





EDUCATION IN MEXICO.

Senor Mattias Romero the Minister to Washington of our sister republic, in his work "Mexico and the United States," (Putnam's) gives facts showing how in his country as in our own, very early in their history, great attention was paid to education. He says among other things:

"Only eight years after the conquest there was established in the city of Mexico the College of San Juan de Letran, for giving secondary education to intelligent Indians as well as to the sons of the invading race. A university was founded in 1553, that is to say, eighty-three years before Harvard College was opened. In 1573 were started the college of San Gregorio and San Ildefonso, the latter still extant, but converted into the National Preparatory School. Long before the seventeenth century had dawn two more colleges and a divinity school were organized, so that, within sixty-five years after the landing of Cortez, no fewer than seven seats of the higher learning had been created in New Spain. In 1578 a first chair of medicine was established in the University of Mexico; twenty-one years later, a second medical professorship was founded; in 1661 facilities for the study of anatomy and surgery were added, and subsequently, dissection was authorized. In 1768 a royal college for surgeons was organized in the City of Mexico on the pattern of the institutions existing in Cadiz and Barcelona. Amid the disturbances that followed the attainment of independence the educational establishments suffered, but since 1857 there have been but few interruptions to the encouragement which they have received from the Federal Government. It is not, of course, true to-day as it was in 1804, when Humboldt made the statement, that 'no city of the New World, not excepting those of the United States, presented scientific establishments so great and solid as those of the capital of Mexico.' There is no doubt, nevertheless, that the Mexican School of Mines and Engineering is the best in Spanish America; it is lodged in a magnificent edifice which cost \$3,000,000. The National College of Medicine is housed in the old Palace of the Inquisition. The Normal School for Males, which has 600 pupils, occupies the Convent of Santa Teresa. The Normal School for Females accommodates 1,400 pupils. At the Manual Training School of San Lorenzo, started in 1598, poor boys are taught, gratuitously, engraving, lithography, printing, carpentry and many other trades. There is a similar institution for girls dating from 1874. The building occupied by the establishment named Colegio de la Paz, but better known as the Vizcainas, cost \$2,000,000 in 1734; it is devoted to the education of young women. On the grounds of Chapultepec is a high-grade military academy. There are also in the Federal capital a National Academy of Art and a National Conservatory of Music. The National Library, comprising 200,000 volumes, is housed in the sequestered Church of San Agustin. The National Museum occupies part of the building erected in 1731 at a cost of \$1,000,000 for the Royal Mint.

"It must, however, be acknowledged that, while care was taken from an early date to provide facilities for secondary and the higher education, comparatively little attention was paid to primary instruction. So defective were the public elementary schools that all well-to-do parents secured private instruction for their children. At present, however, it is recognized that the elevation of the people depends upon their acquirement of primary education, and the States of the confederation now vie with each other in the multiplication of common schools. In 1896 the Federal Congress passed a law making primary education obligatory in the Federal District and Territories. In almost all the States also education is free and nominally compulsory, but the law has not been strictly enforced. For the most part, primary instruction is afforded at the cost of the municipalities, but the Federal Government made frequent grants in aid thereof. The statistical reports for 1895 showed that the total number of public schools for both sexes throughout the republic amounts to about 11,000, in which were instructed 732,000 scholars, at an aggregate cost of \$5,500,000. The entire number of private schools for both sexes, including those supported by religious and civic associations, is 2,585, and total attendance is \$1,231. The number of schools in the country for professional or technical education is 136, attended by 16,809 pupils of both sexes. It is Senor Romero's belief that, in the matter of education, Mexico now outranks even the Argentine Republic, which greatly surpassed her in former years. We may here mention that the Mexican Confederation in 1895 was 363, of which 94 appeared in the capital. Of the latter, four were printed in English, two in French and one in German."

All this is interesting reading for this community, which like the neighboring town of Gettysburg, is known all over the country for its educational institutions.

A wild man has been seen on Peter's mountain, Dauphin county, from time to time by creditable witnesses. He is described as being without shoes or shirt, the repulsive face covered with hair and the hair of the head hanging far down on the back in wild confusion. He has been addressed by different persons, but replied to all questions by guttural growls and flees with surprising swiftness, shunning human companionship. The smoke of his camp fire has been frequently seen by different parties hunting chestnuts. The creature is supposed to be an escaped lunatic.

Success comes to those who persevere. If you take Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and persistently, you will surely be benefited.

**BAD BREAK.**  
Navigation on the Chesapeake and Ohio canal is stopped on account of a bad break on the fourteen-mile level and above Four Locks. The water has been drawn from the level, and a large force of hands are at work repairing the damage.

**A Strong Fortification.**  
Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles. "The Fly-Wheel of Life" Dr. Tutt; Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life. J. Fairleigh, Platte Cannon, Col. Tutt's Liver Pills

—OFFICE OF—  
**The Board of School Commissioners, FOR FREDEICK COUNTY.**

A Regular meeting of the Board of School Commissioners of Frederick county will be held in their office in the Court House,  
On Tuesday, November 22, 1898.  
Teachers salaries will be paid on and after Tuesday, November 22, 1898.  
By order of the Board,  
EPHRAIM L. BOBLITZ, Sec'y.  
nov 18-2t

**Rheumatism,**  
LUMBAGO,  
NEURALGIA,  
DYSPEPSIA,  
and Inflammatory Diseases  
Cured by  
**POLYNICE OIL**

This new French Medical Discovery has been used with remarkable success in Bellevue Hospital, New York; Howard Hospital, Philadelphia; Johns Hopkins and the Maryland Hospitals, Baltimore, Md.

The New York Herald, October 3d and 6th, in an editorial article, says the experiments made at Bellevue Hospital with POLYNICE OIL in treatment of RHEUMATISM were highly successful.

The physicians at Bellevue Hospital were surprised at the marvelous results produced by this wonderful French medical discovery, which they call  
**POWERFUL POLYNICE.**  
Johns Hopkins University,  
Baltimore, 5th April, 1897.  
The experiments made here at the hospital with the Polynice Oil, witnessed by me, having been very successful, I hereby recommend it in all cases of rheumatism.  
(Signed)  
DR. E. L. ROGERS.

**Polynice Oil**  
50c. per bottle. Sent upon receipt of price in stamps.  
**DR. ALEXANDRE,**  
Specialist from Paris,  
1218 G ST. N. W.  
Washington, D. C.  
Refuse all bottles that do not bear the above name and address.  
nov 18-2m

IT WILL SURPRISE YOU—TRY IT.

It is the medicine above all other for catarh and is worth its weight in gold. Ely's Cream Balm does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

My son was afflicted with catarh. He used Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarh all left him.—J. C. Olmstead, Arcola, Ill. A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

THE BEST PLASTER.

A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the affected parts is superior to any plaster. When troubled with a pain in the chest or side, or a lame back, give it a trial. You are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. Pain Balm is also a certain cure for rheumatism. For sale by C. D. Eichelberger.

**Constant Coughing**

Constant coughing is not only very annoying, but the continuous hacking and irritation will soon attack and injure the delicate lining of the throat and air passages. A simple cough is bad enough; but a chronic cough is really dangerous. Take advice and use the celebrated Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at once and be cured.

**Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup**

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Does small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at public sale in front of the Western Maryland Hotel, in Emmitsburg, Md.,  
on Saturday, December 3rd, 1898,  
at 2 o'clock, P. M., a farm containing

**73 ACRES, 3 ROADS**  
and 21 Perches of land, more or less, situated one-half mile South of Motters Station, on the road leading from Motters Station to Rocky Ridge, adjoining the Emmitsburg Railroad, lands of Eliza Gilbert, Cornelius Dubel, Eph. G. Eckenrode and others, known as the Joshua Norris farm. The improvements are a One and a Half Story

**FRAME HOUSE,**  
containing five rooms and a summer kitchen, a New Barn, Hog Pens, Smoke-house, and Corn Crib. A never-failing Artesian well of good water at the house. Cistern water at the barn. The land is in a good state of cultivation, has nearly all been planted within the last three years. Plenty of good fruit trees, Apples, Peaches, and Pears.

Terms will be made known on day of sale. A deposit of \$50 will be required on the day of sale.

MRS. MARY E. HALEY.  
nov 18-3ts R. A. HALEY.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale conferred in a mortgage from David B. Shields and Mary M. Shields, his wife, to Joseph Hays, bearing date the 14th day of December, A. D. 1888 and duly recorded in Liber A. F. No. 8, folio 128 &c., one of the Land Records of Frederick County, the undersigned assigns of said mortgage will sell at public sale on the premises, on

Saturday, the 10th day of Dec. A. D., 1898, at 3 o'clock, P. M., all the following described real estate, situated in Hampshire Valley, in Frederick County and State of Maryland, on the public road leading from Emmitsburg to Eyer's Valley, about 3 1/2 miles west from Emmitsburg, consisting of

**23 ACRES OF LAND,**  
more or less improved by a good Two-Story Dwelling House, rough-cast, Bank Barn and all other improvements, a spring of excellent water near the house. There is also an apple orchard and other good fruit trees on the premises. The said property adjoins the lands of Granville Miller, T. C. Wills, John Math and others. This is a very desirable property. The land is in a good state of cultivation and under good fencing.

Terms of sale as prescribed by the mortgage.—Cash. Conveyancing at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.  
JAMES T. HAYS.  
nov 18-4ts Assignee of Mortgage.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of Fieri Facias issued to me out of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, Md., being No. 21, Judiciale in Dec. Term 1897 in said Circuit Court upon a Judgment obtained in said Circuit Court duly recorded in favor of Charles A. Dorsey against Daniel L. Seiss I have levied upon, seized and taken in execution, and will sell at public auction in front of the Western Maryland Hotel, in Emmitsburg, Frederick County, Md., on

Saturday the 3rd day of December, 1898, at 1 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title, interest and estate at law and in equity of the said Daniel L. Seiss in and to the following described Real Estate to wit: A tract or lot of land containing

**SIXTEEN +- ACRES,**  
more or less, lying and being in Emmitsburg Election District No. 7, of Frederick County, Md., on the east side of the road leading from Emmitsburg to Greengrass, adjoining the lands of Wm. H. Weaver, Geo. Smith and others, improved with a One Story

**DWELLING HOUSE,**  
about one half being brick and the other half frame (weatherboarded.) Stable, Hog Pen, and other out buildings, a good well of water on the premises, being the same property which one Daniel Seiss died, seized and possessed and described in a deed to Daniel Seiss from Joshua A. Adolberger dated April 3rd, 1862, and duly recorded in Liber B. G. F. No. 7, Folio 409, etc., one of the land records of said Frederick County, Md.

Terms of Sale.—Cash. Conveyancing to be at the expense of the purchaser.  
ALBERT M. PATTERSON,  
H. F. MAXELL, Auct. Sheriff.  
nov 11-4ts.

Heart Trouble

Could Not Do any Work and Was Constantly Growing Worse—What Hood's Sarsaparilla Did.

"I have suffered with heart disease and trouble with my back for twenty years. I became so I could not do any work and I could not be left alone. It was thought I could live but a short time. I spent many dollars for medicines but instead of improving I grew worse, until one day I was reading in the newspaper about Hood's Sarsaparilla and I determined to try it. I procured a bottle and began taking it and very soon felt a change. I took four bottles and it did me so much good that I still continued its use and do not now suffer with any heart trouble. I am glad to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all afflicted with this disease." REBECCA C. TRUITT, Carmichael, Maryland.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills

are the best after-dinner pills, all druggists. 25c.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale conferred in a mortgage from Susan Magraw and Francis C. Magraw her husband, to I. S. Annan and Brother, dated February 1st 1888 and recorded in Liber W. I. P., No. 5, folios 500, &c., one of the Land Records of Frederick County, the undersigned assigns of said mortgage, will sell at public sale at the Emmitt House, in Emmitsburg, Frederick county, Maryland,  
on Saturday, December 10th, 1898,  
at 10 o'clock, A. M., the real estate mentioned in said mortgage, situated in the Fifth Election District of Frederick county, adjoining and East of the Emmitsburg Railroad near what is known as the Dry Bridge, about 1 1/2 miles South of the town of Emmitsburg, containing

**2 Acres and 14 Square Perches**  
of land, more or less, improved with a Two-Story Weatherboarded House, Smoke House, Hog Pens, Wood Sheds and some Fruit Trees. There is a well of good water near the house.

Terms of sale as prescribed by the mortgage.—Cash. All expenses of conveyancing to be borne by the purchaser.  
J. STEWART ANNAN,  
nov 18-4ts Assignee of Mortgagees.

THE

**Baltimore American.**  
Established 1773.

THE DAILY AMERICAN.

Terms by Mail, Postage Prepaid.  
One Month.....\$ .30  
Daily and Sunday, One Month..... .45  
Three Months..... .90  
Daily and Sunday, Three Months..... 1.35  
Six Months..... 2.40  
Daily and Sunday, Six Months..... 3.60  
One Year..... 4.00  
With Sunday Edition, One Year..... 4.50  
Sunday Edition, One Year..... 1.50

THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN.

The Cheapest and Best Family Newspaper Published.  
ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR  
Six Months, 50 Cents.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK AMERICAN is published in two issues, Tuesday and Friday mornings, with the news of the week in compact shape. It also contains interesting special correspondents, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and fresh miscellany suitable for the home circle. A carefully edited Agricultural Department, and full and reliable Financial and Market Reports, are special features.

Entered as second-class matter, April 13, 1894.  
Chas. C. Fulton & Co.  
FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher  
American Office,  
BALTIMORE, MD.

ASUNK

In the raging sea was our prize of the late war—the Marie Teresa. Just so have we sunk the high prices of our competitors by our system of GOOD GOODS FOR LOWEST MONEY. Uncle Sam was not the only victor in a war for humanity. We are, have been and always will be waging war on the high price and cheap value stores everywhere, and we have been, and always will be, successful in our endeavors to SAVE DOLLARS AND CENTS for humanity. We fear not the onslaughts of the enemy. It is true, they have large ships, but their ammunition is weak. To put it plain, they have very large and pretty stores, but that is all. No large stock to select from, and no cheap prices. Our place can always be depended on to carry the VERY LATEST IN CLOTHING, Etc., and our

STOCKS ARE ALWAYS COMPLETE.

We never use the expression, "sorry, but we have just sold out on so and so," but we can always please every one. Our prices have been proven so low that we need say nothing on that score. We have made gigantic preparations for a very exclusive

FALL AND WINTER STOCK.

We have added the second floor of our already large establishment and are proud to say that to-day we stand foremost in the ranks. We shall be pleased to have you call and "look over" as it were, our Fall and Winter display.

DAVIS & CO.,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

INSURANCE

Fire, Life & Accident.  
REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will visit Emmitsburg WEEKLY on THURSDAY; will be found at the EMMITT HOUSE.

All classes of risks written in the above lines of Insurance.  
Farms, Small Country Homes and Town Properties handled on commission.  
CASSELL & WATERS,  
aug 27-4t Thurmont and Frederick.

**MORRISON & HOKE'S Marble Yard,**

EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND.

Monuments, Tombstones and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed  
may 29-1yr

**W. J. Valentine,**

Dealer in General Merchandise, Grain, Hay, Straw, Flour, Mill Feed, Coal, Fertilizer, Plaster, Post and Rails of all kinds.

This week and at all times hereafter my stock will be complete to suit all seasons. No great display. No misleading offers. Only fair and square dealing with all, at prices absolutely the lowest. Shoes and boots a specialty. Highest cash price paid for grain, hay and straw.  
MOTTER'S, MD.

Notice to Creditors.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

MICHAEL McFADDEN,

late of said County deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 22nd day of May, 1899; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.  
Given under my hand this twenty-first day of October, 1898.  
DAVID RHODES, Executor,  
oct 21-5ts.

SOLID SILVER

American Lever Watches.  
WARRANTED TWO YEARS,  
ONLY \$6.  
G. T. EYSTER.

New Advertisements.

DAUCHY & CO.

STEADY INCOME AT HOME.

You can make \$25 per week. Either sex. I'll start you in the Mail Order Business—day or evening. No peddling. M. Young, 363 Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PARKE'S HAIR BALM

Greases the hair, keeps it soft and healthy, promotes a luxuriant growth. It is the only hair balm that cures itching humors, keeps the scalp cool and healthy. It is the only hair balm that cures itching humors, keeps the scalp cool and healthy. It is the only hair balm that cures itching humors, keeps the scalp cool and healthy.

G. W. Weaver & Son.

G. W. Weaver & Son.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

**FROM THE FACT** That our CHRONICLE advertisements usually speak of DRESS GOODS, SILKS and WRAPS, and because our recent exhibit in Emmitsburg was entirely of these lines, frequent visitors might lose sight of the fact that we are a general Dry Goods Store. We therefore desire to bring out in this advertisement two very strong and important lines of goods, both of which we are in a position to give better values in than others because of large operations, which gives us **Best Liteness of Price and Great Variety. Seasonable Hosiery and Underware.** A few descriptions to tell the tale of the whole stock.

**100 DOZEN** Child's black cotton ribbed seams, fast black, size 6 to 10. Heavy, serviceable and right fitting. A regular 15c. value.  
**OUR PRICE 10 cts.**

**50 DOZEN** Extra Heavy rib hose—for hard wear, all sizes, value 17 cts.  
**OUR PRICE 2 Pcs. FOR 1-4.**

**30 DOZEN** Boys Bicycle Hose—double knee, extra heavy, both in leg and foot, will wear like iron, 6 to 11.  
**OUR PRICE Averages 19 cts.**

**CHILDREN'S and MISSES' Fine Imported** full regular made, Hermsdorf Dye, the rib, either all black, white, feet or white sole.  
**OUR PRICE Averages 25 cts. according to size.**

**New. The celebrated Black Cat Brand, Leather Stockings,** both cotton and wool, Triple Knee, in two weights, for boys or girls. Our price 25 cts. according to size.

**Ladies and Gents Hosiery in every grade cotton or wool.** A better value than most stores can give and besides the variety is such that you can get the kind you'll like best.

**UNDERWEAR** 100 dozen ladies heavy ribbed, fleeced, Vests and Pants "Wearer's Special," made from selected yarns, liberal cut and sized. This is unquestionably the best 25 cent vest obtainable—all sizes up to extra large.

**TEN KINDS** of ladies wove and ribbed underwear, white and natural wool from lowest with merit to luxury. Every kind the best obtainable at its price. Ladies and Children's Union Suits, ribbed Onella and Gelsia out, all grades from 50 cts. up.

**CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.** The most complete assortment to be found, all grades from infants size up. Special white tights. Boy's heavy fleeced S. & P., all sizes 25 cts.

**Men's Underwear.** We show seven different lines and qualities, all of which we have from small to large sizes. We name a few to tell the story for all.

**35 DOZEN** Blue, Grey, Heavy Fleeced, three thread double cuff shirts and drawers. This we claim to be the best 50 Cent Value for weight and general goodness ever shown by us.

**GEASTONBURY MILLS—Natural Wool S.** & D., made from finest stock—no joggings—the most sensitive skin can wear them. Warm, serviceable, and as near non-shrinking as possible. **OUR PRICE \$1.00.**

**OTHER FINE BRANDS ARE SWISS CONDE WOOL RIBBED, WOOL FLEECED, SANS HEATIE UNDERWEAR, &c. MEDIUM WEIGHT UNDERWEAR FOR EARLY USE.**

If you cannot come to see us try us through the mails.

THE LEADERS.

GENERAL DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

**M. F. SHUFF,**

EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND.

FURNITURE

DEALER

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

AND

FUNERAL

PARLOR and Bed-room Furniture, Dining-room and Kitchen Furniture of the latest styles and finish, at rock bottom prices. Good assortment. New goods for the Fall trade.

SEWING MACHINES and Repairs.

Needles for all the leading Machines. I am selling a leader in the way of Washing Machine.

BICYCLES & REPAIRS

**UNDERTAKING** a Specialty. Embalming done by the latest, best and most improved method. A fine stock of coffins, caskets, trimmings and burial robes always on hand. I also carry in stock the New Boyd Patent Improved Grave Vaults, made of the best rolled steel, and costs but little more than the walling and cementing of a grave, and is guaranteed to be perfectly air tight, water proof and indestructible. Prices and terms reasonable. Calls promptly answered, day or night.

Very Respectfully,  
oct 14-tf **M. F. SHUFF.**

FOR FALL AND WINTER

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS

CALL AND EXAMINE

**M. Frank Rowe's Assortment**

**PRICES LOW.**

Women's Every Day Pegged Shoes \$1.00. Women's Every Day Oil Grain Shoes \$1.25. Women's Cordovan in Button and Lace \$1.25 and \$1.35 per pair. I have the best 25c. Women's Rubbers that I have ever offered. A new stock of Douglas Shoes in Vici Kid, Calf Skin, Russian Calf, Heavy and Light Siles, Lace and Congress, a Vici Kid Lined with leather for \$3.50. Perfectly Smooth Inside. Shoes from \$1.00 to \$4.00 a pair. Banagan's Rubber Boots and Shoes. Give me a call. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Respectfully,  
**M. FRANK ROWE.**

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT." GOOD

WIFE, YOU NEED

**SAPOLIO**

EMMIT HOUSE,

GEORGE M. RIDER, PROPRIETOR,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

The leading hotel in the town. Traveling men's headquarters. Bar supplied with choice liquors. A free bus from all trains. I also have a first-class Livery in connection with the hotel. nov. 26-1yr

VINCENT SEBOLD,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. jan 29-4t



## Emmitsburg Chronicle.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the  
Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, NOV. 18, 1898.

## Emmitsburg Rail Road.

### TIME TABLE.

On and after Oct. 2, 1898, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7.50 and 10.40 a. m. and 2.55 and 4.50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8.20 and 10.30 a. m. and 3.25 and 5.20 p. m.

### TRAINS NORTH.

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8.26 and 10.40 a. m. and 3.31 and 6.34 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 8.56 and 11.10 a. m. and 4.01 and 7.04 p. m.

WM. A. HIMES, Pres't.

NOTICE.—All announcements of concerts, festivals, picnics, ice cream and cake festivals and similar enterprises, got up to make money, whether for churches, associations, or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line. When posters are printed in this office a free notice of such festivals, picnics, etc., will be given in the Chronicle under the proper heading.

CARROLL county physicians have formed a medical association.

REAR ADMIRAL SCHLEY is expected to visit Frederick this Friday evening.

If your stove is out of order go to F. A. Adelsberger. Oct 21-1.

The dance at the Emmitt House on Tuesday evening was well attended.

About four hundred hands are now employed at the Crawford Bicycle Works in Hagerstown.

A movement looking toward the establishment of a curfew law has been started in Frostburg.

CALL and examine the fine line of Harness, Whips, Robes and Blankets at Stokes'.

If your grate or feeder is burnt out, go to F. A. Adelsberger, he will put it in order.

Mrs. ELIZABETH BOYER, aged ninety-one years, died at the home of her nephew, Mr. V. T. Meredith, Hagerstown.

LIEUT. HERMAN G. DRESSER, of the United States Navy, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a pistol in the laboratory of the Carrollton Hotel, Baltimore.

SAMUEL CUSHWA is erecting a large grain elevator on the site of the one recently destroyed by fire at Charlton, along the Western Maryland Railroad near Williamsport.

THE coal tonnage handled at Williamsport from the canal during October amounted to 17,572 tons, an increase of over 6,000 tons in October of last year.

THE cards have been issued for the marriage of Col. George A. Pearce, Congressman elect, to Miss Bessie Shoup, at Emmanuel Episcopal Church, Cumberland, at noon, November 23.

A cough is not like a fever. It does not have to run a certain course. Cure it quickly and effectively with One Minute Cough Cure, the best remedy for all ages and for the most severe cases. We recommend it because it's good. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

THE trees in front of the Western Maryland Hotel have been removed. The old hotel is being fixed up in fine shape. About 18 men were working on the building one day this week.

Governor LOWMEYER has been requested to appoint a delegation of 500 Maryland farmers to attend the national farmer's convention at Fort Worth, Tex., next month. The Governor is anxious to know who will attend, as he will gladly appoint such persons. The last convention was attended by only two Maryland farmers.

THE proposed adoption of the curfew law continues to exercise the people of Hagerstown. The people are divided and are rapidly taking sides on the issue. It is understood the city council stands four against to one in favor of the law, with Mayor Schindler non-committal.

EARLY on last Friday morning the saloon and residence of Charles W. Derr, West Bethel street, Hagerstown, was almost entirely destroyed by fire. Mr. Derr, wife and three children escaped from the building in their night clothes. The contents of the house including \$25 in money, were lost. The loss is about \$500, covered by insurance.

MR. and Mrs. John Reed Scott expect to remove from Gettysburg to Pittsburgh the latter part of next week. Mr. Scott will become a member of the law firm of White & Childs, of which J. H. White, Esq., formerly of Adams county, and well known here, is the senior member. The firm name will be White, Childs & Scott. We compliment Mr. Scott on the excellent opportunity with which he has met to rise in his profession, and we predict success for him.—Gettysburg Compiler.

HANDBOOK OF THE TARIFF.

The understanding of the complicated provisions of the new tariff has been greatly simplified by the issuance of this manual. To digest the tariff law is no easy task, but to digest the food taken into the gastric receptacle is rendered easy by the use of that through stomachic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It prevents and cures malarial, kidney and rheumatic troubles, remedies nervousness and insomnia, and removes constipation and biliousness. Appetite, as well as the ability to satisfy it without subsequent abdominal disturbance, is restored by this fine stomachic, which also accelerates convalescence. Persons in the decline of life, and the infirm of every age and sex, find it of material assistance.

WILLIAM H. MILLER, of Frostburg, who received a painful wound in the charge on San Juan hill, has been honorably discharged from service in the regular army and is enroute to Cincinnati to engage in railroad.

IN MEMORY OF DECEASED RELATIONS.

Mr. Joseph Flaunt, of Baltimore, son of Mr. Samuel Flaunt, of Emmitsburg, has erected a beautiful monument in St. Joseph's Catholic cemetery, in memory of his deceased relatives.

In his charge to the jury on Monday, Judge Stokes, of Hagerstown, said: "The times are hard; taxes are high and farm produce is low. The public funds should not be lavishly expended, and justice should be administered with economy."

JAS. W. ROBINSON, of Woodstock District, is out with a card in one of the Frederick papers announcing himself as a candidate for Sheriff, subject as to decision of the Republican convention, which will meet sometime next year. Surely this is taking time by the forelock.

### BARN BURNED.

A large new barn on the farm of J. W. Morgan, at Wolfville, Frederick county, was destroyed by fire, together with ten tons of hay and a quantity of feed. A new two-horse wagon, buggy and machinery were also consumed. There was no insurance on the property.

MISS LIZZIE MOTTER, living near Williamsport, Md., while at the home of her sister, Mrs. D. Clayton Kemp, met with a painful accident Monday night, which, but for the prompt attention received, might have resulted fatally. While ascending a flight of stairs with a lighted lamp in her hand she tripped and fell, striking her head on the lamp, inflicting two deep cuts in her forehead. The oil from the lamp spread over Miss Motter's head and face and the carpet ignited.

Railroad From Frederick to Thurmont.

There is a revival of interest in the project to build an electric road from Frederick to Thurmont. Promoters of the Frederick, Thurmont and Northern Electric Railroad Company, incorporated for that purpose, say that they have been approached recently by Baltimore capitalists who have offered to furnish a large part of the necessary capital if fair proof that the line would pay can be obtained.—News.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES.

Thanksgiving Day will be observed this year by union services held in the Presbyterian church. All the Protestant churches are expected to help in the singing, and the church members and citizens of the town are requested to celebrate the day in obedience to the proclamation by the President by assembling to worship God.

Rev. Mr. Riddle will preach the sermon on this occasion. A collection will be lifted for the benefit of the indigent poor of this vicinity.

BAKERSVILLE NEWS.

Miss Annie Glacken who has been on the sick list, is again able to be about.

Grandmother Baker, who has been suffering from the effects of a paralytic stroke, is slowly recovering.

John Shorb, who has been confined to his bed with rheumatism for the past three weeks is convalescing.

Butchering is now the order of the day.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and sold by all druggists.

DAUGHTERS OF THE REVOLUTION.

Miss Susie Willes, of Croom, Prince George's county, is organizing a chapter of the daughters of the Revolution for that county. It is said that a large number of applications for membership have been made. There are many descendants of revolutionary army and navy soldiers living in the county. Prince George's having contributed to the council and the field during that period some of the most distinguished Marylanders.

MARYLAND PHYSICIANS.

The semi-annual meeting of the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland began a two days' session in Frederick Wednesday afternoon in the hall of the Philomathean Literary Society. There was a large attendance. After a brief opening address by the president, Dr. S. C. Chew, of Baltimore, the programme of reading of papers was immediately taken up. With the absence of some of the members and delay in the arrival of others the programme was considerably changed. Eight papers were read on Wednesday.

GOLD LOST IN FIRE, NOTES SAVED.

The fine dwelling of Richard F. Roberts, near Prince Frederick, Md., was destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon last. The house was fired in Mr. Roberts' absence and was of incendiary origin. One hundred and thirty dollars in notes, that had been buried in the cellar, was found uninjured, but \$100 in gold, which the owner had secreted in the house, was lost. The dwelling was insured.

DIED FROM A HORSE'S KICK.

Mr. Samuel R. Chance of Centerville, Md., who was injured about two weeks ago by being kicked in the face by a horse, died from the effects of the wound last Thursday night. He was in the sixty-third year of his age and leaves a widow and five children—three daughters and two sons. He resided on the farm of Mr. Robert E. Cahall, near Rutherford.

BAZAR AT FREDERICK.

A bazar and fete under the auspices of the Frederick City Hospital Association began in the Junior Hall in that City on Wednesday evening. The object of the bazar is to raise funds for the erection of a hospital in Frederick towards which a sum of money has already been contributed. The hall has been gayly decorated, and will be brilliantly illuminated with electricity.

### BURNED.

At an early hour Monday morning the large frame barn on the farm of Thomas Brown's farm, near Smithsburg, was destroyed by fire. Four calves, 400 bushel of wheat, 40 tons of hay, farming implements, straw stack and fodder, were also destroyed. The stock was saved by three tramps, who were sleeping in the barn. The loss is about three thousand dollars, partly covered by insurance. The barn was 55 by 90 feet and had two floors.

### PERSONALS.

Vincent Schold, Esq., has gone to Pittsburgh on a business matter, and will not return until the first of next week. Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Topper spent a few days in Meshersstown, Pa.

Dr. R. L. Annan was in Frederick attending the meeting of the Medical Chirurgical Society, which was held in Frederick this week. He was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Alice Annan.

Miss Nellie Hauxthorne, of Falls Church, Va., is visiting Mr. Riddle. Mr. Harry Riddle, of Chambersburg, visited his brother, the Rev. D. H. Riddle, this week.

Mr. Wm. D. Colliflower went to Altoona Tuesday, to see his brother, who was very badly injured on a railroad.

### THREE MINERS HURT.

John Jones, of Frostburg, Samuel Wolford and Vincent Savitsky, of Eckhart Mines, miners, were hurt while at work in Eckhart mines Monday morning about the same hour and in different parts of the workings. Jones, who was working at a pillar, was digging a place for a prop, when a great quantity of coal fell upon and bruised him badly about the head, body and shoulders. Wolford was working at the breast coal, when an unsuspected slip fell upon him, about 3 o'clock, a piece six feet long, four feet wide and two feet thick was on his head. He was severely bruised. Savitsky was standing by the bottom coal when the driver brought an empty car into his place. The car struck his leg and crushed it so badly that it will have to be amputated. All are married men.

### AN EXCITING CAPTURE.

Deputy Sheriff Charles L. Gill, assisted by officers Frazier and Stork, made an exciting capture at Morgue, Md., Thursday morning about 3 o'clock. Jacob Jones, a noted negro politician, was arrested at his home. A bench warrant was issued at the last term of court for his arrest and later a capias. Officer Gill found him Sunday morning at his home and was forced to burst in the door. The man was in an upstairs room, in which was his wife and several children. Leaving two officers below, the deputy sheriff mounted the stairs and as soon as he thrust his head into the room the negro covered him with a pistol. The officer fired and the instant a bullet grazed his head. After some parleying the man surrendered and was lodged in jail. The officer's bullet penetrated Jones' thigh. Jones is held under \$1,000 bail. He was the contractor for the State road between Morgue and Kennedyville. Jones' capture has given great satisfaction.—Sun.

### THE CAT CAME BACK.

The little catboat "Wanderer" in which Capt. Louis Stam and his command, Captain Downey, set sail for Cuba a week ago, has returned to the shores of lower Kent Island. The vessel was caught in the southern gale last week, off the mouth of the Potomac, and being unable to make harbor, Captain Stam fought his way up the bay until his sail was cut and the boat was blown helplessly on the shore. It is a complete wreck. Captain Downey reached home on Saturday and gives a thrilling account of his experience in the 30 foot craft during the storm. He and Captain Stam and the crew in a small boat and saved some articles from the wreck.

### AGAINST EXANSION.

Irvin R. Eversly, of Company H, Fourth Regiment, United States Volunteers, stationed at Manzanillo, Cuba, writes to his father, J. W. Eversly, Hagerstown, that he is a great moral agent in addition to being a soldier and life saver. The peculiar limestone and fluted formation of our soil has for a long time supported the cesspool practice and carried away the unwholesome elements. The time is coming when this country will have to look to the people on the hillsides may be safer, but for those in the hollows death, illness and suffering must pay the bill presented by a violated sanitation. The conformation of the land lying under the present cesspool practice is a condition for a gravity sewerage. I am somewhat dazed at the first consideration of cost, for \$150,000 or \$200,000 is a large sum, and already the taxes burden many."

### HARNEY ITEMS.

Mr. John I. Ohler, who is clerking for S. B. Furry, at Johnsville, paid a visit to his parents in this place on last Sunday.

Miss Lovie S. Shriver, who was engaged to marry a member of the Baltimore, has returned home to the city of Baltimore, has returned home to the city of Baltimore.

The streets of this place need some repairing before the winter begins, so that we will not have to travel through the mud as we did in previous years. This is a week that has long been neglected. Citizens of Harney be up and doing.

### A SOLDIER RECORDED.

Nine members of Co. M, of the 5th Regiment, Pa. Vol., which company was mustered out of service in Gettysburg Friday last, after being paid off in full, hired a carriage and went to the House stables, in Gettysburg, and drove to Hanover, via Bonnevill, at a late hour at night.

Among the soldiers was Harry Legore, of near Silver Run, Md., whose wife of bills, received from the paymaster, amounted to over \$500. A stop was made at Bonnevill for refreshments, and that was the last time Legore saw his home.

When the party arrived in Hanover, about midnight, Legore discovered his loss. All enquiries found a trace of the money was in vain. The supposition is that he was robbed of the money, but by whom is unknown at this writing.—Hanover Record.

First Annual Meeting of the Maryland State Horticultural Society.

The first annual meeting of the Maryland State Horticultural Society will be held in Baltimore, December 14 and 15 at 2 o'clock p. m., in Pacific Hall, northeast corner of Baltimore and Paca Streets. The programme will be announced. All persons interested in horticulture are invited to attend or not, are invited to attend and take part in making this an interesting and profitable meeting. Special rates will be secured on all railroads and boat lines as far as possible. We will be very glad to consider any proposition any person may have to make for the preparation of the program or the advancement of the interests of the Society. Persons who desire to become members should notify the secretary, James S. Harris, Coleman, Kent County, Md.

### A SURE SIGN OF CROUP.

Hoarseness in a child that is subject to croup is a sure indication of the approach of the disease. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough has appeared, it will prevent the attack. Many mothers who have croupy children always keep this remedy at hand and find that it saves them much trouble and worry. It can always be depended upon and is never out of the way. For sale by C. D. Eichelberger.

### GRACEHAM LETTER.

On Wednesday evening, the 9th inst., the wedding of Mr. William Whitte and Miss Moser, of Thurmont, was quietly performed in the Moravian parsonage by Rev. M. F. Oerter.

Mr. H. A. Weller will attend the State C. E. Convention held this week in Baltimore City. He will be the guest of his nephew, Mr. J. Edward Colliflower.

Miss Emma Devilbiss, our teacher of the Public School, will hold an entertainment on Friday evening, Nov. 25th, in memory of General Lafayette. A collection will be taken for the Lafayette Monument Fund. This idea of the American School Children erecting a monument in his honor at the Paris Exposition in 1900, we believe should receive general approval.

On Saturday 22nd inst., about noon, Mr. John Whitte, of the vicinity of Eicholtz's Mill, died very suddenly, having walked out in the yard, where a short time later he was found dead by his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Hahn. His funeral was held on Monday in the family lot in the Moravian Cemetery, at Graceham. He was in his 78th year.

### A PROBABLE MURDER.

Early Saturday morning the largest stable on the fair grounds at Marlboro', Md., was burned, and in the flames a human body nearly consumed was discovered. Under the partly burned body as it lay a portion of clothing, including pieces of suspenders, were found. This seems to prove that the man was dead before he was burned, as he had made no movement or struggle in the fire the flames would have reached this clothing.

Justice of the peace William H. Harper, acting coroner, summoned a jury inquest, which brought in a verdict that the man had been murdered or strangled in the fire the flames would have reached this clothing.

Although every effort was made to identify the body it was impossible. It is generally believed that a murder has been committed and that the dead man is one of the Italian laborers employed on the new railroad.

The stable burned was the one used for race horses, and it was stored with feed. The night watchman, assisted by the crowds which had been gathered by the tolling of the bell of the fire bell, saved the adjoining stables.

### COLLEGE ORATORY.

The organization of the Maryland Intercollegiate Oratorical Association is to be completed next Saturday, November 19, on which day representatives of all colleges interested will hold a meeting in Baltimore at the University Club. Last year when the plan was first made public, a constitution was drawn up by a committee of the faculty at Westminster, and this constitution was sent to the six leading colleges in the State, by which it was adopted and ratified. The organization of the proposed oratorical league, Johns Hopkins declined to enter. President O'Hara, of St. Mary's, approved the plan, but found it impossible to enter this year, and his college has declined to enter. The three remaining colleges propose to organize the league and to hold the first contest the coming spring. The delegates to this meeting are as follows: President Fell, of St. John's College; President Alvey, of Maryland Agricultural College; and Dr. Reese, senior professor of Western Maryland College.

### IMPORTANCE OF SEWERS.

Dr. T. W. Simmons, one of the commission appointed by Mayor Schindler, of Hagerstown, on sanitary sewerage, said: "I believe sanitation is of vital importance, that it is a great moral agent in addition to being a soldier and life saver. The peculiar limestone and fluted formation of our soil has for a long time supported the cesspool practice and carried away the unwholesome elements. The time is coming when this country will have to look to the people on the hillsides may be safer, but for those in the hollows death, illness and suffering must pay the bill presented by a violated sanitation. The conformation of the land lying under the present cesspool practice is a condition for a gravity sewerage. I am somewhat dazed at the first consideration of cost, for \$150,000 or \$200,000 is a large sum, and already the taxes burden many."

### FROM NEW ZEALAND.

REERTON, New Zealand, Nov. 23, 1896.

I am very pleased to state that since I took the agency for Chamberlain's medicines the case has been very large, more especially of the Cough Remedy.

In two years I have sold more of this particular remedy than of all other makes for the previous five years. As to its efficacy, I have been informed by the United States and Denmark, in a private letter, that they have received from it, and know its value from the use of it in my own household. It is so pleasant to take that we have to place the bottle beyond the reach of the children.

For sale by C. D. Eichelberger.

CONSTIPATION prevents the body from ridding itself of waste matter. De Witt's Little Early Risers will remove the trouble and cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, and Constipation, clear the complexion, Small, sugar coated, don't grip or cause nausea. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

If you want a Double Heater, Wood Stove or a Heating stove, F. A. Adelsberger can supply your want.

An excellent assortment of Lap Robes and horse Blankets of the latest styles, and good quality, at low prices, at J. Henry Stokes'. Call and examine them.

When you have eaten too much, or when you suffer from any form of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, remember that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat, and it is the best form of Dyspepsia. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.

### Dr. Wm. C. Boteler.

Practice limited to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Spectacles adjusted for all forms of defective sight. Special examinations free. Office 28 North Market Street, Hagerstown, City Hotel. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 o'clock p. m., except Sunday, May 6 1 yr.

For Mica or Isinglass, go to F. A. Adelsberger. Stoves and every thing wanted in the stove line.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Wanted to lease for one year or more, with privilege of buying, a Brick House, (9 rooms) and several acres of land within five miles of Emmitsburg. Address, with full particulars, box 113, Emmitsburg, Md. (Newspapers, Gettysburg, Westminster, Thurmont, copy one time. Bill to Chronicle Office.)

MATTHEW ROWE, of Frostburg, member of the Maryland Legislature, has been appointed to the position of forester in one of the Southwest States.

### THE PROBLEM OF THE PHILIPPINES.

MR. EDITOR.—

Shall those who, like the writer, recognize the existence of a national doctrine, as laid down by Washington, Jefferson and other makers of our Government, be taxed with being sentimentalists, because, it is scoffingly urged, they strive to put a limit to the tidal wave of Progress and stand in cold indifference in the presence of the gigantic competition of the Nations of the world for supremacy in its far distant markets?

Is it true that manufacturer and merchants only shall dictate the terms of diplomacy?

Will the American, faithful to the traditions which belong to him as an heirloom, be willing to sacrifice this birth right, in exchange for the sordid promptings of mere extensive commercial relations? Are we not something higher and greater in the scale of Nations than what we have been contemptuously styled—"a nation of shopkeepers?"

Does Washington teach us to give up principle to follow merely what is conducive to our selfish interests? Let us hear him, in the Farewell Address, he says—"The great rule of conduct for us, in regard to foreign nations is, in extending our commercial relations, to have with them as little political connection as possible."

And further, he asks—"Why (should we) by interweaving our destiny with that of any part of Europe, entangle our peace and prosperity in the toils of European ambition, rivalry, interest, or honor?"

Then, here are the words of Jefferson in his letter to Elbridge Gerry, January 26, '79: "I am for free commerce with all nations—political connection with none."

I am not for linking ourselves with the quarrels of Europe, entering the field of slaughter to preserve their balance."

The apologist for the annexation of the Philippines, "these possible eventualities are the morbid outcome of indifference to the march of Progress, and the promptings of a prophecy of woe!"

But apart from sentiment on the one hand, and the subversive of expediency on the other, there are higher principles which, after all, must govern the Treaty making power in settling the problem of the Philippines.

Natural justice knows no such thing as the right of conquest, in its broad sense, that is where mere superior force, as in the case of the United States against Spain, carries with it license to appropriate the territory of the conquered.

No plea, not even that of redressing a great wrong—as was the case in our interference in behalf of the oppressed people of Cuba—could be urged to justify a right of spoliation. It is laid down in books on International Law, that the mere fact of having occupied a territory or subjugating its inhabitants, is no sufficient ground, in justice, even in a just war, for the exercise of the right of conquest. Redoubt and punishment should not exceed due limits and even the consideration of self-protection and indemnity should not prompt exorbitant security.

The civilized nations of the world stamp this spirit of conquest as one of robbery and hostility to the race. History affords many examples of the protest of nations against this spirit. We find on its pages, the story of noble strife and devoted combinations to resist the case in the war by which Louis XIV and Napoleon outraged the principles of justice. That protest never found a more zealous, earnest and disinterested defender than the United States, for we find our country, "rich in victories in its struggle against Mexico, actually paying a price for territory acquired in war, as we will see by the Treaty of 1848, by which Mexico ceded to us large territory, California, Utah, Nevada, Arizona, &c. for the sum of \$2,000,000. The United States assumed a debt of \$3,000,000 due Mexico to our own citizens. See Guadalupe Hidalgo Treaty.

And finally, Mr. Editor, following the principle laid down in our Declaration of Independence, "The Rights of the Governors are derived from the consent of the governed," we should not solve the problem of taking the Philippines without at least some show of first obtaining the consent of the inhabitants of the ceded territory.

The tendency to obtain this consent as a condition of right is gratifying to a principle in the Law of Nations. We find that it has been very significantly accentuated in very recent times. In the Treaty of Prague, August 1866, on the basis of the protocol of Nikolai, the Emperor of Austria, consents to the union of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom with the Kingdom of Italy and Art. IV. declares Austria transfers to Prussia all rights to Schleswig-Holstein with the reservation that the inhabitants in northern Schleswig shall be united anew to Denmark, if they express a desire for it by a free vote. Let it be remembered that the Danish nationality was of the more importance as the Germans had insisted on the German nationality of both Duchies. We leave out the question of the scandalous action of Prussia regarding Schleswig-Holstein. In 1860, the Neapolitan provinces, Sicily, the Marches, Umbria, were annexed to the Kingdom of Italy by direct and universal suffrage.

In 1870 the Treaty of Turin united Savoy and Nice to France "without constraining the will of the inhabitants."

All know how Hanover, Hesse, Nassau, Frankfurt were incorporated into the Kingdom of Prussia.

And, in conclusion, Mr. Editor, while it is neither the wish nor the spirit of the undersigned to submit where our cause is just, even to the combined powers of Europe, yet, it is not mere jingoism and the spirit of rapine that prompts let us stretch forth our hands and take all in sight.

But as Spain shows an indisposition to yield to our demand for a complete cession of the islands, and it is rumored that she asked the Emperor of Germany to arbitrate the matter, what will be the outcome should we persist in our demand and should we, to our constant refusal acquiescence to a demand made by the combined Powers?

Shall we, with Mark Antony, prophesy that "The spirit of revenge, Shall come hot from hell, Cry havoc! and let slip the dogs of war?"

### GIANT UNEARTHED.

Workmen, while digging in the hill of the Virginia ore bank, along the Potomac river, near Shepherdstown, unearthed the skeleton of a giant. The body had been buried in a box, which had decayed, leaving only the nails—old hand-made nails—which held it together. The skeleton measured over seven feet in height, and the teeth were of enormous size.

### VITRIFIED BRICK CLAY.

Jos. F. Kinler, Williamsport, Md., took to Hagerstown for the purpose of having them burnt, a basketful of unburnt brick moulded from clay on Mr. Kinler's lands along the Potomac. Mr. K. thinks he has a pure clay which will make a better quality of brick than the expensive compound now used by most vitrified brick manufacturers.

### FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

FAIRFIELD, Nov. 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Louie Artzberger, of Fairfield, were visiting at Hanover and Union Bridge, recently.

Mrs. Hattie Sanders, of Hagerstown, who was spending some time at this place, has returned to her home in Hagerstown. Her sister Ruth Sanders, accompanied her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Sprengle, of Franklin county, are guests of Mr. F. Shulley and family.

Mr. and Mrs. David Ogden, of this place, are visitors at Clarks town.

On Saturday night, the 26th, the G. A. R. Bean Soup will be held at Fairfield.

Mr. Henry Keener, of Fairfield, has finished the painting of Mr. Cron's house, at Orleans.

Mr. John Grove, of this place, has the timber all sawed for his building. He is putting an end to his barn of 25 feet, and to his shed 25 feet and is also putting up a new hog pen.

Mrs. Kate Bessel, of near the Station, thought one of her hogs was sick one day last week, but Dr. W. G. Dubs, after seeing the hog said it had cramp in its legs.

The boys from Fairfield who have enlisted in the war with Spain are not mustered out yet.

It has frequently been asked does it pay to feed cattle? Hon. J. N. Neely, of Fairfield, says it pays to keep cows and sell the milk. He has 8 cows, 6 of which are old milkers, in two weeks his pay for milk was \$100. He says it pays him much better than to feed steers. Farmers say they must have cattle to eat up their stuff, why not feed cows? The man who feeds 25 head of steers, could make more by keeping 20 cows and feeding them the same amount of his steers. All it requires is a trial to be convinced. Mr. Neely will likely keep 20 head of cows next year. He says he could realize \$80 per month.

While Mr. Zac Sanders of this place, was driving a horse from Silver Run, horses started to run. He could not hold them. Some of the boards fell from the wagon and Mr. Sanders was thrown to the ground and considerably bruised. The horses ran to Mr. Wm. Reed's, where they were caught by Howard Reed. Mr. Sanders was taken home badly used up and may get very sore.

Mrs. Netty Martin, of Fountaldale, is a visitor to this place.

### FIRE IN CARROLL.

The large store property and dwelling house owned by David Boose, at Silver Run, Carroll county, was totally destroyed by fire about midnight Tuesday night. The building which was a log weatherboarded structure, was occupied by Eckard and Cover, who conducted a general grocery business. The Silver Run postoffice was located in the store room, and Mr. Eckard as postmaster. A barber shop was located in another room. The dwelling portion was occupied by William Ebangh and family. The fire, it is believed, originated in the office of Eckard and Cover. The cause of the fire was a small fire in a stove, which was burning rapidly. The family of Mr. Ebangh, in the residence portion, barely got out of the building in time to save their lives. In a very short interval after the disaster the spirit of conquest as one of robbery and hostility to the race. History affords many examples of the protest of nations against this spirit. We find on its pages, the story of noble strife and devoted combinations to resist the case in the war by which Louis XIV and Napoleon outraged the principles of justice. That protest never found a more zealous, earnest and disinterested defender than the United States, for we find our country, "rich in victories in its struggle against Mexico, actually paying a price for territory acquired in war, as we will see by the Treaty of 1848, by which Mexico ceded to us large territory, California, Utah, Nevada, Arizona, &c. for the sum of \$2,000,000. The United States assumed a debt of \$3,000,000 due Mexico to our own citizens. See Guadalupe Hidalgo Treaty.

And finally, Mr. Editor, following the principle laid down in our Declaration of Independence, "The Rights of the Governors are derived from the consent of the governed," we should not solve the problem of taking the Philippines without at least some show of first obtaining the consent of the inhabitants of the ceded territory.





The Way to Make That Part of Your Farm Yield a Good Profit.

The basis of profitable dairying is a herd of high grade cows. Next, the bull used should be of the same breed and have an unquestioned ancestry of merit and feeding for the cows and wise handling of the butter. Dairy cows should be stabled at night and on cold and stormy days, with plenty of bedding for warmth and cleanliness. A feed of ten pounds of clover hay and ten pounds of shredded corn-stalks, with what unshredded stalks they will eat clean from the rack, is enough rough food for the average cow per day. A daily feed of grain consisting of five pounds of wheat bran and five pounds of corn and cob meal ground fine, will bring good results. The quantity of food is not arbitrary, as some cows will require more and some less. Water twice a day. With the milk use a separator, a tester and scales, and dispose of, as unprofitable, every cow that does not come up to the standard under these tests. Raise the heifer calves to increase the herd. Pack the butter product carefully and have it of a quality that will command attention in the market. Mark it so that those who buy may know where it comes from and they will soon get in the habit of asking for it. Then the dairy will be found a most profitable part of the farm.

Hints About Milking.

Always confine cows in the stable to be milked. It is better than having them chase one another around the yard. Have the stable clean and have the cow clean or you can't get clean milk. Lime and whitewash for walls and posts is a good thing. Land plaster is a good absorbent in the stable.

Before commencing to milk, brush all loose dirt from the sides and udder of the cow. After a little manipulation of the teats and udder, the milk is ready to "come down." Then is the time to take it and do not delay.

Milk as rapidly as possible without irritating or worrying the cow. No definite rule can be given as to how the teats should be handled in milking, as cows differ and hands differ so much; but be sure of one thing—please the cow if possible.

There should always be a friendly feeling between the cow and the milker, and milkers should not be changed if it can be avoided.

A cow will not "give down" her milk to a milker she hates or is afraid of, and what she does give will be deficient in butter fat.

New Use for Skim Milk.

A new product—a simple by-product—of the dairy is the manufacture of sizing to be used by the manufacturers of paper, to put the glazing on paper of fine quality. The practice heretofore in accomplishing this purpose has been to use a superior grade of glue with other compounds, but it has now been satisfactorily ascertained that a much better and cheaper sizing is obtainable from skim milk. So trustworthy is the article in this application that a five-year contract is said to have been made by one concern to furnish the liquid to some large paper manufacturers. The skim milk to be used in this way is put in a vat, treated with chemicals, and heated until curd is formed, the curd then being washed, pressed and conveyed to the head-quarters plant; here it is ground fine and put in a large and improved drying kiln, where it is dried in about twelve hours, then bagged and is ready for shipment.

Binding Corn Fodder.

Corn fodder that is cut and left standing in the field is often greatly damaged because of the loose way in which the shocks are bound. A handy and effective way to draw the shock together for tying is to take a strap and fasten an iron ring two or three inches in diameter to one end. By putting the strap around the shock near the middle and running the free end through the ring, the shock can be brought to its smallest compass and there while additional layers are being put on. There is little difficulty in keeping fodder which is well tied, and this method insures tight, compact shocks that will stand wind and storm.

Value of Milk.

The value of milk to a farmer who is producing milk for the profit there is in it, is measured by the difference between its cost of production and the income from its sale or use. It is a fortunate thing for the ambitious dairyman that some of the most important conditions which influence the cost of producing milk and affect its value when disposed of, are under his control. The dairyman who allows as few of them as possible to work against him is bound to succeed.

Breeding Sows.

When you select your breeding sows see that they are well developed, good feeders and thrive well on their food. This indicates a good constitution and good digestion, excellent qualities to be transmitted to their offspring.

To Cure a Kicking Horse.

Tie a foreleg by rope to the hind leg on the other side. By kicking, the front leg is jerked off the ground and the animal goes down in a heap. Two or three doses are enough.

The greatest trouble with the majority of men who bet on sure things is that they always bet the wrong way.

The biggest fish stories come in bottles.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

ALL SORTS IN A NUTSHELL.

The strength of two horses equals that of fifteen men.

There are 269 co'or varieties of the chrysanthemum to be seen in Japan.

Vegetarians assert that one acre of land will comfortably support four persons on a vegetable diet.

It is a curious circumstance that some of the most important inventions have been discovered by lunatics.

Boarding houses are necessary evils intended to convince bachelors that they should have homes of their own.

A French professor is said to be the owner of a collection of 920 heads, representing the various known races of people on the globe.

No restaurant in St. Petersburg is now allowed to have its bill of fare exclusively in a foreign language. By a recent edict, a Russian version must always be added.

PITH AND POINT.

A woman's look may affect a man more than her words.

Don't pick out for your friend an individual at whom dogs growl.

Don't forget that an ounce of silence is better than a pound of explanation.

Self-praise is like a church-steeples—the higher it goes the narrower it becomes.

Polliteness is like an air cushion; there may be nothing in it, but it eases our jolts wonderfully.

It is all very well to talk of loving one's enemies, but we are much more apt to love those who love us.

If we were paid what we consider we deserve everyone else would declare that we were overpaid.

A little tact, a little kindness, a little judgment will many times save a housekeeper great worry and vexation part of the farm.

IRONICAL IFS.

If a man is always on the go he seldom stops when he gets there.

If a man attends solely to his own business he has a good steady job.

If bees made glucose some dealers would adulterate it with pure honey.

If the street sprinkler throws water on a man it doesn't cool him off.

If it is true that the apparel makes the man some men ought to change tailors.

If an employee never pretends to be busy when he has nothing to do he is trustworthy.

If people would reflect more they would be brighter and if they were brighter they would reflect more.

If a man's wife can read the war news without wishing she was a man he will never experience the pleasure of being benched.

PRECIOUS PROVERBS.

One touch of love mends all a heart's punctures.

Some men marry maids and some are married by widows.

When it comes to manual labor the average man is an Immune.

The man who looks upon the wine when it is red may feel blue later.

A woman changes her mind so often that it keeps her busy speaking it.

Be sure you are right, then go ahead, regardless of the road others take.

Lots of people are too conscientious to live and yet manage to suppress the truth.

Life may be a grand, sweet song, but one can't get much harmony out of it in "A flat."

Self-praise is like a church-steeples—the higher it goes the narrower it becomes.

SELECTED SAYINGS.

Don't spare the rod if you expect to catch any fish.

Don't trouble about trouble that doesn't trouble you.

Don't expect to find uniformity of opinion on any subject.

Don't condemn a thing until its inefficiency has been proven.

Don't be ungrateful—look at the faults of a lady with closed eyes.

Don't get discouraged because you are unable to understand everything.

Don't try to fence in a bow-legged man—he always has an open gap for his own.

Don't hit a man when he's down—It's safer to throw rocks at him when he's up a tree.

Don't marry for money, but always for love—but if girl has money there's no harm in trying to love her.

Don't spread an ill report about your neighbor unless you are positive it is true—and don't do it then if he's bigger than you.

FOUR TRUTHFUL FACTS.

Exalt a harmless indulgence into the domain of sinfulness, and you will be sure to make it wonderfully popular.

A woman either fears or hates the man who knows just how old she is. He is liable to give her away at any moment.

Lying might be a very profitable thing if one held a monopoly in it, all other persons being compelled to speak the truth. But, when anybody can lie if he wants to, mendacity does not amount to much.

It is funny, but there is nothing that sounds so silly as the talk of two lovers who think they are beyond the hearing of anyone; and yet there is nothing in it that is one-half so intoxicating as this same silly talk.

The Governor's Prayer.

"Well," said the Governor, of Manila, "if this is a Pacific squadron, heaven preserve us from their quarrelsomeness."

The sooner a cough or cold is cured without harm to the sufferer the better. Lingered colds are dangerous. Hacking cough is distressing. One Minute Cough Cure quickly cures it. Why suffer when such a cough cure is within reach? It is pleasant to the taste. T. E. Zimmerman & Co.



WHAT TO WEAR AND HOW TO MAKE IT.

May Mantons' Hints Regarding Seasonable Toilets.

Plain colored cashmere is here charmingly developed with an applied yoke and collar of black guipure over turquoise blue satin the trimming of insertion being laid over blue satin to match.

The semi-girdle of blue satin ribbon is inserted at the under arm seam and tied in a large bow with ends at the front.

The stylish arrangement of the gown is made over fitted linings that close in center front, a slightly pouched effect.



fect is given by gathers attached to the lining at the waist line. The full fronts are gathered at the top and arranged at pointed yoke depth the fullness in back being collected in overlapping plaits that hang from the center in Watteau-like folds. The neck is finished with a standing collar over the top edge of which a circular portion is joined that separates in neatly pointed ends at the front.

The prettily pointed lapels in four sections form a bertha over the edge of the yoke, and square epaulettes stand out stylishly over the two seamed sleeves.

The upper portion of the sleeves are arranged over fitted linings in three downward turning plaits that cause pretty fullness at the top, the wrists being finished with narrow frills of the material or lace as preferred.

To make this gown for a lady of medium size will require 6 1/2 yards of material 44 inches wide.

Ladies Jacket.

Hussar blue cloth is here stylishly united with black velvet and broadened silk, broad pascamenters showing up well as decoration on the edge of velvet collar and light toned vest.

The vest fronts of broadened silk are cut low at the neck and close invisibly in center front, the edges being included in the shoulder and under arm seams of the jacket.

The fronts that fit closely with single bust darts flare apart, to disclose the handsome vest, and the inside facing is of silk to match. The flaring Medici collar is shaped in four sections, each one being interlined with tailors' canvas, and the velvet facing with fancy braid edge adds a charming finish to this stylish collar.



smoothly, coat laps being finished below the center back seam.

It is matter of choice whether the belt shall be worn over the back, and slipped through openings in the under arm seams, or worn under the jacket altogether, the former method being quite fashionable.

The sleeves, shaped with under portions, are of the size demanded by fashion, and flaring cuffs of velvet finish the wrists. Square pocket flaps cover the openings to front and breast pockets, either of which can be omitted, if not desired.

While a tailor finish of machine stitching is correct for garments of this kind, braid is equally fashionable and very stylish. The jacket can match or contrast widely with the vest, or it can be omitted, and the jacket worn as a blazer over a silk blouse or shirt waist of any reasonable material.

To cut this jacket for a lady of medium size one and five-eighths yards of material 54 inches wide will be required.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

Simply Dressing.

The imagination of some small boys is worth having. The other night, when Mr. Wallpyng was lying asleep on his library sofa and snoring away for dear life, Mrs. Wallpyng remarked that she wished he would not snore so.

"Pa ain't snoring," said Tommie Wallpyng. "He's dreamin' about a dog, and that's the dog growling."

A VETERAN'S STORY

THE ABSOLUTELY TRUE TALE OF HOW THE SERGEANT SENT THE NEWS.

Went as a Spy Into the Enemy's Lines and Sent the Spotted Home Inside a Shell Which He Fired From the Enemy's Cannon at His Own Command.

The veteran, in the dingy uniform that might have been gray or blue, was perhaps a shade indelicate as to where he had experienced the stories he was telling, but he was an interesting old fellow, and his listeners had been reading too many war tales sent by special messengers to newspapers to worry about the details so long as the results were good. So they filled up the narrator's beer mug and set him going again.

"One of the oddest things," he said, with the calm confidence of truth, "that I can remember, happened to my brother and me, both of us being members of a battery. On one occasion we had been watching the enemy for a week, trying to keep him from crossing a river until our reinforcements had got up, but the rains had set in and men couldn't move, and we were pretty sure that the enemy was up to some sledge or other that was going to wipe us off the face of the earth, for he had ten times as many men and guns as we had to meet him with. Of course, that made the commanding officer dead blue, and they offered all sorts of inducements for some of our fellows to go over and find out what was up. I suppose a dozen or more went, to ten times that many who volunteered to go, but none came back, and we wasn't any better off than we were before.

"One morning I told the General that my brother and me had a scheme to get the information he wanted, and if he would agree to promote us both if we got it, we'd try for it. He might have agreed to make Brigadiers of us, but we compromised on sergeants, and my brother left for the other side, after telling me good-by. For two days we did not hear from him, and on the third the enemy got a 12-pound gun into a position the battery I was with had been fighting him away from for a week, and I got a blast from the major, but I never said a word. Neither did the General; and my poor brother—nobody knew where he was.

"Strange to say, our battery didn't open up on the enemy, either, in his new position, and the officers began to look worried, waiting to hear from the general in command. About 10 o'clock in the morning the enemy's gun let loose with a roar that tore the ground up, and a shell that looked to me to be as big as a barrel came flying across the river and hit in a sand pile in the rear of our battery. In a minute I had broke for that sand pile and was scratching like a dog at a rabbit hole, and pretty soon I came out with the shell in my arms and was cutting across lots for the General's tent.

"I never stopped to ask any questions of the folks at our battery, but got to the General as soon as I could, and, rushing right into his tent, I dropped that hot shell into a bucket of water and out again, and let into the vent of it with a hatchet. Well, to make a long story short, on the inside of the shell where the blow-up stuff usually is was a communication from my brother signed Sergeant John Smith, giving the General the very kind of information he was crazy to get hold of, and it fixed him so that he knocked the enemy galley west in no time. My brother had got into it easy enough, for it wasn't such a great secret over there what they were going to do. The only trouble was we hadn't been able to get back with it when our men went over after it. My brother got into a plan, though, by loading it into the shell and firing it from the gun in the position he had got for it, when the enemy couldn't have done it in a month. That was the scheme we worked, and my brother, being a fine gunner, had no trouble getting in with the artillery company, especially when he went to the officers with a story about how he could get the gun in the position that they had been trying so long to get and couldn't, owing to our battery on the other bank of the river. He was a great strategist, was my brother, and ought to have directed things in this war.

"No," sighed the veteran, "he never got his promotion, though I did mine, as the General said I should. My brother was killed at the battery he fired the shell from, and by the guns of his own friends. Just as like as not I done it myself, but that is war."

A Conversational Subterfuge.

"No, sir," said the man with a heavy mustache and a slouch hat. "I don't want to associate with a man who swears that is, if I can help it."

"But I thought you were an old hand," said the young man to whom he was talking.

"So I am. But I ain't one of the kind you read about. I'm too busy 'raisin' cattle to spend my time thinkin' up curious and amusin' things to say."

"But I thought there was always a great deal of profanity on a ranch."

"Not necessarily. You'll only find it when some special people is talkin'."

An, as I said, I never hang around where it's goin' on."

"Well, there is no doubt about the propriety of discouraging it. Profanity is unquestionably very demoralizing."

"Yes. An' the meanness of it is what hurts my feelin's. It doesn't give the other feller a fair shake in the conversation. The one that uses it always wants to do all the talkin'."

An' there's no use in tryin' to buck against him. If he happens to run out of lines he doesn't give you a chance. He goes ahead and swears a few while he thinks up some more, and then starts in where he left off without lettin' you say a word."

A Wonderful Discovery.

The last quarter of a century records many wonderful discoveries in medicine, but none that have accomplished more for humanity than that sterling old household remedy, Brown's Iron Bitters. It seems to contain the very elements of good health, and neither man, woman or child can take it without deriving the greatest benefit. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

A TARIFF ON WEDDINGS.

It Was a Little Too Strong to Please This Couple.

They were two tall and leathery-looking individuals, and when they entered the rural store, the man said to the merchant:

"Got any good red caliker cheap?"

"Oh, yes," replied the merchant, "plenty of it. Here's some very fine and good for 10 cents a yard."

"Shoo! that's away yander too high," said the woman, who had taken hold of the edge of the cloth and was rolling it between her fingers. "I bought the same goods two years ago for 5 cents a yard."

"That's exactly right," chimed in her male companion.

"Yes, but that was before the Dingley tariff went into effect," said the merchant.

After considerable higgling the trade was closed, the man paying the bill and passing the dress pattern over to the woman.

"Now, 'squire," said the man to the merchant, who happened to be also justice of the peace, "we want to get married an' wanter know what you charge fur that."

"I always charge \$1 fur a plain marriage ceremony," said the merchant, "but for anything fancy I get more."

"A dollar fur just a-marryin' us two?"

"That's the rock-bottom price."

"Wal," said the man, in great disgust, "I reckon they bezz dun sot a dinged tariff on marryin' ceremonies, too."

He Wanted Legal Advice

"Well, prisoner, what have you got to say for your self?"

"I don't know, your honor. What would you say?"

Not a Pleasant Subject.

"Why is it that people never talk about the thermometer except when it is very cold or very hot?"

"Because they find it possible to think of other things except at such times, I guess."

The First Envelope.

"The first envelope ever made is in the possession of the British Museum." If we remember the account of it in the Bible, it was fashioned of fig leaves.

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travelers, who carry them in their pockets, carry them in their pockets, housekeepers keep them in medicine chests, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

CALL ON—

GEO. T. EYSTER,

See his splendid stock of

GOLD & SILVER

Key & Stem-Winding

WATCHES.

Western Maryland Railroad

Schedule taking effect Oct. 24, 1898.

MAIN LINE.

Read Downward. STATIONS. Read Upward.

A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M. P. M.

..... 9 40 5 37 le Cherry Run Ar 8 48 1 03 9 00

..... 9 45 5 40 Big Poole 8 45 1 02 8 57

..... 9 50 5 45 Clear Spring 8 50 1 01 8 52

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