

WHEN YEARS BRING  
WISDOM, THERE IS COM-  
PENSATION FOR IN-  
CREASE IN AGE.

# THE CARROLL RECORD

WELL-SPENT TIME IS  
A SURE MARK OF A  
WELL-ARRANGED MEN-  
TALITY.

VOL. 42 NO. 8

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, FRIDAY AUGUST 23, 1935.

\$1.00 PER YEAR

## Taneytown Locals

This column is not for use in advertising any money-making program, fair, supper, party or sale; except for non-denominational charities or Fire Company or Public Library support.  
Churches, Lodges, Societies, Schools, etc., are requested to use our Special Notice Department for money-making events.

Mrs. Milton Baum, of Baltimore, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Emma Rodgers, this week.

Dr. and Mrs. Valentine, of Gettysburg, spent Saturday evening with Mrs. Margaret Stott and Miss Anna Galt.

Robert Valentine, Keysville, who underwent an operation at the Frederick City Hospital, last Saturday, is in a serious condition.

Mrs. D. H. Enfield, son, Clifton, of Durham, N. C., are spending several weeks with her sister and family, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Putman.

Dr. and Mrs. Lester Witherow, of Harrisburg, Pa., spent Sunday evening with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Witherow.

Mr. and Mrs. Merle Ohler returned on Tuesday from a tour of the New England States, visiting many places of interest along the way.

The annual outing of the Taneytown Chamber of Commerce, was held on Wednesday, at Mt. Tabor Park. The attendance was quite large.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde L. Hesson, Mrs. Calvin T. Fringer and Mrs. Lavina Fringer, left on Thursday, for a week tour through the New England States and Canada.

Percy Putman had the misfortune to fall backwards off a ladder, while trimming trees at his home on Tuesday evening, cutting his head. The cut required several stitches.

Miss Catherine Stricker, Baltimore, is spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Arnold. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cashour and son, Albert, were visitors at the same place.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Witherow and their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Ned Hayes and two children, of Marion, Ind., visited Dr. and Mrs. Lester Witherow, at Harrisburg, Pa., on Tuesday. The guests are spending some time at the Witherow home.

Mrs. Edgar Hickensmith, daughter, Leah and Miss Elizabeth Shorb, near town, spent several days this week with Mr. and Mrs. Howard Roop, New Windsor, and on Wednesday they all spent the day in Baltimore visiting friends.

We are of the firm opinion that the past two months have supplied more above 90° than anyone in our front office, than any like period in 40 years. We lack an exact record of figures, but familiarity with our job leaves little doubt of their correctness.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Hess, daughters, Doris and Phyllis and Miss Edith Hess, near town, spent Sunday with Miss Nellie Hess and other friends in Baltimore. Miss Ellen Hess accompanied them home after spending a week at Reisterstown and Baltimore.

The New Windsor ball team will play its first visit to Taneytown, this year, on Saturday. It is said to have one of the best pitchers in the League, in Schilling. Taneytown will want this game—but so will New Windsor. It's sure to be an interesting game.

Mrs. W. O. Ibach and Mr. and Mrs. George L. Harner and children, made an over the last week-end visit to Chicora, Pa., to the home of Miss Mildred McCullough, a sister of Mrs. Ibach, where they met another sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Steele, of California.

Russell Frock and wife, son Russell and Esther, of York; Mrs. Wayne Helman and son, Wayne, of Lansdale, Va.; Mrs. E. T. Shoop and daughter, Lilly, and son Thomas, of Baltimore; Albert Frock, of Gettysburg; Maggie Fridinger, Hanover; Mrs. James Fogle, Taneytown, visited Mrs. Jennie Clingan and Mrs. Denie Rodgers, Sunday.

This Friday evening, delegations representing Taneytown, Union Bridge and Mt. Airy Chamber of Commerce, will meet in Mt. Airy, to discuss the long-talked-of Washington-Gettysburg-Lincoln Memorial highway proposition. The Taneytown committee is made up of Rev. Guy P. Bready, Charles R. Arnold, Thomas Tracey, D. J. Hesson, F. D. Thomas and Mayor Norville P. Shoemaker.

Rev. and Mrs. Bright, of Thurmont; Mr. and Mrs. John Forrest, Mrs. Bessie Mehring, of Keymer; Mr. and Mrs. George Wantz and son, Bernard, Mr. W. Hunter, of Westminster; Miss Louise Saylor, of Graceland; Miss Lottie Troxell, and Mrs. Mazaepa Sheeley, of Ladiesburg, were callers at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dorn the past week. Master Donald Weddle, of Thurmont, is spending his vacation at the same place.

The Franklin County Farmers Union, of Chambersburg, Pa., passed through town, on Wednesday morning with 138 cars in line, escorted by the Maryland State Police. They were enroute to Bel Air, via Conowingo Dam. The tourists returned to Taneytown on Thursday and visited the Carroll County Farmers' Union picnic which was held on the Fair ground. J. G. Eppinger, secretary of the Chambersburg Motor Club, was manager of the tour.

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

## ESCAPE FROM DROWNING

Injured by Propeller of Motor Boat After a Dive.

Lake Baumgardner, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baumgardner, near Taneytown, narrowly escaped drowning in the Monocacy, near Sterner's dam, on Monday evening about 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon, Delmar Baumgardner, owner of a motor boat, Lake Baumgardner, Ellsworth Long and Merritt Baffle decided to try a boat ride on the river.

After being on the water about an hour, Lake decided that he wanted to swim and dived off the side of the boat into about ten feet of water. The suction caused by the speed of the boat drew him into the blades of the propeller, badly lacerating one knee. His companions at once turned the boat in time to rescue him, and almost surely, to save his life. After medical treatment in Taneytown he was taken to Frederick Hospital for treatment for a compound fracture of a knee joint.

## A "CHEAP JOB" OF PRINTING.

Our office received, last week, the "Copy" for a 12-page booklet—the copy being in the nature of a calendar program covering a year's activities of a ladies' organization—with a request for a "bid," the statement being frankly made that a "cheap job" was desired, and that the "lowest bidder" would get it.

We replied, stating as frankly, that our office is not specially looking for "cheap jobs," and gave only an approximate estimate for our class of work. We returned the "copy," as we do not expect to receive the contract.

The fact about such offers is, that by "cheap job" is meant "low price," and that those who send for "bids" either do not know what good printing is, or would put up a tremendous protest at paying time, in case the work did not measure up to expectations.

Our office has had a long experience with the "bidding" business; and while we use what we consider an accurate cost-finding system, it is not always possible to exactly determine what a job is worth, until after the work is done. And the result is, the "low bidder" often fails to receive cost for his work.

We have in our office several horrible examples of "cheap" book work done this summer for public events. We could not possibly turn out such work if we tried, and would not be guilty of doing so, if we could. But, such "bum" work seems to find buyers, because it is "cheap" and offices that do good work and ask a fair price for it, lose out.

## AN AUTOMOBILE COLLISION.

An automobile collision occurred on the state road in front of the Fair ground, on Thursday evening, that resulted in injury to the occupants of both cars. It appears that George Cora living along the state road, accompanied by his niece, Marion Selig, were on their way home from Taneytown, and just as they were passing the entrance to the Fair ground, Maurice Flickinger, accompanied by his wife, turned to drive into the ground, and the two cars ran together.

All of the occupants of both cars were cut by broken glass. Miss Selig was cut about the face and body, and Mrs. Flickinger was also cut and suffered greatly from shock. The cars were not very seriously injured. Both parties were brought to Taneytown for medical treatment and attention to their cuts.

## RABBIT TRANSACTION, AND A CHASE.

There is about always something to cause an excitement, and this week a transaction in rabbits, involving Alfred Keeney and wife, Falls Road, near White House, Baltimore county, occupied considerable newspaper space, as well as gave local police authorities a lot of pastime.

It appears that Keeney had received a lot of rabbits, valued at \$100, from C. H. Sweet, a Cambridge, Ohio, shipper, which he declined to pay for, alleging that the rabbits were dead, but later investigation revealed that they were alive when received.

Sweet reported the case to police authorities, and Samuel C. Grason, of the Baltimore county force went to the Keeney home to see about it, but as he arrived, Keeney made a backdoor get-away in an automobile.

Carroll County authorities, were then called on for help, and late Monday night Deputy Sheriff Zumburn, of Manchester, spotted Keeney's automobile, in Manchester, and promptly tried to collect. Keeney ignored the order and again made away in his automobile, this time accompanied by his wife. Zumburn commandeered a handy auto and gave chase, and as an invitation to Keeney to stop, fired two shots into the automobile.

This caused Keeney to abandon his auto and he and his wife took to a big cornfield, where his wife was captured, but Keeney being more nimble, got away; but Mrs. Keeney was captured.

On Tuesday Justice Norman H. Angell, of Towson, issued a warrant charging Mrs. Keeney with having conspired with her husband to defraud Sweet of sixty rabbits, valued at about \$100.00, and she was taken by deputies to Westminster jail. Keeney has so far succeeded in evading arrest.

Stanley High thinks there won't be any third party next year. However, there seems to be some revival of belief that there will be a second party.—The Omaha World-Herald.

## County Farm Union at the Fair Ground.

A Successful Event, with an Interesting Program.

The Carroll County Farm Union picnic, held at the Carroll County Fair Ground, Taneytown, on Thursday, was a great success, about 4000 being present. The Westminster Boys' Band furnished music at intervals during the afternoon and evening. In addition to the program of addresses, there were numerous exhibits of furniture, refrigerating appliances, seeds and fertilizers.

Due to pressing duties in Washington, two members of Congress were obliged to cancel speaking engagements. At the afternoon session, Mrs. Mary Piencke, of Kankakee, Ill., spoke for an hour on Constitution, By-laws and principles of the Farm Union organization, its origin, etc. Supper was served at 4:30 by the ladies, to over 500.

In the evening National Secretary Kennedy, of Kankakee, spoke on the monetary system that is the subject of legislation at this time, involving a three year moratorium on farm mortgages. He also explained the Frazier-Lempke farm re-finance bill and the power back of it, including 32 state legislatures.

State Senator McIntosh and Attorney Thrift, of Baltimore, explained the milk situation in the Baltimore area.

On the whole, it was a big day for the members of the Union that numbers from 1000 to 1200 farms in the county. The Taneytown local leaders extend the thanks of the union to all who in any way contributed to the success of the event.

Along the line of topics of interest to farmers, it may be added that the Maryland Farm Bureau Federation is anxious for a show-down with reference to the validity of the AAA that has recently been given a blow through the decision of Federal Judge Chestnut, of Baltimore, that the processing tax was unconstitutional. The Maryland Bureau desires an early decision of the Supreme Court on the subject.

## BASEBALL AND CONTESTS AT NEW WINDSOR.

The ball game at New Windsor, on Tuesday, at which Governor Nice was an invited spectator, was a large success. The Frederick "Hustlers" team defeated the local team in a seven inning game, by the score of 5 to 2. The local team was not the regular New Windsor league team, but was called the "Collegians," purporting to represent Blue Ridge College.

As a drawing feature prior to the game, Governor Nice delivered a brief address. Then Walter R. Rudy, Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, pitched a few curves that the Governor or swiped at but failed to hit, and Senator Baile acted as catcher but failed to catch, while former Senator Englar was umpire, but failed to ump.

About 1000 attended the game and other attractions, that included a greased pig catch and a pie eating contest. The New Windsor Boys' Band supplied the music end of the event.

After the game, Governor and Mrs. Nice were dinner guests at the Summer home of Senator Baile. Other guests were Commissioner Rudy and wife, and the Senator's personal physician, Dr. Lewis K. Woodward and wife.

## TEACHERS TO GET PART OF CUT SALARY.

Restoration of a portion of the 10 percent cut made in teachers' salaries two years ago was provided for this week by the State Board of Public Works when the \$500,000 "cushion fund" was allocated among the State Department and institutions.

The board, consisting of Gov. Harry W. Nice, State Comptroller William S. Gordy, Jr., and State Treasurer Hooper S. Miles, with Jos. C. McCusker, chief deputy state comptroller as secretary, allocated the fund at a three-hour session in the Governor's office at the State House. Walter H. Blakeman, state budget officer, attended the meeting.

The board gave the State Board of Education, \$87,500 from the fund toward the restoration of the teachers' salary cuts. The legislature had authorized the board in its discretion to restore as much as half of the cuts if possible. The sum allocated, it was pointed out, will give the teachers back 25 percent of the original cut.

## MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Donald A. Marshall and Lillian V. Crilley, Emmitsburg, Md.

Edgar Huff and Ida McCann, Morgantown, W. Va.

Vernon C. Thomas and Nona M. Keefer, Sykesville, Md.

Stewart V. Vaughn and Bertha E. Reiblich, Sykesville, Md.

Eugene W. Zortman and Evelyn Geiman, Hanover, Pa.

Charles W. Aldinger and Mary A. Striewig, York, Pa.

## SYKESVILLE HERALD IS 23.

Our newsy South-county weekly, the Sykesville Herald, was 23 years old with its issue of this week. It has helped its town and vicinity immensely, during its life, and the present Editor and Manager, Wm. S. Church, can be depended on to keep up the good work, and to deserve the most liberal support in return.

## WILL CONFER ON TAXES

Bay Cruise May Produce Good Result in Later Conferences.

Gov. Nice's two-day cruise on the Chesapeake with a bunch of State Senators, is reported to have not been fruitful, as yet, in finding a tax increasing plan, as there are apparently as many differing opinions now, as during the session of the legislature.

This conference plan, of the Governor, is wise as it represents a practical way of reaching the solution of a very vexing question; or at least gives the opportunity for an informal discussion separated from the other problems that always attend a regular or special session of the legislature.

A special session of the legislature will be called early in January, to provide legislation to succeed the present gross receipts tax that expires on March 31. This law must either be renewed, or another one passed to take its place. The proceeds of the present law are used to meet the state's quota toward the administration of relief, and to the payment of old age pensions.

The tax under the law is on "gross receipts," which means that the dealer or pays it. Evidently, this law should not be continued, but the burden of necessary taxation should be distributed, for business is already heavily taxed, both directly and indirectly.

A suggestion was made during the bay cruise, that further conferences be held, and be extended to Members of the House, and this was approved at once by the Governor.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR SHERBETS, ICES AND ICE CREAM.

If you are buying sherbet, or water ice, at any place in Maryland, in small or large quantities, be sure it is served to you in the original package, or container, as prepared at the place of manufacture. Legislation to this effect was enacted at the last session of the General Assembly, and was upheld by Judge Eugene O'Dunne, in a decision handed down, August 1, in Circuit Court Number 2, in Baltimore City. The law became effective June 1, and is administered through the Bureau of Food and Drugs of the State Department of Health.

The section concerning individual containers is as follows:

Ice milk, milk sherbet, water ice, or ice sherbet shall be manufactured for sale, stored, sold or dispensed only in individual portions, packages or containers prepared in such form at the place of manufacture. Every such individual portion, package or container shall be labeled in letters of easily readable size with the words "ice milk," "milk sherbet," "water ice" and "ice sherbet," respectively.

What is known as the "Weights and Measures Law" further requires packages to be of continual divisions of the gallon by two, that is, half gallons, quarts, pints, half pints and gills.

Concerning the requirements for packaging, Mr. A. L. Sullivan, Chief of the Bureau of Food and Drugs of the State Department of Health, said "According to our interpretation of the law, the products mentioned above, can be sold in packages ranging in size from those which contain one gill to those which contain one or more gallons, provided they are properly labeled, and with the understanding that no redipping for sale or selling of small amount from these packages or containers is permissible.

"There are new standards for ice cream also. The ice cream law requires 12 percent milk fat and 20 percent milk solids in plain ice cream and 10 percent milk fat and 18 percent milk solids in fruit ice cream, allowing for a decrease to 8 percent milk fat where extra fruit is used."

## CLEAR THE ROADS OF RECKLESS MOTORISTS.

In a smashing attack against what it terms "the plague of the American highways," Keystone motorists, official publication of the Keystone Automobile Club of Maryland, calls for drastic action to clear the roads of careless, irresponsible and reckless motorists.

"After all," says an editorial in the current issue of the Motorist, "the highway problem lies in the thinking and acting of the man behind the wheel. The fault largely lies with the dangerous, maniacal minority of motorists, seemingly blind to a sense of moral responsibility.

"What can we do to improve this potential killer's thinking apparatus? What mystic feat of human engineering will inject common sense into a driver seemingly bereft of this fundamental asset? Educative methods, helpful in dealing with the casually careless driver, would certainly be a waste of time on him.

"There is only one thing to do—wipe him off the road, deny him the right to a license, eliminate him as an accident hazard. In Pennsylvania, the Department of Revenue is doing just that—with excellent results. Let it keep on doing so—let officials of other states follow its leadership.

"In the meantime, let's put a stop to spasmodic enforcement 'drives' and administer our motor vehicle laws consistently, uniformly, impartially, constantly and reasonably. If motorists are brought to realization that motor law violations are to be punishable the same way in every section of their state every day in the year, highway safety will become something more than a phrase: "And it's high time that it was!"

The famous crack in the Liberty bell is more than 100 years old. Some other cracks in liberty are newer.—The Miami Herald.

## Elegibility For An Old Age Pension.

Should Be Carefully Read and Closely Studied.

Samuel E. Shannahan, Chairman of the Board of State Aid and Charities, set forth, this week, in an article in the Baltimore Sun, a list of qualifications for eligibility to old age pensions. Much of this has already been published in The Record, but we give it again, because of its importance, and that those interested may more fully understand the law.

The State old-age pension law, legally operative June 1, has not been placed in effect, but investigations are being made all over Maryland by local welfare boards and lists of eligibles are being prepared.

Surplus revenue from the one percent gross receipts tax—that is, all above \$3,500,000 pledged to direct relief—is to be applied to old-age pension payments. None of the surplus has been made available yet by the State Treasury, but will be forthcoming, welfare officials said, when collection of the \$3,500,000 for direct relief has been assured.

Mr. Shannahan says: "The Board of State Aid and Charities and all its local units have been literally swamped with applications from thousands of people who are under the impression they are eligible for old-age relief merely because they are 65 years of age or over.

"This, of course, is not the case. We must be guided by the law now on the statute books, which states that only those who are in need and without resources are eligible. In order to determine need, a thorough financial investigation must be made and certain specific requirements must be met.

"Thus the law requires that the applicant must be without means of support either from his own resources or those of legally responsible relatives. For example, a son who is working must support his aged parents if he is financially able to do so.

"The applicant must be 65 years of age or over, and there must be documentary evidence of this fact.

"He must have been a citizen of this country for fifteen years or more. "He must have resided in the State at least five years within the last ten years.

"He cannot be an inmate of a public correctional institution, nor can he have willfully failed to support his family, or been convicted of a felony during the last ten years.

"He must be without relatives who are both legally responsible for his support and able to support him.

"When the pension is granted the total income of the aged person, from all sources, including the pension, cannot exceed \$30 per month. For this reason it is necessary to investigate an application for old-age pension in regard to: Bank savings, Insurance, real property, building and loan. Compensation or pensions of any kind.

"It is necessary to make this investigation not only of the applicant himself, but also of the relatives legally responsible for support.

"The law specifically prohibits payment of a pension to any one 'who has deprived himself or herself, directly or indirectly, of any property for the purpose of qualifying for an old age pension.' It is a criminal offense to 'obtain, attempt to obtain, or aid and abet any person to obtain, a pension by false statements.

"It is extremely important that the above qualifications be read very carefully before any application is made for an old age pension. If this is done, much time and effort will be saved for all parties concerned, and unnecessary disappointments and heartaches will be avoided."

## ENGLAR FAMILY REUNION.

The annual reunion of the descendants of Philip and Margaret Englar (1776-1817) will be held as usual at the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren, near Uniontown, on Sunday, August 25, beginning early in the afternoon.

All members of the family or family connections; and particularly the younger folks who have not been attending, are invited. An interesting program will be presented, including short talks, and solos by John A. Englar, well known Baltimore baritone.

## WEYBRIGHT REUNION.

The Fourth annual Weybright Reunion will be held at Mt. Joy Church, on the Gettysburg-Taneytown road, on Thursday, August 29th. Basket lunch at 12:00 noon. Program 1:30 P. M.

## BURKE FAMILY REUNION.

The Fourth annual reunion of the Burke family will be held on Monday, September 2nd, in the meadow on the Leonard Burke farm, if weather is fine. If inclement, in Kempthorn hall. A basket lunch will be served.

## TIME TO ADVERTISE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

This is the time in the year when plans are being made for changes of location that are made every year, mostly about April 1st. Those who have dwellings, farms, or homes of any kind for sale, should let the fact be known. An advertising space of two or three inches, for several weeks, would cost but little, and might easily bring seller and buyer together.

## WHEAT ACREAGE INCREASE

Statement on the Subject from County Agent Burns.

Signers of wheat contracts in Maryland may plant for 1936 a maximum of 95 percent of their base acreage as compared with the tentative maximum of 85 percent indicated in the announcement of the new wheat program, according to word received by L. C. Burns, County Agent for Carroll county.

The increased acreage, it is explained by AAA officials, is to assure domestic consumers of continued ample wheat supplies, and in addition is expected to benefit farmers by placing this country in a strengthened position in the world export market. This is considered especially important in view of smaller world supplies of wheat. Reports of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics indicate that the world surplus was considerably reduced during the 1934-35 crop year. Present prospects indicate that the world surplus may be further reduced during the 1935-36 crop year. Any further reduction, it is believed, makes the chances for exports of wheat from the United States somewhat brighter.

Carryover of wheat in this country on July 1 is said to be about normal, but spring wheat has suffered severe damage by rust.

The new four-year wheat contract is expected to be ready to offer to farmers by the end of this month, according to word received by Mr. Burns.

## STOP! LOOK! SMELL YOUR SEED WHEAT.

A few years ago stinking smut on wheat had almost been stamped by the simple method of treating seed with Copper Carbonate Dust. The millers and elevator men co-operated with the farmers and County Agent Burns in a careful series of demonstrations throughout the county in order to eradicate stinking smut on wheat which causes great economic loss to producers.

The millers and elevator operators purchased and equipped twelve or fifteen seed treating machines free of charge for the farmers use. These barrels are still in the county and any person having one of these machines at the present time should report same to his local grain dealer so that they all may go back into circulation at once.

Farmers of the county are and should be very vitally concerned with the control of wheat smut next year. County Agent, L. C. Burns reports that many farmers have suffered a great loss this year because of such a dreaded disease. Those farms which are affected should get in touch with the County Agent before they do any seeding this Fall. It is essential that clean seed be used to insure a clean crop next year. The cost of treatment is little to insure a clean high quality crop of wheat. Wheat that will be in demand rather than one which has to be peddled to find someone who will handle a smutty crop.

Copper Carbonate Dust is used at the rate of two to three ounces to a bushel of wheat. At present prices of the chemical, the cost should not exceed two cents a bushel. This treatment will insure a clean crop if applied effectively.

The advantages of Copper Carbonate dust treatments are:

1. It does not injure and often improves the germination of the seed.
2. The seed can be treated and stored without injury.
3. The dusted seed can be sown at any time in dry or moist soil.
4. It is cheap and easy to apply.

For additional information please call on your County Agent. Do not take a chance by seeding smutty wheat.

## CRUMBACKER REUNION.

The Crumbacker family reunion will be held on Sunday, Sept. 1, at the Pine-Mar Camp ground, near Taneytown. A program of entertainment and games will be provided. A basket lunch is the plan for the noon meal.

## Random Thoughts

### "I WISH—"

The most commonly used everyday expression that most of us make, is, "I wish—" followed by a wide variety of things hoped for. It has been said that "the wish is father to the thought;" but the "wish" is only the expression of thought—a sort of thinking out loud, and we practice it in practical every animated conversation.

We wish for things we should not have, about as easily as we do for things we should have; for visitations on others of wrong things as well as good things; and there is such a condition as wishing so long and so earnestly for something, that we may be led to steal it.

So, wishing may be one of the worst of employments. Wishing, without wisdom, may fix inclinations within us that result in harm to ourselves and to others. Wishing is often the occupation of the lazy, because usually we wish for things that require no effort on our part. Therefore, instead of saying "I wish" so frequently, it would be better to practice more doing, deserving and earning. The wish for rain, never brings it. P. B. E.



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All articles on this page are either origi-  
nal or properly credited. This has al-  
ways been a fixed rule with this Office,  
and we suggest the adoption of it by our  
exchanges.

The publication in The Record of clip-  
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FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1935.

## SENATOR LONG AND 1936.

Undoubtedly, Senator Long, of  
Louisiana, is to be considered as a  
figure of importance in the presiden-  
tial campaign of 1936. For a time,  
public sentiment regarded the Sena-  
tor Long as a political freak; as a  
man to whom politics had gone to his  
head; as a fiery southerner who might  
disport himself in Louisiana, but not  
in Washington.

Instead of all this, Senator Long is  
now regarded as representing a  
type of voters, scattered throughout  
the whole country that is strong  
enough to be seriously considered;  
and by comparison, to be regarded as  
something along the line of some of  
the western insurgent Republicans.

He has openly stated that he will  
contest in the primaries in a number  
of states for delegates to the Demo-  
cratic National Convention, openly  
against Roosevelt; and has intimated  
that should Roosevelt be nominated,  
then he will decide whether to be an  
independent, or support the Republi-  
can candidate—depending largely on  
who he would be.

On the face of the situation, the  
Republicans see a Democratic "split,"  
consequently a better show for a Re-  
publican president. But, there is also  
the likelihood of Long getting a lot  
of Republican votes, and the picking  
of a Republican candidate who will  
unite the party, is as yet far from an  
easy problem.

On the other hand, the Republicans  
are confident that a big swing back  
to Republicanism is safely under way.  
That the rage for "a change," and a  
"new deal" has run its course, and  
that the country is naturally Republi-  
can on national issues.

Undoubtedly, the prominence—the  
outstanding boldness—of Senator  
Long, against many of the Roosevelt  
policies, has opened up the situation  
and given the Republican leaders re-  
newed vim. And not only because it  
is Senator Long, but because he is a  
"Southern" Senator, and because other  
Southern Senators and members  
of the House have been outspoken,  
against the administration, and would  
not voluntarily pick Roosevelt to suc-  
ceed himself.

Although the possibility of a strong  
third party is more or less openly de-  
cried by both parties, as unlikely, this  
does not dispose of the question. But  
it does seem next to impossible that  
all shades of old party rebels could  
harmoniously unite on any one lead-  
er, or policy. The Long candidacy  
may, or may not, furnish the key to  
such a party; but who can imagine  
Senators Borah, Norris or La Follet-  
te, falling in line with a Long lead-  
ership?

## "CHEMURGIC."

Quietly for months an expanding  
effort has been going forward to form  
a new economic trinity—agriculture,  
industry and science—dedicated to the  
time-honored farm problem. Behind  
the movement are hard-headed busi-  
ness men who prefer to deal with  
facts rather than fancies, who seek  
to help the farmer without resorting  
to alluring panaceas, by appeals to  
Washington for legislation, or by  
parading glittering generalities which  
usually have as their goal votes rather  
than real and lasting aid to the  
farmer. Briefly the movement is in-  
tended to advance the industrial use  
of farm products through applied  
science. Farm and factory are to be  
hitched together, with science as the  
connecting link, to make the farm  
something more than a food factory.  
It seeks to increase farm income not  
by tricky schemes which always  
break down in the end, but by mak-  
ing profitable use of surplus acreage  
and surplus crops.

"Chemurgic" is a coined word from  
"chemistry" and "ergon," meaning  
work. When combined it literally  
means chemistry at work. The word  
was known only to a small group of  
scientists until a remarkable meet-

ing of 300 prominent business men  
and industrialists who met a few  
weeks ago to seek a way out for the  
farmer without restoring to politics.

The Farm Chemurgic Council was  
formed and practical business men  
gave themselves to the advancement  
of the interests of the farmer. In-  
dustrialists gave their full co-opera-  
tion to use farm products as science  
developed practical means.

The striking manner in which in-  
dustry went about the task of trying  
to raise the buying of the farmer  
with a recognition of the farmer's  
problem has made this word "chemur-  
gic" one which you will see more and  
more in the headlines as the Council  
moves ahead.—Industrial Press Ser-  
vice.

## PATRIOTIC GROUPS TO HAIL BIRTH OF CONSTITUTION.

Washington, (IPS).—Impressed by  
the new need shown in recent months  
of preserving the sacredity of the  
Constitution, 50 or more patriotic and  
civic organizations composing the  
National Constitution Day Commit-  
tee are laying plans for the most  
elaborate observance in history of  
the famed document's birthday Sept.  
17th.

The national exercises will be held  
in Boston, with nationally known  
speakers and coast-to-coast broad-  
casts. Last year the observance was  
in Philadelphia, national shrines be-  
ing chosen each year.

Under the program of the Commit-  
tee, Governors and Mayors will be  
asked to issue proclamations asking  
consecration on that day to the  
American principles upon which the  
country has flourished, organizations  
everywhere will be urged to hold  
special ceremonies, flags will be dis-  
played, and schools will be asked to  
plan exercises.

The Sons of the American Revolu-  
tion first began the observance of  
Constitution Day nearly a score of  
years ago and the day has steadily  
taken on greater significance. This  
year, the Committee feels, the prin-  
ciples of the Constitution and its  
guarantee of human freedom, and  
State's Rights should be called to the  
attention of the people as never be-  
fore because of devious efforts to un-  
dermine these principles.

## GRADE CROSSING PROJECTS.

Grade crossing elimination projects  
should hereafter be carried out en-  
tirely by state and national authori-  
ties, and their costs bugeted in the  
programs of state and federal high-  
way work, according to views made  
public today by the management of  
the Pennsylvania Railroad. The rail-  
roads, it was declared, should, in jus-  
tice, be relieved altogether of further  
responsibility or expense in con-  
nection with grade separations.

The railroad management bases its  
contention on the great changes in  
the transportation field which have  
followed the growth of motor vehi-  
cles and the development of the high-  
ways into the nation-wide transpor-  
tation system, representing a total  
property investment greater than  
that of the railroads themselves.

"Highway traffic," it is pointed out,  
"has grown by leaps and bounds un-  
til now the vehicles which cross rail-  
road lines at grade throughout the  
country, in a day, are thousands of  
times greater in number than the  
units of train traffic which cross the  
highways.

"The number of railroad trains oper-  
ated has been materially reduced in  
recent years. Railroad mileage has  
not increased since the close of the  
World War. Grade crossing elimina-  
tions have ceased to be of measurable  
benefit to the railroads."

Under these conditions, the Penn-  
sylvania management contends, grade  
crossing eliminations "have become  
highway improvements," pure and  
simple, just as much so as the sur-  
facing of an old highway or the  
building of a new one. As such, they  
are rightfully public responsibilities  
to be met at public expense."

These views are discussed in the  
August issue of "Train Talks," which  
will shortly be distributed on trains  
throughout the Pennsylvania Rail-  
road territory at ticket windows and  
information bureaus, and through  
other channels.—P. R. R. Bureau In-  
formation.

## AN EXPEDITION TO ABYSSINIA.

The following story of an expedi-  
tion to Abyssinia, the African coun-  
try that is now the centre of world-  
wide interest because of the possi-  
bility of a great war between it and  
Italy, should be read for its interest  
and information. It has been receiv-  
ed by The Record from the U. S.  
Marine Corps of the Navy Depart-  
ment, and was written by Loren T.  
Casey. Read it.

"Picture a group of American naval  
men traveling across the Abyssinian  
deserts in 1903. Their supplies and  
equipment are loaded on camels and  
mules. The men themselves are  
mounted. They are enroute to the  
then mysterious capital of Ethiopia  
at Addis Ababa to interview no less  
a personage than King Menelik him-  
self.

This strange pilgrimage was in-  
spired by President Theodore Roose-  
velt, who was anxious to get a treaty  
signed by the Ethiopian monarch. It  
was the only time, so far as the re-  
cords show, that armed men of our  
nation ever penetrated into the heart  
of Abyssinia. Their mission was en-  
tirely one of peace and friendship.

Official reports of this expedition  
read like fiction. They tell of threats  
from savage tribes; hordes of mon-  
keys scrambling in mad haste at the  
appearance of the travelers; nights  
of ceaseless vigil in the African wilds,  
and forced marches after sundown to  
avoid the terrific heat of the low-  
lands.

There was a scarcity of water. Once  
an open rebellion on the part of the  
native camel drivers threatened to  
halt the progress of the party. But  
eventually the group reached the  
capital after three weeks of trekking  
over the primitive and sometimes  
hostile country.

Twenty-six Americans took part in  
the expedition. They were Robert P.  
Skinner, U. S. Commissioner; Lieu-  
tenant C. L. Hussey, of the Navy;  
Captain G. C. Thorpe, of the Marine  
Corps, eighteen enlisted marines and  
five bluejackets.

The rest of the party was compos-  
ed of Arabs, Abyssinians, and native  
camel drivers of the Dunkali tribe,  
reputed to be the most savage and  
rebellious people of Ethiopia. Inci-  
dentally, two of the camel leaders  
were women.

At that time Abyssinia's only rail-  
way stretched about 150 miles inland  
from the seaport at Jibuti to Dire-  
dawa. At this point the oddly-assort-  
ed group was mobilized and the ap-  
proximately 350-mile journey to the  
capital began.

The Dankalis created trouble right  
from the start. After the second  
day's trek they refused point blank  
to go any farther unless they chose  
their own route. Their leader was  
trussed with a rope and told he would  
be dragged along the chosen route if  
he did not go voluntarily. This, to-  
gether with the fact that his follow-  
ers were confronted with the muzzles  
of the marines' loaded and aimed  
rifles, made him change his mind.

At another point the party was  
threatened by the King of the Dan-  
kalis, who demanded a sum equal to  
about fifty dollars. Again there was  
a demonstration by the sea soldiers,  
and the king and his followers with-  
drew.

The trail followed was part moun-  
tainous and part desert. Camp sites  
were prepared after the fashion of  
covered-wagon days. Men and sup-  
plies occupied the inner circle, with  
a row of camels and mules at its out-  
er rim.

Perhaps their greatest difficulty  
was the securing of an adequate water  
supply, of which there was a great  
shortage. They were required to boil  
all drinking water, but even muddy  
and tainted water was scarce. Once  
they broke camp at midnight in order  
to reach a water supply at their next  
camp. On three occasions they  
chose camp sites where there was no  
water except that which they carried.

The country was then infested, and  
still is according to late reports, with  
every animal known to the African  
jungle. There were elephants, lions,  
leopards, hordes of monkeys and  
baboons. Hyenas made the nights  
hideous with their weird laughter.  
Guards were always placed around  
the camp sites to prevent the slaugh-  
ter of the pack animals.

A strange mixture of hostility and  
friendship was encountered by the  
group. The tribes remote from Men-  
elik's rule proved troublesome, but  
those near the capital proved more  
friendly and extended every hospita-  
lity to the strangers. Long lines of  
natives, bringing supplies of food,  
often invaded the camp to make their  
gifts in the name of the king.

As they approached the capital a  
most astounding sight greeted the  
travelers. All of the naval men had  
shifted into dress uniforms and were  
prepared to meet Menelik in style.  
But their coming had long been await-  
ed in Addis Ababa.

Hills and plains were covered with  
thousands of warriors and chiefs,  
fantastically dressed in lion or leop-  
ard skins, some of them decorated  
with lions' manes or ostrich feathers.  
Each warrior carried a rhinoceros  
hide shield, a spear and a rifle. Some  
of them were mounted on splendid  
Arab horses or zebra-like mules, many  
of them richly caparisoned.

There was no military precision to  
their lines or to the manner in which  
they carried their weapons, but  
chiefs, carrying long slender sticks,  
would walk along the lines whacking  
a too eager warrior back into his  
place.

With a fanfare of trumpets and the  
beating of tom-toms the officers and  
marines rode forward to be ushered  
into the presence of the king. Some-  
where a crude native band struck up  
the Star-Spangled Banner. The king  
sitting on his feet and nearly buried  
in cushions, received them.

Menelik greeted the diplomatic party  
most cordially, and the inhabitants  
were friendly and hospitable during  
the ten days the visitors remained  
there. The treaty was signed, and  
presents of lion cubs and ivory were  
received as a gift for the American  
President. Menelik even had special  
medals made for the party, inscribed  
with the words: "Lion among lions,  
king among kings!"

The return journey was made with-  
out any unusual incident and in two  
days' less time than the twenty-one  
days it had required to reach Addis  
Ababa. The Americans rejoined their  
ship, the Machias, ending one of the  
oddest expeditions ever made in the  
history of American diplomacy."

## FREEDOM OF CONSCIENCE.

(Address at St. Mary's City, May 13th,  
1935 made by Judge Francis Neal Parke  
on the presentation by the counties of the  
State of Maryland of the Statue erected to  
Freedom of Conscience.)

## PART II.

In 1691 Lord Baltimore was depriv-  
ed of his Proprietaryship by the  
Crown, and from that event the  
Statute of Toleration was in abeyance  
for over eighty years.

The Declaration of Rights of 1776  
revived the guarantee of religious tol-

eration to all persons professing the  
Christian religion, but such sectaries  
as Quakers, Dunkards or Mennonites,  
even though they professed the  
Christian religion, were not admitted  
as witnesses in capital criminal cases,  
and were, as were all others who were  
conscientiously scrupulous of taking  
an oath on any occasion, barred from  
filling the post of senator, delegate or  
any office that required the incumbent  
to be inducted by an official oath. The  
disability of Quakers, Mennonites,  
Tunkers or Nicolites or New Quakers  
to hold office because of their relig-  
ious scruples against taking an oath  
was specifically removed by the con-  
stitutional amendment of 1795, and  
the adoption of another amendment in  
1798 made them generally competent  
as witnesses. A third constitutional  
amendment in 1818 gave to all persons  
professing the Christian religion, who  
held it unlawful to take an oath on  
any occasion, the right to affirm and,  
by endowing the affirmation with the  
same legal effect as the taking of an  
oath, removed their religious disquali-  
fication. The provision of the Con-  
stitution of 1776 that every person  
appointed to any office of profit or  
trust should before he entered on its  
execution take an oath of allegiance  
to the State of Maryland, and also  
subscribe a declaration of his belief  
in the Christian religion effectually  
barred a Jew from office until the  
ratification of a constitutional amend-  
ment in 1825, permitted him to qual-  
ify on his making and subscribing a  
declaration of his belief in a future  
state of rewards and punishments.

It was not until the adoption of the  
Constitution of 1851 that all persons  
were made equally entitled to protec-  
tion in their religious liberty without  
reference to their professing the  
Christian religion. By the same Con-  
stitution any person was competent  
as a witness or juror, who believed in  
the existence of a God, and that un-  
der his dispensation such person will  
be held morally accountable for his  
acts, and be rewarded or punished  
therefor either in this world or the  
world to come; but the test or qual-  
ification for office was a declaration of  
belief in the Christian religion, ex-  
cept if the party profess to be a Jew  
his declaration should be of his belief  
in a future state of rewards and pun-  
ishments. The Constitution of 1864  
left these provisions unchanged, ex-  
cept that an oath or affirmation might  
be administered in the manner that  
the religious persuasion, profession  
or denomination of which the person  
was a member generally esteemed the  
most effectual confirmation by the at-  
testation of the Divine Being. The  
Constitution of 1867 did not alter  
these mandates except to strike from  
the qualification for an office of profit  
or trust the "declaration of a belief  
in the Christian religion or in the ex-  
istence of God and in a future state  
of rewards and punishments" and to  
substitute merely "a declaration of  
belief in the existence of God," and  
the mandate that the Legislature  
should demand no other oath of office  
than the one prescribed by the Con-  
stitution, which exacts an oath or  
affirmation of allegiance to the State,  
a support of her Constitution and  
Laws and of the Constitution of the  
United States; a dedication of the  
official's utmost skill and judgment in  
the faithful, diligent and impartial  
and unprejudiced execution of his  
office according to the Constitution and  
Laws of the State; and, if a governor,  
senator, delegate, or judge, a solemn  
undertaking that he will not, directly  
or indirectly, receive any profits of  
any other office during his term.

Since the adoption of the Constitu-  
tion of 1867 there has been no change  
of its mandates with reference to re-  
ligious toleration. Every one is  
equally secure in the right to worship  
God according to the dictates of his  
conscience, and shall not be molested  
by any law in his person or estate on  
account of his religious persuasion or  
profession, or for his religious prac-  
tice, unless, under the color of religion  
he shall disturb the good order, peace  
or safety of the State, or shall in-  
fringe the laws of morality, or injure  
others in their natural, civil or relig-  
ious rights. No abridgment, limita-  
tion nor control is imposed upon relig-  
ious belief so long as it subsists as an  
opinion or conviction, and with this  
limitation the right to religious lib-  
erty is absolute. It is not until belief  
is expressed or manifested in word or  
deed that religious toleration becomes  
relative, and subject to conditions im-  
posed by public policy, the laws of  
morality or the natural, civil or relig-  
ious rights of others. It may be urged  
by some that a religious belief,  
without the unlimited power to ex-  
press or enforce it in word or act, is  
in denial of the right. Notwithstand-  
ing what theorists may urge in sup-  
port of this position, no civil govern-  
ment could survive a right which  
would be subversive of its own au-  
thority and undermine the structure  
of its social order. If, by way of il-  
lustration, the dogma that "property  
is theft" or that polygamy is moral  
were adopted and practised as a relig-  
ious tenet, no civilized government  
could tolerate anything so destructive  
of social order, morality and private  
rights of property. For its own pre-  
servation no liberty is granted by the  
State to religious practices inimic-  
able to the fundamental functions of  
government, to public morals, and to  
the performance by the citizen of his  
civil duties and responsibilities.

While it may be said that is not  
tolerance for the Constitution to pro-  
hibit a person from being a witness, a  
juror or the occupant of an office of  
profit or trust, unless he believe in the  
existence of God, yet the exclusion is  
not because of a particular religious  
belief but because the person has no  
religion, since a belief in a Supreme  
Being is the foundation of all religion.

Furthermore, a person has no ab-  
solute right to testify, to be a juror  
or to hold an office, and the law cus-  
tomarily determines the qualifications  
and conditions. The prescribed oath  
or affirmation is to bind the conscience  
so that the truth be told, the duty or  
service be done. The sanction requir-  
ed is salutary and customary. While  
it does exclude those who do not be-  
lieve in God from being a witness, a  
juror or a public official whose legal  
capacity requires an oath or affirma-  
tion, it leaves them complete freedom  
of conscience. It does not discrimi-  
nate against the adherents of any re-



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what's  
going on  
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ligion, but does create a qualification  
that embodies a conviction of the  
framers of the Constitution and of the  
people of the State which was expressed  
by a great political philosopher,  
Edmund Burke, in these words:  
"For we know, and what is better  
we feel inwardly that religion is the  
basis of civil society."  
In an age when religious persecu-  
tion was prevalent in Christian coun-  
tries, the distracted, oppressed and  
harassed of all denominations found  
refuge, peace and security in this  
Province and dwelt together in mater-  
ial prosperity. If the pages of the  
history of the province reveal that  
there intervened periods in which,  
through the temper of the times, and  
the error of authority, toleration gave  
away to religious persecution, they  
serve to illustrate the folly and cruel-  
ty of bigotry and the wisdom and  
blessing of toleration; and to instruct  
us that no doctrine is dangerous so  
long as reason survives to combat it,  
and that conviction is not induced by  
force, whose use in matters of opinion  
and of religion is futile and repro-  
bated by the moral law. "The wrath  
of man worketh not the righteousness  
of God."

It is a source of just pride that  
"Lord Baltimore," in the words of  
Bancroft, "was the first in the His-  
tory of the Christian world to seek for  
religious security and peace by the  
practice of justice and not by the ex-  
ercise of power; to plan the estab-  
lishment of popular institutions with  
the enjoyment of liberty of con-  
science; to advance the career of  
civilization by recognizing the right-  
ful equality of all Christian sects,"  
and that "Calvert deserves to rank  
among the most wise and beneficent  
law givers of all times." The prin-  
ciple of religious toleration, which  
was here first established and practised,  
became the aegis of every dweller on  
Maryland soil, and eventually, the  
common possession of every state and  
territory of the Nation.

In grateful homage and thanksgiv-  
ing, the counties of the State have  
raised on hallowed soil this nobly con-  
ceived and admirably wrought statue  
to "Liberty of Conscience." It re-  
mains to give this symbol of religious  
liberty into the keeping of their be-  
loved State with the prayer and hope  
that Liberty of Conscience shall ever  
endure, throughout the unbroken ages  
to come, a perpetual possession of the  
people of Maryland.

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## PUBLIC CONFIDENCE RESTORED BY BANKS

American Bankers Association  
Describes Its Activities to Cre-  
ate Better Understanding  
Regarding Banks

NEW YORK.—Eight different lines of activity through which the American Bankers Association is constantly aiming to promote better public understanding and opinion in regard to banking and the attitude of bankers toward legislation are described in detail in a statement made public here by R. S. Hecht, president of the association.

The aim, he says, is "to strengthen the real basis for good opinion in regard to the banks," through fostering informative bank advertising in the newspapers and in other ways. The statement was issued in reply to suggestions received urging a nationwide public educational program in regard to "the business of banking and its place in the life of our country."

Mr. Hecht declares that "we have tried very hard to convince the public that the banking fraternity has truly profited by the lessons of the past, is determined to approach all questions of banking policy from the broad viewpoint of public welfare and is prepared to carry its full share of the burden in connection with all efforts to restore sound prosperity in this country."

### The Means Employed

In describing the various measures of the association "to exert a beneficial influence on public opinion regarding the functions, methods and operations of banks," Mr. Hecht enumerated the following activities:

1. The Public Education Commission, which prepares plain language talks about banking for use of bankers and others before schools, civic clubs and over the radio.
2. The Constructive Customer Relations program, installed in many banks to help qualify bank employees to promote a better informed and more sympathetic attitude among their customers regarding banking.
3. The Publicity Department, supplying city and country daily and weekly newspapers with articles regarding banking and allied subjects and furnishing the general press with news and information regarding the activities of the association.
4. The Advertising Department, supplying members of the association with a series of informative newspaper advertisements setting forth in brief, popular language the methods and policies under which banks operate, their effective practices for protecting depositors' funds, the services they render and the various ways in which they cooperate with business in their own communities in fostering sound recovery and progress.
5. The Executive Officers and the Committee on Banking Studies, who are active, particularly at Washington, in consulting with Administration and Congressional leaders in formulating proposals for banking reform based on broad lines of public welfare.
6. The Agricultural Commission, promoting among bankers in the farm districts the practice of aiding their farm customers in installing on their farms better financial and operating methods.
7. The American Institute of Banking, having primarily to do with the technical education of the younger banker, but now directing these efforts toward also playing a part in improving public relations for banking as a whole, particularly through stressing the public responsibilities and the ethical aspects of practical banking.
8. The publication of "Banking," the official organ of the association, circulating among bankers, bank directors, business executives, economists, law firms, government departments, libraries, colleges, public schools and other publications, presenting articles regarding banking and banking viewpoints.

### The Objective Sought

In commenting on the foregoing program, Mr. Hecht says that it is not "the primary objective to attract attention particularly to the American Bankers Association as such, but rather to focus attention on and give impetus to those ideas which it believes are beneficial in promoting understanding and solidarity among banking, business and the public." He adds:

"Our program for the development of satisfactory public relations for banking does not consist merely of newspaper publicity. It is calculated to produce a continuous and cumulative effect by varied efforts which are aimed to work day in and day out to strengthen the real basis for good opinion in regard to the banks."

"To have favorable things said about the banking business in the newspapers and over the radio is, the association recognizes, very helpful toward creating a sound public opinion regarding banking. But the association believes that the most important thing ultimately is to foster throughout the banking profession the doing sincerely of those things that reflect favorably the sound, helpful practices of the business of banking, and that then the true news of its constructive activities will constitute the best answers to misrepresentations aimed at banks and bankers."

### Predicts Farm Loan Expansion

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. — With marked improvement in agriculture already apparent, and further improvement confidently expected, a greatly expanded volume of farm credit will be required, especially short-term credit, according to a statement here recently by W. L. Myers, Governor of the Farm Credit Administration, Washington, D. C. He was speaking before the Graduate School of Banking, conducted jointly by the American Institute of Banking Section of the American Bankers Association and Rutgers University.

"Some people have expressed a fear that the Cooperative Production Credit Associations are threatening the business of country banks, but these institutions have neither the desire nor the resources to monopolize a field which is still in the infancy of development," Governor Myers said. "Farmers who get their credit on time or by charge accounts have a basis for cash loans and should be buying their credit from a bank, production credit association or other institutions that sell credit on a business basis."

*I looked up Satisfy  
and it says—*



**SAT-IS-FY.** Something that pleases, gives satisfaction; something that just suits. For example, you are pleased with a dress. As applied to cigarettes, it means one that is **MILD**—that is not harsh or bitter; one that **TASTES** just right.

**Chesterfield... the cigarette that's Milder**  
**Chesterfield... the cigarette that TASTES BETTER**

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### Stranger Takes Bride in Middle of Wedding

Calcutta.—A last minute change of bridegrooms—in the middle of the wedding ceremony—resulted in a girl marrying a comparative stranger.

After weeks of elaborate preparations, the wedding was about to take place when the bridegroom confessed he was unable to provide the dowry agreed on with the bride's father.

Consternation followed this breach of etiquette. But, after bitter recriminations, the girl's parents decided to allow the wedding to go on so that the costly feast should not be wasted.

Then, half way through the ceremony, a young man strode into the room and offered to put up the agreed dowry.

The newcomer took his place—and the wedding ceremony proceeded.

### Owl Destroys Boy's Eye

Swan River, Man.—Richard Clemensen, fifteen, will never rob another bird's nest. An owl pecked out one of his eyes when he climbed a tree to steal a nest and doctors fear he will lose his sight.

### Padlock Opened by Word

Chicago.—To open an ancient English padlock owned by Mrs. D. R. Peaché here, one must arrange its combination so that letters spell the word "Christ."

### Confederates Rejected Man Who Lived Century

Nashville, Tenn.—Too frail for the Confederate army, William M. Bess, Nashville citizen, was not too frail for the battle of life. He died at the age of one hundred, just 21 days before his one hundred and first birthday.

Full of vigor until the last days of his life, Bess was able to take a daily walk of about three-quarters of a mile. Until three years ago, he would "walk down to Nashville," a distance of nearly 12 miles, whenever he took "a notion."

When the Civil war broke out, Bess volunteered, but because whooping cough and measles had settled in his lungs, he was ruled too frail.

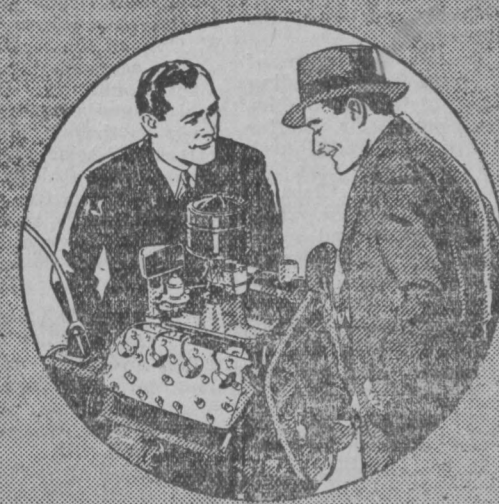
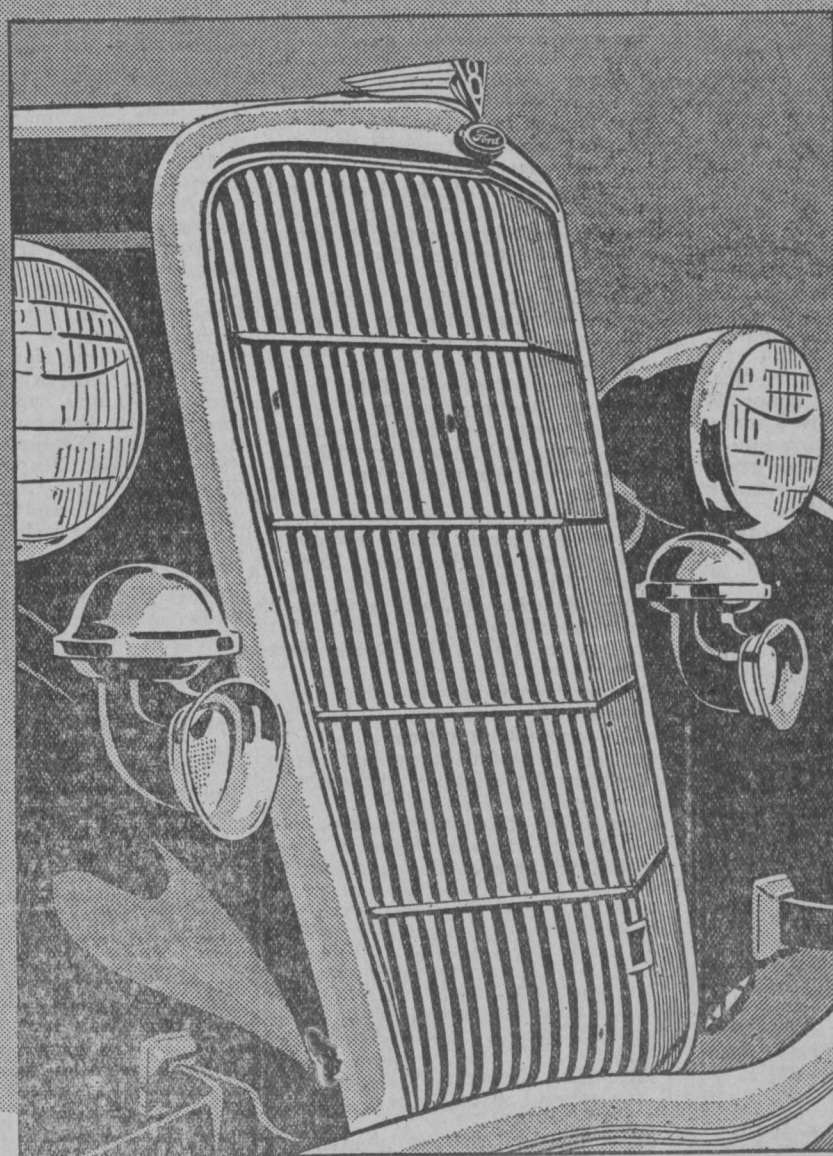
### Find Many Mental Ills Among Workers

Dallas, Texas.—Fully 50 per cent of all persons employed in American industries suffer from varying degrees of emotional or mental ill health, according to Dr. H. L. Pritchett, professor of sociology at Southern Methodist university.

Many men and women who are highly successful in business and are entirely rational, nonetheless suffer from emotional maladjustment, Pritchett said.

Relatively few people are engaged in the type of work they really wish to follow, he said. Most people are engaged as they are because of compulsion or circumstance.

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Lift up the hood of a Ford V-8 at your Ford dealer's. Ask him to explain the simple dual carburetor which splits the fuel needed by a four into eight equal charges... Ask him to show you how the new crankcase ventilation assures better year-round oil efficiency, cutting wear and repair... Note the aluminum cylinder

heads which eliminate carbon and allow premium performance on regular priced gasoline.

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# THE CARROLL RECORD

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1935.

## CORRESPONDENCE

Latest Items of Local News Furnished  
By Our Regular Staff of Writers

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted.

We desire correspondence to reach our office on Thursday, if at all possible. It will be necessary, therefore, for most letters to be mailed on Wednesday, or by Fast Mail, west, on W. M. R. K. Thursday morning. Letters mailed on Thursday evening may not reach us in time.

### WESTMINSTER.

Dr. Kermit Eby, professor of International relations at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, spoke before large audiences on Sunday. Dr. Eby spoke in the morning at Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church, and at night at the young peoples' meeting at the Westminster Church of the Brethren. The subject of Dr. Eby's message was: "The Church in the Modern World." He said in part that the church is too materialistic; that the church will not raise its voice in controversial issues, that the church has lost its potential voice, and that if something is not done about it, the same fate will overtake the church here that has overtaken the churches in Russia.

A two weeks' summer course opened Tuesday morning at the Westminster Theological Seminary, with an enrollment of about 30. The courses offered are: Old Testament taught by Dr. John Paterson, Prof. of Old Testament at Drew University, Paterson, New Jersey; Dr. Charles E. Forlines, Prof. of the Seminary is teaching a course on "Miracles" and Dr. Fred G. Holloway, the president, a course on the New Testament. A reception was given by the Seminary to the faculty and students at the home of the President, Dr. F. G. Holloway and Mrs. Holloway, Seminary Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Zepp, Pennsylvania Ave., returned home Saturday from a week's motor trip through the Catskill mountains in New York. They also enjoyed the beautiful scenery in parts of Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

Misses Lucinda Weigle and Miss Gertrude Barnhart left Monday morning for a week's visit to Thousand Islands, New York.

The annual class supper of the Young Men's and Young Women's classes of the Church of the Brethren Sunday School, was held on Thursday evening, at 6:30 P. M., at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hoover, near Westminster. Mr. Hoover is the teacher of the Men's Class and Mrs. Hoover has the young women known as the Sunshine Weaver's class. This annual supper took the form of a corn roast, and all had a royal good time.

Anne Shilling, Gehr, small daughter of King Gehr and Mildred Shilling Gehr, 26 W. Green St., died suddenly Monday afternoon about 1:30 o'clock, at Mercy Hospital Baltimore, following a brief illness. Death was due to bronchial pneumonia. The child was aged one year, 10 months and 21 days. Besides the parents, there survive the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gehr, Westminster, and Mr. and Mrs. James Shilling, Bethel Heights. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of the maternal grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Shilling. Rev. Paul W. Quay, pastor of Grace Lutheran Church, and Rev. Dr. Harry N. Bassler, pastor of St. Paul's Reformed Church, officiated. Burial in the Westminster cemetery.

Dr. and Mrs. George W. Englar, of Pittsburgh, Pa., have been spending the week with their sister-in-law, Mrs. Nellie Englar and sons. Dr. Englar is pastor of Bethany Lutheran Church Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Women's Adult Bible Class of Grace Lutheran Church held their regular quarterly meeting and social on Thursday night. The Vice-President, Mrs. Mary Leister was in charge. The President, Mrs. Chas. Everhart being absent on account of the continued illness of her husband. The class transacted some important business and made plans for their Fall work. The social committee served as hostesses for the evening and provided entertainment and refreshments. There was a good attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Belt, West Main St., had as dinner guests Dr. and Mrs. George W. Englar, Pittsburgh, Pa. Dr. Englar and Mrs. Belt were class-mates at Gettysburg College, and enjoyed reminiscing.

The Donkey Baseball game played in the play-ground at the Armory, on Wednesday night attracted a large audience and furnished much hilarity.

The parade of cars on the "Farm Tour" passed through our city on Wednesday and there must have been more than one hundred cars in line, and showed plainly that farming is not the worst vocation today, for they all looked prosperous.

### ROCKY RIDGE.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Miller, of Indianapolis, Iowa, are visiting relatives of this vicinity.

Mrs. Jacob Valentine, who has been visiting her sister, at Baltimore, has returned home.

Mr. S. Long and Mrs. Nettie Powell, of Washington, were guests on Sunday of Chas. G. Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. Seward Englar and Mrs. Messler, spent Sunday with Wm. Renner and family.

Mervin Shorb who was stricken with typhoid fever, last week, was removed to Frederick City Hospital. Very little improvement has been noted as yet.

Chas. G. Williams is spending the week with his brother, James Williams, of Cumberland, Md.

Miss Margaret Bell, Emmitsburg; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Null, Graceland; Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Seneseny and daughter, of Uniontown, were callers recently of Mrs. Estella I. Englar and daughter.

### FEESERSBURG.

Still sultry weather—when do these dog-days end? We believe this is the first year of its existence that the Hagerstown Almanac has failed to tell us.

After a few weeks with relatives Miss Ruth Utermahlen, returned to her work with the Blind in Baltimore on Monday morning. Just now she is interlocking leather belts, for which she received many orders while here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Wolfe entertained his nephews, niece and two friends—all from Philadelphia, to dinner, on Sunday, and father Wolfe and daughter, Miss Erma were with them for supper.

Mrs. Lottie Koons Gladhill, her daughter, Miss Audrey and two neighbors of Washington, called on her aunt, Mrs. Rosa K. Bohn, on Monday evening.

Mrs. Lillie Birely Parker, of Frederick, who recently returned from a West Indies—S. American Cruise of 5 weeks is staying a few days with her cousins of Grove Dale, where Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gardener, of Blue Ridge Summit, spent Sunday evening and Dewitt C. Haines took supper with them on Monday evening.

On Saturday friends from Govans came to take the F. F. Shriver family to their home for a week-end visit. Mrs. Shriver preferred staying nearer home with her relatives in Union Bridge. Mr. and Mrs. Orion Hess, but Mr. Shriver and Mrs. Kate O'Connor accompanied them and returned on Sunday evening after a delightful visit and some sight-seeing.

After a week's visit with the Wilbur Miller family, Mrs. Ralph Lader, of Chambersburg, returned to the home of her mother, in Baltimore.

There was a pleasant surprise at Mt. Union, on Sunday morning when Mrs. Leslie Koons, her child, Betty Jane, and J. Good, of Detroit, Mich., walked into the church with Mrs. Luther Sentz having arrived by motor, on Saturday afternoon. This young woman makes annual visits to her husband's relatives in Maryland and is favorably known. At the C. E. Service following Sunday School, Frank P. Bohn gave an interesting report of the rally held in the Church of God, at Carrollton, on Thursday evening of last week, which was well attended despite inclement weather and full of inspiration.

The announcement of the death of Whitfield Dayhoff on last Thursday was a shock to this entire community. For one so young to go so unexpectedly, awakened sympathy for the entire family. The funeral held at Mt. Union Church, on Sunday afternoon, was very largely attended, and Rev. M. L. Kroh came back from his vacation to conduct the service. He spoke on the theme, "God's Will," and requested hymns were sung. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful. The I. O. M. Lodge, of Uniontown served as bearers and concluded the service at the grave in Pine Creek cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Wolfe, Dewitt C. Haines and L. K. Birely attended the funeral of Jesse Fuss at Winters Church, on Monday afternoon, where a large crowd gathered to pay the last tribute of respect to a genial friend and express their sympathy for the wife and daughter, Miss Pauline a popular teacher in the Elmer Wolfe High School.

Another aged neighbor, Charles Devilbiss passed away on Saturday and was buried at Middleburg, Tuesday morning. He was a farmer in this locality most of his life, but because of physical infirmities retired from active work some years ago, and since the death of his wife (nee Laura Buffington) has lived with his children; the last years with his daughter, Ella—Mrs. Charles Angell, near Union Bridge, three other daughters and three sons survive. Rev. E. W. Culp of the M. E. Church conducted the service.

On Monday we celebrated the 6th anniversary of our friends Amos 'N' Andy on the air. They received many letters and telegrams from prominent people congratulating them as great actors of clean fun. In their evening broadcast with natural voices they thanked the general public for their kind attention throughout the years.

### HARNEY.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cluts and daughters and Mrs. Rosa Valentine, spent last Sunday in Waynesboro, as guest of Mrs. Geo. Valentine and son, Willis and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. George Aulthouse, Gettysburg held their family reunion, Sunday, at State Park, Mount Alto. Those in the group were: Mr. and Mrs. George Aulthouse, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Aulthouse and son, Leroy, of Gettysburg; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Aulthouse and son, Dick, and Mrs. Rebecca Brown, Chambersburg, Pa.; Miss Jane Reid Harrisburg, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ridinger and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Valentine and son, Geo. Harney.

Charles Reck, who spent the past six weeks in Columbia University, N. Y., returned home, on Friday.

Mrs. Martin Myers, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kump, Samuel D. Snider and sister, Ruth, spent Sunday in Hagerstown, with Misses Lottie, Emma and Gertrude Hess.

May we have the co-operation of the community and village by their presence in A. O. K. M. C. Hall, on Monday evening 26, at 8 o'clock to talk over the more light question. We feel sure every one will be pleased if we can have it installed, and the only way to do it is to all pull together, and we can have the village lit up. Then when you come in to Harney you will not have to carry a flashlight or lantern. So, come one and all, and help us light up.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Null and son, of New York City, spent the past week with his brother Rev. Thurlow W. Null and family, and mother Mrs. Laura Null, of this village.

Mathematics is no longer required for a high school diploma in New York. Still, it is nice to know, in case old-time arithmetic is ever restored to public finance.—The Atlanta Constitution.

### KEYMAR.

Miss Agnes Six, spent Thursday with her friend, Miss Frances Shank, Union Bridge.

Mrs. Bertha H. Albaugh, spent several days last week in the home of her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Hallie Albaugh, Unionville.

Mrs. Annie Lowman, son and daughter, spent last Sunday at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Winemiller.

Recent visitors at the home of Mrs. Scott Koons and sister, Mrs. B. Bertha Albaugh, were Mrs. Wm. Farthman, Lindsay Farthman, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Farthman, Mrs. Millard Weer, Miss Margaret Harris, of Sykesville; H. A. Lindsay, of Washington.

Recent visitors at the Galt home were Dr. and Mrs. R. S. McKinney, Taneytown; Mr. and Mrs. Ross Galt, son Albert, of New Windsor; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hawk, son Edward, of Littlestown.

Mrs. Helen Townsend, Mrs. Maude Hyatt, Fowlesburg, Mrs. Loris Dorsey, of Howard Co.

Recent visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Newton Six, were Rev. and Mrs. Fred Fulmer and children, Mary Agnes, David and Junior, Mrs. Agnes Calliflow, all of Elizabeth, New Jersey; Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Cunningham, nephew, Jimmie, of Baltimore; Miss Jane Calliflow, of Frederick; Mrs. J. and Mrs. Wilford Smith, of Middleburg; Miss Catherine Eyer, and Miss Bertha Lackley, of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Bessie D. Mehning and Miss Olivia Warehime have returned home from a ten days tour to Montreal and Quebec, Canada, also the New England States, stopping at the White Mountains, New Hampshire and returned by the Mohawk and Susquehanna trail and coal regions.

Mrs. Bessie Mehning and Miss Olivia Warehime, Mrs. John Forrest, spent Wednesday in Baltimore, calling on Mrs. Dr. Hally and Miss Emma Dorn who are patients at Md. General Hospital.

Rosetta Ourand, of Sykesville, is spending a few days with her parents, this week.

### UNIONTOWN.

Earl Goodwin and family, Michigan spent the past week with his mother, Mrs. Benton Flater and other relatives.

Mrs. Eyster, of York New Salem, spent several days at the Lutheran parsonage with her daughter, Mrs. Kroh and family, who had been called home on account of the Whitfield Dayhoff and Jesse Fuss funerals. The former Sunday afternoon, at Mt. Union, and the latter, Monday afternoon at Winters.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bitzburger, Baltimore, were callers in town, Sunday. Jesse P. Garner and sister, Miss Emma Garner, left Saturday for Central Manor Camp meeting.

Miss Mary Jane Newcomer, who had been a guest at Rev. Hoch's, returned with them to Washingtonboro. Rev. Hoch returned from Orange, Va. on Wednesday of last week.

Howard Hiteshaw and family, Baltimore, spent the week-end at Snader Devilbiss's.

Mrs. Pearl Segafosse visited her sister, Mrs. Mary Davidson, Upperco, first of the week.

Samuel Talbott, is suffering very much with a sore foot, which developed suddenly several days ago.

Edward Talbott's two little daughters, spent several days with their uncle, Samuel Talbott.

The Bethel Mite Society met at the home of Mrs. Hugh Heltibridge, Wednesday afternoon.

Thursday, Rev. J. H. Hoch and family, left for the latter part of his vacation, which will be spent at Washingtonboro and Central Manor camp-meeting.

Mrs. Lizzie Sherrick, of California, who is visiting relatives in the East, was a guest of her only sister, Mrs. B. L. Cookson.

M. D. Smith lost one of his valuable horses, the past week.

Jane Fleagle has been spending several weeks in the country with her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Bowers.

Billy Fleagle has been at Maidensville with his cousin, Billy Bowman.

The farm of the late Harlan Mentzer, Blue Ridge Summit, formerly the Theodore Eckard farm, near town, was sold at public sale, last Saturday, to Rev. E. C. Bixler, New Windsor.

Benton Flater remains in a very uncomfortable condition, requiring almost constant attention.

Friends from Pittsburgh have been visitors at Mrs. Annie Shoemaker's this week.

Miss Ethel Erb, made a trip, last week, to the Barbara Fritchie home and the birthplace of Francis Scott Key.

### DETOUR.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weisenberg, Arvin, California, are spending some time with Mrs. E. D. Diller and friends.

Mrs. Elsie Deberry, who has been ill for several months, is able to be out again.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hoover visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Weybright.

Mrs. E. L. Harner, Baltimore, and daughter, are visiting Mrs. Bertha Dorsey.

Luther Reisl, Blue Ridge Summit, was the guest of Bert Allender, last week.

Miss Linda Lee Harner was given a surprise on her ninth birthday. Those in attendance were: Gloria Hoover, Louise and Mabel Sharrer, Betty Jean and Linda Lee Stambaugh, Maryland Wolf and Anna Mae Coshun.

Miss Sara Yoder spent Friday with Miss Eleanor Wildhide.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Minnick and daughter, visited Mrs. Minnick's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Wildhide.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Warner have returned from visiting Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Messler and family, Altoona, Pa.

Ralph and Galen Wolf, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jesse P. Weybright, have returned to their home, in New Windsor.

Miss Rhea Warren, Keysville, visited her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Warren, recently.

### NORTHERN CARROLL.

Mrs. Irvin Hess, Hanover; Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Study, Mrs. Charles Emerbrink, Miss Grace Study and Kenneth Benner, Littlestown; Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Study, Mrs. Milton J. Study, Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Bachman, George Bachman, Miss Mary Sterner and Chester Petry motored to Washington, Sunday and visited Mr. and Mrs. Paul L. Study and also visited Fort Myer, Arlington and Haines Point.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Roop, Detour, were Sunday guests at the home of the former's brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Curtis L. Roop.

Miss Anna Kauffman is spending the week as the guest of her girl friend, Miss Anna Warehime, Union Bridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther O. Eckard, daughter Carolyn; Ruth Ellen Hoover, Joseph Hahn daughter, Dorothy, of Westminster, were Sunday afternoon guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel E. Kauffman.

Mr. and Mrs. George N. Bankert, their children and grand-children held a family reunion at Geiman's Park, near Gettysburg, Sunday. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. George N. Bankert, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence O. Bankert, daughter, Marion, Littlestown; Mr. and Mrs. John A. Bankert, daughter, Jean, Stonersville; Mr. and Mrs. Robert N. Bankert, daughter, Shirley, Hampstead; Mr. and Mrs. Paul Klaessig, Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Bankert, son Grove, Taneytown, and Charles D. Bankert.

### BELT-PARRISH REUNION.

The Belt-Parrish Association held their 36th. annual reunion in the Firemen's Grove, Reisterstown, Md., on Sunday, Aug. 18, 1935, and celebrated the 300th. anniversary of the landing of Sir Humphrey Belt, at Jamestown, Va., July 23, 1635.

In the absence of the President, Lieut. Norman A. Belt, Gaithersburg, Md., and the Vice-President, Mrs. H. C. Williams, Louisville, Md., Leonard B. Johnson, Baltimore was made chairman for the day.

The meeting was called to order by singing, "Help Somebody Today." Rev. Wilson T. Jarboe, of the Methodist Episcopal conference, offered prayer; hymn, "The Way of the Cross Leads Home." The minutes of the 35th. reunion were read and approved as read and the treasurer gave his report which was accepted.

The names of the missing "links" were then given by the secretary, there being fourteen as follows: Guy O. Peltzer, James Bentz, Miss S. Virginia Belt, Mrs. Mary J. Patterson, C. W. Smith, Mrs. Josephine Belt, Miss Viola T. Osborne, Miss Elizabeth E. Belt, daughter of Samuel Sprigg and Susan P. Belt, Rev. J. Tally Marsh, Mrs. Marcella Bentz, Miss Helen C. Reynolds, Edgar E. Belt, Miss Mary Alice Parrish and Charles Wilmer Belt. All stood in silence for 30 seconds, after which Mrs. John D. Belt, Westminster, offered prayer in memory of those who had been called home during the year.

John D. Belt gave a brief history of the family and "Who's Who" from Humphrey Belt, who came from Gravesend, England, on the ship "America" and landed at Jamestown, Va., in 1635, tracing the generations down without a missing link to the present time covering twelve generations as follows: 1st. Sir Humphrey Belt, 1635; 2nd. Sir Humphrey Belt, Jr., came to Maryland in 1650; 3rd. John Belt, who married Lucy Law, came in 1701; 4th. John Belt, Jr., born in 1703 and married to Elizabeth Tydings; 5th. Leonard Belt, came to Baltimore in 1762, married Hannah Parrish in 1763; 6th. Mordecai Belt, who married Priscilla Parrish; 7th. Joshua Belt, who married Kiturah Ambrose; 8th. Elizabeth Belt, married John Dorsey Belt, Sr.; 9th. William T. Belt married Elizabeth Stansbury; 10th. Gertie Belt, married Clayton Walters; 11th. Angela Walters, married Harry Wolf and Leoda Walters married Charles Zipprian; 12th. Carroll Leoda Wolf, Edward Clayton Wolf, Shirley Angela Zipprian, Adele May Zipprian and Mary Joan Zipprian. All of the eleventh and twelfth generations were represented at this 36th. reunion.

Rev. John Armacost and Rev. W. T. Jarboe gave talks on reunions and spoke of the great and final reunion. Greetings were brought from Lieut. Norman Belt and family, Mrs. John W. Dean and family, of Martinsburg, Va., and from Rev. John Hess Belt, who is chaplain at Fort MacArthur, San Pedro, Calif.

All were served with ice cream. Many enjoyed dinner and supper on the picnic plan. There were nearly 200 present. The family having the largest number present was that of John D. Belt, Sr., who had 44 present. The second largest was the Ebenezer Belt family with 19 present.

The report of the nominating committee was given by Hugh Belt. The following were elected to serve one year: Pres., James F. Alexander, Baltimore; Vice-Pres., Gurney Leatherwood, Sykesville; Sec., Mrs. John D. Belt, Westminster; Treas., Leonard B. Johnson Baltimore. The 37th. annual reunion will be held at the same place on August 16, 1936. The benediction was pronounced by Rev. John Armacost, Upperco, Md.

### A QUESTION OF "SIDE."

Little Algernon (to the old lady who has just arrived, and whom he has never seen before): "So you're my grand-mother, are you?"

Old Lady: "Yes, on your father's side."

Algernon: "Well, you're on the wrong side; I'll tell you that right now."—Texas Weekly.

Policeman (after the collision): "You saw this lady driving toward you. Why didn't you give her half the road?"

Motorist: "I was going to, as soon as I discovered which half she wanted."—Stray Stories.

The big trouble connected with being elected Governor is, that there are so many who would like to help him run the job; and get pouty when they are not consulted.

### TANEYTOWN LOCALS.

(Continued from First Page.)

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. B. Hopkins, spent the week-end at Atlantic City, N. J.

The Taneytown Schools will open on Thursday morning, Sept. 5, at 9 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. John Roddy, near Mt. St. Mary's College, visited Mrs. N. B. Hagan, on Saturday.

Miss Marie Little, of Baltimore, is spending several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Little.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Hammer, of Derry, Pa., visited Mr. and Mrs. Doty Robb, last Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Allie Late, of Waynesboro, Pa., spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. Percy Putnam and Miss Nettie Putman.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Gilmore and son, of Steelton, Pa., were the guests of Mrs. Grace Shreeve and family, on Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. Maurice Wentz and two daughters, of York, were the guests of Mrs. Calvin T. Fringer and family, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Frock, daughter, Fairy, and Mrs. Emma Rodgers, attended the Brown reunion, held at Rocky Ridge, on Sunday.

Miss Margaret Hitchcock and Miss Martha Walters, of New York City, are spending some time with Dr. N. A. Hitchcock and family.

Misses Gertrude, Alice and Anna Annan, of Washington, D. C., are spending several weeks with Mrs. Hessie Annan and family.

Mrs. William Farlifer and two children, of Baltimore, are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Angell and other relatives in town.

The report that Mrs. Flora Yingling has made a sale of her Emmitsburg St., home, is incorrect. It will be occupied by a tenant, after Saturday.

George Newcomer is reported to have purchased a lot from Mrs. Annie Koutz, fronting on Mill Ave., and that he will build on it in the near future.

Miss Ethel Harner, of near Littlestown, and Mr. John Fox, of Gettysburg, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fair and son, Jimmy.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Hoffacker, Mr. and Mrs. George Hoffacker, and Ira Hoffacker, all of Baltimore, spent Saturday with Mrs. Nettie S. Angell.

A party of Taneytown fishermen went down the bay, Thursday night, and brought home with them 139 trout and crockers, the most of them large.

Mr. and Mrs. John Trout, of York; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller and Mrs. Susie Bachman, of Hanover, spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Emma Rodgers.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Keefer, of Westminster; Mr. and Mrs. John W. Stouffer, of town, spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. George Nau, near Carlisle, Pa.

Dr. Fidelia Gilbert will be the guest speaker at the August meeting of the Women's Missionary Society of the Lutheran Church, on Wednesday evening, August 28th.

The Women's Missionary Society, of Piney Creek Presbyterian Church will hold its Praise and Thanksgiving service with thank-offering, on Sunday evening, Aug. 25, at 8:15. Sabbath School, at 7:30 P. M.

Mrs. Amos Hilbert, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Sauerwein, daughter, Mary Louise, Taneytown; Ida Clark, Kumb, were entertained to supper Sunday at the home of Anamary Whimert in honor of Mrs. Sauerwein's birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Ohler and daughter, Elizabeth; Mrs. Roy Carbaugh and daughters, Kathryn and Mildred, spent Sunday at Oakland, Md., going by way of Harpers Ferry and returning by way of Cumberland.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Harner, Mrs. George Baumgardner and Miss Novella Harner, will leave this Saturday, for Dayton, Ohio, where they will spend a week with Mr. and Mrs. James Reindollar and other relatives there.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Unger, Waynesboro; Miss Rosa Boyd and Russell Boyd, Gettysburg; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Boyd, Virgie and Chas. Boyd, attended the reunion of the ancestors of Samuel Boyd, in Lancaster County, Pa., on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Putnam and Miss Nettie Putnam, of Taneytown, and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Putnam, of Union Bridge, visited Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Foust and Mr. and Mrs. Amos Mackey and family, of Chambersburg, Pa., on Sunday.

John Wagner, of Pleasant Hill, met with a very painful accident, on Thursday afternoon, on the Fair ground, while chasing the greased pig. Mr. Wagner fell and in falling out some broken glass that required the attention of a doctor and several stitches.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Overholtzer and daughter, Pauline; Mrs. Grayson Eyer, Mrs. Mary M. Ott, Mrs. Sarah Albaugh, Mrs. Mary Stover, Miss Mary Koonz and Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Crouse, attended the 23rd. annual reunion of the Jacobs family which was held near East Berlin, last Saturday. Mrs. Mary Stover received a prize for being the oldest woman present.

Mr. and Mrs. George Morelock and sons, Paul and Edward, of Harrisburg, Pa., spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Morelock. Miss Naomi Morelock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Morelock, who spent two weeks with her grandparents, accompanied them home. Mr. and Mrs. William Wise, of Harrisburg were visitors at the same place, on Wednesday.

Dr. and Mrs. Wilbur Mehning, of Silver Springs, Md., spent Sunday with their home folks.

Miss Theresa Enders, Baltimore, spent several days this week with Miss Katharine Hemler.

The Fire Company was called to Wolfe's garage, East Baltimore St. on Thursday evening, to a fire in some slab wood at the end of the garage. The early discovery of the fire, and prompt help, prevented a real fire.

Mrs. Mary Crapster and Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Waltersdorf and son, of Washington, Pa., Mr. and Mrs. John Smeltzer and family, of Silver Springs, Md., were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John O. Crapster, on Fairview Ave., on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stambaugh, two daughters and Miss Catherine Stambaugh, near Detour, spent Monday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Russell Eckard, near town. Mrs. Clarence Eckard, son John, Mrs. Paul Fair and son, Robert, and David Myerly, of town, were visitors at the same place on Tuesday.

### MARRIED

#### LONG—KROM.

Mr. James Long, Rocky Ridge and Miss Grace Krom, daughter of Mr. John Krom, of near Emmitsburg, were united in marriage on Tuesday evening, August 13, by Rev. Guy P. Bready, at the parsonage of the Reformed Church, in Taneytown.

### DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.</



## SPECIAL NOTICES

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** will be inserted under this heading at One Cent a word, each week, counting name and address of advertiser—two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Minimum charge, 15 cents.

**REAL ESTATE** for sale, Two Cents each word. Minimum charge, 25 cents.

**CASH IN ADVANCE** payments are desired in all cases.

**THIS COLUMN** is specially for Wants, Lost, Found, Short Announcements, Personal Property for sale, etc.

**APPLY AT RECORD OFFICE** notices are not solicited. Always give name, P. O. Box.

**WILL HAVE** on hand from now on, Steers, Bulls, Heifers, Fresh Cows, for sale. Also will loan stock bulls to reliable farmers. See me and I will save you money.—Harold Mehrling. 12-8-Mf

**BIG COMMUNITY SALE** in Bruceville, Saturday, September 7, 1935, all kinds Furniture, Stoves and Rugs. Any person having anything to sell, see me at once. Sale will start at 12:00 o'clock, sharp.—W. M. Ohler, Manager.

**CLEAN CREEK GRAVEL** delivered, \$2.50 for 3 ton load.—Harold Mehrling. 8-23-4t

**DON'T MISS THE Big Auction** at Bruceville tonight, and every Friday night until further notice.—W. M. Ohler.

**MODERN HOME** on East Baltimore St., for rent, all conveniences. See Harold Mehrling. 8-23-2t

**HAVE RECEIVED** at my Stables, in Middleburg, a load of good Dairy Cows, Guernseys and Jerseys.—D. S. Repp.

**CIDER MAKING**—Wednesday of each week.—Frank H. Ohler, Taneytown.

**PUBLIC SALE**—This Saturday, at 1 o'clock. Large lot of Household Goods.—Mrs. Flora Yingling, Taneytown.

**FOR SALE**—Westinghouse Electric Range, Automatic Flavor Zone Oven, latest model, like new. A real bargain. Will sacrifice. Call at once.—J. H. Stavelly, W. Baltimore St., Taneytown.

**POTATOES FOR SALE**—From 25c to 50c per bushel.—John H. Menges, McSherrystown. 8-23-3t

**PIANOS**—Will sacrifice magnificent High-grade "Baby Grand." Heinemann, \$15.00; Newman, \$50.00; Steiff, \$75.00; Knabe, like new. We have Famous Electric, Coin Phonographs.—Cramer's, Frederick, Md. 8-9-10t

**BIG AUCTION** of Bananas, Watermelons, etc., Saturday night.—Earl Bowers. 8-2-1t

**THE EMMITSBURG Farm Union** will hold their annual Community Picnic in Shriver's woods, on Wednesday, August 28.—Raymond Baumgardner, Secretary. 7-26-1f

**KEYSVILLE Lutheran S. S. Festival** will be held on Saturday evening, August 24, on the church lawn. Music by the I. O. O. F. Band, Taneytown. A general line of refreshments will be served. 7-26-5t

**FRESH EGGS WANTED**—Highest cash prices always paid by M. O. Fuss, Harney. 8-16-1f

**WANTED**—2 Loads of Calves, Tuesday, each week. Highest cash price. Will call 7 miles from Taneytown. Write, Phone, or see Jere J. Garner. 5-10-35

**OPERA HOUSE WESTMINSTER, MD.**  
MONDAY AND TUESDAY,  
AUGUST 26 and 27  
Atlantic Magazine \$10,000 Prize Story  
"JALNA"  
Featuring  
KAY JOHNSON and IAN HUNTER  
This story read by thousand and was one of the BEST SELLERS  
Also  
"Picked Peppers"  
"Parrotville Postoffice"  
News

**WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY,**  
AUGUST 28 and 29  
LAUREL and HARDY  
—In—  
"BONNIE SCOTLAND"  
If you want to laugh this is the sort of a show for you. Also  
"Ticket or leave it"  
"Fighting Fish"  
Landing big ones on Fly Rods.  
News

**FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,**  
AUGUST 30 and 31  
The beginning of our Fall program. All of the features shown at the Opera House will be shown day and date with the first run houses in Baltimore or within fourteen days thereafter. Our first feature of the Fall program.  
"China Seas"  
Featuring  
CLARK GABLE, JEAN HARLOW and WALLACE BERRY  
Also  
Selected Short Features and Comedies  
"Salesmanship O'Hay"  
Cartoon "MERRY KITTENS"  
News

Look here Next Week  
TED LEWIS and HIS BAND  
Ted Healy, Nat Pendleton, Donald Cook, Virginia Bruce and "Snanke" McFarland  
Three bought tickets and this program will admit four people to the Opera House ANY NIGHT.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**  
This is to give notice that the subscriber, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, Md., letters of administration on the estate of  
ADAM M. KALBACH.  
late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 20th day of March, 1936; they may otherwise be excluded from all of the said estate. Given under my hands this 23rd day of August, 1935.  
THE BIRNIE TRUST COMPANY, Administrator.

## CHURCH NOTICES.

This column is for the free use of all churches, for a brief announcement of services. Please do not elaborate. It is always understood that the public is invited.

**Taneytown Presbyterian**—Sabbath School, 10:00 A. M.; Christian Endeavor, 7:30 P. M., followed by a business meeting of the Society. A full attendance of the members is requested for all these exercises. There will be no Preaching Service.

**Trinity Lutheran, Taneytown**—Sunday School, 9:00 A. M.; Preaching Service, 10:00 A. M.; Luther League, 6:30 P. M.

**Taneytown United Brethren Church**—Sunday School, at 9:30 A. M.; Worship with sermon at 10:30 A. M. The morning sermon there will be, "The Man Who Refused to go In."

The last Quarterly Conference will be held this Monday, at 8:00 P. M., in the Church. Reports are requested from various departments covering period Oct. 1st, 1934, to date most convenient next to quarterly conference.

**Harney Church**—Official Board Meeting, at 9:15 A. M.; Sunday School, at 10:15 A. M.

**St. Mary's Reformed Church, Silver Run**—Sunday School, at 9:00 A. M.; Morning Worship, 10:30 A. M.; Christian Endeavor, 6:30; Worship, at 7:30 P. M.

**Reformed Church, Taneytown**—S. School, at 9:15 A. M.; Morning Worship, at 10:15; C. E., at 7 P. M.; No evening service.

**Keysville**—Morning Worship, at 8 A. M.; Sunday School, at 9.

**Uniontown Lutheran Church, Mt. Union**—S. S., at 9:00 A. M.; C. E., at 10:00 A. M.

**Winters**—S. S., at 10:00 A. M. St. Paul—S. S. at 9:30 A. M.

## STAMBAUGH REUNION

The fifth annual reunion of the Stambaugh clan was held in Mt. Tabor Park, Rocky Ridge, Md., Aug. 17, 1935. The following program was rendered: Song, "The Way of the Cross Leads Home," prayer, recitation, Betty Jane and Eugene Stambaugh; recitation, Edith Wastler; reading, Gloria Ebaugh; song, "Take the Name of Jesus with You," recitation, Shirley Ecker; solo, Bonnie Wastler; solo, Audrey Ecker; instrumental selections, Charles and Bernice Tressler and Lewis Stoner; playlet, "The Peddler," Mrs. Harvey Tressler and Mrs. Norman Harman; reading, Mary Jane Arbaugh; song, Mr. Kahler and Mr. James Schildt.

The following members were awarded prizes: oldest woman, Mrs. William Wood; oldest man, Samuel Stambaugh; youngest child, Jean Magaha; newest married couple, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Closs; oldest married couple, Mr. and Mrs. William Fleagle; person coming the longest distance, Mrs. Catherine Eyer Eckart; largest family present, Mrs. James Schildt and family.

At the election of officers which followed the present officers were retained: Pres., Charles Stambaugh; Taneytown; Vice-President, James Schildt, Rocky Ridge, Md.; Secretary, N. O. Sharrer, Rocky Ridge, Md.; Treasurer, Miss Ruth Stambaugh, Taneytown. The present amusement committee was also retained: Mrs. Norman Harman, chairman; Mrs. Harvey Tressler, Mrs. Merle Ecker, Mrs. Frank Shaffer. Games were then held, and prizes were awarded to the following winners: Comic dress parade, John Tressler and Marian Sharrer; bottle contest, John Tressler and Marian Sharrer, rolling-pin contest for women, Glenn Fisher; rolling-pin contest for men, Lester Troxell; peanut scramble, Kenneth Stambaugh; bag race for boys, Richard Magaha; bag race for girls, Audrey Ecker; men's race, John Tressler; women's race, Mrs. Florence Magaha. It was decided to hold the 1936 reunion at Mt. Tabor Park, on the third Saturday in August.

## CANADA PROFITS BY HIGH PRICES IN U. S.

Washington—(IPS)—Coupled with the revelation that agricultural exports from the United States, exclusive of cotton, fell during June to a point very near the all-time low mark, reports reached Washington from Toronto that land prices and land exports of Canadian farmers were booming.

American exports of wheat and flour for the month amounted to 21,532,000 bushels, the smallest since the years immediately following the war between the States.

Meanwhile the Canadian reports said that for the first six months of 1935 Canada exported 6,000,000 lbs. of land to the British market, compared to 74,600 pounds in the same period of 1934. Previous to 1935 the United States had the major call on the British market for land.

The reports from Canada also said that live stock men there are closely following the trend of agricultural affairs in the United States with the possibility of shipping Canadian hogs here. The present duty on hogs has thus far prevented imports from Canada, but higher prices might permit Canadian stock men to hurdle this barrier. They were able to accomplish this in January on live cattle, and since then a large number of cattle has been exported to the U. S.

## The Roadjustors

The organization known as the Roadjustors was a political faction formed from the Democratic party of Virginia in 1878. Its formation was due to a bill which passed the state legislature in March of that year for refunding the state debt. The party was led by William Mahone and was violently opposed to the payment of the debt. In 1879 and 1881 by a fusion with the Republicans they gained control of the state government and sent William Mahone to the United States senate.

## Frederick County League

### STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	Pct
Middletown	9	1	.900
Brunswick	7	3	.700
Union Bridge	7	4	.636
Taneytown	6	5	.545
Thurmont	6	5	.545
New Windsor	4	7	.364
Woodsboro	2	7	.222
Emmitsburg	1	9	.100

### LAST SATURDAY'S GAMES.

Middletown, 8; Brunswick, 3.
Taneytown, 5; Thurmont, 2.
New Windsor, 3; Emmitsburg, 4.
Union Bridge, 8; Woodsboro, 4.

### TUESDAY'S GAME.

Taneytown 0—Union Bridge, 4.
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### GAMES THIS SATURDAY.

Middletown at Woodsboro.
New Windsor at Taneytown.
Emmitsburg at Thurmont.
Brunswick at Union Bridge.

### TANEYTOWN 5—THURMONT 3.

Taneytown won from Thurmont, last Saturday, at Taneytown, through all-around better play, and by keeping up its growing reputation for being fast on bases. It started running the first inning on a single and a double, which, assisted by an error, produced two runs and a continuous lead throughout the game.

Both pitchers performed well, Ecker, being a bit steadier than Shaffer and had seven strike-outs to his credit, to four for Shaffer. Birely for Thurmont hit a home run in the eighth with no one on the bases. The score follows:

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Thurmont						
Flory, cf	3	0	1	2	0	0
N. Shaffer, rf	5	0	1	2	0	0
Spalding, 2b	4	0	0	2	2	1
J. Creeger, 1b	4	0	0	1	1	2
Clarke, 3b	3	2	1	2	3	1
Birely, ss	3	1	2	0	2	1
E. Creeger, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Pryor, c	3	0	1	5	0	0
*Leatherman	0	0	0	0	0	0
P. Shaffer, p	4	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	35	3	6	24	11	3

\*Batted for Pryor in 9th.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Taneytown						
Ott, rf	3	1	0	1	0	0
P. Ecker, 1b	2	0	0	5	0	0
Devilbiss, 1b	1	0	0	3	0	0
Hitchcock, cf	3	1	1	4	0	0
Blettner, 3b	4	2	4	2	0	0
Rifle, ss	4	0	1	1	1	0
Repp, 2b	3	0	0	2	2	1
Bankert, lf	3	1	0	0	0	0
Wildasin, c	3	0	1	9	0	0
S. Ecker, p	4	0	1	0	3	0
Totals	30	5	8	27	6	1

Summary: Earned runs—Taneytown—4; Thurmont—3. Home runs—Birely—1; Thurmont—1. Ecker, Stolen bases—Hitchcock, 2; Blettner, 1; Rifle, 1.

Bankert, Wildasin. Double plays—Clarke to J. Creeger to Spalding; J. Creeger to Clarke. Hit by pitcher—Shaffer (Bankert, Hitchcock); by Ecker (Leatherman). Passed ball—Wildasin. Base on balls—off Ecker, 4; off Shaffer, 2. Struck out—by Ecker, 7; by Shaffer, 4. Left on bases—Thurmont, 7; Taneytown, 7. Umpire—Sipple. Time—1:42. Scorer—Devilbiss.

### UNION BRIDGE 4—TANEYTOWN 0

Due to its chief weakness—inability to hit the ball hard—Taneytown lost to Union Bridge, on Tuesday, 4 to 0. Union Bridge kept up its long standing record of always being able to beat Taneytown, and the local players may have been depressed by the inevitable, throughout the game.

Keffer pitched a good game, that ordinarily would have won, but his team-mates were unable to profit by Minnick's wildness in the beginning of the game, and followed mostly with easy infield grounders and he thrown out at first. Blettner was the only one able to hit him successfully, and made the only two hits of the game for the team.

Union Bridge hit safely only four times, but two were homers, and one of its four runs was due to an error. Bankard and Behrens hit the homers. The score tells the story.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Union Bridge						
Bankard, cf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Bowman, ss	2	0	0	1	4	0
Utz, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Niedemus, 3b	3	1	0	0	6	1
Young, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Minnick, p	4	0	0	0	1	0
Behrens, 1b	3	2	1	9	0	0
T. Kiss, c	3	0	0	1	1	0
J. Kiss, 2b	4	0	0	5	1	0
Totals	31	4	4	27	13	1

Taneytown  
Clingan, rf  
Rifle, ss  
Hitchcock, cf  
Blettner, 3b  
Repp, 2b  
Wildasin, c  
Bankert, lf  
Devilbiss, 1b  
Keffer, p

Totals 28 0 2 27 11 3

Union Bridge 1 0 0 1 2 0 0 4  
Taneytown 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
Summary: Earned runs—Union Bridge, 3. Home runs—Bankard, Sacrifice hit—T. Kiss. Double play—Minnick to Bowman to Behrens. Base on balls—off Keffer, 4; off Minnick, 6. Struck out—by Keffer, 4; by Minnick, 10. Hit by pitcher—Minnick (Hitchcock). Left on bases—Union Bridge, 5; Taneytown, 8. Umpire—Brookman. Time—1:40. Scorer—Devilbiss.

## MD. LUTHER LEAGUE.

The Maryland Synodical Luther League Convention opens Saturday, August 31, in the Church of the Reformation, East Capitol St., Washington, D. C.

The Sunday sessions will be devoted to church school, morning worship, conferences, fellowship hour, vespers, and a communion service. The program for Monday is as follows: Opening Devotions, Rev. Edward G. Goetz, "A Warm Hope," convention business, reception of visitor from Synod, reception of the president of the Maryland Synod, visitor from the Luther League of America, and fraternal delegates; report of the National Luther League convention in Charleston, South Carolina, Mr. Roland Renkel; violin solo, Mr. Augustus Hackman; address, "The Light in Poverty Lane," the Rev. L. Ralph Tabor, Middletown, Md. The afternoon program includes quiet moments Rev. Edward G. Goetz, "A Radiant Love," conferences on three themes presented to the convention, school, Dr. J. W. Ort; pleasure, Mr. Augustus Hackman, Baltimore, poverty, Rev. E. P. Heinze, Cumberland; presentation of league program by the Rev. Paul M. Kinports, Executive Secretary of the Luther League of America, in Philadelphia; convention business, installation of officers by the president of the Maryland Synod; address, "The Light in School Street," Rev. Philip S. Baringer, Baltimore. The Rev. Joseph B. Baker, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, York, Pa., will be the speaker at the banquet. His theme will be, "The Light in the Future."

## PROCEEDINGS ORPHANS' COURT

Monday, August 19th, 1935.—Cora A. Brown, administratrix of Mandilla Pace, deceased, returned inventories of personal property and real estate.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mary C. Bower, deceased, were granted to Tyson C. Harrison, who received order to notify creditors and warrants to appraise personal property and real estate.

Florida T. Haugh, administratrix of Charles G. Haugh, deceased, reported sale of personal property.

George Carroll Warehime, executor of George R. Warehime, deceased, settled his first and final account.

Clarence E. Lindsay, administrator of Laura J. Lindsay, deceased, received warrant to appraise personal property, and settled his first and final account.

Lucy B. Burkholder, administratrix of Mary E. Zile, deceased, settled her first and final account.

George F. Hahn, administrator of Mary Hahn, deceased, settled his first and final account.

John L. Riley and John F. Koerner, administrators of Saranda E. Riley, deceased, reported sale of personal property.

Letters of administration on the estate of Adam M. Kalbach, deceased, were granted to The Birnie Trust Company who received order to notify creditors.

Tuesday, August 20th, 1935.—Annie Elizabeth Owings, executrix of Richard B. Owings, deceased, settled her first account.

Frank O. Wilson, administrator of Frank H. Wilson, deceased, returned inventories of personal property and real estate.

## CONGRESS AND POLITICS.

A rush is on, in Congress, to end the session this week, and with this comes the news that national politics will at once take first-page space. It has been reported for some time that the President is eager to explain and defend his policies throughout the country, both over the radio and at public events, and will be glad to have Congress off his hands.

Both National Committees have been getting ready for 1936, and by common consent, the west will be the big battle ground. Republican headquarters will be opened in Chicago, several months in advance of the usual time, and the confident predictions are that before the end of September, the battle will be well under way, although the nominating conventions will not be held until next June.

Public interest in the bills before Congress to bewaning. Even theories are tiring out, and more interest is manifested in side issues according to the headlines of the daily press. One of these has been the examination of Howard C. Hopson, wealthy utilities head, before a Senate Committee that revealed large profits made.

Another space taking story is that of the large proportions of the NRA army, still on the pay roll, said to number approximately 2800 at good salaries; the fact apparently denoting the President's unwillingness to disband the personnel of the most outstanding of his "new deal" policies, if not the hope that it may have its life renewed.

## A SURPRISE PARTY.

A birthday surprise party was held Tuesday, Aug. 20, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Simpson, in honor of Elwood's birthday. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. Roland Koonz, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Ohler, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Welty, Mr. and Mrs. Cleve Weishaar, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Rippen, Mrs. Albert McKinney, Mr. Robert Hahn; Misses Madeline Simpson, Helen Lamella, Grace Angell, Mabel Bowers, Eleanor Bittiger, Mary Smith, Margaret Morrison, Mary Virginia Simpson, Arlene Weishaar, Betty Morrison, Betty Jean Ohler; Messrs Mart Baker, Harry Baker, Harold Simpson, Norville Welty, Howard Welty, Guy Morrison, Thomas Morrison, Franklin McKinney, Kenneth McKinney, Sonney Ohler, Dewey and Theodore Simpson.

## TELLING THE WORLD



Havana . . . Cuba is becoming telephone conscious. As a result telephone service will be extended by the Department of Communications from Havana to the capitals of each province, Commercial Attache Walter A. Donnelly reports to the U. S. Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Cuba, a late report shows, is served by 32,840 telephones, which is less than one telephone for each 100 people.

Cuba is one of more than sixty countries or geographical locations that is connected with the world telephone network. Connections are made by cables operated between Havana and Key West, Florida, which were placed in operation April 11, 1921. President Harding and President Menocal, at that time chief executives of the two republics exchanged personal greetings by telephone.

Calcutta . . . Construction of additional long distance telephone lines throughout India is now under way, Trade Commissioner George C. Howard reports in Foreign Communications News of the U. S. Department of Commerce. Prominent among these new trunk telephone circuits are lines connecting India and Ceylon. Also lines are now being operated between Calcutta and Bengal and Darjeeling, summer capital, a distance of 369 miles. The Mysore Government, Mr. Howard reports, is studying the question of further extension of the Bangalore dial telephone system.

London . . . Telephone service is an important feature of the operation of Buckingham Palace, residence of their majesties King George and Queen Mary of England. The telephone equipment there includes a private branch exchange switchboard serving 240 telephones. Trunk lines connect with various city central offices. At times, according to the Postoffice Magazine, direct telephone lines are provided to Sandringham, their private residence, and with the royal yacht while at sea.

Colombo, Ceylon . . . Telephone extensions and improvements include the installation of twelve new planting areas in the Central and Southern provinces which will have telephone service for the first time when present projects are completed, according to Foreign Communications News. At Colombo extensions will be made to the dial system to connect outlying stations.

## Boy Reproduces Battlefield

Gallion, Ohio.—A reproduction of the Argonne battlefield of the World war won for Victor Smith, Gallion high school student, too young to remember the war, first prize in the local Rotary club's hobby fair.

## AVERAGE NET WORTH OF FAMILIES RISES

### Special Survey Shows Home Mortgages Reduced.

Minneapolis.—The average insured family has 30 per cent more cash in the bank today than it had in 1933, and has reduced the mortgage on its home by 10 per cent in the same two-year period, according to a survey of 10,000 policy holder families by the Northwestern National Life Insurance company of Minneapolis.

An average reserve of \$356 per family of cash on hand and in banks, was reported as of the spring of 1933 in response to the insurance company's questionnaire; this compares with \$404 per family at the present time, an increase of \$108, or 30 per cent.

A reduction in the size of the average mortgage from \$3,464 in 1933 to \$3,110 in 1935 was shown in the reports. Approximately 49 per cent of the policy holders investigated were home owners; the average home valuation was \$5,301. Half of the homes owned were clear of encumbrance; the remaining 50 per cent were mortgaged.

The average amount of life insurance owned per family was \$7,710 in 1933, and \$8,199 in 1935, an increase of 6.3 per cent.

The average net worth of each family, including equity in home but exclusive of life insurance, was \$2,953 in the spring of 1933, and had risen to \$3,440 two years later, the survey showed, an increase in average wealth of 16 per cent. The 10,000 families were selected at random from policy holder lists.

A special survey of urban housing conducted in 61 cities by the United States Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce showed a reduction in the average mortgage on owner-occupied homes of 3.29 per cent from 1933 to 1934. The fact that the reduction for the two years from '33 to '35 totaled 10.22 per cent in the insurance company's survey would seem to indicate that the average family is paying off its obligations at an increasingly rapid rate, the report concludes.

## A Mystery Town

Lamu, an ancient Arabian city of mystery, is built on a little island not far from Mombasa, in Kenya colony. The streets of this strange municipality, which are so narrow that the sun scarcely ever shines on them, are lined with the ruins



## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY OF CARROLL COUNTY

**THE CIRCUIT COURT**  
**CHIEF JUDGE.**  
 Francis Neal Parke, Westminster.  
**ASSOCIATED JUDGES.**  
 William H. Forsythe, Elliott City.  
 Linwood L. Clark, Baltimore.  
**CLERK OF COURT.**  
 Edwin M. Mellor, Jr.  
**TERMS OF CIRCUIT COURT.**  
 Second Monday in February, May, August and November. Petit Jury Terms, February, May and November; Grand Jury Terms, May and November.

**ORPHANS' COURT.**  
 Chief Judge, J. Webster Ebaugh  
 John H. Brown.  
 Lewis E. Green  
 Court meets every Monday & Tuesday

**REGISTER OF WILLS.**  
 Harry G. Berwager.

**POLICE JUSTICE.**  
 Sherman E. Flanagan.

**STATE'S ATTORNEY.**  
 George M. Fringer.

**SHERIFF.**  
 John A. Shipley.

**COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.**  
 Charles W. McVie, Oakland Mills.  
 Norman R. Hess, Taneytown.  
 E. Edward Martin, Westminster.  
 A. Earl Shipley, Attorney.

**SUPERVISOR OF ASSESSMENTS.**  
 George W. Brown.

**TAX COLLECTOR.**  
 E. A. Shoemaker.

**COUNTY TREASURER.**  
 Paul Kuhns.

**BOARD OF EDUCATION.**  
 Dr. T. H. Legg, Union Bridge.  
 J. H. Allender, Westminster.  
 Harry R. DeVries, Sykesville.  
 Harry R. Zepp, Mt. Airy.  
 Howell L. Davis, Smallwood.  
 Dr. G. Lewis Wetzel, Union Mills.  
 Raymond S. Hyson, Superintendent.  
 Chas. O. Clemson, Counsel.

**COUNTY SURVEYOR.**  
 John J. Johnson.

**SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.**  
 Robt. S. McKinney  
 Edward C. Gilbert  
 George R. Mitchell

**HEALTH OFFICER.**  
 Dr. W. C. Stone.

**DEPUTY GAME WARDEN.**  
 J. Gloyd Diffendal.

**HOME DEMONSTRATION AGENT.**  
 Agnes Slindee.

**COUNTY AGRICULT. AGENT.**  
 L. C. Burns.

**TANEYTOWN OFFICIALS**

**MAYOR.**  
 Norville P. Shoemaker.

**CITY COUNCIL.**  
 Edgar H. Essig  
 W. D. Ohler.  
 Dr. C. M. Benner.  
 Merle S. Baumgardner.  
 David H. Hahn.  
 Clyde L. Hesson, Clerk.

**LOCAL HEALTH OFFICER.**  
 Dr. Francis T. Elliot.

**NOTARIES.**  
 Wm. F. Bricker, Asah E. Sell.  
 Mrs. Fannie O. Ohler

**CONSTABLE.**  
 Emory Hahn.

**JUSTICE OF THE PEACE**  
 John H. Shirk.

**TANEYTOWN ORGANIZATIONS**

Taneytown Chamber of Commerce meets on the 4th Monday in each month in the Municipal building, at 8 o'clock.  
 Merwyn C. Foss, Pres.; 1st. Vice-Pres., Harry M. Mohney; 2nd. Vice-Pres., Thomas H. Tracy; Secretary, Rev. Guy P. Bready; Treasurer, Chas. R. Arnold.

Camp No. 2, P. O. S. of A., meets in Mel-Fing Hall, every second and last Thursday, at 7 P. M. Charles E. Ridinger, Pres.; N. R. Devilbiss, R. S.; C. L. Stonessifer, Treas., and Wm. D. Ohler, F. S.

**TANEY LODGE NO. 28, I. O. O. F.,** Meets in I. O. O. F. Hall every Friday, at 8:00 P. M. Chas. L. Hesson, N. G.; Chas. E. Ridinger, Sec.; U. H. Bowers, F. S., and H. L. Baumgardner, Treas.

Taneytown Fire Company, meets on the 2nd Monday each month, at 7:30, in the Firemen's Building. James C. Myers, Pres.; C. G. Bowers, Sec.; W. F. Bricker, Treas.; Raymond Davidson, Chief.

All other Fraternities and organizations are invited to use this directory, for the public information it carries. Cost for one year, only \$1.50.

## Indian Songs Contribute to the Music of America

Omaha.—The folk songs of the American Indian represent an almost untapped reservoir for modern American music, according to Thurlow Lieurance, composer.  
 Lieurance, who wrote many Indian lyrics, including the popular "Waters of Minnetonka," believes that the traditional music of the Indian one day will provide an important background for developments in modern compositions.

"Indian music still has much to offer," he said. "It is of a type that can be worked over and adapted for use of almost any musical group."

## BORROWED

By ETTA WEBB  
 © D. J. Walsh—WNU Service.

RUTH stared at the invitation, red lips curving, blue eyes sparkling with joy.

She had known Irene Howell so slightly that she had not dreamed of being asked to the great Howell-Twining wedding. Probably Andrew wouldn't feel he could go. But she must go. With somebody. With Mr. Fink, Mrs. Fink was sure to be asked. She and Irene had belonged to the same bridge club.

It seemed to Ruth that she was really getting into the swim at last. Five months before she and Andrew were strangers to everybody here. Then she had chanced upon Mrs. Fink. Andrew and Mr. Fink worked at the same place. Andrew said Tom Fink was a good fellow.

Just at first Ruth thought she didn't like Inez Fink, but after a while she got used to the sharp-eyed and sharp-tongued woman. From this acquaintance had come Irene Howell's invitation.

"It means a lot to us in a way," she told Andrew at dinner.

"A man is known by the company his wife keeps. The Howells are way up. So you see, Mrs. Fink says—"

"Never mind Mrs. Fink. What I want to know is how much this wedding is going to set me back," Andrew said brusquely. "For a present, I mean."

"No present. We're only invited to the church."

"I see. Well, I can't make it, possibly. Fink isn't going either. I suppose you and she can trail off together. Got enough to wear?"

"Sure," Ruth smiled. "Except a hat."

"I knew there'd be a something short," Andrew pretended to groan. "Remember my insurance premium comes due the first of the month. I've got to meet it if it takes a leg. Every cent will count till that is seen to."

Ruth saw no prospect of getting a new hat.

Mrs. Fink ran in.

No, Tom wasn't going to the wedding either.

"You and I can trot along together," she said. "I've just finished cross-stitching my new white silk with orange and black. It's swell. Now show me what you are going to wear."

Ruth brought out her blue crepe. Mrs. Fink inspected it with a careless glance.

"It'll do if you get a smart hat to wear with it. Folks always look at your hat first. If you've got a snappy chapeau you can get away with any old rag for a dress."

Ruth flushed hotly.

The blue dress didn't look the same to her after Mrs. Fink got through with it.

Ruth tried it on three times.

Each time she felt more keenly the need of that new hat. She tried to change the trimming on her best hat, but it had faded underneath.

Mrs. Fink made her go over and see the white silk cross-stitched with black and orange. It was charming. But the hat Mrs. Fink had got to go with the dress took Ruth's breath away. It was the hat of her dreams. She bit her lip, trying to keep down a pang of envy as Mrs. Fink carelessly twirled the hat on her hand.

She let Ruth try on the hat. And the way Ruth looked in it! It made her blue eyes bluer, her cheeks pinker, her hair brighter.

That night she dreamed about the black hat.

Next morning Ruth was all excitement. She hurried to the dish-washing. She put the tiny home to rights with deft, swift motions.

The wedding was at noon.

At then minutes to eleven when she was all dressed ready to go the telephone bell rang. Mrs. Fink had called up to say hoarsely that her throat was getting worse every minute—she couldn't go.

"I'm so sorry! It's too bad! That lovely dress! That elegant hat! Is there something I can do for you, Mrs. Fink?" Mrs. Fink's voice was full of honest concern.

"Oh, I've got everything to doctor with, Say, Ruth! You can wear the hat if you want to."

"Oh, Mrs. Fink! Do you really mean it? You aren't joking, are you?"

"I should say not! Stop in on your way past and get it."

Ruth had always made it a rule not to borrow or lend unless there was real necessity for doing so. Andrew was dead set against the practice himself.

They had started out in their married life to be independent, square and conservative. Up to this moment they had both fulfilled the conditions of their little informal contract.

ment on its radiator cap, rather than the stout old lady who had to be assisted down the step.

It was a wonderful wedding, all that a wedding should be—lovely flowers, music, perfume, pretty clothes, exquisite bride and six bridesmaids looking like a bouquet of spring blossoms. Ruth herself had been married in the front parlor of her parent's small house far away and her mother had made the wedding cake. But she knew nevertheless what it was to take the vows of wifehood. Her heart beat fast and tears dimmed her blue eyes as she listened. She wished Andrew was with her. And she forgot her borrowed hat.

The sunshine was gone by the time she left the church. She hadn't gone two blocks before the first raindrop spattered down. Automobiles dashed past. But Ruth had no money for taxi hire even if there had been a taxi in sight.

Faster and faster fell the raindrops. Faster and faster sped Ruth toward the safe shelter of Mrs. Fink's.

Folks on the sidewalks, at windows became aware of a flying figure in drenched blue crepe, bareheaded, holding a too large hat under a fluttering rag which had been a chiffon flounce.

White, wet to the skin, breathless between haste and anxiety, Ruth at last came to Mrs. Fink's. Mrs. Fink was lying down. But she sat up quickly enough as Ruth burst in.

"Good gracious. Ain't raining?" exclaimed Mrs. Fink. Then she began to laugh. "I got that hat on trial," she said. "I knew one of the sales-girls at Hawtrey's. I told them I wanted to keep it until my husband could see it. Tom couldn't tell a French hat from one I'd made myself. I was going to wear it to the wedding and take it back. And now"—she paused significantly.

"Of course I'll pay for it," said Ruth.

Her call was not pleasant. She was obliged to stay at Mrs. Fink's until the storm ceased.

Then she stole home—to count up her available cash. Meanwhile Mrs. Fink promised to telephone to Hawtrey's.

The hat was more expensive than Ruth had dreamed. She had to appeal to Andrew. Andrew had to borrow from Fink, who said shortly that he didn't see how women showed so little judgment in buying clothing—he was sure his wife was always beautifully dressed on very moderate cost.

Andrew knew what Ruth had just told him. But he kept silent.

Mrs. Fink was ever after extremely cold to Ruth.

Not long after the Finks got into a little difficulty through Mrs. Fink's methods of buying. They left town. Andrew got Fink's job, which brought in more money than his own. But in spite of their added good fortune Ruth was even more conservative and thrifty than she had been before. That much she had learned from Inez Fink.

## Bossy Has Better Memory Than Dobbin, Tests Show

Cows are just as clever as horses. Bossy's timid and backward disposition keeps man from recognizing her mental ability. Temperament differences and intelligence similarities between these two favored domestic animals have recently been revealed by tests at Cornell university by Dr. L. Pearl Garner as part of a series of experiments on the nature of learning in man and animals, says Science Service.

Cows not only learn as easily as horses but remember better what they have learned, it was discovered. Among the six breeds of cows used in the test the best "milker" was also the best learner.

The learning problem for the cows and horses was to find breakfast when it was hidden in one of a row of three boxes under a black cloth. Altogether 41 cows were tested with 550 trials and 62 horses with 1,234 trials.

The cows were timid and fearful. Many were so afraid that they preferred to go breakfastless rather than attack the strange thing. Although most of the horses pushed into the cloth during the first four trials, only about half the cows dared to do this.

Yet when the scores were all in it was found that both horses and cows had the same average of seven boxes opened before the correct one in 22 trials. Cows made mistakes in the method of attack less frequently than horses, who nudged the box that was already open.

Ten of the cows who had learned the problem were re-tested after a year during which they had had a vacation from the experimenting. Their retention for a year was much better than that of horses over a period of three to eight months, it was found.

## Thackeray's Dread

The novelist's great fear is that he may write himself out, his invention might become weary. Thackeray told the world how he himself felt this fatigue and how he often wished he could get some one to do "the business" of his stories. The book-making parts of "the business" particularly annoyed him, and made him blush, in the privacy of his study, "as if he were going into an apoplexy."

## Fearful Sultan of Turkey


No monarch ever lived in greater fear of his life than Abdul Hamid, sultan of Turkey, 1876-1909. Although Yildiz palace in Constantinople was highly fortified, his private rooms contained trap doors, mirrors set at angles, loaded revolvers and like weapons of himself—in various positions—which he hoped would fool assassins and receive the knife or bullet intended for him.—Collier's Weekly.

## Peaches For Sale

at

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## CONTROL OF CREDIT A BASIC QUESTION

Economist Describes Conflict Between Opposing Social View-points on Government Bank.

Agitation for government banking is a phase of the conflict between our present "personal competitive enterprise system" in America and the "compulsory state collective security system" of several European States, Virgil Jordan, President National Industrial Conference Board, says in an article in a recent issue of "Banking" published by the American Bankers Association.

"They involve irreconcilable principles of human conduct and philosophy of life and the conflict between them is the key to the economic, social and political struggles of today," Mr. Jordan says.

The enterprise system of which "the development of the United States has been the unparalleled example, depends for its motive power of progress upon the inexhaustible reservoir of energy in individual desire for personal advancement in prosperity, but it guarantees nothing to the individual save freedom of opportunity," the article says in part.

The collectivist security system, he says, "places all emphasis upon the maintenance of a minimum standard of living for the mass without regard to the creative power of the individual. Quite simply the security system involves the modern form of the philosophy of the slave society." He continues:

## A Sign of the Times

"The many-sided movement toward governmental banking, deposit insurance and currency management is the most direct and decisive expression of the universal instinctive search for security which is the sign of the times. In America our so-called social security legislation is an important indication of the drift away from the enterprise system toward a collectivist security system with concentration of authority in a central Federal government."

"The nationalization of credit is crucial and indispensable for complete state control of the complex industrial and business structure of this country. The drive toward government banking and monetary control is most determined because the relation of the state to credit goes to the root of the enterprise system. A collective security system is inconceivable without nationalization of credit. An enterprise system is inconceivable with it."

Under a collective security system, based on government banking the controls "lie solely in the hands of a few persons and depend upon their judgment, will or caprice," Mr. Jordan says, adding that it is they who must determine "upon the basis of some predetermined plan or upon pure political expediency of the moment, what lines of industry and even what individual enterprises shall have access to the credit reservoir." The state, he says, has the power of life and death over all enterprise that utilizes credit.

"Every government is an organ of party power and must respond to the will of the party that put it in power," the Jordan article says. "Under unchecked government operation it is an inescapable tendency of every currency to depreciate and for credit to expand. However much it may be in the interest of the nation, deflation is too dangerous politically for any government to undertake it deliberately."

"In the end government banking and currency management resolve themselves simply into the use of credit as a political instrument of power, and this instrument tends to be used in the long run for expropriation of the savings of the community."

## Chinese Girl Student Wins Maine Scholarship

Orono, Maine.—The University of Maine's School of Education held a scholarship contest.

First prize in English went to Miss Mary Chin Heng. Both her parents were born in China. She was born in Portland 17 years ago. Not only a good scholar, she stars, too, in baseball, basketball and field hockey.

## Trustee's Sale

Valuable and Desirable Property IN TANEYTOWN DISTRICT, MARYLAND.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll County passed on August 12, 1935, in cause No. 6492 Equity, wherein Ethel Airing is plaintiff and Elwood Airing and others, are defendants, the undersigned, Trustee, will sell at public sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1935, at one o'clock, P. M., all that lot or parcel of land situated along the Harney road and near the Baptist County Road, about four miles from Taneytown and about one mile from Harney, in Carroll County, Maryland, and containing

4 ACRES, 1 ROOD, 20 SQ. PERCHES OF LAND, more or less, and being the same land described and conveyed in the deed of Mary E. Staley and others unto Charles E. Airing, bearing date March 29, 1914 and recorded among the Land Records of Carroll County in Liber O. D. G. No. 124, folio 163, etc.

This property is improved by a two and one-half story frame dwelling house of six rooms, barn, hen house, hog house and other necessary outbuildings.

This property adjoins the lands of Messrs. Martin Conover, Ralph Hess and Walter Shoemaker and is desirably located.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money in cash on the day of sale or upon the ratification thereof by the Court and the residue in two equal payments of one and two years of all cash at the option of the purchaser. The credit payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale.

JAMES E. BOYLAN, JR., Trustee.  
 J. N. O. SMITH, Auct. 8-16-41



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## A Few Abbreviations

Following are the meanings of abbreviations: R. S. V. P., "Respondere s'il vous plait" or "Please answer"; A. N. Z. A. C., "Australian and New Zealand Army Corps"; N. B., "Nota bene" or "Note well"; DX, radio term for distance; G. H. Q., general headquarters; B. W. I., British West Indies; V. C., Victoria Cross; S. P. O. R., the Senate and People of Rome; K. K. K., Ku Klux Klan; Q. V., "quod vide" or "which see"; C. S. A., Confederate States of America; I. D. B., Illinois diamond buyer; L. C., place of the seal; I. L. H., "Here lies"; S. P. C. C., Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children; C. Q. D., former radio distress call, replaced by S O S.

## Discovery of Hot Springs

The warm waters of Hot Springs, Ark., were discovered, presumably, by De Soto in 1541. He is reported to have found warring tribes of Indians camped here under a tree to heal their sick and wounded. After the Civil war Gen. John A. Logan was among a group of veterans who gave nation-wide praise to the thermal springs. The government in 1933 completed an army and navy hospital here.

There are 47 of these hot springs, all under government jurisdiction, and bubbling a million gallons a day. The temperatures range from 47 to 147 degrees.

## MEDFORD PRICES

STORE HOURS—7 to 5	
1 lb Box Crackers	10c
Baling Wire	\$1.79 bale
28-ga. Corrugated Roofing, sq	\$3.50
2-V Galv. Roofing	\$3.50 sq
3V Galv. Roofing	\$3.75 square
5V Galv Roofing	\$4.00 square
Roll Galv. Roofing sq.	\$3.50
Bran	bag \$1.25
Lime, ton	\$9.50
Lime	25c per bag
Cracked Corn	bag \$1.65
100-lb. bag Potatoes	59c
5 gal Pail Stock Molasses	85c
Distillers' Grains	bag \$1.05
10-lb. bag Sugar	49c
100 lb. bag Sugar	\$4.79
24-lb Bag Pillsbury Flour	\$1.05
Jar Coffee	19c
6 Kitchen Chairs	\$5.98
Gasoline,	8c gallon
Kerosene	7c gal
Molasses Feed	85c bag
Brewers' Grain	\$1.35 bag
Cottonseed Meal	\$1.55 beg
Peanut Meal	\$2.15 bag
Pig and Hog Meal	\$1.90 bag
Hog Tankage	bag \$1.98
Horse Feed	\$1.85 bag
Middlings	\$1.65
Dairy Feed	\$1.40 bag
XXXX Sugar	6c lb
4 lbs. Cocoa for	25c
140-lb. bag Coarse Salt	98c
4 boxes Starch	25c
5 gal Can Auto Oil	\$1.25
5 gal Can Tractor Oil	\$1.25
8 lbs. Soup Beans for	25c
4 lbs Rice for	19c
5 lb. can Cup Grease	48c
10 lb Can Cup Grease	85c
5 cans Peas	25c
3 Cans Babbitt Lye for	25c
80-rod bale Barb Wire	\$2.79
100 lbs. Scratch Feed	\$1.98
10-lb pail Lake Herring	\$1.25
Bed Mattresses	\$13.98
3 lbs Cocoa for	25c
Brooms	25c
Ground Beef	lb 12c
Electric Fans	98c
Venetian Red	lb 8c
Linseed Oil	gal. 73c
Painters' Oil	gal 49c
12-lb bag Flour	35c
24-lb bag Flour	69c
48-lb bag Flour	\$1.37
Coffee	lb. 11c
Aluminum Roof Paint	\$2.48 gal
Cattle Fly Spray	gal jug 69c
Oleo	14c lb
6x9 Rugs	\$2.89
7 1/2 x 9 Rugs	\$2.98
9x9 Rugs	\$3.98
9x10 1/2 Rugs	\$4.39
9x12 Rugs	\$4.69
9x15 Rugs	\$6.98
Gluten Meal	bag \$2.10
Men's Shoes	\$1.09
1-gal Jug Cattle Fly Spray	69c
6 Bars Palm Olive Soap	25c
Shelled Corn	bu. 89c
Cement	bag 60c
No. 10 Can Golden Crown Syrup	49c
No. 10 Can Staley Syrup	59c
1-ply Roofing	roll 89c
2-ply Roofing	roll \$1.25
3-ply Roofing	roll \$1.75
Plow Shares	39c
Landsides	79c
Slips Point Shares	49c
Tractor Shares	49c
Flow Points	12c
Alarm Clocks	89c
Candy	lb 7c
Timothy Seed	bu. \$



## IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,  
Member of Faculty, Moody Bible  
Institute of Chicago,  
© Western Newspaper Union.

Lesson for August 25

BARNABAS

LESSON TEXT—Acts 4:36, 37; 11:19-30.  
GOLDEN TEXT—He was a good man, and full of the Holy Spirit and of faith.—Acts 11:24.  
PRIMARY TOPIC—Barnabas' Love Gift.  
JUNIOR TOPIC—The Friendly Barnabas.  
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—How Barnabas Used His Possessions.  
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—In Partnership With God.

The explanatory title given by the lesson committee, "Barnabas (A Consecrated Man of Means)," is not entirely satisfactory, as it emphasizes only one of his many excellent qualities.

I. Barnabas the Man (Acts 4:36). His original name was Joseph. When he became a Christian he was by the apostles renamed Barnabas, which doubtless signifies the change from the old life to the new. This was a common custom, e. g., Simon to Peter and Saul to Paul. The name means "son of prophecy" or "son of exhortation and consolation." This shows not only the nature and spirit of Barnabas but indicates that he possessed a gift of hortatory preaching.

II. Barnabas the Philanthropist (Acts 4:37).

So fully had the divine love permeated the very being of Barnabas, that, seeing the need of his fellow believers, he sold his property and brought the money and laid it at the apostles' feet. He was in no sense obliged to do this as there was no such binding law of a community of goods in the early Church. Private ownership of property was recognized (Acts 5:4).

III. Barnabas the Christian Statesman (Acts 9:26-30; 11:19-30).

1. Reconverted Saul (9:26, 27). After Saul's conversion he came to Jerusalem and tried to join himself to the disciples, but they were afraid of him. Barnabas saw that Saul was really a converted man. Being a good man he could see there was good in Saul. To be able to judge personality is the first mark of a Christian statesman.

2. Sent to Antioch (Acts 11:22-24). Violent persecutions of the Church sent many disciples to the regions about the Mediterranean sea. As they went they preached the gospel and churches were established. The most conspicuous of these was at Antioch, the capital of Syria, becoming the most important center in the spread of Christianity. Everything went well as long as the gospel was preached to the Jews only, but certain of these disciples deliberately preached Christ among the Greeks. They announced to them that God had become incarnated in a man, that that man, after a ministry of love and grace, had died a sacrificial death on the cross, and that salvation was now offered to all who would accept him.

Tidings having reached the ears of the Jerusalem Church that a great work of grace was expressing itself through the Grecians who were preaching the Lord Jesus Christ at Antioch, Barnabas was sent to look after it. Barnabas was a good man and full of the Holy Ghost and faith. He, therefore, had spiritual discernment and broad sympathy. Those who have grace in themselves will be able to see grace in others. He exhorted them and urged them forward in their work.

3. Goes after Saul (11:25, 26). The work at Antioch so prospered that help was needed; therefore, Barnabas went after Saul. Barnabas thus introduced Saul to his great work as the apostle to the Gentiles. The gifts of both of these men were needed on that field. Different temperaments when brought into harmony by God's grace are needed in the church.

4. Disciples called Christians first in Antioch (v. 26). After a year of teaching by Paul and Barnabas the name "Christian" was given to the disciples. Observe that the name was associated with the teaching. Paul taught the vital oneness of the believer with Christ; therefore, it was natural that the disciples should be called Christians. The notion that the name "Christian" was given in derision has no factual basis.

IV. Barnabas the Dispenser of Aims (vv. 27-30). Because of the oneness of Christians with Christ and with one another, the distress of the brethren at Jerusalem must be relieved by the gifts of believers at Antioch. The Spirit of God, through Agabus, made known the coming dearth which was to prevail throughout all the world. The disciples were therefore moved, according to their ability, to send relief unto the brethren in Judea. These gifts had a powerful effect in removing the suspicions of the brethren at Jerusalem.

### A Strong Will

If we have need of a strong will in order to do good, it is more necessary still for us in order not to do evil; from which it often results that the most modest life is that where the force of will is most exercised.—Count Moltke.

### Lies

One lie in word or act opens the door to a thousand. Truth is the magician's circle, to cross which is to break the spell and turn all to darkness.—O. S. Marden.

## Science of Health

By Dr. Thos. S. Englar

116

### SOCIAL DISEASE—(Concluded.)

In this column last week, was posed a question of the greatest import to our national health: How to deal with the ever-present and growing problem of the so-called "social diseases"—syphilis and gonorrhea—in our population? This department does not flatter itself that it has any new or world-shaking method or remedy for the betterment of the deplorable situation. Nor has anyone else; it is just a matter for common sense and co-operative effort between three groups: parents, physicians (including health authorities), and teachers.

Without reviewing or repeating what was written last week, there are some additional facts which might set men and women to thinking about this large and disagreeable subject. One of these facts is of especial interest to country readers. There has long been a notion prevalent that rural districts are less afflicted with venereal disease than are the city areas containing an equal population. Official and impartial statistics prove this belief to be wrong. One of the reasons for this impression's gaining ground is that clinic figures, when examined casually, and compared with small-town and rural practitioners' reports, indicate more cases of venery in city than in country. When the city figures, however, are analyzed with care, and backed up by investigation, it is learned that many persons, actually rural residents, give city addresses when registering at the clinics and with venereal specialists.

This may be done for financial reasons, to get free or low-priced treatment, or through considerations of secrecy, as when a rural victim of venereal infection goes to the city for treatment rather than have his family find out what has occurred.

During the World War draft, when the correct home address was, necessarily, known in every case, prevalence of venereal disease among the rural draftees was found to be as high as among the "city fellers." Also, the rate is higher in small cities than in the larger cities of over 100,000 population.

A large percentage of colored among the citizenship is found greatly to increase the venereal disease rate among the population at large. Perhaps this requires explanation. Take, for example, Baltimore. The syphilis rate there for the white population is one of the lower figures among the cities of its class. But the prevalence of this disease among the colored residents is represented by one of the highest figures among the cities surveyed. With colored making up 17.7% of its population, the prevalence of syphilis in the Baltimore population, taken as a whole, is, naturally, indicated by a high figure.

We have dealt chiefly with syphilis. Gonorrhea is just about as serious a matter, from the standpoint of family health, but there has not been space to include much on the topic. Where the term "venereal disease" was used, it was meant to include both of these, the "social" diseases.

Until our American parents generally take a more realistic view of this matter, little improvement is likely to be won. The problem has two distinct aspects. First, the prevention of new infections, among both sexes and all ages; Second, the provision of proper and complete treatment of those who become infected, to the ends both that the patient shall suffer the least disability, and that he or she shall be rendered non-infective to others. This may require a greater element of compulsion than at present.

The first is an educational matter, especially among youth. Every adolescent boy and girl should be told the facts about the venereal diseases. Nor is this sufficient. Parents must interest themselves in the "follow up" to these formal instructions. Young persons, especially males, who show in their temperaments a peculiar liability to these dangers should have arranged for them a private session with a conscientious physician, with whom the question can be talked over, "man to man," and the imminent dangers of sex promiscuity explained thoroughly, with the use of "horrible examples" as required!

At least, no youth should be allowed to fall into the pit merely because no parent, friend or teacher had taken the trouble to cast the light of truth along the path ahead.

As for the treatment of persons venereally infected, this is a medical and public health, as well as a legislative, problem. But, until an enlightened public is ready to back up the laws requiring notification of these diseases, and by force of its opinion, compel "carriers" of these diseases to undergo thorough treatment, we shall see little progress. This danger threatens you—or your son or daughter. Virtue is no protection to the girl that marries a young man who—

## Photograph of a Kitchen in a Home using our ELECTRIC SERVICE and Equipped with an ELECTRIC RANGE



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But we could go on quoting indefinitely from the letters of satisfied and enthusiastic Electric Range owners.

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\*These are quotations from letters received from Electric Range owners using our Electric Service. The original of these letters are on file in our office.

## The POTOMAC EDISON CO. or Your ELECTRICAL DEALER



### Hopes for Willie

Fond Mother—Professor, I am so worried about my son, Willie. He tells me you have said that he is frightfully lazy.

Professor—Yes, madam, that's true, but I still have great hopes for him. Mother—Why, how can that be? Professor—Well, if we can ever get him to study, he will be too lazy to stop.

### Vocabularitis

"Your daughters have had every advantage." "I'll say so," answered Mr. Dustin Stax. "They can understand every word on a menu." "Why don't you learn?" "No use. The effort would only add headache to indigestion."

### IN JIG TIME



Miss Eel—Don't dance so jerkily, Mr. Frog. Mr. Frog—Can't help it. Anyway this is a hop.

### Livestock Lore

Subsistence Bride—My baby chicks are not doing well at all. They are all dying. Farmer—What are you feeding them?

Bride—Feeding them! Why, nothing. I supposed the old hen gave them all the milk they needed.

howsoever "innocently"—has become infected with syphilis, and has failed to go through with a 100% course of treatment.

Such treatment entails visits to the doctor, at lengthening intervals, for two years. It is a long road—but it is the only way for a victim of this disease to gain a reasonable assurance that he will not send members of his own family over the same rocky detour.

### HONK! HONK!



Friend—Didn't you know enough to get out of the way of an auto? Victim—No; I'm not used to walking. You see I own one of the things myself.

### Weight of Wo

Tramp—Lady, won't you help a poor man that lost his family in the Yorkshire flood and all his money in a crash?

Housewife—Why, you are the same man that lost a family in the South Wales flood and was shell-shocked during the war.

Tramp—Yes, lady. I'm the unluckiest guy on the face of the earth.—Pearson's Weekly.

### That's One Way

A tough looking thug stopped a gentleman and tried to make a touch. "Can't you get into any business that is more profitable than this?" the gentleman asked.

"I'd like to open a bank if I could only get the tools," was the answer.—Ohio State Journal.

### THAT'S SOMETHING



"Has Brown ever had much of a hold on you?" "He succeeded in pulling my leg once."

## LIFE'S LITTLE JESTS



### GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY

The prosecuting counsel was having a little trouble with a rather difficult witness. Exasperated by the man's evasive answers, he asked him if he was acquainted with any of the jury.

"Yes, sir, more than half of them," replied the man in the box.

"Are you willing to swear that you know more than half of them?" asked counsel.

"If it comes to that, I'm willing to swear that I know more than all of 'em put together," came defiantly from the witness.—Answers Magazine.

### A Bit of Luck

"Oh, yes," said Jones, "my wife speaks six languages, you know."

"Well, I shouldn't worry," put in his friend.

Jones stared searchingly at him.

"What do you mean by that?" he asked.

His friend smiled back at him.

"Well, she can't speak more than one of them at a time, can she?" he replied.—Answers Magazine.

### AND DISCHARGE

The officer of the day was going his rounds when he saw that one of the sentries was a very raw recruit who was having his first spell of guard duties. Determined to find out whether the young fellow understood his duties, he began to question him.

"If you saw a general approaching, what would you do?"

"Call out the guard," the recruit answered.

"Very good! And if you saw a battlecruiser coming across the parade ground, what would you do then?"

"Report to the hospital for mental examination," came the prompt reply.—Army and Navy Journal.

### Common House Fly Found to Carry Million Germs

New York.—Two scientists recently examined 400 house flies to determine how important that common insect really is in the spread of germs. Securing flies from all sorts of places they found that the average number of bacteria carried per fly was more than 1,000,000, reports the American Institute of Sanitation.

"Under the microscope the fly appears like an animated feather duster. The legs and body are covered with fine hairs which carry countless germs from place to place. Each of its six legs have two hairy pads in which a sticky fluid is secreted. By means of these adhesive pads on its feet a fly can perform the novel trick of walking upside down on a ceiling. But those pads, so useful to the fly in defying gravitation, pick up all sorts of bacteria as the scavenger walks along."

"A single fly may alight on a dozen objects in a few minutes and leave an unseen trail of germs that would be appalling if made visible to the eye of a housewife. Yet it is easy to demonstrate scientifically that a housefly literally sheds germs with every step he takes."

### Two Sets of Triplets

#### Arrive About Same Time

Providence, R. I.—There's an old saw starting "It never rains." Providence Lying-in hospital was the birthplace of 20,000 babies before a set of triplets was borne there. Before the mother, Mrs. George Hagopian, was discharged with her three daughters, Mrs. Robert Coughlin gave birth to two boys and a girl.

### Honest Men Check

#### Dimes and Nickels

St. Joseph, Mo.—Superintendent Fred E. Henderson of the St. Joseph Street Railway system can be just as honest as a Spokane (Wash.) resident, who paid for a trolley ride in St. Joseph 30 years late.

The man wrote Henderson enclosing a dime in conscience-payment. Henderson answered, enclosed five cents. Explained the superintendent: "The fare in 1905 was only a nickel."



## GRANGER'S PIC-NIC AT WILLIAMS' GROVE.

One of the outstanding amusement events of the year for the people of Adams, York and adjoining counties is the Great Grangers' Pic-nic held annually at Williams' Grove Park. This season marks the sixty-third annual exhibit at this well known place. For the first time in half a century, free parking space will be included with the free admission to the pic-nic. Included in the free amusements this year will be out-door movies, fireworks and the four Aerial Queens, who will feature some great acts on wire and rope. The event will be held August 28th. to Sept. 2nd.

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned will offer at public sale on his premises, 1 mile north of the Piney Creek Church of the Berthren, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1935, at 12 o'clock, the following described property:

4 HORSES AND 1 MULE, one is a colt, 8 years old; 1 bay horse, will work wherever hitched, 1 off-side bay mare, 1 black mare, will work anywhere hitched, the mule is an off-side worker.

## FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

2-ton Moline wagon, good as new; 1 truck wagon, Deering 6-ft cut binder, McCormick mower, 5-ft cut; horse rake, 2 and 3-section harrows, 60-tooth harrow, double row corn planter, John Deere single row corn planter, 1 riding and 1 walking corn plow, 2 Syracuse plows, riding furrow plow, roller, disc drill, 2 sets hay carriages, 16 and 18-ft long; single and double trees of all kinds; jockey sticks, 2 buggies, 1 Moline corn binder, manure spreader.

## HARNESS.

5 sets of harness, collars and bridles, set check lines, lead rein, tie straps, etc.

## MILK SEPARATOR.

feed grinder, 6-in belt, forks, 2 hay ropes, hay forks, pulleys, bob sled, etc.

TERMS—Sums of \$10.00 and under, cash. On larger sums a credit of 6 months will be given on approved note, with interest. No goods to be removed until settled for.

## EDWARD COPENHAVER.

GEO. W. BOWERS, Auct. 8-23-35  
GEO. E. DODDER, Clerk.

Try The Drug Store First

**McKinney's Pharmacy**  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

It is SURPRISING how rapidly vacation time passes.

School begins Sept. 5, many things are needed to make school work easier as well as more effective.

For many years we have led the procession in School Supplies.

This season our stock is a little bigger and better than ever, and the prices are right.

A few items we would like to mention. Are Binders, both two ring and three ring; Composition Books, Tablets of good paper; Pencils, both regular and mechanical; Fountain Pens; Fillers, both for two and three ring Binders, ruled and plain of good quality.

Our Special Bargain, a 75 Sheet two ring filler for 5 cents, while they last.

Many other items of lesser importance, must be seen to be appreciated. Be sure to see our assortment before making your selection.

Our Summer Special, on insecticides and disinfectants, are still available.

**R. S. McKinney**

8-23-tf

## PUBLIC SALE OF Household Goods.

The undersigned intending to discontinue housekeeping, will offer at public sale, at my residence, on church St., Taneytown, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1935, at 1:00 o'clock, the following described HOUSEHOLD GOODS,

3-piece Fibre living room suit; 6-plate kitchen range, with water tank; kitchen cabinet, 2-burner oil stove, buffet, 6-ft. extension table, 1/2-dozen dining room chairs, 6 rocking chairs, odd chairs, Morris chair, hall piece, 1 bed and mattress with springs; white iron bed, with mattress and spring; 1/2 dozen chairs, Axminster rug, 11x12; Brussels rug, 11.3x13.6; Brussels rug, 11.2x15; congoeum 11.3x12; clothes tree, couch, stands, clocks, dishes, china set, dishes, cooking utensils, 1 dozen silver knives and forks, silver spoons, jars, jarred fruit, soap by the pound; curtains, portieres, sheets, pillow slips, new quilts, comforts, antique coverlet, electric washer and wringer, electric "Jiffy" water heater, porch benches, small platform scales, window screen and door, window blinds, 25-ft. hose, wood and kindling and other articles not mentioned.

TERMS—CASH.

MRS. FLORA E. YINGLING. 8-2-4t

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, administrator of Clara I. Stonesifer, deceased, will offer at public sale, in Keyville, on

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, '35, at 12 o'clock, the following described HOUSEHOLD GOODS,

1 chest of drawers, 2 dressing bureaus, 2 old-time beds, bed spring, 4 stands, large old-time chest, Domestic sewing machine, washbowl and pitcher, clothes basket, 20 yds ingrain carpet, 25 yds rag carpet, 9x12 Brussels rug, linoleum hall-runner, lot of other linoleum, window screens, 10 window shades, 8 rocking chairs, 9 cane seat chairs, 4 plank bottom chairs, couch, extension table, leaf table.

## 1 GLASS DOOR CUPBOARD.

1 other cupboard, coal stove, Win-croft range, small cook stove, used 6 months, 3-burner oil stove, 4 lamps, 3 clocks, lot of glass jars, lot of dishes and cooking utensils, 2 screen doors, celler cupboard, can of lard, lawn mower, wooden tub, washing machine, step ladder, 2 stone jars, 3 pieces of cured meat, garden hoe and rake, iron kettle and ring, certificate of Beneficial Interest on Birnie Trust Co., for \$15.00.

TERMS CASH.

J. RUSSELL STONESIFER, Administrator.

Also at the same time and place will be offered

13 ACRES OF LAND, laying along the Keyville and Emmitsburg road.

TERMS—\$100. cash on day of sale, and balance within 30 days.

J. RUSSELL STONESIFER, Administrator.

EARL BOWERS, Auct. 8-23-3t  
EDW. S. HARNER, Clerk.

## NOTICE TO MEMBERS

An important meeting of Taneytown Farm Union Local, will be held in the P. O. S. of A. Hall, Taneytown, Tuesday night, Aug. 27th., at 8:00 o'clock. A representative of the Frederick Production Credit Corporation will be present.

Taneytown Grain and Hay Market.

Wheat ..... 76@ 76  
Corn ..... 85@ 85

## A ROCKEFELLER GIFT.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has recently given away about \$25,000,000, to various individuals and charitable institutions. This followed the gift of \$1,000,000 in March, to educational and scientific institutions. As his fortune is largely measured by the market value of stocks, it is difficult to estimate it, but is likely to be well over \$150,000,000.

## A STORY ABOUT ABYSSINIA.

There will be found on the Editorial Page of The Record, this issue, a story of an expedition to Abyssinia by members of the U. S. Marine Corps in 1903. It should be most interesting to all High School boys, and to older folks, because of the threatened war between Italy and Abyssinia, that might, in some measure, involve the whole world. It is quite worth reading.

## FOR WALLS AND WOODWORK INTERIOR GLOSS A HIGH GLOSS ENAMEL-LIKE PAINT

## TINTED WALLS ARE DAINTY

Daintily tinted Wall, Ceiling and Trim surfaces add charm and warmth to every room. The choice of color scheme depends upon the exposure of the room. Color, well-placed, is important in good interior decoration. Blues and Gray are appropriate for rooms of southern exposure. Northern outlook should have the warmth of Cream, Ecru or Rose. There are many other beautiful combinations from which to choose.

Whether you are contemplating the renovation of your present home, or drawing the plans for a new house, we will be glad to offer our experience in the paint trade to aid you. Permit us to help in the selection of materials and the choice of color schemes.

**Reindollar Brothers & Co.**  
LEADING HARDWARE DEALERS

DEPOSITS INSURED BY

**The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation**

WASHINGTON, D. C.

**\$5000** MAXIMUM INSURANCE **\$5000**  
FOR EACH DEPOSITOR

## THIS BANK

—stands at the heart of the business life of this community.

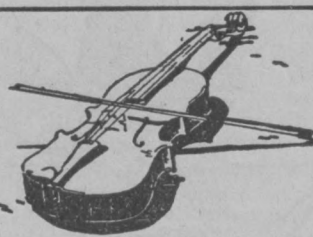
Every industrial and commercial activity, every public or private financial transaction in the community creates impulses that pass in one form or another through a bank.

Deposits of money, cashing of checks, bills of exchange to finance trade, distribution of pay-rolls, payment of bills, remittances of funds, accumulation of savings, borrowing of money—through thousands of such occurrences the bank takes an active and essential part in the business of the community.

## THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

(Member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation)

Some things improve with age . . .



## BUT NOT YOUR WILL

An out-of-date will may be altogether inadequate as an expression of your wishes for the welfare of your family.

Births or deaths, acquisition or sale of real estate or securities may so alter the situation that when your will is probated, its provisions may work hardship and unfairness to those whom you seek to benefit.

In reviewing your will, consider the advantages of modern trust service to conserve and protect your estate. We shall be glad to explain their practical applications to you.

**THE BIRNIE TRUST COMPANY**  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

(Member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.)

## Hesson's Department Store

(ON THE SQUARE)

Bell Phone 54-W Taneytown, Md.

## WHITE FOOT WEAR

For one week only we are offering all our White Foot Wear at a 10% reduction. This includes Ladies' White Cloth Oxfords and Sandals, White Kid Oxfords and Pumps, Children's White Kid Pumps and Sandals, and Men's and Boy's White Oxfords.

## Men's Work Clothes.

Trousers 90c to \$1.75  
Shoes \$1.85 to \$3.75  
Overalls 85c to \$1.65  
Shirts 49c to 85c

## Socks and Anklets.

We can always supply your needs in Children's Socks and Anklets, in solid colors and fancy patterns. Sizes 4 to 10. Price 10 to 23c a pair.

## Our Grocery Department

1 lb New Leader Coffee	19c	1 Bottle Certo	28c
3 Cans Campbell's Beans	17c	1 Can Bab-O	13c
2-lb Box Ginger Snaps	25c	2 Boxes Shredded Wheat	23c
1 Large Jar Mustard, qt	15c	1 Box Cream of Wheat	23c
1 Pkg Noodles	10c	1 Can Heinz Strained Foods	10c
1 Can Instant Postum	39c	for Babies	

## ATTENTION!

Thrifty Buyers of Carroll County

COME TO

**NUSBAUM AND JORDAN'S REORGANIZATION SALE**

During The Days

**August 28th September 7th**

\$15,000 Stock of Fine Quality Merchandise will be sold at a Tremendous Sacrifice.

Reductions will apply on the entire stock.

After the Reorganization Sale, extensive alterations and improvements will be made to the store and stock.

Mr. Alfred S. Nusbaum, son of the present owner, will be admitted to the firm, October 1st.

On that date we shall have ready an entire new Stock of Autumn and Winter Merchandise. We invite and welcome new customers. Come get acquainted with us during the Reorganization Sale.

**Nusbaum and Jordan**

C. EDGAR NUSBAUM, Owner  
WESTMINSTER MARYLAND

## ETHIOPIA CORRECT NAME, NOT ABYSSINIA

Term Officially Adopted and Used by Powers.

Washington.—One thing Mussolini's pending invasion of the land of Emperor Haile Selassie promises to accomplish is the use of the correct name of the country. It is Ethiopia, not Abyssinia, although the two have been used synonymously for centuries.

The country and people prefer and use Ethiopia and it is almost identical in that in Amharic, their language. Translated it is "Itiopya."

The reason for the preference is clear. Ethiopia is from the Greek, meaning land of the burnt-face people and as such was used by earliest classical Greek writers to refer to all lands inhabited by dark-faced or black people. The Ethiopians are dark-skinned, their complexions ranging from olive to brown, chocolate and black.

Abyssinia is derived from the Arabic word "Habasha," which means confusion and has come to connote, as the Arabs use it with reference to Abyssinia, mongrel.

Historically, however, apart from the differences in meanings, there are reasons for the use of Ethiopia. The people of that country settled there some thousands of years before Christ, racially being Cushites, that is, members of the Ethiopian branch of the Hamitic race. Their country was known in Biblical times as the Land of Kush. Among the earliest of Christians, they belong to the Monophysite branch of the Christian church.

When the early scholars translated the Bible from the Greek into Ethiopic, the name Ethiopian was definitely given the people and the Hebrew word Kush was translated Ethiopia.

In 1920, on the recommendation of the Department of State, the United States geographic board formally adopted the term Ethiopia and it now is invariably used by the United States government. The same is true of Great Britain and it is the usage employed in the French texts of treaties between Greece and Ethiopia. The same usage is employed in the Universal Postal convention signed in 1920.

## Survey Reveals Divorce Is Unpopular in Spain

Barcelona.—Divorce in Spain is not accepted by the masses of the people, according to a survey by the newspaper La Vanguardia, despite the fact that laws making it legal became effective three years ago.

"It is apparent," says the newspaper, "that the social body has rejected divorce and refused to incorporate it into the social customs of the country, which remain untainted by it."

"The rejection has been clear and decisive. Although thousands of divorces have been granted in Spain during these years, the majority of them have been mere legalizations of separations already in effect, or of other de facto situations which existed upon the promulgation of the law. Soon after the statute became effective there was a veritable deluge of divorce petitions, but since then the number of suits brought to the attention of the courts has diminished considerably.

"Ordinarily it is custom which generates the law, and the lawmaker merely gives legal force to such customs. But in Spain an attempt has been made to proceed inversely by establishing divorce, which was never desired by the social body or sanctioned by custom."

## Mysterious Image Draws

Big Throngs as Miracle

Unlabeled, Pa.—To many of the residents of the tiny mining town of Collier, near here, and to hundreds who daily make a "pilgrimage" to the community, an image on the chimney of one of the town's buildings, is a "miracle."

Explanations of the "vision" have been many and varied, but none satisfactorily explains the phenomenon. It is a shadowy outline of a figure in flowing robes black against the yellow tile of the chimney. It bears some resemblance to representations of Christ.

The image could not have been caused by smoke staining the tile, according to Tony Karisman, who lives in the shack that once served as a miner's store, because the fireplace has not been used for years. Nor could it be due to weather stains, says Karisman, for gasoline has failed to remove the image.

## Home Made Ice Cream

SPECIAL

**25¢** per quart

THIS WEEK-END ONLY

Beginning this Monday, the "George Washington" Home-Made Ice Cream will be sold at the regular price of

30c PER QUART; 15c PER PINT.

The  
**GEORGE WASHINGTON**  
QUICK LUNCH  
Taneytown, Md.