

THE CARROLL RECORD.

VOL. 19.

Chesapeake & Potomac
Telephone, 3-R.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1913.

Please watch the Date
on your Paper.

No. 43

BRIEF NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST.

Gleaned from the County and State and our Exchanges.

About 126 miners were killed by an explosion in the Cincinnati mine of the Consolidated Coal Co., near Pittsburg, on Wednesday.

The firm of Moulton Brothers, one of the oldest wholesale notions firms in Baltimore, is in the hands of receivers, as the result of financial failure.

Montenegrin troops have taken full possession of Scutari, the last Turkish stronghold in Europe, after two days of desperate battle; 20,000 Turks were taken prisoners.

We notice the Bull Moose party in Frederick county has adopted a platform. Let us hope one of its planks provides for the payment of the advertising bills of the last campaign. —*Cambridge Record.*

Speaker Champ Clark and Secretary Wm. J. Bryan have had a meeting and "made up," and have issued public statements to that effect. The machinery of the government will now run more smoothly.

Since a number of residents about Frederick and Brunswick have been bitten by mad dogs, and much stock bitten, the Board of County Commissioners of Frederick county are considering very seriously the placing of a tax upon all dogs in the county.

Mrs. Robert Garrett has again been elected President of the Maryland Association of Women Suffragists. The Association held a large and enthusiastic meeting in Baltimore, last Thursday. There are four vice-presidents, a secretary, treasurer, and an executive board.

The College Lutheran church, Gettysburg, which has been without a pastor for over a year, has elected Rev. Chas. R. Trowbridge, of Easton, Pa., to be pastor, and it is thought that he will accept. Rev. Trowbridge is a graduate of the College and Seminary, class of '82.

President Wilson will go to New Jersey May 1, to take part in the political campaign there for the Jury Reform bill. His act in so doing is justly regarded, but generally that as President he should keep his hands out of state politics—even his own state.

Gov. Goldsborough will not call an extra session, notwithstanding the very forward advice of the Baltimore *News* and a few politicians, to do so. The probability seems to be that the Senator for the short term will be elected this Fall, and that present laws are sufficient for such action.

Mothers' Day will be celebrated this year on Sunday, May 11, special services being held in many of the churches of the country on that day, and the wearing of white carnations, symbolizing the purity of mother's love, being worn by thousands of people. This will be the fourth annual celebration of the day.

Operations were begun last week, in Woodsboro, to tear down the Lutheran church, preparatory to the erection on the same site of a new building, to cost about \$12,000. The old church was built in 1860. Rev. R. S. Poffenberger is the present pastor. During building operations, the congregation will worship in the large town hall.

Eastern railroad firemen were granted an increase of pay, at from 10% to 12%, by the Erdman Arbitration Act Board, but the demand for two firemen on large locomotives was denied. The award is in the nature of a compromise. The increased cost to the railroads will be about \$3,000,000 annually. The award goes into effect May 3.

Silk Mills of Paterson, N. J., are sending their raw silk abroad to be dyed, and will have it shipped back to Pennsylvania factories to be woven, as the result of a strike among the silk workers. Over 50,000 pounds have already been shipped. All efforts to end the strike have so far been unavailing, and employers say they will either run their own business, or quit.

The legislature of California seems determined to pass legislation forbidding foreigners—especially Japanese—from acquiring land in the state, notwithstanding the protest of President Wilson and Secretary Bryan, or what conflict such an act may have with international treaties, or with peace with Japan. They mildly suggest a willingness to submit the question, through the "referendum" route, to the voters of the State.

WHY?

In your last issue you published a copy of the "Maryland law forbidding the sale of tobacco, cigars and cigarettes to minors."

In the light of the fact that one constantly meets on the street, small boys smoking, I would like to ask, of what use or value is a law which is not enforced? Do those who deal in these goods, in our own town, not know of this law, or have they so little conscience, or sense of right, that they feel they can ignore it, so long as it is not brought to the test? I confess I can find no satisfactory answer to these queries, but for the sake of the boys who have such a mistaken idea of manliness, it seems to me the law should be enforced.

INQUIRER.

Church of Brethren Conference at Pipe Creek.

(For the Record.)
Church of the Brethren of Eastern Md. in council at Pipe Creek church, the Elders of the District convened at 10 a. m., April 15, and organized for the year by electing G. S. Rairigh, of Denton, chairman, and J. J. John, Pres. of Blue Ridge College, secretary. At 1.30 p. m., Elder J. H. Beer, of the Eastern Shore of Md., opened the general council of the district with devotional services.

Statements were then made of routes, rates and time of sale of tickets to the general conference to be held at Winona Lake, Ind., June 2nd. Thirty-three delegates from the sixteen churches composing the district, were then seated.

The council then organized regularly by electing Elder C. D. Bousack, Moderator; Elder A. P. Snader, Reading Clerk, and M. C. Flohr, of Washington city, Writing Clerk.

Under the charge of the new organization, the committee appointed to confer with other district committees, on a permanent place for holding annual meeting in the East, reported several favorable sites. Elder C. D. Bousack was continued on the committee. Elder T. S. Fike was elected to represent this district at the general conference at Winona Lake.

Members elected on Home Mission Board: Elders C. D. Bousack, W. E. Roop, G. S. Harp, F. D. Anthony and Geo. S. Rairigh. The expired term of the Trustees for the district was filled by the election of Alfred Englar, Uriah Bixler, J. P. Weybright, and W. E. Roop.

Elder W. E. Roop was re-elected for a term of three years on the District Temperance Committee. Elder G. S. Harp was chosen one of the trustees to manage the Palmer Memorial Home for the Aged, at San Mar. Elder A. P. Snader is to represent us on the Educational Board. The committee appointed on credentials for next year is Elders G. S. Harp, W. E. Roop and S. H. Utz.

Three queries from the churches were read and acted upon. One was sent to the Annual Meeting.

The home for the aged at this time has seventeen inmates, nicely cared for. The buildings have been improved the past year by the installation of a new electric light plant. The income from endowments and all other sources for the past year was \$4,866.43; the expenses have been \$2,546.67 during the year.

Within the past year, the Blue Ridge College property at Union Bridge has been sold, and the New Windsor College property purchased.

The Home Mission Board, under present arrangements, is expending within the district annually, \$12,000. Within the past year it has assisted in building a new church at Green Hill, within the bounds of the Denton congregation.

The District Secretary reported an average attendance of 1307 Sunday school pupils in all the schools in the district, and over half a hundred of whom have united with the church during the year now closing. The Temperance Committee has a nice balance of funds on hand, and have done much work within the past year.

The District Missionary Secretary made a very encouraging report, as did all the other committees reporting.

The meeting was concluded with devotional exercises led by Elder Geo. S. Rairigh, of Denton, Md., after which, the meeting adjourned to meet at Bush Creek church, near Monrovia, the third Tuesday in April, 1914.

W. E. Roop, Cor.

The Library Commended.

DEAR MR. ENGLAR:—
I was pleased to read in last week's *Record* some talk on the subject of a circulating library for Taneytown. To my mind this is a very meritorious proposition, one that should appeal to the good public spirited men and women of every community. In my travels I have observed that the progressive towns, those containing intelligent cultured people, invariably boasted a library. Though a non-resident, yet with many friends and ties in the old town, one of the best in the state, I am deeply interested in the matter of a library and will cheerfully do what I can to help on the cause.

J. A. GOLDEN.

Unburied Confederate Body Found After Half-Century.

Gettysburg, Pa., April 21.—Mute testimony to one of the many tragedies of the Battle of Gettysburg was found today in the wild mountain region eight miles west of town, when the body of a Confederate soldier, with much of his equipment, was discovered under almost a foot of leaf mould, the accumulation of half a century.

The find was made by Clarence A. Wills, while surveying a tract of land seldom traversed, save by hunters. He was first attracted to it when he stepped on the end of the barrel of the old musket. Digging away the leaves, he found the hammer and lock and the trade-marks showing the English-made gun, which was much used in the Confederate army.

A belt buckle, part of a canteen, several dozen Confederate minie balls and other equipment were found upon further search, and, finally, a shoe was discovered. All were close together between two huge rocks, and would possibly never have been discovered had not the surveyor's line chanced to run over the spot. All the wooden and cloth portions had long since decayed, and the body of the man to whom they belonged had long since decomposed where it fell. A flattened bullet bore testimony to the manner in which he met his death.

The two large rocks at which the find was made are on an eminence which commands a view for 20 miles or more, and overlooks the route of Lee's retreat after the battle. A large rear-guard followed the Confederate army, which is known to have been scattered over the territory where today's find was made.

Kilpatrick's Union Cavalry pursued over the same ground, and the theory held by local historians is that the Confederate skirmisher was standing on one of the rocks when struck by a Union bullet. —*Phila. Record.*

THE SPELLING CONTEST IS FINALLY DECIDED

Two Young Ladies Win the Gold and Silver Medals.

The County Spelling Contest, which was begun April 11th and remained undecided at a late hour on that day, was concluded at the High School building at Westminster, Saturday afternoon, April 19th. All of the eleven contestants who remained of the original twenty-four were present. They were first required to write one hundred difficult words, and eight of the eleven contestants spelt every word correctly. The oral contest was then renewed among these eight, and at the end of several hours six contestants still remained.

The County Superintendent then decided to bring the contest to an end, if possible, by trying a new plan. The contestants were given paper and pencil again and required to write from dictation a number of sentences involving difficult words. These papers were placed in the hands of a committee of teachers to be examined. The report of the committee was made to the County Superintendent, on Monday. All of the papers contained some mistakes in spelling, but those containing the fewest errors were those of Naomi Yingling, of Hampstead district, and Olive Ebaugh, of Woolery's district, to whom the prizes will be awarded; Miss Yingling receiving the gold medal, and Miss Ebaugh the silver medal.

The County Superintendent is much gratified at the result of the spelling contest, for he believes that the charge that the pupils of the public schools are generally deficient in spelling, has been successfully refuted. He believes further that these contests have been productive of good results, in that they have not only increased the efficiency of the schools in the matter of spelling, but they have also aroused a healthy interest in the work of the schools in general among the people of the county.

Old Trees About Buildings.

At various places throughout the country there are old trees adjoining buildings that have long since outlived both usefulness and beauty, and have become an actual danger to buildings, if not to the lives of persons and cattle. There is nothing nicer about buildings than strong healthy trees—when not too close—and there is nothing more dangerous and unsightly than old, decayed and misshapen trees.

A tree that is known to be unsafe, and is left standing, nullifies the insurance on a building, in case the building is covered by storm insurance, and is damaged by a falling tree. The maintenance of old trees of this kind is also evidence of carelessness and of bad management in general, and is the very worst sort of advertisement a property owner, or tenant, can give to the public.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, April 21st., 1913.—Letters of administration on the estate of Emanuel E. Bair, late of Carroll County, deceased, granted unto Laura B. Bair, who received warrant to appraise and order to notify creditors.

Horatio S. Oursler, administrator of Edward Oursler, deceased, reported sale of personal property and settled his first and final account.

Augustus Morelock and Samuel Flickinger, administrators of Henry Heltebride, deceased, received order to deposit funds of Josiah Heltebride with the Birnie Trust Company.

Jones Olier, executor of Mary Anna Jones, deceased, returned inventories of personal property, real estate, debts and money, and received order to sell personal property.

Charles L. Loats, administrator of Annie G. Loats, deceased, returned inventories of personal property and money.

Letters of administration on the estate of Edward Brice, late of Carroll County, deceased, granted unto John P. Miller, who received order to notify creditors.

Manetta Smith, executrix of John H. Smith, deceased, returned inventories of personal property, debts, and money.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mary E. Bendig, late of Carroll County, deceased, granted unto Charles L. Loats, who received order to notify creditors.

The last will and testament of William H. Bloom, late of Carroll County, deceased, admitted to probate and letters testamentary thereon, granted unto Charles Fritz, who received order to notify creditors, returned inventory of money, and received order to sell real estate.

The last will and testament of James W. Lemmon, late of Carroll County, deceased, admitted to probate.

TUESDAY, April 22nd., 1913.—John G. Hoffman, executor of Nancy Arnold, deceased, settled his second and final account.

Laura B. Bair, administratrix of Emanuel E. Bair, deceased, returned inventories of personal property, debts and money, and received order to sell personal property.

John J. Reese, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of Mary Ann Webster, deceased, received order to sell bank stock.

Kate Thiele, executrix of Henry Thiele, deceased, returned inventories of personal property, debts and money, and received order to sell real estate and personal property.

Noah C. Wantz, administrator of Ellenora C. Wantz, deceased, returned inventories of personal property, debts and money, and received order to sell personal property.

Mary M. Myers, executrix of John T. Myers of S., settled her first and final account.

Former Attorney General George R. Gaither declares that under the existing laws no candidates for the short term in the United States Senate can be nominated and no Senator elected under existing state laws.

Jurors for May Term of Court.

Chief Judge William H. Thomas has drawn the following jurors for the May term of the Circuit Court for Carroll County, which will begin in Westminster on Monday, May 12:

Taneytown District—Jacob A. Fringer, John H. Harman, Edward B. Adelsperger and Norman B. Hagan.

Uniontown District—Percy H. Shriver, William H. Rodkey, Harry E. Fleagle and Guy S. Formwalt.

Myers' District—Harry N. Groft, Isaiah F. Humbert and Harvey J. Maus.

Woolery's District—William Tanner, Denton H. Leister, John H. Davis and Marion J. Leister.

Freedom District—William Melville, August Jaeger and Charles H. Brown.

Manchester District—David S. Stephens, Theodore S. B. Fridinger, Howard H. Wine, John C. Folkert and Irvin B. Lippy.

Westminster District—William C. Devillois, George A. Six, Joshua Gist, Clinton J. Cook, George E. Marker, George K. Schaeffer, Edward W. Case, Uriah J. Babylon and William A. Roop.

Hampstead District—John W. Cape, David W. Ebaugh and John U. Leister.

Franklin District—Thomas G. Hoffman and Rezin Farber.

Middleburg District—Charles R. Wilhide and Henry Oliver Stonest.

New Windsor District—Harry J. Haines, John H. Roop and Evan B. McKinstry.

Union Bridge District—Robert Lee Myers and Ezra M. Nussbaum.

Mount Airy District—Lloyd S. Buckingham and James W. Fleming.

Berrett District—William R. Trenwith and Albert O. Selby.

Spray for Codling Moth and Plum Curculio.

The School of Horticulture of the Maryland Agricultural College and Experiment Station has just completed the spraying and pruning demonstrations inaugurated in February. There has been a great demand for these demonstrations in all parts of the State and they have been largely attended. Growers are recognizing more and more the importance of starting the trees right by pruning them properly.

The time will soon be at hand when apples orchards should be sprayed with the concentrated lime-sulfur solution 1-40, and 2 lbs. arsenate of lead to 50 gallons of water, applied just as the blossoms fall, to prevent injury from Codling Moth, Curculio and various diseases. Peach orchards should be sprayed just as the shucks are falling from the young peaches with the self-boiled lime-sulfur, 8 pounds lime, 8 pounds sulfur and 2 pounds arsenate of lead to 50 gallons of water.

The School of Horticulture desires to also conduct as many spraying demonstrations for these pests as possible, to show the growers of any community how orchards can be made to yield fine quality fruit with such treatment.

Anyone desiring bulletins on treating orchards for these pests, or desiring spraying demonstrations in their community, should communicate at once with the School of Horticulture, Maryland Agricultural College and Experiment Station.

Matrimonial Business in Cumberland.

Cumberland has been more or less noted, for years, for its business in marriages, and there is said to be quite a little rivalry between members of the tying fraternity, as well as among hackmen, for the fees accompany such happy events; indeed, that there are partnership deals, and acts in restraint of trade, and other schemes worked to land this heart-uniting business. The *Cumberland Times* has the following interesting chapter on the subject, in Monday's issue:

"Foiled again!" muttered Messrs. Hildebrand, Gunning, Snowden and Franklin as they climbed into their cabs and taxis and rolled away from Queen City Station today, at noon, vowing vengeance upon the heads of trainmen and bartenders, whom, they say, need only little wings and a quiver of arrows to be real professional cupids.

The cause of the consternation in the ranks of the cabbies was just this: When Baltimore and Ohio train No. 6 arrived in Cumberland at 12.40 today it brought with it a wedding couple—it generally does. But this couple, as all others, had been told on the train, it is alleged, that the cab men of Cumberland were matrimonial sharks, ready to pounce upon two pairs of happy eyes and play havoc with nuptial bliss, leaving not enough money with the groom with which to purchase a red rocker for the front piazza of the dove coot. All this, in spite of the fact that \$5 is the maximum price a cabbie can charge for hauling a couple to a hotel, the courthouse, to the preacher and back to the hotel again.

So this couple that arrived on No. 6 held disdainfully aloof from the cheerful greetings of the men behind the red "dead line" and marched up the Queen City Pavement towards the Imperial Hotel. Then came upon the scene a Baltimore street bartender who gently took the pair in hand, piloted them to the court house, then to the Imperial and saw to it that a minister was on hand to tie the knot.

It is the same story every day at Queen City Station, say the cabmen. They declare they have not had a wedding couple from this station in a month of moons, and the reason they give is that the couples fall into the hands of a trainman, or news agents, before the train reaches Cumberland. Last Friday seven wedding couples arrived on Baltimore and Ohio train No. 48, Cupid's Express, and another arrived on another train, yet all looked askance at the cabmen, and all walked to the hotel, courthouse and parsonage.

The cabmen say they have no interstate competition at Central Station. Evidently the couples that arrive on Western Maryland and Pennsylvania trains have not heard the soft voice of some one on the train, for they always leave the station in a cab or taxi.

50TH. ANNIVERSARY BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG.

Arrangements for Entertaining the Surviving Veterans.

To explain the plans for the great reunion of Civil War veterans at Gettysburg, Pa., from July 1 to July 4, to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg, Col. J. M. Schoonmaker, has sent a circular letter to the 40,000 veterans who have been invited to attend the celebration.

The State of Pennsylvania will provide all the entertainment at Gettysburg for the veterans, and that State and the national Government by appropriations of \$150,000 each will maintain a great camp around the battle field, equipped with all possible conveniences for the comfort of the old soldiers.

The camp will be established on a field which embraces some 280 acres. This is in the vicinity of the High Water Monument on the battle field of Gettysburg. It lies to the southwest of the town and includes part of the tract covered in the first day's fight. There will be 5,000 tents, intended to accommodate 12 men each, but only eight veterans will be assigned to a tent. Each veteran will be supplied with a separate cot, blanket and mess kit. The mess kit will become his property. Each tent will be furnished with water buckets and candles. Towels, soap and toilet articles will be provided by the veterans themselves. Meals will be served to them at tables, adjoining the kitchen at the end of each company street. The veterans will be restricted to hand baggage. To aid in prompt delivery, all mail matter and telegrams must be plainly addressed to the individual veteran, with the additional designation of "Maine delegation" or "Mississippi delegation," or whatever State delegation he may be with. The control of the grounds and camp and the movement of troops and marching bodies will be in charge of the Secretary of War, under such officers as he may detail for that purpose.

Each State, through its representative, must advise the Battle of Gettysburg Commission how many veterans it will send, and that State's delegation will be assigned to a section of the camp with sufficient tents for its veterans. The subdivision of tents will be left to each State representative. —*N. Y. Times.*

Of Interest to Maryland Teachers.

The subpoenaed letter, received from the Johns Hopkins University, explains itself, and we give it publicity, as requested, thinking that it may be of interest and benefit to the teachers of this county.

"Under separate cover we are sending you a copy of the circular announcing the courses of study to be offered at the Johns Hopkins University next July and August.

Inasmuch as the Summer work was undertaken by the University at the urgent request of the School Superintendents of our State in order to provide facilities at home for our Maryland teachers, we will appreciate very much your kindness if you would call the attention of your readers to the features of the Summer School this year. This will be the third Summer School and will be six weeks in duration. The Faculty of twenty members, will include, besides several of the regular Staff, a number of eminent leaders who have a national reputation for the work which they have accomplished. There will be forty-eight courses of study available in fourteen subjects. From this varied group every teacher and student should be able to arrange a group of courses adapted to meet their special needs.

The work in Education has been so arranged as to permit combinations of courses especially designed to be helpful professionally to officers and teachers in our school systems.

You will be justified in calling special attention to the provisions which are made this year for the first time to meet the problems and difficulties of the one-teacher rural school (pp. 15-16). Among the national leaders in this field, the Demonstration School will be in operation during the session. We have been assured by those who know that this is the first time such ample provision has been made by a University Summer School to deal with this important problem.

In view of the fact that the Summer school is a large co-operative undertaking for the benefit of our State, the school people in your community will, I am sure, greatly appreciate your courtesy in bringing these facts to the attention of your readers.

Mistakes, Once in a While.

Once in a great while, we get a "going over" because a paper has been discontinued that has been paid, but credit not given. It is rather amusing to see how great is the satisfaction that some seem to get out of the error of another; how indignant one can get when he holds a receipt, showing apparently an effort to collect twice for the same account; how willing he is to imagine a dishonest attempt to get another dollar.

If people of this sort would realize how desirous newspaper men are to hold their subscribers, they would never jump to the conclusion that they purposely neglect to give proper credit, or do anything to ward driving a subscriber away. And then, there is that dated label on the paper, every week. Why will not subscribers watch it, at least every time they make a payment, and if the change is not made, report it at once? And why take the worst possible view of a dollar mistake? We give it up.

Harmony Meeting in Boston.

A meeting will be held on Saturday night, in Boston, the object of which will be to set on foot plans for reuniting the Republican party. The chief speakers will be Gov. Hadley, of Missouri, and Nicholas Murray Butler, of Columbia University. Col. Carrington, the Maryland Bull Moose leader, announces himself as receptive to the proposition, but the Hon. Charles Jerome Bonaparte takes the "no compromise" position. Gen. Felix Agnes, of Baltimore, strongly favors the project, and predicts that eventually the Republican party will be stronger than ever.

MARRIED.

CHAPSTER—CAIN.—On April 19, 1913, in Washington, D. C., Mr. Wm. B. Crapster and Miss Hattie Blanche Cain. At home after May 1, at 38 Rhode Island Ave., N. E.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free.

MAYERS.—Miss Mamie Mayers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Mayers, of near Littlestown, died about midnight Sunday night from typhoid fever, aged about 30 years and 1 month.

She leaves her parents, five brothers and a sister, Dr. J. Curtis Mayers, of Philadelphia; John A. Mayers, of Littlestown; George Mayers, of Germany township; Irving Mayer, a student at Gettysburg College; Clarence and Naomi Mayers, at home.

Funeral Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock from the home, conducted by Rev. J. J. Hill. Interment in Mt. Carmel Cemetery, Littlestown, Pa.

SAYLER.—J. Abner Sayler, a member of the wholesale notion firm of John A. Horner & Co., Baltimore, died suddenly on last Friday night, from heart failure. He was attacked while on a street car, in company with his wife, and was hurried to St. Luke's Hospital, where remedies failed to relieve him, and death ensued.

Mr. Sayler was born in Johnsonville, Frederick county, and was the son of the late John and Margaret Hoffman Sayler. He came to Baltimore when he was 22 years old and entered the employ of John A. Horner & Co. He was a member of that firm for about 30 years. In 1875 Mr. Sayler married Annie Scharf, daughter of the late Thomas G. Scharf, and sister of J. Thomas Scharf, the historian. Mr. Sayler was a member of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, the Maryland Country Club and was president of the Frederick county colony. He was also a member of the Carrollton Lodge of Royal Arcanum.

Besides his widow he is survived by his son, J. Abner Sayler, and his grandson, Thomas G. Sayler. His brothers, Charles E., S. Albert, Daniel W., William E. and Isaac N. Sayler, and his sister, Mrs. Sarah C. Brandenberger, all of Frederick county, also survive. The funeral took place Monday morning and burial was in Bonnie Brae Cemetery. He was 65 years old.

IN SAD BUT LOVING REMEMBRANCE

Of my dear Grandfather, Samuel Hawn, who died April 24, one year ago.

I spent a sad and lonely year Since my dear Grandfather died; His face on earth I'll never see; But hope to meet him on the other shore.

My home is sad O God! how dreary Lonesome ever is the spot; Listening for his voice I'll weary—Weary, for I hear it not.

Sad the home and lonely the hours Since my dear Grandfather is gone; But Oh! a brighter home than mine In Heaven is now my true town.

Oh! Grandfather dear can it be No more thy look of love I'll see Those eyes that now are closed in death I'll think of thee till my latest breath.

Rest, Grandfather, thy work is done The cross is passed, the crown is won Rest from sorrow, free on Canaan's shore Thy pain is passed and feared no more.

By his grandson, Melvin T. Hess.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

By St. Paul's C. E. Society, of Harney, on the death of Mrs. Lulu Troskie, April, 18, 1913.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in His all-wise Providence to remove from our midst our beloved friend and associate, we desire to place on record a testimonial of our high estimate of her character.

Resolved, That we, a band of workers for Christ's cause, humbly bow to the will of Him who doeth all things.

Resolved, That while we regret that we shall see her face no more, nor hear her voice, we feel grateful that a kind Providence permitted her to come and live among us, if it were only a short time, and that she could be with us to labor for the interests of Christ's Kingdom.

Resolved, That we recommend the sorrowing family to the consolation of the Gospel of Jesus Christ, and to the faithful reading of a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased.

BRUCE WAYBRIGHT, RUTH SNIDER, MARY VALENTINE.

Church Notices.

Presbyterian: 9 a. m., Bible School; 6.30 p. m., C. E. service; 7.30 p. m., worship with sermon subject: "The Appropriation of Power." Piney Creek: 9 a. m., Bible School; 10 a. m., worship with sermon subject: "The Cost of Friendship."

Taneytown: Sunday School, 9 a. m.; preaching, 10 a. m.; prayer meeting, 6.30 p. m. Harney: Sunday School, 9 a. m.; preaching, 7 p. m. Sermon: "Kuth III." L. A. STANGLE, Pastor.

The Holy Communion will be administered in St. Mary's Reformed church, Silver Run, on Sunday, April 27, at 10 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. Preparatory and confirmation services on Saturday afternoon previous at 2.30 o'clock. S. C. HOOVER, Pastor.

The Holy Communion will be observed at Emanuel's Reformed church at Baust Sunday, May 4, at 10.30 a. m., Evangelistic services by Rev. M. L. Piror, former pastor, Wednesday and Thursday evening previous respectively, at 8 o'clock. Preparatory services Saturday previous at 2.30 p. m. M. REORGANIZATION OF UNIONTOWN SCHOOL at 1.30 p. m. MARTIN SCHWETZER, Pastor.

Dr. W. A. Granville, president of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg,

THE CARROLL RECORD

(NON-PARTISAN.)

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P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

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ADVERTISING rates will be given on application, after the character of the business has been definitely stated, together with information as to space, position, and length of contract. The publisher reserves the privilege of declining all offers for space.

All advertisements on 2nd, 3rd, 6th and 7th pages must be in our office by Tuesday morning each week; otherwise, insertion cannot be guaranteed until the following week.

Entered at Taneytown Postoffice as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, APRIL 25th., 1913.

All articles on this page are either original, or properly credited. This has always been a fixed rule with this office, and we suggest the adoption of it by our exchanges.

WILLIS L. MOORE, chief forecaster of the Weather Bureau, has been fired from his job for incompetency. Now we will probably have no Mo(o)re bad weather. We have been wondering, for some time, what was wrong with it.

SENATOR SMITH is representing Mr. Marbury as no Democrat, and points to his record in politics; while Mr. Marbury is equally insistent that Senator Smith is anything but a progressive Democrat, and points to his record in the Senate. And now, some are unkind enough to intimate that a better Democrat than either may step in and win the Senatorship prize.

THE UNDERWOOD tariff bill puts "apatite" and "teeth" on the free list. Perhaps that is the reason why the same list also contains corn, lard, potatoes, hogs, meats of all kinds, milk and cream, and greatly reduces the present rates on all other farm products. It is also reassuring to know that Balm of Gilead, Dragon's Blood, Leeches, Manna and Spunk, are on the free list.

CALIFORNIA, that hot-bed of "progressivism," that acme of know-it-all that is worth knowing about great political policies, is apt to get this country into serious trouble with Japan and Italy, through state legislation against aliens. The legislation of the state does not "gee" with our international treaty relations, and it seems up to big California to "come down," or for this country to admit its subservience to one of its states—and perhaps get into a foreign war because of it.

Will the New Tariff Drive Away Industries?

The indications are that with organized labor striking the manufacturers at one end, for higher wages, and Congress at the other for lower tariff duties and open competition with the world, some of our manufacturing industries will be driven out of business in this country, and go to Europe where cheaper labor can be had. The International Harvester Co. twine plant, at Auburn, N. Y., has already commenced its removal to Germany, as the result of a strike for higher wages.

We are likely to hear more of such cases in the near future. As a matter of cold business deduction, many of the manufacturers of this country can not stand squeezing at both ends. Increased labor expense, and decreased profits, can not be undertaken at the same time, with safety, by most of our business concerns.

The argument in favor of a competitive tariff with the whole world, sounds very attractive but it means at the same time competition with the cheaper labor of the world. The argument that one interest ought not be protected, against the larger mass of consumers, is also plausible, but it must be remembered that manufacturing and producing interests, as a whole, must be considered together, and when this is done, there is found an interested producing body practically as large as the consuming body.

It will not do to say that it is wrong to protect wool producers, as a small body, against the much larger body of wool users; or the small sugar interests against the whole body of sugar users; or the small lumber interests against the large lumber using interests. All of these interests, and their employees, combine to form the great commercial and manufacturing interests of the country, and as a whole they include the vast financial system of the country, and it is this combination that makes the tariff question a great and vital one.

Manufacturers who are hurt by the tariff, and fight it, are classed as being selfish—fighting that they may continue as a favored class. As a matter of plain truth, some of them are fighting for the lives of their business, and for the continued employment of their operatives. Put all of the mill men, machinists, employees of factories of all kinds together, and there is a tremendous army. If our manufacturers have been making such tremendous profits that they can either

maintain, or increase, wages, and still compete profitably with the whole world, then a materially lowered tariff ought not hurt this country. We are likely soon to have a test as to whether they can, or will, do it.

Suicide as an Act.

There is frequently considerable comment, pro and con, as to the proper proprieties to be observed, in cases of suicide, with relation to funeral services. Some still place such unfortunates in the criminal class, at least to the extent of their not being entitled—even when church members—to all the usual funeral ceremonies, while others take the more liberal, and charitable, view, that suicide indicates temporary insanity, rather than deliberate murder, or a criminal act.

Both in the light of science and of true religion, we think the latter view is unquestionably sound. Suicide seems to us to be merely the insane act of shortening one's life; and this, it is true, is in a sense criminal, or at least a wrong against the Giver of life, but how many of us, as a matter of stern fact, are exempt from this crime in some degree? The man who, by any indulgence, so injures his body as to shorten his life, is a suicide, as much so as the man who shoots a bullet into his brain, or strangles himself at the end of a rope. The difference is largely in degree only.

Perhaps the plea of insanity is overworked. As an excuse for deliberate murder, or for a passionate outbreak which results in what we call "second degree" murder, we think it is overworked. But, there is a vast difference between such cases and suicide, at least as humanity regards them. Suicide, as a rule, results from despondency, great disappointment, fear of the exposure of crime, or from suffering because of bodily ills. The suicide's reasoning, such as it is, is directed toward "ending it all" so far as he is concerned. Moral cowardice is produced through a process of diseased mental effect.

A very large percentage of our population is unsound, mentally, in some degree. Some manifest their weakness in one way, some in another, and one need not go very far into the study of psychology to be compelled to admit this. Some hold their own lives in very close association with their troubles, and in an insane moment get rid of both; some regard intemperate habits and wrong living as desirable associates of their strong inclinations for life, and hold on to both; some have palpably weak brains, and are unable to speak or act intelligently, yet their weakness is not closely associated with thoughts of self-destruction.

The fact is, it is well that the protection of one's life is "the first law of nature," for otherwise there would be enough insanity, of one kind or another, in the world to almost depopulate it. Therefore, if our deductions are even approximately correct, it would be a pretty difficult matter to establish a code of funeral regulations applying to the various elements of the human family, in order to distribute equal justice to all, on the basis of either sanity or criminality. The insane man who shoots himself, is only a little more hasty than the man who dopes himself, or drinks himself, into a condition which results in premature death.

We think that many of our funeral customs sadly need revision, and that there are spectacles connected with them that are horrible, but we do not believe in the revision of these customs through drawing fine distinctions over the causes of death, especially when so doing must have a tendency toward increasing the sorrow and further wounding the already crushed hearts of surviving relatives. Judgment, in such cases, we think, can safely be left with God, and the church can afford to be liberal.

Stop the Timber Waste.

Surely, there is already more than enough farming land in this section of Maryland, and not enough good woodland; therefore, when it is considered wise to sell good timber to the lumbermen, why not sell only that, and preserve a good stand of small trees for future sale? When whole tracts are sold, without reserve, it is a sure thing that the cutting will include every tree fit for cordwood, as well as those fit for lumber, and this is wasteful, and poor business.

Forestry, even in Maryland, is altogether worth while; more so here, perhaps, than where forests are large. Our land-owners appear to have been too eager to get money for their timber, as well as more farming land, and have taken little or no thought of the future, allowing our standing timber to be slaughtered in a wholesale, haphazard way.

Hereafter, when it is considered advisable to sell timber, send to the Maryland Forestry bureau and have a man sent to you who will suggest, and mark, the trees to be cut, and save the rest. If the present owner will not be able to realize profit on a second cutting, in later years, the property will at least be worth more as a selling proposition, because it contains growing timber.

Cough Medicine for Children.

Too much care cannot be given in selecting a cough medicine for children. It should be pleasant to take, contain no harmful substance and be most effective. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets these requirements and is a favorite with the mothers of young children everywhere. For sale by all dealers. Advertisement.

The Protesting Press.

Whenever an effort is made to restrict the privileges of the press, a great howl of protest is made by the press, more from force of habit and through false reasoning, we think, than through justifiable protection of proper rights. We are quite of the opinion that if the rights of the press were curtailed and properly marked, there would be many less cases of libel, and the whole country would be made more decent through lack of detailed knowledge of indecent happenings and horrible crimes.

But, let a legal effort be made to stop the recital of stories of lust, rottenness, dissipation and crime, and the newspapers proceed to proclaim the great American privilege—the freedom of the press—as though the nasty, hideous things of life, were their special favored diet. It seems to us that the press "protests too much," and that it would be far better to have more decency and less libel suits—less catering to the tastes of diseased minds.

Senator Works, of California, has presented several bills in Congress making it unlawful for newspapers to publish criminal details, but they have always met with defeat. Perhaps the Senator's efforts have been extreme, but they at least have the merit of dictation in the direction of higher newspaper morality.

"Whether people want this kind of news or not is one of the questions to be considered, looking at journalism as nothing higher than a means of making money," said the Senator. "Newspaper men maintain that they furnish this kind of news because the people want and will have it, and, therefore, it is the only way of maintaining their publications on a paying basis. If this is true it is certainly a melancholy fact. If it is untrue, it is a grave charge to make against the American people. Undoubtedly it is true of some people. But I am convinced that the masses of the people who support the newspapers would prefer to have such news omitted, and many people do not read the newspapers and exclude them from their homes because of objectionable matter."

Aside from the publication of crimes, accidents and tragedies the Senator attacked the newspapers for the discomfort and embarrassment caused the relatives and friends of persons involved. He cited the recent case of Henry Clay Beattie, who killed his wife near Richmond, Va., to show how relatives of criminals suffered.

Straight at It.

There is no use of our "beating around the bush." We might as well out with it first as last. We want you to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the next time you have a cough or cold. There is no reason so far as we can see why you should not do so. This preparation by its remarkable cures has gained a world wide reputation, and people everywhere speak of it in the highest terms of praise. It is for sale by all dealers. Advertisement.

"Please Don't Publish."

Every newspaper is familiar with the request, "Please do not publish anything about it." Sometimes it is made in the form of a demand and accompanied by threats of dire results if acquiescence does not follow.

There are a few things, the Louisville Herald says, the public ought keep in mind in the matter of a newspaper's relation to the printing of news.

In the first place, a newspaper owes an obligation to its whole circle of readers to print a fair, comprehensive report of the day's happenings. It cannot overlook this responsibility merely to please individuals. That policy involved an injustice to the many and favoritism to the few. Who shall be favored?

Much of the news that is printed unfortunately occasions annoyance and often heartache to somebody. That is an unavoidable incident of the newspaper business. Is there justification for shielding from such consequences the man or woman who has influence, socially or in business, while the many who lack it must be treated without such consideration?

Persons who wish to escape publicity should be careful not to make news, or should count the cost of advertisement to the world as part of the price they must pay for what they have determined upon doing.

There are certain easily-defined zones of publicity. The individual who steps into any of these may count upon getting his name in the newspapers. One is the courts, civil and criminal. The man who goes to law invites advertisement. Yet many men—and sometimes women—appeal to a newspaper to suppress reports of legal proceedings in order that they may be saved annoyance. The time to consider immunity is before resort to law.

Departure from the conventionalities of life is another means of entering the publicity zone. Conduct that is off the beaten trail affords news. Those who defy social observances or tread upon established institutions must not expect to escape print, and should not ask to be saved from such notoriety.

Further, much injustice may be done by the suppression of news. The tongue of gossip, uninformed of the real fact, can do a hundred times injury to the innocent than publication of the truth will do to those actually involved. Often a newspaper is shielding the reputation of a score from the scandal of suspicion when it is telling the truth about one

who has incurred the liability to censure.

A newspaper, with a sense of responsibility, will exercise a certain discrimination. There may be times and circumstances that justify suppression. Some happenings may in the reporting of them serve no proper end. Of two things the responsible newspaper will be jealously careful—the good name of a woman and the reputation of a financial institution.

But this lesson the public should learn—the way to avoid publicity is to avoid departure from the beaten track; and let this be added to it—if you have diverged into the danger zone the way to obtain considerate treatment is to assume that you are a subject for news, and to take the newspapers into your confidence frankly and fully.

A Memorable Event.

The opening of the Henry Phipps Psychiatric Clinic at Johns Hopkins Hospital is an event of international importance. It gives to Baltimore the very latest development in the treatment of the insane and enhances the traditional position of this city as a leading center of medical science.

In no department of medicine have there been greater advances in the last generation than in the treatment of the insane. Within the memory of people now living, these unfortunate creatures were treated with a brutality that would not be tolerated now, if applied to the most hardened criminals. Straight jackets and the scourge were resorted to upon the slightest provocation and physical control and coercion were the only instrumentalities used in the treatment of the insane. The madman was regarded as one scourged by God or seduced by the devil, a being entirely apart from his kind.

But medical science has discovered that mental disease, like physical disease, is rarely hopeless and that, if treated with intelligence and humanity, the mentally afflicted may often be restored to normal life and usefulness and that, even in the process of restoration, or when mental health is impossible, their lives may be brightened and made happy. The development of psychology, the youngest of all the sciences, has given us an insight into the secrets of the mind that never was dreamed of before.

At the Phipps Psychiatric Clinic are brought together and coordinated the latest and highest developments that relate to the study and treatment of diseased intellects, placed amid pleasant environment and surrounded with material resources unsurpassed for the study and treatment of mental diseases. The City of Baltimore should be deeply grateful to the man who has given us this great institution. Its greatness is evidenced by the number of distinguished medical men who have gathered here at its opening.—Democratic Telegram.

Texas in 1912 produced crops valued at \$407,160,000.

New York uses \$70,000 worth of postage stamps every day.

Father McMennamin, of Denver, has started a crusade against ragtime dancing.

Tin ore purchases by Great Britain amounted to \$2,490,000 during January and February, compared with \$1,645,000 in the same months last year.

Starch flour manufactured from sweet potatoes is reported as a developing industry in Umvoti county, of Natal, South Africa. During 1912 over 150 tons of it were exported to Great Britain, where it brought \$50 to \$55 per ton.

It is now well established that the present crop of tobacco of Cuba, which is approaching the end of the harvest, will be in larger volume than that of the year preceding, when, according to current estimates, 525,000 bales were produced. The tobacco in most sections is reported to be of fine texture, of good aroma and of light weight.

What may prove to be an important era in shipbuilding is at hand. A \$5,000,000 company has been formed in London to operate lines of cargo vessels propelled by oil engines. The new company, the Flower Motor Ship Company (Limited), has already placed contracts for vessels of 6,000 tons for cargo only at present, and contemplates the establishment of regular sailings as soon as the boats are ready.

A motion that the legislature be asked to appropriate \$50,000 for the erection of a concrete building for homeless children in Honolulu was made by Mrs. Sanford B. Dole, president of the Humane Society, and passed at the monthly meeting of that organization. The motion also asked the legislature to donate to the society six or eight acres of land on which to locate the building and to provide for maintenance of the home.

Look to Your Plumbing.

You know what happens in a house in which the plumbing is in poor condition—everybody in the house is liable to contract typhoid or some other fever. The digestive organs perform the same functions in the human body as the plumbing does for the house, and they should be kept in first class condition all the time. If you have any trouble with your digestion take Chamberlain's Tablets and you are certain to get quick relief. For sale by all dealers. Advertisement.

Hesson's Bargain Store

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF New Spring and Summer Dress Goods.

All kinds of Silks and Dress Goods, Bordered Voiles, Plain Cotton Voiles, Splash Voiles, Warp Rep, Gro Grains, Tub Tussah, Princess Tissue, Mercerized Plisse and Plain and Figured Lawns.

The largest and prettiest assortment of Ladies' Shirt Waists, ever shown in Taneytown. Come and see them. Priced right.

We just received our Spring line of Hats and Caps. All of the latest and most up-to-date Styles on the market. Nice goods for little money.

Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Lace Curtains, Carpets, Matting and Rugs of all sizes. Prices guaranteed.

D. J. Hesson.

Note the Progress we have made

The Birnie Trust Company

TANEYTOWN, MD.,

HAS MADE FOUR REPORTS TO THE STATE OF MARYLAND DURING THE PRESENT YEAR.

The 1st was Feb. 20th, showing deposits \$559,501.41

The 2nd was April 18th, showing deposits, \$579,649.94

The 3rd was June 14th, showing deposits, \$584,857.05

The 4th was Sept. 4th, showing deposits, \$598,035.49

WE SUCCEED

Because we give liberal treatment to everybody. Because we are correct and accurate.

Because you can depend on us.

And because we are prompt, polite, courteous.

E. E. REINDOLLAR, President.

GEO. H. BIRNIE, Cashier.

Try Our School Shoes

If you are looking for good School Shoes, at the right prices, come in and see us.

This season we are showing a greater variety of Dorothy Dodd and Walk-Over Shoes than ever before. We have unusual values in Ladies' \$2.00 Shoes, in all leathers, both low and high heels.

You will always find correct styles here in Hats, Caps, Neckwear, Shirts, Collars, Gloves and Hosiery.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE!

Wm. C. Devilbiss,
22 W. Main Street,
WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

BUY NOW

Schumacher's Stock Feed

FROM

Frederick Co. Farmers Exchange

This is a well balanced feed, composed of ground oats, corn, barley and wheat, and is a good feed for Dairy Cows, Horses and Hogs.

Our Prices Are Attractive

Frederick Co. Farmers Exchange,

FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

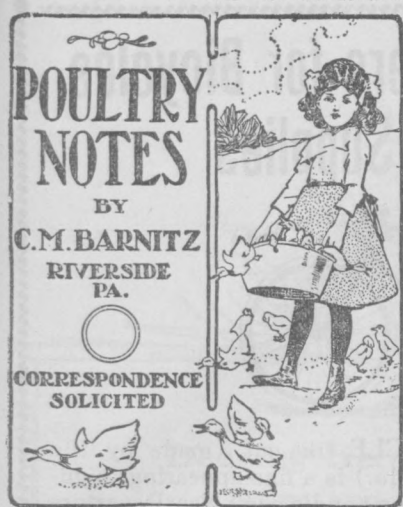
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A Penny Saved Is A Penny Earned

A DOLLAR SPENT AT HOME Is a Dollar That May Come Back to Your Purse

IT IS A SUBTLE METHOD OF SUGGESTION

It is a means of making a favorable impression. To have the best results, it must be the best printing. That we are prepared to give you.



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POULTRY NOTES

BY
C. M. BARNITZ
RIVERSIDE
PA.

CORRESPONDENCE
SOLICITED

INFERTILE GOOSE EGGS.

Goose eggs are often infertile for the following reasons: Mating too late, mating immature stock, close confinement and feeding an unnatural ration that causes overfat.

Geese are great home lovers, and mates become greatly attached to each other.

When gander or goose is taken from a former mating to a new home time must be allowed for it to forget old ties and to become accustomed and reconciled to new companions and new surroundings or the bird will become homesick and the eggs will be infertile.

Immature breeders, if they produce any young, such will be weak like themselves.

Successful fanciers in most breeds of poultry are using only adult stock, and this method is especially necessary.



Photo by C. M. Barnitz.

ALONG THE SUSQUEHANNA.

ry with geese, which are so large at full maturity and need time to develop perfectly.

Some goose raisers will persist in confining their stock to very small yards and feeding them an almost exclusive grain ration, at the same time expecting fertile eggs and strong goslings.

Three of our neighbors tried this plan and quit.

In feeding geese it should not be forgotten that they are vegetarians, can live and thrive on grass and easily go to fat, and corn especially quickly makes them overfat, which causes infertile or weak goslings.

Therefore much bulky vegetable matter and a small proportion of grain

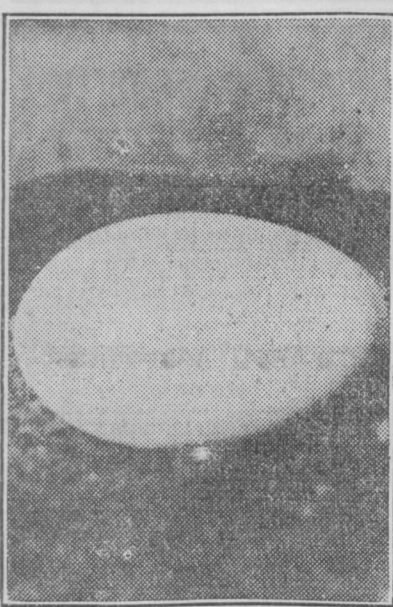


Photo by C. M. Barnitz.

TOULOUSE GOOSE EGG.

should be fed. Wheat, oats and barley are best grains for geese. A mash of scalded grain, ground oats and cut clover, cabbage, turnips, beet pulp and waste apples make a good ration. Geese breed when old, but become very pugnacious, and ganders are not often bred after six nor geese after twelve years.

Where geese have a pond they are healthier, cleaner and their eggs are more fertile, but water is not necessary, except plenty to drink.

DON'TS.

Don't let the flock be exposed to winter winds. Colds are contagious, lead to roup, and roup knocks the winter egg prospects.

Don't fail to make a scrap book of "Poultry Notes." Those who have done this from the first have over 500 columns of dependable poultry information to refer to.

Don't buy a cheap bone cutter. It will soon wear out and wear you out. Bone is hard material to cut, and it takes good material and workmanship to make a machine to do the stunt well and stand the strain.

NOT SO NICE, AFTER ALL.

"I wish I were a man!" cried she. "Oh, my, wouldn't that be nice? I would not scare at spiders Nor scream at ugly mice."

"I'd throw away this old false hair And get my hair cut short. I'd fire skirts and corsets And wear suits like a sport."

"I'd smoke a nice, big fat cigar; I'd have the chance to vote; I'd bluff and bluster, join the lodge And ride the billygoat."

That night she dreamt she was a man. Oh, what a horrid dream! She found that men, these lovely men, Are not just what they seem.

Her lovely hair, it all dropped out; She was an old bald top. I'd blurt and bluster, join the lodge Oh, would they never stop?

The ice man worried her to death, The coal man came to dun, And soon she found that being man Was not a bit of fun.

And then she married to a nag, And, my, she got henpecked! And every night she walked the kid And got her shins all wrecked.

And now she wouldn't be a man To save her precious life, But she wouldn't mind—she'd love to be Some nice man's darling wife.

C. M. BARNITZ.

KURIOS FROM KORRESPONDENTS

Q. I am about to raise poultry, mainly for exhibition, and must buy my breeders and wish to secure good results. I am offered line bred birds and also those from matings, where new blood is often infused. Which is the better? A. Line bred breeders insure good results for show, as their characteristics are stamped on their progeny. The other is haphazard.

Q. Are White Orpingtons a good show variety? What is the chief difficulty in breeding them to show points, color or shape? A. Color. We have never yet seen a pure White Orpington. Brassiness seems born in them. This might be prevented by keeping them always out of the sun and rain, but that means weak stock.

Q. Have you ever seen a hen that changed into a rooster? A. Occasionally an old hen's egg cluster dries up, and then she struts, feathers out, grows spurs and makes a sound somewhat like a rooster, but it's an awful poor imitation of the real thing.

Q. Is it necessary to put partitions in long poultry houses? How many would you have in a building 150 by 12? A. Long buildings are bound to have drafts, and these are death to poultry. Two solid partitions.

Q. Is the American Poultry association a utility breeders' organization? A. No. It has been mainly devoted to the fancy, but recently showed signs of amendment by appointing a committee to draw up a utility standard.

Q. What do you suppose is the real cause of leg weakness in chicks? A. While too much forcing food will do this, we believe running on hard surfaces and sleeping in brooders where the floor gets hot from the lamp underneath are chief reasons for the trouble.

Q. What do you consider the worst enemies of poultry? A. Lice and red mites. If these are fought all the year round and kept down to a minimum or eradicated the flock will be healthier and profit larger. On some plants the bugs get all the profit and then some.

FEATHERS AND EGGSHELLS.

When a western poultry editor was asked how to tell a hen's age he sagely replied: "The only way to be sure of the age of females is to know it. Even then they will fool you sometimes."

It is difficult to believe that a pigeon can fly across the Atlantic, but Ernest Robinson of Montreal has received word from England that a pigeon he imported from that country has returned to its old home. The bird crossed in twelve days.

A Coatesville (Pa.) dog dealer was brought before the United States court for using the mails to defraud and found guilty by the jury for selling a rabbit dog for a foxhound. There is much fraud practiced in the same way by selling inferior breeding stock in poultry and eggs and stock untrue to name, and we advise victims to appeal to the same source for justice.

When a hen gets her crop obstructed by swallowing hay or straw the sure way to save her is by opening the crop and removing the matted mass and then neatly stitching the opening. Obstructions like straw are seldom removed by way of the mouth.

The middleman will be hard hit by the parcel post, as it will bring eggs, butter, poultry and berries direct to the city consumer. The producer will be fresher and cheaper, and the producer will receive a better profit.

Miss Julia Tilford, daughter of the millionaire merchant, is planning for a poultry plant at Lakewood, N. J., that will quarter 100,000 fowls. People who think all millionaires' daughters are title chasing fools will please sit up and take notice.

The hen often suspends egg manufacture in the winter because she can't get the elements that constitute an egg. The main ones missing are the bugs and worms that are imprisoned in the frozen ground. The best substitute for these is fresh, fine cut green bone. It's cheap and brings the high priced egg. Buy it or grind it, feed it with greens and grains and get the gains.

Fifteen judges were required to score the 4,731 entries in the poultry department at the Hagerstown (Md.) fair. It is the big end of the fair, and the directors take such an interest in it that they recently erected a \$25,000 pavilion for housing the poultry.

C. M. Barnitz.

Dependable Nursery Stock

Varieties True to Name. Extra Care Used in Packing. With Privilege of Examining Stock before Paying for it.

These are FOUR vitally important features to be considered before placing your order for Stock. We offer for Spring Planting:

100,000 PEACH AND 75,000 APPLE TREES.

Embracing all the leading Commercial Varieties. We also offer a full and complete assortment of Standard Dwarf Pears, Cherries, Plums, Quinces, Apricots, Grape Vines, Small Fruits, Asparagus, Rhubarb, &c. Ornamental trees, Shrubs, Vines, Rose Bushes. California Privet is a Specialty with us. Submit a list of your wants and save money.

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SALESMEN WANTED to Travel or Act as our Local Representative. Write for terms and territory. We pay liberal commissions. 2-14,3m

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of Taneytown, Md.

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4 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

D. J. HESSON, President. WALTER A. BOWER, Treasurer.
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ECONOMY IN CARE OF SOAP

Good Plan is to Buy a Reliable Article in Quantities, as it Improves by Keeping.

As water alone cannot render grease soluble, it is impossible to cleanse most clothes without the aid of an agent which is capable of so doing.

The cleaning and solving properties of soap are entirely due to the alkaline constituents, the fatty acids being employed only to modify the injurious properties of alkali.

When buying soap it is desirable to procure that made by a well-known reliable manufacturer, as one is less likely to get an inferior article. It is also better to buy it in large quantities, as large quantities are usually sold at a considerable reduction in price, and soap improves in quality and durability by keeping.

Soap may be used as a solid or it may be dissolved and use as a liquid; in whatever form its action is that of a grease solvent and purifying agent. It is used in the solid or hard state for strong material without color, when its strength may be concentrated by rubbing it on the particularly dirty parts, so that they may be more easily and thoroughly cleansed.

Soap powder is principally composed of soda and water, and as washing soda does not cost more than one-fifth the price of soap powder, it would be more economical for the housekeeper to use that substance with the addition of a little soap solution to the water, which would form a lather equally as well, and the work of cleansing would be as effectual as when soap powder is used.

Tutti Frutti Tarts.

Peel and cut one banana into bits, stone one cup of cherries, hull one cup of strawberries, add one cup of sugar and put the mixture in the top of the double boiler over boiling water until the sugar is melted and the juice is drawn out. Then sweeten to taste, and let it boil up directly over the fire until quite thick. Line tartlet pans with a thin, rich paste and brush over with white of egg; fill with the mixture and bake quickly.

Wheat Cakes Without Eggs.

Take a cup and a half of wheat flour and mix dry with a scant two teaspoonsful of baking powder and a half a teaspoonful of salt. Beat in enough milk to make a soft batter. Have the griddle very hot and bake at once. Serve with butter and sirup and the cakes will be so nice the eggs will never be missed.

Willing to Compromise.

"I want to marry your daughter," said the timid young man.

"Are you economical?" asked the father.

"Oh, yes; I have run an automobile for a year on about sixty dollars."

"Can't you compromise this thing? I'd like to hire you as my chauffeur."

More Expensive Than Flowers.

Footlight—How cheery the tragedian looks today.

Miss Sue Prette—Yes; somebody threw an egg at him last night.

"Well, I should think he'd consider that an insult."

Good Helpmate.

Mrs. Yeast—So your friend is married at last. Is his wife a good helpmate?

Mr. Yeast—I should say so. Why, this summer I saw her dragging the garden hose all over the place for him!

MYER MAKES FINDS

Curious Fruits and Plants Are Described in Inventory.

Wheat, Siberian Cherry, Arctic Currant Wood That Will Not Rot, and Forage Capable of Being Hybridized Found in Arctic.

Washington.—More strange and curious fruits and plants than usual are noted in the "Inventory of foreign seed and plant introduction just issued by David Fairchild, the chief of the bureau of plant industry of the department of agriculture. The present inventory contains a number of the agricultural finds of Frank N. Myer, the agricultural explorer, who recently returned from two years in Manchuria and Siberia.

One of his finds is a new variety of winter durum wheat obtained from the Russian agricultural experiment station in the government of Samara. It is called Teskaia and has been bred for cold resistance. It lived out through the snowless winters, where all other varieties of wheat were either killed outright or severely injured. It is thought this will be especially valuable for cold, dry regions of this country, where no wheat has been grown heretofore.

Many of Mr. Myer's finds, coming from the interior of Siberia, are adapted to a cold and semi-arid region, and therefore are likely to be of use in extending the dry farming belt of the United States. One of them is a forage plant of the astragalus family, a branchy, upright plant that is really eaten by cattle and that seems able to stand any amount of cold drought.

He also has found a forage plant that in these days of plant breeding it is thought, can be hybridized as a forage plant. It is a relative of the famous sula, but this has never been grown in the southern states owing to its susceptibility to frost. The new plant that may be crossed with it grows in Siberia as far east as Lake Balkal, and promises to furnish a new and good forage where such plants are greatly needed.

Now that Alaska is getting so thickly settled, there is a demand for fruits that will live there, and Mr. Fairchild speaks of the Siberia cherry that has been found by Mr. Myer as very promising. It is a bush cherry growing no more than four feet high, but the fruit, while small, makes an excellent preserve. It lives outdoors at a temperature of forty below zero. The natives use the preserve instead of sugar in hot tea, and Mr. Myer says the combination is by no means as bad as it sounds. But the arctic cherry is gone one better by an arctic black currant that he found growing out at a temperature of -58. This, it also is thought, will do well in Alaska.

One of the curious finds that has come from South America is a fiber plant that grows on the dry plateau bark of Mahia. It is said to be more resistant to sea water than the best Manila hemp, stands drought and grows a large crop to the acre.

Dr. Gustave Eisen of the California Academy of Sciences has contributed a new plum from Naples called the Papagone. It grows three inches long, has a small stone and is reputed to be the finest flavored plum in the world.

Another curious thing that comes from South America is a new variety of tall forest tree. The wood is purple and very oily, with a slight sweet scent. The most remarkable feature of it is that it is proof against the attack of ants and is absolutely everlasting. Posts made from it and stuck in the ground never rot. Trunks and furniture made from it are insect proof.

There are scores of other remarkable botanical finds. All of them are being tried out in the experimental gardens and such of them as seem adapted to any particular locality will be given a trial under actual field conditions.

Like the almanac makers and the ancient astrologers, the weather specialists are now planning to extend their forecasts from six months to a year ahead of time. If the Carnegie foundation gives an endowment of \$5,000,000 to inaugurate an international weather bureau, which is said to be probable, the work will be undertaken by meteorologists.

"It is the dream of the weather man ultimately to make accurate weather forecasts for a year," said Prof. Henry H. Clayton, the noted scientist, of New York. "This could not be done in the United States, for instance, solely on data that could be gathered within the boundaries of this country. Information gathering stations would have to be established in the remotest places of the earth to furnish data to all countries. The institution would have a quasi-government relation, similar to the Red Cross society."

Was a Clever Thief.

Officials at the treasury department discovered the other day that a trusted woman clerk—a counter—had been tearing small pieces from bills, patching them together and making whole bills which she substituted for bona fide notes. The woman was discharged from the treasury service, but will not be prosecuted for the crime.

One-Sided Arrangement.

"Why is it that Hendrix is able to dress so much better and live in so much finer style than you do? I understand that his salary is no higher than yours."

"The explanation is very simple. He has a daughter and I have a son. My son has to pay the expenses for both whenever they go anywhere together."

There were 52,488 women sixteen years old or over employed in the titles contained in District of Columbia April 15, 1910, according to statement just issued by Director Durand of the bureau of the census, department of commerce and labor.

The statistics were prepared under the direction of William C. Hunt, chief statistician for population in the bureau of the census, and are subject to revision. While the figures are preliminary, it is believed that there will be no important changes in them.

The figures given in this preliminary statement refer only to the gainfully employed women sixteen years old and over—but provisional figures tabulated by the bureau of the census show that there also were seven girls six to nine years old and 432 girls ten to nineteen years of age, making a total of 52,927 females gainfully employed in the District of Columbia April 15, 1910. This is 30.6 per cent. of all the females of the District on that date, or 36 per cent. of the females ten years old and over.

Of the gainfully employed women sixteen years old and over, 13.7 per cent. were from sixteen to twenty years old, 64.9 per cent. were from twenty-one to forty-five years old and over. It is shown that but few of the women were engaged in agricultural pursuits, and that outside of the needle trades—dressmakers, milliners, seamstresses and tailors—no manufacturing pursuit gave employment to a large number of them.

More than half of these women are employed in domestic service. This is due to the large number of negro women included in the classification.

Less gold was produced in the United States in 1912 than in any year since 1907, according to official estimates made public the other day by the United States geological survey.

No Big Gold Find in 1912

It was declared, however, that more silver was mined during the twelve months than during any similar period since 1892. The passing of the picturesque prospector, with his pack mule and pick, leads the survey to fear that few rich gold "finds" will be made in the future. None was made in 1912.

The value of the gold mined during 1912 will approximate \$91,685,168, a decrease of more than \$5,200,000 from the value of the output of 1911. The decrease is ascribed mainly to the failure of the bonanza camp at Goldfield, Nev., to maintain the rich character of its ore, although more ore actually was mined than in the previous year. Colorado's production also fell off, while California again took first place as the banner gold-producing state.

The output of silver, conservatively figured, will total 62,369,974 fine ounces, valued at \$37,982,414. This is the greatest amount of silver ever mined in the United States, although it does not represent the greatest value. In the opinion of the survey, based on late reports from its western offices, the output may be increased to 64,000,000 ounces.

The year 1912 was one of prosperity for the United States in so far as foreign commerce is concerned, according to figures made public the other day by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce.

Big Increase in Foreign Trade

The imports for that year totaled \$1,818,132,355, as compared with \$1,532,359,160 for the corresponding period of 1911. These were balanced by increases, also, in the exports, which in 1912 showed an increase to \$2,399,217,993 from \$2,092,526,746 in the year previous.

During 1912 crude materials with an aggregate value of \$633,786,671 were imported, as against \$503,873,466 in 1911; manufactures in an unfinished state to the value of \$320,388,041, an increase of \$33,141,374 over 1911, and manufactures in the complete state to the value of \$404,054,843, as against \$356,573,257 the preceding year.

In the matter of exports, crude materials increased from \$662,019,810 in 1911 to \$790,004,165 in 1912; unfinished manufactures from \$324,819,283 to \$384,810,877, and complete manufactures from \$639,954,685 to \$732,854,742.

Has Representative Ezekiel Samuel Candler of Tishomingo county, Mississippi, left the people?

"Zeke" Dons Fine Garb

This is one of the problems in the house. Mr. Candler makes one set speech a year, about the Tombigbee river, and in that he tells how close he and that stream are to the "people, the real people."

When Ollie James of Kentucky dismounted from a street car the other day to enter the house office building he ran into Mr. Candler, clad in black frock coat, patent leather shoes, speckled waistcoat and silk hat.

"Tut! tut! Ezekiel! Have you quit the people?" said Mr. James.

"No, no, Ollie. I went out in this rig last night and have not had time to change it," said the champion of the Tombigbee.

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SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Latest Items of Local News Furnished by Our Regular Staff of Writers.

All communications for this department must be signed by the author; not for publication, but as an evidence that the items contributed are legitimate and correct. Items based on mere rumor, or such as are likely to give offense, are not wanted.

The Record office is connected with the C. & P. Telephone from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m. Use telephone at our expense, for important items on Friday morning. We prefer regular letters to be mailed on Wednesday evening, but in no case later than Thursday evening.

UNIONTOWN.

A meeting was held last week to plan for oiling the streets, having tried it last year, and seeing the satisfactory results, the majority are in favor of another application. Committees were appointed to attend to the matter.

There will be an interesting exercise held in the Lutheran church, Sunday morning, just before communion service. Ten of the little ones of the infant department of the Sunday School, will be transferred to the intermediate.

Francis Engle and wife, of Warrensburg, Missouri, spent Tuesday with his niece, Mrs. B. L. Cookson. He has been West 52 years, and seems to be much pleased with his old neighborhood.

J. W. Rodkey and family, are spending the week in the City.

Mrs. Leanna Zile and Mrs. Frank Hoffman, of Winfield, visited Mrs. Deborah Segafosse and family. Mrs. Zile will remain some time with her sister.

Mrs. Snader Devilbiss has been in the city this week, where her son Paul is still confined to the hospital, but is improving.

Benton Flater is spending some time in the City.

James Shellman and wife, shook off Union Bridge cement dust, and have returned to their country home for the Summer.

Dr. J. J. Weaver's have opened up their home, here, after their winter in Washington. We are always glad to have them back, and we know the Dr. has a very warm feeling for his native place.

William Slonaker has taken charge of the barber business at John Stuller's shop. Will be on hand each evening, and during Saturday, and in the mean time he wields the painter's brush, having very much improved the appearance of Samuel D. Hiltelbreide's house, the past week.

Charles Sittig and Solomon Myers, are in bed with rheumatic or neuragic trouble.

Miss Cora Sittig is taking treatment at the Woman's Hospital, Baltimore, and is getting along well.

Mrs. Joseph Dingle, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jacob Moore and family, near Cascade, Md.

Miss Annie Sell, of Fairview, was a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Emily Baust, this week.

Our mushroom raiser, Roy W. Singer, is having quite a demand for his crop. Last week he supplied the Belvedere Hotel, Baltimore; he also ships to New York. At the last meeting of the Lutheran C. E. Society, the following officers were elected: Pres., Harry B. Fogle; Vice-Pres., Mrs. Martha Culbertson; Cor. Sec., Mrs. Marshall Myers; Rec. Sec'y, Miss Diene Sittig; Treas., Mrs. Ezra Caylor; Organist, Mrs. H. B. Fogle.

EMMITSBURG.

Mrs. Sophia Louisa Harner, wife of Adolphus Harner, died at her late home in this place, at noon, on Friday, 18th, of Bright's disease. She was the daughter of the late Charles and Julia Wilson, and is survived by her husband and two children, Mrs. Walter Zeigler, of Frederick, and Harry, of Emmitsburg; also two sisters and one brother, Mrs. Spalding, of Pittsburg, and Mrs. Mitchell, who resides in Emmitsburg, and Walter, son, of Hagerstown. She was highly esteemed and loved by all who knew her. Her funeral took place Monday morning, from St. Joseph's Catholic church, of which she was a life-long member. Rev. J. O. Hayden, officiating.

E. L. Annan, Jr., who went to Kent, O., to attend The Davy Institute of Tree Surgery, has been transferred to Montreal, Canada. He reports having plenty of snow and the thermometer at zero.

Mrs. Lucy Beam, who was the guest of Mrs. Scopinage, of Baltimore, for several days, has returned home.

Miss Ruth Shuff is visiting Mrs. Rudolph Diefenbach, of Washington.

Miss Edith Numemaker has returned from an extended Southern trip to Tennessee and Georgia.

HARNEY.

Mrs. Lulu Trostle died at her home, in Mt. Joy township, on last Saturday morning, about 1.20 o'clock. She was the only daughter of Harry A. Heck, of this place. She leaves her husband, two infant daughters, and her parents and many relatives to mourn her loss. Funeral services were held on Monday morning, at St. Paul's Lutheran church, after which the remains were interred in Mountain View cemetery.

Lizzie Sterner, of near Barlow, Pa., died very suddenly, this week. She made her home at Josephus Mills', and was going to one of the neighbors when she was taken ill on the way. Another neighbor came along the road and she asked to be taken in the wagon, saying she felt badly, and died in a few minutes after. Her remains were interred in Mt. Joy cemetery.

John W. Heagy, a former resident of this place, died suddenly at his home in Gettysburg, on Wednesday morning. We are informed that he complained of a pain in his side, on Tuesday evening for the first, and died next morning.

T. J. Hess and wife, of Hagerstown; Chas. W. Hess and Geo. Flegle and wife, of Baltimore; Mrs. Ebaugh, of Westminster; Mrs. Sweigart, Eyster Heck and friend, of York, and Truman Heck, of Hanover, were home to attend the Trostle funeral, on Monday.

E. G. Sterner is having his house, on Littleton St. painted, which will add greatly to the appearance of the place. J. Newcomer is also having his house painted. There are many others that need painting badly and would add greatly to the appearance of the place if it were done.

Every person seems to be getting a move on these nice warm days, and lots of work will be done in a short time.

UNION BRIDGE.

Mrs. Isaac Tozer has been sick, at the home of Frank Reese, Westminster, where she and Mr. Tozer were visiting. Her grand-daughter, Miss Effie Reese, aged 16 years, daughter of Frank and the late Mary Engleman Reese, died on Monday night, of tuberculosis. She had been at the Sanatorium, at Sabillasville for treatment, but receiving no benefit was brought home.

Dr. E. R. Lewis accidentally shot himself in the right foot beside the great toe, on Tuesday morning, with a gun he had picked up to frighten some cats that were depreeding on his young chickens. He was talking to his wife in the house when the gun was discharged accidentally. Dr. Brown, who lives in the opposite house across the street, came immediately and extracted 100 bird shot and some pieces of bone. The wound is a painful one, but the Dr. thinks he can visit his patients, with the aid of his buggy and possibly a crutch. The shot would have been better distributed among the chicken eating cats than in the Dr.'s foot.

William Cartzenadner and wife moved on Tuesday, to Mrs. Franklin's house, on Farquhar's St., from Jesse Smith's house on Benedict St., where they had recently lived.

Joe Loyd and Miss Virgie Fowble, returned Sunday evening from Hagerstown where they had spent several days at the home of Miss Fowble's sister.

W. W. Fogle and wife returned, Monday evening, from a visit of several days to Thomas Z. Fogle and wife, of Hagerstown.

James Six has purchased the green grocery and restaurant business of Harry Brock, located in Mr. Six's building, and it is said he will move there and discontinue the saloon business for the future.

The time for using soda water and other cooling beverages is here with the thermometer standing at 86 degrees in the shade, and Union Bridge can furnish them of superior quality without the user being compelled to frequent a beer garden for the purpose of obtaining the desired luxury.

Mrs. Laura Lynn is still very ill. Mrs. Bell and daughter, Virginia, expect to move to Hagerstown next week.

The Union Bridge Brass Band has the prospect, should the weather prove favorable, of the largest excursion, next Wednesday, that they have ever had.

Richard Bond, little son of H. H. and Mrs. Bond, appears to be affected by the cement dust in the same way that another little boy in town has been. It causing gathering in his head and ears which break before he can obtain relief. The doctor who attends him says the trouble is undoubtedly caused by the dust.

Miss Helen Melown has been on the sick list the past two weeks.

The ladies of St. James' Lutheran church held a potato social in the parsonage on Tuesday evening.

Miss Elsie Kelly is spending the week at her mother's, Mrs. John Ickes, Littleton.

COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION.

Coughs and colds, when neglected, always lead to serious trouble of the lungs. The wisest thing to do when you have a cold that troubles you is to get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery. You will get relief from the first dose, and finally the cough will disappear. O. H. Brown, of Muscadine, Ala., writes: "My wife was down in bed with an obstinate cough, and I honestly believe had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery, she would not be living to-day." Known for forty-three years as the best remedy for coughs and colds. Price 50c and \$1.00. Recommended by Robert S. McKinney, Taneytown, Md., and H. E. Flegle, Mayberry, Md. Advertisement.

KEYSVILLE.

Mrs. Sarah Ohler, of Emmitsburg, is spending the week at the home of Wm. A. Devilbiss.

Peter Wilhide, wife and daughter, Marion, and Mrs. Burns, were visitors at Emory Shorb's near Motter's Station, Sunday.

George Ritter's new house is progressing rapidly.

George Frock and wife entertained, on Sunday, Mahlon Stonesifer and family, Charles Fuss, of near Emmitsburg, Paul Starner, wife and son, Ernest, Loney and Anna Starner, of Westminster.

Miss Bertha Stonesifer visited Miss Helen Harner, on Sunday.

Calvin Valentine, wife and family, Mrs. Burns, of Alaska, and Mrs. Harry Deberry, took a sight-seeing trip in an auto to Gettysburg, on Tuesday.

Miss Susie Keefe visited the Misses Newcomer, on Sunday.

Holy Communion, Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock.

Calvin Valentine and wife, gave a delightful social to a few of their friends, on Saturday evening. About twenty-five were present.

BLUE RIDGE COLLEGE.

The baseball team was defeated at Westminster, on Saturday, in a very poorly played game. The score was 15 to 10. Some people from school and town attended the game.

The second home game of the season will be played, Saturday, at 2 o'clock, in Hibbard's field, with the W. M. Reserves.

Mr. Bousack spent Saturday and Sunday in Washington, where he had the pleasure of hearing Wm. J. Bryan speak.

The work of beautifying the campus is still in progress.

Miss Chambers and Miss Stouffer spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of the latter.

Misses Maust and Rowland spent Sunday in Union Bridge.

Messrs. Robert and Oscar Black visited at Westminster, Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. Byron King will lecture on "Eyes that see not and Ears that hear not," on Monday evening, April 28.

The last public program of the H. L. S. will be given May 2.

The illustrated lecture on "Forestry," by Mr. Besley, was largely attended and instructive.

Mr. Meiley preached in the college chapel, Sunday evening. His sermon was enjoyed by all present.

Prof. and Mrs. Flora entertained a number of the little boys to supper, Friday evening.

IF YOUR CHICKS could only eat what they required they would grow faster and be healthier. REIN-O-LA Poultry Mash furnishes all the needed food elements in form best adapted for feeding.—REINDOLLAR BROS. & Co. Advertisement.

NEW WINDSOR.

Mrs. Milton Myers, of Pen-Mar, paid a flying visit to friends, on Thursday.

Miss Myrtle Myers, of Pen-Mar, visited at N. H. Baile's, this week.

The Misses Dielman are having a lot of repairing done, which will add to the appearance as well as comfort of their property.

Mrs. Julia Roop, who has been sick, continues about the same.

Tobias Reid, of Taneytown, is spending some time with his son, M. D. Reid.

Frank Russell and family have rented a cottage at Blue Ridge Summit, and will go there in May for the summer.

Blue Ridge College will hold their commencement exercises, the last week in May.

G. C. Devilbiss has purchased a new four-passenger car.

Mr. and Mrs. Loughlin, of Baltimore, are with Mrs. L's father, Dr. Helm.

Quite a number of children are suffering from whooping cough.

GIST.

Mrs. Robert Wilson was buried at Mt. Pleasant, on Saturday; the cause of death being old age.

Elias Phillips has accepted a position with the Baltimore Cotton Duck Co.

Mrs. Wm. Aldrich spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Martha Phillips.

Walter Allen is contemplating moving his team to Indiana, to go into the road construction business. The contract will last about two years.

The Ladies' Mite Society of this place is invited to hold its next meeting at Mrs. Laura Murphy's.

Jarrett Shauk has resigned his position in Baltimore, and will go into the butcher business at his home.

Miss Grace Gist, of Sykesville, visited her sister, Mrs. Walter Allen, last week.

Frank Beaman, of Sykesville, spent Sunday with Walter Allen.

Found a Cure for Rheumatism.

"I suffered with rheumatism for two years and could not get my right hand to my mouth for that length of time," writes Lee L. Chapman, Mapleton, Iowa. "I suffered terrible pain so I could not sleep or lie still at night. Five years ago I began using Chamberlain's Liniment and in two months I was well and have not suffered with rheumatism since." For sale by all dealers. Advertisement.

MAYBERRY.

Miss Josephine Lawyer spent Sunday with Miss Mary Hiner, of near Marker's.

Wm. Carl, of near Taneytown, visited Elmer Weaver and wife, on Sunday.

Mrs. Milton Halter and daughter, of Tyrone, spent Wednesday with her sister, Mrs. John Myers.

Charles and Emory Flickinger, spent Sunday with their brother Harry Flickinger and wife.

Roy Keefe and family visited Mrs. Keefe's mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Copenhaver, Sunday.

Miss Esther Stuller returned home on Tuesday, after a visit to her parents, in Uniontown.

Levi Snyder is suffering with pneumonia and pleurisy, at the home of Theo. King, near here.

Howard Petry is now able to walk out a little with the aid of a cane.

Preaching Sabbath evening at 7.30. Sabbath School at 9.30 a. m.

MIDDLEBURG.

Walter Johnson and wife spent last Sunday in Washington, D. C.

Miss Clara M. Mackley has returned from a two weeks' visit to relatives in Frederick and Thurmont.

Mrs. James Mackley, and J. Irvin Mackley and wife, of Thurmont, spent Monday with David Mackley and wife.

Isaac Eyer, who has been very ill, we are glad to learn is improving.

David Mackley is confined to his bed from an attack of pleurisy.

Last Saturday, Mrs. Harry Myers received word that her husband had died at the hospital, at Sykesville, where he had been for treatment for epileptic fits for nearly five years.

C. O. Fuss, of Taneytown, brought the body home, Saturday evening. The funeral was held on Monday morning. Rev. Martin Schweizer, of Union Bridge, officiated at the house, after which the body was taken to the Catholic church, at Taneytown, of which church the deceased was a faithful member and where mass was held by Rev. Father Cuddy. Interment in the adjoining cemetery.

Mr. Myers was about 40 years old, and is survived by his widow, two sons, Charles and Lloyd, and three daughters, Mrs. Bessie Fisher, of Baltimore, Ruth and Annie, at home, also his mother, Mrs. Mollie Myers, of Ridgeway, Pa. The family have the sympathy of the community in their deep affliction.

Preaching this Sabbath morning, at 10.30, by the new minister, Rev. Pardew.

For Burns, Bruises and Sores.

The quickest and surest cure for burns, bruises, boils, sores, inflammation and all skin diseases is Bucklen's Arnica Salve. In four days it cured L. H. Hadlin, of Ireddell, Tex., of a sore on his ankle which pained him so he could hardly walk. Should be in every house. Only 25c. Recommended by Robert S. McKinney, Taneytown, Md., and H. E. Flegle, Mayberry, Md. Advertisement.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

The relatives of this vicinity have received word from Grover Frock, of Hanover, Pa., that his only son, Grover Hoveck Frock, died Sunday morning, April 20, aged 1 year and 4 days. His mother died just one year ago, April 22.

Our new blacksmith, Raymond Jenkins, moved to this place, last week, from Taylorsville. It has been some time that we were out of a blacksmith, and we hope the community will patronize him so that we will be able to keep him here.

The receipts from the oyster supper recently held by the C. E. Society, were \$38.57.

Wm. J. Myers, wife, and daughter, Evelyn, of Syndersburg, spent Sunday with their parents, Jacob Myers and wife, and Edward Hahn and wife.

Mrs. Kittie Devilbiss and son, Lyle, of Baltimore, spent from Saturday until Monday with Harry Devilbiss and wife.

Luther Helwig had the misfortune of tramping in a nail, and is now walking around with a bandaged foot.

Henry C. Helwig is improving his property by giving it a coat of paint.

NORTHERN CARROLL.

John Stair is improving the appearance of his home by having the building repaired.

Mrs. Milton Study and Mrs. Arthur Frounfelter and children, spent Wednesday, at Pleasant Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Hesson and daughter, Esther, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Hesson, near Mayberry.

J. Irwin Dutterer, wife and daughter, Helen, of Silver Run, spent Sunday with Mrs. Dutterer's father, John Fuhrman.

We are very glad to report that Levi J. Motter, of Littleton, who was injured by a horse, is improving.

SO A GUNBOAT WENT MAD

How the Spaniards Took Vengeance on Moros Who Slew Swimming Soldiers.

Capt. John E. Morris, who spent a long, long time in the Philippines chasing the Moro, tells a story about a Spanish military governor in Jolo who, in the peace of fancy security, allowed a whole flock of his soldiers to go swimming one day.

Now, the Moro has a habit of going juramatado when the camp meeting variety of religion hits him. When a Moro goes juramatado, he takes the most disagreeable weapon he can find and carves up the first Christian he meets.

When the Moros saw the soldiers in the water several of them thought it was the very best time to go juramatado, with the result that those soldiers never went swimming any more.

The sultan who had charge of that particular bunch of Moros promptly was sent for. The Spaniard wanted to know why his men were slaughtered in such manner.

"How could I help it?" the sultan asked. "They went juramatado."

Nobody wants to interfere with anybody's religion, of course, but there was a Spanish gunboat lying around loose in that immediate vicinity. The governor sent for the commander of the gunboat.

"You haven't had much target practice lately," he remarked to the naval officer, "and you might try a little. Now, a few Moros make fair targets. When I want target practice to stop I'll run up a flag. But until the flag is run up keep at it."

It was one glorious bombardment. A lot of Moros accidentally got hit. And somehow the post flag was mislaid, so it couldn't be hoisted.

It was a most excited sultan who showed up before the Spanish governor. If that gunboat didn't stop its nonsense he wouldn't be a sultan any longer, because he wouldn't have any subjects to sultan over. And he told the governor so.

"How can I help it?" demanded the governor with some heat. "The fool boat has gone juramatado and I can't interfere with the religion of the blame pavy."—San Francisco Chronicle.

Billions of Savings.

Discouraging statistics and a good deal of talk are offered about the immense number of people who reach old age without provision for meeting its needs. Evidences are not lacking that the statement in this direction is overdrawn, since a lack of material possessions does not always prove a state of dependence upon public charity. Many old persons have invested their means in earlier years in sons and daughters that prove an investment capable of paying and that do pay large dividends in love and care. Old age without houses and land and stocks and bonds is not always improvident old age. Signs there are of a degree of improvidence in the young generation that would seem to bode destitute old age; and yet who could be downcast about the situation in the face of the fact that the savings banks of this country have on deposit more than four billions of dollars—proof of thrift—which means hard work and careful savings through self-denial—that discounts to a degree the evidence that this is an extravagant and a thoughtless age.—New Bedford Standard.

Nearer the Perfect Man.

Man is handsomer, better housed, fed and clothed, more charitable and is more rarely assailed with gout than in "ye olden times," according to Dr. John W. Wainwright. In fact, man has had an average of six years added to his life in the last century.

"No doubt the stress and strain of life today are conducive to nervous complaints," says Dr. Wainwright, "as well as to arterial, cardiac and gastrointestinal disturbances. And yet with all of this hurry one is amazed at the outward calm, the poise, of the man of affairs today."

"We read that man is old and worn out at sixty, but statistics prove that the average length of life is between six and seven years longer than a century ago."—The American Practitioner.

Co-operative Home Making.

The most successful families are the ones in which each child has some definite duty in the daily household routine; not a drudging obligation, but a contribution to the general comfort of the family. It is not so much the actual task that is of value, it is the spirit which it fosters. You may fill lamps with revolt in your soul, if it is merely a horrid chore to be got through with. But you may fill lamps with joy in your heart, if you feel that you, too, are doing something for the home. It is the mother's privilege to present that point of view.—Home Progress Magazine.

We Are Headquarters for Bicycles and Bicycle Supplies



THE WESTMINSTER BICYCLE, like cut, (made by the Simmons Hardware Co., St. Louis, Mo.) is a fine-appearing, high-grade wheel. It has forward extension handle bars; New Departure coaster brake; roller chain; saddle with universal spring; sprockets of best quality cold rolled steel; nickel plated three plate crown strongly reinforced; three coats best enamel and one coat high grade transparent varnish; tool bag and kit of tools. Price, \$25.00.

THE YORK SPECIAL is also a first-class bicycle, with coaster brake; forward extension handle bars, roller chain, good tires, and other desirable features. Price, \$22.50.

We have both these Bicycles in stock; also, extra tires, lamps, carbide and sundries. Come look them over.

Meat Bicycles can be furnished by us, if desired, at the same price as advertised and offered to you. ONLY WE PAY THE FREIGHT. Don't forget, we can save you the freight charges.

SEE US BEFORE INVESTING

REINDOLLAR BROS. & Co.
LEADING HARDWARE DEALERS
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Notice To Housewives

We invite everyone in need of any Dishes or Cooking Utensils to call and look our Line over.

The largest line of—

Set Dishes, at the Lowest Prices,

ever shown at this store. Call and get our prices before purchasing—10 Patterns to select from.

We have three beautiful patterns of open stock in Cups and Saucers, Plates, Meat Plates, Etc.

A Full Line of Toilet Sets.

ENAMEL WARE Our Line of Enamel Ware is complete—Preserving Kettles, Stew Kettles, Dish Pans, Buckets, Etc. We have 14-qt Dish Pans, at 25c; 10-qt Stew Kettles, at 25c.

I have added a Line of Aluminum Ware to my Stock, guaranteed for 15 years.

Also, a full Line of Tinware, Wood and Willow Ware. Cutlery of all kinds—Knives and Forks from 49c to \$1.90 Set.

We are headquarters for Bulk Seeds of all kinds.

S. C. OTT.

3-7-tf

ATTENTION KODAKERS!

We always carry a fresh lot of Kodak Films. And don't forget that our finishing for the Amateur is the best and prices right. Special Photo Bargains until May 1st. Post Cards, 75c doz.; York Folders, 4 for 50c; Prom Folders, 6 for 50c; Ping Pongs, 30 for 25c; 6 Cab. Photos and 1 Large Picture, 11x16, for \$2.00.

Mitchell's Art Gallery,

49 East Main Street, Westminster, Maryland.

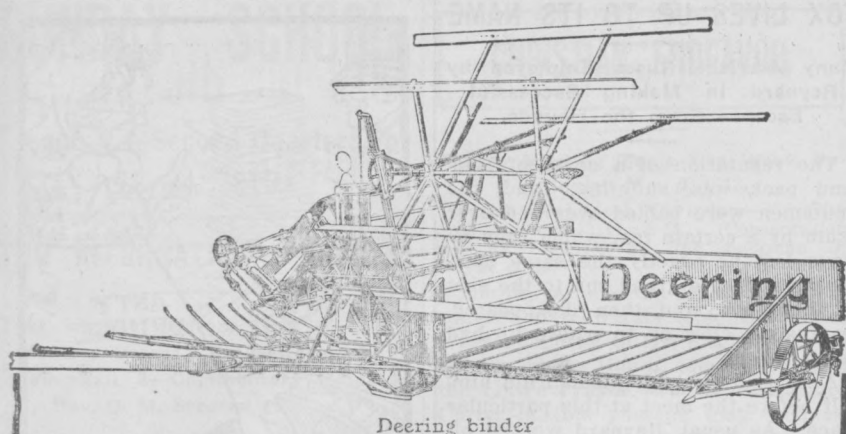
Pictures Framed in Latest Style. Pictures made by Electric Light.

C. & P. Phone 21-F. OPEN SATURDAY NIGHTS. 3-21-tf

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Have in stock, or will get what you want on short notice.



Deering Harvesting Machines

Is your present equipment of harvesting machines satisfactory?

How about your binder? How old is it? Does it lack the improvements which have been put on later model machines? If it does, you need a new one which will harvest your crop easily and quickly.

And where is your mower? Is it in good shape, or does it also lack the improvements which are contained in new machines?

Do you own a satisfactory hay rake?

How about the hay tedder?

Perhaps you already own some of these machines, but if you don't, isn't it good business policy for you to investigate Deering harvesting machines which are recommended by thousands of farmers?

If you will investigate the Deering machines it will help you to get better and bigger results. You will not go on using old, worn-out machines which do not have present day improvements.

An investigation does not place you under any obligation to buy. Come in and see us. Get a Deering catalogue which explains details.

L. R. VALENTINE, - - Taneytown, Md

Equal to a 25 per-cent. Dividend.

The persons who purchased land in the

FAMOUS YAKIMA VALLEY, WASHINGTON,

last Spring have received \$100.00 per acre, or \$1000.00 on a 10-acre tract, as their share of last season's potato crop? THIS IS EQUAL TO A DIVIDEND OF 25 PER-CENT.

Why not Profit by their Experience?

We have more of this land to sell, and you will get your first crop returns next Fall.

REMEMBER THIS IS A GUARANTEED INVESTMENT, and if you are not satisfied, you can get your money back with 1 per-cent interest.

Phone, write or call to see us, and learn more about this splendid opportunity.

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Hand and Power Pumps,
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We will be pleased to render our services to the general public, in any line of work above mentioned, and solicit a trial. C. & P. Phone 17k.

ALLISON & ELLIOT, - Taneytown, Md.

Buy a Detroit 1913

and avoid trouble. These cars are built for the road and not for the shop. Touring Cars and Roadsters, nothing like them for the money. You don't need to put a farm in a car to get a good one. Be sure to see the Detroit before you buy.

\$850. and \$900. Five-passenger Car

Two good men wanted in lower part of County. Write to—

GEO. W. DEMMITT,
TANEYTOWN, MD.
Agent for Carroll County.

Fresh Cows & Springers



For sale every Thursday afternoon, 2 miles west of Taneytown, on Emmitsburg road.

We also have HORSES for Sale or Exchange. Come to see us. C. & P. Phone 31-3.

Scott M. Smith.
Leroy A. Smith.

4-11,6m

STATEMENT

Showing the condition of The Continental Insurance Company of New York
December 31, 1912.

Capital Stock paid up.....\$ 2,000,000.00

Total Assets.....27,070,061.28

Total Amount of all Liabilities.....10,580,000.00

Surplus as Regards Policy Holders 16,489,961.28

Bond and Stocks Owned by the Company.....22,282,287.00

ANTI-WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS SAY

"Women Do Not Want to Vote."

Should all men be disfranchised because some men "do not want to vote?" Or should all women remain unenfranchised because Anti-Woman Suffragists say they "do not want to vote?"

Women in equal suffrage states vote in the same proportion as men.

In 1895 the Opponents of Equal Suffrage in Massachusetts had an amendment passed providing for a straw vote to ascertain the wishes of the women. Knowing that straw votes do not count, the Suffragists did not urge the women to vote. In spite of this the women who did vote favored equal suffrage 25 to 1.

More and larger petitions have been sent to legislative bodies, asking for votes for women than any other single matter in the history of this country.

Published by the Just Government League of Maryland. Headquarters, 817 N. Charles St., Baltimore.

Advertisement.

WHEN THE MIND FAILS

MAN WHO SUFFERED CALLS ATTENTION TO WRONG METHODS.

Prevailing Attitude Toward Insanity Ridiculous, If Not Disgusting, He Declares—Mental Disorders Should Be Looked To.

"In every line of mental research it is admitted that prevention is more important than cure—with the exception of mental diseases," says Clifford Whittigham Beers, who created a sensation a few years ago when, under the title A Mind That Found Itself, he published a record of his years of insanity and of his awakening from mental death. "Our scientific attitude toward diseases of the mind is truly amazing. We consider them as something unavoidable. We watch stupidly the disease running its course from a slight disturbance of mental processes until the first violent manifestations of insanity.

"If a man presents the slightest symptoms of pneumonia or even measles he receives immediate treatment of some kind. On the other hand, a patient who is suffering from disease of the mind, the most threatening calamity of life, must be so far advanced in the disease and so disordered in action or in speech as to satisfy a lay tribunal of the necessity of justification of the forcible deprivation of his liberty, must be told that he is 'insane,' must be 'adjudged insane' and 'committed' by a court to an institution for the insane before he can receive the treatment best adapted to the restoration of his health. "The public should be convinced that insanity is a disease like any other disease; people must be taught to seek intelligent advice promptly whenever something 'seems to be the matter with their nerves,' instead of concealing their fears for mere shame. "Had I, for instance, at the age of eighteen, when I began to worry myself into a state of depression, had access to advice and information, and had I, as a result of an established and widespread interest in mental hygiene, sought such advice as a matter of course, as persons threatened with tuberculosis now seek the help and advice they need, I am confident that I should not have suffered the affliction of mental disorder. Though I took medicine for 'nerves,' I did not find the remedy I needed, which was a verbal corrective for thought and fears which were to prove my temporary undoing. "It may take some time before a sick man is no more ashamed of calling on a physician for incipient insanity than for a cold in his head, but let us hope that time will arrive eventually. A campaign of education is sorely needed to dispel the superstitions still prevalent in the public mind as to the cause of insanity."

About Bagpipes.

The Bulgarian delegates would have been interested if they had heard before leaving that the Prince of Wales was learning the bagpipes. For the pipes are the Bulgarian national instrument, as Sir Charles Elliot shows by a striking illustration. Until lately, at any rate, the servants who waited at the porte on the grand vizier were mutes, though not, as in former times, persons specially mutilated, but children born deaf and dumb. They used a language of signs, with a special gesture to describe the representative of each nation. To indicate the Bulgarian agent they imitated a man playing on the bagpipes. It was not the Bulgarians who invented the pipes, however. They are among the oldest of musical instruments. An ancient gem shows Apollo with them, and two instruments in the Book of Daniel were almost certainly bagpipes.—London Chronicle.

Simple, Harmless, Effective.

Pure Charcoal Tablets for Dyspepsia Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Constipation. 10c and 25c.—Get at McKELLIP'S, Advertisement.

SASH OF THE MOMENT.

The Narrow Effect Is Good This Season.



SMARTNESS OF THE LITTLE SASH.

Little sashes like the one draped about the waist of the French gown pictured are very new this season. The sash of taupe linsdowne matches the skirt, also of this silk and worsted material, while the coat is of silk brocade.

Buttoned boots of a dressy type accompany the little costume.

Ethel Roosevelt to Wed on a Friday.

Defying all superstition, Miss Ethel Carow Roosevelt has chosen Friday, April 4, for her wedding day. It is quite fitting that her marriage to Dr. Richard Derby should be celebrated in the little church in Oyster Bay and that the reception should follow at Sagamore Hill, the country home of Colonel and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, which in days gone by was known as the "little White House."

The bride and bridegroom will sail for Europe the day following their wedding. Miss Cornelia Landon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Huton Landon, a close friend of Miss Roosevelt, will be one of the bride's attendants.

Miss Roosevelt made her debut at a ball given at the White House in Washington when her father was president. Dr. Derby was graduated from Harvard, class of 1903. He is a son of the late Dr. Richard H. Derby.

Spring Wash Fabrics Expensive.

Many of the new washable fabrics are imported and are unusually expensive, costing on the average \$2 a yard. When one has been in the habit of paying not more than 25 or 50 cents a yard for one's tub dresses this seems a large amount. These new goods, however, are very lovely and are so wide that the entire cost of material sufficient for a gown is not more than \$8, and there is the merit of fashion about these materials which is not obtained in the cheaper grades. Some are of blue, pink or lavender and have the effect of dotted Swiss. The dots are small and white. There is a deep white border on the goods in any color. Brocade raitine is also new. This is \$4 a yard and is serviceable for a traveling costume. It is light brown in tone, and the all over patterns are quite small. The former material is, of course, very sheer, while the latter is decidedly thick.

The Season's Favorite Colors.

The names of the new colors are all more or less associated with the personages that the Balkan war has brought into prominence. Many of the names are derived from the titles of the princesses of the countries now engaged in conflict in the Balkan territory. Among these shades blue in its various tints is the most conspicuous: Bonne Mine (vapor blue). Budapest blue (midblue). Danube blue (midblue). Wedgwood blue (grayish blue). Marie Elizabeth gold. Princess Stephanie (plum color). Princess Louise (brown). Yolanda green (rosedai). Yvonne (light blue). Szilard rose. Olga Regina (wistaria). Funchal blue (sky blue). Eugenie (orchid).

Cleaning Carpet Sweeper.

A good way to clean a carpet sweeper is to remove the brush, and after rubbing off all the hairs and lint rub it well with kerosene. Let the brush remain in the air until the odor has evaporated. The sweeper will leave the carpets and rugs looking much brighter after this treatment.



IHC Wagons Are Tough



IF you ever notice when one of the wheels of your loaded wagon dropped into a rut or bumped over a stone how the seat springs gave and rebounded, almost throwing you off? That is an indication of the shock and strain that the rigid spokes and axles have to stand whenever the wagon is traveling over a rough road or through a field. The IHC wagons your local dealer sells

Weber New Bettendorf Columbus or Steel King

take these stresses and strains as a matter of course. From neckyoke to tail board they are built of selected, air-dried lumber, strong and tough, bending to strains but coming back as straight and true as ever when the load is removed. Besides being tough, IHC wagons are light running. The wheels have just the right pitch and gather, and run true. All skeins and skein boxes are paired. The running gear is assembled by skilled workmen whose wages depend as much on the quality as on the quantity of the work they turn out. Consequently, IHC wagons are practically all of the same high standard of quality throughout.

Weber and Columbus wagons have wood gears; New Bettendorf and Steel King have steel gears. IHC local dealers sell the wagon best suited to your work and conditions. Get catalogues and literature from them, or, address your request to

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)
Baltimore Md.

Europe's Smallest State.

The centenary of the Napoleonic wars calls attention to the existence of the smallest state in Europe, the autonomous republic of Moresnet, on the boundary between Germany and Belgium. Moresnet has an area of barely one and one-quarter square miles, and a population of 3,500. A boundary commission settling the frontiers after the fall of Napoleon in 1814 was unable to agree upon the ownership of this tiny piece of land, and finally left the question for future settlement. Meanwhile it was to be administered jointly by two states. The joint administration soon resulted in an administration by neither state, and the community became self-governing under the protection of Prussia and Belgium. In 1841 the two guaranteeing countries gave the district its own independent administration. It has no courts, but litigants can choose between the Belgian and Prussian tribunals in beginning litigation, which is subject to the laws neither of Germany nor of Belgium, but of the ancient code Napoleon. On reaching military age, the youth of Moresnet have the choice of serving either Belgium or Germany.

Astronomical Discoveries.

The particular universe of stars in which we dwell is half again as large in scale as the world has been supposing. Our own sun is still youthful, and keeps traveling northwardly through space at the comparatively leisurely pace of twelve miles per second, or only two-thirds the average speed of stars of its own class. The North star is not really a single star, but triple, consisting of three suns revolving about a common center. These are some of the recent discoveries of the Lick observatory, the famous graduate astronomical department of the University of California. People who learned their astronomy twenty years ago, or five years ago, will have to change many of their ideas of the universe in the light of the Lick observatory's newly achieved knowledge as to how the heavenly bodies are born and live and die. Nowhere in the world is so much being done to alter and expand man's knowledge of the stellar universe as on Mount Hamilton, under the direction of Dr. W. W. Campbell, the famous director of the Lick observatory.

Queen's Pearl Rope Broke.

The accident which recently befell the pearl necklaces of the queen dowager of Italy, when the string broke and the priceless little spheres were scattered in every direction, recalls a similar mishap to the splendid fivefold rope which used to adorn the neck of Queen Alexandra on certain state occasions, the Pall Mall Gazette remarks.

On stepping into the gilded coach on her way to a state opening of parliament in the last reign her necklace caught in the ornate door handle and rolled down the steps, and the queen rolled into the mud.

Were in the Minority.

Three or four years ago they had in a small English town some revival meetings. A man walking around the road walked into one of these meetings without knowing in the least what it was. He saw a man preaching on the platform, sat down; not liking the people on either side of him, he went to sleep. While he was asleep the preacher wound up his sermon, saying:

"Those who are going to leave their wicked ways and come with me in the paths of righteousness, put up their hands."

All the audience put up their hands. "And those who are going to keep to their wicked ways and go to damnation, put up their hands."

The noise woke up the sleeper, and seeing a man with his hand up on the platform, so that he shouldn't be lonely he put up his hand, too, and said:

"Lor, Guvnor, I dunno what we're voting for, but we've lost it."

Ostrich a Short-Lived Bird.

In proportion to their size, ostriches are not long-lived birds, and even under the most favorable conditions it is seldom that individuals reach the age of from thirty to forty years, an age frequently exceeded by crows, cranes, parrots, and birds of prey. The source of weakness in their constitutions appears to be the digestive system. The proverbial phrase "digestion of an ostrich" is a popular misinterpretation of the observation that these birds, like many others, pick up stones, coins, keys and other miscellaneous hard objects, which are retained in the gizzard and no doubt assist in the trituration of food.

Deceived by Mild Winters.

The weather in these parts will have to do something much farther out of the common than anything it has yet shown the people of northern Ohio to beat certain early records. When Cleveland was about five years old three winters in succession were so strangely mild, from start to finish, that the settlers from New England were led to cherish unfounded hopes of the climate of the region to which they had migrated.—Cleveland Leader.

Best She Could Do.

"Why don't you want to let me hold your hand?" "What good would it do you to hold my hand?" "It would make me glad and give me courage, perhaps, to—say something that I—that I—er—" "There, please hold both of my hands."

Secret.

"May I make a confidant of you, old man?" "Why, certainly. What is it?" "Well, to tell you the honest truth, I'm dreadfully hard up and want fifty dollars." "You can trust me. I am as silent as the grave. I have heard nothing."

Painting a Picture

Under Cupid's Guidance

By ANDREW C. EWING

The most beautiful lake in the world is Como and the most beautiful bay the bay of Naples. Both have been the scene of many a story, real and fictitious; both have attracted visitors from all parts of the world. The beauty of the former bursts upon one at once; that of the latter is of slow growth. Como is always much the same; the bay of Naples is ever changing.

Sorrento, overlooking this beautiful bay, is built on a circular ledge of rocks some three hundred feet high, following the curvature of the shore. There are hotels and villas fronting the water, some of them built in the center of orange groves. One morning a gentleman emerged from one of these hotels, sauntered down a walk, plucking an orange by the way, and at the end stood upon a marble balcony looking down upon the waves far below. Yachts and fishing boats were rocking on the surface, and from the island of Capri a little steamer was bounding along toward Sorrento.

A young lady had set up an easel on the balcony and was attempting to transfer the scene to canvas. The gentleman paused a short distance behind her and looked at her work. Conscious of his presence, she turned.

"Pardon me, signorina," he said in Italian and was about to walk on when she said in English:

"I don't understand Italian."

"Ah, you are an American, I perceive!"

"Why not English?"

"We Americans are easily distinguished from the English by our accent. Permit me to compliment you on the way you are getting on with your picture."

"I am not getting on at all."

"You have sketched your outline very well."

"But how shall I get that deep blue of the water, how that delicate veil of mist that hangs over Capri and almost hides Ischia further on?"

"Your work will be the more difficult because you cannot get the same scene on two consecutive days. Tomorrow the water will be perhaps a pale green, then a light instead of a dark blue, as it is today. Quite likely even by noon we shall have Ischia resting on a sea of quicksilver."

The girl leaned back in her chair discouraged.

"I would advise you to put in such parts as will not change, then select a certain coloring to transfer to your canvas. If you can get it in before it changes, be it so; if not you must get in as much as you can, then wait till the same conditions come again."

"Exactly the same conditions will never come again."

"You are right. But you don't need to copy. An artist doesn't do that. He takes a landscape, a model, any subject you like, and idealizes it. His intention is not to get something better than the original, but something better than the result of an attempt to transfer the original to canvas."

"If I could only get a title of what we see before us on the canvas I should be satisfied."

"Are you an amateur or a professional?"

"I simply desire to make a picture to sell on my return to America to help out the expense of my trip abroad."

"Well, don't be discouraged. With your permission I will criticize your work as you proceed. I am a professional critic and may help you."

"Thank you very much, but I doubt if I can produce anything worthy of your criticism."

"Acquaintances are formed very easily between tourists, especially where they are fellow countrymen, and Edward Minard improved upon this beginning to become quite friendly with Lucia Gifford. True to his promise, he coached her in her effort to transcribe some of the various phases that the bay of Naples takes on. From the window of his room he could look out upon it, and often when it assumed the conditions she was trying to get he would send her word, and she would hurry to the balcony to take advantage of the situation."

At times she would rest from her work by riding out on the road winding up the heights lying southwest of the town. At others she would stroll with friends among the shops picking up bargains in lace or silks. Occasionally on returning from some of these trips her work would look better to her than when she had left it. Minard told her that this was because before going out she saw it through tired eyes. When she came in she saw it through rested eyes. But she noticed the greatest improvement on her return after a couple of days' absence while on a visit to Paestrum. It seemed to her on first viewing her picture after her arrival that she had done far better than she had supposed in getting that misty effect of the atmosphere, that cerulean blue of the water. Moreover, she was gradually getting on to the canvas not any of the conditions she had seen, but something conceived, something more capable of being represented in paint. She asked Minard how she could have done it, and he told her that it was part accident and part her own artis-

tic invention, though the former could not exist without the latter.

Miss Gifford, as all sojourners at Sorrento do, made many excursions, and whenever she returned she invariably saw her work through new eyes. She was very much encouraged, even delighted. But when she stopped to consider the matter she concluded that her improvement must be due to the criticisms passed upon her work by Minard. "There may be artistic ability in me," she said to him, "but it would never come out without your drawing it out."

At last the painting was finished, and Miss Gifford took her departure for Naples. Minard advised her to offer her picture in Rome when she arrived there rather for the purpose of displaying than selling it, for the chief purchasers of pictures in Italy are Americans, and they usually buy those which bear the names of artists who have made a name.

Minard joined her in Naples, where instead of painting they visited the buried cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum together and the gallery where in are deposited so many art treasures found under the ashes thrown over them 2,000 years before by Vesuvius. Miss Gifford preceded her new found friend to Rome, and before her departure he kindly offered to pack her painting for her. She kindly accepted his offer, and when he returned it to her properly boxed he gave her the name of a dealer in Rome, with whom he advised her to leave it on exhibition.

And so it was that the accidental meeting of these two persons at Sorrento was renewed at Naples, and since travelers from the south of Italy must go north it was likely that they might meet all the way up to Milan. And at every parting it was evident that the next meeting would be more cordial.

When Miss Gifford reached Rome she called on the dealer, and he sent to her hotel for the picture. Soon after this when she saw it framed she was astonished at the remarkable change the framing had produced in it. It was the same scene, but under the influence of the surrounding gilt it was simply beautiful. It seemed to require the illuminating properties to bring out the colors.

"The next time she went into the shop the dealer informed her that her painting was sold."

"Sold?" she exclaimed.

"Yes, signorina. You directed me to sell it, did you not? It has not yet been removed. If there is any mistake please let me know it at once. In case of a picture like that I don't wish to make a blunder."

"How much did it bring?" asked the artist, aghast.

"Forty-five hundred francs."

"Forty-five hundred francs?"

"Yes, signorina. Are you disappointed?"

"How did you get so much for it?"

"The artist is a rising young American who is making a name."

"What name?"

"E. Minard."

"Yes, signorina. The signature is genuine, isn't it?"

Miss Gifford stood mute for a few moments, staring at the dealer, then told him to let her see the picture. He took her to his packing room and showed it to her, putting his finger on the name in the lower left hand corner. E. Minard.

Miss Gifford stood looking at the few daubs that spelled "Minard" for a long while without speaking. A light was slowly creeping in upon her brain. Two emotions met and mingled. There was disappointment that she had not proved herself an artist and pleasure that her friend had imposed upon her to her advantage, for she saw that he had substituted his own picture for hers. There was another emotion more in evidence than either of the other two. Surely a man who would do such a thing for a woman must have for her more than a friendly interest.

"Is it all right, signorina?" asked the dealer.

"All right? Oh, yes, of course, it's all right."

"I will give you the money less the commission."

"Certainly."

Miss Gifford took the bills he handed her and left the shop. Minard had given her his address in Rome and had asked her to send him her card on her arrival. She sent it at once, and the same evening he called upon her.

"Mr. Minard, why did you impose upon me?"

"How impose upon you?" he asked shamefacedly.

"About the picture."

"Pardon me," hanging his head.

"How did you manage it?"

"Well, when you went out to drive or to walk or on excursions while at Sorrento I fed the maid to bring me your picture and improved it a bit. Meanwhile I was painting the same scene myself. Then you made it very easy for me by giving me your picture to pack. I packed my own and kept yours. Mine has perhaps a money value above yours, but yours has a value to me beyond price."

She had sent for him to hand him the money she had received from the dealer, but these last few words had a meaning that changed the situation. He declared that the picture she had painted was of far more value to him than the one he had painted himself. The exchange was in his favor. He begged her to permit it.

Nevertheless, since his painting had produced enough money to pay for her trip, she could not reconcile her conscience to accepting it till the matter was compromised by her throwing herself in with her own imperfect work. This was considered as an equivalent bonus, and the couple were married before they left Rome.

FOUNDER OF NATIONAL GRANGE STILL LIVING

To the thousands of members of the Patrons of Husbandry, or, as it is better known, the National Grange, throughout the country it will be of interest to know that the founder of the society, Oliver H. Kelley, is still living in Washington at the age of eighty-eight. It is 45 years since the society was first started, and it has grown steadily until it is today one of the largest secret organizations in the world, and wields a tremendous power in the ranks of the agriculturists.

Oliver H. Kelley was a clerk in the

department of agriculture at Washington when he conceived the idea of founding the Patrons of Husbandry. He was deputized by the government in 1866 to make a tour of inspection through the southern states, to report upon their agricultural conditions and to advise as to the best means of improving them. The widespread demoralization of the farming population of the south, following the Civil war, convinced Kelley that organization was absolutely necessary for the farmer's self-protection, as well as for his advancement by the use of scientific methods of cultivation and the enactment of laws favorable to the agricultural interests.

Upon his return to Washington Kelley, with six others, established the National Grange of Patrons of Husbandry, in December, 1867.

STIMSON WOULD PENSION RETIRED EMPLOYEES

Strong advocacy of pensions for civil service employees is a striking feature of the annual report of Henry L. Stimson, secretary of war.

Regarding civil service retirement, he says:

"In my last annual report I expressed myself as being heartily in favor of some measure by which employees of the federal government might be retired and pensioned when they reached a condition of impaired usefulness

after years of faithful service. I earnestly renew that recommendation. I regret the attack made against the retirement plan during the last session of congress, when an effort was made to attach a limited tenure of office rider to the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. I believe the effect of such legislation would have been to overthrow the merit system. The tendency of the merit system, as established by the civil service law, is to make service in a classified position under the government a life work or profession, and some sort of retirement provision follows as a necessary consequence, just as it does in the army, the navy and the judiciary, if the best results are to be secured."

FAMOUS POLICEWOMAN CARRIES NO WEAPONS

Even when Mrs. Alice Stebbins Wells fishes about in her bag and produces her policeman's star for verification one can hardly believe that she is the famous first "policewoman" of Los Angeles.

Scarcely five feet in height, slender, with a mild, almost timorous voice and a pair of very round blue eyes, Mrs. Wells presents an appearance about as formidable as that of a kitten. Yet she has been permanently appointed as a regular member of the police force of a city of 400,000, subject to the same regulations, vested with the same authority, and under civil service, as any male member of Los Angeles's bluecoat squad. She makes arrests and prefers charges in the same way and with as much success as any policeman, and is a very substantial vindication of the power of personality in an institution where brute force and a six-foot stature have formerly been thought to be indispensable prerequisites. Here is what she says of

a phase of police work:

"And do I carry weapons? No, indeed. That is something which I do not feel called upon to do. I am very firmly convinced that under the right conditions a policeman would not have to carry a weapon at all. But before the policeman can give up his gun and his stick, weapons must not be sold indiscriminately to citizens. The only reason now that a policeman requires a weapon is because the other fellow may have one, and the law must enforce its demands against all objection. It is a very sad commentary on our civilization that guns and brass knuckles are displayed openly for sale, and that almost the only restriction in our most careful communities is a provision for a license, which is easily obtained."

Mrs. Wells is the first woman to be appointed to a police force in any city of the United States. The woman detective, the police matron, the probation officer, the district nurse, are all places which have been filled by women, and were of course the forerunners of that policewoman. But while they were vested with partial police authority their power was greatly restricted along certain well-defined lines, and they did not work in recognized co-operation with the police department.

NEW SOUTH AMERICAN BEAUTY WINS PARIS

His interest aroused by a glimpse of the newest South American heiress, senorita Mervella Estudillos, whose beauty has conquered all Paris, King Alfonso has announced an approaching visit to Brazil.

While there he will be entertained by the parents of Senorita Estudillos, whom he met in Madrid last year, and whose charm and vivacity first aroused his interest in the new world.

Senorita Estudillos is the most famous of those belles who have changed the title market of Europe from North to South America.

She is a great friend of the princess Murat and is besieged by a host of suitors. At one time the crown prince of Serbia saw her and demanded an introduction. She flatly refused to meet him.

Of late the name of Senorita Es-

tudillos has been linked with that of Count Boni de Castellane, through his having told some of his creditors he expected to marry her, but she laughs such an alliance to scorn.

The South American woman abroad is becoming a rival to her northern sister. She is attracting the attention of the shopkeepers, for she is as rich as the North American, and even more lavish with her money, made from mines, vast ranches and estates in Argentina and Brazil, and even Chili.

These beauties, descended from noble Spanish and Portuguese who have lived in the new world for a hundred years, are vivacious and sparkling and love gayety and movement, and they are the most notorious flirts in the world.

Flirting is an art with them. It is never vulgar, but is a fascinating, tantalizing thing, and the South American girl can give points to all the world in this art.

Already there are many rich and famous beauties in this colony in Paris that are being sought by titled Frenchmen who are looking for fortunes as well as beautiful wives.

Olive Culture Not New in California.
Olive culture is one of the oldest fruit industries in California. The first orchard was planted in San Diego in 1769, and that county is a large producer of olives and olive oil. There are large orchards in other counties, and every year adds to the number of trees.

There are thirty-eight counties reporting over 1,000 trees each, ranging from Shasta on the north to the Mexican line on the south. The number of trees, as reported by the state board of equalization, is about 1,200,000 in bearing. Los Angeles leads with 320,800 bearing trees.

Statistics of this industry are difficult to obtain. It has not heretofore been attractive from a remunerative point of view, but the removal of competition with adulterated oil by the pure food regulations has given it quite an impetus. Estimates of the production for 1917 range from 750,000 to 900,000 gallons of olive oil and from 1,000,000 to 1,250,000 gallons of pickled olives.

Rigid Caste Rules in England.

There is no spot in all India where there are so many caste distinctions as in England, and none where those distinctions are so rigidly enforced and observed. The walls which divide one class from another are of adamant which cannot be pierced; they are too high to climb over and too deep to dig under. The driver of the landaulet of today is the great-grandson of the driver of the clumsy coach of 200 years ago. The great-grandson sells fish at the same stall where his ancestor weighed turbot in the days of the Prince Regent. Times change, manners change, fortunes change, but "the born thrall of Cedric the Saxon" is in thralldom yet though his iron collar be gone.

He Drew the Line.
Tramp—Can't you give me some thin to eat, ma'am?

Lady of the House—Yes, here is a piece of home-made mince pie.

Tramp—I asked for food, ma'am, not work.

FOX LIVES UP TO ITS NAME

Many Are the Ruses Employed by Reynard in Making Successful Escapes From the Hounds.

The reputation of a north of England pack was suffering, and the huntsmen were baffled over and over again by a certain fox, which they always lost at exactly the same spot. He gave them a grand run to the side of the wood, and then disappeared, leaving no clue as to where he had holed.

At last the head huntsman hid himself before the meet at this particular place. As usual, Reynard worked off his old trick, and this is how he did it. By the side of the wood ran a rail fence, and he coolly mounted it, walked along the top for a short distance, jumped upon a large tree which was hollow half-way up, and, creeping inside, was safe. The hounds, of course, lost the scent when he left the ground.

As in this case, the two following instances were watched, and the fox tried his best move once too often.

Number one was always lost just on the top of a hill, and it was proved that he did not descend the other side. On the hilltop there was a hollow, and he would run, with the hounds not far off, up the bank, and then quietly lay himself flat down in the bottom of this hollow. Right over him ran the hounds and galloped the horses. When they pulled up over the crest the scent was finished. After they had all passed him, foxy simply crept out and went back on his old track!

The other one used to trick the hounds at the top of a steep precipice, with a face of rock over which no hound would go—but Reynard did. He stretched out his legs and slid down the rock with his face to it, as a man would, until his hind legs rested on a narrow ledge. He let himself down carefully, walked along the ledge and entered a crevice at the end. From this place he apparently had no way of escape, for the rock was too steep to negotiate in either direction.

It was found, however, that he had a back door on the side of the hill—a tunnel running between the two openings. Had he entered the hole on the hillside he would have been caught, but his front door was safe because no one could see it from the top of the precipice.—Exchange.

China Is Now Awake.

A water plant that has been feared as a pest is to be turned into a valuable commercial product of Indo-China, if anything comes of the suggestion to the Saigon Chamber of Commerce by M. Perrot, the French investigator. The plant, *Eichornis crassipes*—popularly known as *Luc Bink*—invaded Cambodia ten years ago from Java or the Philippines, and has grown so rapidly as to fill ponds and lakes in a short time. A single stalk is reported to have spread over a water surface of 700 square yards in a few months. It has caused no little alarm as a menace to navigation, and a considerable sum seems to have been already expended in attempts to destroy it. Its strong fiber, however, has been found by M. Perrot to be useful for textile purposes. From 100 pounds of green stalks he obtained nine pounds of fiber, and a fifth-inch yarn or cord from this supported a weight of 100 pounds. The cord can be woven into matting or canvas. This can be dyed any color, and is suitable as a substitute for woven cane in furniture, but is expected to be especially valuable for rice sacks. Such sacks, equal to jute, can be made lighter than jute by treating with chrome alum.

Wilhelm's Idea of Golf.

The German emperor's knowledge of golf is by no means extensive. His generosity, however, made him lend a ready ear to the request of Sir Frank Lascelles for a grant of land for the purpose of a golf course.

"So you want ground for your golf club, sir Frank?" he said. "We haven't got nice grass meadows round Berlin like you have in England, but I'll give you a bit of the Grunewald."

Now, the grunewald is a pine forest near the capital, and a favorite Sunday resort of the people of Berlin. The ambassador thought it out for a moment, and then answered, somewhat doubtfully:

"Ah, sire, I am afraid there would be too many trees."

"Trees!" exclaimed his majesty. "All the better to keep the sun off when you are playing in the summer."

Hired to Stick.

The jury, after long deliberation, seemed unable to agree in a perfectly clear case. The judge, thoroughly exasperated at the delay, said:

"I discharge this jury."

One sensitive juror, indignant at what he considered a rebuke, faced the judge.

"You can't discharge me," he said with a tone of conviction.

"And why not?" inquired the judge in surprise.

"Because," announced the juror, pointing to the lawyer for the defense, "I was hired by that man there!"—*Ladies' Home Journal.*

Explained.

"What is this civil service business that they are always talking about?" asked the Boob. "What good does it do?"

"It's like this," replied the Cheerful Idiot. "If you have a job and you are not under civil service, they can fire you any time they want to. But if they have a job under civil service they can't fire you unless they..."



Postman—"Well, Anty; pretty soon I'll have to get a pushcart."

Anty Drudge—"Sakes alive! They're writing to me from everywhere wanting to know how to clean this, that and the other thing with Fels-Naptha Soap. But I answer them every one. Just say: 'Anty Drudge, Philadelphia, Pa.'"

Next to a willing husband, Fels-Naptha Soap is the handiest thing a woman can have about the house. Not only on wash-day is Fels-Naptha useful, but whenever there is anything to be cleaned.

For washing floors, walls, linoleum, fine china and glass or anything else that is washable just use Fels-Naptha Soap, cool or lukewarm water and a soft cloth.

Follow directions on the Red and Green Wrapper.

Fels & Co., Philadelphia.

Classified Advertisements.

Dentistry.

J. S. MYERS, J. E. MYERS
Westminster, Md. New Windsor, Md.

Drs. Myers,
SURGEON DENTISTS,
Are prepared to do All Kinds of Dental Work, including ALUMINUM PLATES.

DR. J. W. HELM,
SURGEON DENTIST,
New Windsor Maryland.

Will be in Taneytown 1st Wednesday of each month.

I have other engagements for the 3rd Saturday and Thursday and Friday, immediately preceding. The rest of the month at my office in New Windsor, Md. Nitrons Oxide Gas administered. Graduate of Maryland University, Baltimore, Md.

C. & P. Telephone. 5-1-10

Fire and Storm INSURANCE

Why agree to buy Insurance without knowing what it will cost? Do you buy anything else that way?

Why give your Note, with the hope that you will not be assessed high on it?

Why not buy Insurance as you buy other things—at a known price?

There is no better Insurance in the World than that provided by a policy in the Home Ins. Co., of New York.

P. B. ENGLAR, Agent,
Taneytown, Md.

The Carroll Record

— WILL —

Bring You Buyers

Floral Antiseptic Tooth Powder for cleaning and beautifying the teeth. Make the teeth white and purifies the breath. 10c bottle.—Get at McCELLIG'S Advertisment.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson V.—Second Quarter, For
May 4, 1913.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Gen. xi, 9-23.
Memory Verses, 14, 15—Golden Text,
Job xxxii, 8—Commentary Prepared
by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Today's chapter suggests the dreams of Scripture and shows how God uses even a dream as a link in His chain of providences. He warned Abimelech and Laban in a dream, revealed Himself to Jacob in dreams; also spoke to Pharaoh and Nebuchadnezzar in dreams (Gen. xx, 3, 6; xxviii, 12; xxxi, 10, 11, 24; xli, 1, 7; Dan. ii, 1). Gideon also and Solomon heard God in a dream (Judg. vii, 13; I Kings iii, 5, 15). In connection with the birth and infancy of Jesus there were several communications by dreams, and Pilate's wife suffered in a dream because of Him at the end of His ministry. We cannot but think of Job xxxiii, 14-17, where we read of God speaking in a dream, in a vision of the night when deep sleep falleth upon men, in slumberings upon the bed that He may withdraw man from his purpose and hide pride from man.

We think also of Num. xii, 6-8, where He said that while He might talk to others in a vision and in a dream, He would speak to Moses, His servant, mouth to mouth; therefore it is written of Moses, "There arose not a prophet since in Israel like unto Moses, whom the Lord knew face to face" (Deut. xxxiv, 10).

While there are no degrees in salvation and all who are truly redeemed are equally saved by virtue of the great atonement, there are great differences in the intimacy of the redeemed with the Lord and in their fellowship with Him. I suppose that no two righteous men could be farther apart in this matter than Abram and Lot, and not many exceed Joseph in his intimacy with God, but think of what it cost him! And just there is our difficulty. Many are glad to rejoice in their personal salvation, but few comparatively are willing to humble themselves to walk with God as He desires they should.

In that sense "many are called, but few are chosen." It means so much to deny self, be always delivered unto death, but in no other way can the life of Christ be manifested in these mortal bodies (I Cor. iv, 10, 11).

One would scarcely believe that the offense of Pharaoh's chief butler and baker could possibly have anything to do with the working out of God's plan for Joseph and that the wrath of man could thus be overruled, but it is a weighty saying, "Surely the wrath of man shall praise thee" (Ps. lxxvi, 10). Why should Joseph care whether these men were sad or otherwise? Had he not enough troubles of his own? But see the compassion of Christ, who could take some hours on the resurrection afternoon to walk with and comfort two sad men. It sounds odd to hear Joseph say to these men concerning their dreams: "Do not interpretations belong to God? Tell me, I pray you" (verses 6-8).

If he had said, "Tell God, who only can interpret," it would seem all right. But it was all right, for Joseph knew God and represented God, and God was with him. As he was able to interpret the dreams of these men he must have been able to understand the dreams that God gave to him and was, as suggested in a previous lesson, no doubt sustained by the future which they revealed to him. Yet he felt the time long, and the wrong which he was enduring, for hear him as he says so pitifully: "Indeed, I was stolen away * * * And here also have I done nothing that they should put me into the dungeon. Think on me when it shall be well with thee, and show kindness. I pray thee, unto me and make mention of me unto Pharaoh and bring me out of this house" (verses 14, 15). What a record in verse 23, "Yet did not the chief butler remember Joseph, but forgot him." Some one has said that such people are not all called "butlers."

There is a record in Eccl. ix, 15, of a poor wise man, who by his wisdom delivered a city, yet no man remembered that same poor man. What shall we say of Him, who, though He was rich, for our sakes became poor and humbled Himself unto death for us that we, through His poverty, might be rich, and yet who of us remembers Him in any way as he should?

Miss Habershon's typical suggestions from this chapter are in reference to Jesus being bound and led away. His hands and feet pierced, two malefactors crucified with Him, a message of life to the one only (Matt. xxvii, 2; Ps. xxii, 16; Luke xxiii, 32, 43). Joseph said: "Wherefore look ye so sadly? Think on me, show kindness unto me, make mention of me," and he served them (Luke xxii, 27; xxiv, 17; I Cor. xi, 24; Matt. xxv, 40; x, 32).

We must not forget the being numbered with transgressors (Isa. liii, 12; Luke xxii, 37). It must have hurt Joseph badly to be accused of the very thing he scorned to do, and no doubt the report was circulated in Potiphar's household and elsewhere in Belshazzar's household and in the prison. Think of the Lord Jesus ridiculed as a glutton, a wine-bibber, a companion of sinners, possessed by the devil, crucified as an evildoer, scoffed at as He suffered. But God raised Him from the dead and gave Him glory.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For Week Beginning May 4, 1913.

Topic.—The Ideal Christian.—V. His prayers.—Matt. vi, 5-13. (Consecration meeting.) Edited by Rev. Sherman H. Doyle, D. D.

The prayer selected for our study in connection with this topic is the one given by Christ to His disciples in the Sermon on the Mount, commonly called the Lord's Prayer. The instruction of Christ in this passage may well be our guide in studying the character of the prayers of the ideal Christian.

1. The ideal Christian must form the habit of prayer. It goes without saying that he will have regular times for prayer and regular places for prayer and spend much time in secret prayer and communion with God. This was characteristic of Christ. He was faithful in prayer. He spent nights in solitude and alone in prayer to God. At the great crisis of His life He devoted much time to prayer. He prayed privately and publicly. He prayed for the world, for His disciples and for Himself. The prayer habit was fixed in His life. The same must be true of the ideal Christian, for how can he be ideal in his Christianity unless he follow the example of Christ in this most important phase of soul life and development?

2. The ideal Christian should be sincere in prayer. Sincere praying is but a mockery. The insincerity of the prayers of the Pharisees was what called forth Christ's instruction upon this subject. They were hypocrites and loved to pray in public places, to be seen of men rather than to be heard of God. But what matters it how much we pray if God does not hear our prayers? The disciples were to pray rather in secret, and God would hear and answer. Prevailing prayer should be the aim and desire of all Christians, and prayer can only prevail when it comes from a sincere and loving heart.

3. The ideal Christian should be definite in prayer. Christ is definite in every attribute of the Lord's Prayer. This is especially true of His petitions. Glittering generalities are absent, and definite petitions are offered for the coming of God's kingdom, for temporal and spiritual needs. Our praying is too often indefinite. We do not think of what we are saying and are careless and indifferent and formal even in such a sacred duty as prayer to God. We should think seriously upon the subjects that we are to bring to God's mercy seat and ask only that in which we are definitely interested and place our specific wants, temporal and spiritual, before our God.

4. The ideal Christian should have faith in prayer. Faith in God's willingness and ability to answer prayer are assumed throughout the Lord's Prayer. Why ask God to bring about His kingdom unless we believe that He can hasten its coming? Why ask God for daily bread unless we believe that God can and will provide us with the needs of life? Why pray to God to forgive us our sins and to keep us from temptation if we do not believe that He has the power and desire to do so? Christ would never have taught His disciples to offer such petitions had He not taken their faith for granted. Prayer without faith is a failure. It brings no answer. It comforts no discouraged heart. It inspires and benefits no disquieted soul. It leads neither to repentance nor to satisfaction, but is a vain and useless repetition of words.

BIBLE READINGS.

Isa. i, 1-6; Ps. vi, 9; xcix, 1-9; Matt. vii, 7-11; Luke xi, 1-13; xviii, 1-14; John xi, 41, 42; xiv, 12-15; Eph. iii, 14-21; vi, 18; I Thess. v, 17; Jas. v, 13-20.

Why Join the Church?

If you are an active member of the Christian Endeavor society,

Because you have by that act declared your faith in Jesus Christ.

Because the church is the body of Christ, the instrument He uses to do His work in the world.

Because the failure of one member to take his place in the body and perform his function weakens the body by just so much.

Because fellowship in service is just as important as individual salvation. "We are laborers together."

Because the gospel of Christ is a social gospel that compels us to take account of the other fellow.

Because, if it is right for you to remain outside it is right for others, and the exercise of that right would destroy all organized, effective service.

Because you honor Christ, encourage your fellow men and help yourself by joining the church.

Because, if you fail to do it you dishonor Christian Endeavor, whose motto is, "For Christ and the Church."—William Shaw.

Dr. Clark on Penknives.

In a "Familiar Letter," published a quarter century ago, Dr. Clark urged the societies to invite Christian Endeavor speakers to their mass meetings and handle Christian Endeavor topics. He adds: "In one of the Christian Endeavor question boxes which it was my privilege to open the other day I found this question: 'In what verse in the Bible is the word "penknife" used?' I did not quite see the pertinency of the question and didn't attempt to answer it. I think there is no place in a Christian Endeavor convention for a man who confines his attention to penknives and other such small Biblical hardware." Those remarks are still to the point.

Temperance

(Conducted by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

WHY KIPLING CHANGED MIND

Noted English Author Witnessed Scene in Buffalo and at Once Altered His Opinion.

Rudyard Kipling, in some of his earlier writings, hooted at the idea of temperance, but after seeing in the city of Buffalo, N. Y., the scene in a beer hall where two girls were made drunk through the efforts of their male companions, and then taken reeling down a dark alley, he wrote the following on page 121 of American Notes:

"Then, recanting previous opinions, I became a prohibitionist. Better it is that a man should go without his beer in public places, and content himself with swearing at the narrow mindedness of the majority; better it is to poison the inside with very vile temperance drinks and to buy lager furtively at back doors, than to bring temptation to the lips of young fools such as the four I have seen. I understand now why the preacher rages against drink. I have said: 'There is no harm in it taken moderately,' and yet my own demand for beer helped directly to send two girls reeling down the dark street to—God alone knows what end. If liquor is worth drinking, it is worth taking a little trouble to come at—such trouble as a man will undergo to compass his own desires. It is not good that we should let it be before the eyes of children, and I have been a fool in writing to the contrary."

AT WHOSE DOOR THE BLAME?

Nearly 100,000 Quarts of Rum Shipped to the "Dark Continent"—Debauchery to Follow.

A few months ago the steamer Graf Waldersee of the Hamburg-American line shipped nearly 100,000 quarts of rum for the "Dark Continent." This is said to be the largest export from Boston in years. It is stated that much of the rum for Africa usually goes by sailing vessels, but they were so nearly out of the poison over there that a quicker transit was demanded.

Somebody is responsible for the debauchery of body and soul that will follow this shipment. Who is it? The manufacturers and the government must share in the woe pronounced upon him "who giveth his neighbor drink," and so must every Christian man and woman of this enlightened continent who does not use his or her influence to prevent the manufacture and sale of the deadly poison.—Our Message, official organ of the Massachusetts Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

THE SALOON BANK.

You deposit your money and lose it.
Your time and lose it.
Your character and lose it.
Your health and lose it.
Your strength and lose it.
Your self-control and lose it.
Your home comfort and lose it.
Your own soul and lose it.
The depositor awakes to find himself ruined.

Temperance Organizations.

The most effective temperance organizations in America today are the great industrial plants, and their leaders are the captains of industry. Their conclusions are based upon the unerring and consequently overwhelming testimony of the ledger. It is another case where "figures will not lie." They have discovered the persistent foe to prosperity, the sources of danger in places of trust and responsibility. In this great flanking army of business perhaps the mighty railway systems of America are the most effective corps.—Jenkin Lloyd Jones.

Liquor and Capitalist.

The grain used by the liquor traffic is wasted; labor expended upon it is wasted; money spent by the buyer of liquor is wasted.

Capital invested in the liquor traffic decreases the aggregate wealth and increases taxation. The same capital used in productive industries would add to the general prosperity and reduce the public burdens.

Alcohol a Handicap.

A Swiss experimenter, Prof. Durig, experimented in mountain climbing with and without alcohol. On the days when he used as much alcohol as would be contained in two glasses of beer he expended 15 per cent. more energy than on the non-alcoholic days, and therefore he required 21 per cent. more time to climb the mountain than on the non-alcoholic days.

Liquor in Pennsylvania.

According to the records of the internal revenue department there are 23,443 persons in Pennsylvania paying the government liquor tax. There are only 14,000 paying the state license fee, so there are 9,443 speak-easies in the "model" license state of Pennsylvania.

Only Result.

"First the man takes a drink,
Then the drink takes a drink,
Then the drink takes the man."

Cookery Points

Three Good Soups.

Consomme Royal.—Beat two eggs and mix with them half a teaspoonful of milk and one pinch of salt. Pour the beaten eggs into a basin with the milk, stand the basin in a larger one containing hot water, put this arrangement in the oven and bake until the contents of the small basin are firm. Take out and put the mixture in the small basin away to cool. When set cut into small pieces, pour over them one quart of consomme and serve.

Chicken Consomme.—Remove the fillet from a chicken and put the carcass with three pounds of fillet of veal into a stock pot with two and one-half quarts of good stock. Season with one-fourth of an ounce of salt and place the pot on the fire to boil. Add an onion stuck with two cloves, a small head of celery and two leeks. Continue to skim well as the pot simmers on the side of the fire for about three hours. Then strain the broth and clarify with the fillet of chicken previously removed. Strain once more through a cloth into a basin. This consomme should be colorless.

Consomme With Cream.—Remove the fat from two quarts of consomme, put in a stew pan and when at the point of boiling add four tablespoonfuls of ground rice previously moistened with a little stock. Boil for ten minutes and add one teaspoonful each of sugar and salt. Boil again and when the rice is quite done pour in half a pint of boiling cream.

Maple Parfait.

Pour one cupful of hot maple sirup into the well beaten yolks of six eggs, cook over boiling water until thick, remove from the fire, beat until cold, fold in one pint of cream beaten until stiff, flavor with one teaspoonful of vanilla, turn into a mold and let stand packed in salt and ice from four to five hours. Chop finely one cupful of blanched almonds, cook in oil until brown and drain. Sprinkle the parfait with the nuts before serving.

Rice and Oyster Cutlets.

To half a pint of boiled rice add a pint of oysters, dry measure and of the small variety; one small white onion chopped fine, one cupful of fine bread-crumbs moistened with cream or butter; salt and pepper to taste. The mixture should be just moist enough to shape easily into cutlets. Chill them thoroughly and then dip in beaten egg and breadcrumbs and fry in deep hot fat until a nice brown. Serve with tomato sauce.

Apple Johnnycake.

Mix a pint of cornmeal with a scant half cupful of sugar, a pinch of salt and a teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Dissolve a half teaspoonful of soda in a little milk and stir into the meal, adding milk to make batter for pancakes. A cupful and a half will be about the right quantity. Add three thinly sliced sour apples and bake in a moderate oven thirty minutes.

Eggs and Oysters.

Beat up three eggs and a tablespoonful of cream and seasoning of salt and pepper. Melt a tablespoonful of butter in a saucepan and when hot pour in the egg mixture and stir over a slow fire. When it is just beginning to thicken add a dozen oysters and let it continue to cook until the mixture is soft and creamy. Serve on toast as soon as it is done.

English Oyster Pancake.

Heat a dozen oysters in their own liquor, together with a gill of stock. When plump put them aside on a dish and make a rich batter seasoned with salt, pepper and minced parsley. Take each oyster, dip it in the batter on a skewer and put it in boiling fat. Take up and drain on paper. Garnish with watercress and serve with half lemons.

Fig Layer Cake.

Cream half a cupful of butter and one cupful of sugar and beat again, then three-quarters of a cupful of milk and two cupfuls of flour sifted with four level teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Beat and add last the whites of three eggs, folding them in lightly. Bake in three layers and spread with fig filling.

Peanut Butter.

Take freshly roasted peanuts, hulled and thoroughly winnowed, put them through a meat grinder several times until they look smooth and buttery, then add salt and cayenne pepper to taste. Sometimes a lump of sweet melted country butter is added. Beat till the whole is light and creamy.

Sausage Rolls.

Make a light biscuit dough with milk, roll out thin and cut into rounds with a biscuit cutter. In the center of each place a ball of sausage the size of a hickory nut and roll it up in the dough. Place in a baking pan, let stand for a few minutes, then bake half an hour and serve hot.

A Vegetable Salad.

Take any leftover vegetables, such as peas, beans, carrots, beets, potato, turnips, etc., and cover with a good salad dressing and arrange on lettuce or cress and decorate with either beets cut in fancy shapes or radishes. This will make a very appetizing salad.

Rheumatic Pains

are quickly relieved by an application of Sloan's Liniment. You don't need to rub—just lay on lightly. It penetrates at once to the seat of the trouble.

Here's Proof

Miss ELSTIE MANTHEY, 4229 Talman Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:—"About two years ago my mother broke down with rheumatism. The doctors didn't do any good. My mother was persuaded to try Sloan's Liniment, and in three weeks was entirely well—and I believe she is cured forever."

Relief From Rheumatism

Miss H. E. LINDELEAF, Gilroy, Calif., writes:—"My mother has used one 50c bottle of Sloan's Liniment, and although she is over 83 years of age, she has obtained great relief from her rheumatism."

Rheumatism Entirely Gone

Miss EVELLETTA MYER, of 1215 Wyoming St., Dayton, Ohio, writes:—"My mother was troubled with rheumatism and her friends advised her to get Sloan's Liniment and her rheumatism is entirely gone. At the same time the family was troubled with ring-worms—there were five ring-worms between my sisters and I and Sloan's Liniment cured every one of us in a week's time."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is the best remedy for neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, chest pains, asthma, hay fever, croup, sore throat and sprains.

At all dealers. Price, 25c., 50c., and \$1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free. Address
Dr. EARL S. SLOAN, BOSTON, MASS.



"Such shipments mean Studebaker has the confidence of the farmer"

Every year over one hundred thousand horse-driven vehicles are sold by Studebaker. Over a million Studebaker vehicles are always in use. Stop and think what that means.

This enormous output means that Farmers—the men who know—depend upon Studebaker wagons to do their work.

And a Studebaker wagon never fails. It is always ready to do a big day's work—and to keep on doing it. There are thousands of Studebaker wagons that have been in service from 20 to 40 years.

A Studebaker wagon is a real business asset. Wheels, body, frame, axles and running gear have been tested and retested by experts. You can buy cheaper wagons but they're not Studebakers, nor will they last like Studebaker wagons.

Whether in city, town or country, for business or pleasure, there is a Studebaker vehicle to meet your requirements. Farm wagons, trucks, contractors' wagons, buggies, surreys, runabouts, pony carriages, business and delivery wagons—each the best of its kind. Studebaker harness also, of every description.

See our Dealer or write us.

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South Bend, Ind.

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MINNEAPOLIS SALT LAKE CITY SAN FRANCISCO PORTLAND, ORE.



Lousy Hens

are never profitable. They cannot lay when tortured night and day by lice and mites. Dust the hens with

Pratt's Powdered Lice Killer

25c and 50c

to exterminate the body lice, and paint or spray the roosts and nests with

Pratt's Liquid Lice Killer

25c, 50c and \$1

to sweeten them up and destroy mites. That means bigger profits.

"Your money back if it fails."

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Reindollar Bros & Co., Taneytown.

Samuel Ott, Taneytown.

J. A. Kump, Kump.

E. O. Cash, Middleburg.

O. A. Haines, Silver Run.

J. McKellip, Taneytown.

Chas. E. H. Shriner, Taneytown.

N. T. Bennett, New Windsor.

E. R. Englar, Linwood.

F. M. Snader, Frizellburg.

L. E. Stauffer, Union Bridge.

THE Packard Piano IS THE BEST

People can talk about which piano is the best, but anyone who wishes to know the truth about the matter, has only to compare the PACKARD, part for part, with the leading makes of the century. We are always glad to have anyone make these comparisons, as the wonderful strides of progress made in the construction of the PACKARD Pianos is a REVELATION to all.

BIRELY'S PALACE OF MUSIC,
Frederick, Maryland.

TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN

Brief Items of Local News of Special Interest to Our Home Readers.

Robert S. McKinney attended the meeting of the Baltimore Presbytery, this week.

Miss Mary Witherow, who was quite ill for about two weeks, is able to be about again.

George R. Baumgardner and sister, Miss Margie, arrived here from Dayton, last Sunday.

Farmers have been making good use of the fine weather, this week, preparing the ground as well as planting corn.

Rev. and Mrs. I. M. Lan, of Littlestown, and Rev. Lau, of Hanover, spent Wednesday in town, visiting Mrs. Lan's aunt.

The Lutheran and Reformed Sunday Schools have organized baseball teams, and will play the first game next Thursday afternoon, Ascension day.

George E. Mottter, living three miles south of Littlestown, Pa., sold his pair of sorrel draft horses, to G. H. Heiges & Son, of York, Pa., for \$500.

Either Prof. Apple, or the Rev. Dr. Wehler, of Frederick, will preach in the Reformed church, on Sunday, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. D. J. Wolf.

Work is in progress on the new piece of road, at Trevanion, the bed of the road being removed to higher ground so as to avoid the overflow of the creek.

At the meeting for nomination of borough officers on Monday night, the old board was renominated without opposition. The election is Monday, May 5th.

Visitors at the home of B. O. Slonaker and family, this week, were Miss Gertrude Hess, of Hagerstown; Miss Blanche Slonaker, of Baltimore, and Mrs. Arthur Bell, of Littlestown.

Walter A. Bower is having gas installed in his home on Baltimore St. All who can possibly do so, should follow suit. Those who have gas would never consent to go back to lamps.

Dr. John C. O'Neal, of Gettysburg, the father of Mrs. Mary Crapster, died on Thursday night. He was 92 years of age on Tuesday, and was vigorous until about a year ago.

Rev. Seth Russel Downie attended the meeting of the Presbytery of Baltimore, this week, and delivered the annual sermon as retiring moderator. The sessions were held in Calvary church, Baltimore.

Edwin Z. Kiser, of Walbrook, was a visitor to Taneytown the first of the week. Mr. Kiser has been in the grocery business, in Baltimore, for years, and by close application has made a success of it.

Ex-Sheriff and Mrs. A. C. Basehoar, of Gettysburg, spent Sunday and Monday, with the former's sister, Mrs. D. M. Mehrling and Mrs. C. M. Benner. Mrs. Basehoar expects to spend several weeks here among relatives.

Recently, Solomon S. Shoemaker, living below Westminster, was connected by phone with the home of E. S. Hess, in Harney, where a number of hymns were sung for his benefit by members of the Lutheran congregation.

W. A. Granville, Ph. D., President of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, will preach in the Lutheran church, on Sunday morning, on the subject of education. This will be Dr. Granville's first appearance in the Taneytown church.

David R. Fogle, Oscar E. Ridinger, Chas. B. Kephart and Chas. D. Sell, attended the sessions of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, L. O. O. F., which met in Baltimore, Monday and Tuesday of this week, representing Taney Lodge No. 28, of this place.

Announcements are out, of the wedding of Mr. Wm. B. Crapster and Miss Hattie Blanche Cain, both of Washington, on April 19. Mr. Crapster is a well known Taneytown young man, while Miss Cain has been a visitor here, a number of times. The Record extends its congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Fox, spent Sunday with Dr. George Roop and family, in Keysville, and enjoyed quite a lot of their fine family orchestra music, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Roop first and second violins, also three sons and a daughter, Raymond, Curtis, Earl and Virginia. The instruments were guitar, banjo, auto harp, mandolin and violins.

Numerous mad dogs are reported in Frederick, Gettysburg and other places. In the latter place, G. W. Myers, Agt. W. M. R. R., was bitten by a dog, which has since been proven, by examination, to have been mad. Mr. Myers is undergoing the Pasteur treatment. As this is the season of the year for the rabies, it will be well to be on guard against familiarity with all dogs, especially strange ones.

Work has been stopped on the well at the milk condensing plant, due to a break in the boring machinery, and will not begin for about a week. The well is now 148 ft deep. Work is progressing on the foundation, in charge of Worthington Fringer, who also has about 700 ft of drain to dig and lay. The contract for the building has been given to Mr. Eline, of Littlestown, who will push it to completion as rapidly as possible.

The low price of oil should encourage the painting of buildings, this Summer, both in town and neighborhood.

Mrs. D. W. Garner returned home, on Tuesday, from her visit to Newark, N. J., bringing with her, Master Robert Hoagland.

The Record office booked several large orders for printing, this week, which guarantees a busy month of May, and part of June, considering orders already placed.

A surprise social was given to Howard Hollenberry and wife, of Sell's Mill, on Wednesday evening, by a large number of their friends and neighbors. A very pleasant evening was spent by all.

Wants Irish Ambassadorship.

The following letter, written by John J. McDevitt, of Wilkesbarre, or Scranton, Pa., to some years ago "cut a swell for a day" as a millionaire on a trip to New York, and gained a great deal of newspaper notoriety, is a real gem of wit and will be enjoyed by our readers. The letter was published in the Philadelphia North American, and was addressed to President Wilson:

"Dear Mr. President: I have been more or less interested in your administration and assure you that I am in hearty sympathy with all your doings. I notice, however, that you are having considerable trouble in procuring the proper type of American citizen to represent our land abroad. Believing it to be the duty of every man qualified to be ambassador to offer his services when the call is made, I wish to announce that I am prepared at a moment's notice to accept any post which you may have lying around loose.

"I do not know what you might think, but I would say, merely as a suggestion, that I would accept either England or Ireland, the latter preferred, because I am in closer touch and always have been with the Irish than any other race.

"I might add that I have always displayed the proper spirit from a patriotic view and would have been there with my gun when Lincoln issued his proclamation, but I was still in the hands of the committee and did not become an active measure for many years after.

"When our country got in that little scrap with Spain, I was living in a little Dutch town, called Bethlehem, and the war was over for some time before I knew anything about it.

"Now, Mr. President, I can sympathize with you as an office holder, for I have been in the same box myself, being constable of my ward for five years, so I can appreciate what you are up against. I am a young man, comparatively speaking, with an excellent education and in all respects would compare favorably with yourself and Bryan.

"I have always felt that it was unfortunate that fate never turned the hand of fortune my way. I am willing to confess that I am not by a great deal an ordinary man, and I know that with yourself and Bryan we could make this administration one to be remembered. I have lived as a millionaire for a day, and while I am more at home as a plain individual, I will if necessary, live up to the customs required of consular officials.

"I am not working at present and will be pleased to hear from you at once. If you are too busy, refer the letter to Bryan or some one else in your cabinet. Please give me in detail the list of all vacancies, the salaries that they pay and other essential information.

"I understand that the weather man, Moore, has left his job. What does this position pay and what are the hours?

"Would I have the privilege of conducting a ball in the reception room of the White House in case I accept one of the offers you will make? Kindly let me hear from you at once, as I have important matters to attend to and will await your answer before going further.

"The following are a few references: 'Charles McDevitt, father,' 'Joseph McDevitt, brother,' 'Hugh McGeedy, uncle,' 'Yours truly,'

"JOHN J. McDEVITT, '(Millionaire for a Day),' 'P. S.—I am going to a ball tonight in Scranton.'"

GOOD WAY TO DO BUSINESS.

R. S. McKinney Sells Reliable Remedy at Half Price and Guarantees a Cure.

When one can buy gold dollars for fifty cents, it is a good time to purchase.

In ordering a 50c bottle of Dr. Howard's celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia at 25 cents, R. S. McKinney is giving one of the greatest trade chances ever offered to the people of Taneytown.

Even though offered at half-price for introductory purposes the specific is sold under a guarantee to cure or the money will be refunded.

If food does not digest well, if there is gas or pain in the stomach, if the tongue is coated and the breath bad, if there is constipation and straining, Dr. Howard's specific will cure you. If it does not, you have druggist R. S. McKinney's personal guarantee to return your money.

Dr. Howard's specific gives quick relief and makes permanent cures of constipation, dyspepsia and all liver troubles. These are strong statements, but R. S. McKinney is giving his customers a chance to prove their truth at just half the regular price—sixty drops for 25 cents. If they are not found true, all you have to do is to ask for your money.

Description Fit the Editor.

A clerical-looking gentleman, in the hope of obtaining a contribution, entered the office of a newspaper, and finding the editor in, began:

"I am soliciting aid for a gentleman of refinement and intelligence who is in need of a little ready money, but is too proud to make known his sufferings."

"Why?" exclaimed the editor, "I'm the only man in town answering that description. What's the gentleman's name?"

"I am sorry to say I am not at liberty to disclose it."

"It must be me, parson. Heaven prosper you in your good work," said the editor, wiping away a tear.—Exchange.

GOOD QUALITY of material in Poultry Feeds is highly important, but to be perfect they must be properly balanced foods. REIN-DOLLAR BROS. & Co. 4-25-2t

Surprise Party.

(For the Record.)

A very pleasant surprise was given Mrs. Laura Troxel, near Kump, Thursday evening, April 17, when a host of her friends gathered and spent a social evening enjoying music, games, etc., until refreshments were served at a late hour, after which all departed for their homes.

Those present were: Rev. Schweitzer, Howard Bankard and wife, Richard Kessler and wife, Alonza Myers and wife, David Null and wife, Theodore Warner and wife, William Tressler and wife, Charles Kooztz and wife, Claud Myers and wife, Henry Erb and wife, Mrs. Laura Troxel; Misses Viola Marker, Mary Spangler, Lizzie and Hattie Tressler, Beulah and Lizzie Study, Edith Diehl, Bessie Warner, Margaret and Annie Myers, Viola and Sadie Warehime, Naomia Myers, Elsie Rohrbach, Emma and Grace Kooztz, Verna Bankard; Messrs Ira Stonoski, Russell Myers, Richard and Charles Rohrbach, Lloyd and Lee Study, Albert Crobb, Daniel Willet, Eugene Pentz, John Hull, Andrew Halter, Walter Crushong, Norman Diehl, Clarence Reaver, Calvin and Austin Bortner, Jno. and Henry Wolf, Norman Lemmon, Ollie Myers, Charles and Walter Eckard, Herman Smith, Jesse Ungler, Edgar Warehime, Edward Warner, Howard Bowman, Howard Myers, Geary and Elmer Kooztz, Geary, Paul, Lloyd and Grover Bankard and Charles Myers.

Drive Sick Headaches Away.

Sick headaches, sour gassy stomach, indigestion, biliousness disappear quickly after you take Dr. Ring's New Life Pills. They purify the blood and put new life and vigor in the system. Try them and you will be well satisfied. Every pill helps; every box guaranteed. Price 25c. Recommended by Robert S. McKinney, Taneytown, Md., and H. E. Fleagle, Mayberry, Md. Advertisement.

New Game Law Proposed.

Synopsis of proposed law for Maryland which will be introduced by the Maryland State Game and Fish Protective Association in the Legislature of 1914, and which will provide at least \$30,000 for game protection and propagation.

Makes it unlawful for any person to hunt, kill or pursue game in Maryland without a license, to be obtained from the clerk of the Circuit Courts of the counties and the clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore city. A resident of Maryland pays \$1.00 and a non-resident \$10.00, including clerks fees. Following the form adopted in 24 States owners of farm lands, their children or tenants, are exempt while gunning on their own or leased lands; provision is also made for a non-resident tax payer to assessed value of \$500 to be classed as a resident. The license is not transferable and expires June 1st.

Provides the manner in which licenses shall be issued, by mail if desired; safeguards the handling of the funds so that no portion of the money shall be used except for protection and propagation. Provides a penalty of not less than \$10.00 nor more than \$25.00 for violation, exempts the Susquehanna Flats and any county which already has a Resident Hunting License.

Money to be expended in the counties in proportion to number of licenses issued in said county. This means a division of the money paid by residents of Baltimore city, calculated as over half of what will be received, among the counties according to the number of licenses said county issues. For example if a county issues 5000 licenses it gets five times as much money as a county issuing 1000; if any county exempts itself from the bill, it gets nothing.

Such a law not only provides the necessary revenue for enforcing the laws, but prevents reckless and unauthorized pursuit and controls irresponsible parties and materially assists the deputy wardens. Our present system of local non-resident county licenses brings in no revenue for game protection and is useless, and has been abandoned by every state excepting Maryland and North Carolina.

Pains in the Stomach.

If you continually complain of pains in the stomach, your liver or your kidneys are out of order. Neglect may lead to dropsy, kidney trouble, diabetes or Bright's disease. Thousands recommend Electric Bitters as the very best stomach and kidney medicine made. H. T. Alston, of Raleigh, N. C., who suffered with pain in the stomach and back, writes: "My kidneys were deranged and my liver did not work right. I suffered much, but Electric Bitters was recommended and I improved from the first dose. I now feel like a new man." It will improve you, too. Only 50c and \$1.00. Recommended by Robert S. McKinney, Taneytown, Md., and H. E. Fleagle, Mayberry, Md. Advertisement.

The Only Way to Win.

It takes a little courage And a little self-control, And some grim determination If you want to reach a goal. It takes a deal of striving, And a firm and stern set chin, No matter what the battle, If you're really out to win.

There's no easy path to glory, There's no rosy road to fame, Life, however we may view it, Is no simple parlor game; But its prizes call for fighting For endurance and for grit, For a rugged disposition And a "don't-know-when-to-quit." You must take a blow or give one, You must risk and you must lose, And expect that in the struggle You will suffer from a bruise. But you mustn't wince or falter If a fight you once begin, Be a man and face the battle— That's the only way to win.

All on Her Mind.

An officious neighbor, observing a bride of two weeks chopping kindling, took occasion to remonstrate with her and to offer some advice on the subjugation of husbands.

The bride did not welcome the suggestions. "Jimmie," she said, proudly and haughtily, defending her husband, "has things on his mind of more importance than kindling."

"Well! Haven't you?" snapped the would be agitator.

"Why no," the bride answered modestly, blushing a little. "All I have on my mind is Jimmie."—Harper's Magazine.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

General Advertisements will be inserted under this heading at one cent a word, each issue. Real Estate for sale, Two Cents each word. The name and address of advertiser must be put at same rate; two initials, or a date, counted as one word. Cash in advance, unless other terms are mutually agreed upon. Postage Stamps received as cash.

SPRINGERS 1 1/2 to 2 pounds, Highest Price. All kinds of poultry wanted. Squabs, 24 to 25c per pr. **Good Calves**, 8c, 50% for delivering. —SCHWARTZ'S Produce.

HIGHEST CASH Prices paid for Eggs, Calves and Poultry. 50% for delivering. Cakes Tuesday evening or Wednesday morning. —G. W. MOTTIER. 6-10-12

HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for country produce. Chickens, Eggs, Calves —50% for delivering calves.—Farmers' Produce Co., C. A. Fox, Mgr., Taneytown. 4-11-3-tf

FRESH COW for sale by SAMUEL BISHOP, near Taneytown.

PURSE FOUND, containing money. Owner can recover same at Record Office.



I WILL BE at the Central Hotel, Taneytown, Thursday, May 1st.—Dr. C. L. Kefauver, Optometrist. Having started in the Jewelry Business, I am prepared to do all kinds of repairing. All orders left at Central Hotel will receive prompt attention.

SWEET CORN Seed for Sale.—Wm. H. FLICKINGER, near Oregon School House.

CYPRESS WATER TANK, 6x6ft circular, good as new, for sale by H. L. BAUMGARDNER, Taneytown.

FOR SALE—Juvenile Bicycle, coaster model. Sold cheap.—PAUL BANKARD.

VACUUM CLEANERS for sale and rent. Clean your carpets with less work.—REIN-DOLLAR BROS. & Co.

THE COST OF STORM Insurance will be slightly higher after May 10—an addition of 25c per \$1000., on barns and out-buildings. A further advance is likely to be made, almost any time.—P. B. ENGLAR, Agt., Taneytown. 4-25-2t

ATLANTIC CITY—Persons visiting Atlantic City will find splendid accommodations at Virginia Villa, 145 S. Virginia Ave., near beach and steel pier. Reasonable Rates.—MRS. M. KOONS. 4-11-5t, eov

HOME-MADE SALES of Good things to eat, Saturday, April 26, afternoon and evening, at Young's Store Room.—LUTHERAN Y. P. M. S.

MEN'S STRAW HATS.—Koons Bros. styles, for Men and Boys.—Koons Bros.

LOST—Purse containing money. Finder please return to Record office, for reward.

WILD MALLARD DUCK Eggs for sale.—ALLEN F. FREESER, Taneytown, Md. R. D. 1.

NEW SPRING SHOES.—Men, Women and Children, when you need Shoes, come where you can see the largest assortment in Taneytown.—KOONS BROS.

SPRING WAGON—W. H. RODKEY, at Uniontown, has a good Spring Wagon and will sell it at a reasonable price. 4-18-3t

FOR RENT—Canning Factory in Taneytown, with all necessary machinery.—A. MARTIN. 4-11-tf

HORSE-TRAINING AND BREAKING—I will break and train horses and colts of all kinds; bad to shoe, kickers, balky horses, halter pullers, etc. Every horse must give satisfaction, or no charge.—C. R. BAUMGARDNER, Harney, in care of Emanuel Fuss. 4-11-5t

WOOL WANTED, in any quantity, for highest cash prices.—S. I. MACKLEY, Phone 15K, Union Bridge. 4-11-3m

ALL THE LATEST Spring Millinery at MRS. M. J. GARDNER'S. Give us a call. The latest in Shoes of all kinds, Waists, Underwear, etc. 3-21-tf

WANTED—Hides and Furs of all kinds. S. I. MACKLEY, Union Bridge. Phone 15K. 11-1-tf

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned as Administratrix of Emanuel P. Bair, late of Carroll county, deceased, will sell at public sale, on the premises, situated about 1 mile east of Taneytown, on the road known as the mill road, on

SATURDAY, MAY 3rd, 1913, at 12 o'clock, sharp, the following personal property:

ONE BLACK MARE, perfectly gentle; 2 good milch cows, a brood sow, spring wagon, 2 horse wagon, hay cart, buggy, sleigh, dung sled, new barbed wire, new spring-tooth harrow, roller, corn plows, barrow, single shovel, new barbed wire, potato wagon, wheelbarrow, log chain, cutting box, 1 corn sheller, single and double trees, jack-screw, clover seed sower, feeding pan, lot of carpenter tools, axes, saws, barrels and boxes, lot of lumber, 2 scoop shovels, forks, rakes, shovels, hog crate, barrels, grindstone, one set of front gear, buggy harness, collars, bridles, cow chains, middle rings, chicken coops, can crude oil, flax seed, trestles, digging iron, maul and wedges, corn shovels, lot of sacks, etc.; also, a lot of household furniture—1 bedstead, dressing bureau, wash stand, chests, tables, wanting, a lot of chairs, cook stove, cupboard, two new milk cans, lot of fruit jars, wash tubs, churn, benches, lot of crocks, 8 brooms, scales, cherry seeder, apple parer, sausage cutter and stuffer, hair clipper, barrel of vinegar, wood box, graphophone and records, pitcher and glasses, shot gun, cat rifle, ice cream freezer, gambrel sticks, hickory 4th interest in 65 Acres of Growing Wheat, about 20 bu of shelled corn, a lot of oats, and many other articles.

TERMS: Sums of \$5.00 and under, cash. On sums above \$5.00, 10 months will be given on note with approved security, with interest.

LAURA B. BAIR, Administratrix.

Bond & Parke, Solicitors. J. N. O. Smith, Aucr.

Left the Dean Chuckling. The dean of the law department was very busy and rather cross. The telephone rang.

"Well, what is it?" he snapped. "Is that the city gas works?" said a woman's soft voice.

"No, madam," roared the dean; "this is the University Law Department."

"Ah," she answered, in the sweetest of tones, "I didn't miss it so far, after all did I?" And the weary dean chuckled all day long.

"Taneytown's Leading Fashion Store."

Butterick Patterns, 10c & 15c

Koons Bros.

DEPARTMENT STORE.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

WOMEN'S STYLISH FOOTWEAR

The first thing a well-dressed woman should consider is her shoes. Unless her shoes look well and fit well, her appearance and comfort must suffer. We have a complete line of the best shapes in Gun Metal, Kid, Patent Leather, and Tan leather.

White Shoes, White Pumps and White Oxfords, for Women and Children.

Children's Oxfords and One-strap Pumps in White, Tan, Patent Leather, and Gun Metal.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT of Ladies' and Children's Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps to be found. Over 100 different styles to select from.

Spring Sale of Wash Fabrics

The greatest showing of wash fabrics that ever delighted the eyes of women. Dainty Lawns, Domestic Novelty Cottons, as well as Silk and Cotton Mixed Fabrics, claim the attention.

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF

Red Seal Tephys GINGHAMS

This is the ideal fabric for women's tailored waists, home and outing dresses, also for children's blouses and dresses. Smooth and strong, and guaranteed fast colors.

Men's Oxfords and Shoes

A large line to select from. All the new Spring shoes in Tan, Gun Metal and Patent Leather.

We carry the Largest Line of Footwear in town, and we have all the new styles.

YOUNG MAN!

How about that **NEW SPRING SUIT** Do you know that we can show you the most stylish line of **Made-to-Order and Ready-made Clothing.**

A full line of **Ladies' Muslin Underwear.**

BOYS' SPRING SUITS.

Ladies, Don't Forget We handle the most popular **AMERICAN LADY** and **W. B. CORSETS** 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50

Have you seen our Men's and Women's

All Leather Work Shoes

Have you seen our Men's and Women's

All Leather Work Shoes

Enthusiasm Grows More and More Every Day Over Our Showing of BEAUTIFUL TRIMMED HATS

For Spring and Summer

A splendid showing, including milans, hemp, clip and fancy straw braids; all the newest models, trimmed with novelty feathers; many pretty flowers and ribbons of all descriptions, cleverly arranged.

Many New Models have just arrived

Original and Smart Ways of Trimming are Distinguished Features in Our Showing.

UNTRIMMED HATS. TRIMMING MATERIAL. GIRLS' AND MISSES' HATS.

Milton University

(Incorporated under the Laws of Maryland)
310 W. Hoffman St., BALTIMORE, MD.

Offers complete courses in residence (day and night classes) and by correspondence during twelve months in the year for all **Civil Service positions**, and at rates far below those charged by other teaching schools; also Shorthand and Business Subjects.

Strong Courses in Languages, Mathematics and Sciences, Pharmacy, Chemistry, etc., leading to diploma and degrees. For particulars, address The President, 310 W. Hoffman St., Baltimore, Md. 4-18-1y

Clothing of Quality

Not the Ordinary Kind

Hundreds of the handsomest patterns you have ever seen, all at money saving prices.

See the Famous "Styplus" Suits, at \$17. You can't match them elsewhere for \$20.

Let us make you a Suit to Order.

Sharrer & Gorsuch

Westminster, Md.

Carroll Co's Big and Only Exclusive Clothing Store.

Coughs

Hard coughs, old coughs, tearing coughs. Give Ayer's Cherry Pectoral a chance. Sold for 70 years.

Ask Your Doctor.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned as administrator of Charles Wesley Winemiller, will sell at public sale on the premises, on the Taneytown and Bruceville road, on

SATURDAY, MAY 17th, 1913, at 12 o'clock, the following described personal property:

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of 1 Parlor Organ, 2 bedsteads and bedding, writing desk, 40 yards of carpet, 1 churn, lot of chairs, mirrors, stands, tubs and buckets, queensware and glassware, lamps, lot of brooms, jars, 3 barrels of vinegar, etc.

THREE HEAD OF HOGS, two are sows, one will farrow soon, the other a boar; 1 good buggy, 1 old buggy, 1 set buggy harness, lot of harness, 1 spring wagon, 1 runabout, 1 sleigh, lot of flynets, 1 buggy pole, 2 buggy jacks, 2 plows, 1 harrow, lot of forks and shovels, grindstone, pump, push cart, cutting box, straw knife, corn drag, crowbar, lantern, cider mill, sewing horse, 1 corn sheller, iron kettle and many other articles not mentioned.

TERMS: All sums of \$5.00 and under, cash; on sums above \$5.00 a credit of six months will be given on note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale. No goods to be removed until settled for.

GEORGE H. WINEMILLER, Administrator.

Also, at the same time and place, I will offer a lot of Household Furniture, Farming Implements and Carpenter Tools, on the above terms.

4-18-3t **GEO. H. WINEMILLER.**

Taneytown Grain and Hay Market.

Corrected weekly, on day of publication.

Prices paid by The Rein-dollar Co.

Wheat	1.03@1.03
Corn	55@55
Rye	70@70
Oats	35@35
Timothy Hay	8.00@10.00
Mixed Hay	10.00@10.00
Bundle Rye Straw	12.00@13.00

Baltimore Markets.

Corrected Weekly.

Wheat	1.09@1.10
Corn	56@58
Oats	38@40
Rye	65@67
Hay, Timothy	16.00@17.00
Hay, Mixed	15.00@16.00
Hay, Clover	10.00@12.00
Straw, Rye bales	17.00@18.00