

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear *Cast H. Fletcher* on every the fac-simile signature of *Cast H. Fletcher* wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.

LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought *Cast H. Fletcher* on the and has the signature of *Cast H. Fletcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President. March 24, 1898.

Samuel Pitcher M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Cast H. Fletcher

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY

Circuit Court.
Chief Judge—Hon. James McSherry.
Associate Judges—Hon. John C. Motter and H. J. Adams.
S. J. Adams, Wm. H. Hinks, Clerk of the Court—D. Adams and H. Hargett.

Orphan's Court.
Judge—John A. Gaylor, Wm. R. Young and Henry B. Wilson.
Clerk—Wm. H. Hinks, Charles E. Saylor.
County Officers.
County Commissioners—David A. Dean, Wm. H. Hinks, S. J. Adams, R. H. Hargett, Geo. P. Hinks.
Supt. of Public Works—Wm. H. Hinks.
Tax Collector—F. W. Buchanan.
Surveyor—Edward M. Hinks.
School Commissioners—Lewis K. Frazier, Herman L. Rutzka, David D. Thomas, R. H. Zimmerman, S. A. Jones, Wm. H. Hinks, E. C. Hinkle, R. H. Hinkle.

Notary Publics—R. L. Annan.
Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Francis A. Hinkle, Wm. P. Hinkle, J. W. Davidson.
Deputies—A. A. Annan, A. V. Koster.
Constables.
School Teachers—S. N. McNeil, John W. Hinkle.
Town Officers.
Burgess—William G. Blair.
Clerk—J. H. Hinkle, J. W. Davidson, J. H. Hinkle, Oscar D. Fraley, W. D. Colliflower.
Tax Collector—W. D. Colliflower.

Churches.
Ev. Lutheran Church.
Pastor—Rev. Charles E. Saylor. Services every Sunday morning and evening at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. Wednesday evening lectures at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 9 o'clock a. m.

Reformed Church of the Incarnation.
Pastor—Rev. W. C. B. Shellenbarger, services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 9 o'clock a. m. Midweek services at 7 o'clock. Catechetical class on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock a. m.

Presbyterian Church.
Pastor—Rev. David H. Hinkle. Morning service at 10 o'clock. Evening service at 7:30 o'clock. Wednesday evening lectures and prayer meeting at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9:15 o'clock a. m.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church.
Pastor—Rev. P. V. Kavanaugh, O. M. First Mass 8 o'clock a. m., second Mass 10 o'clock a. m., Vespers 3 o'clock p. m., Sunday School at 9 o'clock p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church.
Pastor—Rev. M. H. Carter. Services every other Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting every other Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday School at 9 o'clock a. m. Class meeting every other Sunday afternoon at 8 o'clock.

Societies.
Massachusetts No. 41, I. O. O. F.
Kinites her Council Friday evening, Saturday evening, 8:15 P. M. Officers—Prophet, John F. Adelsberger; Sachem, Daniel Shorb; Sen. S. G. J. Adams; Wm. H. Hinks; J. W. Davidson; George E. Gilliland; K. of W. Dr. John W. Hinkle; Representative to Great Council, Joe Hinks; Treasurer, J. W. Davidson; John F. Adelsberger and J. D. Caldwell.

Emerald Beneficial Association.
Rev. J. B. Manly, Chaplain; F. A. Adelsberger, President; John Burns, Vice-President; H. P. Hinkle, Secretary; Charles Rosenstiel, Assistant Secretary; John W. Hinkle, Treasurer; E. H. Hinkle, John D. Hinkle, Stewart; D. W. Stout, Messenger. Association meets the fourth Sunday of each month at Dr. Hinkle's residence, East Main Street.

Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R.
Commander, S. N. McNeil; Senior Vice-Commander, Samuel Gable; Junior Vice-Commander, John Adams; Treasurer, E. H. Hinkle; Secretary, Wm. H. Hinks; Wm. H. Hinkle, Quartermaster; Wm. A. Fraley, Officer of the Guard; Albert D. Fraley, Sergeant; Board of Directors—J. N. A. Pell, J. D. Hinkle, E. H. Hinkle, J. W. Hinkle.

Vigilant Hose Company.
Meets at 1st and 2nd Friday evenings of each month at Fireman's Hall. President, V. E. Rowe; Vice-President, Oscar D. Fraley; Secretary, Wm. H. Hinkle; Treasurer, J. H. Hinkle; Capt. Chas. R. Hoke; 1st Lieut. Howard Hinkle; 2nd Lieut. W. Harry Stout.

Emmitsburg Water Company.
President, I. S. Annan; Vice-President, L. M. Motter; Secretary, E. B. Zimmerman; Treasurer, J. H. Hinkle; Directors—L. M. Motter, J. H. Hinkle, J. H. Hinkle, E. B. Zimmerman, I. S. Annan, E. L. Rowe, C. D. Eichelberger.

The Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent Association.
Chaplain, Rev. J. B. Manly; President, Joseph Hinkle; Secretary, George K. Hinkle; Assistant Secretary, Wm. H. Hinkle; Treasurer, J. W. Davidson; Officers of the Day, Wm. H. Weaver, Quartermaster, Wm. A. Fraley; Officer of the Guard, Albert D. Fraley, Sergeant, Board of Directors—J. N. A. Pell, J. D. Hinkle, E. H. Hinkle, J. W. Hinkle.

CRYSTAL FOUNT.

Written for the Chronicle.
O beautiful Crystal Fountain
That sparkles to the sky,
Beside the Blue Ridge mountain
Where Carriac rises high!
Long years hast thou been flowing,
Thy flutt'ring raiment showing,
Beneath the arching trees;
Both in the North wind's blowing,
And gentle summer breeze.

Before the hills were christened,
While yet thy lips were sealed,
Deep in the crypts thou glistened,
Alone and unrevealed.
'Twas then the Indian races
Swept Westward in their chases,
Amid the scented bloom;
Leaving their last faint traces
O'er thy unbroken tomb.

O beautiful Crystal Fountain!
'Twas many a year ago,
A woodman from the mountain,
Drew near with footsteps slow
When, suddenly arising
Above the leaves disguising
Thy source, he saw thee toss;
A little spring cleaving,
He left thee in the moss.

When next he sought thy coldness,
He found kind Charity
Had limited thy boldness
And curbed thy rampant glee.
And here the simple otters,
Old Carriac's sons and daughters,
Draw in from far and near;
For never yet were waters
So cold, so crystal clear.

O beautiful Crystal Fountain!
Alike thy waters spill,
For the foxes in the mountain,
And the cattle on the hill;
And after winter's pining,
If Candlemas be shining,
The balder backward turns;
But when the sun's declining,
He ventures through the ferns.

And deep within this willow-land,
When waters are rattling down,
The comrades of our childhood,
Come wandering up from town,
And here with many a wistful
We hold our meetings festal,
A merry hearted folk,
Where little old birds' nestle,
Within the epe a big oak.

O beautiful Crystal Fountain,
Lost in the mists of time,
When that long range of mountain
Sweeps fading from my view!
Through land marks of division,
I see that land Elysian,
Like those fair realms of old,
Where Leon in his vision,
The founts of youth beheld.

What though the signs of sorrow
Age and are on me now!
Methinks, if I to-morrow
Could bathe in thee my brow,
That they would lightly vanish
As those dead leaves I'd banish
With one wave of my hand,
'Neath which thy waters plash
The semi-precious sand.

O beautiful Crystal Fountain,
Emblem of all that's fair,
Fast flowing by the mountain
Where life's dark path lies bare!
Here Tempra ce holds the beaker,
And Health restores the weaker
Who seek thy blooming booth,
And Nature yields the seeker
Her precious pearls of Truth.

And like a baptism holy,
Thy shifting waters flow,
Since then a symbol lowly,
Christ chose for us below;
And like that changeless river
That stands for aye and ever
Around the Great White Throne;
The Crystal Founts where never
A troubled wave is known.

FRENCH WINE CROP OF 1897
John C. Covert, American council at Lyons, France, has sent an interesting report on the French wine industry to the State Department at Washington. According to the report, the value of last year's vintage was \$132,000,000, about \$10,500,000 of which was for high brands. The total yield in all the departments was 727,791,245 gallons, and the acreage represented by this production was 422,335, or about 100,000 less than it was a year ago. Ten years ago the acreage was about 600,000 more than last year, but the greatest quantity of wine ever produced in France was in 1875, when the yield was 873,014,000 gallons. The decline since that year has not been general. In some departments the yield was greater in 1897 than in 1875. Hereault, credited with 211,500,000 gallons in 1875, produced 227,200,110 gallons in 1897, that of a product of only 191,980,000 gallons is recorded for 1897. Gard, with a record of only 25,780,000 gallons in 1875, produced 61,629,345 gallons in 1897. The other departments showing gains are Aude, Pyrenees

Orientales, Bouches du Rhone, Rhone and Ain. All the others show losses, compared with 1875, the Gironde having the worst record, dropping from 118,510,000 to 30,066,210 gallons.

The consul states that all of this product, except the \$10,500,000 mentioned as representing high grades, was the common wine drunk by the people and bought by them in the vineyards or their immediate vicinity. He adds that in many families the consumption is about one quart per day for each grown person. In addition to the home product the French also consume a large quantity of imported wine. The imports in some years have exceeded 200,000,000 gallons; last year they were 131,332,500 gallons.

In 1897 France produced 727,791,245 gallons of wine. The next greatest producer of wines is Italy, with a record of 485,000,000 gallons in 1897, and Spain, with 447,750,000 gallons. In 1897 California surpassed all her previous records of wine production, with a total output of 31,500,000 gallons, the largest previous vintage being that of 1893, when 25,000,000 gallons were produced. In addition to France, Italy and Spain, there are six other European countries showing a greater production than California. Roumania, with 72,500,000; Austria-Hungary, 62,500,000; Russia, 56,250,000; Portugal, 56,250,000; Germany, 47,350,000, and Turkey, with 40,500,000 gallons.

The annual consumption of high-priced French wines in this and other countries is so large as to suggest the idea that very much of the common wine of the country masquerades under "Chateau" labels when it reaches America and England. The chances are that nine out of ten persons who profess to be able to distinguish a fine French wine are really giving their approval to beverages for which the French peasant pays about 9 a d 10 cents a quart. It might be well for the connoisseur who judges a vintage by the label of the bottle to keep these facts in mind. If he does, he will not make the blunder of supposing that all the 33,840,000 gallons of French wine exported in 1897 was high grade. Indeed, if he inquires into the matter, he will probably find that much of it did not begin to rate with the 31,500,000 gallons produced in California.

Lady enters barber shop with a Skye terrier. "Mr. Barber, can you cut my doggie's hair?" "No, I can't; or, rather, I won't." "Indeed! You seem to hold yourself pretty high for one in your position." "Perhaps I do, but I'm no Skye scraper."—Household Words.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature
Cast H. Fletcher

There Are Such Women.
The dainty little French performer on a vaudeville stage was drawing a charcoal sketch of a ship at sea, with the towers and battlements of an oriental town in the background. It was a night scene, and the moon was full and visible. Everybody saw the picture except a woman well in the front of the theater. She saw it with her eye, but her imperfectly constituted brain didn't see that the lines on the board represented anything.

"Do you see the ship now?" asked her impatient husband.
"It must be night," she said.
"Of course it's night. Don't you see the moon?"
"What is that white stuff in the rear?" she asked, referring to the oriental city.
"Dear me," said her husband, "you are like the fool that can't see the man in the moon, only worse."
"Any way, he's a handsome man," pursued the female. "Do you suppose he's 45 or 33?"
"Don't you see the ship and the city now?" persisted the husband.
"I see something that looks like cheese," she admitted, but at the look of despair on her partner's face she added:
"Oh, yes, now I do see it all. How stupid I was. How pretty and clever it is, to be sure. He's a handsome fellow, and well dressed. Shall we go home, dear, or see what the next act is?"
Without answering her husband arose and helped her on with her coat, and they left the theater, together in body, but widely, widely, separated in spirit.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

The diamond mining companies of South Africa estimate their losses by theft at \$1,000,000 a year, of which they recover about one half.

WHERE WOMEN RULE.

What a Social Student Found in an Eastern Province.

While studying social conditions in oriental lands, Dr. Alice B. Stockham was advised by Tolstoi to visit the Nairs on the Malabar coast of India, and witness a type of civilization unknown elsewhere among the inhabitants of earth. Here, according to a writer, the husband is a mere incident in the social organization. Woman's power is autocratic and absolute. She wins or divorces a husband at will. She frames and administers the laws by which he lives, and through her is the descent of the property, which he may earn, but not own. The ricefield is his active arena, and if industrious and frugal—proving himself capable of maintaining a family—some Nair maid invites him to become her husband. The successful man of eligible years is wooed and won as is the fortunate and accomplished maiden of our country.

The impropriety of manifesting affection for a woman before it is solicited is thoroughly instilled into the mind of the Nair man, and, while the strife between natural tendencies and national custom may sometimes approach the nature of an irrepressible conflict, to yield in ruin and humiliation irreparable. The eligible bachelor must await an avowal of love and choice and suffer in silence if it be long withheld. The Nairs are of Brahman origin and much above the average inhabitants of India in intelligence and in the administration of their native government. Better native schools are found here than elsewhere in India, and a surprising degree of domestic contentment.—Springfield Republican.

CAKE WALK IS FRENCH.

When It Originated, It Also Stood For a Marriage Ceremony.

The cake walk properly had its origin among the French negroes of Louisiana more than a century ago. There is little doubt that it is an offshoot of some of the old French country dances. It resembles several of them in form. From New Orleans it spread over the entire south and thence north. It was found of convenience to the plantation negroes. They were not wedded by license, and it was seldom that the services of a preacher were called for.

At a cake walk a man might legitimately show his preference for a woman and thus publicly claim her for a wife. In effect the cake walk was not different from the old Scotch marriage, which required only public acknowledgment from the contracting parties. So this festival became in some sense a wooing, an acceptance or rejection and a ceremony. This explains its popularity with the blacks, outside of its beauty, with the accompaniment of music, which is competent at all times to command negro support.

Cake walking has improved, as do most things that are constantly practiced. It has lost its old significance in the south. Negroes now get married, when they marry at all, in the white folks' fashion. It has, however, become a pantomime dance. Properly performed, it is a beautiful one. The cake is not much of a prize, though the negro has a sweet tooth.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Forest Protection in Idaho.

The miners as well as the mine owners operating in northern Idaho are peculiarly interested in rational and effective methods of forest protection to what remains of the public timber lands, and as producers of national wealth have a right to demand it. They have the result of years of wanton forest destruction before their eyes and can see themselves confronted with a timber shortage before many years that threaten their commercial and industrial life.

That such a condition is fast approaching needs no prophetic vision to foresee. The extent of burned forest land in the past 16 years as developed in these regions is an evidence that requires no supporting argument to make effective. That many thousands of acres of forest still exist in the Coeur d'Alene basin does not shorten the fact of an impending timber shortage. Under the present conditions two or three dry seasons would suffice to wipe out the larger portion by far of what remains of the forests in this part of the state. There is not yet adequate protection or supervision, and public sentiment upon these points is not yet sufficiently aroused.—Forester.

Self Made Men of Other Days.

The self made man is by no means solely the product of modern times. Columbus was a weaver, Franklin was a journeyman printer, Pope Sixtus V was employed in his young days in keeping swine, Robert Burns was a plowman, Aeschylus was a slave, Homer was a beggar, Daniel De Foe was apprenticed to a hosier, Demosthenes was the son of a butcher, while Virgil was a baker's son. Ben Jonson was a bricklayer, Cervantes was a common soldier, Canova's father was a stonecutter, Captain Cook commenced life as a cabin boy, Haydn, the musician, was the son of a poor wheelwright, Pizarro, instead of going to school, was sent to keep hogs. Kirke White's father was a butcher, and Keats' father kept a livery stable.—New York Sun.

Warm Water Baptism.

We would impress upon the clergy the necessity of having the water warmed. Baptism, it is true, is seldom or never administered by immersion, but even when affusion is used the contact of cold water with a child's head might injuriously affect one with an already sufficiently low power of resistance.—Lancet.

When the sultan of Turkey attends the Friday midday prayer at the mosque, in Constantinople, the garrison of 30,000 men is stationed along the route in such a way that he shall be safely guarded from the moment he leaves his palace until he is on his carpet in the great edifice.

Shopping in London.

One of the erroneous impressions that Americans have before they try shopping in London is that things are remarkably cheap there, and when they are set right by actual experience with the fashionable dressmakers and haberdashers they get a second mistaken idea that English tradesmen are extraordinarily unskillful. This all arises from the different customs that govern retail business in the two countries. In America we pay cash for goods or settle our accounts monthly. In England, however, accounts are supposed to be rendered quarterly, and it has frequently happened that because some patrons have a social prominence that gives their trade value as an advertisement the shopkeeper has allowed their accounts to run for three and four years. Other patrons have demanded the same privileges and have abused them, and the result is that to compensate for interest on money owing by solvent debtors and for the sums lost through those who never pay the tradesman charges a goodly profit on all his goods, and the prices are accordingly high. On the other hand, American women shopping abroad seem to be bargain mad, and their efforts to beat down prices inspire the tradesman with much the same feeling that a well trained butler experiences when his nouveau riche master economizes on his wines. In fact, looking for bargains in Bond street is folly.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Lord Byron.
Here is a new light on the character of Lord Byron. The quotation is from a letter by John Murray:
"Lord Byron is a curious man. He gave me, as I told you, the copyright of his new poems, to be printed only in his works. I did not receive the last until Tuesday night. I was so delighted with it that even as I read I sent him a draft for 1,000 guineas. The two poems are altogether no more than 1,200 and 1,000 lines and will together sell for 5s. 6d. But he returned the draft, saying that it was very liberal—much more than they were worth; that I was perfectly welcome to both poems to print in his (collected) works without cost or expectation, but that he did not think them equal to what they ought to be, and that he would not admit of their separate publication."
"I went yesterday, and he was rallying me upon my folly in offering so much and that he dared to say I thought now I had a most lucky escape."
"To prove how much I think so, my lord," said I, "do me the favor to accept this pocket-book," in which I had brought with me the draft, changed in to two bank notes of £1,000 and £50, but he would not take it."

A Transformation.
Soon after my arrival in Leipzig my attention was called one day to an elderly gentleman on the street.
"Do you see that old gentleman with the dog soft felt hat, the blue glasses and the big umbrella?"
"You mean the one who is shambling along as if he were not just sure where he is going?"
"Yes, but you should not speak so disrespectfully of the greatest of living psychologists."
But the mistake was pardonable, for few would have supposed that he was not some plain village burgher who had just come up to town and felt somewhat lost in the big city. Once in Wand's lecture room, however, one receives a very different impression of him. As the great philosopher pours forth one of his learned discourses those plain features light up, his bearing becomes dignified and impressive, and you no longer think of the ungainly waltz and the quiet mannerisms.—Roanoke Collegian.

DOCTOR WAS IN LUCK.

How He Got a Quarter of Beef He Was In Want Of.

A prosperous Pittsburg physician, who resides in an aristocratic part of the city, related an experience he met with about a year after he had graduated from college. He was practicing in a small village in Indiana county about 18 miles from any railroad. He had been recently married, and in the struggle to make ends meet the prospect at times became very discouraging. It was during one of these depressing periods in the middle of the winter, when snow a foot and a half deep covering the ground, that he was called to attend a farmer who lived some miles away. The stock of provisions in the house was exhausted, and it seemed certain that the resolution that had been made by the young couple not to ask any one for credit must be broken. When the call arrived, the doctor was preparing to go to the nearest store to ask the proprietor to give him "tick" so that he could get something for breakfast. Instead of going to the store he mounted his faithful mare Molly and started off through the drifts to visit his patient. When the doctor rose to leave, after attending to the patient, the old farmer said:

"Doc, I ain't got no money, but I'll send it in when the roads get broke."
The young doctor's heart gave a bound. Concealing his exultation as best he could, he said: "What's the matter with me taking it right along? I was thinking of buying some beef, and this will come in handy."
The proposition was accepted, and the farmer's son helped put the quarter of beef across Molly's shoulders, and the homeward journey began. The mare was skittish, and the doctor had difficulty in keeping the beef from falling. Finally the mare shied at something, and away went the beef into a big snow-drift.

The doctor was a member of the Methodist church, and, according to his story, did not swear. He dismounted and endeavored to put the beef on the mare, but she wouldn't stand still, and after repeated attempts the task seemed a hopeless one. Thinking of the resolution, the young doctor set his teeth and tried again. This time he was successful. He felt like a conquering hero as he dumped the beef on the porch of his modest home about midnight. The faithful little wife was sure it was a dispensation of Providence, but the doctor, remembering his struggles at the snowdrift, reserved his opinion.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY PUZZLE

She Could Get the Answer, but Still She Wondered.

A dear little woman up on Capitol Hill married and went to housekeeping in the most determined manner. She set to work to keep an exact account of her expenditures, balancing her books regularly once a month. One of her earliest purchases was an iron safe for the season. It cost, I believe, \$10.
A month later, in making up her accounts, it occurred to her that that \$10 should be divided proportionately among the several months mentioned on the ticket in order to give to each day's account only the amount of money actually expended on that day. Also she wished to calculate and set down the number of pounds of ice used each day. The problem had several ramifications which I have forgotten, but, at any rate, it was exceedingly difficult, and the housewife covered sheet after sheet of paper with her calculation. The arrival of her husband found her disheveled and in a state of evident distress.

"What in the world is the matter?" he asked. The wife explained.
"Well, can't you get any answer without that figuring?" he asked. The wife's eyes began to blink rapidly and she sniffed suspiciously.
"Oh, I can get an answer," she said, swallowing hard—"I can get a lovely answer, but I can't put it in my book because I can't tell—I can't tell whether it's days or ice or money."—Washington Post.

The Pony in Franz-Josef Land.

At an early stage in our journey our difficulties began. The pony broke loose the second night out, and, unfortunately, gorged herself with dried vegetables. These, together with dog biscuits and a few pounds of oats saved from the previous sledging, were her usual fodder, owing to the lack of legitimate horse food, which had run out more than 12 months before. As I expected, the surfeit of dried vegetables brought on a serious illness, to remedy which Armitage and I clubbed together the small supply of pills which we had with us. He produced, I think, two varieties of pills, and I had a number of podophyllin; so we made up a dose of 23 in all, which I administered to our invalid pony, mixed up in some frozua flat from our frying pan. This, I am glad to say, had the desired effect of at all events partly restoring her to health.—Geographical Journal.

Postage Stamps.

Stamps were put on the market in August, 1847, but were so little used that the government had to pass a law enforcing prepayment of postage, which went into effect in 1855. Before this action was taken scarcely one letter in a dozen was found with a stamp affixed. Today the postoffice of the country sell 4,000,000,000 stamps (counting postal cards, stamped envelopes and stamps of all kinds), valued at \$75,000,000, during a single year.

An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physicians that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Brown's Iron Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all druggists.

Editing by the Golden Rule.

A country editor puts the old question in new shape and says to his subscribers: "Brother, don't stop your paper just because you don't agree with the editor. The last cabbage you sent us didn't agree with us either, but we didn't drop you from our subscription list on that account."—Gordon (Neb.) Journal.

BATTLE AT MANILA.

The following condensed reports of the war are taken from the Baltimore Sun:

A naval battle was fought in the bay of Manila, Philippine Islands, Sunday. A special cablegram from London states that advices received there from Spanish sources seem to make it clear that the Spanish fleet was given a crushing defeat by the American squadron, under Admiral Dewey. News received at Lisbon, Portugal, and which is considered reliable, states that the Spanish fleet was "completely defeated."

An official dispatch sent to Madrid by the governor-general of the Philippines states that "our fleet, considering the enemy's superiority, naturally suffered a severe loss." The same dispatch, which, it may be presumed, by no means magnifies the Spanish losses, states that the cruisers Reina Christina and Castilla were completely burned, a ship believed to be the Don Juan de Austria was blown up, the cruiser Don Antonio de Ulloa and the auxiliary cruiser Isla de Mindanao "suffered severely."

Other Spanish ships were sunk to avoid their falling into the hands of the Americans. Madrid advices also say that the American ships were greatly damaged.

The battle ship Oregon and the gunboat Marietta, about whose safety there has been much uneasiness, arrived at Rio de Janeiro, and left on Monday morning with the dynamite cruiser Buffalo, formerly the Niechero, to join Admiral Sampson's fleet.

A troop of Spanish cavalry fired upon the New York from ashore near Cabanas as Admiral Sampson was making a visit of inspection. Several shells were plumped down in their midst and the Spaniards scattered. Near Cienfuegos a Spanish steamer was captured.

A special cablegram from Manila, dated 8:52 A. M. Monday and received last night, states that Commodore Dewey expects to bombard Manila at 11:30 A. M. today. The American ships have silenced the land forts and destroyed the Spanish fleet at the Philippine capital.

The American fleet has begun a bombardment of Corregidor Island, a fortified post at the mouth of Manila bay.

Dispatches received by the British colonial office state that the Spanish fleet was annihilated. Commodore Dewey, the same dispatches state, demanded the surrender of all the torpedoes and guns at Manila and the possession of the cable offices, saying that unless these terms were complied with he would bombard the city. The Spanish governor-general refused to accede to these demands.

The Spanish admiral at Manila acknowledges that his fleet has been demolished. Estimates of the loss of life in the fighting are difficult to get. A dispatch to the Paris Temps states that the Spanish had 400 men killed. The American loss is not known.

Details of the battle will be studied by naval experts as affording the only means so far available of estimating the fighting value of modern war vessels under normal conditions. The American fleet was undoubtedly superior to the Spanish, but the latter had the aid of the guns of several forts. Commodore Dewey showed a great deal of daring when he ran his ships into the inner bay of Manila notwithstanding the mines and torpedoes supposed to be placed there.

Naval bureau chiefs in Washington say that despite the heavy fighting at Manila the ships of Commodore Dewey are well supplied with coal and ammunition.

The opinion is expressed in Washington that the defeat of the Spanish fleet affords a favorable opportunity for European powers to force Spain to give up Cuba and end the war.

Both branches of Congress pressed the urgent deficiency appropriation bill carrying \$35,720,945 for the use of the War Department. The Senate passed the bill providing for the enlistment of a volunteer brigade of engineers and of 10,000 yellow fever innocines in the South.

A special cablegram from London states that a dispatch from Madrid received there says the bombardment of Manila began before the

cable was cut. The cutting of the cable took place at 10 o'clock Monday morning, London time, which was 5 o'clock the same morning, Baltimore time.

When Commodore Dewey demanded the surrender of the guns and torpedoes at Manila, Governor-General Augusti is reported to have said: "Come and take them."

Troops will be sent in a short time from the Pacific slope to enforce American control of the Philippines. Ammunition and coal will be sent to the fleet at Manila.

Naval officers express great satisfaction at the report that the Spanish government will send its best warships to this side of the Atlantic and fight a decisive battle here. The fleet which recently left the Cape de Verde Islands for Porto Rico is not expected before the middle of next week. The Navy Department is patrolling the coast with the swiftest merchant vessels, so that the government may be promptly informed of the approach of the Spanish warships.

THE CAPTURED SPANIARDS.

Secretary Alger has directed that ten Spanish officers and the ten privates and non-commissioned officers taken from the Spanish steamer Argonata, and now at Key West, be taken to Fort McPherson, just outside of Atlanta, Ga., for confinement until they are either exchanged for any American officers and sailors who may be taken by the Spaniards, or until some other method for their disposition is reached. The Spaniards will be well cared for, and will be placed under the guard of a detachment of soldiers detailed for that purpose.

The civilians taken from the Spanish vessel Panama are held at Key West, and are under the charge of the the Department of Justice. It is expected that most of them will be held as witnesses before the prize court, which is to determine the disposition of the Panama, at which the question will be settled whether the Panama can be rightfully held as a prize ship, some contention concerning it having been raised.

AMERICA'S great medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which cures when all other preparations fail to do any good whatever.

TO HOLD PHILIPPINES.

Washington, May 4.—The War Department was busy today making preparations to send a military force to the Philippines. General Miles has already made his arrangements for transporting troops to this distant point. Ships of the Pacific Mail Navigation Company will be used to carry troops and supplies. There are nine of these vessels available for Government services, and the officials of the company were notified today that the City of Rio de Janeiro and the City Peru would be pressed into service as auxiliary cruisers.

General Merriam, who is in charge of the regulars on the Pacific Coast, has been ordered by telegraph to push the necessary work. Volunteers from the Pacific Coast, preferably the rangers or mountaineers, who are good fighters and splendid marksmen will be sent. Already the California volunteers have asked to be assigned to this duty. Along with them will go a force of regulars, and orders were telegraphed today for the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Infantry and the Fifth and Seventh Cavalry to be in readiness to move at short notice. Equipment, clothing and supplies have been ordered to delivered at San Francisco at once.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure: F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family pills are the best.

SOME WAR FIGURES.

It will cost \$15,200 to fire one round of Sandy Hook's mortars. Each shot out of the big rifled guns costs \$650.

The smallest shot of all from the rapid-fire guns costs 50 cents each and the largest \$8. At 10 shots a minute the biggest rapid firer will cost \$80 for that time or \$4,800 an hour. Say that the 20 six-pounder and six one-pounder rapid fire guns on the battleship Massachusetts were in full operation for one hour, the cost would not be short of \$10,000. This would not take into account her four 13-inch breech-loading rifles, her eight 8 inch breech-loading rifles and her Gatlings.

The 13-inch cannon can be fired 10 times in 15 minutes. Suppose that five vessels, each bearing as the Massachusetts, four 13-inch and eight 8 inch guns, were to be actively engaged for one hour. The 13-inch guns alone would in that time fire away ammunition costing \$500,000.

Add \$150,000 for the eight 8 inch guns and \$10,000 for the rapid firers, and it will be seen that a two-hours engagement could be made to cost the people about \$1,300,000. Of course, so many shots would not be fired in an engagement, but this does not rob the proposition of its interest.

On the day that Congress handed \$50,000,000 for war purposes to President McKinley, it would have cost \$6,800,000 to serve all our war vessels with the necessary ammunition. To this sum would have to be added the amount necessary to supply with ammunition the vessels purchased since that date.

The 16-inch cannon, the triumph of the Watervliet Arsenal, can probably be fired once in two minutes. If it were fired 20 times in one day the cost would be \$13,000. The life of this gun is said to end with the firing of its one hundredth shot, so that in its entire activity it eats up \$65,000 in ammunition.—Ee.

TROOPS WILL SOON MOVE.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 4.—No orders for the removal of the regulars in Chickamaugh Park have been received, but the general opinion prevails they will soon go. Recruits for the colored regiments are being enlisted as rapidly as possible. Much difficulty is experienced in recruiting white regiments. The big commissary warehouse, which has been in course of construction for some time, will be finished to-morrow. Before the end of this week work will be commenced upon another similar warehouse. Two thousand more horses are wanted.

A REAL CATARRH CURE.

The 10 cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm which can be had of the druggist is sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Send 10 cents, we will mail it. Full size 50c.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

Catarrh caused difficulty in speaking and to a great extent loss of hearing. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved.—J. W. Davidson Att'y at Law, Monmouth, Ill.

IMMIGRANTS IN APRIL.

The statement of the passengers landed at Baltimore during April shows the total number to have been 1,092, of whom thirty-one were cabin and 1,061 steerage. The decrease, as compared with March was 496. The decrease is not attributed to the war, but the number of ships, there being six, as compared with April. The nationality of the steerage passengers was distributed as follows: Germans, 205; Russians, 291; Austrians, 193; Hungarians, 237; Bohemians, 37; Swiss, 1; Armenians, 9; Italians, 1.

Mr. J. JOHNSON BRADLEY, of Mercersburg, while a soldier in Company C, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers, the day after the battle of Antietam missed a Bible out of his knapsack. Mr. Bradley's name and address were written on the fly-leaf. Several days ago he received a letter from Mrs. F. C. Hastings, Washington, D. C., stating that when a little girl she found the Bible on the Battlefield at Sharpsburg. She sent the Bible to Mr. Bradley, and now that gentleman rejoices in the possession of the precious volume, which he had given up as lost.

WILL ADMIT WOMEN.

The board of trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, has decided to offer undergraduate courses for women in every way equal to those now open to men, and which are to lead to the same degrees now given to the latter students.

The authorities have had this matter under consideration for some time, and considerable influence has been brought to bear on the trustees of the university to gain their favorable endorsement of the proposition.

The movement has been given impetus by the success that has been attained by Cornell University, which is probably the only large university where coeducation exists on a very large scale.

To assist in carrying out the action of the board, Col. Joseph M. Bennett has presented to the university four houses on Walnut street, adjoining Bennett Hall, located at Thirty-fourth and Walnut streets, the value of which, including the ground, is said to be \$80,000. These buildings will be razed, and in their place a structure is to be erected to be devoted exclusively to the needs of the women students. The carrying out of the project it is said, will result in property and building worth about \$500,000.

A GREAT BOOK GIVEN AWAY.

If you will send 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, we will send you free the most useful medicine book ever presented to the public. This is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain Language; a book of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated, the great expense of preparing which has been covered by a sale of 680,000 copies at the regular price, \$1.50 per copy. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 662 Main Street, Buffalo N. Y.

ROLLING MILLS BLOW UP.

New York, May 4.—Part of the Passaic Roller Mills, at Paterson, N. J., was blown up today. The explosion occurred in the boiler and gas section of the building. The damage to the works was \$75,000.

Edward Conser, a boiler tender, was killed. William Sheroek and Emil Derries, fireman, and Pasquale Marco, a laborer, were fatally injured.

I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have used all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found one remedy that has been a success as a cure, and that is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.—P. E. GRISHAM, Gears Mills, La. For sale by C. D. Eichelberger.

HOWARD S. BUGH, of Frederick, fell from a step ladder in the Frederick City Flouring Mills last Friday night and sustained a protrusion of the left hip. At the time of the accident Mr. Brugh was standing on a step ladder attempting to close a wheat slide, when the ladder gave way, throwing him with force against an adjoining pillar.

A BARN on the farm of William A. Cunningham, a mile north of Westminster, was totally destroyed by fire Wednesday afternoon. Some farming implements were destroyed, making an aggregate loss of about \$500, insured for \$150. Origin of the fire unknown.

JESSE C. CLAGETT, of Motter's Station, and Theodore C. Bradley, of Frederick county, who have joined Theodore Roosevelt's company of rough riders with the Cuban invading army, left for Washington Tuesday to join the command.

FIRE in the Blue Ridge mountains on Saturday burned over 4,000 acres of valuable timber in twelve hours. It raged from Mont Alto and New Baltimore to the State line. It was finally put out by a large force of men.

The region about the dead sea is one of the hottest places on the globe, and the sea is said to lose 1,000,000 tons of water a day by evaporation.

Doctors Say; Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels. The Secret of Health. The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result. Tutt's Liver Pills Cure all Liver Troubles.

GOVERNOR LOWMEYER and State Treasurer Shroyck visited Camp Wilmer and estimated its cost to reach \$75,000 by the time the troops are mustered in, but this amount will be repaid by the government.

Indigestion

Severe Stomach Trouble Entirely Overcome

Water Brash, Nausea, Vomiting Spells, All Cured by Hood's.

"I was troubled with indigestion to such an extent that I had given up all hope of getting relief. One day my husband suggested that I try Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began taking it. I now weigh 126 pounds and the indigestion and water brash with which I suffered have disappeared." MRS. CHARLES L. BEGUIN, 708 Frederick Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

"I was afflicted with vomiting spells and nausea, and I would wake up in the night with water brash. I had no appetite and could not gain strength. I was relieved of these disorders by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and now I always keep a bottle of this medicine in the house." HARRIET C. STRATHEVER, 1527 North Broadway, Baltimore, Maryland.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

BUTCHERS, PATTERSON BROS., EMMITSBURG, MD.

COME AND SEE US!

Owing to the low prices of cattle we intend to reduce the prices of our meats, and from this date on, we will sell our meats at the following low prices:

- Beef Steaks.....10 to 12c
Beef Roasts.....8 to 10c
Broiling Beef.....3 to 4c
Veal Steaks.....7 to 8c
Veal Roasts.....10 to 12c
Steaming Veal.....4 to 5c
Veal by the Quarter.....7 to 10c
Spring Lamb.....10 to 15c
Also Smoked meats of our own Sugar Cured at these prices:
Hams, (whole or half).....12c
Shoulders.....9c
Breakfast Bacon by the piece.....8c
Sliced Bacon.....10c
These meats are all our own cure, and first-class.

Polona Sausage, our own make.....12 to 15c
New York, our own make and guaranteed first-class, by the can.....5c
Lard in small quantities.....5c

We are prepared to furnish meats, etc., in any quantity on short notice. We have contracted for Beef Cattle which enables us to kill only the best corn fed Steers and Heifers from now until July 15. Therefore you can feel assured that you will get only the best meat on the market, and we kill our cattle at our slaughter house, where we will be pleased to have the people call and see for themselves the kind of cattle we handle.

We have been in the business since 1850, and during which time we have enjoyed the patronage and confidence of the people, and we take this means of returning our grateful thanks for their custom and support, and by strict attention to business, we hope to be favored with a continuance of the public patronage.

MORRISON & HOKE'S Marble Yard, EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

Monuments, Tombstones and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed. may 29-lyr



Before buying your Carriages come and examine my stock of

BUGGIES, New Buggies from \$38.00 to \$55.00; New Surreys from \$43.00 to \$85.00.

FOR SALE BY WM. R. GILLEAN, Emmitsburg, Md. mar 11 tf

New Advertisements. DAUCHY & CO.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its youthful color. Cures Itch, Dandruff, and all Scalp Diseases. Sold by all Druggists.

INSURANCE

Fire, Life & Accident.

REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will visit Emmitsburg WEEKLY on THURSDAY; will be found at the EMMIT HOUSE. All classes of risks written in the above lines of Insurance. Farms, Small Country Homes and Town Properties handled on commission. CASSELL & WATERS, ang 27 tf Thurmont and Frederick.

Ready to Wear, Everything New.

Make, Style and Finish Absolutely Right.

Ladies' Cloth Capes, \$1.40, \$2, \$2.50 Silk Capes, \$1.75, \$2.50 \$3 up. Black Brocade and Mohair Dress Skirts, \$1.39, 1.59 \$2 up. Crash Skirts, 75 and \$1.00. Shirt Waists, 50, 75, \$1, \$1.25.

IN THE NEWEST CUTS AND PATTERNS OF MATERIAL.

Black and Fancy Underskirts, 75, \$1.00, \$1.25 up. These goods are made in materials closely resembling silks.

MUSLIN UNDER WEAR--EVERY CHARACTER For Ladies and Children.

Children's and Infants' White Dresses & Slips. THE LEADERS G. W. WEAVER & SON, N. B.—The greatest Ribbon and Lace Stock ever shown in this county.

NEW ASSORTMENT OF FINE SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Ladies' Shoes in Button and Lace for \$1 per pair; Misses Tan Slippers for 45 cents per pair; Ladies' Patent Leather Slippers for \$1.25 per pair. Best grade. Men's Fine Shoes in

20 Different Styles.

Ladies Fine Shoes in

24 Different Styles. 24

In button and lace. I have ladies fine shoes with smooth insoles, free from nails, tacks and wax thread. Call and examine them. No trouble to show goods. Respectfully,

M. FRANK ROWE.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME" KEEP YOUR HOUSE CLEAN WITH

SAPOLIO

W. J. Valetine, News and Opinions

National Importance THE SUN. ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - \$6 a year Daily and Sunday, by mail, \$8 a year

The Sunday Sun is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c. a copy. By mail, \$2 a yr. Address THE SUN New York

JAS. W. TROXELL, SURVEYOR.

Surveys and Calculations Carefully Made. PLATS NEATLY EXECUTED. 38 years practical experience. Address, EMMITSBURG, MD.

SOLID SILVER American Lever Watches, WARRANTED TWO YEARS, ONLY \$6. G. T. RYSTER.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY! If you are out of employment and want a position, paying you from \$50 to \$100 monthly clear above expenses by working regularly, or, if you want to increase your present income from \$20 to \$500 yearly, by working at odd times, write the GLOBE CO., 725 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa. stating age, whether married or single, last or present employment, and you can secure a position with them by which you can make more money easier and faster than you ever made before in your life. nov 29-01ts.

EMMIT HOUSE, GEORGE M. RIDER, PROPRIETOR, EMMITSBURG, MD.

The leading hotel in the town. Traveling men's headquarters. Bar supplied with choice liquors. A free bus from all trains. I also have a first-class Livery in connection with the hotel. nov 29-lyr.

VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. jan 29-0f.

ROWE BROS. CLOTHING TO ORDER. 500 SAMPLES. CASSIMERS, CHEVIOTS, WORSTEDS, SERGES, SUITS TO ORDER. Finest Tailoring \$10 to \$30 Ready Made Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing very cheap. Headquarters for Hats and Caps. mar 18 8m

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1898.

Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Oct. 3, 1887, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7.50 and 10.00 a. m. and 2.55 and 4.50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8.20 and 10.30 a. m. and 3.55 and 5.25 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8.26 and 10.40 a. m. and 3.31 and 6.34 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 8.56 and 11.10 a. m. and 4.01 and 7.04 p. m.

JAMES A. ELDER, Pres't.

WHEAT sold in Baltimore Thurs. day at \$1.25.

A horse hospital has been established at Salisbury.

A hospital for railroad men will be established in Hagerstown.

This yard in front of the new M. E. Church has been sold.

MR. JESSE CLAGGETT, has gone to join the volunteer Cow-boy regiment.

MR. DANIEL SHEETS has been quite ill at his home in this place, for the past several days.

MR. SINGLETON DORSEY, of near town, recently lost his pocket book containing fifty-two dollars.

The clearances for the fiscal year of the Frederick Clearing House Association was \$5,503,668.18.

The Hagerstown bakers have agreed to reduce the size of a five cent loaf of bread from 20 to 19 ounces.

Mrs. NANCY FRIEND, widow of Harry Friend, died at her home, in Funks town, aged ninety-five years.

DENTAL NOTICE.—Dr. Fonke will visit Emmitsburg, professionally, May 11th and 12th. Office at the residence of Mr. Philip Lawrence.

NICHOLAS HOFFMAN was fined \$5 and cost by Justice Huggins, at the Central Police Station Baltimore for carrying a razor.

MR. C. C. KRETZER has had his barber shop repaired, which greatly improves the appearance of his usually neat and attractive tonorial room.

At Taneytown the election resulted in the election of Dr. Geo. T. Motter for Burgess. Dr. Motter is a brother of Judge John C. Motter of Frederick.

MR. JOHN BLOOM, of Tighamont, Washington county, dropped dead Monday of heart disease, aged seventy years. He was a school teacher for many years.

MR. E. H. ROWE took charge of John T. Croft's distillery this morning, as Storekeeper and Ganger, having been assigned to duty by Collector B. E. Parlett.

THIRTY soldiers from Company A, Frederick Riflemen, including Lieut. Charles B. Tyson, have returned home from Camp Wilmer. Many of them failed to pass the physical examination.

ON Wednesday little Francis, son of Mr. Jacob L. Topper, of this place, fell from the gang way at his father's coach shop, breaking his leg between the knee and thigh.

A number of our citizens residing on the north side of West Main street, at and near the public square, are having large terra cotta pipes laid, which connect with the cellars at the different houses for the purpose of drainage.

THE Merchants' Association of Gettysburg will meet at the Arbitration room, on Monday night, May 9th, at 8:30 o'clock, to perfect a set of By laws and effect permanent organization.

FRICK COMPANY, Waynesboro, have sold to a syndicate in New York their large Brooklyn ice plant for the sum of \$90,000. The company will for the present retain a third interest in the stock.

MR. ALBERT REYNOLDS, of Hagerstown, jumped out of bed Sunday night and ran to a front window to get a good view of some one below thumping on his door, when he lost his balance and fell to the ground fifteen feet and was badly bruised.

BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION OFFICERS. The following were recently elected officers of Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent Association: Chaplain, Rev. J. B. Manley; President, A. V. Keepers; Vice-President, Joseph Hopp; Secretary, Geo. Keepers; Assistant Secretary, W. L. Myers; Treasurer, John H. Rosensteel; Sergeant-at-Arms, J. C. Shorb; Sick Visiting Committee, Henry C. Taylor, J. C. Shorb, Jacob I. Topper, James Seltzer, Geo. Rosensteel; Board of Directors, John A. Peddicord, Joseph E. Hopp, John Hoke.

THE COSTA RICAN COUNTERFEITERS. For months the Costa Rican counterfeiters have been issuing bogus notes of the government of the island until the amount, it is said has reached \$1,000,000. Inspectors of the secret service bureau were chiefly instrumental in bringing the malefactors to justice. The efficiency of the secret service is undoubted, but it is by no means a secret, but a patent fact, that the service that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters does the week, nervous and dyspeptic is of genuine value. There have been from time to time counterfeiters of it, but the miniature note of hand on the label, and the vignette of St. George and the Dragon, are not successfully imitable. This tonic absolutely prevents and remedies malaria, rheumatism, liver complaint and dyspepsia.

COLLIFLOWER—FLESHMAN.

Mr. Charles E. Colliflower, of Thurmont, and Miss Barbara E. Fleshman, of Lewisdown, were quietly married at Mt. St. Mary's on April 19 by Rev. Father Manly.

WHEN NATURE

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Dr. Wm. C. Boteler.

Practice limited to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Spectacles adjusted for all forms of defective sight. Spectacle examinations free. Office, City Hotel. Office hours 2 to 5 o'clock p. m.

MR. JAS. T. GELWICKS has ten small chickens and a bantam rooster, which are quite interesting at this time. The hen that hatched the chickens refused to have any thing to do with them. The small chickens were then given to a bantam rooster, which seems to take great interest in them and gives them more attention than an old cock.

NO "ANTI-LIMESTONE" TICKET.

A special dispatch to the Baltimore Star, dated Emmitsburg, May 3, giving an account of the town election, which took place on Monday, says: "The two tickets were headed 'Limestone' and 'Anti-Limestone'. The fact is that there was only one ticket in the field, and there were no tickets voted headed 'Anti-Limestone'."

Mrs. JAMES H. HARKINS, of Aberdeen, who was injured by being thrown from a carriage near the home of her son-in-law, Alfred Mitchell, Boothby Hill, was very severely bruised and had two bones broken in her left hand. At the time of the accident she was holding her little granddaughter on her lap, but the child escaped without the slightest injury.

PERSONALS.

Master Joe Hoke is visiting his sisters, Mrs. Steckman and Mrs. Minnich, in Carlisle, Pa.

Rev. D. H. Riddle, is visiting his sister at Falls Church, Va.

Miss Kate Stokes, of Thurmont, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stokes.

Mr. Chas. R. Hoke made a visit to Baltimore this week.

NINE TENTHS of all human ailments come from the same cause—impurity in the blood. Take almost any disease you please and trace the cause of it—you will find it in the blood. Purify and enrich the blood and you remove the cause, and so you cure the disease inevitably and infallibly. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all diseases depending upon poor, impoverished, thin, impure blood.

The six-year-old son of a well-known officer of the First Regiment, whose home is in Hagerstown, was told by his mother that he ought to pray for his father while the latter was away. The little fellow agreed with his mother and when he was ready to retire he offered up the following supplication: "Oh, God, take care of my father, and don't let him get killed by the Spaniards; but if he does get killed please send me another one just as good as he is."—American.

WAR FEVER IN FREDERICK.

John Markey and William Delahunt, about eighteen years old, sons of two prominent families in Frederick, left their homes last Tuesday morning to join the navy and to fight for the freedom of Cuba. They were attending school, which they left, went to Frederick Junction and took a freight train for Baltimore, where they were overhauled Wednesday morning and taken back home.

RAILROAD EMPLOYEES CAN GO.

Both the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Companies have notified their employes that they could volunteer for army service, with the assurance that they would be reinstated upon their return after the war. The Western Maryland did likewise last week. The Pennsylvania Company will pay the volunteers their full salaries during their absence.

BARN AND CONTENTS BURNED.

An incendiary fire destroyed a barn, with its contents, on an untenanted farm of John W. Kelbaugh, near Hampstead, Carroll county, Sunday morning. The barn was a large structure, seventy-six by forty feet in dimensions. Mr. Kelbaugh had in it a lot of farming implements, ten tons of hay, fifteen tons of straw, a lot of mill feed, eight fine, fat cattle, a heifer, and a valuable two-year-old colt, all of which were burned. The entire loss will be about \$1,500. The insurance is \$700.

CHRISTIAN MUMMA DEAD.

Mr. Christian Mumma, an aged citizen of near Rocky Ridge, departed this life April 28, aged 76 years, 1 month and 12 days. A widow, one daughter and two sons survive him to mourn their loss. His funeral took place from the German Baptist Church at Rocky Ridge. Elder Thomas Kolb preached the sermon and gave a very practical discourse from the text, "Lord, Thou hast been our dwelling place in all generations." Interment was made in the adjoining cemetery. The pillars were Messrs. J. Keilholz, Jacob Miller, J. Ogle, W. Miller, J. Late, W. H. Fox.

FREDERICK'S NEW POSTMASTER.

Garrett S. DeGraze was Wednesday afternoon notified of his appointment as postmaster of Frederick, to succeed B. H. Blackstone, whose term expired April 7th. Mr. DeGraze is a wholesale tobacco dealer in Frederick, and is a prominent Republican, being treasurer of both the County and City Central Committees. He was endorsed for the office by the Motter faction of the party and his appointment is regarded as a triumph for that faction over the Haffner faction, whose candidate for the office was C. L. Lampe.

INSTALLATION OF REV. D. H. RIDDLE.

The installation services of the Rev. D. H. Riddle, which took place on Tuesday night at the Presbyterian Church, at this place, were of a highly interesting nature. The Presbytery of Baltimore, which includes all the Presbyterian churches of Maryland, appointed a committee of its members to come up and install Mr. Riddle as pastor, in due solemn form. These were Rev. Dr. Frazier, of New Windsor College, who was presiding officer and put the constitutional questions; Dr. Allison, of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, of Baltimore, who preached the sermon. The President of Wilson College, Chambersburg, Dr. L. A. Martin delivered the charge to the pastor, and Rev. Mr. Cattenack, of Taneytown, gave the charge to the congregation. These addresses were all appropriate and interesting.

The music by the Presbyterian church choir was much enjoyed, especially the anthem and a duet by Messrs. Annan Horner and Motter Annan.

At the conclusion of the services quite a number of the people of the church and pastors came forward and gave the right hand of fellowship to the newly installed pastor.

A TRAIN TEST ON THE NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

A test has been made with an engine and four cars on the Norfolk and Western railroad to ascertain how far the train would run from a given point after the engine had been reversed and the air applied. At Luray, Va., there is a suit against the railroad company for \$10,000 for the death of a Miss Pittman, who was killed on the railroad near Rileyville. She was sighted at a distance of 300 feet by the engineer, who reversed the engine and applied the air brakes. This is the second time the case has been up, the verdict in the first trial being \$2,500 for the plaintiffs. The attorneys for the latter decided to test how far a train would run after the usual means of stopping it were employed. A Baltimore and Ohio engineer was engaged to run the engine. He said he could stop a train running at the rate of 35 miles an hour within 300 feet. In the test the result was different. The train was running at about 28 miles an hour, and after reversing it ran 400 feet.

ST. EUPHEMIA'S SCHOOL.

The following pupils are entitled to have their names on the Roll of Honor for month of April, 1898.

Senior Class—Misses Gertrude Lawrence, 98; Alice Baker, 98; May Kerrigan, 98; M. Nusser, 98; Mary McCarren, 96; Stella Long, 96; Beatrice Tyson, 94; Frances Hoke, 94; Sarah McGrath, 94.

First Intermediate—James Rider, 95; Joe Stotter, 95; Olivette Weaver, 90; Augusta Kretzer, 93; Agnes Eckenrode, 90; Rose Tyson, 90; F. Welty, 90; E. Kerrigan, 90; A. Seabold, 90; B. Eckenrode, 90; H. Harting, 90.

Second Intermediate—Blanche Kane, 90; Louisa Kretzer, 93; Frances Pennell, 96; C. Kane, 96; Ida Zargable, 96; Lottie Mallen, 96; Mary Coyle, 96; Cleve Hoke, 95; B. Dukehart, 95; Vincent Stouter, 95; Nellie Felix, 93; Julia Tyson, 93; Nora McCarren, 93; Ray Seabold, 92; Frank Florence, 91; C. Saffer, 90; Frank Kane, 90; Joe Kretzer, 90; Carrie Cook, 90; Norbert Mullen, 90; Dora Rider, 90.

Primary A—Harry Knobe, Irene Scott, Rosella Harting, Agnes Byrne, Lulu Coyle.

Primary B—Carrie Favorite, Anna Felix.

Junior A—Rosella Bardner, Valerie Welty, Guy Seabold, James Mitchell, Gottie Yingling, Mary Boney, Pauline McCarren, Guy Topper, James Arnold.

Junior B—Angelo Saffer, Katharine Baker, Carrie Gelwicks, Edgar Dukehart, Rob Topper.

Junior C—Mabel Kane, Frank Slate.

Many old soldiers now feel the effects of the hard service they endured during the war. Mr. Geo. S. Anderson, of Rosville, York county, Penn., who saw the hardest kind of service at the front, is now frequently troubled with rheumatism. "I had a severe attack lately," he says, "and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It did so much good that I would like to know what you would charge me for one dozen bottles." Mr. Anderson wanted it both for his own use and to supply it to his friends and neighbors, as every family should have a bottle of it in their home, not only for rheumatism, but lumbago, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises and burns, for which it is unequalled. For sale by Dr. C. D. Eichelberger.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or light shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots, chafes, corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists, and also at 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, 16 Boylston St., N. Y.

ICE CREAM.

I am now prepared to furnish ice cream of the highest grade in any quantity, and at small cost. Special attention given to filling orders for festivals, picnics, parties, etc. Give me a call. P. G. KING.

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

Governor Lowmyer has made the following appointments: Julius Leeder, boiler inspector for Baltimore City; Edward B. Daniel, justice of the peace for the eleventh district of Prince George's county, and commissioned T. Kell Bradford notary public for Baltimore city.

LECTURE AT MT. ST. MARY'S.

Maurice Francis Egan, LL. D., professor of literature at the Catholic University, Washington, D. C., was a visitor Saturday and Sunday at Mt. St. Mary's College, Emmitsburg, where he was warmly greeted. He visited places of interest around the town, and also delivered a fine lecture on "Methods of some modern novelists." Dr. Egan returned to Washington Sunday evening, accompanied by Mr. Francis P. Gailfole, '95, of Waterbury, Conn.

GAVE UP HIS JOB QUICKLY.

Harry Scholl, who was appointed policeman by Mayor Chilton, of Frederick, after one night's duty, tendered his resignation. Jacob B. Buckley was appointed to fill the vacancy. Two other members of the newly appointed force say that policing is not what it is cracked up to be, and are thinking seriously of resigning.

TOWN ELECTION.

The annual election for a Burgess and six commissioners to manage the affairs of Emmitsburg during the ensuing year was held at the Fireman's Hall, on Monday last, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. No Particular interest was taken in the election, only one ticket being in the field. The number of votes cast was 48. Mr. Wm. G. Blair, was elected Burgess. This makes eleven consecutive years that Mr. Blair has been elected to that position. The commissioners elected are as follows: F. A. Maxwell, Wm. Morrison, Oscar D. Frailey, George T. Gelwicks, Victor E. Rowe, and F. A. Diffendal.

At the head of the ticket was the words, "Lime Stone Ticket," which conveyed the idea that the ticket was composed of men favorable to placing lime stone on the streets, and it is hoped that any efforts they may make in that direction will be crowned with success.

One of the very first things that should claim the attention of the new Board of Commissioners is the condition of the alleys. They are badly in need of attention. The commissioners should also go in a body to the bridge over Flat Run on Gettysburg street, and view the old garbage pile at that place, which is not a very inviting spectacle.

SHOT HIS WIFE AND COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Robert W. Newcomer, of Williamsport, Md., was escaped the whipping post. He died by his own hand Wednesday night by shooting himself in the head with a pistol after mortally wounding his wife.

The shooting occurred at Newcomer's home shortly after eleven o'clock. Jealousy and revenge are believed to have been his motives for attempting to kill his wife and thinking that he had succeeded he then turned the pistol to his head and fired the fatal bullet that ended his own life. The bullet entered his head behind the left ear and pierced his brain. Edward Hughes, who was one of the first persons that reached the home, felt Newcomer's pulse and found it faintly beating.

Mrs. Newcomer had just finished making up bread and had laid down on a lounge when her husband entered the room. She got up quickly and started to leave the room when he drew a pistol and fired two shots after her. One bullet struck her in the back, to the right of the shoulder blade and the other entered her hip. Neither of the balls could be located. She ran from the house screaming and fell on the pavement a few feet from the door. Neighbors, who were attracted by the shots and Mrs. Newcomer's screams, arrived upon the scene and carried her to Hotel Prosser. Newcomer fired three shots. The third one ended his own life. He was found lying on the floor with the pistol, a thirty-eight calibre, by his side. The bullet had entered his brain. He was in his stocking feet, which, it is believed, proves that he entered the home with intent upon an evil purpose. There was nobody in the house at the time besides Mrs. Newcomer and her two young daughters, who were upstairs asleep. Newcomer had not been living with his wife for over a month.

THE DRUG STORE ROBBERY.

Nelson P. Moulton and Victor Dant were arrested Tuesday by Sheriff Thompson and lodged in jail in default of \$500 bail, charged with being the parties who, on the night of April 15th, entered the drug store of Joseph Reading, of Rockville, and completely demolished the long-distance telephone in their efforts to secure the money in the drawer. Dant was arrested about three o'clock Tuesday morning, and in conversation stated that early in the evening of April 15th Moulton entered the cellar of the drug store and there concealed himself until after the store was closed, which was about eleven o'clock. He then opened a side door and admitted Dant. Together they proceeded to get the money from the drawer of the telephone. The only tools used in the destruction of the instrument were two large pen-knives, which were taken from the stock in the store. Besides the destruction of the telephone, nothing else in the store was disturbed, except a small box under the counter, in which Mr. Reading kept a small amount of change.—American.

THURMONT RAILROAD ORGANIZATION.

The incorporators of the Frederick, Thurmont and Northern Electric Railroad Company met in Frederick Saturday, and organized by electing the following officers: President, Col. L. Victor Baughman; first vice-president, Isaac S. Annan; second vice-president, Alexander Ramsburg; secretary, Charles C. Waters; treasurer, Dr. Franklin B. Smith; counsel, Wm. H. Hinks; engineer, Rufus A. Rager; executive committee, Col. D. C. Winebrenner, John R. Stoner, John Baumgardner, Dr. F. B. Smith, Rev. W. L. O'Hara, Judge John C. Motter and Dr. T. E. R. Miller. A permanent office will be open in Frederick city at once, and from now on the committee will push the project vigorously. The present plan is to build an electric railroad from Frederick to Thurmont, but it is proposed to extend this later on to Gettysburg, and possibly make it part of the projected electric line from Washington to Gettysburg. The incorporators are prominent and substantial business men, who are convinced that the road will be a paying investment.—Examiner.

OUR LADY READERS.

Should know that the torturing pains and nervousness which accompany many of the distressing ailments peculiar to women, yield like magic to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is purely vegetable, perfectly harmless in any condition of the system, and adapted to the delicate organization of woman by an experienced physician of thirty years active practice. It always and subdues undue excitement of the nervous system and relieves the pain accompanying functional and organic troubles. Sallow or wrinkled face, dull eyes and hollow cheeks, together with low spirits, follow the derangements, irregularities and weaknesses peculiar to the sex. Whether suffering from nervousness, dizziness, faintness, disordered action of the bowels, bearing-down, active, catarrhal inflammation of the lining membranes, giving rise to an exhausting drain upon the system, "bearing-down sensation," or general debility, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription reaches the origin of the trouble and corrects it. Avoid the dried and repulsive "local applications" so generally employed by doctors. You can cure your ailment by the use of "Favorite Prescription" and thereby save the humiliating ordeal of submitting to such treatment. It is a medicine which was discovered and used by a eminent physician for thirty years in all cases of "female complaint," and whose painful disorders that afflict womankind. If women are overworked, run down, tired or sleepless, if they are irritable, morbid and suffer from backache, they should turn to the right means of a permanent cure. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription fits just cases, for it regulates the special functions and builds up and invigorates the entire female system.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

FAIRFIELD, May 3.—Mr. C. M. Shulley and sister, Miss Lillie, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Millard Stoner, of near Knox Lynn.

Mr. J. L. Hill, of this place, is putting out eight acres in potatoes this spring. Mr. Hill is one of your potato raisers.

Ortanna is getting to be a fast place. Some of the bad boys at that place took Mr. Stoneseifer's hay carriages and put them into a mill dam at Ortanna and putting a flag on each end, they call it "the Maine." Mr. Stoneseifer would make it hot for the boys if he knew who did the work.

Before the school term ended, some parties stole the flag off the pole at the school house, which was put up by the J. O. U. A. M. The order offered a reward of \$10. The flag was returned, however. They are very cross at this time, and some say they will use the "Maine" to come down to do the Fairfield boys up. They might run against the "Indiana" cruiser. They had better go slow.

Last Sunday was certainly a summer day. The mountains being on fire made it somewhat smoky.

Some of our farmers planted corn last week. People are getting their ground ready. The cold snap has not hurt the fruit at this place and if blossoms are an indication of a large fruit crop we will certainly have one.

There has been more lime burned this spring than for many years, it's the best for land and people will fall back on it. F. Shulley is burning this week and will burn a kiln next week.

On account of the war with Spain President McKinley will hardly be at Gettysburg on the 30th of May.

Many of our farmers are turning their stock out to pasture. There is no pasture worth speaking of, as yet.

At a game of ball in Fairfield, one day last week in which Mr. Sam Barton was engaged, the ball struck Mr. Barton on his mouth, breaking his false teeth. It was a dear throw to him.

Shulley and Riley of this place have sold one of their refrigerators to Mr. Howard Walter at Biglerville. He is a butcher at that place.

ST. JOSEPH'S FEAST.

The celebration of St. Joseph's Feast, was a fitting occasion for solemn and impressive ceremonies, fine decorations and beautiful music, a privilege greatly enjoyed on last Sunday by our town's people. The effect of the mass, Haydn's 2nd, was immensely improved by the accompaniment of many instruments in the able hands of the following members: 1st Violin, Misses Estella and Grace Lansinger and Blanche Tyson; Bass Tuba and Clarinet, T. Lansinger; Cello, Grace Lansinger. Special credit is due to Mr. T. Lansinger for his beautiful improvised accompaniment to the march, using the two instruments clarinet and bass, alternately. The offertory, O Coramoris Victoria Obligato, as rendered by Miss E. Lansinger was simply beautiful. I hear we are soon to lose Miss Lansinger. We will all, indeed, feel sad to no more hear her "expressive" singing. The other soloists were Misses Grace Lansinger, Blanche and Helen Tyson, T. Lansinger, B. Elder, J. Tyson. The choir being well sustained throughout. Miss Maggie Tyson, as organist, acquitted herself in her usual unique style. At the evening service our "peerless Estelle" played variations on the violin, and Regna Terria was magnificently rendered.

Emmitsburg must feel it enjoys great advantages in possessing so many pure and sweet voices and so excellent an orchestra.

The music of Easter was equally grand, but through an oversight was not made known to the CHRONICLE, our charming paper which we all feel proud of. Last, but not least, an eloquent sermon by Father McNelis, who has been here a short time, but has won all, by his genial and kind disposition.

WAS ALMOST WILD.

"I was troubled with a skin disease which almost drove me wild. I heard so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla I concluded to try it and the first bottle convinced me of its merit. I continued taking it until I was entirely free from the skin trouble, and I recommend Hood's." WALTER JACOBUS, Rutherford, N. J.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

CONFESSED TO ILLEGAL ARRESTS.

In the Circuit Court at Cumberland, Tuesday, Deputy Sheriff Robert Aldon pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with making illegal arrests, and he was fined \$25 and costs. About three months ago Deputy Sheriff Aldon found three colored boys (tramps) loitering around the jail and he arrested them, and they were taken to jail without a warrant. The boys were afterwards given a hearing before justice Anthony, who committed them to three months in the House of Correction. The last grand jury indicted Aldon, who when the case was called pleaded guilty. The three boys had been brought up from the House of Correction as witnesses in the case. Judge Boyd, in imposing the fine, said that inasmuch as Aldon was a young man, and no doubt made the arrest through ignorance of the law, that he would let him off lightly, but that if any more cases of a like nature came before him a punishment would be meted out that would be severe in its nature. The court further stated that this arresting people by deputy sheriffs and constables merely for the sake of making a fee must be broken up, as there had been too much of it going on in Allegany county. The three boys were released. Their time would have been out in a few days.

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

RESTORED HER SIGHT.

Successful Surgical Operation by Dr. Wm. C. Boteler.

The delicate operation for the removal of cataract from the eye was again successfully performed here by Dr. Wm. C. Boteler recently, on Miss Elizabeth Phoebus, 278 West Patrick street. Miss Phoebus is one of the oldest residents of Frederick and an aunt of Mr. George Phoebus, the marble cutter on South Market street. She is about seventy years old and has been losing her sight rapidly for the past two years. Several months ago Miss Phoebus went blind in her right eye, and she retains but a small per cent of sight in the left. Last week she consulted Dr. Boteler, of Washington, now living at the City Hotel, this city, who told her her blindness was from cataract and an operation necessary. The operation was done Saturday by Dr. Boteler, assisted by Dr. W. A. Long, at Miss Phoebus' home. As cataract occurs on the inside of the eye ball, the eye had to be opened, hence the delicacy of the procedure. Dr. Boteler performed this operation successfully removing the cataract and restoring the lady's sight in just six minutes. An unusual feature of the work is, that the operation is entirely painless. The patient is not put to sleep by chloroform or ether, but the eyeball is opened, the cataract taken out, the eyeball again closed, with very little pain to the patient.

The doctor has had a ripe experience of twenty years in the best universities and hospitals of the country, and stands as one of the most successful oculists and aurists. He is a native of Middletown but went west as a government Surgeon in 1857. Dr. Boteler will buy a home here. He says he will try to make this a "city of homes," and to contain fifty thousand people.—The Frederick News.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

FOR LOCAL OPTION.

The Maryland State Temperance League met at Temple Hall, 116 West Mulberry Street, Baltimore, Monday afternoon, and adopted resolutions stating that it is the intention of the organization to secure local option in the counties; that steps be taken to organize anti saloon leagues in the counties; and that the members vote only for those candidates who will agree to submit the question of the license to the people, where license now exists, and not elsewhere.

The president and secretary were instructed to prepare a remonstrance to the bill now before Congress to substitute the license system in Alaska for the present law prohibiting the sale of intoxicants in that territory.

Delicate Children

They do not complain of anything in particular. They eat enough, but keep thin and pale. They appear fairly well, but have no strength. You cannot say they are really sick, and so you call them delicate.

What can be done for them? Our answer is the same that the best physicians have been giving for a quarter of a century. Give them

A TRAINMAN'S RISKS

FIGURES WHICH GO TO SHOW THAT THEY ARE OVERESTIMATED.

Brakemen, and the Old Hands Among Them, Are Offense Victims—But the Statistics Quoted May Be Exceptional. Benefits From Safety Appliances.

It has been estimated, and, in fact, railroad men frequently make the remark, that the average life of a man actively engaged in train service is about seven years. In other words, that they are either crippled up so as to render them unfit for service again in a like capacity or are killed on an average in that time.

It would seem that inexperienced men would be most apt to get injured, but the figures show differently, as indicated by the following: Eleven, or 9.56 per cent of the total number of trainmen, were injured during their first year of service; 18, or 12.16 per cent, were injured who had been in the service two years; 15, or 11.11 per cent, had been in the service three years; 22, or 16.35 per cent, four years; 26, or 20 per cent, five years; 27, or 21.77 per cent, six years; 13, or 9.63 per cent, seven years; 5, or 3.90 per cent, eight years; 3, or 2.47 per cent, nine years; 5, or 4.16 per cent, ten years; and 12, or 8.89 per cent, over ten years, some of whom had been in the service 15, 18 and 22 years.

It will be noted that the largest average of injuries occurred after the employee had been in service six years, and the figures given would indicate that employees as a general rule are careful up to the time when they have been in the service three to four years and then become more careless.

When a person is tired and heated, bathing the face with warm water will prove more comfortable as well as less dangerous than the use of cold. Weak eyes are made stronger by bathing them regularly in water as hot as can be borne.

There was one case where a brakeman was standing near the end of a car when another out of cars struck it, and he was thrown from the top of the car to the ground, alighting squarely upon his feet and "stoving him up" severely, as will be readily understood.

Deacon Jackson was a very pious but very determined old colored citizen of Owl Creek valley. He had a young mule which his boys were unable to ride, and their failure to break the animal so exasperated the old man that he determined to ride it himself.

Old Ab Drake was one of the "old stinks" that flourished in a Vermont rural neighborhood a good many years ago. His wife was a meek, obedient, spiritless woman, over whom Ab tyrannized for 50 years, who she quietly slipped out of this world.

James Whitcomb Riley, the great Hoosier poet, never burdens himself with much baggage while he is traveling. He once explained his views on baggage by saying: "I am continually lashed by the fear that my trunk will be lost, so I go about the country with a grip. I keep a tensions hold on it all day long and never feel quite safe about it at night. In case there is ever a fearful railway accident, and among the debris is a valise with an arm attached to it firmly, they may bury it without further identification as the fragments of the Hoosier poet."

The merit of Ireland is justly famed for its holiday resorts, for its beautiful scenery and many spots of historical interest.

VIRTUES OF HOT WATER.

Many Are the Aches and Pains It Will Relieve.

Not a phrase conveying an impression of entire futility, yet it may be found that water, hot, has manifold uses and is peculiarly able in certain places to afford comfort and relief.

As water is so considerable an element in the physical structure, it is in some sense a food, though—knowing, too, that without it life cannot be supported—it is not usually regarded in that manner, and the knowledge that a weak stomach will retain hot water when it will nothing else may be oftentimes of value.

To ward off the cold threatened by a chilly sensation, drink a cup. To loosen a tight cough, sip water as hot as it can be borne. A hot compress, with a dry flannel over it, persistently applied to the throat and chest will cure a stubborn cough, a sore throat and cut short in its incipient congestion of the lungs.

In spasms possible in a hot bath—that is, one heated as much as comfort will allow. The convulsed frame will be relaxed and soothed by its contact with the warm water. A hot bath after exposure will do much to prevent the taking of an infectious disease.

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How General Joe Wheeler Was Captured.

General Wheeler had a most exciting service throughout the war. He has told me how his horses were shot under him again and again and how he escaped without injury, although he always rode at the head of his troops.

A short time later, however, when he got ready to fly, Wheeler was about the only commander who could get soldiers to go with him, and it was little General Joe who followed the Confederate president with a troop of 600 men.

Washington Widows. I like gratitude. I like to hear of grateful people, and an anecdote I heard recently of one Washington man has pleased me immensely.

Unfortunate Begging. Sir William Rowan Hamilton, professor of astronomy in the Dublin university, used to speak with the strongest reverence of Bishop Brinkley, his predecessor. He had for him a filial affection and used to recall with a humorous melancholy the time of their first meeting.

Agnes of the World's Charmers. Miss Browning dilates on a most consoling fact. The women who influenced the destinies of nations were none of them "actually young."

Cod on Ash Wednesday. Once a year, on Ash Wednesday, the Anglicans of all the middle class eat salt fish, and this salt fish is always cod. Shrove Tuesday is a kind of Lenten fish shop festival, which the whole of the "decoration" is salt cod and half lemons.

Not Many Bluestockings. The latest census of Egypt shows that the country is about the only one in the world where the men are in a majority over the women.

The Early Piano. The earliest known mention of the pianoforte was in a playbill dated May 16, 1767. The piece announced was "The Beggar's Opera," with Mr. Beard as Captain Macheath, Mrs. Stephens as Mrs. Peachum, Mr. Shuter as Peachum.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Garris is Ancient. Carlo came from Asia and has been used since the earliest times. It formed part of the diet of the Israelites in Egypt and was used by Greek and Roman soldiers and African peasants.

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"Light Housekeeping."

"Rooms to rent for light housekeeping" is a sign that is steadily creeping into the windows of down at the heel mansions and into others which, though bearing a prosperous air, house occupants who "have experienced reverse."

Marrriages In Southern India. The inhabitants of southern India have peculiar marriage customs, according to Dr. Eoek, the German explorer. There are always two marriage ceremonies, he says, one taking place when the betrothed ones are mere infants.

A Curious Legal Decision. The following anecdote is sent by a Kentucky correspondent, who says it is the exact truth: "A young man who had not found it convenient to pay a tailor's bill was brought up on a creditor's bill by the cruel tailor before a very kind hearted vice chancellor, who liked the youth.

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Revival of an Ancient Jest.

The ancient jest regarding the ditto sign was revived in Cleveland not long ago, and it loses little of its sparkle because of its age.

Into the office of a local manufacturer concern, whose product is wire and wire hardware specialties, an elderly customer from out of town recently stalked.

Kindly tell me, said the bookkeeper, "how you figure that total any lower." The aged customer's eyes flashed triumphantly.

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CATARRH. Ask your Druggist for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE. ELY'S CREAM BALM. Contains no cocaine, mercury or any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages. Allays inflammation. Heals and protects the membrane. Restores the senses of taste and smell. Full Size 50c; Trial Size 10c. At Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 50 Warren Street, New York.

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THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE. Do not be deceived by spurious advertisements and think you can get the best made, finest and MOST POPULAR SEWING MACHINE for a mere song. Buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation for honesty and expert dealing. There is none in the world that can equal the perfect construction, durability of working parts, firmness of finish, beauty in appearance, or the many improvements of the NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE. WRITE FOR CIRCULARS. The New Home Sewing Machine Co., GRAND, MASS., BOSTON, MASS., 25 UNION SQUARE, N. Y., CHICAGO, ILL., ST. LOUIS, MO., DALLAS, TEXAS, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF., ATLANTA, GA.

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