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# THE CARROLL RECORD

THE LOCAL PAPER  
is the best helper that  
any community can  
possibly have.

VOL. 24.

Chesapeake & Potomac  
Telephone, 3-R.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1917.

(Please watch the Date  
on your Paper.)

NO. 12

## BRIEF NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST.

Gleaned from the County and State  
and our Exchanges.

There are more than 3,500,000 motor cars in the United States which pay in registration and license fees a total revenue of \$25,865,369.75 to the various States.

A straw hat manufacturing concern, of Baltimore, proposes to locate a factory at Sykesville, providing enough female workers can be secured.

The Russian revolution has "petered out," and once more the army is fighting the Germans. Russia has been proclaimed a Republic, with General Kerensky as the first President.

The four sons of Col. Roosevelt—Quentin, Archie, Kermit and Teddy, Jr.—have gone to the war for Uncle Sam, keeping up the reputation of a fighting dad.

Gasoline, in Havana, Cuba, sells at from \$1.00 to \$1.20 a gallon, owing to a combination of dealers. More than 1000 automobiles have been forced into retirement. The former price had been 47 cents.

Tomato packers are paying \$1.50 a bushel for tomatoes. Some unfortunate growers, however, had contracted with the packers at 60 cents a bushel and are mournfully estimating the wealth which might have been theirs had they waited.

A telegram was received in Westminster, on Tuesday, announcing the death of Dr. John S. Mathias, in Kansas City. Dr. Mathias practiced medicine in Westminster, for about 35 years, and recently removed to Kansas City. He was 60 years of age.

The entire American sugar industry will be placed under Government control on October 1, by the institution of a licensing system to include manufacturer, refining and imports, which will prevent hoarding and will insure a stabilized price, according to food officials.

The Democratic State Convention, on Thursday, declared in favor of a "referendum" of the question of extending the city limits of Baltimore, giving the qualified voters in the areas proposed to be annexed opportunity to decide the matter. The vote for the referendum was 101 to 24.

The Frederick County Grand Jury brought in a scathing indictment of women's dress, and suggests that it would be much better for society and purity of thought, should they attire themselves more decently. It compared some of the dresses with obscene pictures, such as are prohibited from the use of the mails.

Baltimore is facing a freight tie-up, largely due to inability to get hands to handle freight, by moving it from the stations. The business men of Baltimore are urged to make an effort to relieve the situation, by using their own men and teams, and not depending on the regular transfer men who can not handle the business.

Mrs. Myrtle Stultz, daughter of Andrew Bowers, a retired farmer of New Midway, was badly injured Saturday, when her buggy was struck by a passenger train at the Pennsylvania Railroad crossing north of Ladiesburg. The vehicle was wrecked and she was thrown some distance. She was put on the train and taken to the Frederick City Hospital.

Owing to continued ill health, Rev. W. H. Dunbar, D. D., pastor of St. Mark's Lutheran church, Baltimore, announced his resignation, last Sunday. He has been pastor of St. Mark's 23 years, and is one of the most prominent ministers in the General Synod. The council accepted the resignation, and will continue him as pastor emeritus, as long as he lives, thereby showing the devotion of the congregation to a faithful pastor.

William F. Stone, for many years Republican leader in Baltimore, died Sunday morning, in St. Joseph's Hospital, following a surgical operation. Mr. Stone was a thorough business man and organizer, and was Sergeant at Arms of Republican National Conventions four times, with full control of arrangements. He had also served a term as Collector of the Port of Baltimore, and at the time of his death was vice-president of the Western National Bank.

### A Foolish Story Settled.

Washington, Sept. 17th.—The untraceable rumor that the government intends to take canned and dried foods from homes, persists, and has spread to such an extent that the Department of Agriculture today placed an explicit and official denial in the hands of every county agent and representative, with instructions to give it widest publicity.

The government never has contemplated commandeering foods from the homes in any sense, and the persistence of the rumor leads officials to believe its basis probably may be found in propaganda to hinder food conservation, and thereby continue high prices.

### What the "Council of Defense" Is.

(For the Record.)  
As I understand it, the "Council of Defense" is not an organization which one may, or may not, join at pleasure, but rather a name given to the combined (along all lines) effort that must be put forth by all loyal Americans to conserve our resources and preserve our rights in this crisis.

We started out with the word, prepare, and it has brought us to defense. That is the gist of it. There is a most important thought in this defense plan, "There must be harmonious, reciprocal relations among all organizations capable of taking part in war emergency work that there be not overlapping and confusion," wasted energy being the result.

Much attention is being given to the welfare of the young children, that they may be mentally, morally and physically fit. That as the wage earners of today are going to fill the ranks of the army, these younger people may not be thrust into positions too strenuous for them.

Where practicable, classes have been formed for training in "first aid" and nursing, and even in Taneytown, far from the seat of war, surgical dressings have been made by the hundred and much knitting and sewing has been done.

Though we may try to shut our eyes to the fact, bloodshed is inevitable—perhaps to our nearest and dearest; who knows?

There will be those at home who suffer from war prices which seem unavoidable; all loyal Americans will be called upon to help in the defense of our country and our people.

Those who go to war, be it willingly or unwillingly, leave behind families that must be provided for in sickness as well as in health. We will be asked, too, to send something in the line of preserves and jellies to the cantonments bringing thereby a little bit of home to the boys training for grim warfare. Let us not think of this as a burden, but as a part of the women's effort towards victory.

Wiser heads than ours deem this a necessity, and they appeal to the thrifty householders as co-workers. There is no plan to canvass our district. The women on our thrift committee feel that voluntary giving will follow this explanation.

Please look on your shelves and see how many jars you can spare for "Uncle Sam's Shelf," then tell one of the women whose names are given here, what you will give, so that Taneytown district may be ready.

Thrift Committee—Mrs. M. C. Duttera, Mrs. M. E. Crapster, Mrs. Geo. H. Birnie, Mrs. S. R. Downie, Mrs. L. B. Hafer, Mrs. Martin Hess, Miss Lillian Sanders, Miss Virginia Duttera.

ANNA GALT,  
District Leader National Council of Defense.

### Great Need For Clothing of all Kinds.

The American Red Cross has a most urgent appeal to collect cast off and second hand clothing, shoes, underwear, and garments of every kind, for the men, women and children of Northern France, Belgium, Serbia and other war stricken countries of Europe.

These people are not only on the verge of starvation, but they are facing the approaching winter without clothing to protect them from the cold, and unless the people of this country respond to the appeal, the suffering of the old men, women and children, from cold and exposure, will be appalling.

The Carroll County Chapter called attention to this appeal several weeks ago, which received some response, but only a very small portion of the amount Carroll county should furnish.

The Chapter again asks the people of the county to bring, or send to the Headquarters, Main and Court Sts., Westminster, or to any of the branches or auxiliaries in the county, for this humane and desperately needy cause, discarded and cast off garments of every character, except hats which require so much space to pack, that it is not practical to send them. Children's dresses, underwear, stockings and shoes are especially needed. Women's dresses, men's and boys' suits, coats, trousers, shoes, hose and underwear will be most acceptable and bring comfort to some of the poor suffering men, women, and children, who have been reduced to the most abject poverty by this terrible war.

If the garments are torn, or have holes, repair them if you can, and have the time, but if not, a committee of ladies at the headquarters and the branches will repair, and when a sufficient quantity has been sent, a shipment will be made.

The Surgical Dressing Classes meet at Headquarters, Tuesdays and Thursdays, and it is requested that on these days none of the old garments be sent, as the regulations require the room to be kept closed while the classes are engaged in their work.

### Marriage Licenses.

Earl C. Ecker and Grace M. Sauble, both of Taneytown.

Louis R. C. Glashoff and Mary A. England, both of Raspeburg, Md.

Robert A. Hagner and Mamie Smokewena, both of Baltimore.

Morris Haines, Baltimore, and Bernadette Hill, Taneytown.

Jerome L. Small, McSherrystown, Pa., and Lottie S. Meckley, Hanover, Pa.

Herbert A. Crammer and Hollis C. Glover, both of New Windsor.

Albert R. Bevans, Towson, and Florence E. Snell, Baltimore.

Adam A. Foster, Westminster, and Agnita G. Hare, Hampstead.

Joseph Nickels and Bessie M. Shipley, both of Sykesville.

## LIST OF DRAFTED MEN FROM CARROLL COUNTY

Eighty-four Men to go to Camp  
Meade, Sept. 27th.

The following list of drafted men from Carroll County has been certified to by the Draft Board for the Western Shore, which is known as Divisional Board No. 2, and of which Judge Robert Moss is chairman.

Some of these may yet be rejected on final physical examination, at the time of being mustered into service, but all must present themselves for duty, when called.

These with one previously accepted make 157 drafted from this county. Twenty-seven more names have been sent to the district board at Annapolis, to be passed on from the third call, making 184. Carroll's quota is 142, leaving 42 for the next draft.

James R. Elseroad, Patapsco.  
Hezekiah Raglon, Keymar.  
W. Edward Squirrel, Westminster.  
John Emory Long, Tannery.  
John William Bubb, Manchester.  
Frank Thomson, Woodbine.  
James C. Myers, Taneytown.  
Gary Charles Koonz, Westminster.  
Charles Merton Blacksten, Westminster.  
George E. Costley, Woodbine.  
Allis Ray Hines, Woodbine.  
Harry W. Stack, Finksburg.  
Benjamin H. Green, Woodbine.  
Morris Jonas Fuhrman, Manchester.  
Curvin Cleveland Wolfgang, Lineboro.  
John Sellman Biehl, Westminster.  
Leroy Noah Shaffer, Hanover, Pa.  
Preston George Coffman, Westminster.  
Wm. Henry Strawsburg, Un. Bridge.  
Stanley C. Pickett, Westminster.  
Raymond H. Brown, New Windsor.  
Lockard Willis Parks, Marriottsville.  
E. Sterling Brown, Westminster.  
Roland Ervin Reid, Taneytown.  
Carroll Ervin Reid, Taneytown.  
John Louis Mann, Patapsco.  
Wm. Marshall Owens, New Windsor.  
James Miley Gilroy, Sykesville.  
Edgar Franklin Stultz, Uniontown.  
Basil Walter Crapster, Taneytown.  
Herbert Pickett, Woodbine.  
Raymond E. Rhoten, Finksburg.  
James Albert Parks, Marriottsville.  
Sterling Edw. Hively, Westminster.  
John Mickle Pence, Westminster.  
Denton Oswald Dull, Westminster.  
Archie E. Carl, Westminster.  
Frank Edward Mack, Asbestos.  
Norman A. Mitten, Westminster.  
William Alva Basler, Hampstead.  
David R. Dotterer, New Windsor.  
John Thomas Tucker, Union Bridge.  
Bernard C. Harrison, Mt. Airy.  
Clarence E. Snowden, Mt. Airy.  
John D. Roop, Jr., Westminster.  
Francis E. Shaum, Taneytown.  
Harry Leroy Routson, Union Bridge.  
Joseph Carberry Boyle, Westminster.  
David Earl Byers, Westminster.  
John Pierce Fogle, Union Bridge.  
Herman S. Beck, Woodbine.  
Earl Weant Koons, Taneytown.  
James Harvey Cress, Carrollton.  
Roy F. Grim, Woodbine.  
Mark E. Wisotzky, Taneytown.  
William Frey, Reisterstown.  
Harry W. Crist, Union Bridge.  
Lester S. Witherow, Taneytown.  
Oakley M. Watkins, Mt. Airy.  
Paul A. Morrison, West Falls.  
James H. Black, Union Bridge.  
Orville K. Duval, Union Bridge.  
Ralph N. Marquet, Westminster.  
Percy L. Mehring, Taneytown.  
David J. Baile, New Windsor.  
Charles E. Eyer, Westminster.  
David Eugene Walsh, Westminster.  
Albert W. Fuhrman, Westminster.  
Riley E. Messinger, Littlestown, Pa.  
Vernon L. Bundy, col., Westminster.  
Reuben A. Waltz, Westminster.  
Ernest H. Bell, Westminster.  
A. Ralph Yingling, Manchester.  
Isaac Hunter, Westminster.  
Amos C. Shipley, Coatesville, Pa.  
William Henry Fitzhugh, Westminster.  
James H. Blaney, col., Westminster.  
J. Albert Galt, New Windsor.  
Elhanan R. Englar, Linwood.  
Guy M. Wetzel, Sykesville.  
Edward D. Norris, Hampstead.  
George K. Miller, Union Bridge.  
John H. Wilson, Jr., Sykesville.  
Herman E. Brown, Sykesville.  
Lionel Sinclair Lockard, Westminster.  
Edward E. Harpel, Carrollton.  
Melvin Douglas Lindsay, Westminster.  
Ralph E. Smith, Baltimore.  
Harry S. Beall, Westminster.  
Paul B. Wagner, New Windsor.  
Harry F. Evans, Woodbine.  
Amos N. Coshon, Detour.  
Roland Lewis Wisner, Patapsco.  
Jos. James Stewart, Westminster.  
Eugene Catlett, Woodbine.  
Raymond Alfred Yingling, Un. Bridge.  
John J. Cookson, Littlestown, Pa.  
Charles Edward Lantz, Westminster.  
Clyde Leroy Hesson, Taneytown.  
H. Todd Ford, Finksburg.  
Paul Brown Green, Patapsco.  
Harry Grover Shaffer, Westminster.  
Charles F. Rohrbach, Taneytown.  
Charles Melvin Hatfield, Union Bridge.  
Edmund John Awalt, Westminster.  
Franklin Albert Brihart, Manchester.  
Samuel Talbert, Manchester.  
Robert Walter Dubbs, Alesia.  
William Henry Graf, Millers.  
Arthur H. W. Squirrel, col., Westminster.  
Chas. Levin Billingslea, Westminster.  
Ollie Jerome Hubbard, Sykesville.  
Roy C. Leister, Westminster.  
Chilton Cornelius Snyder, Westminster.  
Lloyd Edward Richards, Manchester.  
William H. Masenheimer, Manchester.  
John H. Fischer, Middleburg.  
Marrell Budd, col., Westminster.  
Leeds Kerr Billingslea, Westminster.  
Harrison V. Harbaugh, Westminster.  
Nevel E. Wheeler, Mt. Airy.  
Welden A. Brummel, Westminster.  
John M. Leatherman, Harney.  
William M. King, Westminster.  
Francis R. Windsor, Mt. Airy.  
Donald M. Myers, Westminster.

Frank C. Lindsay, Sykesville.  
Russell H. Krugh, Keymar.  
D. Clotworthy Hill, col., Taneytown.  
Jacob A. Love, Tannery.  
Mordecai J. D. Selby, New Windsor.  
Charles L. Seipp, Westminster.  
Melvin E. Fogle, Union Bridge.  
Louis N. Barnhart, Westminster.  
George R. Gosnell, Woodbine.  
Clarence G. Miller, Hampstead.  
Herman Pickett, Woodbine.  
Orestus F. Fox, Keymar.  
Charles Norman Nussbaum, Westminster.  
Claude E. Etzler, Linwood.  
Thomas Fisher, Tannery.  
William V. Kohler, Baltimore.  
Roy E. Baumgardner, Keymar.  
Benjamin F. Gordon, Woodbine.  
Burgess Herman Ridgely, Sykesville.  
William Grooms, colored, Sykesville.  
Roy Augustus Reese, Westminster.  
Paul Henry Hess, Westminster.  
Roscoe D. Bowie, colored, Mt. Airy.  
George Burton Ways, Marriottsville.  
Alvah John Leister, Westminster.  
Samuel Carson Brooks, col., Linwood.  
John Robert Hotson, Westminster.  
Edward M. Black, Westminster.  
Robert W. Dickensheets, Westminster.  
Harry S. Foutz, Westminster.  
Ralph Stewart Stonestier, Westminster.  
Eddie L. Beatty, Mt. Airy.  
Henry Edward Michael, Lineboro.  
Robert Leonard Fluhart, Sykesville.  
Charles Albert Bailey, Lineboro.  
A. Truman Bloom, New Windsor.  
Clarence Edgar Mayers, Piney Creek.  
John H. Taylor, Westminster.  
Geo. W. Stonestier, Union Mills.  
Frank S. Bennett, Sykesville.  
William S. Seabour, Westminster.  
Roger Preston Stultz, Uniontown.  
Morrill Preston Greene, Carrollton.

The Local Board for Carroll County, has received instructions to forward 84 white men to Camp Meade, on Thursday, Sept. 27th, 1917. The men will go over the Western Maryland Railroad and be transferred to other roads reaching Camp at Admiral, Maryland. They will be notified when and where to assemble and will be given final instructions just before leaving.

A list of those who are to go, follows:  
Archie Carl.  
James R. Elseroad.  
John Emory Long.  
John W. Bubb.  
John D. Roop, Jr.  
James C. Myers.  
Norman R. Mitten.  
David R. Dotterer.  
Francis E. Shaum.  
Bernard C. Harrison.  
Ollie Ray Haines.  
Harry W. Stack.  
Morris J. Fuhrman.  
Curvin C. Wolfgang.  
John Sellman Biehl.  
Leroy Noah Shaffer.  
Preston George Coffman.  
William Henry Strawsburg.  
Stanley G. Pickett.  
Raymond M. Brown.  
Harry Leroy Routson.  
E. Sterling Brown.  
Roland F. Rill.  
Carroll E. Reid.  
Joseph Carberry Boyle.  
David Earl Byers.  
John Pierce Fogle.  
Herman S. Beck.  
James Miley Gilroy.  
Franklin Edgar Stultz.  
Basil Walter Crapster.  
Earl Weant Koons.  
Herbert Pickett.  
William Alva Basler.  
Raymond Earl Rhoten.  
James Harvey Cress.  
Sterling Edward Hively.  
Harry S. Beall.  
Benton Oswald Dull.  
Paul S. Wagner.  
Garry Charles Koonz.  
Charles Merton Blacksten.  
John Michael Pence.  
Harry F. Evans.  
Amos N. Coshon.  
Roland Lewis Wisner.  
Joseph James Stewart.  
Raymond A. Yingling.  
John J. Cookson.  
Charles Edward Lantz.  
Paul Brown Green.  
Harry Grover Shaffer.  
Clyde Leroy Hesson.  
H. Todd Ford.  
Charles F. Rohrbach.  
Charles Melvin Hatfield.  
Edwin John Awalt.  
Franklin Albert Brihart.  
Samuel Talbert.  
Robert Walter Dubbs.  
William Henry Graf.  
Charles L. Billingslea.  
Ollie Jerome Hubbard.  
Roy C. Leister.  
Clinton Cornelius Snyder.  
Lloyd Edward Richards.  
William Henry Masenheimer.  
John H. Fischer.  
Leeds Kerr Billingslea.  
Harry Vernon Harbaugh.  
Nevel E. Wheeler.  
Walden A. Brummel.  
Roy F. Grim.  
Mark Emory Wisotzky.  
William Frey.  
Harry Walter Christ.  
Lester Stewart Witherow.  
Oakley M. Watkins.  
Orville K. Duval.  
Paul A. Morrison.  
Ralph N. Marquette.  
Percy Leroy Mehring.  
David J. Baile.  
Charles E. Eyer.

ALTERNATES  
Daniel Eugene Walsh.  
Albert W. Fuhrman.  
Riley Elias Messinger.  
Reuben A. Waltz.  
Earnest Harbaugh Bell.

2500 workers on war ships have "walked out" in San Francisco, on a strike. It will be of interest to know what the government will do about it, as the contractors are going to wait and see. Nearly a hundred plants are tied up, and the government's war plans are thereby greatly interfered with.

## PROFIT TO FARMERS RAISING \$2.20 WHEAT

\$1.21 a Bu. Net Gain on Production,  
Figures Are Said to Show.

Washington, Sept. 18.—Wheat at \$2.20 a bushel is making the American farmer the war's great gainer. For, despite the reports, greatly doubted here, that the Western farmers are holding their wheat, figures obtained today by the Food Administration show that \$2.20 wheat is giving the farmer a profit of \$1.21, and on the basis of a production of 678,000,000 bushels this year, the total profit to the producer will be \$820,380,000.

These figures are regarded here as destroying the arguments heard at the Nonpartisan League conference at St. Paul, now in session, that farmers cannot produce wheat at \$2.20 except at a loss.

As a matter of fact, the reports that farmers are withholding their grain and that Minneapolis mills are facing the necessity of shutting down, are made to appear as baseless by the receipt here of official reports that the Minneapolis mills ground 367,000 barrels of flour last month, the largest output for nearly a year, and in excess of the production of the same month last year when wheat was bringing greater prices. Moreover, the receipts of flour in New York yesterday, which were 13,000 barrels in excess of the daily consumption, serve to refute the stories of wheat-strikes by the farmers. Added to these facts, the Food Administration had 70,000 barrels in New York yesterday to sell to bakers.

The figures on the cost of wheat production were submitted to the Food Administration as prepared by G. E. Call, professor of agronomy at the State Agricultural College of Kansas.

They are on the basis of \$2.20 wheat, and the cost figures in his table are regarded as all in favor of the producer. His basis is a crop production of only fourteen bushels to the acre, which is the average for the entire United States, but which is greatly exceeded by intensive wheat farming. He values the land at \$48 an acre and allows 5 percent. net for interest. Seed wheat he figures at \$2.50 a bushel.

What answer the complaining element of the western wheat farming population will have to this estimate of his compensation is something not considered here, except that which has already been heard, that much wheat does not meet No. 1 grade requirements, and, therefore, brings a price much less than \$2.20. The only complaints, however, that have been received have come from North Dakota. It was significantly pointed out here today that when the wheat price fixing was under discussion in Congress no farmers kicked against the \$2.20 or \$2.00 price, and, altogether, the facts leave no excuse for holding of wheat on the farms.

At best, it is argued, the only result of holding wheat to the farmer would be to spite himself, it is said, for in view of the fixed price, he can get as much for his wheat today as he can next week or next month, and only as much next month as he can today.—Phila. Ledger.

### Newspaper Publishers Protest.

New York, Sept. 19.—The Publishers' Association of New York, at a meeting today, entered a protest against the imposition of any special war tax upon publishers exclusively. The association in its protest says:

"There is not a newspaper in the United States that is not bearing additional burdens of expense by reason of the war and we do not know of a single newspaper that is deriving a profit from the war. Increases in circulation, where they have occurred, do not at current prices for white paper bring increased profits.

"The newspaper publishers recognize the wisdom, the justice and the necessity of imposing heavy tax burdens at this time upon all those who are able to bear them and the newspaper publishers expect and desire to pay their full share of all such taxes that are imposed upon all businesses.

"But the newspaper publishers respectfully urge that while they are deriving no profit from war, they are necessarily one of the chief agencies of government in making successful policies like the Conscription Act and Liberty Loan; that they have co-operated with the government at all times promptly and willingly without expense to the government and at great expense to the newspapers and without any advantage to the newspapers except the high satisfaction that all citizens feel in doing effective work for their government."

### From County Agent, Kinzy.

A lengthy communication received from County Agent, Grover Kinzy, has been unavoidably crowded out of this issue, and it would be out of season, next week. The substance of it is that wheat should not be sown before October 1st, in order to escape the Hessian fly. He also says that on application to him, he can likely get farmers help from Baltimore, to cut off corn, at about \$2.00 a day and board.

St. Mary's Lutheran Sunday school, at Silver Run, will hold Annual Rally and Promotion Day on Sunday, at 2 P. M., Sept. 23rd. Rev. L. B. Hafer, of Taneytown; Rev. W. H. Hetrick, of Westminster; and Geo. Mather will be present. All are invited.

### Over a Million Volunteers.

Washington, Sept. 14.—In the belief that the country does not understand the real strength of the American military and naval forces, Chairman Dent, of the House Military Committee, today submitted to the House for publication in the Congressional Record, a statement prepared at his request by the Committee on Public Information from Government records.

"On September 6, 1917," the statement says, "there were in the regular army, National Guard, and Reserve Corps of the army 78,828 officers and 741,053 enlisted men. In the navy there were 141,867 enlisted men, 41,473 Naval Reserves and 14,500 of the Naval Militia in the Federal service. There were 5,000 men in the Coast Guard and 6,500 in the Hospital Corps, making a total of 209,340. Enlisted strength of the Marine Corps was 29,971; reserves in the services, 1,070; National Naval Volunteers, 704; retired men on active duty, 14. There were approximately 12,000 officers in the navy and 1,166 in the Marine Corps.

"In other words, on that date, the army had, including officers and enlisted men, 819,881 and the navy 254,265, making a total armed strength on that date of 1,074,146 men, all of whom are volunteers. Prior to that time there was not a drafted soldier in a single training camp. The draft law was approved May 18, 1917."

### Proceedings of the Orphans' Court.

Monday, Sept. 17, 1917.—J. Thomas Zile, acting executor of Leonard Zile, deceased, received an order to sell stocks and real estate.

Letters of administration on the estate of E. Scott Fleagle, deceased, were granted unto Lummie G. Fleagle and Martin Koons, who received warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

Lydia E. Mathias, executrix of Oliver H. P. Mathias, deceased, returned an inventory of personal property.

Letters of administration on the estate of George W. Hopkins, deceased, were granted unto Albert M. Musgrove, who received warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

Theodore F. Brown, administrator of Samuel T. Harman, deceased, received an order to sell real estate.

Tuesday, Sept. 18, 1917.—Byron S. Dorsey, administrator of Sallie Brown, deceased, settled his first and final account.

Margaret E. Snider, administratrix of Mark R. Snider, deceased, returned an inventory of personal property and received an order to sell personal property.

The last will and testament of Margaret Zile, deceased, was admitted to probate and letters testamentary thereon were granted unto J. Snader Devilbiss, who received warrant to appraise and an order to notify creditors.

Albert M. Musgrove, administrator of George W. Hopkins, deceased, returned an inventory of personal property and received an order to sell same.

Emory A. Harrison, administrator of George W. Harrison, deceased, returned an inventory of debts, reported sale of personal property and settled his first and final account.

### Two LeGores in U. S. Service.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. LeGore, of LeGore, Frederick county, have received a letter from their son, Harry LeGore, the well-known athlete, who is a lieutenant in the United States Marine service, describing the repulse of two German submarine attacks on American transports off the coast of France, August 20. The attacks were made after land had been sighted and were beat off after a violent bombardment from the convoys.

"The Germans were waiting for us," wrote Mr. LeGore, "and a real battle ensued for over an hour. Three aeroplanes came to our assistance and dropped bombs on the subs." The letter added that the American destroyers are playing havoc with the submarines. He said he had met a number of Yale and Princeton men, and that "slues" of them are coming into port. Bruce LeGore, another athletic member of the family, is in the aviation corps and expects to be sent to France soon.

### Was It Carroll County?

A county superintendent in a neighboring county asked that every teacher at the county institute who took a local paper, hold up their hands, to which only six responded. The superintendent expressed great surprise and said: "You don't invest a dollar a year with those papers, yet you expect them to print free of charge, notice of all institutes, insert long programs, expect them to advertise you, thus assisting you to climb the ladder to better positions and better salaries without a cent in return."—Frederick News.

### Kent Island Saved.

The project for the War Department to take Kent Island, and use it as an ammunition proving ground, was knocked out in the House, on Monday. The result is a victory for Senator Smith, backed by the pleas of Kent Islanders for their homes, their churches and cemeteries. The government will have to be satisfied with some other location, even if it be not so ideal for the purpose.



## THE CARROLL RECORD (NON-PARTISAN.)

Published every Friday, at Taneytown, Md., by The Carroll Record Printing and Publishing Company.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager

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All advertisements for 2nd, 3rd, 6th, and 7th, pages must be in our Office by Tuesday morning each week; otherwise, insertion cannot be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21st., 1917.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a rule with this Office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.



"Tis the Star-Spangled Banner!  
Oh, long may it wave  
O'er the land of the free, and the  
home of the brave."

The "annexationists" evidently lost out in the primary elections, though they put up a strong fight, urging annexation as the issue in the campaign, and had the support of the Mayor and his following. Now it will be up to them to explain away the ineffectiveness of a situation of their own creating, and more and more make an appeal for a vote "without a referendum."

### Men for the Legislature.

It is hoped that no such special pleas as the extension of the city limits of Baltimore, shall interfere in any way with the politics of this state, to the extent that the real qualifications of candidates for the legislature may be obscured. We mention the Baltimore case, not in an antagonistic sense, but as trying to make the point that all more or less selfish and local issues must be relegated to their proper place in the legislature regime of the coming winter, and that a place well down the list.

We must have men, first of all, positively identified with a determination to economize in expenditures. Any man who lends his vote—by trade-off or otherwise—to any money-grabbing scheme, or to any expenditure and not absolutely demanded for the immediate good of the public service, should be a "marked man" hereafter. Not only financial business economy, but brains-enough to know a treasury raid when it comes along, are essential qualifications for the legislators of the coming term, more so than ever before.

From the organization of both branches, until the fall of the gavel at the close of the session, real statesmanship should rule. Interest in the material welfare of the WHOLE STATE, and not the welfare of a lot of previous, or first-time, cribbers, is the demand of the times; and the people may be trusted, we think, to make themselves acquainted with individual records, and to place the blame for unjustifiable legislation where it belongs.

### Our Duty to Home.

The value of food products exported in the seven months ending in July aggregated \$1,007,065,190, an increase over the same period of last year, of \$223,084,179. These are astounding—almost impossible to appreciate—figures; and it must be considered, also, that the figures of a year ago, which the figures of this year so greatly exceed, were also far above abnormal. Only a comparison made with three or four years ago, could show the immensity of the food value shipments out of this country, due to the war.

No wonder that Mr. Hoover and his helpers are greatly concerned over the food situation in this country, if the exports continue at the present rate, and prices still continue skyward, and the great question arises—How long can this country afford to continue such shipments? How long, in fairness to our own suffering poor, ought we feed Europe? We owe a plain duty to the Allies, and to their cause—our cause—but we dare not overlook our suffering at home.

And incidentally let it be said, that in this time of governmental begging for food saving, self-denial, and all that, on the part of the civilian population, it will be little short of crim-

inal if the government itself—the War and Navy departments, training camps, etc.—does not set the example by saving rigorously in the supplies and food furnished to the army and navy. This is no time for pampering, nor extravagance of any kind, anywhere, and least of all in our home government activities.

### Getting Weaker—of Course.

It is quite unprofitable, we think, to speculate on the growing weakness of Germany, in the war, and to give reasons why her strength and resources are on the down grade. Necessarily, this must be true, because of over three years of fighting and slaughter, but is not the same true of all of the nations involved, except the United States?

Unless it can be demonstrated that Germany has weakened more rapidly than England and France and Russia combined, the German weakening leaves little consolation. If Russia gets out of the contest, as now again seems possible, that alone will compensate for a considerable percent of Germany's weakness. War is much like a game of chess—each side may lose men, and yet one side be much stronger than the other, and force check-mate.

Open-minded and fair comparisons of relative strength, are what count, in war. Telling of the losses of others, and not of our own, have fooled lots of people into a false security—underestimation of our force, and the overestimation of another. What we would like to see, is a fair review of actual strength and conditions as they in the aggregate represent the Germans and the Allies—without counting the United States.

### Wipe Out the Primary Law.

The following editorial from last week's Westminster Times, meets with our full indorsement. We have frequently hit the present primary law, and consider it an absolute waste of good money—one of the laws that ought to be wiped out, so far as our county is concerned, and we trust that our delegation to Annapolis, this winter, will see to having it done. The Times says:

"On last Tuesday Carroll county in common with the other counties of the State and Baltimore city held a primary election under our unsatisfactory and expensive Primary law, which we believe Mr. Blair Lee claims to have been responsible for.

"Let the people rule, have all the dear people make the nominations direct, free from all influence or power of the bosses; every candidate to stand on his own merits, political bosses and rings must keep hands absolutely off; the only way to secure the best candidates."

This was some of the bosh we heard about the direct primary law, and it was about as near the real truth of the working of the law as the North Pole is from the South Pole.

In Carroll county there are nearly 9000 registered voters and the Republicans cast on Tuesday less than 700 votes, and the Democrats about 1200, both together not one-fourth of the registered vote, and this same ratio is probably true of the entire State, for even in Baltimore, where there were several bitter contests, the vote was small. Oh yes, the people make the nomination. The cost of holding the primary in the State will probably be close to \$100,000 and in this county will go into the thousands, and the wise boss with his lieutenants can control things decidedly easier and get from under it with better grace than by the Convention plan.

Perhaps we should have a direct primary, at least the reformers tell us we should, but if we must have, give us one less expensive for both the taxpayers and candidates and one that will not eliminate men in both parties who would make desirable officials, but who are not office seekers and will never consent to go into a primary fight to secure a nomination. We are "regular," but are almost tempted to say we will support candidates for the legislature under any party name who will introduce a bill and work for the repeal of this present costly and unsatisfactory primary election law."

### Mr. Hughes on War Times.

Charles Evans Hughes, who was defeated for the Presidency by a small margin, says there is too much quibbling over the President's powers. He said in a recent address:

"It must be remembered that these are war times, and that the course taken was necessary to do promptly things which should be done promptly. War demands the highest degree of efficient organization, and Congress, in the nature of things, cannot prescribe many important details as it legislates for the purpose of meeting the exigencies of war. Whether the limits of permissible delegation are in any case overstepped always remains a judicial question."

These are the words of a keen thinker, who came near being President, and who might be picked as one inclined to criticize the administration. That he does not do so, should stand as a guide for many lesser lights who have neither the incentive, nor the wisdom, to do so, but who do, just the same.

"After the war is over" we will get back, it is to be hoped, to our democracy in governmental affairs, but just now, as Mr. Hughes says, we must do things promptly and centralize power.

### A Disgrace to Our Army.

Drunkenness and disorder of the vilest kind follows the visits of the soldiers in camp at Gettysburg, to York, Hanover, Carlisle and other places, especially after pay-day. When something like \$750,000 was disbursed at Gettysburg, hundreds of the boys secured leaves of absence, went to nearby wet spots, and tanked up ingloriously, to their own disgrace, if not to that of our army regulations for permitting such sprees.

A recent article in the York Gazette, portraying at length scenes on the streets of that city caused by drunk and disorderly soldiers, is almost beyond belief. We give a portion of the article referred to:

"With pocketsful of money and a thirst for the excitement of the city, soldiers by the hundreds are now coming to York nightly, to revel and be plucked, and that they are succeeding splendidly was manifested Wednesday night and last night, and it will be worse to-night and still worse to-morrow night. Conditions have reached such a stage that the call for more activity on the part of the authorities and perhaps, if the police are unable to cope with the situation, it would be well to induce the military authorities at Gettysburg to send a provost guard to York."

For reeling, drunken, boisterous, rowdy soldiers infest the city each night, particularly in Centre Square at midnight and along toward morning, and they not only disgust citizens who happen to be out, but actually cause them to fear harm from the drunken rowdies. It is a situation no war recreation board can handle, no matter how good their intention, and it seems that the police force cannot cope with it either. The soldiers who come to York late in the evening and go home late in the morning are not the sort whom the kindly attentions of a war recreation board would reach. These men prefer the darkness and the things that go with darkness. It requires stronger handling than a war recreation board."

And these are some of the chaps that we are invited to spend our good money for, for cigarettes and tobacco, and for Christmas presents. If they have money to spend for booze, it seems to us that they are hardly objects for our benevolence. Of course, these fellows are not the whole army, and of course there are thousands of good clean boys in the ranks; but, in view of such brazen scenes as are given in the Gazette, is it any wonder that enlistments were scant, and that applications for exemption are numerous?

If these occurrences are unpreventable (?) then it would be well to locate all of the training camps beyond reach of booze; for the corrupting influence of even a small percentage of "rummies" in our army must be very bad for the army itself and create among the civilian population of the country a still greater feeling of opposition to our participation in the war, and to the sacrifices and enforced economy that the war is responsible for. There is certainly something wrong with an army regime that makes such disgraceful scenes possible.

### German Competition "After the War."

The Republican Publicity Association draws attention to the fact that the Department of Commerce has finally come to a realization of the industrial competition which this country must meet when the present war is over. For more than two years the Republican press of the country has been asserting that our prosperity was largely due to war orders and to the cutting off of foreign competition. The Protection primals also asserted that although Germany had diverted many industries to war production, yet her productive capacity had not been materially impaired, and that after the war she will as readily turn her factories back to the activities of peace.

The Free-Trade press, for purely partisan purposes, has persistently denied that ours was a war-order prosperity and has asserted that the close of the war would find Europe so impoverished that we need fear no competition. The Free-Trade Department of Commerce has encouraged that idea. Now, however, comes the announcement of publication of a bulletin by the Department of Commerce on "Germany as a Competitor After the War." This bulletin tells us "how thorough are the methods that have been employed for more than half a century, and how earnestly that nation is preparing to reach out into the world markets as soon as the war is ended."

Of course, the bulletin does not say a word about the Tariff. But the enactment of a Tariff law marked the beginning of German's industrial development. It was in 1878 that Bismarck urged upon the Reichstag the adoption of the policy of Protection, and said:

"I am convinced that the unexampled prosperity of the United States is largely due to its Protective Tariff system, and I think that the time has now arrived when Germany should imitate that system in order to more fully develop its natural resources and to more profitably employ its labor."

Germany proceeded to adopt a Protective Tariff policy. Many of her manufacturing enterprises immediately took on new life and outstripped their British competitors. A Protective Tariff policy put "Made in Germany" goods in the markets of all the world. German manufacturers have maintained organizations for the promotion of their common interests. Industries thus organized "dumped" products into foreign markets at low prices to destroy competition, after which prices were raised to a profitable figure. Made secure in their home market by Protection, these manufacturers have been in a position to give all necessary attention to the capture of export trade. They could rely upon a permanent Protective Tariff policy. What with her Protective rates of duty and her still more Protective methods of classification, Germany has had the most rigid scheme of Protection in the world.

The American producer has had no such Protection. In 1912 a split in the Republican party placed the nation in the control of a party that advocated Tariff for revenue only, though a majority of the people had voted for candidates who represented Protective principles. In 1916 the Free-Trade party retained control because it had "kept us out of war." The American business man cannot depend upon the Protective Tariff policy, as can his German competitor. And in this critical hour, when we are soon to return to peace and meet the competition which the Department of Commerce now belatedly admits is impending, we cannot get an admission that a Protective Tariff is essential in aiding us to stay the hand that will "reach out into the world markets as soon as the war is ended." We shall not get the needed Protection from the party of Free-Trade. We can get it only through the election of a Protection House and Senate in 1918 and the election of a Protection President and Congress in 1920.—American Economist.

### The October American Magazine.

Mary Roberts Rinehart has written a wonderful, inspiring article called "My Creed," for the October American Magazine. She has something to say about the war that will make you sit up and think. "Dropping the Easy Job and Tackling the Tough One," is an article about Henry L. Doherty, the great public utility man, which tells how he rose from a newsboy to a multi-millionaire; "How I Advertised Myself Into a Better Job" is a personal story of success; and "Have You a Friend Who is a Lawyer?" is written by Arthur Train and is filled with sensible advice. "What Booze Did to Me in the Twenties" is a personal confession of a well known writer who has stopped drinking. The theatrical article is about and by Fred Stone.

The fiction ranks high this month, being by such well known authors as William Dudley Pelley, David Grayson, Hugh S. Fullerton, Mabel Nelson Thurston, and Edna Ferber. "Sid Says: It's the Encores People Call For that Makes Lying Difficult." The Interesting People department, Family Money, and other miscellaneous matter is fully up to the standard.

### Why the Difference?

A coal operator who refuses to make a price for his product which is acceptable to a public functionary is liable to have a price fixed for him, or to have his mine commandeered and carried on by the Government. A member of organized labor who refuses to sell his labor in a shipyard at a price acceptable to his employer who may be engaged on a Government contract is deemed wholly within his rights if he enters upon a strike; and no effort is being made to compel him to accept a fixed wage to force him to work if he does not want to. It is curious distinction, which a good many people have difficulty in understanding.—Balt. Co. Union.

### The October Woman's Home Companion.

Articles and fiction which stimulate and entertain are part of the October Woman's Home Companion. "American Children," by Agnes Repplier; "The Women Go To War," by Ida M. Tarbell; "Uncle Sam's Camp Meeting" and "Cutting the Coal Bill" are only a few of the useful articles.

The fiction includes the first installment of a new serial entitled "Flaming Knight," by Grace S. Richmond; and stories by Peter Clark Macfarlane, Sophie Kerr, Walter A. Dyer, and Laura Miller. The regular department for young readers, the cooking, picture and fashion sections are all up to the usual standard, making a well rounded number.

Floral Antiseptic Tooth Powder for cleaning and beautifying the teeth. Makes the teeth white and purifies the breath...10c bottle.—Get at McKellips.

## HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE

### Are You Ready for Fall?

This is the question that is being asked daily, and we are endeavoring to help you answer it in the affirmative by having ready for your selection a full stock in every department.

#### Dress Goods.

Right up to the Standard.

We are right up to our standard in this Department, and have on display our usual large assortment of materials suitable for Dresses and Dress Suits.

#### School Dresses.

A very pretty lot of plaid and chambray dresses for any age girl. They are made of good quality gingham, and the patterns are very good.

#### Sweater Coats.

For every one in the family, we have a suitable Sweater. Just the thing for the cool mornings and evenings. Our line is composed of an assortment of black, blue, maroon, rose and purple. Some being trimmed in white or gray. Don't fail to look over these and get our very reasonable prices.

#### Shoes.

For Men, Women, Boys', Girls or Children. We have a line of Shoes suitable for all occasions. If it is for dress, we have the very best quality and style, or if for work, we have a line equally as good. Come in and let us show you our line and save you money.

#### Dress Gingham.

We have just received a shipment of new patterns of Gingham of standard quality, which will make very pretty house dresses or school dresses.

#### Apron Gingham.

Always a large assortment of Lancaster and Amoskeag Apron Gingham on hand to make your selection from.

#### School Supplies.

A big assortment of School Supplies on hand, ink and pencil tablets, companions, pens, pencils, slates, sponges, composition books, lunch boxes, etc.

### Clothing for Fall.

Our new line of Suits for Men and Boys is now coming in, and consists of the newest Fabrics and Stripes on the market.

For a recommendation of our Clothing as to fit, quality or style ask the fellow who has been wearing our Clothes; he will tell you how well we have pleased him.

The Taylor line of Samples of made-to-order Suits is now on display, and is made up of over a hundred and fifty samples of the newest and best wool varieties at the lowest possible cost. When can we expect to have you call for your measurement?

Store Closes at 6 p. m., Monday, Wednesday and Friday

## THE BIRNIE TRUST CO., TANEYTOWN, MD.

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| Date.       | Capital Stock. | Surplus & Profits | Deposits.    | Total Resources. |
|-------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------|------------------|
| May 9, 1913 | \$40,000.00    | \$27,369.51       | \$647,563.77 | \$719,836.77     |
| May 9, 1914 | 40,000.00      | 29,523.55         | 656,776.65   | 733,882.24       |
| May 9, 1915 | 40,000.00      | 31,497.00         | 680,139.14   | 758,766.55       |
| May 9, 1916 | 40,000.00      | 38,067.68         | 704,585.23   | 786,927.38       |
| May 9, 1917 | 40,000.00      | 51,112.36         | 811,684.80   | 904,994.94       |

When a Young Man starts out in business for himself, his first important act should be the establishment of a Strong Progressive Banking connection.

Open an account with the The Birnie Trust Company, and its Storehouse of experience and Progress is yours for the asking.

**A BIG BANK FOR BIG BUSINESS**

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**A GOOD ONE TO GROW UP IN.**  
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## Poultry Farming

### CHICKS IN SUMMER.

Special Care Needed to Keep Them Thrifty in Hot Weather.  
[Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

Chicks hatched just before the beginning of hot weather must receive especially good care if they are to be raised successfully. In fact, the care of growing chicks during the summer is one of the most important factors in poultry raising. The chicks may have been carefully brooded, but unless the proper attention is given them during the warm months their growth may be seriously retarded.

Growing chicks should be provided with a house that will give them a place to stay in bad weather and at night. No particular style of house is recommended, but it should be so built that it will provide the chicks with ample ventilation, dryness, sunlight, freedom from drafts and be so arranged that it can be cleaned easily and frequently.

The lumber from piano and dry goods boxes can be used in building such a house and when covered with ordinary roofing paper so as to keep out the rain will make desirable quarters. It is suggested that such houses be built on the colony plan so that they can be moved from place to place, thus providing the chicks with fresh ground to range over. Elevating such a house six inches above the ground will assist in keeping the floor dry by means of the circulation of air, and such space will also provide shade for the chicks.

Feed for growing chicks may be divided into three classes—grain feed, dry mash and green feed.

In addition to the grain feed that the chicks are likely to find when on free range a grain mixture should be given them morning and evening. The following rations should produce good results:

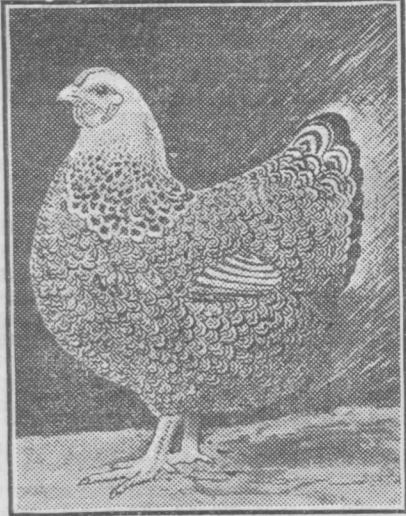
Equal parts of cracked corn and wheat. As the chicks increase in size oats may be added. To cheapen this ration it may be changed to two parts cracked corn and one part wheat.

When one part of oats is added to this mixture, as the chicks increase in size, the ration may be changed to three parts cracked corn, one part wheat and one part oats.

In addition to the above feed a dry mash should be fed in a hopper to which the chicks have access at all times. The following mixtures are suggested:

No. 1.—Two pounds of cornmeal, one pound of middlings, four pounds of oatmeal, two pounds of wheat bran and two and one-half pounds of beef scraps.

No. 2.—Two pounds of cornmeal, one pound of middlings, two pounds of



SILVER PENCILED WYANDOTTE HEN.

wheat bran, and two and one-half pounds of beef scraps.

No. 3.—Three pounds of wheat bran, three pounds of middlings, three pounds of cornmeal, one pound of crushed oats and one and one-half pounds of beef scraps.

Charcoal, grit and oyster shells should be provided so that the chicks can help themselves whenever they want to.

If a continued supply of sour milk can be obtained it may be fed separately in a pan provided for the purpose and the beef scrap in the above rations reduced one-half. Sour and sweet milk should not be fed alternately, as such practice is likely to cause bowel trouble. Whenever it is possible growing chicks should be allowed free range so they may obtain as much natural green feed as they need in addition to bugs and worms. When green feed cannot be obtained on range such feed as sprouted oats, cut clover, mangel wurzel beets, etc., should be fed daily.

The importance of clean fresh water for chicks cannot be overemphasized. In very hot weather fresh water should be given to them twice a day. Whenever possible the pan of water should be placed in the shade to keep cool. The water pan should be cleaned every day before fresh water is added.

Plenty of shade should be provided for growing chicks. When allowed to range in an orchard or cornfield they will not only find ample shade and green feed, but will benefit the trees or corn as well as themselves by destroying bugs and worms. Sometimes sunflowers are grown for shade. Artificial protection against the sun's rays may be obtained by supporting frames covered with burlap a few feet above the ground.

### THE POULTRYMAN.

Roasters of from four pounds upward can be grown with profit today if the poultryman will select the birds and feed and care for them with that idea in mind.

Geese should have unlimited range from the time the goslings are out of the shell until they are ready for market.

It is natural for the hen to lay, but she must be properly fed and cared for.

The duck laying season ends this month, with the exception of the Indian Runner ducks, which have the ability to lay the year around.

Flock averages of from 150 to 180 eggs are heavy laying and should satisfy the most ambitious poultryman.

### DRY FEEDING FOWLS.

This Method Has Done Much to Help the Poultry Business.

With the exception of artificial hatching and brooding nothing has done so much to help the business as the now general practice of dry feeding, which is growing more popular each day in all sections of the country. Its popularity has not been due to only its labor saving ability, but in the good results accomplished in the growing of chicks and hens in the breeding pen, where care must always be exercised.

Dry feeding means simply mixing and feeding of ground grain in a dry



IN THE WHEATFIELD.

state from hoppers or boxes. Generally the dry feed is kept before the fowls all day, although in some cases the hoppers are open only part of the day. There has been the usual difficulty in getting people to try this method. It is always hard to get new ways established. People always seem to prefer old ways rather than change ideas and practices.

There are numerous devices to be used as holders for ground grains. Some are good, others fair and some worthless. While good hoppers help in preventing waste, dry feed can be satisfactorily supplied in a variety of ways and no special machinery is necessary. The main points to observe are accessibility and as great cleanliness as can reasonably be secured and to avoid waste.

Poultry, however, is in many ways less fastidious than people, and a good deal of time and labor are spent in providing unnecessary refinements for unappreciative fowls. Where rats are in numbers they will get more of the feed than where the old style of feeding is carried out. The remedy for this loss is more cats and hoppers and as near rat proof as can be devised.

The saving of labor where dry feeding is practiced is enough in itself to make reasonable profits where before the balance was on the wrong side of the ledger. Filling the hoppers may be done once or twice a week. The only limit on the amount supplied at one filling is the capacity of the holder.

Such whole grain as is fed may be scattered morning and night, although there are poultry raisers who hopper feed grain. In this there is a difference of opinion, especially with the fully matured fowls. In the case of growing chickens which have range the practice of hopper feeding both mash and grains will show good results.

### New Poultry Houses.

New poultry buildings should be erected so they have plenty of time to thoroughly dry out before the fowls are placed in them. Damp houses, although they may be new ones, are very apt to cause colds and perhaps roup. Leaky roofs should be repaired before fall sets in, if they have not been before. A leaky roof causes dampness, and this is one of the most prolific causes of colds and roup and other poultry ailments.

### Breed Better Poultry.

With feed prices such as we are facing this year we cannot afford to feed hens that are not above the average. There is but one sure way of increasing the egg production of the flock—by breeding for it. No amount of feed or care will induce a hen to lay that is not bred along egg laying lines. Care and feed are necessary that a hen may lay, but they will not make a good layer out of a poor one.

### Give Chickens Whole Grain.

There is no gain in grinding or cracking corn or kafir for chickens. As long as the grain is not too large for them to swallow its digestibility is better when whole than when cracked. If the chickens are provided with plenty of sharp grit they will do the grinding of the grain that is necessary for good digestion.

## CONTENTED!

THE PERSON who is contented with their lot seldom betters that lot. Be ambitious. Desire to be something better—a richer man or woman. Forge ahead. Begin an interest account at

### THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK.

Strain every nerve to add to it. Don't be contented with a small account. Cut out every expense possible. Every dollar you bank here makes you that much richer—that much better off.

### THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

TANEYTOWN, MD.

WE WANT YOU!

4% PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

## WHY DO YOU BUY SHOES?

Simply to get something to cover and beautify your feet.

We are showing the kinds of Shoes that not only have the style, but they are made of leather and will wear.

Our Ladies' Window shows some of this season's Newest Patterns and the prices are reasonable.

We make a specialty of School Shoes for Children, the kind that stand the bumps.

Our line of Work Shoes for Men are known to be the best yet, nothing but solid leather.

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(Successor to)

WM. C. DEVILBISS.

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Wouldn't you like to see "how the land lays" that will produce wheat and alfalfa, oranges and lemons, raisins and rice, hops and walnuts, almonds and peaches, figs and prunes? Wouldn't it seem peculiar to see oranges ripening while you were doing your winter plowing, or a strawberry patch yielding fruit eleven months out of the year.

YOU CAN SEE THIS COUNTRY WITHOUT LEAVING HOME.

We have issued a beautifully illustrated booklet telling of Sacramento County and of the opportunities there for YOU. Send us ten cents for a copy of this booklet and a sample copy of SUNSET MAGAZINE—the one big National Magazine telling of the life and development of the West. Address,

SUNSET MAGAZINE SERVICE BUREAU, SAN FRANCISCO.

9-7-31

## MORE MILK FROM YOUR COWS



## DAIRY FEED

"Spring Garden" Dairy Feed is the result of a great many practical experiments with some of the best herds in the State of Maryland. The mixture contains nothing but good milk producers and water absorbers.

Digestible Protein is what you need in your Dairy Feed. "Spring Garden" Brand contains 20% protein, digestible protein, proven by test—a larger percentage than any other feed for the price. Agricultural Station tests prove its better feeding value.

Write for samples and prices if your dealer cannot supply you with "Spring Garden" Brand.

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Other "Spring Garden" Feeds.  
Horse Feed, Corn Oil Meal, Flaked Oats, Hominy Feed, C. & O. Feed, Cracked Corn, Chick Grits, Poultry Mash.

To Corn Dealers and Shippers.  
We buy white and yellow corn either shelled or on cob delivered at our mill or at your station.

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Don't wait until the paper stops.

## Do You

Use Good Paper When You Write?

We Can Print Anything and Do It Right.

## NIKKO TEMPLE RICH IN ART

Great Shrine of the Japanese, Built Centuries Ago, Is the Work of Forty Years.

What St. Peter's is to Rome, what Westminster Abbey is to London, what the Pantheon was to Athens, that is the temple at Nikko to Japan today. It is the richest and most perfect expression of the art of a whole nation in so far as that art can be gathered into a single building. The Japanese have been called a nation of artists, and in their great temple they have gone far toward justifying the term.

The temple was built centuries ago as a setting for the tomb of the Shogun Iyeyasu, perhaps the greatest ruler Japan has ever known. It is the work of forty years, of unnumbered scores of patient and nameless artists, of unnumbered thousands of forgotten workmen, a work that required neither time nor effort nor cost.

The avenue of stately pines that leads to the temple is 20 miles long. Before the building rushes a boiling river, spanned by two bridges, red and green. The red bridge is for the mikado, the green bridge for common humanity, but the red of the sacred bridge is the exact tint needed to set off the green of the pines, the gray of the water and the brown of the hills. It may not be trodden, but its color is there to complete the picture for the humblest peasant.

The temple within is a riot of beauty, with sculpture, mosaic lacquer work, and beaten brass competing to catch the appreciative eye. It takes many days to see even hastily all the wealth of art in this shrine.

Nowhere is the sure instinct of the builders better shown than in the tomb itself. Not in the carved and gilded temple, but withdrawn among the quiet pines, in a smooth casket of bronze walled in with uncarven stones lie the ashes of Iyeyasu.

## WETTING IS BAD FOR WATCH

At Times It Is Less Expensive to Put in New Movement Than to Clean the Works.

When a person falls overboard or gets a ducking in any other way he at once has trouble with his watch, unless, of course, it happens that he is not wearing it. If he is wise he will send it at once to a watchmaker. What the latter can do to it depends upon the extent of the wetting and the length of time that has elapsed since the immersion.

The Jewelers' Circular says the repairer will take the watch entirely apart; if there be water still noticeable he will place all the parts in alcohol and then clean them. If they be dry he will put all ordinary steel parts in benzine and all plates, bridges and brass parts in a solution of alkali and soap.

A repairer receiving a watch several days after its wetting will immerse it in coal oil. Then he will decide whether it will be less expensive to clean the works or to replace them with a new movement.

### Ancient Keys.

It was formerly thought that keys were a strictly modern invention, but among the ruins of Thebes have been found keys with straight shanks five inches long and a bar at right angles with three teeth, thus proving that the Egyptians were familiar with the principles of lock making. As no locks but only keys have been found among the Egyptian ruins it is assumed that the locks were of wood, only the keys being metal. The earliest mention of a key to be taken from the lock occurs in Judges 3:23:25. This was used to fasten the door of the summer parlor of Eglon, king of Moab. "Ehud went forth through the porch, and shut the doors of the parlor upon him and locked them. His servants took a key and opened them." The date referred to here is about 1336 B. C.

### Hammock Product of Indian.

There is no doubt that the hammock is a product of the American Indian. It has never been found among the Indians of North America, however, but is common in the West Indies and in the tropical countries of South America. The earliest reference to the hammock, as far as we know, is found in Columbus' narrative of his first voyage, where, after his landing at San Salvador, he speaks of the natives thus: "A great many Indians in canoes came to the ship today for the purpose of bartering their cotton and hammacs or nets in which they slept." These Indians, the first discovered by Columbus, were Arawaks, and the word "hammock" comes direct from the language of that tribe.

### Caught Both Ways.

"I'm in hard luck."  
"Why?"  
"I told Belle she was the first girl I ever loved, and she said she couldn't waste her time training amateurs. Then I told Nancy I had made love to other girls, but that she was my real passion, and she asked me if she was a cultured taste with me or a forlorn hope."

### Erin Go Bragh.

Citizen—Don't you think the Irish should be an independent race?  
Officer—They couldn't be much more independent than they are.—Judge.

### Touching Request.

"Pop, won't you do somethin' for Mamie and me?"  
"What is it you kids want?"  
"Won't you tell us the beautiful fairy tales ma says you tell her?"

## RULE OF THUMB NAVIGATION

New England Sailors Stick to Sextant and Care Little for New-Fangled Nautical Instruments.

Edward Hungerford, who made an investigation for Everybody's to find out where the men are coming from for our new merchant marine, relates some interesting incidents showing the New England sailors' independence of new-fangled nautical instruments. "Ask them about navigation," he writes, "and they will bring out, with loving care, the sextant that was father's or Uncle Jim's or, more likely, grandfather's or one of the great-uncles. They will point out the vernier scale upon its bright face and say to you—landlubber that you are:

"She shoots the sun. With it we get the latitude. A chart and the latitude—a lead line and judgement—judgement counts—and we can get anywhere between the Bermudas and Greenland?"

"How about the longitude?" you venture.

"You certainly are a landlubber. The salt lets you know that, with a single glance." Then he shows compassion and relates an anecdote:

"There was a fellow sailing out of Gloucester and someone gave him a chronometer—that's the instrument the scientific fellows get the longitude with. They explained it to him, and for three days he sailed by it—God knows where to. Then the dinged thing busts an' he comes back to the sextant an' gets to the banks only a little behind the rest of the fleet. But if that chronometer hadn't busted, by Judas Priest, stranger, he might have hit over in Portugal somewhere."

## PINES FOR OLDTIME ORATORY

Writer Declares That Modern Speakers Fail to Satisfy Our Longing for Language.

What has become of the old-fashioned orator, the old boy who made the well known welkin ring? Modern speakers don't satisfy our longing for language. We remember at least three orators of the old school. One of them, at a funeral oration, spoke of youth and age. Said he: "Springtime's brightest green must fade and pass away to be replaced by drear December's somber hues."

Another, telling of a visit he had made to the place of his birth and boyhood, told of looking into a spring around which he had played as a child. He said: "When last I looked into its mirrored beauty I beheld the smiling face of a happy boy crowned with a mass of golden hair. Now I behold a broken old man, halting down the western hill of time, and on his brow there is the snow which no summer's sun can ever melt."

The third of our favorite orators said: "I have seen fragrant flowers in the hands of blushing beauty. I have gazed upon the loveliness of dew-kissed violets rivaling with their modesty the majesty of lilies of the valley. I have seen gorgeous roses lending brilliance to sparkling eyes. But, gentlemen, the most beautiful bouquet that ever burst into bloom before my enraptured eyes was—a royal flush."—Dallas Pitchfork.

### Secret of Spider's Walk.

The way a spider moves its eight legs in walking is interestingly described by a science authority. In order to observe this movement at his leisure—for it is usually too rapid to be followed by the human eye—he tired the spiders by making them swim and then let them walk slowly over a smooth surface. In this way he discovered: 1. The longest legs, those of the first and fourth pairs, move along lines of their own directions by vertical bending of the joints; the shorter legs of the second and third pairs move forward by rotation from the coxae (the joints connecting legs with the body)—at right angles to their own directions. 2. First near leg moves with third off leg; (a) second near leg moves with third off leg; (b) third near leg moves with second off leg; (c) fourth near leg moves with first off leg; (d). 3. Walking consists of (a) and (c) simultaneously, followed by (b) and (d) simultaneously.

### A Good Listener.

The horse is really one of the best listeners in the world. He is always on the alert for sounds which concern or interest him. When he looks at anything he turns his ears toward it to observe the better whether any sound comes from it. If a horse is particularly interested in your driving of him he always turns his ears backward toward you, but if he has no concern on that subject or if he sees anything ahead that interests him he keeps his ears pricked forward. A horse hears the whinny of another horse at a greater distance than the average man can hear it.—Boston Transcript.

### No Clothespins in China.

The American housewife carries around a big bag of clothespins every Monday. The Chinaman twists two clotheslines together and thrusts the corners of the washing between the two strands, where they are held as firmly as clothespin ever held them, says the "Christian Herald." The introduction of clothespins will not help the Chinese, and even such revolutionizing products as the sewing machine, the electric light and the phonograph, which give to Americans leisure, evenings of good reading and grand opera at home, may mean longer hours of toil for the Chinese, or unwholesome pleasures when the work is finished.



## SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted.

The Record Office is connected with the C. & P. Telephone from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M. Use Telephone at our expense, for important items on Friday morning. We prefer regular letters to be mailed on Wednesday evening, but in no case later than Thursday evening.

## UNIONTOWN.

Miss Jessie Waltz was taken to the U. P. Infirmary, Sunday afternoon, suffering with an abscess in the head.

Charles Hollenberry and wife, of near Pittsburg, and Mrs. Elizabeth Hollenberry, of Baltimore, have been guests at J. C. Hollenberry's.

Kenly Routson and wife, of Baltimore, were over Sunday guests of his brother, Melvin W. Routson.

Mrs. Charles Rodkey and children, of Arlington, have been visitors at Wm. Rodkey's.

Mrs. Daisy Springer returned to York, last Friday, after four weeks' stay with her brother, Rev. Saltz-giver and family.

Some sneak thieves raided Marshall Myers' peach orchard, last week, taking a large quantity of fruit, some especially fine; and later they saw some folks carrying away their pumpkins. Some others have missed corn, potatoes, beans, etc. A little powder and shot is talked of as a reward for their trouble.

Orville Bowersox and wife, of near Westminster, spent Sunday with his father, Francis Bowersox.

Clarence Nelson and wife entertained, on Sunday and Monday, his mother, step-father, Grand-mother Demmitt, and a brother and cousin, of York.

Tuesday, D. Myers Englar received a severe cut on his forehead, by striking against a log on entering the cellar. Several stitches were required to close the wound.

All-day Harvest Home services will be held in the Church of God, Sunday, Sept. 30th.

Mrs. Laura, wife of Dr. Halliday, died at Ft. Russell, Wyoming, on Sept. 5th, and later was buried at Arlington, Va. She was a daughter of the late Wm. and Sophia Shaw, and is survived by her husband and one daughter, Mrs. Capt. Lawson, and three step-children; also a brother, William Shaw, of Virginia, and a sister, Mrs. Annie Hoyt, of Uniontown.

## HARNEY.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Bush and child, of Brunswick, Md., spent a few days last week with his grandparents, Jacob Newcomer and wife.

Miss Ruth Snider and sister, Mrs. H. C. Eckenrode, and niece, Miss Louella Snider, spent Friday in Littlestown.

Mrs. Pearl Little and children, of Gettysburg, spent some time with her mother, Mrs. D. P. Sentz and family.

The brides and grooms, Luther Harner and wife and John Harner and wife, returned from their honeymoon at Atlantic City, on Sunday.

Mrs. Chas. Strickhouser, son, Floyd, and daughter, Grace, of near Gettysburg, spent Sunday with Dilly Mort and family.

John D. Hesson has sold his property to Harry L. Clutz, and has purchased the Geo. Fream property of Josiah Wantz, at the north end of town.

John Thomson and wife, and Chas. Schugar, of Reading, Pa., and Miss Maggie Thomson, of Littlestown, spent a few days with John J. Thomson and wife.

Miss Hilda Null, of Baltimore, spent some time with her grand-parents, Henry M. Null and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Wolfe, of Harrisburg, spent from Saturday until Monday with the latter's mother, Mrs. F. C. Null.

Miss Nellie Null, who has been spending the summer in Harney, returned to Baltimore on Sunday, to finish her course in high school.

Harold Hess, of the Boy Scouts of Frederick, spent part of his vacation with relatives here.

Mr. Geo. I. Shriver, who has been spending the summer in the West, with his children, returned to the home of his son, Dallas Shriver.

F. D. Eckenrode, of Frederick, spent Sunday with his family.

J. T. Lemmon, J. W. Reck, J. W. Fream and Jones Ohler attended the Select Castle of the A. O. K. of M. C., held at Barton, Md.

Owing to communion at Mt. Joy, on Sunday, there will be no preaching at St. Paul's Lutheran church. Sunday School at 9 o'clock, A. M.

## BARK HILL.

Sunday School next Sunday, at 9:30 A. M.; C. E. meeting at 7 P. M.

The Ladies' Missionary Society of the Church of God held a festival on Thursday night, at the home of Mrs. Lawrence Smith.

The M. P. Church (colored) held a musical concert in their chapel, on Wednesday night.

Miss Hilda Rowe was a visitor in Union Bridge, Saturday and Sunday.

Raymond T. Rowe, of Westminster, was a visitor in town, over Sunday.

Rev. W. G. Stine preached in the Church of God Bethel, on Sunday, at 10:30 A. M.

Mrs. Sallie O'Connor, of San Antonio, Tex., and Mrs. J. B. Shorb, of Fairfield, Pa., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Rowe, over Sunday.

Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel King, died in the Frederick hospital, on Saturday, Sept. 15, aged about 6 years. She was taken to the hospital on Saturday morning, and died at 3 P. M. The funeral services were held at Bark Hill, on Tuesday, Sept. 18, interment at Uniontown at the Hill cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. W. G. Stine, of Greencastle, Pa.

## SILVER RUN.

Messrs. David Feeser and Paul Fresh, of Baltimore, spent the week-end with the former's mother, Mrs. Wellington Penn.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Humbert and children, of Westminster, spent Sunday with Mrs. Humbert's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Washington Jones.

Grover C. Warhine spent the week-end in Westminster.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hawk, of near Littlestown, spent Sunday with Mrs. Hawk's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Frock.

Mrs. Ephraim Hoover has returned to her home in Lancaster, after visiting her son, Rev. S. C. Hoover and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Light and two children, of Berryville, Va., spent a few days at the home of Mr. Wm. Frock.

Those who spent Sunday with Nelson Brown and family, were: Wm. Marker and family, of near Mayberry; Mr. and Mrs. John Brown and daughter, of New Windsor; Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Brown and daughter, of Westminster; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dutterer and family, of Berryville, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brown, of Littlestown; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown, of near Silver Run.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Yingling, of Illinois, spent a few days with Edgar Yingling and family, of this place. Harvest Home services will be held in St. Mary's Reformed Church, Sunday morning, Sept. 23rd.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dutterer and family, of Berryville, Va., Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brown and Marie Yingling motored to Gettysburg, Monday afternoon, and viewed the battlefield, and on their return spent a very pleasant evening with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown.

Mrs. C. Irving Kroh is able to be up again, after suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mr. Samuel Groft, of Wilmington, Del., is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Groft.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Frock spent Sunday with David Feeser, of near Lineboro.

H. S. Morelock, Denton Bowersox, Albert Bemiller, Charles Nusbbaum and John C. Copenhaver, of this place, are attending the Select Castle of the Mystic Chain Lodge, at Lonaconing, this week. The trip was made in Albert Bemiller's auto.

Mrs. Effie Sharp spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Wesley Lippy, of near Littlestown.

## Experience the Best Teacher.

It is generally admitted that experience is the best teacher, but should we not make use of the experience of others as well as our own? The experience of a thousand persons is more to be depended upon than that of one individual. Many thousands of persons have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs and colds with the best results, which shows it to be a thoroughly reliable preparation for those diseases. Try it. It is prompt and effectual and pleasant to take.

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## DETOUR.

Elder Kilhefner and wife, of Ephrata, Pa., and John Royer and wife, of Westminster, visited Mrs. Mary Weybright and daughter, during the week.

Those who visited H. H. Boyer and daughter, were: Miss Grace E. Lippy, of Westminster, on Friday; Harry Starr, of Frederick, on Sunday, and Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Moore, and daughter, Jean, of Atlantic City, on Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Warren, daughters, Louise and Hannah, and Mrs. James Warren spent Sunday with A. L. Wagner and family, of Pleasant Valley.

Miss Dorsey, and Mrs. M. A. Koons, of Taneytown, visited Mrs. Hannah Weant, on Tuesday.

G. S. J. Fox, wife, son and daughter, attended Baust S. S. Rally, on Sunday.

Guy Warren, wife and daughters, and Mrs. James Warren, visited Roscoe Mackley and wife, at Thurmont, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Harner motored to Baltimore, this week.

School will open here on Monday, with Miss Helen Etzler, of Linwood, as teacher. Franklin school, which has been closed for several years, will also open; Miss Ethel Fritz, teacher.

## LINWOOD.

Our neighborhood was shocked, on Tuesday morning, to hear of the sudden death of Mrs. Myra Albaugh, on Monday night. Mrs. Albaugh had been in failing health for the past year, but was unusually bright the day of her death, which came soon after she retired. She has been a resident of Linwood over 40 years, and her association will be greatly missed. Her husband died 35 years ago. Mrs. Albaugh leaves one sister, Mrs. Sanny Cover, who has been her companion since Mr. Cover's death. Funeral Thursday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Tombaugh, of Hagerstown, and Rev. Riddle. Interment in Sam's Creek M. E. cemetery.

Bearers were Lee Myers, James Etzler, Samuel Brandenburg, William Steiman, William Messler and Charles Steiman.

Miss Lotta Englar, in company with John Drach, wife and daughter, will leave by auto, Saturday morning, for Ashton, Ill., where they will visit Mrs. D's brother, Harvey Pfoutz. Before returning, Miss Lotta will spend some time with her brother, Charles, and family, in Columbus, O.

E. Mac Rouzer in training at Ft. Meyer, visited home folks, on Sunday.

Rev. Murray, wife and daughter, Miss Arminta, of Uniontown, spent Monday with William Messler and family.

Rev. Gonso, wife and children, of Westminster, are guests of Mrs. John Baker, this week.

The Sisters' Society meets at Mrs. John Erb's, this month.

Miss Virginia Englar returned from her visit to Uniontown, Pa., on Monday.

## NEW WINDSOR.

Maurice Englar and family, of Baltimore, spent the first of the week here, with his parents, J. L. Englar and wife.

Charles Wilson, of Baltimore, spent the week-end in town.

Miss Meryl Devilbiss, of Baltimore, spent Monday in town.

Th. Misses Forrest, of Westminster, spent Sunday last at John G. Snader's here; also Rollin Otto, of Blitmore.

Miss Anna Hastings left for her school at New Orleans, La., on Wednesday, where she will again teach.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson and daughters, spent Tuesday at Westminster.

The Misses Cruise, of Baltimore, spent the week's end here, with their aunt, Mrs. Alice Richardson.

Work is progressing on the public school building.

Ralph Lambert is having a hand-some new refrigerator put in for his meat store.

E. Joseph Englar and wife, left on Thursday, for Petersburg, Va., to visit their nephew, Lieut. M. Englar. They were accompanied by J. Walter Englar and wife.

William Welker and family, of New York, are visiting at Marshall Lambert's; also Mrs. Samuel Smith, of Wilmington, Del.

Mrs. Annie Stoner attended the W. C. T. U. convention held at Westminster, on Thursday.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."

Advertisement

## MEADOW BRANCH.

The Meadow Branch, Church of the Brethren, has constructed a permanent concrete baptismal tank, in the head-waters of Meadow Branch, on the land of John D. Doop, where baptisms will hereafter take place for membership of the church.

At the regular quarterly council of the Meadow Branch congregation, held Sept. 13, Earl W. Roop, was duly elected and installed into the ministry of the Church of the Brethren. He is a recent graduate of Western Maryland College, in Art, Elocution and Pedagogy. Mr. Roop has now entered the Bethany Bible School, in Chicago, to further prepare himself in the ministry of the Gospel. He has become a resident of Illinois for perhaps two years, after which time he contemplates entering the Foreign Missionary Field, in China.

Miss Laveria C. Roop, the successful teacher of the Trenton school, near Hampstead, has been promoted by the Baltimore County school authorities, to the Principalship with assistants, in the North Branch school, near Baltimore. Miss Roop has taught uninterruptedly in Baltimore county ever since she received her degrees at Western Maryland College some years ago; and this is her third promotion since she has taken up the profession of a teacher. She entered upon her new duties on last Monday, Sept. 17.

## KEYSVILLE.

Misses Vallie and Agnes Kiser visited friends at Fountindale, a few days.

Miss Laura Panebaker, of Westminster, was a recent guest of Miss Anna Ritter.

John Phillips, wife and brother, of Frederick, were visitors at Charles Young's, on Sunday.

Misses Marian Wilhide and Ellen Valentine have returned home, after visiting in Baltimore.

Eli Fox and wife; Harvey Fox, wife and children, and Mr. Renner, all of Hanover, spent Sunday with O. R. Kootz and wife.

Miss Lillie Baumgardner spent last week with friends in Washington county.

Misses Bessie Rigler, Carrie and Vergie Fox, and John Moser motored to Gettysburg, Sunday.

Mrs. Pine and brother, Carl Ritter, who have been visiting relatives here, have returned to their respective homes in Illinois.

Edward Hahn, wife and daughter, spent Sunday with Clifford Hahn's, near Taneytown.

Allen Fuss, of the Loysville Orphans' Home, visited relatives here, Wednesday.

Peter Baumgardner and wife spent Sunday with their son, Norman and wife, in Taneytown.

Master Clarence Ibach has returned to his home in Union Bridge, after spending some time here.

## PLEASANT VALLEY.

Lucinda, wife of Wm. Bowers, of Woodberry, Baltimore, was brought to this place for interment, on Tuesday. Besides her husband, the following children survive: Edward, Ella, Florence, Bertha and Carroll, of Baltimore; Francis, of Canada, and William H., of Westminster. The service was conducted by Rev. J. W. Reinecke. The pallbearers were Edward Hahn, Edward Yingling, David Myerly, D. Roy Myers, Milton Powell and Harvey Devilbiss. Mrs. Bowers was a resident of this place for many years.

George Edward Myers and wife, of Ohio, are visiting relatives and friends at this place. Mr. Myers was born and raised near here, and his many friends were glad to see him.

## TYRONE.

Mrs. Edward Boyd, son, Ralph, and daughter, Lottie, of Baltimore, returned home after spending a few weeks with W. U. Marker and family.

Miss Lena Angell, of Taneytown, spent Sunday with Misses Mary and Edna Hahn.

Rev. Paul D. Yoder, wife, son, and daughter, Paul and Catherine, of Union Bridge, spent Monday with Chas. Humbert and wife.

Rally Day at Baust Reformed Church, was well attended at all three services.

## MARRIED.

## ECKER-SAUBLE.

A very quiet home wedding took place, Sept. 15th, at 3:30 o'clock, at the home of Chas. W. Angell, when their niece, Grace M. Sauble, was united in marriage to Earl C. Ecker, in the presence of a few friends. The ceremony was performed by the groom's father, Elder Thos. C. Ecker, assisted by Elder Jacob L. Myers, of Loganville, Pa.

## DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

## MRS. SARAH HAHN.

Mrs. Sarah, wife of Hekiah Hahn, died at her home in Taneytown, on Thursday afternoon, Sept. 20th, aged 86 years, 3 months, 16 days. She had been partially paralyzed for several years. Mr. and Mrs. Hahn and daughter moved to their home in Taneytown, last Spring, having lived for many years previously, near Kump.

She is survived by her husband, two daughters, Mrs. Hekiah Study, of Westminster, and Miss Sarah, at home, and by two sons, David H., near Tyrone, and Jacob S., in Wert, Oklahoma. Funeral services will be held on Sunday at the house at 1 o'clock, P. M., with interment in the Lutheran cemetery.

In Loving Memory of WILLIAM FORMWALT, who departed this life September 1st, 1917, aged 87 years, 4 months, 14 days.

The angels have taken our father, To a land where no sorrow will come; There he watches and waits for another, To welcome his loved ones at home.

Oh, we think we can see our dear father, As he waits on the glittering strand; We can see the bright crown on his forehead, And the gleam of his beaming hand.

Call not back the dear departed, Anchored safe where storms are o'er, On the border land we left him, Soon to meet and part no more.

When we leave this world of changes, When we leave this world of care, We shall find our missing loved one, In our Father's mansion fair.

Oh, dear Grandfather, we did not know the pain you bore; We did not see you die, We only knew you went away, And never said good-bye.

You are not forgotten, dear Grandfather, Nor will you ever be; As long as life and memory lasts, We will remember thee.

Life's storms will soon be ended, And the evening bells will toll; When our hearts will know no sorrow, When the parting gates unfold.

There we'll meet our dear Grandfather, Who has journeyed on before; There we'll walk and talk together, On that bright celestial shore.

By His Grand-children.

## UNION MILLS.

The rush is over in the canning factory, and work has resumed its usual gait, much to the satisfaction of both the employers and employees.

Miss Minnie Bachman, of Hanover, is visiting her sister, Miss Cora Bachman.

Chas. O. Bowen and family have returned to Baltimore, after spending a pleasant vacation with the former's mother, Mrs. Susan Bish.

Dr. Henry H. Stansbury, of Baltimore, spent last Saturday and Sunday with Dr. G. L. Wetzel.

Mr. and Mrs. Eph. J. Yingling, accompanied Weldon R. Nusbbaum and family to Baltimore, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Hesson, of Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Sekrist, of Westminster, and Mr. and Mrs. Sam'l Greenholtz, of New Windsor, were recent guests at the home of J. Rinehart Hesson.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brown, of Baltimore, are guests at the home of J.D. Brown.

## A Wedding Reception.

(For the Record.) On Thursday evening, Sept. 13th, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Smith gave a very fine wedding reception to John H. Harner and bride. Refreshments were abundantly served, after instrumental music and singing which all enjoyed very much, and feeling that they had spent a very pleasant evening, all bade Mr. and Mrs. Smith good-bye at a late hour, wishing them many more such happy events and merry times.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Smith, Mr. and Mrs. John Harner, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. John Harner, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Baker, Mr. and Mrs. George Harner, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hawk, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Harner, Mr. and Mrs. James Harner, Mrs. Mary E. Correll, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baker; Misses Rosa Harner, Lillian Smith, Anna Smith, Pauline Baker, Myrtle Harner, Alma Eiker; Messrs. Harry and Charles Harner, Wilmer and Ralph Baker, Glenn, Earl and Kenneth Hawk, Walter Harner, Donald Harner, Jones Baker and Yakim Yonkskey.

## Had Heard of Him.

In San Antonio a lady had been entertaining her neighbor's four-year-old son by telling him stories of the war and its heroes, including Grant, Lee and other famous leaders.

The little boy surprised her by saying: "Yes, I've heard of Grant often; we pray to him in our church every Sunday."

The lady, of course, told the little fellow that he must be mistaken.

"No, I'm not," said he; during the service we always say, 'Grant, we beseech Thee, to hear us.'

## Liberty Still Lives.

"What's meant by dis here food control?" asked Mr. Samuel Jackson.

"Nigger," answered Mr. George Washington Jones, "dat means dat de man whut tries ter git more'n his share of victuals is goin' ter run right slap-bang inter de gov'ment."

"Dey ain't nothin' in dem rules an' regulations ter keep a cullud man from stealin' a watermelon an' a chicken sometimes, is dey?"

"Course dey ain't! Dis is still a free country."

## GOODYEAR LIQUID ROOFING CEMENT.

## A NEW METHOD FOR WEATHER PROOFING WATER PROOFING SUN PROOFING

Goodyear Liquid Roofing Cement is a heavy paste cement applied with a brush, for metal, composition, shingle or gravel roofs. Of long fibre asbestos and gum, it is always of the right consistency for application. It works easily under the brush.

It does not remain soft and sticky nor does it dry hard and brittle but dries to a pliable plastic coating that will resist heat and cold, snow, ice or any of the elements that destroy common roof coating. It contains no coal tar or other injurious substances.

## Goodyear Roofing Cement is Guaranteed 10 years

Each gallon will cover about 150 square feet, leaving a good heavy coating which contains enough asbestos fibre to form a complete web coating over the entire surface covered. It is sold with a written guarantee to give entire satisfaction for 10 years.

Prices: Black, \$1.50 per gallon; Green, \$1.60 per gallon. Makes an old roof new. Investigate now!

Bushel

Baskets.

Fodder

Yarn.

**REINDOLLAR BROS. & CO.**  
LEADING HARDWARE DEALERS  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

Corn

Choppers.

Husking

Gloves.

## A Surprise Party.

(For the Record.)

A delightful surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. W. Diller, in honor of Mrs. Diller, on the evening of Sept. 17th.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Chas. W. Diller, Dr. and Mrs. Chas. H. Diller, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Diller, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Weybright, Mr. and Mrs. John Cushon, Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Koons, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Henry Havener, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Dorsey, Mrs. Tighman Grossnickle, Mrs. Wm. Clem, Mrs. Harry Snook, Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Cover, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Winters, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Saylor, Dr. R. R. Diller, Misses Ella Dutton, Olive Shorb, Bessie Angell, Terne Byers, Margaret Shorb, Alice Shiner, Katherine Ogle, Lillian Shorb, Victoria Weybright, Margaret Ogle, Carrie and Viola Dorsey, Pauline Havener, Mildred Shorb, Louise, May and Helen Snook, Madge and Luellan Cover, Mildred Cushon; Messrs. John D. Keilholtz, Masten Fogle, Arnold Angell, John Shorb, Harold Winters, Willie, Donald and Norman Diller, Graydon Clem, William Byers, Victor Weybright, and Walter Dorsey.

## An Enjoyable Party.

(For the Record.)

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. N. Starnier had a very happy and enjoyable crowd gathered at their place, last Thursday, and spent a very pleasant time. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Theo. N. Starnier, Cora and Arthur Starnier, Mrs. Annie Bankard, Miss Verna Bankard, Geary Bankard, Grover Bankard, Miss Mary Snyder, Mrs. Alice Erb, Mrs. Margaret Newcomer, Miss Annie Newcomer, of Littlestown; Miss Mary Clingan, Mrs. Herbert Winter, Miss Carrie Winter, Mrs. Edward Winter, and Malantley Jane Fleagle and Elmer W. Fleagle, of Philadelphia; Mr. Obediah Fleagle and Miss Audrey Repp, of Uniontown.

Elmer Fleagle and his sister, Mrs. Edward Winter, and their aunt, Malantley Jane Fleagle, returned to Philadelphia last Sunday.

## Transfers of Real Estate.

Adam A. Croft to Florence Deen, conveys 28 square perches, for \$500.

Carroll Cigar Company to Charles J. Delone, conveys 4 lots of land, for \$1.

John W. Murray, Jr., and wife to J. Wm. Kelbaugh and wife, convey 1885 square feet, for \$5.



SEND US YOUR BROKEN  
WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY  
AND LET US PUT THEM IN GOOD ORDER,  
WE GUARANTEE ALL OF OUR WORK.

MCCLEERY'S  
JEWELRY STORE,  
48 NORTH MARKET STREET. NEXT TO "THE NEWS."  
FREDERICK, MARYLAND.  
P. O. BOX 7 PHONE 705.

### SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS

Brown & Simpson Upright, \$98.  
Compton-Price-Like New.  
Cambridge, almost new, bargain.  
Chickering-\$19.  
Schenck-Player-Bargain.

Knabe-Fine condition, \$85.  
Lehr-Slightly used. Bargain.  
Radle-Excellent-Like new.  
Stieff-Good condition, \$49.  
Lester-Good as new.

Lowest Factory Prices on all new Pianos. We sell the Famous Lehr, Radle, Werner, Cable, Nelson and others sold for years at Birely's Palace of Music. Organs, \$10 up. Victrola Talking Machines.

We take all kinds of old musical instruments in exchange.  
Very Low Prices—Easy Terms—We Save You Money.  
LET US SEND ONE TO YOUR HOME ON FREE TRIAL.  
CRAMER'S Palace of Music, Frederick, Md.  
PHONE 455-R FACTORY REPRESENTATIVES.  
Visit Our 5, 10 and 25c Department. 11-24,tf

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE  
WESTMINSTER, MD.  
REV. T. H. LEWIS, D. D., LL. D., PRESIDENT

For Young Men and Young Women in Separate Departments

LOCATION unexcelled, 1,000 feet above the sea, in the highlands of Maryland. Pure air, pure water, charming scenery. Only an hour's run from Baltimore.

EQUIPMENT complete. Twenty acre Campus; Modern buildings; comfortable living accommodations; Laboratories, Library, Gymnasium, Power and Heating Plant.

CURRICULUM up to date. Classical, Scientific, Historical and Pedagogical Courses, leading to A. B. degree. Music, Elocution and Oratory. Strong Faculty.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL for those not ready for College.

Send for Catalogue and Book of Views

## Heating, Plumbing, Gas Fitting and Well Drilling.

and all classes of repair work and supplies connected with this line of business. I can supply you with

Hand and Power Pumps, Wind Mills, Roofing, Spouting, Stoves, Ranges, Etc.

Local Agent for—  
Baltimore Roofing & Asbestos Co's Material

— AND —  
The Novelty Pipeless Furnace.

MADE BY ABRAHAM COX STOVE CO.

See me for prices and estimates, and I will guarantee to give you the best of service.

JOS. B. ELLIOT.

(Successor to O. T. Shoemaker.)

Baltimore Street, TANEYTOWN, MD.

### PRIVATE SALE OF THREE GOOD FARMS!

The undersigned offers at Private Sale the three farms owned by Mark R. Snider and Margaret E. Snider, described as follows:

**FARM NO. 1.**  
Situating in Frederick County, about 2 miles west of Harney, on Emmitsburg road, consisting of  
103 ACRES OF LAND,  
of which 9 acres are timber land. During the past 13 years this farm has been heavily timbered and is in a high state of cultivation. It adjoins the lands of Richard S. Hill, Wm. A. Snider and R. G. Shoemaker. The improvements consist of a good Weatherboarded Dwelling, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, Summer House, etc., and an artesian well with wind pump.

**FARM NO. 2.**  
Situating in Adams County, Pa., and Carroll County, Md., one-fourth mile from Harney, consisting of  
126 ACRES OF LAND,  
of which 7 acres are good timber. This farm has been tilled twice in 7 years, and is in a high state of cultivation. Adjoins the lands of Earlington Shriver, Clarence Nail and others. The improvements consist of a large Stone Dwelling, large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, and other necessary buildings.

**FARM NO. 3.**  
Situating in Adams County, Pa., 4 miles above Gettysburg, along the Mummansburg road, consisting of about  
165 ACRES OF LAND,  
of which 12 acres are in timber. Two large pastures with running water. Adjoins lands of Lawyer, Staley, Weaver, and others. This farm is improved with a large Stone Dwelling, an extra fine Barn, 50x16 ft. slate roof, and other necessary buildings.

For all further information concerning these farms, terms of sale, possession, etc., call on me at my residence in Harney.  
7-3t MARGARET E. SNIDER.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters of administration upon the estate of  
MARK R. SNIDER,  
late of Carroll County, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 5th day of April, 1918; they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hands this 7th day of September, 1917.  
MARGARET E. SNIDER,  
Administratrix.

### GARNER'S 1917 Real Estate News.

**NUMBER 1.**  
The described two-story Brick House is located in the most attractive section along the new state highway, eastern suburbs of Taneytown. It contains on the first floor, reception hall and living room, dining-room, kitchen and pantry, finished in chestnut, and hard wood floors; the second floor contains long hall, four large bedrooms with ample sized cupboards and modern bath-room, wood finished in white enamel in hall, front rooms, bath, in mahogany finish. Third floor, large attic. Basement and cellar concreted, three departments. Porches—front, rear and side. Concrete steps front and rear. Gas and water on three floors. Heated by pipeless furnace, and is termed a day-light home. Contains beautiful lawn, concrete sidewalks and pavement.

**NUMBER 2.**  
109 Acres, more or less, in Taneytown district; 15 acres is in fine white oak timber; well improved; crops well.

**NUMBER 3.**  
83-Acre Farm, more or less, in Taneytown district. Well improved buildings, all good; none better. Must be seen to be appreciated.

**NUMBER 4.**  
140 Acres, more or less, in Taneytown district.

**NUMBER 5.**  
Large new Frame House, 10 rooms and store-room, on Frederick St., Taneytown.

**NUMBER 6.**  
Business place for sale, in Taneytown. Young man, get busy!

**NUMBER 7.**  
Lot, No. 3, located along new state highway, south side. Water and gas, and 5-ft pavement and curb.

**NUMBER 8.**  
Lot, No. 4, same as above, excepting this is a corner lot; finest location in town for a nice home.

**NUMBER 9.**  
Business place for rent or sale, in Taneytown.

**NUMBER 10.**  
Two large brick houses. If not interested in fine homes, need not apply.

**NUMBER 11.**  
Dwelling and store room on Balto St. One of the finest locations in Taneytown, and we'll talk it over.

I will also take property not to be advertised. Will negotiate fair dealing to buyer and seller. Come in, and we'll talk it over.

**D. W. GARNER,**  
Licensed Real Estate Agt  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

### PRIVATE SALE of Valuable TANEYTOWN PROPERTY

The Home and Store of the late Ellen C. Crouse, on Baltimore St. This is a very desirable place for anyone wanting to go into business, or for a home.

This is a large Two-story Slate Roof Dwelling containing a Store Room and 8 other rooms. Water in kitchen and on back porch. A good Stable 2 Chicken Houses and Hog Pen. This property is in good condition, and can easily be made for two families.

Possession will be given April 1st, 1918.

**SAMUEL S. CROUSE.**

7-6-tf

### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC GENERALLY, In Regard to the Public Roads

The attention of the Public is hereby called to the fact that it is against the law to obstruct the Public Roads, or the gutters along side of them, in any manner whatsoever, and especial warning is hereby given not to throw any weeds, briars or refuse of any kind upon said Public Roads, or the gutters along side of them, under penalty of the Law.

By Order of the County Commissioners of Carroll County,  
**JACOB N. DEHOFF, President.**

**MARTIN D. HESS, Clerk.**

8-31-4t

### DR. FAHRNEY, HAGERSTOWN, MD.

Chronic Diseases Only.

Anemia, Appendicitis, Arteriosclerosis (Hardening of Arteries), Asthma, Biliousness, Bladder Disorder, Blood Disorder, Catarrh, Constipation, Consumption, Diabetes, Dropsy, Drowsiness, Gall Stones, Gastritis, Headache, Heart Disease, Indigestion, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Run-down Condition, Sciatica, Sluggish Liver, Skin Diseases, Stomach Trouble, Tuberculosis. Consultation Free.

**SIMPLE, HARMLESS, EFFECTIVE.**  
Pure Charcoal Tablets, for Dyspepsia, Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Constipation... 10c and 25c—at McKellip's.

Advertisement

# ENLIST NOW

In the Large Army of Smokers of  
the following Brands of  
**CIGARS**

Red Apple

Lord White

Royalty Club

3

FOR

10c

John Russell

King Apple

Brad Reed

Scoop

EVERY ONE A GOOD SMOKE

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

HARRY E. HAIN,

Distributor

YORK, PA.

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The Birnie Trust Co.

at Taneytown in the State of Maryland at the close of business, Sept. 11, 1917.

**RESOURCES:**  
Loans and Discounts.....\$152,470.61  
Overdrafts, Secured and Unsecured..... 323.81  
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc..... 132.09  
Banking House, Furniture & Fixtures..... 273,716.71  
Other Real Estate Owned..... 5,000.00  
Mortgages and Judgments of Record..... 22,081.00  
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve..... 838.86  
Checks and other Cash Items..... 510.35  
Due from approved Reserve Agents..... 5,087.18  
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:  
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes.....\$393.00  
Gold Coin..... 25.00  
Silver Coin..... 320.00  
Nickels and Cents..... 100.80  
Total.....\$448,887.55

**LIABILITIES:**  
Capital Stock paid in.....\$20,000.00  
Surplus Fund..... 20,000.00  
Undivided Profits, less Expenses, Interest and Taxes paid..... 10,966.18  
Dividends Unpaid..... 122.81  
Deposits (demand).....\$19,329.85  
Subject to Check..... 50.00  
Certificates of Deposit..... 19,589.85  
Deposits (time).....\$9,929.02  
Savings and Special..... 299,149.69  
Certificates of Deposit..... 1,619.17  
Total.....\$448,887.55

**State of Maryland, County of Carroll as:**  
I, Geo. H. Birnie, Cashier of the above-named Institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

**GEO. H. BIRNIE, Cashier.**  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of September, 1917.  
**GEO. A. ARNOLD, Notary Public.**

**Correct Attest:**  
EDW. E. REINDOLLAR,  
G. WALTER WILT,  
MILTON A. KOONS,  
Directors

### PRIVATE SALE OF TOWN PROPERTY

I offer at Private Sale, my Double Frame Dwelling, situate on George St., Taneytown. Contains 9 rooms with gas and water, for two families. Good lot; barn with room for 6 horses, and vehicles; water in barn. For terms apply to James A. Reid, Taneytown, or to owner—  
**HARRY S. KOONS,**  
1837 W. Lanvale St.,  
Baltimore, Md.

9-14-3t

### NO TRESPASSING!

The name of any property owner, or tenant, will be inserted under this heading, weekly until December 20th, for 25c cash in advance.

All persons are hereby forewarned not to trespass on my premises with dog, gun, or trap, for the purpose of shooting or taking game of any kind; nor for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons so trespassing render themselves liable to the enforcement of law in such cases, without further notice.

Angell, Harry F. Hahn, Newton J. Conover, Martin Kountz, Mrs. Ida B. Crebs, Elmer Mehring, Alexina Clabagh, Mrs. H. M. Moser, Charles Devilbiss, Jno. D. Null, Elmer Diehl Brothers Null, Mrs. Francis C. Dutterer, Eli M. Oiler, Albert J. Graham, John Reaser, Stanley C. Humbert, David M. Teeter, J. S. Hess, Norman

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Carroll County Savings Bank

at Uniontown, in the State of Maryland, at the close of business, Sept. 11, 1917.

**RESOURCES:**  
Loans and Discounts.....\$37,907.06  
Overdrafts, Secured and Unsecured..... 132.09  
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc..... 273,716.71  
Banking House, Furniture & Fixtures..... 5,000.00  
Mortgages and Judgments of Record..... 22,081.00  
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve..... 838.86  
Checks and other Cash Items..... 510.35  
Due from approved Reserve Agents..... 5,087.18  
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:  
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes.....\$393.00  
Gold Coin..... 25.00  
Silver Coin..... 320.00  
Nickels and Cents..... 100.80  
Total.....\$448,887.55

**LIABILITIES:**  
Capital Stock paid in.....\$20,000.00  
Surplus Fund..... 20,000.00  
Undivided Profits, less Expenses, Interest and Taxes paid..... 10,966.18  
Dividends Unpaid..... 122.81  
Deposits (demand).....\$19,329.85  
Subject to Check..... 50.00  
Certificates of Deposit..... 19,589.85  
Deposits (time).....\$9,929.02  
Savings and Special..... 299,149.69  
Certificates of Deposit..... 1,619.17  
Total.....\$448,887.55

**State of Maryland, County of Carroll as:**  
I, Jesse P. Garner, Treasurer of the above-named Institution, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

**JESSE P. GARNER, Treasurer.**  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of September, 1917.  
**MILTON A. ZOLLICKOFFER, Notary Public.**

**Correct Attest:**  
J. J. WEAVER, JR.,  
LUTHER KEMP,  
G. FIELDER GILBERT,  
Directors

### PRIVATE SALE OF TOWN PROPERTY

I offer at Private Sale, my Double Frame Dwelling, situate on George St., Taneytown. Contains 9 rooms with gas and water, for two families. Good lot; barn with room for 6 horses, and vehicles; water in barn. For terms apply to James A. Reid, Taneytown, or to owner—  
**HARRY S. KOONS,**  
1837 W. Lanvale St.,  
Baltimore, Md.

9-14-3t

### JOHN R. HARE

Clock and Watch  
Specialist.

NEW WINDSOR, MARYLAND.  
8-24-17

### NOTICE TO OWNERS of Traction Engines and other Heavy Vehicles

Owners of Traction Engines and other vehicles hauling unusually heavy loads, are hereby notified that they cross any large or small bridge on the Public County Roads of Carroll County, at their own risk, and will be held liable for any damage done to said bridges.

By Order of the County Commissioners of Carroll County,  
**JACOB N. DEHOFF, President.**

**MARTIN D. HESS, Clerk.**

8-31-4t

### ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

Clean your soiled grease spot  
Clothes with Lum Tum Clothes Cleaner.  
Price 15c per bottle, at McKellip's Drug Store.

Advertisement



## An Amateur Detective

A Young Woman's Efforts  
to Find a Missing Girl.

By RUTH GRAHAM

"Another schoolgirl disappeared," said Grace Bartow, laying down the morning paper. "Helen Bowers left home to go to the high school one morning nearly three weeks ago and has never been heard from since. Why is it that we have so many detective stories unraveling imaginary mysteries and yet no one ever solves real ones?"

"Why don't you try your hand at this case, Grace?" asked her sister, Amelia. "Take it up independently of the police and investigate it yourself. You complain of having nothing to interest you. By endeavoring to find out what has become of this missing girl you will be relieved of ennui and may do a great deal of good."

Miss Bartow, a young woman twenty-three years old, possessing an income sufficient for her support, well educated, intensely practical, was set to thinking by her sister's words. She was not a person who would enter upon a work to abandon it at the first discouragement. Consequently she conned over in her mind the rebuffs she would be obliged to encounter. One of the principal of these would come from the police, who are not disposed to brook any amateur trespassing on their legitimate domain. On the other hand, the family of the missing girl might be thankful for her effort. It required two whole days for Miss Bartow to weigh these considerations, at the end of which she decided to begin work on the case of the missing girl and never cease her efforts so long as there was a clew to follow.

Her first visit was to police headquarters. She found Inspector Blake, a middle aged man, sitting behind a rosewood desk which was covered with papers.

"I have called," she said, "to ask if I can be of any assistance to the police in their efforts to discover the whereabouts of Helen Bowers, who disappeared recently and has never been seen or heard of since. I have decided to interest myself in the case. I shall work independently of the police, but before beginning I desire to know if you will give me such information as you may possess concerning the mystery."

"That we cannot do. We work upon our clews in our own way. They are known only to ourselves. Any giving away of them would be likely to defeat our success. A secret once parted with is henceforth no secret."

"You are perfectly right about it," said Miss Bartow. "I did not expect that you would trust me with what information you may possess. But I prefer that you should know that I am working on the case. I presume you have no objection."

"The law allows any one to work on the case, and you are perfectly free to do so. I can only say that the more amateur detective work that is injected into hunting for crime the less chance there is for us experienced investigators to succeed."

Having thus delivered himself, the inspector signified that the interview was ended and turned again to his papers. Miss Bartow withdrew.

She had kept the address of the family of the missing girl as given in the newspapers, and her next visit was there. She found the girl's mother bowed down with grief.

"Mrs. Bowers," said Grace, "I have determined to try to solve the mystery of your daughter's disappearance. I do so simply for the sake of doing good. Tell me about your daughter."

The woman gave a description of the missing girl. She was fifteen years old, considered pretty and was of excellent character. She had no lover so far as the mother knew.

"Have you any suspicions as to what has become of her?" asked Grace.

"I know what has become of her up to a certain point. One of her schoolmates saw a woman speak to her on the street the morning she disappeared."

"Have you stated this to the police?"

"I have not only stated it to them, but have begged them to investigate this woman, who is known to us, since my daughter was seen to go with her into a candy shop she keeps."

"What have the police done about it?"

"They tell me that they have gone through the house containing the candy shop and interrogated the woman, who admits she took a girl answering Helen's description to her shop on the morning Helen disappeared to sell her some candy. She makes a peculiar kind which girls are very fond of and sells it very cheap. She sometimes solicits custom of children and accosted Helen, who went with her to her shop and bought some candy. A young man followed them into the shop, bought some more candy, which he gave to Helen and they left the shop together."

"What do the police say about this?"

"They say that the woman in question bears an excellent reputation; that hundreds of young girls every year go off with young men willingly or under deception and are never heard of again. Their theory is that Helen went away with the young man who joined her in the store."

Grace Bartow pondered awhile on this statement, then asked:

"Is there any evidence of your daughter having left the candy store with a man except that of the candy seller?"

"No."

"Is there any other evidence of her having left the store at all?"

"No."

"That means for me that this part of the story is of no moment whatever. We must look for the girl's abductor, for I believe from what I already know that she has been abducted by the person with whom she was last seen. The story that this woman solicits customers for her candy on the street is not probable. If the police pretend to believe it they only pretend; they know better. Be of good heart, my good woman. I think I see an outlet to the matter. I shall do some investigating, and in the meanwhile say nothing of this visit. We can keep a secret as well as the police."

Miss Bartow suspected the police of collusion with the candy woman. What object they had in screening her she did not know. She had heard that the police of the city were notoriously corrupt, and it was known to most persons that they were bribed for permitting houses to be used for gambling and other illegal purposes.

She reconnoitered the candy shop. It was a small place with a very poor stock. She asked a frowsy girl behind the counter for a certain kind of candy of which the proprietor made a specialty and was handed something of which she possessed a small quantity. Meanwhile her eyes were open. She noticed that the shop was on the ground floor and there were three stories above. There was no way to reach the upper stories except through the candy store.

Miss Bartow's mind was concentrated on what those upper stories were occupied for. How could she find out? If she called on the police for information, in case the missing girl were there and the police were protecting the candy woman the girl would be removed, after which quite likely the house would be openly investigated.

Miss Bartow faced a problem. Before going further in her detective work she must learn what was in those upper stories. The matter seemed simple enough. Indeed, it was too simple to be used in a detective story. But it stumped Miss Bartow. She was obliged to call in a man to assist her.

Tom Armstrong was an intimate friend of Miss Bartow. Indeed, he would have liked to be more than a friend and might have been had he not been considered too much of a man about town. Grace knew very well that he was far more competent to ferret out anything in the way of gilded vice than she was. One of his sins was a disposition to gamble. He would likely know or be able to find out whether a certain house was used for gambling or, indeed, for any illegal purpose.

Grace wrote Tom an invitation to call upon her. He responded with alacrity, thinking that she had relented toward him. Grace told the story of her detective work and asked him to find out for her what the rooms above the candy store were used for without his investigations being known. Tom said he would do his best. When he reported he gave no detailed account of his proceedings, but he gave the information Grace needed. He said that the premises paid premiums to the support of a police insurance fund.

Miss Bartow's next move was to gain access without warning to those in the candy store building. For this she was no more fitted than to learn the contents. She was obliged to call again on the man whom she considered too wild for a husband. Tom Armstrong promised to help her.

It was not long after this that one evening a party of young men rolling along the street, supposed to have been drinking, turned into the candy store and, after making purchases, walked deliberately into a back room and, despite the efforts of the girl behind the counter, stumbled upon a staircase. They found bedrooms, one of which was locked. Bursting open the door, there on a bed lay a girl, who, frightened at their approach, shrank away from them.

"Who are you?" asked one of the men.

"Helen Bowers."

It was Tom Armstrong who asked the question, and the moment the reply was given he wrapped a blanket around the girl, took her in his arms and, guarded by his companions, carried her down the stairs and out to an auto standing near. It was like carrying a football guarded by interferers to goal. He had scarcely left the candy shop before several policemen, summoned by the girl in the candy shop, dashed up to the door.

"There!" said the girl, pointing to the auto, which was just turning a corner.

The police were too late. Having no conveyance, they lost their prey.

Miss Grace Bartow was sitting in the living room of her home when there was a sharp ring at the bell. She opened the door herself, and Tom Armstrong, followed by his friends, carried Helen Bowers into the house and laid her on a sofa, for she was too weak to stand.

Tom received a pressure of the hand that made his heart leap. A telephone message was at once sent to Mrs. Bowers that her daughter had been rescued, and there was a joyful meeting.

The police were not charged with knowing that the missing girl was in the house above the candy store. They were receiving money for protecting the place from prosecution for illegal purposes and thought it best to believe the candy woman's story.

"Grace," said Tom Armstrong later, "have you got any more work requiring one who knows the ropes?"

"Certainly, as soon as married."

"Then I think you had better be married."

### This Monster Does Exist.

The dingonek is a huge, unclassified aquatic monster. It resembles in many of its characteristics the extinct dinosaur, a huge reptile of the Mesozoic period, fossils of which have been discovered by paleontologists in the sandstone strata both of the African and American continents.

It lives in Lake Victoria Nyanza and its numerous tributaries, and there is no record of the monster having been seen in any other part of the world. Whether it is a descendant of one of the huge prehistoric saurians that has by a process of adaptation—living as it does in impenetrable regions far away from the encroachments of civilized man—continued with but slight modifications through prodigious ages to the present time, or whether it is an unclassified reptile or amphibian, it is equally impossible to say, as no specimen exists either of its bones or of its skin. That this monster does exist, however, there can be no particle of doubt, as the testimony of authoritative eyewitnesses cannot be reasonably discredited.—Wide World.

### Do and Think.

If you wish to be or do anything great in this world you will find every hour and every day an opportunity in some way. If nothing else the lull in routine is opportunity to study up for future reference and use.

If your mind is full of plans and ideas for carrying them out you can make almost any situation or circumstance work in to help you.

It is not so much how you go at a thing as to get at it.

Begin by doing something. Do and think at the same time. That think will help in the next do, and by always doing what you know how to do first, you will find the next step easier.

It is not the talkers and the arguers who accomplish the most in this world.

Try some plan while the next one is talking about it, and you will be surprised at how easy it is to keep in the front row of the procession.—Minneapolis Tribune.

### Historic Walking Canes.

In the New York Historical society in New York city is a small but choice collection of historic walking canes.

The most valuable of the lot is a stout, serviceable cane used by Benjamin Franklin. It afterward came into possession of Dr. John W. Francis, the eminent physician of three quarters of a century ago.

Next in interest is one said to have been used by Henry Clay and Abraham Lincoln. There are also two canes made from timber of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry's flagship at the battle of Lake Erie.

Of a more curious nature is a thick cane made from the tusk of a walrus, presented by Howland Pell and a quaintly carved cane of hardwood made by a Mandan Indian.—New York Times.

### Barometer Paper.

Barometer paper, that changes its color according as the weather is wet or dry, may be made under several formulas, according to the color you want. One formula is: Cobalt chloride, one part; gelatin, ten parts; water, 100 parts. In this the normal color is pink. This color changes to violet in medium humid weather and to blue in wet weather. Another formula that makes yellow in dry weather calls for cupric chloride, one part; gelatin, ten parts; water, 100 parts. Still another formula is cobalt chloride, one part; gelatin, twenty parts; nickel oxide, seventy-five parts; water, 200 parts. This gives a green in dry weather. Immerse paper or muslin in either solution.—Brooklyn Eagle.

### Too Liberal.

A London taxi driver had an elderly lady as his fare the other day. On arriving at her home she gave him the legal fare—one shilling—along with a food economy pamphlet headed "How to Live on Sixpence a Day."

"Excuse me, miss," said he, handing back the pamphlet. "I couldn't think of taking this from you, because in the absence of the information it contains you might be tempted to live beyond your income."

### Two Speedy Classes.

"He belongs to a fast class."

"Which fast class?"

"Are there more than one?"

"Yes; two. There's the class that spend their money faster than they make it and the other crowd that make their money faster than they can spend it."—Detroit Free Press.

### An Impromptu Joke.

"Where are my tennis things?" demanded the wife of the professional humorist.

"Look in the nursery. You will generally find a racket and ball there," replied the professional humorist, making a note on his cuff.—Town Topics.

### Two Worries.

The Other Woman—Poor Henry Cash is always worrying about the money market! The Other Man—And Mrs. Cash is always worrying about the market money.

### Fat Pickings.

Burglar—The lawyer got me acquitted, but he took every cent I had. Pal—What are you going to do now? Burglar—I guess I'd better rob the lawyer.—Lamb.

### Naturally.

After a man has raised a family of grown daughters every time mother speaks to him he involuntarily asks, "How much?"—Houston Post.

If a man is forever telling you what he is going to do tomorrow it is a waste of time to ask him what he did yesterday.

### Valuable Black Walnut.

Black walnut is the ideal wood for gun stocks, but it is scarce and high in price, and there are few of the trees left in this country. A single tree of this species can be sold for a good price, and a grove of black walnut trees represents a small fortune.

About the only black walnut trees available now are those on farms and private estates, and they are fast disappearing. The wood is hard and takes a high polish, qualities which make it desirable for the use to which it is put. Manufacturers have not found a wood to take its place satisfactorily.

Some of the black walnut used is obtained from old furniture or wainscoting, stairways and interior trim of dwellings or churches. Many years ago black walnut was used extensively in the manufacture of the best grades of furniture, and in old churches pews and pulpits made of it can be found today. The demand for the wood is gradually causing them to disappear.—New York Sun.

### Carelessness and Fires.

Little Horace, whose father thinks he is a second Edison, and his mother, who would like to use electricity for everything from curling her hair to stoking the furnace, do more to keep the fire engines busy than mice ever did in all the years they chewed matches.

Washington Devereux, chief of the electrical department of the Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' association, said 54,000 fires were caused last year by overheated electrical devices. The fault wasn't with the devices, he said, but with the human equation—the woman who turned on the "juice" in her electric iron and then went out for a social afternoon without turning it off. He made the statement that no father had a right to buy his ten-year-old son a ten cent book on "How to Wire the House in Your Spare Moments" unless he was prepared to see the place go up in smoke some bright afternoon.—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Keep Up With the Present.

Success and happiness depend upon the way in which we adapt ourselves to the realities of the objective life. If we fight against change—and change we must meet at every turn and in every department of life—we soon become exhausted, wear ourselves out and sink back into ourselves—into the subconscious—and fail and grow old before our time.

If we cling to past experiences, refuse to live in the present, let our faith die when disappointments come, the results are the same. The life forces ebb and we sink into the great sea of the unconscious and are on the road to being submerged.

Desire, will, concentration, purpose, faith—these can be applied to keep us living in the present, to keep our enthusiasms active and our creativeness expressing.—Nautilus.

### What's the Answer?

Old elephant hunters who have hunted their quarry in India, Siam and the wilds of the Malay peninsula are agreed upon the following fact: Bury the carcass of a full grown tusker in any spot in Asia—it matters not whether the location be high and dry or low and damp—one year from the date of burial not a shred of hide nor a sliver of bone can be found by digging. Neither disintegration nor ants can be an explanation, for the phenomenon has been noted in the highlands of Nepal, where buried carcasses of other animals than the elephant undergo little or no change within a year and elephants' bones disappear in localities where ants are unknown. So far the scientists have failed to come forward with an answer.

### The "Crowned Republic."

It was Tennyson who gave to England the phrase "Our crowned republic." It was the bill of rights, by which parliament voted "Dutch Willem" and his wife, Mary, joint sovereigns of England, which made Great Britain a "crowned republic." From the moment the bill of rights gave the house of commons the sole right to levy taxes and that house resolved only to grant the crown annual supplies the backbone of absolutism was broken and the nerve centers of tyranny were paralyzed. Henceforth we were a "crowned republic."—London Answers.

### Safety First.

"What is your objection to me as a son-in-law?"

"I haven't any objection to you," replied Mr. Cumrox. "But I have trouble enough maintaining my own position in this household without assuming the slightest responsibility for anybody else."—Washington Star.

### Life.

"Young man, there is nothing worse than high life on a low salary," said the wise man who is always giving advice.

"Oh, I don't know," replied the young man who knew a thing or two himself. "It's no worse than low life on a high salary."—Florida Times-Union.

### Her Choice.

"Does your daughter play Mozart?" we asked, displaying unusual erudition. "I believe so," she replied deprecatingly. "But I think she prefers eucure."—Philadelphia Ledger.

### If Useless, Quit.

"Oh, stop whining. Is whining going to mend matters?"

"I suppose not."

"Then if not, whine not."—Exchange

### Fussy.

"You're to be shot at sunrise."

"That'll spoil the whole day for me. Make it sunset."—Lamb.

Mediocrity is excellent to the eyes of mediocre people.—Joubert.



Absence of occupation is not rest; A mind quite vacant is a mind distressed.—Cowper.

### LAST MINUTE DISHES.

Eggs lend themselves to so many dishes which may be prepared in a hurry that with a few fresh eggs, almost any dinner may be pieced out in a few moments. The omelet, scrambled eggs, golden rod eggs, eggs cooked in cream, and various and sundry others which will occur to the cook are all good emergency dishes.

**Corn Pudding.**—Mix a cupful of chopped cooked meat with a can of corn, season with salt and pepper, add a cupful of milk and one beaten egg, mix all together and bake ten minutes in a hot oven. Where the time is too short for baking small cakes may be fried in a little hot fat. Or it may be cooked in the form of an omelet. Macaroni with a little leftover chicken and gravy, if reheated, makes a most satisfying dish. Any cooked meat may be used in place of the chicken.

**Meat Rice Balls.**—Parboil rice, drain, saving the water. Tie the rice up in squares of cheesecloth with a little chopped meat in the center, cook in the rice water until the rice is tender. Remove from the cloth and serve with tomato or brown sauce.

**Blanketed Eggs.**—Make a rich white sauce and place a spoonful in the bottom of the ramekin, drop in an egg and cover with another spoonful of white sauce well seasoned, place in the oven and bake until the egg is set, from five to ten minutes. Dates, stuffed with nuts, and then rolled in granulated sugar, make a most wholesome dessert.

**What to Do With Soup Meat.**—Soup meat is both nourishing and wholesome, if properly prepared. The delicate extracts which are the appetizing flavors in meat are usually absent in meat that has been treated for soup, but by adding seasonings of various kinds the meat will become again well flavored and palatable. One or two bouillon cubes may be added to a little water and chopped sour meat with seasoning added; this mixed with chopped cold boiled potato makes a good hash if served piping hot. This meat may be used in the rice balls or various other ways will occur to the cook who is thinking about economy.



The power of evil habit is deceptive and fascinating, and the man by coming to false conclusions argues his way down to destruction.

### SEASONABLE DISHES.

Eggs are again becoming more plentiful, so that we need not feel extravagant to serve them occasionally in place of meat.

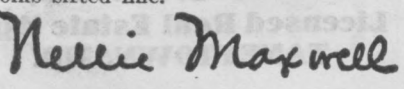
**Cheese Eggs.**—Take three-fourths of a cupful of grated American cheese, six eggs,

a tablespoonful of butter, a few grains of paprika, a teaspoonful of salt, a fourth of a cupful of crumbs and milk or cream to moisten. Butter a baking dish or individual ramekins; spread half of the cheese in the bottom and slip in six eggs, being careful not to break the yolks; dust with salt and pepper, add the remaining cheese and crumbs well buttered, then barely cover with cream. Set in a pan of hot water and bake slowly until the eggs are set and the top is brown.

**Chicken Croquettes.**—Take two cupfuls of chopped cold chicken, a half cupful of chopped English walnut meats, a fourth of a teaspoonful each of salt and celery salt, a few grains of cayenne, a few grains of nutmeg, a teaspoonful of lemon juice, a few drops of onion juice, a teaspoonful of chopped parsley, and a cupful of thick white sauce. Mix the ingredients in the order given and mold in cork-shaped croquettes, using a tablespoonful of the mixture for each croquette. Roll in crumbs, dip in egg white diluted with a tablespoonful of water, then roll in crumbs. Fry in deep fat and drain on brown paper. Serve with white sauce or mushroom sauce.

**Duck en Casserole.**—Clean, singe and cut up a five-pound duck, roll each piece in seasoned flour and brown in beef drippings. Pack into a large casserole in layers, alternating a mixture of half a can of peas and a cupful of mushrooms mixed; cover with a quart of well-seasoned soup stock, a half teaspoonful of onion juice and a teaspoonful of powered mint. Bake slowly for three hours in a moderately hot oven.

**Queen Victoria's Favorite Soup.**—Heat a cupful of minced roast chicken in a pint of chicken broth, well-seasoned; add a cupful of cream and thickened with three hard-cooked eggs yolks sifted fine.



## Classified Advertisements.

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## SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XIV.—Third Quarter, For  
Sept. 30, 1917.

### THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Dan. ix, 3-19—Quarterly Review—Golden Text, Ps. ciii, 8. Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

LESSON I.—Isaiah's call to service, Isa. vi. Golden Text, Isa. vi, 8, "Here am I; send me!" (We often abbreviate the Golden Text for lack of room.) We all need such a vision as this or Rev. iv, and these are written that we may have them and know God and hear His call to us and respond as Isaiah and Jeremiah and Ezekiel did, speak His words faithfully and leave results to Him.

LESSON II.—Ahaz, the faithless king, II Chron. xxviii, 1-5, 20-27. Golden Text, Heb. xi, 6, "Without faith it is impossible to be well pleasing unto Him." Every king on David's throne was expected to represent the Lord there and be a king for God. Believers are expected to represent Christ in some measure as He did the Father. Are we good or evil in His sight?

LESSON III.—Hezekiah, the faithful king, II Chron. xxx, 1-13. Golden Text, Heb. xi, 6, "He that cometh to God must believe that He is." There can be nothing better than to do right in the sight of the Lord (xxix, 2), make His house or His kingdom our first thought and do all we can to gather people to Christ our passover, who was sacrificed for us.

LESSON IV.—Sennacherib's invasion of Judah, II Kings xix, 20-22, 28-37. Golden Text, Ps. xli, 1, "God is our refuge and strength." It is surely inspiring to see two men, a king and a prophet, crying to God against such a host of enemies and to see one messenger from God taking 185,000 of the enemy off the earth in one night. Let us spread all our troubles before God as this king did.

LESSON V.—God's gracious invitation, Isa. lv, 1-4. Golden Text, Isa. lv, 6: "Seek ye Jehovah while He may be found. Call upon Him; He is near." The worldwide thirst can be quenched only in God's appointed way, and that is by Himself, the fountain. No bread can satisfy but the Living Bread. He only can win the nations to Himself, and He will do it through Israel.

LESSON VI.—Manasseh's sin and repentance, II Chron. xxxiii, 9-16. Golden Text, Isa. lv, 7, "Let the wicked forsake his way; \* \* \* our God will abundantly pardon." A great lesson to encourage great sinners to turn to a great Saviour, who never turned a true penitent away. He saved the penitent thief and Saul of Tarsus.

LESSON VII.—Josiah's good reign, II Chron. xxxiv, 1-13. Golden Text, Eccl. xii, 1, "Remember thy Creator in the days of thy youth." One of the youngest of all the kings, who had a very bad father, and yet he did right in the sight of the Lord, turning neither to the right hand nor to the left, and none ever turned to the Lord with all his heart as he did (II Kings xxiii, 25).

LESSON VIII.—Finding the book of the law, II Chron. xxxiv, 14-33. Golden Text, Ps. cxix, 10, "I will not forget thy word." The word was received with meekness, the people humbled themselves before the Lord, the greatest passover since the days of Samuel was kept, and a great cleansing of the land from idols followed, including some of the idolatry started by Solomon.

LESSON IX.—The captivity of Judah, II Kings xxv, 1-12. Golden Text, Ezek. xxxiii, 11, "As I live, saith the Lord Jehovah, I have no pleasure in the death of the wicked." Long did He bear with them and many a time forgave them, but notwithstanding the zeal of Hezekiah and Josiah and the entreaties of Isaiah, Micah and Jeremiah they would not hearken, and the captivity came.

LESSON X.—The shepherd of captive Israel, Ezek. xxxiv, 11-27. Golden Text, Ps. xxiii, 1, "Jehovah is my shepherd; I shall not want." Not only did they return after the seventy years, but they will return for good at the end of this age and be one nation in their own land and never be divided or scattered again. Then shall they be a blessing to all nations.

LESSON XI.—Daniel's purpose of heart, Dan. i, 8-20. Golden Text, Dan. i, 8, "Daniel refused in his heart that he would not defile himself." This was because the food from the king's table had been offered to idols and Daniel and his friends would keep themselves wholly for God. Thus they purposed and thus they continued.

LESSON XII.—The fiery furnace, Dan. iii, 10-27. Golden Text, Isa. xlii, 2, "When thou walkest through the fire thou shalt not be burned." The same Spirit who would not let them eat food offered to idols would not let them bow down to this image, even though it might mean their death. The same text will have to be met by many at the end of this age, Rev. xlii.

LESSON XIII.—Daniel in the lions' den, Dan. vi, 10-23. Golden Text, Ps. xxxiv, 7, "The angel of Jehovah encampeth round about them that fear Him and delivereth them." The wicked are always watching the righteous and seeking to slay them, but their triumph will be short, and the upright will have dominion in the morning (Ps. xlii, 14). If we are in the way and walking before God in sincerity we may have quietness and confidence under all circumstances (Isa. xxx, 15; Job xxxiv, 29) and sing "He is my peace" (Eph. ii, 14).

## "Belgium Day"

By Elizabeth Schoen Cobb

(Copyright, 1917, by W. G. Chapman.)

"I'd rather play high-spy," said nine-year-old Velda Barrett.

"Or jump rope," supplemented Esther Wilder.

"No, no! You don't understand," cried Grace Drummond. "Stupid heads! It isn't play that I'm talking about."

"What is it, then?" demanded Velda.

"Tag day."

"What's that?" inquired Esther.

"For the Belgians," explained Grace, wisely. "Yes, that is what my mamma told me—the suffering Belgians."

"What are they suffering about?" asked wonder-eyed Esther.

"War," announced Grace oracularly.

"The people who aren't their friends have killed all the men folks, and burned all the houses, and sent the poor ladies and children out in the snow. So they need help, and mamma and all the other ladies of the town are going to raise money for them. Auntie Madge and my big sisters sat up nearly all night making red, white and blue badges. Then they have pasteboard boxes with a hole in them. When they tag a man, he puts money into the box, and they get all the boxes together and send them to the Belgians to buy bread and shoes and candy with."

"But they won't let us play the game," declared Velda dubiously.

"That's why I said this was a secret," observed little Grace sapiently.

"You don't lisp a word about this to anyone, but be here about nine o'clock tomorrow morning, dressed up in your best, and I'll have everything fixed to celebrate Tag day."

Grace mysteriously beckoned her two confederates to the barn when they appeared next morning.

"All the folks have gone," she explained, "except the maid, and she's gone to sleep on the sofa. See here," and Grace opened a newspaper filled with scraps of red, white and blue ribbons. "Now here's a lot of pins,

and we must make up all the badges there is ribbon for. See? There's a heap of them, isn't there?" jubilantly exclaimed Grace, as they utilized the last bit of ribbon. "See, I got a flag," and she produced a small silk one that had ornamented a picture in the parlor of a venerable family hero. "Now, Velda, you are to carry the badges in this basket. Here's the money box, Esther. You'll hold that," and having found no other suitable receptacle, Grace produced a great hat-box with a jagged slit cut in its top. "I'll go ahead with the flag and run up to people and tell them 'Tag!'"

"Oh, it will be lots of fun!" exclaimed Velda and Esther in unison.

"But we mustn't go downtown," warned Grace sagely.

"Why not?" asked Esther.

"Because if our folks see us, they'll send us home. We're going down the turnpike and stop at the houses and hail the people in automobiles and farm wagons. Come on, now."

It was after they had got well free of the town that Grace patriotically unfurled the flag and led the little procession. The first person they met was a jolly-faced young farmer wheeling a barrow filled with vegetables. Grace ran up to him.

"Tag!" she shouted, touching him on the arm, and Velda and Esther surrounded their victim, the former proceeding to pin a rosette on his homespun jacket while Esther held out the box.

"Hello! I heard about this new racket," grinned the young fellow, and he poked in his pocket, brought out a dime and popped it into the hat box.

Automobiles, hay wagons, pedestrians—the variety and excitement kept the tiny collectors in high feather during the next two hours. They halted everybody they met, and in nearly every instance received a contribution.

"My! but we have gone miles and miles!" panted Grace, as they came to

a stretch of woodland and she led her companions to a fallen log in the shade at the side of the road.

"I'm getting awful hungry," remarked Velda.

"Me, too," chorused Esther. "Where did you get the pretty chain and locket, Grace?"

"Oh, I borrowed it, and I must get it back where I found it before Auntie Madge comes home, or she may be angry with me. The big folks fixed all up, so I thought I'd wear this and appear like a grown-up lady. I found it hidden away in an old glove-box, in among some letters and a lot of faded rose leaves. Aunt Madge never wears it, but she must think a lot of it to keep it hidden away, maybe for years."

Then the wearied little patronesses began to recline full length on the ground, and sleep came. Velda awoke first. She shook her sleepy comrades as she sniffed the air, and directed their attention to ten automobiles halted just off the road and a camp fire in among the timber, with fully fifty men bustling about.

"Oh, look! look!" she cried; and "um-m! coffee—they're cooking it. A picnic. Oh, dear, I'm so hungry!"

Grace rubbed her eyes and took in the situation. It was, indeed, a picnic from the city, an annual "nature feast" of a group of salesmen in a great wholesale establishment of the metropolis.

"Oh, I know!" cried Grace, after a moment's thought. "We'll tag them, and maybe they'll invite us to dinner."

Which was just what happened. The novelty of the little collectors appealed magically to the sensibilities of the jolly crowd. All contributed and everyone with a bank note. Then the three little ones were given a comfortable log seat at the repast.

There was one of them, a serious-faced man of about thirty, who kept his glance fixed upon Grace. It seemed as though something familiar or unusually attractive in the child appealed to him strongly. The meal was just over, when Grace, lifting her hand to her throat, missed the necklace. She began to cry, and wailed forth her sorrow. The young man searched the spot where Grace had sat, and found the missing article. He turned pale as he looked at the inscription it bore. "See here, fellows," he said, greatly shaken, but attempting to conceal his emotions, "these little ones can't tramp all the way back to town. Besides, all that money might be a temptation to some footpad. I'll take the machine and deliver them safe home."

"Little one," he said to Grace, who sat by his side in the automobile, "is that your necklace?"

"Oh, no; it belongs to Auntie Madge. I just borrowed it."

"Auntie Madge—what?" urged the young man, his voice trembling.

"Auntie Madge Williston, of course," and her auditor gave a great gasp and was silent until they reached the Drummond home.

"Oh, if it should be true!" breathed Norman Marsh. "If this should be true, that his fiancée of five years back was to be discovered by him after long, patient searching. They had quarreled and when he sought her again her family had left the town with no trace as to their new place of residence."

Mrs. Drummond and Auntie Madge had just returned home as the automobile drove up in front of the house.

"Oh, mamma, see! we've just got all the money in all the world for the Belgians!" and Grace leaped from the machine and tore off the cover of the hatbox and displayed the treasure within.

With a start Madge Williston met the gaze of the driver of the machine. She swayed and caught at her sister for support. Then he was by her side, incoherently pouring into her welcome ears the story of his long sorrow and longings.

And out of "Belgium Day" tiny Grace won the palm as the prize collector, and Madge Williston a loving, loyal husband.

Origin of Conscription.

Conscription originated in France in 1798, at a time when the country had just passed through the long and bloody war of the French revolution which the monarchs of Europe had banded together to crush. France, under Bonaparte, had come forth victorious, but her army was exhausted and it was evident that some new system of recruiting would be necessary, as voluntary enlistment no longer sufficed.

It was then that General Jourdan brought forth and had passed the law establishing conscription. Since then it has been the basis of all French military legislation, and, to a certain extent, of that of other countries.

Concerning Girls.

Two sentimental college youths were discussing the quality of girl they would choose as life companions. The more sentimental of the two asked: "Which kind of girl do you prefer, the one who can walk and walk and walk without ever having to stop and rest, or the girl who has to stop every now and then in a shady place by the roadside?" "I like the girl," said the more conservative youth, "who can walk and walk and walk without ever having to stop and rest, but who prefers to pause by the wayside every now and then."

The Ideal.

Mrs. Neurich was talking to her broker over the telephone. "Kindly buy me a hundred shares of steel at the market," she said briskly.

"Certainly, with pleasure," the broker replied, "common or preferred?"

"Preferred!" replied Mrs. Neurich, icily, "I never purchase anything common."—The Lamb.

### Baseball Tactics.

Stealing third is, as a general proposition, a bad play, though it comes in handy now and then. I would suggest that all young players avoid it. If the man is thrown out trying to steal third you have tossed away a possible chance for a run, and if he succeeds he hasn't improved his scoring chances very much, because he would go home from second on a clean single anyway.

My personal opinion is that there is entirely too much changing of pitchers in professional baseball. The custom is so prevalent in certain clubs that every man that starts a game does so in fear, trembling lest he be removed as soon as he allows a couple of hits or is a little wild. He is prone to become nervous under these conditions and begins to fume and fret as soon as he gets in a hole. On the other hand, if he were assured before the game started that he would be allowed to finish it he would in many cases work out his own salvation. A pitcher learns through being beaten, and if he is taken out as soon as he has any trouble he will never get the right kind of experience to develop his mind and his courage.—Ty Cobb in American Boy.

### London In a Fog.

London is more or less noted for the dense fogs that obscure it at times, and a recent specimen that was in its prime a couple of hours before midnight, was a particularly fine one.

In a space that a good aerodrome could have inclosed I found a chauffeur looking with a lantern for landmarks, so that he could discover in which direction his car was heading. I saw a telegraph messenger fall off his bicycle in the middle of a quiet road, apparently from sheer perplexity, and I found three motor buses that came to rest with their bonnets close together in such a way as to suggest that each had been charging the other two and had only stopped just in time.

In the small hours of the morning I found another bus standing helplessly by the roadside, with the driver slumbering within, but the driver of a motor bus is a remarkable man in many ways.—London Spectator.

### A Parson's Adviser.

Old Neale, the parish clerk of Toddington, was a great character. He occupied the lowest tier of the "three-decker" pulpit and recited the responses in so loud a tone that there was nothing left for the congregation to do.

In my first week at Toddington the whole Wednesday evening service devolved on me. Neale, having taken stock of the new curate, remarked: "There are two baptisms tonight."

This was sufficiently alarming, but my nervousness was increased when he added: "Take care you don't brain the children against the corner of the seat. It's 'bin done afore now."

When I reached the font I perceived that the corner of the semihigh pew was indeed in dangerous proximity—"Lively Recollections," by Canon Shearme.

### A Philippine Medicine Tree.

Between the provincial building and the Filipino schoolhouse, part of which is used as a girls' dormitory, stands the sacred tree of the Ifugaos, with a span of its branches of 300 feet. Nor is it a tree at all in the true sense, for it is a gigantic example of the balet, which begins as a parasite vine, kills the tree on which it rises and then hides it in its twisting trunk. The Ifugaos think that when that huge tree dies they, too, will perish, but there is an industry, a stolidity and a stamina in that obscure race that should remove from their hearts all fear of extinction.—Christian Herald.

### Unter den Linden.

Unter Den Linden is the famous street in Berlin which extends from the Brandenburg gate eastward about three-fifths of a mile. Bordered it are the princely and imperial palaces, the university, the academy, the statue of Frederick the Great, etc. It means "under the lindens."

### A Solemn Duty.

"Why did Bangs change his iron gray hair to black?"

"Because his fiancée thought the gray in his hair made him look too old for her, and he thought it was his duty to obey his sweetheart's dyeing request."—Exchange.

### Where There Was No Change.

"Don't you think I'm thinner than when you saw me last?"

"Well, you may be thinner, but to me you're just as thick as a lantern."—Chicago Tribune.

### PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

#### Causes of Disease.

Many diseases are largely due to defective elimination or chronic accumulation of toxins in our body, due to one or more of the following causes:

Overeating, especially of meat and highly seasoned foods after middle life. As some one has aptly expressed it, we too often dig our graves with our teeth.

Insufficient exercise or too much or too strenuous exercise.

The use of alcoholics and the excessive use of tobacco. In fact, intemperance of any kind.

Probably the greatest determining factor is "the strenuous life."

The mad rush for the almighty dollar and undue worry and anxiety interfere more or less with all the normal functions of the body. Worry is ten times more disastrous than work.—Health Bulletin.

### WAR WAS STARTED BY WOMAN

Civil Conflict in England Dated From Time Jenny Geddes Threw Stool at Bishop's Head.

A stool, such as people used to sit upon in churches, and which was cast at the head of the dean of St. Giles in Edinburgh, may be said to have marked the beginning of the civil war in England which ended with the downfall of Charles II. This event took place on July 23, 1637. It will be remembered that James I contrived to introduce bishops into the Scottish church. His son, Charles I, desired to go still further and introduce a book of canons and a liturgy. Archbishop Laud, whose tendencies were toward the Roman Catholic church, backed him in his project. Between them they prepared a service book, and the order went forth to have it read on a certain Sunday in all the churches in Scotland. The Scotch, however, declined to have their religious service tampered with. When the day came for reading the new service book few of the clergy were willing to proceed with it, such was the opposition among the people.

In the principal church of Edinburgh, the chance of the old cathedral of St. Giles, which contained seats of the judges, magistrates and other authorities, the liturgy was formally introduced under the auspices of the bishop, dean and other clergy.

There were no pews in those days, each person bringing his own stool to church with him. When Bishop James Hannan started to read the service one Jenny Geddes arose and threw her stool at the good man's head. So started the first outbreak in a conflict that was to have important results.

### CIVILIZATION OF AGES AGO

Ruins of 172 Cities, Big and Little, Have Been Discovered on Yucatan Peninsula.

Scattered all over the Yucatan peninsula are monuments to a civilization that flourished thousands of years ago. Just how many thousands nobody knows and scientists differ very materially in their ideas on the subject. The prevailing belief, however, is that this civilization was in full swing as late as the beginning of the Christian era. Other scientists assert that the ruins antedate those of Egypt.

Yucatan can well be called "the American Egypt," George Minor writes in the Mexico Review. The ruins of 172 cities, big and little, have been discovered, and not a quarter of the territory has been carefully explored, for the tropical verdure makes the finding of the ruins difficult. You might pass within a hundred feet of a wonderful old temple or pyramid a hundred times and not discover it, so effectively does the jungle screen these crumbling monuments of the distant past and shield them from the prying eyes of this inquisitive and presumptuous age.

Of the 172 clusters of ruins discovered, two sets represent what were once large and prosperous cities, of about one-half million inhabitants each. Doubtless at different times each one of these two cities was the capital of the country.

### King Names British Premier.

The premier or prime minister of Great Britain is nominated by the reigning sovereign, to form a cabinet and organize the government. The appointment of a premier does not have to be confirmed by parliament, but no prime minister could carry on the government of the country for any length of time who did not possess the confidence of the house of commons. He selects his colleagues or other members of the cabinet, and his resignation dissolves the ministry. Members of the British house of lords hold their seats by virtue of hereditary rank and titles, some of which were conferred by sovereigns hundreds of years ago. Canada has no representative in the British parliament. It has a parliament and government of its own with a governor general, appointed by the king of Great Britain.

### Price, One Bottle.

The movie, or "cinema" as it is called there, has become an extraordinary social influence in England. In the villages which have grown up around the "coal-pits," in which many of the houses consist of only one room, and lack all the evidences of civilization, one can always be sure of finding a public house and a "cinema." Some of the proprietors of these cinemas do not charge a coin for admission in the case of children. Instead of money, the child presents a bottle, which is sold to the manufacturer of liquor, and afterward returned to the public house of the same village, to begin again its round to the parent of the child, to the movie, to the distillery and back to the saloon.—Christian Herald.

### First Bombing Balloons Futile.

The first bomb dropping balloons were humble enough and equally futile. Balloons had been used in war as early as the siege of Maubeuge by the Austrians for observation purposes. The first talk of bomb dropping was in 1812, when the Russians were said to have had a huge balloon for that purpose; but nothing was done with it. In 1847, however, the Austrians, when attacking Venice, sent up paper fire balloons, which were to drop bombs into the town. But they forgot to allow for contrary air currents. The balloons got into such a current and, drifting back over the Austrian line, bombed them, instead of Venice.

## JOB

## Printing

Do you want your work done

quickly and well? The RECORD

Office does all kinds of Poster,

Program and High-class Work

promptly and at reasonable prices.

With the latest styles of type,mod-

ern machinery and experienced

and accommodating workmen, we

are always ready to meet any de-

mands.

Hand in your order and it will

be filled satisfactorily. We are

also prepared to do all kinds of

Book and Pamphlet Work and in-

vite you to call or write and get

our prices before placing your or-

der elsewhere. Orders by mail

receive prompt attention.

## Advertising

Nearly every week, some one

tells us how a little advertisement

paid him—somebody, perhaps,

who never tried it before, and was

surprised at quick results. There

is no question about it—the right

sort of advertising pays. If you

know you have something to sell

that the people want, or if you

have something to sell but don't

know who wants it—try our Office.

## The

## Record,

TANEYTOWN.



## TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN

### Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

Among the very ill, at present, are, Mrs. W. Rein Motter and Mrs. Elizabeth S. Hess.

Mrs. M. A. Koons spent a few days, this week, with her sister, Mrs. Chas. Eyer, in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Z. Spence, of Orantanna, Pa., were visiting Rev. W. J. Marks and family, over last Sunday.

Mrs. Robert Sherald and two children, of Annapolis, Md., are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John E. E. Hess.

The Basehoar brothers have sold their "Antrim" farm to A. W. Feeser, proprietor of the Taneytown cannery, on private terms.

Bradley E. Wills, of Frederick County, has purchased the Theodore M. Buffington farm, on the Middleburg and Uniontown road.

Joseph Wantz and wife, their son and wife, and two children, of Mayberry, visited at the home of Mrs. Jesse Myers, on Sunday.

William Overholtzer, John Overholtzer and Mr. McDowell, all of Grand River, Iowa, were visitors at Frank Crouse's, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard S. Hill have returned home from a ten-days visit to their daughter, Mrs. Charles M. Conover, at Centre Mills, Pa.

Mrs. Ida S. Sentz, of Baltimore, and Miss Lucy Sherman, of Middleburg, are visiting the Misses Sherman and other relatives, here.

Mrs. Wm. H. Formwalt, of near Fairview, returned last Wednesday, after spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. W. Bassett Shoemaker and family, near Taneytown.

Miss Mattie Koons, of Keymar; Miss Vallie Shorb, of Detour; Miss Alice Davis, of Catonsville, and Dr. Marlin Shorb, of Baltimore, visited at the home of M. A. Koons, this week.

Harvesting the big corn crop is a proposition facing the farmers, but fortunately it is the one crop that will stand a lot of waiting, and it is a good while yet before real rough weather sets in.

Wm. E. Shaw, of Baltimore, an old stand-by W. M. engineer, paid our office a brief visit, on Tuesday. Mr. Shaw has been a Record subscriber from almost the first number, and keeps up his interest in Taneytown.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Lambert gave a dinner, last Sunday, to E. Roth Buffington and wife, and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Haines, of New Windsor. Mrs. Buffington is Mrs. Lambert's sister, and both are daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Haines.

Everything in the hunting and ammunition line, is up in price—guns, shells, hunting coats, etc. Shells have made an advance of almost 100 per-cent., over several years ago. Fortunately, gunning is not a necessary occupation, therefore those who want to indulge in it, will likely be willing to pay the price.

The Record should follow every local man in the army service, and keep him in touch with home, while in Camp. We will be unable to do this, gratis, but trust that the home folks of "our boys" will be thoughtful enough to send the Record after them, or that the matter be attended to by some interested friends.

Last week an innocent little "special" announcing "Potatoes at \$1.00 a bushel, until Monday noon," caused Burshe Davidson some trouble, as there were many who wanted to sell him large lots of potatoes at \$1.00, while he had them to sell at \$1.00. The "special" failed to say "for sale," but it did not say "wanted" either, so it was taken both ways. Anyway, he sold his crop, and advertising pays, even if it is "balled up."

The following Taneytown boys have been called to enter training Camp, next Thursday, Sept. 27th: James C. Myers, Francis E. Shaum, Carroll E. Reid, Basil Walter Crapster, Earl Went Koons, Clyde LeRoy Hesson, Mark E. Wisotzky, Lester S. Witherow, Percy LeRoy Mehning and Charles F. Rohrbaugh. We are sorry to see them go, but trust that they may have to experience only a course of military training, and be later returned home, instead of to "somewhere in France."

### Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three does he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

Advertisement

## TANEYTOWN HIGH SCHOOL

### Items of Interest to the Pupils and Friends of Our School.

(For the Record.)

On Monday the Taneytown High School will open the second year of its existence as a State-approved institution, and at this time there are prospects for a session of excellent school work. The State Supervisor of High Schools made a flattering report of the character of work done last year, in spite of the fact that during the entire first quarter the instruction was badly disturbed by the construction work on the building. Now all school rooms are in first-class condition and modern in almost every respect. The session will open with every room occupied. Miss Virginia Merritt, a graduate of Goucher College, will be in charge of all the English work of the High School and will teach several seventh-grade subjects. Mr. Harry Ecker will do fifth-grade and sixth-grade work. Excepting the two teachers just mentioned, the teaching corps will be the same as last year. Miss Greiman will have charge of all Commercial subjects and will, in addition, supervise the study of Music and Drawing in grades 1-6, inclusive. (These two subjects have not been included in the course before this year.) Mr. Leister will have all classes in Mathematics and Latin. In the Foreign Languages the Principal also offers to organize and teach classes in French, Spanish and German.

A complete reorganization is taking place which we hope will gradually bring up our school work to the plane of the best modern High Schools; among the many radical changes brought about by such reorganization are:

- (1) The School Day will begin at 8:40.
- (2) A 50-minute period in H. S. work.
- (3) A strict system of Supervised Study will be inaugurated.
- (4) More work in Agriculture.
- (5) Provision to be made for an hour's Assembly period weekly—with a special program.

Mr. Koontz requests all those pupils who have back work to make up to report at school building promptly at 8:30 on Monday.

### Red Cross Contributions.

The following additional contributions for Red Cross work have been received by the Taneytown branch:

|                                     |                 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Previously reported,                | \$780.70        |
| Robert W. Clingan and wife          | 1.00            |
| John S. Bower                       | 1.00            |
| Miss Mae Sanders                    | .50             |
| John T. Koontz                      | 1.00            |
| Cash                                | 1.00            |
| Curtis Reid                         | .50             |
| J. Willis Nusbaum                   | 1.00            |
| Robert W. Shriner                   | 1.00            |
| Mrs. John Harman                    | 1.00            |
| Mrs. E. H. Essig                    | 1.00            |
| Miss A. H. Birnie                   | 2.00            |
| D. J. Hesson and wife               | 10.00           |
| Samuel H. Mehning                   | 1.00            |
| Dr. F. H. Seiss                     | 1.00            |
| Mrs. Lavina Fringer                 | 1.00            |
| Cash                                | .50             |
| John L. Leister                     | .50             |
| Harry I. Reindollar                 | 1.00            |
| Gussie S. Crabbs                    | .50             |
| O. D. Sell                          | .50             |
| Mrs. Laura and Miss Mary Reindollar | 1.00            |
| Mrs. C. M. Benner                   | .50             |
| Dr. C. M. Benner                    | 2.00            |
| W. Wallace Reindollar               | 1.00            |
| Robt. S. McKinney                   | 2.00            |
| Mrs. F. H. Seiss                    | 5.00            |
| Cash                                | .50             |
| W. A. Bower and wife                | 2.00            |
| Harry C. Freet and wife             | 1.00            |
| Jesse T. Keefer                     | 1.00            |
| Norman Hess                         | 3.00            |
| <b>Total</b>                        | <b>\$827.20</b> |

### CHURCH NOTICES.

Woodbine Church, Lutheran.—Calvary Church, Woodbine: Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.; Preaching service, 10:30 A. M. Messiah Church: Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.; Preaching service, 7:30 P. M.

G. W. Baughman, Pastor.

U. B. Church—Taneytown: Bible School, 9 A. M.; Preaching, 10 A. M. Harney: Bible School, 9 A. M.; Preaching, 7:30 P. M.

Presbyterian, Piney Creek—Worship, 10 A. M. All welcome. Theme: "Keeping the Faith." Bible School at 9 o'clock. Communion on Oct. 7.

Town—9 A. M., Bible School; 6:30 P. M., C. E. meets; 7:30 P. M., Worship. A welcome for all. Theme: "The Sovereignty of God." Commencing Sept. 30th, morning service at 10:30 and Bible School at 9:30.

Reformed Church, Taneytown.—Service at 10 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

The Annual Harvest Home services will be held in St. Mary's Reformed Church, Silver Run, on next Sunday, 23rd.

S. C. Hoover, Pastor.

In Trinity Lutheran Church next Sunday morning, the pastor will preach a sermon appropriate to the Harvest Home service. The topic will be "The Call to Harvest." In the evening the topic for the sermon will be "Safe Steps on Dangerous Paths."

Union Bridge Lutheran Charge.—Rocky Ridge, 10 A. M., Harvest Home service. Offering for apportionment, as this is the last service of synodical year. Keyville, 2:30 P. M., Communion service.

### People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

Advertisement

## Store Winter Supplies.

A family of five, including two adults and three children under 12 years of age, under ordinary living conditions, should have stored for each month of the winter season the following food supplies: One bushel of Irish potatoes; ½ bushel of other root vegetables such as carrots, turnips and parsnips; 25 quart cans of other vegetables; and 20 quarts of canned fruit and preserves. These figures are based on estimates by the United States Department of Agriculture, which adds that most of this should come from the perishable products of the many home gardens of this year.

With these figures as a basis, it is thought that almost any family may calculate its requirements, taking into consideration the length of the winter season in any given locality. Thus, in the South, where food crops may be grown in the fall, the winter allowances may be less than for the far North, where one must count on supplies for several months longer. There is still time, says the department, for a final drive in canning, preserving, and drying. In using dried vegetables, it may be assumed that a given quantity of dried vegetables is equal to four times its bulk of canned vegetables; that is, one-fourth of a quart of dry string beans when soaked over night is approximately equal to one quart canned.

### Appeal to Save Coal.

Among the other appeals going, is one from H. A. Garfield, fuel administrator, to the American people to assist in the conservation of coal. Mr. Garfield says:

"It is the duty of every American to save coal this winter. If every family will save a ton of coal, if every industrial plant will save 10 per cent. of the coal it uses, which is 10 per cent. if now wastes, the coal problem will be largely solved. There is plenty of coal in the ground, but there is a shortage of cars and of labor at the mines.

"If every family will reduce the temperature of its house at least five degrees, it will mean that millions of tons of coal will be saved and the health of the nation will be improved. This is not a hardship; it is a health measure; for most Americans live in superheated houses.

"The coal supply can be conserved by more economical methods of firing, by sifting ashes, by watching the furnace door and by heating only the parts of the house in use. To do this is a public duty. If the householder of the country save one ton out of 12 they save 1,000,000 tons of coal. The Bureau of Mines states that many plants waste as much as 50 percent. of the coal they buy through unscientific firing and inadequate equipment."

## Notice to the Public!

Positively I will not pay or stand for any debt contracted by my wife, Emma Snyder.

JOHN J. SNYDER.

## Notice to Milk Customers

Owing to the extra work it takes, and that the people want to curtail the high cost of living by not buying as much milk, I will discontinue hauling milk, this Saturday morning, Sept. 22. All those getting milk in bottles, if they want milk come to the wagon for it as I will not leave any bottles tomorrow morning. Would like for all bottles to be returned at once. Anyone having jellies in my bottles, do not have to empty them as they can return them with it in them. Thanking you all for past favors.

GEO. R. SAUBLE.

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned as trustee of Mary E. Royer will sell at Public Sale in Linwood, on

Saturday, September 22nd., 1917, commencing at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following household goods:

THREE BEDSTEADS  
one a home-made Walnut; two mattresses, 1 bed spring, 1 strawtick, 2 feather bolsters, washstands, 1 marble top;

ONE MARBLE TOP BUREAU  
with glass, 2 bureaus, 1 buffet, 1 Cook Stove, 1 Wood Stove, 1 ten-plate Stove, 1 cupboard, 1 Walnut corner cupboard, 1 leaf table, 1 small table, 3 small stands, 1 Mahogany; 1 hat rack, 2 couches, 1 clothes tree, 26 yds of 3-ply Ingrain Carpet, 1 piece of linoleum, 2x3 yds; 2 rugs, 23 chairs,

THREE ROCKING CHAIRS  
2 room carpets, 1 spinning wheel, 1 winding blade, 1 reel, coal oil lamps, lot of dishes, lot of tinware, etc., 1 child's crib, and other articles.

Terms:—Cash.

JOSEPH ENGLAR, Trustee.

E. A. Lawrence, Auct.

## MULES! MULES!



We have them. Just received 50 head of extra good

## MULE COLTS

from Georgetown, Kentucky, that were bought by Benjamin Dorsey, for C. W. King's Sale Stables, Westminster, Md.

BRADLEY McHENRY and BENJAMIN DORSEY, Mgrs.

9-21-2t

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

General Advertisements will be inserted under this heading at one cent a word, each issue. Real Estate for sale, Two Cents each word. The name and address of advertiser must be paid for at same rate; two initials, of a date, counted as one word. Cash in advance, unless other terms are mutually agreed upon. Postage Stamps received as cash.

SOLD OUT.—I have sold out my Produce Business to Harry C. Brendle, and will retire after October 1st. All of my customers are requested to patronize Mr. Brendle at his place of business, where they will be sure to receive fair treatment.—CHAS. B. SCHWARTZ.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for Eggs, Calves and Poultry. 50¢ for delivering Calves Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning.—G. W. MOTTER. 6-10-12

WILL PAY 90¢ per bu. for Potatoes Poultry of all kinds wanted; also Guineas, Squabs, Eggs and Calves. Highest prices paid, 50¢ for delivering Calves. Open every evening until 8 o'clock.—Farmers' Produce Co., H. C. BRENDLE, Prop.

GIRL OR WOMAN for general housework. Widow preferred. Good home and wages, winter and summer. Reference; call or write Mrs. H. C. ZENT, near Ladiesburg.

NOTICE TO EVERYBODY.—Just received about \$800. worth of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes that were bought several months ago. These Shoes today would cost considerably more. They are real Bargains. We can buy no more at these prices.—KOONS BROS., Taneytown.

PEACHES LOWER in price, guaranteed to be first-class in all respects—the old reliable kind.—Come while they are yet to be had. Also, good Apples for sale.—Geo. P. STOUTER, Emmitsburg, Md. 9-21-2t

FOR SALE.—1 set Blacksmith Tools, lot 3-inch Tile, lot Cider Barrels, 1 Asia Sunshine Range, 1 Threshing Machine Truck, 1 International Chopping Mill 8-inch, 1 line Shaft 20 ft. long with 4 hangers and pulleys, 1 set Auto Tires 35x4 with inner tubes. All of the above in good condition. Will pay highest cash prices for all kinds of junk.—S. I. MACKLEY, Union Bridge. Phone 15-J. 9-21-3t

SIX SHOATS, will weigh about 50 lbs, for sale by MAHLON BROWN, near Harney.

ORCHESTRATION.—Don't forget to come out this Saturday evening to hear the Colored Orchestra, at HAINES' STORE, Mayberry, where there will be bargains for all. Ice Cream and Soft Drinks on sale. Come and have a good time! On Saturday night, Sept. 29, the Taneytown Band will be present.

TIMOTHY SEED, home raised, for sale by DORIE FEESER, on Middleburg road.

ATLAS FOR SALE.—Rand & McNally, 1911, cost \$3.50. A copy can be had at the Record office at \$1.00. 9-21-2t

FOR SALE.—Fresh Cow.—CLARENCE KOONTZ, Taneytown, Md.

PUBLIC SALE, Saturday, Sept. 22, at 1 o'clock, in Linwood. Household Furniture.—JOS. ENGLAR, Trustee of Mary E. Royer. (see full adv.)

MY DWELLING PROPERTY for sale, on Fairview Ave. Apply to CHAS. H. CREBS, Taneytown. 9-21-tf

FORD AUTOMOBILE for sale by CHAS. H. CREBS, Taneytown. 9-21-tf

FALL MILLINERY.—Our first shipment of Fall Millinery will arrive Monday, Sept. 24. Opening Display, Saturday, September, 29, 1917.—KOONS BROS., Taneytown.

PEACHES FOR SALE, all next week, at LIND'S ORCHARD, Iron Mountain, \$1.00 per bushel.

FOR SALE.—Rubber-tire Buggy and Set of Harness, both home-made.—CLYDE HESSON, Taneytown.

1 ACRE OF SUGAR CORN Fodder, on the ground, for sale by JERE J. GARNER.

WILL MAKE CIDER and Boil Butter, on Wednesday and Thursday, each week.—FRANK H. OHLER, Telephone 48-11, Taneytown. 9-21-2t

NEW CORN, 400 lbs. to barrel, at \$8 per barrel, for sale by JERE J. GARNER.

FOR SALE.—7 Figs, 6 weeks old.—CLAUDE CONOVER, near Piney Creek Church.

NOTICE.—Beginning October 1st., we will close our Warehouses, at 6 p. m.—TANEYTOWN GRAIN & SUPPLY CO. THE REINDOLLAR CO. 9-21-2t

This Column brings wanted results—Try it!

FOR SALE.—Home-made Buggy, in good condition; will sell cheap for cash.—Apply to JOHN E. NELL, Friesburg. 9-14-tf

FARM FOR RENT, near Uniontown. Possession April 1st, 1918. Apply to MAURICE C. DUTTERA, Taneytown. 14-2t

FOR SALE.—Child's Iron Bed, with brass trimmings, springs and mattress.—MRS. H. B. MILLER, Taneytown. 14-2t

PEACHES for sale at "Wood-Crest" Orchard, 4 miles north of Emmitsburg, on the Fairfield road. Prices right.—D. P. RILEY. 8-31-4t

FOR SALE.—House and Lot of 7 Acres, ½ mile from Uniontown, on Linwood road.—C. H. LEMMON, Linwood, Md. 8-10-tf

OLD IRON, 50¢ per 100, delivered in Taneytown. Rags, Rubber, Copper, Brass, and all kinds of Junk always wanted at best prices.—CHAS. SOMMER, Taneytown. Phone 6-m. 7-1-6mo

DENTISTRY.—DR. A. W. SWEENEY, of Baltimore, will be at the Central Hotel, Taneytown, from Sept. 17, to 22, for the practice of his profession. 8-31-3t

FOR SALE.—Sweet Corn, Vinegar and Corn Beans, at home.—WM. KISER. 8-17-tf

## Has Your Subscription Expired?

Come in and renew it now time you are in town.

Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store.

**Koons Bros.**

DEPARTMENT STORE.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Store Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 p.m.

**MEN!**

We are Ready for You with the New Fall Line of

**CLOTHING, and FURNISHINGS**

We invite every man to see our large assortment of New Fall Suits,

**PINCH BACK and FRENCH STYLE**

**MADE-TO-MEASURE CLOTHING**

Best quality Materials and Guaranteed Fit.

**BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS**

Made of Hard Twisted Wool Cloths, in large assortment of Colors and Styles.

**LADIES' NEW FALL FOOTWEAR**

Beautiful styles, shown as usual in advance. The new Boots are fashionably high cut and built upon graceful and distinctive lines.

**BED BLANKETS HAVE ARRIVED**

From the Cheapest Cotton to the Best Wool. DON'T WAIT. Buy before the best are gone. They cannot be duplicated at the same prices.

**Great Hagerstown Inter-State Fair**

**OCTOBER 9, 10, 11 and 12, 1917**

JUST TO BRING BACK THE MEMORY OF YOUR GORGEOUS TIME AT LAST YEAR'S FAIR AND TO LET YOU KNOW THAT THE BIG FAIR OF 1917 IS TO OUT-SHINE EVERY FAIR EVER HELD IN HAGERSTOWN.

THERE WILL BE NOTHING MISSING FROM THE FAIRS OF OTHER YEARS AND NEW FEATURES NEVER BEFORE SEEN THERE. A BIGGER, BETTER FAIR FOR 1917.

Special Trains and Reduced Rates on W. M. R. R.

FOR INFORMATION OR CATALOG APPLY TO

**Thos. A. Poffenberger, D. H. Staley,**  
President. Secretary.

**TRUSTEES' SALE OF 2 LOTS OF LAND**

in Taneytown, Md., the one Lot improved with a VALUABLE DWELLING HOUSE, formerly owned by Ellen Galt, now deceased.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll County in No. 5002 Equity, wherein Robert G. Galt, et. al., are plaintiffs and Samuel Galt, et. al., are defendants, the undersigned Trustees will offer at Public Sale, on the premises—on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22nd., 1917, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate of which Ellen Galt died, seized and possessed.

(1) All that lot of land situate in Taneytown, Carroll County, Md., fronting 54 feet more or less, on the east side of Baltimore Street, running back 180 feet to a Public Alley and improved with a valuable TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, Stable and other improvements. This property is situated on Baltimore Street, between the Railroad and Square, and formerly occupied by Ellen Galt, now deceased.

(2) All that unimproved Lot of Land containing 10,290 sq. ft., more or less, fronting on Middle Street, in Taneytown, adjoining the dwelling house of John J. Reid, and situate on the rear of the first parcel. Both parcels of land being the same lots described in a deed from James C. Galt to Ellen Galt, et. al., dated January 16th, 1879, and recorded among the land records of Carroll County in Liber F. T. S. No. 51, Folio 11.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third cash upon the day of sale or on the ratification by the Court, and the residue in two equal payments of one and two years from day of sale, or all cash at the option of the purchaser, credit payments to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured by notes of the purchaser with approved security.

IVAN L. HOFF, EDWARD O. WEANT, Trustees. 8-31-4t

IVAN L. HOFF, Attorney.

**1000 Stylish New Suits and Overcoats**

at Carroll Co's Biggest and Only Exclusive Clothing Store

**SHARRER, GORSUCH & STARR,**  
Successors to

**Sharrer & Gorsuch,**  
WESTMINSTER, MD.

Our Suits and Overcoats were bought nearly one year ago at \$3 to \$5 less than same qualities could be bought today.

**Styleplus Guaranteed Suits at \$17**

the greatest Clothing Value in the world.

**Genuine Made-to-Measure Suits**

Select your Pattern—not Samples.

**PRIVATE SALE**

House and Lot situated on Middle St., Taneytown. Good Dwelling with 7 rooms and large pantry. Hot and cold water. Good Summer Kitchen, etc. Large Chicken House, 16x36. Call and look it over, and we'll talk business.

JOHN J. REID.

**Taneytown Grain and Hay Market**

Corrected Weekly on day of publication. Prices paid by The Reindollar Co.

|                       |             |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Wheat.....            | 2.10@2.10   |
| Corn.....             | 1.90@1.90   |
| Rye.....              | 1.60@1.60   |
| Oats.....             | 50@50       |
| Timothy Hay.....      | 12.00@12.00 |
| Mixed Hay.....        | 8.00@10.00  |
| Bundle Rye Straw..... | 9.00@9.00   |

**Baltimore Markets**

|                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Wheat.....        | 2.00@2.15   |
| Corn.....         | 2.00@2.02   |
| Oats.....         | 63@65       |
| Rye.....          | 1.60@1.60   |
| Hay, Timothy..... | 19.00@21.00 |
| Hay, Mixed.....   | 19.00@20.00 |
| Hay, Clover.....  | 16.00@16.50 |
| Potatoes.....     | 1.00@1.15   |

Have on hand 50 head of good young Mules all ages at my stables at Littlestown, Pa. Also some fine Horse and Mare Colts. Come and see them and you can buy them worth the money.

**HARRY A. SPALDING,**  
9-14-3t Littlestown, Pa.