





### Thankless Jobs.

There are no positions of greater local importance than those which have to do with the management of the affairs of small towns and churches, and none which receive less in the way of emoluments of cash or gratitude. These positions are supposed to be sought for, or at least accepted, because of the honor attached to them, but it is a question whether the amount of honor which pays for the actual time spent, and the ability exerted, for the benefit of the bodies in question.

Very frequently, such officials have the handling and management of large sums, involving a knowledge of financial affairs possessed by a comparatively few; and, although time and labor is donated, and the business affairs of the bodies concerned with studious care for the best interests of the whole, the officials are nevertheless often severely criticized, as well as discriminated against in their private affairs, because of some action taken during their gratuitous service for the town, or church, which does not meet with unanimous approval.

It is unnecessary to say that this criticism usually comes from those who would be absolute failures as public officials, and in most cases entirely without foundation. It is enough to say that the officials are not responsible for the laws and regulations which they are in duty bound to enforce, that they in nowise profited by their enforcement, and that it is to their credit as officials to conduct a proper and wise administration, their critics nevertheless consider it their rightful privilege to administer censure almost without stint.

Frequently, the acceptance of such offices stands for real self-sacrifice. Those who are materially, and by business training, equipped for the work, as a rule, are busy men—who need all their time and brain for their own business, but who endanger their own interests for the sake of attending to the interests of others. In other words, they become servants of the public, without remuneration, and for the sake of what is considered duty, and at the same time pay a price for the privilege.

The fact that an official serves without pay is not a good reason why he should not be criticized when wrong; certainly, the people have a right to expect good service from all who accept office, for the reason that such acceptance is voluntary and carries with it not only a pledge to the people but a more binding obligation to duty under the laws—the oath of office; but, the people owe a duty to their servants for the time being; a duty which is none the less binding than that devolving upon the latter, though not exactly specified by promise or oath, is the failure to appreciate and observe the duty which is responsible for the thanklessness connected with offices of the class mentioned, and which stands in the way of securing, oftentimes, the best grade of public officials. It is decidedly easier to criticize than to originate—easier to be unjust than just.

### Vox Populi.

The following, from the New Haven Register, meets with our approval in the main, and yet there must be exceptions, as there are to all rules. Anything that is healthy and fit to print, which may aid in educating public sentiment, undoubtedly deserves publicity, whether or not it exactly meets the views of the Editor, but protection must be had against blatant agitators and those who would overturn systems of known public benefit.

For instance, no good could possibly come from the publication of articles against Christianity, our public school system, or the enforcement of law and order, but there are those ready to take up the negative side of each of these subjects. There must, therefore, be taken into consideration the legitimacy of the subjects discussed, before one subscribes to entire freedom in the expression of views in print.

There are lesser reasons than those above named, as to why the editorial prerogative should be at times exercised against correspondents, the sum of which stands for a respectable and many tone for a newspaper. Mere personal flings and mischievous expressions belittle a newspaper, to the extent that its influence may be greatly reduced with the better class of readers; in other words, its chief asset is squandered and it becomes a disreputable guide, unworthy of existence.

Nothing the exceptions, we can subscribe to the Register's sentiments and recommend them for adoption by our readers:

"There is no feature of a newspaper that is more interesting to editors and readers alike than the communications sent it by subscribers for publication. In a well regulated newspaper office it is not the slightest consequence whether the views expressed are in sympathy with those of the journal or in opposition. It is enough that they are expressed in a straightforward and self-respecting manner. That done, they are welcomed and printed.

It has been the aim of the Register for generations to open its columns to those who have independent views to express. It has been a conviction with us that our readers have a moral right to use our columns as freely as they use the news purposes of the institution will permit, which carries with it the admission upon our part that we have no moral right to use our columns to persecute only what is interesting and convincing to us. It was this understanding of our obligation to the public which made us, twenty years ago, print with entire impartiality and freedom from bias the news accounts of political conventions and meetings with which we are not in sympathy."

### An Old-fashioned Contest.

The Illinois republican state convention was one of the good old-fashioned kind, in which balloting continued for days before a candidate was selected for Governor. While such occasions are very tumultuous affairs, and lead to considerable personal "scrapping," they are still less dangerous than "packed" conventions in which the voice of the majority is scarcely heard, and where the iron rule of the organization passes for harmony, but which in reality is like the harmony brought about by the use of a club.

The people can be pretty safely trusted to settle their differences. A fair open contest leaves scars for a time, but ultimately the knowledge of an open field and fair fight brings submission to the will of the majority and earnest support to the victor. On the other hand, the knowledge that all shades of opinion have not been equally given a show, that states have been fixed in advance, and that the bosses, not the people, have shaped the result, leaves sulkiness and a determination to "get even" in the future. Party enthusiasm can be kept alive, and on the alert, only when the field is left free to all—when individuals may enter the arena and win, if they can, on their merits.

The winner of the Illinois contest will have hearty respect for his opponents, because of the contest they gave him, while the latter will realize that they lost through the legitimate fortunes of politics, and that, though defeated they are not dismayed but have the knowledge that at some future time victory may yet be theirs. This feeling cannot, and does not, exist in some other states wherein party nominations go only to the favored ones on the inside of the treatment, leaving to those on the outside the pleasant task of getting over their discomfiture as best they can, or the alternative of abject surrender to the generals.

### The Coming Baltimore.

That the new business section of Baltimore will excel that of any other city in the country in beauty of architecture if not in height and capacity of buildings—seems to be a conclusion without doubt. Although there is great pressure for haste in the erection of buildings, in order that trade interests may not suffer, the scarcity of labor may be a blessing in disguise, as it will give builders time to secure designs and plans of a more modern and ornate character than if building could be prosecuted with a rush.

The sketches of architect's drawings which have been appearing in the papers of the city, give ample assurance for the prediction of a beautiful new city on the ruins of the old. The change will be all the more pronounced for the reason that Baltimore was built largely on the cheap, old-fashioned plan, the era of the modern skyscraper, and the ornate in commercial and office buildings, having but recently appeared in the city.

"Old Baltimore," somehow, was fairly descriptive of the city, coupled as it was with the southern tendency toward being a little slow and self-satisfied. The opportunity to take on the cognomen of "New Baltimore" has been purchased at a terrific cost, and certainly there is a feeling that ultimate glorification is not a matter for present satisfaction; still, like the natural sorrow which oppresses one in cases of death, present regrets will have largely passed away in a few years, and the thought that the future is worth living and planning for will hold sway.

### Floral Antiseptic

Tooth Powder. Efficient and exceedingly agreeable. It thoroughly cleanses the teeth, freshens the breath sweet, and the gums healthy. Contains nothing injurious. Cap bottles only 10 cents—at McKellip's Drug Store.

### A Good Law.

One of the most beneficial laws enacted by the last Legislature is that committing dependent insane patients to the care of the State. The bill is briefly as follows: "From and after January 1, 1909, the State of Maryland shall be charged with the maintenance, care, control and treatment of all dependent insane persons who are at that time residents of the State of Maryland."

In furtherance of the purposes of the act a commission is to be appointed by the Governor, of which the Governor is to be the chairman, consisting of the Lunacy Commission, which shall report to the Legislature at the beginning of the next session such changes in the lunacy laws of the state as may be desirable and such plans for the enlargement of the state hospitals for the insane as may be necessary to accommodate the increased number of patients.

The bill was drafted by the secretary of the Lunacy Commission, Dr. George J. Preston, upon the basis of the law of New Hampshire which has been revised. Dr. Preston has had personal knowledge of the deplorable condition of the helpless insane who are confined in county almshouses, out-houses and jails throughout the state. This observation has been sufficient to make him a most earnest advocate of a better system, both as a physician and a humane man.

He has for some years back urged upon the Legislature the importance of a reform, and he is to be congratulated upon his final success. The state and the unfortunate patients are also to be congratulated upon the achievement of one of the most worthy reforms of recent years.

Under state care there is for the patients entertainment, occupation, kindly nursing and scientific treatment. Under the county system, confinement, no occupation or entertainment, negligent care, no treatment and women not safe from outrage. The condition of the insane in some of the counties has been a blot upon the reputation of the state and a disgrace and a scandal.

There are now in Maryland at this time about 2,100 dependent insane patients, not including 100 feeble-minded who are supported by the state. Of these 2,100 patients about 1,000 are at the two state asylums, or hospitals, Springfield and Spring Grove; 500 are in the county asylums or almshouses; and the remainder at Bayview and Mount Hope. The public cost of these patients is paid partly by the state and partly by the city and each county pays its proportion of the cost. At present the cost is about \$300,000 a year. Dr. Preston estimates the cost under the

new law, all of which will be paid by the state, at about \$150,000. If this is correct the tax-payer will fare better, while the cause of humanity will be advanced. Account must also be taken of the cures which will be made by proper treatment. Springfield Hospital, in Carroll county, a state institution, has a most beautiful and fertile farm, containing about 700 acres. There is an excellent plant there, the buildings being arranged on the cottage system, with a central administration building. All that will be necessary for the accommodation of the additional patients will be the erection of more cottages, which are of an inexpensive character. Upon the ample grounds of this splendid farm the patients find recreation and useful employment, with everything to promote health and contentment. —Catoonsville Argus.

### What Congress Did Not Do.

One of the strongest arguments for the increase of the presidential term to six years is the effect of an approaching presidential election on our Congress. The last session before the election may be compared to nothing that can be by remote possibility antagonized any set of voters. Inaction and postponement are the order of the days. In this regard the Congress whose session has just ended is most conspicuous.

Canal legislation has been completed, to be sure, but what an array of measures earnestly desired by the people at large have been allowed to die! Prominent among these is the Hepburn-Doolittle bill, protecting prohibition states against liquor importations from non-prohibition territory. The Smoot case is another. Still another is the bill to protect the life of the President.

There are the Frye bill for the destruction of derelicts, the national pure-food law, Gillett's civil-service bills, the bills extending our naturalization laws to Porto Rico and providing a delegate from that island, the proposition for an Appalachian forest reserve, Senator Lodge's proposed grading of the consular service, Mr. Lovett's bill for the retirement pay of three-quarters pay of veterans in the life saving service, the bill for the preservation of the California big trees, the bill for the Pilgrim memorial at Provincetown where they first landed, the clean-money bill, the post check bill, the new-states bill, the anti-injunction bill, and the eight-hour bill.

These measures are, of course, of greatly varying value and importance, but all of them were shelved, especially in a session that has closed earlier than any other during the last forty years. —C. E. World.

### The Real Farmer.

M. K. Boyer, in the Farm Journal, says: "There are quite a number of jokes cracked at the expense of the farmer, or the 'Reuben,' as city folk delight in styling him. But after all the cities are more crowded with genuine Reubens—two to one—than can be found out on God's broad acres."

Look at the list of financial wrecks strewn along the shores of the city. See the thousands who are "taken in" by get-rich-quick concerns, by wild-cat schemes, by foolhardy speculations. Who are these victims? Where did they come from? Born and raised in the backwoods, and this their first experience at "making money without work?" You might think so, but the truth is they are city-bred and have been raised on the very threshold upon which they meet their Waterloo.

They are the men who paint the farmer in all sorts of comic dress and manner; they are the ones who imagine that the farmer is lacking in brain power and that the life he leads is one continual happy-go-lucky affair—an occupation that requires no study and which only calls for muscular labor.

The fact that a man was born and raised where brick houses and pavements predominate is no more proof of intelligence than is ignorance established by birth on a farm.

As an unknown writer puts it: "The farmer of the stage and of the humorist press is about as near like the real farmer as the real American is to the man who buys the gold brick in the ingrammatical scare-crow in cowhide boots and ragged hat, 'with a little bunch of whiskers on his chin,' but the man who thinks the modern farmer looks like that."

The truth is the American farmer is up to date, and in most sections enjoys most of the conveniences of the city, and these, too, coupled with advantage that city folk do not have.

Electric light and gas companies are extending their lines to the rural districts, the electric cars go by the farmhouse door, the telephone is found in the country home and the free delivery brings the mail direct. All these conveniences are costly in the city; they are comparatively cheap on the farm.

As the prosperity of the country is measured by its crops, the farmer surely holds the entire situation in his hands.

Who is to be pitied—he who is free and independent, who enjoys a purity of food, of water, of air, or he who is a slave to others, who has a hand-to-mouth living, who is compelled to eat food and drink water that is full of adulteration and contamination, who breathes in his lungs a polluted air and whose life is one beat by temptations?

J. McKellip, Druggist, does not hesitate to recommend Kodol Dyspepsia Cure to his friends and customers. Indigestion causes more ill health than anything else. It deranges the stomach, and brings on all manner of diseases. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat, cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders. Kodol is not only a perfect digestant but a tissue building tonic as well. Renewed health, perfect strength and increased vitality follow its use.

## Ayer's

When the nerves are weak everything goes wrong. You are tired all the time, easily discouraged, nervous, and irritable. Your cheeks are pale and your blood is thin. Your doctor says you are threatened with a nervous breakdown. He orders this grand old family medicine.

For more than 30 years I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family. It is a grand tonic, pure blood—D. C. Root, West Haven, Conn. S. D. A. Root, Lowell, Mass.

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills, just one pill each night.

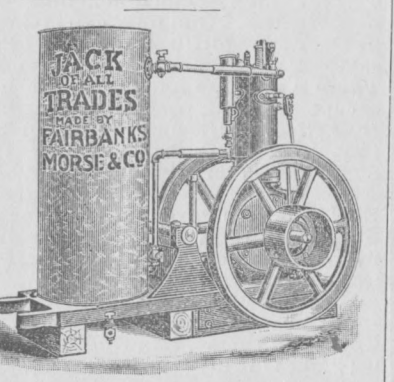
Moneyed men of their own party throughout the country. In such an event the size of the fund at their disposal is likely to be considerably larger than was the case in the last two preceding Presidential contests. The policy of raising more and more money every four years for conducting campaigns is one which cannot be defended on sound grounds of public policy. It is, of course, true that as the population of the country increases the work of reaching the people and getting out the vote becomes more complicated. This, however, is not a sufficient excuse for reliance upon money as one of the important factors in deciding who shall be the President of the United States. It is not necessary to assume that the bulk of the cash thus collected will be spent in bribing voters. It is doubtless a fact that most of it goes for other purposes. Nevertheless, the use of such huge sums is an evil which ought to be condemned, for it tends toward political demoralization in many respects. Heavy contributors to campaign funds in either party are, pretty sure, in case of the success of the organization with which they are identified, to expect a quid pro quo of some sort, in the shape of appointment to high office, at home or abroad, or in the extension of governmental favors to the business interests with which they are connected. This practice in either instance is an assault upon the principles which underlie honest and efficient representative government. —Philadelphia Bulletin.

### A Sure Thing.

It is said that nothing is sure except death and taxes, but that is not altogether true. Dr. King's New Discovery is a sure cure for all lung and throat troubles. Thousands can testify to that. Mrs. C. E. VanMetre of Shepleytown, W. Va., says: "I had a severe case of Bronchitis and for a year tried everything I heard of but got no relief. One bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me absolutely." It's infallible for Croup, Whooping Cough, Grip, Pneumonia and Consumption. Try it. It's guaranteed by R. S. McKinney, Druggist. Trial bottles free. Regular sizes 50c, \$1.00.

### EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATORS!

Over 1400 sold in my territory alone! Shall We Bring You One? If you are keeping Cows for profit, you can't afford to be without the EMPIRE Cream Separator and a Silo.



Fairbanks Morse Gasoline Engine 2 H. P. to 150 H. P. The two greatest powers on earth—Uncle Sam and Fairbanks Morse Gasoline Engine. What do they do? They run the above Cream Separator to perform the work of wood, run churning, corn, run fodder cutters, grinders, shearing machines, blowers, forges, lathes, grinders, stone, pipe cutters, horse clippers, and a hundred other things.

HARNESS! HARNESS! Oh! Yes! By the way, how about a new set of Harness, cheap? I sold out entirely on Saturday, and have received another lot—all of which I want you to come and see for yourself.

D. W. GARNER, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Special Sale in HARNESS AT DOYLE & HAINES' WESTMINSTER, MD.

We have purchased—100 SETS OF Buggy and Carriage Harness.

and will sell at very low prices for the next 30 days. Do not miss this opportunity if you want good Harness at a very low figure.



The 1900 Ball-Bearing Washing Machine! Send for one on 30 days' trial. Also a fine lot of other makes in stock. Send for Circulars and Prices. Repairs for the same. Second-hand Machines, 50c and up. L. K. BIRELY, Agent, MIDDLEBURGH, MD.

## YOUNT'S Bulletin for May!

Sunbonnets, 15c. The 25c kind; assorted Lancaster gingham in blue, brown and green checks; also Percales in plain brown and blue, made with double row stitching, ruffle or plain edge. Your choice, 15c, this month only.

Glass Tumblers, 3c. Full size, wide shape, plain glass, well finished. Regular price, 5c. This month, 3c each.

Handy Ironing Wax, 2c. Large cone covered with cloth, with wood handle. This month, only 2c each.

Women's Shoes.—The low cut every-day style, Dongola, Kangaroo Calf and Grain leather. Your choice for \$1 pair.

Men's Heavy Shoes—assorted at \$1.25 pair. The usual \$1.50 kind.

Window Shades—first quality, best spring roller, 20c each.

Adjustable Window Strips—5c each.

Rochester Tea Kettle—Nickel plated on copper, \$1.00.

Reflector Kitchen Lamp—complete, 25c.

Footed Glass Lamp—with handle, complete 25c.

Coal Oil Johnny Soap—5c cake

50c Japanned Waiter—largest size; 25c while they last.

Men's Hats—latest styles, color brown and black. \$1.00 for your choice.

Nickel Alarm Clocks—best make, \$1.00.

Tin Milk Skimmer—with handle, 5c.

Looking Glass—white frame, size 7x9 inch, 10c.

Flower Garden Trowel—5c.

Men's Overalls—brown plaid; the 75c quality, for 50c.

F. M. YOUNT, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Beef, Iron AND Wine

A Valuable Nutritive Tonic Promotes Digestion, Improves the Appetite, and Gives Energy to the Entire System.

Full Pint Bottle, 60 Cents

ROBT S. MCKINNEY, DRUGGIST, TANEYTOWN, MD.

1904 ECONOMY SILO! With Patent Broken Stave Doorway.

A Marvel of Perfection and Simplicity. Built entirely on Mechanical and Scientific principles.

New and Up-to-date Factory located at Frederick, Maryland.

Low Freight Rates. Send for Catalogue and further information to—

JERE J. GARNER, Agent for the Economy Silo & Tank Co., 325-3m TANEYTOWN, MD.

McCormick MACHINERY.

I have the agency for this section for the well known McCormick Machinery, consisting of—



Binders, Mowers, Horse Rakes and repairs for all kinds. These machines are too well known to need either description or recommendation—they are simply THE BEST. Call, before purchasing, and examine for yourself.

O. T. SHOEMAKER, Agent, Taneytown, Md.

THE TRIBUNE FARMER —AND— THE CARROLL RECORD BOTH PAPERS

Only \$1.25 for One Year.

## Hesson's Department Store.

Look at This! 5000 Yards of Lawns, at 5c and up. 1000 Yards of White Waistings—the prettiest assortment you have ever seen—at 10c and up.

Large Assortment of India Silks, Wash Silks, Pongee and Crepe-de-Chine, at Right Prices.

Ready-made Clothing

Our Assortment is the Largest; our styles are the latest and most Up-to-date, at Prices lower than ever.

Carpets and Millinery Department on Second Floor.

D. J. HESSON, - - - Taneytown, Md.

The Birnie Trust Co., TANEYTOWN, MD. TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Receives Deposits subject to Check. Pays Interest on time Deposits, Discounts Business Notes. Makes Loans on approved security. Gives Special Rates to Weekly and Monthly Depositors. Legal Depository for Trust Funds. Collections promptly attended to. Authorized to accept TRUSTS of every description—as Receiver, Trustee, Administrator, Executor, Assignee or Guardian. We have SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT, inside a Fire and Burglar proof vault, at from \$1.00 to \$300 per year, according to size. You have VALUABLE PAPERS, such as Insurance Policies, Deeds, Mortgage, Bonds, Stocks, Certificates, etc., which should be kept in a safe place—you cannot afford to be without a box at this price.

Note the Progress of this Bank in the last 5 Years.

TOTAL DEPOSITS.	TOTAL LOANS.
Feb. 9, 1900..... 302,297.09	Feb. 9, 1900..... 200,373.43.
Feb. 9, 1901..... 342,330.46	Feb. 9, 1901..... 235,963.30.
Feb. 9, 1902..... 285,592.20	Feb. 9, 1902..... 277,336.43.
Feb. 9, 1903..... 321,304.03.	Feb. 9, 1903..... 333,439.56.
Feb. 9, 1904..... \$352,944.58.	Feb. 9, 1904..... \$346,794.53.

DIRECTORS: EDW. E. REINHOLD, President, J. J. WEAVER, JR., Vice-President, MARTIN D. HESS, GEORGE H. BIRNIE, Cashier, G. WALTER WILDT, Asst. Cashier, EDWIN H. SHARETTS, HARVEY E. WEAVER.

If You are Looking FOR BARGAINS IN SHOES, HATS, AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

It will pay you to visit our store and get prices before buying elsewhere.

Having taken the agency for a new line of Ladies' Shoes, we will close our present stock of \$3.00 and \$3.50 Shoes at \$2.50.

Remember we carry everything that is new and up-to-date in Neckwear, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear, Suspenders, Overalls, Trunks and Suit Cases. Give us a call.

WM. C. DEVILBISS, 22 W. Main St., Westminster, Md.

Millinery! Millinery! Millinery!

We are now ready, and invite the public to call and examine our New Stock of Up to date Millinery, such as—Hats, Hat Trimmings, Ribbons, Notions, and everything that is necessary to a First-class Millinery business, IN UNION BRIDGE.

We solicit your patronage, and guarantee satisfaction and prices. Give us a call before going elsewhere. No charge to examine goods; we are always glad to see you.

Yours for Fair Dealing, J. WILLIAM HULL, Proprietor, MISS ELIZABETH GRAVES, of Armstrong, Cator & Co., Manager, UNION BRIDGE, MD.

N. B.—The Jewelry and Notion Business will be continued in Taneytown.

J. J. ELLIS, OHAS. J. STOLL.

ELLIS & STOLL, (Successors to ELLIS & BONSAKE) Commission Merchants

Main Office and Warehouse, 17 W. Camden St. - Baltimore, Md. Branches—1331 W. Baltimore St., and Patapsco Ave. (Brooklyn)

SPECIALTIES OF THIS SEASON: Potatoes, Poultry, Dressed Pork, Butter and Eggs

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SPRING GOODS —IN GREAT VARIETY, AT—

OAK HALL!

Novelties in Wash Goods, Woolen Suitings, Trimmings in great variety. Clothing in great variety.

CLOTHING. \$3.500 worth of Clothing to be sold at a big bargain. The bulk of it is new Goods—owing to the lateness of the season, we make the sacrifice. Suits from \$10.00 to \$10.00, worth one third more. Will take measure, with fit guaranteed, from \$15.00 to \$30.00. 300 samples to select from. Agents for Brethren's Suits.

Splendid lines of Mattings and Carpets, cheap. Try "Vim" for Breakfast, and you will be happy all the day.

New Windsor, Md. GEORGE C. ANDERS.

HORSES AND COWS WANTED! DAVID B. SHAM BUTCHER.

Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meats. Highest Cash Price always paid for Fat Cattle, Hogs, Lambs, Calves, Beef Hides and Furs of all kinds. Proprietor of—

Taneytown Meat Market. Regular wagon service throughout the adjoining country.

## Classified Advertisements.

Dentistry. J. S. MYERS, D. D. S. I. E. MYERS, D. D. S. MYERS BROS., Surgeon Dentists, WESTMINSTER, MD. We are prepared to do all kinds of Dental work, CHURCH and BIRNIE work a specialty. PLATE WORK and REPAIRING will be given prompt attention. GAS ADMINISTERED. J. E. MYERS will be in New Windsor, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week, and S. MYERS will be in Taneytown the first Friday and Saturday of each month. W. M. and C. P. Telephones. 10-13-2







## TANEYTOWN LOCAL COLUMN.

Current Items of Local News, of Special Interest to Home Readers.

All copy for ADVERTISEMENTS on this page must be in hand early on Tuesday morning of each week, except Special Notices and short announcements.

Democratic primaries will be held this Saturday evening, between the hours of 6 and 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel H. Fair are spending some time in Baltimore, with their son, Robert R. Fair.

Rev. Theo. D. Mead paid his old parishioners here one of his periodic visits, the early part of this week.

N. B. Hagan attended the Reformed Classis, at Thurmont, on Monday and Tuesday, as delegate from the Taneytown church.

Potato bugs are appearing, notwithstanding the scientific advice that they were all frozen. They may have been frozen stiff, but not dead.

Work was commenced on the new Elevator of The Reindollar Company, on Monday, and it is expected to be completed and in operation by July 1st.

The next meeting of the Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Lutheran church (Maryland Synod) will be held in Taneytown, in May 1905.

Thad. G. Crapster graduated from the Cadet school of Revenue Cutter service, May 14th. He was one of five made Third Lieutenants in the service, and led his class.

Who can tell why young women now make so much noise with their heels when they walk? Some of the sounds they produce remind one of horses drawing a heavy load on a barn floor.

The play rendered last Friday night by Milton Academy students was quite a success, the audience generally pronouncing the various parts well acted, especially for beginners. About \$30 represented the net proceeds.

The Y. M. C. A., of Frederick, gave a musical program of decided excellence, in the Opera House, on Thursday night. Many of the numbers were encored, the readings of Mrs. Elizabeth McDaniel being especially well received.

The Gettysburg Star, says, "The town councilmen and especially the highway committee are to be congratulated for their progressive work in cleaning up the streets and making necessary repairs to pavements, etc." Fortunate Gettysburg—that's all.

The following from Taneytown, attended the C. E. Convention in New Windsor; Rev. H. P. Sanders, Mrs. A. W. Coombs, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Little, Misses Anna Galt, Mabel Lambert and Beulah Engler, Messrs Geo. H. Birnie, Charles R. Angell and Robert Galt.

There will be no free "sample copies" of our special edition. Instead, we will expect our citizens to buy them liberally, in order to help out on the cost of the issue. The list of illustrations will not be given in advance, as stated last week, but there will be over fifty of them.

On account of the muddy condition of the streets, on Wednesday evening, the false fire alarm was not struck, but it will take place next Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, if conditions are favorable. The firemen will not know, in advance of the alarm, to what portion of the town they will be called.

An excellent map of Japan, Korea and Manchuria, can be had, free of charge, by calling at the RECORD office. The map is issued by the Insurance Co. of New York, and will be of particular value to those who keep close track of the war in the east. If sent by mail, the cost will be 5c to cover postage and mailing tube.

We have just been informed of the death of Alexander B. McNair, of Perth, Kansas, which occurred the latter part of March, after a short illness from blood poisoning. Mr. McNair is very well and favorably remembered by the older residents of this district, who knew him about twenty years ago before his removal to Kansas. He was in the 68th year of his age.

The announcement that F. M. Yount will retire from business, June 1, comes as a distinct surprise to his large patronage. Mr. Yount has been in business in Taneytown nearly twenty-five years, and during that time has earned a deserved reputation as an honorable and liberal business man, always at the front with modern methods and up-to-date merchandise. He will be succeeded by his son, C. Edgar Yount, who will continue the Shoe and Notion business along the same lines.

The customary Decoration Day exercises will be observed at Taneytown, on the 30th, consisting of a street parade, decoration of graves and a program in the Opera House by the local ministers. The members of the various orders are requested to meet at Eckenrode's Hall, at 12.30 for the purpose of forming in line, as the parade will start at 1 o'clock. Children will form in front of the Public School house, as usual, where flowers should be left by those who will kindly donate them. All business places are requested to close between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock.

### Who Was to Blame?

A fault which seems trifling in ourselves may wear a very different complexion when we discuss it in another. To illustrate this truth, there is a story in the Young People's Weekly, of a baker living in a village near Quebec, who brought the butter he used from a neighboring farmer. One day he became suspicious that the butter was not of the right weight and, therefore, decided to satisfy himself as to whether the farmer was honest or not. For several days he weighed the butter which the farmer brought and found that the rolls were gradually diminishing in weight. This angered him so that he had the farmer arrested on a charge of fraudulent dealing.

"I presume you have scales?" the judge said, inquiringly. "Yes, of course, your honor." "And weights, too, I presume?" "No, sir."

"How, then, do you manage to weigh the butter which you sell?" "That's easily explained, your honor," replied the farmer. "When the baker commenced buying his butter from me, I thought I'd get my bread from him, and it's the one-pound loaf I've been using as a weight for the butter I sell to him. If the weight the butter has been wrong, he has himself to blame, not me."

### Getting Married on \$15.00

Wallace Hanley, of Hillsboro, Carroll county, Md., became disgusted with the life of a single man, but what confronted him most was the "where-with" to take unto himself a bride. He said, "I shall all the while endeavor to secure a partner, then there would be nothing but happiness and smooth sailing the rest of his life." He earned \$15 he went to Delmar, Del., and hired a team from Liverman, of that town, to go three miles into the country to look after some machinery, and he would return with the team inside of three hours. Hours after hours passed and the man did not return. Mr. Hanley became uneasy about his property, began to inquire of friends if they had seen anything of such a looking fellow with his horse and carriage. As no one to the westward of his property or the man could be ascertained he telegraphed and telephoned in all directions for officers to look for the lookout for Hanley. This even failed to locate the man, and it was finally decided by bills printed, offering a reward of \$25 for the return of his team. Before the description of the horse reached Greensboro Jacob Hughes purchased the horse from Hanley for \$15, and shortly thereafter Mr. Hughes was informed that there was a reward out of \$25 for the horse that he had just paid \$15 for. From what he learned Mr. Hughes received the reward and is in \$10 by his transaction.

Immediately after Hanley sold the horse he left for Hillsboro where he was happily joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, and as soon as possible thereafter he shook the dust of the rolling country from his feet and accompanied by his bride, boarded the train for Philadelphia with \$15 in his "inside pocket." Doubtless he will be a collector at several offices who are trying to locate him—Caroline Sun, Ridgeley, Md.

Hanley was arrested in Denton and sent to Salisbury jail, thus rudely interrupting his honeymoon, charged with stealing a horse and carriage at Delmar and disposing of the property as his own.

Hanley used the money to pay his wedding expenses, and his marriage at Hillsboro following close upon the sale of the animal. The prisoner, who is only 23 years of age and of small stature, made a desperate effort to escape from Denton jail by crawling partially through a 6x10 inch wicket in the door of his cell. He was caught by several officers, and Hanley, in the absence of the sheriff and family, succeeded in getting his shoulders and arms through, but could not get out, nor could he extricate himself from the painful situation until officers brought someone to his assistance.

### Letter to Robert S. McKinney.

Taneytown, Md.  
Dear Sir: Shuffert Hardware Co., Hickory, N. C. bought a cartload of paint after selling a few months, found-out it measured seven pints a gallon. It returned it to the maker and credited customers with what they had lost from short measure.

What do you think of a short measure paint? I think it is a white wash! Half the paint is a white wash.

Go by the name: Devos lead-and-zinc. No word or syllable in that full measure besides. A gallon Devos is worth two of white wash paint.

Yours truly,

P. S.—J. S. Bower sells our paint.

### Disaster to Japanese Navy.

The greatest disaster yet suffered by Japan on land or sea was the loss of the battleship Hatanue, which was sunk by the Russian battleship, the Yashima, both on Sunday, May 15.

Vice-Admiral Togo has forwarded an official report to Tokyo, saying that the cruiser Hatanue was sunk by a collision with the cruiser Kaigun, formerly the Argentine cruiser Morino, off Port Arthur during a fog only 90 yds of her crew were saved. This would mean a loss of more than 200 men.

The damage to the Kasuga is not stated. The report also reports the Japanese first-class battleship Hatanue was sunk by striking a Russian mine. Only 300 of her crew was saved, which, if the carrier had been lost, would mean a loss of over 400 men.

Dispatches from Chifu tell of reports from Russian refugees from Port Dalny that the Japanese battleship Shikishima and the cruiser Asama were sunk by a Russian mine while bombarding Port Arthur.

The Japanese are reported within 40 miles of Port Arthur, but General Kuroki has not been pushing his advance in Central Manchuria rapidly as before.

### Economy is Wealth.

Clean your old clothes with Lum Tumb Clothes Cleaner. It removes grease spots from all kinds of fabrics. Soiled collar cleaned to look like new. Large bottles only 15c. Manufactured at McKellip's Drug Store, Taneytown, Md.

### Watch This Kind of Dog.

In these days of dogs and rumors of mad dogs it is well to remember these symptoms of hydrophobia. Beware of the dog when it becomes dull and hides away; appears restless; on the move and growling; whose countenance is sober, sullen; walks with head down like a bear. Beware of one who barks at nothing when all is still. Beware of a dog that scratches incessantly and tears up things. Look out for the dog that has become too fond of you and is continually trying to lick your hands and face. Beware, above all, of dogs which have difficulty in swallowing, which has a bone in its throat, and one that has wandered from home and returns covered with dirt, exhausted and miserable.

### Ten Cent Corn-Killer

Removes Corns and Bunions without Pain. Gives no trouble. Makes the feet comfortable. Spend ten cents and try it. J. McKellip, Druggist.

### One as Easy as the Other.

A Philadelphia who's fond of arguing religious questions tried to logic the other day on a well-known clergyman.

"Do you believe all of the Bible?" the arguer asked.

"I do," the clergyman promptly replied.

"Every bit of it?"

"I most certainly do."

"Do you really believe that story about Balaam and the ass?"

"Sure."

"Well, but," the questioner concluded, with a triumphant smile, "will you tell me then how an ass can talk like a man?"

"My friend," replied the minister, "it is just as easy for an ass to talk like a man as it is for some men to talk like an ass."

### It Solves Labor Problems.

Washington, May 17.—Labor Commissioner Carroll Wright has assured President Roosevelt that the Conciliation Board for the adjustment of troubles in the anthracite region has not only proved a pronounced success, but that he believes its establishment "will lead, two years hence, to the formation of a joint agreement between the coal miners and the operators, and will settle most of the vexatious questions that threaten the peace of the coal country."

"As there are," said Commissioner Wright, "about 150,000 persons affected by the award of the Coal Strike Commission, one would expect that a great variety of complaints would be brought before the Conciliation Board; complaints, one would suppose, regarding not only the important matters, but trivial ones as well, and affairs involving individuals or small groups of individuals. But the contrary has been found to obtain."

The three members of the Board representing the operators have informed me that they believe that the miners are trying to do the best of their ability to abide by the award. On the other hand, the representatives of the miners tell me that the operators are doing all they can to carry out the provisions of the Commission's decision."

### Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again!" writes D. H. Turner of Dempseytown, Pa. They're the best for indigestion, liver, stomach and bowels. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c at R. S. McKinney's Drug Store.

### To Kill the Rat.

Here's a farmer's receipt for ridding his premises of rats and mice: "If you will sprinkle sulphur on your barn floor and through your corn as you gather it, there will not be a rat or mouse to bother you. In standing hay or straw, sprinkle on the ground and a little through each load, and, my word for it, rats or mice can't stay there."

### Compound Syrup White Pine and Tar.

A pleasant, prompt remedy for Coughs and Colds. Price 25c. Sold at McKellip's Drug Store, Taneytown, Md.

### FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

#### Systematized Housework.

Household management is an art that cannot be taught from books and can only be learned from experience.

A housekeeper who was noted throughout her neighborhood as an expert in this art, when asked the secret of her success, replied: "It has taken me years of earnest effort to reach this condition. It cannot be learned in a day, and only experience can reach it."

A number of suggestions, however, can be given to an inexperienced housekeeper that will help toward this ideal.

She must learn the art of taking no unnecessary steps. She must not touch so much at a time or her work will go awry, and she herself will be worn out, with nothing accomplished. A failure in either of these points will make housework a burden. She should set aside special duties for each day of the week. For instance, Monday may be for her washing, Tuesday for ironing, Wednesday the day for sweeping bedrooms and other upstairs work, Thursday for sweeping and dusting parlor and dining room, Friday for cleaning the kitchen and looking over the pantries and Saturday for special baking and cooking. If she decides on Monday for wash day she must see that the servant does all the washing on that day. If this cannot be done, the extra washing should be left until the following week. Special stains, however, that must be taken out when fresh can be done any time, but where the general washing is carried over from one day to the next the housewife has too much on her hands, and other equally important work is neglected. Tuesday, the ironing day, when of necessity there is a good fire, is an excellent one for baking bread or anything that requires a steady fire.—New York Tribune.

#### Substitute For Coal.

When the people of many parts of the country were driven to their own devices in many instances last winter in contriving for heat during their homes and the cooking of their meals on account of the scarcity of coal in consequence of the miners' strike, a great number of new and sometimes valuable suggestions were made to help them out of their difficulty.

Oil played a most prominent part in a majority of these emergency schemes, and in consequence the bright brains of the country were busy.

The state of Washington contributes a structure of unique design. It is called the Wigwag, five stories high, built of wood from Washington forests. The building is octagonal, with gigantic diagonal timbers rising from the ground and meeting in an apex ninety feet in the air, above which is built an observatory, from which a beautiful view of the Exposition may be had. An elevator will carry visitors to the observatory.

New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Arkansas, Colorado, West Virginia, Indiana, Wisconsin, Texas and other states are represented by buildings which cannot fail to arouse admiration. The Texas building is in the shape of a five pointed star, an appropriate idea for the big Lone Star State. Iowa has a unique mansion with classic porticoes and a central tower containing an observatory chamber. Kansas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma each uphold the growing reputation of the southwest for enterprise and fertility of resources.

#### When the Sap Rises

Weak lungs should be careful. Colds and coughs are dangerous when. One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs and colds and gives strength to the lungs. Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., says, "I suffered with a cough until I run down in weight from 145 to 92 lbs. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure, which cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight and health." Sold by J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

#### How Foolish!

The land has been figuring on how to turn the lessons learned at that time to good account. A porous brick saturated with oil and placed in the stove was found to be an excellent substitute for the ordinary fuel, and porous bricks had a good sale in many localities. Another scheme was the employing of an oil burner in the stove fed by means of a tube connecting with a tank placed at a higher level.

Now comes a combination of the two schemes that have been referred to. The inventor presents as the result of his investigation into the subject an appropriately shaped porous brick, to which is attached a tube whose other end is connected with a tank of oil situated at a greater elevation, so that the oil is fed regularly to the brick, the amount of flow being regulated by a stopcock conveniently placed within reach of the person who tends the stove.

#### Four Kinds of Pies.

"Real Pies," writes a woman brightly in Good Housekeeping, "may be divided into four classes—the hunting cake, the open face, the first has both an upper and an under crust, and mince pie is the only one the writer makes this way, sentiment and precedent being too strong for her to do otherwise. The second division includes all pies having a thick undercrust only. The latticework class is well illustrated by a mock cherry pie, while the aristocratic or "upper crust" pie, as its name indicates, is covered with a rich paste. It is filled with apples, peaches, berries, prunes, rhubarb or anything the housewife happens to have and is served upside down with a pie knife and a large spoon.

#### Use Maryland Stock Powder.

And save money. For Horses and Cattle that will not thrive on regular food it will prove of immense value. Manufactured at McKellip's Drug Store, Taneytown, Md.

## ALL THE STATES AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Many Beautiful Pavilions and Pretentious Buildings Show Forth the Enterprise of American Commonwealths.

A beautiful city has grown up among the trees on the World's Fair grounds at St. Louis. It has nothing to do with the immense exhibit palaces, but is a thing apart. The houses in this new city are of various styles of architecture. Some are palatial in size and appearance, while others look merely cozy and inviting. Never before have so many notable and historic buildings been constructed in one group. This new city might be called the City of the States, for the houses included in it are the state buildings at the Fair.

The city is not compact, but somewhat straggling, as befits the picturesque of the view. Yet there is nothing suggestive of a Strangtown-on-the-Pike about this city, for the grounds surrounding each of the houses are beautified with gardens typical of the state represented.

All the states are to be represented at the World's Fair. This means a great deal, a shining triumph for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, and furnishes another illustration of the fact that this Exposition's completeness is the marvel of the age.

Some states, territories and possessions of the United States have taken the steps necessary to participate in the World's Fair on an important scale. But two states were still outside the fold at the last report, and in each of these was a well defined movement in favor of being represented at the Fair with buildings and exhibits. New Hampshire, the old home state, and Delaware are the states referred to. New Hampshire has a fund for participation is being raised privately by patriotic citizens, so that in the event of legislative inaction this commonwealth may be represented.

The states and territories are expanding over \$7,000,000 in their efforts to show off to best advantage at the Exposition. This is a million and a third more than was expended at the Chicago exposition by the states. In addition to this, large cities in many states are expending large sums of money for the purpose of erecting buildings, the funds for which are not included in these figures. The municipal exhibit idea is entirely novel. From a number of the states there will be prominent county exhibits provided by special appropriations.

This City of the States presents a picture of surpassing beauty. Nature has done much to aid in the creation of the picture. Never before has any exposition been able to grant such advantages to the states and territories. The buildings are situated on a plateau about seventy-five feet higher than the level ground to the north upon which stand the main exhibit palaces. There are hills and ravines here and there, enabling the landscapers to lay out a most delightful pattern of roads and terraces and lawns.

The smallest of the state buildings is that of Arizona, which stands near the southeastern entrance to the grounds. The largest is that of Missouri, from the dome of which it is said that perhaps the very finest view of the Exposition may be enjoyed. This building is a palace in the Italian renaissance style, and is a masterpiece of architecture. It is the reproduction of the Capello at New Orleans, in which the Louisiana Purchase treaty ceremonies took place—Louisiana's state building. Ohio has a clubhouse of high architectural character, the structure of the French renaissance. Illinois is prominent with a most pretentious structure, with wide verandas and a commanding cupola.

A description of each of the state buildings, with all its details, would more than fill a newspaper page. It is only possible here to hint at some of the interesting structures. California, for instance, has reproduced in exact size the famous El Capitan building. Mississippi presents a replica of the Sigourney residence at Hartford, home of the poetess Lydia Huntly Sigourney in her time. This building is said to be the finest specimen of purely colonial architecture now standing.

The New Kentucky Home, from the Blue Grass State, is a handsome clubhouse that would make some of the mansions along Fifth avenue, New York city, look insignificant. Beautiful, airy and comfortable, it was built by Mrs. J. W. Galt, who has lived in New York many years, is reproduced by Mississippi. Its wide verandas or galleries give it a most inviting appearance.

Washington's headquarters at Morrisania, N. Y., are reproduced by New Jersey. Virginia contributes Monticello, the home of Thomas Jefferson.

The state of Washington contributes a structure of unique design. It is called the Wigwag, five stories high, built of wood from Washington forests. The building is octagonal, with gigantic diagonal timbers rising from the ground and meeting in an apex ninety feet in the air, above which is built an observatory, from which a beautiful view of the Exposition may be had. An elevator will carry visitors to the observatory.

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#### Places Where War, Poverty and Distress are Unknown.

Denmark claims that there is not a single person in her domain who can not read and write. On the northeast coast of New Guinea, the island of Kuba, surrounded by a wall of coral 300 feet high on one side and from 50 to 100 feet on the other, maintains thirty villages of natives, to whom war, crime and poverty have been unknown since the beginning of their traditions. The most peaceful and comfortable community in Europe is the commune of the canton Vaud, in Switzerland. Nearly every one is well off, and there are no paupers.

Finland is a realm whose inhabitants are remarkable for their inviolate integrity. There are no banks and no safe deposits, for no such security is essential. You may leave your luggage anywhere for any length of time and be quite sure of finding it untouched on your return, and your purse full of money when you leave it. The Finns place their money and valuables in holes in the ground and cover them with a big leaf. Such treasure is sacredly respected by all who pass it, but in the rare event of a man wishing to borrow of his neighbor during his absence he will take only the smallest sum he requires and place a message in the hole telling of his urgent need, promising to repay the amount on a specified date. And he will invariably keep his word, for the Finn is inviolable in his independence.

Agnetia Park, near Delft, in Holland, is another Utopian example. A tract of ten acres has upon it 150 houses, each with its little garden and with certain common buildings and common grounds. The houses are occupied by the employees of a great distilling company, who form a corporation which owns the park. Each employee owns a share in the corporation and pays rent for his house. The surplus, after all expenses have been paid, comes back to him as dividend. If he wishes to go away or if he dies, his shares are bought up by the corporation and sold to the man who takes his place.—Golden Penny.

#### Write the RECORD office

for samples and prices of whatever you may want in the Printing line.

## THE MILLER BROS CO. New \* Spring \* Goods Are Here!

A Grand Collection of the Newest materials and weaves, in a large variety of colorings, gathered from the world's greatest markets, are here for your inspection.

**Silk and Wool Crepes, Etamines, Voiles, Fancy Alpaca, Fancy Novelty Cloth, Canvas, Mistrals, Granites, Etc.**

### Our Silk Department

is filled with a choice line of Silks, suitable for Shirt Waist Suits, Shirt Waists or Skirts.

### Our Trimming Stock

is complete with the very newest in Dress Trimmings for the present season.

**Two Telephones and our Mail Order Department are at your service.**

## THE MILLER BROS. CO. POPULAR CASH STORES, WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

## KIRSSIN. OUR AIM KIRSSIN.

Is to give Customers Reliable and Desirable Merchandise for the least money. We simply state facts, and you will not be disappointed in the qualities and values we offer. Have you tried us this season? If you have, we can only say that our prices are absolutely unmatchable. We looked the situation over carefully, and fell back on the never-failing plan of cutting the prices down to a level—so low as to prevent our neighbors from meeting them. Owing to the backwardness of the season, many of the clothing manufacturers have closed up our immense lots far under regular prices.

### Men's Suits.

**\$2.19** A good Knockabout Suit really worth \$4.00. Our price, \$2.19.

**\$3.50** A better quality wool goods, in brown and grey, good wearing, worth \$6.00—at \$3.50.

**\$5.00** We have suits strictly all wool, made with same care as suits costing double as much, worth \$8.50; our price, \$5.00.

**\$7.50** Men's Fancy Cassimeres and Worsted Suits, with both double and single breasted vests; trimmed with very best of linen; really worth \$12.50; our price, \$7.50.

**\$9.50** Men's fine dress suits—in black worsted and heavy serge chevrons, trimmed with the best of lining, and tailored in a way that denotes the best custom work, worth \$16.00; our price, \$9.50.

### Hats and Caps.

We have a complete line of all styles and the lowest prices. Come and see for yourself.

## SHOES! SHOES!

Special Shoe offerings. Shoes of guaranteed make; price we know less than others charge for like quality and style. Ladies' lace or button Shoes, patent and kid tips, regular \$1.35, our price, 98c. Ladies' stylish Vici Kid Shoes, kid and patent leather tips; would be cheap at \$1.75; our price, \$1.25. Ladies' Handwelt, selected kid skin, the newest lasts, \$3.00 value; our price, \$1.98. Misses' and Children's Shoes, from 25c to \$1.35. Men's Shoes, \$1.25 at 98c; Satin Calf, \$1.75 at \$1.25; Vici Kid, \$2.25 at \$1.50; Box Calf, \$3 at \$2, and \$3.50 at \$2.50. We have in Vici Kid and Box Calf excellent wearing stock, made up in the very latest style—anywhere else \$3.50; our price, \$2.50.

## Kirssin's Big Underselling Store, Eckenrode Building, TANEYTOWN, MD. SOME MODERN UTOPIAS.

### Special Notices.

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Write the RECORD office for samples and prices of whatever you may want in the Printing line.

**FOR SALE**—1 good platform mill wagon, capacity 2500 pounds; 3 sets harness for two horses.—J. C. NAVIER, Ladiesburg, Md. 5-21-2t