legally introduced in our service, Congress directing that "Cap-

flag, the Secretary restored the blue four-star flag of the Admiral, and so it continued till the death of the one inheritor of Farragut's official dignity.

The Department has given Admiral Dewey the flag so dear to Farragut. The layman may find it hard to understand the pride and feeling of the flag officer toward his bit of bunting, but it is something through all the years of his career, and once he has broken it to the breeze in the fullness of supreme command it typified the fulfillment of his fondest hope.—*Baltimore Morning Herald.*

Lack of Harmony.

The lack of harmony among the flags carried by flag officers led Secretary Isaac Toucey, in 1858, to prescribe: "It is hereby ordered that in lieu of the broad pennant now worn by flag officers in command of squadrons, they shall wear a plain blue flag, of dimensions proportionate to the different classes of vessels prescribed for the jack. * * * Flag officers whose date of commission as captain is over 20 years shall wear it at the fore; all others at the mizzen."

In effect, although not otherwise, this order introduced the grades or flags of the vice and rear-admiral, while the officers themselves remained merely captains, but for the modest additional allowance of cabin furniture. Their flags were mistakenly saluted by foreigners as those of vice and rear-admirals, instead of as only brevet commodores.

Next, in 1859, Secretary Toucey, who seems to have taken a pretty lively interest in such naval details, ordered that "captains in command of navy-yards, who by order of the Department have commanded a squadron, will be allowed to wear the flag authorized by the general order of May 18, 1858, on the receiving-ship attached to the station. Should there be no receiving-ship attached to the station, then at any suitable place in the yard under his command. The senior flag officer of the Navy will wear his flag at the main."

All this time we had had commodores in name and by departmental regulation, but no such rank existed legally prior to the act of 1862, which also provided for nine rear-admirals, to be selected because of their professional skill and gallantry. That act prescribed "that the three senior rear-admirals shall wear a square flag at the mainmast head; the next three, at the fore-topmast head, and all others at the mizzen."

Farragut's Flag.

Farragut, by virtue of this law, was commissioned the Senior Rear-Admiral, and hoisted the plain square blue flag at the main of the Hartford, and it is memorable that that was the first occasion on which an Admiral's flag was legally hoisted at the main. The plan, however, of hoisting a Rear-Admiral's flag at the main, instead of at the mizzen, where the custom of other naval powers had placed it long years before, became unpopular; and, at the instance of Richard H. Dana, then in Congress, the carriage of the flag was made uniform and agreeable to custom, without regard to the Admiral's seniority. As a result, Farragut lowered his flag from the main and raised it at the mizzen, where a Rear-Admiral's flag should fly. On his promotion to Vice-Admiral, in 1864, he shifted his flag to the fore, and in 1866, when created a full Admiral, again hoisted the same plain blue flag at the main truck.

The Old One Revived.

All went well until 1869, when the union-jack, hoisted at the main, was declared the flag for the Secretary of the Navy, and, having taken the union out of the ensign, in a spirit of apparent sentimental economy, it was further ordered that the remaining stripes of "Old Glory" should do duty as symbols of flag rank. Accordingly, the Admiral's flag became a rectangular affair of 13 plain, horizontal stripes, alternate red and white, worn at the main. The Vice-Admiral carried it at the fore, while the Rear-Admiral glared in the same thing at the mizzen. Farragut bitterly opposed the change, and, in fact, never consented to it. All of his associations were wrapped up in what his four-starred flag represented, and when he died, the following year, it was his old flag that was laid upon his bier, in response to his own request that his flag be buried with him.

In 1876, for various reasons, involving past usages and services, and for the convenience of distinguishing the relative rank of officers of the same grade, the striped flag "having made it impossible to establish seniority by the old custom of the blue, the red or the white

THE WALNUT IS PASSING AWAY.

MOUNTAIN TRACTS DENIED OF THE AMERICAN HARDWOOD.

To the trade it has long been known that the walnut, America's famed hardwood, is passing away, and will, within a few years, be lost as a valuable source of the country's natural wealth. Where great forests of the mighty tree once spread, barren, or cultivated acres extend, and year by year the supply, which at one time seemed inexhaustible, has lessened, until the end is in sight. The wood has disappeared as material in the construction of any but the finest grades of veneers; while the foreign export trade, which ten years ago was at its zenith, has suffered a reduction of fully 40 per cent.

Manufacturers have turned to other sources for their supplies, and other woods have taken the place of this, that once reigned supreme. Walnut pieces, of the costlier sorts will in every probability have much the same value and degree of appreciation as the heavy mahogany reminders of earlier gallantry. That act prescribed "that the three senior rear-admirals shall wear a square flag at the mainmast head; the next three, at the fore-topmast head, and all others at the mizzen."

Walnut Vanishing.

Mr. G. B. Cearfoss, an extensive hardwood, lumber and log exporter, of Baltimore, who is an authority on the wood tracts of America, particularly of hardwoods, talked on the past and the future of the walnut as follows:

"There is no doubt," said Mr. Cearfoss, "that the walnut supply in this country is rapidly diminishing, and will soon be a thing of the past. In Indiana, where were seemingly inexhaustible sources of the supply, the tracts have been denuded. Southwestern Virginia at one time abounded in great walnut forests, and now little of these remain except by the back country, inaccessible to railroads. Logs are now in places being hauled thirty miles to transportation facilities, and this cannot be continued on a paying basis. Fifteen years ago, when walnut cutting began in Virginia, farmlands were frequently found surrounded by walnut rail fences, put up by farmers, who did not know its value. They learned quickly enough, however, and though the general run of the wood could be bought, there were hundreds of clumps of magnificent trees that money, under ordinary circumstances, could not buy. When crops failed, or the farmer wanted to make any improvements, a few of these were sacrificed at a time. Many Virginia wills, made in the last ten years, have contained codicils protecting great walnuts their owners, generation after generation, had admired, but these too have fallen, and now but an insignificant quantity remains to be cut in the greater part of this territory.

Former Sources of Supply.

"West Virginia is now supplying but little of the wood, the brunt of the demand falling in the forest land of Kentucky, and this also is vanishing.

"The diminishing of the supply, however, has, strange to say, not increased the price of the wood, an indication that other woods are supplanting the walnut.

"This is exactly true, and it is to the cheaper grades of mahogany that the manufacturer here and abroad is turning. This supply is inexhaustible, apparently, for a century to come, and is drawn from the limitless forests on the west coast of Africa, English syndicates,

Lost By Small Margins.

Defeated Presidential Candidates Who Nearly Won.

Much is being heard at the present time from the friends of Mr. Bryan in regard to the campaign which he made in 1896 and as to the narrow margin by which Mr. McKinley carried several States. Prominence is given to the fact that a change of less than 19,000 votes, properly distributed in the States of California, Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky, Oregon and West Virginia would have given Bryan the election. It might be assumed, from the earnestness with which those immediately concerned in Mr. Bryan's success have been urging this fact as a reason why he should be renominated, that they hope, by devoting themselves particularly to the States mentioned, to secure the necessary 19,000 votes and thus elect him.

Regardless of the fact that the Republicans will exert themselves as much to retain these votes as the Democrats to secure them the task of winning the six States carried by McKinley by such a small margin is greater than it appears, and the magnitude of the undertaking should be correctly estimated before even the most enthusiastic friends of Mr. Bryan make any calculations based on these States giving their vote to him in 1900. From almost the earliest period of our national history the same tendency has been noted on the part of the defeated party to solace itself with the thought that a change of a few votes in certain States would have given it the election, while the same fact is always pointed out by the successful party as a cause of apprehension concerning the result of the next election.

All States Would Be Affected.

If the electoral returns for nearly all the Presidential elections in the history of the United States are examined it will be found that to affect the slight change in the States carried by small margins it would have required causes powerful enough to have similarly affected the other States, and that the same reasons which would have caused the 19,000 men who voted for McKinley in 1896, and whose votes would have altered the result, would have been equally urgent and powerful with some 300,000 of their fellow-citizens.

McKinley was the first candidate since 1872 to receive a clear majority of the popular vote. Since the time of Polk, the first President to enter the White House without a majority of the popular vote, there have been but five elections where the successful candidate secured a majority of the popular vote. The five exceptions were Pierce, Lincoln (1864), Grant at both elections and McKinley, Hayes and Benjamin Harrison were elected without even a plurality. With McKinley securing such a large popular majority, as well as an electoral majority, the defeat of Bryan in 1896 cannot be regarded but as overwhelming.

In calculating on the change of a few thousand votes in the States mentioned it should not be overlooked that five of the six were wrested from the Democrats, who carried them in 1892. All elections resemble one another in this—the majority of the winning party is increased in the States which it usually carries; the majority of the losing party is reduced in States which it claims as its own, and in the doubtful States the winning party secures its electoral votes over the efforts of the opposition, these changes are all in the same direction, the change of votes from the losers to the winners.

Votes Needed in Indiana.

To have carried Indiana in 1896 the Democrats should have polled 8,772 of the votes which were cast for McKinley. This number is 2.7 per cent. of the total Republican vote of the State and 2.9 per cent. of the total Democratic vote. A similar change in every State would have reduced McKinley's plurality in the country to 360,000. Estimating on the basis of a sufficient change to have enabled Bryan to carry Delaware, if the percentage

How Clay Could Have Won.

Henry Clay, although defeated for the Presidency in the electoral college by a vote of 170 for Polk to 105 for Clay, missed being President by a very narrow margin. A change of 2,554 votes in New York would have given him 141 electoral votes to 134 for Polk. Had 7,918 votes properly distributed been charged from Polk to Clay in the following States—New York, 2,554; Pennsylvania, 3,167; Indiana, 1,158; and Georgia, 1,039—Clay would have received a majority of 103 electoral votes over Polk, as he would have had 189 to 86 for Polk. The abolitionists, voting for Birney, polled just enough votes to defeat Clay. Taylor failed to receive a majority of the popular vote, although he received 163 electoral votes to 127 for Cass. Yet Cass would have been president if 2,169 Pennsylvania voters had voted for him instead of Taylor, as he would then have received 153 electoral votes to 137 for Taylor.

In 1852 Pierce received 254 electoral votes to 42 for Scott, and yet Pierce's plurality was but slightly over 200,000, and he received barely a majority of the popular vote. The vote was so distributed, however, that a change of 33,772 votes scattered through New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, North Carolina, Louisiana, Rhode Island and Delaware would have given General Scott 150 electoral votes, or one more than a majority. He needed but 13 votes in Delaware and 13,601 in New York.

The Tilden-Hayes Contest.

In the election of 1876 Tilden received 250,000 popular majority according to the Republican and 264,000 according to the democratic count. In the final count by the Electoral Commission Hayes was given 185 electoral votes and Tilden 184. A change of 528 votes in Oregon or of 538 votes in Nevada would have given Tilden the Presidency beyond dispute.

A change of 10,517 votes in New York or 8,003 divided properly among Connecticut, New Hampshire and Colorado would have elected Hancock in 1880 instead of Garfield. Garfield received considerably less than a majority of the popular vote and only 10,000 plurality over Hancock, although he had 214 electoral votes to 155 for Hancock.

In 1884 if Blaine had secured 575 votes in New York which were cast for Cleveland he would have received 218 electoral votes to 183 for Cleveland, whereas the latter received 219 votes to 182 for Blaine. Cleveland received a plurality of 23,000, although he fell far short of a majority. In 1888 a change of 7,200 votes in New York would have elected Cleveland instead of Harrison, while in 1892 a change of 26,000 votes in California, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, North Dakota and Wisconsin would have given Harrison 226 votes and the election.

Harrison received 333 electoral votes in 1888 to 168 for Cleveland, while in 1892 Cleveland was given 277 to 145 for Harrison. In his first campaign Harrison received 100,000 less than a plurality and over 500,000 less than a majority of the votes. In the second campaign Cleveland received over 400,000 plurality, but fell 500,000 short of a majority. Weaver polled enough votes to defeat Harrison.—*Baltimore Sun.*

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Artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

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Artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

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AN OUTLAY OF \$1,500,000.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The War Department has received from General Davis, under date of August 26, a dispatch outlining the situation in Porto Rico. General Davis says:

"I hope the relief supplies will be confined to the foods, medicines and clothing heretofore specified. The most pressing need is food, and the aggregate cost of all that will be required to bridge over the period until a new supply of fruits and vegetables is grown will be an enormous sum, perhaps reaching \$1,500,000.

"While thousands of families were left homeless, their houses were generally made of poles and thatched. The places where the destruction was greatest are far in the interior, reached only by pack mules. It will be next to impossible to transport lumber to those regions. Such lumber as has been shipped will have to be used near the seacoast, and the people whose houses were blown away must replace them with the same material as that destroyed, which they are doing and will do if the hungry are fed.

"If the charitable people of the United States relieve the hunger of all who would famish, a vast work will have been accomplished, and all that, I think, we should be expected to attain. I repeat former request for 1,000 tons of food weekly until further notice. While I do not want to discourage efforts to restore dwellings, I think it should not be attempted until it is sure that starvation will be prevented."

BRITISH AGENT PREDICTS WAR.

SEATTLE, WASH., AUGUST 30.—David L. Wilson, who claims to be an agent of the British government, and to have important papers for the Home Office, has arrived here en route to London, from the Transvaal. Mr. Wilson says he has no doubt that there will be war.

"I have been three years in the Transvaal, and know the leaders of the Boer government well. President Kruger does not want war. He is now an old man. As such he has not the control of the cabinet that he had once. The cabinet is composed of young blood, who want independence, and who, I may say, will never give up until they have either attained it or been wiped out of existence by the English forces. This is why I say there will be war.

"The story sent out that General Joubert has found that the reserves held in the Pretoria forts are inefficient, is probably true. A partial knowledge of this fact has been known for some time in British ministerial circles. There will be no trouble in replacing the ammunition, however. General Joubert, I know personally, is opposed to war."—American.

We give no rewards, an offer of this kind is the meanest of deceptions. Our plan is to give every one a chance to try the merit of Ely's Cream Balm—the original Balm for the cure of Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in the Head, by mailing for 10 cents a trial size to test its curative powers. We mail the 50 cent size also and the drug-gist keep it. Test it and you are sure to continue the treatment. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

It is said that the Kansas corn crop will amount to 360,000,000 bushels this year.

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

E. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WELL KNOWN SCULPTOR DEAD.

Another of the group of well-known sculptors who are at work on the decorations for the Dewey arch has died suddenly since the inception of the work. Giovanni Turini was stricken with apoplexy at 8:30 o'clock Sunday morning in his home at 8 Morningside avenue, New York, and died within a few minutes. Turini was one of the artists who had offered their services to the Municipal Art Commission for the erection of the arch, and for eight days he had been at work in Madison-Square Garden on a colossal figure. He was so engrossed in this on Friday that he forgot to take any lunch, and he went home late at night without having eaten anything during the whole day. On Saturday he toiled equally hard, and when he reached home he was tired out and feverish. His wife made him promise to rest on Sunday. He rose Sunday morning at 8:30 o'clock, and going to his wife's room he fell across the bed, gasping for breath, and died before Mrs. Turini could reach his side.

Turini was born on May 23, 1849, in Verona, Italy. He studied sculpture at Milan and Rome, but gave up the chisel for the sword when the final battle for Italy's liberty was to be fought. He took part in the war of 1866 against Austria, serving as a volunteer in Garibaldi's army. The war over, Turini came to this country, arriving in 1867. In 1882 he was married to an American girl, Miss Margaret Thurston, who survives him. They had three children, two of whom are living. Among Turini's most important works may be mentioned a bust of Pope Leo XIII., which is now in the Vatican; a group called "Angelica and Medoro," the statue of Garibaldi which stands in Washington Square, New York, and a bust of Mazzini.

A REMARKABLE RECORD.

It is reported from Essex county, Va., as a fact worthy of note that there have been but three clerks of the Essex County Court since 1814, viz.: W. B. Matthews, from 1814 to 1830; James Roy Macon, 1830 to 1887, and Harrison Southworth, the present clerk.

Maryland, in the Federal Court of this jurisdiction, can beat the above record, as the court has had but three clerks since 1799, one hundred years, namely—Philip Moore, 1799 to 1834; Thomas Spicer, 1834 to 1864; James W. Chew, from 1864 to date, and, as Mr. Chew is still in good health and active service, his term will probably last for some years longer. Prior to 1799, Joshua Barney was clerk of the court, from its foundation prior to 1790.

"Our baby was sick for a month with severe cough and catarrhal fever. Although we tried many remedies she kept getting worse until we used One Minute Cough Cure,—it relieved at once and cured her in a few days." B. L. Nance, Prin. High School, Bluffdale, Texas.—T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

OUR NEW TERRITORIES.

General Davis cables that nearly \$1,500,000 will be required to tide the Porto Ricans over until a new crop can be grown.

Cuba is more than self-sustaining financially, according to a report made public by the War Department.

General Jimenez has been prevented from landing in Santiago de Cuba.

General Otis telegraphs that a native chief has attacked and defeated an insurgent army.

"Ho that is warm thinks all so," but many people are always cold because of poor blood. They need Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ANOTHER CAR BLOWN UP.

CLEVELAND OHIO, Aug. 30.—A combination car on the Wilson Avenue Line was blown up by a powerful explosive between Scovill and Quincy streets tonight.

There were six passengers on board, five of whom sustained broken legs. The other passenger and crew of the car escaped without injury.

When the explosion came it was with such force that it lifted the car entirely off the track, destroying the trucks and demolishing the flooring. The car fell again on the tracks in such a way as to imprison the injured and almost frantic passengers. These were rescued by the crew of the car.

The report of the explosion was such that it was heard on the public square, three miles from the scene.

BOYS MADE THEIR OWN LIQUOR.

A Hanover correspondent writes: Edward Albright, John Musselman and Earl Grove, three small boys of this place, were arrested on the charge of malicious mischief. After renting a cider press and stealing sufficient apples to begin operation, they set up a distillery in a secluded spot in Newcomer's park. Fifty-two gallons of cider was made, to most of which was added considerable rye, before Chief of Police McKinney learned of its existence. The would-be moonshiners occasionally invited their friends around, and together imbibed the intoxicant until they would become inebriated. None of the cider was sold, the boys managing to get away with all of it themselves.—Star and Sentinel.

OFF FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

HARRISBURG, PA., AUGUST 30.—The Twenty-seventh Regiment, commanded by Col. Bell, started from Camp Meade to-day in three special trains, for duty in the Philippines. The regiment will encamp for some time at the Presidio, in San Francisco, before boarding the transports for the Philippines. The regiment is one of the finest volunteer commands in the United States service, and is fully armed and equipped for duty in the tropics.

The great success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the treatment of bowel complaints has made it standard over the greater part of the civilized world. For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., druggists.

THE Tenth Pennsylvania was given a splendid reception on its return to Pittsburg from the campaign in the Philippines. Speeches were made by President McKinley, Governor Stone and Congressman Dalzell.

THE Ohio Democratic platform reaffirms the Chicago platform, indorses Bryan, opposes "imperialism," and denounces an Anglo-American alliance. John R. McLean was unanimously nominated for Governor.

Save Your Money.

One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills. They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels. No Reckless Assertion. For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse TUTT'S LIVER PILLS.

ICE CREAM.

I HAVE opened an Ice Cream Parlor at my residence on W. Main Street, where I will have ice cream on hand at all times during the season. I am prepared to furnish ice cream for festivals, picnics, parties, etc. Give me a call.

MOUNTAIN WATER ICE.

I HAVE a large amount of Pure Mountain Spring Water Ice for sale. This ice will be delivered at your door on your order. Soliciting a share of the public patronage, I remain, Respectfully,

JOSEPH D. CALDWELL, ap 7.3m

PUBLIC SALE

OF A Valuable Timber Farm.

The undersigned will sell at public sale on the premises, in Friend's Creek Valley, on the road leading from Bell's Mill to Sabillasville, about 2 miles from the former place, and about 4 miles west of Emmitsburg, Md., on Saturday, Sept. 23, 1899, at 1 o'clock, P. M. the following Valuable Real Estate: All that farm containing about

140 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, situated as above described, and adjoining lands of Jno. Croser, James Tresler, Cornelius Shriner and others, improved with a Large Log House, Wagon Shed, now used for stabling purposes, Saw Mill, Blacksmith Shop, Corn Crib, Hog Pen and other outbuildings. There is good water at both the house and stable. There is quite a variety of excellent fruit trees on the premises, the land being specially adapted for the cultivation of apple and peach trees. The land is in a good state of cultivation, about 70 acres being covered with thriving timber, consisting of red oak, white oak, rock oak, chestnut, poplar, etc. Prospective purchasers are invited to view the farm and especially the fine timber on said farm. Terms of sale will be made known on day of sale. ADAM TRESLER.

Kentucky Horses.

A car load of Kentucky Horses will arrive at my Stables on Thursday, August 17th. Riders, drivers, trotters and pacers. Also some general purpose horses. Several of them family broken. Any one desiring to purchase or exchange will do well to come and examine these horses before going elsewhere. Must be as represented or money refunded. Several of the above cars trot a mile in less than 2:40. I will be at Gettysburg, at the Globe Hotel, with a load of horses on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Aug. 14, 15 and 16. H. A. SPALDING, Littlestown, Pa. July 14-18.



"Every Cloud Has a Silver Lining."

The clouds of bad blood enveloping humanity have a silver lining in the shape of a specific to remove them. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's Greatest Medicine, which drives out all impurities from the blood, of either sex or any age.

Hood's Sarsaparilla NEVER DISAPPOINTS.

FOR JUDGE OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Judge of the Orphans' Court, subject to the decision of the Republican nominating convention. Respectfully,

VICTOR E. ROWE, Emmitsburg District, No. 5.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders that an election for eighteen Directors of the Freed-Loek, Thurmont and Northern Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Secretary of said Company, in Frederick, Maryland, on TUESDAY, SEPT. 12th, 1899, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. After the election of said directors, a meeting will be held at the same place for the ensuing year. By order of the President, VICTOR BAUGHMAN, President, aug 25-26.

NOTICE.

This is to give notice to the public that my wife, Mollie A. Caldwell, left my bed and board on Aug. 19, 1899, and that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her hereafter. FRANCIS L. CALDWELL, aug 25-31.

NO. 7048 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting as a Court of Equity.

James M. Kerrigan vs. Jacob A. Lefevre, et al.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of a certain property in Frederick County, in this State, by a creditor bill. The bill states that Edward J. Lefevre, in his lifetime, was indebted under the Plaintiff in the sum of eight hundred and fifty-nine dollars and fifty-three cents for sundry matters and things properly chargeable, that the said Edward J. Lefevre died on the 14th day of April, in the year 1899, intestate, leaving the following heirs at law, to wit: Jacob A. Lefevre, an uncle, whose wife's name is Catharine Lefevre; Francis Kline, a nephew, whose wife's name is Kline, Edward Kline, a nephew, whose wife's name is Kline, Henry Kline, a nephew, all children of Susan Kline, a deceased aunt of said Edward J. Lefevre; Henry Withrow, a nephew, the son of said Withrow, who deceased on the 14th day of August, 1898, and the said Edward J. Lefevre, and Emma Flagg, an aunt of the said Edward J. Lefevre, all adults and all non-residents of this State except the said Jacob A. Lefevre and Catharine Lefevre, his wife. That the said Edward J. Lefevre left no personal property but died seized and possessed of certain real estate which is particularly described in this bill. It is thereupon, on this 14th day of August, 1899, ordered by the Circuit Court for Frederick County, in Equity, that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper, published in said Frederick County, once a week for four successive weeks before the 31st day of September, 1899, give notice to the said absent defendants of the object and substance of this bill, warning them to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 12th day of October next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County. (Filed August 14, 1899.) True Copy—Test: DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk, aug 18-24.

NO. 7047, EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting as a Court of Equity.

James M. Kerrigan, administrator of Mary A. T. Kerrigan, deceased, vs. Jacob A. Lefevre et al.

The object of this suit is to enforce a vendors lien against a certain property in Frederick County, to pay the purchase money therefor. The bill states that a certain Edward J. Lefevre purchased from Mary A. T. Kerrigan, certain real estate described in a deed from Frederick Kerrigan to said Mary A. T. Kerrigan, dated the 28th day of July, 1880, for the sum of One Thousand Dollars to be paid in cash and pursuant to the said agreement the said Mary A. T. Kerrigan delivered possession of the same and the said Edward J. Lefevre took possession of the said property, but never paid the said purchase money therefor. That the said Mary A. T. Kerrigan died intestate on the 11th day of April, 1899, and her testamentary were granted to the said James M. Kerrigan; and that the said Edward J. Lefevre is also dead, having died on the 11th day of April, 1899, intestate, leaving the said purchase money and the interest thereon unpaid, although the time for the payment of the same had long since passed, according to the terms of the said agreement, and a good and sufficient deed had been given by the said Mary A. T. Kerrigan to the said Edward J. Lefevre and accepted by him, and that the whole of the said sum of One Thousand Dollars still remains due and owing to the said Mary A. T. Kerrigan by the said Edward J. Lefevre, with the interest accrued thereon. That the said Edward J. Lefevre left no personal estate and left surviving him the following heirs at law, viz: Jacob A. Lefevre, an uncle whose wife's name is Catharine Lefevre, Francis Kline and Edward Kline, his wife, and Henry Kline, nephews and nieces and children of Susan Kline, a deceased aunt of said Edward J. Lefevre, Henry Withrow, a nephew and a son of said Withrow, who deceased on the 14th day of August, 1898, and the said Edward J. Lefevre, and Emma Flagg, an aunt of the said Edward J. Lefevre, all of whom are adults over twenty-one years of age and all are non-residents of the State of Maryland, except Jacob A. Lefevre and Catharine Lefevre, his wife. It is thereupon, this 9th day of August, 1899, ordered by the Circuit Court for Frederick County, in Equity, that the Plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper, published in said Frederick County, once in each of four successive weeks before the 14th day of September, 1899, give notice to the said absent defendants of the object and substance of this bill, warning them to appear in this Court, in person or by solicitor, on or before the 30th day of September next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County. (Filed August 14, 1899.) True Copy—Test: DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk, aug 11-17.

A VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale her valuable farm, situated about one mile West of Emmitsburg, Md., and known as "Pleasant Farm," containing

228 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, improved with a Large Two Story Dwelling House, Large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen and other outbuildings. There is a fine apple orchard on the premises, also a number of peach and pear trees. The house, barn and hog pen are supplied with good water by a Wind Pump. The land is in a high state of cultivation and under good fencing. This farm is well known, being one of the best in this District.

For further particulars apply to MRS. JOSEPH BYERS, residing on the premises.

Order Nisi on Sales.

NO. 6993 EQUITY. In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity. JULY TERM, 1899.

In the Matter of the Report of Sales filed the 14th day of August, 1899, by Henry Lingz, Plaintiff vs. Elizabeth Lingz, widow John E. Lingz and Annie Lingz his wife et al.

ORDERED, That on the 16th day of September, 1899, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate reported to said Court by Eugene L. Rowe, Trustee in the above cause, and file therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The Report states the amount of sales to be \$490.00. Dated this 19th day of August, 1899. DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick Co. True Copy—Test: DOUGLASS H. HARGETT, Clerk, aug 25-41.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

The tax books are now ready, and the County Treasurer would call the attention of the tax-payers for 1899 to Section 46, Article 81, Revised Code of Maryland. All persons who shall pay their State taxes on or before the

FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, of the year for which they were levied, shall be entitled to a deduction of 5 per centum on the amount of said taxes; all who shall pay the same on or before the first day of October of the said year shall be entitled to a deduction of 4 per centum, and all who shall pay the same on or before the first day of November of said year shall be entitled to a deduction of 3 per centum.

Taxes on the income of mortgages become due September 1, 1899, for said year. All persons in arrears for taxes of 1898, are requested to settle the same before December 31, 1899.

GEORGE L. KAUFMAN, County Treasurer, July 7-9.

Let Me Protect Your Eyes Before It Is Too Late. I Will Save Them For You.

Do not allow ANY ONE to put Eye Glasses and Spectacles on you, unless they are Experts.

PROF. F. R. MAYER, EXPERT OPTICIAN, 15 years experience in the business. Room 11, Kupp building, York, Pa. Hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. n. 20 1y

MORRISON & HOKE'S Marble Yard, EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND. Monuments, Tombstones and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed may 29-47r

SOLID SILVER American Lever Watches, WARRANTED TWO YEARS, ONLY \$6. G. T. FRYSTER. New Advertisements. DAUCHY & CO.

LADY OR MAN wanted to accompany to travel and salary \$200 per month. Address: 249 Locust St., Phila.

PARKER'S HAIR BALMS Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Prevents dandruff. Restores falling hair to its natural color. Cures scalp disease & hair itching. 2c and 10c. Druggists.

EMMITSBURG MARKETS. The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes. Corrected by E. R. Zimmerman & Son.

Wheat, (dry).....\$ 62 Rye..... 45 Oats..... 25 Corn, shelled per bushel..... 45 Hay..... 6 00 @ 8 00

Country Produce Etc. Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke. Butter..... 12 Eggs..... 14 Chickens, per lb..... 7 @ 8 Spring Chickens per lb..... 8 Ducks, per lb..... 7 Potatoes, per bushel..... 40 Dried Cherries, (seeded)..... 7 Raspberries..... 7 Blackberries..... 7 Apples, (dried)..... 7 Peaches, (dried)..... 40 Onions, per bushel..... 7 Lard, per lb..... 7 Beef Hides..... 7 @ 7 1/2

LIVE STOCK. Corrected by Patterson Brothers. Steers, per lb..... 4 @ 4 50 Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb..... 3 1/2 @ 3 50 Hogs, per lb..... 4 1/2 @ 5 1/2 Sheep, per lb..... 3 @ 3 1/2 Lambs, per lb..... 4 @ 5 Calves, per lb..... 4 @ 4 1/2

BARGAIN AUGUST NOT FOR A DAY NOR A WEEK,

But until all this season's purchases are sold. We positively assert that we have never cut prices as low as in this clearing sale. Stocks most affected are

WAIST SILKS, WOOL DRESS GOODS, House Furnishing Dry Goods AND CARPETS.

The space of this advertisement precludes details. If you are unable to come yourself write for samples of goods advertised, naming whether silk or wool dress goods is desired.

THE LEADERS, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND CARPETS.

A GRAND

Opportunity is now presented to the people of Gettysburg and the surrounding country, to visit our elegant new store, (Centre Square,) and examine the wonderful bargains being offered in Clothing, Hats, Shoes, and Gents Furnishing Goods.

We are after the trade of all who need anything in our line, and are offering "Sledge Hammer" arguments in the way of low prices, in order that you may deal with us. We will not misrepresent any of our goods, all we ask of any person is a share of their custom. Expenses are sure in a large establishment like ours, but profits can only be counted on goods sold. A quick profit is the best, be it ever so small. We know this and always make the "Almighty dollar" act as our agent when purchasing stock from the manufacturer, and spot cash is the watchword that guided us through ten years of almost unparalleled business success. Our customers want are always in view when we buy stock, and we always mark goods with Rock Bottom Figures, thus making a bargain of every article in our stock. If you come from a distance by rail to examine our stock the money you save in purchases will be more than equivalent to a

FREE RIDE

We do not wish to brag, but certainly our great success is the very best evidence that Square dealing, and business-like methods, have been shown in all our transactions with the public. Now, when we are asking for an increased share of patronage, it would be suicidal for us to misrepresent our stock. We have a large and most complete line of Clothing, Gents Furnishing Goods, Hats, Shoes, and we have also added a large and most complete line of Ladies Wraps, etc., and in spite of the advance in the prices in various grades of goods, we have decided to increase our popularity by offering everything at figures that will compel all to acknowledge us as the "Leaders in Low Prices." If you will anything in our line come to see us. We are always glad to show goods. The prices marked on them will do the rest. If you trade with us, there will be no use to go

TO BALTIMORE

for bargains, as we guarantee every article in our establishment to be a genuine "Money Saver," and hope by uniform, courteous treatment to merit an ever increasing patronage. Very Respectfully, DAVIS & CO. New Masonic Building, CENTRE SQUARE, Gettysburg, Pa.

FOR LOW PRICES IN

SUMMER SHOES & SLIPPERS

M. FRANK ROWE

NEW STYLES. LOW PRICES. Men's Fine Shoes 98 cts., \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 per pair. Ladies Oxfords for 75 cents. Douglas Shoes in 15 Different Styles. Ladies Fine Shoes. Boys' Every Day Shoes for 98 cents. Ladies House Slippers for 40 and 50 cents. Call and examine them. No trouble show goods. Respectfully, M. FRANK ROWE.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED," TRY

SAPOLIO

EMMIT HOUSE, VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EMMITSBURG, MD. Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. nov. 20-47r

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR IN ADVANCE

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, festivals, picnics, ice cream and cake festivals and similar enterprises, not up to make money, whether for churches, associations, or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 1, 1899.

'The oyster season opens to-day.

The Public School will open next Monday.

The Georgia Creek coal operators have refused to grant any increase to their miners.

Hagerstown officials impose a tax of \$40 on circuses, menageries, etc., for the privilege of parading.

MICHAEL J. COONEY, a carpenter, was killed by the collapse of a floor at 110 North Charles Street, Baltimore.

The Republicans will nominate their county ticket to-morrow. There will be many disappointed candidates.

Hoe cholera has made its appearance in Urbana district and farmers are selling their hogs for fear of losing them.

JAMES ROSS McCOW, a former resident of Cumberland, was crushed to death at Pittsburg, where he was employed as a railroad man.

Quickly cure constipation and rebuild and invigorate the entire system—never gripe or nauseate—DeWitt's Little Early Risers.—T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

On Sept. 23, in front of Hotel Spangler, Mr. Philip J. Snouffer will offer at Public Sale his farm, containing 50 acres of land.

CLARA E. MARKER, of Pleasant Walk, Frederick county, has been granted an absolute divorce from her husband, Carlton E. Marker.

MARY FRINZEL, aged 14 years, was burned to death near Frostburg Saturday, her dress having caught fire from a miner's lamp she was carrying.

OWING to a freight wreck on the Western Maryland Railroad the Baltimore mail did not arrive in this place on Wednesday until 4 o'clock, p. m.

JUDGE EDWARD STAKE, of Hagerstown, will deliver the address at Frostburg September 4, when the cornerstone of the new State Normal School No. 2 is laid.

An insolent tramp, who was refused money and something to eat by Henry Bester, Hagerstown, drew a knife and attempted to stab Mr. Bester while driving the fellow off.

A FESTIVAL will be held at the Stony Branch School House, on the road leading from Maxell's Mill to Double Pipe Creek, on Sept. 8th and 9th, for the benefit of the Sunday School.

DURING last Saturday's storm lightning struck the large flag pole in front of St. Joseph's Academy. The pole was badly damaged. The butcher shop at the same place was also struck by lightning, but fortunately very little damage was done.

WANTED.—Information on these subjects: Indian Tom; Indian Mounds; Any Indian story relating to this community; also Revolutionary Stories; Stories of 1812, and of 1848, concerning Emmitsburg. Please write them out in full and send, or leave them at THE CHRONICLE Office, Sep. 1-3ts.

DURING the rain storm last Saturday afternoon lightning killed two heifers belonging to Messrs. Patterson Bros. The heifers were evidently both killed by the same bolt of electricity, as they were lying side by side when found. They were in the open field away from trees.

The fourteen-year-old son of Emory Goings, of Pearl, while playing with some companions recently, was shot in the right arm. One of the boy's playmates had a revolver, which was accidentally exploded. The ball entered Goings' arm at the elbow and followed the bone, coming out at the wrist.

The Board of Election Supervisors for Frederick county, have appointed the following election officers for Emmitsburg District:

Precinct 1, judges, Singleton Dorsey and F. A. Adelsberger; clerk, L. M. Zimmerman and C. E. Hoke; precinct No. 2, judges, Chas. E. Gillean and John W. Reigle; clerks, R. E. Hockensmith and J. M. Kerrigan.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

A horse and wagon belonging to David R. Herr, a truck farmer living near Hanover, and driven by his young son, was struck by a shifting engine of the Western Maryland Railroad, at the McSherrystown avenue crossing last Friday. The horse was instantly killed and the wagon completely demolished. With young Herr was a boy companion. Both youths were found in the wreckage of the vehicle without a scratch. How they escaped instant death is a miracle.

STILL MORE COUNTERFEITING.

The Secret Service has unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a large quantity of bogus bills, which are so cleverly executed that the average person would never suspect them of being spurious. Things of great value are always selected by counterfeiters for imitation, notably the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitations but no equals for indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and general debility. The Bitters sets things right in the stomach, and when the stomach is in good order it makes good blood and plenty of it. In this manner the Bitters gets at the root of strength and vitality, and restores vigor to the weak and debilitated. Beware of counterfeiters when buying.

A REPORT received by a Hagerstown physician from the State Board of Health calls attention to the danger of eating pork which has been fed on beef offal. Such beef fed hogs are liable to get full of trichina, and when eaten by people, if not sufficiently cooked, will produce trichinosis, a disease which, once contracted, can never be gotten rid of.

ANOTHER BEAN SOUP.

Arthur Post No. 41, G. A. R., of this place, will hold another Campfire and Bean Soup, Sept. 16, at the same place, Seabrook's Grove, as that of Aug. 26, as that promised a grand success, but for the rain which came just as we were at the most interesting point. Everybody is invited.

The Annual Bean Soup, under the auspices of Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R., was held in Seabrook's woods on Saturday last. About 3 o'clock in the afternoon a heavy rainstorm came up, which brought the picnic to an abrupt end. There was a good attendance and everybody was enjoying themselves until the crowd was suddenly scattered by the rain.

THE LADIES.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all druggists.

MILLIONS OF CANS.

The Frederick City Packing Company has just sent to the factory an order for 750,000 empty cans. This, added to the supply which they had on hand, makes a total of 3,250,000 which they have used and expect to use. The season would have been a much larger one had it not been for the drought.

SHOT FOR A RABBIT.

Melvin Wilhelm, aged 15 years, of Mount Savage, was accidentally shot in the head by Wesley Houser, on Chesapeake Mountain, near Mount Savage, Monday evening. Death was instantaneous. Wilhelm was playing with his brother and another, and Houser, who was rabbit hunting, mistook the gray cap of Wilhelm, who was behind a log, for a rabbit. The coroner's jury pronounced death due to accident.

FATAL FALL DOWN STAIRS.

On Wednesday morning William H. Krantz, of Doub, Frederick county, fell down the steps at the St. Charles Hotel, at Point of Rocks, and broke his neck. He was 80 years of age, and was stopping at the hotel over night. When he arose in the morning he started down the stairs, but tripped and fell head foremost to the bottom. He was justice of the peace in Buckeystown district for many years.

FIRE IN HAGERSTOWN.

The building on the corner of an alley on Johnathan street, between Franklin and Church, Hagerstown, belonging to Alexander R. Hagner, and occupied by C. C. S. Stuffer, as a pool-room, was set on fire Tuesday night by someone who was angry with Stuffer. The person put kerosene on the posts and girders in the cellar, and when the fire was discovered the flames had made good headway. The prompt response of the Fire Department prevented a conflagration. The damage was placed at \$100.—Herald.

REPUBLICAN DELEGATES.

At the Republican primary meeting held in Gelwick's Hall, last Saturday evening, the following were elected delegates to the Republican county convention, which will be held in Frederick to-morrow: E. R. Zimmerman, W. H. Weaver, I. S. Annan, J. Stewart Annan, H. G. Ream, H. F. Maxell, Wm. C. Frailey, J. O. Harbaugh, Harvey Winter, John Moser, Victor E. Rowe, A. H. Maxell, N. C. Stansbury, John A. Adelsberger, Geo. T. Gelwick, John A. Horner, Wm. P. Eyer.

DIED IN A GARDEN.

Mrs. Mary E. Marker, widow of Benjamin Marker, was found lying face downward dead, Tuesday afternoon in the garden of Mrs. A. E. Musselman, Potomac Avenue, Hagerstown, who employed her to weed the garden. She complained of a pain in her head earlier in the day. Mrs. Musselman, who went to the garden to see after her, discovered her cold in death. She had been dead over an hour. Death was due to apoplexy. She was 65 years old and leaves one daughter, Mrs. Daniel Wolf, Hagerstown.

MIDDLETOWN VALLEY STORMS.

A large wagon from Jefferson, Frederick county, containing eight people, among them several from Baltimore, was caught in the heaviest of three storms Saturday on their way home from the Sunday School picnic near Middletown. The wagon was driven by Robert Doty, who sought shelter, but before he could make it the lightning struck the wagon, splintering it. The horses were knocked down and the occupants of the vehicle stunned, but no one was seriously hurt. At Broad Run three fine steers and a heifer belonging to Charles House were killed by lightning. A number of trees were splintered.

ANNA WATKINS, a colored woman who is making her home with her granddaughter, Mrs. Newton Preston, in Cumberland, is perhaps the oldest woman in the State, is quite ill, and thought to be nearing her end. Up until three weeks ago she had been doing work of all kinds about the house, sometimes working out. She is at least one hundred and three years old, and went to Cumberland about twenty years ago, from Lockingham, Va., where, during her slave days, she lived with Mr. D. D. Pennesaker. She was the mother of eleven children, all dead but the youngest, now sixty-nine years old. Mrs. Watkins knew Henry Clay by sight, and watched on Martin Van Buren, at Lacey Springs, Va., when he was on his way to be inaugurated president.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY MEETING.

The Emmitsburg District Democratic primary meeting will be held in Spangler's Opera House, in this place, on Saturday, September 9, between the hours of 6:30 and 9:30 p. m. At this meeting delegates will be elected to attend the Democratic county convention, which will be held in Frederick, on Saturday, September 16, and also at the same time a new Democratic District Central Committee will be elected.

At a meeting of the Central Committee for Emmitsburg District, held on Wednesday evening, a resolution was passed, in which it was recommended that the Democratic judges of election for this District, namely, Edward S. Taney, James B. Elder, Francis A. Adelsberger and John W. Reigle, act in the capacity of judges and clerks of the Democratic primary meeting; that seventeen delegates be elected to represent this District in the County Convention, and also, that the new Central Committee be composed of fifteen members, eight from precinct No. 1, and seven from precinct No. 2.

PIC-NIC EXPERIENCES.

Exciting storm incidents attended a Sunday-school re-union picnic in the woods of Mrs. Lewis Young, near Middletown, Frederick county, Saturday. There were from 7,000 to 8,000 people present and the roads were crowded with vehicles. The forenoon was passed pleasantly enough. Three bands of music played and the young people had a fine time in various sports. But at 3 o'clock a fierce gale, accompanied by sharp lightning, broke over the grounds and an exciting rush from the woods began. Hundreds of teams were soon on the roads homeward bound, only to be caught in blinding clouds of dense dust that filled the air for half an hour.

Glenn H. Worthington and H. Dorsey Etchison, of Frederick city, were caught in this storm while on the way to the woods to make addresses. The majority of people remained on the ground, however, but at 4 o'clock another thunderstorm, with hard rain, came up.

At a quarter past 6 o'clock still another thunderstorm broke, accompanied by vivid lightning and a heavy downpour of rain. Just at this time hundreds of vehicles were coming from the woods, and in many instances the inmates were thoroughly drenched. People on horseback, bicycles and in open vehicles, especially, presented a sorry appearance. The rainfall was a fraction over 1 1/2 inches. Goods in the booths on the grounds were drenched.

In the morning a horse driven by two ladies ran away and leaped over a fence, with the buggy, leaving the ladies miraculously escaped injury. In the rush from the woods in the evening a young lady was thrown from a buggy and had an ugly gash cut in her chin. One young man fell from the merry-go-round and was nearly killed.

HAGERSTOWN'S GOLD FEVER.

The reported discovery of gold in South Mountain, in the vicinity of Pondsville, Washington county, has created great excitement in that neighborhood. The news of the discovery reached Hagerstown, last Saturday. It is stated that the discovery of the yellow metal was made by R. M. Wilson, a wealthy farmer, on his own land near Pondsville, and that it exists in paying quantities. Mr. Wilson, upon finding a piece of ore containing yellow spots, was seized with the idea that it was gold. He procured other specimens of ore by digging and sent it away to have it assayed.

The result of the assay is not positively known, as Mr. Wilson is averse to making it known, but he stated that there is gold there. He has had men digging for a week or more on the mountain where he made the discovery. More valuable specimens of ore are said to have been found. The prospecting has been suspended for a time until the ore can be mined on a more extensive scale. This is the first evidence of gold in South Mountain, and it may be a rich discovery. Copper was discovered on the mountain a few miles north of Pondsville some years ago, and a syndicate is now securing options on the land to open mines.

A POTRIMENT and picnic will be held in McAllister's woods, one mile north of Moritz's, on Saturday evening, Sept. 2. A Brass Band will be present, and a good orchestra will furnish music for dancing.

GREENMOUNT AND VICINITY.

A glorious rain reached here last Saturday afternoon. The rain was greatly needed. Mr. John Eiker broke ground last week for his new house and blacksmith shop. Mr. Springer, of near Emmitsburg is the contractor.

The farmers are busy preparing the ground for the fall crops. A great deal of wheat will be sown. Mr. George Plank's house is nearing completion and will be ready for occupancy about the first of September.

It is reported that Mr. Charles Hare, tenant on Mr. A. Scott's place, intends moving to near Harrisburg next spring. Your correspondent received a very pleasant call from his mother, and Mr. Hersh Noel, of near Emmitsburg, last Monday.

Miss Emma Heary and friend, Mrs. Archie Bowers, spent sometime with friends in Hanover.

A WORD TO MOTHERS.

Mothers of children affected with croup or a severe cold need not hesitate to administer Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It contains no opiate nor narcotic in any form and may be given as confidently to the babe as to an adult. The great success that has attended its use in the treatment of colds and croup has won for it the approval and praise it has received throughout the United States and in many foreign lands. For sale by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggist.

THE LAGARDE LIME AND STONE COMPANY.

We have just received a copy of The Louisiana Planter and Sugar Manufacturer, from which we clip the following interesting article concerning the organization of a new lime company, which has been incorporated under the name of the "Lagarde Lime and Stone Company." The Messrs. Lagarde mentioned in the article are well-known in this community, being sons of Prof. Ernest Lagarde, of Mt. St. Mary's:

"It is with considerable pleasure that we chronicle, this week, the advent in the local market of the Lagarde Lime and Stone Company, incorporated, at Annotion, Ala., under the laws of that State, but chiefly under the direction of New Orleans men, and financed primarily by the New Orleans capital. The officers of the company are John B. Lagarde, president and general manager; E. R. Grasselli, of Cleveland, Ohio, vice-president; H. S. Crozier, secretary, and Louis D. Lagarde treasurer. Among the directors are Mr. John T. Gibbons, so widely known and highly esteemed in New Orleans, J. A. Blount, Esq., a prominent attorney and business man of Gadsden, Ala., and Mr. A. B. Brown, of Annotion, city treasurer of that town, who will have charge of the Annotion office of the company. The Messrs. Lagarde, who are so well and favorably known throughout the sugar planting community, sold out, last April, their entire interest in the Annotion Lime and Stone Company, and immediately purchased, we are informed by Mr. Louis Lagarde, the largest and most valuable lime quarry in the Annotion district, known as the Martin quarry. Pending the completion of their splendid plant at that quarry, they have leased the kilns of the Annotion Lime and Coal Company, at Annotion, Ala.

"The Annotion Hot Blast, commenting on the new enterprise, says: 'The Louisville and Nashville has just completed a side track to the quarry. Work is already in progress on several large lime kilns, and a stone crusher of enormous capacity is being placed in position. This lime plant, when everything is in shape, will be the largest in the South. The products of the plant will be standard sugar refinery and building lime of the highest grade, flux and macadam stone.' 'We predict for these enterprising gentlemen large sales among the sugar planters, even in an off year like the present.'

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

William Harrison Angle, aged 42 years, was killed in the yards of the Western Maryland Railroad in Hagerstown Tuesday afternoon. He was going for the Western Maryland at Clear Spring Station, where he also conducted a general store. He was in Hagerstown as a delegate to the Republican County Convention. With Samuel Cushman, agent at Charlton, he afterwards got on a freight train, in charge of Conductor Daniel McClain, the railroad company having granted him as agent the privilege of riding on the freight. He stood on the front platform of the caboose and Agent Cushman stood on the rear platform. As the train was moving out of the yards slowly the air apparatus broke and stopped the cars suddenly. Agent Cushman saw Agent Angle's feet in the air as he plunged head downward on the track between the caboose and a gondola. The train slacked two or three feet and the rear truck of the gondola ran over him, the wheels passing over his abdomen, breaking the spine at the kidneys and crushing his right arm at the wrist. As he was wedged between the wheels, he cried feebly to Cushman to pull him out, but he was dead when the trainmen released him. He married the daughter of Daniel Eyerly, of Shady Bower, who survives him with seven children. He was a brother of Samuel Angel, Republican aspirant for the sheriffship, and David Angel, of Washington.

Miss Margaret and Lila Elliotte, of York Springs; Mrs. Erb and daughter, Lillian and Edna, of Westminster, Md.; Miss Carrie and Alice Musselman, of Gettysburg, and Miss Carrie Maurer are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Reindollar. Mr. James Scott, of Washington, D. C., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kittinger, of Fairfield.

Miss Jennie Sprenkle, of Franklin county, is visiting among friends at this place.

Mrs. F. Shuley, of this place, and Miss Irene Riley, of Franklin county, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Butt, of Knox Lynn.

The rain on last Saturday has freshened up everything. Farmers can now get their ground ready for seeding.

Mrs. John Grove, of this place, started for the West on last Tuesday. Mrs. Grove intends spending several weeks with her parents in Indiana.

Mr. Jacob Hostetter, of Lancaster city, is visiting in this place, being the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Grove.

Cider making and apple butter boiling is the work of the farmers at this time.

Your correspondent made cider on last Monday afternoon at Wagerman & Davis, Hydraulic Press, and whilst he was there sixteen wagon loads of apples came to the press to have cider made.

The Lutheran Sunday School of Fairfield, will have a festival on Sept. 8 and 9 for the benefit of an orchestra.

A WONDERFUL CURE OF DIARRHOEA. A PROMINENT VIRGINIA EDITOR Had Almost Given Up, But Was Brought Back to Perfect Health by Chamberlain's Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

READ HIS EDITORIAL.

From the Times, Hillsville, Va.

I suffered with diarrhoea for a long time and thought I was past being cured. I had spent much time and money and suffered so much misery that I had almost decided to give up all hopes of recovery and wait the result, but noticing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and some wonderful cures had been wrought by this remedy, I decided to try it. After taking a few doses I was entire well of that trouble, and I wish to say further to my readers and fellow-sufferers that I am a hale and hearty man to-day and feel as well as I ever did in my life.—O. R. Moore. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman & Co., Druggists.

HARNEY ITEMS.

HARNEY, Mo., Aug. 29, 1899.—Mr. Mark R. Snider, has purchased his father's store. An invoice is being taken and hereafter the store will be conducted by Mark R. Snider.

The I. O. H. outing in Null's grove was largely attended and enjoyed by all. Refreshments were served in abundance; games were played and speeches delivered by the founder of the order, Prof. Henry Meier and Rev. A. Bateman, Ph. D.

Our city boarders who have been with us since June, have now returned to Baltimore and Boston, well pleased with their stay at Harney and talk of returning next summer. This reflects nicely on our town and people with whom they were boarding.

The Lutheran Society C. E. on Sunday evening, Sept. 3rd will give a public temperance entertainment, to which all are kindly invited. The programme is well arranged and will be rendered by seven young lady speakers, beside this, there will be music to suit the occasion.

Some of our young ladies would surely be well fitted to join the army if handling a gun was all that was required, which is proven by the shot Miss Ember Waybright made on a fish crane the other day. The crane measured across the wings nearly 5 ft. and was brought to the ground by the first shot.

There is a rumor about a railroad being run over the old survey from Washington, D. C., to Gettysburg, Pa., which runs via Harney.

Harney has one novelty sere. Mr. Daniel Good has a peach tree with about 100 perfect peaches. This is something new for this section, for last spring there could not be seen one blossom.

The Fairfield fishing boys are engaged by Meyer's Mill Dam.

The cider which is being made at Stoeser's Cider Factory is immense. The make as many as 5,500 gallons per day.

Prof. Meier's son Walter, is visiting at Francis C. Null's.

Miss Ada Kerel, of Baltimore, is visiting at Mr. Frank Kaiser's, of this place.

The other day Mr. Harry Stoeser was informed of the fact that there were German Carp in the refuse race to the saw mill. Mr. Harry at once responded to the appeal and with no other weapons than stones and a fork he scattered the fish in every direction, and succeeded in getting every one of them, about eight in number. They were very large and heavy.

Many of our boys, including the Harney Band, attended Tom's Creek Sunday School Picnic on Aug. 26, and had the pleasure of getting a nice shower bath.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

FAIRFIELD, AUG. 29.—Mr. J. W. Pryor, of Fairfield, died on last Tuesday morning. Mr. Pryor had been sick for some time. He had a stroke a few weeks ago. The deceased was a member of James Dixon Post 83, G. A. E., of Fairfield. He was about 68 years old. Funeral on Wednesday.

Mr. Anthony, of Hanover, is a visitor to this place.

Lawyer Butt, who bought the Maj. Musselman farm, has sold it to Mr. Hartman, making \$1500 on the sale.

Miss Irene Riley, sister Cora and brother Ernest, of Franklin county, are the guests of F. Shuley and family.

Mr. J. L. Hill, our large potato raiser, will have 1,000 bushels of potatoes this year. He planted a new variety, the "Honey T. Rose." Three potatoes pulled the scales to 6 1/2 pounds.

Mr. Wm. Harman, of Mount Holly, moved with his family to Fairfield, on last Wednesday. His new house is about finished. Mr. Harman intends making this his future home.

Misses Margaret and Lila Elliotte, of York Springs; Mrs. Erb and daughter, Lillian and Edna, of Westminster, Md.; Miss Carrie and Alice Musselman, of Gettysburg, and Miss Carrie Maurer are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Reindollar. Mr. James Scott, of Washington, D. C., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kittinger, of Fairfield.

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The rain on last Saturday has freshened up everything. Farmers can now get their ground ready for seeding.

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RAZOR SLASHING.

Rumpus Among Republicans in Catactin District of Frederick County.

The Frederick county Republicans, in their primaries Saturday, elected delegates to the nominating convention, which will be held September 2. The primaries were attended by disturbances only in Wolfesville, where there was a serious affray. The leaders of all the factions, it is said, have become reconciled and harmony will prevail in the nominating convention. This, it is said, was brought about by a conference on Friday just before the primaries.

In Catactin district, at Wolfesville, Leonard Grossnickel, son of County Commissioner Geo. P. Grossnickel, was dangerously wounded from seven razor cuts on his body and his skull fractured. Strong feeling has been brewing in this district for some time between the Grossnickel and the Blickenstaffs over alleged promises made by County Commissioner Grossnickel to the Blickenstaff boys in the way of a political appointment, which he failed to keep. On this account the Blickenstaffs determined to defeat Mr. Grossnickel, who is an aspirant for renomination in his own district. Accordingly last Saturday night they mustered up all their strength to accomplish his defeat.

Both factions assembled in the polling room when it was apparent that Grossnickel's following outnumbered those of his opponent. Leonard Grossnickel, son of the Commissioner, objected to a boy being in the place who was with the Blickenstaff following. No sooner had he objected than he was set upon and slashed across the abdomen with a razor by Rookland Blickenstaff. A wound 13 inches long and 1 inch deep was inflicted. A free fight then ensued and things were badly mixed up for some time. Revolvers and knives were brandished in the small room. Finally quiet was restored, when Grossnickel was found lying on the floor in an exhausted and helpless condition. The blood was flowing from his wounds and his condition was ascertained to be critical, as his head was crushed from having been beaten over the head with the butt end of a revolver, and he had seven cuts on his body, the smallest being three and a half inches long, and a few knife stabs, none of which, however, touched vital points.

Dr. Harry P. Fahrney, of Frederick, was sent for. He said had it not been for Grossnickel's portly size the cut across the abdomen, evidently done with a razor, would have disemboweled him, but as it is the cut did not quite go through the flesh and fat. Grossnickel has figured in a number of fights recently. He is about 45 years of age and was formerly a minister of the Dunkard Church and has a family. Blickenstaff is about 35 years of age. After routing the Grossnickel people from the hall new lamps replaced those which had been smashed in the melee and the primary was carried by the Blickenstaff faction.

William E. Grossnickel went to Frederick Saturday night and swore out a warrant for the arrest of his father's assailant, and the warrant was issued. He said: "When I saw Blickenstaff stabbing and cutting my father I went to his assistance. Then he drew his revolver and dealt me a blow on the head, stunning me. When Mahlon DeLauter came to our assistance he aimed the revolver at him and threatened to kill him if he advanced." Preston E. Fry, who with Denton Fry and Emery Fry helped Blickenstaff in the melee, was somewhat used up, having his nose broken, several teeth knocked out and badly stamped in the stomach.

Rookland Blickenstaff, who was charged with cutting and stabbing Leonard Grossnickel in the Republican primary meeting at Wolfesville Saturday night, was arrested and taken to Frederick for a hearing before Justice White. The hearing lasted from 4 to 6 o'clock Monday afternoon, during which time a number of witnesses were examined on both sides, and from the conflicting testimony it was difficult to decide which faction was at fault.

Notwithstanding the fact that Grossnickel received seven serious cuts and was beaten over the head with a revolver, no one could swear positively who did the cutting as no one saw any knife or razor during the melee. Some swore that the revolver was taken out of young Grossnickel's pocket, while Grossnickel swore he did not have any on him. As a result of the hearing, which amazed both the Justice and State's Attorney Hinks, Blickenstaff was released on \$200 bail for the action of the grand jury. Grossnickel's condition is more favorable and it is now believed he will recover.—Sun.

Four articles in the September Eclectic would be sufficient to repay the purchaser of the number, if it contained nothing else. These are Richard Dagit's trenchant discussion of the question, "Edouard Rod's review of Emile Zola as a Moralist, Madame Damestere's account of The Social Novel in France, and Dr. Arabelle Kenaley's vigorous and brilliant rejoinder to Mrs. Chant on "Woman as an Athlete." But there are other articles scarcely less noteworthy, among them Sir John Jardine's description of the Indian Civil Service as a Model for the Philippines; a paper on Thomas Hood, with some fresh letters; a clever story of life in India, entitled "The Gospel of the Air-Boll"; one of Phil Robinson's pleasant out-of-door papers; and an entertaining account of London Doctors and their Work. There are a number of shorter essays, sketches and poems, and the usual Readings from New Books and notes on Books and authors.

Stock subscription books for the Frederick, Thurmont and Northern Electric Railway Company will shortly be opened at Frederick, Hantsville, Lewistown, Thurmont, and Emmitsburg.



SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES

ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM

DISPELSE EFFECTUALLY COLDS, HEADACHES, OVERCOMES HEAD & FEVERS

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION TO GET PERMANENTLY ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS

BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

CAUTION: Beware of cheap imitations. For full particulars, see box.

September Ladies' Home Journal.

The September issue of *The Ladies' Home Journal* is an unusually attractive number. On the first page is given a series of pictures of "The Wayside Inn of Safford Town," made famous by Longfellow. Barton Cheney contributes an instructive article on "The Young Man and the Professions," telling young men how to take up the study of law, medicine, architecture, etc. Charles T. Brodhead has an illustrated article on "The East-Side Girl of New York," and Patti Lyle Collins tells "Why Six Million Letters Go Astray Every Year." Nellie Blanchard contributes her seventh paper on "Nature's Garden," telling of the wild flowers that bloom in September. Julia Marlowe writes of "Dramatic Performances by Amateurs." "Bringing in the Sheaves," by John Northern Hilliard, shows of a Happy Life, his subject being "The Confessions of a Worrier" is the unique title of a paper by Mary Boardman Page. The Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, D. D., contributes the fourth article in his series on "The Secrets of a Happy Life," his subject being "Sons of Greatness and Goodness." The fiction of the number consists of the last of "Ol' Peckham's Opinions"; "The Dauphin's Swiss"; the fifth installment of Anthony Hope's latest romance, "Captain Daggie"; the conclusion of "My Stylish Cousin's Daughter," by Josiah Allen's Wife.

The September number of the *Journal* is also complete in its practical features. Edward Bok answers many of his correspondents in a column of "Problems of Young Men." The *September Journal* is certainly worth having. By the Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia. One dollar per year; ten cents per copy.

"DeWitt's Little Early Risers did me more good than all blood medicines and other pills," writes Geo. H. Jacobs, of Thompson, Conn. Prompt, pleasant, never gripe,—cure cure constipation, arouse the torpid liver to action and give you clean blood, steady nerves, a clear brain and a healthy appetite.—T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

FREDERICK COLLEGE opens September 4. College preparatory and business course. Free Scholarship, Aug. 25th.

EDUCATION.

Edited by A. E. WINSHIP.

The *Journal of Education* is now in its twenty-fifth year, and is recognized as a leader among educational journals. Its articles are contributed by the best educational writers of the day specially for the *Journal*. Weekly, \$2.50 a year. Five months for \$1.00. Samples free, may 5 fr.

Hamilton Clark, of Chaucery, Ga., says he suffered with itching piles twenty years before trying DeWitt's Little Early Risers, two boxes of which completely cured him. Beware of worthless and dangerous counterfeits. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

MARRIED.

HARDMAN—GUCKEMUS.—On August 12, 1899, in New York, by Rev. Mr. Holbrook, Mr. Charles K. Hardman, of New York, formerly of this place, to Miss Minnie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Guckemus, of New York.



The Importance of Breeding for Quality Rather Than Size.

Vastly as the various breeds of domestic animals have been improved since the establishment of the many agricultural associations...

The most important point in breeding as it seems to me, and the most essential to insist upon at the present time, is to go for quality rather than for size.

Quality is not a thing easy to be defined, but it is as obvious to the initiated as size is to the general eye.

Many Parisian fruiterers have recently exposed for sale apples with the arms of Russia printed upon them.

The diseases covered by this bulletin, with their remedies, are as follows: Corn smut; Gattier and thoroughly destroy the smut balls during the growing season, and afterward, treating the seed is of no use.

Out smut and stinking smut of wheat: A simple and inexpensive treatment of the seed grain with formalin will entirely prevent the attack of these smuts.

Seed one-half pound of formalin to 20 gallons of water and immerse the seed grain for two hours, then spread out and dry.

Or, sprinkle the grain with the formalin solution until thoroughly wet, shoveling over rapidly to distribute the formalin evenly.

Grain swollen in this manner requires moderate sowing, and to permit the usual amount of seed to be sown per acre.

Potato scab: The formalin treatment of seed potatoes practically frees the crop from scab, with slight expense and labor.

How an Expert Bales Roots At the Ocoela (Michigan) county institute last winter E. A. Croman told his method of planting and cultivating mangrove wuzels.

On the 10th of January, 1897, a sow was convicted of murdering her piglet on the person of an infant named Jehan Martin of Savigny, and sentenced to be hanged.

On the 9th of June, 1876, at Schweinfurt, in Franconia, a sow which had bitten off the ear of a child, and a child was given in custody to the hangman, who, without further authority, took it to the gallows green and there "hanged it publicly, to the disgrace and detriment of the city."

Nothing Like Trying. "Ha," exclaimed the jealous man. "Somebody has been pressing a kiss upon your brow!"

Chicks need grit. Kill the mud-chicks. Avoid damp locations. Start incubation for broilers.

Konoji, Dyspepsia Cure thoroughly digests food without aid from the stomach, and at the same time heals and restores the diseased digestive organs.

DECORATED APPLES

How They Are Grown With Devices On Them—Ingenious Fruit Raisers.

The landscape gardener has so long and so persistently improved upon nature that now the fruit grower thinks he has a right to try.

The desired end is attained by growing the apples in high bags, which are slipped on when the fruit is the size of a walnut.

As soon as they reach their maximum size the bags which cover them are replaced by others, on the side of which the desired crest or coat of arms has been cut out like a stencil.

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The use of formalin for smut in wheat and oats and for scab in potatoes has not been many trials to be one of the cheapest, simplest and most efficient remedies yet suggested.

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A CURIOUS CUSTOM.

PUNISHMENT OF ANIMALS THAT WAS FORMERLY IN VOGUE IN EUROPE.

They Were Sometimes Put to the Rack in Order to Extort Confession—In Other Instances They Were Buried Alive—Pigs Hanged or Burned for Murder.

Beasts were often condemned to be burned alive, and, strangely enough, it was in the latter half of the seventeenth century, an age of comparative enlightenment, that this cruel penalty was most frequently inflicted.

Sometimes they were condemned to be strangled before being burned, and in such cases the fate suffered by two pigs in 1456, "on the vigil of the holy virgin," at Oppenheim-on-the-Rhine, for killing a child.

On the 9th of June, 1876, at Schweinfurt, in Franconia, a sow which had bitten off the ear of a child, and a child was given in custody to the hangman, who, without further authority, took it to the gallows green and there "hanged it publicly, to the disgrace and detriment of the city."

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His Reputation Second to None.

The Kurds and Cossacks believe that Mount Ararat is guarded by an uncutting being, and that no man can ascend the peak and live.

Ask your Druggist for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.

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