

The Carroll Record.

INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.

Published every Saturday, at Taneytown, Md., by The Carroll Record Printing and Publishing Company.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

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ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

SATURDAY, MARCH 30th., 1901.

ACTIVE POLITICIANS will have to play school-master this fall, in order help the illiterate solve the puzzle of voting—as the sports say, “get on to its curves.” The probability is that thousands will vote, without knowing “B from bull’s-foot,” notwithstanding the pretended “Educational” test the law is supposed to represent.

THE GOVERNOR of Delaware should not call a special session for the purpose of electing Senators. If the Republicans of that state could not get together during the time of the regular session just closed, and elect two good men to represent the state, let it go unrepresented until another legislature can be elected which will do better.

THE DORCHESTER Standard, in commenting on the \$150, charge fixed by the Democratic Editorial Association for printing certain constitutional amendments, which amounts to \$6,900 for the whole state, also gives the further information that the cost of publication of the special and regular session laws will be \$800 to each paper, making \$27,000. The article pertinently remarks, “the editors will be able this year to take their annual junketing trip on a more extended scale than heretofore.” This opinion is weakened somewhat by the fact that the Standard had nothing to say on this subject, several years ago, when it was the recipient of many juicy plums.

The Census Investigation.

The purpose of Census Director Merriam to investigate to the bottom all frauds connected with the Census enumeration, notwithstanding the possibility of unearthing political trickery, must meet with the approval of all honest people. Mr. Merriam is a pronounced republican; nevertheless, if it lies in his power, he will convict and punish all census employees who in any way falsified their work for the purpose of gaining partisan advantage, regardless of consequences to him or his party.

There should be no “white washing” in this matter. There may be such a thing as honest ignorance, and we hope that most of the errors are properly chargeable to this cause. In such cases, those who recommended the appointment of inefficient employees are wholly to blame. If it shall appear that some of the appointees have been willing tools, rather than ignorant, then their instructors are criminals as well, and both should be equally prosecuted.

That there should be the least question as to the correctness of this class of government work, is greatly to be regretted; and should it be demonstrated that false returns were made with the object of giving the republicans increased power in the legislature, there would be represented a most infamous attempt to stifle popular government which should retire its originators to contempt and political oblivion.

While it is obvious that in several counties the returns have been falsified, this fact does not, in our judgment, justify a state enumeration, especially as the Government officials are doing all in their power to secure absolutely reliable returns. Democratic leaders will never be able to satisfy the great majority of taxpayers, even within their own party, that the enormous expense of this state census is justifiable.

“To Quit Farming.”

The following paragraph appeared in an editorial in the last issue of the Gettysburg Compiler:

“We have noticed in many of the sales this spring, as a reason for the sale, the expression, ‘This is a situation which is to be generally regretted. We believe it is due to the recent crop failures, rather than to a generally accepted belief that there is not a fair living on the farm.’”

We beg to disagree with the above opinion. As long as farms are in demand by those who want to commence farming, it matters little if many “intend to quit.” The fact is, many who quit farming, do not do so because it does not pay, but for other reasons. Again, a good many who do quit for this season, and try something else, are glad enough to go back to the farm after a few years experimenting with fortune.

We rather incline to the opinion that not enough, “quit farming.” If many who have gained a competency, as well as broken themselves down with work, would make up their minds to quit, and take the rest of a little easy, and at the same time give one of their boys a chance on the home place, it would be better for themselves as well as the boys. It is probable that the percentage of such farmers is comparatively small, still, there is such a class.

Again, there is a class of farmers who are misfits. For one reason or another they have “missed their calling,” consequently, the sooner they quit, the better. This is illustrated in every community, in instances in which one man succeeded on a certain farm, while another did not. No, we do not see anything “to be regretted” in the fact of some quitting the farm; the chances are they do so to the benefit of somebody else. When men quit, and farms remain unworked, then it will be a matter of regret.

Go to the Exposition.

Beginning May 1st., a great Exposition will be held in Buffalo, N. Y., to continue until October 1st. Not since 1876 have the people of the east had the opportunity of attending an event of this character at a comparatively small expense. In all probability, the round-trip fare will not exceed \$10.00, from this locality, at least at certain periods, and this ought to place the trip within the reach of a great many people.

We should not like to persuade a single individual to visit this Exposition who really cannot spare the money for the purpose; but, on the other hand, we should like to induce everybody to go who can afford the expense. Such a trip, with its attendant sights and information, is worth, in many ways, many times its cost in cash. It is not only that a vast mine of information is thus opened to the visitor, but he cannot help imbuing a spirit of broad-mindedness, through meeting strange people and seeing great sights, that will make him a more reasonable and intelligent citizen, workman or farmer, on his return home.

It does every man good to lose sight of the things he has been thinking about, and possibly worrying over, for years. He will return home convinced of the fact that many things that have seemed large to him, are, in reality, small. He will also realize that many of the small items at home have heretofore been unappreciated. On the whole, he will bring with him more energy for work, and a vast fund of things to think about which will entertain himself and friends, for years. By all means, take in the Pan-American Exposition.

Popular Senatorial Election.

The Maryland legislature has added another to the peculiar measures it has placed to its discredit the present term. It has refused to pass a resolution favoring the election of United States senators by the people. Instead it will make into a law an obnoxious election bill that will disfranchise many people of the state, hoping to thus retain control of the legislature and divert the electoral vote of the commonwealth to the democratic candidate.

Its refusal to pass a resolution asking congress to call a convention to propose an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators by the people, is not at all creditable to it. The plight of its eastern neighbor, Delaware, in being without even one senator, should have moved it to different action.

Only three more states are needed to make the requisite two-thirds which would constrain congress to call a convention. The Maryland legislature should have made one of them. The states which have, through their legislatures, passed resolutions favoring the choosing of senators directly by the people are: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

It is only a question of a little time until the three necessary states are secured and then, woe to the Maryland legislature, then their instructors are criminals as well, and both should be equally prosecuted.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

At the Bottom of the Sea.

The Government is at last in possession of a geography of the bottom of the Pacific Ocean. For nearly a year a naval vessel, the Nero, has been engaged in a survey of a possible route of a cable which will connect this country with our new island possessions and with the Asiatic continent. The undertaking was one of the most important allotted to naval hydrographers. They have performed their work so well that the Government is in possession of all the technical facts necessary to the laying of a submarine telegraph cable from San Francisco to Hawaii, to Guam, to the Philippines, and so on to Yokohama or Hong Kong. There had been previously a survey of a cable route between San Francisco and Honolulu, so that all that was necessary was the discovery of a practicable path for a cable from the Hawaiian Islands to Guam, the Philippines, and to Japan.

There had been some doubt whether a cable route was feasible in the Pacific Ocean, but the bad places have been located and a suitable route has been indicated. In the prosecution of that important work some interesting discoveries were made by the officers on board the Nero. For one thing, they came across a well-nigh bottomless pit in the ocean. It holds the record for ocean depths, and now bears the name of “Nero Deep.” Some years ago, off the Japanese coast, the Japanese Deep was located. It held the record for many years until a greater depth was discovered by some English hydrographers in the South Pacific Ocean.

The Nero Deep lies on the route between the Midway Islands and Guam not far to the eastward of the latter. A previous survey had indicated that the abyss was at least 4,900 fathoms deep. On the former trip of the Nero, all the sounding-wire on the reel, 4,918 fathoms, was unwound without reaching bottom. It was in this vicinity that the Nero since made the two deepest casts and took the two deepest water temperatures ever recorded. The depths found were 5,100 fathoms and 5,289 fathoms, and the temperatures were 35.9° F. at 5,070, and 38° F. at 5,101 fathoms.

The Nero surveys found that from Honolulu to the Midway Islands there exists a level plain of soft mud at a general depth of about 2,700 fathoms, affording an ideal route for a cable. The bed of the ocean between the

Midway Islands and Guam is another great level plain from 3,100 to 3,200 fathoms deep. The path of the cable over this plain, however, will be interrupted by submarine reefs and mountain ranges. Between Guam and the Philippines the bed of the ocean is even less regular. A low mountain range was discovered, and the bottom appeared to be of an undulating nature without sharply defined hills or valleys.

The road between Guam and Yokohama encounters a submarine mountain range which, the experts say, apparently connects the range extending from the coast of Japan to the Bonin Islands with that of the Ladrones Islands. It was while crossing this range that a monster peak rising to within 480 fathoms of the surface was discovered. This peak has been likened in size and shape to the Japanese volcano Fujiyama. The great difficulty was experienced in finding a suitable path to cross this mountain range. The Nero occupied 2,074 sounding stations in the entire survey, distributed over a total of 6,144 knots.—The Outlook.

The Good Fellow.

An attorney holding a responsible Federal position recently said to a friend: “I spent the years of my young manhood in trying to be a ‘good fellow.’ I was so foolish as to think that the only way to achieve success in life was to be popular with the boys—spend money like a lord and win the name among my companions of being a ‘good fellow.’ I found that so long as my money held out I was indeed a favorite among them, but when I came to the end of my rope I awoke to the sudden realization that my notoriety as a ‘good fellow’ proved of no avail when the question of bread and butter presented itself. Those who had partaken of my hospitality, encouraged me, now in my folly and floored around me, now in a position to do the stranger—well, as well as our many patrons—a world of good.

THE QUILTING PARTY season is now at hand—when in need of Fancy Prints, or Cotton, give us a call. We can furnish either at almost any price.

BARGAINS.
A Great Reduction on Hats and Caps—Caps worth 25c to 35c are going at 10c.

Before purchasing elsewhere, call and get our prices on—
Carpets, Oilcloths and Blinds.

GROCERIES.

This department comprises the choicest Dried Fruits. We carry a full line of Canned Goods.

Lamps! Lamps!

We are Sole Agents for the celebrated “Sun Vapor” Lamp. This Lamp will furnish the future light of the world. 10 Hours of daylight at midnight for one cent! Parlor and Church Chandeliers a specialty. Very cheap! Call for prices.

Very Respectfully,

Reindollar, Hess & Co.,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

D. H. ESSIG'S

March Sales!

During the month of March, we will offer Special Inducements on Queensware! It will be to the advantage of all who are going to house-keeping in the Spring, to look our Goods over before making their purchase. We also have quite a lot of C. Ware in, for those who want to fill up for moving.

...DINNER SETS...

Having just refitted our Store with Fine Decorated Dinner Sets, we are now prepared to meet the trade, and can furnish these Sets at Very Low Prices. C. Ware also just received an import order of

White Granite Ware,

on which we are determined not to be undersold. Come and look it over, and get prices.

Have You seen Them?

Our Beautiful line of Toilet Sets—the prices are right.

Grocery Department.

This is full and complete—Sugars by the barrel; Coffee, Spices, Teas, Syrups, Raisins, Prunes—in fact, everything usually found in a first-class Grocery Store.

We have also placed ourselves in a position to show you a fine Stock of Wood and Willow ware; special inducements on White Cedar Tub—give us a call.

Yours with respect,

D. H. ESSIG,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

N. B.—A lot of Light weight shoes which were not offered at the Auction at Half Price, we have about 400 pairs in which we will give you Big Bargains.—D. H. ESSIG.

YORK'S FAVORITE

Pearl-Cross Premium Coffees.

Best Drink in the World.

No Bitter, but a most Delicious After-taste.

A quality fully equal to Coffees of like cost plus blends of Mocha and Java. Being of uniform quality and strength, they never vary. Valuable and useful premiums given for the signatures.

—FOR SALE BY—

Went & Koons, J. T. Koonz,

Reindollar, Hess & Co. D. H. Essig,

Prepared and Blended by

P. A. & S. SMALL,

3-4-4 YORK, PENNA.

YOUNT'S

Great Dollar Sale

OF SHOES

Commences Friday, March 1st.

Men's, Women's & Girls' Shoes

at \$1.00 a pair.

Odds and ends—not all sizes of one kind, but all sizes of some kind; not a pair in the lot but what is worth a great deal more than \$1.00.

Not all the Shoes in the store go at \$1.00 a pair, but we make a Cut Price on all—except new Spring Styles.

RUBBERS.

Men's Rubber Boots, first Quality.....\$2.49.

Men's Rubber Shoes, first quality, 49c

Women's Rubber Shoes, assorted styles.....25c

QUEENSWARE.

We have more Dishes than Money.

Johnson's Best White Ware.

Common White Ware.

Decorated 100-piece Dinner Sets.

10 and 12-piece Toilet Sets.

Decorated Cups and Saucers, Vegetable Dishes, Meat Plates, etc.

All of the above except the 100 piece sets, will be sold in better shape for the single piece or full set, and the

Prices are O. K.

F. M. YOUNT,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

A Big 100 cents'

Worth of Goods,

for ONE Dollar.

That is what makes our Business Grow.

At the approach of Springtime, permit me to state that the Summer of 1901 will find us in better shape for business than we have ever been. Our

Shoe and Dress Goods

Departments are complete in every particular, and we feel that we are now in a position to do the stranger—as well as our many patrons—a world of good.

THE QUILTING PARTY season is now at hand—when in need of Fancy Prints, or Cotton, give us a call. We can furnish either at almost any price.

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Reindollar, Hess & Co. D. H. Essig,

Prepared and Blended by

P. A. & S. SMALL,

3-4-4 YORK, PENNA.

Easter Egg

DYE.

Plain Colors,

Picture Dyes.

Calico Paper.

LARGE PACKAGE,

5c each.

Rob't S. McKinney,

—DRUGGIST—

TANEYTOWN, - - - MD.

The New Improved

Empire

CREAM SEPARATORS

are now ready for the trade. They have proven a marvel in Cream Separator construction, and results attained through their use astonish experts, and appeal competitors.

Empire No. 1

has a bowl which weighs only 44 lbs. complete, ready for use. Its inside diameter is but 24 inches; its depth is only 44 inches; its skimming device consists of only four parts, yet with this small size, light weight and few parts, it has a skimming

per hour. Never before was a Separator bowl, so small, known to handle such a quantity of milk successfully. This separator is sold under a guarantee to skim at this capacity, and accomplish as good results as are possible through the use of any other Cream Separator or creaming system. Its ability to do this has been proven in practical dairy use and through extensive tests by experts.

Capacity of 250 lbs.

THINK OF IT!

Only 44 pounds of bowl to keep in motion! So small, turn hard. Only four parts to the skimming device and those have all flat surfaces—it cannot be burdensome to clean and care for. Machines of greater capacity are equipped with bowls of comparatively small size. Our new catalogue tells all about them, and will interest you. It is sent free. Ask for it, and order one of our improved Empire Separators, to day; delay is dangerous.

D. W. GARNER,

General Agent,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Jewelry,

Silverware, Watches,

Clocks and Diamonds

—OF ALL KINDS.—

Remember, that you can get any thing in this line you may wish to have at

HULL'S CASH JEWELRY STORE

I have a large assortment in stock, and if I don't have what you want, I can get it for you—Right.

Repairing of all kinds.

Old Gold and Silver Bought.

Talking Machines,

from \$5.00 up; also Records and Repairs.

Spectacles or Eye Glasses.

When in need of these, remember that you can be served as well by your home people, as by strangers.

Eyes Examined Free, by Dr. F. H. Sells.

Hull's Cash Jewelry Store,

J. W. HULL, Prop'r.

TANEYTOWN, - - - MD.

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES

—OF—

The Birnie Trust Co.,

at the close of business, March 9, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Bills discounted.....\$100,881.03

Cash.....6,677.80

Real Estate, Furniture & Fixtures.....10,440.00

Overdrafts.....718.26

Bonds and Stocks.....1,625.25

Due from banks.....24,291.81

Total.....\$239,381.14

LIABILITIES.

Deposits.....\$239,381.14

Capital Stock.....16,000.00

Undivided Profits.....2,875.80

Premiums.....1,625.25

Due to banks.....7,175.25

Total.....\$239,381.14

I, Geo. H. Birnie, Cashier of the above named Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above Statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. H. BIRNIE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March, 1901.

JOHN H. DIFFENDAL, J. P.

WATCH US
GROW!



THE GREAT MODEL EMPORIUM WEEKLY STORE NEWS.

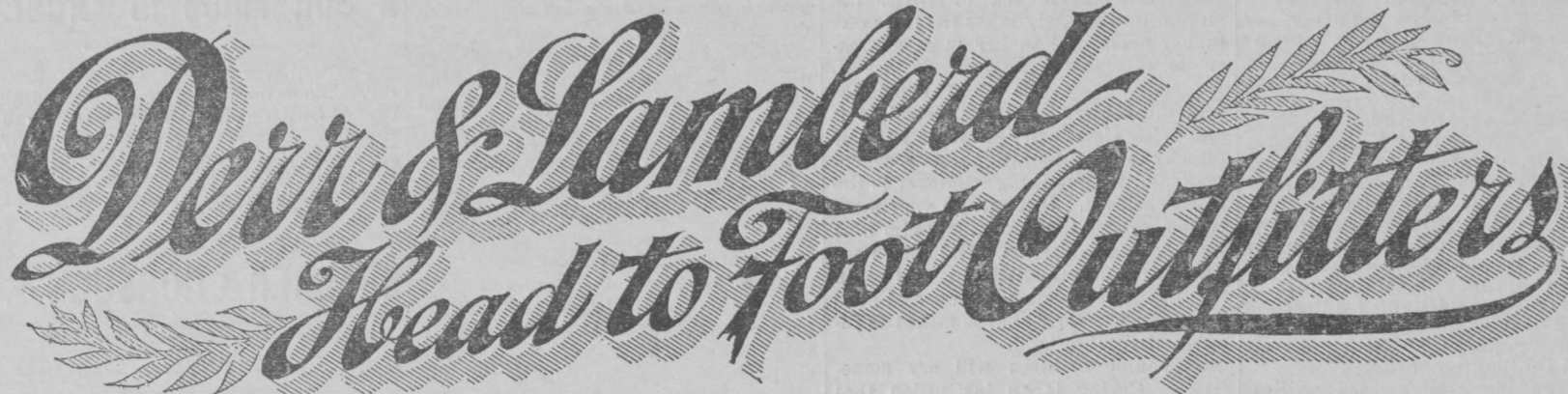


WATCH US
GROW!

Regular 10c Percales, 5c.

Nearly 5000 yards of this elegant 10c Percale goes on sale to-day—the styles are all choice, mostly white goods with neat stripes and figures, in pink, blue and black—such percale has never been sold before for so little a price, the lot will probably not last over a day—so hurry to get your pick at

5c yard.



Good 22c Matting, 16c.

Only 1000 yards, splendid jointless China Matting—good heavy weight and will lay smoothly on the floor. Such Matting regularly sell for 22c yard. Large or small designs, all excellent colors; what could we offer that would be more interesting to the average house at this season? As an opening special we will sell it for

16c yard.

Easter Millinery---Reception.

A feature of this showing is practicalness—the Hats are made to wear, not merely for show. We are displaying styles and ideas suited to every particular type of face.

Is it any wonder that the "Model" Hats are so famous, that increasingly large numbers of the best and most fashionable ladies are easily suited here. Variety is wider here—you may pay as little as you wish for a hat, or you may pay a good many dollars, but in every instance the price is relatively cheap.

Flowers, Ornaments, Chiffon and Ribbons, are the trimmings now, most hats are made of straw, Gimps and net.

These Opening days have been very successful from all standpoints. If you have not seen the display—come.

Spring Welcome!

Don't put off your Easter buying one day longer. We were never so ready to help you before as now; this new and larger store is completed. You'll be interested principally in the new things, of course; the Hats, the Gowns, the Shoes, the Neckwear, the Trimmings, the Dress Fabrics, the Gloves, and whatever else you may need for the Easter outfit; yet this store has been made for your comfort and pleasure; shopping is easier here. There is particularly good news for you these Opening days; read every word we have to say, then come see the rest.

Women's New Tailored Suits.

To know just what to wear in Tailor Made Suits you must come here. Thought and hard work has placed this suit store foremost among the leading Metropolitan houses.

The stock is much the largest we have ever shown; the styles by far the nobbiest. Season after season, we get a larger share of your business in this line.

Dress Makers, Welcome! You may find many good ideas here not thought of before; it is our wish to be as much service as possible.

The prices on these handsome dresses are likely less than you would expect to pay for such elegant Materials and as much style.

\$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00 and \$18.00 for suits that are truly worth, and would usually sell for several dollars more; colors are mostly Black, Blue, Castor and Brown—trimmings are very neat, yet exquisitely beautiful.

15c Handkerchiefs For 10c each.

We've a lot of the newest lace edge and footed handkerchiefs, of fine sheer lawn and cambric—you would consider them a big bargain at 15c, but while they last you may pick at only

10c each.

\$1.50 Rugs, for 99c.

Less than a dollar for fine large Smyrna or Velvet Rugs, will appear comfortable to every thrifty buyer. They are 26x54 inches in size, and all elegant patterns. Many stores would ask \$2.00 for them; their actual value is \$1.50. Take what you want at only

99c each.

75c Waist Cloth, 55c.

We will place on sale to-day a lot of new and very fashionable summer waist cloths; all pure wool in dainty shades of light blue, reseda pinks, new blue, cream, lavender, pearl—either polka dots, or stripes—actual value 75c yard, as an opening special we say 55c yard.

50c Silk Stripe Challie, 29c.

Is this not interesting? Nearly half price for these new fashionable challies, all lovely light colorings, and handsome designs, at 29c yard.

Carpet Offerings.

A better and bigger Carpet store than we ever had, crowded full of the very choicest Carpets and Matting, at unusually little prices. The designs are very fashionable and the qualities are superb.

One lot Handsome New Brussel Carpets just opened; in half dozen desirable patterns, with borders to match—actual value \$1.00 yd; we will sell them at 99c yard.

Finest Velvet Carpets in a dozen excellent designs and colorings, at \$1.00 and \$1.15 yard.

Ingrain Carpets in endless variety—all choice styles, and best grades, 40c, 50c, 65c yard.

NOTE—Any of the above Carpets will be made and laid absolutely Free if purchased this week. This offer for one week only.

Special Value at 25c yard.

Twenty rolls fine good, Cottage or Granite Carpet, splendid styles and colors—full yard wide, at 25c.

News of Furniture.

If Bargain News is good news, this surely will be good and interesting news. This store is complete with the best selection of good, desirable Furniture, the greatest manufacturers are able to produce. The prices are not high either; in fact the lowest we have ever heard quoted for such goods. No matter what you may need, come right here and get the very best, at the lowest prices.

Bed Room Suits, \$18 to \$85. (Complete.)

Side Boards, \$7.50 to \$60. (All good.)

Dining Tables, China Cases, Enamel Beds, Toilet Tables, Hall Racks, Fancy Chairs, etc., all very moderately priced.

\$30 Parlor Suite for \$18.75.

We shall sell this week twenty elegant 5 piece Parlor Suits. Fine imitations Mahogany frames, covered with beautiful silk tapestry—worth in every way \$30; special for this week \$18.75.

22c for All Wool Tricot Cloth.

This good cloth is 37 inches wide and worth more than the price.

We shall sell to-day, as an opening leader, 10 pieces in all the popular shades, including pinks and blues, now so desirable. If you want any of these, don't delay—they will hurry off at

22c yard.

New Belts and Jewelry.

We have just opened a very attractive assortment of the latest novelties in Belts, Purses, Brooches, Barretts, Pins, etc.

New Turquoise Brooches, six styles 25c to 75c.

Latest Fads in Belts, 25c to \$1.00. Novelties in side and puff combs, 25c, 50c, 75c.

Easter Shoes and Oxfords.

To go with your new gown, you must have new shoes. This store is ready; the finest newest and best shoes (either high or low cut) are here for you. All the new toes and tips—finest Kid or Patent Leather. While each season we improve qualities and styles, yet the prices remain moderate, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.

\$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes, \$1.85.

Wish the lot was larger, but they may last the week out. To-day we have all sizes in these fine Kid Shoes, either button or lace, some few Oxfords; all at one price only, \$1.85 pair.

Our Home Circle.

Original articles solicited for this department on any subject of general interest, whether of a social, decorative, culinary or general character. Also articles pertaining to Agriculture, Stock-raising, the Dairy, and other kindred topics. Contributions must be received not later than Tuesday morning to be guaranteed insertion the same week.

Willie's Lesson of Love.

Last summer Tommie Jones and me were climbing all around a tree away above the ground. We took the little thing away with all the eggs inside. And oh! the words she said to say—just sat down and cried!

"You wicked, naughty boy," she said, "to pain the birdie so!" Oh! he that watches overhead Will punish you. It is a sin to take the nest And rob the bird of joy. Now promise God you'll do your best To be a better boy!"

So when I said my prayers that night I promised God I'd be right. The best I could to make it right. As my dad told me to do I learned the crumbs out every day And left them at the tree. And tried to get the bird to stay And make it up with me.

She flew away last fall, and that was all I seen or heard. About her till they brought me a hat Home yesterday. That bird Was there as the life, stuck through With wires you could see. To make her look as though she'd new down from the nearest tree.

If God hates Tommie and me, As my dad told me to do, I'd kind of like to know what He Above us has to say About the one that went and shot The little bird like that. And also of the one that's got It fastened on the nearest tree.

—E. K. Riser, in Chicago Times Herald.

THE SCHOOL LAW.

Address Delivered Before the Allegany County Teachers Institute, Feb. 12, 1901, by Clayton Farnell, of Frostburg, member of the State Board of Education.

(In four parts—PART IV.) While we have seen that many of the powers of the teacher are inherent in the nature of his office, certain other powers are expressly given to him by enactment. Boards of education and teachers, when such boards are silent, have full power to make all necessary rules and regulations for the right conduct of individuals and the successful government of schools; and they may invoke the aid of courts to enforce the same, if reasonable, but not otherwise. It is well to inquire then what rules by the courts will be deemed reasonable.

Speaking generally, those rules requiring promptness and regularity in attendance, diligence in study, and proper deportment in all school relation will be so regarded.

Of course, no hard and fast rule can be stated, but a few examples gathered at random from the cases may serve our purpose. Rules requiring pupils to pursue particular studies or to prevent absence and truancy, or requiring submission to vaccination upon pain of exclusion, are examples of some held to be reasonable.

On the other hand, a rule requiring each pupil coming to school to bring stick of wood for the fire, was held to be unreasonable. In another instance a rule prohibiting a pupil, living with her parents, from attending a party, was held unreasonable. Many others might be mentioned, but these sufficiently show the distinction.

THE END.

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The Capable Woman.

The capable woman is just as likely to develop to perfection in the back woods as in the cultivated and learned circles of metropolitan life.

Environment has not very much to do with producing her.

Like the poet, she is born and not made. There is no college, or other institution of learning, which can turn her out to order.

The capable woman knows just the right thing to do in any emergency. She is not the least bit timid, and she does it with confidence in herself. She does not think it necessary to run among her friends and ask every body's advice before she does as she has a mind to do.

She never says "I can't," but instead she says "I will."

She doesn't send for the doctor every time she has an ache or a bad feeling. She doesn't get frightened every time she hears a noise she cannot account for. She goes on and on, and she does it with her head up.

It is a good and wholesome thing to live under the same roof with her—to even live in her neighborhood.

She knows how to do things. If the house should catch fire she would try to put out the flames before she rushed into the street and so give the fire a chance to develop strength and destructiveness.

The most modern standards of government are not higher, nor yet much lower than those of their average citizen; those of a school can differ but slightly from the ideal of the teacher who controls it. The stream does not rise above its fountain. We do not waver grades of thorns nor figs of thistles.

Montaigne, in his philosophical work, "The Spirit of Laws," holds that the ruling principle of a despotism is fear; that of a monarchy, honor; that of a republic, virtue; and that education in each ought to be directed accordingly.

Logically, then, with us the ultimate purpose of all school law is to train the minds and mould the characters of our children so that they shall be prepared, wisely and faithfully, to discharge the grave duties that must ere long devolve upon them as citizens of this great republic.

For this reason the law requires that you know, and that you teach the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Maryland. Without a knowledge of these and their underlying principles, there can be, under our form of government, no citizenship worthy of the name.

It is upon our schools, not upon our homes, that we hang all our hopes for the dissemination of this knowledge. We have committed to the very Ark of the Covenant of our faith.

Upon the fidelity with which you care for your sacred charge must largely depend the enduring greatness of this, the greatest republic in all history.

But even this is not enough. Knowledge is always power, but it may be the power to do evil. Knowledge of our institutions is good, but, venerable of our organic law, and respect for our own rights, and the rights of others under the law are the forces most needed to insure our safety. It is your highest mission to inspire these; they are the very breath of our life as a republic. Teach them to those in your keeping and you convey anew the Promethean gift from gods to men; neglect them, and all the seeds of knowledge you shall plant may prove but Dragon's teeth to breed other forces that may drive us to destruction.

THE END.

MARKETING STEERS.

Most Profitable Method of Handling Those Grown as Feeders.

Professor C. F. Curtis of the Iowa experiment station, in answer to an inquiry from a stock grower of that section as to the best time to dispose of the progeny of Shorthorn bulls out of grade cows, says in The Dredger's Gazette:

The question involved here, however, is whether it will pay best to turn off the steers grown on the farm as feeders at the age of 12 to 18 months or carry them a year longer and finish them for market. In view of the conditions prevailing in the locality from which this inquiry comes (Iowa) it will probably prove to be most profitable to have the cattle ready for market at from 20 to 24 months of age instead of carrying them until about this age before beginning to fatten them.

Other things being equal, the younger steer is much the more economical beef producer, and another point well worth considering is the fact that a better carcass of beef can be grown by liberal feeding throughout the life of the animal than by taking a year and a half to two years to fatten.

Of course when the breeder or the younger steer is much the more economical beef producer, and another point well worth considering is the fact that a better carcass of beef can be grown by liberal feeding throughout the life of the animal than by taking a year and a half to two years to fatten.

It is better, as Mr. Kerriek tersely says and has amply demonstrated, to "grow beef rather than fatten cattle."

THE FARMER'S HORSE.

For All Around Work the Clydesdale.

The good draft horse is the one for the farmer to raise. There is no comparison between the drafter and the trotter as the farmer's horse. When the farmer can afford to keep trotters as well as drafters, all well and good, Clydesdale is at home at any kind of work on the farm—plowing or harrowing, seeding or gathering the grain, is quite in his element hauling heavy loads to market, always commands a ready sale, and if he is a few seconds longer in running to town than his trotting brother he gets there all the same.

An authority on the subject says: "It takes a much larger and better horse to be a drafter now than it did some years ago. Good draft horses are all built on the same plan. They have size, width and quality, good constitution, and so on, but they differ markedly in all that."

"Really high class drafters have a certain amount of range. The little, close to the ground chunk, the Dutchman's horse, so called, is not the horse to make a high class drafter. No one wants a leggy horse, but if the depth of rib and flank are right, if width, substance and quality are right, the horse that is far enough off the ground to move himself properly is the one to raise. He will have a prouder, more masculine carriage and set to the head, and his presence will be more imposing."

King of Angora.

America has developed an Angora buck of the highest quality, which is a great victory for those who claim that we can breed as good stock as can be

THE NEED OF REST.

Professor Eustace H. Miles, formerly lecturer at Cambridge University, England, and the head authority on athletics in that institution, contributed to The Saturday Evening Post a leading article on "Palaces About Training." In the course of it he writes:

"A serious evil in the modern training system is the constant tension of the nerves and muscles. At Cambridge I used to watch my athletic pupils, and none of them seemed to have acquired the power of repose. They were always on the stretch. When the time came near, for instance, for the university boat race or the football match the tension reached an extreme, and the men seemed quite unable to be at their ease."

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