

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

C. M. MOTTER, Editor & Publisher.

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EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1889.

No. 27.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

Circuit Court.
Chief Judge.—Hon. James McSherry.
Associate Judges.—Hon. John T. Vinson and Hon. John A. Lynch.
State's Attorney.—Edw. S. Eichelberger.
Clerk of the Court.—W. Irving Parsons.

Orphan's Court.
Judge.—Gov. W. Shank, Geo. Koogle, Benjamin G. Fitzhugh.
Register of Wills.—Hamilton Lindsay.
County Commissioners.—H. F. Maxwell, Chas. A. Eyer, Jos. G. Miller, Thos. Hightman, Simon T. Stauffer.
Sheriff.—Alonso Benner.
Tax Collector.—Charles F. Rowe.
Surveyor.—William H. Hilleary.
School Commissioners.—Samuel Dutrow, Herman L. Routzahn David D. Thomas, E. R. Zimmerman, Jas. W. Condon.
Examiner.—Glenn H. Worthington.

Emmitsburg District.
Notary Public.—Paul Motter.
Justices of the Peace.—Henry Stokes, Jas. Knouff, Jas. F. Hickey, Joshua Hobbs.
Registrar.—E. S. Taney.
Constable.—Wm. H. Ashbaugh.
School Trustees.—Joseph Waddles, Joseph A. Baker.
Burgess.—William G. Blair.
Town Commissioners.—Joseph Snouffer, Jas. O. Hopp, Oscar E. Fraley, P. D. Lawrence, Francis A. Maxwell, Michael Hoke.
Town Constable.—William H. Ashbaugh.
Tax Collector.—John F. Hopp.

CHURCHES.

Ev. Lutheran Church.
Pastor.—Rev. Luther DeVoe. Services every Sunday, morning and evening at 9 o'clock, a. m., and 7:30 o'clock, p. m., respectively. Wednesday evening lectures 7:30 o'clock, p. m. Sunday School at 1 o'clock, p. m.

Presbyterian Church.
Pastor.—Rev. W. H. Heilmann. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Wednesday evening lectures at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

Methodist Episcopal Church.
Pastor.—Rev. J. N. Davis. Services every other Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Prayer meeting every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 8 o'clock, a. m. Class meeting every other Sunday at 2 o'clock, p. m.

MAILS.

Arrive.
Through from Baltimore 11:20, a. m., Way from Baltimore, 7:15, p. m., Hagerstown, 7:15, p. m., Rocky Ridge, 7:15, p. m., Motter's, 11:20, a. m., Frederick, 11:20, a. m., and 7:15, p. m., Gettysburg, 4:00, p. m.

Depart.
Baltimore, Way 8:10, a. m., Mechanics-town and Hagerstown, 6:30, p. m., Hanover, Lancaster and Harrisburg, 8:10, a. m., Rocky Ridge, 8:10, a. m., Baltimore, (closed) 2:42, p. m., Frederick, 2:42, p. m., Motter's, and Mt. St. Mary's, 2:42, p. m., Gettysburg, 8:00, a. m.
Office hours from 7 o'clock, a. m., to 6:30, p. m.

SOCIETIES.

Masonic Tribe No. 41, I. O. R. M.
Kinites her Council Fire every Saturday evening, 8th Run. Officers: Prophet, Geo. G. Byers; Sach, Geo. T. Gelwick; Sen. Sec., J. W. Reigel; Jun. Sec., E. C. Klinefelter; C. of R. Jno. E. Adelsberger; K. of W., C. S. Zeck; Geo. T. Gelwick, Geo. G. Byers and E. C. Wenschhof, Trustees; Edward C. Wenschhof, Representative.

Evangelical Association.
President, Jno. Byrne; Secretary, Geo. Seybold; Treasurer, Jno. M. Stouter. Meets the fourth Sunday of each month in S. R. Grider's building. West main street.

Arthur Post No. 41, G. A. R.
Commander, M. O. A. Horner; Senior Vice-Commander, S. N. McNeil; Junior Vice-Commander, Harvey G. Winter; Chaplain, Wm. H. Baker; Quartermaster, Abraham Merring; Officer of the Day, Wm. A. Fraley; Officer of the Guard, Samuel D. Wagman; Surgeon, John Shank; Council Administration, Samuel Gable, Joseph Frame and John H. Shields; Delegate to State Encampment, Wm. A. Fraley; Alternate, Harvey G. Winter.

Vigilant Hose Company No. 1.
Meets 1st and 3rd Friday evening of each month at Firemen's Hall. Pres., V. E. Rowe; Vice-President, Jeremiah Donoghue; Secretary, W. H. Troxell; Treasurer, J. H. Stokes; Capt., Geo. T. Eyster; 1st Lieut., G. W. Bushman; 2nd Lieut., Michael Hoke.

Union Building Association.
President, W. S. Guthrie; Vice-President, Jas. A. Rowe; Secretary, E. H. Rowe; Treasurer, George W. Rowe; Directors, F. A. Maxwell, D. Lawrence, E. H. Rowe, Michael Hoke, Jno. T. Lang, Geo. W. Rowe.

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President, I. S. Annan; Vice-P., L. M. Motter; Secretary, E. R. Zimmerman; Treasurer, O. A. Horner; Directors, M. M. Motter, O. A. Horner, J. Thos. Gelwick, E. R. Zimmerman, I. S. Annan, E. L. Rowe, Nicholas Baker.

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C. V. S. LEVY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FREDERICK, MD.
Will attend promptly to all legal business entrusted to him. July 12-ly.

Edward S. Eichelberger,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FREDERICK CITY, MD.
OFFICE—West Church Street, opposite Court House.—Being the State's Attorney for the County does not interfere with my attending to civil practice. dec 9-11.

PAUL MOTTER,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
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If any dealer says he has the W. L. Douglas shoes without name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.



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FOR GENTLEMEN.
Best in the world. Examine his \$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE. \$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE. \$3.50 POLICE and LAWYER'S SHOE. \$2.50 EXTRA VALUE GAITER SHOE. \$2.00 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE. \$2.00 and \$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. All made in Congress, Boston and Lane.

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These instruments have been before the Public for nearly fifty years, and up to their excellence alone have attained an UNPURCHASED PRE-EMINENCE which establishes them as unequalled in TONE, TOUCH, WORKMANSHIP & DURABILITY.

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SECOND HAND PIANOS.
A large stock at all prices, constantly on hand, comprising some of our own make but slightly used. Sole agents for the celebrated

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AND OTHER LEADING MAKES.
Prices and terms to suit all purchasers.
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I SHOULD SMILE.

YES! see my two teeth, just came so easy I didn't know it. Dr. FAHNEY'S TEething SYRUP will relieve Colic, Griping in the Bowels, Diarrhoea and Cholera Infantum. Once used you will want nothing better. For sale by all dealers for 25 cts. per bottle. Prepared only by Dr. D. FAHNEY & SON, HAGERSTOWN, MD. Trial bottle sent by mail for 10 cts.

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See his splendid stock of
GOLD & SILVER,
Key & Stem-Winding
WATCHES.

THE GOLDEN FLOWER.

When Advent dawns with lessening days,
While earth awaits the angels' hymn;
When bare as branching coral ways
In whistling winds each leafless limb;
When spring is but a spendthrift's dream,
And summer's wealth a wasted dower,
Nor dews nor sunshine may redeem—
Then autumn coins his golden flower.

Soft was the violet's vernal hue,
Fresh was the rose's morning red,
Full-orbed the stately dahlia grew—
All gone! their short-lived splendors shed.
The shadows, lengthening, stretch at noon;
The fields are stripped, the graves are dumb;
The frost flowers greet the icy moon—
Then blooms the bright chrysanthemum.

The stiffening turf is white with snow,
Yet still its radiant disks are seen
When soon the hallowed morn will show
The wreath and cross of Christmas green:

As if in autumn's dying days
It heard the heavenly song afar,
And opened all its glowing rays,
The herald lamp of Bethlehem's star.

Orphan of summer, kindly sent
To cheer the fading year's decline,
In all that pitying Heaven has lent
No fairer pledge of hope than thine.
Yes! June lies hid beneath the snow,
And winter's unborn heir shall claim
For every seed that sleep below
A spark that kindles into flame.

Thy smile the scowl of winter braves,
Last of the bright-robed, bowery train,
Soft sighing o'er the garden graves,
"Farewell! farewell! we meet again!"
So may life's chill November bring
Hope's golden flower, the last of all,
Before we hear the angels sing
Where blossoms never fade and fall!

—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

TWO LITTLE WOODEN SHOES.

They Were Made by an Auvergnais for Marie Antoinette.

Gen. Gilbert de Motier, Marquis de La Fayette, possessed at Auvergne his old family chateau, Clavanne—a huge, strongly-built, clumsy and characterless pile. Not far away rose rugged cliffs, covered by a tall growth of chestnuts and beeches. Beneath the green night of these forests swarmed the toilers of the wood. Dwelling in huts, working side by side in the open air, were the charcoal makers, the rosin workers, the plank sawyers, the stave cutters, the makers of sabots. Among them was a young sabot-maker who neither sang nor worked with the rest. He was an orphan and a dreamer, reserved and taciturn. Apart from the others he silently cut, shaped, pointed and polished his sabots. His name was Razon, signifying, in patois, Reason; but as he had such strange ways, lived alone and spoke little, the peasants gave him the nickname of Darazon, or "The Simpleton." And when, after a while, it was discovered that beneath a rusty old musket on the wall of Darazon's hut there was pinned a tiny picture of Marie Antoinette, his companions laughed and whispered among themselves and called him Darazon, the lover of the Queen.

One day Gen. de La Fayette arrived at Chavanac from Paris. It was just at this time that the Court of France was amusing itself *a la pastorale* at Trianon, and great lords and ladies masqueraded in the garb of shepherds and shepherdesses, millers and milkmaids, and thrust their aristocratic feet into wooden shoes—dainty ones, to be sure, but still genuine wooden sabots. And it was Marie Antoinette herself who wore the first pair. All this the Marquis recounted to the groups of peasants in the forest, where he went, good Marquis that he was, for a friendly gossip with his people. Darazon listened breathlessly—wide-eyed and eager.

"The Queen wears sabots? 'Sabots do you say?' 'Yes!'"

"And if—I should make her a pair, would you give them to her—would you, Monsieur le Marquis?"

"Why yes!" replied the General, smiling; "only remember to make them far too pretty even for your sweetheart and quite pretty enough for your Queen!"

Darazon answered nothing. Only daybreak found him at his work, and when twilight fell he was still working, and nearly all the night he worked by a feeble light in his hut. In fifteen days he had made a little pair of sabots—prettier than

the prettiest *sabots de noes*. They were finished! Darazon took them carefully in his right hand. He went through the forest and along the steep road until he came to the great chateau. He knocked and asked to see Monsieur le Marquis.

"It is I," he said, "and here are the Queen's sabots."

"You have really made them, then?" said the General.

He took them from Darazon and looked at them curiously. They were delicately fashioned from the wood of the chestnut, waxed and exquisitely polished; they were slender, elegant and daintily pointed, because they were for a Queen and not for a peasant; they were covered with a delicate tracery of vines, and beautifully carved on the toe of each little shoe was a heart, wreathed by a garland twined through the letters T. L. V.

The Marquis smiled. He knew the significance of these four letters, which every lover of Auvergne has carved upon the sabots of his sweetheart.

The Marquis de La Fayette returned to Paris, and, true to his promise, carried the sabots to the Queen at Trianon. He told their simple little story. Trianon was pastoral-mad and Marie Antoinette was enchanted. What! To have real sabots! Sabots such as peasants wear! And made by a real sabotier!

"This heart, Marquis," said the Queen, "wreathed in 'favors' like the hands of the Virgin, that I can understand; but these letters T. L. V.?" "Your Majesty alone has the right to permit me, or rather to command me, to translate them."

"Translate, then; it is my desire." "Taimera! tout a la vida." "But I cannot understand this strange language." "This strange language is the *patois* of Auvergne, Your Majesty, and means 'I will love thee all my life.'"

The Queen neither smiled nor spoke. "The truth is," continued the Marquis, "that this poor sabotier, who is a little simple, worships Your Majesty in the shape of a small portrait."

"Poor fellow! Brave fellow!" murmured the Queen tenderly. "The sabots, Monsieur le Marquis, seem to me a trifle large, but they will the better hold the recom-pense!" and Marie Antoinette whispered something in the ear of the Princess de Lamballe, who smiled, took the sabots, and left the room, returning with the little wooden shoes filled with as much gold as they could hold. "And now, Marquis," said the Queen, "will you have this gold sent in a casket to your young sabotier, with my warmest thanks and say also—no! say nothing more!" And the contents of the little shoes were sent.

But Paris was on the eve of the Revolution, and the wooden shoes were forgotten. 1789, 1792, 1793 passed like peals of thunder, each more terrible than the last. Darazon, in the heart of the forest, knew this—like the rest of the world. There was terrible anguish in his heart, but he said nothing. Finally came the news of the imprisonment of the royal family in the Temple. After this Darazon grew still more silent and sombre. One day he disappeared from the forest. They searched his hut. On the table lay an empty, open casket. The old musket and the picture of Marie Antoinette were gone.

Darazon was on the road to Paris. He reached the city on Oct. 17, 1793—in wild rage with the tormentors of the Queen. At the Place de la Bastille he accosted a patriot wearing a scarlet cap and armed with a club.

"How can I reach the Temple?"

"What do you want there?"

"To deliver the Queen!" "The Austrian? She is a head shorter since yesterday!" replied the man with a ferocious gesture.

Darazon, pale as death, snatched his musket from his shoulder, but the patriot dealt him a crushing blow with the club and the peasant fell like a stone.

The mob gathered instantly. The peasant's body was roughly searched. On his breast they found the portrait of Marie Antoinette, beneath it the suspicious letters T. L. V. Ah then! This man was a *complot*. "Away with him!" The poor body was seized and hurried to the Seine. The river silently opened her arms to receive the poor sabot-maker of Auvergne—the lover of the Queen—with the dear gold pieces hidden in his peasant's blouse and the sacred image next his heart.—*Aimee Girou in Le Figaro.*

A Hard Road to Travel.

The more a newspaper man exerts his ability to please a whimpering public, the more good he does for a town, the more charitable he becomes, the more he is criticised. Speaking of this a writer has said: "The man who can run a newspaper without being criticised, censured and threatened has never been found. He is a barren idealist, beautiful to think about, but incapable of taking on mortality and associating with vulgar humanity. It is as impossible for him to please everybody as it is for everybody to please him, and the sooner he makes up his mind to this stubborn fact the better for everybody concerned. If he works hard for the public good, he receives private censure; if he compliments merit, he is censured by jealous demerit; if he approves morality, he is cursed by immorality; if he tries to be fair, he is censured by the unfair; if he makes a mistake, few are found to overlook it or apologize for him. No matter how good his motive may be, how innocent his purpose or how studied his writings, he is picked to pieces, misrepresented, maligned, ridiculed, sometimes lied and seldom defended. He works from twelve to fifteen hours a day for a bare living, while other men get rich around him. He works up a marriage notice many yards long to the bride's taste for nothing, and is threatened with a libel suit or duel if he records a drunken spree of the groom six months afterward. Yes, it is impossible, we repeat, for a newspaper man to please everybody. As well attempt to chain the wind or stop the fury of the lightning."—*Palatka (Fla.) Herald.*

Hotels in Berlin.

From the experiences of George Boldt the Philadelphia Restaurateur as published in the *Weekly Times*. The first thing that strikes a stranger at the hotels in Berlin is the absence of any conveniences whatever. The little boy of Mr. George H. Bates, our Samoan Commissioner to Germany, was taken ill at the Kaiserhof Hotel one day and Mrs. Bates sent for a doctor.

"Madame," said the doctor, after profound deliberation, "I think, on the whole, that you had better, perhaps, give your little boy a bath!"

"But, doctor," said the astonished mother, "my little boy gets a bath every day of his life!"

"Then, madame," said the doctor, with preternatural gravity, "stop the baths at once!"

"That gives you an idea of how baths are regarded in the dominions of the Kaiser. They may be used with discretion, if obtainable, for medicinal purposes. In the enormous hotel at which I stayed in Berlin there was one bath room on a floor. When Mrs. Boldt and I both wanted a bath, I had to go up one floor higher and parade the long corridors in search of this watery treasure which was so carefully guarded. Then, too, in Germany, and even in the very best German hotels, the closets are bad. There is no correct idea or appreciation of drainage. Nauseous odors fill the air in all directions, and the Germans seem either to like or at least to ignore them."

Shipping by Mail!

If you can't come to Baltimore conveniently, send us an order for Samples and Prices of our unequalled line of Men's and Boys' Clothing and Cloths, and it will have our immediate attention. You can easily make a selection. The Bell Clothing Co., Kash Clothiers, Pratt Street, adj'g Hanover Street.

Decline of Natural Gas at Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburg correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer writes:

"The fact that the natural gas supply in this and adjoining districts has passed the zenith and is now upon the wane can no longer be satisfactorily denied. The people, from the wealthy manufacturer to the humblest employe, have been hoping against hope the plausible explanations given by the various companies for the shortage would prove true. The reason which has usually been given to the inquiring public was that new mains were being laid to the wells, or that the size of those already down was being increased. These changes have all been made, and still the desired fuel does not pour through in the necessary quantities. This state of affairs was first noticed the latter part of last winter, but the warm weather relieved the pressure for domestic purposes, and nothing was heard of a shortage during the summer months. But with the first appearance of a change of temperature this fall, the trouble recommenced in an aggravated form.

"The last move of the natural gas companies has been to ask the big mills to run only at night, when the demand upon the fuel for other purposes would be light. This request was vehemently opposed by the employes affected, and no satisfactory settlement has yet been made. Many of the establishments have decided to return to the use of coal, and some have already done so. But even under these circumstances, the supply at night is not sufficient, as several newspaper offices in the city could bear testimony if they so desired.

"All of the electric light plants in the city were forced to suspend operations for a time, the other night, because of a lack of power, and the inconvenience and annoyance, not to speak of positive financial loss, has been great in many instances. The apparent result of the whole trouble will be that natural gas will be transformed from an ordinary fuel into a luxury. There will probably be enough for residence use for years to come, and those who can afford it will have it, because of its superiority to coal, notwithstanding the difference in price.

"This condition prevails not alone in Pittsburgh, but in the surrounding districts. In the Beaver Valley the Citizens' Gas Company announced an advance of about 11 per cent over last year, and a Bridgewater company has not only raised its rates, but has issued and ordered to all manufacturing consumers that all contracts have been withdrawn and that hereafter no gas can be furnished them. This will have the result of compelling manufacturers to return to the use of coal. The Bridgewater gas company also announces that none but dwellings will be accommodated in the future.

"The Beaver Falls Gas Company has returned to the use of coal, and several other factories are making preparations to follow suit. Advances from the gas belt of Ohio and Indiana show that the same state of affairs, while possibly not so far advanced, is already noticeable. There is a general hope throughout the region affected that in the case of the practical failure of the natural gas supply, which is now conceded can not be averted, a manufactured fuel gas will be found to take its place. Unless some such plan is successful, it is difficult to see how companies owning the miles of main and other facilities can avoid financial losses."—*Scientific American.*

A Good Recommendation.

Coasting Captain (desirous of getting his vessel piloted down the river to a friend).—"Say, Boggs, that Sam Tufts wants to pilot me down. Hez he had much 'xpience?" "S'pose he knows whar all the rocks be?" Friend (gruffly).—"Jump! Wasn't he all times. He's been on 'em 'em all times enough."—*Harper's Weekly.*

FOR DYSPENTIA.

Use Brown's Iron Bitters. Physicians recommend it. All dealers keep it. \$1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed rollers on its wrapper.

FRIDAY, DEC. 6, 1889.

THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

The first session of the Fifty-first Congress opened at noon on Tuesday. There was a full attendance in both houses, and the proceedings were witnessed by large crowds. In the Senate the principal event was the swearing in of the Senators from the new States. In the House Mr. Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, was elected Speaker. On Tuesday the reading of the President's Message occupied the entire session. The Message is a clear business-like document, and has been received in a gratifying manner by both political parties. Even Senator Gorman admits that although thoroughly Republican in its sentiments it was not as radical as the utterances of some of his party friends on the national elections question and that it is altogether a conservative document.

The following synopsis has been condensed from that which appeared in the Baltimore Sun of Wednesday:

The President's message to Congress is admirable in form and comprehensive in scope, referring in dignified and well-chosen phrases to all the topics of domestic and foreign concern that now occupy the public mind. In substance it is, for the most part, a paraphrase of the Chicago platform. Protective tariff views are presented in uncompromising language, and a strengthening of the strong arm of the federal government, with the object of controlling Southern elections, is urged. The message opens with the usual review of our foreign relations, which are described as in all cases amicable and cordial. The presence at Washington, at our invitation, of representatives of thirty-three nations in attendance upon the meetings of the Maritime and Pan-American Conferences is appropriately recognized. Canada's conduct toward our fishermen during the past year is referred to in complimentary terms, and it is recommended that a treaty with Great Britain, enlarging the list of extraditable offenses, be ratified. Claims of our citizens in Peru and at Lisbon are mentioned as having the strong sympathy of the administration. The important announcement is made that our recognition of the Brazilian republic is to be deferred until the majority of the people of Brazil shall have signified their assent to its establishment. Returning within the sphere of domestic concerns, the President finds a general condition of prosperity prevailing in the United States. The actual and prospective excess of receipts requires, says the President, "the attention of Congress, with a view to reducing the receipts of the treasury to the needs of the government." A reduction of taxation is not urged, as it is practicable to "reduce receipts" by increasing tariff taxes to the point of prohibiting imports that compete with our favored industries. The President does not adopt Mr. Cleveland's phrase, "Unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation," but puts it more mildly. "The collection of moneys not needed imposes," he says, "an unnecessary burden." To "reduce receipts," the President recommends "a revision of the tariff law, both in its administrative features and in its schedules." It does not appear that he favors a reduction of tariff taxes. "The inequalities of the law," he says, "should be adjusted, but the protective principle should be maintained." The specific changes recommended are an extension of the free list by putting in it classes of articles not made in this country, and the removal of the internal tax on tobacco and on whiskey used in the arts. With respect to silver the President is rather non-committal. He affirms that no harm has come of the large coinage of silver dollars since 1878, but thinks "we should not tread the dangerous edge" of the peril that may come of "any considerable increase of the present rate of coinage." He is more explicitly favorable to a large appropriation for forts, ships and guns and for the improvement of our rivers and harbors. A few large works at a time, he thinks, the wiser plan. The question of drastic legislation for the Squash is approached through a recommendation, suggested by the Terry-Field case, that federal officials be withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the State courts and be tried only in the United States courts. "Events," he continues, "happening in other parts of the country" suggest that laws should be passed to protect witnesses from intimidation or from injury on account of their testimony in the United States courts. Congress is "earnestly invoked" to use its powers "wisely but firmly" to protect the colored man "in all his relations to the federal government, whether as litigant, juror, witness, elector for members of Congress or as a traveler on our interstate railways." It is recommended that such appropriations be made "for ocean mail service in American steamships between our ports and those of Central America, China and Japan" as will be liber-

ally remunerative" and "will encourage" American ship-owners. To aid further this artificial stimulus to our steamships, as against sailing ships, it is proposed that we shall also give a subsidy to all steamers constructed in such a manner that, in case of war, they can be converted into cruisers. Other measures recommended to the favor of Congress are the Blair education bill, the civil-service commission's appeal for more clerks, an appropriation to promote the world's fair of 1892, a separation of the weather service from the War Department and its incorporation with the Agricultural Department, a bill to pension every ex-soldier who is dependent on his own exertions for support and is for any reason unable to earn it, a territorial government for Oklahoma and an investigation into the jurisdiction of the federal government in relation to trusts. It is also recommended that intermediate courts having final appellate jurisdiction of certain classes of cases be created for the relief of the Supreme Court, which is now overwhelmed with business. The message is, upon the whole, a clear and concise discussion of the matters treated.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

The Republican party in national convention, has declared in favor of bimetalism. The differences regarding the plan to execute the bimetallic policy is a question of detail which the fifty-first Congress will determine. Some of the friends of silver favor free coinage. Others favor making four million the minimum of coinage of silver dollars. Many conservative financiers and business men believe that no further coinage of the silver dollar than is provided for by the present law is necessary but advocate the purchase by the government, of silver bullion as a basis of expansion of the currency, commensurate with the growing business of the country, by issuing silver certificates dollar for dollar, at the market rate paid for the bullion. The last proposition may become the foundation of compromise, as all disputes in regard to finance are at last settled by compromise, as illustrated in the history of legislation concerning our circulating medium since the Republican party came into power.

Thanksgiving day passed off here about as usual. We had passable weather. Every vagabond about the city who could muster a gun and ammunition, took his yearly gunning expedition. The quiet people remained at home and cherished the turkey. The Christians and philanthropists fed between twenty-five hundred and three thousand hungry poor in our central and largest market house. Those who thanked the Lord for whiskey, got all they could pay for and seemed happy although not boisterously so.

The candidates for the speakership gave thanks for every new vote they got. These people are the busiest about the national capitol. Each candidate has a headquarters, and the voting herd circulate around from one to the other to crack jokes and keep posted on the hopes and prospects of the coming man.

The first annual report of the Postmaster General will be read with interest, not merely for the amount of information it contains relative to the postal service, but for its valuable suggestions touching the improvement of the service.

Mr. Wanamaker is the centennial postmaster of the country. The first report of the Department was submitted to the first President December 9, 1789. In the meantime has grown up a service vast in its area, enormous in its responsibilities, and demanding executive abilities of the highest order to successfully conduct its operations.

The value of the Life-Saving Service is shown anew by the superintendent's report for the past year. The number of rescued persons was 7,903 and the value of property saved is estimated at \$60,000,000. The cost of the whole service is less than one-sixth of that sum, and the superintendent is amply justified in asking for an increase of pay for the hardy surfmen. The service they perform is in every way so hazardous and occasionally so often occur calling for heroic efforts on their part that Congress cannot afford to stint the appropriation upon which these men depend for remuneration and support. ALIC.

The secretary of the Phoenix Insurance Company says New York is awaiting a great fire and has an inferior water supply.

Do you suffer with catarrh? You can be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists.

Politics is getting into the world's fair scheme.

MARTIN PARQUAR TUPPER, the English poet, died last week at 79 years.

The entire plant of the Hartford Carpet Co., at Thompsonville, Conn., was destroyed by fire last Friday.

Four little girls, children of Hugh Dunn, a wealthy mine owner, discovered a keg of powder in an abandoned coal mine at Elliottsville, W. Va., on Thanksgiving day, and by some means exploded it and were blown to atoms. Their mother lost her reason when told of the fate of her children.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County, S. S.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. '89.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

MARYLAND ITEMS.

Diphtheria is prevailing in the vicinity of Union Mills, Carroll County.

Joseph Hall, ex-judge of the Orphans' Court of Calvert county, is dead, aged 75.

An effort is being made to organize a fire company at Laurel, Prince George's county.

The last and only mortgage against the Agricultural and Mechanical Association of Washington county, for the sum of \$1,000, has been cancelled.

In the Navassa murder trial at Baltimore, the jury found Geo. Singleton Key guilty of murder, Moses Williams not guilty and disagreed as to the others.

The skeleton of an Indian was discovered on the Weaver farm Washington county recently, which in life, must have had the frame of a giant ten feet high.

The engineers have finished the preliminary survey of the extension of the Western Maryland Railroad, from Williamsport to Cherry Run. The location of the route will be complete at an early date.

Miss Mary Hosfeldt, who was so badly burned in Manchester, Carroll county, about two weeks ago, by the explosion of a can of coal oil with which she was kindling a fire, died on Saturday.

Gov. Jackson, has decided to withdraw temporarily his proclamation with regard to the Hog Island flats, having been advised to do so by the Attorney General. Gov. Lee has invited Gov. Jackson to come down and eat an oyster stew with him.

Cardinal Gibbons will go to Mexico to attend the golden jubilee of Archbishop Sabastide. The courtesies of the Mexican National road and the private car of President Mayer of the E. & O. have been tendered him but he prefers going by the Montezuma route.

One of the oldest churches in Carroll county, that known as Rider's, about one mile from Westminster and which has for many years been used jointly by the Lutheran and Reformed congregations, will soon be torn down and the materials divided between the two congregations, both of which will erect new buildings near the site of the present structure.

A meeting of the directors of the Western Maryland Railroad was held Wednesday at Hillen Station, Baltimore, and President Hood presented his annual report. The report shows that the gross earnings for the year were \$773,467.91, while the operating expenses reduced this amount to \$255,726.04. This shows a total increase over the earnings of 1888 of \$2,257.81. The expense of operating was greater than last year, however, so that the net earnings show a decrease of \$44,928.41.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed on the 9th day of October 1889, in a cause in said Court, wherein James F. Hickey et al. are plaintiffs and Catherine I. Hickey et al. are defendants, No. 5539 Equity, the subscribers, trustees, therein named, will offer at public sale on the premises 24 miles west of Emmitsburg on the Frederick and Emmitsburg Turnpike road, and 4 miles south of Mt. Saint Mary's College,

On Saturday, December 7th, 1889, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following real estate: A small farm consisting of

47 ACRES OF GOOD LAND known as the Hickey property, improved by a large substantial

3-Story Brick Dwelling house well finished and handsomely located also by a large warm stable, a good carriage house, a corn house, a smoke house, a blacksmith shop and other convenient outbuildings, a never failing well of water, and a spring flowing with pure water, and the spring house are near the dwelling. There are a number of fruit trees of choice fruit in full bearing, also a 4 mile track somewhat out of repair, but which can be restored with but little trouble and expense. The whole is situated on the same time and place the undersigned, trustees, will offer at public sale

12 ACRES OF MOUNTAIN LAND, known as the Hickey lot. This lot adjoins the lands of Mt. St. Mary's College, Wm. Dorsey and others, and is only one mile north of the Frederick and Emmitsburg Turnpike road. This lot is well timbered with young chestnut, oak and other valuable timber which can be turned at once into rails and saleable lumber.

Terms of sale as prescribed by the decree:—One third cash on day of sale and the balance in two equal semi-annual payments, bearing interest from date of sale. A deposit of \$100 will be required on the day of sale. The balance, accruing at the expense of the purchaser, will be paid by the purchaser.

VINCENT SEBOLD, JACOB ROHRBACK, Trustees.

Work for the Winter!

We want a number of energetic, reliable men to act as agents for the sale of a full line of first class Nursery Stock which is guaranteed True to name. We hire ON SALARY, or if preferred we will pay a commission. The stock is steady and our terms liberal. For particulars address: W. D. CHASE & Co., Genl., N. Y.

nov. 22-31.

THERE are more than 40,000 Chinese in San Francisco. They form nearly one-seventh of the city's population, and it is computed that they send \$12,000,000 a year from their earnings to China.

Order Nisi on Audit.

N. O. 5555 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1889.

In the Matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 30th day of November, 1889.

Eugene L. Rowe, Trustee of Dietrich Zeck vs. James F. Hickey and George T. Gelwicks.

Ordered, That on the 21st day of December, 1889, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

Dated this 30th day of November, 1889.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, True Copy—Test.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk.

Order Nisi on Audit.

N. O. 5608 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1889.

In the Matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 21st day of November, 1889.

Lewis P. Shriver and Joseph Byers, Assignees of Calvin P. Krise, Mortgagee of Charles C. Shriver, also Lewis P. Shriver and Joseph Byers, Mortgagees of Charles C. Shriver on Petition.

Ordered, That on the 13th day of December, 1889, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

Dated this 31st day of November, 1889.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, True Copy—Test.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk.

Order Nisi on Audit.

N. O. 5644 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1889.

In the matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 20th day of November, 1889.

Annie M. Adams and Edward J. Adams vs. Frank L. Adams, et al.

Ordered, That on the 12th day of December, 1889, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1889.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, True Copy—Test.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk.

Order Nisi on Audit.

N. O. 412 INSOLVENTS.

In the matter of the application of William H. Weaver for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of William H. Weaver an applicant for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland, that the first day of December, 1889, has been fixed by an order of the Circuit Court for Frederick County for the appearance of the said William H. Weaver in said Court, to answer such interrogatories or allegations as his creditors, endorsers or sureties may propose or allege against him. Upon failure of such creditors or endorsers or sureties to make any allegations or to propose any interrogatories the Court will proceed to discharge said applicant from all debts and contracts made before the filing of his petition.

Given under my hand this eighth day of November, A. D. 1889.

EUGENE L. ROWE, Permanent Trustee.

nov. 8-31.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Joseph M. F. Norris to John Withrow dated October 4th, 1887, and recorded in Liber W. I. P. No. 5 folios 654 & c., one of the Land Records of Frederick County, the undersigned, Executors of said John Withrow, will sell at public sale at the Western Maryland Hotel, in the village of Emmitsburg, Frederick County, Maryland,

On Saturday, December 14th, 1889, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, the Real Estate mentioned in said mortgage, consisting of 52 acres of land and 33 square perches, more or less, of cleared land and 10 acres, 2 rods and 29 square perches, more or less, of timber land, containing in all

63 Acres & 22 Square Perches of land, more or less, situated in the fifth election district of Frederick County, Maryland, about 14 miles south of Mott's Station, on the Emmitsburg Railroad, adjoining lands of Cornelius Dubel, William J. Overman and others, and described in a Deed from Anon T. Norris wife to the said Joseph M. F. Norris, dated March 10th, 1880, and duly recorded in Liber A. F. No. 2 folio 35 one of the Land Records of Frederick County aforesaid. The improvements consist of

A GOOD HOUSE and small stable and there is an orchard of bearing fruit trees on the property.

Terms of Sale as prescribed by the mortgage—Cash. All the expenses of conveying to be borne by the purchaser or purchasers.

SILAS M. HORNER, THEODORE MCALLISTER, J. HARVEY COBBAN, Executors of John Withrow.

nov. 22-31.

Notice to Creditors.

THIS is to give notice that the Subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

JULIA J. McDEVITT,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of May, 1890.

Any claim not presented by that date will be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 8th day of November, 1889.

JAMES V. McDEVITT, Executor.

nov. 8-31.

Order Nisi on Audit.

N. O. 5555 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1889.

In the Matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 30th day of November, 1889.

Eugene L. Rowe, Trustee of Dietrich Zeck vs. James F. Hickey and George T. Gelwicks.

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Dated this 30th day of November, 1889.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, True Copy—Test.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk.

Order Nisi on Audit.

N. O. 5608 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1889.

In the Matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 21st day of November, 1889.

Lewis P. Shriver and Joseph Byers, Assignees of Calvin P. Krise, Mortgagee of Charles C. Shriver, also Lewis P. Shriver and Joseph Byers, Mortgagees of Charles C. Shriver on Petition.

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Dated this 31st day of November, 1889.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County, True Copy—Test.

W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk.

Order Nisi on Audit.

N. O. 5644 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1889.

In the matter of the Auditor's Report filed the 20th day of November, 1889.

Annie M. Adams and Edward J. Adams vs. Frank L. Adams, et al.

Ordered, That on the 12th day of December, 1889, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of the Auditor, filed as aforesaid, in the above cause, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for two successive weeks prior to said day.

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W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk.

Order Nisi on Audit.

N. O. 412 INSOLVENTS.

In the matter of the application of William H. Weaver for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland.

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Given under my hand this eighth day of November, A. D. 1889.

EUGENE L. ROWE, Permanent Trustee.

nov. 8-31.

PUBLIC SALE.

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A GOOD HOUSE and small stable and there is an orchard of bearing fruit trees on the property.

Terms of Sale as prescribed by the mortgage—Cash. All the expenses of conveying to be borne by the purchaser or purchasers.

SILAS M. HORNER, THEODORE MCALLISTER, J. HARVEY COBBAN, Executors of John Withrow.

nov. 22-31.

G. W. WEAVER & SON, GETTYSBURG, PA.

NEW GOODS

IN

Greatest

VARIETY.

Dress Goods

TRIMMINGS

LADIES COATS

CARPETS

The Leaders in General Dry Goods.

1890

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

Is the Best and Cheapest Family Paper in the United States.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

During the year 1890 it will even exceed itself in the variety of its contents and its efforts to please its subscribers. New features will be added to its regular departments, including first class

ILLUSTRATIONS.

ITS WELL KNOWN SPECIALTIES ARE:

PRACTICAL FARMING AND GARDENING, PROGRESS IN SCIENCE, WOMAN'S WORK, LITERATURE AND ART, CHOICE FLASHES OF WIT AND HUMOR, EXCLUSIVE NEWS FOR VETERANS, INFORMATION ON ALL SUBJECTS.

Address, JAMES GORDON BENNETT, NEW YORK HERALD, New York City.

Emmitsburg Chronicle

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the
Emmitsburg Post Office, Feb. 10, 1888.

FRIDAY, DEC. 6, 1889.

Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Oct. 13, 1889, trains on
this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.

Leave Emmitsburg at 8:20 a. m. and 2:52
and 5:50 p. m., arriving at Rocky
Ridge at 8:50 a. m. and 3:22 and 6:20
p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.

Leave Rocky Ridge at 10:40 a. m. and
3:33 and 6:35 p. m., arriving at Em-
mitsburg at 11:10 a. m. and 4:02 and
7:05 p. m.

J. A. ELDER, Pres't.

We are always pleased to receive
communications from our friends, con-
taining an account of the news of their
localities. Incidents of interest to the
public, given in a few words setting
forth the facts, are always acceptable.
We will give them the shape proper for
publication, when the name of the
writer accompanies them, this we must
have. Articles for insertion must be in
this office not later than Thursday
morning of each week.

SALES.

Dec. 7.—Vincent Sebald and Jacob
Rohrbach, trustees, will sell the Hickey
property, situated near Mt. St. Mary's
College. See adv.

Dec. 10.—I. M. Fisher will sell 25 head
of horses and colts at Motter's Station.
See bills.

Dec. 14.—Mrs. Henrietta Elder will
sell a lot of valuable personal property
at her residence in Hampton Valley,
about a mile and a-half from this place.
See bills.

Dec. 14.—Silas M. Horner, Theodore
McAllister and J. Harvey Coburn, ex-
ecutors of John Withrow, deceased,
mortgage, will sell the farm of Joseph
M. F. Norris, situated near Motter's
Station and containing 63 acres and 22
square perches, more or less. See adv.
and bills.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Established 1837.
Wetly's all-rye whiskey. It has no
rival for superiority, is absolutely pure,
and has a reputation of the highest
standard for excellence and purity, that
will always be sustained. Recommended
by physicians. For sale only by
F. A. DIFFENDAL.

SEND in your holiday locals.
Jos. W. OCKER, of Littlestown, last
week killed a porker that weighed 58½
pounds.

Mr. Wm. H. Biggs of Rocky Ridge is
erecting another creamery at Double
Creek.

The Theological Seminary at Gettys-
burg has 54 students—the largest num-
ber in its history.

Those who want steady work can get
a good paying job by reading the "ad."
headed "work for the winter." nov223
We are sorry to learn of the death of
Mr. Havis Shoemaker, of Harney, who
was one of this village's most promi-
nent men.

Mr. J. W. TROXELL was drawn as a
jurymen from this district for the De-
cember term of Court, vice Absalom
Smith, excused.

The County Commissioners have de-
cided upon January 6th as the day to
settle with road supervisors and appoint
County Constables.

At a recent meeting of the School
Board an advanced department was es-
tablished by them in the public school
in Mechanicstown district, of which Mr.
John Landers is the principal. Exam-
iner Worthington has been authorized
to furnish text books and a course of
study in the school.

READ the prospectus of the New York
Herald which appears in this issue.
The Herald is always in the lead, giving
all the news of the day in a compact and
readable form and devotes less space to
"blowing its own horn," than most
metropolitan journals do. An idea of
the resources of this great paper can be
had when one considers that it daily is-
sues an edition in both Paris and Lon-
don besides its regular New York issue.

This December issue of the Eclectic
closes the fiftieth volume of the new
series. We understand that the Janu-
ary number will come to the public with
a new and attractive cover, and that
special efforts will be made to raise the
magazine to a still higher standard of
excellence. Sir Samuel Baker opens the
current number with a striking article
on "African Development in the Sou-
dan." Arminius Vambery, writes about
"The Shah's Impressions of Europe." Horace
Victor is the author of a highly inter-
esting paper on "Eastern Women." The
picturesque features of early Califor-
nia life are treated by Horace Hutchin-
son. One of the most piquant papers in
the number is "Roman Catholicism in
America," Norman Lockyer, the distin-
guished astronomer and spectroscopist,
is represented by a paper, entitled
"The History of a Star." Among
lighter articles may be mentioned "A
Modern Correspondence," "The Bronze
Age," which is a study of primitive
civilization; "A Court Day in Fiji," a
study of Wilkie Collins, and "Indian
Insects," by C. T. Buckland, the noted
naturalist. Alfred J. H. Crespi, under
the title of "Some Recent Scientific
Advances," gives a very interesting
account of recent progress in
learned investigation. Mrs. Oliphant,
contributes the first part of a short no-
vellette, entitled "Mademoiselle," which
will be finished in the next number.
The shorter papers are bright and sug-
gestive.

MOTHERS, you can relieve your baby
of its discomforts without administer-
ing opium, that deadly drug, by using
only Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

The confidence of "woman-kind" is
thoroughly grounded on the efficacy of
Laxador, which has proved a remedy
of undoubted usefulness in their pecu-
liar ailments. Price only 25 cents.

LANCASTER, Pa., people are laughing
because a man named Wolf caught a fox
near that town.—Ed.

That's nothing. At a fox chase in
this place a few years ago the "brush"
was secured by a Mr. Fox of Wolfville.
—Ed.

FOR RENT.—The house and lot of the
late Peter Kimmel on Gettysburg street.
Possession Given April 1st, 1890. Good
chance for a weaver, as a full set of
weaver's tools and machinery are in the
house, and there is no weaver in this
section. For information apply to Mrs.
Mary Kimmel, Emmitsburg, Md. d631

The annual statement of the Treasur-
er of the Board of School Commissioners
will be found in another column. A
perusal will show that great care has
been used in the management of the af-
fairs of the Board, and a cash balance of
\$2,817.98 is reported. Mr. Worthington
proves throughout that he is the right
man in the right place and our schools
have been greatly improved under his
control as Examiner.

Fine Hogs.

Mr. Wm. E. Ashbaugh killed two
hogs on Monday, the combined weight
of which was 710 lbs.

Mr. John H. Mentzer killed four
hogs on Tuesday, which weighed 363½,
350½, 340½, and 311½ respectively, total
1372 lbs. Each of these was weighed in
three places, or at three separate draughts
by which we are informed they
lose in weight.

On Tuesday Mr. John M. Bell killed
three March pigs, the respective weights
of which were 330, 290 and 279 lbs.

Killing Sows.

In the ears, sometimes a roaring
buzzing sound are caused by ear-
rings, that exceedingly disagreeable and very
common disease. Loss of smell or
hearing also result from ear-
rings. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood
purifier, is a peculiarly successful reme-
dy for this disease, which it cures by
purifying the blood. If you suffer from
catarrh, try Hood's Sarsaparilla, the pecu-
liar medicine.

List of Letters.

The following letters remain in the
Post Office, Emmitsburg, Md., Dec. 2,
1889. Persons calling will please say
advised, otherwise they may not re-
ceive them:

Mrs. Eliza Cooper, Mrs. Sarah A.
Fair, W. C. Gardner, Mrs. Mary Gough,
Joseph E. Ingoldby, George H. Knoff,
Miss Mary Keepers, Mrs. Sarah E.
Lyons, Joseph K. Myers, Eli Prime,
Pastor Baptist Church, C. L. Quinn,
Daniel R. Kelley, Harry Staubs, Miss
Grace Troxell, (3).

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

Physicians heartily endorse the use
of Speed's celebrated Port Grape Wine
for the use of debilitated females. It is
not an intoxicant, and is absolutely
pure, being made from grapes grown
at Mr. Speed's Mount Prospect Vine-
yards, Passaic, N. J., from vines imported
from the port wine districts of Portu-
gal. Druggists sell it.

The Westminster Advocate of last
week makes the following suggestions
for the abatement of the tramp nuisance,
to which we say amen.

Westminster has been literally over-
run with tramps the past week. Some
of them have become inebriated and
been sent to jail, while others have put
up at the Alms House. Tramps cost this
county a good round sum in the course
of a year, and some means ought to be
devised to rid the county of them.
Nothing short of a workhouse or a whipping
post will suffice, and the Carroll
members of the Legislature should take
the matter in hand. If tramps were
required to work on the streets of West-
minster or county roads, they
would give the county a wide berth.
Or if the unruly were put through a
whipping post they would remember
the county a life time, and would
visit it but once.

How About That Corn Husking.

Last week we made allusion to a chal-
lenge for a bet of one hundred dollars
from Mr. Scott Smith of Bridgeport,
that he could husk 102 bushels of corn
in five hours. The remarks made there-
on were supposed to be funny, but
didn't seem to take in that way. How-
ever we still think the laugh belongs on
our side, as no answer has as yet been
received to the following private letter
which was in due form and good faith
addressed to Mr. Smith, and mailed on
Monday morning.

Office of THE CHRONICLE.

EMMITTSBURG, MD., Dec. 2, 1889.

MR. SCOTT SMITH, Bridgeport, Md.
DEAR SIR:—Enclosed you will find a
clipping from the CHRONICLE of Nov. 29.
If you mean business in your challenge
for a bet of one hundred dollars with
this paper that you can husk the amount
of corn named in the time given, your
money will be covered and arrange-
ments therefor can be made at once.
Can furnish a field with fifty five hun-
dred bushels of good corn within a quar-
ter of a mile of Emmitsburg. An early
reply with full statement of what you
propose to do and how you will do it is
requested. Yours truly,
PAUL MOTTER,
Manager.

The Advantage of Our Order Department
is so great that hundreds of customers
are added daily to the numerous throng
already with us. For \$18, 30 and 25,
per suit, we are making in the most
elegant manner, the very latest patterns
and most fashionable materials. Per-
fect fit and satisfaction as well as a
saving of 25 per cent guaranteed to the
patrons of the order Department. Hell
Clothing Company, Fifth Street, adjoining
Hanover St.

CHORAL UNION CONCERT.

A Grand Musical Entertainment Rendered
before an Appreciative Audience.

The Choral Union Entertainment last
evening has been pronounced a grand
success by the severest critics, and al-
though, owing to the threatening appear-
ance of the weather, the audience was
not as large as it otherwise might have
been, it was composed of persons who
were highly appreciative. This was
demonstrated by the thunders of ap-
plause which filled the house after fa-
vorite pieces were rendered. We re-
gret that space will not admit of a gen-
eral review of the programme, and
simply present the same as rendered.
All the parts were well sustained and
so hitches appeared to mar the effect.

PROGRAMME.

Piano Duet, "Overture William Tell,"
Rossini. Miss Mary Dean, Mrs. U. H.
Heilman; Chorus, "Mighty Jehovah,"
from Bellini; Vocal Duet, "The Storm,"
Concone, Mrs. J. Kay Wrigley, Mr. Jos.
E. Hoke; Tableau, "Temptation,"
Chorus, "Drops of Rain," J. Lemmens;
Chorus and Quartette, "Gallant and
Gaily," W. Horsley; Quintette, "Song
of the Ducks," (Burlesque) S. S. Tur-
ley, Misses S. Minnie Hoke, Maria Hel-
man, Anna Annan, Messrs. Frank Law-
rence, E. M. Kerschner; Tableau,
"Courtship by Proxy," Violin Solo,
"Overture Rosamunde," Franz Schu-
bert, Prof. G. Kochenbach; Chorus,
"Honor and Glory," Canon from Sir
Michael Costa; Piano Solo, Sonata, Al-
legro, D. Maj. Haydn, Miss Mary Dean;
Pantomimic Charade; Male Quartette,
"Is Your Anchor Down," M. L. Bart-
lett, Dr. James W. Eichelberger, Jr.,
Maj. O. A. Horner, Messrs. Charles R.
Hoke, Paul Motter; Chorus, "Pilgrim
Chorus from 'I Lombardi,'" Verdi;
Quartette with Humming Chorus, "Soft
Floating on the Air," Geo. F. Root,
Misses Carrie M. Motter, Ruth Hoke,
Messrs. Joseph E. Hoke, E. M. Kersch-
ner; Tableau, "Old Time Home Con-
cert," Chorus, "With Sheathed
Swords," Triumphant March from Da-
mascus; Violin and Piano Duet, "Home
Sweet Home," Prof. Kochenbach, Mrs.
Heilman.

We cannot refrain from making spe-
cial mention of the instrumental perfor-
mances, which were rendered by per-
sons not members of the Union, and ad-
ded so much to the entertainment. The
opening piece by Miss Dean, of Balti-
more, and Mrs. Heilman was very fine
and highly appreciated. The violin
solo by Prof. Kochenbach of Mt. St.
Mary's College, was fully up to his
standard in that line, and the apprecia-
tion was shown by the encore. The
Professor again appeared and rendered
a second. Miss Dean's piano solo was
treated in the same manner, and she
too had to make a second appearance.
Her performances were of a high order
and showed in every movement the
skill and grace of a thorough pianist.
Mrs. Heilman's performances were, as
usual, of the highest order and elicited
much applause. Mrs. Heilman also ac-
companied the singers in several pieces,
as did Prof. Kochenbach on the last
chorus. Mrs. L. Annan played the
organ accompaniments with grace and
skill. The vocal music was all render-
ed under the able direction of Dr. J.
Kay Wrigley, Conductor of the Choral,
to whose skill and labors is due the suc-
cess, not only of this entertainment,
but of the organization.

An exchange says: There are more
puns made on Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup,
free of charge, than are paid for by the
owners. A good thing deserves the no-
tice of the press.

In the treatment of rheumatism, gout,
neuralgia sciatica, &c., Salvation Oil
should be thoroughly rubbed in. It
kills pain. Price 25 cents.

Motter's Station Items.

Mr. I. M. Fisher was in Frederick
this week.

Mr. J. G. Rosensteel made a trip to
Baltimore.

Mr. John B. Shorb went to Washing-
ton this week, where he has secured
employment.

Mr. John Timley and daughter of St.
Paul, Minn., are the guests of Mr.
Chas. A. Manning.

A lot of chickens were stolen from
Mr. Jno. B. Shorb's chicken house on
Saturday night.

PERSONALS.

Miss Mary Dean of Baltimore is the
guest of Miss Edith Motter.

Miss McKnight of Gettysburg is the
guest of her sister Mrs. Luther DeYoe.

Miss Mattie Simonton has returned
home from a visit to Kittingan, Pa.

Mr. Jno. H. Rosensteel has suffered
a good bit from his broken collar bone
this week. Mr. E. H. Rowe is filling
his position as ticket and freight agent.

Misses Anna Motter and Anna Galt
of Taneytown were in town on Thursday
evening.

Spent Mary Elder and Annie Hoke
spent Sunday in Mechanicstown.

Mr. J. R. Payne and wife were in
Baltimore this week.

Mrs. Jos. Byers has returned home
from Westminster.

Mr. C. O. Rowe was in Waynesboro
on Thursday.

Miss Newcomer of Graceland was in
town this week.

Mrs. Mary Angle of Bruceville was
the guest of Henry Stokes, Esq., this
week.

THE BRUCEVILLE ROAD.

Mr. N. C. Stansbury Explains His Side of
the Question.

EMMITTSBURG, Dec. 3, 1889.
Mr. Motter, Editor Chronicle, Sir:—
In your paper of Nov. 22, 1889, there is
a query, "What is the matter with fix-
ing up the road leading from the toll
gate to Maxell's Mill." In your issue
of Nov. 29, 1889 is a communication
from Mr. Joshua S. Motter, supervisor
of that road, in which he says the
question seems addressed directly to
him as supervisor, and that in justice to
himself he would endeavor to state
a few facts concerning that part of the
road. Now why does not Mr. Motter
answer the question and state facts con-
cerning the road? and not that part of
the road. The question makes no refer-
ence to any part, but the whole road.
Every one who travels this road knows
that it is in bad condition from end to
end, as is also the branch road leading
from the one in question to Emmits-
burg, excepting the part between Mr.
Motter's residence and town, which he
has made very good. On this branch
road, the hill at what is known as Myer's
Mill is in a worse condition than it has
been for many years before, and I can
see no good reason why it should be so.
Mr. Motter very adroitly seeks to con-
vey the idea that there is but one place
on all the road that is in bad condition,
and that place is below Mr. William
Koons's, and adds that this part of the
road had been taken from him. Now I
have been reliably informed that Mr.
Motter asked different parties to work
this part of the road, and could get no
one to do it. Commissioner Maxell
told me that Mr. Motter would not
work the road at this point and that he,
Mr. Maxell, had asked different persons
to do the work, but could get no one to
undertake it, and then it was that Mr.
Maxell asked his brother and brother-
in-law to do the work. Mr. Maxell and
I met Mr. Motter on a certain day, and
when Mr. Maxell urged Mr. Motter to fix
the road he declined, saying he
would not know how to begin it, and
that the work should be done by some
one who has had more experience in
road making than he, and further said
that I would do him a favor if I would
undertake the job. And this is taking
the road from him as he terms it. The
fact is that this part of the road has
been neglected for years. It is an ugly
place to work, and supervisors pass it
by, allowing the drains to gradually fill
up, which of course turns the water
upon the road bed, hence the damage
to the road. Mr. Motter said (in speak-
ing of the road) in the presence of sev-
eral gentlemen, that while he had
charge of the road he would make that
part from his place to town good, and
then some one further down could have
it and make it good from the place to
his, and then you (directing his atten-
tion to a certain gentleman) can have
it and make it good all the way through.
Now this appears to be human nature,
but is it right? Mr. A. H. Maxell in-
forms me that Mr. Motter told him,
that he, Mr. Motter, would not work
his team in that place. Now had I
been a sworn officer as he was, and di-
rected to keep open the side drains, as
he was in his commission, I would have
done my duty by opening that drain if
I had lost a horse by so doing. Mr.
Motter says he had an appropriation of
fifty dollars for doing this work. Com-
missioner Maxell informs me that
there was no such appropriation made
for that place, but that there was an
appropriation of fifty dollars made for
the whole road, and adds that Mr. Mo-
tter was directed by him to make this
particular place good regardless of cost,
and that he would see that he was paid.
Mr. Motter says the road was not in
condition to work, the water and mud
being over knee deep in the drains.
Now if it was this deep in the drains
what must have been the depth in the
road bed, which in many places was
much lower. Mr. A. H. Maxell and I
undertook to open the side drains and
worked at it for a few days, when we
were compelled to abandon it on account
of the almost incessant rains, owing to
which the road has never got beaten
solid. It is now in a most deplorable
condition, and will cost a good deal
of money to make it a good road, but
the drains are open and whatever work
may be put on the road will remain. I don't
like to find fault with Mr. Motter as a
supervisor, but his road making re-
minds me of the boy's hoeing corn: He
didn't hoe the little corn, it would
amount to nothing any way. He didn't
hoe the big corn, it could get along
without it. Mr. Motter don't work the
extremely bad places, they will be bad
anyway. He don't work the reasonably
good places, they will do without it.

N. C. STANSBURY.

Syrup of Figs,
Produced from the laxative and nutri-
tious juice of California figs, combined
with the medicinal virtues of plants
known to be most beneficial to the hu-
man system, acts gently, on the kid-
neys, liver and bowels, effectually
cleansing the system, dispelling colds
and headaches, and purging habitual
constipation.

SHERIFF GAVER has appointed Mr. W.
P. Nunemaker a special deputy for this
district. Mr. N. qualified before the
Clerk of the Court on Wednesday.

A Y. Inhabitant Medical Treatise.
The edition of 1890 of the sterling Medical
Almanac, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now
ready, and may be obtained, free of cost,
of druggists and general country dealers in all
parts of the United States, Mexico, and indeed
in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere.
This Almanac has been issued regularly
at the commencement of every year for over
one-fourth of a century. It contains, with the
soundest practical advice for the preservation
and restoration of health, a large amount of in-
teresting and amusing light reading, and the
best of the latest medical science. The issue
of Hostetter's Almanac for 1890 will probably
be the largest edition of medical work ever
published in any country. The proprietors,
Messrs. Hostetter & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., on
receipt of a two cent stamp will forward a
copy by mail to any person who cannot procure
one in his neighborhood.

Mr. John A. Cogg has purchased from
the heirs of Samuel Cool, deceased, the
farm in Liberty township, containing
101 acres and some perches for \$2,400.

The musical instruments manufactured
by Mr. H. W. Allger, whose adver-
tisement appears in another column,
are justly celebrated. They are cheap
only in price and good music adds so
much to the happiness and contentment
of our homes that we would like to see
many of our readers buying of Mr. Al-
leger.

Items From Fairplay.
FAIRPLAY, Pa., Dec. 5.—Mr. S. S.
Mortz killed a hog last Monday which
weighed 434 lbs.

Mr. J. W. Hooftagle of near Green-
mount killed four hogs which weighed
respectively 307, 308, 328 and 364 lbs.

Mr. William Ulrich of Emmitsburg
reports having shot two white rabbits
while gunning in this neighborhood re-
cently.

Mr. John J. Rhodes is the owner of a
snow white turkey.

Messrs. John D. Brown and David
Rhodes have purchased the farm of the
heirs of the late Joshua Brown, at \$20
per acre.

Mr. Harry McNair's big gray horse
called Dan, died on Wednesday morn-
ing from a disease altogether new in
these parts.

Several weeks ago Mr. Charles Shaner
announced that he would bag the ap-
pointment as doerkeeper of the next
Congress, but as Congress has already
convened and Charles is at home yet, it
is more than likely that he did not get it.

An Act was passed by the Legislature
at its last session and signed by Gov.
Beaver, to levy a tax of fifty cents and
one dollar per head on all male and fe-
male dogs, the receipts to go to the
school fund and to pay for sheep killed
by dogs. The result has been the kill-
ing of a number of dogs in order to re-
duce the burden of taxation. What a
pity to kill the poor innocent canines.

Real Estate Transfers.
The following transfers of real estate
have taken place in this county, as re-
corded in the Clerk's office for the week
ending December 3:

J. Clinton Roberts and others to An-
thony Zeitlinger 35 acres and 39 perches,
&c., \$6,500.—Daniel P. Smelser and D.
H. Maynard to Geo. Lampert 18½ acres
of land, \$2,000.—Jas. A. Elder to Agnes
M. Wacker land in Frederick county,
\$30.—J. S. Annan and others to Margaret
E. Black, 2 acres of land, \$250.—John F.
Kessler and Wm. G. Baker, executors
to Geo. W. Peters, 17 acres, 2 rods and
20 perches of land, \$37.37.—Geo. F. Mil-
ler and wife to Josie E. and Geo. Clem,
2 acres of land, \$25.—Ella Bowman and
others to Thomas D. Radcliffe house and
lot in Liberty, \$1 and premises.—Jerome
N. Lambright to Catharine Darnier &
interest in lot in Frederick city, \$200.—

Jas. R. Isangole and wife to Sarah C.
Martin, 9 acres, 2 rods and 5 perches,
\$800.—Jos. C. Rosensteel and wife to
Addie Kelly 2½ acres, 77½—Nathan
Milberry to Elizabeth Milberry 4 acres
of land, love and affection.—Chas. L.
Wilson and wife to Hannah M. Wilson,
3 parcels of land, \$3,000.—Mechanics-
town Burial Co. to Geo. D. Keyser and
Morris L. Rouzer lot in
Mechanicstown, \$1.—Geo. W. Hilton
and wife to Addie F. Spaurier, 1 acre of
land, \$100.

AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINE
Has no equal—is delivered free every-
where. Please send full Post Office ad-
dress, including County, and also your
shipping address, including railroad sta-
tion most convenient to you. One cent
postal expense will bring to you some-
thing new and important for every fam-
ily. For full particulars please send to
No. 457 West 20th Street, New York
City.

MARRIED.
ZENTZ—LOHR.—On November 19,
1889, at the residence of St. Paul's
Lutheran Church in Washington, D. C.,
by the Rev. Dr. S. Bomer, Daniel
W. Zentz to Miss Effie G. Lohr, both of
Mechanicstown, this county.

Bull's Baby Syrup
Facilitates Teething! Price only 25 cents.
Sold at druggists, regulates the bowels!

Day's Horse
POWDER
Prevents Lung Fever and
cures Distemper, Indigestion, &c.
In each package. For sale by all dealers. Try it!

25 ABOUT
SALVATION
OIL
KILLS PAIN

For the cure of
Coughs, Colds, Croup,
Hoarseness, Asthma,
Whooping
Cough,
Bronchitis, &c.
and for the relief of
Consumptive persons.
At druggists, 25 cts. **SYRUP**

SMOKE
LANE'S CUBES CIGARETTES For Oc-
tobers, Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

BUSINESS LOCALS.
For Welty and Rook Forge strictly
unadulterated Whiskies, Choice Rum,
Wines, &c., goto F. A. Diffendal's, Em-
mitsburg, nov. 24-1889.

A FULL stock of fine and coarse city
made Boots and Shoes; also Gum shoes
and boots. New home-made work and
mending of all kinds, done with neat-
ness and dispatch, by Jas. A. Rowe & Son.
Have your Watches, Clocks and Jew-
elry repaired by Geo. T. Fyster, who
warrants the same, and has always on
hand a large stock of Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry and Silverware. feb 8-11.

Get your house painting done by
John F. Adelsberger, who will furnish
estimates upon application, work done
on short notice and satisfaction guaran-
teed.

NOTICE.
We hereby notify all persons not to
trespass on our enclosures with
dog or gun, or for fishing or trapping, as
we are determined to enforce the law in
all cases without favor.

D. H. REIMAN,
JOHN HARK,
JOSEPH HARK,
E. W. CLARK,
ISAC PUCHER,
STEPHEN ADAMS,
LEWIS WORTZ,
GEORGE WORTZ.

Glenn H. Worthington,
Treasurer.

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by Mr. H. W. Allger, whose adver-
tisement appears in another column,
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only in price and good music adds so
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many of our

A Long Fight With Hunger

"Three small detachments of men have returned this Fall from Yukon. The second brought word that they passed a boat lying on the beach with no one to be found near it, but it was thought to belong to four men who started from Forty Mile Creek on July 6. It was known that they had but a small supply of food with them, and it was supposed that they had taken to the woods in search of game. Thus it proved to be, and yesterday two men tottered down the mountain side to this place, whose emaciated faces and trembling limbs showed that they had survived an experience that few men would have lived through. One of them, J. W. Sperry, of Portland, Oregon, is 50 years of age, with hair as white as snow. The other man, R. C. Rose, also of Portland, is 20 years younger, and he said Sperry from filling an unmarked grave in the Valley of the Yukon.

STARVATION AND BLINDNESS.

"Three weeks after starting on their homeward journey they ran short of provisions, and they soon became so weak that they could not pull their boat, which they finally abandoned, and took to the hills in search of game. Occasionally a squirrel was shot, but as quickly eaten by the men, who were now ravenous, and wild berries became their only means of subsistence. Their trail was followed by clouds of mosquitoes and flies that lit upon them in swarms, and which they had to fight continually, and their faces and hands soon became raw and bleeding. In their weakened condition Ingram and F. C. Young, from San Diego, Cal., were unable to fight off the pests, which preyed upon their eyelids until they became so inflamed that they lost all power to open or close them, and they became totally blind.

"The dread of death by starvation and fear of being hopelessly lost in that strange country soon told upon the minds of these two, and Ingram repeatedly begged his companions to shoot him. Finally he laid down, refusing to move, and when his companions saw he was about gone they left him, almost dragging Young along. The next day Young succumbed, a victim to starvation and the torments of pests which swarmed about them day and night. They left him lying upon the ground to die.

"Another day brought them to some dried salmon cached by Indians for winter use, and they were now able to retrace their steps to the boat, and soon a party of Indians came along, from whom they obtained food enough to enable them to reach the first white settlement on this side of the Yukon. On their way back to the boat they came to the spot where Ingram was left, but found the mosquitoes and flies singing a requiem over their comrade. He was left with a stone to mark his resting-place, and his blanket and a few branches of hemlock spread over him for a shroud. They could not find where Young was, but they are satisfied strength or reason never returned sufficient to allow him to move from the spot.

A VEIN OF GOLD FOUND.

"On their way out the party discovered a ledge having a clearly defined vein of rich ore, showing free gold, and at its base found liberal quantities of gold in every pan. Location notices were hurriedly put up, anticipation of rich results another year, when they hoped to return buoyed up their spirits for a time and spurred them on to renewed efforts to escape from impending doom. The pangs of hunger soon destroyed all hopes of future riches, and their only thought was for something to eat. Notwithstanding their terrible experience the two survivors intend to return to the Yukon the coming Spring.

British Columbia advised that the steamer George W. Elder has arrived at Victoria on her way down from Alaska with several Yukon miners on board. The miners complain bitterly of the provisions sold to them, upon which they have entirely to depend, by the Alaska Commercial Company.

The miners say that they were obliged to take eighty pounds of putrid bacon, as it was all they could get. Out of the lot they could only use four pounds. Another party, driven by hunger, were obliged to eat it, with the result that four of them died. The prices asked are enormous, yet the miners had to submit and pay what was asked or starve to death. They say they had one of two alternatives—either to go without the provisions offered for sale by the company and starve, or to purchase them and run the chances of being poisoned to death.

WHY is George Washington like a poor speller? Because he gets stuck on the letters so often.

"You say that drinking is one of your husband's failings?" "Failings? Oh, no. It is one of his successes."—Life.

INDIGNANT Subscriber—"I want you to stop my paper, sir."

Editor—"Didn't know you owned a paper. Where is it published?"

"Our next issue," wrote the editor, "will be exceedingly interesting, as it will contain the names of all our delinquent subscribers." By the time the editor came to make up the next issue he found he had no delinquent subscribers; they had all paid up.

Delicious Bread Pudding.

Soak one cup of stale bread crumbs in a pint of milk half an hour, then add two tablespoons sugar, one egg and the yolks of two, well beaten; spice, one-eight teaspoon soda dissolved in a little hot water. Bake until nice color, about three-quarters of an hour; then spread a layer of jelly or preserves on top, and the whites of two eggs beaten stiff; put in oven to color.

Progress of Inventions Since 1845.

In the year 1845 the present owners of the *Scientific American* newspaper commenced its publication, and soon after established a bureau for the procuring of patents for inventions at home and in foreign countries. During the year 1845 there were only 502 patents issued from the U. S. Patent Office, and the total issue from the establishment of the Patent Office, up to the end of that year, numbered only 4,347.

Up to the first of July this year there have been granted 406,413. Showing that since the commencement of the publication of the *Scientific American* there have been issued from the U. S. Patent Office 402,166 patents, and about one third more applications have been made than have been granted, showing the ingenuity of our people to be phenomenal, and much greater than ever the enormous number of patents issued indicates. Probably a good many of our readers have had business transacted through the offices of the *Scientific American*, in New York or Washington, and are familiar with Mann & Co.'s mode of doing business, but those who have not will be interested in knowing something about this, the oldest patent soliciting firm in this country, probably in the world.

Persons visiting the offices of the *Scientific American*, 361 Broadway, N. Y., for the first time will be surprised, on entering the main office, to find such an extensive and elegantly equipped establishment with its walnut counters, desks, and chairs to correspond, and its numerous safes, and such a large number of draughtsmen, specification writers, and clerks, all busy as bees, reminding one of a large banking or insurance office, with its hundred employees.

In conversation with one of the firm, who had commenced the business of soliciting patents in connection with the publication of the *Scientific American*, more than forty years ago, I learned that his firm had made application for upward of one hundred thousand inventions in the United States, and several thousands in different foreign countries, and had filed as many cases in the Patent Office in a single month as there were patents issued during the entire first year of their business career. This gentleman had seen the Patent Office grow from a sapling to a sturdy oak, and he modestly hinted that many thought the *Scientific American*, with its large circulation, had performed no mean share in stimulating inventions and advancing the interests of the Patent Office. But it is not alone the patent soliciting that occupies the attention of the one hundred persons employed by Mann & Co., but a large number are engaged on the four publications issued weekly and monthly from their office, 361 Broadway, N. Y., viz.: The *Scientific American*, the *Scientific American Supplement*, the *Export Edition of the Scientific American*, and the *Architects and Builders Edition of the Scientific American*. The first two publications are issued every week, and the latter two, the first of every month.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Cures indigestion, biliousness, dyspepsia, malaria, nervousness, and general debility. They cleanse the system, and build up the system. All druggists sell it. Genuine, has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

SPEER'S GRAPE WINES.

ALSO UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE. Used in the principal Churches for Communion. Excellent for females. Weakly Persons and the aged.



Speer's Port Grape Wine

FOUR YEARS OLD. THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grapes, raised in Speer's vineyards, and left until they are ripe and become partly raisined before gathering. Its invigorating qualities make it a tonic and strengthening property.

are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child and the weakest invalids use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice

Is the juice of the Oporto Grape, preserved in its natural fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fermentation, and electricity, thereby destroying the fermenting process. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

Speer's (Socialite) Claret.

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, especially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry.

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