

Emmitsburg Chronicle

PAUL MOTTER & CO., Publishers.

Established by SAMUEL MOTTER in 1879.

TERMS--\$1.00 a Year in Advance.

VOL. XV.

EMMITSBURG, MD., FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1893.

NO. 8.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY

Circuit Court. Chief Judge--Hon. James McSherry. Associate Judges--Hon. John T. Vinson and Hon. John A. Lynch.

Orphan's Court. Judges--Benard Cofflowater, John R. Mills, Harrison Miller.

County Officers. County Commissioners--William M. Gaither, Melville Cromwell, Franklin G. House, James H. DeLoach, William H. Morrison.

Notary Public--C. T. Zacharias. Justices of the Peace--Robby Stokes, M. F. Shuff, James F. Hickey, L. M. Fisher.

Churches. Ev. Lutheran Church. Pastor--Rev. A. M. Schaffner. Services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Presbyterian Church. Pastor--Rev. W. W. Simonton. Morning service at 10 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor--Rev. Henry Mann. Services every other Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Malls. Way from Baltimore, 8:55 a. m., and 7:16 p. m. Motter's, 11:29 a. m., Frederick, 11:29 a. m., and 5:16 p. m.

Societies. Massasoit Tribe No. 41, I. O. R. M. Meets at the Court House every Saturday evening.

Isabella Mills Md. Wm. H. Biggs & Bro. 'Isabella' Flour, Victor Flour, Rocky Ridge Flour.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES. CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY. NEAR EMMITSBURG, MD.

Zimmerman & Maxell. BRICK WAREHOUSE. DEALERS IN GRAIN, PRODUCE, COAL, Lumber, Fertilizers, HAY & STRAW.

American Lever Watches. SOLID SILVER. WARRANTED TWO YEARS. ONLY \$6. G. T. EYSTER.

CASTORIA for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known.

Castoria destroys Worms. Castoria allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

COME AND EXAMINE NEW DRESS AND DOMESTIC GINGHAM.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST Assortment of Hamburg, All over Embroidery, and Insertion, than we ever had. Large Stock of Linen Laces, Victoria Lawns, India Linen, Swiss Mull, Plaid White Goods of all Grades, White Table Linens from 25c. to \$1 per Yard.

Red and Gray Table Damask. New Goods arriving every freight day. Come and see our stock and we will give you bargains. I. S. ANNAN & BRO.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP. Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair, Best in the world.

JACOB ROHRBACK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office, 18 West Church Street, Frederick, Md.

Story of a Missing Ring. One night a newly engaged couple were going to the theatre. In the cab the young man asked his fiancée to let him see her ring for a moment.

LADIES. Seeking a tonic, or children who want building up, should use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliaryness, Liver Complaints and Neuralgia.

DREAMING AND DOING.

Dreaming is pleasant, I know, my boy; Dreaming is pleasant, I know. To dream of that wonderful, far-off day When you'll be a man and have only to say To this one and that one, "Do that and do this,"

MANAGING A HUSBAND.

"Indeed, Thomas, you had better stay at home this evening," said Mrs. Long, as her liege-lord rose from the dinner table, and prepared to leave the house.

tatingly. "I don't feel well enough to go to the club, so I shall stay at home this evening. Who is going with you?" Mrs. Long felt the resolution she had formed giving way; but she checked her weakness, and answered, "Henry is going with me."

"Oh, don't stay on my account!" said her husband. "I shall manage to get on until you come back." He did not seem to mind it much, and the young wife's pride was touched.

"You are late," he said, as she came in. He had missed her, then, and she felt just the least little triumph at the thought. The next evening, Mr. Long went out, as usual, to his club; but not finding it so pleasant as it generally was, went home sooner than he had done for above a year.

"I have not been out to-night," he replied moodily. "And you've been lonesome again?" she said, seating herself by him, and putting her pretty face up to his.

"I'm so sorry," she said; "but I thought you would be at the club, and I am so lonesome here during these long evenings, that I went out for company." It was his turn to feel remorseful now, but for the present he did not care to acknowledge it.

is something so unusual for you to stay away from the club, that I was utterly unprepared for it; and after all, dear, when I have been moping here for nearly three years, I am sure you ought to be able to spend a few evenings in the same manner."

SELECTED RECIPES. LEMON PUDDING. Cream, one tablespoonful of butter and half cup of sugar. Add two beaten eggs and half a cup of bread-crumbs soaked in hot water.

SHRIMP SALAD. Shrimp salad is a useful and pretty dish. Shell a sufficient quantity of freshly boiled prawns, taking care to preserve the coral, which put aside for garnishing presently.

FISH CROQUETTES. Croquettes are excellent dishes to make from left-overs, and every housekeeper should be mistress of the art of preparing them. Cut or chop into shreds the bits of fish, having carefully removed every speck of bone.

THE BLARNEY STONE AT THE FAIR. Now Ready to Be Kissed By the World's Fair Visitors. The famous Blarney Stone, which for centuries occupied a place in the walls of historic old Blarney Stone Castle in Ireland, has arrived at the World's Fair.

ODDS AND ENDS.

A Gentle Hint. "Just once!" he cried, with lover's zest, when I have been moping here for nearly three years, I am sure you ought to be able to spend a few evenings in the same manner."

Timid woman to ferryman who was rowing her across the river. "Are people ever lost in this river?" "No, ma'am," he replied; "we always find 'em in a day or two."

He--"I shall never marry until I meet a woman who is my direct opposite." She (encouragingly).--"Well, Mr. Duffer, there are numbers of bright, intelligent girls right in this neighborhood."

An Obedient Child. Mother--"Now, never let me catch you at the jam again." Willie--"I tried not to let you catch me this time."

A Bright Idea. "Mamma and I," said Priscilla one day, "are taking medicine. We each have a bottle and mamma has tied a string around the neck of hers, so as to tell it, she says. I suppose I'll have to tie a string around mine, too, so as to tell it from hers."

With many minds the extension of life has been more of a thought than the making of life better, and there has always been an idea that man, owing to some cause—chiefly his neglect of proper habits—does not live as long as he should. Under present conditions three score and ten is the most he can expect, while, in truth, if he follows the average, he must die in a city at 35, and in the country at 55.

In the current number of the North American Review, Mr. William Kinnear takes up this subject and shows, with some ingenuity and plausibility, that the average life of the human race ought to be 200 years, or even more, and that we die earlier simply because we neglect certain precautions.

Mr. Kinnear divides old age into two kinds: that brought on by physical or mental excess, which weakens the powers of mind and body, and that which follows naturally the lapse of years, and is exhibited by a gradual failure of the physical powers.

The first necessity, in order to live long, according to Mr. Kinnear's theory, and common sense, is temperance in all things. Then he says that anatomical experiments and investigation show that the chief characteristics of old age are deposits of earthy matter of a gelatinous and fibrous character in the human system. Carbonate and phosphate of lime, mixed with other salts of a calcareous nature, have been found to furnish the greater part of these earthy deposits. When the arteries are clogged with calcareous matter, there is an interference with the circulation, upon which nutrition depends. Without nutrition there is no repair of the body, and that is the reasoning which leads Lewes to say, in his Physiology of Common Life, that "if the repair were always identical with the waste, life would only be terminated by accident, never by old age."

Old age is simply, therefore, a failure to preserve the balance between waste and nutrition. "Nutrition, in the earlier years of life, is perfectly performed," says Mr. Kinnear. "Repairs are at once promptly attended to by the young blood. To repair the waste of the body, so that the equivoque, called perfect health, may be maintained, and the decay and blockage which advance with age, may be kept at bay, is to prolong our years. If this secret be known, why not hundreds of years of life?"

Proper diet is the secret. To prevent the formation of obstructions which prevent the blood from doing its work of repair, we must avoid food that leaves a deposit of calcareous salts, and of this kind bread is the most objectionable. This is bad news for those who like bread and butter, and have always regarded the former, at least, as "chief nourisher in life's feast."

But bread must hereafter be avoided, if you have faith in Mr. Kinnear, and would live long, and so should also beef and mutton.

Fruit is the ideal food, but fish, poultry, lamb and veal, are also good. Distilled water, which is a powerful solvent, and is devoid of carbonate of lime, is, after middle life, at least, the best beverage; it keeps soluble those salts already in the blood, and facilitates their excretion, and when tainted with diluted phosphoric acid, does much to ward off senility.

Summing up his warnings, Mr. Kinnear concludes that the most rational modes of keeping physical decay and deterioration at bay, and thus averting the approach of old age, are: avoiding all foods rich in the earth salts, using much fruit, especially juicy, uncooked apples, and by taking daily two or three moderate glasses of distilled water with about ten or fifteen drops of diluted phosphoric acid in each glassful.

Is life worth living upon such terms? Some will not think so, and will say that it should be "brief and merry," in the old sense of denying one's self nothing. All the theories of longevity are the same in the end—self-restraint. You cannot burn your

candle at both ends—cannot have your cake and eat it, also. Prudence, temperance, self-denial—these, in the ordinary course, bring length of days; which, if you abuse and waste, you must pay the penalty.

THE FRENCH RIOTS.

Paris is seldom long without a disturbance. The French disposition seems to require a periodical outburst, and the subject or cause is not always a matter of importance. "They are always at it," says one of the characters in "Little Dorrit," and, no doubt, will be to the end of the chapter.

The origin of the students' riots was police interference with the indecency at a ball. The police, as well as the public, will stand much, and the offence must be grave, indeed, that will cause the offender to be called to an account. There are things that take place publicly in Paris that would not be tolerated anywhere else in the world—things shameless, unspeakable, disgusting—and it was Renan, a man of delicacy, who rebuked them only a short time before his death.

The riots had not a political character, although eventually politics became associated with them. But so did the criminal classes, and the the Anarchists, and the general class of people, who, having nothing much to do, like to get into mischief. It is nearly a quarter of a century since the Republic was instituted, and perhaps there are some persons who have grown weary of it. Yet these disturbances originated by the students, show that the time has gone by when a revolution can be accomplished in a night.

The French people have never in their history seemed so much in earnest as now. There is a class who are "always at it," and who, as has been said, will continue to be, while they exist; but they are disappearing and are no longer important. The rag-tag and bobtail element come out on such occasions as the students' riots; but the sight of a regiment or two of soldiers has a very sobering effect even upon them. Such scenes behind barricades as Victor Hugo describes in "Les Miserables," will never be possible in France again. At the head of the army is Gen. Sausser, one of the most earnest and energetic of men—not a coxcomb and mountebank, like Boulanger; but a genuine soldier.

A good deal has been said in some of the papers of Guy de Maupassant's "volcanic nature," "mind that ate into itself," the cancer of a pessimist temperament, and other twaddle, explaining his mental collapse and early death; but the simple truth was, he died of vice. Like Eugene Sue, he indulged in almost every excess that a vicious imagination could suggest, and like Sue, also, in due course he paid the penalty. Curiously enough, the thoughts of these men grow, in spite of them, in the direction of religion. De Maupassant's last book was to have been called "The Angelus;" but he had written only a few chapters when the paresis appeared. He had a certain nervous concentration of style that was very effective in the short story. His works, published in America, were of comparatively innocent character; they were selected for this market. Others, not translated, if published here, would have come under the ban of Anthony Comstock.

Human judgment, training, skill, ability, is not always to be depended on; often fails at a most critical moment. What was the matter with Admiral Tryon—by universal agreement, one of the finest officers in the Queen's service? Was he, for the moment, deranged? Had he been drinking? Was he ill? The mystery will never be cleared up. Meanwhile, however, many lives paid the penalty of his temporary aberration of mind, whatever may have been the cause of it.

The recent meeting of Mrs. Jefferson Davis and Mrs. U. S. Grant at West Point, was a very interesting incident. The two ladies were greatly pleased with each other. Such occurrences remind us how more and more the war is becoming a memory merely.

Strong nerves, sweet sleep, good appetite, healthy digestion, and best of all, pure blood, are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SHE WAS LATE. When Everything Depended Upon Punctuality.

BY MARGUERITE U.

It was eleven minutes of nine o'clock. The schoolyard was a scene of confusion. In one minute the bell would ring, and "forward, march!" would be in order. The children formed in lines around the different staircases; the teachers stood at the head of the stairs to keep order in the line, and the principal waited, watch in hand, to give the signal. Ten minutes of 10 came, the junior rang the bell, and the different grades marched up and into their separate rooms.

The second grade had a new teacher this year, Janet Perey, a pretty young woman with pink cheeks, soft brown hair and smiling mouth. She had wrought a great change in her grade. The year before it was known as the worst in the building. The children were mostly of the poorer classes, and did not receive the best training at home. The great result was one of the strict rules of the school, and it was broken constantly by this second grade. It had been reported several times to the superintendent, and had been severely reprimanded, but in spite of all the scoldings from teachers, principal and superintendent, it still bore the reputation of being the most tardy of any room, of any grade, of any school.

This year it was all changed. The new teacher had conquered the hearts of the scholars, and fired them with a new zeal. The children aspired to nothing less than becoming the model room of all the public schools.

They did not aspire to the unattainable, either. In fact, their wishes stood a good chance of being realized. They had actually received a compliment from the superintendent. Portly and dignified he had come in one day and had stood for some little time unobserved, watching with careful eyes for some fault, some repetition of their former conduct. But everything went on smoothly, and so he decided to say to the teacher, raising his gold-rimmed eye-glasses and clearing his throat: "Very good, very good! A great improvement on last year! The discipline is excellent; yes, quite good. In fact I should now consider this one of my best rooms, if it were not for the terrible tardiness."

That settled it. They would become punctual. They all determined that, come what would, they would be on time.

And now it was the last day but one of the session. For one whole month, every day, in storm or sunshine, in fair weather or foul, the tap of the gong found fifty children at fifty desks. Oh, how happy they were! Only two more days and they would send in to the superintendent a report without a single tardy mark. What a triumph! They would have broken the record. Even the best room of all could not beat that. A whole month without one "latel!"

On this morning of the next to the last day, when the ten-minute-of-nine bell rang, the second grade, in excellent order, marched into their room, but when they looked nervously around to see if all were there, they saw one vacant seat—Lena Steinbach was late! The smiles vanished from the forty-nine little faces, and disappointment, sorrow and tears succeeded. To have their hopes blighted at the very moment of their fulfillment was more than they could stand.

The little teacher was bitterly disappointed. She had tried so hard, she had set her heart on sending in a perfect record. Well, there was three minutes' grace for devotional exercises before the final gong struck. Maybe Lena would come.

So the teacher rose, all the pink gone from her cheeks, a little quiver in her red lips. Then the gong struck, the roll was called and Lena had not come! Everything was spoiled, all the efforts of the children had been in vain.

Five minutes passed. Then some one came flying up the stairs, threw open the door and burst into the room. Lena Steinbach stood before them!

She was a little bit of a girl, with big, blue eyes, a round freckled face, a stubby little nose and flaxen hair, parted in the middle and staid back in two tight plaits, tied with a shoestring. She stood trembling and shrinking before the school. First she looked at the children; ninety-eight eyes looked relentlessly back at her, forty-nine angry faces were before her.

Then she turned, rushed across the room and with a fearful burst of sobs, threw herself into the teacher's arms. In spite of the disappointment, the teacher kissed the child and held her close until she sobbed out: "I couldn't help it, oh, I couldn't help it! I wanted to come; I didn't want to spoil it all. But the house was on fire and mamma gave me the baby, and everything was burning up, and she told me to keep it, and the school bell rang and I wanted to come, but, oh, I couldn't let the baby burn up!"

And then, suddenly every face in the school-room changed. Anger gave way to something else, and it looked for all the world as if that "something else" were a contagion of bad colds. At least the eyes of the scholars looked like it.

And then the little teacher, with glowing cheeks and a tender, but ringing voice said: "What say you, children, shall Lena be excused for her tardiness?" And the vote was unanimous that it would not have been right to let the baby "burn up."

Profitable Saving. A Hoosier lad of twelve years was industriously at work upon a pile of wood in his mother's back yard, when he was approached by a playmate. "Hello, Ben!" said the youngster, "do you get anything fer outtin' the wood?" "Well, I reckon I do," replied Ben. "Ma gives me a cent a day for doin' it." "What you goin' to do with yer money?" "Oh, she's savin' it fer me, and when I get enough, she's goin' to get me a new axe."

TO BANISH DUST. Broom Bags of Cotton Are Most Effective.

A weary and perhaps ultra-fastidious housekeeper, who was asked what her idea of heaven was, promptly responded, "A place where there is no dust." As long, however, as we do not remain on this earth, dust is a more aggressive and ever present enemy than either moths or rust. At least every fortnight, walls and cornices, the tops of windows and doors should have their entire surfaces gone over with a clean broom encased in a bag of cotton flannel. Pinning a cloth about the broom is an unsatisfactory makeshift, besides which the fuzzy nap of the cloth catches and retains the dust better than old muslin, and does not force it to fly about the room only to settle somewhere else, as is case when the work is done with a feather duster.

Don't let your love of the beautiful tempt you to the use of colored flannel, because you want to see when it is dirty, in order to send it to the wash. Three of these bags will not be too many, as a broom covered with one is the best means for removing the dust each morning from polished or stained floors.

Family Expenses.

A few days since, the wife of a wealthy man went into a grocery store where most of the provisions for the house were bought. She went in considerably late to the proprietor and asked him to loan her a dollar. Her husband, she said, had gone down town and forgotten to leave her any change and she must have a little immediately. She took the bill, rolled it up and put it into her glove, then in an undertone said: "Please charge that as sugar. My husband might not like it if I borrowed money." The man said: "Certainly!" and the woman went out. A customer who was standing at a little distance, but who was concealed from the lady by a pile of tea chests, smiled to himself and then smiled at the grocer who came back to finish filling his order. Although the grocer said nothing, it was a well understood fact to that customer, as it is to many other people in large cities, that this is a not uncommon practice. Men who are liberal with their families, as far as food and clothes go, rarely give them a cent of money for their own use. They will pay any reasonable bill and many unreasonably ones, but they pay them in checks, and overlook the bills themselves; then they fancy they know what becomes of the money. Such conduct is unwise. If there is anything in the world that has a tendency to drive a woman to underhand practices, it is such lack of confidence on the part of her husband or father. A wise way is to make a regular allowance for each member of the family. If it must be very small, make it, all the same. Hold the receiver accountable for it and demand a showing of results. Restrict it to certain limits, if necessary, but let all persons have their own way of using their allowance.

The midsummer Cosmopolitan, the first at the new price of 12 1/2 cents per copy, though unchanged in size, excels any other issue of that magazine in the number of its distinguished contributors, in the interest of its contents, and in its overflowing illustrations by famous artists. Francis Coppee, William Dean Howells, Camille Flammarion, Andrew Lang, Frank Dempster Sherman, H. H. Boyesen, Charles DeKay, Thomas A. Janvier, Colonel Tillman, Agnes Reppier, and Gilbert Parker are a few of the names which appear on its title page. Three frontispieces, all by famous artists, furnish an unusual feature, and among the artists who contribute to the 116 illustrations adorning its pages, are Laurens, Reinhardt, Penn, Tommasini, Stevens, Santner, Filler, Mesaulle and Franzen. The midsummer number is intended to set the pace for the magazine at its new price of 12 1/2 cents a copy, or \$1.50 a year. The magazine remains unchanged in size. Literally, the editor is ransacking every known country for material, in order to bring The Cosmopolitan forward as the leading magazine in the world.

The author of "Molly Bawn" is an Irish lady of Scottish descent, whose maiden name was Hamilton, but who now bears the name of her second husband, Henry Hungerford, of Cahirmore. Mrs. Hungerford has six children, and her greatest delight after writing is to dig and delve with them in the large, old-fashioned garden of their home in County Cork. Mrs. Hungerford is also very fond of driving, and is never happy except in the country.

Curious Carpets. May-Carpets are curious things, mamma, Mamma—Why not? May-Although they are bought by the yard, yet they're worn out by the foot.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County. FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

AMONG THE LADIES. Interesting News of Their Doings in the World.

A toast given at a recent meeting of a woman's club in Springfield, Mo., was "The Men We Lf Behind Us." Margaret Deland, the novelist, has a peculiar fondness for snakes, and one summer, when she was boarding in the country, the landlord was forced to ask her to discontinue her practice of bringing home snakes and keeping them in her room.

Miss Kate Levan, of Berks county, Pa., a young lady of sixteen, drives the daily mail stage between Princeton and Fleetwood, and can manage a four-horse team with as much skill as any man in the county.

It is said that the engraved stones and monuments of the British Museum prove that woman's dress and headgear are almost precisely the same as those of the woman of Babylon at the time of the flood.

A New York woman of fashion recently gave a dog party for her favorite Japanese poodle. Over twenty dogs responded to the handsomely engraved invitations, and a feast of chicken, game, wafers and ice cream was modestly eaten by the petted darlings. The favors were Japanese rattles and rubber balls with a squeak in them.

Miss Fanny Mitchell, of Athens, Ga., is writing a history of Athens in the Civil War.

Rosa Bonheur, of whom Henry Bacon remarked that she began by painting rabbits and ascended the scale until she painted the horse, which Leonardo da Vinci considered the noblest model that an artist can copy, after man, celebrated her 71st birthday on Wednesday. She still wields the brush.

There are about 300 women undertakers in the United States.

A Paris woman has founded a new field of activity. She is a tailor for dogs. Her reception room is fitted up with rugs, water bowls and biscuit jars for the delectation of pet poodles and terriers. Water-color pattern books from which to choose the costumes of the pets are among the conveniences, and these patterns are executed in anything from chamois to sealskin.

Mr. Gladstone has recommended Miss Margaret Stokes for the grant of a Civil List pension of £100 a year, to enable her to continue the valuable researches on which she has been engaged. The list of books produced by Miss Stokes is an extensive and interesting one. Her two latest are, "Early Christian Architecture in Ireland," and "Six Months in the Apennines—a Pilgrimage in Search of Vestiges of Irish Saints in Italy." Miss Stokes has devoted her life to the study of Irish antiquarian lore.

The Ada Rehan statue, the largest silver statue ever known, was successfully cast in Chicago last month. Montana has caused to feel proud of its statue of Justice, and encomiums are showered upon all concerned in its production. The figure contains 1,600 pounds of sterling silver and is valued at \$70,000. Not only is the statue an exact reproduction of the Limerick beauty, but the features are her's also, though the expression has been made rather more severe, in order to carry out the idea of Justice.

Mrs. John Mackay is most unassuming in her attire and seldom wears jewels of any kind. Her favorite color is pearl.

Mrs. Hoke Smith, wife of the Secretary of the Interior, is a very youthful and attractive appearing woman, with a pink and white complexion and a face that has a sweet and happy expression.

A woman is assistant sergeant-at-arms of the Arkansas House of Representatives. Rosa Bonheur is to receive \$60,000 for her "Horses Threshing Corn." An exhibition and sale of Irish work, arranged by the Irish Industries Association, of which the Countess of Aberdeen is the president, was opened by the Duchess of Teck, at 18 Carlton-house terrace, the residence of Mr. W. W. Astor. The exhibition comprised the articles which are to be sent to the World's Fair at Chicago, where they will be on view in the Irish Industrial village. The amount realized by the sale of goods will be for the benefit of the workers.

The Daughter of an Editor—Why did you reject him? "He was not accompanied by stamps."



Mr. J. H. Stillman. "I am Truly Thankful for Hood's Sarsaparilla. During the year I contracted typhoid fever, had fever and ague, leaving me with malarial and mercurial poisoning from which I have suffered ever since. In searching for a cure, I tried various preparations and general debility, since I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have not today's work in three months, weigh 150 lbs., more than for years and am in better health than any time since the war." J. H. STILLMAN, Cheltenham, Pa. HOOD'S CURE.

RUGS FOR COUNTRY HOUSES. Their Style, Price and Hints as to Durability.

The favorite rugs for country houses are now the Japanese rugs in cotton, which cost about \$30 in sizes twelve feet by fifteen, which is sufficient to cover the centre of a large room. These rugs are found, not only in blue and white, but in a dark terra cotta, and white, which is almost as effective. They are not remarkably durable in color, however, soon become soiled and do not clean well. A Philadelphia rug in Oriental pattern, or a cheap Turkish rug, which may be purchased at about double the price of a Japanese rug, will last a lifetime.

There are also Ingrain or Kidderminster rugs, which may be found in a very good quality of large size, at a much smaller price, than that asked for a Japanese rug. These are now made in more attractive patterns than formerly, in dainty medleys of Oriental design that will recommend themselves to furnishers of country cottages. The heaviest quality of the Kidderminster rug is sometimes called Bagdad, but it must not be confounded with the popular Turkish hangings which are sold under this name.

How Columbus' Rights Were Ignored.

The discoverer of the New World had a solemn agreement with the Sovereigns as to the reward for his services. The Queen agreed without hesitation, that Columbus and his descendants should have the tenth part of all the products which should come from America, but she objected most strongly to Columbus exercising any authority in the territory discovered, as, even though his authority were exercised in the name of the sovereigns, this would constitute a division of the royal power. This was not vain ostentation on the part of Isabella, but she deemed it necessary in order to maintain the political unity realized by her after a desperate struggle against feudalism, and not to compromise the national unity obtained by the conquest of Granada, the last refuge of the Mussulman ruler.

This was why the negotiations were broken off, and why Columbus abandoned the Court of Castile, with the intention of going to France, and to the Queen for the enterprise, that she caused him to return and acceded to his requirements, signed on April 19, 1492, at Santa Fe, a small town near Granada, the articles which conceded to him the tenth part of the revenue from the Indies, and, under the title of Admiral and Adelantado Mayor, the authority he had desired to obtain for himself and his descendants. The effort of the Admiral's enemies to have him displaced, or to make use of the power which he was exercising, are well known. The remembrance of these facts which so embittered his life, has served to tarnish his memory, with the applause of the detractors of Spain. Envy and bad passions have existed and will exist at all times, and in all countries, and a grant of Castile is committed by supposing that these pettinesses of the human heart constitute the distinctive elements in the character of Ferdinand the Catholic. Although he was a prince of exalted mind, he was also the representative of the ideas of his time, with reference to the royal authority. A disciple of Machiavelli, in his policy he made use of the resources of astuteness and cold calculation. He was never dazzled by the glory of the enterprise of Columbus, and he was not willing that the grandeur acquired by Castile should cause public business to be directed into channels that he deemed dangerous, and of but slight benefit to the interests of Aragon. Not so much from hatred of Columbus as from political motives, he saw with perfect indifference the existence of a spirit of

distrust of the admiral and the ignoring of his services. While the Queen lived, Columbus obtained satisfaction for his wrongs, but when she died, he was left to struggle alone, and, overcome by years, by sorrows and physical sufferings, at last succumbed in poverty, leaving as a patrimony to his family an immortal fame, an example of patience and Christian resignation, and a wealth of expectations.—From "The Family of Columbus," by the Duke of Veragua, in North American Review for July.

Queen Bess's Mead.

Comparatively few people nowadays know from personal experience what mead is. A sweet, sickly, honey drink, which the concocter called mead, was once proffered to me in a country place as a sovereign remedy for a cold, but of the two the cold seemed the lesser evil. The Russians still make mead secundum artem, but only in remote parts of England is there any of the drink of the Norse divinities yet to be had. The writer of an article in the Manchester Quarterly some time ago mentioned with enthusiastic approval, some very old bottled mead which he met with in the course of some rural wanderings, and it is conceivable that a sweet and luscious beverage like mead would gain immeasurably by age. Queen Elizabeth was a mead drinker, and her Grace's recipe for the beverage has been carefully preserved. It seems a fragrant mixture:

Take of sweet brier leaves and thyme each a bushel, rosemary half a bushel, bay leaves one peck. Soothe these ingredients in a furnace full of water, (containing not less than 120 gallons) boil for half an hour; pour the whole into a vat, and when cooled to a proper temperature of about 75° Fahr., strain the liquor. Add to every six gallons of the strained liquor one gallon of fine honey and work the mixture together for half an hour. Repeat the straining occasionally for two days; then boil the liquor afresh, skim it until it becomes clear, and return it to the vat to cool. When reduced to a proper temperature, pour it into a vessel from which fresh ale or beer has just been emptied, work it for three days and run. When fit to be stopped down, tie up a bag of beaten clove and mace—about half an ounce of each—and suspend it in the liquor from the bung-hole. When it has stood for six months it is fit for use.—The Gentleman's Magazine.

Queen Victoria's Yorkshire Pudding.

For the Yorkshire pudding, make a thin batter with a pint of milk and some flour, season with salt, pepper and a little nutmeg, grated fine. The batter should be perfectly smooth. Beat up the yolks of four eggs and the whites of two, and strain them into the batter. Beat it well with a fork for some minutes, then pour the mixture to the thickness of an inch into a tin, buttered freely, and put into the oven. When the pudding is set lay it in the tin slanting in front of the fire, under the beef which is roasting, and when the top is well browned, take the pudding out of the tin and expose the under side of it to the fire. When done, cut it up into diamond-shaped pieces and garnish the joint with them.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

GET YOUR HOUSE PAINTING done by John F. Aelsberg, who will furnish estimates upon application, work done on short notice and satisfaction guaranteed. HAVE YOUR WATCHES, CLOCKS and Jewellery repaired by Geo. T. Eyster, who warrants the same, and has always on hand a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware. Feb 8-91.

Advertisement for HORNER'S ABSOLUTELY Pure Animal Bone Fertilizers, for All Crops and Permanent Grass. Includes a picture of a farmer with a horse and text: 'ARE YOU HUNTING FOR CARPETS??? If so use our large CARPET STORE for a hunting ground. We are prepared now to give some heavy reductions in Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets. STOCK STILL FULL. THE LEADERS. C. W. Weaver & Son, GETTYSBURG, PA.'

Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.

On and after June 18, 1893, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.
Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 5.45, 7.10 and 10.00 a. m. and 2.45 and 5.45 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 6.10, 7.40 and 10.30 a. m. and 3.15 and 6.15 p. m. Sundays, leave Emmitsburg 4.45 a. m. and 5.45 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge 6.10 a. m. and 6.15 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.
Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 6.20, 8.30 and 10.40 a. m. and 2.30 and 6.30 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 6.45, 9.00 and 11.10 a. m. and 4.00 and 7.06 p. m. Sundays, leave Rocky Ridge 6.20 a. m. and 8.27 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg 6.45 a. m. and 5.57 p. m.

WM. H. BIGGS, Pres't.

Established 1837.
Wetly's all-rye whiskey. It has no rival for superiority, is absolutely pure, and has a reputation of the highest standard for excellence and purity, that will always be sustained. Recommended by physicians. Also Old Kentucky Whiskey and Speer's celebrated Wines for sale by F. A. DIFFENDAL.

The Union Bridge Fire Company will hold a fair early in October.

Mn. W. L. McGinnis, of Minneapolis, Minn., has our thanks for a copy of the *Sunday Tribune*.

House for rent. Also small lot of household and kitchen furniture at private sale, cheap. Apply a *CHRONICLE* office.

On Thursday the house of Robert Himes in Knoxville, Frederick county, was struck by lightning and Mrs. Himes stung.

4,185 immigrants arrived in Baltimore in June. For the quarter ended June 30th, 9,053 landed, and during the year 26,156.

Mrs. Anna Adelsberger died in Westminster, on last Saturday afternoon, aged about eighty years. She was formerly of this place.

The last telephone in Mechanicstown has been removed, and that place is now without telephonic communication with the outside world.

The butchers of Hagerstown, in compliance with an order from the Health Officer, have removed their slaughter houses from the corporate limits.

RATER'S Mantrake Bitters cure indigestion, Heart Burn, Costiveness and all malarial diseases. Twenty-five cents per bottle. For sale by Jas. A. Elder.

In order to make room for our fall stock, we are selling our goods at 20 per cent. discount for the next thirty days.

J. TRACER & BRO., Emmitsburg.

A FESTIVAL will be held at Moritz's school house on Saturday afternoon and evening, Aug. 5, 1893, for the benefit of the Sunday School. All are invited.

COMMITTEE.

The annual reunion of the Lutherans of Baltimore, Washington and vicinity will be held on July 26, at Bay Eidge. An interesting programme has been arranged.

Communion services will be held in the Reformed Church in this place, on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Preparatory services tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A CONFERENCE between peach growers and the general freight agent of the Western Maryland Railroad about freight rates, took place in Hagerstown on Tuesday.

If you are troubled with a "hacking cough," Downs' Elixir will give you relief at once. Warranted as recommended or money refunded. For sale by Jas. A. Elder.

REPORTS from various parts of the county where wheat has been thrashed indicate a much smaller yield than was expected. At points where from 20 to 25 bushels were promised only 14 to 18 have been realized.

COCOA SYRUP—Yes I am tired of hearing and seeing the word; yet if you want a good, reliable, pleasant-to-take, Cough Syrup, and a large bottle for the money, ask your druggist for Dr. Fahrney's and take no other.

On Wednesday the following postmasters were appointed in Carroll county: J. W. Weant, Sr., Double Pipe Creek, vice F. J. Shorb, removed; T. H. Eckenrode, at Taneytown, vice P. B. Engler, removed.

An unknown white man was struck by a freight train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Friday night. He was badly injured internally. He was taken to Baltimore in an unconscious state and taken to the Maryland University Hospital. His condition is critical.

Decidedly Shaky.
A trembling hand, an uncertain step, edginess, loss of appetite, nervousness, all these are indications of extreme nervousness. These symptoms, however, may be caused by a disordered system, or by a habit of overeating, or by a habit of overdrinking. The most common cause, however, is a disordered system. The most common remedy, however, is a tonic. The most common tonic, however, is Dr. Fahrney's Serravallo's Tonic. This tonic is made from the most valuable ingredients, and it is the most powerful tonic ever known. It is the most reliable tonic ever known. It is the most effective tonic ever known. It is the most beneficial tonic ever known. It is the most palatable tonic ever known. It is the most agreeable tonic ever known. It is the most refreshing tonic ever known. It is the most invigorating tonic ever known. It is the most strengthening tonic ever known. It is the most nourishing tonic ever known. It is the most healthful tonic ever known. It is the most restorative tonic ever known. It is the most rejuvenating tonic ever known. It is the most invigorating tonic ever known. It is the most strengthening tonic ever known. It is the most nourishing tonic ever known. It is the most healthful tonic ever known. It is the most restorative tonic ever known. It is the most rejuvenating tonic ever known.

Nine Times out of Ten Dr. Fahrney's Peerless Liniment will prevent Pneumonia and Croup, if used in time. So say hundreds who have used it. Sold by all druggists for twenty-five cents.

Mr. Lewis H. TERSE, a carpenter and builder of Frederick, fell from the roof of a building on which he was working, at Bethesda, Montgomery county, and had both of his legs broken above the ankles.

DENTISTRY.—I will be in Emmitsburg, Wednesday the 28th instant, and remain 27th and 28th. As my time is short I hope persons having engagements will call promptly.

Geo. S. FOCKE, D. D. S.

FAIRPLAY ITEMS.
Mr. William McNair has improved his premises by building a new summer kitchen, and a blacksmith shop.

Mr. William McNair, son of Mr. Wm. McNair, Sr., is reading law.

The Fourth Regiment, Maryland National Guard, have gone into camp at Tolchester Beach for a period of ten days. About 300 men will be in camp and 130 tents have been erected for their use.

A MISSTEP will often make a cripple for life. A bottle of Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment at hand, will not prevent the misstep, but used immediately it will save being a cripple. For sale by James A. Elder.

JOAN VOLKE, a brakeman on the Chesapeake and Pennsylvania Railroad, was caught between two freight cars on a switch near the cement mill at Chamberland, and squeezed to death. He leaves a widow and one child.

The Democratic Central Committee, of Emmitsburg District, held a meeting on Saturday evening last, in this place, and endorsed Mr. E. H. Rowe for store keeper and gauger at the distillery in this district.

ANOTHER electrical storm passed over Frederick county on last Friday evening. The lightning killed three Beagle hounds on the farm of Hanson Boyer, near Petersville. Corn fields were washed badly, and much damage was done to the wheat in shocks.

A Slight Fire.
The roof on the engine house at Messrs. Patterson Bros', butcher shop, in this place, was discovered on fire Wednesday afternoon. The fire was extinguished with but little damage to the building.

MR. JOSHUA D. WIRE, of Hagerstown, had a desperate fight with a dog, which was found in his room several nights ago. Mr. Wire was severely litten in trying to put the dog out, and he was compelled to choke it to death to insure his own safety.

PRINCE GEORGE'S and Montgomery counties are over run with gamblers, moon men and workers of all sorts of swindling schemes. In Prince George's county they are to be found chiefly on the public road leading from Benning to Upper Marlboro'.

THE hay crop promises to be an exceptionally profitable crop this season. There has been almost a total failure of the grass crop in England and a partial failure in France, so that both countries will import hay and the price justifies its shipment from this country, bulky as it is.

MR. CHARLES E. WACHTER Dead.
Mr. Charles E. Wachter, a contractor and builder of Frederick, died on Monday from the effects of injuries sustained several weeks ago in falling from a building. He was in his forty-second year, and was regarded as one of the most enterprising citizens of Frederick. He leaves a widow and three children.

List of Letters.
The following letters remain in the Post Office, Emmitsburg, Md., July 17, 1893. Persons calling will please say advised, otherwise they may not receive them:

Chas. Lippo, Willie H. Reindollar, Robert Waters, W. B. Windsor, S. N. McNair, P. M.

Lightning Strikes Another Barn.
During the electrical storm of last Friday evening, the barn on the farm of Mr. James Kelley, in this district, was struck by lightning. The building with its contents consisting of wheat, hay and some farming implements was consumed. The stock was taken from the stable without being injured.

The Methodist Episcopal church at Knoxville, Frederick county, which has been undergoing a thorough renovation for the past month, will be reopened for worship Sunday morning, July 30. Rev. W. H. McAllister, of Alexandria, Va., and Rev. Mr. Isaacs, of Baltimore, will be present and assist the pastor, Rev. W. T. L. Weech.

The board of Washington county school commissioners have published a statement saying "that their funds for the present are exhausted, and they will be unable to pay any outstanding certificates of indebtedness until the county commissioners see proper to pay over some of the money which has been collected for school purposes." They claim that \$15,000 of county school tax for 1893-4 has been collected and is lying idle in the county treasury. The school board claims that \$12,000 of that money is now past due.—*Sun*.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became a woman, she clung to Castoria.

When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

When she was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became a woman, she clung to Castoria.

When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Joseph Keim has gone to Tennalystown, D. C.
Mr. Bernard Sweeney started for Chicago, this week.

Among the visitors this week was Mr. Henry K. Sutton, of Baltimore.
Mr. John McDevitt, of Baltimore, is visiting his mother, in this place.

Miss Lucy Higbee is visiting her aunts, Misses Louise and Hallie Motter.
Mr. Harry Wilson, of Hagerstown, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Julia Willson.

Miss Lizzie Hobbs, of Frederick, is visiting at the residence of Mr. James M. Welty, near town.

Mr. J. Motter Wingerd, of Harrisburg, spent Saturday and Sunday with his mother, in this place.

Mr. Robert Witherow, of Colorado, is visiting his father, Mr. G. W. Witherow, near Greenmont, Pa.

Miss Helen Higbee, of Baltimore, spent Saturday and Sunday with Misses Louise and Hallie Motter.

Mrs. M. E. Adelsberger, with her son Ernest, of Baltimore, is visiting her son, Mr. F. A. Adelsberger, in this place.

Miss Lizzie Felix and Mrs. C. A. Clarke, of Washington, D. C., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Pius Felix, in this place.

Mr. Calvin Cane, with his two daughters, of Washington, D. C., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Cane, of this place.

Mrs. Hattie Wheeler, of Baltimore, spent several days with her sister, Mrs. Joseph Hobbs, near town. Mrs. Wheeler was pleased to see her sister looking so well, after such a severe attack of sickness.

The Supposed Oakland Postoffice Robber Arrested.
Capt. W. B. Smith, postoffice inspector, who has been at Oakland, Md., since Monday, working up the postoffice robbery, received a telegram from New York announcing the arrest of a well known burglar in that city, with the property stolen from the Oakland postoffice in his possession. Captain Smith had telegraphed to New York describing several articles which were lost, and these led to the arrest. The prisoner gave the name of James Atwood. The postmaster has gone over his book and the exact loss is \$545, 45 cents in stamps and \$306.02 in currency and four registered letters. The inspector swore out a warrant and a deputy marshal started on Thursday night for New York to bring the prisoner on for a hearing.

Deadly Assault in Franklin County.
Jacob Woodring was shot by his son in the Black Corner, near Waynesboro', Pa., about half-past 10 o'clock Wednesday night. He is a well-known character. For some time he has lived like a hermit apart from his wife, who resided with her son. He went to their home, and after some conversation a quarrel ensued. Woodring became angry, it is said, and attempted to do bodily harm to his wife, when the son picked up a gun and shot his father in the leg. The lead entered below the hips and caused such a serious wound that surgeons found it impossible to remove him.—*Sun*.

After Breakfast
To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood and give nerve, bilious and digestive strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Continue the medicine after every meal for a month or two and you will feel "like a new man." The merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla is proven by its thousands of wonderful cures. Why don't you try it?

Hood's Pills cure constipation. They are the best after-dinner pill and family cathartic.

Accident.
J. M. Fream, of Liberty township, came into collision with a trolley car Monday morning on Baltimore hill near Breckenridge, Gettysburg. A car came over the brow of the hill, at which the horse frightened, and backed the carriage upon the track. The car was running at a very lively rate and upset the carriage, breaking the top and twisting the hind axes. Mr. Fream and Joseph Glacken, the occupants, were thrown out, but escaped with slight bruises. Had the horse begun to kick, serious results would have followed.—*Star and Sentinel*.

Boots and Shoes of all Kinds.
The undersigned has always on hand a large assortment of Men's, Boy's, Ladies' and Misses Boots, Shoes and slippers of the very latest styles. Your attention is especially called to the Harrisburg "Long Wrenners," for ladies and children. All kinds of work made to order a specialty. Repairing neatly and promptly done.

M. FRANK ROWE, Emmitsburg, Md.

CAN THE CHRONICLE furnish any information as to the duty of the Town Commissioners to keep the streets clean?

Surely the dirt which accumulates in the streets should be removed at regular intervals. Every morning the tidy housekeepers have the space in front of their premises carefully swept, removing the dirt from both sides to the middle of the streets, only to be scattered about in a few hours littering the entire roadway and making it as unsightly as before. Citizens.

A Tale of Mistaken Identity.
A brilliant Aurora beam, streaming up from the western horizon on Saturday night attracted much attention, as it was supposed to be the tail of the new comet, which scientists are excited over at this time; but the assurance from "headquarters" that the erratic visitor whose flight through space, is being so closely watched, still has his tail wrapped closely around him, and can hardly be located by the naked eye, settled the question as to the nature of the display.

Military Bicycle Company.

The Second Separate Bicycle Company, D. C. N. G., of Washington, D. C., the first military bicycle company organized in the United States, and which was sent out on sixteen days expedition through the Shenandoah Valley, Va., arrived in this place on Monday about noon, under the command of Lieutenant W. A. Beck. After spending several hours in town they started for Gettysburg, where they visited all the important points on the battlefield, and passed through this place again on Tuesday evening on their way to Mechanicsville, where they spent the night. On Wednesday morning they visited Pen Mar and returned to Washington on Thursday, via of Frederick. The original trip was confined to the Shenandoah Valley, but as they completed their tour of that section of the country in less time than was anticipated, the commander was given permission to select a route to return to Washington. Hence their visit to the above places.

The company is under thorough military discipline. The members are required to drill one hour each morning, and to stay in the same town over night. The commander is required to make a complete topographical report of the roads, hills and brooks on the route travelled, notice the towns passed through, note the distance between each town, and the time required in making the trip. Their average speed was eight miles an hour. As an experimental trial, it was unusually successful, being free from accidents and making forced marches and arriving at the appointed place in excellent condition. The members of the company seemed greatly pleased with the trip, and consider it beneficial both socially and intellectually, as well as from a military point of view.

The company is composed of government employes, the majority of whom belong to the Y. M. C. A. The expedition party was composed of eleven members, as follows: Lieut. Beck; Sergt. O. W. Goodwyn; Privates Boody, Beeler, Brower, Croxton, Churchill, Cobleigh, Green, Jenkins and Shumway.

Lieut. Beck is one of the survivors of Ford's Opera House disaster.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.
Mrs. George Spaling, of Baltimore, is visiting in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Welty and daughter, are visiting at Ladiesburg.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Grove, of this place, are visiting at Hanover and Littlestown.

Mr. John Swope and brother, of Baltimore, are visiting friends in this place.

Do not forget the Lutheran festival. It will be held in the school house yard at Fairfield; on the 27th, 28th and 29th inst.

Miss Ella Melhorn, of Westminster, and Miss Rebecca Thomas, of Baltimore, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Reindollar, of this place.

Mr. John Watson, who had been spending some time in this place, has turned to Wolford, Pike county, Pa., where he has been engaged in teaching school.

The Lutheran Mite Society, of Fairfield, held an ice cream party at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. Shalley on last Tuesday evening. Seventy-five people were present, and six gallons of ice cream, a lot of cakes, melons, &c., was dispensed. It is unnecessary to say the evening was pleasantly spent.

The G. A. R. encampment at Gettysburg, has brought a large number of old soldiers to that place. Many of whom had not been there since the battle in 1863. Many of them are tottery and their locks have grown gray. During the past thirty years a large number of our old soldiers have passed to their reward.

When Travelling.
Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take an every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c. and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Barns Burned and Horses Killed by Lightning.
The barn on the farm of Allan McClane, Cherry Hill, Cecil county, was struck by lightning and burned on Tuesday evening. During the same storm, three horses were killed by the lightning on the farm owned by Mr. Bennett.

In Harford county, the lightning struck and killed two horses belonging to Messrs. Everhart Hult and J. W. More, while standing in the field.

A large barn on the farm of Gen. William McKenny, near Centerville, was struck by lightning Tuesday night, and destroyed. Loss \$1,600.

A Pleasant Entertainment.
The "Garden Party," by the Benevolent Society of the Reformed Church, at the residence of Mrs. C. M. Motter on Saturday evening last, proved a brilliant success, and was highly enjoyed by all who attended. The perfectly clear, and unusually hot night, making an outdoor entertainment, peculiarly attractive, the grounds were filled the entire evening, with a merry crowd, whose liberal patronage, proved their appreciation of the pleasant surroundings.

Fire in Brunswick.
The stock of clothing and furnishing goods of Messrs. Survek & Whitmore, in the Bretz & Kambarger Building, Brunswick, was burned Tuesday morning. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin. The building was damaged but little, but the stock of goods was ruined. The loss is estimated at about \$5,000; fully insured.

A GREAT REUNION OF VETERANS.

Preparations for 300,000 of them at the Next G. A. R. Encampment in Indianapolis.

The growth of the Grand Army of the Republic, since its organization in 1866, has been rapid and widespread beyond the wildest hopes of its originators. Ten States were represented in the meeting at which it was founded. Today, twenty-seven years later, it comprises forty-five departments, seventy-five hundred posts, and nearly half a million members. Within the last few years, certainly within ten or twelve, its annual encampments have grown to enormous proportions. At the encampment held in Washington last year, it was estimated that not less than three hundred thousand people were in attendance. The veterans seem to realize that there will not be many years left them in which to fight their battles over again, and so they come together once each year in greater numbers than when the organization was younger.

This year the encampment is to be held in the west and Indianapolis has been chosen as the city. From a sentimental as well as a utilitarian point of view, the choice was a fitting one. Thousands of veterans remember the Hoosier capital as a pleasant camping place going to and returning from the front. Indianapolis is the birth place of the organization as well as a convenient railroad center, with large hotel and boarding accommodations, wide streets, and in all respects well adapted as a meeting place. It is within thirty-five miles of the center of population of the United States and about the center of membership of the G. A. R. It is near Chicago and fully three-fourths of the visitors to the World's Fair can pass through it without going out of their way. With the exceptionally favorable rates that will be allowed by all railroads having Indianapolis connections, the coming encampment can be attended by World's Fair visitors at a minimum cost. Seven lines of railway connect Indianapolis with Chicago and the running time between the two cities is six hours.

The arrangements for the entertainment and amusement of the veterans will be the most liberal that have ever been made. A fund of \$150,000 has been raised by the citizens of Indianapolis for expenses, and the plans are of a character that assure the old veterans the greatest encampment in the history of the Grand Army.

Indianapolis has already been systematically canvassed for boarding places. Accommodations at a moderate price are at present available for many thousands. Persons who desire to be sure of comfortable quarters are put in the way of securing them by the Citizens' Executive Board of the encampment. All who are unable to secure accommodations in hotels and boarding houses will be provided for in barracks.

The Contract Awarded.
The Board of Directors of the Frederick and Middletown Valley Passenger Railroad Company Tuesday afternoon awarded the contract for the construction of the proposed road from Frederick to Middletown, to Simons & Haeskey, of Germany, through the Hughs & Regby Engineering Company, of Baltimore, the Southern Agents for the above concern. There were fifteen electric firms represented and the officials of the road did not reach a conclusion until they had a two days' and a night session. Sprague, Duncan & Hutchinson, of New York, have been retained as consulting engineers, and will be represented by Mr. Frank P. Lewis, of Baltimore, their Southern Agent. Mr. Lewis, who was recently in the employ of the officials, proved to be an efficient engineer and the board therefore were pleased to retain him. The maximum time in which the road must be constructed is one hundred days. Work will begin on the building of the road just as soon as the electrical machinery can be transported to Frederick which will require but a very short time.—*Examiner*.

Suicide of Mrs. Stottemeyer.
Mrs. Katherine Stottemeyer, wife of County Commissioner R. F. Stottemeyer, of Hancock, Washington county, Md., committed suicide last Saturday morning by drowning herself in a rain barrel. She had been in bad health for several years and for several months past suffered from fits of melancholy. The act was doubtless committed while she was a victim of mental aberration. Mrs. Stottemeyer was a faithful member of the Methodist Episcopal church and possessed a lovely character. Her untimely death has cast a gloom over the entire neighborhood. She was about fifty-six years old.

In Her 94th Year.
Mrs. Mary Swope, who is making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Flora, on "White Hall" farm, near Williamsport, is said to be the oldest living woman in Washington county. She was born May 10th, 1800, and is consequently in her 94th year. She has a distinct recollection of the war of 1812 and of the death of the celebrated General Ross.

Trolley Must Leave Gettysburg Field.
Col. John P. Nicholson and Col. John B. Batchelder, of the United States Gettysburg commission, went over the entire line of the trolley road Monday. In the absence of General Forney, of Alabama, the commission took no official action, but it is known that they will adopt some measures that will drive the electric railway from the field.—*Sun*.

Thrashing Machine Burned.
The steam thrashing machine of Mr. George E. Snyder was destroyed by fire Tuesday afternoon while engaged in thrashing wheat at the residence of Mr. Harvey Martz, near Boonsboro. The machine together with forty bushels of unthrashed wheat, one load of straw and one four-horse wagon were destroyed.—*Times*.

John Younkins Robbed.
The basket-maker, John Younkins, of near Middletown, was robbed of \$165 by three masked men, at Arnold's lane, Tuesday. Two of them grabbed the horse and leveled revolvers at Younkins' head and the other one robbed him of the money, when they all walked leisurely up the lane toward the mountain.

Journalistic.
Our esteemed contemporary, the *Gettysburg Star and Sentinel*, appeared this week under new proprietorship. The change being brought about by the death of Mr. Alexander D. Buehler, who had been a member of the old firm since 1870. The *Star and Sentinel* will continue to be "uncompromisingly Republican in politics," and the principles of the paper as inaugurated by its former publishers, will be maintained by the new proprietors, Messrs. John B. McPherson, A. Danner Buehler and Guyton H. Buehler. The *Star and Sentinel* is a welcome visitor and we wish the new firm success.

Frederick's Financial Institutions Safe and Sound.

According to the statements of the five National Banks of Frederick, for the quarter ending July 12th, the individual deposits therein subject to check aggregate \$2,028,517.13. This immense sum is divided as follows: Citizens' National Bank, \$1,408,489.94; Central, \$180,212.95; Farmers' & Mechanics', \$173,067.52; First National, \$178,748.67; Frederick County, \$87,981.05. The deposits in the Frederick-Town Savings Institution aggregate \$589,147.26, and in the Franklin Savings Bank, \$111,335.22.

DIED.

RIDER.—On July 14, 1893, at the residence of his parents, in Tennytown, D. C., Joseph Bernard, son of Mr. and Mrs. James V. Rider, aged six months.

WEIKERT.—On July 16, 1893, in Freedom township, Pa., Mrs. Sarah J. Weikert, aged 72 years, 4 months and 20 days.

MEETING OF BOARD OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

Special Examination for Teachers' Certificates and Scholarships in Western Maryland College and State Normal School.

A Regular Meeting of the Board of School Commissioners for Frederick county, will be held on Monday and Tuesday, July 31st and August 1st, 1893, for the settlement of accounts, the appointment of assistant teachers and trustees, and the transaction of other business. The Special Examination of applicants for Teachers' Certificates, for one Free Scholarship to Western Maryland College, and Normal School Scholarships, will be held on Wednesday and Thursday, August 2nd and 3rd, at the Pennington School Building, subject to the usual conditions. The Free Scholarship for Western Maryland College entitles its possessor to "tuition, board, fuel, lights and washing." The applicant will be required to pass an examination to enable him or her to enter the Freshman Class. A scholarship to the State Normal School carries with it the right to "free tuition, English text-books and school stationery." Applicants for certificates to teach in the colored schools will be examined on Friday and Saturday, August 4th and 5th, 1893, at the Court House. The examination for white and colored teachers will begin promptly at 10 a. m. on the first day, and 9 a. m. on the second day.

EPHRAIM L. BOBLITZ, Secretary.

—CALL ON—
GEORGE T. EYSTER,
—AND—
See his splendid stock of
GOLD & SILVER,
Key & Stem-Winding
WATCHES.

ICE CREAM.

I have opened my ice cream parlors on West Main Street and am prepared to furnish the public at all times with a superior article of my own manufacture.

Picnics, Festivals and Parties furnished in any quantity at short notice. Prices reasonable.

ICE!

I also have a large supply of excellent ice, which will be delivered daily to all parts of the town.

ALBERT SMITH,
Emmitsburg, Md.

EMMITSBURG Marble Yard CEMETERY WORK

Of all kinds promptly done. Orders filled on short notice and satisfaction guaranteed.

W. H. HOKE, Proprietor,
EMMITSBURG, MD.

RUPTURE

Corrected by Dr. J. B. MAVERICK, 109 N. 3rd St. PHILA., Pa. Rare success. No operation. No pain. No cost. Send for circular. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Mr. Mary Swope, who is making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Flora, on "White Hall" farm, near Williamsport, is said to be the oldest living woman in Washington county. She was born May 10th, 1800, and is consequently in her 94th year. She has a distinct recollection of the war of 1812 and of the death of the celebrated General Ross.

Trolley Must Leave Gettysburg Field. Col. John P. Nicholson and Col. John B. Batchelder, of the United States Gettysburg commission, went over the entire line of the trolley road Monday. In the absence of General Forney, of Alabama

