

"A FOOL AND HIS MONEY ARE SOON PARTED."

THE CARROLL RECORD

DOGS BARK AND BITE—DON'T ACT LIKE ONE.

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TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1919.

Please watch the Date on your Paper.

No. 19

UNCLE SAM EXPLAINS WHAT IS MEANT BY A FARM

When the Census Enumerator Comes This Will be Important.

What is a farm? Seems a foolish question to ask, doesn't it? Almost anyone can tell off-hand just what a farm is, and knows one when he sees it. But do you happen to know the interpretation Uncle Sam places on the word "farm" for census purposes? No? Then read how his Bureau of the Census defines the word:

"A farm for census purposes is all the land which is directly farmed by one person conducting agricultural operations, either by his own labor or with the assistance of members of his household or hired employees."

In further explanation of this definition the Census Bureau points out that the term "agricultural operations" is used as a general term referring to the work of growing crops, producing other agricultural products and raising domestic animals, poultry or bees.

From this definition it will be seen that a farm may consist of a single tract of land or of a number of separate and distinct tracts. And these several tracts may be held under different tenures as, for instance, when one tract is owned by the farmer and another is rented by him. Thus if a man who owns 100 acres rents an additional 10 acres from some one else and operates both the 100 acres and the 10 acres, then his "farm" includes both tracts of land comprising 110 acres.

By the same token when a landowner has one or more tenants, renters, croppers or managers, each different tract of land operated by any such tenant, renter, cropper or manager, is considered a separate and distinct farm by the Census Bureau. Or, to give an example, if a man owning 120 acres of land, rents 40 acres to a tenant, and farms the remaining 80 acres himself, his farm is the 80 acres which he operates, not the 120 acres which he owns, while the 40-acre tract which he rents to a tenant comprises a separate farm to be reported in the name of the tenant.

Another question to be determined is, how important does an agricultural enterprise have to be in order to secure recognition in the census as a farm? A small vegetable garden or a chicken yard accommodating a few busy hens will not be allowed to qualify as "a farm" in the census no matter with what pardonable pride and satisfaction the proprietor may view his agricultural enterprise.

But if the garden or chicken yard expands until it covers not less than three acres of ground, or until it requires for its care the continuous services of at least one person, or yields products annually to the value of \$250 or more, it comes within the census definition of a farm, and will be recognized as such and counted.

The agriculture schedule contains many questions regarding farm values, expenses and live stock as well as the acreage and quantity of crops raised in the year 1919. Census Bureau officials are urging farmers everywhere to prepare for the census enumerator by looking over their books and records so that accurate answers may be furnished to questions.

In this connection the Bureau of the Census emphasizes the fact that information furnished to census takers is absolutely confidential, made so by Act of Congress, and that under no circumstances can any such information be used as a basis for taxation.

"Co-operation between farmers and the census officials next January is more necessary and vital than ever before," declares Director of the Census, S. L. Rogers. "The world war and the part that the farmer played in it and will continue to play in the rehabilitation of Europe serve to make the agricultural section of the 14th Decennial Census the most important in the Nation's history. Absolute accuracy and completeness in the census returns is the goal toward which every citizen should strive."—Dep't Commerce, U. S. Census.

Organized Labor in Politics.

The Baltimore Federation of Labor published in the evening News, on Monday, a full list of candidates giving the "highest average" percent showing the attitude of the candidates "most favorable to organized labor." The figures were in favor of the Democratic candidates.

Mr. Nice was rated at .88 and Mr. Ritchie at .90. Controlling candidates had no rating. Armstrong, for Attorney General, had .88, and Mr. Keating none. The Democratic Senators both had higher percentages than their Republican opponents, as had also the Democratic candidate for State's Attorney. Both candidates for Sheriff had .95. Of the 47 candidates for the House, 13 Republicans and 14 Democrats were given 100 per cent, while 20 others were given lower ratings, the difference being in favor of Democrats.

The list was concluded with this advice:—"Cut this out and take to the polls with you. Federation of Labor Political League."

The Republicans elected County Commissioners, Sheriff, County Treasurer, District Attorney, and most of their other candidates in Adams Co., Pa., on Tuesday.

A PATRIOTIC PAGEANT.

Armistice Anniversary Celebration Set For Nov. 11th.

At a public meeting held last night in the Taneytown High School building, plans were made for a big community celebration of the first anniversary of the signing of the armistice which brought to a happy end the dread days of the great world war. Samuel C. Ott presided. After unanimously agreeing to observe the occasion with a real patriotic parade, the following committee were appointed with full powers to act.

Red Cross Committee, Mrs. Maurice Dutera, chairman, with right to choose the other members of the committee.

Automobile Committee—Clyde Humer, chairman, Lavina Fringer, Thomas Lemmon, Wm. Bricker, Wm. Flickinger, Edward Dodder.

Soldier and Sailor Committee—Clyde Hesson and John O. Crapster. Finance and Music Committee—A. G. Riffle, chairman, C. O. Keen, S. C. Ott.

Marshals—Frank Bowersox, Percy Shriver, Scott Smith.

Dr. R. S. McKinney was made chairman of committee on arrangements, this committee to consist of the various chairman of the several committees.

There will be plenty of martial music with melodious tunes to make memorable the night of Nov. 11th., 1919.

The pageant will form at George Sauble's farm and proceed in regular order at 8 o'clock, next Tuesday night, over the route decided upon by the marshals of the gala procession. Floats, decorated autos and cycles, marches of various organizations, everything that goes to add some touch of color to a parade, will make the night memorable.

Citizens all over town are asked to illuminate their homes and to decorate in every possible fashion and thus add tone to the evening's celebration. Red lights will brighten up the streets with a glare as glorious as the joy all hearts will strive to display. Of course, the committees will face failure unless their commendable efforts are freely and fully supported in every particular by everybody in the community. No body should withhold a grain of enthusiastic help toward making a phenomenal success of the pageant.

To Miss Lillie Sherman is due all credit for the launching of the big event. Should rain prevent, the parade will take place the first clear night thereafter.

Telephone Rates for Taneytown.

The Public Service Commission has addressed a communication to the Burgess and Commissioners of Taneytown, and the Record has been requested to publish it for the information of the public. It is known as "Case No. 1709." We have no information concerning the case other than that contained in the letter following, but it is reasonable to suppose that the application means permission for higher rates, and if so, it deserves attention.

Mr. Jos. S. Goldsmith, Assistant General Counsel of the Commission, has been assigned to act as People's Counsel in this case, and as such will represent the interests of the people of the State of Maryland, both as a whole and as telephone users. The case has been set for hearing at the office of the Commission, Baltimore, Maryland, on Tuesday, Nov. 18, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., and hearings will be continued thereafter from day to day, as far as possible, until all testimony is in and arguments concluded.

All persons interested in the matter, wishing to be heard thereon, may be present at the hearings and offer such testimony as they may consider necessary and desirable. These proceedings being State-wide in scope, the Commission has deemed it advisable to notify the County Commissioners of various counties and the municipal authorities of the several incorporated cities and towns of the State of the pending case and the time and place of hearings.

Yours very truly,
B. T. FENDALL, Sec.

As the Telephone Co., has already taken away the free in county use and replaced it with toll charges, this in itself represents a considerable advance in the cost of the service, or less value to phone subscribers. We should say that any further advance on present rates would further reduce the value of the service by causing subscribers to order their phones out, thereby making a higher cost and less value, for those who might continue as subscribers, with the likelihood of no increased income for the Company.

The administration has been very zealous in controlling the price of wheat, and sugar, and now it is guarding the price of coal. Why not do the same thing with cotton? The prevention of profiteering in necessities, should not overlook our great Southern staple, that has all along been flirting with the stars.

Official Vote of Carroll County, 1919.

CANDIDATES	Taneytown 1	Taneytown 2	Uniontown 1	Uniontown 2	Myers	Woolerys 1	Woolerys 2	Freedom	Manchester 1	Manchester 2	Westminster 1	Westminster 2	Westminster 3	Westminster 4	Hampstead	Franklin	Middleburg	New Windsor	Union Bridge	Myers	Barré	Total for County	
GOVERNOR																							
Harry W. Nice	Rep	201	185	145	117	146	167	155	264	132	114	127	259	162	226	212	151	140	275	211	197	233	3819
Albert C. Ritchie	Dem	91	92	91	101	238	137	154	225	244	215	163	173	178	156	259	128	71	181	126	162	185	3370
COMPTROLLER																							
E. Brooke Lee	Dem	92	93	93	96	244	143	161	224	263	218	162	175	178	159	274	128	72	184	128	152	181	3420
A. W. Woodcock	Rep	194	177	148	113	140	138	243	110	97	114	243	153	218	191	142	135	256	202	190	223	3567	
ATTORNEY GENERAL																							
Alex. Armstrong	Rep	196	178	146	112	140	139	247	116	99	120	243	154	219	191	139	133	259	202	183	223	3579	
Thos. J. Keating	Dem	90	92	93	96	243	144	154	218	254	214	153	173	174	154	267	125	71	183	125	154	179	3354
CLERK COURT OF APPEALS																							
Caleb C. Magruder	Dem	89	95	95	97	242	144	148	217	258	216	153	180	178	158	264	121	70	181	128	158	173	3370
Wm. L. Marcy	Rep	198	177	140	112	140	142	142	240	117	97	118	242	152	218	195	140	137	257	200	182	220	3566
STATE SENATOR																							
R. Smith Snader	Rep	196	177	124	119	147	167	163	237	137	102	135	261	178	238	192	145	125	334	197	178	233	3785
Wade H. D. Warfield	Dem	94	95	114	93	237	127	138	245	234	208	139	164	154	140	272	124	77	133	135	165	167	3245
STATE'S ATTORNEY																							
Theo. F. Brown	Rep	188	184	149	132	161	147	141	266	114	100	113	261	149	239	199	134	135	273	222	175	227	3706
James H. Steele	Dem	99	93	86	83	222	149	155	201	261	214	171	161	186	144	266	132	73	178	112	175	166	3327
SHERIFF																							
William Bloom	Rep	206	186	148	119	142	158	142	321	112	97	151	281	193	243	204	142	140	263	236	193	242	3919
John L. Freyman	Dem	86	90	90	93	245	138	167	151	205	218	139	155	157	146	266	137	68	183	105	156	176	3231
COUNTY COMMISSIONER																							
E. B. McKinstry	Dem	98	94	101	103	247	152	158	143	263	224	165	185	183	160	289	128	73	228	136	132	168	3425
Chas. W. Melville	Rep	196	180	141	116	139	139	155	347	120	100	111	250	154	224	175	149	139	227	200	222	237	3721
COUNTY TREASURER																							
Martin D. Hess	Rep	184	186	120	110	133	114	143	247	91	102	81	205	123	191	183	134	140	222	183	180	202	3274
Samuel J. Stone	Dem	106	84	106	104	249	166	165	216	279	223	203	226	221	194	275	129	67	196	141	156	174	3671
HOUSE OF DELEGATES																							
Henry M. Fitzhugh	Dem	92	87	87	90	226	144	140	219	230	188	147	167	157	158	239	121	76	194	114	146	162	3184
H. Peyton Gorsuch	Rep	192	174	154	119	148	158	158	250	119	118	143	285	187	250	217	147	143	274	211	189	219	3855
Chas. B. Kephart	Rep	197	182	132	109	132	134	128	235	108	91	104	216	139	200	176	126	124	240	201	179	199	3352
John P. Klee	Dem	95	88	98	97	242	155	171	219	264	215	171	294	187	175	275	130	69	190	122	141	191	3489
Jesse Leatherwood	Rep	198	179	136	110	132	140	141	257	104	96	104	224	148	198	202	141	133	254	206	226	232	3552
Robert T. Shriver	Dem	85	83	91	95	233	120	125	197	236	202	161	189	170	163	239	118	67	184	107	145	160	3170
Albert W. Spencer	Rep	195	171	140	113	135	146	171	247	101	98	108	214	145	195	192	136	134	236	197	182	218	3480
George W. Warner	Dem	87	90	92	97	240	135	155	208	307	228	139	163	158	141	263	119	69	176	124	128	165	3282
JUDGES ORPHANS' COURT																							
J. Webster Ebaugh	Rep	193	168	144	119	137	151	143	243	94	94	146	269	191	236	193	135	136	232	200	181	225	3638
Thomas J. Haines	Dem	103	108	116	99	240	145	157	218	258	215	165	178	181	165	252	111	70	266	139	153	165	3544
Clinton V. Lippy	Dem	86	82	85	91	239	141	135	195	253	232	134	161	155	138	254	116	66	177	116	144	156	3154
John K. Miller	Rep	191	171	135	103	133	119	135	239	195	122	103	237	144	216	219	132	132	218	197	182	220	3543
N. F. Mummaugh	Dem	86	93	83	91	239	193	154	239	211	197	146	168	158	150	261	126	66	180	120	157	161	3244
Solomon Myers	Rep	191	168	147	110	135	101	119	226	82	94	96	226	142	207	174	128	134	231	204	168	194	3277
SURVEYOR																							
John J. John	Dem	96	95	112	95	242	130	153	221	271	218	129	157	144	142	268	124	81	209	106	163	173	3708
F. LaMotte Smith	Rep	146	178	137	113	189	164	149	245	107	105	143	273	192	239	189	144	131	240	217	184	215	3300

The scattering vote for Socialist and Labor candidates for State Officers is omitted as unimportant. A few votes were rejected throughout the county, and some rejected in part, because of defective marking. The heavy type total represents those elected.

REPUBLICANS CARRY COUNTY

Elect All Candidates, With Three Exceptions.

THE GOVERNORSHIP IN DOUBT
Armstrong (Rep.) for Attorney General is Elected Sure.

GENERAL RESULTS FAVOR REPUBLICANS.

The Republican carried the county for Nice, for Governor, by 449, and elected all of their candidates except Hess for Treasurer, Myers for Orphan's Court, and Kephart for the House of Delegates. Bloom for Sheriff led the ticket with a majority of 688, while Snader for Senator had the comfortable majority of 540 over Warfield.

A great deal of cutting was done, and yet the vote shows that the Republicans had the largest vote out, as even Smith (Rep.) for Surveyor, an office that is not usually taken much account of in cutting, was elected by 392.

The Democratic Giblartars, Manchester and Myers districts, gave Ritchie only 213 and 112, respectively, which shows that these districts can no longer be depended on for their old-time Democratic majorities.

The "high tax" issue did not cut much of a figure in the voting, other than as it may have contributed to the defeat of Hess, for Treasurer, who was blamed by some as influencing the Commissioners in their acts. At any rate, Mr. Warfield's strenuous campaign along that line, was a failure.

The election of Klee, Dem., for the House, breaks the solid delegation that the Republicans have held for four years.

Thomas J. Haines, Dem., for Orphan's Court, defeated Myers—both present