

# THE CARROLL RECORD.

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TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1913.

Please watch the Date on your Paper.

NO. 46

## BRIEF NEWS NOTES

### OF GENERAL INTEREST.

#### Gleaned from the County and State and our Exchanges.

The Lutheran congregation at Manchester has decided to build a new church, the cost of which will be about \$15,000. The plans have been adopted, and work will likely commence soon.

A strike of Conductors on 48 Eastern railroads will likely go into effect on July 1, unless demands are agreed to for an increase of from 15 to 20 per cent in wages. A vote will be taken in June, and if it is favorable the strike will be ordered.

Fully 8000 persons attended the annual meeting of the "old order" German Baptist Brethren, on the farm of E. B. Huffman, in Roonoke county, Va., near Hanging Rock, last Sunday. The meetings lasted four days and were held in a large tent.

The year's harvest of automobile fatalities and serious accidents has commenced at a lively rate. Hardly a single issue of any city daily can be read without a number of these disasters appearing. High speed, and "joy riding," are responsible for most of the accidents.

Another violent storm visited Nebraska, on Wednesday, killing and injuring a considerable number of people, and devastating wide areas. The towns of Tomaro, Lushon, Grafton and McCool Junction are reported practically wiped out. Omaha again suffered considerable loss.

The Jury reform bill, in the interest of which President Wilson went specially to New Jersey to put through, was defeated in the state Senate. The Democrats would not vote for the Republican bill, and the Republicans would not vote for the Democratic bill, and neither side could put through a bill without help from the other.

A very warm meeting of the Bull Moose city committee was held on Wednesday evening, when the amalgamation proposition came up for consideration. For about two hours the debate, pro and con, waxed hot. It is said that 8 of the 19 present favored amalgamation, and at the close the following resolution was passed: "That the city committee stand pat on Progressivism and any member who wishes to go to the Republican party shall resign."

Barely escaping with their lives, Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Valentine, of Rocky Ridge, managed to flee from their burning home in their nightclothes early Thursday morning. The fire had started in a poultry remedy plant Mr. Valentine conducts near his home, and had communicated with the house. Both buildings and their contents were lost. Nearly 8,000 pounds of poultry powders burned. The loss will be about \$9,000. The buildings were owned by Mr. Harman, of Taneytown.

In what is believed to have been an attempt of Albert Patton and Edward Keller to destroy the magazine of the Consolidation Coal Company at Eckart, nine miles above Cumberland and the towns of Eckart and Frostburg early Wednesday morning, the two men were blown to pieces, nearly every house in Eckart was damaged, windows were broken in Frostburg and Clarksburg and the shock of the explosion was felt 50 miles away. In all 1700 pounds of dynamite and 60 cans of giant powder were set off.

Isaac Lobe Straus, former Attorney-General of Maryland, and one of the candidates to succeed Senator John Walter Smith, published a full page open letter to President Wilson, in last Saturday's *American*, protesting against the President's interference in Maryland politics, through his urging the candidacy of Walter Marbury for the position. He recites the fact that through two telegrams he tried to have the President disavow the openly reported favoritism of himself for Mr. Marbury, and closes a long dissertation on the proprieties involved by asking on what grounds he injects his personal influence in the case.

#### Church Notices.

Rev. Martin Schweitzer, pastor of the Union Bridge Reformed church, will preach in the Lutheran church, Taneytown, this Sunday morning. No preaching services in the evening.

Regular preaching service at Winters Lutheran church on Sunday, May 18, at 10 a. m., and at Mt. Union at 2:30 p. m. Rev. H. F. Baughman will preach at both places.

On Friday evening, May 23, there will be a special Missionary service at Mt. Union at 7:30 p. m. Dr. Mary Baer will tell of her work as a missionary in India. She will also speak at Winters church on Sunday, May 25, at 2:30 p. m.; at Uniontown, at 10:30 a. m., and at Baist at 7:30 p. m. Dr. Baer has been in India over thirteen years, and at present is home on furlough, being treated in Philadelphia and Baltimore hospitals for an injury to her left wrist and hand, and for work in India.

There will be no services in the Reformed church, Sunday morning or evening, as the pastor will be in attendance at Classis, in Baltimore.

U. B. church, Harney: Sunday School at 9 a. m.; preaching 10 a. m.; Taneytown: Sunday School, 1:30 p. m.; prayer meeting, 6:30 p. m.; preaching, 7:30 p. m. Sermon: "The Hill-Top of Life."

Presbyterian: 9 a. m., Bible School; 10 a. m., worship. Theme: "Expectation's True Source." p. m., C. E. service.

Pinney Creek School: 2 p. m., worship. Theme: "Waiting on God."

A Mothers' Day service will be conducted by the Y. P. S. of the Emanuel's Reformed church at Baist, Sunday evening, at 7:45 o'clock.

#### Why Not Stop Selling Cigarettes?

It seems to us that retail dealers in cigarettes might rise to the height of strictly obeying the cigarette law of the state. In fact, we think the dealers of our town should go together and agree not to sell cigarettes to anybody. Such an act would reflect nothing but credit on them, and be an evidence that money-making is not the sole object of their being in business. Business men should not want to profit through the sale of anything injurious to the health of anybody, especially to the young. Why not stop buying the little "stinkers" as stock in trade?

Legislation against cigarettes is not merely prejudice. Those who have investigated the subject scientifically, know the harmfulness of the cigarette habit, without question of doubt. Smoking of any kind, is bad enough, but the very worst form is the cigarette.

Pennsylvania has just passed, and Governor Tener has signed the Thompson bill prohibiting the sale or gift of cigarettes or cigarette papers to persons less than 21 years of age. Such sale is made punishable by a fine of from \$100 to \$300. A minor in possession of cigarettes is required to tell where they were obtained. Refusal to do so is made a misdemeanor. If the offender is over 16 years the penalty is a fine of \$5 or imprisonment for five days. If under 16 years the Juvenile Court is to take charge.

Will not Taneytown dealers enter into a signed agreement to discontinue the sale of cigarettes after a certain date—say July 1? It seems to us that they owe this to the parents who are their heaviest patrons in business.

#### Woman's Missionary Conference.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society, Middle Conference, Maryland Synod, will meet in St. Paul's Lutheran church, Uniontown, Rev. G. W. Baughman, pastor, on Wednesday, May 21. Dr. Mary Baer will make the evening address. The public is cordially invited to attend these services. The program will be as follows:

FIRST SESSION, 11:00 a. m.  
Miss Lizzie T. Birely, Presiding.  
Devotional Service, Mrs. L. B. Hafer.  
Singing No. 38, "Let the Sunshine In."  
Greetings, Rev. H. F. Baughman.  
"Workers Together," Dr. Mary Baer, Miss L. W. Rice, Mrs. D. U. Bair, Mrs. A. O. Mullen, Mrs. G. W. Baughman.  
Singing No. 46, "Whosoever Will."  
Our Motto, Mrs. J. D. Belt.  
Singing No. 29, "Give of your Best to the Master."

SECOND SESSION, 2:00 p. m.  
Devotional Service, Mrs. W. F. Hersh.  
Singing No. 128, "Count Your Blessings."  
Roll-call and Minutes.  
Reports, Vice-President, Treasurer, Box-Work Director.  
Singing No. 178.  
"The Morning Light is Breaking," Mrs. L. W. Rice.  
Half Hour Quiz, Mrs. Levi Leatherman.  
Singing No. 1, "Somebody."  
Conference on "Standard of Excellence."  
Singing No. 32, "The Banner of the Cross."  
Address, "Wise Leadership," Mrs. D. U. Bair.  
Home Department Work, Mrs. A. O. Mullen.  
Singing No. 27, "The King's Business."  
Practical Service, Mrs. G. W. Baughman.  
Offering, Announcements.  
Singing No. 162, "I Love to Tell the Story."

THIRD SESSION, 7:30 p. m.  
Rev. H. F. Baughman, Presiding.  
Opening Service.  
Half Hour with the Children.  
Hymn 217, "Watchman Tell us of the Night."  
Address, "India," Dr. Mary Baer.  
Hymn 213, "Jesus Shall Reign."  
The Twilight Hour of Prayer.  
Offering, Announcements.  
Hymn 519, "Glory to Thee, My God, this Night."

#### Friedmann Cure For Consumption

"Found Wanting."  
Washington, May 9.—"We are in a position to state that the effects thus far observed do not justify that confidence in the remedy which has been inspired by widespread publicity."

In one sentence this is the judgment at the present moment of the United States Public Health Service as to the value of the Friedmann anti-tuberculosis turtle serum. It was expressed by Dr. John F. Anderson, one of the surgeons whom the Public Health Service assigned to investigate and report on the German physician's discovery, in a report read before the National Association for the Prevention and Cure of Tuberculosis in session here.

The report was the first formal word of the Health Service. It was signed by Dr. Anderson's colleague in the investigation of the Friedmann treatment, Dr. A. M. Stimson.

The report was a frank admission that beyond the discovery that the Friedmann bacillus is an acid fast organism, "having properties quite different from those of any other tubercle bacilli," no advance has been made in the Government's investigation of the "cure."

"We believe at the present time," Dr. Anderson declared, "that we are not in a position to express an opinion based on the present condition of the patients under observation. The disease for which the remedy is used is prolonged, and is characterized by periods of advancement and retrogression; it is also one in which psychic influences are a powerful factor. Time is therefore necessary in order to properly evaluate the effect of the therapeutic measures."

#### Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, May 12th., 1913.—Clarence J. Cook, administrator of Lemuel A. Cook, deceased, reported sale of personal property.

Letters of guardianship were granted to Mary B. Myers as guardian for Joseph William, John Albert, Rosa A., Margaret L., Leo F., Benjamin G., Martha M. Myers, infant children of John H. Myers, deceased.

The last will and testament of Levi S. Snyder, late of Carroll county, deceased, admitted to probate and letters testamentary thereon granted unto Theodore E. King, who received warrant to appraise personal property and real estate, and order to notify creditors.

The last will and testament of Pemberton Wood, late of Carroll county, deceased, admitted to probate and letters testamentary thereon granted unto Wm. Wood and Mary E. Haines, who received warrant to appraise and order to notify creditors.

## A BIT OF HISTORY

### ON JEWISH SUFFRAGE.

#### Thomas Kennedy and William P. Farquhar, Leading Spirits.

The following paragraph, with interesting comments, have been sent us by Jos. W. Farquhar, our valued correspondent at Union Bridge:

Hagerstown, Md., May 13.—Mrs. James Findlay has purchased a lot in Rose Hill cemetery, this city, in which the bones of her grandfather, Thomas Kennedy, the statesman-poet, famous as the author of the law giving Jews the right of suffrage in Maryland, will be interred, along with those of Kennedy's wife and daughter. Kennedy and his family were buried in the rear of the First Christian Church. A movement has been started among the Jews in Maryland, by leaders of Hagerstown, to erect a monument in memory of Kennedy in Rose Hill Cemetery.

The above paragraph, taken from the *Baltimore Sun* of May 4th., speaks of Thomas Kennedy the statesman-poet, as the author of the law giving Jews the right of suffrage in Maryland, from which they had previously been debarred.

William P. Farquhar, at that time a resident of Union Bridge, and a member of the Maryland House of Delegates from Frederick County, was one of the most active supporters of the law during its consideration by the Legislature. He and Kennedy were bon-vivant companions and close friends. He would therefore have naturally felt a desire that Mr. Kennedy should succeed in his attempt to have the law passed. But Mr. Farquhar was a firm believer in the justice of the cause, and that the discrimination against the Jews was unjust and intolerable, and he gave a firm support to the measure and being a man who was popular among all classes, his assistance was valuable.

In a conversation with my father, Joel Farquhar, after his return from Annapolis, he said that the night after the passage of the enfranchisement bill through both branches of the legislature, and it only needed the signature of the Governor to make it a law of Maryland when he retired to bed, he noticed a slip of paper on his pillow on which were the words, "Look beneath." He raised the pillow and there lay a splendid gold watch and chain which had evidently been placed there by order of some generous Jew who wished thus to reward him for the work he had done for his people during the sessions of the Legislature.

It appears from the paragraph which I send that the grave of Kennedy can be distinguished; that of William P. Farquhar cannot be located. He was buried in a family graveyard, near Union Bridge, but the property on which it was located has frequently changed owners. The marble slab at his grave has been removed and the plot has been the rest. Door to Virtue Lodge, of Westminster A. F. & A. M., which was organized near this town, and of which he was a charter member, has tried in vain to locate his grave.

In 1826, when Mr. Farquhar was a member of the legislature, the Marquis De Lafayette made his famous tour of the United States, and of course visited Annapolis. The Legislature was in session and it gave a reception to Lafayette.

Thomas Kennedy, the statesman-poet wrote a "Welcome" for the occasion which was set to music and was sung by Mr. Farquhar as Lafayette entered the Chamber. Only four lines of the poem which I have often heard recited by my father are remembered.

Welcome, welcome Lafayette  
We never shall forget;  
Friend of man we love thee yet,  
Friend of Liberty.

Probably the entire poem has been preserved in the records of the Legislature at Annapolis and some newspaper correspondent would do a favor to the people by bringing it out of its hiding place and allowing them to read the lines of a Maryland Poet, of whom probably but few have any knowledge. J. W. F.

#### Just Gov't League Meetings.

(For the Record.)  
Meetings under the auspices of "The Just Government League" of Carroll Co., have been held in different parts of the county, during the past week, and have been well attended.

On Wednesday evening, May 12, the first meeting was held at Mt. Airy. Mrs. Wm. Gambrell, chairman, of the Mt. Airy League, presided and the speakers were introduced by Major Leatherwood. Speakers, Mrs. Wm. J. Byrne, President of the Howard County League, Miss Elizabeth Taylor, of Baltimore, and Mr. Martin Burke, of Ellicott City.

On Tuesday evening another meeting was held at New Windsor College. The speakers were introduced by Rev. Dr. Frazer and Miss Manst furnished the music. The speakers were Mrs. L. H. Engle, of Forest Glen, and Mrs. R. T. Foster, Field Secretary of Baltimore.

On Wednesday evening a meeting was held at Uniontown, presided over by Mrs. Foster. Rev. Harry Baughman opened the meeting with prayer, and addresses were made by Mrs. L. H. Engle and Miss Katharine Hill, of Baltimore.

Meetings will be held at Westminster, on Friday evening, at the Opera House, and the speakers will be Mrs. Donald J. Hooker, President of the Just Government League of Maryland. Mrs. Johnson Poe, chairman of the petition committee; Hon. J. Booker Clift, the member of the Legislature, who introduced the Local Option Bill at the last session, and Rev. J. Gratton Mython.

At Taneytown, on Saturday evening, May 17th., and at Sykesville, on Monday evening, May 19th. Speakers, Miss Alice Campbell, of Boston, and Miss Ellen L. LaMotte, Supt. of Home Nurses of Baltimore.

The Record thanks Taneytown's Special Congressman, Col. J. A. Goulden, for a handsomely bound copy of the Congressional Directory, 63rd Congress, containing the name of the editor printed in gilt on the cover, the same as though made for a M. C. The work contains a vast amount of directorial and biographical information, and we are glad to have it as part of our office equipment.

#### "The Conservation of the Boy."

(For the Record.)  
On Tuesday evening, May 13, there was a new and unusual feature introduced into the proceedings of the Taneytown Grange meeting, in the form of a surprise to the Lecturer of the Grange, which was introduced by B. O. Slonaker. We took notice of a slight commotion around the hall and ante-room, and being averse to ask questions we could only wait and see. When those who had planned the surprise were ready, the door was opened and Rev. Dr. Stangle, Mrs. Stangle and their young son were ushered into the hall. Their object could no longer be concealed, and Mr. Slonaker explained that Dr. Stangle was there to take his place on the program.

Dr. Stangle was at once introduced and took up as his subject "The Conservation of the Boy." His appeal to fathers and mothers was a mastery one, and he fairly analyzed the boy from the cradle to the grave, showing his worth and possibilities for good if guided and trained in the way in which he should go. He emphasized the importance of developing a perfect man, both physically and mentally, by combining brain and brawn, and bringing them both into play. He described his experience with the dens of vice in the cities, and that it was no unusual thing for men to have their lives threatened in trying to suppress them.

He also told of the amount of money spent in the cities in the work of reforming the unfortunate, and the question was asked—Why not keep our young people away from temptations by making the conditions on the farm so pleasant and profitable that they would not desire to go to the towns and cities? The impressions were created that this could be done, and the fact was greatly deplored that the people as a rule were to a great extent entirely blind to their obligations in this matter.

Mrs. Stangle also made some appropriate remarks. Dr. and Mrs. Stangle, after receiving the hearty thanks of the Grange and an invitation to repeat their visits from time to time, retired, and the regular business of the Grange was resumed, a recess having been declared in order to receive them. On every side we heard expressions of satisfaction and approval of the masterly manner in which the subject was handled.

#### The G. O. P. Harmony Meeting.

A meeting of Republican Senators, Congressmen and other party leaders, the most of them having "Progressive" leanings, was held in Chicago on Saturday and Monday last, the object being to aid in bringing about a reunion of the two wings of the party. Governor Hadley, of Mo., and Senators Cummins and Borah were the leading spirits.

A committee composed of Robert Luce, former Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts; Senator Borah, Senator Kenyon of Iowa, W. F. James, State Senator of Michigan, and James A. Troutman, State Senator of Kansas, was appointed to draw up a statement expressing the sentiment of the conference. This committee drew up the following, and it was adopted.

"At an informal conference of Republicans from 11 States held at Chicago May 12, 1913, it was voted that it be submitted to the National Republican Committee as the opinion of those present that a national convention of the party should be held this year at as early a date as may be practicable, for the purpose of considering the expediency of changing the basis of representation in future conventions so that the delegates shall proportionately represent Republican voters and not general population, to the end that the will of the members of the party may be more accurately determined; also for the purpose of changing the rules relating to delegates and members of the National Committee, so that the primary election laws of the various States shall be recognized and have full force; and also for the purpose of making such other changes in the methods of conducting national conventions and campaigns as shall conduce to giving the utmost possible effect to the principles and policies of the party."

"It was further the opinion that such a convention might properly and usefully take any other action desirable to reunite the party and to give assurance that it stands for constructive and progressive activities in the affairs of government to the end that the common welfare may be advanced."

#### Missing Verses of Bible Discovered.

London, May 14.—Some long-missing verses of the New Testament are included in the manuscripts of the gospels discovered in Egypt six years ago, and purchased by Charles L. Freer, of Detroit, Mich., according to a study made of the Freer manuscripts.

A facsimile of the manuscripts has been presented to the British Museum by the University of Michigan, to which Mr. Freer assigned the task of publication, and, according to the *London Times* study there have been found in the gospel of St. Mark several verses which occur in no other known manuscript of the New Testament, although they were known to St. Jerome, who quotes part of them.

In the Freer manuscript, after the passage in which it is said that Jesus upbraided his disciples for their unbelief, the text continues, as follows:

"And they excused themselves, saying that this age of lawlessness and unbelief is under Satan, who, through the agency of unclean spirits, suffers not the true power of God to be apprehended."

"For the cause, they say unto Christ, reveal now at once Thy righteousness."

"And Christ said unto them, the limit of the years of the powers of Satan is (now) fulfilled, but it draweth near. (The text here and elsewhere is corrupt.)"

"For the sake of those that have sinned I given up unto death, that they may return unto the truth and sin no more, but may inherit the spiritual and incorruptible glory of righteousness in heaven."

## THE CIRCUIT COURT

### SPRING TERM SESSION

#### The Outlook for a Longer Session Than is Usual.

Westminster, Md., May 12.—The May term of the Circuit Court for Carroll county began this morning with Chief Judge Thomas on the bench. John Geiman, of Manchester district, was appointed bailiff to the grand jury; Ezra J. Little, of Woolery's district, bailiff to the petit jury; Samuel H. Graham, of Uniontown district, and Amos Zentz, of New Windsor district, bailiffs at the gates. The grand and petit juries are as follows:

Grand Jury—Robert Lee Meyers, foreman; Charles R. Willhide, Clifton J. Cook, Rezin A. Farver, Percy H. Shriver, Evan B. McKinstry, Edward D. Adelberger, Uriah J. Babylon, Harry N. Groft, August Yaeger, George A. Six, David W. Baughn, Harvey J. Maus, George K. Schaeffer, Thomas G. Hoffman, Denton H. Leister, Howard H. Wine, Lloyd S. Buckingham, John H. Davis, Guy S. Formwalt, Uriah Rixler, William Melville, Harry E. Fleagle.

Petit Jury—John D. Leister, Edward T. Witte, George E. Marker, Charles H. Brown, John W. Cape, Marion J. Leister, William R. Trenwith, William A. Roop, Ezra N. O. Nausbaum, Irvin B. Lippy, Henry Oliver Stoniesier, Edward W. Case, John H. Roop, John C. Folker, Isaiah F. Humbert, William H. Rodkey, Theodore S. B. Fridinger, John H. Harman, Albert O. Selby, Jacob A. Fringer, Caleb W. Selby, William Tanner, William F. Bricker, David H. Stephan, Harry J. Haines.

But two cases have been disposed of so far: State vs. Gloyd Zentgraf, assault and battery. Tried before jury. Verdict guilty. Went for state; Clemson for traverser.

W. J. Chapman Coal Co., vs. Humphrey D. Ward. Removed from Howard county. Tried before jury. Verdict for defendant, \$105.54. Layley K. Chapman, of Baltimore, and J. M. Reinsnyder, for plaintiff; Guy W. Steele and Wm. T. Warburton for defendant.

The Grand Jury will likely adjourn this Friday.

The indications are that the session will last several weeks.

#### Care of Colored Tubercular Cases.

Maryland has a sanatorium for its tubercular white residents, but no place in which the tubercular colored may be cared for and restrained from spreading disease. It is high time the public is awakened to the extent to which one colored family in which there is tuberculosis can infect a whole community, and followed up such awakening by demanding that it be safeguarded against this widespread danger.

In this State, and particularly in country districts, housekeepers are largely dependent upon colored help. Yet how few inquire into the home surroundings of the domestics who come to the back-door asking for a place. On the contrary, they are put right to work, doing the cooking, the housecleaning, the washing and ironing, minding the baby and the other children, and coming into close daily contact with the whole family. No one takes the trouble to see what sort of homes these domestics come from in the morning and return to at night.

Not only colored women, but colored men, too, work about the place, handling food products, driving the family carriage, tending the garden and the stock, doing a number of tasks, in fact, that make it highly important for them to be healthy and their clothing free from germs. But do employers inquire what sort of places they stay in when they are not at work?

The Maryland Children's Aid Society has come across a case in one county that is typical of conditions throughout the counties—conditions that will exist so long as the State is without a place where tubercular colored people may be placed for the protection of the community.

In this case, the tubercular patient is a small colored girl who lives in a little house with relatives. There are four adults in that house, two men and two women, three of them working in families, the other in a laundry. The child is in the last stages of tuberculosis, yet those four people are in contact with her every night. Two other members of the household have died of the disease, and the family seems to have no idea about taking precautions for their own protection and that of the people for whom they work.

There is no place for the tubercular colored, so the suffering child will have to stay in that little home, throwing off battalions of germs to go forth and do their dread work. And her relatives will continue to leave that disease-laden atmosphere each morning to work among the unsuspecting white folk of the community.

Here is a danger right in our very midst. The only solution is a sanatorium for the tubercular colored people, for their shelter and the protection of the community. The matter should be urged upon the next Legislature, but the public will have to rouse out of its present apathy and work for their own protection or the tubercular colored will stay right in the congested neighborhoods in which they now live, infecting those who leave these neighborhoods to labor among the white.

#### The Taneytown State Road.

The Record has had numerous inquiries as to when work would be commenced on the Taneytown end of the new state road, and in order to secure definite information, we wrote to the State Road Commission. The reply received says: "This contract calls for completion by July 15, 1913, and as this is a very reliable firm, I am sure they will complete it on time." Signed O. E. WELLS, chairman.

#### Injury to Gardens by Frost.

Considerable damage to garden vegetables, and tender vegetation generally, was caused by frosts last Saturday and Sunday nights. Low lying spots, and especially those near water-courses, sustained the greatest damage. Beans, tomatoes, strawberries and grapes suffered most, while at places corn and potatoes were badly nipped. The complete destruction of vegetables was prevented by the dryness of the ground, and considerable wind.

The tobacco crop in the southern part of the county has been practically ruined, the weather all Spring being unfavorable to it, and the frost coming along about finished it.

On the eastern shore, the loss to tomatoes and peas will run way into the thousands of dollars, as whole fields were destroyed, while potatoes and corn were generally set back about ten days in growth.

#### DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

MORELOCK.—Mrs. Elizabeth Morelock died Friday morning at 2:30 a'clock at the home of Mrs. P. Marsh, Frederick, her daughter, with whom she lived, aged 86 years, 3 months and 29 days. Mrs. Morelock was the wife of Mr. Jacob Morelock, who survives her. She formerly lived in Carroll county, Md. She was a member of the Lutheran church. She was the last of her family, and leaves only her husband and daughter.

BUFFINGTON.—James Edgar Buffington, aged 35 years, member of the firm of J. W. Buffington & Co., of Baltimore, died at Highfield, Md., on Monday. Mr. Buffington was a son of Albert J. Buffington, of Baltimore. Besides his father he is survived by his widow, Mrs. Lillian Buffington, one son, Edgar R. Buffington; three brothers, A. Guy, J. Raymond and Pierce Buffington, of Baltimore, and three sisters, Mrs. W. C. Rinehart, of Union Bridge, Mrs. C. E. Ely, of Berkeley Springs, W. Va., and Miss Beth E. Buffington, of Baltimore.

HARNER.—While working under a boiler in the Mount Clare shops, on Monday, where he was employed, Paul E. Harner, 18 years old, Baltimore, was struck on the head by a piece of steel and died on the way to the University Hospital.

Harner was assisting in the riveting of a boiler, when he was called away to attend to some other duties. First clamping the steel securely, as he believed, he completed the other work and then returned to finish with the riveting. As he crawled under the boiler the steel fell and struck him in the back of the head.

He was a son of Mrs. Leila B. (Kehn) Harner, and the late Clayton Harner, formerly of Taneytown. Interment in St. John's (Littlestown, Pa.) cemetery, on Thursday.

SWOPE.—Mrs. Mary Blanche Swope, widow of the late Dr. John A. Swope, died in Washington, D. C., on Wednesday last week after a brief illness from pneumonia. Mrs. Swope's maiden name was Miss Mary Blanche Mitchell and she was a native of Washington, Pa. She became the second wife of Dr. Swope in 1866 and resided in Gettysburg until the removal of Dr. Swope to Washington, D. C., after his election to Congress. Dr. Swope died in December, 1910. The funeral was held on last Friday, the body being brought to Gettysburg and interment made in the Evergreen Cemetery. She leaves three daughters, Mrs. Edwin McKee, Mrs. Blanche Mirick, and Miss Georgia I. Swope of Washington, and two step daughters, Mrs. Margaret Burrell and Mrs. H. M. Clabaugh, of Washington, D. C.

FOREST.—Capt. John S. Forrest, a former resident of Hanover, died at the Soldiers' Home, Dayton, Ohio, Thursday, May 8, from a complication of diseases, at the age of 76 years, 7 months and 16 days.

The deceased was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Seth Forrest, and was born in Boonsboro, Md., coming to Hanover when about ten years old. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted four times. He was a member of Co. G, 16th Penn'a Regiment, Capt. Cyrus Diller, enlisting under Lincoln's call for 75,000 men, in April, 1861, for three months. Aug. 17, 1862, he enlisted for nine months in Co. C, Capt. Jos. S. Jenkins, 130th Regiment, being 1st Sergeant and engaged in the battles of Antietam, Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. He was wounded at Antietam, "the bloodiest one-day battle ever fought in America."

During Lee's invasion, he was Captain of Co. L, 26th Pennsylvania Emergency Regiment, and was captured in the skirmish near Gettysburg, a few days before the great battle. Later, he enlisted in Cole's 1st Maryland Cavalry, of the Potomac Home Brigade, becoming Capt. of Co. E., and serving until the close of the war.

Mr. Forrest was postmaster of Hanover from August 28, 1866, to August 4, 1868. He is survived by one son, Clarence H. Forrest, of Baltimore, and a daughter, Miss G. May Forrest, of Taneytown, Md.

Funeral services and interment were held in Hanover, on Tuesday afternoon.

IN SAD BUT LOVING REMEMBRANCE  
Of our darling boy, Gorma Altine Dayhoff,  
who died April 8, 1913.

We have no baby now; we are weeping;  
She is with Christ a sleeping.  
We are weeping, sad and lonely,  
For our baby dear.

How was a pleasure when our baby was here;  
Now she is torn from hearts that loved her.  
For Jesus took her in his arms  
To dwell with him on high.

Yet again we'll meet our baby,  
When the day of life is fled;  
When in heaven we'll meet our baby,  
Where no parting tears are shed.  
For her loving Parents.

Farewell, farewell, little sister dear;  
Life is lonely without you here.  
Oh, may we meet in heaven above,  
Where all is joy and peace and love.

Little darling, how we miss you,  
None but we can ever tell;  
For your little form is vacant,  
In the home you used to dwell.  
By her loving Sisters and Brothers.



## THE CARROLL RECORD

(NON-PARTISAN.)

Published every Friday, at Taneytown, Md., by The Carroll Record Printing and Publishing Company.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

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Entered at Taneytown Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, MAY 16th., 1913.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule with this office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

### Our Scientifically Built Roads Wearing Out Already.

Already, the maintenance and repair of our few patches of state road is crying for attention, and the State Road Commission is accused of looking after new construction only, and letting the finished roads care for themselves. We predicted just this, several years ago; that the class of finely surfaced roads being built, with special regard to luxurious auto travel, would not stand customary traffic, but would soon call for expensive resurfacing.

Fine roads are all right for parks and for government show places, when the cost comes out of a treasury not too closely watched by tax-payers, but for ordinary country public roads, used all the year by all classes of vehicles, business and pleasure, without regard to weather—when necessity is superior to everything else—good hard honest roads, made for wear rather than luxury, are what we need. The trouble is, our road commission has been building waxed ball-room floors where we need oak railroad station platforms, and the ball-room influence is responsible.

In this whole state road business, the thing that needs resetting, is—Who are the roads built mainly for? If the first consideration is automobile fast-travelers, rather than horse vehicles and farm wagons, then the system is perhaps about right—providing the general tax-payer is satisfied to pay the cost and up-keep. If the common service uses are of first consideration, then we have spent some millions of dollars without getting what we most need.

The question of repair would confront any system, as a matter of course. Even our best old-time turnpikes require repair, but the expense is not an exorbitant one. A patch here and there—a little rough for a while—and the thing is done; no fine cementing and rolling is needed. If we must build roads and make repairs suitable for inflated rubber tires, we can do that; but if we want roads and repairs for iron tires, that is another and simpler proposition. Do we want roads to dance and pleasure over, or do we want them for business and work? This is the question to settle. A public road can't be a ball-room floor and railroad platform at the same time—except at a big expense for the latter.

We even appear to have a state law prohibiting the use of traction engines and rough-locks on the new state roads. What must such a law be construed to mean? Simply that the necessities of farmers are held to be secondary to the necessities of the tender faced roads. What are farmers to do who can not be reached otherwise than over a state road? Presumably, they must get their thrashing done in the old way, and when the roads are slippery they must either not do heavy wagoning, or take chances of wrecking their teams going down hill.

And yet, the very people who most want fine roads also want the farmers to hump themselves to keep down the "high cost of living." Such unpoetic transactions as thrashing grain and hauling produce to market, do not enter into the calculations of selfish idealists. The farmer is slated to obey, and to provide for the necessities of the kid-gloved powers. What he knows about real modern progress, and his own preferences, are matters inconsequential, from the looks of things evolved from our new roads and road laws.

It has always seemed to us that we have too much geological expertise as to the fitness of stone for road building. According to such "experts" we have very little stone fit for road-making. Perhaps this is true, so far as the ideal good wearing road is concerned, but is it not equally true that roads built with nearby stone can be built cheaply and repaired cheaply? Suppose Taneytown district stone, for instance, will not wear well for surfacing; would it not be cheaper to resurface with such stone frequently, than it is to build the fine roads that wear out quickly too?

What is the use to talk about good wearing stone, and good binders, when the surface of the new roads is made so fine that it wears into dust and blows away? We admit that what we actually

know about road-making is very little, but in the light of the staying qualities of the roads produced by those who claim they do know, we are of the opinion that road expertise is largely a matter of what we call "common horse sense," and that an inept local commission composed of men who know how to make roads with the best material near at hand, would build fully as good—and vastly cheaper roads than we have built so far. Of course, we mean roads for general use—not auto speeding courses.

### Helpfulness of Mistakes.

Strange as it may seem, there is much profit in mistakes; or rather, in the object lessons set by our blunders, which causes the marshaling of forces for their ratification. It frequently happens that when one branch, or department, of a business or service, shows the needs for a change in management, the "new broom" getting into that department uncovers evils that were not apparent in other departments, and the result of the mistake, or error in conduct, in the one, acts as a widespread blessing.

Perfection is a rare thing in its purity, but there are many imitations. Character, like some buildings, may have most of its cleanliness and virtue in the front. The making of a mistake, therefore, which leads to a cleaning-up and investigation of the entire structure, shows the truthfulness of the caption of this article.

Political parties make mistakes—very disastrous ones for the party, or perhaps for the interests of the whole country—and it is taking advantage of opportunities offered by these mistakes that leads to truth, and to the settlement of disputed questions. Some of our most plausible theories are mistaken ones, and it is only by practical demonstration—putting the mistake into operation—that the question of wise policy can be fully determined.

We have a motto in our office, which reads, "Success don't consist in never making blunders, but in never making the same one twice," and there is a vast amount of wisdom in it. The person or organization advocating a mistaken policy, which has once been clearly proven so, is compounding a mistake inexcusably by continuing the advocacy. The trouble often is in such instances that people are forgetful; new generations come along which must have the same thing proven to them that was once proven to their successors at the front. Much of our wisdom is not of the burnt-in sort.

In order that full benefit may be derived from mistakes, somebody must have good sense enough, and be honest enough, to admit when a mistake is made, and pursue its remedy. The man who chooses to combat facts with mere argument, and refuses to give in when the best authority is against him, is as far removed from sanity as the man who contends that "the dictionary is wrong" in the spelling of a word, simply because he chooses to persist in spelling it another way. The height that all good people should aspire to, is that of acknowledging demonstrated wrong, even when so doing comes into direct antagonism with some of our dearest preferences and principles; and while it is a hard thing to do to admit that our pets are imperfect, it is true evidence of manliness, just the same.

### The "Closing Down" Scare.

Tariff revisionists and the high officials of the administration are considerably exercised over reports that a large number of manufacturing concerns are reported to be in league to "close down" as an object lesson showing the ill effects of the new tariff law, and that the closing will be for the purpose of influencing the Congressional elections this Fall. It is also stated that a large sum of money will be used to show that this scheme, if practiced, is not due to the tariff, etc.

We are of the opinion that most of such talk is mere bluster. Manufacturers are too intent on profits and dividends to "play politics" with their plants, and it is reasonably sure that they will not voluntarily close down, and lose money, simply for the sake of creating a political demonstration. Business men, as a rule, are in business to make money, and care very little about party success, or what party writes the laws.

President Wilson and Mr. Underwood will find that their plan for "heading off," or exposing, these so-called object lessons by manufacturers, will have no effect whatever. The manufacturers will be influenced by actual conditions, and not by political expediency; they will run their business, or not run it, accordingly as circumstances prompt them. Moreover, all manufacturers are not Republicans, by any means, and Democrats will not likely be silly enough to close down unless there are excellent financial reasons for doing so.

The President need not be afraid that any profitable business is going to close, in order to prove his tariff policy wrong; nor need he imagine that an unprofitable business can be forced into continuing, simply in order to make believe that the tariff does not hurt. Politics is one thing; business is another—for business men, and for financial transactions. The President, like everybody else, must wait and see what the results are. Facts are much more reliable guides, in business transactions, than political argument, and it is the facts that will shape conditions.

### Votes for Women and Lawless Campaign Methods.

Suffragettes are still at work in what is called a "militant" campaign in England for "votes for women." Public buildings, railroad stations, private residences and even churches, have been the objects of destructive fire and bombs. Jail sentences for violations of law and order seem to be courted as examples of martyrdom to the "cause," or perhaps for the sake of securing "advertising," while the "hikes" of the American sisters, and Carrie Nation's hatchet warfare, are quite tame by comparison.

If this ante-suffrage demonstration is to be taken as an indication of what may be expected after suffrage has been granted to women, the addition of the female sex to equal participation in voting and to general election campaign privileges, would bring about a condition which has as yet been unknown in even the toughest sections of our largest cities, and the stories of the Ku-klux gangs would read like Sunday School literature.

We have been looking everywhere for American suffragettes to express their condemnation of these English outrages, but if they have been made we have failed to see them. Surely, there can not be even secret approval of the bomb and arson campaign, on the part of our American women? And if so, they should speak out openly in condemnation. English women, we imagine, can not be very different from American women, nor do we imagine that there is more oppression of women in England than here. What excuse, or justification, can be made for this so-called "militant" campaign?

There are many good and conscientious women advocating equal suffrage, both in this country and in England, but how can such women, in the light of recent history, advocate suffrage for the whole body of women—bomb-planters, torch setters, general rioters and all? The whole country will agree that votes for some women might not be an evil, but what assurance have we that votes for all women would not add vastly more undesirable, than desirable, to our voting population? How can the desirable element remain silently consenting when this militant element is committing crimes against justice, decency and order, which votes for women is supposed to promote for all?

### Fourth-class Postmasters.

The decision of the Wilson administration to practically nullify the order of the Taft administration in placing Fourth-class Postmasters under Civil Service, is not reassuring to others at present holding Civil Service positions. Politically speaking, we believe in the public service of the country being largely conducted by the party in power, as that party is held responsible by the public; but such offices as has been transferred legally to the Civil Service, should be left there, or this branch will become a mere plaything for political captives.

The defense in the present hold-up relative to Fourth-class Postmasters, that such officials should undergo "examination" for fitness, is too transparent to fool anybody. Both Cleveland and Roosevelt made such transfers extensively, and the "examination" plea was never invoked. The fact is, Civil Service examinations, in such cases, is largely pretense at benefit to the service, for the excellent reason that the ability of a village postmaster to dispatch and distribute a few batches of mail a day, is not dependant on any considerable degree of purely scholarly ability.

The danger in not respecting such transfers to the Civil Service, rests in the assumption of an authority which can easily be stretched to cover mail carriers, or any other employees who have been so classified; and to the further fact that when such test examinations are held, it would be a very simple matter to manipulate results favorable to applicants from the party in power. Rather than invoke examinations, in such cases, it would be far better, we think, to hold community elections.

### Most Prompt and Effectual Cure for Bad Colds.

When you have a bad cold you want a remedy that will not only give relief, but effect a prompt and permanent cure, a remedy that is pleasant to take, a remedy that contains nothing injurious. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all these requirements. It acts on nature's plan, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions and restores the system to a healthy condition. This remedy has a world wide sale and use, and can always be depended upon. Sold by all dealers.

### Straus to the President.

A full-page open letter from Isaac Lobe Straus to the President, on the Senatorial situation in Maryland, published in last Saturday's Baltimore American, is an interesting contribution to modern politics, and is a pretty strong arraignment of the President for interfering—or purporting to interfere—with the citizens of this state in selecting their own Senators. He says in part:

For several months these and similar statements, published in a leading newspaper not only of Maryland, but of the country, have gone uncontradicted and unchallenged. With many other Democrats in Maryland, I have been waiting in vain for a denial by you or by someone for you and upon your authority of any such startling and revolutionary purposes. That the doctrine and practice which such alleged purposes embrace are destructive to the last degree of the prin-

ciples in which the Democratic party had its origin and by and upon which it has stood from its birth and also of the whole scheme and theory of the federal and state governments and of their constitutional relations to each other is plainly obvious to the glance of every unblinded citizen of our Union.

In support of these assertions, permit me to specify:

1. The course ascribed to you would be a deadly blow to the most precious and important principle of the Democratic Party—the principle of local Self-Government or States' Rights, which gave birth to the party and which is the root and fountain of all its other principles.

2. It is implacably hostile to the nature and structure of the United States Senate itself and to the very object of its institution, as well as to its peculiar and specific functions.

3. It would destroy the vital principle of the separation, independence and equilibrium of the three great Departments of the Federal Government—the Executive, Legislative and Judicial—which the Constitution establishes as equal, co-ordinate and supreme within the sphere assigned to each.

4. It would be a misuse and a perversion of the power and patronage of the Federal Government which were delegated and created for objects perfectly defined, and never intended to be applied, as above declared, to the purpose of controlling or influencing State elections.

5. It would completely change the character of the Government of the United States, both intrinsically and in its relations to the several States, transforming it from a Federal into a Centralized, Consolidated, Imperial System, with the President, an absolute Autocrat, at its head with all the vast powers, now so equally distributed and balanced, absorbed and concentrated in himself.

Each of these propositions, of such deep and permanent import to the people of my own State and of the Country, I deferentially request you to consider in the order in which they are stated above.

### Baltimore's Dumping Ground.

For many years Baltimore city closed her saloons to a considerable extent on Sundays and sent her bibulous crowds out in the suburbs to get their intoxicants, to the shame of the county authorities who permitted such a condition, and to the great discomfort of many suburbanites whose peace and quiet was destroyed by the roistering that went on near their homes. At last, through the indefatigable efforts of the press and the Lord's Day Alliance, this evil seems to have been largely abated, for a time, at least. But Baltimore is not yet done with sending us her nuisances.

Baltimore nourishes a so-called baseball club in a minor league, but will not permit it to play on Sundays. But the manager has secured grounds at Back River, and there every Sunday when the team is at home games are played with professional clubs of the same league or the big leagues, the New York Giants being their opponents last Sunday. Four thousand men and boys rode out from Baltimore last Sunday to see the game, paid their quarters and half-dollars over to the management for the privilege, and rooted and hooted to their heart's content. There were plenty of county policemen on hand as interested spectators of the game, but not one of them made the slightest effort to stop the illegal proceeding. On the contrary, they gave it open protection. They did the same thing last year.

In a spasm of virtue Baltimore has closed a large number of her disorderly houses and driven the inmates elsewhere. In Highlandtown, and even in more remote suburban sections, it is said, these women have begun to ply their calling, but nothing has been heard from the county police, whose duty it is to discover such conditions and initiate the remedy.

When a glue factory, an abattoir, a low groggery, a house of prostitution or other nuisance is discovered in the city it is immediately shuffled off into the county. It might be well to cede to the city a small portion of our least desirable territory and permit her to start a small harem of her own. Then her police could look after it; ours are worthless for such purposes.—Balt. Co. Union.

Ministers of the cloth as a rule are forced to struggle along on wages which in other professions or trades would be deemed insufferable. Churchgoers who believe in organizing unions to obtain better pay as artisans or to exact higher prices for their wares as manufacturers, most of the time seem to forget that preachers are human like the rest of them and must eat at stated intervals between the proverbially sumptuous chicken dinners served to them when they are invited out on Sundays. If bricklayers, tailors, bakers and other craftsmen, and the girl mill-workers, as proposed in bills now before the Legislatures, are to be assured a livelihood by the protection of minimum wage rules, why not the pastors of the flocks? It is a natural and logical development of the spirit of the day.—Phila. Bulletin.

### For the Weak and Nervous.

Tired-out, weak, nervous men and women would feel ambitious, energetic, full of life and always have a good appetite, if they would do the sensible thing for health—take Electric Bitters. Nothing better for the stomach, liver or kidneys. Thousands say they owe their lives to this wonderful home remedy. Mrs. O. Rhinevault, of Vestal Center, N. Y., says: "I regard Electric Bitters as one of the greatest of gifts. I can never forget what it has done for me." Get a bottle yourself and see what a difference it will make in your health. Only 50c and \$1.00 Recommended by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, and H. E. Fleagle, Mayberry. Advertisement

## Hesson's Bargain Store

### SPECIAL ON

### READY-MADE CLOTHING

The last shipment of Clothing has just arrived, which makes our assortment the largest that we have ever had the pleasure of showing the public.

As they were a little late in coming in, it makes our stock entirely to large, and in order to reduce same quickly, have decided to reduce the prices on our entire stock at once. This is an opportunity to get a good, and latest style Suit for little money. Ask to see them, and get our cut prices.

### OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT

Our Shoe Department has never been in better condition to meet all your wants.

### HATS. HATS. HATS.

Don't fail to see our line of New Spring Hats. All kinds of Straw, Panama and Felt Hats. Priced low.

Large assortment of all kinds of Carpets, Matting, Linoleums and Rugs. Matting Rugs, 9x12 ft, at \$2.69.

D. J. Hesson.

Note the Progress we have made

## The Birnie Trust Company

TANEYTOWN, MD.,

HAS MADE FOUR REPORTS TO THE STATE OF MARYLAND DURING THE PRESENT YEAR.

The 1st was Feb. 20th, showing deposits \$559,501.41

The 2nd was April 18th, showing deposits, \$579,649.94

The 3rd was June 14th, showing deposits, \$584,857.05

The 4th was Sept. 4th, showing deposits, \$598,035.49

### WE SUCCEED

Because we give liberal treatment to everybody.

Because we are correct and accurate.

Because you can depend on us.

And because we are prompt, polite, courteous.

E. E. REINDOLLAR, President.

GEO. H. BIRNIE, Cashier.

## Try Our School Shoes

If you are looking for good School Shoes, at the right prices, come in and see us.

This season we are showing a greater variety of Dorothy Dodd and Walk-Over Shoes than ever before. We have unusual values in Ladies' \$2.00 Shoes, in all leathers, both low and high heels.

You will always find correct styles here in Hats, Caps, Neckwear, Shirts, Collars, Gloves and Hosiery.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE!

Wm. C. Devilbiss,  
22 W. Main Street,  
WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

— ASK FOR —

## CHALLENGE FLOUR

The Best Winterwheat Flour made in America.

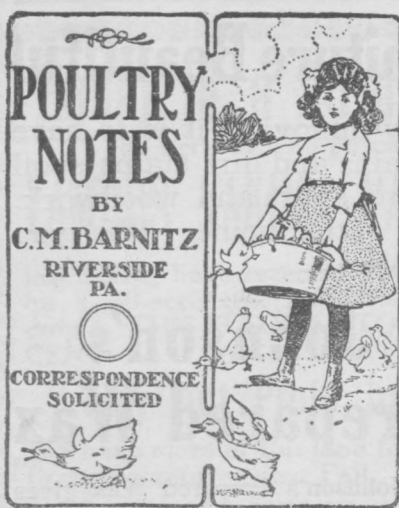
A Penny Saved Is  
A Penny Earned

A DOLLAR SPENT AT HOME  
Is a Dollar That May Come Back  
to Your Purse

IT IS A SUBTLE  
METHOD OF  
SUGGESTION

It is a means of making a favorable impression. To have the best results, it must be the best printing. That we are prepared to give you.





[These articles and illustrations must not be reprinted without special permission.]

#### THE SILVER LACED WYANDOTTE.

The Silver Laced Wyandotte, foundation of the dandy Dotte tribe, has sure been a chicken bone of contention among our hen historians, who still jaw wrangle over its origin. A reliable old school judge declares it originated about 1868 from a combination of Seabright Bantam, Buff Cochins, Silver Spangled Hamburg, Dark Brahma and French Breda, the Dark Brahma being used twice and the Hamburg three times in the various matings. Many claimed the honor of their invention, and they were first called Seabright Cochins, Seabright Brahmas, American Seabrights, Hambletonians, Eureka, Escaliers, Mooneys and Columbians.

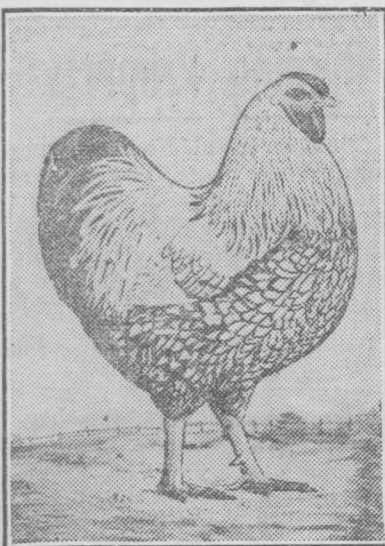


Photo by C. M. Barnitz.

#### SILVER LACED COCK BIRD.

After much scrapping a compromise was made on the name Wyandotte, and it was admitted to the Standard in 1883.

While many disagreed over its origin, all agreed as to its remarkable beauty and excellent market qualities, and the bird boomed, but the boom was blocked by the unscrupulous sale of very poor stock.

The Silver Laced Dotte is not so numerous today, being rather hard to breed to color, Standard requirements being such for male and female that the foolish unnatural double mating system must be used.

With the Silvers it tries the fanciers' skill to get the silvery hackle and saddle with distinct black stripe, the large, pure white open centers with black lacing free from white edging and the glossy greenish black tail with no purple.

The Silver blood enters into the other seven Dotte varieties, the Blacks and

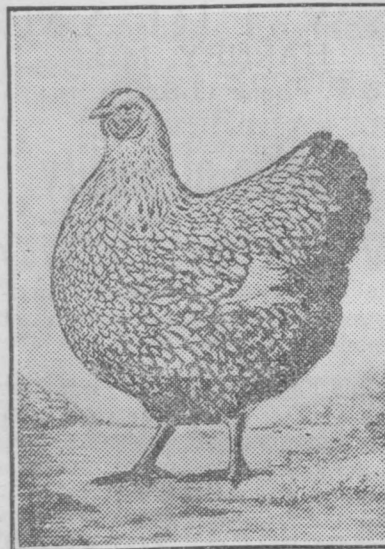


Photo by C. M. Barnitz.

#### SILVER LACED HEN.

Whites being true sports, the popular Whites at the head of America's poultry procession.

Hardy as well as handsome, the Dotte is a ne plus ultra market chicken. Medium sized, small boned, it plumps right up from chick to broiler, from broiler to roaster, and is a yellow butter ball curve when other breeds are immature and scrawny. It lays earlier than the other American breeds, lays as well as any dual purpose fowl and its sweet meat can't be beat.

WYANDOTTE STANDARD WEIGHTS.

Pounds.	Pounds.
Cock .....	8½
Hen .....	7½
Cockerel .....	7½
Pullet .....	6½

#### DON'TS.

Don't let feed lie around. It's that much money thrown away and promotes the rat and mouse population.

Don't feed any more than your fowls just need. What is not needed by their system passes off as waste.

Don't count your show birds till they are at the show, and then don't count your cups till the show is over.

Don't let your ambition to win at a show run away with your common sense. Remember you can't eat silver cups. It's utility poultry that pays the bills.

#### ARBITRATION-ANNIHILATION.

Deacon Sweet exhorted often On the seventh beatitude, Telling us that Christians ought to Make sweet peace where'er they could.

"It is our most solemn duty," Cried this great peace advocate, "To make peace among the neighbors And their quarrels arbitrate."

Well, one day Mike Dooley's rooster Flew down into Muldoon's pen, Skinned alive his big red game cock And made splinters of a hen.

Then the Muldoons and the Dooleys Started an uproarious fight Just as our peace loving deacon Round the corner hove in sight.

Striding up to Bridget Muldoon And to Mary Dooley, too, He began to tell those scrappers That this fighting wouldn't do.

When, before he got his tale told, Bridget grabbed him by the hair, Mary, too, got on her muscle And the deacon's face did tear.

And that rooster of Mike Dooley's Jabbed him in the tender calf, While Pat Muldoon's yaller bulldog Tore his breeches most in half.

Now we'll draw the curtain kindly, To tell all would be a sin, Only let this tale remind you— In war or peace don't you butt in. C. M. BARNITZ.

#### KURIOS FROM KORRESPONDENTS

Q. Which are the most popular farm breeds in this country? A. Plymouth Rocks, White Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds.

Q. What per cent of the mash should be alfalfa or clover? A. Alfalfa or clover 8 to 10 per cent.

Q. What ails a hen when her egg is in the abdominal cavity instead of the oviduct? A. She has ruptured the oviduct. Overfat hens do this sometimes when straining to lay an egg.

Q. What is an early sign of indigestion among hens? A. When white tip of dropping turns yellow or loss of appetite.

Q. My six months old turkeys have something like rheumatism. They eat, but some cannot walk. What is wrong and what is the remedy? A. Your ration is too rich and too fattening and your turks lack exercise. Turn them on range, cut out corn and feed more greens and protein.

Q. What are good side lines with poultry that do not require much time? A. Fruit and bees.

Q. Why is it eggs from the same hen often differ in color? A. Because the hen does not secrete the same amount of pigment from her food every day.

#### FEATHERS AND EGGSHELLS.

When you buy an incubator follow the catalogue instructions. The manufacturer has tested the machine and found under what conditions it runs best, and it is very foolish to run counter to his advice.

In the cheap season you may be tempted to take eggs to the store, and some skinner who wants your thoroughbred eggs at a cheap price may go there and buy them, and soon he may have a flock of your stock and under sell you in the whole neighborhood. Now, to beat that fellow and make more money, advertise your eggs for hatching. Advertise them in your town and county paper, advertise them in the journals, and you'll come out ahead instead of being bled.

You will be surprised at how much charcoal young and old stock eat if it is kept before them, and it will be reflected in their good health. Try it yourself for that brown taste.

A question often asked, Which is the best breed? might be answered to the satisfaction of the questioner if he just happens to buy the best strain of that best breed. But there are good, better, best and bad strains of Leghorns, Rocks, Dottes, Reds and, if the purchaser happens to get a bad strain, he is apt to condemn the breed in general and his informer in particular. It is seldom a man buys a strain that just suits him, but by careful selection he may build up a strain that in his estimation has no equal in the universe.

The amount of space given to the hen in the newspapers is one sign of the prominence poultry holds in the affairs of the people and another sign that many editors know that multitudes of their subscribers are raising poultry and want reliable information. There are some few editors haven't caught on yet, but maybe they will, unless Gabriel blows the last trump too soon.

When a man knows much about poultry he isn't telling it to every Tom, Dick and Harry he meets. He isn't a blowhard. His knowledge has cost him much and he isn't scattering it around promiscuously, but he does his part well when there is occasion for it. He is not known by the extent of his jaw wrangling, but by his work. He doesn't crow about himself, but his bantam roosters and hens do the crowing and the cackling for him.

The Peking duck has waddled to the head of the quack procession because it is the best table duck produced at the lowest feed cost. It is easy to raise, grows the fastest, has the yellow carcass, the high priced white feathers, lays the earliest and lays a big delicious egg that hatches well and sells at a profitable price in the city market.

An alluring price often influences a fancier to sell the cream of his flock and thus cripple his business. Our very best birds are never for sale at any price. We have had men come and point out our best breeders and offer us a big bait, and we would not bite simply because our best are the foundation, and when the foundation, built up by years of toil and expense, is gone there's really nothing left.

C. M. Barnitz.



How Are You Going To Cook This Summer?

If you want cool, quick service use a

New Perfection Oil Cook-stove

Always ready for use.

No coal, smoke or ashes.

Food cooked better, everybody happier.

Made with 1, 2, 3 and 4 burners.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

Charlotte, N. C.  
Washington, D. C.  
Richmond, Va.  
New York, N. Y.  
Baltimore, Md.  
Cincinnati, O.  
St. Louis, Mo.

#### Dependable Nursery Stock

Varieties True to Name. Extra Care Used in Packing. With Privilege of Examining Stock before Paying for it.

These are FOUR vitally important features to be considered before placing your order for Stock. We offer for Spring Planting: 100,000 PEACH AND 75,000 APPLE TREES.

Embracing all the leading Commercial Varieties. We also offer a full and complete assortment of Stand. and Dwarf Pears, Cherries, Plums, Quinces, Apricots, Grape Vines, Small Fruits, Asparagus, Rhubarb, &c. Ornamental trees, Shrubs, Vines, Rose Bushes. California Privet is a Specialty with us. Submit a list of your wants and save money.

MOUNTAIN VIEW NURSERY CO., Williamsport, Md.

SALESMEN WANTED to Travel or Act as our Local Representative. Write for terms and territory. We pay liberal commissions. 2-14,3m

The

#### Taneytown Savings Bank

of Taneytown, Md.

Accounts of Merchants, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

4 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

D. J. HESSON, President.

WALTER A. BOWER, Treasurer.

C. T. FRINGER, Vice-Pres.

JOS. A. HEMLER, Asst.-Treas.

#### NEW DESSERT RECIPES

TEMPTING SWEETS THAT HAVE BEEN DEvised BY AN EXPERT.

Maple Nut Pudding Will Be Appreciated by Those Who Are Fond of the Flavor—Rhubarb Tapioca Worth a Trial.

Miss Farmer demonstrated the making of some new and tempting desserts this week. Following are the recipes:

Maple Nut Pudding.—To 1½ cups of brown sugar add 2 cups of boiling water and 1-3 cupful of cornstarch diluted with ¼ cupful of cold water. Cook over gas flame until mixture thickens; then in double boiler for 15 minutes, stirring occasionally. Remove from range, add whites of 3 eggs beaten stiff and ½ cupful of nut meats broken in pieces. Serve with a custard sauce made of the yolks of eggs.

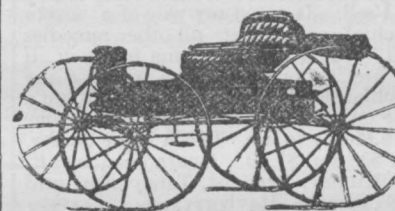
Rhubarb Tapioca.—Soak 2-3 cupful of pearl tapioca in cold water to cover overnight. Drain and cook in double boiler with 1½ cupfuls of boiling water and 2-3 teaspoonfuls of salt; when

tapioca has absorbed water, add 3 cupfuls of rhubarb cut in ¼-inch pieces crosswise, and 1-3 cupfuls of sugar. Cook until tapioca is transparent and rhubarb is soft. Serve hot with sugar and cream.

Orange Cream Sponge.—Melt 3 tablespoonfuls of butter, add ¼ cupful of flour, pour on 1 cupful of hot milk and bring to the boiling point. Add grated rind of 1 orange and 1 tablespoonful of orange juice to the yolks of 4 eggs, and beat until thick and lemon-colored; then add gradually 1 cupful of sugar, continuing the beating. Combine mixtures and fold in whites of 4 eggs beaten stiff. Turn into a melon mould, cover and steam 35 minutes, or cook in blazer 40 minutes. Serve with orange sauce. For this beat whites of 3 eggs until stiff, add gradually 1 cupful of powdered sugar and very slowly the juice of 2 oranges, also the grated rind and juice of 1 lemon.

Baked Gingerbread with Apples.—Cut 5 large apples, each in pieces, and remove skin and seeds. Cook in a thin syrup made of ½ cupful of sugar and ¼ cupful of water until about half done; then drain off syrup and put apples in an earthen baking dish, pour over apples gingerbread and bake until firm. Serve with whipped cream sweetened and flavored or Cambridge sauce made after

#### Littlestown Carriage Works.



S. D. MEHRING,

Manufacturer of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, PHAETONS, TRAPS, CARTS, CUTTERS, ETC.

DAYTON, McCALL AND JAGGER WAGONS.

Repairing Promptly Done.

Low Prices and all Work Guaranteed. LITTLESTOWN, PA.,

#### Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Away back in 1841. Old enough to remember those days? Still used for coughs and colds. Sold for 70 years. Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

#### The Carroll Record

— WILL —

#### Bring You Buyers

this rule: Cream 1-3 cupful of butter, add gradually 1 cupful of powdered sugar. Dilute 2 teaspoonfuls flour with 1½ tablespoonfuls of cold water, add to ½ cupful of boiling water and let boil 5 minutes. Cool, and just before sending to table add combined mixtures and 2-3 spoonful of vanilla and 1-3 teaspoonful of lemon extract.

Gingerbread.—Melt ½ cupful of butter, add 1 cupful of molasses, 1 egg well beaten, ¾ cupful of sour milk, 2 teaspoonfuls soda mixed with 2 cupfuls of flour and 1-4th 1 teaspoonful of ginger.—Boston Transcript.

#### Cuban Stewed Chicken.

Put in a stewpan half a cupful of pure olive oil, one chopped onion and a bruised clove of garlic. Cook until they begin to turn brown, when the chicken, divided as for fricassees, and a quarter of a pound of diced bacon should be added. When the chicken has cooked to a delicate brown add a half dozen tomatoes, a bay leaf, a couple of cloves and a green pepper seeded and cut fine. Cover and cook slowly for half an hour. Add one pint of boiling water and one cup of well washed rice, salt and pepper to taste. Cook until the rice has absorbed all the liquid, then place back on the stove and let the rice steam for twenty minutes longer.

#### ECONOMY IN KITCHEN

SOMETIMES, CARRIED TO EXCESS, IT REALLY MEANS WASTE.

Use of Left-Overs Does Not Constitute a Saving When Time and Money Are Spent in an Unpalatable Dish.

There is a deal of so-called economy that is senseless extravagance and defeats in itself the purpose of economy. Too many women, in their effort to save everything, throw away a large amount of material that could be expended or used in a much better way, and in the end attain a result that is far from gratifying. There is more than the mere saving of five cents' worth of left-over food to be considered in the practice of economy, notably labor, the cost of fuel, time and the final result of the whole. The desire to save half of a five-cent loaf of bread, which causes some women to use a quart of eight-cent milk and four eggs at four or five cents apiece, half an hour's time, and ten cents' worth of fuel in order to produce a dish that no one likes and that the whole family refuses to eat, is the result of a mistaken idea of economy. By far better would be the purchase of a quart of ice cream at fifty cents, which would save her time, labor, fuel and give the family the pleasure of a luxury and add to the value of the menu. If, to offset the expense of the ice cream, she could be taught to buy less bread, cut it carefully, just what was needed for each meal and no more, to use half slices and broken pieces for croutons, there would never be any more stale bread left in her breadbox than she would need for breading croquettes or chops once or twice a month. If, in spite of careful buying and cutting, she should some day find herself with part of a loaf of bread to dispose of, she might much better throw away the three or four cents' worth of food than expend thirty or forty cents to save it. If a tablespoonful of peas suggest no other dish than an omelet which calls for six eggs to be garnished with the peas, they had better be thrown out.

If they can go into the stockpot, together with three or four other bits of palatable vegetables which will give a good flavor to the soup, they will have been well utilized, but it is an extravagance to build up a new dish around them. There is wretched waste in saving the little piece of fat which is left from the steak if it takes an hour's time to render into clear white drippings for frying. If there is a large amount of fat that can be used in such a way and it can be done without taking time from other necessary tasks, it will be a real economy to utilize all such fat, but there are many other things beside the cost of lard to be computed when figuring the amount saved by this process.

The real beginning of economy is to study the demands of the family and to learn to buy carefully, just enough and not too much nor too little, and the woman who masters this phase of the problem will not find any difficulties in understanding the rest of the subject.

#### Washing a Shawl.

To clean a wool shawl make a good lather of soap and warm water, just comfortably hand-hot, and squeeze the shawl in this with both hands until it is clean. Do not rub any soap on the garment, says the Commoner. Then rinse the article in several waters of about the same temperature as the suds, squeeze the water out, or run it through the wringer, but never wring with the hands. Lay the shawl on a clean cloth to dry, heaping it loosely and moving it about occasionally; when nearly dry, spread a clean sheet on the floor and pin the shawl out to its proper size on a line, unless you want it stringy.

#### Good Plain Crust.

A good plain crust for meat pies, apple pies, etc., is made by using one cupful of clarified beef or pork dripping, or shredded suet to one quart of flour and about one-half pint of water. Rub the shortening evenly into the flour and work to a smooth dough with the water, but add it little by little. Do not knead or handle more than necessary, but pat and roll it out on a lightly floured board, and spread the top with bits of dripping, fold and again roll out to shape as desired.

#### Sweet Pear Pickle.

Boil together for a quarter of an hour two cupfuls of vinegar and three and a half cupfuls of sugar. Tie in a muslin bag half a dozen cloves, one ounce of ginger, one inch of cinnamon stick and 12 allspice. Put all in the vinegar, and boil for eight minutes, then add ripe pears which have been cored, peeled and cut in halves. Cook in the syrup until the fruit is tender and put up hot in glass jars. This quantity of syrup pickle is enough for six pounds of pears.

#### Maple Sugar Cookies.

Cream together one scant cupful of butter, with three cupfuls of crushed maple sugar and add in the order mentioned two well beaten eggs, three quarters of a cup of sour milk, in which has been dissolved a scant teaspoonful of baking soda, and sufficient sifted flour to form a batter that will drop from the spoon. Allow plenty of space on the baking tins, as the cakes will spread when cooking and bake in a rather quick oven, until they are crisp and brown around the edges.



FRIDAY, MAY 16th., 1913.

## SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted.

The Record office is connected with the C. & P. Telephone from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m. Use telephone at our expense, for important items on Friday morning. We prefer regular letters to be mailed on Wednesday evening, but in no case later than Thursday evening.

## UNION BRIDGE.

Mrs. Franklin spent from Saturday morning until Monday evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Dittman, near Westminster.

H. Broadwater, now of Philadelphia, spent from Friday evening until Sunday evening at G. H. Eyer's.

William Coleman and wife, of Middleburg, were visitors at Harvey Harry's, last of last week.

Captain Jesse H. Sheets and wife, of Westminster, spent home-coming week and the first of this week at James Melown's. Mr. Melown's father of Williamsport, is very ill at this time.

David E. Little and wife spent Sunday at Govanstown, with Joseph T. Gibson and family.

Mrs. Mackley, of Frederick, visited at her son, Charles Mackley's, during home-coming week, and spent Monday with her friend, Mrs. D. E. Little.

Saturday and Sunday nights' cold wave cut down potatoes, beans and tomatoes, and destroyed all prospect of a grape crop. The savory onion and the pea received no damage; cabbages and lettuce also escaped. Apples, pears and peaches had gotten their due previous to that time. Some strawberries are blooming but whether they will fruit is left to the future, to decide.

Mrs. Sarah Keefe, of Littlestown, spent part of last week with her sister, Mrs. D. E. Little.

Arthur Phillips, of Hagerstown, spent Sunday at the home of his parents, Benjamin Phillips and wife.

Frank Runt and wife, two daughters and son, of Waynesboro, came on a visit to his father, William Runt, first of last week, not knowing of the home week program, and were compelled to return home before the festivities commenced.

Edgar Buffington, brother of Mrs. William Rinehart and a nephew of the Misses Clary, died at Blue Ridge Summit, Tuesday morning, of tuberculosis. He had spent some time at the Sanatorium at Sibillaville.

Allan Delashmutt, who is ill with the same disease, has gone to the home of his aunt, at Thurmont.

Betty Frazier Sappington, wife of Elder George K. Sappington, died at her home on Main St., Union Bridge, on Monday night, at about 8 o'clock, after a week's illness of diabetes and heart failure. She married Elder Sappington in 1880 and from this union there are six children living. Three daughters, Mrs. Edward Furry, Mrs. Clinton Nussbaum and Miss Fanny, at home, and three sons, Dr. Ernest Sappington, of Washington, D. C., Clifton, in California, and Ross Sappington, at home. Funeral services were held at Beaverdam Brethren church, Thursday morning, Elder Charles D. Bonasack officiating.

Rev. Martin Schweitzer and Dr. Luther Kemp as delegate of the Union Bridge charge, are attending the sessions of Maryland Classis, at Baltimore.

## MAYBERRY.

Miss Marie Carbaugh is spending some time with her sister, near Silver Run.

Oliver Erb, of Feizsburg, spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Nettie Weishaar, of Hanover, spent Sunday evening, with her brother and wife, at this place.

Ezra Spangler, wife and daughter, Grace, visited at Wm. Babylon's, on Saturday and Sunday.

Arthur Wantz, wife and daughter, Viola and nephew, Clarence Bankard, of Hahn's mill, spent Sunday afternoon with Wm. Keefe's.

Edward Wantz, wife and daughter, of Markers Mill, and Miss Mable Wantz, of Beamer's, spent Saturday evening with Solomon Wantz and family.

Miss Grace Stoniesifer is now able to be about the house work again.

O. E. Dodner is confined to his bed with a sore eye.

The frost of Saturday and Sunday evening did a great deal of damage to garden vegetables in some places.

## NORTHERN CARROLL.

Miss Bachman, of Hanover, spent Tuesday with Miss Ethel Study.

Master Wilmer Duttler was quite ill last week.

Harry Dehoff had the misfortune to have his horses run away, on Monday; one of the horses fell and was severely injured.

Oliver Hesson and wife, and little Miss Esther Bair, spent Sunday with Harry Fuhrman and family, Deep Run.

Jacob Zahn, of Frizellburg, spent Sunday with Milton Study and family.

## NEW WINDSOR.

The frosts of last Saturday and Sunday nights did considerable damage to the gardens and fruits.

E. J. Englar and wife entertained a few friends to tea on Thursday.

Wallace Fraser, who is attending school at Princeton, N. J., came home the first of the week for the summer vacation.

Frank Russell and family have gone to Blue Ridge Summit for the summer where they have taken a cottage.

L. H. Dielman and wife, of Baltimore, spent Sunday last with the Misses Dielman.

The I. O. O. F. Lodge attended church in a body at the M. E. church on Sunday last, and were addressed by Rev. Marsh.

Geo. Smith is having his dwelling repaired.

The Suffragette meeting held on Tuesday evening last at the College Hall, was well attended.

Dr. Fraser and family will go abroad the first of June and expect to be gone for three months.

Edward Baughman died at his home on Tuesday. He leaves a widow, who was a Miss Fair. Funeral from his late home on Saturday afternoon. Interment at Winters church cemetery.

## UNIONTOWN.

Rev. J. D. Clark, of Towson, Md., a former pastor of the Church of God here, will preach at the Bethel, Sunday, May 18, at 9.15 a. m. and 7.30 p. m., and at Frizellburg at 2.30 p. m.

Rev. Murray and daughter, Miss Arminta, are attending the meetings of the General Eldership and Missionary Societies of the Church of God, in Harrisburg, this week.

A meeting was held in the hall, Wednesday evening, in the interest of woman suffrage. Several able speeches were made by representatives of the Just Government League, but they were not successful in forming an organization at the time.

Rev. T. H. Wright and H. H. Weaver spent Wednesday at the Sabillasville Sanatorium, attending commencement exercises.

Misses Mattie Sell, of Fairview, and Edna Gohrigh, have gone to Baltimore, where they have secured positions.

Mrs. Lanie Shaw is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. G. Cover and family, at Easton.

Cleveland Garver and family spent several days with relatives near Mt. Airy.

Paul Devilbiss, who had been at the Union Protestant Infirmary for a month, returned home Wednesday evening in an improved condition.

Sister Magdalene Kaseworm is at Sunny Bank, this week, helping to care for Miss Clay Mering, who is quite a sufferer.

Delegates appointed to the County C. E. Convention, to be held at Finksburg, May 29 and 30, are Miss Sallie E. Weaver and Miss Laura B. Eckard from the M. P. Society, and Miss Hilda Eckard and Mrs. A. L. Brough from the Lutheran.

Carrollton Murray is assisting in the store of W. P. Englar & Son.

Visitors in town for the week were Mrs. Seilhammer and Miss Nettie Selby, at George Slonaker's; Miss Maggie Harman and Mrs. Alfred Coley, at J. C. Hollenberry's; Miss Annie Shriner, of Baltimore, at Ezra and Obediah Fleagle's; Miss Jenetta Hawkins, of Fawn Grove, at her grandfather Wrights; Thomas Cover and wife and daughter, Mrs. Dr. Glass and James Russell, of Winchester, Dr. Sydney Cover and wife, E. G. Cover and sister, Mrs. Irene Shreeve, of Easton, F. A. Bastian and wife, of Narrows, Va., at James Cover's; Olean Shaw, of Baltimore, and Alvin Shaw, of Cecilton, with their mother, Mrs. Mary Shaw, at Will Fair, wife and son, of Atlantic City, at J. W. Rodkey's; John Wolf, of Baltimore, at Marshall Myers'; Miss Cora Beard, of Washington, at Edw. Beard's.

## Best Medicine for Colds.

When a doctor recommends a remedy for colds, throat and lung trouble, you can feel sure that he knows what he is talking about. C. Lower, Druggist, of Marion, Ohio, writes of Dr. King's New Discovery is the best throat and lung medicine I sell. It cured my wife of a severe bronchial cold after all other remedies failed. It will do the same for you if you are suffering with a cold or any bronchial, throat or lung cough. Keep a bottle on hand all the time for everyone in the family to use. It is a home doctor. Price 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, and H. E. Fleagle, Mayberry.

## FRIZELLBURG.

Our farmers say a good soaking rain would diminish labor in preparing the ground for corn. The recent heavy frost did some damage to vegetation. The grass in this section is looking poor and the hay crop will be light. Fruit will be scarce. The wheat looks promising.

Howard Welk was on the sick list a day or so this week, but is at work again.

Work on the state road is in progress with about twenty-five workmen and ten carts, considerable grading will be done. Sunday School, here, next Sabbath at 1 o'clock. Rev. J. D. Clark, once a pastor, here, will preach in the Church of God at 2 o'clock.

Mildred Devilbiss and Fanny Yingling, of Pleasant Valley, spent Tuesday with their grandmother, here, Mrs. Fanny Babylon, and took supper with her.

There is still some evidence of the old plank road built about 1850, near this place; a plank or stringer can be seen partly exposed, perhaps the last of all, and soon to be covered again when the state comes along.

Jesse Myers and wife, of Taneytown, were in this vicinity Monday, and took supper with David Myers and wife.

Leonard Zile is having his dwelling house painted and other outbuildings, giving all a fine appearance.

## TYRONE.

Chas. Welk and family entertained the following guests, on Sunday: Mrs. Ezra Spangler and daughter, Grace, of Baltimore; Mrs. Annie Babylon, of Uniontown; Wm. Babylon, wife and daughter, Naoma, and Bunch Unger, of Mayberry; Miss Belle Shaner and Wm. Crouse, of Middleburg; Chas. Marker and wife, Miss Fannie Florr, Nevin Crouse, Howard Marker, Walter Keefe and Walter Marker.

Howard Rodkey, wife and daughter, Ruthanna, spent Sunday with Mrs. Rodkey's parents, Henry Krenzer and wife, near Hanover.

Chas. Maus and wife, of Silver Run, spent Sunday with Jacob Maus and family.

Miss Reba Stoniesifer, of Westminster, spent from Saturday to Monday with her parents, Geo. Stoniesifer and wife.

Wm. Marker and family spent Sunday with W. U. Marker and family.

## KEYSVILLE.

Miss Carrie Newcomer visited Miss Emma Cluts, near Taneytown, also relatives in Taneytown, a few days last week.

Mr. Pohle, of Catonsville, visited his daughter, Mrs. C. E. Six, Sunday.

William A. Devilbiss and wife spent Tuesday with relatives, in Thurmont.

Mrs. Frook and daughter, Letah, visited Mrs. Frook's parents, Oliver Miller and wife, Sunday.

On Wednesday, Edward Knipple visited his daughter, Mrs. George Eyer, in Union Bridge.

Misses Mattie and Naomi Hahn, of near Detour, were visiting on Sunday, at George Frook's.

CHICKENS will not unbalance their feeds by picking out the grain that most appeals to them if you use REIN-DOLLAR Mash—a perfect feed for poultry. —REIN-DOLLAR BROS. & CO. 4-25-2t Advertisement.

## LINWOOD.

Miss Belle Caylor and Miss Perkins, of The Walbert, Baltimore, are guests of Abram Caylor and family.

Mrs. Louis Messler entertained a few friends on Sunday; among the guests were Wm. McKinstry and family, Dr. John Messler and wife, Dr. Lewis and wife, Robert Etzler and wife, and Miss Gertie Rowe, of Baltimore.

Albert Gilbert gave a dinner on Sunday in honor of his daughter, Bertha, who was recently married to George Vogelsong, of Baltimore. The guests were Geo. Vogelsong and wife, Miss Bird Gilbert, Peter Gilbert, Harry Butler and wife, R. Lee Myers, wife and sons, Mrs. Will Messler, Miss Messler and Rev. Marcus Witter.

The Misses Carter, of Frederick, spent several days with Mrs. John Messler.

Mrs. Samuel Brandenburg is visiting her sister, at Mt. Airy.

Mrs. Jasper Shriner, of Baltimore, paid a visit to her sister-in-law, Mrs. E. L. Shriner, this week.

Mrs. Laney Cover is spending the week in Baltimore, attending the Reformed Synod.

Mrs. Vernon Stem, of Baltimore, is a guest of Mrs. Will Stem.

The Misses Scott, of Virginia, are guests of Mrs. Chas. Haines.

Miss Helen Englar spent the week's end with Gwendolyn Buckley, of Union Bridge, and took in the Home-coming Week.

Mrs. C. H. Englar is attending the Bible Lectures given by Rev. Kurtz Miller, in Westminster.

The visitors from out of town attending the Lovefeast at the Church of the Brethren were Mrs. Cline, of Frederick; Mrs. Stoner, of Westminster, and Mrs. Mollie Horn, of Medford.

The Sisters' Aid Society will meet at Mrs. Wm. Stem's, May 24.

The strawberry and ice cream festival given by the Union Sunday school will be on the afternoon and night of May 31. Supper will be served as usual—price 20c. Everybody welcome. Band will be on hand.

Our popular merchant might have been kidnapped this week, but he wasn't.

## Cure For Stomach Disorders.

Disorders of the stomach may be avoided by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. Many very remarkable cures have been effected by these tablets. Sold by all dealers.

## PLEASANT VALLEY.

There will be no divine service this Sunday as the pastor, Rev. J. W. Reinecke, will be attending classis. Sunday School at 9 a. m.

The annual decoration will take place on Saturday afternoon, May 31st. Prominent speakers will be present. The Order will hold an ice cream and strawberry festival in the evening.

Chloe Cook and wife, of Medford, spent Sunday with Mrs. Cook's sister, Mrs. C. Herbert Myers.

Jesse Myers and wife, of Taneytown, spent Sunday and Monday with Levi Myers and wife, and other relatives.

Mrs. Robert Bankard and Mrs. Susan Zepp spent Sunday with Jacob Lawyer and wife, and other friends.

C. L. Yingling and wife entertained on Sunday and Monday last Deaton Yingling and wife, of Silver Run, and Milton Fisher and wife, of Taneytown.

C. Tobias Yingling, wife and children spent Sunday with Mrs. Yingling's parents, David Nussbaum and wife, of near Taneytown.

Luther Helwig is making improvements to his property.

Mr. Penn H. Mrs. Edna Feeser, son, Harry, and daughter, Catherine, spent Sunday with Milton Myers and wife.

## COPPERVILLE.

Teacher and pupils of Otterdale school will give an entertainment on May 23rd., at 8 p. m.

## PEOPLE SHOULD GUARD

## AGAINST APPENDICITIS.

Taneytown people who have stomach and bowel trouble should guard against appendicitis by taking simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as compounded in Ador-i-ka, the German remedy which became famous by curing appendicitis. JUST ONE DOSE relieves your stomach, gas on the stomach and constipation INSTANTLY because this simple mixture draws off such a surprising amount of old foul matter from the body. R. S. McKinney, druggist.

Advertisement.

## A Plate With a History.

A former resident of Albany has on the sideboard of his New York home an oldtime blue china plate which has a history well known to the family.

"In the winter of 1857," so the story always begins, "the ice broke after a sudden rain and warm spell, and the water came upon us so quickly that we children were bundled out of the house to the home of friends who lived further away from the river."

The table for next morning's breakfast had been laid in the basement dining room, and when the water went down enough so that one could go to that room some of the plates and cups were found frozen to the ceiling, for it turned awfully cold after the water was in the houses. And that's one of the plates that didn't break when they all fell off."

One of the children says that "grandpa always told it that way, and it must be true."—New York Tribune.

## A Moroccan Charm.

Moroccan vices have a most elaborate recipe for winning back the affections of an unfaithful husband. First, the deserted or suspicious wife draws a straight line in pure honey from the middle of her forehead down to her chin and collects the drippings in a spoon. Then she rubs the tip of her tongue with a fig leaf till it bleeds and soaks seven grains of salt in the blood. This she mixes with the honey, adds more salt which has been carried for a day and a night in a tiny incision in the skin between her eyebrows and finally adds a pinch of earth from the print of her bare right foot on the ground. The dose is then put into the erring husband's food and, according to Moroccan tradition, never fails to restore him to his allegiance.

## SHOCKED THE PRINCE

## SERVANT A LITTLE TOO FAMILIAR WITH ROYAL HEIR.

Rebuked for Obsequiousness, Man Erred in the Opposite Direction—Lucky for Him Haughty Emperor Did Not Overhear.

In her book of reminiscences of the German royal family Mrs. Hugh Fraser tells the following story of the crown prince and a too obsequious menial.

His royal highness had just taken into his service a new manservant, but the overdone obsequiousness of the man jarred on his master. At last the crown prince became so irritated that the servant received an intimation to the effect that his highness would prefer to be treated with more simplicity.

The day after having given this warning the crown prince was seated at his table writing, when he suddenly felt himself tapped on the shoulder. Thinking it was his wife, he turned quickly, smiling, only to behold the hitherto obsequious servant standing beside him and regarding him with a most friendly smile. Before the astonished heir to the German throne could find suitable words in which to rebuke the servant's presumption, the latter jerked his thumb in the direction of the door, and announced:

"Pappchen has come to see you."

Now, the crown prince was expecting a call from his father, the emperor, and as "Pappchen" literally means "Little Papa," his astonishment increased.

"Pappchen!" he gasped, as soon as he could articulate. Then thinking that the servant must have been drinking to speak of the emperor in such a way, he muttered to himself, while his eyes were fixed on the man in amazed inquiry: "Is he drunk?"

The servant apparently thought the whispered remark was a confidential request for information as to the prospective visitor's condition, for after scratching his head in some perplexity, he leaned closer to the crown prince and whispered softly: "Drunk? Well, I think not; I didn't notice anything."

## Health a Factor in Success.

The largest factor contributing to a man's success is undoubtedly health. It has been observed that a man is seldom sick when his bowels are regular—he is never well when they are constipated. For constipation will find nothing quite so good as Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only move the bowels, but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion. They are sold by all dealers.

Advertisement.

## "Light-Horse Harry's" Dream.

The relations that existed between General Washington and his younger friend, "Light-Horse Harry" Lee—the father of Gen. Robert E. Lee—were exceedingly close and tender. It is an authentic tradition in the Lee family that Washington regarded the brilliant young cavalry officer almost in the light of a son.

Lee was inclined to be a spendthrift, and his lavish use of money often brought on him the paternal reproof of his older and more discreet friend—and the reproof was often followed by affectionate assistance in extricating him from his embarrassments.

Mrs. Washington was almost equally fond of the young officer, who often made long visits at Mount Vernon. During one of his sojourns there Harry Lee remarked to his host at the breakfast table:

"General, I had a singular dream last night, which I must tell you. I actually dreamed that you made me a present of your Westmoreland place."

The next day, at the dinner table, Harry Lee found under his plate a document—nothing less than a deed to him of the Westmoreland estate. For some moments, dazed with astonishment, he stared at his friend.

"Now, Harry," said Washington, calmly, "take good care not to dream Mount Vernon away from me!"—Youth's Companion.

## Mr. Shaw and a Poet.

Mr. Bernard Shaw was to speak at the dinner of the Society of Authors, and a place had been set apart for him next to Mrs. Tweedie. But Shaw, being a vegetarian, did not put in an appearance until the meat course was over. Meanwhile his place was taken by another author. A gushing lady who sat opposite poured out praise upon this gentleman all through the meal, telling him how greatly she admired his writings. Finally she begged for his autograph and asked him to write under his name, "Man and Superman."

"Don't you love it the best?" she asked. "Never read it in my life."

"What! You do not mean to say that you are not Bernard Shaw?" "No," was the disconsolate admission. "I'm only Lewis Morris, the poet." The lady was disposed to be generously forgiving. "Never mind," she said; "you had better sign your autograph all the same."—From Mrs. Alec Tweedie's "Book of Reminiscences."

## Constipation Cured.

Dr. King's New Life Pills will relieve constipation promptly and get your bowels in healthy condition again. John Supic, of Sanbury, Pa., says: "They are the best pills I ever used, and I advise everyone to use them for constipation, indigestion and liver complaint." Will help you. Price 25c. Recommended by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, and H. E. Fleagle, Mayberry.

Advertisement.

## To Keep Your Furniture Beautiful

EVERY woman knows how annoying it is to have unsightly spots, water stains and dirt stains spoil the beauty of her furniture, stairs and woodwork. They ruin the beauty of her entire home. Will you test, free,



## Johnson's Prepared Wax

Johnson's Prepared Wax gives that soft, lustrous, artistic polish which does not show scratches and which does not adhere. It is ideal for polishing

woodwork, furniture, pianos, etc.

Johnson's Kleen Floor may be used to prepare the surface for the wax, or alone to rejuvenate the finish—bring back its original beauty—improve the appearance of all floors, whether finished with shellac, varnish or other preparations.

Free Samples and Literature at our Store

REINDOLLAR BROS. & CO. LEADING HARDWARE DEALERS TANAY TOWN, MD

## WON BY WOMAN'S WIT

## CUNNING DECIDES CONTEST FOR HAND OF BEAUTY.

Father Chose Among Many Suitors for His Daughter, but the Girl Herself Took Hand in Final Selection.

There was, once upon a time, a Senegal tailor, who had a daughter as dazzling as the sun. All the youths in the neighborhood were in love with her beauty, and two of them went to her and asked for her hand. The girl, like a well-trained daughter, made them no answer, but called her father, who listened to them and said:

"It is late; go home, and come again tomorrow. I will tell you then which of you shall have my daughter."

At daybreak the next morning the young men were at his door.

"Here we are," they cried; "remember what you promised us yesterday."

"Wait," said the tailor; "I must go out and buy a piece of cloth; when I return you will hear what I expect you to do."

He soon returned, and calling his daughter said to the young men:

"My sons, there are two of you, and I have but one daughter. I cannot give her to both of you and must refuse one. You see this piece of cloth? I will cut from it two pairs of breeches exactly alike; each of you shall make one of them, and the one that finishes first shall be my son-in-law."

Each of the rivals took his task and prepared to set to work under the tailor's eyes. The latter said to his daughter: "Here is thread; you can thread the needles for the workmen."

The girl obeyed; she took the spool and sat down by the youths. But the pretty witch was full of cunning; her father did not know which one she loved, neither did the young men, but, for her part, she knew very well. The tailor went out, the girl-threaded the needles, and her suitors set to work. But to the one she loved she gave long needles, while she gave long needles to his rival. Both sewed zealously; at eleven o'clock the work was scarcely half done, but at three in the afternoon the young man with the short needles had finished his task, while the other was far behind. When the tailor returned the victor carried in the finished breeches. His rival was still sewing.

"My children," said the father, "I did not wish to show any partiality between you, for which reason I divided the cloth into two equal parts and gave each a fair chance. Are you satisfied?"

"Perfectly," answered they. "We understood your meaning and accepted the trial; what is to be will be!"

But the tailor had reasoned to himself: "He who finishes his task first will be the better workman, and consequently the better fitted to support his household." It did not occur to him that his daughter might outwit him by giving the longer needles to the one she did not wish to win. Woman's wit decided the contest, and the girl chose her husband herself.—Alice Bunner's "Twice-Told Fairy Tales," in Atlanta Journal.

## GO TO J. W. FREEM, HARNEY, MD.

## FOR

Galvanized Roofing and Galvanized Shingles, Hardware, Oils, Paints of all kind, Varnish, Glass, Bicycles and Repairs, Wall Paper.

Fishing Rods and Tackle.

Have in stock, or will get what you want on short notice.

J. W. FREEM, HARNEY, MD.



## Equal to a 25 per-cent. Dividend.

The persons who purchased land in the  
**FAMOUS YAKIMA VALLEY, WASHINGTON,**

last Spring have received \$100.00 per acre, or \$1000.00 on a 10-acre tract, as their share of last season's potato crop? **THIS IS EQUAL TO A DIVIDEND OF 25 PER-CENT.**

### Why not Profit by their Experience?

We have more of this land to sell, and you will get your first crop returns next Fall.

REMEMBER THIS IS A GUARANTEED INVESTMENT, and if you are not satisfied, you can get your money back with 1 per-cent interest.

'Phone, write or call to see us, and learn more about this splendid opportunity.

**C. E. & J. B. FINK,**  
WESTMINSTER, MD.

1-24-13

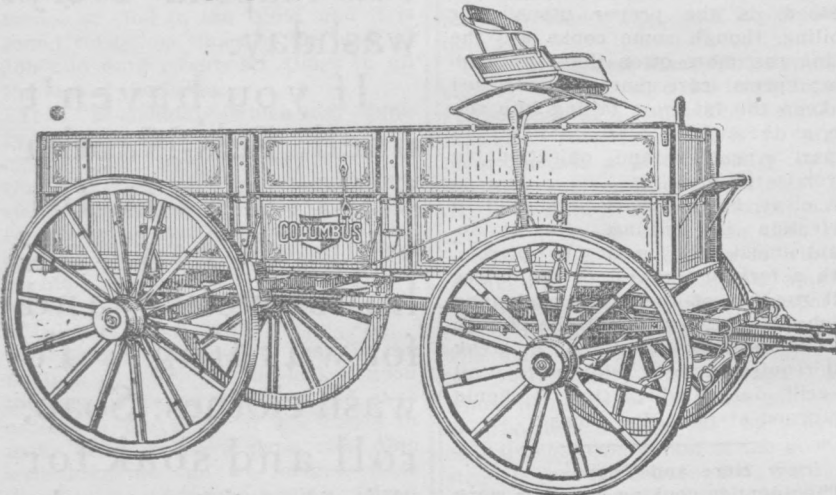
## Columbus Wagons

If you want a good, light running farm wagon, let us sell you a Columbus.

We have one here that we will gladly show you. The light running feature of the Columbus is one of its excellent points.

You know that horseflesh costs money. A Columbus wagon is so light running that this feature is favorably commented upon everywhere.

The wheels, the gears, and boxes are made of good material and properly ironed.



This excellent construction enables them to withstand the severe usage encountered on the farm.

Columbus wagons are so well built, in fact, that after years of service a farmer still has good words for his Columbus wagon.

Call on us at once. If you are not in need of a wagon at present, it will pay you to investigate the Columbus and be ready when the time comes.

**L. R. VALENTINE, Taneytown, Md.**

H. A. ALLISON.

J. B. ELLIOT.

## ALLISON & ELLIOT

**Heating and Plumbing Contractors**  
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**Hand and Power Pumps,**

**Gasoline Engines, Wind Mills,**

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**Stoves, Ranges and Cooking Utensils.**

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We will be pleased to render our services to the general public, in any line of work above mentioned, and solicit a trial. C. & P. Phone 17k.

**ALLISON & ELLIOT, - Taneytown, Md.**

## Notice To Housewives

We invite everyone in need of any Dishes or Cooking Utensils to call and look our Line over.

The largest line of—

**Set Dishes, at the Lowest Prices,** ever shown at this store. Call and get our prices before purchasing—10 Patterns to select from.

We have three beautiful patterns of open stock in Cups and Saucers, Plates, Meat Plates, Etc.

**A Full Line of Toilet Sets.**

**ENAMEL WARE** Our Line of Enamel Ware is complete—Preserving Kettles, Stew Kettles, Dish Pans, Buckets, Etc. We have 14-qt Dish Pans, at 25c; 10-qt Stew Kettles, at 25c.

I have added a Line of Aluminum Ware to my Stock, guaranteed for 15 years.

Also, a full Line of Tinware, Wood and Willow Ware. Cutlery of all kinds—Knives and Forks from 49c to \$1.90 Set.

**We are headquarters for Bulk Seeds of all kinds.**

**S. C. OTT.**

3-7-tf

IF YOUR CHICKS could only eat what they required they would grow faster and be healthier. REIN-O-LA Poultry Mash furnishes all the needed food elements in form best adapted for feeding.—REIN-DOLLAR BROS. & Co. 4-25,4t Advertisement.

Simple, Harmless, Effective.

Pure Charcoal Tablets for Dyspepsia, Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Constipation. 10c and 25c.—Get at McKELLIP'S. Advertisement.

## ANTI-WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS SAY:

**"We are Opposed to Woman's Suffrage Because We Fear the Bad Woman's Vote."**

Maryland Suffragists say the "fear of the bad woman's vote" is not only a ridiculous bugaboo, but a foul slander upon the good women of Maryland.

The importance of any voting class is measured by its proportion to the whole electorate and not one woman in two hundred is "bad."

Maryland Suffragists believe that "bad women" are as entitled to vote as "bad men" but that the proportional vote of "bad women" would be so small as to be negligible.

Prostitutes are a migratory class and of all women are least anxious to register and vote.

At a recent election in Denver, Colorado, 30,000 women voted, 130 votes were cast by prostitutes. About 75 per cent. of all church attendants in Maryland are women.

In the Maryland Penitentiary at the close of 1910, 1,032 persons were confined, only 72 of these were women.

Published by the Just Government League of Maryland. Headquarters, 817 N. Charles St., Baltimore.

## WHEN MRS. JONES GAVE UP

She Knows Now, Though She Didn't Before, That Real Antique Lover Can Never Be Cured.

Beverly Jones had a passion for antiques and having money enough to indulge it, he spent his time haunting second hand furniture shops, where he managed to pick up wonderful bargains. That is, he thought they were wonderful, but his wife did not always agree with him.

Mrs. Beverly Jones did not share her husband's craze. She had it in a modified form when she first married, but as the house began to fill with all kinds of old furniture, Mrs. Jones' love for old pieces began to cool, and she set her wits to work to solve the problem of how to cure him of his fad. She stored the furniture in the attic, but still it accumulated.

Once, without consulting Mr. Jones, she called in a dealer, and sold a lot of what she considered the least valuable stuff. She calculated that her husband would not remember that he had them, much less miss them. And the event proved that she was right. The next night he came home in high spirits.

"Hurrah, Mary," he cried, "I struck a wonderful piece of luck today. I found such a charming old sideboard, the exact duplicate of one I bought years ago. They will make a grand pair."

His wife's smile grew faint. "Yes," she said, "and some beautiful chairs, almost the same pattern. I always wanted some of the sort. They will just match. It was a fine piece of good luck."

"Yes," he said, "and the dearest little work table. I'm sure you'll be delighted with it. I've always meant to get something of the kind for you, but, somehow, I never could find anything I specially liked. I've bought work tables before, but nothing as well built as this piece."

"Beverly Jones," asked his wife solemnly, "where did you buy those pieces?"

Mr. Jones looked alarmed at his wife's tone. "Why—" he hesitated. "It was at Walker & Hoyt's—I think—" He knew his wife disliked the place, from her expression—"Yes, it was at Walker & Hoyt's. What's the matter, Mary?"

"Do you know what you have been buying, at some outrageous price, Beverly Jones?" demanded his wife. "But what's the use? The real antique lover is never cured, and of course Beverly Jones wasn't."

### To Make Hatpins Safe.

While the many victims in all parts of the country of the woman's hatpin may no longer take much interest in the matter, those of us who have so far escaped injury will be glad to hear of the invention of a hatpin guard. With all that has been done by women's clubs and other agencies to denounce the use of the long hatpin, with all the laws and local regulations against it, and despite the continuing recurrence of accidents—frequently as serious as the loss of an eye—the hatpin is still popular, and women persist in wearing them in crowded street cars and theaters and similar places, where they are most dangerous. But if they cannot be abolished by law, perhaps it will be possible to enforce the covering of their points. That is what this hatpin guard does. It is simple, easy to put on or off, and quite inconspicuous. As seen from the accompanying illustration, it consists of a little knob on the end of a hollow cylinder, which slips over the point of the pin and holds fast by a spring. The inventor of this device is Lewis Lasson, the pianist, of this city, who says he was moved to think of the matter by reading of the many serious accidents caused by the hatpin.

### Economy is Wealth.

Clean your soiled grease spot clothes with Lum-Tum Clothes Cleaner. Price 15c per bottle, at McKELLIP'S Drug Store.

## GEN. CLARENCE EDWARDS SMASHES A MYTH

The absurd American idea that we "can lick all creation" finds no favor with Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards.



Edwards, in command of the army post at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming. He brands the idea as being absolutely false, and blames our school histories for its spread. "In all our school histories," says the general, "the children of the land have been taught that our Revolutionary soldiers, without experience or training, won great victories over the seasoned British troops; they are taught that the same class of troops whipped the English soldiers in the War of 1812. And so on through all the wars. There never was such a rot put into the form of history. Our fighting in those wars was pitiable, and the conduct of the raw and untrained troops, with one or two exceptions, was disgraceful."

"We were beaten in every battle in 1812, with two exceptions, one of them fought after the war closed, and our capital and public buildings were burned. The same thing came near happening again after Bull Run, and had it not been that one organized mob was defeated by another the Confederates would have captured the

capital. Both were demoralized, one by defeat, the other by victory. And yet we are going on blindly in the same direction."

"We are without a mobile army which could be used in case of a sudden war. We could not train the citizens soldiery, which would have to be recruited, short of a year. No one doubts the ability to make soldiers out of the citizens of the country, but it cannot be done in a month or six months. They have yet to learn to be soldiers; they have to be trained to discipline and a soldier's life; they have to learn to shoot, and they have to learn to march and take care of themselves; in short, it takes a long time and constant work to make new troops effective soldiers."

"At the beginning of all of our wars the untrained troops have always proved ineffective and inefficient, and yet our school histories have been issued year after year teaching the youth of the land the falsehood that we can lick all creation; that one American is equal to half a dozen other men, and so on, until our people are imbued with the idea that all they need to do in case of war is to send forth the men in uniforms with guns in their hands and our foes will crumble before them. It is time that this false impression was corrected, and that our people became informed of the true state of our unpreparedness for war or an emergency requiring any extended use of troops."

## LEADER OF TURKEY'S LATEST REVOLUTION

Turkey's spectacular revolution, a few weeks ago, brought once more into prominence one of the most noted leaders of the Young Turk party, Enver Bey.



With the exception of the present grand vizier, Mahmoud Scheffer Pasha, he was, more than any other, the moving spirit in the military revolt that led to the dethronement of the "red sultan," Abdul Hamid, in 1908, and since that time, he has been high in the councils of the Young Turks. At the time of the outbreak of the war with Italy he was recalled from Berlin, where he was acting as military attache, to command the Turkish troops in Tripoli. In this war, which ended last October, Enver Bey

greatly distinguished himself by his undoubted personal bravery and was several times highly praised by the Italians. The Young Turks were ousted from power by another army revolt last August, and their regaining of the reins of government recently was due in a great measure to Enver Bey's leadership and the strong hold which he had upon the popular fancy in Constantinople. The new government has appointed him chief of the general staff of the Turkish army, and in the event of the war being resumed with the Balkan allies, he probably will take the position of commander-in-chief, left vacant by the regrettable killing of Nazim Pasha, in the recent troubles. The fact that the latest revolution was heralded by the appearance of Enver Bey on horseback in the streets of Constantinople has suggested a parallel with the case of the famous General Boulanger, who, in the '80's, strove for the military dictatorship of France.

## BIG FUND RAISED FOR HEBREW UNION COLLEGE

The dedication of the new Hebrew Union College buildings at Cincinnati on January 22 and



coincidentally the subscription of nearly a quarter of a million dollars toward the \$100,000 annual maintenance fund is the crowning glory of half a century of heroic work on the part of the founder, the late Rev. Dr. Isaac M. Wise of Cincinnati. The Hebrew Union college is the outgrowth of the Union of American Hebrew congregations, although the founder of both had in mind a college rather than a congregational union. The latter, however, made the former possible, so that the first efforts were directed to the federation of congregations, thirteen of which sent representatives to Cincinnati where, on July 8, 1873, the formation of a union was resolved upon, and a year later the council of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations met at Cleveland, O., and perfected its organization. In October of 1875 the college was opened with two teachers, of whom Doctor Wise was one, and seventeen students.

The Union of American Hebrew Congregations today embraces the 200 leading congregations in the United States, with a membership of between 25,000 and 30,000 communicants.

The third organization founded by Doctor Wise is the Central Conference of American Rabbis, composed largely of the alumni of the Hebrew Union college (about 150 have thus far been graduated) and a number of other rabbis who are not graduates from that institution. The Central Conference publishes the Union prayer book, used in a majority of the reform congregations. The conference meets annually for the discussion of religious and sociological questions.

An important branch of the union is the department of synagogue and school extension, which has in charge all work relating to propaganda, publications, religious schools, and general welfare. These various active forces center in Cincinnati, with the Hebrew Union college as the focal point. It is for this reason that the dedication of the splendid new buildings on Jan. 22 was a matter of the greatest concern to the Jews of the entire world.

On the occasion last week of the dedication of the college buildings the council, then in session at Cincinnati with several hundred delegates in attendance, resolved to raise a fund that will yield \$100,000 a year for the maintenance of the college and for the activities of the council, such as schools and synagogue extension. To that end, each delegate to the council was appointed a committee of one to aid in securing 1,000 contributors to agree to pay \$1,000 each in payments of \$100 annually.

## GENEVIEVE CLARK IS PRAISED AS AUTHOR

Miss Genevieve Champ Clark, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Speaker Champ Clark, has the distinction of being the youngest author whose writings are indexed in the Pan-American Union library at Washington.



Miss Clark has recently taken up a course in practical journalism to prepare herself for her chosen literary profession, and during her trip to Panama

with the congressional party wrote an excellent story of Panama and its people. John Barrett, director of the Union, was so struck with the vivid literary merit of it that he requested Miss Clark to allow him to place it in the Pan-American Union library after its publication.

Miss Clark is preparing a series of special articles on life at the nation's capital. They will appear daily in many leading newspapers and touch on personalities, notables and politics from a woman's viewpoint. She has resided in the city of Washington all her life in close touch with the big happenings of the day, and has an intimate insight into them.

### More Reliable.

"Now, I want a canary that will sing right away and sing what I like; one that won't get the pip or die the first week."

"You don't want a canary, my friend. What you want is a music box."

### Metamorphosis.

"Last month Jones suggested my going into a money making scheme with him."

"And did you embrace the opportunity?"

"Yes, and soon found that I was hugging a delusion."

## Moisture, Heat and Mildew in India.

The rainfall in India, which all takes place within four or five months, contributes largely in giving to the climate its peculiar character. The effect of heavy and continuous rain in the tropics is to produce a dampness in the air quite unknown in Europe and which is very destructive to many articles of European manufacture. The moisture and heat combined set up all kinds of fungoid growth and decay in goods which are quite unaffected by the climatic conditions of Europe. Mildew attacks textile goods, leather, books and stationery. Arms, cutlery and metal work require constant supervision to preserve them. European furniture of wood is soon spoiled by swelling and shrinkage or by borer worms. Perishable goods soldered up in tin lined cases are not safe if they have been packed in Europe in wet weather. The heat of the ship's hold in the Red sea or that of a closed iron wagon on the Indian railways, when the iron may acquire a temperature of 100 degrees in the sun, will start mildew in the case by the aid of the moisture within it.—New York Post.

### Enlivened the Scene.

One night the father of Kitty Stephens, who afterward became Countess of Essex, went on the stage between the acts and was standing close to the drop scene, with his back to it, when the stage manager gave the signal for the raising of the curtain. Slowly the cloth went up, and as it rose the coat-tails of Mr. Stephens became involved in the roller, and, feeling himself caught, he began to struggle for freedom. His efforts were unavailing, however, and when the roller reached the top there was he in full view of the audience, suspended by his coat-tails, his head and feet downward, his figure resembling a half open knife. Then the stage hands became alive to the situation and the drop scene was lowered again amid the boisterous merriment of the audience, the sounds of hilarity increasing as the victim, almost black in the face, landed on his hands and knees on the stage and crept into the wings.—London Mail.

### Queer Eskimo Customs.

Every ten years the Eskimos hold the dance to the dead, when ghosts are supposed to come out of their coffins and visit the Kos-ga, where they are given a feast, and retire well filled for another ten years. Sometimes the food is taken to the burying ground to save the spirits the trouble of moving. When a child is born among the islanders it takes the name of the last deceased member of the family, and on it devolves the duty of feeding its foster father's spirit. The Eskimos have a horror of being childless because their spirits will languish and their name be forgotten. As they say: "S'pose no mik-a-nina (children)—ghost plenty hungry." Often an Eskimo will beggar himself, giving a great feast in honor of his illustrious ancestor, but he gains great renown thereby and places all his visitors under lifelong obligations to him.—Wide World Magazine.

### The Poor Little Girl in the Story.

"Time was," said Lucinda, "that the poor heroine in the story when she had a bid to a party got out her one poor old white dress and wore that. It was old, and it was worn and shabby, but she let out a tuck or two, cleaned it and pressed it and put on a new bow, and in that poor dress thus refurbished she was the belle of the ball. "But the poor girl couldn't do that now. No, no. In these days she would simply have to be in the fashion, and everybody nowadays, rich and poor, seems to have good clothes, too-good, as well as in the style. I don't know how they do it, but they do. Oh, my, no! The poor girl couldn't wear that old dress now. But I love to read about her in the story."—New York Sun.

### Gasoline Evaporates Rapidly.

One pint of gasoline left in an uncovered basin in a room at a normal or average temperature will entirely evaporate within twenty-four hours. As gasoline vapor is denser than the surrounding air, unless disturbed by active air currents, its presence in the room may be detected for many hours. One pint of gasoline will make 200 cubic feet of explosive mixture, and this mixture is seven times more powerful than gunpowder.—Popular Mechanics.

### Familiar.

Yeast—Did your wife read the riot act to you last night? Crimbeak—No. "Why, you thought she would when you got in late, didn't you?" "Oh, no. She doesn't have to read it to me now; she knows it by heart."—Yonkers Statesman.

### Comforting.

She—Here's a story of a man who bartered his wife for a horse. You wouldn't swap me for a horse, would you, darling? He—Of course not. But I'd hate to have any one tempt me with a good motorcar.—London Tit-Bits.

### Corrected.

Teacher—If I should say, "Your two sisters are coming," would that be correct? Johnny—No, ma'am. I only have one sister.—Exchange.

### Why They Fail.

It takes some people so long to be sure they are right that they never get time to go ahead.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

We must make our election between economy and liberty or profusion and servitude.—Thomas Jefferson.



## Shabby Genteel

### A Sketch That Proved of Importance

By F. A. MITCHEL

Fond of art from my childhood, I determined to be an artist. I wonder why it is that while the making of pictures is a refined work, only a comparatively few of us women have become eminent in that field. But this has nothing to do with my story. When a child I was given drawing lessons, and when I grew older I went abroad to study. I suppose I should have remained abroad. Most American artists do. They paint pictures where there is a market for them. I came home to America, where I think there are as fine landscapes as there are in the world, and we have one scenic effect that is the grandest in the world, the Grand Canyon of the Colorado.

I was sketching one morning in a wood beside a road. It was springtime, and the buds on the trees were opening with that pale green one sees but for a few days in each year. I was trying to get it on my canvas.

Down the road came a man whose clothes were shabby, but whose person, even in shabby attire, bore evidence of the gentleman. He had the light hair and blue eyes that indicate northern races, and his features were of the Saxon type. Seeing me sitting there sketching, he paused, his hand went up to his cap slowly and doubtfully, a pleasant, deferential smile lighting his face, and he said with the accent of a German:

"You have a very beautiful subject for your painting."

There was nothing whatever to be afraid of in this deferential gentleman; besides, during my sojourn abroad I had made many such acquaintances—all travelers do except the English, and even they sometimes break through their conventionalism—so I received the man's salute as it was intended. He stood behind me and looked at my sketch, first giving me, as a well bred person should, a compliment, then making certain criticisms and suggestions that at once struck me as being of value.

As I looked at his lithe figure, his genial face bearing every evidence of refinement and contrasting with his shabby genteel clothes, it struck me that I would like very much to make a drawing of him.

"Have you half an hour to spare?" I asked.

"Half an hour? I have half a century. I am a vagrant—what you call in America a tramp. At any rate, I am that at present. I am one of those persons one reads about in stories who become involved in some unfortunate episode the truth of which cannot be unraveled. For that reason I left my native country and went to France, where I served for awhile in that corps of the French army called the Foreign Legion. Do you know what that is?"

"I do not," I replied, surprised and at the same time charmed at his frankness with an utter stranger.

"The Foreign Legion is composed of men of all nations, but largely of gentlemen who have either disgraced themselves or been disgraced by some one else. You will find there a Russian colonel who has been cashiered for cowardice, an English younger son so dissolute that he has been ignored by his family, an Austrian count who has been ruined at the gambling table."

"Surely," I said, "you have not committed a crime?"

"Yes—that is to say, circumstances made it appear that I committed a crime. But let us not talk of that." A shadow passed over his honest face. "I am here honored by your request that I shall serve as your model. What pose will you give me?"

"Please seat yourself on that log."

He sat down on the log, a light came that he had cut himself in his hands, his position easy and graceful. I saw no necessity for posing him anew.

"Just as you are," I added.

"In what direction shall I look?"

I considered for a moment, then told him to look straight at me. An honest face is never so honest as when it is looking you in the eyes. Rogues may exhibit assurance, but they can never counterfeit honesty, at any rate not to me. I wished to get that frank expression of his, which would win any jury and a woman every time.

I made a sketch, but was dissatisfied with it and, tearing it up, made another. This was better, but was only his face and figure without his expression. I laid it aside and tried once more. Meanwhile I engaged my model in conversation with a view to drawing out what I wished to get on paper, though I am free to confess my object was partly to detain him, for he had suddenly walked into my life, and I felt that when he walked out of it an impression would be left akin to loneliness.

I kept him till I had made four attempts at sketching him, and the fourth time, by accident, I suppose, I caught something of the expression I was trying for. Then he arose, thanked me for the honor I had conferred upon him and was about to depart when I said:

"I must insist upon your receiving compensation for the sitting. I am sure you are a gentleman, but there is nothing degrading in a gentleman's

posing as a model even when he does not need money, which you evidently do not."

I had my portemonnaie in a bag I had brought with me and was opening it when he looked at me reproachfully, so reproachfully that, though he spoke not a word, I desisted. Rising and lifting his cap with the same deference as before, he said:

"Farewell, fraulein—mademoiselle. You English and Americans have no word by which to address a lady not married. This has been a pleasant episode in a ruined life. I shall never forget it."

Farewell. I wished he had said adieu, goodbye, anything but farewell. It is a word fit only to use at parting with the dying. And in this case it intensified the feelings I had at seeing him stroll away from me down the road, erect and with that swinging step a soldier gets and once got can never shake off.

If when I had sat down to transfer to canvas the first verdure of spring any one had told me that a man whom I had never seen and did not expect to see again would come along and leave a sketch of his face and figure, taking away in exchange my heart, I should have considered the prophet a lunatic. Yet there I sat, with the picture in my hand, and there walked away the man with my heart, without once looking back.

I saw him approach a rise in the ground and hoped before he descended on the other side he would turn with a last wave of his hand. But he did not. He passed out of sight, treating me as a woman with whom he had no acquaintance.

"He has been ruined," I said to myself, "through no fault of his own, but he will not permit any one else to share his obloquy."

About a year from this meeting, on looking over a newspaper, I glanced at the personal column. I don't know why I have always been accustomed to read the personals, but I do. I suppose it is because in some of them I think I can see a romance, and I love to wonder what that romance may be. For the same reason I like stories in which the principal parts are left to the imagination. What I know ceases at once to interest me. What I don't know and imagine to be a story in itself never ceases to interest me.

As I was saying, I was reading the personals in the newspaper when I came upon one under the heading of "Information Wanted" that described my model. The description of him was perfect. I felt absolutely sure that I was right in my inference that it referred to him. It occurred to me that in identifying the missing man the sketch I had made of him might be of great assistance. I wrote a note to the advertiser that I had met such a man and had made a sketch of him, which would be at his service if he required it.

I received a reply from a German American firm of attorneys, who replied that the person sought was wanted abroad and the lawyers had letters for him. I took the picture to them, which they referred to one who knew him and pronounced it his likeness. I loaned it to them, and they had it photographed and used with subsequent advertisements.

One morning a card came up to me bearing the name of Baron Carl Richter. My heart leaped to my throat, for I divined at once that the man I had thought of by day and dreamed of by night had returned to me. But how should I go down to see him with my heart fluttering like a frightened bird? Mastering my feelings as well as I could, I finally went down, to see my model, not in shabby genteel habiliments, but dressed like a gentleman. But one thing I noticed—his present attire did not add one whit to his appearance of refinement.

He told me that he had been vindicated—how, I never knew and do not know today. Nor do I care to know. From the first I was as sure of his innocence as if an angel had proclaimed it. And it did not raise him in my opinion, for he had never so required raising. But I rejoiced that the obloquy had been taken from him. And I rejoiced, too, that his former rank and office had been restored to him by the sovereign of his state.

He had been discovered by means of the sketch I had made of him and, when shown it at the office of the attorneys, had asked for my address, and as soon as he could make himself presentable had called upon me.

That brief meeting at which the sketch had been made was as much to him as to me. When he had walked away from me—so he told me—the world before him looked darker even than it had looked before. It was the trial of his life, when he stood upon the crest, to avoid turning for a parting glance before descending.

On returning to the principality to which he belonged he took me with him as his wife. He is now always well—sometimes faultlessly—dressed, but I love to remember him in his shabby genteel clothes, sitting on that log looking at me with his honest eyes.

Though, as I have said, I do not know what was the cause of his disgrace, there are a few, very few, who do, and by them he is considered to have made a martyr of himself for some one, the world doesn't say who. It has been said that it was a prince of the blood who should, but for reasons of state, have borne the disgrace himself. Others aver it was for a woman, to shield whom he placed himself in the position of a thief. I suppose that, being a woman, should wish to know the story; but, in the first place, I am not one of those who are permitted to know it, and, in the second place, I love stories the denouement of which I may feed my fancy on and enjoy having in my own household.

## PARSLEY'S MANY USES

### NO MORE WELCOME GREEN THING COMES INTO KITCHEN.

Unexcelled as Garnishing for Various Dishes—Its Volatile Oil Gives Strong Essence That Makes It Popular.

The green, curling parsley fronds in the garden are picked for a dozen purposes daily for the kitchen. When the green things come in from the garden, nothing is better welcomed than the bunch of fresh greenery for garnishing culled from the parsley bed.

Cold fish and cold meat, ham especially, appear unfinished on their dishes without the vivid dash of lovely green that parsley bestows. When the green is set between vivid sections of scarlet tomato, the color scheme of any cold dish is enhanced.

Many cooks also set the bright yellow of egg-yolk and the pure whiteness of its envelope of albumen here and there between the green and scarlet, then they know the artistic sense will be fully satisfied. This is because that brilliant green is really a compound of blue and yellow lights withdrawn from the sunlight.

These two primary colors need the red to complete the harmony of the trinity of hues. The gold of the egg-yolk is also a primary; the purity of the egg-white, reflecting all hues, adds the three primaries to shine forth in all their brilliance. Truly, parsley, tomato and egg can form a vivid color symphony on any dish.

The rich aroma of the parsley is due to its plentiful volatile oil, strong as any essence, that permeates the curling fronds. It is this oil that gives the distinctive flavor to all parsley sauces and all things cooked with herb.

Parsley, a rock plant originally, with the rock name still attached to it, had the old idea of the ancient cure transferred to it. It is one of the Peter plants, having been dedicated to St. Peter, on account of its liking for rocks and because of its stony name. To remove a rock or, by analogy, a rock plant, would be like removing the foundation from that place. Hence the idea of ill luck to the transplant of parsley.

### Cooking Economies.

I have learned that the whites of eggs may be kept a week in a cool place, so when making dressing or anything which really requires only yolks, I place the whites in a bowl and find I get enough together for white cakes or dessert before I realize it, says a contributor to Harper's Bazar. Yolks may be kept by covering with cold water. If I serve a salad, when entertaining I always serve white cake, so my eggs serve a double purpose. I have a list of recipes for yolks alone and whites alone, also some in which I use sour milk, others for sweet, eggless cakes, and desserts. I also keep a careful list of just how many sandwiches can be made from a loaf of bread, how many pieces I can cut from one of my cakes, how many portions of chicken salad I may expect from one chicken, etc. This simplifies planning and eliminates waste.

### Baked Oysters a La Coburn.

Stir over the fire a quarter of a pound of butter and a teaspoonful of cream until they are thoroughly mingled. Then add a wine glassful of wine, a tablespoonful of anchovy sauce and a small quantity each of cayenne pepper and grated lemon peel. Continue stirring this over the fire until hot. Then pour half of this mixture into a dish and lay plump oysters in it. Strew Parmesan cheese and bread crumbs over with a little salt and pepper and then pour on the remainder of the mixture, topping off with a thin layer of bread crumbs and cheese. Bake until browned in a brisk oven.

### Spiced Roast Mutton.

Take any cut of young mutton for roasting and prepare as follows: Rub well with a teaspoonful of salt, an even teaspoonful of pepper, and place in an iron baking pan with six whole cloves, one dozen whole allspice, three tablespoonfuls of sugar, a third of a pint of vinegar and two-thirds of a pint of water. Cover with another pan and bake in a moderate oven until half an hour before serving, then increase the oven heat and let it brown quickly. Baste often and add a little more water, if needed.

### To Restore a Faded Carpet.

To revive the colors in faded carpet which is still good for further wear. Take half a pail of warm water and add to it either a handful of salt or a half cup of turpentine, or half a cup of vinegar, or a good-sized lump of alum, or on dark colors, four tablespoonfuls of ammonia, any of which helps to brighten the colors. Wring out a flannel cloth and wipe off the whole surface of the carpet without really wetting it through, and let it dry thoroughly before using.

### Improves Croquettes.

In making fish balls, croquettes, etc., an agreeable flavor is imparted by putting a whole clove in the article to be fried, and removing it before serving. Extract of clove may be used instead, but does not impart quite so fine a flavor.—Home Department, National Magazine.

### Pickled Raisins.

Leave two pounds raisins on stem; add one pint vinegar and half pound sugar; simmer over a slow fire half an hour.

## ALL SAVE LABOR IN KITCHEN

Little Helps That Will Leave the Housewife Less Tired When Day's Work is Ended.

A shelf back of the kitchen table on which to place cups, spoons and small vessels that are used frequently, the wash basin, within reach of the roller towel, a drinking cup near the water pail, all save needless exertion and time that may be utilized for something else or rest.

The very best stove holder can be made of an old stocking by cutting off the foot at the ankle and folding it into the leg, fastening it well as it is folded over and over until it is the square shape of the common ironing holder. A brass ring in one corner is a great convenience for hanging and such a holder can be laundered.

In the sewing room, patterns should have their place of quick and easy access and if each one is marked it will often prove a blessing. A bag fastened on the lower part of the sewing machine for scraps will likewise be a comfort, and sharp scissors and a work table are absolute necessities.

## OLD BREAKFAST TABLE DISH

Spanish Omelet, When Properly Made, Deserves All the Popularity It Has Attained.

Cut four ounces of bacon in very thin slices and then into one-half inch squares. Fry gently until crisp, then add one small onion, a medium sized tomato and five mushrooms, all chopped rather fine. Rub a freshly cut clove of garlic upon the spoon for stirring while cooking 15 minutes. Meanwhile break six eggs into a bowl, season with a saltspoonful of salt, one-fourth saltspoonful of white pepper. Give them a dozen good strokes and turn into a perfectly smooth frying pan, in which a teaspoonful of butter has been melted, and well spread. Do not stir, but shake constantly until the omelet is nearly set. Spread the bacon and vegetables quickly over the omelet, fold over and set it in the oven for about one minute. Then slip it upon a hot platter and serve at once.

## Warm Slaw.

Select a nice solid head of winter cabbage and cut it up very fine. Put into a hot frying pan a piece of butter, the size of a walnut, and when melted put in the cabbage with a very little water; let it simmer till well done. Then beat up one egg very light and stir in slowly; lastly, add one-half cup of sour cream; salt and pepper to suit the taste. Another method for "hot slaw" is to simply make a boiled dressing of two egg yolks, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of sour cream, one cup of vinegar, and a rounded teaspoonful of butter, and pour this over the finely-cut cabbage.

## Black Bean Soup.

Soak two cupfuls of black beans over night. In the morning put on to boil in two quarts of cold water with a small onion and a cupful of tomato. Simmer about five hours or until the beans are soft. Add hot water as it boils away. Drain and rub through a sieve; add a tablespoonful of flour and two of butter, rubbed smooth. Add some of the soup to it gradually until it is dissolved. Season with one full teaspoonful of pepper, two dashes of cayenne and a saltspoon of mustard. Cut a lemon in halves and put into a tureen with two hard-boiled eggs cut in thin slices.

## Rice and Peaches.

Boil one cup of carefully washed rice in a quart of salted milk which was heated before the rice was added. Cook until the rice is tender and the liquid is well absorbed (more milk may be needed). Now add four tablespoonfuls of butter, a quarter of a cup of sugar and mix thoroughly. Place in buttered mold and place in a hot oven for ten minutes. Turn out on a platter, cover with perfect halves of preserved peaches and pour peach syrup over all.

## Rice With Cream.

Wash well in cold water three ounces rice; drain well, then place in a saucepan with two gills cold water, three gills cold milk, a good saltspoon salt, one-half saltspoonful of grated nutmeg and two level tablespoonfuls fine sugar. Place on fire and boil thirty-five minutes, mixing once in a while with a wooden spoon to prevent burning at the bottom. Pour into a hot dish and serve with cream, and fine sugar separately.

## Graham Puffs.

Two cupfuls of graham flour, one tablespoonful of melted butter, two eggs, one pint of milk, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of baking powder. Add the butter and salt to the milk and drop in the eggs without beating. Beat into this the prepared flour, making a smooth paste as stiff as for griddle cakes. Drop into hot and well greased gem pans and bake at once in a hot oven.

## To Clean Satin Shoe.

Take a piece of flannel and dip it into spirits of wine, rub the satin the way of the nap, turn the flannel as it gets soiled. Any light color may be cleaned this way. White satin shoes should always be kept in blue paper, or the satin gets discolored.

## When to Buy Shoes.

To get comfortable fitting shoes, buy them late in the afternoon, when the exercise of the day has spread the muscles of the feet to their largest extent.

## USE OF THE GRIDIRON

### GRILLING A MOST APPETIZING METHOD OF COOKING.

Process That Is Most Quickly Performed Provided There Is a Clear, Bright Fire—Preserves Juices of Meat to Be Served.

Grilling is one of the crudest and the most primitive of all forms of cooking; it is, indeed, sometimes described as the savage mode of cooking, when slices of raw meat are strung on sticks and held over or close to a fire.

"Broiling" is the most ancient word for grilling; though both words are still used, they really signify the same thing. Broiling is derived from the French word "bruler," to burn. Although one of the simplest forms of cookery, it is seldom well carried out. The process is similar to that of roasting, with the difference that only small pieces or slices of meat are used.

Broiling or grilling is always done before, or over, a clear, bright fire. It is a process which is always quickly performed. By broiling meats evaporation is prevented by the sudden closing of the fibers, so that the outside of the meat is quickly hardened and the surface browned.

A chop, steak, cutlet or fillet, properly broiled, should have a thin, nicely browned crust, the inside of which must be cooked to suit the requirements and taste of the person for whom it is prepared, viz., rare, raw and juicy, medium or well cooked.

A gridiron, cleaned and well greased, is the proper utensil for broiling, though some cooks use the frying pan more often than the gridiron; special care must be exercised to keep the fat from falling into the fire, as the sudden blaze is likely to impart a smoky and objectionable flavor to the meat.

A clear, bright fire is essential to perfection in grilling. On no account must the meat be pierced with a fork or skewer, or the juices will run out of the holes made and much of the flavor will thereby be lost. An average sized chop or steak will require 10 to 12 minutes to broil or grill, during which time it should be turned at least five times.

### Here and There.

The adept in cooking does her work without many utensils.

Milk puddings are the best desserts for children, but they should be varied.

All green vegetables, roots and tubers should be crisp and firm when put on to cook.

In cold weather cream sometimes refuses to "come" to butter. When such is the case, set it away over night. By morning it will have separated, pour off the thick part, which a few minutes' stirring will bring to butter.

When a large bottle of olives has been opened and a part of them used, those remaining in the brine sometimes become soft and almost tasteless. To avoid this, pour half an inch of olive oil on top and cork well. The olives will retain their flavor indefinitely.

## Argentine Soup.

Soak one-half pint of split peas for two hours. Boil in plenty of water for two hours with two bay leaves and 12 seeds of dried red pepper. An hour before serving add one quart of good strong stock or three-quarters of a pint of cold roast meat gravy. One-half hour before serving add one pint of canned tomatoes. Strain through a colander, season with salt to taste. Allow soup to boil again before serving. This soup may be varied by using different fresh and dried vegetables.

## Little Meat Rolls.

From some cooked meat remove fat and gristle and put through the chopper. Season well and moisten with a little good gravy. Make a good rich biscuit dough, roll out thin and cut in four or five-inch squares. Spread each piece with some of the meat mixture, and roll up as tightly as possible. Place close together in a greased pan, brush the tops with milk and bake in a quick oven. Serve with gravy.

## Apple Graham Pudding.

Place a layer of graham crackers in bottom of buttered pan; then add layer of pared, cored, and chopped sour apples, continue with more crackers and apples until pan is two-thirds full. Beat one egg with one-fourth teaspoonful salt; and one pint of milk; turn over the apples and crackers and bake in moderate oven until puffy and brown.

## Fig Brittle.

Cook two cups of sugar and one cup of corn sirup and half cup of water until it commences to turn color; then stir in gently a quantity of figs, cut into small pieces, and pour out on well-greased platter; loosen before cold, then break up to suit.

## Beet Salad.

Shred a head of lettuce or the leaves, or else a tender cabbage. Arrange round the rim of plate. Chop freshly cooked or the canned beets. Fill the center of the plate and cover with mayonnaise or French dressing.

## Gingerbread Sandwiches.

Make and bake a good gingerbread in shallow pans. Cut in squares and split them. Spread with neutralized cheese in which a little chopped preserved ginger is mixed.



Mrs. Housewife—"I'd like to read more books, but I can't seem to find time. Monday I have to wash all day and—"

Anty Drudge—"Stop right there, my dear! If you will begin Monday morning by reading the directions on the back of a Fels-Naptha Soap wrapper, you'll have more time for other kinds of reading and feel more like it, too."

The Fels-Naptha way is the best and easiest way of washing. More than a million women use Fels-Naptha every washday.

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### Strive for Capability.

Always in the myriad-shaped struggle that is going on upon the stage of the world capacity means victory and life; incapacity, defeat and death. If we would win physical triumphs we must be stronger physically than the brute force with which we are contending; and if we would win intellectual or moral triumphs, then intellectually and morally we must be more capable than the opposition. In spite of prayer and protest, the sovereign law keeps right on—and Byng went to the wall.



# SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson VIII.—Second Quarter,  
For May 25, 1913.

## THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Gen. xliii, 18, 19, 23-34—Memory Verses, 29, 30—Golden Text, 1 John 2:10—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Because of Jacob's determination not to let Benjamin go to Egypt and the determination of the sons not to go without him they tarried till the corn they had brought was consumed. Then when they had to go or starve Judah pleaded with his father, saying: "Send the lad with me, and we will arise and go. \* \* \* I will be surety for him" (verses 8-10). This is all so suggestive, for the great and only surety, the Lord Jesus, came from the tribe of Judah (Heb. vii, 14), and in one of the great "Who is this?" verses concerning Him it is written, "Who is He that hath been surety for his heart to approach unto me?" (Jer. xxx, 21, R. V. M.) I still believe, as I have long believed, that anointed eyes may see Jesus Christ on every page of Scripture, but he must be blind indeed who cannot see Him in this wonderful story.

As Jacob sent away his sons with a present for the ruler in Egypt who controlled the corn and double money to pay for the first corn and the next and Benjamin he said, "God Almighty give you mercy before the man" (verse 14). This is one of the most wonderful names of God in the Bible, and it is found thirty-one times in the book of Job and only twenty-six times in all the rest of the Bible.

It is "El-shaddai," which may signify "the Mighty God, who is all sufficient." To know the sufficiency of God we must know our own insufficiency and become, like Job, thoroughly emptied of self (Job xlii, 5, 6). Jacob was now thoroughly emptied, even of his last loved son, Joseph's own brother, and was very near the time of fullness of blessing.

We may not attempt to describe the feelings of Joseph as he looked upon the face of his own brother and gave orders to the ruler of his house to make ready to have those men dine with him, nor can we imagine their surprise as, Simeon having joined them, those eleven men sat before him in the order of their ages—Reuben, Simeon, Levi, Judah and so on to the youngest, Benjamin (verses 23, 33). We think of how thoroughly we are known by Him whom we know not as we might and will some day, and we cannot but think of another gathering of twelve when He sat with the eleven at the passover, Judas having gone.

Their fear and the "Peace be to you, fear not," of verses 18, 23, make us think of His "Peace be unto you. \* \* \* Why are ye troubled?" to the ten, and a week later His "Peace be unto you" to the eleven (Luke xxiv, 36-38; John xx, 26). The great adversary takes delight in filling us with thoughts of fear and unrest, but the Lord's thoughts to us are always thoughts of peace (Jer. xxix, 11; Ps. xxix, 11; lxxxv, 8; John xiv, 1; Matt. xxiv, 6). The steward of Joseph's house seems to have known the God of Israel (verse 23), and we are not surprised, being in the service of such a man as Joseph. His words must have comforted the brethren and specially when he restored Simeon to them, no doubt in good condition.

The water for their feet (verse 24) takes us back to xviii, 4, and on to Luke vii, John xlii. When Joseph came home at noon they had the present ready and bowed themselves to him to the earth with probably never a thought of a dream they had heard twenty years before. There should be great comfort to every believer in "the eternal purpose of God" and in the assurance that "every purpose of the Lord shall be performed" (Eph. iii, 11; Jer. li, 20). How can our hearts be quiet as we look on this scene and hear Joseph say to them: "Is your father well, the old man of whom ye spake? \* \* \* Is this your younger brother of whom ye spake unto me? God be gracious unto thee, my son."

We do not wonder that Joseph could not restrain his feelings and that he had to hurry to his chamber to weep. How natural to read that after weeping he washed his face before he could be calm enough to go out to them again (verses 30, 31). Did you never do it after those tears had come that you could not restrain and your eyes were red with weeping, but a plentiful supply of water helped, and you looked like yourself again?

I do not quite see how they could be merry with him. They did not know him except as the ruler of Egypt, and their guilt concerning their brother, of whom they said, "One is not," could not altogether fade from their minds, but it is wonderful how pleasant surroundings can make us forget for a time. They were certainly highly honored to be thus invited to dine with so great a man, and for the time being seemed to forget all else. They needed, however, more humiliation and a deeper conviction of sin, and it had to come.

There can be no lasting peace until we have learned that we are sinners and nothing but sinners and that in us—that is, in our flesh—dwelleth no good thing (Rom. vii, 18). Miss Habershon's suggestive typical lessons from this chapter are concerning the feast made ready and the perfect love of Him who makes the feast casting out all fear (Matt. xxii, 4; 1 John iv, 18; Rom. xv, 13). She also quotes Luke xv, 24, in connection with their being merry.

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For Week Beginning May 25, 1913.

Topic.—Mission Work at Home and Abroad.—V. Industrial Missions.—Acts xviii, 1-6. Edited by Rev. Sherman H. Doyle, D. D.

The sin of Adam not only brought a curse upon our mankind, but upon the earth itself. "Cursed is the ground for thy sake. In sorrow shalt thou eat of it. \* \* \* In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread." If Adam had not sinned man would not have been idle, but work would have been without weariness and a constant pleasure. The curse upon the ground made it barren and difficult of cultivation. If Adam had not sinned he had not sweated. These results extended not only to Adam, but to all his posterity. Mere existence makes it necessary for man to toil, though his labor be wearisome and unattractive. It should be a part of every man's life to labor. The world has no place for idlers. If it owes a man a living he must collect it like other debts.

In spite of the fact that man must work under these conditions as a result of sin, yet all labor, whether physical or mental, has its compensations. There is still a joy in the wholesome labor. It keeps us from many temptations and sins. It is for "idle hands" that Satan finds "some mischief." Moreover, manual labor has been dignified by Christ Himself. He learned the trade of a carpenter and worked at it until He entered upon His public ministry. Although He knew no sin, yet as man's substitute it was necessary for Him to enter into every human experience that was involved in man's sin.

Paul as the first great Christian missionary labored with his own hands at the trade of a tentmaker to support himself. This, however, is no argument against a paid ministry under the different conditions that exist today. Few professions, if any, make greater demands upon men than the ministry, and "the laborer is worthy of his hire." This principle applies equally to all men. Underpaid labor is one of the great problems of our age. The man who is willing and able to labor should have a living wage. "He who will not labor shall not eat," but he who does labor should have a decent living. Oppression of the poor is strongly condemned in the word of God. The strong should help the weak instead of taking advantage of them. The Golden Rule should be applied to the labor problems of today, and the brotherhood of man through the Fatherhood of God should be especially emphasized.

The modern missionary movement wherever necessary has always emphasized industrial missions. Many people to whom the gospel is preached both at home and abroad need to be taught the necessity and dignity of labor. A writer on missions in Africa says: "Indolence is natural to the people. Their wants are easily supplied. They have no trades and but very limited arts of rude house and boat building, carpentry and blacksmithing."

"When they are converted their change of heart does not at once and entirely make them diligent. It is necessary, therefore, to teach them industries and stimulate ambition." The same is true in other foreign fields and at home. The hand is to be educated as well as the heart, and this is done in the industrial departments of our mission schools. The skilled hand is a necessary factor in the Christianization of any people. Work is no small part of religion. We "serve the Lord" by being "diligent in business" as well as by praise and prayer and worship.

### BIBLE READINGS.

Gen. iii, 17-19; Ex. xx, 8-11; 1 Chron. xxxiv, 8-17; Prov. vi, 6-11; xlii, 6-11; Eccl. ix, 10; Matt. iv, 18-20; Acts xx, 24-35; Rom. xii, 11; Eph. iv, 28-32.

### The C. E. Convention in India.

In speaking of the Christian Endeavor convention held in Agra, India, the Outlook says: "The whole body of delegates constituted an evidence of the interchurch, international and the interracial character of the Christian Endeavor movement. This occasion was, in fact, a realization of the dream of that cobbler missionary, William Carey, who foresaw a hundred years ago the time when missionary stations would form a chain from northern India to Ceylon."

### Yet Much to Do.

While Christian Endeavor stands for church attendance, we must not pride ourselves on our own attendance while there are such multitudes in all our towns and cities that do not attend church. It is said that in New York city alone there are fully 1,500,000 people unconnected with any church.—Ohio Endeavorer.

### Its Citizenship Ideal.

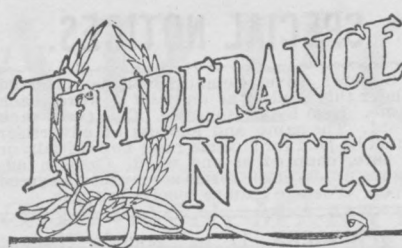
Christian Endeavor stands pre-eminent among the organizations which strive toward a realization of the ideal of true citizenship.—Theodore Roosevelt.

### The Widest Thing.

True Christian Endeavor is the widest thing on earth. I think of nothing as outside its scope if it can be done for Christ.—Muir.

### Stewardship.

Christian Endeavor has revealed to me the duty and later the joy of Christian stewardship.—William Shaw.



(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

## LARGE ANNUAL LIQUOR BILL.

Amount Paid Out for Drink in United States Estimated at About Two Billions of Dollars.

The annual drink bill of the United States is estimated at about \$2,000,000,000. It is absolutely impossible to grasp the significance of this statement. A few comparisons will give us perhaps a better idea of the magnitude of this sum. This is an age of militarism. The enormous cost of modern armaments, and the burden of the military establishments of the great nations of the world, cause great concern to statesmen everywhere. And yet the sum total of the combined military budgets of the ten leading nations of the earth, Germany, France, Russia, Great Britain, Japan, the United States, Austria-Hungary, Spain, Italy and Turkey, for 1910 was only \$1,665,889,000, or about \$350,000,000 less than the drink bill of the United States for the same year. If the money spent for drink in the United States in one year could be transferred into one dollar bills, it would be sufficient to give a one dollar bill to each inhabitant of the earth, and still leave a surplus of \$500,000,000. With it we could have paid off the interest bearing national debt, twice over. Our total exports in 1911 were valued at \$2,013,549,000. Our imports in the same year amounted to \$1,527,945,000. Comparing this with the amount spent for intoxicants we begin to realize the great drain upon our resources caused by the drink habit and the drink traffic.

## ENSLAVED BY LIQUOR HABIT

One Million Men in United States Pay Daily Tribute to Saloons for Intoxicants.

The saloon business cannot exist without slaves. You may smile at that statement, but it is absolutely true. Is not the man who is addicted to the drink habit a slave? There can be no question about it. There are 1,000,000 such slaves in the United States. They are slaves of the saloon. They go out and work a week or a month, draw their pay, go into the saloon and hand the saloonkeeper their money for something which ruins their lives. Is not this slavery? Has there ever been in the history of the world a worse system of slavery? Think of 1,000,000 men, enslaved by the liquor habit, carrying their earnings to the saloonkeepers every day in the year. It is quite natural of course, that the slaveholders should not care to liberate these slaves.—Richmond P. Hobson.

## PREVENTION OF DRUNKENNESS

While Sale of Liquor Is Permitted Money Must Be Spent in Fight Against Alcoholism.

Within the past few years the campaign against tuberculosis has been waged with such remarkable success that many people are hopeful that it will, in another decade, cease to be a menace to the public health. "Why," asks the student of social conditions, "cannot an equally successful campaign be carried on against intemperance and the use of alcoholic liquors?" One of the speakers at the National Conference of Charities and Correction in Boston, stated the reason, in a convincing way, when he said: "We don't organize anti-tuberculosis campaigns and then open places in the same community for the sale of tuberculosis germs."

So long as we permit the sale of drunkenness germs, we must needs spend money and energy in fighting alcoholism—in places high and low.

### WRITE IT EVERYWHERE.

Write it on the workhouse gate,  
Write it on the schoolboy's slate,  
Write it in the copy book:  
That the young may on it look:  
"Where there's drink, there's danger."

Write it on the churchyard mound,  
Where the rum-slain dead are found;  
Write it on the gallows high,  
Write it for all passers by:  
"Where there's drink, there's danger."

Write it on the nation's laws,  
Blotting out the license clause;  
Write it on each ballot white,  
So it can be read aright,  
"Where there's drink, there's danger."

Write it on the ships that sail,  
Borne along by storm and gale;  
Write it in large letters plain,  
Over every land and main:  
"Where there's drink, there's danger."

Write it over every gate,  
On the church and halls of state,  
In the hearts of every band,  
In the laws of every land:  
"Where there's drink, there's danger."

### Wish With a Reserve.

I wish well to all trades but with a reserve. I hope the baker may bake and sell more bread. I hope the clothier may sell more yards of cloth and make more coats. I hope every farmer may sell more wheat. But I cannot say in my heart and conscience that I hope the brewer may brew more beer, or the distiller distill more spirits, or the publicans sell more of both. The prosperity I wish to this one trade is that it should cease.—Cardinal Manning.

## NEW IDEAS FOR HOME COUSINE

Some Things That Will Be Welcomed by All Housewives Who Are in Search of Novelties.

The housewife who takes pleasure and pride in the culinary branch of her household labors is always on the lookout for new ideas. She is also glad to find old ones improved upon and offered in new forms. The decoration for a cake, a new receptacle wherein to cook an entree, a new stuffing for fowl, a new pie filling or an original garnish are as dear to the good cook's heart as a state secret is to that of a politician.

So much has been borrowed from sister nations in this line that there seems little left new under the sun, so it now behooves those in search of novelty to turn their eyes inward and invent and create novelties from their own experience. The popular individual service gives wide scope for the cook's imagination, and many suggestions she will get by just taking a little trip through the favor shops, where many ideas of this kind are started.

A cake of three layers, with a soft creamy filling and a soft frosting, before the frosting stiffens may be sprinkled with finely ground pistachio nuts, and on top, in star form, arrange candied mint leaves and finish the center with a rose made of the candied rose leaves deftly arranged. Marrow bones stuffed with sweet breads and mushrooms, with savory seasoning, when they are taken from the oven, may be fitted with a high paper collar and narrow black necktie tied in a square bow, and a fool's cap of paper, and they should be served on lace paper doilies.

Extra mayonnaise is served in a half lemon skin that has been relieved of the pulp and had a slice cut from the end so it stands upright. It may also be covered with a fluted paper cap.

The yolks of hard cooked eggs may have pepper, salt, olive oil, a dash of Worcestershire sauce added to them and mixed to a paste, then formed into small balls, roll them in powdered nuts and drop them into the salad, using the rings of white for the garnish on top.

For the simple home luncheon the ordinary pancake may do duty for dessert.

## HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS

If kitchen floors are painted with boiled linseed oil, they are cleaned very easily.

A tiny sprinkling of sugar placed over each layer of meat in a steak pudding will make the steak tender.

A few drops of alcohol rubbed on the inside of a lamp chimney will remove all traces of greasy smoke when water alone is of no avail.

If linoleums and oilcloths are rubbed, after being washed, with a little linseed oil, they will be found to wear longer and have a polish without being slippery.

To clean picture frame glasses take a small piece of wash leather, wet it with methylated spirits and rub on the glasses. This will clean them beautifully. Polish afterward with a soft duster.

Pastry, to which baking powder has been added should be placed in the oven as quickly as possible, otherwise the effect of the baking powder will be wasted.

### Meat and Pastry Rolls.

These are nice for luncheon or supper. Small quantities of cold ham, chicken or other meat may be utilized for these. Chop the meat fine, add enough savory fat or butter to "shape" well. Season well and roll into shapes of finger length. Make a short dough of one pint of flour, two tablespoons lard, one teaspoon baking powder, salt, and milk enough to mix. Roll thin, cut into strips, fold about the meat rolls, care being taken to keep the shape. Bake in quick oven until delicately brown and serve hot.

### Brown Sugar Gingerbread.

One cup brown sugar, one-half cup lard, one teaspoon salt, one teaspoon soda, two teaspoons cream of tartar, one and one-half teaspoons ginger, one cup milk (diluted condensed milk may be used, or even clear water), flour. Cream sugar and lard together, then add other ingredients, using flour enough to make it rather soft. Bake in biscuit tin about one-half hour.

### Apple Pudding.

Two eggs, one small cup of sugar, two tablespoons butter, one-half cup of milk, one heaping teaspoonful baking powder, pinch of salt, one and one-half cup flour. Line bottom of pudding pan with apples sliced—sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon, pour above mixture over this and bake in a moderate oven.

### Cookies.

Take one cup of sugar, one egg, one-half cup of shortening, four tablespoonsful of sweet milk, one and one-half teaspoonfuls of yeast powder, one teaspoonful of vanilla and enough flour to roll well. Roll this very thin and cut into fancy shapes with a cookie cutter. Bake a light brown.

### Odor of Onions.

When cooking onions, set a tin cup of vinegar on the stove and let it boil. No disagreeable odor will then be in the room.

## Stops Backache

Sloan's Liniment is a splendid remedy for backache, stiff joints, rheumatism, neuralgia and sciatica. You don't need to rub it in—just laid on lightly it gives comfort and ease at once.

### Best for Pain and Stiffness

MR. GEO. BUCHANAN, of Welch, Okla., writes:—"I have used your Liniment for the past ten years for pain in back and stiffness and find it the best Liniment I ever tried. I recommend it to anyone for pains of any kind."

# SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is good for sprains, strains, bruises, cramp or soreness of the muscles, and all affections of the throat and chest.

### Got Entire Relief

R. D. BURGON, of Mayville, Ky., RR. 1, Box 5, writes:—"I had severe pains between my shoulders. I got a bottle of your Liniment and had entire relief at the fifth application."

### Relieved Severe Pain in Shoulders

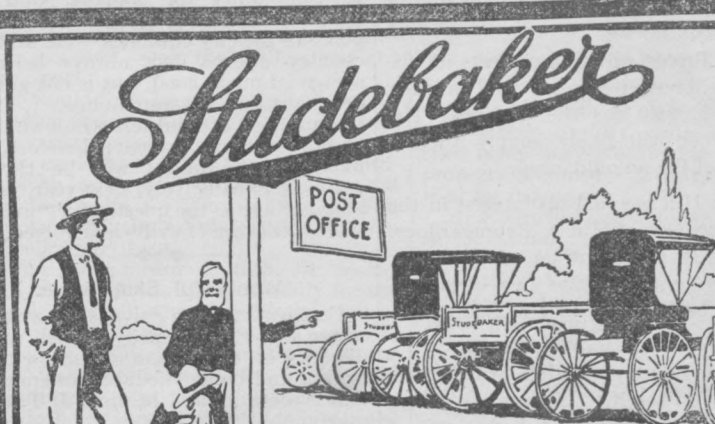
MR. J. UNDERWOOD, of 2000 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:—"I am a piano polisher by occupation, and since last September have suffered with severe pain in both shoulders. I could not rest night or day. One of my friends told me about your Liniment. Three applications completely cured me and I will never be without it."

Price 25c., 50c., and \$1.00 at All Dealers.

Send for Sloan's free book on horses.

Address

Dr. Earl S. Sloan,  
Boston, Mass.



## "Nearly all those Wagons and Buggies are Studebakers"

Every year over one hundred thousand Studebaker vehicles are sold.

This tells you what the farmers of the country think of the Studebaker wagons.

This appreciation has been constantly growing for sixty years.

This appreciation has been earned by the determination of Studebaker to produce an honestly built wagon that will do a full day's work and keep on doing it, and not to build a cheap one.

The man who buys the Studebaker gets all the improvements gained by the experience of two generations of wagon builders.

Farm Wagons Trucks Delivery Wagons  
Dump Wagons Buggies Surreys  
Business Wagons Pony Carts Harness

Sold under the Studebaker guarantee.

See our Dealer or write us.

### STUDEBAKER

### South Bend, Ind.

NEW YORK CHICAGO DALLAS KANSAS CITY DENVER  
MINNEAPOLIS SALT LAKE CITY SAN FRANCISCO PORTLAND, ORE.

## THE PACKARD PIANO IS THE BEST

People can talk about which piano is the best, but anyone who wishes to know the truth about the matter, has only to compare the PACKARD, part for part, with the leading makes of the century. We are always glad to have anyone make these comparisons, as the wonderful strides of progress made in the construction of the PACKARD Pianos is a REVELATION to all.

## BIRELY'S PALACE OF MUSIC, Frederick, Maryland.

### Dryden's Ruse.

The story is told that Dryden, finishing his translation of "Virgil," sent it to Jacob Tonson for publication for a sum specified upon the manuscript. Tonson was desirous of obtaining the book, but determined to take advantage of Dryden's need of money. He therefore informed the poet that he could not pay the sum Dryden asked. In reply Dryden sent the following lines in description of the publisher: With leering look, bull faced and freckled fair,  
With two left legs, with Judas colored hair,  
And frowzy pores that taint the ambient air.  
When this was delivered to Tonson he asked if Dryden had said anything more. "Yes," replied the bearer; "he said to tell the dog that he who wrote these lines could write more like thee," Tonson sent the money at once.



## TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN

### Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

Joseph Coe, of Trevanion, is ill with pneumonia.

Daniel Fair and wife are visiting their son, Robert, of Baltimore.

Mrs. Sarah Keefer, of Littlestown, Pa., visited Mrs. Laura V. Fair, recently.

Eugene Reindollar, who has been in Detroit, Mich., is home on a month's vacation.

Miss Edna Mehrling spent several days last week with Mrs. I. M. Lau, of Littlestown, Pa.

Mrs. Harold Olivet, of Philadelphia, is spending some time with her uncle and family, Ervin R. Hyser.

Carl Mayers, of Littlestown, Pa., spent Sunday and Monday with his aunt and uncle, Lewis Elliot and wife.

Mrs. Laura V. Fair spent several days last week with her sister, Mrs. Henry Hawk and family, near Littlestown, Pa.

Scott White and wife, of Hagerstown, spent the week with Mrs. White's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Arnold, at the Central Hotel.

A game of baseball was played on Wednesday afternoon by the Yanigans and High School team, which resulted in victory for the former, by a decisive score.

Reindollar Bros. have installed a 500-gallon gasoline supply tank, underground in the rear of their store, for the purpose of keeping on hand a large supply of this now much used article.

Union Bridge will oil its streets on the private subscription plan, and already has over \$100.00 for the purpose. The town council will likely supply the remainder of the amount needed.

Judson Hill has sold his interest in the bakery business of Hill & Baumgardner, to George R. Baumgardner, and the latter has taken charge. The new firm will therefore be Baumgardner & Baumgardner.

The new Sunday schedule which goes into effect on the N. C. R., on the 25th., will include an extension of the run of trains to Columbia, instead of to Littlestown, as at present. There will be two trains each way.

The ice plant building is growing rapidly, and begins to show that it will be a large and substantial brick building. The well borers are at work and are now down over 200 feet, but have not enough water to supply the needs of the plant. The depth will be continued as far as necessary.

It is proposed to continue the Lutheran and Reformed baseball games, until a series of five games have been played; the receipts to be divided on the basis of 60 per cent. toward expense account, and 40 per cent. toward the new public library. Another game will likely be played in about two weeks.

Miss G. May Forrest, Mrs. E. K. Reaver, Miss Emma Reaver, Levi D. Reid and Samuel H. Mehrling, attended the funeral of J. Summerfield Forrest, the father of Miss May, in Hanover, Pa., on Tuesday. Mr. Forrest died at the Soldiers' Home, in Dayton, Ohio, where he had been living for several years.

An exchange gives this timely hint: "This is the time of the year when the old hen never fails to get into your neighbor's garden. You know the result. One good scratching hen can in five minutes scratch up all the friendship that has been growing for many years between neighbors. Keep her at home or cut her head off."

The house belonging to James Hill, on York St., has been torn away and is being re-erected on the rear of the lot, fronting on the church alley. The work is being done by Elvin Dern, in return for which he gains ownership of the lot fronting on York St., adjoining his previously purchased property. The rebuilt house will be larger and better.

A Parcel Post delivery motor car, for Hanover, Pa., passed through here, last Saturday afternoon. The two young men in charge of it came in this round-about way from Westminster, in order to avoid the poor pike from Westminster to Littlestown, and were considerably surprised when informed that they were still 16 miles from Hanover, after arrival here.

The Just Government League meeting, to be held in the Opera House, this Saturday evening, will be addressed by Miss Elizabeth Taylor and Miss Katharine Hill, of Baltimore, and perhaps others. A delegation of members of the Carroll County League, of Westminster, will likely be present. Rev. Seth Russell Downie will preside. Everybody welcome.

The removal of the old Polly Shorb house to the rear end of the lot, and the tearing away of the story and a half Thomson house, on York St., will greatly benefit the appearance of that portion of the street. Both of these buildings are relics of the "old Taneytown" which has almost entirely disappeared within the last thirty years. The effort to move the old house first named, without tearing it down, was abandoned for the reason that it was in a too badly decayed condition.

There will be another game of baseball, next Friday, between the High School team and a picked team of town players.

Mrs. Mary E. Crapster returned home from Gettysburg, this week, accompanied by her sister, Miss Katie O'Neal, who expects to remain a while.

The Lutheran C. E. Society is having a social Friday evening, at 7.30; to which all of its members and those attending the meetings who do not belong, are most welcome.

### Pastors Attack the Automobile.

At the Middle Conference of the Maryland Lutheran Synod, in session at Utica Lutheran church, on Wednesday, the automobile was blamed for the growing desecration of the Sabbath. The machine was scored in the address of Rev. W. F. Hersh, of Westminster, who was assigned the subject, "The Growing Desecration of the Lord's Day." Among other things he said the automobile was an agency of evil, and that many automobile owners now spend the Sabbath racing about the country instead of attending church.

Rev. A. G. Null, of Jefferson, the only member of the conference present who owns an automobile, at the close of Rev. Mr. Hersh's remarks, took issue with him upon the automobile. The pastor held that the automobile could be made an agency for good, and said that only a few Sundays ago he filled charges 30 miles apart by using his automobile. He said that in his opinion there was "too much stress laid upon attendance at church services so many times per day on the Sabbath, and that if a person attended Sunday School and church on the Sabbath he thought he was justified in later taking an automobile ride.

This brought forth retorts from a number of other pastors, and Rev. W. H. Settemyer, of Middletown, charged the automobile with being responsible for the downfall of the country church. He said that the country church is in the main dependent upon several wealthy men of the community for support, and that these men are buying automobiles and going to the city churches. He said the country church has always been an agency of much good, but is fast going to decay through the automobile.

A number of ministers who own automobiles were not present; therefore, it is likely that the subject will be threshed out more exhaustively, next year, or perhaps earlier, as the question of "avoiding the appearance of evil" is involved.

### Wonderful Skin Salve.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve is known everywhere as the best remedy made for all diseases of the skin, and also for burns, bruises and boils. Reduces inflammation and is soothing and healing. J. T. Sossaman, publisher of News, of Cornelius, N. C., writes that one box helped his serious skin ailment after other remedies failed. Only 25c. Recommended by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, and H. E. Fleagle, Mayberry. Advertisement.

### Our Editor.

In addition to his regular duties as "Sales Manager," he has aspirations to become a regular Editor, as almost anyone can be an editor. All you have to do is sit at your desk six days a week and "Edit" as follows:

"Mrs. Jones of Centerville let a can opener slip, last week and cut herself in the pantry."

"Johnnie Trimmer of Lebanon was playing with a cat last Monday when it scratched him on the veranda."

"Mr. White, while harnessing a broncho last Saturday, was kicked just south of the corn crib."

"A mischievous lad of Maywood threw a stone and struck a companion in the alley last Tuesday."

"John Thomas climbed on the roof of his house last week looking for a leak, and fell, striking himself on the back porch."—Exchange.

### Rheumatism Quickly Cured.

"My sister's husband had an attack of rheumatism in his arm," writes a well known resident of Newton, Iowa. "I gave him a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment which he applied to his arm and on the next morning the rheumatism was gone." For chronic muscular rheumatism you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Liniment. Sold by all dealers. Advertisement.

### Hit Both Ways.

Mr. Bullion—I wish that elder son of mine would get married and settle down. But, confound it, the young fellows of today don't seem to have any regard for the marriage relation at all.

Friend—That's right. By the way, how is the younger son doing.

Mr. Bullion—Rotten! It just cost me \$50,000 to have his marriage annulled, and I had the toughest job of my life doing it.—Puck.

### Hard Luck.

Cholly—What's the matter, Frank, dear boy? Frank—Oh, Cholly, Ethel tells me she loves another. Cholly—What hard luck, after your devotion! Frank—Hard luck! Why, Cholly, in the last six months her father's dog has bitten me nine times!—London Express.

### Engineer's Advantage.

"It must be hard work to run a locomotive."

"Yes. But think of the satisfaction in being able to get off in front of the first car instead of lugging a suitcase the length of the whole train."—Washington Star.

### His Impression.

"What were her reasons for refusing you?"

"Well, it sounded like an essay on eugenics, genealogy and finance."—Judge.

### Charity.

The kind of charity that should begin at home is not the kind that consists in being kind to yourself.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The secret of success is constancy of purpose.—Lord Beaconsfield.

## M. R. SNIDER'S DEPARTMENT STORE HARNEY, MD.

You will find a full and complete line in each department.

### Clothing.

It is easy to see we have the quality and quantity and the very latest styles for Men, Boys and Youths, as we have had the best clothing business this Spring since in business. Why? Because the prices are right, the quality right and the style right. Another shipment just received.

### Hats.

We have the style and the right prices.

### Shoes and Oxfords

For Men, Ladies, Boys and Girls. If you have not had the pleasure of looking over our immense line, come and see if you ever saw a better line shown in Harney. All the latest style, at the lowest possible prices.

### Wire Fence and Posts.

When in need, you can get all kinds of Wire and Fence Posts of all kinds, at yard down prices.

### Binder Twine.

We have the very best grade of Standard Twine, now ready for you, at only 10c per lb.

### Groceries.

Here is the place to get just what you want—fresh and good, at bottom prices.

### Dry Goods.

We have the best assortment of Silk Striped and Plain Poplin, Silk and Striped Voiles, Ratine, Tissues, Ginghams and Percales, that we have ever had. We have a fine assortment of Laces, Embroideries and Insertions; also Hose and Ribbons. Turkey Red Handkerchiefs, 24 inches, 2 for 5c.

### 30-Day Special

On May 19th, we will start to clean up our entire line of last year's Oxfords and Shoes. The greatest bargains in Men's, Ladies', Boys' and Girls' Fine and Heavy, Tan and Patent Leather Oxfords ever offered on our Center counter before. Don't miss these low prices, for they are the very best quality of Shoes.

Well, it is easy to see it pays to save your Cash Register Tickets, as we have many valuable presents to give away, free. Yours for business,

16-2t M. R. SNIDER.

## Concert! GETTYSBURG COLLEGE ORCHESTRA

consisting of piano, 6 violins, clarinet, flute, 2 cornets, 2 horns, 2 cellos, viola, trombone, bass viol and drums and traps.

— Assisted by —

### The College Quartette

Tuesday, May 27,

at 8 o'clock, p. m.

OPERA HOUSE, TANEYTOWN, MD

A Clean Program with Everything that Everyone Can Enjoy!

Admission, 15c @ 25c

Reserved Seats, 5c Extra, at McKinney's

### PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned as administrator of Charles Wesley Winemiller, will sell at public sale on the premises, on the Taneytown and Bruceville road, on

SATURDAY, MAY 17th, 1913,

at 12 o'clock, the following described personal property:

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of 1 Parlor Organ, 2 bedsteads and bedding, writing desk, 40 yards of carpet, 1 chum, lot of chairs, mirrors, stands, tubs and buckets, queensware and glassware, lamps, lot of brooms, jars, 3 barrels of vinegar, one cook stove, 1 sink, 1 corner cupboard, lot of nails, fence wire, hay carriage beams, two watches and chains.

2 GOOD JERSEY MILCH COWS.

THREE HEAD OF HOGS,

two are sows, one will farrow soon, the other a boar; 1 good buggy, 1 old buggy, 1 set buggy harness, lot of harness, 1 spring wagon, 1 runabout, 1 sleigh, lot of dynets, 1 buggy pole, 2 about, 1 sleigh, 2 plows, 1 harrow, lot of forks and shovels, griststone, pump, push cart, cutting box, straw knife, corn drag, crowbar, lantern, oiler mill, sewing horse, 1 corn sheller, iron kettle and many other articles not mentioned.

TERMS: All sums of \$5.00 and under, cash; on sums above \$5.00 a credit of six months will be given on note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale. No goods to be removed until settled for.

GEORGE H. WINEMILLER, Administrator.

Also, at the same time and place, I will offer a lot of Household Furniture, Farming Implements and Carpenter Tools, on the above terms.

4-18-5t GEO. H. WINEMILLER.

### GOOD QUALITY of material in Poultry Feeds is highly important, but to be perfect they must be properly balanced feeds. REIN-DOLLAR Poultry Feeds are such feeds.—REINDOLLAR BROS. & Co.

Advertisement. 4-25-2t

### Foreign French.

"Learn to speak French. Then things won't cost so much in Paris."

"Oh, you can't make 'em think you are a Frenchman."

"No, but sometimes you can make 'em think you are a Russian or a Spaniard."—Washington Herald.

### By the Card.

Gibbs—I say, old chap, what is meant by the expression "to speak by the card?" Dibbs—Oh, one does that when one exclaims, "The deuce!"—New York Telegram.

### Only Safe Way.

Criggs—Can you keep a secret from your wife? Briggs—Not unless I keep secret the fact that I have one.—Boston Transcript.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

General Advertisements will be inserted under this heading at one cent a word, each issue. Real Estate for sale, Two Cents each word. The name and address of advertiser must be paid for at same rate; two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Cash in advance, unless other terms are mutually agreed upon. Postage Stamps received as cash.

SPRINGERS 1½ to 2 pounds, Highest Price. All kinds of poultry wanted. Squabs, 24 to 25c per pr. Good Calves, 7½c, 50¢ for delivering. —SCHWARTZ'S Produce.

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid for Eggs, Calves and Poultry. 50¢ for delivering Calves Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning.—G. W. MOTTER. 6-10-12

HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for country produce. Chickens, Eggs, Calves—50¢ for delivering calves.—Farmers' Produce Co., C. A. Fox, Mgr., Taneytown. 4-11-3t

YOUNG MALE HOG O. I. C. Red, for sale by JACOB MESSINGER.

HOUSE AND LOT for sale; good fruit; store room attached; suitable for a bakery or feed store.—THEODORE ECKARD, Uniontown. 5-16-2t

FOR A FIRST-CLASS 4-passenger Lawn Swing, sold for \$6.00 cash. Address or telephone the Washing Machine Man, —L. K. BIRELY, Middleburg, Md. 5-16-2t

NOTICE.—Somebody removed a wheelbarrow from the N. C. R. station, the property of the Railroad Co. Unless it is returned at once, the one who removed it will get into trouble. L. D. FROCK.

FOR SALE.—Good Horse, work anywhere hitched.—B. & B. Bakery, formerly HILL & BAUMGARDNER, Taneytown.

WANTED.—An old-fashioned Bureau, or Chest of Drawers.—Apply at RECORD Office.

TOMATO PLANTS for sale, by Mrs. J. W. WITHEROW, Taneytown.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.—If you are in need of a good Corn Cultivator, balance frame, see the Satley and get best prices. I also have the McCormick Standard Binder Twine at the right price. Come and examine it.—C. A. Fox, Taneytown.

FESTIVAL Thursday evening, June 5, at Tyrone, by Baust church C. E. Society.

FOR SALE, 1 Mare and Colt, work wherever hitched, a good leader; also 12 fine Shoats.—ERVIN R. HYSER, Longview.

DR. E. H. WALTER, the optician will be at Elliot House Taneytown, Wednesday, May 21st, 1913, one day, with a full line electrical instruments for the purpose of examining eyes and fitting glasses. All diseases of the eye treated. No charge for examination.

GENTLEMEN, you can save 20% on your Straw Hats, by purchasing it at MEHRING'S. 5-9-3t

ALL THE LATEST styles in Summer Hats. A beautiful line of Embroideries and Laces. Also a full line of Men's, Women's and Children's Oxfords.—Mrs. M. J. GARDNER. 5-16-2t

FOR SALE CHEAP—5 Smoothing Harrows, 50 and 60-tooth; none better. Come in and look them over.—D. W. GARNER. 9-2t

GET YOUR BICYCLE, Bicycle Sundries and bicycle repairing, done at—J. T. WARTZ'S. 5-2-4t

FOR RENT.—Canning Factory in Taneytown, with all necessary machinery.—A. MARTIN. 4-11-1t

WOOL WANTED, in any quantity, for highest cash prices.—S. I. MACKLEY, Phone 15K, Union Bridge. 4-11-3m

WANTED.—Hides and Furs of all kinds. S. I. MACKLEY, Union Bridge. Phone 15K. 11-1-t

### PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned Executor of Mary Anna Jones, deceased, will sell at public sale, in Harney, Md., on

SATURDAY, MAY 24th, 1913,

at 12 o'clock, m., sharp, the following personal property:

THREE BEDSTEADS, one a single bed, and others double; 1 dressing bureau, 1 wardrobe, 1 good organ, bookcase, 2 four legged tables, kitchen table, wash stand, 3 lamp stands, 4 rocking chairs, 7 wood seat chairs, kitchen cupboard, lounge and cover, commode, hat rack, 2 chests, 24-hour mantle clock, 2 alarm clocks, large mirror, antique mirror, medium size mirror, 5 dining-room pictures, 2 screen doors, No. 7 cook stove and pipe, parlor self-feeder coal stove, 6 homemade white wool bed blankets, 2 bed spreads, 5 comforters, 4 quilts, 2 feather beds, 2 chaff ticks, mattress, 3 chaff bolsters, 6 sheets, 17 pillow cases, 2 pillow shams, 2 table cloths, 5 napkins, 2 towels, 2 feather pillows, table cover, 4 lace covers, 5 lace window curtains, 2 bed curtains, 24-yds. gingham and calico by the yard, 3 handkerchiefs, satchel, 100 books, consisting of several full sets by the best authors; 40-yds. carpet, 15-yds. matting, lot of oilcloth, lot of wool yarn, 2 lamps, wash bowl and pitcher, lot of queensware, 2 dish pans, 2 iron pots, 2 garden rake, 2 hoes, shovel, 2 barrels, 3 tubs, snow shovel, 3 meat benches, lot cut wood, and many articles not mentioned.

TERMS: All sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On sums above \$5.00 a credit of 6 months will be given, the purchaser to give their notes with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale. No goods to be removed until settled for.

JONES OHLER, Executor. 5-23t

Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

### Ohio & Kentucky Horses

Will receive an express load Ohio and Kentucky Horses, on Friday, May 23, 1913. Call and see them.

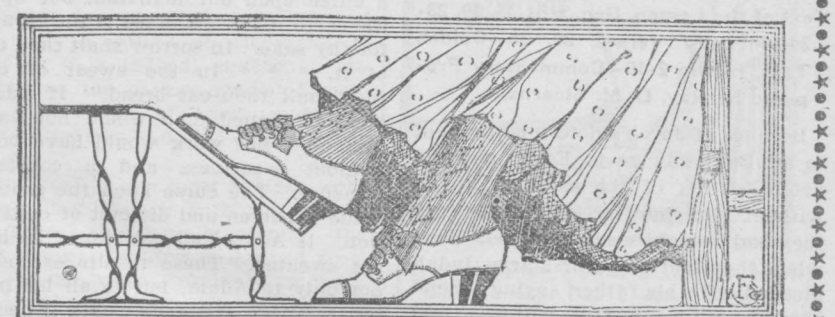
H. W. PARR, HANOVER, PA.

"Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store." Butterick Patterns, 10c & 15c

# Koons Bros.

## DEPARTMENT STORE.

TANEYTOWN, MD.



## WOMEN'S STYLISH FOOTWEAR

The first thing a well-dressed woman should consider is her shoes. Unless her shoes look well and fit well, her appearance and comfort must suffer. We have a complete line of the best shapes in Gun Metal, Kid, Patent Leather, and Tan leather.

White Shoes, White Pumps and White Oxfords, for Women and Children.

Children's Oxfords and One-strap Pumps in White, Tan, Patent Leather, and Gun Metal.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT of Ladies' Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps to be found. Over 100 different styles to select from.

## Spring Sale of Wash Fabrics

The greatest showing of wash fabrics that ever delighted the eyes of women. Dainty Lawns, Domestic Novelty Cottons, as well as Silk and Cotton Mixed Fabrics, claim the attention.

## SPECIAL DISPLAY OF

YOUNG MAN! How about that NEW SPRING SUIT

Do you know that we can show you the most stylish line of Made-to-Order and Ready-made Clothing.

A full line of Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

BOYS' SPRING SUITS.

Ladies, Don't Forget We handle the most popular AMERICAN LADY and W. B. CORSETS 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50

Have you seen our Men's and Women's All Leather Work Shoes

Enthusiasm Grows More and More Every Day Over Our Showing of BEAUTIFUL TRIMMED HATS

For Spring and Summer A splendid showing, including milans, hemp, clip and fancy straw braids; all the newest models, trimmed with all the newest feathers; many pretty flowers and ribbons of all descriptions, cleverly arranged.

Many New Models have just arrived Original and Smart Ways of Trimming are Distinguished Features in Our Showing.

UNTRIMMED HATS. TRIMMING MATERIAL. GIRLS' AND MISSES' HATS.

Starting on May 28th., we will be at Union Bridge every other Wednesday from 10.30 a. m. to 3.30 p. m., and on June 4th we will be at New Windsor every other Wednesday, from 10 a. m. to 3.30 p. m. We give tickets for the Saturday Matinees at the Westminster Opera House to all "out of town customers." Tell your friends to get their photos at "Mitchell's." We develop all size films for the amateur.

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