

Emmitsburg Chronicle

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EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1898

NO. 40.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* on every bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 8, 1897.

Chas. H. Fletcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 N. 3RD ST., NEW YORK CITY.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY

Circuit Court.
Chief Judge—Hon. James M. Motter and Hon. James B. Henderson.
State Attorneys—Wm. H. Hinkle, Clerk of the Court—Douglas H. Hargett.

Orphan's Court.
Justices—John W. Grider, Wm. R. Young and Henry B. Wilson.
Clerk of the Court—Charles E. Saylor.

County Officers.
County Commissioners—Jas. A. Dean, Wm. H. Hinkle, J. B. Henderson, J. B. Henderson, J. B. Henderson.
County Clerk—J. B. Henderson.
County Treasurer—J. B. Henderson.
County Surveyor—J. B. Henderson.
County Assessor—J. B. Henderson.
County Jailor—J. B. Henderson.

Emmitsburg District.
Notary Public—E. L. Annan.
Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Francis A. Maxwell, Wm. P. Eyer, Jos. W. Davidson.
Registrars—A. A. Annan, A. V. Keppers.
Constables—School Trustees—S. N. McNair, John W. Redick.

Churches.
Ev. Lutheran Church.
Pastor—Rev. Charles Heinemann. Services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Prayers at 7:30 o'clock. Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Church school on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Presbyterian Church.
Pastor—Rev. David H. Hiddle. Morning service at 10 o'clock. Evening service at 7:30 o'clock. Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Church school on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church.
Pastor—Rev. P. V. Kavanaugh. C. M. First Mass 10 o'clock a. m., second Mass 10 o'clock a. m., Vespers 8 o'clock p. m., Sunday School at 2 o'clock p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church.
Pastor—Rev. M. H. Courtney. Services every other Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Prayers at 7:30 o'clock. Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Church school on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Societies.
Massachusetts Tribe No. 41, I. O. R. M.
Kindles her Council fire every Saturday evening, 8th Run. Officers—Prophet—John A. Adelsberger; Sachem—Daniel Schen; Sen. Secy—J. K. Byers; Jun. Secy—A. D. Caldwell; C. of C.—George L. Gillette; R. of W.—Dr. John W. Redick; Representative to Grand Council—John A. Adelsberger; Jun. Rep.—John Morrison, John P. Adelsberger and C. D. Caldwell.

Emerald Beneficial Association.
Rev. J. B. Manley, Chaplain; P. A. Adelsberger, President; John Byrnes, Vice-President; H. P. Byrnes, Secretary; Charles Rosenstock, Assistant Secretary; John M. St. John, Treasurer; J. H. Noel, John D. Hemler, Stewards; W. B. Stouter, Messenger. Association meets the fourth Sunday of each month at P. P. Burkle's residence, East Main Street.

Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R.
Commander, S. N. McNair; Senior Vice-Commander, Samuel Gamble; Junior Vice-Commander, John Glass; Chaplain, Jos. W. Davidson; Officers of the Day, Wm. H. Weaver, Quartermaster, Wm. A. Friley; Officer of the Guard, Albert Dotterer; Surgeon, John Shank; Delegates to State Encampment, W. A. Friley, Samuel Gamble; Alternates, C. S. Zeek, and Samuel Waggoner.

Vigilant Fire Company.
Meets 1st and 3rd Friday evenings of each month at President's Hall. Presidents, V. E. Rowe; Vice-President, Oscar H. Friley; Secretary, Wm. H. Troxell; Treasurer, J. H. Stokes; Capt., Chas. R. Hoke; 1st Lieut., Howard Rider; 2nd Lieut., W. Harry Stout.

Emmitsburg Water Company.
President, I. S. Annan; Vice-President, L. M. Motter; Secretary, E. B. Zimmerman; Treasurer, J. Thos. Gelwicks; E. B. Zimmerman, J. S. Annan, E. L. Rowe, C. D. Eichelberger.

The Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent Association.
Chaplain, Rev. J. B. Manley; President, A. V. Keppers; Vice-President, George Althoff; Treasurer, John H. Rosenstock; Secretary, Paul J. Corry; Assistant Secretary, John M. St. John; Sergeant at Arms, John C. Shorb; Board of Directors, Vincent Schold, John A. Peddicord, Wm. C. Taylor; Sick Visiting Committee, Henry Taylor, Joseph Martin, Jacob J. Pappert, Harry Rosenstock, John C. Shorb.

Foot and Queen.

Dr. Max Muller relates that the late queen of Holland frequently came to England and was fond of meeting while there distinguished literary people. On one occasion she lunched with Dean Stanley and asked him to invite several literary men, among whom were Tennyson, Lord Houghton, Huxley and Max Muller himself.

Luncheon was ready, and everybody had come to the delectable except Tennyson. Dean Stanley suggested that the party should wait no longer, but the queen refused to sit down before the laureate's arrival. There was another period of waiting, painful to all the company.

Finally someone suggested that probably Tennyson was "mooning about in the cloisters somewhere." One was sent to see, and the poet was indeed found there, apparently oblivious that anything was going on. He was brought in and placed at the table next the queen of the Netherlands.

The queen took the conversation into her own hands and in particular tried to draw Tennyson out. He was not in talking mood. She addressed him a question.

"Yes, ma'am," he answered. Then there was another question. "No, ma'am," came from Tennyson. Again she asked his opinion about something. The question was not susceptible of answer by "Yes" or "No."

"Ma'am," said Tennyson after a great effort, "there is a great deal to be said on both sides of the question."

Presently he turned and whispered to Max Muller, "I wish they had put some of you talking fellows next to Regina."

Anglo-Saxon Common Sense.

I had occasion at Coolgardie to be present at a public meeting gathered to protest strongly against the actions of the Western Australian government with regard to the mining population and the insufficiency of its political representation. Several speakers held forth. One declared that he was neither democrat nor socialist, another that he was a democrat, but not a socialist; a third at last professed himself a socialist. Sometimes groans, sometimes applause, underlined certain phrases, but in the midst of these gold miners, in this town but three years old, in spite of the relaxing influence of a torrid heat, the most perfect order reigned throughout. Thanks were voted at the end of the meeting to all the speakers without distinction of opinion, a motion of protest was adopted, and the crowd retired in the greatest tranquillity. I thought, not without shame, of the manner in which meetings of this kind are often conducted in France.—"Les Nouvelles Societes Anglo-Saxonnes," Pierre Leroy-Beaulieu.

A Quaint Epitaph.

The following epitaph is over a grave in the Caroline islands:

Sacred to Wm. Collins, Boat Steerer of the SHIP SAINT GEORGE of New BED Ford who by the Will of Almighty God was suddenly injured by a BULL WHALE off this land on 18 March 1890.

Also to John Collins, Boat Steerer of the SHIP SAINT GEORGE of New BED Ford who by the Will of Almighty God was suddenly injured by a BULL WHALE off this land on 18 March 1890.

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GOIN' TO THE KLONDIKE.

I am goin' to the Klondike in the North-land far away, Where the winter lasts all summer an' the Arctic breezes play, Where from buzz of the mosquito an' from hum of the bee An' from gnats and flies that worry I will evermore be free. In that land of faded riches where the nuggets grow on vines, An' they shake the precious gold dust from the branches of the pines, I will grasp a princely fortune in the twinkling of an eye. An' come back an' be a Vanderbilt, an' that's no lie.

I am goin' to the Klondike where they live on poodle stews, Where the folks are not fastidious in gastronomic views, Where the boys with pointer steaks their unassuming stomachs load; Where they smack their lips in rapture over bulldog a la mode. There I'll gather up the nuggets an' I'll shovel up the dust, I will snarl defiant fingers at the poverty I've cursed, Then I'll hasten back to Denver an' you bet I'll play em high. In the gilt-edged aristocracy, an' that's no lie.

I am goin' to the Klondike, kindly make a note of that, An' another that the language isn't filtered through my hat. I will seek the golden Mecca, I will reach the sought-for goal The balloons are seeking up against the northern pole; I am goin' to the Klondike, but I don't intend to go. Till a railway, is completed to that land of ice an' snow, Then I'll travel in a Pullman an' I'll live on cake an' pie, With a bottle for emergencies, an' that's no lie.

—Denver Post.

JAPANESE CLEVERNESS.

How They Manage to Have Pure Air in Tunnels.

The Railway and Engineering Review has for some time past been publishing a series of interesting photographs taken by a traveling engineer, and called by him "Snapshots Around the World." One of the most recent of these pictures shows the entrance to a long railway tunnel through a mountain in Japan. The photograph was taken shortly after a train had entered the tunnel, and a native watchman is seen in the act of lowering a heavy, closely-woven curtain, which is suspended upon a rod above the entrance. The curtain is large enough to completely cover the opening. This was not an esthetic decoration or refinement of the artistic Japanese character; it was a purely utilitarian device. The clever Japs have discovered a simple and most ingenious way of preventing smoke, gases and foul air from accumulating in their railway tunnels. The American traveling engineer, Mr. Clement F. Street, states that by this absurdly simple trick the smoke follows the train as if it were an integral part of the rolling stock, and actually pours out of the mouth of the tunnel ahead of the locomotive. After the train has passed through the tunnel and the curtain is again raised, and not a trace of smoke can be perceived.

This is as simple as the famous Columbus egg trick, and, although Mr. Street is too modest to offer an explanation—in fact, he says it is to him a mystery—it is not difficult to imagine a plausible reason.

When the curtain is lowered ingress of air from behind the train is prevented, and partial vacuum results. Fresh air is drawn in from the front of the train to supply the deficiency, and this forces the smoke and gaseous products of combustion forward with the train. Since reading this account some laboratory tests upon a small scale have been attempted, which agree in their results with the statement here made.

Here is an item showing the struggles which the managers of the Underground Railway, in London, have had in trying to overcome the smoke and foul air nuisance in their tunnels:

The London Metropolitan Underground Railway, a steam road, has been given the ultimatum of adopting electric traction within three years or going out of business. The trouble all arises from lack of proper ventilation of the tunnels, and every means has been tried but electric power. They have tried

NOBODY OWNED THE PAPER.

A New Story of Washington and the Constitutional Convention.

Major William Pierce also left behind him a partial record of the debates in Philadelphia which supplement those of Madison, Yates and King; also the following anecdote:

When the convention first opened at Philadelphia there were a number of propositions brought forward as great leading principles for the new government to be established for the United States. A copy of these propositions was given to each member with an injunction to keep everything a profound secret. One morning, by accident, one of the members dropped his copy of the propositions, which being luckily picked up by General Mifflin, was presented to General Washington, our President, who put it in his pocket. After the debates of the day were over, and the question for adjournment was called for, the General arose from his seat, and previous to his putting the question addressed the convention in the following manner:

"Gentlemen: I am sorry to find that some one member of this body has been so neglectful of the secrets of the convention as to drop in the State House a copy of their proceedings, which by accident was picked up and delivered to me this morning. I must entreat gentlemen to be more careful lest our transactions get into the newspapers and disturb the public repose by premature speculations. I know not whose paper it is, but there it is (throwing it down on the table); let him who owns it take it." At the same time he bowed, picked up his hat, and quitted the room with a dignity, so severe that every person, seemed alarmed; for my part I was extremely so, for putting my hand in my pocket I missed my copy of the same paper, but advancing up to the table my fears soon dissipated; I found it to be the handwriting of another person.

When I went to my lodging at the Indian Queen I found my copy in a coat pocket, which I had pulled off that morning. It is something remarkable that no person ever owned the paper.—American Historical Review.

THE NEEDLE INDUSTRY.

Germany is Rapidly Coming to the Front as England's Rival.

The export trade of sewing needles forms a very important part of commerce in Germany. Formerly England supplied that country with needles; this industry, according to the United States consul at Annaberg, has, during the last few years, developed to such an extent that the Germans are able to meet their English competitors, not only in the markets of the world, but in the British colonies, and in England as well. The principal seats of the industry are Aix-la-Chapelle, Birtschied, Isenlohn, Altona, Nuremberg and Schwalbach. The factories of Aix-la-Chapelle alone produce 50,000,000 needles weekly. The following figures show to what extent the exports from Germany of these needles have developed. During the eight years from 1880 to 1887 the German export of needles of all kinds—embroidery, knitting, darning, sewing and sewing machine needles—amounted to 11,600,000 pounds, valued at \$12,500,000. The following eight years made a still better showing. During this period the quantity exported was 15,000,000 pounds, valued at \$15,000,000. The enormous growth in the production of this article is due principally to the export trade of China, where Germany seems to entirely control the market. Other countries importing German sewing needles are British East Indies, France, the United States, Austria-Hungary, Italy and Turkey. In conclusion, the American consul says:

"Under the protection of their government the Germans have built up a needle industry which commands the respect of the world. At first they imitated the English methods of manufacture, but their superior technical training soon enabled them to discover the defects of the English machinery, and they adopted new and improved devices, and followed their own course of manufacture. The infants industry of a few years ago has become one of national importance. The manufacturers go into the markets of the world, preferably into new countries, and compete successfully everywhere."—Journal Commerce.

A Wonderful Discovery.

The last quarter of a century records many wonderful discoveries in medicine, but none that have accomplished more for humanity than that sterling old household remedy, Brown's Iron Bitters. It seems to contain the very elements of good health, and neither man, woman or child can take it without deriving the greatest benefit. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

THE DEACON'S PIETY.

IT WAS EQUAL TO ALL OCCASIONS AND LASTED OVER EIGHTY YEARS.

Suspended Religious Services Indefinitely to Nurse the Victims of a Smallpox Epidemic—An Example In This as He Was In Devotion to the Flag.

Deacon William Trowbridge was a small farmer living near Sheboygan Falls. He went there over 60 years ago. Besides tilling a little patch of ground the deacon, who was indeed the very soul of honor and ever had the respect and confidence of all in that community, was in the habit, before regular preachers were sent there, of reading a sermon or exhorting. There was no sham about Deacon Trowbridge's piety. He was sincerity itself.

Fifty years ago the little village was visited by a smallpox epidemic—an old fashioned, widespread and spreading epidemic—and they didn't know how to catch it as well as they do now.

The first Sunday after the dreaded disease made its appearance the deacon's congregation was quite large. At the end of the services he made an announcement in about these words:

"These services will be postponed until after the smallpox disappears from the community. From this on I shall give my services to the stricken families. I shall minister to their wants, help to nurse them, and when they die follow them to the grave. It may be a long term or it may be a short term, but, however long or however short, it is my plain duty to help my distressed neighbors."

The word was well suited to the action which followed. The good old deacon hurried to his home, changed his clothes, bade his family goodbye and at once began his work of mercy. What a work it was! The epidemic lasted nearly all winter. Large numbers died. Few in the village escaped the disease. The deacon's example was followed by others. Men went to their homes, told their wives and children what the deacon had said and was doing, arranged their business, provided fuel and provisions, kissed their dear ones and went to the aid of the unfortunate. Like the deacon they went without reward or hope of reward. Like him they spent weeks and some of them months in that service without daring to go home lest their dear ones catch the disease.

The strangest of all this strange experience is the fact that neither the deacon, the good souls who imitated his example nor their families were overtaken by the malady, notwithstanding the fact that the watchers, helpers and nurses were almost constantly in the presence of the suffering patients and notwithstanding the fact that they laid out and helped to bury the dead.

Nearly half of the deacon's congregation had disappeared when, the next spring, he resumed services in the schoolhouse. It was a sorrowful Sunday. Those in the audience who had not lost members of their family had lost neighbors and dear friends. When the good old Christian had read a chapter, prayed and talked a practical sermon, he referred feelingly to the scenes through which the community had passed. I think every man, woman and child in the room, including the deacon, wept. At the close of the talk he asked all present to join him on their knees in asking that the community might escape such visitations for all time to come. It was a most earnest appeal. I believe that that prayer has been answered. There may have been a few cases of smallpox there since then, but there has never been an epidemic.

The Sunday after Sumter was fired upon, and while Deacon Trowbridge was conducting services in the Baptist church, the deacon to whom he belonged for over 80 years, he and his congregation were disturbed by a great commotion in the street right in front of the church. There were beating of drums and sounds of life much out of tune. It was so uncommon a thing that most of the congregation walked or ran out of the church. Finally the deacon closed the Bible and slowly followed his fleeing flock. When outside, he asked the cause of "this unseemly disturbance on the Lord's day." Some one told him that the president had called for soldiers to uphold the honor and the flag of the nation and that they were going to raise a company right then and there.

The old deacon's eyes flashed as he walked out into the street, where a young fellow was irregularly pounding a bass drum, and said: "Nathan, I know it is Sunday and that all but the Lord's work should be abandoned, but the saving of our country and the shielding of its flag from dishonor is the Lord's work. Give me that drum." And that model of piety strapped on the big drum and went to pounding, greatly outdoing Nathan in two respects—he made more noise and kept perfect time. He drummed as no one before had never drummed in the little village. As if it had gone on lightning wings, word flew through the community that Deacon Trowbridge had left his pulpit to beat a drum, and on Sunday too.

Within half an hour nearly every one in town and many from the outskirts had gathered around the old drummer, all cheering him, and on Sunday too. That night Nathan Cole, who had been relieved as drummer by the deacon, went to Sheboygan with enough money to make up what became Company C of the Fourth Wisconsin.—J. A. Waltons in Chicago Times-Herald.

Everybody Says So.

Cascareta Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, is present and refreshing to the taste, sweet and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispelling all humors, curing headache, neuralgia, rheumatism and all ailments. Please buy and try a box of C. C. Candy Cathartic. Sold everywhere and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

LIVERY



I HAVE a first-class Livery in connection with the Emmitsburg House, and am prepared to furnish the public with good and safe driving horses, with good carriages. I also make a specialty of furnishing first-class carriages for Wedding Parties, Funerals, etc. Charges moderate. Give me a call. Respectfully, JACOB SMITH, Emmitsburg, Md. nov. 16-lyr

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY

FOR YOUNG LADIES, CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY. NEAR EMMITSBURG, MD.

This Institution is pleasantly situated in a healthy and picturesque part

FRIDAY, FEB. 25, 1898.

THE MAIN DISASTER.

Investigation of the Maine horror continues slowly, and the people are awaiting the result with rather more of calmness than might have been expected. There seems very little disposition to prejudice the case, or indulge in unwise comments. The investigation, to be thorough, must necessarily be slow. An immense mass of debris must be gotten out of the way before definite information can be obtained, and it is very difficult to move this under the water. There can be no question whatever concerning the patriotism and competency of the court. Had the entire navy been picked over, it would have been difficult to secure a better one. There is no more knowledge today as to the cause of the disaster than when it occurred. Bits of rumor and facts have been dovetailed and theories constructed, but they all lack the essential feature of a sound basis. Whether it was an accident or an outrage, or whether it was caused from within or without, is as much a mystery today as it was a week ago. Meanwhile, however, time has been given for the subsidence of passion, and a temperate discussion of the effect of the disaster under certain conditions.—American.

FOR GOOD ROADS.

The United States Department of Agriculture, under Secretary Wilson, has taken hold of the good road question with much vim, and is having investigations made as to the resources of proper materials for permanent roads in every State. From these investigations it is believed that Maryland can construct improved permanent highways at as little cost as any State in the Union. The facts brought to light by the investigation of the Agricultural Department also prove the great saving there is to the country people by a comprehensive, permanent system of hard roads, and, while the outlay for this looks large at first, experience teaches that the increase of general values that follow in shape of advance in prices of farming lands, new buildings and immigration brings about enough "increased taxable basis" to take care of the first cost and interest of the debts which are created to cover it.

The "Pleasant Pellets" gently stimulate and invigorate the liver to throw off biliousness; and tone up the stomach to secrete the digestive juices, and overcome dyspepsia. The entire digestive or alimentary tract is put in motion in the regular, steady way of nature and health. This is what makes the "Pleasant Pellets" so immensely superior to the numerous purging pills which wrench and weaken the system. Druggists may get more profit out of those other pills but you don't.

JOSEPH LEITER, the Chicago wheat speculator, made a significant remark last Friday when asked about the sale of a portion of his wheat: "I not only did not sell a bushel of wheat yesterday, but bought wheat. The current prices are only the beginning of a range from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per bushel. That's what I propose to sell my wheat at."

DIXON C. WALKER, of Urbana, has been elected a member of the board of managers of the Frederick County Agricultural Society, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Daniel H. Rutzahn.

The largest cargo of coffee that was ever brought to New York (\$5,755 sacks) was brought from Brazil by the steamer Canning.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK A CAR.

An attempt was made late Friday night to wreck an electric car between Hagerstown and Williamsport. The car Conductor Henry Bomberger and Motorman Chas. Brown in charge, ran into a pile of rocks which had been placed on the track. The rocks were as large as a man could lift and were taken from a stone fence close by. The momentum of the car was such that, instead of jumping the track, the car plunged through the obstruction. The car contained seven passengers, one a lady. A search was made for the perpetrator, but he could not be found. Later in the evening, as the car was returning, empty, to Williamsport, some one hidden in the darkness hurled a rock as big as a man's fist at Conductor Bomberger and hit him on the side of the head, making him stagger over the car, which was stopped and another, but fruitless, search was made for the person who threw the stone. Early in the evening an intoxicated man, who got off the car near where the attempt to wreck was made, gave Conductor Bomberger a great deal of trouble. A couple nights ago some one shot at a trolley conductor from Brugh's orchard, in the southern suburbs of Hagerstown. The trolley company have offered \$50 reward for the capture of the perpetrator and the officers are making a thorough search for him.

IT WILL SURPRISE YOU.

In order to prove the great merit of Ely's Cream Balm, the most effective cure for Catarrh and Cold in Head, your druggist will supply a generous 10 cent trial size or we will mail for 10 cents. Full size 50 cts. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City. Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

RAILROAD ROBBERS TRACED.

The mystery surrounding the robbery of the Texas and Southern Railroad ticket office at Phoenix, Ariz., about a month ago, at which time \$8,000 worth of tickets and \$700 in money was taken, was solved today by the arrest and confession of Charles Collins. Collins implicated J. M. Waterman, who is also under arrest. The robbery was a daring one. The ticket office, which is in the heart of the city, was entered before midnight, and the safe and strong box of the railroad company wrecked by dynamite. So great was the force of the explosion that one side of the building was wrecked, but before the police arrived the robbers had escaped. They were traced to El Paso, thence to Galveston, Louisville, Cincinnati and finally to Chicago, where they were arrested Tuesday.

THE CENSUS.

The measure providing for the twelfth and subsequent censuses was laid before the Senate Monday. Mr. Allison thought the census bureau ought not to be made an independent bureau, but to be placed under the Department of the Interior, under the general supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, and he proposed an amendment to that effect. It was carried after a hot debate.

PHILADELPHIA is making a strong bid for the convention of the National Educational Association for 1900, at which some 20,000 thousand people will gather. It is conceded that, in accordance with custom, the West or South is entitled to the honor of 1899.

This year's meeting takes place in Washington, and Philadelphia's educational people will make a strong effort to have Dr. Edward Brooks, superintendent of public education, named as president of the association.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

POSTMASTER BAKER, a negro, and his child were shot to death by a mob and their bodies cremated at Lake City, S. C.

It Keeps the Feet Warm and Dry

Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Chapped Feet, Swelling, Itching, etc. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Ormsted, Le Roy, N. Y. feb 24-4ts

DR. J. MARKWOOD OSLER, of Thurmont, Frederick county, in company with sixty-four friends, left Philadelphia for the Alaskan gold fields.

RAILWAY BONDS NULL AND VOID.

At Madisonville, Tenn., Saturday last, Chancellor Thomas M. McConnell decided that the \$180,000 bonds issued by the Nashville, Jellico and Charleston Railway Company were null and void for want of consideration, and also made O. R. Brigham receiver under the direction of the court, in place of H. J. Englesing, for the company, who was deposed. This is a victory for the Southern Railway, and it is probable that the Southern will buy the Jellico Road for a feeder at the sale that is to follow, though it has not yet been advertised. The railroad runs from Athens to Jellico Plains, a distance of about twenty miles. It intersects the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern at Jellico Junction.

FORESTS GIVING WAY TO FARMS.

The Atlanta Constitution says: "The pine forests of South Georgia will soon be a thing of the past. The ravages of the lumbermen and the turpentine men have left but a vestige of the magnificent pines that abounded so profusely in this section a few years ago. To such an extent has the devastation gone that the saw mills and turpentine farms are being abandoned on every hand. There is, however, consolation and encouragement in the fact that where the giant pines once stood farms are springing up. Within the past three years the tide of immigration from the North and West has been steadily flowing in this direction, and in the next decade the waste places of South Georgia will teem with a happy and prosperous population of energetic and industrious farmers."

EMILE ZOLA, the famous French novelist, was found guilty in Paris of publishing a letter reflecting upon the trial of Major Esterhazy and was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of 3,000 francs, the maximum punishment. The verdict was received with frantic cheers. The manager of *Aurore*, the newspaper in which the letter was published, was condemned to four months' imprisonment and fined 3,000 francs.

THE need of a good Spring Medicine is almost universal and Hood's Sarsaparilla exactly meets this need. Be sure to get Hood's.

THE two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the adoption of the Westminster Standards was celebrated by Baltimore Presbyterians at First Church.

THE Postmaster-General has ordered the discontinuance of the post-office at Lake City, S. C., where the colored postmaster was killed by a mob on Monday night.

Twenty Years Proof.

Tutt's Liver Pills keep the bowels in natural motion and cleanse the system of all impurities. An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation and kindred diseases. "Can't do without them"

R. P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va. writes I don't know how I could do without them. I have had Liver disease for over twenty years. Am now entirely cured. Tutt's Liver Pills

AVAILANCE AT LAKE BENNETT.

Two weeks ago an avalanche came thundering down the mountain slopes and at the south end of Lake Bennett, Northwest Territory, an immense mass of snow and ice was deposited on the Klondike trail. Two hundred tons of supplies were buried many feet. Their owners had stacked them together in what seemed to be a sheltered spot, while lumber was being sawed for boat building. Now the men are trying to dig out their outfits.

So far as learned no one was injured by the avalanche. This news was brought down by John Ohieschlager, of Puyallup, Wash., who has just arrived from Alaska.

A Truthful Statement.

An excellent and invaluable remedy, for the cure of cough, cold and hoarseness, is Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and Mr. Jas. Hadfield, 350 West St., New York City, verifies this statement. He writes: "Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a most excellent remedy for cough, cold and hoarseness, and I take great pleasure in recommending it to all, who require such a valuable household medicine." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold everywhere for 25 cents.

THINKS THE MAINE COULD BE SAVED.

Captain John T. Guyro, of St. Louis, Mo., for more than thirty years a diver in both salt and fresh water, who helped raise the Milwaukee, a double-turreted monitor sunk by a torpedo in Mobile Bay at the time of the civil war, thinks the Maine can be saved. He says: "There is no question about the divers being able to determine whether the Maine was sunk by a torpedo." Captain Guyro says the Milwaukee was wrecked in about the same way as the Maine, and lay in about the same position. The Milwaukee was brought to the surface so she could be towed off.

THREE of the twenty-one persons who were on the British ship Asia, which was wrecked off Nantucket, Mass., were rescued. The others were lost.

Help

Is needed by poor, tired mothers, overworked and burdened with care, debilitated and run down because of poor, thin and impoverished blood. Help is needed by the nervous sufferer, the men and women tortured with rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, scrofula, catarrh. Help

Comes Quickly

When Hood's Sarsaparilla begins to enrich, purify and vitalize the blood, and sends it in a healing, nourishing, invigorating stream to the nerves, muscles and organs of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the weak and broken down system, and cures all blood diseases, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills

Order Nisi on Sales.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF FREDERICK COUNTY, MD. FEBRUARY TERM, 1898. In the matter of the sale of the real estate, of John Wynn, deceased.

In the matter of the report of sales, filed the 18th day of February, 1898. Ordered by the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, this 18th day of Feb., 1898, that the sale of the Real estate of John Wynn, late of Frederick county, deceased, this day reported to this court by his Executor, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 21st day of March, 1898, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper published in Frederick county for three successive weeks prior to the 21st day of March, 1898.

The Executors' Report states the amount of sales to be Five Hundred and fifty dollars, (\$550.00).

Test: WM. R. YOUNG, HENRY B. WILSON, JOHN W. GRINDER, Judges of the Orphans' Court.

CHARLES E. SAYLOR, Register of Wills. Annie M. Kreitz, Executrix. feb 25-4ts.

News and Opinions OF National Importance THE SUN. ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - - \$6 a year Daily and Sunday, by mail, \$8 a year

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world. Price 5c. a copy. By mail, \$2 a yr. Address THE SUN New York

JAS. W. TROXELL, SURVEYOR.

Surveys and Calculations Carefully Made. PLATS NEATLY EXECUTED. 38 years practical experience. Address, EMMITSBURG, MD.

New Shoe Store.

I have just opened a shoe store in connection with my shoemaking business, and solicit a share of the public patronage. BOOTS, - SHOES. and all kinds of foot-wear on hand. Prices low for first-class goods. Give me a call and examine my goods. Respectfully, aug. 20, '97. P. D. LAWRENCE.

EMMIT HOUSE, GEORGE M. RIDER, PROPRIETOR, EMMITSBURG, MD.

The leading hotel in the town. Traveling men's headquarters. Bar supplied with choice liquors. A free bus from all trains. nov. 26-1yr.

VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office on East Main Street, near the Public Square. At Frederick on Mondays and Tuesdays, and at Thurmont on Thursdays of each week. Special attention given to proceedings in Equity for the sale of real estate. jan 24-4ts

HOW TO MAKE MONEY!

If you are out of employment and want a position, paying you from \$80 to \$100 monthly, read above expenses by working regularly, or, if you want to increase your present income from \$20 to \$500 yearly, by working at odd times, write the GLOBE CO., 78 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa., stating age, whether married, single, last or present employment, and you can secure a position with them. You will make more money easier and faster than you ever made before in your life. nov 28-21ts

INSURANCE Fire, Life & Accident. REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will visit Emmitsburg WEEKLY on THURSDAY; will be found at the EMMIT HOUSE.

All classes of risks written in the above lines of Insurance. Farms, Small Country Homes and Town Properties handled on commission. CASSELL & WATERS, aug 27-4t Thurmont and Frederick.

MORRISON & HOKE'S Marble Yard,

EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND. Monuments, Tombstones

and cemetery work of all kinds. Work neatly and promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed may 29-1yr

New Advertisements. DAUCHEY & CO.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Cleanses and beautifies the scalp. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Falls Out. Restores Gray Hair to its youthful color. Cures itching scalp and dandruff. Sold by all Druggists.

3 FAVORITE AND MOST POPULAR FLOWERS. PANSIES, NASTURTIUMS, SWEET PEAS, one Pkt. of each variety for only 6 cts. Including free copy of 1898 Catalogue and 25 trial orders, send 6c. to H. H. APPVORTH, 215 3rd Street So., 3rd floor, New York.

FREE TO BOYS AND GIRLS.

A small stem-winding watch, nickel silver case, nickel movement, warranted for five years. For selling 25 watches for \$10.00 each. NO MONEY REQUIRED. Send address and we will forward by mail; when sold from the money and we send watch. Can easily be sold in one day to neighbors and friends. Every boy and girl should have a good, reliable watch; here is the opportunity. A pair of Barney & Berry steel skates for selling 18 packages. THE BEST BLUING CO., Boston, Mass.

THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES

IS THE HANDSOMEST and BEST NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED.

During 1898 THE TIMES will not only maintain the high standard of excellence it reached the past year, but will stand first by endeavor to excel its own best record, and will not swerve from its set purpose to make

THE TIMES

THE FAVORITE FAMILY NEWSPAPER OF THIS COUNTRY AND THE BEST NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED PRINTING ALL THE NEWS OF ALL THE WORLD ALL THE TIME

No journal is more extensively circulated or has a wider circle of readers in Pennsylvania than

THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES Why?

BECAUSE IT DESERVES THEM Specimen Copies Sent Free—Send For One TERMS DAILY, \$3.00 per annum, 25 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, 32 large, handsome pages—224 columns, elegantly illustrated, beautifully printed in colors, \$2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$5.00 per annum; 50 cents per month.

Address all letters to THE TIMES, Philadelphia.

Notice to Creditors THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

THOMAS J. BOND, late of said County deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the 18th day of August, 1898; they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefit of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hands this eleventh day of February, 1898. FRANCIS A. ADELBERGER, feb 11-5ts Administrator.

UNDERTAKING

In all its various branches. A fine lot of COFFINS, CASKETS, and SUPPLIES always in stock. Ice Casket and embalming free. Calls by day and night promptly answered. Respectfully, LOOPER & HOKE, Emmitsburg, Md.

G. W. WEAVER & SON, GETTYSBURG, PA.

NOW FOR THE NEW GOODS.

A Silk Purchase.

We have just opened up a SILK PURCHASE of nearly one thousand dollars value, consisting of Blacks in the following weaves: Duchess, Razimeres, Rhodzimer, Armures, Poiede Soie, Taffetas. In colors, Glace, Tafetas, Plain and Iridescent, Novelties and Fancies. They are all swell styles for either gowns, waists or separate skirts, at the lowest prices ever known. This is without question, the greatest silk exhibit it has ever been our fortune to offer.

NEW NOVELTY EFFECTS IN DRESS GOODS.

We have never given such choosing this early.

THE LEADERS,

CLEARING - SALE.

REDUCED PRICES.

Women's \$1.65 Button and Lace Shoes for \$1.25 per pair, Women's Button Shoes from \$1.25 to 98 cts. per pair, Misses Shoes from \$1.00 to 75 cents per pair Rubber Boots and Shoes very cheap, Men's and Boys' Coarse Shoes at way down prices, Women's Oil Grain Lace Shoes from \$1.25 to 98 cents per pair, Bargains in Infants Shoes. Call and examine them. Respectfully, M. FRANK ROWE.

"THE BEST IS, AYE, THE CHEAPEST." AVOID IMITATION OF AND SUBSTITUTES FOR

SAPOLIO

DANDY CATHARTIC. CASCARET'S CURE CONSTIPATION. 10c 25c 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS. ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the most Laxative, never grip or cramp, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STEINLENG REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 215.

NO. 6838 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting as a Court of Equity.

Jennie Belle Anderson, vs. John Montgomery Anderson.

The object of this suit is to procure a divorce *a vinculo matrimonii* by Jennie Belle Anderson the plaintiff from her husband John Montgomery Anderson, the defendant.

The bill states that on the 25th day of June A. D. 1894, Jennie Belle Anderson, the plaintiff, was married to John Montgomery Anderson, the defendant, and resided with him until the 1st day of October, A. D. 1894.

That the conduct of the plaintiff towards her husband the defendant was always kind, affectionate and above reproach and without just cause or reason for her leaving him. That John Montgomery Anderson abandoned and deserted her and declared his intention of living with her no longer and such abandonment has continued for more than three years uninterruptedly and is deliberate and final and beyond any reasonable expectation of reconciliation.

That no children were born to them from said marriage and that the said John Montgomery Anderson is a non-resident. Then prays for a divorce *a vinculo matrimonii* and further and other relief as her case may require.

It is thereupon, this 25th day of January, A. D. 1898, ordered by the Circuit Court for Frederick County, in Equity, that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in said Frederick County, once in each of four successive weeks before the 30 day of February 1898, give notice to the said absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill, warning him to appear in this court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 14th day of March next, to show cause, if any he has, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

DOUGLASS H. HARGRETT, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, True Copy Test.

DOUGLASS H. HARGRETT, Clerk, jan 25-5ts VINCENT SEBOLD, Sol.

W. J. Valetine,

Dealer in General Merchandise, Grain, Hay, Straw, Flour, Mill Feed, Coal, Fertilizer, Plaster, Post and Rails of all kinds. This week and at all times hereafter my stock will be complete to suit all seasons. No great display. No misleading offers. Only fair and square dealing with all, at prices absolutely the lowest. Shoes and boots a specialty. Highest cash price paid for grain, hay and straw. MOTTER'S, MD.

VICK'S SEEDS 3 RAMBLER ROSES

White, Yellow, Crimson.

Will make a magnificent hedge, beautiful shade for the piazza, or charming bed. Constant bloomers. Perfectly hardy. One plant will produce thousands of flowers. Three plants, one each color, for

Only 40 Cents, Delivered.

Free Upon Application: ...VICK'S... GARDEN AND FLORAL GUIDE...

THE BUSY MAN'S CATALOGUE and the Ladies' Gardener and Adviser. The only one containing full Descriptions and Directions for planting and culture; so comprehensive, condensed, classified and indexed that

He Who Runs May Read. Many illustrations from nature. Colored plates of Sweet Peas, Nasturtiums, Tuberous Begonias, Golden Day Lily, Cactus Dahlias, Daybreak Aster. Beautifully colored cover. 120 large pages completely filled with honest illustrations. Write at once to

JAMES VICKS SONS, Rochester, N. Y.

FREE (for the postage) Vick's Illustrated Magazine, MONTHLY. The Famous Gardening Authority.

Is a veritable mine of information about Flowers, Vegetables and Fruits, and how to grow and care for them successfully. The price of Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine is Fifty Cents per year, but if you will return this coupon with six two-cent stamps the magazine will be mailed to you regularly for six months for trial. Write at once to

VICK PUBLISHING CO., Rochester, N. Y.

SOLID SILVER

American Lever Watches, WARRANTED TWO YEARS, ONLY \$6. G. T. FOSTER.

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, FEB. 25, 1898.

Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Oct. 3, 1897, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7:50 and 10:00 a. m. and 2:55 and 4:50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8:20 and 10:30 a. m. and 3:55 and 5:20 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8:20 and 10:40 a. m. and 3:31 and 6:34 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 8:56 and 11:10 a. m. and 4:01 and 7:04 p. m.

JAMES A. ELDER, Pres't.

SALE REGISTER.

Feb. 26, at 1 p. m., Mrs. Wm. F. Spalding will sell at public sale the house and lot known as the W. G. Horner property, situated on the northeast corner of the public square in Emmitsburg.

Feb. 28, at 10 a. m., Mrs. Mary Meelen will sell on the premises, her house and lot, situated about 1 1/2 miles west of Emmitsburg, on the Hampton Valley road, and also her personal property.

March 4, Jeremiah Overholtzer, will sell at his residence in Freedom town, Pa., 1 mile west of Rocky Ridge, 1 mare, cow, hogs, and other personal property. See bills.

March 9, Wm. J. Stansbury will sell at his residence 2 miles east of Motters Station, family horse, cows, farming implements and household goods.

March 12, John Muth will sell at his residence on the Hampton Valley road, 3 1/2 miles west of Emmitsburg, 1 horse, cow, hogs, and other personal property. See bills.

March 15, Philip J. Snodgrass, will sell at his residence on the Gettysburg road, horses, cattle and farming implements. See bills.

March 18, at 10 a. m., R. A. Offutt, will sell at his residence near Motters Station, 3 horses, farming implements, etc. See bills.

March 23, at 10 a. m., Jacob Riker, will sell at his residence at Riker's blacksmith shop, in Liberty Township, Pa., 1 horse, farming implements, and other personal property. Also at the same time and place, J. C. Riker and R. S. Riker, will sell a lot of personal property.

Dr. R. L. ANNAN, is having the wood work on his house repainted.

Dox's forget to attend the auction at at Quincy E. Rowe's store, to-morrow night.

Sters have been taken at Cumberland for the reorganization of the Second Battalion, Maryland National Guard.

It is stated that about one-fourth of the wheat crop of Carroll County is still held by the farmers.

THREE men were fatally poisoned in Gilmer county, a prohibition county of West Va., by drinking a patent medicine substitute for whiskey.

GROUND has been broken for a new house at the West end of town. The building is being erected by Mrs. Mary E. Milberry, colored.

The congregation of the Presbyterian Church at Brunswick, Frederick county has accepted the resignation of their pastor, Rev. Archer Jamison, to take effect March 1.

FOR RENT.—A house, 1 1/2 miles from Emmitsburg. Good garden, truck patch, and also pasture for one cow if desired. Apply to E. L. Rowe, Feb. 11-3ts.

At the municipal election, which will be held in Williamsport on March 7, the question of whether the town shall issue \$20,000 worth of bonds for waterworks and electric lights will be voted on.

A YOUNG man giving his name as James Welsh and claiming to be from Cumberland, was arrested and committed to the Frederick county jail, charged with unlawful entrance in the dwelling of A. C. McCordell, in Frederick, on Sunday night.

FRANK WARFIELD, colored, was shot on board the oyster boat Madeline, in Cambridge harbor. The wound necessitated the amputation of his arm. Shipmate George W. Holmes is under arrest, charged with the shooting.

LADIES and Misses Harrisburg Shoes for sale by M. Frank Rowe. Latest styles. Long wearers. Price \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, and \$2.50 per pair. Call and examine. No trouble to show them. No better made.

The Consolidation Coal Company has seven and the George's Creek Coal and Iron Company five mines working to their fullest capacity. The former is erecting two new boilers and making other improvements at Ocean. The M. P. Gannon Coal Company, of Westernport, is making the largest shipments in its history, and is preparing to open new mines. The Davis, Elkins and Franklin mines of the Davis Coal and Coke Company are working full time.

Mrs. FRANK K. SCHMIDT, residing on North Market street, Frederick city, was badly burned by the explosion of a coal-oil lamp about 11 o'clock Monday night. She was ascending the steps, when the blaze blew down in the bowl, exploding the lamp and covering her with oil. Her face was burned to such an extent that she cannot be recognized. Her mother, Mrs. Charles F. Fleming, and several friends who went to her assistance were also badly burned.

The Ruined California Grape Crop.

The partial loss of the grape crop this year, caused by the heavy rains, is estimated to exceed \$1,000,000. Farmers and vineyardists all over the northern part of the State have suffered. While this is true, it is equally a fact that lost and falling strength may be restored by the persistent, systematic use of the great national tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which renews and tones the activity of the stomach, liver and the bowels, counteracts a tendency to rheumatism and kidney complaint, and prevents malarial disorders. After exhausting diseases have run their course, recovery is greatly accelerated by the use of the Bitters, which improves appetite and in turn renewed vigor to the debilitated physique.

On Tuesday afternoon last Drs. Birely and Kefauver amputated both feet for Paul White. During the recent cold spell he froze his feet so badly that it was necessary to prevent tetanus amputation was necessary.—Clarion.

It is reported that Paul White died on Wednesday.

Blankets.

Horse blankets of all kinds, and a large assortment to select from. Prices 75 cts., to \$3.50. These blankets are made of first-class material and give excellent service. P. G. King.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 10,000 testimonials. They never fail. At all drug stores. Price 25 cts. per box. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. Feb 4-4ts

Westminster Assembly.

The 22nd of February—Washington's Birthday—was the 250th anniversary of the close of the Westminster Assembly in the City of London, gathered to frame a Form of Government and Creed for the use of all the churches of Protestant Faith in Great Britain. Rev. Mr. Riddle will preach on Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock, on the subject, "The Westminster Assembly and American Patriotism."

THOMAS BYRUM, who was sent to the House of Correction from Washington county for a term, and who escaped from the institution last April 19 was arrested at Waynesboro' and taken to Hagerstown by Sheriff M. F. Seibert. Byrum will be sent back to the House of Correction to serve out his time.

MAY HAVE A KIDNAPER.

In the office of the Land Company are four specimens of gold quartz taken from the South Mountain, in Frederick county about eighteen miles east of Hagerstown. Under the magnifying glass the gold particles are plainly discernible. Director John D. Main stated to a Globe reporter that the Land Company was paying more attention to mining developments than the general public was aware.—Hagerstown Globe.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Cora Rowe and Miss Helen Hoke spent Monday in Frederick.

Mr. Lewis M. Mottler made a visit to Hanover this week.

Mr. Chas. Guthrie and friend, of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pa., were the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. P. Beam, on Sunday last.

Mrs. Henry Seton is visiting in town. Messrs. Jacob L. Hoke and M. F. Shuff were in Baltimore last week.

TO PROTECT THE STATE HOUSE FROM FIRE.

The bill appropriating \$3,000 to protect the Maryland State House from destruction by fire has passed the Senate and is now in the House. The bill grew out of an order introduced by Senator Hering requiring a Senate committee to look into the safety of the electric wiring. The bill requires the State treasurer to have the work done. The step has been taken, and it is expected that within a few days the bill will be passed. The bill also provides for the insurance companies to cancel a policy on the State House because of the hazardous nature of the risk. Treasurer Shroyok will have the work done at once without waiting for the passage of the bill.—Sun.

BENJ. F. DAVIS RELEASED.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Feb. 20.—Benjamin F. Davis, ex-tax collector, who was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, has been released. John B. Robinson, member of the Legislature, a brother-in-law, and William Davis a brother, raised over \$400, which was turned over to the bondsman, the latter agreeing to make up the balance. The sentence of Davis by Judge Sloan was upon the condition that if he made up the shortage he would be released. Mr. Davis was collector in the district embracing the eastern section of the county.—Sun.

The Myersville Guide, which was recently purchased by a republican syndicate, appeared last Friday under the new management as a full fledged republican organ. The Guide was formerly a democratic paper. Mr. Webster Hiteshow, one of the deputies in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, is editor and manager of the paper. Judging from the tone of the first number of the Guide it promises to make things very warm for some of the county officials. The principal mission of the Guide is to settle the contentions and disruptions which have existed in the republican family in this county for sometime, and to that end it has set its war paint with its first issue. The Guide promises to make it quite interesting for those of the same political family who do not believe as it believes or fail to act as it acts. We wish the new proprietors a successful journalistic career.

A COW WITH RABIES.

The public exhibition of a cow afflicted with the rabies has aroused considerable interest among the residents of Burtonsville, Montgomery county. Mr. Alexander Carr, whose farm, "Sandy Bottom," is located just outside of Burtonsville, is the owner of this mad cow, and has penned the animal up for inspection by those who may desire to witness the tortures of the beast. Just nine days previous to Monday this cow was bitten by a mad dog, Mr. John Ingram, whose farm adjoins that of Mr. Carr, had several dogs bitten and killed there, one retreating away and being still at large. Monday morning the cow showed evidence of hydrophobia, and Mr. Carr secured the assistance of the neighbors and made the animal a prisoner. The poor brute suffers great agony.—Sun.

FREIGHT WRECK AT OELLA.

A freight wreck, entailing damages estimated at several thousand dollars, occurred on the main line of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at the Oella Dam, two miles west of Ellicott City, about 5:30 Tuesday morning. It is supposed the accident was caused by a large stone lying upon one of the rails. Six or seven box cars loaded with furniture, pianos, tobacco and general merchandise and several refrigerator cars containing fresh meats were piled along the track in a confused mass and contents scattered promiscuously around. Other cars were hurled over the embankment along the river. Wreckers cleared away the debris. The passage of trains was obstructed for several hours, and passengers had to be transferred to trains sent to the scene of this accident. The crew escaped injury.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

FAIRFIELD, Feb. 22.—The Lutheran Sunday School, of Fairfield, held a Foreign Missionary Service on last Sunday. The collection amounted to over \$11.00.

Miss Mattie Marshall, of this place, is attending college at Harrisburg.

Miss Emma Musselman, of this place, who was spending sometime at Green-castle, Franklin county, has returned to her home.

Mr. Daniel Eck, who moved to near Hanover sometime ago, has returned to his old home in Freedom township. Mr. James C. Sanders is building a house on his lot in Fairfield. The frame is already in position.

Mrs. G. E. Brown, of Fairfield, presented Miss Lottie M. Shulley with one of the grandest bouquet of flowers that can be put together. Flowers added much toward making a sick room cheerful. Lottie is much better at this writing. The fever having left her, but she is still weak.

Mr. White Plank, of this place, made a business trip to Taneytown, this week.

Mr. Thomas Winebrenner, of Fairfield, is able to be about the house.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Sanders, of near Iron Springs, gave a reception in honor of their daughter Mary, who was married to James Peters, of near Waynesboro on last Tuesday. The reception was on Wednesday. Those present were: James Peters and bride, John Peters, wife and two children, George Peters, Grace Sanders, George Sanders and three children, James Sanders, Harvey Sanders, Charles Wachter, Maggie Burns, John Dick, wife and two sons, Hill Sanders, Clarence Sanders, Oliver McClell, Maggie McClell, Henry Herring, David Finetrock and wife, Benjamin Cool, John Hoffman and wife, Regina Peters. The guests all enjoyed the occasion very much, especially the sumptuous dinner, which the good people had prepared for the occasion. After wishing the bride and groom success and long life, they left for their homes.

A BRAKEMAN KILLED.

Edward Hutchings, aged about twenty-five years, unmarried, was killed Monday afternoon at Hagerstown Junction, in the southern suburbs, by falling between two freight cars. Mr. Hutchings was a son of Walter Hutchings, of Hagerstown, who has been many years a conductor on the Norfolk and Western Road. The train was an extra northbound Norfolk and Western freight, Engineer B. A. Wallace and Conductor J. W. Russell in charge. The accident occurred while the cars were being shifted from the Norfolk and Western yards to the Western Maryland yards. Hutchings was flagman, and standing between two cars was drawing brakes. In attempting to step to another car he fell on the track. The wheels cut off his left arm, the braking rigging dragged him some distance, inflicting fatal internal injuries, threw his right arm across the rails, and this member was likewise cut off at the shoulder.

After the accident he walked a short distance to his fellow-employees. Drs. E. A. Wareham, O. H. Ragan and H. K. Dern dressed his injuries, but he died an hour afterward at his home, West Washington street, in his mother's arms, just after repeating the Lord's Prayer with her.

BOARD OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

On Tuesday the board of county commissioners for Frederick County appointed three new members of the board of charities and correction to fill the vacancy caused by Charles Wertheimer, democrat, H. B. Ramsburg and John C. Castle, republicans, who were appointed on the 14th instant. The new appointments are J. Herman Ramsburg, Harry B. Witter, republicans, and Daniel L. Ordeman, democrat. The board as constituted now is Andrew H. Etzler, Woodstock, J. Werman Ramsburg, Middletown, Harry B. Witter, Frederick, republicans; Daniel L. Ordeman, Frederick, and George E. Hughes, Urbana, democrats. It is understood that the members of the board will take the oath prescribed by the new law this week, after which they will organize and proceed to make the appointments for the Montevue Hospital.

SENSELESS comes, no matter how dark the clouds are, when the woman who is borne down by woman's troubles turns to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. If her life is made gloomy by the chronic weakness, delicate ailments, and painful disorders that afflict her sex, they are completely cured. If she's overworked, nervous, or "run-down," she has new life and strength. "Favorite Prescription" is a powerful invigorating tonic and a soothing and strengthening purgative, purely vegetable, perfectly harmless. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions of womanhood, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and vigor.

YOU CAN BUY

At M. F. Shuff's Furniture Store one of the Best Sewing Machines made, with a full set of attachments, for \$25 cash, or on payments at a slight advance. Guaranteed for ten years. Why pay agents \$50 and \$60 for machines when you can buy them of me at one-half the price. M. F. Shuff.

To-Night and To-Morrow Night.

And each day and night during this week you can get at any drug store Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and Consumption. Get a bottle to-day and keep it always in the house, and you can check your cold at once. Price 25c. and 50c. sample bottle free. Feb 4-4ts.

PARTIES wanting furniture this Spring should not fail to call at M. F. Shuff's. I have bought largely for the spring trade and prices will astonish you. I am not going to be undersold. Feb 4-4ts

Give the Children a Drink

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the system. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and children as well as adults can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 15c. as much as coffee. 15 and 25c. Feb 4-4ts

A BULLET IN HIS BRAIN.

James Alfred Gray, colored, aged sixteen years, was shot and almost instantly killed Wednesday night by Richard Morsell, colored, aged nineteen years. The shooting occurred about 10 o'clock in 1000 Peach alley, Baltimore, adjoining the home of Robert Gray, father of the dead boy.

Robert Gray, the father, went to church at 9 o'clock, after telling his son to remain in the house and go to bed. He hardly left the house before James left and entered the house next door. There he met Richard Morsell and two or three other colored boys and girls. James sat down and began reading aloud to his companions from a book. Morsell drew a pistol from his pocket and after examining it for a short time pointed the weapon at James Gray and snapped the hammer. There was no explosion and he snapped a second time. This time the pistol was discharged and the bullet struck Gray over the right ear and penetrated the brain.

Patrolman Baker, who was a short distance away, ran to the house, and after discovering the condition of the boy, who was lying unconscious, summoned the southern district police ambulance and had the boy sent to the Maryland University Hospital. When the ambulance reached the hospital the boy was dead.

Morsell was arrested early Thursday morning at 1445 Ward street, in Mount Winans. He was captured by Round Sergeant Evans, Sergeant Lauer and Patrolman Lynn, and taken to the southern police station. To Coroner Geer Morsell admitted the shooting and said it had been accidental.

THROWN OUT AND DRAGGED.

Friday night last, about seven o'clock, a gentleman from Waynesboro was driving through Rousesville when he saw horse, wagon and man scattered promiscuously over the turnpike. The man's face was covered with blood and he was unconscious. The Waynesboro gentleman recognized the injured man, who was John O. Working, of Sabillasville, Md., and took him to the store of S. A. Burman, where he washed the blood from his face and cleaned him up as best he could. After washing the blood from his face, it was found to be cut in a horrible manner.

When he regained consciousness, Working was unable to tell how the accident happened. He said he was driving to Waynesboro and when coming down the hill at Rousesville, his horse started kicking and he fell out. From that on until he was found he was unable to tell what happened or how he was cut.

The opinion of Working, as well as the gentleman who found him, is, that when the horse began kicking Working fell from the seat still holding the lines. He became wedged in some way between the back wheel and the body of the wagon and was dragged on his face. The lines were held firmly by him and this stopped the horse, which was turned around in the road when found.

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.

The following is the result of the recent election for officers of Liberty and Freedom Townships, Pa.:

LIBERTY TWP.—Judge, D. H. Guise d 56; Grant E. Bell r 75; Inspector, Frank D. McIntire d 61, A. M. Manhan r 61; Justice of the Peace, Geo. M. Gingle d 59, Jas. A. Boney d 61, J. E. Zimmerman r 62, P. H. Riley r 56; Supervisors, J. Frank Topper d 70, Andrew McClell d 64, G. G. Eckert r 72, Charles Wetzel r 38; School Directors, Martin Tressler d 57, Jrs. Plank d 66, Joseph Tressler r 66, H. Sanders r 60; Auditor, Isaac Pecher d 55, George Zimmerman r 77; Clerk, Chas. Topper d 63, George Wely r 68; Assessor, John Cool d 63, Bryant Wertz r 70.

FREEDOM TWP.—Judge, Isaac Howe d 38, B. F. Baker r 53, A. V. Scott p 3; Inspector, Geo. L. McDonnell d 32, S. G. Bigham r 63, G. E. Sterner p 4; Supervisors, A. J. Rohrbaugh d 52, J. Overholzer r 52, Ebe. M. Sites r 54; School Directors, J. S. Felix d 65, Geo. W. Plank d 57, Jacob F. Waybright r 43, E. C. Reid r 46; Auditor, H. Foster Beard d 39, V. A. Reilly d 19, 30, W. L. Scott r 39, 63, John Waybright r 19, 62; Clerk, George Herr d 32, A. A. Scott r 62; Assessor, Wm. A. Harner d 40, Geo. W. Jacobs r 43, W. C. Scott p 11.

SUPERVISORS IN DISTRICT NO. 5.

For The Chronicle.

Amount of accounts of Road Supervisors as settled in January, 1898, by the County Commissioners:

Miles	Amount
Edward Favorite,	7 \$ 74.00
James P. Martin,	11 134.03
John A. Peddicord,	82 120.05
Yost C. Harbaugh,	74 115.20
Martin V. B. Eyer,	3 45.10
John H. Sepler,	5 56.31
John H. Sepler,	4 47.94
E. G. Eckenrode,	4 40.35
Augustus Wagner,	4 66.08
Wm. T. Miller,	5 75.15
Wm. E. Wely,	4 103.84
Francis B. Bowers,	4 69.55
Isaac F. Bowers,	10 101.50
Geo. M. Morrison,	7 161.47
C. F. Fisher,	2 37.45
John M. Sharer,	1 18.80
A. H. Maxwell, (settled in Nov. 1897.)	37 66
James M. Neely (settled in Oct. 19, 1897,) 10 miles,	144.00
Total,	\$1,471.48

THE MODERN WAY.

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches, and fevers without unpleasant after-effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Made by California Fig Syrup Co.

A BOARD of trade has been organized in Cutbertland.

FLAG RAISING.

A very enjoyable flag raising exercise took place on Washington's birthday, at School No. 4, this District, better known as Bollinger's School House. Miss Florence Reigle teacher. The Bible and flag were presented to the school by Emmitsburg Council, No. 53, Jr. O. U. A. M., of this place, and a number of the members of that organization attended the exercises in a body.

The meeting was called to order by District Deputy, John F. Adelsberger, who stated the object of the meeting in a few well chosen remarks, after which the Rev. W. C. B. Shulenberger offered a prayer. The Bible was presented by Rev. Chas. Reinwald, and the flag presentation speech was made by District Deputy, John F. Adelsberger. The Bible and flag were presented to County School Commissioner, Mr. E. R. Zimmerman, who accepted them in behalf of the School Commissioners, and afterward handed both the Bible and flag to Rev. W. C. B. Shulenberger, who accepted them in behalf of the school, in a very appropriate address.

At the conclusion of the presentation and accepting addresses, the pupils of the school rendered the following programme in a very pleasing manner: Music, "America;" Concert recitation, "Over the School That Banner Shall Wave," by Luther Valentine, May Harner, Fannie Sanders, Jas. Sanders; "The School House Stands by the Flag," by James Sanders; Concert Recitation, "The American Flag," by Ruth Little, Elsie Haugh, Flora Shoemaker; Music—"Our Battle Hymn;" Recitation, "Flag of the Free," Maggie Bowersox; Recitation, "O'er the High and O'er the Lowly," Annie and Fannie Sanders. T. C. Harbaugh's patriotic piece, entitled "Maryland," was then recited in concert, after which the school sang "Maryland, My Maryland." "The Flag of America" was then recited by Miss Bruce Weybright; Recitation, "Flag of the Rain Bow," by May Hill; Solo and duet, by May Hill, Pearl Eckard, Bruce Weybright; Recitation, "Flag of My Country," Vertie Shoemaker; Recitation, "Starry Flag," by Frank Valentine; Recitation, "Our Flag," Howard Harner; Music, "Red, White and Blue."

At the conclusion of the exercises by the school, Junior Past Conductor, Jos. D. Caldwell hoisted the flag over the school house, and while the flag was being unfurled the audience gave three hearty cheers for "Old Glory."

Much credit is due Miss Reigle for the excellent manner in which the different parts of the programme were rendered, reflecting credit alike upon teacher and pupils.

Miss Carrie Rowe presided at the organ, and Miss Maude Derr led the singing.

The officers and members of Council No. 53, returned thanks to Rev. W. C. B. Shulenberger and Rev. Chas. Reinwald for their instructive and patriotic addresses.

Doctors say consumption can't be cured. But when they see it right under their face and eyes by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, they admit that there's something wrong about their arguments and something wonderful about the "Discovery." It isn't miraculous. It won't cure every case; but it cures a surprisingly large percentage of cases; even when the patient is pretty far gone with a bad cough, and bleeding from the lungs, and reduced almost to a shadow. Consumption is a blood disease. The lungs want a fresh supply of pure, rich blood and plenty of it; that is what the "Golden Medical Discovery" gives them. It is a blood-maker. It gives the blood-making function power to produce a large quantity of the nourishing red corpuscles which make healthy life-giving blood. This stops the wasting; drives out the impurities, heals the ulceration and begins a rapid building-up process, of solid, substantial and vital energy.

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JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Among the nominations sent to the Senate on Tuesday by Gov. Lowndes, were the following Justices of the Peace for Frederick County: Justice of the Peace.—First district: William H. Krantz, Jennings Boone. Second district: Thaddeus M. Biser, Thomas Turner, Roscoe C. White. Fourth district: Jacob L. Miller, Albert B. Close. Fifth district: Francis A. Maxwell, Henry Stokes, William P. Eyer, Joseph W. Davidson. Sixth district: Daniel W. Blickenstaff, Charles Renner. Seventh district: H. B. Crumwell, William H. Orme, William H. Betson. Eighth district: Gilmore Van Fossen, Thomas Pood Matthews. Ninth district: James M. Pool, George H. Smith, John H. Shipley. Tenth district: Charles F. Hanahan, John Kolbaugh, E. E. Buhman. Eleventh district: George M. Shaw. Twelfth district: P. M. West, John W. Hiteshow. Thirteenth district: David R. Stauffer. Fourteenth district: Isaac N. Fry. Fifteenth district: William J. Black, Orlando Seiss. Sixteenth district: Joseph Welf, Theodore M. Brandenburg. Seventeenth district: Samuel A. Naeshaum, W. E. Darroll. Eighteenth district: James L. Buxton. Nineteenth district: Hieronemus Breimeisen.

SCHOOLS PERMANENTLY CURED.

In from 3 to 5 days' time, by the use of Lo-Mo. One bottle guaranteed to cure any case of Piles, regardless of how long standing, what you have tried, or what your physician may claim. Money refunded if permanent cure is not obtained in the most severe cases in less than 5 days. After all others fail get Lo-Mo and be cured. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all first class druggists, or sent prepaid to any address, on receipt of price. Address, Harry Logue, Williamsport, Pa. Oct 1-lyr.

FILES PERMANENTLY CURED.

In from 3 to 5 days' time, by the use of Lo-Mo. One bottle guaranteed to cure any case of Piles, regardless of how long standing, what you have tried, or what your physician may claim. Money refunded if permanent cure is not obtained in the most severe cases in less than 5 days. After all others fail get Lo-Mo and be cured. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all first class druggists, or sent prepaid to any address, on receipt of price. Address, Harry Logue, Williamsport, Pa. Oct 1-lyr.

OLD SOLDIERS OF THE UNION.

The annual encampment of the Department of Maryland, Grand Army of the Republic, after a two day's session, in Baltimore, adjourned Tuesday. The election and installation of officers for the ensuing year was the principal business of the day. The election for department commander was exciting and hotly contested—all, of course, within the bounds of good-natured rivalry, and three ballots were required before an election was accomplished. There were three candidates in the field—the senior vice commander, General D. L. Stanton; Assistant Adjutant General Lewis M. Zimmerman—who had held that office for six years, and who, in his report, had unqualifiedly declined a reappointment of that office; and Captain John W. Worth, who had, until recently, and for nearly twenty years, been the quartermaster general of the department. Comrade Zimmerman withdrew after the announcement of the second ballot, leaving the contest to General Stanton and Capt. Worth, with the result that the former was elected by the slender majority of five votes—receiving 112 votes to 107 for Captain Worth.

The other officers elected were Senior vice commander, Hon. John McDonald, from the Sixth Maryland district, and of Post 67; junior vice commander, Thomas Alexander, Baltimore, Post No. 1; medical director, Dr. J. W. C. Cuddy, Post 46, Baltimore; chaplain, Rev. J. L. Grimm, Post 3, Baltimore; delegate-at-large to National Encampment, John E. Hough, Post 29; alternate, L. D. Oliver, Post 7; council of administration, Joseph Devlin, Post 1; Henry Smith, Post 16; Charles J. Knorr, Post No. 44; Mr. Hull, Post No. 3; Mr. Lee, Post No. 16; delegates to National Encampment, A. M. Briscoe, Post No. 44; C. M. Enrich, Post No. 6, and Charles Rose, Post No. 3; alternates, John Reider, Post No. 1; H. E. Neal, Post No. 28, and Joseph T. Wesley, Post No. 7; appointive officers, assistant adjutant general, Robert C. Sunstrum, assistant quartermaster general, to be filled.

The Main Disaster.

Among the principal items of business transacted Tuesday was a preamble and resolution of sympathy, offered by Col. G. W. F. Vernon, and adopted by a rising vote, in the matter of the Maine disaster at Havana, Cuba, which reads as follows:

"Whereas, The Department of Maryland, Grand Army of the Republic, have learned with profound sorrow of the destruction of the United States battleship Maine, in the harbor of Havana, Cuba, therefore, be it Resolved, first, That the Department of Maryland, G. A. R., in encampment assembled, in behalf of the surviving citizens and soldiers of Maryland who fought for the preservation of the Federal Union, in this manner desire to express their profound and sincere sorrow at the great calamity that has befallen the country, and that our condolence be extended to the survivors, and the bereaved families of the brave Americans who died at their post of duty.

Resolved, That this preamble and resolution be properly attested by the officers of the department, be transmitted to the honorable the Secretary of the United States Navy, with the assurance that the Department of Maryland, G. A.

THE BEAUTIFUL.

Wrinkled and old are those hands of hers.
Hard and full of the seams
Of labor and the years.
Knotted the knuckles
And creased and crinkled
The skin on the backs of them.
Dark and aged and large.
With spindles of brown
Between the drawn tendons.
As if seared by tears.
Thick the nails and blunted,
Squid and with little ridges
Running the length of them.
Callous the palms
And lacking all pinkness and prettiness.
Old are those hands of hers.
Wrinkled and hard.
But, oh, what a story of
Infant tenderness
And love
Could they tell.
Those hands of a woman
Whose throes were years and ten
Have been passed in doing the good
That women do.
—W. J. Lampton in New York Sun

THINKING ALOUD.

A Ruse Which Roused Lord Dudley and Formed a Friendship.

One of the earls of Dudley, who was addicted to the practice of thinking aloud, found himself in a very awkward predicament on a certain occasion, if a story told of him may be credited. He was to spend the evening at the house of a friend and ordered his carriage early, as he had a long drive back to his own home.

When the hour arrived, the carriage was not forthcoming. Seeing that Lord Dudley was considerably annoyed by the delay, one of the guests, whose way homeward lay past his lordship's house, politely offered him a seat in his carriage. The gentleman was almost a stranger to Lord Dudley, but the offer was accepted.

The drive did not prove a very sociable one. Lord Dudley took his seat and immediately relapsed into silence, his thoughts apparently engrossed by some unpleasant subject. Presently he began to speak in a low, but distinctly audible tone of voice, and his companion, to his astonishment, heard him say: "I'm very sorry I accepted his offer. I don't know the man. It is civil certainly, but the worst is I suppose I must ask him to dinner."

Silence followed this bit of audible thinking. His lordship was unaware that he had betrayed his thoughts and was probably still meditating upon the same unpleasant subject when the voice of his companion broke the stillness.

Apparently this stranger was afflicted with the same malady from which his lordship suffered, for he exactly imitated Lord Dudley's tone as he said: "Perhaps he'll think I did it to make his acquaintance. Why, I would have done the same to any farmer on his estate. I hope he won't ask me to dinner, for I shan't accept his invitation."

Lord Dudley's abstraction was all gone. He listened to the other's words, immediately comprehending the joke against himself, and frankly offered his hand to his companion, making many apologies for his involuntary rudeness. The stranger proved magnanimous, and from that night the two became fast friends.—Youth's Companion.

English Jacobite Societies.

To judge from the list of Jacobite clubs and associations given in the "Legitimist Calendar for 1895," which includes the order of the White Roses, the Devon White Rose club, the Legitimist Jacobite League of Great Britain and Ireland (pseudonym title), the Eastern Counties' (shade of Cromwell) White Cockade club, the Forty-five club of Grimsby, the Glasgow Jacobite club, the Oxford University Legitimist club, the St. Ives (Hunts) Jacobite club, the Jacobite Restoration league, the Surrey White Rose league, the Mary Stuart club of Lanark, the Legitimist Registration union, the National Royalist and Jacobite association, the order of St. Germain and the Hemingford Grey Royal Oak club, none to mention the old familiar "Cherry Valley Jacobites" and two or three foreign legitimist bodies, it ought not to be difficult for the supporters of the lost house of Stuart to put several hundred adherents in the field (or even Lugate circus) if they so decide.—London Mail.

Bismarck of Jewish Descent.

Few people are aware that Prince Bismarck is of Hebrew descent. He derives his Jewish blood from his mother, whose father—Anastasis Menken, one of the favorite bureaucrats of Frederick the Great—was of Hebrew parentage. Although of late it has evidently appeared politic to the prince to countenance the anti-Semitic movement both in Germany and Austria, yet while in office he invariably showed himself a good friend to the Jewish nation and chose the Hebrew banker at Berlin, Baron von Bleichroeder, as his most trusted confidant. Indeed, in those days he was so well disposed toward the Jews that he even discussed the advisability of marrying his sons to Jewesses on the ground that it would bring money into the family again and likewise "improve both morally and physically the Bismarck breed."—International Review.

Related.

"You and I must be related," said the baby's sweener to the monkey on a stick.

"How's that?" asked the monkey.

"We are both baby jumpers," said the small sweener.

And the wax doll laughed until her complexion rolled down her cheeks.—Harper's Bazar.

Greece's national hymn, taken from Dionis Salomoni's "Hymn to Liberty," was first written and published in London. The first part of the original poem was a eulogy of the land of Washington.

Adeline Patti has a superb collection of jewels, her diamonds alone being valued at \$375,000. She has sung before most of the royalties, most of all whom have made her presents of jewelry.

CASTORIA.

The Court theater in Munich has a revolving stage. The part in view of the audience represents one-quarter of a circle. A change of scene can be effected in 11 seconds by bringing to the front the next quarter of a circle.

FRENCH SUSPICION.

IT HAS PLAYED AN IMPORTANT PART IN THE COUNTRY'S HISTORY.

In France the Element of Suspicion Has Reached the Preternatural and Is No New Thing—How It Influenced the Actions of Robespierre.

At all the great crises of French life the element of preternatural suspicion has played an important part. Like some mischievous Puck it hovers over the land, whispering doubts here, misgivings there, converting the whole nation into mouchards, whose business it is to set a watch on their neighbors day and night. We have such a profound admiration for many qualities of the French people, such a sincere belief in the necessity of a powerful French factor in the complex mesh of modern civilization, that we can afford to bring this charge of undue suspicion against France as a whole. No student of French history can fail to see the confusion it has wrought. It is not the growth of yesterday, but it is almost as evident in the memoirs of the France of the seventeenth century as on the Paris boulevards at the present moment.

It pervaded the court and the official classes in the time of Richelieu, it was constantly present in the mind of Mazarin when negotiating with Cromwell, and it is visible all through the pages of the memoirs of De Retz. This spirit of preternatural suspicion naturally attained its climax in the French revolution, when, for the first time, the monarchy was involved in its infinite entanglements.

From the moment when the national assembly met at Versailles to the day when Napoleon was banished to Elba universal suspicion filled the air and dictated the cruel aspect of French policy. The queen was, of course, suspected, and justly, in political matters, and perhaps it was not altogether unreasonable that the suspicion in which she was enveloped should have attached to her weak but perfectly honest husband, who was assumed to be absolutely under her fatal influence.

The attack on the Bastille was animated not merely by memories of the past, not in the least because of actual cruelties at the time, for there was none, but mainly because it was suspected that the Bastille was to be utilized as an armed fortress to overawe Paris. The day of the "black cockades" and the march of the Maenads (to use Carlyle's graphic phraseology) were due to excited suspicion. The assembly had scarcely organized itself before the demon of suspicion spread its dusky wings over that body, and Mirabeau and Barnave, at first popular idols, became suspected of intrigue with the court. The vigorous personalities who came to the front all suspected one another. To them the famous warning which Benjamin Franklin addressed to the founders of the American republic, "Gentlemen, we must hang together or we shall hang separately," would have been useless. They could not hang together, and they did hang, or were guillotined, separately. It was Danton's suspicion of an aristocratic plot which caused the September massacres. It was pure suspicion that created the most revolting and unjust of all the revolutionary excesses, the tribunal of Fouquier-Tinville. Danton in his turn was suspected and fell.

We may, of course, justify the suspicion of Danton, but what possible explanation can be given of the suspicion of the harmless astronomer Bailly, with his precise virtues, who paid with his head for the dangerous folly of meddling with things he did not understand? It was obviously a question of war to the knife between Jacobin and Girondin, for each took an absolutely different view of both foreign and internal politics; but why could not the struggle have been confined to party warfare within the walls of the convention? Why was it necessary to decimate the Girondin chiefs? The only answer that can be made is that suspicion had grown to such a pitch that the very existence of Girondism was considered incompatible with the security of the republic. Men had become frenzied, insane, through constant spying on one another's actions and perpetual attempts to fathom one another's inward thoughts, and the "law of suspects" was simply a formal expression of national madness. That was madness lies. In the person of Robespierre preternatural suspicion attained its most complete incarnation. His feline nature was ever on the dart for its prey. He could not hear a good word said of any man but he instantly began to revolve in his mind the question as to whether there were not some concealed motive in the praise. The shout of triumphant relief which reverberated over France when Robespierre's head fell into the basket marked the break of the straining point of that suspicion which had created and sustained the terror. When we remember that but for an accident Carnot would have fallen a victim to Robespierre's suspicions and that this suspicious disposition had led a man of sentimental virtue to become a wholesale murderer, we can understand that feeling of relief.—London Spectator.

Small School.

A bright answer is put down to the credit of Dr. Fitchett, brother of the editor of the Australian Review of Reviews. He was a member of a colonial parliament, wherein one day a certain eccentric and elderly member named Taylor insisted on making a speech on education. The oration consisted of a hyperbolic eulogy of the board of schools in Mr. Taylor's constituency. Dr. Fitchett interjected some jocosse expression of doubt. "Why, sir," said the irate Taylor, turning upon him, "at this very moment I have a school in my eye!"—"No, only one pupil, Mr. Taylor!" retorted the doctor, and the orator's eloquence was drowned in laughter.—London News.

When bilious or constive, eat a Casacaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

Naturally Inferred.

"What's the name of the girl across the street?"

"I've forgotten her last name, but I know she is Miss Somebody."

"Main somebody? What an ideal name for a footballer's sweetheart!"—Ludianapolis Journal.

About 45,000 sovereigns pass over the bank of England counters every day.

THE SPORTS OF LONG AGO.

They Were Substantially the Same as Those of the Present Day.

The boys and girls of the present day who become enthusiastic over some new sport and boast that their particular "club" has the very "latest" thing out "would be surprised if they could discover how closely many of the old time pastimes resemble our own.

The Eskimos of the frozen north, the Tupinambas of the Brazilian pampas, the gamins of the Paris streets, the boys and girls of London, of Boston and of Philadelphia, have one kindred tie—the love of sport. There is nothing new under the sun, said the wise man, and especially is there nothing new in youthful games.

Archæologists have found dolls in Egyptian pyramids and on prehistoric tombs; the name of a popular ball club was found scrawled upon the outer walls of Pompeian houses, and one of the most exciting matches on record was the one stubbornly fought between the rival nimbs of Montezuma, king of Mexico, and Nezahualpilli, tzin of Tezcuco.

The boys of ancient Greece and Rome played at whip top, and quoits, and baseball, and pitch penny, and blind-man's buff, and hide and seek, and jackstones, and follow my leader, just as do the boys of today. The girls were experts at seewaw, and swinging, and dancing, and grace hoops, and dice throwing, and ball play, and in Sparta, even at running, wrestling and leaping. Tobogganing is as old as ice and snow, and when you play at cherry pits you are only doing what Nero and Commodus and young Themistocles did ages ago in Rome and in Athens.

So, whatever the age or whatever the clime, boys and girls of the world have always lived more for play than for anything else, and however harsh or hard their surroundings, however stern or strict their fathers and their mothers, they always found and always made the most of the time for play.

Said a critic recently on the subject of recreation, "The sports of the day are fast reducing themselves into so many sciences, overweighted with rules and restrictions that often take the real play element from them and make them as unyielding as a problem in algebra."

There is no fun in making our sport a matter of life and death. I know growing people who in these days of prize giving in all manner of games center their whole desires not on the fun of the game, but on the prizes offered. They really seem as much disappointed if they do not carry off a trophy as if they had met with some serious loss. Let us take our fun with a jolly ounce at all. Interest is one thing and irritability is quite another.

We have only to watch the intense excitement of some of the amateur players in popular games to realize that the critic was right about that algebra problem. The complaint of "unfairness" on one side and of disagreeable triumph on another seem to be the most noticeable features at the close of the sports of today, and we cannot help wondering if this was a feature of the games of olden times or if in this respect the young people of the present really have "something new."—Philadelphia Times.

Father Ryan.

No American poet has given clearer proof of the possession of poetic genius of a rare order than Father Ryan. Certainly no poet has achieved a more enduring fame and secured a warmer place in the hearts of the people of the south than the "poet priest." He is distinctively known as the poet of the "lost cause"—as the bard whose harp strings so sweetly and so pathetically the requiem of a brave and a proud people over the grave wherein their hopes and aspirations have been buried by the mysterious dispensation of an almighty and all-wise Providence. This fact puts Father Ryan in a unique place, separated from any other American poet of his time. As to the high intrinsic literary value of the majority of his poems, of the genuineness of his poetic faculty and the excellence of his gift of song there can be no manner of doubt.—Albany.

A Handsome Gown.

A handsome gown made in Berlin is thus described: "The skirt of a mouse gray reception toilet was of figured moire, decorated with an apronlike arrangement of openwork embroidery, the rosettes and flowers being made very plastic by means of a thick underlining, which permits the delicate shape of the satin lining to show through. The waist was similarly arranged with a traverse encirclement of small satin hands, which fell over the jabot of yellow guipure lace. On the neck was a garland of wired points or tabs and white silk gause ruffles. The waist displayed beneath a belt of gold and silver braid finished with silver rosettes. The leg of mutton sleeves were in the form of a spiral above, the plaits narrowing in the lower part."

Fireproof Sheet Iron Curtains.

One of the regulations in certain European theaters was that every theater be supplied with a sheet iron curtain, by which, in case of necessity, the auditorium could be completely isolated from the stage. This curtain, which was enormously heavy, had to be counterbalanced by massive iron weights. But so severely was the weight distributed that the screen could be raised or lowered instantly by the pressure of a button controlling an electric magnetic adjustment. The first theater in Europe to use the electric iron curtain was the Comedie Francaise, in Paris, and the installation was made by an American electric company. This curtain is worked by a two horsepower motor and can be lowered at a maximum rate of four and one-half feet in a second. In many theaters the iron curtain is now superseded by one of asbestos, which is infinitely less cumbersome and equally serviceable.—Chautauquan.

CASTORIA.

The cheeks become pale from fear because the mental emotion diminishes the action of the heart and lungs and so impedes the circulation.

Papa's unco-nceit.

Matilda—Have you spoken to papa?

Bertie—Yes, I asked him through the telephone, and he answered, "I don't know who you are, but it's all right."—Pick Me Up.

He Won the Bet.

"I want a pair of ladies' kid gloves," said the sad looking young man.

"Yes," said the elongated haberdashery clerk, with a show of wit. "Not for your sister, of course?"

The sad looking young man blushed painfully. "No, no," he said slowly. "It's for—for a party. I—I want to win a bet."

"You want to win a bet?" said the clerk inquiringly. "You don't look like a person that would gamble."

"Thanks," said the sad young man. "I don't gamble as a rule. I guess I won't g-g-gamble any more. You see, this h-h-h party—she—she—sort of tempted me to bet. I don't see how I can afford to lose. If I lose, I—I'll be out more than if I win."

"Of course you will," said the clerk sympathetically.

"But if I win I'll be out anyway," said the sad one.

"Now you're talking in bunches," said the clerk, by this time well interested. "How's that?"

"Well," stammered the sad young man, "it—it's the only way I can figure it. She—she m-made the bet. She s-said she wouldn't c-care if she lost, but s-she'd m-make a fun bet—a fun bet she called it—t-that I should buy a pair of gloves f-for her. So—so I win the bet. See?"

"And she lost the gloves," said the clerk. "No, 6B3 Yes. Tan or purple?"

—New York Journal.

Certainly Complimentary.

"John," said Mrs. Harkins, "I heard a nice compliment for you today."

Mr. Harkins put his paper down, twisted up the ends of his mustache, looked pleased and said:

"Well, that's nothing so remarkable. I receive compliments nearly every day."

Mrs. Harkins went on sipping her tea, and her husband waited for her to resume. Finally he said:

"Well, why don't you tell me what it was? Who was it that complimented me?"

"Oh, you couldn't guess in a week!" Mrs. Deering?" he ventured.

"No."

"Not Bessie Fallington?" he rather eagerly suggested.

"No."

"Oh, well, of course, if there's any secret about it I don't care to hear what it is or who said it."

"There isn't any secret about it," Mrs. Harkins sweetly replied. "Mr. Hannaford told me that every time he and I met he became more thoroughly convinced that you were a man of excellent taste."

John Harkins then shoved his hands down in his pockets and walked outside to think it over.—London Tit-Bits.

Melting Iron.

The working and works of the great furnaces in this country are interesting in the extreme to those who are fond of knowing the processes by which familiar articles are made. At one of these establishments 2,000 tons of iron ore, coke and limestone are consumed each day. Long trains bring this mixture, which is known to the workmen as "burden," into the works. The cars are brought up on trestles and emptied into long bins. The furnace is kept full and burns continuously. The gases rise and are carried off, and the solid matter, gradually dissolving and softening, steadily descends, when the space thus left vacant is immediately filled by the "burden." An examination of the interior of the furnace would show a top layer of crude material with a temperature of about 500 degrees F. A few feet below this the temperature of 1,000 degrees F. has decomposed the limestone and formed carbonic acid and lime. Beneath this there is a stratum with a temperature of 1,500 to 1,700 degrees. In this the iron is reduced from the ore and is taking up carbon. Below this the iron is melted and fills the receptacles.

Above the iron is the slag, which escapes through a hole at the top of the hearth. At the bottom of the hearth is a narrow opening from which the cast iron is taken. A furnace is tapped six times a day and furnishes about 700 tons of iron daily. When the furnace is empty, the top hole is closed with clay. When it is again filled, this clay is broken out, and the melted metal at a white heat flows down through the channels, spreading to the right and left into the smaller depressions prepared for its reception. These are so arranged that the molds at the extreme edges fill first, and those near the furnaces are the last ones to be completed.—New York Ledger.

Diseases of the Blood and Nerves.

No one need suffer with neuralgia. This disease is quickly and permanently cured by Brown's Iron Bitters. Every disease of the blood, nerves and stomach, chronic or otherwise, succumbs to Brown's Iron Bitters. Known and used for nearly a quarter of a century, it stands today pre-eminent as the most valuable remedy. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Eugene Sue's Franks.

The father of Eugene Sue was a physician with exalted patients all over Europe, who sent him the choicest wines. The emperor of Austria, for instance, had contributed tokay, the king of Prussia rare hook, Queen Christina of Spain priceless alcañates, Prince Metternich golden chachet d'or, and so on. The whole was kept in a large iron cupboard in the study of the learned physician, known as the Elzevir library. Eugene was then a college freshman, and, having procured a skeleton key to the closet, with his friends, Adolphe, Adam, Veron and others, proceeded every night to investigate the contents of the bottles. Not wishing to have their explorations prematurely stopped, they took the precaution to fill up the partially exhausted flasks with water and then to reseat them. When, for a long time afterward, the doctor brought forth samples of his precious stock for the delectation of guests worthy of it, and the company tasted it with a due sense of awe, it was privately felt that the celebrity of those great brands was due to the fact that ordinary table d'hôte wine was preferable to them. But nobody dared to say so, and it was only after the death of his dreaded parent that the novelist confessed the sacrilege.

The Dread of Death.

To look upon the face of a friend as he goes away; to be one of a group whose tears will not cease, while the one who is dying is calm, confident and triumphant; to listen to lasting goodbyes spoken as if only a short and beautiful journey were ahead; to see pain soften itself into peace and a tired and worn body go to sleep like a weary child—that takes away the dread of death as nothing else can. When a strong man or frail woman looks upon such a sight, he feels, "Well, I, too, dare go along the pathway that has been so light before the feet of the one I love." It may seem as if meditation on death were not wise, but that is a mistake. Brooding over it no doubt leads to fear; but, on the other hand, more fear and suffering result from the surprise of those who have been too carefully guarded from the face of the guest who "knocks at the palace and the cottage gate."

We should not stay long in the charnel house, but it is good now and then to look in, at least often enough to see that it is not always a place of chills and glooms, but for many a mansion of peace and rest. Look upon the face of a good man who is waving his farewell to the earth, and you will understand that he is embarking on no wild sea. Listen to the goodbyes of those who have loved you, and it will not be so hard to speak your own when the moment to speak them comes.—Rev. Amory H. Braddon.

Drying Clothes.

The drying of clothes in frosty weather is sometimes, in the case of delicate fabrics, attended with tearing because of the quick stiffening in the very cold air. A simple precaution which will prevent any such trouble is to dissolve three or four handfuls of coarse salt in the last rinsing water, thus making it, in fact, a weak brine. Articles so rinsed will not suffer from or stiffen with the cold.

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Are much in little, always ready, efficient, satisfactory, prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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