



In order to give our readers as much of the President's Message to Congress on last Monday, as we can, we use the following synopsis, mainly from the Baltimore Sun:

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The message of President Hayes to the Senate and House of Representatives, opens with his congratulations on the continued and increasing prosperity of the country. The recent presidential election, and the immediate general and cheerful acquiescence of all good people in its result he regards as an example that cannot fail to impress profoundly thoughtful people of other countries with the advantages which republican institutions afford. In respect to several of the late slaveholding States he declares that the colored people there are still prevented the free enjoyment of the rights of citizenship, and while admitting that they were subjected to no acts of violence and intimidation at the late election, asserts that they were defeated in the exercise of the suffrage by fraudulent practices in connection with the ballots and count, and in other ways. He remarks justly that it is the desire of the good people of the country that sectionalism as a factor in politics should disappear, and he trusts that the two houses of Congress will investigate the returns and qualifications of their respective members, and see to it that no benefit from such violation shall accrue to any person or party, and that the Executive, with sufficient appropriations for the purpose, will prosecute unsparingly all who have been engaged in depriving citizens of their constitutional rights.

The President holds that universal suffrage should be supported by universal education, and he recommends that Congress take the matter in hand and supplement the local funds by grants of public lands, and, if necessary, by appropriations from the treasury—the proceeds, it is to be presumed, to be disbursed by federal agents. On civil service reform the theoretical views of President Hayes have undergone no modification. He still believes that there is great danger to be apprehended from appointments for personal or partisan considerations—danger that threatens the stability of the government. He recommends an appropriation of \$25,000 per annum to meet the expenses of a commission to examine into the fitness of candidates, under the authority given to the President in the Revised Statutes, section 1753. He would do away with political patrons and have only open competition, but he does not add that the service should be non-partisan, although he recommends such legislation as will leave every officer free to express his political opinions, and to feel safe in refusing to pay political assessments. He holds further that it is a departure from the spirit of the constitution to allow members of Congress to make nominations for office.

The next subject taken up in the message is polygamy in Utah. As it cannot be put down by local action, and as all laws against it are inoperative, it is recommended that a new government be organized in Utah, to be composed wholly of Gentiles, or that the Mormons be deprived by law of the right to vote, hold office or sit on juries if they either practice or uphold polygamy.

In regard to our relations with foreign powers, the message says we are at peace with all; that the fishery outrage at Fortune bay, Nova Scotia, is in process of settlement with Great Britain; that a convention with France has been concluded and ratified for the settlement of claims of citizens of both countries, and the commission for this purpose is now in session at Washington. Our relations with Germany are friendly, and in the international fish commission American exhibitors took many prizes of a high class; but the naturalization question is still unsettled. The trouble with Spain for interfering with our merchant marine is undergoing investigation,

and the joint commission for adjusting other claims of United States citizens against Spain is about to terminate its labors.

The consular treaty with Belgium will be adjusted at an early day, but the treaty of extradition with Denmark has failed. New treaties have been agreed upon between the United States and China which are soon to be laid before the Senate. The war between Chili, Peru and Bolivia is touched upon, but our attempt at mediation is announced to have failed. With Brazil we hold cordial relations and our trade is extending. Congress is asked for the necessary appropriations to meet the expenses of the International Sanitary Conference to be held at Washington at the beginning of the year.

The prompt attention of Congress is asked to measures calculated to develop our foreign commerce, and it is suggested that great service might be expected from the laying of a transmarine cable from San Francisco to the islands of the Pacific, Japan and Australia, by private capital, and if necessary by congressional aid—a recommendation which has a strong leaning towards a renewal of the old system of subsidies.

Our financial condition is reported to be very satisfactory. The total of ordinary receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30 is put at \$333,526,610 98; the total of expenditures at \$267,642,957 78, leaving a surplus revenue of \$65,883,653 20, which, added to the cash balance in the treasury of \$8,084,484 21, makes a total surplus of \$73,968,087 41, all of which has been applied to the redemption of United States securities—the redemption of bonds for the sinking fund taking \$73,652,900 of the surplus. The increase of revenue for the past year over the year previous was \$59,699,426 72. It is estimated that the surplus revenue this year will reach \$90,000,000. The debt of the United States has been reduced from \$2,756,481,571 41 in 1865 to \$1,886,019,504 65, and of the principal of the debt \$103,758,100 has been paid since March 1, 1877.

The resumption of specie payments; it is alleged, has contributed greatly to the revival of business and our remarkable prosperity. In respect to the \$346,681,016 of legal-tender notes now outstanding it is recommended that they be redeemed and retired from circulation. The difficulty of getting the silver dollar into circulation is alluded to. The total amount coined up to the 1st of November last was \$72,847,750, of which only \$25,763,291 are in the hands of the people. Congress is reminded that the average market value of the silver dollar during the last fiscal year has been but eighty-eight cents, and as the constitution recognizes gold and silver as the only true legal-tender money, he suggests that they should be of equivalent value.

The expenditures of the War Department for the fiscal year were \$39,924,773 08. The appropriations for the current fiscal year amount to \$41,903,630 40. Attention is called to the report of the Secretary of War, who asks that the strength of the army be raised in accordance with law to 30,000 enlisted men, the appropriations now only providing for 25,000. A comprehensive improvement of the Mississippi river and its tributaries is regarded as a matter of transcendent importance. The message also strongly urges the passage of an act of Congress appointing ex-President Grant captain-general of the army, with suitable compensation. A condensed statement of the report of the Secretary of the Navy is given, showing total expenditures of the year \$12,016,639 45, and the total estimates for the next fiscal year \$15,953,751 61. It is recommended that some form of civil government be established in Alaska. The receipts of the postal service in 1880 were \$88,815,479 34. For the ensuing year they are estimated at \$88,845,174 10, and the expenditures at \$42,475,932. The establishment of American lines of steamers with postal subsidies is recommended.

On the Indian question, the establishment of Indian schools and the allotment of lands to the Indians in severally are recommended. The hope of the commissioner of agriculture in relation to the home production of sugar on an extensive scale, and also of tea, is alluded to, and the attention of Congress is called to the prevalence of pleuro-pneumonia among our cattle. The message winds up with some recommendations in regard to the District of Columbia, and closes by urging the reclamation of the marshes of the Potomac adjacent to the capital. As a whole the message is well written, and, if not strong, contains nothing, if we except its reference to the South, that is really objectionable, although some of its statements are fairly open to criticism.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue in his forthcoming report will recommend the abolition of the stamp tax on matches, bank checks and proprietary medicines. This recommendation, it is understood, will be concurred in by the Secretary of the Treasury. The receipts from these sources are about \$6,500,000. In view of the enormous receipts from internal revenue the government can very easily dispense with the comparatively insignificant stamp tax, which, while it is not onerous, is oftentimes very inconvenient.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

GEN. HAZEN, the new chief signal officer, is a Vermonter, and a graduate of West Point.

Six poets who have passed three-score and ten: Longfellow, Tennyson, Hugo, Whittier, Browning, and Holmes.

MR. JOHN W. GARRETT was on Wednesday, it being the 23d time, re-elected president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

THROUGH proper mercantile arrangements, the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. have rescinded their notice for increased elevator storage, and everything in that line of business has since become happy.

In the Circuit Court of Carroll county last week, Herman Selman was found guilty of the charge of placing a cross-tie on the track of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, near Marriotsville, with malicious intent. He was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

COL. KING, of Pittsburg, who is largely interested in coal mines, and who has become weary of strikes and the unreasonable demands of his men, is making arrangements to put four hundred negroes into his mines.

MR. LONGFELLOW can take a worthless sheet of paper and by writing a poem on it make it worth \$50. That's genius. Mr. Vanderbilt can write fewer words on a similar sheet and make it worth \$50,000,000. That's capital.

JAMES C. WATSON, the eminent astronomer of the Wisconsin State University, died on Tuesday, and will be buried at Ann Arbor, Michigan, where he formerly held the position of director of the observatory at the University of Michigan.

COL. WM. G. GORDON, of Chesterfield, Ohio, is said to be 113 years old, and still a comparatively strong and active man. He is wealthy and manages his own business affairs. In his youth he served in the British army and knew the great Napoleon.

A correspondent writing to Petersburg from Wilson, Grayson county, Va., reports that diphtheria has recently prevailed in a very malignant form in that county. In some families five and six persons died, and in one instance the whole family died, not one escaping.

Mrs. Theresa Reimenschneider, alias Auerbach, alias Gran, alias Temple, a prepossessing woman, 25 years old, was arrested last night in Brooklyn, N. Y., charged with bigamy and grand larceny. It is said she has married fourteen Germans in Newark, N. J., and elsewhere, for the simple purpose of robbing them. She will be taken to Newark for trial.

THREE BOYS DROWNED.—At Wilmington, Del., Saturday evening, Thomas J. Wilson and Wm. H. Bacon, aged thirteen years, and Jacob C. Cole, aged twelve years, were playing on the ice on Shelipot creek, when the ice gave way. Before assistance could reach them Cole and Bacon became numb and were drowned. Oilsoo was taken out alive in an exhausted condition, but died before the services of a physician could be secured.

COUNTERFEITERS are ever on the alert to find fresh fields to work, but they never imitate a worthless article. Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pad was brought out about ten years ago, and since then a host of chaps without skill or conscience have sought to imitate it by many worthless affairs; but a discriminating public will hold "fast to that which is good," and the Guilmette Pad more than holds its own. It cures all kidney diseases and succeeds where medicine often fails.—Ask your druggist if this is not so.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 7th.

The coming of Congress and the publication of the President's last annual message are the two absorbing topics at this time. The meeting of Congress is the all important event in Washington life, for with it opens the Winter season of gaiety; balls, receptions, theatres, concerts, and the like. The opening of the session yesterday, was without special interest, most of the members were in their seats, and the preliminaries that attend the opening of a new Congress, by their absence yesterday, really made it a continuation of the session closed last June.

But little is expected of this session—the last of the 46th. If the regular appropriation bills are passed in time to save an extra session, the country will, I have no doubt be satisfied. The fact is, this session, is the last hand in a game already decided, and the results can not change the relative positions of the players, they are anxious to get through, and have a new deal.—This Congress, as we all know, is Democratic, the next is Republican, the Democrats, knowing the causes of defeat, will steer clear of the rocks on which their party of the present Congress sank; the Republicans, filled with gratitude for the return of public confidence and favor, will do nothing to cause regret of the verdict on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November last.

On the whole, the session, while it may be a valuable one to the business, and other interests of the country, will be devoid of the political excitements which have characterized the previous sessions of this Congress.

The annual message of President Hayes, is the largest, and perhaps the best he has ever written. It is an able review of his administration, the lessons it has placed in the history of our country for its future guidance. President Hayes may well congratulate the country upon the charge which has taken place in our wealth, and the condition of our industries. In 1877, the country was prostrated by four years of reverses, it is now wealthy by two years of unexampled prosperity.—His recommendations upon the finance are in keeping with the sound views upon that and other matters of National policy that have prevailed during this administration.

Of course, a session entirely without general legislation of some nature, is one of the impossibilities. Among the subjects which come under the head of general legislation, I find the Geneva award bill will receive first attention. I have talked with quite a number of members, and find a general disposition to dispose of the matter at this session.—The question to be decided, and Congress has been unable to, is to whom does the money justly belong. The Insurance Companies claim it, the losers of ships by the Confederate cruisers claim it, and with them are the men who suffered loss by the payment of heavy war premiums. The subject is doubtless a familiar one to the readers of your paper, there are no new developments to aid Congress in its decision of the question. It could have been decided six years ago as easily as now, but a spirit of neglect seems to follow this matter, and I hope this session will see the last of the scores of hungry Geneva applicants that yearly haunt the Capitol.

MERRILL.

TO ACCOMMODATE THE PUBLIC.—The proprietors of that immensely popular remedy, Kidney-Worth in recognition of the claims of the public which has so liberally patronized them, have prepared a liquid preparation of that remedy for the special accommodation of those who from any reason dislike to prepare it for themselves. It is very concentrated, and as the dose is small, it is more easily taken by many.—It has the same effectual action in all diseases of the kidneys, liver or bowels.—Home and Foreign.

The elevators at Philadelphia are full of grain, and a thousand cars filled with it are standing on the tracks. It seems to be the result of speculation.

DANIEL BLOCHER, an old citizen of Cumberland, died in that place on Sunday last, in the seventy-first year of his age.

To the Ladies and Gentlemen: PROF. GUILMETTE'S French Kidney Pad



A Positive and Permanent Cure Guaranteed. In all cases of Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Incontinence and Retention of Urine, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, High Colored Urine, Pain in the Back, Side or Loins, Nervous Weakness, and in fact all disorders of the Bladder and Urinary Organs, whether contracted by private diseases or otherwise. This great remedy has been used with success for nearly ten years in France, with the most wonderful curative effects. It cures by absorption; no nauseous internal medicines being required. We have hundreds of testimonials of cures by this Pad when all else had failed.

Ladies, if you are suffering from Female Weakness, Leucorrhoea, or diseases peculiar to females, or in fact any disease, ask your druggist for Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pad, and take no other. If he has not got it, send \$2.00 and you will receive the Pad by return mail. Address U. S. Branch, FRENCH PAD CO., Toledo, Ohio. For Sale by, JAS. A. ELDER, Emmitsburg, Md.

Go To G. T. Eyster & Bro.

For Watches, CLOCKS, Jewelry, SILVERWARE, AND SPECTACLES.

All Sales and Repairs, warranted as represented.

G. T. Eyster & Bro. ju14-ly Emmitsburg, Md.

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Fruit Jars of different kinds, and at low Prices. Constantly receiving new goods and will not be undersold. ju14-ly

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ARE always prepared to accommodate the public with conveyances of all kinds on Reasonable Terms! We will have carriages and omnibuses at the depot on arrival of each train, to convey passengers to St. Joseph's, Academy, Mt. St. Mary's College, or any part of town or country. Fine horses for riding or driving. ju14-ly

Look Here! D. S. GILLEAN, BUTCHER, EMMITSBURG, MD. Best quality of Butchers meat always to be had. Families in the town and vicinity supplied every Tuesday and Saturdays, at the door. ju14-ly

D. ZECK, DEALER IN GROCERIES, HARDWARE, Notions and general Merchandise. Fish, potatoes feed and produce of all kinds, butter, eggs, chickens, calves, &c., bought and sold. Flour a Specialty! The highest grades in the country always on hand and delivered to any part of town without extra charge. ju14-ly Emmitsburg, Md.

Western Maryland Railroad

WINTER SCHEDULE. ON and after SUNDAY, May 5th, 1880, passenger trains on this road will run as follows:

Table with columns: STATIONS, Mail, Acc., Exp., Acc. and rows for various stations like Union Depot, Fulton, Arlington, etc.

EMMITSBURG RAILROAD—Trains South

Table with columns: STATIONS, Acc., Exp., Acc., Mail and rows for various stations like Williamsport, Hagerstown, Smithsburg, etc.

EMMITSBURG RAILROAD.—Trains South will leave Emmitsburg at 7.30 and 10.25 a. m. and 8.10 p. m. and arrive at Rocky Ridge at 7.50 and 10.35 a. m. and 8.30 p. m.

Trains North will leave Rocky Ridge at 8.10 and 11.20 a. m. and 7.20 p. m. and arrive at Emmitsburg at 8.40 and 11.50 a. m. and 7.50 p. m. Baltimore and Cumberland Valley R. R.—Trains South leave Waynesboro 6.25 a. m. and 2.20 and 7.40 p. m. arriving at Edgemont at 6.50 a. m. and 2.45 and 8.05 p. m. Trains North leave Edgemont at 12.25, 3.00 and 8.25 p. m. and arrive at Waynesboro at 12.45, 2.25 and 8.40 p. m. Frederick Div., Penna. R. R.—Trains for Frederick will leave Junction at 5.05 and 11.15 a. m., and 12.02 and 7.10 p. m. Trains for York, Taneytown and Littleton leave Junction at 9.30 a. m. and 3.50 p. m. Through Car for Frederick leaves Baltimore at 4.30 p. m., and leaves Frederick for Baltimore at 1.20 a. m.

GLANDING'S Patent Trunk

Patented September 30, 1870, by Thomas Glanding, Baltimore, Md. This Trunk is presented to the public, and the special attention of buyers is called to its advantages. The body and lid of the trunk are made in the usual manner. The trays, which are a special feature, are divided into two sections, the smaller tray or parcel case being attached to the lid, is raised out of the body when the lid is raised. The larger or main tray is attached to the ends of the body by means of parallel arms, so that the tray may be raised and carried back into the lid in its original horizontal position, and is supported on the arms, thus giving access to the body of the trunk. The arms are pivoted to plates of suitable metal, on which are knobs or projections to stop their motion and prevent the tray from falling back against the lid. We ask the ladies when in town to call and examine the Trunk at

GEO. A. GILBERT'S Hat, Boot & Shoe Store, NO 16 N. MARKET ST., Frederick City, Maryland. Ask for Glanding's Patent Trunk. Use no other. mar1 1880

CASH HOUSE. R. H. GELWICKS.

I HAVE always on hand a complete assortment of dry goods, notions, queensware, wooden ware, etc. Particular attention paid to Hardware. Come and examine my goods, and learn prices, before purchasing elsewhere. ROBERT H. GELWICKS, ju14-ly Emmitsburg Md

Prof. Guilmette's French Liver Pad Will positively cure Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Ague Cakes, Bilious Fever, Jaundice, Dropsy, and all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Blood. This pad cures by absorption, and is permanent. Ask your druggist for this pad and take no other. If he does not keep it, send \$1.50 to the FRENCH PAD CO., (U. S. Branch) TOLEDO, OHIO, and receive it by return mail. For Sale by, JAS. A. ELDER, Emmitsburg, Md. ju14-6mo.



Agricultural.

Hints About Killing Swine. The rope should be small and strong, and have a good-sized iron ring to hold easily in the hand. Let the hog out of the pen, which is apt to be a hard place for a scuffle.

It is well to wash the hog before scalding. It saves time, and rosin, by putting rosin into the water, instead of dusting it over the bristles.

An old worn-up, round-cornered hoe is the best tool to take off bristles. After one end of the hog is well-scalded, scrape it about clean while the other end is under water.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—There are many theories advanced and ways proposed, as best suited to preserve the germ of life in the egg till it can be placed under the hen.

By putting soil and leaves in a box, and placing it, with the eggs, either in the cellarway (we mean the staircase between the cellar and the next story), according to the degree of moisture in the two positions, we get perhaps the most complete imitation of nature practicable.

ONE of the best things in the world to give a horse, after he has been driven, is a quart of oatmeal stirred into a pail of water. It refreshes and strengthens him, relieves his immediate thirst, and prepares his stomach for more solid food.

VALUABLE RECIPES.

A PIECE of rag soaked in a solution of cayenne pepper is a capital thing to put into a rat or mouse hole. They will not try to eat it.

Stains caused by printer's ink may be removed by plenty of naphtha or benzole, by strong, hot caustic soda, or by potash dissolved in water.

APPLE SHORTCAKE.—Fill a square bread tin three-quarters full of sliced sour apples; make a thick batter of half a cupful of sour cream, half a cupful of buttermilk, one teaspoonful of saleratus, a little salt and flour to make quite stiff—a little stiffer than cake.

HOUSE INSECTS.—No insect which usually infests the house, and crawls over the floors or woodwork, can live under the application of hot alum water. It will destroy red and black ants, cockroaches, spiders, and chintz-bugs.

Humorous.

A MOSQUITO always settles before he presents his bill.

ACTORS should be watched closely on election day. They are professional repeaters.

EVERY young man who communes with nature in solitude, longs for the presence of somebody's sister that he may tell her what a beautiful thing solitude is.

A WORTHY quaker thus wrote: "I expect to pass through this world but once. If, therefore, there be any kindness I can do to any fellow-being, let me do it now. Let me not defer nor neglect it, for I will not pass this way again."

"AND he opened wide his arms and took her in," are the concluding words of a touching love story. No doubt she was considerably taken in when she discovered after marriage that the only shirt that he owned was one he had borrowed.

"DEAR me," said Mrs. Watkins, on hearing of the death of her friend Mrs. Tomkins, "I feel I am very poorly prepared for eternity. I haven't a single dress fit to be laid out in." And she at once gave orders to the dressmaker for a new dress.

A YOUNG man at Yale College went to a barber-shop to be shaved. It was the first time that any other hand than his had performed that operation, and he had allowed his beard to grow for a week in order to appear as if he needed shaving.

An old Vermont farmer came home drunk the other night, and became the victim of an inexpressible desire to get still drunker. So he thought he would bring out his wagon and drive over to Shelburne Falls for more whiskey.

Hop Bitters are the Purest and Best Bitters ever made. They are compounded from Hops, BURCH, MANDRAKE and DANDELION—the oldest, best, and most valuable medicines in the world and contain all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters.

KIDNEY-WORT. This Great Remedy in either Liquid or Dry Form acts at the same time on the diseases of the Liver, Bowels and Kidneys. This combined action gives it wonderful power to cure all diseases.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM. OF LYNN, MASS.



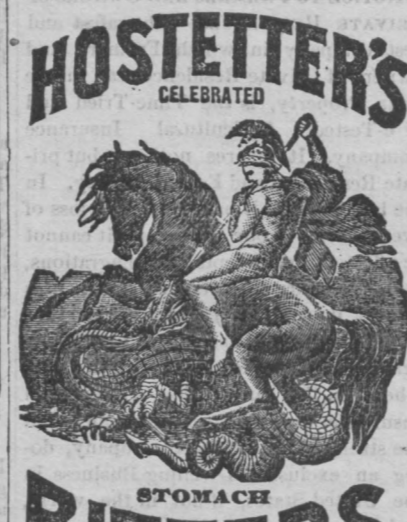
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

For all Female Complaints. This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure of the disease is effected.



ALL LUNG DISEASES. THROAT DISEASES. BREATHING TROUBLES. IT DRIVES INTO the system curative agents and healing medicines.

You Can Be Relieved And Cured Don't despair until you have tried this Sensible, Easily Applied and RADICALLY EFFECTUAL Remedy.



There is no civilized nation in the Western Hemisphere in which the utility of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a tonic, corrective, and anti-bilious medicine, is not known and appreciated.

RISLEY'S WITCH HAZEL. Cures Headache, Burns, Sprains, Cuts, Wounds, Rheumatism, Toothache, Earache, etc., etc. Warranted equal in quality to any made, at half the price.

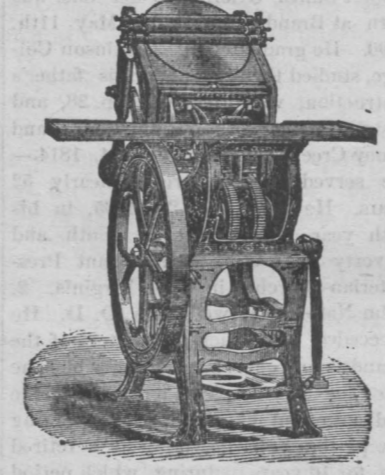
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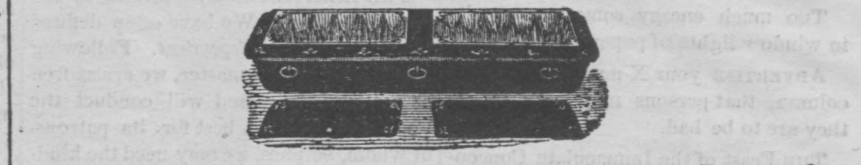
IMPROVED EXCELSIOR KIDNEY PAD CURE FOR BACK ACHE. And all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs by wearing the Improved Excelsior Kidney Pad.

FARMERS AND DEALERS, READ THIS! These cuts represent our 20 Steel-Tooth Horse Rake, with Iron Hubs or Locust Hubs boled in oil—\$3.00 in use—and our Positive Force-Feed Grain, Seed, and Fertilizing Drill.

J. & C. F. ROWE Clothing, HATS, & C. Stylish goods, Good fits, and moderate prices. Under Photograph gallery, Pictures, Frames, &c., in variety. W. Main St., Emmitsburg, Md. July 1-y.

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SMITH & SHUFF, Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Furniture. Looking Glasses, Piano Stools, Parlor Suits, Bedroom Suits, Marble-top Tables, Picture Frames, Extension Tables, Wardrobes, Mattresses, Brackets, Chairs, Sideboards, Lounges, Spring Beds.



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B.R. HILLMAN & CO. Strictly "One Price" Clothiers. No. 166 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md. S. N. McNAIR, DEALER IN Blank Books, Stationary AND BRITISH AND AMERICAN INKS, Revolvers, Razors, and Knives. Also, a large line of CIGARS & TOBACCO AT THE POST OFFICE, Emmitsburg, Md. July 1-y

Marble Works! U. A. Lough, Proprietor. ALWAYS on hand, and made to order, MONUMENTS. TOMB AND HEAD STONES, AT VERY LOW PRICES. ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. ALL WORK DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE. July 1-y

CHAS. J. ROWE, DEALER IN SEWING MACHINES and Manufacturer of cigars. His superior cigars can be bought by the hundred or thousand at low prices. Sewing Machines, of all the leading kinds furnished promptly.