

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

SAMUEL MOTTER, Editor and Publisher.

"IGNORANCE IS THE CURSE OF GOD; KNOWLEDGE THE WING WHEREWITH WE FLY TO HEAVEN."

TERMS—\$1.00 a Year in Advance; If not paid in Advance, \$1.50.

VOL. X.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1888.

No. 27.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

Circuit Court.
Chief Judge.—Hon. James McSherry.
Associate Judges.—Hon. John T. Vinson and Hon. John A. Lynch.
State's Attorney.—Edw. S. Eichelberger.
Clerk of the Court.—W. Irving Parsons.

Orphan's Court.
Judges.—Geo. W. Shank, John H. Keller, Benjamin G. Fitzhugh.
Register of Wills.—Hamilton Lindsay.
County Commissioners.—H. F. Maxwell, Chas. A. Eyles, Jos. G. Miller, Thos. Hightman, Simon T. Stauffer.
Sheriff.—Alonzo Benner.
Taz-Collector.—J. Wm. Baughman.
Surveyor.—William H. Hilleary.
School Commissioners.—Samuel Dutrow, Herman L. Rontzahn, David D. Thomas, E. R. Zimmerman, Jas. W. Condon.
Examiner.—Glenn H. Worthington.

Emmitsburg District.
Notary Public.—Geo. C. Habighurst.
Justices of the Peace.—Henry Stokes, Jas. Knouff, I. M. Fisher, Jas. F. Hickey.
Registrar.—E. S. Tancy.
Constables.—Wm. H. Ashbaugh, Edw. Wenschhof.
School Trustees.—Joseph Waddles, Joseph A. Baker, C. G. Blair.
Bargess.—Wm. H. Ashbaugh.
Treasurer.—Jas. O. Hopp, Oscar D. Fraley, P. D. Lawrence, Jas. F. Hickey, Victor E. Rowe.
Town Constables.—William H. Ashbaugh.
Tax Collector.—John F. Hopp.

CHURCHES.

Rev. Lutheran Church. Services every other Sunday, morning and evening at 10 o'clock, a. m., and 7 o'clock, p. m., respectively. Wednesday evening lectures 7 o'clock, p. m., Sunday School at 1 o'clock, p. m.

Church of the Incarnation, (Reformed.) Pastor.—Rev. U. H. Heilmann. Services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Wednesday evening lectures at 7 o'clock. School, Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Presbyterian Church. Pastor.—Rev. Wm. Simonton. Services every other Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, a. m., and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock, p. m. Wednesday evening lectures at 7 o'clock, p. m., Sunday School at 1 o'clock, a. m., Prayer Meeting every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

St. Joseph's, (Roman Catholic.) Pastor.—Rev. H. F. White. First Mass 7 o'clock, a. m., second mass 10 o'clock, a. m., Vespers 3 o'clock, p. m.; Sunday School at 2 o'clock, a. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor.—Rev. J. N. Davis. Services every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Wednesday evening lectures at 7 o'clock, p. m., Sunday School at 8 o'clock, a. m., Class meeting every other Sunday at 2 o'clock, p. m.

MAILS.

Through from Baltimore 11:20, a. m., Way from Baltimore, 7:10, p. m., Hagerstown, 5:30, p. m., Rocky Ridge, 7:10, p. m., Mt. Airy, 11:20, a. m., Frederick, 11:20, a. m., and 7:10, p. m., Gettysburg, 4:30, p. m.

Depart.
Baltimore, Way 8:35, a. m., Mechanics-town, Hagerstown, Hanover, Lancaster and Harrisburg, 8:35, a. m., Rocky Ridge, 8:35, a. m., Baltimore, 3:30, p. m., Frederick, 3:30, p. m., Mt. Airy, 3:30, p. m., Gettysburg, 8:30, a. m.
Office hours from 7 o'clock, a. m., to 8:15, p. m.

SOCIETIES.

Massachusetts Tribe No. 41, I. O. R. M. Kindles her Council Fire every Saturday evening, 8th Run. Officers: D. R. Gelwick, Sec'y; Jacob K. Byers, Jr., S. J. Byers, Jr., J. S. John F. Adlesberger, C. of R.; Charles S. Zeck, K. of W.; Geo. T. Gelwick, Prophet; Geo. T. Gelwick, Geo. G. Byers and E. C. Wenschhof, Trustees. Edward C. Wenschhof, Representative.

Emmitsburg Beneficial Association. F. A. Adlesberger, President; Vice-President, Jno. Byrne; Secretary, Geo. Seybold; Treasurer, Jno. M. Stoner. Meets the fourth Sunday of each month in S. E. Grindler's building, West main street.

Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R. Commander, Maj. O. A. Horner; Senior Vice-Commander, S. N. McNair; Junior Vice-Commander, Harvey G. Winter; Chaplain, Joseph W. Davison; Surgeon, E. C. Wenschhof; Officer of the Day, Geo. T. Eyster; Officer of the Guard, Wm. A. Fraley; Quartermaster, Jno. H. Mentzer; George L. Gillean, Adjutant; Representative to the State Encampment, Jos. W. Davidson; Alternate, Wm. A. Fraley.

Vigilant Fire Company No. 1. Meets 1st and 3rd Friday evening of each month at Firemen's Hall. Pres't, V. E. Rowe; Vice-President, Jeremiah Donoghue; Secretary, W. H. Troxell; Treasurer, J. H. Stokes; Capt., Geo. T. Eyster; 1st Lieut., G. W. Bushman; 2nd Lieut., Michael Hoke.

Emmitsburg Building Association. Pres't, F. A. Adlesberger; Sec'y, Ed. H. Rowe; Treasurer, Jno. F. Hopp; Directors, D. Lawrence, N. Baker, S. R. Grindler, George P. Beam, Jos. A. Baker, Joseph Smeeder.

Union Building Association. President, Wm. S. Guthrie; Vice-President, Jas. A. Rowe; Secretary, E. H. Rowe; Treasurer, George W. Rowe; Directors, F. A. Maxwell, D. Lawrence, Ed. H. Rowe, Michael Hoke, Jno. T. Long, Geo. W. Rowe.

Farmers' and Mechanics' Building and Loan Association. President, James F. Hickey; Vice-President, J. M. Kerrigan; Secretary, T. C. Seltzer; Treasurer, Geo. T. Gelwick; Directors, George L. Shaffer, Jos. A. Baker, F. A. Adlesberger, Jos. V. Tyson, Daniel R. Gelwick, H. G. Beam, Jas. F. Hickey, Thos. C. Seltzer, J. M. Kerrigan, Geo. T. Gelwick.

Olden Building Association. Pres't, F. A. Adlesberger; Vice-Prest., C. C. Kretzer; Sec., E. H. Rowe; Treas., Paul Motter; Directors, F. A. Adlesberger, C. C. Kretzer, E. H. Rowe, Geo. P. Beam, M. Hoke, D. Lawrence, Jos. A. Baker and Paul Motter.

Emmitsburg Water Company. President, I. S. Annan; Vice-P. J. A. Elder; Secretary, E. R. Zimmerman; Treasurer, O. A. Horner; Directors, L. M. Motter, J. A. Elder, O. A. Horner, J. Thos. Gelwick, E. R. Zimmerman, E. L. Rowe, I. S. Annan.

I. S. ANNAN & BRO.,

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise,

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Have the largest and most carefully selected stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, NOTIONS, HARDWARE, QUEENS-WARE, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES—in all styles of leather and gum—READY-MADE CLOTHING, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, ALL KINDS OF IRON,

and in short everything desirable, from the largest to the smallest articles of merchandise. No trouble to show goods. Call and be satisfied about them, and the prices we are sure will please.

New goods arrive daily at the well known stand on the S. W. Corner of the Public Square. We also have a large stock of

Posts, Rails & Shingles.

I. S. ANNAN & BRO.

Western Maryland Rail Road.

ON and after Sunday, Dec. 2, 1888, passenger trains on this road will run as follows:

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE WEST.

Daily, except Sundays, Daily

STATIONS. Mail, Pass, Est M.

Hill Station, Baltimore, A. M. P. M. A. M.

Union Station, " 8:00 4:05 4:15

Chambersburg, " 8:10 4:10 4:20

Pulaski Station, " 8:12 4:12 4:22

Arlington, " 8:14 4:14 4:24

Linwood, " 8:16 4:16 4:26

Pikesville, " 8:18 4:18 4:28

Owings Mills, " 8:20 4:20 4:30

Glyndon, " 8:22 4:22 4:32

Hanover, " 8:24 4:24 4:34

Gettysburg, " 8:26 4:26 4:36

Westminster, " 8:28 4:28 4:38

New Windsor, " 8:30 4:30 4:40

Union Bridge, " 8:32 4:32 4:42

Frederick Junction, " 8:34 4:34 4:44

Rock Ridge, " 8:36 4:36 4:46

Chambersburg, " 8:38 4:38 4:48

Loys, " 8:40 4:40 4:50

Frederick, " 8:42 4:42 4:52

Mechanicsville, " 8:44 4:44 4:54

Sabillasville, " 8:46 4:46 4:56

Blue Ridge Summit, " 8:48 4:48 4:58

Pen-Mar, " 8:50 4:50 5:00

Blue Mountain, " 8:52 4:52 5:02

Edgemont, " 8:54 4:54 5:04

Waynesboro, Pa., " 8:56 4:56 5:06

Chambersburg, " 8:58 4:58 5:08

Shilpsburg, " 8:59 4:59 5:09

Smithsburg, " 9:00 5:00 5:10

Hagerstown, " 9:01 5:01 5:11

Chesapeake, " 9:02 5:02 5:12

Frederick, " 9:03 5:03 5:13

Frederick Junction, " 9:04 5:04 5:14

Union Bridge, " 9:05 5:05 5:15

New Windsor, " 9:06 5:06 5:16

Westminster, " 9:07 5:07 5:17

Gettysburg, " 9:08 5:08 5:18

Hanover, " 9:09 5:09 5:19

Edgemont, " 9:10 5:10 5:20

Owings Mills, " 9:11 5:11 5:21

Pikesville, " 9:12 5:12 5:22

Mt. Airy, " 9:13 5:13 5:23

Arlington, " 9:14 5:14 5:24

Pulaski Station, " 9:15 5:15 5:25

Chambersburg, " 9:16 5:16 5:26

Union Station, " 9:17 5:17 5:27

Hill Station, " 9:18 5:18 5:28

Baltimore, " 9:19 5:19 5:29

Baltimore and Cumberland Valley R. R.—Trains leave East, daily, except Sunday. Shilpsburg 6:45 a. m. and 1:35 and 3:40 p. m., Chambersburg 7:15 a. m. and 1:55 and 4:25 p. m., Waynesboro 7:22 a. m. and 2:02 and 5:00 p. m., arriving Edgemont 8:10 a. m. and 2:55 and 5:15 p. m. Leave West, daily, except Sunday. Edgemont 7:15 and 11:41 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Waynesboro 7:30 a. m. and 12:00 and 7:50 p. m., Chambersburg 8:15 a. m. and 12:40 and 8:30 p. m., arriving Shilpsburg 8:45 a. m. and 1:10 and 9:00 p. m.

Frederick Division Pennsylvania R. R.—Trains for Frederick leave Junction at 10:32 a. m. and 4:57 p. m. Trains for Taneytown, Littleton and York leave Junction at 9:55 a. m. and 3:42 p. m. Through cars for Hanover and Gettysburg and points on Baltimore and Harrisburg Division leave Baltimore, daily, except Sunday, at 9:45 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.

Orders for baggage calls can be left at Ticket Office, New No. 217 E. Baltimore street.

J. M. HOOD, General Manager.

B. H. Griswold, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. K. WRIGLEY, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Office hours—8 to 9 A. M., 12 to 2, 6 to 8 P. M., Jan 22-5

Dr. J. H. HICKEY,

DENTIST,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Having located in Emmitsburg offers his professional services to the public.

Charges moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office one door west of the Reformed Church. Jan 5-11

H. CLAY ANDERSON, D.D.S. FRANK K. WHITE, D.D.S.

ANDERS & WHITE,

SURGEON DENTISTS,

MECHANICSTOWN, MD.

Have formed a co-partnership in the practice of Dentistry. Office directly opposite the Post Office, where one member of the firm will be found at all times. The following appointments will be promptly kept.

EMMITSBURG, at the Emmits House—

On Friday of each week

UNION BRIDGE—The First and Third

Monday of each month. June 12-5

C. V. S. LEVY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FREDERICK, MD.

Will attend promptly to all legal business entrusted to him. jy 12-5

Edward S. Eichelberger,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

FREDERICK CITY, MD.

OFFICE—West Church Street, opposite Court House.—Being the State's Attorney for the County does not interfere with my attending to civil practice. dec 9-11

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY.

NEAR EMMITSBURG, MD.

This Institution is pleasantly situated in a healthy and picturesque part of Frederick Co., half a mile from Emmitsburg, and two miles from Mount St. Mary's College. TERMS—Board and tuition per academic year, including bed and bedding, washing, mending and Doctor's fee, \$200. Letters of inquiry directed to the Mother Superior. mar 15-11

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"CRUSH THE DEAD LEAVES."

BY MRS. HARRY DON.

"Crush the dead leaves under thy feet,"
Gaze not on them with mournful sigh;
Think not earth has no glory left
Because a few of its frail things die;
Spring-time will bring fresh verdure as sweet—
"Crush the dead leaves under thy feet."

Look not back with despairing heart,
Think not life's morning has been in vain;
Rich, broad fields lie before thee yet
Ready to yield their golden grain.
Autumn may bring thee fruitage sweet—
"Crush the dead leaves under thy feet."

Murmur not if the shadows fall
Thick and dark on thy earthly way;
Hearts there are which must walk in shade
Till they reach the light of eternal day.
Life is not long, and the years are fleet—
"Crush the dead leaves under thy feet."

Bravely work, with a steadfast soul;
Make others happy, and thou shalt find
Happiness flowing back into thy heart;
A quiet peace and contented mind.
If earth be lonely, then heaven is sweet—
"Crush the dead leaves under thy feet."

DRIVEN MAD BY BIRDS.

"I never see one of those birds,"
said a retired naval officer, pointing to a large penguin in a museum collection, "but what I am reminded of one of the most dismal and curious experiences of my whole life. It's an innocent-looking creature—no wings to speak of, stupid, and easily knocked over; but, if you will believe me, I have seen a man driven stark staring mad by them, and a party of able seamen nearly killed."

"It is difficult to imagine such a thing," said his companion, "and I should like to hear the particulars."

"When I was a midshipman," commenced the officer, "I was assigned to a convey of the South Atlantic Squadron that was ordered to a group of small islands, then newly discovered, that lay off the coast of Africa, about twelve hundred miles or so from the Cape of Good Hope."

"It was supposed that England was about to claim them, and it was suggested by the Navy Department that we look the matter up, and if the place was valuable as a coaling station, or could be of any use to our whaling interests, that were then important, we were to plant the flag; if otherwise, it was to be let alone, and no impediment put in the way of foreign claims."

"We crossed over from Rio, under easy sail, in about twenty days, and off morning sighted the place at daylight. It looked like a huge rock rising directly out of the sea, about which a long reef stretched away, and on which the sea thundered so violently that there appeared to be no approach."

"We sent a boat's crew out ahead, however, who before long found an entrance, and by night we were alongside of a sheer cliff at least eight hundred feet high."

"When we came to anchor we began to hear an indistinct noise, as if ten thousand dogs were barking in chorus a mile away. Finally the wind shifted off shore, and the uproar became unbearable. You couldn't even hear yourself think."

"Exactly what it was we didn't know, but as night set in we saw it was penguins. They came off to the ship in tens of thousands, covering the water, leaping along like so many porpoises, and appearing exactly like them. As the water was extremely phosphorescent, every move seemed to set it on fire, and there was a continuous rush of fire bodies."

"There was very little sleep aboard that night, I can tell you, and about all hands had concluded that, if a station was to be made there, the birds would have to be killed off first. In the morning the boat was lowered and a crew pulled in."

"We skirted the island for a mile without finding a landing; but finally a waterfall was seen, dropping some two hundred feet straight into the sea, and near it the cliffs had caved in and rocks rolled down, forming a landing that was, however, preoccupied,

"The boulders were covered with penguins, going up in groups, pairs and singly; others coming down sliding, hopping and screaming, as if their lives depended on it."

"It was our only chance. So the cutter was run ashore, and leaving her in charge of a boatman, eight of us struck up the slippery walk. The very stones had been worn smooth by the feet of the millions of birds. They fairly blocked the way, massing in platoons, lying in groups or singly, so that it was with the greatest difficulty that we made our way."

"About a hundred feet from the rocks we came to a patch of high grass—about five feet high—that stretched away nobody knows how far, and here was the great centre of the penguin colony. The rocky pathway was merely an entrance, and led directly into the grass by a road about four feet wide, made by the birds."

"We pushed in amid the deafening noise, and found that from every side of the main walk extended innumerable avenues, lanes and paths, literally packed with birds, nests and eggs. They stood in a solid front in some places, and threw themselves at our legs, while hosts of gulls, that also laid here, whirled about in the air, striking at our heads with their wings."

"We had worked in about a hundred yards, when one of the men was struck by a big bird, and slipped and went down, his leg sinking into the soil, and actually into a bird's nest, showing that not only were there birds overhead and on the surface, but they had perforated the underground."

"The man that was struck seemed sort of bewildered, and called to me that he would go back. I nodded to him, and he turned and dashed off the very way we had come, while we pressed on."

Emmitsburg Chronicle.

Published as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Post Office, P. O. No. 1888.

SATURDAY, DEC. 8, 1888.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

We copy below some extracts from the comments of the Baltimore Sun on the President's Message, together with a short running sketch of the message itself, as the entire document would occupy too much room in the comparatively limited space we are enabled to appropriate to the subject, and no doubt our readers will think they know enough of public affairs by the time they have appropriated the information we have furnished them:

The President's message is quite voluminous, but, like all his official acts and utterances, betokens a painstaking care to deal fully and justly with whatever he has in hand. It will be searched in vain for a single word that indicates either regret that the tariff issue he framed was presented at an inopportune moment, or the slightest modification of the strong view of the question he gave one year ago to Congress and the country. On the contrary, he returns with great vigor to the further argument of the subject, and taking as he does the standpoint afforded him by the centennial of the constitution, he reviews the path we have trodden, and points out the wrongs and the perils which directly spring from our present defective national policy.

*** The President not only does not retire from the advanced position he has taken upon this great economic problem, but he fortifies his opinions by repeating what he before said, and adding other views which the argument of the campaign developed so fully. He refers to the combination between the producer and the government, by which the masses are taxed for the benefit of those who make and sell, and he points out the danger certain to ensue from a policy which practically hands over the people to the protection of the rich, who receive exceptional benefits from the government upon the theory that they in turn will take care of the laboring poor. ***

Mr. Cleveland writes with the authority and power of a man whose convictions are thorough and whose information is full. *** This part of the message is likely to prove most interesting just at this time. It deals, however, with other questions of great importance. While he reports that no instances have occurred of outrage or injury to our fishermen in Canadian waters except such as the American consul has readily adjusted, he calls special attention to the unsatisfactory relations between this government and Great Britain, growing out of the rejection of the treaty he submitted to the Senate. ***

Retaliation is all well enough to compel justice and fair dealing; but that it should become necessary that the peace of the two great nations which assume to lead the civilization of the age should be staked upon such chances is a reproach to the statesmanship of both countries. *** A further reference to our relations with England is made in calling attention to the unfortunate occurrence which made it necessary to request Lord Sackville's retirement as the diplomatic representative of that country. If anything was needed to justify that act to the sober judgment and feeling of our people, it is found in the President's statement of the case. It is fortunate our people were in accord in dealing with this subject, and that the great national contest then raging ended at the water-line where our relations with other sovereignties begin. ***

Apart from the Canadian difficulty, our sorest spot is the Haytian outbreak, in which our merchantmen have been seized in several cases. *** The President notes in the outset of the message that with the expiration of the present session of Congress the first century of our constitutional existence as a nation will be completed, and this circumstance, he observes, admonishes us to inquire soberly whether in the past we have kept closely in the course of safety marked out in the constitution, and whether the way before us is plain and clear. Equal and exact justice between the government and citizens, as well as between citizen and citizen, is the underlying principle of our institutions. ***

In the early days of the republic this principle was rigidly insisted on. The tribute of the citizen to the support of the government was measured strictly by the cost of its maintenance. In those days the frugality of the people was stamped upon their government and enforced by a thoughtful and intelligent suffrage. Combinations, monopolies and aggregations of capital were avoided or sternly regulated. A century has passed. Now our cities are filled with wealth and luxury; our manufactures yield fortunes never dreamed of by the fathers of the republic, and immense aggregations of capital outrun the imagination in the magnitude of their undertakings. At first view this is a bright picture, but closer scrutiny reveals a sombre shading. Side by side with the wealth of our cities we see poverty and unremunerative toil. Increased

urban population suggests the impoverishment of rural sections. The fortunes of our manufacturers are no longer solely the reward of sturdy industry and foresight, but result largely from the discriminating favor of the government, being built upon undue exactions from the people. Two well-defined classes are being formed—on one side the very rich and powerful, on the other the toiling poor. Closer inspection discloses the existence of trusts and other like monopolies trampling upon the unorganized masses, while corporations which should be the carefully-restrained servants of the people are fast becoming their masters. The cause and cure of these invasions of the principle of equality before the law lies in our system of taxation. ***

The government is regarded by the favored class, not as an embodiment of equality, but as an instrumentality through which individual advantages are to be gained. *** Farmers selling in foreign markets and buying under compulsion only in the home market find themselves impoverished, their lands declining in value and their debts increasing. Workingmen and others not engaged in farming are likewise victims of the unequal laws. *** What is wanted is a just and sensible revision of our tariff laws for the relief of the forgotten masses. The necessity of a reduction of our revenue is conceded. Extravagant appropriations should not be accepted in lieu of it. ***

Relief of the Supreme Court, improved land laws, plans of Indian management, the need of United States prisons, revision of pension laws—these have been urged upon Congress time and again, and yet are deferred, while favors are voted to energetic claimants whose claims are without merit. Regard for the constitution would correct these errors of the legislative body. *** The foreign relations of the government remain to be settled. There has not, however, since March 1887, been any case of unfriendly or unlawful treatment of American fishing vessels. The interference of Lord Sackville in the very crisis of the presidential election, by counsel and advice, with the suffrages of American citizens, and subsequent impugnation of the Executive and Senate, was unpardonable conduct, especially in view of the fact that the counsel and advice had reference to important questions now pending between the British and United States governments. Further recognition of the diplomatic character of Lord Sackville was therefore declined. A survey of the boundary between Alaska and Canada is recommended. The Samoan question is mentioned as of interest to the people of the United States, and also the question of the preservation of our influence in the Hawaiian Islands. ***

Preliminary steps have been taken for the meeting in Washington, in 1889, of representatives of South and Central American States, together with those of Mexico, Hayti, and San Domingo, and the prospect of improving commerce by co-operative legislation is adverted to. In April next will be held also at Washington a conference of maritime powers to devise uniform rules for the security of life and property at sea—a desideratum in view of the many recent collisions at sea. *** The consular service should be reorganized. *** The centennial celebration at New York on April 30, 1889, of the inauguration of Washington as President, is an event of national interest in which Congress, it is suggested, should provide for the government's participation. The revenues of the government for the year 1888 show an increase, and the expenditures show a decrease, notwithstanding an increased payment of over \$5,000,000 for pensions. For that year the surplus, including the sinking fund provisions of \$47,000,000, was \$119,612,116; for 1889 the estimated surplus is \$104,000,000; for 1890, \$101,232,511. Up to December 1, 1888, the purchases of bonds with surplus funds in the treasury aggregated \$94,700,400, including premiums amounting to \$17,508,613. The transaction was not a good one, it is urged, for the people, as it means to them a loss—in interest on money uselessly taken out of their business—of \$55,760,000. At the date last mentioned the surplus in the treasury was \$52,234,610, exclusive of \$20,000,000 allotted to pensions. The amount of silver dollars coined is \$312,570,990, of which \$60,970,990 are in circulation. ***

The army numbers 24,549, exclusive of 2,189 officers. Great progress is being made in preparations for the production of efficient modern ordnance for both army and navy. Ship-building is going on apace, and within 12 months eleven efficient, modern, steel men-of-war will be added to the navy. This building has been paid for out of the savings of the department under the present administration. The large increase of the business and facilities of the Postal Department is noted. Since 1870 its revenues have increased from \$19,772,000 to \$52,709,000, and its service to the country to a more than corresponding extent. Increased compensation for the 54,874 postmasters of the fourth class and for other classes of postal employees is recommended. *** The right disposition of our public lands is an important question requiring the at-

tention of Congress. Over 80,000,000 acres have been recovered from illegal usurpation, but new legislation is needed to give the people their own. The enactment of a general pension law is urged. The expenditure last year under this head was \$82,038,386, or 31 per cent. of the total expenditure of the year. The existence of great laxity of ideas on the subject of pensions is called to the attention of Congress and the discontinuance of vicious precedents in granting pensions for partisan and irrelevant considerations is advised. ***

A MAGNIFICENT GIFT.

A quiet, retiring, unostentatious citizen of Philadelphia has just devoted the sum of \$5,000,000 to the founding of a Free School of Mechanical Trades in that city. Mr. Isaiah V. Williamson, the man who has thus distinguished himself, is 86 years of age, is a bachelor, and has been engaged most of his life in the wholesale dry goods business. The new school which starts with this magnificent endowment will be what its name implies, a school where boys who show aptitude for mechanical pursuits may obtain a technical education free of charge.

A TALKING NEWSPAPER.

Edison's latest idea is to furnish subscribers with a daily photograph, containing the news in a condensed form, which can be delivered at the door, and being set on the breakfast table, will by turning a crank, tell everything worth knowing to the family whilst they are eating their breakfast.

STANLEY the African traveller, who was supposed to have lost his life among the savage tribe of the interior of the dark continent, is now declared to be alive and among friendly nations.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

EUROPE is still unsettled, and rumors of a war are prevalent.

ALFRED TENNYSON the Poet-Laureate of England, is very ill.

GENERAL PORFIRIO DIAZ was inaugurated President of the Mexican Republic on last Saturday, for the third term.

Hog cholera continues to occasion serious losses to farmers of Green and Guilford townships, Franklin county, Pa.

While excavating for a sewer in Helena, M. T., workmen discovered a well defined and apparently rich vein of gold.

ALONG the Blue Mountains in the northern section of Berks county Pa., the snow drifts are reported to be five feet high.

A SEVERE snow storm occurred on Florida mountain, Mass., Tuesday, which drifted badly, lying five feet deep in many places.

REPORTS from Thatcher's Island, say the storm of last week there was the worst ever seen by any government employe at that point.

"It's only a question of time," and a short time, too, as to when your rheumatism will yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it.

REV. DR. WM. RUFF, pastor of Trinity Reformed Church, Manchester, has resigned and accepted a call to the Reformed Church at Myersdale, Pa.

The work of fumigation and disinfecting at Jacksonville, Fla., is going on rapidly. The official bulletin for Wednesday reported only four new cases and one death.

A TRADING establishment in the Congo recently sent an order to England for a consignment of rum, and very appropriately it was added in a postscript, "Send more hand-cuffs."

The six-inch breech-loading rifle cannon made by the Pittsburgh Steel-Casting Company, of Bessemer cast-steel was tested at Annapolis on Wednesday, and burst to splinters in the operation.

The tower of the new City Hall in Philadelphia is to be surmounted by a colossal bronze statue of William Penn, thirty-six feet high and weighing thirty tons. The total height of the tower will be 537 feet, twenty feet higher than the spire on the famous Cathedral of Cologne. This great public building is the architectural monarch of the world, the United States Capitol itself being eclipsed by its grandeur.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY, S. S.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. '88.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

HALL'S Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

The fire in No. 3 shaft of the Calumet and Hecla mine is still burning fiercely. No hope is entertained of rescuing the eight miners and timber men who were cut off from escape at midnight on Thursday.

While a young man named John Comfort, of near Lewisberry, York county, was helping his father to fell timber near Rossville, on Thursday, a large tree fell upon the young man fractured his skull and other wise injured him, from the effects of which he died next morning.

The mines of the Rockhill Coal company at Robertsdale, this county, became flooded soon after the miners had entered upon their work. There were 150 men in the mines at the time, and the rushing water swept them before it to the further ends of the mine, where they were imprisoned for ten hours in water reaching to their chins. Their escape from the mouth of the mines was cut off by the oncoming tide, which had burst a dam above the mines, sweeping everything before it. Through excavations the current of water was turned from the mines, and after ten hours' of intense suffering the imprisoned miners were liberated.

To Assist Nature

In restoring diseased or wasted tissue in all that any medicine can do. In pulmonary affections, such as Colds, Bronchitis, and Consumption, the mucous membrane first becomes inflamed, then accumulations form in the air-cells of the lungs, followed by tubercles, and, finally, destruction of the tissue. It is plain, therefore, that, until the hacking cough is relieved, the bronchial tubes can have no opportunity to heal. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Soothes and Heals the inflamed membrane, arrests the wasting process, and leaves no injurious results. This is why it is more highly esteemed than any other pulmonary specific.

L. D. Bixby, of Bartonsville, Vt., writes: "Four years ago I took a severe cold, which was followed by a terrible cough. I was very sick, and confined to my bed about four months. My physician finally said I was in consumption, and that he could not help me. One of my neighbors advised me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I did so, and before I had taken half a bottle was able to go out. By the time I had finished the bottle I was well, and have remained so ever since."

Alonso P. Daggett, of Smyrna Mills, Me., writes: "Six years ago, I was a traveling salesman, and at that time was suffering with

Lung Trouble. For months I was unable to rest nights. I could seldom lie down, had frequent choking spells, and was often compelled to seek the open air for relief. I was induced to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which helped me. Its continued use has entirely cured me. I believe, saved my life."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1, six bottles, \$5.

Jos. K. Hays

Has removed his store to Mrs. M. E. Adelsberger's store-room, on West Main Street, Emmitsburg, and keeps a fine assortment of

Groceries, Provisions, CONFECTIONERY, Fruits, Canned Goods, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Also Wm. H. Biggs & Bro.'s celebrated "Isabella" Flour.

Fresh Oysters Served in all Styles

Give me a call and examine my stock, which is fresh and composed of choice goods. mar 17-y JOS. K. HAYS.

VICTOR



15 CENT

POULTRY POWDERS

CURE AND PREVENT CHOLERA

GAPES, ROUP, LICE, EGG EATING,

Laying of Soft Eggs, &c.

Without Parallel Egg Producer.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE VICTOR REMEDIES CO., FREDERICK, MD.

Ask your dealer to write us for Circulars and full facts. A trial will prove our assertions.

—CALL ON— GEO. T. EYSTER,

See his splendid stock of GOLD & SILVER,

Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES.

New Advertisements. DAUCHY & CO.

THE DEAF

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

MADE WITH BOILING WATER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

COCOA

MADE WITH BOILING MILK.

ELLY'S CATARRH

CREAM BALM

IS WORTH \$1000

TO ANY MAN

WOMAN OR CHILD

CATARRH

Not a Lignid or Suffer, HAY-FEVER

A Lignid is applied into each nostril and is

absorbable. Price 40 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 60 Wall Street, New York.

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G. W. WEAVER & SON, GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE LEADERS.

Headquarters. ASSORTMENT, STYLE, PRICE.

Silks Broad coths, Henriettas, Silks Plushes Novelty Cloths, Plushes Velvets Cashmeres, Velvets Serges,

THE NEWEST SHADES. MOST POPULAR THE NEWEST SHADES. MOST POPULAR

Braids TINSEL & SILK Braids Braids TRIMMING Braids Braids ORNAMENT, Braids

Seal Plush, Ladies & Childrens, Fancy Stripes, Beaver, COATS, Fancy Checks, Cork Screw, Diagonals, Best Fit.

EVERY DEPARTMENT FULL. G. W. Weaver & Son.

WE WANT AGENTS \$2250 in Special Prizes,

to canvass for subscribers to the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, the great Rural Magazine. In our annual premium list just issued we illustrate and offer 20 useful and valuable premiums which are given those sending sub. either or we pay a cash commission, as may be preferred. In addition to the premiums or cash commission allowed canvassers for every club of subscribers prepared we offer

to be presented the 22 Agents sending the 22 largest clubs of subscribers to the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST before March 1st, 1889.

\$2250 TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

Remember these prizes will be presented in addition to the premiums or commission allowed for every club of subscribers prepared.

It makes no difference how large or how small the club is the person sending the largest number of subscribers before March 1st will receive the first prize of a \$2500 piano; the person sending the second largest club will receive \$2000 in cash and so on for the balance of the prizes.

You cannot work for a better prize than this. The AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, its superior excellence together with its great reputation, gained by nearly fifty years of continuous publication, make it one of the best of all the country's newspapers. All our premiums will be carried out in every respect, and you can rely on receiving one treatment.

SEND THREE TWO CENT STAMPS for premium list and specimen copy giving full description of premiums and particulars of the above offers.

Address AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, 751 Broadway, New York City.

Mention this paper.

'89-THE WEEKLY HERALD-'89

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

TO KEEP POSTED ON THE

NEWS OF THE ENTIRE WORLD

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD

IT IS AND WILL CONTINUE TO BE THE

Greatest and Cheapest Family Journal

IN THE UNITED STATES.

The coming year promises to be crowded with stirring events.

In the United States entrance of new issues into the political arena has been followed by a change of Administration. But the great economic question on which the campaign turned is still unsettled, and its solution is now committed to a Congress almost equally divided between the two great parties.

Europe is a vast camp. Army corps patrol the frontiers, and millions of men await the signal for the most gigantic war the world has ever seen.

The HERALD'S news-gathering machinery is unequalled. Its correspondents dot the habitable globe. Nothing can escape their vigilance, and no expense is spared in spreading the results of their efforts before the HERALD'S readers.

ALL THE NEWS OF AMERICA

will be found each week in the HERALD, while its

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT

will contain a panorama of the Old World, flashed under the sea over the

COMMERCIAL CABLES.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

PRACTICAL FARMING, PROGRESS IN SCIENCE.

NOTABLE PULPIT UTTERANCES, WOMAN'S WORK, LITERATURE AND ART.

STORIES BY OUR BEST AUTHORS.

INFORMATION ON ALL SUBJECTS.

Address, JAMES GORDEN BENNETT,

NEW YORK HERALD,

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Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.
On and after June 3, 1888, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH.
Leave Emmitsburg at 8:30 a. m. and 3:25 and 5:45 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 9:00 a. m. and 3:55 and 6:15 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH.
Leave Rocky Ridge at 10:43 a. m. and 4:02 and 6:35 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 11:15 a. m. and 4:32 and 7:05 p. m.

JAS. A. ELDER, Pres't.

We are always pleased to receive communications from our friends, containing an account of the news of their localities. Incidents of interest to the public, given in a few words setting forth the facts, are always acceptable. We will give them the shape proper for publication, when the name of the writer accompanies them, this we must have. Articles for insertion must be in this office not later than Thursday morning of each week.

On Dec. 22, Marshall F. Saylor, will sell a lot of valuable personal property at his residence on the farm recently owned by Benjamin Cain, about four miles from this place, on the Bruceville road. See bills.

LOCAL ITEMS.

SEND IN YOUR HOLIDAY LOCALS.

GETTYSBURG is soon to have a shoe factory.

CHRISTMAS two weeks from next Tuesday.

THERE was a slight snow fall on Sunday night.

CALL at Geo. Gingell's for Pure Still-House Liquors.

OUR stores are beginning to have a holiday appearance.

TO LOAN.—\$700 on first mortgage. Apply at this office. nov 17-4t

MR. JOSEPH BYERS raised 6,500 bushels of corn on 45 acres of land this year.

WE have not learned of any Sunday School celebration for Christmas this year.

THE first passenger train left Fairfield on Monday morning at 7:15 with 20 passengers.

JOHN GUNNER of Taneytown, killed two hogs recently, the combined weight of which was 783 lbs.

MR. JACOB CRIST a farmer aged 65 years, residing near Adamstown, was found dead in bed on Monday morning.

"CHURCH Music" will be the subject of Rev. Dr. W. Simonton's discourse on next Sunday morning. Service is at 10 o'clock.

MR. ROBERT NELSON's creamery, near Walkersville, was destroyed by fire last week, together with nearly the entire contents.

THE attention of our readers is called to the adv. of the Victor Poultry Powders, which appears for the first time in this issue.

THE County Commissioners have been in session since Monday, and have re-appointed Mr. E. A. Gittinger clerk for the next year.

A LARGE frame building located on Klinehardt's alley, Frederick, was partially destroyed by an incendiary fire Saturday night.

THE whitest, worst looking hair, resumes its youthful beauty and softness by using Hall's Vegetable Sillian Hair Renewer. Try it.

ALBERT BROS. proprietors of the Williamsport Leader, have changed the name of the paper, and hereafter it will appear as the Williamsport Pilot.

OUR thanks are due to Rev. Dr. E. E. Hildegar for a copy of the official report of The Superintendent of Public Instruction of Pennsylvania for 1888.

LOST.—On Nov. 23d, between the Lutheran parsonage and Mrs. B. Hahn's, a small black shawl. The finder will be rewarded on leaving it at Mrs. B. Hahn's.

WE shall soon prepare our Sale Register for the coming season. Those intending to hold sales should notify us in good time, so that there may be no conflict in the dates; when sales are registered everybody knows just when and where they are to come off. We give a free notice in few words of all sales advertised in this paper, and a reasonable charge is made for those elsewhere advertised.

THE endorsement of *German Syrup* is unparalleled. We will publish 1009 testimonials received during the last six months. Read them. May save your life.

BURLINGHAM, N. Y., May 31, 1886. G. G. GREEN, Dear Sir:—I am frequently troubled with severe colds, and the only remedy that will relieve me of them is your *Bocher's German Syrup*. I have used it for more than twelve years. It is a constant household companion with me. Our merchant here procured it first at my solicitation, and says he has sold a great many bottles. It is a very popular remedy in this section. Every person who has used it speaks in the highest terms of its merit. I do not know of a single case it has not cured. I first used it in Vermont, where I lived before coming here. I advise everyone to use it, as it is certainly the best cough medicine I have ever known. I have tried nearly all of them at different times.

Yours respectfully, MOSES GRAY
Proprietor Grist Mill.

MR. JACOB A. WRIGHT, an aged citizen of Hagerstown, died at his home in that place Sunday afternoon. For a number of years he conducted the Franklin Hotel in that city.

Tour of Inspection.

School Examiner G. H. Worthington having finished paying off the public school teachers of this county started out on Monday to visit the various schools.—*News*.

REV. SAMUEL E. SMITH, recently of Ponca, Neb., preached in the Ev. Lutheran Church, morning and evening, on Sunday last. We had a pleasant call from the Rev. gentleman on Monday evening.

Items From Fairplay.

FAIRPLAY, Pa., Dec. 4, 1888.—Miss Annie Brewer of Clearspring, Md., is visiting at Mr. David Rhodes'.

Mr. Joshua D. Rhodes, who some weeks ago had the misfortune to shoot one of his toes off, is able to be about again.

Avoid using those remedies containing opium, but when the baby is sick use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. It is perfectly safe and always reliable. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

Laxador always cures headache, whether the result of indigestion or nervousness. Price 25 cents. At all drug stores.

The editor of the *CHRONICLE* thanks his many friends and neighbors for their kind remembrances throughout his sickness, the partridges sent in so often by Mr. Hickey have been greatly enjoyed, and Mr. Joseph T. Gelwick will please accept thanks for his thoughtful consideration for the possible needs of an invalid.

THE prospectus of the *New York Herald*, which appears in another column of this issue presents in a few words the magnitude of this greatest of American journals. As is well known its facilities for the collection of news are far beyond those of its contemporaries, and its reports of events are always reliable, while the editorial department is conducted with great care and ability.

A Pastorate of Ten Years.

The Rev. M. L. Piror celebrated the tenth anniversary of his pastorate of St. Paul's English Reformed Church, Baltimore, on Sun. day last. The congregation began worship in a hall corner of Baltimore and Calhoun streets, but have now church property worth more than \$15,000, and recently paid for a \$1,500 pipe organ. The congregation has instructed the consistory to raise the pastor's salary by \$200 a year.

Rheumatism.

It is undoubtedly caused by lactic acid in the blood. This acid attacks the fibrous tissues, and causes the pains and aches in the back, shoulders, knees, ankles, hips and wrists. Thousands of people have found in Hood's Sarsaparilla a positive cure for rheumatism. This medicine, by its purifying action, neutralizes the acidity of the blood, and also builds up and strengthens the whole body.

Daring Accident.

As Mr. R. E. Hockensmith was returning home from this place during the storm on Wednesday night, accompanied by a lady and his little boy, the wheels on one side of his buggy missed the culvert just this side of the junction of the Littlestown and Taneytown roads. The buggy upset, throwing the occupants out and the horse fell backwards on the buggy, literally demolishing it. Fortunately no one was hurt.

A Woman's Discovery.

"Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this country. Disease fastened its clutches upon her for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She bought of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus write W. C. Hamrick & Co., of Shelby, N. C.—"Get a free trial bottle at all Drug Stores."

Pige Pockers.

Mr. L. M. Motter killed four hogs on Monday, which weighed respectively 385, 337, 330 and 298 lbs., an average of 337 1/2 lbs. each.

On the same day Mr. John H. Mentzer killed three which weighed 367 1/2, 334 1/2 and 334 1/2 lbs., an average of 345 1/2 lbs. each. On Monday, Mr. Philip Lawrence killed three hogs, the combined weight of which was 846 lbs., an average of 282 lbs.

Mr. M. Hoke killed three hogs on Tuesday, ten months old, which weighed 299, 273 and 263 lbs. respectively, an average of 277 1/2 lbs. each.

On Wednesday Mr. Theodore Berdner killed two hogs, one of which weighed 417 and the other 399 lbs.

"Dickens Had One Trick."

remarked the professor, in a discussion of favorite authors, "which always stuck me as an oddity. I mean his habit of pinning some distinctive word or phrase on a character, which must be uttered on all occasions. Now people in real life don't iterate like parrots. At least, I know of only one person who is liable to such criticism—young Bowden, my neighbor. The picture of health isn't he? Ruddy cheeks, sparkling eyes, ringing voice. Well, his pet phrase, which I've heard him repeat to perhaps a score of people suffering from coughs and weak lungs, is, 'Take Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.' No wonder, either, for it saved him from a consumptive's grave."

\$500 Reward offered by proprietors of Dr. Sagar's Catarrh Remedy for an incurable case.

Found Gaily.

Geo. Gingell for selling choice Liquors of all kinds.

A CHRISTMAS present that will renew itself each week throughout the year can be had for only one dollar. Send the *EMMITTSBURG CHRONICLE* to a friend and it will surely be appreciated.

MR. ELI GROP, one of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Mechanicstown, died Sunday night last, of Bright's disease, in his 90th year. He leaves a widow, three sons and one daughter.

The attention of our readers is called to the change in the time cards of the Western Maryland and Emmitsburg Railroads which took effect on Monday. The afternoon train for Baltimore leaves Emmitsburg at 3:20 now, instead of 3:25 at heretofore.

If any of our readers desire steady paying work, we advise them to write J. E. Whitney, nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. for terms to agents, as he furnishes fine outfits free. His stock is warranted, and prices reasonable. Experience is not needed.

TUNE up the system and improve the appetite by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It will make you feel like a new person. Thousands have found health, and relief from suffering, by the use of this great blood purifier, when all other means failed.

THE editor of the *EMMITTSBURG CHRONICLE* desires to express grateful acknowledgment of the kind wishes and flattering notice of his labors as a journalist conveyed through the columns of the *Catoctin Clarion*, by its editor, and also his appreciation of the kindly notices from other of his contemporaries.

Sheriff Indicted.

The grand jury of Washington county last week returned an indictment against Sheriff Gattrell. There are seven counts to the indictment, which are for malfeasance in office in not keeping the jail in proper condition, mistreatment of prisoners, etc.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by All Druggists.

Confirmation at St. Joseph's Church.

His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons, will arrive at Emmitsburg, this (Friday) evening. Saturday will be a holiday, being the feast of the Immaculate Conception, and the Cardinal will preach at High Mass, which is at 10 o'clock, a. m., after which he will give confirmation. On Sunday the Cardinal will give confirmation at St. Mary's College.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR.—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,
T. A. STORM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Death of Dr. Gleason.

Intelligence has been received in this city of the death of Rev. Dr. Geo. W. Gleason, who died of old age on Monday at 3 o'clock in the afternoon at his home in Shippensburg, Pa. At the time of his death he was 81 years old. The deceased was a Reformed minister and was stationed in this city and preached to the Germans from 1863 to 1865. He was an uncle to Wm. T. and Geo. W. Gleason of this city. The funeral took place on Thursday at Shippensburg, Pa.—*News*.

Death of Mr. Joseph Hays.

Mr. Joseph Hays died at his residence West of this place between three and four o'clock on Wednesday morning. He was taken with a congestive chill some weeks ago, which led to other disorders and finally resulted in death. Mr. Hays was a native of this community, and resided here all his life. For a number of years he conducted the foundry now operated by the Friley Brothers in this place, and after they purchased it he moved to his residence out side of town. He was a director of the Frederick & Emmitsburg Turn-Pike Company at the time of his death, and has held different positions connected with the business interests of this county. In politics Mr. Hays was a staunch Prohibitionist. He leaves a widow and two grown children. His funeral took place on Friday, the interment being made in the Presbyterian cemetery.

A Valuable Medical Treatise.

The edition for 1889 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States, Mexico, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for over one-fourth of a century. It combines, with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, &c., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1889 will probably be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietor, Messrs. Hostetter & Co., Pittsburg, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

We have been informed by a person whom we consider reliable authority, that it took four men to lift the back bone of one of Theodore Berdner's big hogs.

THE December term of the Circuit Court for this county will convene on Monday next, the number of cases on the docket are as follows: Criminals 49, original 40, trials 230, recognizances 57, repeals 54.—*News*.

As Mr. Frank P. Topper was driving up street on Tuesday evening, his buggy collided with a spring wagon coming down, the occupants of which we have not learned. Mr. T. was thrown out and the spindle of his buggy bent. The shafts on the spring wagon were also broken.

We have the satisfaction of hearing from several sources that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is all it claims to be—a genuinely good preparation.

Publ. *Molly Stark*, Toulon, Ill.

"Oh! it is excused to have a giant's strength" and walk the earth free and happy again was what the man said when he had cured his ten-year rheumatism with a bottle of *Salvation Oil*. 25 cts.

MR. JOSHUA MOTTER, a leading member of the wholesale firm of Tootle, Hosea & Co., St. Joseph, Mo., is visiting his mother at "Clovertown," near this place. Mr. Motter yet retains all of his geniality and good nature, and his numerous friends here, thus attached to him, have accorded him a hearty welcome.—*Williamsport Transcript*.

READ the adv. of the *American Agriculturist* which appears in this issue. This old and reliable periodical is so well known that recommendations from us are unnecessary, yet we will say that throughout its various departments it furnishes its readers with the best practical information of the day, and stands at the head of agricultural journalism in this country, being quoted as authority by our best farmers and gardeners. By a special arrangement with the publishers we are enabled to offer the *American Agriculturist* in connection with the *CHRONICLE* at the low combination price of \$2 a year.

Emmitsburg Creamery.

We announced last week that Messrs. Late & Ogle would start a creamery in this place and that a lot of ground had been purchased on which to erect the buildings. A frame building 26x30 feet has already been erected just North of the Railroad depot, and the engine room will be built as a wing on the South side. The machinery will be of the latest improved pattern, and driven by an eight-horse-power engine. They will commence operations as soon as the machinery can be placed in position. The capacity of this creamery will enable them to use the products of from five to seven hundred cows, and the arrangements have all been devised so as to admit of enlarging the capacity at any time. They hope to begin operations by the first of January, and will buy both cream and milk.

As this move will create a market at home, our farmers will no doubt pay more attention to dairy farming in the future. The creamery will fill a long felt want in this community, and the *CHRONICLE* looks back with pride to the interest it has taken in agitating the work.

No other remedy is so reliable, in cases of sudden colds, or croup, or for any and all derangements of the throat and lungs, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This wonderful medicine affords great relief in consumption, even in the advanced stages of that disease.

PERSONALS.
Mr. Wm. H. Biggs of Rocky Ridge was in town this week.

Rev. Father Grannon has gone to Baltimore.

Mr. F. B. Welty of the Baltimore Custom House spent Sunday at his home near this place.

John C. Motter, Esq., and wife of Frederick were in town this week.

Miss Effie Hoke of near Fairfield made a visit to her aunt Mrs. Jacob Smith.

Mrs. Ann Hoover has returned home from Taneytown.

Mr. H. D. Ashbaugh and Miss Delta Gelwick made a visit to Mechanicstown.

Mrs. Jane Myrley of Berryville, Va., and Miss Helen Wampler of Westminster are the guests of Mr. Jos. Byers.

Mrs. Geo. C. Habighurst has returned home from Baltimore.

Mr. J. A. Horner and wife, Mr. Fred McClinton, Anthony Coyne and his mother were in Baltimore this week.

Rev. I. M. Motter and T. A. Harbaugh, Esq., of Waynesboro made a short visit to Mr. I. M. Motter's.

Misses Mary Shorb and Mary Elder made a trip to Union Bridge.

Mr. Chas. E. Gillelan and Dr. John Reigle were in Gettysburg this week.

Miss Mary McDavitt has returned home from Frederick.

Mr. Geo. Slate spent Sunday at home.

The Farmers' Club met at Mr. Joseph Byers' last Saturday. Among the invited guests were Messrs. John G. Byers and wife of Littlestown and E. Frizelle and sister Miss Flora of Frizzellesburg.

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have attested their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at all Drug Stores.

THEN AND NOW.

BLUE RIDGE SUMMIT, Dec. 6, 1888.—Twenty-four years ago, or thereabouts, a person saw from his window, that commanded a view of the old turnpike, large moving bodies of men and horses, commanded by such gallant heroes as Lee, Custer, Jackson, Kilpatrick and others too numerous to mention, whose name will forever live in history. Last Monday morning at an early hour the same person looked a-down the pike. What did he see? He saw approaching a body of men; ye, a, verily, armed men; for they bore guns of any calibre and pattern, and also sticks and clubs. Possibly beneath their outer garments were hidden bombs of improved Chicago pattern; and they numbered thirty, or thereabouts. "What means it?" the Early Riser mentally asked. He rubbed his eyes vigorously to assure himself that he was awake, and then fixed his gaze intently upon the approaching column. To speak mildly, the Early Riser was for a moment crazed. Had not peace been declared? Had not hostilities ceased when Grant at Appomattox said to Lee: "I cannot accept your sword?" Had the return of Lord Sackville inspired wrath in the breast of the British Lion, and had England thrown down the gauntlet? No; that could not be. "We certainly are at peace with every foreign power," mused the thoroughly perplexed Early Riser. "What can it mean?" And with this body of men came vehicles drawn by four animals. These were left at a bend in the road, and the men proceeded on foot up the mountain, cautiously, though courageously. It was evident that these vehicles were not army wagons, and the straggling manner in which the men moved, showed at a glance that they were not soldiers. Still, they were armed, and it was quite apparent that they meant business. "They must be going to attack some stronghold," quoth the Early Riser, and here it may be observed he spoke correct. But his ignorance in not knowing that Gettysburg and her ally Fairfield, had declared war against Italy, cannot be pardoned. But as the gallant knights approached the stronghold—which was simply a mountain log hut of antique type, and apparently deserted—the purpose of the invading army flashed upon the Early Riser. They entered the gateway, surrounded the hut, looked carefully to their weapons and possibly breathed an inward prayer to their Divine Master. Then there seemed to be a pause—

Where, where was "Donny" then? One rattle of his bags of coin. Were worth ten thousand men.

It cannot be that there is mutiny slumbering in the breasts of these valiant men. Perish the thought! But why, why do they delay? It has been written that when Greek meets Greek then comes the tug of war. But more appropriate in these premises might it be said: When Gettysburg and Fairfield meet Italy, then comes the sweep of petticoat. And just as the Early Riser was saying it, there appeared at the door of the next cottage a lady of middle age, who addressed the attacking forces as follows: "Have no fear, gentlemen. Nobody is going to hurt you; go right in." Perhaps they did not think the pool large enough to tempt them. Perchance they considered it too large. This was probably the case, for a weak voice was heard to lip: "Are you quite sure?" "Perfectly sure," was the calm reply of the lady, "I will open the door for you." With such a leader can the result be doubted? Can it be supposed by even the most incredulous, that when led by this modern Semiramis the allied forces quailed? No; no; a thousand times no! They rushed on to victory, or rather victory rushed on to them. For about thirty hungry, penniless, unarmed Italian laborers filed slowly from the old building. "We have met the enemy and they are ours!" You will find your carriages below the hill," slanted the commander-in-chief. "We want our money," articulated the spokesman of the vanquished legion, "we want our pay. No pay, no *mungi*. No *mungi* no work." "Come with us and you shall have your pay," shouted the victorious chief, and the Sons of the Sunland marched gladly forth. And here endeth the Battle of South Mountain. It is now rumored that these men who were taken, ostensibly, for the purpose of giving unto them their money, were driven direct to Gettysburg and incarcerated. Now that the Early Riser has written of the effect, he may be permitted to turn to the cause. It seems these Italians were laborers on the new railroad. Their wages were one dollar per day; payable once every month. Pay-day dawned. But the Sub-Sub-Contractor, where was he? In some mysterious manner he had learned of the severe illness of his grand-mother or his mother-in-law or some other female relative, and he had flown to her bedside. Can this notion, unselfish, generous action be condemned? Oh, no. But unfortunately his great grief, his heartfelt sympathy for the indisposed relative so absorbed him, that he wholly forgot that the shekels where-with to pay these toilers of the railroad, were in his pocket—of course they went with him. The Italians argued that their money could be of no earthly aid to a dying woman, and that they had not begun quite yet to lay up treasures in Heaven for themselves. And they felt that the Sub-Sub, would return. But alas! he forgot to return! At length, concluding that the sympathetic Sub-Sub was the real invalid, and that he had died of loss of memory, they abandoned work. Seeing a white laborer, who was also a victim of the Sub-Sub appropriating various and sundry tools belonging to the railroad, which he intended to hold in lieu of pay, they compelled him to put them back. They argued that if they submitted without a murmur, others would be put in their places, and they never would get their pay. That by keeping possession of the tools belonging to their section, others

could not work, and some action would be taken by the railroad company. Now you have learned of the cause. The Early Riser is not a Nihilist nor an Anarchist, neither does he approve of strikes or strikers. But it does seem to him that a person must live frugally indeed, to be able on one dollar a day to board and clothe himself and send a portion of his wages to a distant family. It would seem hard to do it, even with the dollar in hand, but without the dollar how can it be done? And these men were, unfortunately without it. From all that can be learned, these men were well-bred, sober and industrious. And it does seem hard just because there are bad, lawless Italians in the country—as there are of every other nationality—that these innocent, hard-working laborers should be classed with them, especially when they sought only that to which they were unquestionably entitled.

A constable's sale of personal property belonging to L. Y. Diller, (sub-contractor) which had been seized by his creditors, took place at the Clermont House this morning. The property consisted of shovels, picks, crowbars, nails, hammers and other articles. About twenty-three dollars was realized. Constable Rodgers acted auctioneer.

Another sale will take place at the house of Mr. Joe Lee, on Monday next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The property to be sold consists of the personal effects of a Sub-Sub-Contractor of the new railroad, and comprises various articles.

The Holidays.

and the cold winter weather are now rapidly approaching. The joyful season is eagerly anticipated by young folks in thousands of homes; but in nearly all there are one or more older ones to whom the cold waves and the storms mean renewed suffering from rheumatic back or limbs. It is not claimed that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a positive specific for rheumatism; we doubt if there is or can be such a remedy. But the remarkable success Hood's Sarsaparilla has had in curing this affliction is sufficient reason for those who are suffering to try this peculiar medicine.

Italians Arrested.

The Sheriff of Adams county arrested twenty-eight Italians who were recently at work on the Western Extension of the B. & O. R. R. on Monday. The trouble which ended in the arrest of the men is given briefly in the following extract from the *Gettysburg Star and Sentinel*:

It seems that two of the sub-contractors Mr. Donahue and Capt. Diller abandoned their sections, and it is alleged without discharging their obligations to the laborers. The latter of their foremen, but this they refused to accept and insisted upon full payment. Failing to receive this, on Friday morning armed with picks, clubs, fire-arms and other weapons about 35 of them took possession of the Diller section and compelled the men working thereon to cease work, declaring that they would permit no one to work until they were paid.

Much sympathy is expressed for the Italians. They have undoubtedly been treated badly, but this does not justify their violation of law.

THE *Country Magazine* for December opens with a frontispiece representing The Coming of Winter. The reading matter as well as the illustrations, are of the best to be found in our periodical literature. W. J. Stillman treats of the works of Duccio in his discussions of the "Old Italian Masters." George Kennan furnishes us further descriptions of the hardships of Russia's exiles in a continuation of "Life on the Great Siberian Road." "The Reorganization of the British Empire," is discussed by George R. Parkie; "From Sinai to Shechem," is described by Edward L. Wilson; Julian Hawthorne has a short story entitled "The Third of March;" "London" is described in a lengthy and interesting article by Henry James; J. M. Buckley writes of "Becher at Liverpool in '63," and is followed by "The Last Manuscript of Henry Ward Beecher;" "A White Umbrella in Mexico," is a short story by F. Hopkinson Smith; "Strange True Stories of Louisiana," by Geo. W. Cable; "The Romance of Dollars," second part; "The Rise and Fall of 'The Irish Aisle,'" by Geo. H. Jessop; "A Mine—A Plot," by M. S. Edwards, Topics of the Time, Open Letters, and quite a large collection which closes the year 1888.

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Emmitsburg Chronicle.

SATURDAY, DEC. 8, 1888.

A QUARREL.

There's a knowing little proverb,
From the sunny land of Spain;
But in Northland, as in Southland,
Is its meaning clear and plain.
Look it up within your heart;
Neither lose nor lend it—
Two it takes to make a quarrel;
One can always end it.

Try it well in every way,
Still you'll find it true.
In a fight without a foe,
Pray what could you do?
If the wrath is yours alone,
Soon you will expend it.
Two it takes to make a quarrel;
One can always end it.

Let's suppose that both are wroth,
And the strife begun.
If one voice shall cry for "Peace,"
Soon it will be done;
If but one shall span the breach,
He will quickly mend it.
Two it takes to make a quarrel;
One can always end it.

—Harper's Young People.

Keeping Ice in the South.

The ordinary Virginia ice-house consists of a conical excavation in the ground, say from sixteen to twenty feet deep, the same in width at the top, narrowing down to six feet at the bottom. Here a barrel-shaped hole is dug for drainage; above this a floor of rails is laid, and the cone above is lined with pine poles.

When I moved from the North to my farm here, and remembered the ice-houses there, filled with thick ice nicely sawed, closely packed, and surrounded with a compact lining of sawdust, I looked at this hole in the ground with some disfavor; but as it was the only ice-house to be had, I was compelled to use it. Winter came, with ice from two to three inches thick, and no use for a saw; so, under the direction of "Uncle Sam," an intelligent negro, we broke the ice on the pond, drew it ashore, filled an ox-cart (for there was no sleighing), dumped it into the ice-house, and continued to dump until the house was full, and then covered the ice with straw. The ice kept better than I had expected, but not so well as in northern ice-houses.

The conical shape of the pit kept the ice in a compact body, as when it settled it was necessarily pressed into a solid mass. I found, however, that the ice melted at the sides faster than was desirable, and concluded that the heat rising from the earth was more to be dreaded than that from the air above. Next year, instead of cleaning out my ice-house, I left the straw that was put on top of the ice at the bottom, putting the ice on top, and of course covering the ice with fresh straw. This practice proved so satisfactory that it was continued ever since, and it is now ten years or more since I saw the bottom of the house, and the ice keeps much better than formerly.—GEO. CLENDON in American Agriculturist for October.

Egg-laying Stimulant.

In order to stimulate winter-laying, an American exchange recommends to put two or more quarts of water in a kettle and one large seed pepper, or two small ones; then put the kettle over the fire. When the water boils stir in the coarse Indian meal until you have a thick mush. Let it cook an hour or so; feed hot. Horse-radish is chopped fine and stirred into mush as prepared in the above directions, and for results we are getting from five to ten eggs per day, whereas previous to feeding we had not had eggs for a long time. We hear a good deal of complaint from other people about not getting eggs. To supply we would recommend cooked feed fed hot. Boiled apple-skins seasoned with red pepper, or boiled potatoes seasoned with horse-radish, are good for feed, much better than uncooked food. Corn, when fed to the hen by itself, has a tendency to fatten rather than produce the more profitable egg-laying. A spoonful of sulphur stirred with their feed occasionally will rid them of vermin and tone up their systems.

Cooked Celery.

Cut the celery into small pieces and boil it until soft. The patient should drink the water in which it is cooked. Serve the celery hot on toast. It is said to be a specific for rheumatism.

PROFESSOR WIGGINS, the Canadian weather prophet, feels not at all flattered—in fact is highly indignant—at having been elected an honorary member of the Boston Ananias Club.

Miscellaneous.

AWAY WITH CARES.
BY JOHN R. BEDEK.

Away, away with grief and care,
Away with woe and sorrow;
I do not wish to woe despair,
And would no trouble borrow.

I would be gay and happy too,
And wish no clouds to lower;
For what's the use of repining now,
And looking cross and sour.

This life should be all sweet and fair,
Made up of happy faces;
Then what's the use to borrow care—
It lends to us no graces.

Fabulous Prices for Madstones.

The development of so many cases of hydrophobia in various parts of the country has made almost invaluable the madstones which have proved efficacious in almost every instance where applied to wounds of persons bitten by mad dogs. A great number of years ago there was found in the woods of Halifax county, Va., a bag of these stones, some of which are now in the possession of Mr. H. A. Lockett, a well-known citizen of Prince George county, who lives a short distance from Petersburg. These stones were found by a man who subsequently became indebted to Mr. Lockett to the amount of about \$1,200, and, having nothing else with which to liquidate the debt, he gave the stones to Mr. Lockett in payment of the same. A small piece of one of these stones brought the fabulous price of \$900. They are known to be genuine and, with the exception of one or two others, are the only ones in the State. Mr. Lockett, on being asked at how high a figure he valued the stones, replied: "They are worth more than the whole of Petersburg."

Chestnuts and Chestnuts the World Over.

According to the latest returns published by the minister of agriculture, it appears, says the *Journal of the Society of Arts*, that the chestnut tree is cultivated in every province of Italy, excepting those of Milan, Cremona, Mantua, Rovigo, Ferrara, Acona, Bari, Lecce, Syracuse, Girgenti, and Trapani; that is to say, it is cultivated in fifty-six provinces; and that, out of 8,257 communes in Italy, it is cultivated in 1,313. The chestnut is cultivated on the most extensive scale in Liguria, and on the least in Sardinia. The total production throughout the kingdom, of fresh chestnuts, is 391,393 tons annually, which would average 1.33 kilograms per inhabitant; in Liguria it reaches 101.5 per head, and in Sicily only 3.57. A considerable quantity of chestnuts is exported to France, Austria, Egypt, Switzerland and South America; while on the other hand, a very insignificant quantity is imported from France, Austria and Switzerland.

MALMAISON, the famous chateau of the ill-fated Josephine de Beauharnais, is simply going by piece-meal to the rats, and it has been suggested that the place should be converted into a museum containing historical relics of the first empire. Malmaison was offered for sale at an upset price of £10,000, but no bidder could be found. The park is now let out in small lots to builders, and hideous villas are rising around the chateau. The two facades of the mansion—that of the court-yard and of the garden—are intact, but the interior is like a barn. The salon of Josephine still exists, with its mural decorations of birds and gilt flowers, and so do the dining-hall, the council chamber—shaped like a tent—and the library, but the furniture is all gone.

Insect Destroyer.

Our Country Home says: Hot alum water is the best insect destroyer known. Put the alum into hot water, and let it boil till it is all dissolved; then apply the hot solution with a brush to all the cracks, bedsteads, and other places where insects are found. Ants, bed bugs, roaches and creeping things are killed by it, while there is no danger of poisoning the family or injuring the property.

THERE is something paradoxical about counterfeiting. It is a money-making business which does not pay.

"Wiggins, the prophet, appears to be lost," says an exchange. This is all profit and no loss.

THE cat o' nine tails evidently means to provide each of his lives with a caudal appendage.

Or a bank check it may be truly said, "It's face is its fortune."

Humorous.

WHAT does every bald headed man wear on his head? His hat.

DROPPED hair pins bring more women to their knees than all the sermons in the world.

THE rooster that crows the loud-est is always the first to scoop when a strange dog comes in the yard.

WHY is a man who makes pens very wicked? He makes people steel pens and then say they do write.

How could you make a thin man fat? By throwing him out of a window he would come down plump.

AN exchange asks "Why is the Penitentiary like the Kingdom of heaven?" Because few rich men enter therein.

A TEACHER was hearing a class in geography, and asked where the sun rose. Max answered promptly: "It rises in the East and empties in the West."

"HERE," said a dentist to a victim, "is my reception room; and that," pointing into an inner office containing a big chair, "is my drawing room."

FRENCHMAN—"Yes, Miss Bostonia, in the Mediterranean I sailed through schools of sardines." Miss Bostonia—"Nonsense! How could they swim in those heavy tin boxes?"

A MAN in Chicago swallowed a needle the other day, and a local paper insists that it didn't exaggerate when, in referring to the denouement, it said he coughed up a sewing machine.

ONE of the contemporary poets asks: "Where are the bright girls of the past?" Our own observation is that some of them are administering doses of paregoric to the bright girls of the future.

A COLORED woman, when reproved for undue expression of grief, said: "Now, look heah, honey when de Lord sends us tribulations down, don't you 'spos' he 'speets us to tribulate."

NOT much breakage—"Oh, the Frenchman was very harshly treated. They threw him off the balcony into the street."—"They did? Well, was he hurt much?"—"Anything broken?"—"Nothing but his English."

A GOOD story is told of a well-known Bangor, Me., lawyer who is noted for his absent-mindedness. He went up his own stairs the other day, and seeing a notice on his door, "Back at 2 o'clock," sat down to wait for himself.

IX Bad Shape.—Visitor (to sick woman).—"How are you feeling this morning, Mrs. O'Toolihan?" Mrs. O'Toolihan—"Och, leddy, it is that bad Oi an wid a complication av troubles—rheumatism, lumbago, and all; and it was only this mornin, that the docther—bivered his sow!—said there—bivered his docther's symptoms av convalescence."

Where She Had Him.

Wife—"The Bible says much in favor of women, John. I thought that Israelites keep their women in the background, but if they did the Bible which is their history doesn't."

Husband—"Humph! The Israelites did well by keeping their women in the background; that's where women should be."

W.—"But still the Bible says that—"

H.—"Oh! I know there are a few women mentioned in the Bible—there was Jezebel: she was a woman."

W.—"Yes and there was Ahab; he was a man. And there was—"

H.—"It is no use talking, Mary. The Bible is a history of men. Women are mentioned only incidentally, as they had influence on the actions of men. The book says very little about women compared to what it does about men."

W.—(musingly)—"You may be right after all, John, now when I come to think of it. There is one thing, at any rate, it says about men that it does not say about women."

H.—(smilingly)—"I thought you would come to your senses, Mary. What is it the book says about men that it doesn't say about women?"

W.—(placidly)—"It says, 'All men are liars.'"

Then the husband arose and put on his hat and went out to see what kind of a night it was.

A GREAT MAGAZINE.

The Century for 1889.



THE question has often been asked, "What does *The Century* owe its great circulation?" The *Christian Union* once answered this by the statement that "it has been fairly won, not by advertising schemes, but by the excellence which characterizes it in every department." In their announcements for the coming year the publishers state that it has always been their desire to make *The Century* the one indispensable periodical of its class, so that whatever other publication might be desirable in the family, *The Century* could not be neglected by those who wish to keep abreast of the times in all matters pertaining to culture. And the unprecedented circulation of the magazine would seem to be the response of the public to this intention.

With the November number *The Century* begins its thirty-seventh volume. Two great features of the magazine which are to continue throughout the new volume are already well known to the public, the Lincoln history and the papers on "Evolution and the Exile System." The rest of these, written by Messrs. Nicolay and Hay, President Lincoln's private secretaries, contains the inside history of the dark days of the war, as seen from the White House.

THE SERBIAN PAPERS, by George Kuman, are attracting the attention of the civilized world. The *Chicago Tribune* says that "no other magazine articles printed in the English language just now touch upon a subject which so vitally interests all thoughtful people in Europe and America and Asia." As is already known, these articles were torn out by the customs officials at the frontier.

DURING 1889 *The Century* will publish the most important feature that has yet found place in its pages. It is the result of four years' work of Mr. Timothy Cole, the leading magazine engraver of the world, in the galleries of the originals the greatest pictures by the old masters. A series of papers on the hand, its customs, and its uses, etc., will appear, and there are to be illustrated articles on Bible scenes, and especially the subjects of the International Sunday-School Lessons. George Cable will write "Barrage, Texas Stories." There will be novelettes by leading writers, occasional articles on war subjects (supplementing the famous "War Papers" by General Grant and others, which have been appearing in the *Century*), etc., etc.

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