

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

W. H. TROXELL, Editor & Publisher.

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TERMS—\$1.00 a Year in Advance.

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EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1898.

NO. 50.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.

LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought *Chas. H. Fletcher* on the and has the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 24, 1898.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY

Circuit Court.
Chief Judge—Hon. James McSherry.
Associate Judges—Hon. John C. Motter and Hon. J. H. Wilson.
S. J. S. Attorney—Wm. H. Hinks.
Clerk of the Court—D. J. Hargrett.

Orphan's Court.
Judge—John A. Gaylor, Wm. R. Young and Henry B. Wilson.
Recorder of Wills—Charles E. Saylor.

County Officers.
County Commissioners—Jesse A. Dean, Wm. H. Hinks, S. J. S. Attorney, Wm. H. Hinks.
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CRYSTAL FOUNT.

Written for the Chronicle.
O beautiful Crystal Fountain
That sparkles to the sky,
Beside the Blue Ridge mountain
Where Carriac rises high!
Long years have thus been showing,
Thy fluting raiment showing,
Beneath the arching trees;
Both in the North wind's blowing,
And gentle summer breeze.

Before the hills were christened,
While yet thy lips were sealed,
Deep in the crypts thou glistened,
Alone and unrevealed.
'Twas then the Indian races
Swept Westward in their chases,
Amid the scented bloom;
Leaving their last faint traces
O'er thy unbroken tomb.

O beautiful Crystal Fountain!
'Twas many a year ago,
A woodman from the mountain,
Drew near with footsteps slow
When, suddenly arising
Above the leaves disguising
Thy source, he saw thee toss;
A little spring cleaving,
He left thee in the moss.

When next he sought thy coldness,
He found kind Charity
Had limited thy boldness
And curbed thy wanton glee.
And here the simple cotters,
Old Carriac's sons and daughters,
Draw in from far and near;
For never yet were waters
So cold, so crystal clear.

O beautiful Crystal Fountain!
Alike thy waters spill,
For the foxes in the mountain,
And the cattle on the hill;
And after winter's pining,
If Candlemas be shining,
The balder backward turns;
But when the sun's declining,
He ventures through the ferns.

And deep within this wilderness,
When waters are rattling down,
The comrades of our childhood,
Come wandering up from town.
And here with many a wrestle,
We hold our meetings festive,
A merry hearted folk,
While little cat-birds nestle,
Within the epe a big oak.

O beautiful Crystal Fountain,
Lost in the mist of time,
When that long range of mountain
Sweeps fading from my view!
Through land and mist of division,
I see that land Elysian,
Like those fair realms of old,
Where Leon in his vision,
The founts of youth beheld.

What though the signs of sorrow
And age are on me now!
Methinks, if I to-morrow
Could bathe in thee my brow,
That they would lightly vanish
As those dead leaves I'd banish
With one wave of my hand,
'Neath which thy waters plash
The semi-precious sand.

O beautiful Crystal Fountain,
Emblem of all that's fair,
Fast flowing by the mountain
Where life's dark path lies bare!
Here Tempra ce holds the beaker,
And Health restores the weaker
Who seek thy blooming booth,
And Nature yields the seeker
Her priceless pearls of Truth.

And like a baptism holy,
Thy shining waters flow,
Since then a symbol lowly,
Christ chose for us below;
And like that changeless river
That stands for aye and ever
Around the Great White Throne;
The Crystal Founts where never
A troubled wave is known.

FRENCH WINE CROP OF 1897

John C. Covett, American
council at Lyons, France, has sent
an interesting report on the French
wine industry to the State Department
at Washington. According
to the report, the value of last
year's vintage was \$132,000,000,
about \$10,500,000 of which was
for high brands. The total yield
in all the departments was 727,
791,245 gallons, and the acreage
represented by this production was
422,335, or about 100,000 less
than it was a year ago. Ten years
ago the acreage was about 600,000
more than last year, but the
greatest quantity of wine ever pro-
duced in France was in 1875, when
the yield was 873,014,000 gallons.

The decline since that year has
not been general. In some depart-
ments the yield was greater in 1897
than in 1875. Hereault, credited
with 211,500,000 gallons in 1875,
produced 227,200,110 gallons in
1897, although a product of only
91,980,000 gallons is recorded for
1897. Gard, with a record of
only 25,783,000 gallons in 1875,
produced 61,629,345 gallons in
1897. The other departments
showing gains are Aude, Pyrenees

Orientales, Bouches du Rhone,
Rhone and Ain. All the others
show losses, compared with 1875,
the Gironde having the worst
record, dropping from 118,510,000
to 30,066,210 gallons.

The consul states that all of this
product, except the \$10,500,000
mentioned as representing high
grades, was the common wine drunk
by the people and bought by them
in the vineyards or their immediate
vicinity. He adds that in many
families the consumption is about
one quart per day for each grown
person. In addition to the home
product the French also consume
a large quantity of imported wine.

The imports in some years have ex-
ceeded 200,000,000 gallons; last
year they were 131,332,500 gallons.
In 1897 France produced 727,
791,245 gallons of wine. The next
greatest producer of wines is Italy,
with a record of 485,000,000 gallons
in 1897, and Spain, with 447,750,
000 gallons. In 1897 California
surpassed all her previous records
of wine production, with a total
output of 31,500,000 gallons, the
largest previous vintage being that
of 1893, when 25,000,000 gallons
were produced. In addition to
France, Italy and Spain, there are
six other European countries show-
ing a greater production than Cali-
fornia. Roumania, with 72,500,
000; Austria-Hungary, 62,500,
000; Russia, 56,250,000; Portugal,
56,250,000; Germany, 47,250,000,
and Turkey, with 40,500,000 gal-
lons.

The annual consumption of high-
priced French wines in this and
other countries is so large as to
suggest the idea that very much of
the common wine of the country
masquerades under "Chateau"
labels when it reaches America and
England. The chances are that
nine out of ten persons who profess
to be able to distinguish a fine
French wine are really giving their
approval to beverages for which the
French peasant pays about 9 and 10
cents a quart. It might be well for
the connoisseur who judges a vin-
tage by the label of the bottle to
keep these facts in mind. If he
does, he will not make the blunder
of supposing that all the 33,840,000
gallons of French wine exported in
1897 was high grade. Indeed, if
he inquires into the matter, he will
probably find that much of it did
not begin to rate with the 31,500,
000 gallons produced in California.

Lady enters barber shop with a
Skye terrier. "Mr. Barber, can
you cut my doggie's hair?" "No, I
can't; or, rather, I won't."
"Indeed! You seem to hold your-
self pretty high for one in your
position." "Perhaps I do, but
I'm no Skye scraper."—House-
hold Words.

CASTORIA.
Bears the
Signature
of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

There Are Such Women.

The dainty little French performer on
a vaudeville stage was drawing a
charcoal sketch of a ship at sea, with
the towers and battlements of an orien-
tal town in the background. It was a
night scene, and the moon was full and
visible. Everybody saw the picture ex-
cept a woman well in the front of the
theater. She saw it with her eye, but
her imperfectly constituted brain didn't
catch the lines on the board represent-
ed anything.

"Do you see the ship now?" asked
her impatient husband.

"It must be night," she said.

"Of course it's night. Don't you see
the moon?"

"What is that white stuff in the
rear?" she asked, referring to the orien-
tal city.

"Dear me," said her husband, "you
are like the fool that can't see the man
in the moon, only worse."

"Any way, he's a handsome man,"
pursued the female. "Do you suppose
he's 45 or 33?"

"Don't you see the ship and the city
now?" persisted the husband.

"I see something that looks like
cheese," she admitted, but at the look
of despair on her partner's face she
added:

"Oh, yes, now I do see it all. How
stupid I was. How pretty and clever it
is, to be sure. He's a handsome fellow,
and well dressed. Shall we go home,
dear, or see what the next act is?"

Without answering her husband arose
and helped her on with her coat, and
they left the theater, together in body,
but widely, widely, separated in spirit.
—New York Commercial Advertiser.

The diamond mining companies of
South Africa estimate their losses by
theft at \$1,000,000 a year, of which
they recover about one half.

WHERE WOMEN RULE.

What a Social Student Found in an East-
End Province.

While studying social conditions in
oriental lands, Dr. Alice B. Stockham
was advised by Tolstoi to visit the
Naiars on the Malabar coast of India,
and witness a type of civilization un-
known elsewhere among the inhabitants
of earth. Here, according to a writer,
the husband is a mere incident in the
social organization. Woman's power is
autocratic and absolute. She wins or
divorces a husband at will. She frames
and administers the laws by which he
lives, and through her is the descent of
the property, which he may earn, but
not own. The ricefield is his active
arena, and if industrious and frugal—
proving himself capable of maintaining
a family—some Naiar maid invites him
to become her husband. The successful
man of eligible years is wooed and won
as is the fortunate and accomplished
maiden of our country.

The inpropriety of manifesting af-
fection for a woman before it is solicited
is thoroughly instilled into the mind of
the Naiar man, and, while the strife be-
tween natural tendencies and national
custom may sometimes approach the na-
ture of an irrepressible conflict, to yield
in ruin and humiliation irreparable.
The eligible bachelor must await an
avowal of love and choice and suffer in
silence if it be long withheld. The
Naiars are of Brahman origin and much
above the average inhabitants of India
in intelligence and in the administration
of their native government. Better na-
tive schools are found here than else-
where in India, and a surprising degree
of domestic contentment.—Springfield
Republican.

CAKE WALK IS FRENCH.

When It Originated, It Also Stood For a
Marriage Ceremony.

The cake walk properly had its origin
among the French negroes of Louisiana
more than a century ago. There is lit-
tle doubt that it is an offshoot of some
of the old French country dances. It re-
sembles several of them in form. From
New Orleans it spread over the entire
south and thence north. It was found of
convenience to the plantation negroes.
They were not wedded by license, and
it was seldom that the services of a
preacher were called in.

At a cake walk a man might legiti-
mately show his preference for a woman
and thus publicly claim her for a
wife. In effect the cake walk was not
different from the old Scotch marriage,
which required only public acknowl-
edgment from the contracting parties. So
this festival became in some sense a
wedding, an acceptance or rejection and
a ceremony. This explains its popular-
ity with the blacks, outside of its beau-
ties, with the accompaniment of music,
which is competent at all times to
command negro support.

Cake walking has improved, as do
most things that are constantly practi-
ced. It has lost its old significance in the
south. Negroes now get married, when
they marry at all, in the white folks'
fashion. It has, however, become a pan-
tonic dance. Properly performed, it is
a beautiful one. The cake is not much
of a prize, though the negro has a sweet
tooth.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Forest Protection in Idaho.

The miners as well as the mine own-
ers operating in northern Idaho are pe-
culiarly interested in rational and ef-
fective methods of forest protection to
what remains of the public timber lands,
and as producers of national wealth
have a right to demand it. They have
the result of years of wanton forest de-
struction before their eyes and can see
themselves confronted with a timber
shortage before many years that threat-
en their commercial and industrial life.
That such a prophetic vision to foresee
the extent of burned forest land the
past 16 years as developed in these re-
gions is an evidence that requires no
supporting argument to make effective.
That many thousands of acres of forest
still exist in the Coeur d'Alene basin
does not weaken the fact of an impend-
ing timber shortage. Under the present
conditions two or three dry seasons
would suffice to wipe out the larger
portion by far of what remains of the
forests in this part of the state. There
is not yet adequate protection or super-
vision, and public sentiment upon these
points is not yet sufficiently aroused.—
Forester.

Self Made Men of Other Days.

The self made man is by no means
solely the product of modern times. Co-
lumbus was a weaver, Franklin was a
journeyman printer, Pope Sixtus V was
employed in his young days in keeping
swine, Robert Burns was a plowman,
Aeschylus was a slave, Homer was a beg-
gar, Daniel De Foe was apprenticed to a
hostler, Demosthenes was the son of a
cutter, while Virgil was a baker's son.
Ben Jonson was a bricklayer, Cervantes
was a common soldier, Canova's father
was a stonecutter, Captain Cook com-
menced life as a cabin boy, Haydn, the
musician, was the son of a poor wheel-
wright, Pizarro, instead of going to
school, was sent to keep hogs. Kirke
White's father was a butcher, and
Kents' father kept a livery stable.—New
York Sun.

Warm Water Baptism.

We would impress upon the clergy
the necessity of having the water warm-
ed. Baptism, it is true, is seldom or
never administered by immersion, but
even when affusion is used the contact
of cold water with a child's head might
injuriously affect one with an already
sufficiently low power of resistance.—
Lancet.

When the sultan of Turkey attends
the Friday midday prayer at the mosque,
in Constantinople, the garrison of 30,
000 men is stationed along the route
in such a way that he shall be safely
guarded from the moment he leaves his
palace until he is on his carpet in the
mosque.

Shopping in London.

One of the erroneous impressions that
Americans have before they try shop-
ping in London is that things are re-
markably cheap there, and when they
are set right by actual experience with
the fashionable dressmakers and haberdash-
ers they get a second mistaken idea
that English tradesmen are extraordi-
narily unskillful. This all arises from the
different customs that govern retail
business in the two countries. In Amer-
ica we pay cash for goods or settle our
accounts monthly. In England, how-
ever, accounts are supposed to be ren-
dered quarterly, and it has frequently
happened that because some patrons
have a social prominence that gives their
trade value as an advertisement the
shopkeeper has allowed their accounts
to run for three and four years. Other
patrons have demanded the same privi-
leges and have abused them, and the re-
sult is that to compensate for interest on
money owing by solvent debtors and for
the sums lost through those who never
pay the tradesman charges a goodly
profit on all his goods, and the prices
are accordingly high. On the other
hand, American women shopping abroad
seem to be bargain mad, and their ef-
forts to beat down prices inspire the
tradesman with much the same feeling
that a well trained butler experiences
when his nouveau riche master econom-
izes on his wines. In fact, looking for
bargains in Bond street is folly.—San
Francisco Argonaut.

Lord Byron.

Here is a new light on the character
of Lord Byron. The quotation is from a
letter by John Murray:

"Lord Byron is a curious man. He
gave me, as I told you, the copyright of
his new poems, to be printed only in
his works. I did not receive the last
until Tuesday night. I was so delighted
with it that even as I read I sent him a
draft for 1,000 guineas. The two poems
are altogether no more than 1,200 and
1,000 lines and will together sell for
5s. 6d. But he returned the draft, say-
ing that it was very liberal—much more
than they were worth; that I was per-
fectly welcome to both poems to print
in his (collected) works without cost or
expectation, but that he did not think
them equal to what they ought to be, and
that he would not admit of their
separate publication.

"I went yesterday, and he was rally-
ing me upon my folly in offering so
much and that he dared to say I
thought now I had a most lucky escape.
"To prove how much I think so,
my lord," said I, "do me the favor to ac-
cept this pocket-book," in which I had
brought with me the draft, changed in to
two bank notes of £1,000 and £50,
but he would not take it."

A Transformation.

Soon after my arrival in Leipzig my
attention was called one day to an eld-
erly gentleman on the street.

"Do you see that old gentleman with
the big umbrella?"

"You mean the one who is shambling
along as if he were not just sure where
he is going?"

"Yes, but you should not speak so
disrespectfully of the greatest of living
psychologists."
But the mistake was pardonable, for
few would have supposed that he was
not some plain village burgher who
had just come up to town and felt some-
what lost in the big city. Once in
Wand's lecture room, however, one
receives a very different impression of
him. As the great philosopher pour-
forth one of his learned discourses those
plain features light up, his bearing be-
comes dignified and impressive, and
you no longer think of the ungainly
waddler and the quaint mannerisms.—
Roanoke Collegian.

On the Wrong Track.

Slims recently received private infor-
mation that his son was not confining
himself strictly to the straight and nar-
row path. There were ugly rumors that
the young man played cards and bet on
the horses. Slims determined to double
his parental vigilance. The other even-
ing he turned to the young man who
was deep in a newspaper and inquired
sharply, "What are you reading, son?"

"A column under the head of 'What
Book Makers Are Doing?'"

"I'll tell you what they are doing,
sir," said the old man reverently. "They
are living luxuriously this winter, and
laying their plans to fleece such lambs
as you next season. They keep up the
race tracks and get rich by fooling
noodle pates like you. I've heard all
about you, sir, and your wild ways.
Order that paper stopped. What are
you laughing at, you young rascal?"

"At your surprising knowledge of
horse race methods. I was reading the
literary reviews."—Detroit Free Press.

Analysis of a Frenchman.

A Frenchman sleeps in Italy, snores
in small capitals, talks in thunder, ge-
sticulates in cyclone and acts in tornado.
He feels it all and means less than one-
tenth of it. Not that the nine-tenths
are hypocrisy, but that they are dra-
matic truth, discounted in final solution
at the bank of effervescence.—Brooklyn
Eagle.

Thirty-four years ago a picturesque
scene was enacted in the Danish capital.
A deputation of Greeks stood before the
old king of Denmark and asked that
they might offer the crown of their
country to his great nephew, Prince
George. For an answer the old man
turned to the youth, bade him take a
seat at his side and saluted him as his
brother sovereign.

Editing by the Golden Rule.

A country editor puts the old question
in new shape and says to his subscrib-
ers: "Brother, don't stop your paper
just because you don't agree with the
editor. The last cabbage you sent us
didn't agree with us either, but we
didn't drop you from our subscription
list on that account."—Gordon (Neb.)
Journal.

DOCTOR WAS IN LUCK.

How He Got a Quarter of Beef He Was
In Want Of.

A prosperous Pittsburg physician, who
resides in an aristocratic part of the
city, related an experience he met with
about a year after he had graduated
from college. He was practicing in a
small village in Indiana county about
18 miles from any railroad. He had
been recently married, and in the strug-
gle to make ends meet the prospect at
times became very discouraging. It was
during one of these depressing periods
in the middle of the winter, when snow
a foot and a half deep covering the
ground, that he was called to attend a
farmer who lived some miles away. The
stock of provisions in the house was ex-
hausted, and it seemed certain that the
resolution that had been made by the
young couple not to ask any one for
credit must be broken. When the call
arrived, the doctor was preparing to go
to the nearest store to ask the proprie-
tor to give him "tick," so that he could
get something for breakfast. Instead of
going to the store he mounted his faith-
ful mare Molly and started off through
the drifts to visit his patient. When
the doctor rose to leave, after attending
to the patient, the old farmer said:

"Doc, I ain't got no money, but if a
quarter of beef'll do you any good I'll
send it in when the roads get broke."

The young doctor's heart gave a
bound. Concealing his excitement as
best he could, he said: "What's the
matter with me taking it right along? I
was thinking of buying some beef, and
this will come in handy."

The proposition was accepted, and the
farmer's son helped put the quarter of
beef across Molly's shoulders, and the
homebound journey began. The mare
was skittish, and the doctor had diffi-
culty in keeping the beef from falling.
Finally the mare shied at something,
and away went the beef into a big snow-
drift.

The doctor was a member of the
Methodist church, and, according to his
story, did not swear. He dismounted
and endeavored to put the beef on the
mare, but she wouldn't stand still, and
after repeated attempts the task seemed
a hopeless one. Thinking of the resolu-
tion, the young doctor set his teeth and
tried again. This time he was success-
ful. He felt like a conquering hero as
he dumped the beef on the porch of his
modest home about midnight. The faith-
ful little wife was sure it was a
dispensation of Providence, but the doc-
tor, remembering his struggles at the
snowdrift, reserved his opinion.—Pitts-
burg Dispatch.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY PUZZLE

She Could Get the Answer, but Still She
Wondered.

A dear little woman up on Capitol
hill married and went to housekeeping
in the most determined manner. She
set to work to keep an exact account of
her expenditures, balancing her books
regularly once a month. One of her
earliest purchases was an ice ticket for
the season. It cost, I believe, \$10.
A month later, in making up her ac-
counts, it occurred to her that that \$10
should be divided proportionately among
the several months mentioned on the
ticket in order to give to each day's ac-
count only the amount of money actual-
ly expended on that day. Also she
wished to calculate and set down the
number of pounds of ice used each day.
The problem had several ramifications
which I have forgotten, but, at any rate,
it was exceedingly difficult, and the
housewife covered sheet after sheet of
paper with her calculation. The ar-
rival of her husband found her dishevel-
ed and in a state of evident distress.

"What in the world is the matter?"
he asked.

"Well, can't you get any answer
without that figuring?" he asked. The
wife's eyes began to blink rapidly and
she sniffed suspiciously.

"Oh, I can get an answer," she said,
swallowing hard—"I can get a lovely
answer, but I can't put it in my book
because I can't tell—I can't tell wheth-
er it's days or ice or money."—Wash-
ington Post.

The Pony in Franz-Josef Land.

At an early stage in our journey our
difficulties began. The pony broke loose
the second night out, and, unfortun-
ately, gorged herself with dried vegetables.
These, together with dog biscuits and a
few pounds of oats saved from the pre-
vious sledging, were her usual fodder,
owing to the lack of legitimate horse
food, which had quite run out more
than 12 months before. As I expected
the surfeit of dried vegetables brought
on a serious illness, to remedy which
Armitage and I clubbed together the
small supply of pills which we had
with us. He produced, I think, two va-
rieties of pills, and I had a number of
podophyllin; so we made up a dose of
22 in all, which I

FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1898.

BATTLE AT MANILA.

The following condensed reports of the war are taken from the Baltimore Sun:

A naval battle was fought in the bay of Manila, Philippine Islands, Sunday. A special cablegram from London states that advices received there from Spanish sources seem to make it clear that the Spanish fleet was given a crushing defeat by the American squadron, under Admiral Dewey. News received at Lisbon, Portugal, and which is considered reliable, states that the Spanish fleet was "completely defeated."

An official dispatch sent to Madrid by the governor-general of the Philippines states that "our fleet, considering the enemy's superiority, naturally suffered a severe loss." The same dispatch, which, it may be presumed, by no means magnifies the Spanish losses, states that the cruisers Reina Christina and Castilla were completely burned, a ship believed to be the Don Juan de Austria was blown up, the cruiser Don Antonio de Ulloa and the auxiliary cruiser Isla de Mindanao "suffered severely."

Other Spanish ships were sunk to avoid their falling into the hands of the Americans. Madrid advices also say that the American ships were greatly damaged.

The battle ship Oregon and the gunboat Marietta, about whose safety there has been much uneasiness, arrived at Rio de Janeiro, and left on Monday morning with the dynamite cruiser Buffalo, formerly the Nitrohero, to join Admiral Sampson's fleet.

A troop of Spanish cavalry fired upon the New York from ashore near Cabanas as Admiral Sampson was making a visit of inspection. Several shells were plumped down in their midst and the Spaniards scattered. Near Cienfuegos a Spanish steamer was captured.

A special cablegram from Manila, dated 8:52 A. M. Monday and received last night, states that Commodore Dewey expects to bombard Manila at 11:30 A. M. today. The American ships have silenced the land forts and destroyed the Spanish fleet at the Philippine capital.

The American fleet has begun a bombardment of Corregidor Island, a fortified post at the mouth of Manila bay.

Dispatches received by the British colonial office state that the Spanish fleet was annihilated. Commodore Dewey, the same dispatches state, demanded the surrender of all the torpedoes and guns at Manila and the possession of the cable offices, saying that unless these terms were complied with he would bombard the city. The Spanish governor-general refused to accede to these demands.

The Spanish admiral at Manila acknowledges that his fleet has been demolished.

Estimates of the loss of life in the fighting are difficult to get. A dispatch to the Paris Temps states that the Spanish had 400 men killed. The American loss is not known.

Details of the battle will be studied by naval experts as affording the only means so far available of estimating the fighting value of modern war vessels under normal conditions. The American fleet was undoubtedly superior to the Spanish, but the latter had the aid of the guns of several forts. Commodore Dewey showed a great deal of daring when he ran his ships into the inner bay of Manila notwithstanding the mines and torpedoes supposed to be placed there.

Naval bureau chiefs in Washington say that despite the heavy fighting at Manila the ships of Commodore Dewey are well supplied with coal and ammunition.

The opinion is expressed in Washington that the defeat of the Spanish fleet affords a favorable opportunity for European powers to force Spain to give up Cuba and end the war.

Both branches of Congress passed the urgent deficiency appropriation bill carrying \$35,720,915 for the use of the War Department. The Senate passed the bill providing for the enlistment of a volunteer brigade of engineers and of 10,000 yellow fever immunes in the South.

A special cablegram from London states that a dispatch from Madrid received there says the bombardment of Manila began before the

cable was cut. The cutting of the cable took place at 10 o'clock Monday morning, London time, which was 5 o'clock the same morning, Baltimore time.

When Commodore Dewey demanded the surrender of the guns and torpedoes at Manila, Governor-General Augusti is reported to have said: "Come and take them."

Troops will be sent in a short time from the Pacific slope to enforce American control of the Philippines. Ammunition and coal will be sent to the fleet at Manila.

Naval officers express great satisfaction at the report that the Spanish government will send its best warships to this side of the Atlantic and fight a decisive battle here.

The fleet which recently left the Cape Verde Islands for Porto Rico is not expected before the middle of next week. The Navy Department is patrolling the coast with the swiftest merchant vessels, so that the government may be promptly informed of the approach of the Spanish warships.

THE CAPTURED SPANIARDS.

Secretary Alger has directed that ten Spanish officers and the ten privates and non-commissioned officers taken from the Spanish steamer Argonata, and now at Key West, be taken to Fort McPherson, just outside of Atlanta, Ga., for confinement until they are either exchanged for any American officers and sailors who may be taken by the Spaniards, or until some other method for their disposition is reached. The Spaniards will be well cared for, and will be placed under the guard of a detachment of soldiers detailed for that purpose.

The civilians taken from the Spanish vessel Panama are held at Key West, and are under the charge of the Department of Justice. It is expected that most of them will be held as witnesses before the prize court, which is to determine the disposition of the Panama, at which the question will be settled whether the Panama can be rightfully held as a prize ship, some contention concerning it having been raised.

AMERICA'S great medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which cures when all other preparations fail to do any good whatever.

TO HOLD PHILIPPINES.

Washington, May 4.—The War Department was busy today making preparations to send a military force to the Philippines. General Miles has already made his arrangements for transporting troops to this distant point. Ships of the Pacific Mail Navigation Company will be used to carry troops and supplies. There are nine of these vessels available for Government services, and the officials of the company were notified today that the City of Rio de Janeiro and the City Peru would be pressed into service as auxiliary cruisers.

General Merriam, who is in charge of the regulars on the Pacific Coast, has been ordered by telegraph to push the necessary work. Volunteers from the Pacific Coast, preferably the rangers or mountaineers, who are good fighters and splendid marksmen will be sent. Already the California volunteers have asked to be assigned to this duty. Along with them will go a force of regulars, and orders were telegraphed today for the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Infantry and the Fifth and Seventh Cavalry to be in readiness to move at short notice. Equipment, clothing and supplies have been ordered to be delivered at San Francisco at once.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

E. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known E. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUXAN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family pills are the best.

SOME WAR FIGURES.

It will cost \$15,200 to fire one round of Sandy Hook's mortars. Each shot out of the big rifled guns costs \$650.

The smallest shot of all from the rapid-fire guns costs 50 cents each and the largest \$8. At 10 shots a minute the biggest rapid firer will cost \$80 for that time or \$4,800 an hour. Say that the 20 six-pounder and six one-pounder rapid fire guns on the battleship Massachusetts were in full operation for one hour, the cost would not be short of \$10,000. This would not take into account her four 13-inch breech-loading rifles, her eight 8-inch breech-loading rifles and her Gatlings.

The 13-inch cannon can be fired 10 times in 15 minutes. Suppose that five vessels, each bearing as the Massachusetts, four 13-inch and eight 8-inch guns, were to be actively engaged for one hour. The 13-inch guns alone would in that time fire away ammunition costing \$500,000.

Add \$150,000 for the eight 8-inch guns and \$10,000 for the rapid-firers, and it will be seen that a two-hours engagement could be made to cost the people about \$1,300,000. Of course, so many shots would not be fired in an engagement, but this does not rob the proposition of its interest.

On the day that Congress handed \$50,000,000 for war purposes to President McKinley, it would have cost \$6,800,000 to serve all our war vessels with the necessary ammunition. To this sum would have to be added the amount necessary to supply with ammunition the vessels purchased since that date.

The 16-inch cannon, the triumph of the Watervliet Arsenal, can probably be fired once in two minutes. If it were fired 20 times in one day the cost would be \$13,000. The life of this gun is said to end with the firing of its one hundredth shot, so that in its entire activity it eats up \$65,000 in ammunition.—Ee.

TROOPS WILL SOON MOVE.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 4.—No orders for the removal of the regulars in Chickamaugh Park have been received, but the general opinion prevails they will soon go. Recruits for the colored regiments are being enlisted as rapidly as possible. Much difficulty is experienced in recruiting white regiments. The big commissary warehouse, which has been in course of construction for some time, will be finished to-morrow. Before the end of this week work will be commenced upon another similar warehouse. Two thousand more horses are wanted.

A REAL CATARRH CURE.

The 10 cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm which can be had of the druggist is sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Send 10 cents, we will mail it. Full size 50c.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

Catarrh caused difficulty in speaking and to a great extent loss of hearing. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved.—J. W. Davidson Att'y at Law, Monmouth, Ill.

IMMIGRANTS IN APRIL.

The statement of the passengers landed at Baltimore during April shows the total number to have been 1,092, of whom thirty-one were cabin and 1,061 steerage. The decrease, as compared with March was 496. The decrease is not attributed to the war, but the number of ships, there being six, as compared with April. The nationality of the steerage passengers was distributed as follows: Germans, 205; Russians, 291; Austrians, 193; Hungarians, 237; Bohemians, 37; Swiss, 1; Armenians, 9; Italians, 1.

Mr. J. JOHNSON BRADLEY, of Mercersburg, while a soldier in Company C, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers, the day after the battle of Antietam missed a Bible out of his knapsack. Mr. Bradley's name and address were written on the fly-leaf. Several days ago he received a letter from Mrs. F. C. Hastings, Washington, D. C., stating that when a little girl she found the Bible on the battlefield at Sharpsburg. She sent the Bible to Mr. Bradley, and now that gentleman rejoices in the possession of the precious volume, which he had given up as lost.

WILL ADMIT WOMEN.

The board of trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, has decided to offer undergraduate courses for women in every way equal to those now open to men, and which are to lead to the same degrees now given to the latter students.

The authorities have had this matter under consideration for some time, and considerable influence has been brought to bear on the trustees of the university to gain their favorable endorsement of the proposition.

The movement has been given impetus by the success that has been attained by Cornell University, which is probably the only large university where coeducation exists on a very large scale.

To assist in carrying out the action of the board, Col. Joseph M. Bennett has presented to the university four houses on Walnut street, adjoining Bennett Hall, located at Thirty-fourth and Walnut streets, the value of which, including the ground, is said to be \$80,000. These buildings will be razed, and in their place a structure is to be erected to be devoted exclusively to the needs of the women students. The carrying out of the project it is said, will result in property and building worth about \$500,000.

A GREAT BOOK GIVEN AWAY.

If you will send 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, we will send you free the most useful medicine book ever presented to the public. This is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain Language; a book of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated, the great expense of preparing which has been covered by a sale of 680,000 copies at the regular price, \$1.50 per copy. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 662 Main Street, Buffalo N. Y.

ROLLING MILLS BLOWN UP.

New York, May 4.—Part of the Passaic Roller Mills, at Paterson, N. J., was blown up today. The explosion occurred in the boiler and gas section of the building. The damage to the works was \$75,000.

Edward Conser, a boiler tender, was killed. William Sheroek and Emil Derries, fireman, and Pasquale Marco, a laborer, were fatally injured.

I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have used all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found one remedy that has been a success as a cure, and that is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.—P. E. GRISHAM, Gars Mills, La. For sale by C. D. Eichelberger.

HOWARD S. BUGH, of Frederick, fell from a step ladder in the Frederick City Flouring Mills last Friday night and sustained a protrusion of the left hip. At the time of the accident Mr. Bugh was standing on a step ladder attempting to close a wheat slide, when the ladder gave way, throwing him with force against an adjoining pillar.

A BARN on the farm of William A. Cunningham, a mile north of Westminster, was totally destroyed by fire Wednesday afternoon. Some farming implements were destroyed, making an aggregate loss of about \$500, insured for \$150. Origin of the fire unknown.

JESSE C. CLAGETT, of Motter's Station, and Theodore C. Bradley, of Frederick county, who have joined Theodore Roosevelt's company of rough riders with the Cuban invading army, left for Washington Tuesday to join the command.

FIRE in the Blue Ridge mountains on Saturday burned over 4,000 acres of valuable timber in twelve hours. It raged from Mont Alto and New Baltimore to the State line. It was finally put out by a large force of men.

THE region about the dead sea is one of the hottest places on the globe, and the sea is said to lose 1,000,000 tons of water a day by evaporation.

Doctors Say; Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels. The Secret of Health. The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result. **Tutt's Liver Pills** Cure all Liver Troubles.

GOVERNOR LOWMEYER and State Treasurer Shryock visited Camp Wilmer and estimated its cost to reach \$75,000 by the time the troops are mustered in, but this amount will be repaid by the government.

Indigestion

Severe Stomach Trouble Entirely Overcome

Water Brash, Nausea, Vomiting, Spicils, All Cured by Hood's.

"I was troubled with indigestion to such an extent that I had given up all hope of getting relief. One day my husband suggested that I try Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began taking it. I now weigh 186 pounds and the indigestion and water brash with which I suffered have disappeared." MRS. CHARLES L. BEGUIN, 708 Frederick Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

"I was afflicted with vomiting spells and nausea, and I would wake up in the night with water brash. I had no appetite and could not gain strength. I was relieved of these disorders by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and now I always keep a bottle of this medicine in the house." HARRIET C. STRATMEYER, 1527 North Broadway, Baltimore, Maryland.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

BUTCHERS, PATTERSON BROS., EMMITSBURG, MD.

COME AND SEE US!

Owing to the low prices of cattle we intend to reduce the prices of our meats, and from this date on, we will sell our meats at the following low prices:

Beef Steaks.....10 to 12c
Beef Roasts.....8 to 10c
Broiling Beef.....3 to 4c
Veal Steaks.....7 to 8c
Veal Roasts.....10 to 12c
Steaming Veal.....6 to 8c
Veal by the Quarter.....7 to 10c
Spring Lamb.....10 to 15c
Also Smoked meats of our own Sugar Cured at these prices:
Hams (whole or half).....12c
Shoulders.....9 to 10c
Breakfast Bacon by the piece.....8c
Sliced Bacon.....10c
These meats are all our own cure, and first-class.

Polignia Sausage, our own make.....12 to 15c
New York, our own make and guaranteed first-class, by the can.....5c
Lard in small quantities.....5c

We are prepared to furnish meats, etc., in any quantity on short notice. We have contracted for Beef Cattle which can be used to kill only the best corn fed Steers and Heifers from now until July 15. Therefore, you can feel assured that you will get only the best meat on the market, and we will kill our cattle at our slaughter house, where we will be pleased to have the people call and see for themselves the kind of cattle we handle.

We have been in the business since 1890, and during which time we have enjoyed the patronage and confidence of the people, and we take this means of returning our grateful thanks for their custom and support, and by strict attention to business, we hope to be favored with a continuance of the public patronage.

MORRISON & HOKE'S Marble Yard, EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

Monuments, Tombstones and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed may 29-lyr



Before buying your Carriages come and examine my stock of

BUGGIES, New Buggies from \$38.00 to \$55.00; New Surreys from \$43.00 to \$85.00.

FOR SALE BY WM. R. GILLELAN, Emmitsburg, Md.

New Advertisements. DAUCHY & CO.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures itching Scalp and Dandruff. Sold by all Druggists.

INSURANCE Fire, Life & Accident.

REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will visit Emmitsburg WEEKLY on THURSDAY; will be found at the EMMIT HOUSE.

All classes of risks written in the above lines of Insurance. Farms, Small Country Homes and Town Properties handled on commission. CASSELL & WATERS, ang 27-lyr Thurmont and Frederick.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Ready to Wear, Everything New.

Make, Style and Finish Absolutely Right.

Ladies' Cloth Capes, \$1.40, \$2, \$2.50 Silk Capes, \$1.75, \$2.50 \$3 up. Black Brocade and Mohair Dress Skirts, \$1.39, 1.59 \$2 up. Crash Skirts, 75 and \$1.00. Shirt Waists, 50, 75, \$1, \$1.25.

IN THE NEWEST CUTS AND PATTERNS OF MATERIAL.

Black and Fancy Underskirts, 75, \$1.00, \$1.25 up.

These goods are made in materials closely resembling silks.

MUSLIN UNDER WEAR--EVERY CHARACTER For Ladies and Children.

Children's and Infants' White Dresses & Slips. THE LEADERS

G. W. WEAVER & SON,

N. B.—The greatest Ribbon and Lace Stock ever shown in this county.

NEW ASSORTMENT OF FINE SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Ladies' Shoes in Button and Lace for \$1 per pair; Misses Tan Slippers for 45 cents per pair; Ladies' Patent Leather Slippers for \$1.25 per pair. Best grade. Men's Fine Shoes in

20 Different Styles.

Ladies Fine Shoes in

24 Different Styles. 24

In button and lace. I have ladies fine shoes with smooth insoles, free from nails, tacks and wax thread. Call and examine them. No trouble to show goods. Respectfully,

M. FRANK ROWE.

A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME! KEEP YOUR HOUSE CLEAN WITH

SAPOLIO

W. J. Valetine, News and Opinions

National Importance THE SUN. ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - \$6 a year Daily and Sunday, by mail, \$8 a year

Notice To The Public

I. GREENWALD opened up on March 22nd, a regular

MERCHANT -- TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

in the room lately occupied by Mr. Vincent Sebold, on

W. MAIN STREET, IN EMMITSBURG, Gentlemen wishing to see best

LINE OF SAMPLES

to select from will please call. Will be open from 7 A. M. until 9 P. M.

Guarantee Perfect Satisfaction,

or suits not taken. No risk whatever. Yours Respectfully,

I. GREENWALD.

UNDERTAKING

In all the various branches. A fine lot of COFFINS, CASKETS, and SUPPLIES always in stock. Ice Casket and embalming Free. Calls by day and night promptly answered. Respectfully,

TOPPER & HOKE, Emmitsburg, Md.

EMMIT HOUSE,

1898 1898 GEORGE M. RIDER, PROPRIETOR, EMMITSBURG, MD.

The leading hotel in the town. Traveling men's headquarters. Bar supplied with choice liquors. A free bus from all trains. I also have a first-class Livery in connection with the hotel. nov 26-lyr

VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. jan 29-lyr

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1898.

Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Oct. 3, 1897, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7.50 and 10.00 a. m. and 2.55 and 4.50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8.20 and 10.30 a. m. and 3.55 and 5.20 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8.26 and 10.40 a. m. and 3.31 and 6.34 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 8.56 and 11.10 a. m. and 4.01 and 7.04 p. m.

JAMES A. ELDER, Pres't.

WHEAT sold in Baltimore Thurs. day at \$1.25.

A horse hospital has been established at Salisbury.

A hospital for railroad men will be established in Hagerstown.

This yard in front of the new M. E. Church has been sodded.

MR. JESSE CLAGGETT, has gone to join the volunteer Cow-boy regiment.

MR. DANIEL SHEETS has been quite ill at his home in this place, for the past several days.

MR. SINGLETON DORSEY, of near town, recently lost his pocket book containing fifty-two dollars.

The clearances for the fiscal year of the Frederick Clearing House Association was \$5,503,668.18.

The Hagerstown bakers have agreed to reduce the size of a five cent loaf of bread from 29 to 19 ounces.

Mrs. NANCY FRIED, widow of Harry Fried, died at her home, in Funks town, aged ninety-five years.

DENTAL NOTICE.—Dr. Foulke will visit Emmitsburg, professionally, May 11th and 12th. Office at the residence of Mr. Philip Lawrence.

NICHOLAS HOFFMAN was fined \$5 and cost by Justice Huggins, at the Central Police Station Baltimore for carrying a razor.

MR. CYAS C. KRETZER has had his barber shop repaired, which greatly improves the appearance of his usually neat and attractive tonorial room.

At Taneytown the election resulted in the election of Dr. Geo. T. Motter for Burgess. Dr. Motter is a brother of Judge John C. Motter of Frederick.

MR. JOHN BLOOM, of Tighamton, Washington county, dropped dead Monday of heart disease, aged seventy years. He was a school teacher for many years.

MR. E. H. ROWE took charge of John T. Cretin's distillery this morning, as Storekeeper and Ganger, having been assigned to duty by Collector B. E. Parlett.

THIRTY soldiers from Company A, Frederick Riflemen, including Lieut. Charles B. Tyson, have returned home from Camp Wilmer. Many of them failed to pass the physical examination.

ON Wednesday little Francis, son of Mr. Jacob L. Topper, of this place, fell from the gang way at his father's coach shop, breaking his leg between the knee and thigh.

A number of our citizens residing on the north side of West Main street, at and near the public square, are having large terra cotta pipes laid, which connect with the cellars at the different houses for the purpose of drainage.

THE Merchants' Association of Gettysburg will meet at the Arbitration room, on Monday night, May 9th, at 8.30 o'clock, to perfect a set of By laws and effect permanent organization.

FRICK COMPANY, Waynesboro, have sold to a syndicate in New York their large Brooklyn ice plant for the sum of \$90,000. The company will for the present retain a third interest in the stock.

MR. ALBERT REYNOLDS, of Hagerstown, jumped out of bed Sunday night and ran to a front window to get a good view of some one below thumping on his door, when he lost his balance and fell to the ground fifteen feet and was badly bruised.

BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION OFFICERS.

The following were recently elected officers of Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent Association: Chaplain, Rev. J. B. Manley; President, A. V. Keepers; Vice-President, Joseph Hopp; Secretary, Geo. Keepers; Assistant Secretary, W. L. Myers; Treasurer, John H. Rosenfeld; Sergeant-at-Arms, J. C. Shorb; Sick Visiting Committee, Henry C. Taylor, J. C. Shorb, Jacob L. Topper, James Seltzer, Geo. Rosenfeld; Board of Directors, John A. Peddicord, Joseph E. Hopp, John Hoke.

THE COSTA RICAN COUNTERFEITERS.

For months the Costa Rican counterfeiters have been issuing bogus notes of the government of the island until the amount, it is said has reached \$1,000,000. Inspectors of the secret service bureau were chiefly instrumental in bringing the malefactors to justice. The efficiency of the secret service is undoubted, but it is by no means a secret, but a patent fact, that the service that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters does the week, nervous and dyspeptic is of genuine value. There have been from time to time counterfeiters of it, but the miniature note of hand on the label, and the vignette of St. George and the Dragon, are not successfully imitated. This tonic absolutely prevents and remedies malaria, rheumatism, liver complaint and dyspepsia.

COLLIFLOWER—FLESHMAN.

Mr. Charles E. Colliflower, of Thurmont, and Miss Barbara E. Fleshman, of Lewistown, were quietly married at Mt. St. Mary's on April 19 by Rev. Father Manly.

WHEAT NATURE

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Dr. Wm. C. Boteler.

Practice limited to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Spectacles adjusted for all forms of defective sight. Spectacle examinations free. Office, City Hotel. Office hours 2 to 5 o'clock p. m.

MR. JAS. T. GELWICKS has ten small chickens and a bantam rooster, which are quite interesting at this time. The hen that hatched the chickens refused to have any thing to do with them. The small chickens were then given to a bantam rooster, which seems to take great interest in them and gives them more attention than an old cock.

NO "ANTI-LIMESTONE" TICKET.

A special dispatch to the Baltimore Star, dated Emmitsburg, May 3, giving an account of the town election, which took place on Monday, says: "The two tickets were headed 'Limestone' and 'Anti-Limestone'. The fact is that there was only one ticket in the field, and there were no tickets voted headed 'Anti-Limestone'."

Mrs. JAMES H. HARKINS, of Aberdeen, who was injured by being thrown from a carriage near the home of her son-in-law, Alfred Mitchell, Boothby Hill, was very severely bruised and had two bones broken in her left hand. At the time of the accident she was holding her little granddaughter on her lap, but the child escaped without the slightest injury.

PERSONALS.

Master Joe Hoke is visiting his sisters, Mrs. Stockman and Mrs. Minnich, in Carlisle, Pa.

Rev. D. H. Riddle, is visiting his sister at Falls Church, Va.

Miss Kate Stokes, of Thurmont, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stokes.

Mr. Chas. R. Hoke made a visit to Baltimore this week.

NINE TENTHS of all human ailments come from the same cause—impurity in the blood. Take almost any disease you please and trace the cause of it—you will find it in the blood. Purify and enrich the blood and you remove the cause, and so you cure the disease inevitably and infallibly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all diseases depending upon poor, impoverished, thin, impure blood.

The six-year-old son of a well-known officer of the First Regiment, whose home is in Hagerstown, was told by his mother that he ought to pray for his father while the latter was away. The little fellow agreed with his mother and when he was ready to retire he offered up the following supplication: "Oh, God, take care of my father, and don't let him get killed by the Spaniards; but if he does get killed please send me another one just as good as he is."—American.

WAR FEVER IN FREDERICK.

John Markey and William Delashmutt, about eighteen years old, sons of two prominent families in Frederick, left their homes last Tuesday morning to join the navy and to fight for the freedom of Cuba. They were attending school, which they left, went to Frederick Junction and took a freight train for Baltimore, where they were overhauled Wednesday morning and taken back home.

RAILROAD EMPLOYEES CAN GO.

Both the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Companies have notified their employees that they could volunteer for army service, with the assurance that they would be reinstated upon their return after the war. The Western Maryland did likewise last week. The Pennsylvania Company will pay the volunteers their full salaries during their absence.

BARN AND CONTENTS BURNED.

An incendiary fire destroyed a barn, with its contents, on an untenanted farm of John W. Kelbaugh, near Hampstead, Carroll county, Sunday morning. The barn was a large structure, seventy-six by forty feet in dimensions. Mr. Kelbaugh had in it a lot of farming implements, ten tons of hay, fifteen tons of straw, a lot of mill feed, eight fine, fat cattle, a heifer, and a valuable two-year-old colt, all of which were burned. The entire loss will be about \$1,500. The insurance is \$700.

CHRISTIAN MUMMA DEAD.

Mr. Christian Mumma, an aged citizen of near Rocky Ridge, departed this life April 28, aged 76 years, 1 month and 12 days. A widow, one daughter and two sons survive him to mourn their loss. His funeral took place from the German Baptist Church at Rocky Ridge. Elder Thomas Kolb preached the sermon and gave a very practical discourse from the text, "Lord, Thou hast been our dwelling place in all generations." Interment was made in the adjoining cemetery. The pillars were Messrs. J. Keilholtz, Jacob Miller, J. Ogle, W. Miller, J. Late, W. H. Fox.

FREDERICK'S NEW POSTMASTER.

Garrett S. Degrange was Wednesday afternoon notified of his appointment as postmaster of Frederick, to succeed B. H. Blackstone, whose term expired April 7th. Mr. Degrange is a wholesale tobacco dealer in Frederick, and is a prominent Republican, being treasurer of both the County and City Central Committees. He was endorsed for the office by the Motter faction of the party and his appointment is regarded as a triumph for that faction over the Haffner faction, whose candidate for the office was C. L. Lampe.

INSTALLATION OF REV. D. H. RIDDLE.

The installation services of the Rev. D. H. Riddle, which took place on Tuesday night at the Presbyterian Church, at this place, were of a highly interesting nature. The Presbytery of Baltimore, which includes all the Presbyterian churches of Maryland, appointed a committee of its members to come up and install Mr. Riddle as pastor, in due solemn form. These were Rev. Dr. Frazier, of New Windsor College, who was presiding officer and put the constitutional questions; Dr. Allison, of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, of Baltimore, who preached the sermon. The President of Wilson College, Chambersburg, Dr. L. A. Martin delivered the charge to the pastor, and Rev. Mr. Cattenack, of Taneytown, gave the charge to the congregation. These addresses were all appropriate and interesting.

The music by the Presbyterian church choir was much enjoyed, especially the anthem and a duet by Messrs. Annan Horner and Motter Annan.

At the conclusion of the services quite a number of the people of the church and pastors came forward and gave the right hand of fellowship to the newly installed pastor.

A TRAIN TEST ON THE NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

A test has been made with an engine and four cars on the Norfolk and Western railroad to ascertain how far the train would run from a given point after the engine had been reversed and the air applied. At Luray, Va., there is a suit against the railroad company for \$10,000 for the death of a Miss Pittman, who was killed on the railroad near Rileyville. She was sighted at a distance of 300 feet by the engineer, who reversed the engine and applied the air brakes. This is the second time the case has been up, the verdict in the first trial being \$2,500 for the plaintiffs. The attorneys for the latter decided to test how far a train would run after the usual means of stopping it were employed. A Baltimore and Ohio engineer was engaged to run the engine. He said he could stop a train running at the rate of 35 miles an hour within 300 feet. In the test the result was different. The train was running at about 28 miles an hour, and after reversing it ran 400 feet.

DEATH OF J. HARMAN REMSBURG.

Mr. Harman Remsburg, one of the most prominent citizens of Middletown, Frederick county, died Tuesday night of cancer of the stomach. He was sixty-six years old and leaves a widow, five daughters and two sons. He was identified with a number of public enterprises, and at the time of his death was a member of the board of charities and corrections of Frederick county. He was for twenty-two years a member of the board of directors and chairman of the executive committee of the Grangers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, for twelve years a member of the board of directors of the Valley Savings Bank and chairman of the finance committee. He was one of the organizers and president of the Middletown Creamery Company. He was a trustee of the public school for twelve years, treasurer of the Middletown Grange for twenty-four years and president of the cemetery board of the Reformed Church.

CLARENCE ROUZER, of Hagerstown, was a marine on the protected cruiser Raleigh, of the Asiatic Squadron, and no doubt took an active part in the battle at Manila. He is a son of Mr. G. W. Rouzer, a retired merchant of Hagerstown, and entered the navy three years ago. He enlisted on the receiving ship Vermont, at Brooklyn Navy yard, and was immediately transferred to the Raleigh, at that time attached to the North Atlantic Squadron. The Raleigh was transferred to the Asiatic Squadron one year ago this May, and since that time Mr. Rouzer has visited nearly all of the important Asiatic ports and the countries on the north coast of Africa. Mr. Rouzer was born in Hagerstown, and is twenty-two years old. His term of enlistment will expire this month. His relatives are waiting anxiously for further particulars regarding the battle.

PUBLIC GENERAL LAWS.

The Banner, the Examiner and the Valley Register have been selected by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of the last Legislature, as the Fredrick county papers in which the Public General Laws of the State will be published.—Banner.

It is evident that very few people in this section of Frederick county will have the pleasure of reading the Public General Laws of Maryland. Well, we have one consolation in knowing that the Tax Collector will never forget the people of this end of the county, if all the other State and county officials do forget that there is an Emmitsburg District in Frederick county, except when they want to be elected to office.—Ed.

WHOOPIING COUGH.

I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in the house.—J. L. Moore, South Burgetts-town, Pa. For sale by Dr. C. D. Eichelberger.

GAVE UP HIS JOB QUICKLY.

Harry Scholl, who was appointed policeman by Mayor Chilton, of Frederick, after one night's duty, tendered his resignation. Jacob B. Buckey was appointed to fill the vacancy. Two other members of the newly appointed force say that policing is not what it is cracked up to be, and are thinking seriously of resigning.

TOWN ELECTION.

The annual election for a Burgess and six commissioners to manage the affairs of Emmitsburg during the ensuing year was held at the Fireman's Hall, on Monday last, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. No Particular interest was taken in the election, only one ticket being in the field. The number of votes cast was 48. Mr. Wm. G. Blair, was elected Burgess. This makes eleven consecutive years that Mr. Blair has been elected to that position. The commissioners elected are as follows: F. A. Maxwell, Wm. Morrison, Oscar D. Frailey, George T. Gelwicks, Victor E. Rowe, and F. A. Diffendal.

At the head of the ticket was the words, "Lime Stone Ticket," which conveyed the idea that the ticket was composed of men favorable to placing lime stone on the streets, and it is hoped that any efforts they may make in that direction will be crowned with success.

One of the very first things that should claim the attention of the new Board of Commissioners is the condition of the alleys. They are badly in need of attention. The commissioners should also go in a body to the bridge over Flat Run on Gettysburg street, and view the old garbage pile at that place, which is not a very inviting spectacle.

ST. EUPHEMIA'S SCHOOL.

The following pupils are entitled to have their names on the Roll of Honor for month of April, 1898.

Senior Class—Misses Gertrude Lawrence, 98; Alice Baker, 98; May Kerrigan, 98; M. Nusser, 98; Mary McCarren, 96; Stella Long, 96; Beatrice Tyson, 94; Frances Hoke, 94; Sarah McGrath, 94.

First Intermediate—James Rider, 95; Joe Stouter, 95; Olivette Weaver, 90; Augusta Kretzer, 93; Agnes Eckenrode, 90; Rose Tyson, 90; F. Welty, 90; E. Kerrigan, 90; A. Seabold, 90; B. Eckenrode, 90; H. Harting, 90.

Second Intermediate—Blanche Kane, 99; Louisa Kretzer, 98; Frances Pennell, 96; C. Kane, 96; Ida Zargable, 96; Lottie Mallen, 96; Mary Coyle, 96; Cleve Hoke, 95; B. Dekehart, 95; Vincent Stouter, 95; Nellie Felix, 93; Julia Tyson, 93; Nora McCarren, 93; Ray Seabold, 92; Frank Florence, 91; C. Saffer, 90; Frank Kane, 90; Joe Kretzer, 90; Carrie Cook, 90; Norbert Mullen, 90; Dora Rider, 90.

Primary A.—Harry Knodel, Irene Scott, Rosella Harting, Agnes Byrne, Lulu Coyle.

Primary B.—Carrie Favorite, Anna Felix.

Junior A.—Rosella Barndner, Valerie Welty, Guy Seabold, James Mitchell, Gottie Yingling, Mary Boney, Pauline McCarren, Guy Topper, James Arnold.

Junior B.—Angelo Saffer, Katharine Baker, Carrie Gelwicks, Edgar Dukehart, Rob Topper.

Junior C.—Mabel Kane, Frank Slate.

Many old soldiers now feel the effects of the hard service they endured during the war. Mr. Geo. S. Anderson, of Rosville, York county, Penn., who saw the hardest kind of service at the front, is now frequently troubled with rheumatism. "I had a severe attack lately," he says, "and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It did so much good that I would like to know what you would charge me for one dozen bottles." Mr. Anderson wanted it both for his own use and to supply it to his friends and neighbors, as every family should have a bottle of it in their home, not only for rheumatism, but lumbago, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises and burns, for which it is unequalled. For sale by Dr. C. D. Eichelberger.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or light shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots, chafes and chaps, and all kinds of foot ailments. Rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists, and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

ICE CREAM.

I am now prepared to furnish ice cream of the highest grade in any quantity, and at small cost. Special attention given to filling orders for festivals, picnics, parties, etc. Give me a call.

P. G. KING.

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

Governor Lowndes has made the following appointments: Julius Leeder, boiler inspector for Baltimore City; Edward B. Daniel, justice of the peace for the eleventh district of Prince George's county, and commissioned T. Kell Bradford notary public for Baltimore city.

The resignation of James A. Somers as justice of the peace for the seventh district of Somerset county was received and accepted.

The announcement of the name of Ward, of Baltimore, as State veterinarian was a clerical error. The Governor appointed the following:

State Veterinary Medical Board—F. H. Mackie, Cecil county; R. V. Smith, Frederick county; Harry A. Meisner, Baltimore city; William H. Martenet, Baltimore city; Albert W. Clement, Baltimore city.

Board of Examiners for Horsehoes—Michael J. Hagerty, John S. Byrnes, Wm. N. Farley, John Pevall, Robert Ward.

LECTURE AT MT. ST. MARY'S.

Maurice Francis Egan, LL. D., professor of literature at the Catholic University, Washington, D. C., was a visitor Saturday and Sunday at Mt. St. Mary's College, Emmitsburg, where he was warmly greeted. He visited places of interest around the town, and also delivered a fine lecture on "Methods of some modern novelists." Dr. Egan returned to Washington Sunday evening, accompanied by Mr. Francis P. Guilfoyle, '95, of Waterbury, Conn.

SHOT HIS WIFE AND COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Robert W. Newcomer, of Williamsport, Md., has escaped the whipping post. He died by his own hand Wednesday night by shooting himself in the head with a pistol after mortally wounding his wife.

The shooting occurred at Newcomer's home shortly after eleven o'clock. Jealousy and revenge are believed to have been his motives for attempting to kill his wife and thinking that he had succeeded he then turned the pistol to his head and fired the fatal bullet that ended his own life. The bullet entered his head behind the left ear and pierced his brain. Edward Hughes, who was one of the first persons that reached the home, felt Newcomer's pulse and found it faintly beating.

Mrs. Newcomer had just finished making up bread and had laid down on a lounge when her husband entered the room. She got up quickly and started to leave the room when he drew a pistol and fired two shots after her. One bullet struck her in the back, to the right of the shoulder blade and the other entered her hip. Neither of the balls could be located. She ran from the house screaming and fell on the pavement a few feet from the door. Neighbors, who were attracted by the shots and Mrs. Newcomer's screams, arrived upon the scene and carried her to Hotel Prosser. Newcomer fired three shots. The third one ended his own life. He was found lying on the floor with the pistol, a thirty-eight calibre, by his side. The bullet had entered his brain. He was in his stocking feet, which, it is believed, proves that he entered the home with intent upon an evil purpose. There was nobody in the house at the time besides Mrs. Newcomer and her two young daughters, who were upstairs asleep. Newcomer had not been living with his wife for over a month.

He was recently arrested and sentenced by Justice Gruber to the whipping post to receive twenty lashes for brutally beating his wife. He was released from jail on bail, and would have had his trial at the next term of court, which convenes next Monday.—American.

THE DRUG STORE ROBBERY.

Nelson P. Moulton and Victor Dant were arrested Tuesday by Sheriff Thompson and lodged in jail in default of \$500 bail, charged with being the parties who, on the night of April 15th, entered the drug store of Joseph Reading, of Rockville, and completely demolished the long-distance telephone in their efforts to secure the money in the drawer. Dant was arrested about three o'clock Tuesday morning, and in conversation stated that early in the evening of April 15th Moulton entered the cellar of the drug store and there concealed himself until after the store was closed, which was about eleven o'clock. He then opened a side door and admitted Dant. Together they proceeded to get the money from the drawer of the telephone. The only tools used in the destruction of the instrument were two large pen-knives, which were taken from the stock in the store. Besides the destruction of the telephone, nothing else in the store was disturbed, except a small box under the counter, in which Mr. Reading kept a small amount of change.—American.

THURMONT RAILROAD ORGANIZATION.

The incorporators of the Frederick, Thurmont and Northern Electric Railroad Company met in Frederick Saturday, and organized by electing the following officers: President, Col. L. Victor Banghman; first vice-president, Isaac S. Annan; second vice-president, Alexander Ramsburg; secretary, Charles C. Waters; treasurer, Dr. Franklin B. Smith; counsel, Wm. H. Hinks; engineer, Rufus A. Rager; executive committee, Col. D. C. Winebrener, John R. Stoner, John Baumgardner, Dr. F. B. Smith, Rev. W. L. O'Hara, Judge John C. Motter and Dr. T. E. R. Miller. A permanent office will be open in Frederick city at once, and from now on the committee will push the project vigorously. The present plan is to build an electric railroad from Frederick to Thurmont, put it is proposed to extend this later on to Gettysburg, and possibly make it part of the projected electric line from Washington to Gettysburg. The incorporators are prominent and substantial business men, who are convinced that the road will be a paying investment.—Examiner.

OUR LADY READERS.

Should know that the torturing pains and nervousness which accompany many of the distressing ailments peculiar to women, yield like magic to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is purely vegetable, perfectly harmless in any condition of the system, and adopted by the delicate organization of woman by an experienced physician of thirty years active practice. It always and subdues undue excitement of the nervous system and relieves the pain accompanying functional and organic troubles. Sallow or wrinkled face, dull eyes and hollow cheeks, together with low spirits, follow the derangements to the sex. Whether suffering from nervousness, dizziness, faintness, disordered or watery eyes, backache, catarrhal inflammation of the lining membranes, giving rise to an exhausting drain upon the system, "bearing down sensation," or general debility, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription reaches the origin of the trouble and corrects it. Avoid the dreaded and repulsive "local applications" so generally employed by doctors. You can cure your ailment by the use of "Favorite Prescription" and thereby save the humiliating ordeal of submitting to such treatment. It's a medicine which was discovered and used by an eminent physician for thirty years in all cases of "female complaint," and whose painful disorders that afflict womankind. If women are overworked, run down, tired or sleepless, if they are irritable, morbid and suffer from backache, they should turn to the right means of a permanent cure. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription fits just such cases, for it regulates the special functions and builds up and invigorates the entire female system.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

FAIRFIELD, May 3.—Mr. C. M. Shulley and sister, Miss Lillie, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Millard Stoner, of near Knox Lynn.

Mr. J. L. Hill, of this place, is putting out eight acres in potatoes this spring. Mr. Hill is one of your potato raisers. Orrtanna is getting to be a fast place. Some of the bad boys at that place took Mr. Stoneself's hay carriages and put them into a mill dam at Orrtanna and putting a flag on each end, they call it "the Maine." Mr. Stoneself would make it hot for the boys if he knew who did the work.

Before the school term ended, some parties stole the flag off the pole at the school house, which was put up by the Jr. O. U. A. M. The order offered a reward of \$10. The flag was returned, however. They are very cross at this time, and some say they will use the "Maine" to come down to do the Fairfield boys up. They might run against the "Indiana" cruiser. They had better go slow.

Last Sunday was certainly a summer day. The mountains being on fire made it somewhat smoky.

Some of our farmers planted corn last week. People are getting their ground ready. The cold snap has not hurt the fruit at this place and if blossoms are an indication of a large fruit crop we will certainly have one.

There has been more time burned this spring than for many years, it's the best for land and people will fall back on it. F. Shulley is burning this week and will burn a kiln next week.

On account of the war with Spain President McKinley will hardly be at Gettysburg on the 30th of May.

Many of our farmers are turning their stock out to pasture. There is no pasture work speaking of, as yet.

At a game of ball in Fairfield, one day last week in which Mr. Sam Barton was engaged, the ball struck Mr. Barton on his mouth, breaking his false teeth. It was a dear throw to him.

Shulley and Riley of this place have sold one of their refrigerators to Mr. Howard Walter at Biglerville. He is a butcher at that place.

ST. JOSEPH'S FEAST.

The celebration of St. Joseph's Feast, was a fitting occasion for solemn and impressive ceremonies, fine decorations and beautiful music, a privilege greatly enjoyed on last Sunday by our town's people. The effect of the mass, Haydn's 2nd, was immensely improved by the accompaniment of many instruments in the able hands of the following: 1st Violin, Misses Estella and Grace Lamsinger and Blanche Tyson; Bass Tuba and Clarinet, T. Lamsinger; Cello, Grace Lamsinger. Special credit is due to Mr. T. Lamsinger for his beautiful improvised accompaniment to the march, using the two instruments clarinet and bass, alternately. The offertory, O Coramoris Victimam Obligato, as rendered by Miss E. Lamsinger was simply beautiful. I hear we are soon to lose Miss Lamsinger. We will all, indeed, feel sad to no more hear her "expressive" singing. The other soloists were Misses Grace Lamsinger, Blanche and Helen Tyson, T. Lamsinger, B. Elder, J. Tyson. The choir being well sustained throughout. Miss Maggie Tyson, as organist, acquitted herself in her usual unique style. At the evening service our "peerless Estelle" played variations on the violin, and Regna Terrae was magnificently rendered.

Emmitsburg must feel it enjoys great advantages in possessing so many pure and sweet voices and so excellent an orchestra.

The music of Easter was equally grand, but through an oversight was not made known to the CHRONICLE, our charming paper which we all feel proud of. Last, but not least, an eloquent sermon by Father McNelis, who has been here a short time, but has won all, by his genial and kind disposition.

WAS ALMOST WILD.

"I was troubled with a skin disease which almost drove me wild. I heard so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla I concluded to try it and the first bottle convinced me of its merit. I continued taking it until I was entirely free from the skin trouble, and I recommend Hood's." WALTER JACOBUS, Rathfor, N. J.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

CONFESSION TO ILLEGAL ARRESTS.

In the Circuit Court at Cumberland, Tuesday, Deputy Sheriff Robert Aldon pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with making illegal arrests, and he was fined \$25 and costs. About three months ago Deputy Sheriff Aldon found three colored boys (tramps) loitering around the jail and he arrested them, and they were taken to jail without a warrant. The boys were afterward given a hearing before justice Anthony, who committed them to three months in the House of Correction. The last grand jury indicted Aldon, who when the case was called pleaded guilty. The three boys had been brought up from the House of Correction as witnesses in the case. Judge Boyd, in imposing the fine, said that inasmuch as Aldon was a young man, and no doubt made the arrest through ignorance of the law, that he would let him off lightly, but that if any more cases of a like nature came before him a punishment would be meted out that would be severe in its nature. The court further stated that this arresting people by deputy sheriffs and constables merely for the sake of making a fee must be broken up, as there had been too much of it going on in Allegany county. The three boys were released. Their time would have been out in a few days.



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy.

