

## BRIEF NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST.

### Gleaned from the County and State and our Exchanges.

4852 recruits for the regular army were added during the month of February, which is held to be very satisfactory.

Turkey in Asia is now being invaded on three sides by the British and Russians, and the Bible lands bid fair to soon be out of Turkish rule. Jerusalem is likely to be soon captured, as the British are advancing rapidly through Palestine, while the Russians are advancing from the Persian side.

Baltimore did a big business, last Sunday, with "inauguration day" trade, all of the hotels being full to the limit. Many are said to have stopped over there, because Washington is "dry," on Sunday, and Baltimore isn't—that is, not "bone dry." Anyway, the crowd was there.

Pennsylvania again has a great Senator in Philander C. Knox, who was sworn in, on Monday, as the successor to Senator Oliver. Senator Knox was Secretary of State in the Taft Cabinet, having resigned as Senator full of honor, and a valuable man to have in our governmental affairs at this particular time.

President Wilson took to his room on Wednesday, with a cold taken about a week ago and made worse during his inauguration Monday. After seeing a group of senators early Wednesday morning and then conferring with Secretary Lansing and Secretary McAdoo he decided to see no more callers and went to his bedroom. His condition is not serious.

Former President Taft has cancelled all other engagements and will make an extensive tour of the South in the interest of a preparedness movement. Mr. Taft is President of the League to Enforce Peace, after the present war has been concluded, and considers that preparation for National defense is now essential to the carrying out of the peace plan. He is in favor of a reasonable form of universal military service.

Persistent reports of failure on the part of teachers and pupils in the public schools in Baltimore to respect or to encourage respect for the Stars and Stripes, and that some of the pedagogues are decidedly unpatriotic in action and teaching, is causing the Board of School Commissioners considerable anxiety just now. It is entirely probable that at the meeting of the board next Wednesday steps will be taken to rectify this condition.

Lewis E. Flook, near Myersville, has a large German Bible, printed in 1765, in an excellent state of preservation. The book, which is a large one, belonged to his wife's great-grandfather and came down from the Warren family. The book had been in the possession of persons in Hagerstown, and Mr. Flook has secured it and will take it to his home near Myersville. Naturally he prizes the book very highly.

It was stated last week, at the Navy Department, that guns and mounts sufficient to arm any reasonable number of American merchant ships are now stored at the Navy Yards. Efficient gunners are lacking, however, unless they are taken from active ships, from which they cannot be spared. Recent figures show that 250 ships under American registry are engaged in Trans-Atlantic trade, but it is estimated that not more than 190 would apply for guns and take the risk of crossing the German submarine zone.

The Emmitsburg Civic League has the honor of being the first organization to contribute to the fund for the erection of the Johnson memorial. Chairman Sterling Galt, of the executive committee, last Friday received \$10 from the club and this amount will be forwarded at once to the association's treasurer, Jacob Rohrbach, and will help form the nucleus of the fund to raise the marker to the distinguished countess. The pupils of the Emmitsburg schools also raised \$3.60 by popular subscription and this money will also be sent to the treasurer by Mr. Galt.

E. McClure Rouser, formerly of Linwood, this county, and son of Mrs. R. Lee Myers, of that place, has been elected treasurer of the Cosden Oil and Gas Company, of which he was formerly the secretary, which position he has also retained. Mr. Rouser is also assistant secretary of Cosden & Co. He is a graduate of Western Maryland College and of the University of Maryland Law School, and has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Baltimore since his admission to the bar, which was about eight years ago. Mr. Rouser has been actively identified with the several Cosden Companies since those concerns have been engaged in the oil and gas business in Oklahoma.

### Marriage Licenses.

Ross I. Heltbride, Uniontown, and Elizabeth R. Wolf, Westminster.  
Jesse P. Sheekles, Medford, and Nellie R. Kountz, Pleasant Valley.  
Sargeant D. Bankert, Taneytown, and Emma R. Brock, Keyman.  
Glenn P. Allen, Asbestos, and Hettie C. Shipley, Patuxent.  
Elbert W. Shipley and Hilda M. Davis, both of Westminster.

Eggs have dropped to 28¢ wholesale, in the Baltimore market, and to about 35¢ in retail stores.

### Damage Done by the Snow.

All over the Middle and Western sections of the state great damage was done by the heavy snow, of Sunday, added to that which had already fallen. In Allegany and Garrett counties the snow was three feet deep, at places, and railroad and all sorts of travel was greatly blocked, and much damage done to telephone and electric wires.

In Frederick and Washington counties the snow reached a depth of from 20 to 24 inches, and the damage to buildings will amount to thousands of dollars. A large garage, in Frederick, was completely wrecked as well as several barns in the county.

In Carroll, the depth of the fall was variously placed up to 18 inches, and said to be the heaviest since 1894. A number of collapsed and sheds of various kinds collapsed in almost all sections of the county; and as the roads were nearly impassable, on Saturday, the added fall, of Sunday, made them all the worse. Rural carriers, hucksters, bakers, and all whose business caused them to use the road, could render only partial service for several days this week.

In Baltimore, it rained, and in the Eastern and Southern counties, the snow was very much lighter, and little inconvenience was experienced.

A snow slide on the roof of the United Brethren church, Littlestown, tore off the chimney of the church, and threw it in a heap on the roof of the back building of St. Aloysius parochial school. The weight of the snow did considerable damage in and about the town. Barns belonging to the following persons were damaged in various ways: Joshua Hann, of Mt. Joy Township; Nicholas Gebhart, and Mr. Champion, of Mt. Pleasant Township, and Edward Snyder, of Littlestown.

### Some Snow, in Calumet, Mich.

We have received the following from Rev. Thurlow W. Null, of Calumet, Mich., which explains itself:

"I am sending you under another cover a photo of the rectory here. There is now 2 ft more snow than at the time of taking, 2 weeks ago. It's still snowing and as yet no thaw. There is not as much snow as last year, but the weather has been much more severe. Just keep this view around for a few days where some of those skeptics may see it, if you don't mind."

The photo will be good to look at, next July and August. Just what was done with the "2 ft more snow", is difficult to imagine, unless they hauled it away with air ships. We have the photo on exhibition in our art gallery.

### Our Big Sale Business.

Last week, the RECORD advertised in full 29 public sales of personal property, and this issue contains 35. Only a few years ago we were begging people to use newspaper advertising, instead of "sale bills," but now they must be begged to use the bills, as a help toward full advertising of a sale. The people are getting wise; and by the way, the RECORD is carrying more than three times as many sales as any other paper in this county.

So far, the RECORD has registered 70 sales, and for nearly all of them has either published the sale in full, or printed bill and cards. This is some sale business, and the gratifying feature is that very many of these sales are not in the vicinity of Taneytown, but are by those who want the benefits of the general circulation of the RECORD.

### Taneytown Gets the Cannery.

The corn canning establishment, for Taneytown, is an assured fact, as A. W. Feeser, of Silver Run, has purchased the old brick plant site, just north of town, and will improve it to suit the business. Mr. Feeser has also acquired about seven acres of land adjoining, and will therefore have ample room for the business, and a switch for loading and unloading cars.

The project is evidently here to stay, as Mr. Feeser is not a rain-bow chaser, but a solid business man, and needs only proper neighborhood encouragement to make the business grow to large proportions, not only for corn, but for peas, beans and tomatoes. Unless we are very greatly mistaken, the right man has located here for a business that is going to be a big benefit to all concerned.

### Mail Order Houses Prosper.

The directors of a large Chicago mail order house recently declared a quarterly dividend of \$2 a share compared with \$1.75 the previous quarter. This puts the stock on an 8 per cent basis. The stockholders have approved the proposition to increase the common stock capitalization from \$60,000,000 to \$75,000,000. The directors have also been authorized to distribute a stock dividend on April 2 the \$15,000,000 new common stock on the basis of one new share for each four now owned.

Thousands and thousands of dollars that are thus going to this mail order house should be spent with home merchants. There is only one effective method to employ in fighting the mail order pests—that is, publicity. The advertising man on a country paper should point out to the local merchants the necessity of advertising their prices and impress on the readers of newspapers the fact that the same goods can be bought from local merchants just as cheaply as from the mail order houses, that the transactions will be far more satisfactory and that the money will remain in the home town and continue in circulation there. Once it goes to a mail order house it never returns. It's up to the publishers to wage a bitter and unrelenting warfare on the mail order houses.—The American Press.

The above may teach the local dealers the power of advertising, but it must also teach mail order buyers that they are paying big profits on their purchases, notwithstanding the claims of artfully contrived catalogues. There is no doubt about it, that this "sending off for things," in very many cases, simply enriches the mail order concern, injures home dealers, and does not benefit the purchaser in the least.

## SENATE REFUSES TO SUSTAIN PRESIDENT

### A New Rule to Shut Off Debate Has Been Adopted.

The Senate, on Sunday, after a twenty-six hour filibuster, failed to accede to the President's request to arm American ships. The twelve members responsible for the refusal were 7 Republicans and 5 Democrats, as follows:

Republicans—Clapp, Minnesota; Cummins and Kenyon, Iowa; Gronn, North Dakota; La Follette, Wisconsin; Norris, Nebraska, and Works, California. Democrats—Kirby, Arkansas; Lane, Oregon; O'Gorman, New York; Stone, Missouri; Vardaman, Mississippi.

Following the action, the President issued a statement in which he placed the responsibility for the situation directly on the few, and appealed to the Senate to so change its rules so that the government of the United States need not be at the mercy of a few malcontents, in an hour of great peril to the country. Seventy-six Senators, 46 Democrats and 30 Republicans, also signed a manifesto declaring their willingness to have voted for the legislation, had they been given the opportunity.

Public sentiment expressed itself overwhelmingly against the opposing Senators, three of whom, Works of California, O'Gorman of New York, and Clapp of Minnesota, went out of office with the close of the session. Stone and La Follette were the leaders of the movement.

Senator Sherman, on Thursday, represented a strong sentiment when he said that the President was making the Senate rules, and a few Senators, scape goats to cover up his own long-standing inaction. That it was hardly fair, now, to demand snap action on a Presidential request of a warlike character, in the face of the fact that the President himself has for almost his entire administration ridiculed preparedness, both in the army and the navy. An amendment to the Senate rules, giving two-thirds of its members the power to shut off dilatory debate and come to a vote, was passed late on Thursday, by a vote of 76 to 3.

### The Times and The Weather.

(For the RECORD.)

In glancing over a paper published in Ohio, I noticed the following advertisement which I copied as curious in these strenuous days of "hard times": "Wanted, a good girl for general house-work; no washing; \$7 per week."

In the same paper we find an item about a sale of property. "The sale at H. E. Sliffe's, on Monday, was largely attended. Everything sold well; corn sold for \$1.46 per bushel; oats 70¢ per bushel; a dairy cow brought \$140, while a high registered cow sold for \$155."

In a Baltimore daily we see a picture of a small dog of the toy variety, that was purchased by a New York society woman, for the modest sum of \$2000. All around that woman are people crying for food, yea, starving. One woman drowned her infant baby because she had no food for herself or baby.

These are terrible incidents, yet we have reason to believe they are only too true.

It is said, "a fair exchange is no robbery." In Somerset, Pa., a merchant offers for 2 bushels of potatoes, the following: 25 lb sack of flour, a pound of coffee, 2 lbs of evaporated peaches, 10 cakes of soap, 100 lbs of oyster shell, a box of poultry powder, 25 lbs of calf meal, and a washboard.

Recently, the famous John D. Rockefeller was uneasy, because his property in Ohio, to the amount of \$331,000,000, might be over-taxed. Would that all the rich who seem to have great power over the poor in many matters, could read Hebrews 13: 5.

There was a census taken in the United States, in the year 1916, not officially, but in such a manner that it may be nearly correct, showing that our country, with its outlying possessions, now numbers 111,000,000, nearly three times the population of Europe.

Incidentally, we want to mention in connection with the population, that in a Pennsylvania town, there were several hundred men examined, and out of every hundred, only 40 measured up to the standard required to be a soldier to defend the Stars and Stripes.

Truly, this is a severe winter. One of my correspondents in Vermont reports snow 6 feet on the level; while one in Florida, the land of oranges, has experienced winter weather. He is originally from Ohio. We will give the letter in his own words:

"Feb. 2, we had rain in the morning, the wind changed from South to Northwest. It got cold and blew hard for 24 hours, and on Saturday morning we had a frost that froze the fruit trees. Thousands of boxes of oranges are gone. Grape fruit is not much hurt. The damage to oranges will reach millions of dollars. On the east coast, where the tomato fields are, it is claimed the loss is over \$5,000,000. The cold wave lasted 3 days. The Sun has again warmed up, and the doors are open—Summer is here again."

We hear of the blizzard in the north. It was 12 degrees below freezing here, and some people were afraid to venture out. There are some natives here who never saw snow. I suppose if it would snow as it does up north, others would think the end of time is at hand."

J. ALBERT ZEPF.

### "Giving to the Church."

We have heretofore mentioned "A Friendly Message" issued by Prof. S. C. Hoover, of Silver Run, to the members of his own church. As this "message" is so simply and convincingly presented, and as it is one that is of close interest to the members of all churches, we are very glad that Mr. Hoover acceded to our request to make use of it. It will be found on the editorial page of this issue.

### Proceedings Board of Education.

At the regular meeting of the Carroll County Board of Education, held in the office of the Board on Wednesday, March 7, 1917, all members were present except Commissioner Hopkins. The meeting was called to order at 10.15 a. m. After the reading and approval of the minutes of the previous meetings the regular order of business was taken up. The presentation and passing of the unpaid bills was first taken up; and it was moved, seconded and passed that all bills be paid. Consideration of the report of the County Commissioners, reading as follows, was taken up:

Gentlemen: In response to your communication of the 21st inst., the Board of Carroll County, begs to say that it has decided not to levy more than forty cents on the one hundred dollars on the assessable basis for taxation whatever that basis may be, for schools or educational purposes, that being the amount limited by law in Sec. 24, of Chap. 508 of the Acts of 1916.

And this Board respectfully suggests that in making up your budget for this year your board will keep within said limit.

MARTIN D. HESS,

Clerk to the Commissioner.

It was moved, seconded and passed that the following resolution be adopted by the Board and published in the County papers:

Resolved, That whereas, we, the Board of Education of Carroll County have been presented with facts showing the deplorable conditions of different schools of the County, and large delegations of citizens and tax-payers of Hampstead, New Windsor, Westminster, Myers District, and Sykesville, having come before us asking that this Board give them proper, adequate and suitable places in which to teach their children;

WHEREAS, The reports sent to us by the State Board of Education, Supervising Principal of Schools of Westminster, and the Health Department of the State of Maryland, as also many written complaints from all parts of Carroll County, showing the deplorable conditions of the schools of the County;

WHEREAS, We believing from these reports, that it is necessary to make these repairs and changes, and recognizing the fact that it will cost more money than usual, we have asked the County Commissioners to supply this extra money;

WHEREAS, The County Commissioners have advised us that they will allow but 40¢ on the 1917 levy for use of the schools of Carroll County, and we believing that this amount from said levy will necessarily have to be used to pay the increased, general running, expenses of the County, and also used to pay the debt of \$12,000 of previous years and handed down to the present Board. Therefore, be it resolved, That we, the Board of Education, will with which to build and repair the schools, as we think necessary and not having any way to get funds except through the County Commissioners, we decline to build any new school buildings during 1917 or repair on any large scale any of the schools of this County.

Bids from the various repair men, who answered the advertisement the Board recently inserted in the county papers, were read to the Board, and in this connection the question of purchasing a Ford runabout for repairing purposes, was discussed, and it was moved, seconded and passed that President Wantz and Superintendent Unger be appointed a committee to purchase the Ford runabout and to employ a man, this man to begin work April 1st, 1917.

The report on the High Schools of Carroll County by Dr. Stephens, State Superintendent of Education, was read to the Board, and Superintendent Unger, also in this connection presented to the Board a plea for the inauguration of various changes in the Westminster High School, emphasizing especially the additional space that would be necessary by the year forced upon the Board by the demands of this report.

The matter of adjusting the insurance on account of the fire in the Westminster High School building, was left to the discretion of Superintendent Unger and Mr. Erb. Consideration of the insurance policies, and the additional amount of insurance that has recently been placed, was brought to the attention of the Board and approved by them.

The question of advertising for bids on coal needed for another year, was discussed, and it was moved, seconded and passed that the Board advertise for bids on coal this month.

The question of paying teachers for the time lost in the beginning of the term for infantile paralysis was next discussed, and it was moved, seconded and passed that the Board pay the teachers, and require no extra time of them.

The application of Miss Laura Sellman for a teacher's pension was discussed, and it was moved, seconded and passed that the pension be granted so far as the Board is concerned.

The matter of a High School salary schedule was next taken up and it was moved, seconded and passed that the schedule be adopted.

Applications for funds for library purposes from Robert H. Kuhns, Emory School, and Lydia C. Selby, of Bird Hill School, were presented, and it was moved, seconded and passed that the Board contribute \$10.00 to each school for purposes designated.

Mr. Paul Reese came before the Board and presented plans for a two-room building which could be built for \$5,000, and requested that if the Board had any definite building in view which was not already in building, he would like very much to submit plans for it.

### Annual Statement P. R. R.

The seventeenth annual statement of the Pennsylvania Railroad lines deals in big figures and big facts, from which we condense the following:

It shows a net income of \$52,276,504, which sum, after applying \$2,138,959 to sinking and reserve fund, represented 10 per cent of the capital stock.

After paying the usual 6 per cent dividend, about \$13,000,000 millions were appropriated for betterments, grade work, various loss charges, etc., there was a net balance of \$5,522,707.

The total property investment is given at \$1,743,308,737. Over \$49,000,000 were spent during 1916 for equipment on lines east and west of Pittsburgh, including 264 locomotives, 403 passenger cars, and 6252 freight cars.

There are 90,388 stockholders, whose average holdings are 110 shares each, all of which are held in the United States except less than 3 per cent.

The Company paid taxes in 1916 amounting to \$9,022,399, an increase of nearly a million and a half in the year. The number of tons of freight carried increased 16 per cent, and the passengers carried 16 per cent, and the operating expense also increased 16 per cent. In figures, the increase in operating expense for the entire system was \$334,461,326.

## THE GERMAN WAR PLANS IN MEXICO

### Direct Wireless Communications. Germans Entering Mexico.

Apparently trustworthy advices are that a powerful wireless plant has been established in Mexico City, by which direct communication is had with Germany. An investigation has been ordered. If true, this is a very serious situation and may suddenly call for war on Mexico.

In connection with this, the large number of Germans going from the United States into Mexico, daily, is significant. During the past week there has been a steady stream of them entering through San Antonio, El Paso, Eagle Pass and other points along the border.

From semi-official sources information has reached Washington that secret meetings are being held by Germans in Vera Cruz, and Monterey, to determine upon uniform action by Germans in Mexico in the event of an outbreak of war between the United States and Germany.

### Dr. France Now Senator.

Dr. Joseph I. France, Republican, succeeded Senator Blair Lee, Democrat, on Monday, as United States Senator for Maryland. The event was signaled by the attendance of the Maryland Republican members of the House, a number of prominent state leaders and their wives, also the wife and father and mother of Dr. France.

Standing with Dr. France when the oath was administered were three other newly elected Senators—Ashurst, of Arizona; Calder, of New York, and Culberson, of Texas. They responded jointly to the oath of office as it was repeated by Vice-President Marshall. When Senator France's name was called, Senator Smith arose from his seat, looked around the Senate chamber and walked over to Dr. France, who was seated some distance away between Senator Lee, whom he succeeded, and Senator Bankhead, of Alabama. Senator Smith then escorted Maryland's new Senator to a position in front of the Vice-President's rostrum.

### German Plots in U. S.

A whole nest of German plots were revealed this week, beginning with the arrest of F. Klob, in Brooklyn, and the finding of a lot of bombs in his room in Hoboken, N. J., there being strong suspicion that he is a German reservist, and that he is part of a gang ready to engage in destruction in this country.

Chandra Makrabesty, a Hindoo woman, was arrested in New York, believed to be the brains of a German conspiracy in the U. S. A large lot of secret documents were found in her possession, relating to a plot to cause rebellion in India against the British.

A New York newspaper correspondent, who was sent to Cuba to report the rebellion there, claims to have discovered information that the uprising in Cuba was part of the German-Mexican plot against the United States, and that German reservist troops in this country were to aid Carranza against the U. S., under German officers. Also, that the scheme is not dead, by any means, but that hundreds of Germans from this country have recently entered Mexico, to be used, if the occasion arises, against us.

German agents in Colombia and Venezuela, South America, are said to be taking every opportunity to embitter Colombians and Venezuelans against this country, reviving scores connected with old settlements between those countries and the United States, likely for the purpose of endangering Panama and making the Canal a special point for our defense in case of war.

There are other rumors afloat, indicating that various pro-German agencies are working on various schemes to embarrass this country, in case of war, but which are being carefully watched by the U. S. secret service.

### Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, March 5th., 1917.—Charles A. Baker, executor of Jacob Baker, deceased, settled his first account.

TUESDAY, March 6th., 1917.—Anna R. Poole, administratrix of Llewellyn S. Poole, deceased, reported sale of personal property and settled her first and final account.

Margaret M. Stauffer, administratrix of Claud S. Stauffer, deceased, returned an inventory of debts due.

Sarah C. Valentine, executrix of George S. Valentine, deceased, received an order to sell real estate.

Ivan L. Hoff, executor of Joseph B. Shipley, deceased, reported sale of real estate on which the Court granted an order nisi.

Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph A. Waesche, deceased, were granted unto Maud E. Waddell, who received an order to notify creditors.

J. Marshall Melvin, administrator c. t. a. of Adam Brennenman, deceased, settled his first and final account.

### Say Just What You Mean.

The following advice is given, in a linotype journal, to correspondents who are inclined toward the use of elongated words and sentences:

"In promulgating your esoteric cogitations or articulating your superficial sentimentalities and amiable or philosophic observations, beware of platitudinous ponderosity.

Let your conversational communications possess a clarified conciseness and a compacted comprehensiveness and cogency. Eschew all conglomerations of flatulent garrulity and affectations. Let your extemporaneous descantings and unpremeditated expatiations have intelligibility and vigorous vivacity without bombast; sedulously avoid polysyllabic profundity, pompous prolixity, verbosity, and rapidity.

In other words, talk plainly, briefly, naturally. Say what you mean, mean what you say, and don't use big words."

### Wilson's Second Inauguration.

Washington, March 5.—Probably 50,000 persons saw President Wilson repeat on the east front of the Capitol today the oath of fidelity he took yesterday in the building itself. He came out to the east from the Senate chamber, where he had participated in the inauguration of Thomas R. Marshall, the first Vice President to succeed himself since John C. Calhoun. He delivered his inaugural address, and then went to the reviewing stand, where he reviewed a military and civic parade that lasted four hours, in which 19,000 men were in line.

This ended the official ceremonies. There was no inaugural ball. The parade was only about half as long as that of four years ago, the smallest in fact, in many years. There was no ostentation, no fuss and feathers. The whole desire of everything in authority was to minimize, not to accentuate, the spectacular and the picturesque. It was necessary that the function be gone through with, but it was not necessary to emphasize it—that was the feeling which supplied the keynote.

It was not a festive occasion, it was not a holiday, it was not a merry making, and to pretend that it was any of these things would have made the occasion grotesque; that was the governing sentiment of everybody from the President down through all the grades of officials to the secret service and the police. In other and more fortunate times inaugural day has been an innocent spree by the American people—a day of light heart and carefree heads, a sort of political new year's eve, in which the old was rung out and the new rung in.

Governor Harrington headed the Maryland division in the parade, which consisted of the First and Fourth Regiments in addition to Troop A. In addition to the military Maryland was represented in the inaugural parade by a delegation of about 1,000 foreign-born citizens, Poles, Bohemians and others, who seized the opportunity to testify their loyalty to the country of their adoption.

Precautions such as have not been observed in Washington within the memory of living man were taken today to safeguard the life of the President during his reinauguration. All the usual police preventive measures were taken, but these, sufficient in normal times, were not considered sufficient today and unusual steps were taken by those officials upon whom devolved the responsibility of endeavoring to get the President safely from the White House to the Capitol and back.

Besides the stationing of two regiments of New York national guardsmen, the Twelfth and Sixty-ninth Regiments, fresh from service on the Mexican border, along both sides of the mile stretch of asphalt extending from the White House to the Capitol, 2,500 soldiers, in addition to hundreds of policemen, special policemen, detectives and Boy Scouts, the unprecedented precaution was taken to station pickets and sharpshooters on top of the Treasury and other government buildings to watch the crowds. These sharpshooters were prepared to fire on any man making a hostile move toward the President's carriage. Still another precaution was the stationing of policemen on horseback in the crowd facing the stand where the President took the oath and delivered his inaugural address at the east front of the Capitol.

### The Organization of Congress.

As the five independents in the House show a disposition to "boss" the organization of the House, the Democrats and Republicans are likely to get together and organize it on a non-partisan basis, and leave the little monopoly out in the cold. The proposition is to re-elect Speaker Clarke, and to divide the Committees and other perquisites equally between the two parties.

Moreover, the leaders of both parties are in a patriotic frame of mind, and do not want to get into any partisan tangle that may embarrass the President. The Republicans, also, are not anxious to assume full responsibility connected with the big war debt that will result from the present crisis, and see the advantage of a divided rulership in the lower branch of Congress. Besides, they think party harmony will be best secured if there are no antagonisms for the speakership.

An extra session of Congress not later than June, now is generally conceded among officials to be assured. Although President Wilson has not given any definite indication that he has finally abandoned his hope that an extra session might be avoided, there is an almost unanimous sentiment among Senators, Representatives and officials of the executive department that one must be called. They declare that even if the international situation does not demand it, Congress must come back to complete its legislative program and fill up gaps in the Government's financial scheme caused by failure of some of the more important appropriation measures.

### Postoffices and the Merit System.

It is announced in Washington that after April 1, by Executive order, postmasters of the first, second and third classes will come under the merit system. That postmasters now in office will serve out their four-year term for which they were appointed, but after that the President will fill each vacancy by the appointment of the man making the highest grade in examinations which will be arranged.

Many Democratic members of Congress are opposed to the scheme, while Postmaster General Burleson favors it. They declare that the result will be the appointment of many Republicans; and also that the party worker, who wants reward for this services, may be beaten by those who have paid more attention to educational matters than to politics. It is intimated, too, that the President is willing to temporize with Republicans, at this point, in order to give certain administration matters clearer sailing in the next Congress, the political complexion of which is now so uncertain.

U. S. Marines have landed at Santiago, Cuba, to take charge of disturbances there.



## THE CARROLL RECORD

(NON-PARTISAN.)  
Published every Friday, at Taneytown  
Md., by The Carroll Record Printing  
and Publishing Company.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager

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ADVERTISING rates will be given on ap-  
plication, after the character of the business  
has been definitely stated, together with in-  
formation as to space, position, and length of  
contract. The publisher reserves the privi-  
lege of declining all offers for space.

All advertisements for 2nd, 3rd, 6th and  
7th pages must be in our office by Tuesday  
morning each week; otherwise, insertion  
cannot be guaranteed until the following  
week.

Entered at Taneytown Postoffice as Second  
Class Matter.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9th., 1917.

All articles on this page are either  
original, or properly credited. This has al-  
ways been a fixed policy with this office, and we  
suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

After Results of the War.

It seems almost impossible for the Eu-  
ropean war—or the world-wide war—to  
continue over another winter. The de-  
pletion of finances, and men; the almost  
universal suffering of those not directly  
engaged, and the general opposition of  
the masses to the continuance of the de-  
struction of property and slaughter of  
lives, will surely cause an end to hos-  
tilities during this year. At any rate, it  
seems timely to consider just what val-  
ues changes for the better are to result  
from the calamity; for surely, good in some  
large measure must come out of it all.  
Apparently, there are good grounds de-  
veloping for three distinct results—great  
results:

First, a death-blow to the liquor traffic  
in Europe. The remarkable results of  
liquor restriction in Russia, alone, seem  
to justify this conclusion. The savings  
of the people there have been many  
millions in excess of the loss of revenue  
to the government, and even during war.  
In all of the European countries, some  
form of prohibition has been established,  
and the results have been tremendously  
against the sale and use of liquors; and  
these will become still more apparent  
when the people have the time to figure  
them out and consider them. Europe is  
likely to be sober, in more ways than one,  
after the war.

Thousands of people are starving, and  
suffering, even now, for the want of the  
millions of bushels of grain that each year  
go into the manufacture of drink, and  
they are finding out the truth as never  
before. Every barrel of beer and whis-  
key made, is at the higher cost of living  
of every consumer of food. Not only  
through reducing purchasing ability  
in the waste of money, but in the higher  
cost of food through diverting natural  
food into liquors. The war is a great  
school bringing out heretofore unrealized  
truths. The liquor business is doomed.

Second, there is a very strong belief that  
the end of monarchism is sure. It may  
be that the last Emperors and Czars are  
serving their time. At any rate, some  
form of Democracy, in fact, must come  
out of the war. The peace of the world  
can no longer rest on the whims, or plots,  
or ambitions, of individuals. It is incon-  
ceivable that the masses—who are always  
for peace, everywhere—will continue to  
let the power of declaring war to rest with  
Emperors, and the people continue to be  
underlings and dumb followers. It is per-  
haps too much to expect a United States  
of Europe, but in some way the same  
general condition—a condition of popular  
sovereignty—appears to be an inevitable  
outcome.

And third, a great religious revival.  
The recognition of a forgotten God, such  
as the world has never seen. A follow-  
ing of the Prince of peace, from far and  
near, which the weakened forces of evil  
will not be able to stand against.

These results, or something approach-  
ing them—or perhaps even greater ones—  
must surely come. God must be in this  
terrible conflict, somewhere, somehow,  
working out his will in ways that we do  
not understand. Any belief short of this  
would leave the world in chaos, without  
a faith in God, without anything worth  
building a hope of Heaven and immor-  
tality on.

Advice to Farmers.

It is rather amusing—all this advice  
that is being handed out to farmers, these  
days, by newspapers and the multitude  
in general that wants cheaper living. The  
advice is given that more acres be planted,  
as though that was the simplest sort of  
proposition; and that the raising of big  
or little crops is largely a matter resting  
entirely with the whims of farmers.

Then, along comes the other fellow, who  
says—Don't put out more acres, simply  
make the regular amount produce bigger  
crops. Another intimation that the far-  
mer is a fellow full of queer notions, and  
can raise much or little per acre, just as  
he feels like. One would think that some  
of these wise men would feel like tackling  
such an easy job themselves, instead of  
just telling George to do it.

Very few seem to realize that the far-  
mer has been "humping" himself, for  
years, to do his very best. That he does

not know it all, is a sure thing, but that  
he is learning pretty fast how to increase  
both his products and profits is another  
sure thing, and he does not need advice  
nearly so much as he needs more help  
and increased facilities. Besides, there  
is really no law requiring farmers to un-  
derly break himself down, just in order to  
feed the people.

What this country most needs is more  
farms. Smaller farms, and more actual  
farm owners and workers. There are too  
many big farms, operated by tenants—  
too many held for investments, to make  
a good living for two or more dependents.  
A lot of the people who are telling far-  
mers what to do, had better try the job  
themselves—get out and make things  
grow, if they can.

It seems not to have dawned on a lot  
of people that farmers tickle the soil for  
the purpose of making money, and not  
for healthful exercise, nor from a philan-  
thropic desire to feed a hungry world.  
That people must eat, and must pay for  
what they eat, are capitalized facts, and  
farmers have known all about them for  
quite a long time; so, telling a farmer to  
raise more produce, is like telling a boy  
to pick up more candy, who is already pick-  
ing it up as fast as he can—and not throw-  
ing it away after he has it.

Good Roads A Necessity.

The advantage of good roads has been  
markedly shown to Taneytown, this  
winter, as well as to everybody in this  
section of the county. The road to  
Westminster has been in fine open shape,  
all winter, without much interruption to  
bus or other travel, no matter what the  
weather conditions were. Farmers along  
this road were always ready to reach  
market for their products—ready to take  
advantage of prices, whenever it suited  
them to do so.

In every other direction there was the  
complaint of "bad roads," not only for  
travel and hauling, but for doctors, the  
mail men, butchers and bakers. Good  
roads cost a lot of money, but they are  
worth it. In fact, while we complain  
that they "cost too much," we really  
don't mean it to the extent that once  
they are here, we would be willing to  
have them taken away again.

State roads—at least main roads—must  
come, all over this section of the state.  
It is not fair to taxpayers as a whole for  
certain sections to be favored to the ex-  
clusion of others. There should be neither  
"politics" nor "pull," in the matter of  
improved roads, but our county should  
be covered fairly with them, either by  
state or county aid, or both.

This end of the county will be specially  
favored, this year, in the completion of  
the state road to Emmitsburg, and the  
county macadam road to Keymer. The  
latter should be extended to Littlestown,  
and almost surely will be, in a few years;  
and the road to Uniontown and on to  
Westminster should follow. In fact,  
there are dozens of main roads in the  
county that ought to be made hard and  
permanent.

Muzzle the Senate.

The whole country will back up Presi-  
dent Wilson in demanding a change in  
the Senate rules, by which a majority  
can shut off debate and come to a vote.  
Perhaps the European war, for which  
all are anxiously looking for the good that  
may come out of it, may be the means  
of giving to this country the power of legis-  
lation free from what is commonly known  
as "filibustering," and this in itself would  
be a blessing, worth a lot of cost.

And if, in connection with the "fil-  
buster," the "pork barrel" system of  
iniquitous legislation could be killed, this  
country would have two great things to  
be thankful for, as a result of the war.  
The fact that more than 500 members of  
Congress, out of a total of 531, cannot  
legislate in this land of ours, is surely  
a clear illustration of an evil calling for  
prompt remedy, no matter it be a long  
known and long existing evil, and one  
involving our moss-grown "Senatorial  
courtesy."

Chiefs of Our Army and Navy.

Upon Major-General Hugh L. Scott,  
Chief of the General Staff of the United  
States Army, and upon Admiral William  
S. Benson, President of the General Board  
of the United States Navy, will fall the  
main responsibilities of organizing the  
military and naval forces of the nation  
for a successful conduct of operations in  
the event of war. Both officers are men  
of energy, sound judgment, and ripe ex-  
perience, and both enjoy the confidence  
of the President. They are also surrounded  
by a corps of the most capable officers,  
and are all well able to properly handle  
the military situation at one of the most  
critical times in the nation's history.—  
From "Organizers of our Army and  
Navy," in the American Review of Re-  
views for March, 1917.

Sloan's Liniment For Rheumatism.

The torture of rheumatism, the pains  
and aches that make life unbearable are  
relieved by Sloan's Liniment, a clean clear  
liquid that is easy to apply and more ef-  
fective than musky plasters or ointments,  
because it penetrates quickly without rub-  
bing. For the many pains and aches fol-  
lowing exposure, strains, sprains and  
muscle soreness, Sloan's Liniment is  
promptly effective. Always have a bottle  
handy for gout, lumbago, toothache,  
backache, stiff neck, and all external  
pains. At druggists, 25c.  
Advertisement.

Giving to the Church.

(By consent of Rev. S. C. Hoover, of Silver  
Run Reformed Church, we publish the follow-  
ing splendid article on a topic that ought to  
interest everybody. Mr. Hoover had a little  
booklet printed, consisting of this "Friendly  
Message" for circulation among his own peo-  
ple, and had no thought of its being given  
wider publicity, and consented to give it only  
at our special request.—ED. RECORD.)

"I am quite well aware that the sub-  
ject which I am about to discuss with you  
is one which many church members  
would rather not be troubled with. I  
wonder why this is so? I wonder whether  
it may be due to the fact that they do  
not have a worthy idea as to what their  
giving to the support of the church and  
the work of extending the Kingdom of  
Christ really is? If you will bear with  
me I would like to tell you what I think  
we should have in mind when we make  
our offerings to the Lord.

In the first place, I am not surprised  
that people do not like to be told that  
they owe a debt. I do not wonder that  
church members feel uncomfortable in  
being reminded that because of what the  
church has done for them, and because  
of what the church means to them, they  
owe to it a debt, and that in giving their  
money they are only paying a debt which  
they ought to feel honor bound to pay.  
We have many things which we cannot  
pay for with money. No one, for ex-  
ample, would think of paying with  
money for all that father and mother has  
given him, or meant to him. What have  
we received from the church of Christ?  
We might more easily answer the ques-  
tion, What is there which we hold as a  
priceless possession which we did not re-  
ceive from and through the church? All  
that is truest and best in life, all that God  
and His Son Jesus Christ is and means  
for us, all our hopes and aspirations for  
the future, all this and much more the  
church has preserved through the past  
ages and has given to us. This we can-  
not pay for with money; they are God's  
great gifts to us. Our giving then is not  
primarily the payment of a debt we owe.

But while we may be relieved from the  
thought that our giving is to be consid-  
ered as the payment of a debt for what  
we have received from the church in the  
past, it has sometimes been presented  
that church members should feel that  
they are under obligation to perpetuate  
the church and advance the Kingdom.  
The present and future needs of the church  
are emphasized. That there is need of  
money, both for local church expenses  
and for spreading the gospel, no one  
doubts nor disputes. But to regard our  
giving as though we were discharging an  
obligation or duty resting upon us, I do  
not consider the truest or highest estimate  
we can place upon it. Giving because it  
is felt to be an obligation or duty, is not  
likely to be cheerfully done, and we are  
told that God loves a cheerful giver.

Now, I am going to tell you what I  
think is a higher motive for giving than  
either of these. I believe that we should  
all give more cheerfully and worthily if  
we thought of our giving as an act of  
worship. We worship God when we show  
our regard for Him. There are many  
ways in which we can do this, but surely  
not the least way in which we can declare  
our regard and love for God is to give to  
Him that which we value. With such a  
thought in mind, our gift becomes the  
means of expressing our devotion to God  
and our desire to honor Him. But per-  
haps some one will ask, How am I to con-  
sider giving to the church as giving to  
God? Well, let us think about this a  
little. We believe that Jesus came into  
the world to do the works of the Father.  
Did He not say: "My meat is to do the  
will of Him that sent me, and to accom-  
plish His work." "I must work the works  
of Him that sent me." "If I do not the  
works of my Father, believe me not," and  
"the Father abiding in me doeth His  
works?" Now, before Jesus ascended  
into heaven he charged his followers to  
continue his works, which, as we have  
seen, were the Father's works. He had  
already declared: "He that believeth on  
me, the works that I do shall he do also."  
Jesus' followers and those that believed  
on him became the church that bears his  
name. So then the works which the  
church is charged to do are the Father's  
works and giving to the support of the  
works of God, is, in reality giving to  
God. Our gifts to the work of the church  
may thus be considered genuine acts of  
worship, because in them we may express  
our regard for God and our desire to  
honor and glorify Him. I believe that  
when this conception of giving shall be  
held, it will not only result in larger giv-  
ing, but in what will be worth much  
more, and that is in more cheerful giving.

But, I can almost imagine I hear some  
one say, "This is not a very comforting  
thought to me; I can not begin to show  
my regard for God by my gift, because I  
have so little to give." Let me hasten to  
correct any such mistake. Let me point  
such an one to the words of St. Paul. In  
speaking of making offerings to the Lord's  
work, he says, "For if the readiness is  
there, it is acceptable according as a man  
hath, and not according as he hath not."  
No gift, however small, fails to glorify  
God if that gift truly represents our desire  
to worship Him in the giving of it. Think  
of that beautiful scene when Jesus saw  
the poor widow casting her mite into the  
temple treasury. It was only a small gift  
but Jesus said it was great in God's sight  
because she did not have much to give  
and that mite represented her living. She  
did what she could, and when we have  
done that, we may rest well assured that  
our gift is pleasing to Him.

I am strongly of the opinion that this  
is the only standard we ought to have  
when we try to answer the question as to  
how much we ought to give to the church.  
We should think first of all of our gift as  
an act of worship, an act declaring our  
regard for God, and an act which will  
show that we are truly concerned in do-  
ing the work that Jesus gave to his fol-  
lowers to do. Next we should consider  
what we have—how much God has pros-  
pered us, and then, on the basis of our  
possessions, determine how much of what  
we have will truly express our regard for  
God. Five cents a week will be, in some  
cases, a more nearly perfect act of wor-  
ship than five dollars in other cases, be-  
cause it comes out of very small possessions,  
while the other comes out of very large  
possessions and does not represent the  
same degree of devotion. I am very cer-  
tain that if we keep this thought before  
us we will not only have a more truly  
christian view of giving, but we will be  
saved from many errors with reference to  
the whole subject. May I here point out  
some thoughts which I have heard ex-  
pressed and which I believe are most  
serious mistakes.

Recently, I heard a church member  
say, "I might be able to give one hun-  
dred dollars a year towards the support of  
the church, but I will not do it because  
we have many members who are just as  
able to give as I am, and they are doing  
so little." It is easily seen that this  
position does not grow out of thinking of

giving as an act of worship. The small  
giving of others may grow out of a narrow  
and selfish spirit which is not pleasing to  
God, and we are no more pleasing to  
Him than they if we permit their selfish  
spirits to determine our acts. When we  
think of our giving as the expression of  
our own regard for God we will not be  
concerned with what others give. Each  
one of us must render an account of our  
own stewardship.

I also heard a church member say, "I  
think I will transfer my membership to  
another church. I understand it does  
not cost so much to belong there as it  
does in the church where I am a mem-  
ber." This attitude must be due to  
thinking of giving as a debt, or obliga-  
tion. I do not believe that any church  
can fix the amount which its members  
shall contribute. I am glad that our  
church does not attempt to do this. Our  
constitution simply asks that each mem-  
ber shall "contribute liberally and in  
proportion to his means." No church  
dare ask less than that, and any church  
that does ask less is taking away from its  
members the thought of giving as an act  
of worship. I do not think it is a good  
sign when people want to belong to a  
certain church because it is cheap, for in  
all probability it has a cheap gospel, a  
cheap Christ and a cheap heaven. No  
one can buy more of the grace of God in  
one church than in another for the same  
amount of money, for it is not for sale in  
either.

Then I have heard of people who de-  
cide to give to the church on the basis of  
what they can easily spare; what they  
will not miss. It is very clear that such  
people have no thought of worshipping  
God with their offering. I do not believe  
we are honoring God if we give to Him  
and His work only what we feel we are  
not going to need to satisfy our earthly  
desires. Jesus always insisted that his  
true disciples would make sacrifices and  
a sacrifice is something which is felt. To  
give only what we will not miss is no sac-  
rifice. We are not showing a very high  
regard for God if we give to Him what we  
can easily get along without.

I believe too, there may become church  
members who feel that the church does  
not mean a great deal to them; they are  
somewhat indifferent and do not take a  
deep interest in the church. Now, I can  
conceive that in some cases this may be  
due to the church itself, but I am inclined  
to think it is more frequently due to the  
fact that such people put so little into the  
church. You would not expect a man  
who invests a dollar in a gold mine to  
take as much interest in that mine and  
be as much concerned about it as if he  
invested one thousand dollars. It is quite  
true that where our treasure is, there our  
heart will be too, and I firmly believe that  
our church would mean more to us and  
God would mean more to us if we made  
the largest possible investments of time  
and money for the work of the Kingdom.

Now, these are just a few observations  
on a subject about which we perhaps do  
not think as often as we should and which  
is, however, of very great importance. I  
hope that I may have helped you, each  
one, to look at the matter in the highest  
and best light. I am going to leave the  
whole subject with you for prayerful con-  
sideration without calling special atten-  
tion to the needs of our local church, or  
the needs of the fields into which we are  
trying to bring the gospel of Jesus. If  
you, along with the other members of  
our church, will accept this higher prin-  
ciple of giving and avoid the errors I have  
pointed out, I am sure that all of our part  
of God's work will be cared for and He  
will be honored by our gifts. I have just  
one final word of caution. Do not wait  
to see if others are going to adopt the prin-  
ciple, for they may be waiting to see if you  
adopt it and the result will be that it will  
not be adopted at all. If it seems reason-  
able, and right, and just, and true, then  
make it your own, whatever others may  
do. If others fail to win the favor of God  
by nursing a selfish spirit, that is no rea-  
son why you should fail too.

Lincoln Highway Aeronautics.

Cross-country flying over the Lincoln  
Aerial Highway is expected to be the  
first result obtained in the movement of  
developing aeronautics in this country.  
Air craft abroad have been brought to a  
high state of efficiency in the past two  
years and tremendous possibilities for  
them are promised by those in authority.  
Fast passenger, freight and mail service  
are entirely practical and the government  
is deeply interested in the project from a  
military standpoint.

Commenting on the situation Lieutenant  
Col. George O. Squire, U. S. A., head  
of the aviation section of the army, says:  
"It occurs to me that since we have the  
Lincoln Highway laid out for automob-  
iles, why couldn't we go along the same  
route and have reserve landings with gaso-  
line and mechanics and 'first aid' in  
each of these reservations, so that one can  
start across the continent and have a Lin-  
coln Airway over the Lincoln Highway?"

One of the largest and most efficient  
organizations working on a national scale,  
upon a project of patriotic and economic  
interest to the whole country, does busi-  
ness the year around without a cent of  
recompense to its members for their ser-  
vices. Those comprising the organization  
are the State, County and Local Consuls  
of the Lincoln Highway Association.

In the 98 counties of the 11 states tra-  
versed by the Lincoln Highway in its  
3,300-mile route between New York and  
San Francisco there are now 211 regularly  
appointed Consuls of the National Organi-  
zation located at various points along the  
way. The major number of them have  
held the position of Lincoln Highway  
Consul since the proclamation and estab-  
lishment of the transcontinental route in  
1913.

Road improvement as exemplified by  
the Lincoln Highway makes a wide ap-  
peal as the private vocations of the Lin-  
coln Highway Consuls indicate. Among  
them are found bankers, lawyers, farmers,  
merchants, in fact, representative mem-  
bers of every walk of American life. Each  
of them gives freely of his time to the  
Lincoln Highway as an object of common  
interest. Practically all of the Lincoln  
Highway Consuls are men of state-wide  
influence and some of national promi-  
nence.—Exchange.

## HESSON'S DEPARTMENT STORE

### We Are Prepared? Are You?

Are YOU prepared for the demands of the HOUSE  
CLEANING and MOVING SEASON, with all its neces-  
sities? WE are well prepared with a Full Stock of all  
such Goods.

<b>Carpets</b> Our line of these is made up of a fine lot of Brussels, Ingrain, Rag and Cottage Carpets, in attractive designs. We can save you money on these. Come and look them over.	<b>Matting Rugs</b> Just the thing for an inexpensive and sanitary floor covering. See our line of these 9x12 ft. Rugs.
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<b>Brussels Rugs</b> We have just received a new lot of Brussels Rugs size 9x12 ft. in very beautiful designs at the lowest price possible.	<b>Matting</b> A new shipment of these has already arrived and more are to follow. Our line of these promises to be as attrac- tive as ever.
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<b>Window Shades</b> We always carry a full line of Win- dow Shades and are prepared to fur- nish your house with any size at a rea- sonable price.	<b>Linoleums</b> Don't fail to see our line of Linole- ums before making your selection. We have a wide variety of patterns of that good grade at prices that are right.
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## Spring Clothes For Men

TAYLOR'S New Style Book has arrived, and they show a  
large variety of Up-to-date Samples, at a Big Value.

We also have a very attractive line of Ready-made Clothing  
for Spring, which it will pay you to look over.

If you are on the market for an Easter Suit, see us now.  
Don't put it off.

Store Closes at 6 p. m., Monday, Wednesday and Friday

THE BIRNIE TRUST CO.,  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

Said a stranger, "I would like to have something  
to eat, but I am not very hungry. All I want is a  
little corn pone."  
"Come right in," she said, "Ef cawn pone is all  
what yu wants yu cum to th' right place. We ain't  
got nothing else but."

As for Preparedness and Efficiency, we  
have "Nothing else but"

THE BIRNIE TRUST COMPANY.

MATHIAS' - THE MONUMENT STORE

Here may be seen a beautiful exhibition of worthwhile Monuments,  
Headstones and Markers, at moderate prices. No other store is better  
equipped to design, build and erect Cemetery Memorials.

Hence, this message of welcome to all to visit this display, and become  
acquainted with a store that has achieved success through service.

For years, I have made it my business to know all about Memorial  
Work—to offer every advantage to my customers—to assemble the best in  
Memorials for the cemetery—to have the Memorial you want, at the price  
you want to pay.

You get in Mathias' Store, greater variety, better designs, finer work-  
manship, lower prices, superior service, and an unqualified perpetual  
guarantee.

All Stones delivered anywhere by Auto Truck  
200 Monuments and Headstones to select from  
JOSEPH L. MATHIAS,  
Westminster, Md.  
Phone 127 - East Main St. Opposite Court St.

Let Us Print Your  
Sale Bills

When it comes to neat  
and effective printing  
of any kind we will  
guarantee to give you  
satisfaction

— and —  
It Will Pay You  
to become a regu-  
lar advertiser in  
= This Paper =

The  
Advertised  
Article

is one in which the mer-  
chant himself has implicit  
faith—else he will not ad-  
vertise it. You are safe in  
patronizing the mer-  
chants whose ads appear  
in this paper because their  
goods are up to date and  
not shop worn. : : :







## SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished  
by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted.

The Record office is connected with the C. & P. Telephone from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m. Use telephone at our expense, for important items on Friday morning. We prefer regular letters to be mailed on Wednesday evening, but in no case later than Thursday evening.

### UNION BRIDGE.

Mrs. J. Frank Baker was taken to a Baltimore Hospital, last Saturday, to be treated.

Mrs. Mary Bloom, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with her parents, John and Ann Arbaugh.

Jas. O'Connor and wife, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Kate O'Connor.

Mrs. Reuben Saylor is very ill, having suffered several strokes of paralysis, recently.

Henry Saylor and wife, and Mr. and Mrs. McCullough, attended the inauguration of President Wilson, on Monday.

Mrs. Feinberg, of Baltimore, is spending the week with her son-in-law, and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Waskins.

Mrs. Howard Crawford, whose sickness has been mentioned, is very much better and the prospect now is for her speedy recovery.

Grippe, and not the accident on the W. M. R. E., was responsible for the absence of a letter from Union Bridge, last week.

Carroll Eichelberger, who was attacked with measles about the time they were disappearing from town, has had a long siege of it. After recovering from measles he contracted pneumonia and has not sufficiently recruited from the two diseases to permit out-door exercise.

Lena Barnes, of Westminster, spent from Saturday until Sunday evening at the home of her aunt, Mrs. George H. Eyer.

Mrs. James Sinnott, who had been suffering for about a week with a prolonged case of acute indigestion, is much better at this writing.

### UNIONTOWN.

The Communion service of the M. P. church was postponed on Sunday, on account of the weather, and will be held in two weeks.

The roads are in a very bad condition, only those compelled are making use of them.

Quite a number are on the sick list. George Selby has been in bed with grip; Mrs. Cleveland Garver is slowly recovering from an attack of pneumonia; Mrs. Mitten, mother of Mrs. Theodore Eckard, Jr., is very weak from the infirmities of age.

Miss S. E. Weaver is visiting her brother, J. N. Weaver and wife, of Union Bridge.

Miss Edna Lindsay, of Westminster, was a week-end guest at Lewis Waltz's. George Crumbacker, of Waynesboro, visited his son, Charles Crumbacker and family, last week.

Mrs. John E. Meek entertained a number of her lady friends last Thursday in honor of her sister, Miss Emma Perry, of Union Bridge.

D. Myers Englar and wife, and G. Fielder Gilbert, attended the inaugural parade in Washington on Monday. Mrs. Englar remaining to visit friends this week.

Mrs. G. Fielder Gilbert and Mrs. Will Caylor were in Baltimore on Tuesday and Wednesday.

David B. Shaum has purchased the buckster route of Jacob Bankard, of Pottsville, Pa. Mr. Shaum's son, Francis will drive the route.

The plays given by the P. O. S. of A. last Friday evening, drew quite a crowd, but many were kept away by the disagreeable weather.

Friends here received word of the marriage, on Wednesday in Baltimore, of Miss Edith, youngest daughter of Charles Slonaker and wife, and Edward Scheidt, of the city. The bride's parents were former residents of this place, and were frequent visitors here. The ceremony was performed by the bride's pastor, Rev. E. U. Gift, at the parsonage, corner of North Ave. and Payson St.

Miss Ruth Young, of Bennersville, was a guest of Miss Clara Slonaker, from Friday until Sunday.

Miss Eliza Zollickoff left this Wednesday, in company with her cousins, Oden Snader and wife, for an extended visit with them, at their home, in Waterloo, Iowa.

### DETOUR.

The weight of the recent snow greatly damaged barns on the farms of Charles Stambaugh and Dr. C. H. Diller (the farm to be tenanted by Ray Hahn.) Although no cattle have been reported killed, farming implements were broken.

Theophilus Hahn, whose house burned about a week ago, contemplates rebuilding as soon as the weather permits.

Harry Speilman, of Washington, D. C., visited his parents, near here, during the week.

Owing to the almost impassable condition of the roads in this section, no unnecessary traveling is being done.

Mary Royer, of Westminster, visited her grandmother, Mrs. Mary A. Weybright during the week.

### KEYMAR.

The roof of Mrs. J. C. Newman's stable collapsed on Saturday, under the heavy weight of the snow which had fallen during the week.

Mrs. Upton Dayhoff and daughters spent Wednesday with Mrs. E. H. Sharretts.

C. E. Garber and wife attended the funeral of their cousin, Marshall Saylor, at Emmitsburg, on Tuesday.

Wednesday evening at about 6 o'clock, Mrs. Hannah Jenkins was run down by a train on the Pennsylvania Railway, near Keymar Station. She was taken to the Frederick City Hospital, on the train which had struck her. She was badly cut and bruised but her condition is not thought to be serious.

James Koons, of near here, who has been suffering for some time of Bright's disease, was taken to Baltimore to the Maryland University Hospital, on Wednesday afternoon, for treatment.

Miss Carrie Sappington arrived home on Tuesday from New Freedom.

### LITTLESTOWN.

The members of St. Paul's Lutheran church will hold a food sale Friday and Saturday evenings, March 16 and 17, in George Dutters store room, under the auspices of the Sunday School.

David Renner and Westley Stavel, of near town, have purchased the Mayers hardware store; possession was taken immediately.

The Irving Literary Society, of the Littlestown High School, will be held on Friday afternoon. The program will be rendered by the freshman class.

Mrs. Ralph Hartman, of Marysville, Pa., is visiting at the home of her parents, Wm. Hornberger and wife.

Dr. L. LeRoy Hartman, of Chambersburg, is visiting his parents, R. A. Hartman and wife.

The Misses Laura Greenaway, of Hanover, Hea Barnitz, of New Oxford, and Mrs. Maurice Redding, of Hanover, spent the week-end with the Misses Marie and Madeline Dutters.

Miss Ella Wherley spent Sunday with her aunt, in Baltimore.

### Spring Colds Are Dangerous

Sudden changes of temperature and underwear bring spring colds with stuffed up head, sore throat and general cold symptoms. A dose of Dr. King's New Discovery is sure relief, this happy combination of antiseptic balsams clears the head, soothes the irritated membranes and what might have been a lingering cold is broken up. Don't stop treatment when relief is first felt, as a half-cured cold is dangerous. Take Dr. King's New Discovery till your cold is gone.

### BARK HILL.

Sunday School next Sunday at 9.30 a. m.; C. E. meeting at 7 p. m.

Rev. W. G. Stine, of Greencastle, Pa., came to town on Saturday evening, in order to preach on Sunday, but owing to the bad condition of the weather, did not preach, as the roads were in such a condition that people could not get out. Rev. Stine, went back to Greencastle on Monday morning.

Evan Shue, of Linwood, was a visitor at Levi Howes, on Sunday.

Miss Hilda Rowe, who for the past ten days has been visiting friends in Baltimore, returned home on Monday.

For the last week we have had quite a quantity of snow, which has put the roads in such a bad condition that it is scarcely possible for the people to get over them with horse and vehicle.

Quite a number of the young people of the town are down with the measles.

The snow at present is about one foot deep.

Oliver Biddinger, who for some years has been a respected citizen of this place, is contemplating moving to Walkersville in a few weeks. Mr. Biddinger, is one of our best citizens and neighbors, and we regret to have him and family leave our town.

Our good friend and neighbor, William Boston, is confined to the house with the measles. We wish him a speedy recovery.

### NEW MIDWAY.

Miss Elizabeth Knell, Miss Katie Smick, and Master Wilbur Derr spent Sunday with Amos Eyer and family.

Miss Rhea Smith spent the past week with Lynn Smith and wife, at Woodsboro. Mrs. Jackson Eyer has been on the sick list.

Mrs. David Clark passed away very suddenly on Saturday, of neuralgia of the heart. The funeral took place on Monday morning at Rocky Ridge, Rev. L. Flohr officiated.

Mrs. Jacob Boston died suddenly at her home, near Johnsville, on Sunday, of hemorrhage of the brain. Besides others, two brothers of New Midway survive.

Mrs. William Stitley, and Mrs. Charles Stitley and two children spent Friday with Amos Eyer and family.

Miss Margaret Crouse and brother, Vernon spent Saturday and Sunday with their aunt, Mrs. John Albough.

On last Thursday evening, Mrs. Herbert Colliflower was given a surprise party by about thirty of her friends of this vicinity.

Howard Hummer has returned to his home in Santiago, California, after spending some time with his parents, here.

J. S. Dunning is spending some time with friends, here.

John Boston continues quite ill.

Mrs. Jesse Strine spent one day last week in Frederick.

### You Need A Spring Laxative

Dr. King's New Life Pills will remove the accumulated wastes of winter from your intestines, the burden of the blood. Get that sluggish spring fever feeling out of your system, brighten your eye, clear your complexion. Get that vim and snap of good purified healthy blood. Dr. King's New Life Pills are a non-gripping laxative that aids nature's process. Try them to-night. At all druggists, 25c.

### NEW WINDSOR.

Arthur Smelser visited his son, at Washington, D. C., and attended the inauguration ceremonies, on Monday.

Oden Snader and wife, of Waterloo, Iowa, who have been visiting relatives for some time, left for their home, Wednesday evening. Their niece, Miss Eliza Zollickoff, of Uniontown, accompanied them home for a visit.

Mrs. Edgar Barnes entertained the Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church, at her home, on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Hannah Shunk is suffering from an attack of pink eye, and her school has been closed for two days.

The heavy snow fall, followed by the rain, is putting our dirt roads into terrible shape, also the streets of the town.

Wm. Frounfelter has been appointed road supervisor for this district, in place of Harry Haines.

John Weaver and wife, of Dallas, Texas, visited his mother here, and left for his home, on Monday.

Philip Snader and wife, gave a dinner to the Snader nephews and nieces, on Sunday last.

Mrs. Josie Russell, who has been visiting in Washington, D. C., has returned home.

How to Dry Heavy Clothes on an Outdoor Line.

If you wish to dry anything very heavy, such as a blanket or comforter, hang it halfway over the clothesline and slip two or three wooden coat-hangers under it on the line. This will separate the thing to be dried, tent fashion, and allow the air to circulate between the two parts.

### DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

#### MRS. MARY HOLLENBERRY.

Mrs. Mary Hollenberry died on Sunday, March 4, 1917, near Sell's Mill, aged 79 years, 11 months, 23 days. She is survived by two sons and one daughter: John T. Koonz, of Taneytown, Howard Hollenberry, near town, and Mrs. Bushman, of Emmitsburg. Funeral services were held at the home, Tuesday afternoon, by Rev. L. B. Hafer, interment following in the Lutheran cemetery, Taneytown.

#### MISS DORA YINGLING.

Miss Dora Yingling, a student of nursing at Maryland General Hospital, daughter of Wm. H. Yingling, of Westminster, died at the hospital, last Sunday, after an illness that began with a heavy cold just a week previous. She was 19 years of age. Funeral services were held at Kridler's church, on Wednesday.

Miss Yingling is survived by her father, William Henry Yingling, of Westminster; two sisters, Mrs. R. E. L. Hutchins, of Pleasant Valley, Md., and Mrs. E. F. Garner, of Ithaca, N. Y., and three brothers, D. M. Yingling and W. J. Yingling, of Baltimore, and Joseph Yingling, of Westminster.

#### SAMUEL WEANT.

Mr. Samuel Weant died at his home in Bruceville, early Tuesday morning, March 6, 1917. He was stricken with paralysis, Monday night. Mr. Weant was one of the most widely known residents of this section, having been engaged in various lines of business, in Bruceville, for many years, where he was the owner of considerable property. Mr. Weant was always an enterprising, active man, full of energy, and was well posted in business affairs generally. His very sudden death will be regretted by a host of friends. His age was 71 years, 11 months, 19 days.

He leaves a wife and the following children: J. Frank, Harvey, and Quillie E., of Baltimore; Bruce C., of Union Bridge; C. Marvin, of Hagerstown; Mrs. Effie Eichelberger, of Union Bridge, and Mrs. Mertie Kohler, of Keymar. Funeral services were held this Friday morning, at the home, the burial service being in Thurmont.

#### JAMES S. BAER.

Capt. James S. Baer, died Sunday morning, at his home at Tannery, near Westminster, aged 83 years. He served in the Civil War in the First Md. Vol. Infantry, making a good record and being successfully promoted to the Captaincy, serving until the end of the war.

At the close of the war he purchased and for five years conducted a farm near Reisterstown. In 1866 he married Susan K., eldest daughter of Henry B. Fessler, of Frederick, who died in 1814. In 1870 he formed a partnership with his brother, Arthur P. Baer, as A. P. Baer & Bro., and purchased the Schlosser tannery, at Tannery. In 1880, when the plant was sold to England & Bryan and reorganized as the Carroll Oak Tanning Company, he remained in charge as superintendent until three years ago, when he retired from active business.

He was a brother of the late Dr. E. R. Baer, William H. Baer, Arthur P. Baer, and Mrs. John Wilson Brown, of Baltimore. One sister, Mrs. Graham Ridgely, of Baltimore, and three children—Dr. Harry F. Baer and Miss Blanche K. Baer, of Tannery, and James S. Baer, Jr., of Baltimore, survive.

#### MARSHALL F. SAYLER.

Marshall F. Sayler one of the most respected citizens of Motters, died at his home there last Saturday morning, aged 60 years, 6 months, 14 days. Several years ago he sustained a severe stroke of paralysis, from which he had never fully recovered, but was able to transact business, most of the time. Recently, he had been ill from pneumonia, and on Saturday morning received another stroke of paralysis from which he died in about an hour.

Mr. Sayler had lived at Bridgeport, then at Four Points, from which place he removed to Motters where he engaged in business, and later became Railroad Agent and Postmaster. He was a member of Camp No. 2, P. O. S. of A., of Taneytown, a delegation from which acted as pall-bearers and assisted in the ceremony at the grave. Funeral services at the home were conducted by Rev. S. E. Rose, Methodist minister, pastor of the deceased, assisted by Rev. Chas. Reinwald and Rev. C. S. Byers. Interment in the Lutheran cemetery, Emmitsburg. He is survived by his widow and six children: Clarence A., manager for Swift & Co., at Clarksburg, W. Va.; Charles, of Graceham; James, Oscar and Roy, and Mrs. Ralph Ruggles, of Motters.

#### RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

WHEREAS, the angel of death has again invaded the ranks of Washington Camp No. 2, P. O. S. of A., and taken from our esteemed Brother,

MARSHALL F. SAYLER

and WHEREAS, for many years he was active in his interest in our fraternity, and in upholding its principles, be it

Resolved, That we hereby extend our sympathy to the bereaved family, and assure them that his life will ever be remembered with kindest feelings by those who knew him best, and that we believe that he is now enjoying that better life for which life here is but preparation.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be printed in THE CARROLL RECORD, entered on the proceedings of the Camp, and a copy sent to the bereaved family.

Washington Camp No. 2 of Md. P. O. S. of A.

#### CARD OF THANKS.

The children of the late Mrs. Susan Case, very gratefully announce their thanks to all friends and neighbors who so kindly gave assistance, during their great bereavement, the death of their mother.

#### UNION MILLS.

Mrs. Jacob Koonz spent Wednesday and Thursday with her daughter, Mrs. G. L. Wetzel.

Bernard Nusbaum is spending this week with his father, C. E. Nusbaum.

Mrs. Lewis Hailley remains in a doubtful condition at the Hahnemann Hospital, in Baltimore.

Elmer Erb, son of Jessiah Erb, was taken to the Hahnemann Hospital, by Dr. Wetzel, last Thursday, and operated on for appendicitis. The operation was a success and he is doing nicely.

Last Thursday, while Amidee Ecker was working on an automobile in Wm. E. Frock's garage, he was overcome by gas and remained unconscious for some time. But for the timely assistance of some one who came in, the collapse would undoubtedly have proven fatal.

## CLOSING-OUT SALE

Having disposed of my Store and Property to GUY W. HAINES, must vacate same by April 1st., therefore must positively sell my large stock of General Merchandise by that time.

Special Low Prices on Shoes, Carpets and Linoleum

2-yd Wide Floor Oilcloth, at 49c per running yard; and many other articles too numerous to mention.

H. E. FLEAGLE,  
MAYBERRY, MD.

ECONOMY - - of SILAGE  
SPACE, TIME and WORK

And of money, too. Here's a standard silo with many exclusive advantages. It saves your ensilage as it has double splices with joints sealed. It's so constructed that the preservation of your silage is insured. It saves space because the extension roof adds 5 ft and lets you pack tight to the top. You save time and work, as just a twist of the wrist loosens the door, no matter how badly pinched. You can tighten the hoops while standing on "handle ladder." All these points and many more with the

#### GLOBE SILO

There is no extra charge for the dormer window in the roof. Door is extra strong—thick side with cross bar. Extension roof. Many other convincing points explained in our free booklet.

J. L. ZACHARIAS, Agent.  
C&P Phone 28-3E Emmitsburg, Md. 8-9-3mo



#### Half-Sole Your Worn Tires

Don't throw them away—the sidewalls are still firm, the beads are strong, and the fabric is in good condition.

#### International Rubber Half-Sole Tires

Reg. U.S. Pat. Office are absolutely guaranteed to give you at least 3,500 miles of puncture-proof service and measure average 5,000 to 10,000 miles. Built like new tires, guaranteed just the same, wear even better and cost one-half less. Come in and see them—test the rubber and examine the construction—then decide for yourself.

International Rubber Sales Co.

OLIVER C. ERB,  
Westm'r No. 1. MAYBERRY, MD.

## Taneytown HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE

The Hotel Property known as the "Elliot House" in Taneytown, suitable for any business, situated on the Square, 21-Room House and Good Stable. Water and Gas Light through the house. Bath Rooms. Will sell cheap to quick buyer.

CHAS. A. ELLIOT,  
York Co. Shrewsbury, Md. 1-26, 17



#### JUNIOR A Dress-up Watch

THE small, thin Junior at \$2.50 is a watch a man need not feel backward in taking from his dress suit pocket.

Not only is it small and neat, but it has a solid nickel case which can't turn brassy. Comes also in the popular gun metal finish. \$2.50

REINDOLLAR BROS & CO.,  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

## Want Something?

Advertise for it in these columns



## IT'S TIME They know for that delicious feed of Conkey's Buttermilk STARTING FOOD

the only baby chick food with buttermilk in it.

Just right for the first three weeks. Helps keep off chick diseases, gets chicks started right. It makes strong sturdy chicks that grow into big birds, good breeders, big egg producers—real money makers.

Bags \$1.00 to \$5.75—Packages 10 to 50c—BUY A BAG Come in and get a big free sample package—enough to feed five chicks for one week.

## STANDARD COLONY BROODER

PRICE, \$16.00

The greatest, most practical coal-burning Brooder ever made. Burns 24 hours on one coaling. Self-feeding, self-regulating, everlasting. Broods 100 to 1000 chicks at a guaranteed cost of less than 6 cents a day. Used by over 10,000 big and little breeders.

Sold on 30 Days' Free Trial

If it doesn't come up to every claim we make, you get your money back without argument.

REINDOLLAR BROS & CO.

## SPRING OPENING

The predominance of the Chinese note in the New Spring Millinery has suggested the holding of

AN ELABORATE

## CHINESE MILLINERY OPENING

Friday and Saturday, March 16 and 17

Your Attendance is Most Cordially Urged

## THE HAT SHOP

14 Main St, West

Westminster, Md.

Friday Evening, March 16th will be Courtesy Night.

Our Shop will be open from 7 to 9.30. You

and your friends are cordially in-

ited to visit us.

## FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

Our Regular \$3.95 Guaranteed Woven Wire Spring, at \$3.50, for two weeks only.

Before long you will move into your new home, and you will need some Furniture to furnish it, to make it modern and up-to-date. Take a tip from Us. Don't wait until you need the Furniture to place your order. Perhaps you won't want the Furniture for a month or so. Place your order now and escape the advances that are sure to come. We will keep goods for you until you want it, and give you the benefit of the old prices.

### KITCHEN CABINETS

From \$13.00 up. Just three \$22.75 Boone's left; when they are sold the price will advance \$2.75.

Swell Buffets: Golden Oak and Quartered Oak, \$15.75 up.

Bedroom Suits: 3 Pieces, \$23.00; 7 Pieces, \$29.00 up.

Iron Beds: Finished in beautiful White Enamel, \$2.90 up.

Library Tables: Finished in Quartered Oak, \$7.50 up.

Mattresses: All prices. Our Special, \$7.50. It's a dandy.

Couches: Velours, Chase Lea's and Muleskin. Muleskin Special, \$17.25.

Rockers, \$1.98 up; Stands, 75c up; Kitchen and Dining-room Tables, \$4.35 up.

Everything in the Furniture Line—HONEST GOODS; HONEST PRICES

We don't care where you go, you cannot buy the same quality goods at the low prices we ask you. You can send away and buy inferior Furniture and pay more than we ask you for good, well-made, Furniture.

WILL YOU GIVE US A TRIAL? WE WILL TREAT YOU RIGHT.

C. O. FUSS & SON,

Phone 16R Taneytown, Md.

Floral Antiseptic Loath Powder for cleaning and beautifying the teeth. Makes the teeth white and purifies the breath. 10c bottle. Get at McKellips Advertisement.

Read the Advertisements

— IN THE —

CARROLL RECORD.



# McCleery's Jewelry Store

48 NORTH MARKET ST., NEXT TO "THE NEWS,"  
FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

RELIABLE GOODS COURTEOUS SERVICE  
RIGHT PRICES

WE GUARANTEE ALL OF OUR WATCH, CLOCK AND JEWELRY  
REPAIRING AND SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE  
PHONE 705

## PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS!

February and March Second-Hand List—Must Be Sold.  
Whitman Upright—\$119. Knabe—Good condition, \$49.  
Compton—Price—Like New. Lehr—Slightly used. Bargain.  
York—Almost new—Bargain. Vough—Excellent—Like new.  
Schlenker—Fine condition. Rosenkrantz—\$75.  
Schlenker—Player—Bargain. Kimball—Good as new.

Lowest Factory Prices on all new Pianos. We sell the Famous Lehr, Radle, Werner, Vough, and others sold for years at Birely's Palace of Music. Organs, \$10 up. Victrola Talking Machines.

We take all kinds of old musical instruments in exchange.  
Very Low Prices—Easy Terms—We Save You Money.  
**CRAMER'S Palace of Music, Frederick, Md.**  
PHONE 455-R. FACTORY REPRESENTATIVES.  
Visit Our 5, 10 and 25c Department. 11-24, 25



Have been built and actually delivered to retail buyers since August 1, 1916.

These figures—320,817—represent the actual number of cars manufactured by us since August 1, 1916, and delivered by our agents to retail buyers.

The unusual fall and winter demand for Ford cars makes it necessary for us to confine the distribution of cars only to those agents who have orders for immediate delivery to retail customers, rather than to permit any agent to stock cars in anticipation of later spring sales.

We are issuing this notice to intending buyers that they may protect themselves against delay or disappointment in securing Ford cars. If, therefore, you are planning to purchase a Ford car, we advise you to place your order and take delivery now.

Immediate orders will have prompt attention.

Delay in buying at this time may cause you to wait several months.

Enter your order today for immediate delivery with our authorized Ford agent listed below and don't be disappointed later on.

### PRICES:

Runabout \$345, Touring Car \$360, Coupelet \$505  
Town Car \$595, Sedan \$645, f. o. b. Detroit

**Ford Motor Company**

**C. E. HUMER, Agent,**  
Taneytown, Md.

"At the Old Stand."

**H. A. ALLISON**

All work entrusted to me will be under my personal supervision. Being sole owner of this business now, enables me to name lower prices and to give better terms.

## Heating, Plumbing and Well Drilling

up to a depth of 800 feet. Contracts made and estimates cheerfully given on all classes of work.

**Hand @ Power Pumps, Gasoline Engines**  
**Windmills, Roofing, Spouting,**  
**Stoves and Ranges.**

**Pipeless Furnaces a Specialty**

Prompt, satisfactory service guaranteed. Get my prices and save money.

**H. A. ALLISON,** Taneytown, Md.

1-26-17

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale, on his premises in Bruceville, Md., on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1917,

at 12 o'clock, m., sharp, the following described property, to-wit:

**GOOD SORREL MARE,**  
offside worker and fine driver, safe for any woman; good fall-up-buggy, good square-back sleigh, nearly new; 2 sets single harness, side saddle, good corner cupboard, square table, churn and rack, lot of dishes, jarred fruit and jellies of all kinds, dried fruit, 15 laying hens, digging iron, mattock, cow chains, traces, and many other articles.

TERMS—Sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On sums above \$5.00 a credit of 6 months will be given on notes with approved security, with interest. No goods to be removed until settled for.  
MRS. WILLIAM CREBS.  
T. A. Martin, Auct. 3-9-21

Also at the same time and place, I will sell the following articles:

**ONE GOOD BUREAU,**  
child's iron crib, Gravity cream separator, good 10-gal. churn, 2 or 3-horse Syracuse plow, No. 1362, good as new; good 4-in. vise, Spangler single row corn planter, with fertilizer attachment, in good order.

DAVID F. EYLER.

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale, on his premises in Bruceville, Md., on

TUESDAY, MARCH 20th., 1917,

at 12 o'clock, m., sharp, the following valuable household goods:

**THREE GOOD BEDSTEADS,**  
one a trundle bed; wardrobe, bureau, 2 washstands, 2 sewing machines, 2 stands, 3 tables, two of them leaf tables; 6 cane-seat chairs, 6 wood seat chairs, 5 rockers, doughtray, trunk, 3 oil stoves, sink, cook stove, heater, ten-plate stove, egg stove, corner cupboard, whatnot, couch, lot of cushions, window shades, lot pictures, bed ticks and bed clothing, pillows, bolsters, glassware, dishes of all kinds, knives, forks, spoons, cooking kettles of all kinds, lamps, lanterns, carpenter tools, axes and saws, flower brackets, 40 yds. rag carpet, 16 yds. flowered carpet, meat and fried sausage, jarred fruit, empty jars, shoe-maker's tools, clothes horse, ironing board, flatirons, lawn mower, shovels, rakes, buckets, iron kettle, washing machine and wringer, wash tubs, barrel, hoghead, lot wood and coal, and many other articles.

TERMS—Sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On sums above \$5.00 a credit of 6 months will be given on notes with approved security, with interest. No goods to be removed until settled for.  
GEORGE W. GALT.  
George H. Eyler, Auct. 3-9-21

## SALE REGISTER

All sales for which this office does the printing and advertising, will be inserted under this heading (3 lines) free of charge, until sale. All orders will be charged 50c for four insertions and 10c for each additional insertion, or \$1.00 for the entire term. For larger notices charges will be made according to length and number of insertions.

### MARCH

10-10 o'clock, Charles H. Bowman, near Middleburg, Live Stock, Implements and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
10-12 o'clock, Saml S. Crouse, admr of Ellen C. Crouse, in Taneytown, Household goods. T. A. Martin, Auct.  
10-12 o'clock, F. M. Waretime, Frizelburg, Stock, Farm Implements and Household Goods.  
10-10 o'clock, George C. Gorsuch, near New Windsor, Live Stock and Implements. E. A. Lawrence, Auct.  
12-11 o'clock, Roy C. Keefe, near Rittter farm, near Mt. Union, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
13-10 o'clock, Lewis Myers, near Uniontown, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
13-12 o'clock, R. W. and Annie Weaver, admrs, near St. James church, Stock and Farm Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.  
14-11 o'clock, W. G. Harner, along Harner Littlestown road, Live Stock and Implements. Luther Spangler, Auct.

14-10 o'clock, R. A. Stonesifer, near Keysville, Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.  
14-12 o'clock, Clinton Bair, near Otter Dale, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
15-10 o'clock, Harry J. Ohler, near Taneytown, Stock, Implements and some Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
16-12 o'clock, Thomas Nelson, near Keysville, Hogs, Household Goods. T. A. Martin, Auct.

17-1 o'clock, H. C. Boyer, Taneytown, Household Furniture. T. A. Martin, Auct.  
17-12 o'clock, Reuben Wilhite, on Keysville road, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
19-12 o'clock, Harry B. Sentz and Carroll B. Shoemaker, near Harney, Stock, Implements, Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

19-10 o'clock, Keener Bankard, on Formwalt farm, Uniontown, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
20-10 o'clock, Hezekiah Stud, near Taneytown, Live Stock, Implements and some Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.  
20-10 o'clock, John H. Kiser, near Detour, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

20-12 o'clock, George W. Galt, Bruceville, Household Furniture, etc. Geo. H. Eyler, Auct.  
21-10 o'clock, Newton Orndorff, Mt. Pleasant township, Pa., Large sale of Stock and Implement. Thompson & Crouse, Auct.

21-12 o'clock, Mrs. Wm. Crebs, near Emmitsburg road, Horse, Household Goods, etc. T. A. Martin, Auct.  
21-12 o'clock, Chas. E. Keefe, Jr. Basehoar's Mill, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

22-11 o'clock, Cleason F. Erb, near New Windsor, Live Stock and Implements. E. A. Lawrence, Auct.  
22-10 o'clock, Edward L. Formwalt, between Marker's Mill and Pa. line, Live Stock and Implements, Lumber and Posts. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

22-12 o'clock, J. Frank King, near Bethel Church, Stock and Farming Implements. John Basehoar, Auct.  
22-12 o'clock, Mrs. Geo. M. Fogle, near Taneytown, Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

22-10 o'clock, Howard M. Hyle, 2 miles north Westminister, Live Stock and Farming Implements.  
23-11 o'clock, Daniel V. Reaver, Two Taverns Stock Farm, Mt. Joy Twp. Stock and Implements. G. R. Thompson, Auct.

23-11 o'clock, Cyrus F. Leppo, between Mayberry and Pleasant Valley, Live Stock and Implements. Wm. Warner, Auct.  
23-12 o'clock, Mrs. David Ohler, near Taneytown, Stock, Implements and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

24-1 o'clock, Guy W. Haines, near Baust Church, Live Stock and Implements. Mervin Cushman, Auct.  
24-1 o'clock, Earl Phillips, Taneytown, Household Goods. T. A. Martin, Auct.

24-12 o'clock, John Deberry, near Detour, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
26-10 o'clock, Levi Barnes, on the Bonaick farm, near Westminister, Stock and Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

27-12 o'clock, Michael Humbert, on Emmitsburg road, near Taneytown, Personal Property. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.  
27-12 o'clock, Thomas Flegle, near Taneytown, Household Goods. T. A. Martin, Auct.

27-10 o'clock, Chas. E. Eckard, on Samuel Reop farm, near Westminister, Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
29-10 o'clock, J. M. Buffington, adjoining Union Bridge, Live Stock and Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

29-1 o'clock, Charles H. Crebs, Taneytown, Threshing Machinery, Horse, Buggy, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
30-12 o'clock, Edward Gettler, near Taneytown, Stock, Implements and some Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

31-12 o'clock, Raymond Davidson, in Taneytown, Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
31-1 o'clock, Benton Myerly, near Frizelburg, Horse, Cow and Household Goods.

### APRIL

3-1 o'clock, Halbert Poole, in Taneytown, Horses, Mules, Vehicles, Automobile, Furniture, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.  
7-12 o'clock, Franklin Bowersox, Taneytown, Big Annual Sale of Buggies, Harness, Implements, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters testamentary upon the estate of

JACOB BAKER.

All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscribers on or before the 6th day of October, 1917; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 9th day of March, 1917.

CHARLES A. BAKER, Executor.

3-5-21

## Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Carroll County, in Md., letters testamentary upon the estate of

JACOB BAKER.

All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers properly authenticated, to the subscribers on or before the 6th day of October, 1917; they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 9th day of March, 1917.

CHARLES A. BAKER, Executor.

3-5-21

## PUBLIC SALE

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21st., 1917.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale on the above day and date at his residence on Holly Brook Stock farm, in Mt. Pleasant Township, Pa., situated about 1 mile south of Bonneauville, his entire live stock and farming implements, consisting of the following described articles:

**12 HEAD HORSES AND MULES,**  
No. 1, Percheron mare, 7 years old, weighs 1550 lbs., sound and all right in every way, is a good leader and will work anywhere; No. 2, Percheron horse, 5 years old, weighs 1550 lbs., sound and all right in every way, is a good offside worker. This horse and mare No. 1 make a fine double team. Come and look them over. No. 3, Percheron horse, 4 years old, weighs 1600 lbs., an exceptionally well built horse, is broke to drive single or double and is a fine worker, this horse is a dapple gray in color and will please anyone who wants a fine horse. No. 4, roan horse, 4 years old, weighs 1600 lbs., perfectly gentle and fearless of all road objects, of perfect conformation. This mare is broke to work single or double, on either side, with checks. No. 5, bay horse, 5 years old, weighs 1250 lbs., a good safe driver and will work anywhere. No. 6, dark brown horse, 12 years old, weighs 1400 lbs., a wagon leader, good heavy starter and a regular stand-by. This horse is known as Duke, the W. W. Miller horse. Inquire about him. He is sound and all right, safe for anybody to drive. No. 7, bay driving horse, a stish and speedy driver and a good offside worker; No. 8, sorrel horse, Captain, needs no recommendation, an old man's horse; No. 9, Percheron mare, 3 years old, weighs 1200 lbs., broke to heavy harness, sound and all right, should make a fine brood mare; No. 10, a 5-year-old colt, Nos. 11 and 12, a pair, a dark bay mares, 3 and 10 years old, 17½ hands high, both leaders, single or double, the 11 is a fine big saddle mule and the other a good offside worker, also a good wagon leader. For style and working qualities they can't be beat, safe for anybody to work.

For style and working qualities they can't be beat, safe for anybody to work.

**40 Head Registered and High Grade Holstein Cattle.**  
My entire herd of cattle, including the herd sire, SIR BOYLE ORMSBY. This bull is 2 years old, sound and right, and will be sold together with registration papers and pedigree. Flossy Lamb de Kol, a cow that has had four calves and is safely with calf at the present time by the herd bull, is fresh in the Fall; 1 black and white heifer, 10 months old, both the heifer and cow are from the above cow and sire by the bull, Mercedes Netherland; they are entitled to registry. 8 fine heifers, sired by Mercedes Netherland. All of them have been bred by Sir Boyle Ormsby and will be calves by the time of sale. The balance are high grade cattle, many with calf. Also 7 fresh cows, a few from which the calves have just been sold. The others have calves by their sides; 9 stock bulls, fit for service. **12 HEAD OF SHEEP,** these are of sheep and have lambs by their sides. Some of these lambs will weigh 40 lbs. by the time of sale.

**80 HEAD OF FINE HOGS,**  
Between 60 and 85 head of hogs, good size and thrifty. Wagon, for 4 or 6-horses, 4-in tread, has one of the best wagon beds in the county; home-made wagon, for 4 or 6-horses, 4-in tread, has a capacity of 2-tons; 3 good rubber-tire buggies, one almost new; road cart, one share in White Hall stock farm, 8-ft. Deering binder, in good condition; 1000 lbs. of new Crown grass seed, sown down; 2 mowers, 1 McCormick, the other a Deering, both 5-ft. cut, used one season; John Deere double row corn planter, used 2 seasons; Spangler single row corn planter, York low down drill, with 9 discs, good as new; Superior drill, 18-holes, in excellent condition; new Crown grass seed, sown down; 2 mowers, 1 McCormick, the other a Deering, both 5-ft. cut, used one season; Osborne 18-tooth harrow, pig harrow, 60-tooth; 3 sulky corn workers, 2 hand rollers, Mountville plow, 3½; Syracuse plow, with iron beam, No. 26 Oliver riding furrow plow, with 4-horse patented everest; Deering plow, 10-ft. cut, good as new; 10-ft. circular saw, with sliding table, in good condition; 2 sets hay carriages, 20-ft. long; set blacksmith tools, single, double, and 4-horse trees; manure hooks, pitch wrenches, old junk, etc.

**HARNESS,** consisting of 12 sets front gears, 2 sets breechbands, bridles, 2 sets new buggy harness, check and wagon lines, halters, about 800 or 900 bushels of corn on the ear. **HOUSEHOLD GOODS,** consisting of washing machine, butter churns, milk cans and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to begin at 10 o'clock, sharp, rain or shine. TERMS: A credit of 11 months will be allowed on sums of \$5.00 or more to purchasers giving their notes with approved security. Four per cent. off for cash. No smoking will be permitted around the barn.

Thompson and Crouse, Auctioneers.  
Prospective buyers can reach this sale within 2 short miles from the macadam road, through Littlestown or Gettysburg, by turning off at Yost's store; or by going but 1 mile off of the State road between Hanover and Gettysburg.

**N. E. ORNDORFF.**

**PUBLIC SALE**  
The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale, near Taneytown, at Henry J. Hiltbrich's, on

MONDAY, MARCH 26th., 1917,  
at 12 o'clock, p. m., the following described property:

**GOOD COOK STOVE** No. 7, cupboards, 2 sinks, cherry and walnut; 3 tables, one a new 6-ft. extension; 12 chairs, 2 rockers,  
**3-PIECE PARLOR SUIT,**  
good as new; lounge, 2 beds and springs, 2 stands, sewing machine, grindstone, wash tubs, 2 clocks, lot dishes and granite ware, shovels, forks, mowing scythe, and many other articles not mentioned.

TERMS—Sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On sums above \$5.00 a credit of 6 months will be given on notes with approved security, with interest. No goods to be removed until settled for.  
**THOMAS FLEAGLE.**  
T. A. Martin, Auct. 3-9-21

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## The Prodigal's Return

But He Was  
A Substitute

By WILLARD BLAKEMAN

When Sam Bartlet at sixteen went away from home without bidding his parents or his little sister Ethel goodbye, he wrecked the comfort of the family. His mother died within a few years, and her death left the old man desolate indeed. His eyesight and his hearing were both impaired. His daughter Ethel, poor girl, had a hard time with him. To read to him was difficult, since she was obliged to shout, and he could not see to read himself.

Ethel loved her father, but it was natural that she should wish for something more inspiring than taking care of a broken down old man. She was but eleven years old when her brother went away and fourteen when her mother died. When at times she would have a temporary respite from the care of her father, like many another girl, she would dream of the prince who would come to marry her and give her the comforts of a home that would be her own—and his.

One morning there was a knock at the door. Ethel was upstairs and did not hear the summons. It sounded again and this time loud enough for Mr. Bartlet to hear. He went to the door and opened it. There stood a young man.

"I am looking for the home of Mr. Bartlet," said the stranger. "Have I struck the right house?"

"Speak louder," replied Bartlet, putting his hand to his ear. "I'm hard of hearing."

"I am trying to find a Mr. Bartlet, and I think you are he. I judge by the resemblance your son"—

"My son?"

"Yes, your son Sam."

"Sam?"

"Yes."

"Oh, Sam, my boy, how could you have left us as you did with never a word all these long years? You killed your poor mother, and I have one foot in the grave. How could you? How could you?"

The father put his arms around the stranger's neck and wept.

The visitor was standing in this absurd position, not knowing whether to mingle his tears with those of the weeping father or to laugh, when he saw an attractive looking girl descending the staircase.

"But I'll not reproach you, Sam," continued Mr. Bartlet. "I dare say I was severe with you, and a spirited boy won't stand too much correction. I'm glad you've come back and to stay—haven't you? Oh, stay with us! Ethel and I are so lonely, and we need your help. Your old father needs a strong young arm and brain to support him."

By these words and the half amused, half sympathetic look on the face of the stranger Ethel understood that her father had made a mistake. Dreading to have him suddenly disabused, fearing a reaction consequent upon disappointment, she gave the young man a meaningful look and put a finger on her lips as a signal for silence. Her father's back was to her, so he did not see her, and she, wishing to release the visitor from his embarrassing position, laid her hand softly on the old man's shoulder. He turned and saw her.

"Oh, Ethel," he exclaimed joyfully, "who do you suppose this is? Your long lost brother Sam has returned."

He disengaged himself from his supposed son that Ethel might embrace the prodigal. But Ethel stood mute. "Forgive me, Ethel, as I have forgiven him. Forget the past and what he might have been to us during the years that are gone. It was I who drove him away by my harshness. Forgive him for my sake."

"I forgive him, father," said Ethel. But there was no warmth in the words, nor did Ethel greet her brother with a sisterly kiss. An expression of infinite pain crossed the father's face. The stranger saw it and stepped in the breach.

"Forgive me, Ethel," he said. "I have done very wrong."

He advanced to her with outstretched arms. Ethel drew back.

"Ethel!" cried her father in an agony. The stranger folded her in his arms and kissed her. Had the old man better eyesight he would have known by the blushes that the kiss was not a brotherly and sisterly one. And had not the two whose sight was perfect strongly approved of each other's personal appearance, had not each seen in the other's expression that approval, besides something akin to love's first spark, probably the girl might not have blushed. The old man put one arm around his supposed son and the other around his daughter, forcing them to prolong their embrace.

"Thank heaven, my dear children, for this reunion!"

"Father," said Ethel, "let us hear what Sam has to say in explanation, or, rather, I had better hear it first and repeat it to you. You know you have grown very deaf since he went away, and he would have trouble making you hear."

"No," protested the old man. "I'm not so deaf that I can't hear people who speak plainly. Sam won't have to raise his voice at all if he doesn't mumble his words."

But the supposed Sam objected. He said that it was a long story he had to tell and he was tired. He would tell it to Ethel and she could repeat as much of it as she liked to their father. The old man, opposed by both his children, was obliged to give in and left them together. As soon as he had gone Ethel closed the door and looked inquiringly at the stranger.

"I was trying to begin," he said, "the delivery of a message from your late brother. He was my partner in business in a western city, and I regret to say that I come to announce his death."

Ethel sighed. It was rather that a hoped for support would not materialize than grief, for she scarcely remembered her brother. But the stranger, who gave his name as George Mason, assured her that her brother's interest in the business would be sufficient to make her father and herself quite comfortable. The story of Sam Bartlet's career was, as Mason had said, a long one, and after giving it to her the question came up as to what course to pursue in the matter of breaking the news of Sam's death to the father.

Ethel could not make up her mind to tell the old man that his son, instead of having returned to him, was dead. At any rate, she felt that it must be put off. But she invited Mr. Mason to remain in the house—indeed, her father would misunderstand her not doing so—until he returned to the west. The old man was informed that Sam was in business in the west and must return there, but possibly he might take his father and sister with him. George Mason before leaving his business had taken in one of his clerks as a partner, and there was no hurry for his return. He remained with the Bartlets as a prodigal son, Ethel taking care to inform her friends and acquaintances as to the true state of the case.

Several weeks passed, and Mason made no move to return to business. Ethel was beginning to fear that some stupid person might let the cat out of the bag to her father. Besides this, playing brother and sister by two persons who were not related was not likely to go on without criticism. To guard against any such issue George Mason told Ethel that they had better announce that they were engaged, which was his way of proposing. Ethel didn't quite like that way of doing it but she acquiesced.

Every day it became more risky to disabuse the old man and confess the deception. He was failing rapidly, and it was feared that the shock of knowing that his son had not returned to him, but was dead, would kill him. Mason and Ethel, who were very much in love with each other, wished to be married, and it was necessary that Mason should return to his business. It would not do to leave the old man behind, and if they took him with them, blind as he was, they could not live together as man and wife without his knowledge of their relationship. The puzzle seemed insoluble.

However, though Mr. Bartlet would not solve it by dying, he grew so blind that the young couple decided to be married and take him west with them without letting him know the secret. The ceremony was performed privately, where he would know nothing about it, and the three departed the same day for their new home.

Months passed, and, although Mr. Bartlet's ears and eyes got no better, his health was no worse. The difficulty of keeping the situation from him was trifling compared with the absurdity of his talking about the relationship that he supposed to exist between his two children.

"When Sam first came home," he said to a friend, "I feared Ethel would not forgive him for all the trouble he had given us, but now she acts toward him just like a bride and he like a young husband. They kiss when he goes down to business in the morning and when he comes home in the evening. I never saw such a loving brother and sister."

While the old man was content to live, as he supposed, with his children, he often wished that one or the other would marry, that he might have a little grandson to love him and cheer him in his old age. But to gain this he must give up a part of what he already enjoyed. An outsider must be introduced into the house and this he knew would endanger the daily peace and comfort. The thought of bringing in another woman appalled him, for he had a theory that no woman could come into a house without sooner or later taking over its management. But he saw no difficulty in introducing another man. So he occasionally hinted to his daughter that she should marry.

"I have no wish to marry, father," she would say. "I am perfectly contented as I am. Why do you wish me to marry?"

"Well, you see, I'm lonely during the long days when Sam is at business, and I'd like to have a child for company."

Finally about a year after the marriage the old man gave out. One day he took to his bed, which he never again left. His supposed son's absence all day at his business was a great trial to the invalid. From the time Mason went away in the morning till his return in the evening the patient would wait and watch for him. At last when the candle of life was flickering low the dying man heard a child's cry.

"What's that?" he asked, starting up. "Father," said Ethel, "that's little Sam, named for you, the third of the line."

"Little Sam! What do you mean?"

"Father, I have a confession to make."

But she could not make it. She knew that her father had but a few minutes to live. Hurrying out of the room, she returned carrying her boy. Taking him to his grandfather, she held him so that the old man could kiss him. He kissed the child and died.

## FINE AT BREAKFAST

FOUR DISHES, ALL OF UNQUALIFIED MERIT.

Require Care in Their Preparation and Baking, but Are Well Worth the Time and Trouble Devoted to Them.

There are two tests to put to breakfast breads. One is put by the cook and that has to do with the time and trouble required in their preparation. The other has to do with flavor and texture, and that comes from those who eat them.

Always let breakfast breads cool slightly on a cloth or wire rack before sending to the table. They will then be more digestible and more easily handled than if sent to the table literally piping hot.

Heat all muffin tins before putting in the muffin mixture. The muffins rise more thoroughly and more quickly when put into hot tins. Remember, too, that most muffins need a quick oven. Popovers need a quick oven, but they also need long and thorough cooking, and some popover cooks let them stay in the oven 40 minutes.

Popovers.—Popovers, robbers' caves or wheat puffs, as they are variously called, are not difficult to make. The ingredients needed are two unbeaten eggs, two cupfuls of milk and two cupfuls of flour, with a quarter of a teaspoonful of salt. Beat all thoroughly together until not a lump remains and then pour the mixture into very hot muffin pans, well greased, filling them about half full. Cook thoroughly, until one broken open is hollow inside and shows a firm wall or crust.

Emergency Biscuit.—Make a good baking powder biscuit dough and drop it, by spoonfuls, into well-greased muffin pans. These biscuits are crusty little things, especially delicious if you have the continental habit of serving honey or jam at breakfast. A good rule for the dough is this: Mix six even teaspoonfuls of baking powder and one of salt with three cupfuls of flour. Sift all together three times and then chop in, with a silver knife, six tablespoonfuls of butter, lard or some other shortening agent. Mix together quickly with a knife and add a cupful of cold water. Mix lightly and then put in the greased pans from a spoon.

Rice Muffins.—Rice muffins are made of one cupful of boiled rice, two eggs, two cupfuls of flour, a tablespoonful of melted butter, three cupfuls of milk and salt to taste. Mix the eggs, butter and milk, sift flour and salt and add it and the rice to the wet ingredients. Bake the muffins quickly.

Rye Gems.—Rye is not in as general use as corn and wheat and graham flour. Rye gems and rye bread are nourishing and economical and rye gems made according to the following rule are a good addition to any breakfast: Beat three eggs, three cupfuls of milk, a tablespoonful of sugar and the same amount of butter, with three cupfuls of rye flour. The secret of making these muffins lies in beating them hard and baking them quickly.

Chiffonade Salad.

Take the white hearts of three heads of chicory, the white hearts of two heads of romaine and the center of a head of lettuce; wash and cut all fine with the kitchen scissors. Add a cupful of finely chopped celery, two finely chopped red peppers and a cupful of diced pineapple. Fold in a cupful of mayonnaise and serve on lettuce leaves garnished with olive curls. Serve hot toasted crackers with melted cheese on top with the salad.

Cocoa Cream Pie.

One-half cupful cocoa, one and one-half cupfuls sugar, one-quarter cupful corn starch, two cupfuls milk, three eggs, one-quarter teaspoonful salt, two teaspoonfuls vanilla. Mix cocoa, corn starch, yolks of eggs, salt and milk. Cook until thick. Stir constantly, add flavoring and pour into a baked pie crust. Cover with a meringue made by beating the whites of eggs until stiff and adding two tablespoonfuls of brown sugar. Brown in oven.

Crown Salad.

Select perfect apples, one for each person to be served. Pare, core and cut into perfect eighths. Cut off each end so they'll stand and arrange crown fashion on individual plate. Fill center with some preferred salad mixtures, apples, celery and nuts, pears and English walnuts, or celery, nuts and green peppers. Serve with mayonnaise, to which a little whipped cream has been added.

Purée of Carrots.

Boil enough carrots to make a pint after being run through colander. Put one and one-half pints of milk and carrots on stove, when boiling add three small tablespoonfuls of flour wet in little cold milk. Stir constantly as it boils, and, last, a little pepper, butter and saltspoonful of salt.

Cornmeal Griddle Cakes.

Mix one cupful cornmeal, one-half cupful flour, one-quarter teaspoonful salt, two teaspoonfuls molasses, one rounded teaspoonful baking powder and enough milk and water (mixed) to make a thin batter. Fry on a hot griddle and serve with maple syrup.

Darning Wool Underwear.

Never darn fine woolen underwear with wool. It will shrink and pull out a hole larger than the original. A loosely twisted knitting silk is excellent for the purpose. When washed the darn will have almost the same thickness as the knitted goods.

## TORRENS SYSTEM BENEFITS FARMERS

GUARANTEES THE VALIDITY OF THE TITLE AFTER ITS REGISTRATION.

NAMED AFTER ORIGINATOR

Was First Introduced in This Country in 1897 and Has Been Adopted By Twelve States.

College Park, March 1.—The farmers of the State are having their attention directed by Professor F. B. Bomberger of the Division of Rural Economics of the Maryland State College, to the fact that there is much to be desired in our present system of land title registration and transfer. Professor Bomberger in a recent address said that our present system of transfer of title to land involves a constantly recurring expense for the examination of title at each transfer; that there is an unnecessary delay at each transfer by reason of the necessity for examination of title in each case, and that even the expenditure of time and money under our present system cannot produce a guaranteed title.

The Torrens' System of Land Title Registration eliminates each one of these faults found to be present in our system. This system originated in Australia and is named after its inventor, Sir Robert R. Torrens, an Englishman, engaged in the Customs Service in Australia. The system having been adopted in South Australia in 1858 it was carried to England in 1862; to Canada in 1870-'85, and to the United States (in Illinois and Massachusetts), in 1897-1898. Twelve other States of the United States have adopted the system in recent years.

There are six important steps in the operation of the Torrens' System. First, the title is examined by a judicial official specially appointed to do this work. This gives to the title examinations what they do not now have—the stamp of official, judicial approval.

Second, the title having been examined and found good, it is registered in the books of the Registrar of Land Titles. This official registration makes the validity of the title a matter of public record. Thereafter, it is not necessary to examine the title behind this official registration. In case of contest, an opportunity is offered for judicial determination of the legal rights of all claimants; but once the questions are settled the title is recorded and is as binding from that date as is any other decree of Court.

Third, a copy of the certificate of registration is made out by a public official, which copy is given to the owner. If there are more owners than one, each receives a copy of the certificate as evidence of his title.

Fourth, whenever the property changes hands thereafter, a new certificate of title is made out in the name of the new owner and recorded. A copy of this certificate is given to the new owner as in the first instance.

Fifth, any incumbrance against the estate existing at the time of the registration of the title is entered on the certificate and on the owner's copy. In like manner the releasing of any incumbrance or the creation of a new one is noted on the certificate and on the Owner's Copy. Thus at any time, a glance will show the status of the owner's title and the expense and delay incident to our present system are eliminated. Or, directly the whole matter of examination of title and transfer of title can be affected in a single day.

Sixth, it is usually required that a small fee (usually one-tenth of one per cent. of the value of the land to be registered) be charged upon the original registration, but not afterward. This is to accumulate an indemnity fund out of which to make good any losses which may occur to individuals as a result of faulty administration of the system. Such assurance funds are to be regarded purely as insurance protection.

The operation of the system requires little machinery. Clerks of Court or Records of Deeds may be made Registrars of Titles also. A Court consisting of two or more judges, may be provided to have jurisdiction over questions arising out of the Registration of titles just as our Orphans Courts have charge of matters testamentary; or such questions can be carried to the regularly established Circuit Courts of the Counties. Examiners and Registrars can be paid by salaries or by fees based on the services which they perform.

The system may be voluntary, compulsory or mixed. In the voluntary system only those titles are registered whose owners desire it. In the compulsory system, all titles are required to be registered after a certain date. In the mixed system, which is most common, those who desire may have their land titles registered; and, in addition all changes of title resulting from judicial decree (as in foreclosures of a mortgage) and titles derived by operation of law as in case of taking title by will or by descent, are required to be registered. The invariable rule in all systems is that land once registered must always thereafter be registered.

Professor Bomberger declared that the Torrens' System, in practical operation, has eliminated everyone of the principal defects of our present system of land title transfer.

## Thrift Is Preparedness

Financial strength is to nations as important as military strength. No nation can survive a war if it cannot finance itself.

The man who fortifies himself with an account in a savings bank does more than prepare himself—he contributes to the preparedness of the country.

Germany, unable to borrow from other countries, has been financed by the thrift of her people, as this thrift was expressed in accounts in savings banks.

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One Dollar Starts an Account!

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TANEYTOWN

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WE HAVE, by far, the Largest Stock and Greatest Variety of MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, in Carroll County.

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## Classified Advertisements.

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SURGEON DENTISTS.

Are prepared to do All Kinds of Dental Work, including ALUMINUM PLATES.

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Will be in Taneytown 1st Wednesday of each month.

I have other engagements for the 3rd Saturday and Thursday and Friday, immediately preceding. The rest of the month at my office in New Windsor.

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Manufactured in every part from top to bottom.

To my Patrons and the Public Generally:—It is no longer a question of economy whether to buy a home-made vehicle or not? but the question is, Where will I be able to get such work? I have a large stock of finished all home work, or will build to order. Repairing promptly done. Correspondence invited, or, visit my shops.

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SIMPLE, HARMLESS, EFFECTIVE  
Pure Charcoal Tablets, for Dyspepsia, Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Constipation. 10c and 25c—at McKelip's.

Legal Blanks for Sale at This Office



## SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XI.—First Quarter, For  
March 18, 1917.

### THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, John viii, 12, 31-37, 56-58—Memory Verses, 31, 32, Golden Text John viii, 36—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

The portions of this chapter selected by the committee bring before us the forgiveness of a sinner, the evidence of true discipleship and the duty of Christ, who was before Abraham. But what about chapter vii? Well, in vii, 20, we have a fact also mentioned in vii, 6, 8, 30—His time to give Himself up had not come, and therefore they could not take him. Contrast xiii, 1; xvii, 1, Jesus knew that His hour was come; Father the hour is come. In the plan of eternity, the plan of the ages and in the plan of your life and mine there is an appointed time, and it becomes us to accept it cheerfully and say, "My times are in thy hand" (Ps. xxxi, 15).

Their desire to kill Him is seen in vii, 1, 32, and in vii, 40. Their hatred of Him is seen in their calling Him a deceiver and a devil (vii, 12, 20; viii, 48). It is perplexing to read in vii, 5, that up to this time His brethren did not believe in Him. Some devoted Christians say, "If my life was what it ought to be at home, would not others in the home receive Him too?" Not necessarily. Consider Jesus. See His great love for all in vii, 37-39, "If any man thirst let him come unto me and drink," and compare Isa. lv, 1; Rev. xxii, 17. In chapter 4 He said that we might be wells of living water, and now He says that we may be rivers by the power of the Holy Spirit, and He can make it true in some measure of us, that everything shall live whither the river cometh (Ezek. xlvii, 9). What an honor to carry life and light in His name! His loneliness is seen in every man going to his own house, while He went to the Mount of Olives (vii, 53; viii, 1).

As to the woman and His writing on the ground, it was a striking object lesson on Jer. xvii, 13, "They that depart from me shall be written in the earth, because they have forsaken the Lord, the fountain of living waters." These self righteous scribes and Pharisees had no use for Him, the fountain of living water (Jer. ii, 13); they knew no mercy for sinners and would have Him condemn this poor sinner. What He wrote on the ground we know not, but he virtually said: Ye hypocrites, your names have never been written in heaven (Luke x, 20). You know not God. You shall die in your sins, and where I am you cannot come (verses 21-24). There were no stones thrown, for there was no one present without sin but the Lord Himself, and He had no stones for any penitent sinner; He had no scathing words for any but hypocrites. His "Neither do I condemn thee. Go and sin no more" (verse 11) reminds us that He came, not to condemn, but to save (chapter iii, 17). He is ready at this moment to save any drunkard or other sinner who will turn from sin and come to Him (vi, 37). And He is ready and able to make them free from the wrath to come and from the power of sin here and now (1 Thess. i, 10; Matt. i, 21). He is the Light that dispels the darkness, the Truth that makes free, the Son who makes free indeed (verses 12, 32, 36). He is able to save to the uttermost and evermore and from all sin who truly turn to Him. But He has to say to many: "Ye will not come unto Me." "I would, but ye would not" (John v, 40; Matt. xxiii, 37).

It is still thought by some that all people are children of God, but our Lord told these religious hypocrites that they belonged to their father, the devil, who is the father of lies and a murderer. It cost God and His Son a great deal to make provision whereby a sinner might become a child of God. The full benefits of the great sacrifice are offered freely to every penitent sinner, but there is no other way to become a child of God than by receiving Jesus Christ as one's personal Saviour, putting all our trust in His great sacrifice for our sins (John i, 12). All are by nature children of wrath and dead in sins (Eph. ii, 3, 5), and, continuing in unbelief, the wrath of God abideth on them (John iii, 36). What an awfully wicked one and hater of God and man the devil must be to lead any one to prefer the wages of sin, which is death, to the gift of God, which is eternal life! Cain was religious, but he rejected God's way of life and proved himself a child of the devil (1 John iii, 12). And all religiousness today that does not know the forgiveness of sins by the precious blood of the Lamb of God is not of God, but of the adversary.

Mark well His great saying, "Before Abraham was I am" (verse 58), and think of Him as the one whose goings forth have been from of old, from the days of eternity (Mic. v, 2, margin). The Creator of all things, the revealer of salvation to Adam and Eve, the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, the one who appeared to Moses in the burning bush, and to Joshua by Jericho, and to Gideon and Manoah, the Lord God of the holy prophets, the one who shall yet be the one King over all the earth, when it shall be filled with His glory, and let Him have your whole heart and life always. They said, "Thou art not yet fifty years old." He was not thirty-five. I wonder if being a man of sorrows made Him look like fifty.

What It Would Be.  
A teacher was endeavoring to explain the term "facsimile" to his class. "Now," he remarked to one sharp youth, "what is your father's trade or profession?"

"He's a lithographer," was the reply. "Very well. Supposing a man came to your father with a document which he wanted reproducing in every particular, your father agreed and the document was faithfully copied, what would it be?"

"Well," replied the boy thoughtfully, "it depends."

"On what?" asked the teacher. "On the document."

"How so?"

"Well, if it was a ten dollar bill, for instance, the other would be a counterfeit. If the document was a check the copy would be a forgery."

"You don't understand what I mean."

"Oh, yes, I'm quite sure I do," went on the boy. "I'm just coming to it now. In either case I reckon it would be about ten years."

John Smith and Pocahontas.  
About a mile below Richmond, in what is now the brickyard region, there used to stand the residence of the Mayo family, a place known as Powhatan. This place has long been pointed out as the scene of the saving of Smith by the Indian girl, but late research has proved that, though Smith did come up the James to the present site of Richmond, his capture by the Indians did not occur here, but in the vicinity of Jamestown. The Indians took him first to one of their villages on York river, near the present site of West Point, Va., and thence to a place on the same stream in the county of Gloucester, where the Powhatan, or tribal chief, resided. Here, on the west side of the river, some nine miles from Williamsburg, the scene of Smith's rescue by Pocahontas has been located.—Julian Street in Collier's.

"Overhang" Houses.  
By the year 1670 wooden chimneys and log houses of the Plymouth and Bay colonies were replaced by more slightly houses of two stories, which were frequently built with the second story jutting out a foot or two over the first and sometimes with the attic story still further extending over the second story. This "overhang" is popularly supposed to have been built for the purpose of affording a convenient shooting place from which to repel the Indians. This is, however, a historic fable. The overhanging second story was a common form of building in England in the time of Queen Elizabeth, and the Massachusetts and Rhode Island settlers simply and naturally copied their old homes.

Wild Ducks.  
Canvasback and redhead ducks, which are very quick of movement, after deep diving are capable of taking flight immediately upon coming to the surface of the water. They do not spring directly upward into the air, but fly at first at an angle until they reach the desired elevation. Surface feeding wild fowl, like the black duck, pintail and teal, fly directly upward from the surface of the water if the emergency demands it.

Truthful Excuse.  
"The sheriff caught his young assistant writing love letters in business hours today."

"What did the young fellow say when he was taxed with doing so?"

"Said he was not shirking his duty, as they were all writs of attachment."

—Baltimore American.

People of Sardinia.  
Sardinians retain traces of the many races which have occupied the island through the centuries—Phoenicians, Carthaginians, Romans, Saracens, Italians and Spaniards. Many dialects are spoken, but Italian is now taught in the schools.—Exchange.

Bostonese.  
"When the Boston girl wishes her pet dog to stand on his hind legs," remarked the observer of events and things, "she requests him to assume a rampant attitude."—Yonkers Statesman.

Surnames.  
Surnames were introduced into England by the Normans and were adopted by the nobility in 1100.

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PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Headache and Sick Stomach.

This condition results from imperfect digestion. Whether it has been caused by eating too much food, which has disturbed digestion, the treatment remains the same, and this is to empty the stomach. Drinking one tumblerful of water after another as rapidly as possible until six or eight glasses are taken is the quickest way of washing offending substances out of the stomach. If this is done in ten minutes one will have relief from the sick feeling and headache and be ready to go to sleep or to go about again in comfort. This method of treating a sick headache is also good for attacks of acute indigestion. Half an hour after the stomach has become comfortable it is well to take a sedlitz powder or a dose of citrate of magnesia. Either of these remedies will bring up the gas, sweeten the stomach and give one a clean, pleasant taste in the mouth.

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## BREEDING DAIRY AND BEEF CATTLE

SHOULD BE KEPT SEPARATE TO SECURE GREATEST PROFITS.

### PREVENT CROSS BREEDING

Pure Bred Animals Should Be Kept For Breeding Purposes and Not Be Vealed.

College Park, Feb. 22.—The importance of keeping the different types of grade and pure bred animals separate is set forth in an article recently issued to the breeders of dairy and beef cattle by S. S. Buckley, Animal Industry Extension Specialist. Among other things in this article, he says: "Breeding of dairy cattle and dairying, and breeding of beef cattle and feeding, represent two legitimate and distinct industries in Maryland. Each has its individual and circumscribed sphere, yet each is handicapped by a merging or fusion of the one with the other. The result is that neither industry represents the greatest degree of efficiency, nor returns the greatest amount of profits possible through a more distinct separation of the two."

"To this end there should be recognized by the breeders of each class of animals, the distinct and definite fields of the other."

"The practice of using animals of recognized beef characters for dairy purposes and the use of animals of dairy characters for beef production is detrimental to the breeders of each and to the industries which they represent."

"Breeders of each class should get together by separating their work."

"Dairymen in their own interest, should never allow a grade, male dairy bred calf to live longer than necessary to produce veal."

"Breeders of dairy animals should never sacrifice to slaughter any promising or proven valuable pure bred bull, if there is any way in which it can be disposed of for breeding dairy animals."

"Breeders of beef animals, in their own interests, should never allow a grade, male beef bred calf to become mature unless castrated, nor should they allow any such calf to be vealed if possible to prevent it."

"Breeders of both classes of cattle for their mutual interests and the industries which they represent, should discourage in every way possible the crossing of dairy and beef bred animals."

"The two industries are well defined, though closely related. Strict adherence to the legitimate spheres of each will benefit the breeders of both and rapidly place the breeds in the positions where the energies of the breeders are striving to place them."

### PREPARATION OF SEED BED.

College Park, Feb. 22.—Included in a series of articles recently written for the County Demonstration Agents for use in connection with local Boys Agricultural Clubs throughout the State, S. B. Shaw, Specialist in Horticultural Extension, treats the subject very thoroughly. He advocates frequent harrowings in the spring to preserve moisture and keep out weeds. Mr. Shaw says: "It is advisable to plow deeply at least several weeks before planting, preferably the fall before. The depth of plowing will, of course, depend upon the way in which the soil has previously been treated. While it is desirable to have as deep a seed bed as possible, it will not do to break up too much of the subsoil at one time. A safe rule to follow is to go about an inch deeper each time the land is plowed. In this way the depth of the seed bed will be increased without bringing too much of the subsoil to the surface at any one time."

"While potatoes do best in well drained soil, they require plenty of moisture for their full development. In addition to having the seed bed deep, it should contain plenty of humus, or decaying vegetable matter, as this helps to retain moisture for the growth of the plants. One of the best ways to put plenty of this material in the seed bed is to select a piece of sod land the year before and after covering pretty thoroughly with stable manure, plow it in the fall to a depth that will bring up about an inch or two of the subsoil. In plowing do not turn the furrow completely over, but set it on its edge, with enough slant to cover all the sod and as much of the manure as possible with soil. After staking this way over winter the land may again be plowed in the spring or cut over deeply with a disc harrow. It is best not to apply fresh stable manure in the spring, as it might cause the potatoes to scab."

### Harrowing.

"After the land has been plowed, or disced in the spring, it should again be disced and then gone over with either a spring-tooth or spike-tooth harrow. Try to break up all possible clods. If harrowing is done immediately after plowing, clods are not so likely to be formed. Soils that are deeply prepared and free from lumps and clods will form smooth, uniform potatoes, the kind that bring the best prices on the market. Frequent harrowings in the spring up to planting time will conserve moisture, keep the land in good condition and prevent the growth of weeds."



BLUE SERGE APPEARS FOR SPRINGTIME.

It is Used in a One-Piece Frock, With a Panel of Plaits in Front and Back of Skirt. The Collar, Cuffs and Belt Are of Dark Blue Taffeta, Run With Black Soutache.

## LONGER SKIRTS ARE PROMISED

Reasons Why New Styles for the Spring Would Seem to Be Inevitable.

### LOW SHOES WORN IN PARIS

Scarcity of Leather Responsible for the Lengthening of the Frock—Present Style of Shoes Cannot Be Called Beautiful—Blue Serge for Springtime Wear.

New York.—The smart firms on Fifth avenue are turning out severely tailored and stitched suits of black satin for the south and offering them as the first choice of early spring, and it is quite probable that this fabric will supersede all others for the street, as the season turns from cold to balmy weather.

There is more than uncommon interest displayed in the rumor backed up by facts that Paris will launch longer skirts for spring than we have worn for two years. There is no evidence of this in the new Callot models, but, then, Callot never cared for long skirts. This house cut its evening gowns into a high arch or point in front that showed half the leg to the knee, at a time when other dressmaking houses wouldn't consider such an innovation.

Years and years ago, Callot and Poiret joined hands on this fashion and it was ridiculed by two continents; now every woman wears gowns shorter than these first ones without a blush or an apology and, sometimes, without a good reason.

### Low Shoes Worn in France.

The commercial interest in the situation is stirred on account of the vast output of high shoes in this country. In Paris there is good authority for saying that this form of footwear is not in first fashion and is rapidly disappearing. The reason is simple. France has no leather, and her women have been wearing low shoes for a year. The oxford tie with the high heel, round toe and broad ribbon bow at the instep has for a year been the first choice of fashion in France, in connection with street costume. And to meet the situation, France made her skirts longer.

The scarcity of leather is pinching the shoe industry on every side in America. Shoes have advanced from \$6 a pair to \$14, and even higher prices will be asked this spring. Eight dollars is asked for an ordinary pair of laced street shoes at unfashionable places, where the amount of leather used is negligible and the amount of cloth substituted conspicuous.

### Longer Skirts Probable.

If women can continue to pay the exorbitant prices asked for high shoes they may be able to continue to wear short skirts, but if France insists upon longer skirts and the bootmakers insist upon frightful prices, it is a safe guess that the low shoe and the longer skirt will be inaugurated in the springtime.

It is not easy to say whether the oxford tie which has ruled in Paris for 12 months will be taken up in this country, for we have, unfortunately, gone quite mad over the subject of ugly shoes, and although we owe the inspiration for them to eccentric social circles in Paris, we have done things so much worse than France could dream of doing that it is only fair to say that there is no allegiance between the two. We have not only twist-

ed the shape of the foot into a serious bit of hideousness, as the Chinese do, by exaggerating the length of the vamp and running it out into a point like the one-piece shoe worn by the men in the fourteenth century, but we have added to the medieval vamp the tottering spindle heel of the seventeenth century in France. The two in combination make an ugliness that no one thought possible in this day when people really struggle for beauty of line.

### Points in French Shoes.

Throughout all this madness in America, France has been steadily wearing what is known as the sculptural shoe; that is, the rounded toe, the broad vamp and the side pieces that cling to the instep and hold it up. She has insisted upon straight Spanish heels for her walking shoes and in every way made herself comfortable, and she has brought her foot, which has never been notable for beauty, into a well-rounded part of her silhouette.

The leather men tell us that even if we wear low shoes, the prices will not be reduced, and this is being said to us in so many ways about every commodity of life, that we have begun to cease thinking about unmeasured prosperity and have turned to face the possibility of the hardships of living that existed during the Civil war in this country.

The shoe people tell us that one factory alone has refused an order of \$1,000,000 worth of shoes to go to Russia, because of the difficulty in getting leather; and yet, they have no excuse for the fact that cloth spats have gone up to \$5 and \$6 from \$2 and \$3. It behooves every woman to take excessive care of her footgear at the present hour. Trees, polishing and careful usage will save money and annoyance for months to come.

### The Pinafore Sailor.

The world has blossomed out in spring hats at the first approach of winter. There is nothing startlingly novel about the new shapes, except the pinafore sailor that Reboux insists upon. This is made in straw and faced with a bright color, but even this shape has been seen for two months in a modified form, built of satin. The Muscovite turban, which comes in a straight line down from a high crown to the eyebrows, is not featured in any strength in the new models. The effort seems to be to turn the brims away from the headline, with compromise. They go straight in the air, and their shaping and the irregularities of their edges are determined after the quick uplift from the head has been established.

The dominating feature of all the new hats is the fact that they must be worn straight across the forehead, cannot be tilted right or left and must not dip a fraction of an inch in the back below the line which is established for the front. In other words, there is no coquetry about the pose of the new hat; it is as military as the men under arms. It is a trying line for many faces, and yet it is astonishing how quickly the masses have adopted it and contrived to make themselves look very attractive under it.

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### New Uses for Link Buttons.

Link buttons are used in the front of a Russian blouse holding the opening, especially when the blouse is pulled over the head. More sparingly they can also be seen holding the fullness at the sides or back of the waistline. A smart woman in a New York hotel wore a gaderine dress, the sleeves of which were slit almost to the elbow and held by means of link buttons. In another case a velvet one-piece dress was fastened in front with such buttons and the hat, made of the same velvet, showed three such buttons in front on the cuff-like brim.



Cold weather aches follow exposure. Soothe and relieve them with Sloan's Liniment, easy to apply. It quickly penetrates without rubbing. Cleaner than mussy plasters or ointments. Does not stain the skin.

For rheumatic pains, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, sprains, strains, bruises and stiff sore muscles, have Sloan's Liniment handy. At all druggists, 25c. 50c. and \$1.00.

## Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

Farmers Take Notice!

We PAY for Your

## Dead Animals

and remove them promptly by Automobile Truck.

We Pay All Phone Charges

A. F. REIS,

Sanitary Reduction Works,

HANOVER, PA.

Phone 95

Night or Sundays 88J

1-29-3m

## The Merchants of This Town HELP PAY THE TAXES



They are VITALLY INTERESTED HERE.

DON'T STAND IN YOUR OWN LIGHT AND GO OUT OF TOWN TO SHOP.

The home merchant's prosperity MEANS YOUR PROSPERITY.

TRADE AT HOME

## Notice!

We Pay For and Remove Your

## Dead Animals PROMPTLY

Call "LEIDY,"

"Always on the Job"

Phone No. 259

Westminster, Md.

to 1-127



## TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN

### Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

George W. Clabaugh, of Omaha, is visiting his relatives here.

Good brothers, of near Hanover, will take charge of Father Lennon's farm, next week.

Miss Marie Baile, of New Windsor, was the guest of Mrs. Walter A. Bower, this week.

Miss Alice Miller spent a week with her aunt, Mrs. William Miller, of Washington.

The barn on the Goulden farm, tenanted by Pius L. Hemler, was damaged by the weight of Sunday's snow.

James B. Reaver has been appointed road commissioner for Taneytown district, for 1917, at a salary of \$100.

Mrs. Chas. B. Kephart returned home, on Wednesday, from her trip to Florida, Mr. Kephart having come back previously.

The C. E. Social, planned for this Friday evening, at the Lutheran church, has been postponed until Saturday night, the 17th.

D. B. Shum has purchased the huckster route of Jacob Bankard, near Uniontown. His son, Francis, will be the driver.

Notwithstanding bad roads, the sales have been well attended, with prices up to a high standard, promising to hold until the end of the sale season. There is a strong healthy demand for both stock and implements.

B. O. Slonaker, Charles E. Ridinger, Curtis G. Bowers and William Kiser, represented the P. O. S. of A., on Tuesday, as bearers and ceremonialists at Marshall F. Saylor's funeral, in Emmitsburg, on Tuesday.

The candy sale for the benefit of the High School library was a big success, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather conditions. A net profit of \$75.65 was realized from the sale, which will likely be used for purchasing a first-class standard Encyclopedia.

The heavy snow, of Sunday, did considerable damage, because of its weight, and slides, to buildings and grape arbors. Caved-in roofs are reported from all directions. The roads were also nearly impassable, and a large number of breakdown experiences were met with.

High Constable John W. Kiser has discontinued the dray business and has sold his two fine grey horses and team to Nathan Myers, of Brodbeck. Mr. Kiser has accepted a position as driver of one of the Hanover Creamery Company milk wagons, which he will follow in addition to his work as High Constable.

Crushing stone for the Bridgeport state road is in progress, an extra fine grade of stone having been found nearby. One of the men operating the crusher, on Tuesday, was struck on the head by a broken belt and knocked off the crusher to the ground, a fall of about seven feet. Aside from a headache, he appeared none the worse for the mishap.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Slonaker, 1328 N. Gilmor St., Baltimore, announce the marriage of their daughter, Edythe, to Mr. Edw. Scheidt, Tuesday evening, March 6, at the parsonage of Calvary Lutheran church by the pastor, Rev. Foster U. Gift. The ceremony was witnessed by members of both families. The couple will reside at 730 E. 41st St.

With 40 years' career in the profession of the law, and 24 (six consecutive quadrennial terms) notoriety to his credit, native Taneytowner, William A. Golden, of Pittsburgh, last Tuesday, was again sworn in, under the Governor's appointment and Senate's confirmation, as a notary public; with Pennsylvania state-wide authority.

Those of our people who have been hoping for some electric lights proposition to come our way, that can be utilized to advantage for the various needs of the town, will likely have to wait for a more favorable time. The cost of the construction and equipment of electric lines has so greatly increased, due to present conditions of business, that extensions of the service, as well as the establishment of plants, are now very expensive propositions.

On Wednesday evening, after the prayer service, a number of the members of the Reformed church, called at the parsonage and completely surprised the pastor and his wife. The good folks came laden with every conceivable kind of gift, the presents ranging from a special gift made by the operators of the shirt factory, through groceries and canned goods to a can of the pastor's favorite brand of tobacco, and a big box of matches. An enjoyable social hour was spent together, and although the surprise took for the time his power of speech, the pastor tried to make the visitors feel that their "presence" as well as their "presents" were thoroughly appreciated.

**Bad Colds From Sudden Changes**  
Spring brings all kinds of weather and with it come colds and the revival of winter coughs and hoarseness. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will head off a new cold or stop the old one, the soothing balsams relieve the sore throat and heal the irritated tissues. Get a bottle today and start treatment at once. At your drug-gist's, 25c. Formula on the bottle. advertisement.

## CHURCH NOTICES.

Union Bridge Reformed church.—St. Paul's, Union Bridge: 9.30 a. m., Sunday school; 10.30 a. m., Divine worship, subject, "The Great Day of Damascus"; 7.30 p. m., evening worship, subject, "The Taint in the Blood."

St. Paul's, Ladiesburg: 2 p. m., Divine worship, subject, "The Great Day of Damascus."

Baust church: Tuesday and Thursday, March 13th and 15th, at 7.15 p. m., practice by the orchestra, choir, children and congregation, for the special programs on Sunday evening, March 18th, by the Woman's Missionary Society, and on Palm Sunday evening, an Easter service, Wednesday, Mar. 14, 2 p. m., meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society.

Presbyterian. Warm welcome to all. Piney Creek—Service at 10 o'clock with sermon on "Behind Closed Doors." The annual offering for the Board of Education will be received.

Taneytown—Bible School, 9 a. m.; C. E. meeting, 6.30 p. m.; worship, 7.30 p. m., theme, "Qualified."

Union Bridge Lutheran church—Rocky Ridge, 10 a. m., theme, "Fishers of Men."

Keysville, 2.30 p. m., theme, "The Greatest Thing."

Woodbine Charge, Lutheran. Calvary Church, Woodbine.—Sunday school, 9.30 a. m.; preaching service, 10.30 a. m.

Messiah—Sunday school, 1.30 p. m.; preaching service, 2.30 p. m.

G. W. BAUGHMAN, Pastor.

Church of God, Uniontown.—Sunday School, 9 a. m.; Preaching, 10.15 a. m., and 7 p. m.

L. F. MURRAY, Pastor.

Reformed church, Taneytown—Service at 10.15 a. m.; Sunday School, 9.15 a. m.

Missionary service, at 7.30 p. m. Prayer service, Wednesday evening, at 7.30. Heidelberg Class Saturday afternoon, at 1.30. Catechetical Class, at 2.15

Uniontown Lutheran Church—Preaching at Baust, at 10 a. m., Sunday; C. E. at 7 p. m., Miss Fannie Flohr, leader. C. E., at Uniontown, at 6.30, and regular preaching service, at 7.30.

W. E. SALTZGIVER, Pastor.

In Trinity Lutheran church next Sunday morning the pastor will preach on "The Armor of God." The topic for the evening sermon will be "The Conquering Church."

U. B. Church, Harney—Bible School, 1.30 p. m.; Preaching, 2.30 p. m. Official Meeting.

W. J. MARKS, D.D., Ph. D.

## Transfers of Real Estate.

Wesley W. Bond to William Numsen & Sons, Inc., convey land, for \$5.

Augustus Sackett and wife to Wm. Numsen & Sons, Inc., convey 1 acre, for \$5.

E. O. Weant and Geo. W. Stocksdale to Joseph U. Baker, convey 2 parcels of land, for \$7900.

Mary J. Eckard et al., to Edward J. Miller et al., convey road way, for \$1.

Joseph U. Baker and wife to Geo. L. Stocksdale, convey 2 lots of land, for \$5.

Samuel Elseroad, Reno Waltz and wife, John H. Kiser and wife, and Cland E. Conover, convey land to the School Commissioners of Carroll County, for consideration amounting from \$1 to \$150.

Jabez Barnes and wife, to L. F. Ward and wife, convey \$4 acres, for \$5.

John Milton Reifender et al., trustees, to Charles W. King, convey 3 acres, for \$400.

Charles E. Fink to Charles H. Hunter, convey 2 lots of land, for \$30 per year.

Albert H. Leese and wife to Minnie C. Starner, convey 2 parcels of land, for \$1776.

Mary I. Null, executrix, to William M. Anders and wife, convey 34 acres, for \$1800.

Wm. A. Wareheim and wife, to David H. Leppo and wife, convey 1454 acres, for \$7600.

John E. DeGroff et al., to Edward L. Forreault and wife, convey 2 lots of land, for \$1925.

Theodore King and wife, to Wm. H. Yingling, convey 404 acres, for \$700.

Henry Willet et al., to William H. Yingling, convey 9 acres, for \$25.

Wm. T. Gearhart, to Stanley Dorsey and wife, convey 764 acres, for \$4500.

Henry H. Gearhart and wife, to Wm. I. Gearhart, convey 1 acre, for \$5.

Wm. B. Gosnell and wife, to Vernon O. Fleming, convey 2 parcels, for \$2800.

John W. L. Eyster to Charles W. Conway, convey 129 acres, for \$6600.

Andrew B. McKinney and wife to John W. T. Eyer and wife, convey 2 parcels of land, for \$5000.

Lewis, Jr. and J. Thomas Green, executors, to Oliver A. Shipley, convey 187 acres, for \$10,000.

Annie R. Zimmerman and husband to J. Henry Steele, convey 38 square perches, for \$450.

Joseph D. Brooks and wife to Wesley C. Brooks, convey land in Westminster, for \$5.

Wesley C. Brooks to Joseph D. Brooks and wife, convey 19,800 square feet of land, for \$5.

Berton W. Blizzard to Bradley B. Blizzard, convey 16 acres, for \$102.50.

Bradley B. Blizzard and wife to Berton W. Blizzard, convey 38 acres, for \$450.

Thrill Land Co., Inc., to Walter R. Rudy and Alonzo B. Sellman, convey lots Nos. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73 and 74, for \$10.

Amelia H. Dietz to Lovina C. Tawney, convey 2 tracts land, for \$900.

Edward O. Weant, et al., trustees, to Ida Feldman, convey lot of land in Westminster, for \$1300.

Francis Neal Parke to Ray Brown, convey 58 acres, for \$6446.20.

Thomas E. Watkins and wife to Truman M. Lowman and wife, convey 11,152 square feet, for \$50.

William M. Curley to Beverly B. Bennett, convey 140 acres, for \$5.

Harvey C. Snyder and wife to Bessie C. Snyder, convey 19,725 sq. ft. for \$5.

Bessie C. Snyder to Harvey C. Snyder and wife, convey 19,725 sq. ft. for \$5.

## Meeting of Union Choir.

The union choir for the evangelistic services to be held in Taneytown during the last two weeks of March will meet for rehearsal in the Sunday School room of Trinity Lutheran church on Thursday evening, March 15, at 7.30 o'clock. This will be the only meeting for rehearsal, and a full attendance is desired. It is intended to take up some of the new and untried selections. The book to be used is "Joy to the World," and all singers are requested to bring their books with them. All who were in the choir a year ago are invited. It is desired to have at least 70 singers.

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to remove from Taneytown, will sell at Public Sale on his premises, Frederick St., Taneytown, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1917, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described Property:-

1 LARGE DOUBLE HEATER, with radiator attached to pipe; 1 No. 8 Red Cross Cook Stove, with tank attached, good baker; 5 rocking chairs, other chairs, Wash Tubs, glass jars, crocks, 1 shop stove, some Blacksmith Tools, good Cheellbarrow, forks, rakes, shovels, hoes, Corn sheller, some Rhode Island Red Chickens by the pound, and many other articles not mentioned.

Terms made known on day of sale.

EARL PHILLIPS;

T. A. MARTIN, Auct.

Also, following the above, I will sell—

3 BEDSTEADS, 1 SAFE,

9 solid bottom chairs, baby carriage, lot of carpet, washstand, and other articles.

3-9-3t SHERMAN GILDS.

## GREAT BARGAINS

NOW IN HARNEY, MD.

— AT —

E. K. LEATHERMAN & SON.

NOTICE. \$4000 worth of new clean and up-to-date Clothing must be sold at once, as we positively are going to go out of the Clothing Business. So here is the greatest Bargains ever offered in Harney, Md., all those new

Suits and Overcoats,

must go at less than cost. Come and see the great bargains. **Lard, 16c; Side Meat, 16½c in trade.**

E. K. LEATHERMAN & SON,

3-9-2t HARNEY, MD.

## PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned, intending to remove to Manheim, will offer at public sale, at his residence on Baltimore St., Taneytown, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 17th., 1917, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described property:

BEDSTEAD, DRESSER, washstand, bed springs, 12-ft. extension table, lot of chairs, lot crocks, glass jars, egg stove and pipe; galvanized iron for moving picture booth, and many other articles not mentioned.

TERMS CASH.

H. C. BOYER.

T. A. Martin, Auct. 3-9-2t

## Election of Directors!

An election will be held by the Stockholders at the office of The Birnie Trust Co., in Taneytown, on Monday, March 12th, next, between the hours of 1 o'clock and 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for The Birnie Trust Co., to serve for the ensuing year; also for the purpose of changing dates for semi-annual statements and dividends.

GEO. H. BIRNIE, Cashier.

2-23-3t



## 70 HEAD OF HORSES & MULES

At My Stables at Littlestown

From 3 to 10-year-old Mules and Horses, weighing from 800 to 1400 apiece, for sale or exchange. Will pay highest cash market price for fat Horses and Mules suitable for the Southern market. Come and see this stock before purchasing elsewhere.

HARRY A. SPALDING,

Littlestown, Pa. 3-9-3t

## WANTED!

Horses, Mules, Fat Bulls, Steers, Heifers and Cows, Fresh and Springers

Drop me a Postal, or Telephone me, and I will call and see Stock, and will pay highest market price.

HOWARD J. SPALDING,

1-12-3mo LITTLESTOWN, PA.

Subscribe for the RECORD

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

General Advertisements will be inserted under this heading at *one cent* a word, each issue. Real Estate for sale, *Two Cents* each word. The name and address of advertiser must be paid for at same rate; two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Cash in advance, unless other terms are mutually agreed upon. Postage Stamps received as cash.

**CAPONS WANTED at Highest Prices.** Headquarters for all kinds of Furs. All kinds of Poultry wanted. Squabs a specialty. 50¢ for delivering Calves. —SCHWARTZ'S PRODUCE.

**HIGHEST CASH Prices** paid for Eggs, Calves and Poultry. 50¢ for delivering Calves Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning. —G. W. MOTTER. 6-10-12

**FUR SEASON** will close March 15th. Poultry of all kinds wanted; also Guineas, Squabs, Eggs and Calves. Highest prices paid, 50¢ for delivering Calves. —Farmers' Produce Co., H. C. BRENDEL, Prop.

**DENTISTRY**—Dr. A. W. SWEENEY, of Baltimore, will be at the Central Hotel, Taneytown, from Mar. 12 to 17, for the practice of his profession. 2-23-3t

**FOR SALE**.—One set one-horse wagon Harness, one good two-horse Plow, one Buckeye Incubator good as new. Apply to M. L. ANGELL, near Walnut Grove School.

**FOR SALE**.—Bay Mare coming 7 years, and colt coming 2 years, by HARRY CURSAIL, on David Mehning farm. 3-9-2t

**SEED POTATOES** for sale—Early Eureka and Million Dollar, fine variety. Taken first premiums at Taneytown, Md., State Grangers' Fair, 1916. —CHAS. G. BAUMGARDNER, Taneytown. 3-9-2t

**HIGHEST CASH price** paid for Calves delivered Saturday morning; 50¢ paid for delivery. —FRANCIS E. SHAM. 3-9-2t

**FOR RENT**.—Half of my house on Cemetery St.—D. M. MEHRING. 3-9-2t

**ARE YOU GOING TO Farming?** or into business of any kind, this Spring? If so, see me about Fire Insurance. —P. B. ENGLAR, Agt. 3-9-3t

**FOR SALE**.—A few bushels of clean home-raised Clover Seed; Rubber-tire Runabout, narrow tread, good as new. J. W. WITHEROW. 3-9-2t

**SOW AND PIGS** for sale. —SCOTT M. SMITH.

**FOR RENT**.—House and Lot, near Mayberry, by Mrs. THOMAS KEEFER. 3-9-3t

**BARRED PLY. ROCKS** Eggs for hatching, 50¢ setting. Also Chicks hatched on request, 6¢ each. —Mrs. B. O. SLONAKER. 3-9-2t

**HORSE FOR SALE**, 4 years old, good worker and driver. —THOMAS ECKER, near Walnut Grove School. 3-9-2t

**POTATOES WANTED** not later than Wednesday morning. —H. C. BRENDEL.

**INSURANCE**.—If you will remove to town, this Spring, you will need Fire Insurance. Let me place it for you in the old reliable HOME OF N. Y.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt. 3-9-3t

**DEEDS, MORTGAGES, Bill of Sales and Agreements**, and all other legal writings. No charge for acknowledgment of same when written by me. —J. E. DAVIDSON, J. P. 3-9-4t

**BABY CARRIAGE**, with hood, in good order, for sale cheap. —Mrs. JAMES HILL, Cemetery St. 3-9-2t

**INCUBATING 3¢** per chick. My hatchery is built for the purpose. —JESSE BOWEN, Taneytown, Md. Route 3. 3-9-2t

**GIRL WANTED**.—One who wants to learn good housekeeping, no washing or fires to attend to; two in family. \$2.00 a week to start. Address—Box A, Littlestown, Pa. 3-9-2t

**FOR SALE**.—8 Shoats, weigh about 60 lbs. —THEODORE E. FEESER, on Middleburg road.

**FOR SALE**.—Hatching eggs; hen-hatched day-old chicks and matured stock, from R. I. Reds and Barred Ply. Rocks. —HERBERT WINTER, Taneytown. 2-23-10t

**CUSTOM HATCHING** at 2¢ per egg, by F. P. PALMER. Phone 48-16, Taneytown. 2-23-1t

**FOR SALE**.—Paying business. Complete stock of General Grocery Store, as a whole, or by inventory. Property includes Dwelling, rental \$20.00 per month. No triflers need apply. —Address PILOT OFFICE, Union Bridge. 1-19-1t

**HOUSE FOR RENT**, on Middleburg road. Apply to THEODORE E. FEESER.

**WILL BUY Rags, Rubber, Iron, and all kinds of metals, secondhand Automobiles, books, papers.** Phone 6M., or write CHARLES SOMMERS, Taneytown. 3-16

**WHEN YOU HAVE A HOME (N. Y.)** Fire or Storm Insurance Policy, you have the best there is to be had. It is not only the strongest in this country, financially, but its record for fairness is unexcelled anywhere. —P. B. ENGLAR, Agt., Taneytown. 12-1-tf

**EGGS FOR HATCHING**.—Rhode Island Reds and Silver Lace Wyandottes. Fine Pens of both breeds, extra good layers. \$1.00 for 15 if packed, or 75¢ at the house. —JOHN J. REID, Taneytown.

## Ready For Business

In the D. W. Garner building, on Baltimore St., Taneytown. Contracts taken for

Heating, Plumbing, Gas Fitting and Well Drilling

and all classes of repair work and supplies connected with this line of business. Can supply you with

Hand and Power Pumps, Gasoline Engines, Wind Mills, Roofing, Spouting, Stoves, Ranges, Etc.

Give me a call for anything you may need in my line, and I will guarantee you the best of service.

J. B. ELLIOT,

TANEYTOWN, - - MD. 1-19-1t

## Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store.

**Koons Bros.**  
DEPARTMENT STORE  
TANEYTOWN, MD.

Store Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 p. m.

## New Spring Styles Have Began to Arrive

This week we received our first shipment of

**Men's Spring Hats,**

**\$1.00 to \$2.50**

**Men's Dress Shirts,**

**50c to \$2.50**

**Men's, Women's & Children's SHOES**

Dress Shoes, Work Shoes and School Shoes.

**Ladies' Waists**

In Plain White and Striped Linen and Silk.

**49c, 98c, \$1.19 and \$2.95**

**Laces and Embroideries**

**SOMETHING NEW EVERY WEEK**

We have a few left-over

**Ladies' and Misses' Coats**

AT

**Wonderful Bargain Prices.**

## Spring Millinery Opening