

Local and Personal.

This is meant to be a purely LOCAL News column, to which record invites contributions. Events of local importance, whether current or in the near future, accidents, cases of extreme illness, society and church happenings, marriages, deaths, etc., should be reported to the Editor in writing; otherwise they may not appear.

Mrs. Ella Lilly, of Frederick, and Mrs. Annie Spurrer, of Baltimore, are guests of Mrs. Daniel H. Fair.

J. Bernie Koons, of Baltimore, has been spending the week here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Koons.

A. Howard Zollicoffer, of Philadelphia, is paying a brief visit to the "home folks" in this place and Uniontown.

David M. Devillbiss, of near Johnstown, has purchased the John Renner farm, this district, the price paid being \$40 per acre.

Rev. H. S. Ecker, of Frostburg, and sister, Miss Emma Ecker, of New Windsor, visited relatives in this place, on Wednesday.

James B. Galt started the foundation for a new house, on York St., on Monday, on land recently purchased from the Reinhold estate.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Little returned, on Monday, from their trip to Detroit, Michigan, very much pleased with the sights and experiences of the event.

The Double Pipe Creek band will give an open air concert, in Taneytown, this Saturday evening, about 8 o'clock. The band is said to be in good strong condition for this season's playing.

A telegram was received here, on Tuesday, of the serious illness of Mrs. Harry E. Hess, (nee Trimmer) of Johnstown, Pa. Mrs. Reinhold and Mrs. Trimmer left at once, for the home of their children, and on their arrival found the sufferer much better.

Mrs. Mary C. Ohler, an aged lady, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William Stouffer, on Wednesday. She was stricken with paralysis, on Tuesday, having previously been in usual health. Interment took place this Friday morning, in Emmitsburg.

Samuel H. Little purchased the A. N. Hess farm, of 222 acres, on Thursday, at \$34.00 per acre. The other parcels of land, sold at the same time, went at various prices to Samuel Hyser, George A. Shoemaker, Joseph M. Reayer, Hickman Snider and Martin D. Hess.

A party, in honor of Miss Margaret Murphy, of Baltimore, was given by Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Birnie, on Tuesday evening. A number of the young ladies and gentlemen of the town were in attendance, and the evening was very enjoyable spent. Refreshments were served.

Adams Conclave, I. O. H., expects to pay a fraternal visit to Carroll Conclave next Monday evening, when Prof. H. Meier will make his report of the proceedings of the meeting of the Supreme Conclave, held at Buffalo, N. Y., on June 20-24. A full attendance of the members of Carroll Conclave is desired.

The annual picnic of St. Joseph's Catholic church will be held this year, on Wednesday, August 2nd., in Lewis Henley's grove, on the Union Bridge road, about a mile and a half from Taneytown. A large dancing floor will be provided, and there will also be the customary attractions which have heretofore made these events so successful; this year's effort will be fully up to the standard of any previously held.

D. B. Anders, an agent for a patent seat for binders and mowers, was committed to jail, on Thursday, by Justice Orndorff, in default of payment of a board bill due Charles A. Elliot. Anders had been taking things easy at the Elliot House, for the past month, "waiting for a check," and quietly left on Thursday, for Gettysburg. Constable Miller and Mr. Elliot followed him up and overtook him just beyond the Maryland line, on the Gettysburg road, when he voluntarily accompanied them back to Taneytown, with the result as stated.

The Hampstead Enterprise has the following to say of a well known Taneytown district lady. "As announced in another column Miss Effie E. Hess has been appointed principal of the Hampstead public school, vice Mr. David W. Ebaugh, who resigned. Miss Hess is a graduate of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, and she has had considerable experience as a public school teacher, both before and since her graduation. Her home is in Taneytown and for the past year or two she has been principal of Black's school, near Taneytown, which has 100 pupils. Miss Hess will teach the high school branches at Hampstead."

An alarm of fire was sounded last Sunday evening, at half past seven, because of smoke being seen issuing from the roof of the oven room of the Model Bakery. The Fire Company responded in about three minutes, and at the same time the doors were unlocked, when it was seen that the fire was safely inside the oven, a closed damper being responsible for turning the smoke into the building, and its escape through the comb of the roof. The tapping of the bell changed the quiet of the evening into a scene of excitement, almost from the first stroke, several hundred people gathering on the scene as by magic. The firemen were universally complimented for their promptness, and the incident had a decided tendency to strengthen the feeling of confidence of our citizens in the efficiency of our fire protection.

COUNTY AND STATE.

News Notes of General Interest from Various Sources.

On Monday, 118,679 bushels of southern wheat were received in Baltimore.

The Maryland Bankers Association, on Thursday, reaffirmed its allegiance to the gold standard.

Linwood Camp Meeting begins on Friday, the 21st. There are about forty tents. A number of prominent speakers are expected on Sunday.

Forty members of the Westminster Fishing Club went into camp, on Tuesday, at Big Pool, along the Potomac, near Williamsport, where they will fish for black bass.

Harry Reiff, Maugansville's, Washington county fat boy continues to increase in weight and now tips the scales at 430 pounds. William Spigler, 17 years old who also lives at Maugansville weighs only 53 pounds.

Republican city leaders of all factions met with Senator Wellington in Baltimore, on Tuesday, and discussed terms of peace for the fall campaign. The result is said to have been perfectly satisfactory to all parties, there being a general agreement to abandon factional feeling and work only for party success.

The committee having in charge the gift of a home to Admiral Dewey has determined that it will not fail in its object, even if the sum subscribed be disappointingly small. It amounts now to nearly \$15,000 and the list will be closed before the arrival of the Admiral in the United States. It may be of interest to many that the Admiral's salary is \$37,500 per day.

William Lawyer, of Westminster, Md., aged 88 years, father of State Fire Marshal Edwin J. Lawyer, was severely gored by a cow on Monday. He was leading the animal, when she circled around him several times and then viciously rushed at him. Her horn entered the arm on the inside near the elbow, tearing the flesh, making a hole over an inch in diameter, and exposing an artery.

At a meeting of the National Democratic Committee, held in Chicago, on Thursday, the following facts relative to National democratic politics, seem to have been clearly demonstrated. That free silver is no longer the dominant issue; that Bryan will be renominated, but silver is not to be made offensively prominent; that an effort will be made to secure the gold element, and again solidify the party.

One day last week, a Norfolk and Western Railroad freight train brought to Hagerstown 65 tramps, who were crowded into a box car with a horse. They were so numerous that the train men were afraid of them, so they left them in the car undisturbed until the suburbs of Hagerstown were reached, when they were ordered out. The tramps spread in all directions, and policemen had their hands full for the day.

Statistics from sixty-two of the principal cities of the nation show the result of patriotic fervor on July 4. The number of killed is reported three; injured, 1,074. Fire losses due to fireworks, \$139,165. Of the injured 627 were hurt by firecrackers; 113 by toy cannons; 66 by powder explosions; 39 by skyrockets; 143 by gun and revolver, and 15 by stray bullets. The above does not include the results in thousands of smaller cities and villages.

We boast of our glorious country and call it a christian nation and yet the profanity on the streets of the town from boys in knee breeches up to persons who want to be called men, is something frightful. We don't understand that while some heathen nations know nothing about profanity, the streets of a christian town are ringing with the vilest of out, and all this contrary to our laws. We have good laws if they were only enforced.—Hancock Star.

A dangerous trick, which came near proving fatal, was perpetrated upon a colored man named Jacob Powell, at Manchester, on Tuesday afternoon. Powell was lying in a drunken stupor, when some unknown person tied a rope around one of his legs, threw the end over some elevated object and pulled the man up until his head barely touched the ground. Powell was left hanging in that position until life was nearly extinct, and vigorous treatment was required to resuscitate him.

Martin H. Snyder, aged seventy years, a well-known farmer of Boonsboro district, died shortly after eleven o'clock Sunday night from paralysis and a complication of troubles. During the severe storm Saturday evening the home of Mr. Snyder was badly wrecked, the roof being carried away and the gable-end blown in. Mr. Snyder lay dying at the time in one room and his wife quite ill in an adjoining room. The house, with the exception of these rooms, was deluged with water. Mr. Snyder passed away without being told of the damage to his home.

The 10th. annual reunion of the Reformed church was held at Pen-Mar on Thursday, and was attended by nearly 6,000 people. An appropriate service was held at 1.30 p. m., with special music by a select choir of 12 voices and Professor Ziegler's orchestra. There was also responsive reading and several addresses. Those who spoke were Rev. Dr. George W. Stibitz, of York, Pa.; Dr. Chas. H. Hubert, of Baltimore; Miss Mary C. Hollowell, of Sental, Japan, and Rev. Cyrus J. Musser, of Philadelphia. Prayers were offered by Rev. Dr. W. C. Schaeffer, of Chambersburg.

CAVALRY TROOP A.

M. N. G. will Camp in Taneytown, Sunday Evening.

Arrangements for the practice march of Troop A, of the M. N. G., have been completed. The Troop will leave Pikesville on Saturday afternoon, July 22, at 3 o'clock, equipped for regular marching as nearly as possible like the regular U. S. Cavalry. They will camp at night, take breakfast and break camp early in the morning, and do most of their marching in the forenoon. The average march per day will be 25 miles. The start will be made with rations for two days for the men and horses. There will be a six mile forage wagon, and a two-horse ambulance in attendance. Each man will take care of his own horse.

On the line of march the men will pass through Hagerstown on Thursday and Frederick on Friday. Sketches of the road will be made, and on their arrival at Gettysburg, a ride over the battle-field will be taken. During the march the Troop will camp at Finksburg on Saturday night, Taneytown Sunday night, Gettysburg on Monday night, and Tuesday and Wednesday will be spent at the Blue Mountain House, where exhibition drills will be given both days. They will break camp at the Blue Mountain House on Thursday morning and march to South Mountain, where they will camp Thursday night, at New Market on Friday, the old Carroll Manor, above Elliott City, on Saturday, and return Sunday.

Death of John Delaplane.

John Delaplane, an aged and well known citizen of this neighborhood, died at his home near Bridgeport, on Tuesday, shortly before noon. He had sustained a slight attack of paralysis, several months ago, but had recovered his usual health and went about as usual, being in attendance at preparatory services on Sunday afternoon, in the Lutheran church, where he was many years a member. On Sunday, after making preparations to attend church, he complained of feeling unwell, and shortly after, his system gave way, largely due to old age, and the end followed on Tuesday, as stated.

He leaves two brothers: William, of Great Bend, Kansas, and Edward, of Baltimore. His immediate family consists of six children: Mrs. Hannah M. Hooyer, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Alice Kiser, of near Harney, John E. Delaplane, of Union Bridge, Joshua D., and Isaac F., of Waynesboro, and Albert S., of Pueblo, Colorado. The deceased was a man of cheerful disposition, and, notwithstanding his age, 81 years, took an active interest in the doings of his own circle, and the world at large. Funeral services were observed on Thursday morning, in the Lutheran church, interment being in the adjoining cemetery.

A Juvenile Surprise.

For the Record. Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Haines, of Union Bridge, gave a surprise party in honor of their son Walter, the occasion being his 10th., birthday. Quite a number of little folks gathered at the home, while he was out, and when he returned he was much surprised. The evening was spent in vocal and instrumental music, games, etc.

Those present were: Misses Nava, Lillian, Gladis Gilbert, Lula and Annie Haines, Nellie Strasburg, Naomi Perry, Netta and Catherine White, Lella Moore, Rosa Si, Belle Bond, Lettie Yingling, Naomi Delphay, Maud and Ruth Reek, Lella Stein, Minnie Nussbaum; Masters Roland Perry, Eddie Haines, Earl Shiner, Harry Snyder, Willie and George Shockey, Oswald Baker, Roy Moore, Harvey and Willie Jackson, Walter and Roland Reek, Earl Strasburg; Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Haines, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Haines, all of Union Bridge, and Miss Lula Haines, of New Windsor.

Grave of Chief Justice Taney.

Speaking of the sale of the Jesuit Novitiate, at Frederick, and the removal of the institution to the banks of the Hudson, near Poughkeepsie, the American correspondent makes public the following item, not generally known:

In this old burying-ground is the grave of Roger Brooke Taney, fifth chief justice of the United States Supreme Court, and the grave of his mother. The graves of his wife and children are in the Olivet Cemetery, this city. Chief Justice Taney having been a Roman Catholic and his wife a Protestant. Between them was an agreement at the time of their marriage that any sons born to them should be brought up in the father's faith, and any daughters in the mother's. No sons were born, so the Chief Justice's children were brought up in the Protestant faith, and they and their mother were buried in a graveyard different from that in which their father's remains lay. When the old novitiate is deserted and the bodies buried there disinterred, Chief Justice Taney's remains will probably be removed to the regular Catholic graveyard in this city.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free of charge.

DELAPLANE.—On July 18th., '99 near Bridgeport, Mr. John Delaplane, aged 81 years, 6 months and 9 days.

OHLER.—On July 19, '99, near Taneytown, Mrs. Mary C. Ohler, aged about 80 years.

DERN.—On July 17, '99, in Union Bridge, Mrs. Sallie Dorn, (nee Ziegler) See Union Bridge Correspondence.

Church Notices.

Rev. B. W. Kindley will return from his vacation, Saturday, and occupy his pulpit Sunday as usual. Pipe Creek M. P. church, 10.30 a. m., and Uniontown 8 p. m.

THE CONVENTION

Detroit '99—An Interesting Program Summarized.

Owing to the lateness of their arrival, not many of the Maryland delegation attended the opening exercises of the convention in Tent Endeavor, Wednesday evening, July 5th. In our letter to the RECORD last week the seating capacity of the tent was intentionally made to read 1000. The seating capacity of the tents was between 10,000 and 15,000 each.

Over 35,000 delegates were known to have registered at the different church headquarters. Others were staying with friends, and did not register, so that a correct estimate of the number in attendance cannot be given.

Thursday morning the Light Guard Amory was crowded at the Daily Quiet Hour, conducted by Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, D. D., New York City, assisted by Mr. H. G. Smyth (gospel singer) New York City. At each of the Quiet Hour services during the convention, Dr. Chapman brought before the delegates the 23rd Psalm, giving it an especially beautiful reading. He placed the emphasis on the personal pronoun, "The Lord is my Shepherd, I shall not want."

In Tent Endeavor, Secretary John Willis Baer read his annual report. He emphasized this particularly: "Christian Endeavor lives." Dr. Clark's message was "keep going and growing." The convention sermon was preached by Rev. F. W. Gunsaulus, D. D., Chicago, Ill., from Mark 20:14.

Every day at the noon hour, Evangelistic services were held at factories, public squares, wharves, etc. These meetings were arranged by a committee, of which Rev. P. J. Venues, Detroit, Mich., was chairman.

In the afternoon, from 3.30 to 2.30 special meetings were held in two of Detroit's beautiful churches. The first Bible-study conference conducted by Prof. W. G. Moorehead, D. D., Xenia, O., in the First Presbyterian church, and the daily Personal Workers' Conference, conducted by Mr. H. H. Gibb, Springfield, Mass., in the First Congregational church.

Thursday afternoon, from 2.30 to 4.30 came the denominational rallies. In the afternoon from 4.45 to 5.30 were held the Bible Study Conference, and the Conference for Junior Society workers and Superintendents. Thursday evening the addresses in Tent Endeavor were: "The New Mormon Question," Rev. W. M. Padgett, D. D., Salt Lake City, Utah; "Our Prison Work," Mr. Frederick A. Wallis, Hopkinsville, Ky.; "Floating Christianities," Mr. J. B. Trapp, Chicago, Ill.; "Treasure in Heaven," Mr. William Shaw, Boston, Mass.; "War against War," Rev. F. A. Noble, D. D., Chicago, Ill.; "The Will of God," where were two addresses: "Dollars and Duty," Rev. John E. Pounds, Indianapolis, Ind.; and "Satan and Cities," Rev. P. H. McLaughlin, D. D., Chicago, Ill.

Friday morning, Tent Endeavor Practical School of Methods; "New things worth doing," Tent Willis Baer, Boston, Mass.; "The Best Thing," Friday morning, the writer attended an "Important Conference for District and City Union Officers" in the First Presbyterian church, conducted by Secretary John Willis Baer, Boston, Mass. This was a very interesting and helpful meeting. In the evening, we heard Chas. M. Shedd, of Topeka, Kan., speak in the same church; topic, "In the Other Man's Place."

Saturday morning the topic in Tent Endeavor was "Saved to Serve." Following the discussion of this topic, Prof. Anos R. Wells, Boston, Mass., gave an illustrated address, "The Christian Endeavor Shears."

In Tent Endeavor addresses were made by Rev. W. T. Rodgers, Nashville, Tenn.; Rev. J. M. Cromer, Kansas City, Mo.; President Francis E. Clark, of the National Association, Hugh K. Walker, D. D., Los Angeles, Cal., and Prof. Graham Taylor, Chicago, Ill.

Sunday morning, preaching services in the various churches. Sunday afternoon, 2.30 to 4.15, Sabbath Observance meeting. This year a slight change was made, and the consecration services were held in the churches. At the Maryland headquarters, (Central Christian church) the address was to have been given by Rev. John H. Chichester, of Chicago, but as he was not present, his place was very agreeably filled by Rev. Chas. B. Newman, the pastor of the church.

Monday morning, the theme was "Missions." In Tent Endeavor were between 20 and 30 Foreign Missionaries were introduced. Mr. Clark called their names, they sang forward, and gave their message, quite frequently in the language of the country they represented. In Tent Willis Baer, the Home Missionaries were introduced.

Monday afternoon, the Junior Rally. About 4000 Juniors were on the platform, and gave, as well as they could, with hand, head, and two exercises, "World-wide Pledge," and "Salute to the Flags." Monday evening: Farewell meeting. In order to give all the delegations an opportunity to speak, it was necessary to divide them. Maryland was assigned to Tent Willis Baer, the closing address was delivered by Bishop John H. Vincent, of Topeka, Kan. His theme was "The Law of the Unit." "Let us live for the unit, that we may win the million." Pres. Clark's last words were, "Take this convention home with you."

The Convention of 1900 will be held across the sea, with our English cousins, in London, England.

"Give us the bread of life," said our hearts in Christian love." R. H. L.

A Good Road Law.

According to a Pennsylvania road law, recently adopted, the township road supervisors are required to have the loose stones removed from the main traveled highways, once a month, during the months from April to October inclusive.

This is an excellent law, as loose stones are not only a nuisance, but dangerous as well, and injuries to many horses are no doubt directly attributable to stepping on such stones. Every town, at least, should follow this Pennsylvania plan, and remove the stones from the streets which lie there only to be kicked about, and stumbled over, from one year's end to another, especially as there would be practically no cost attached to the work, because the stones so gathered, placed in one spot, would be of service.

ALGER RESIGNS.

Will Retire from the Cabinet on Monday.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore American summarizes the retirement of Secretary of War Alger, in Thursday's issue as follows:

Secretary Alger has concluded to resign at once. This determination was reached during his visit to Vice-President Hobart, and he carried it out yesterday by notifying the President of his decision. The resignation of Secretary Alger will take effect at once. He personally notified the President that he had changed his mind about waiting to resign until January 1st, and would relieve his embarrassment by voluntarily handing in his resignation now. The change in General Alger's plans came about during his three days visit to Vice-President Hobart, and also because the Secretary is worn out and sick on account of the attacks made upon him. He will go away for a rest before he decides upon what he will do about his senatorial plans. The resignation at this time caused surprise, for it was understood that everything was arranged for him to remain in the Cabinet until he had completed his annual report. His visit and talk with the Vice-President changed his views, and he concluded to end the matter and retire. Owing to the determination of General Alger to quit at once, it is too early to talk about his successor, at least as to naming him; but it seems determined that the President will name a New Yorker, and that he will be a man versed in law and diplomacy. The President wants a legal man as his Secretary of War—one who will be able to handle, as a lawyer, the great problems in connection with our new territory. As he is directing the military part of the campaign himself, he wants a statesman to assist him in his work at the War Department.

Birth-day Surprise Party near New Windsor.

For the Record.

On Monday evening, July 17th., a number of friends invaded the quiet home of Ellsworth Ecker, surprising him by their unexpected visit, the occasion of which was the fifty-sixth anniversary of his birth. The surprised general immediately surrendered his unfortified castle without resistance, and for about three hours its ancient halls, vine-covered porch and moon-lighted lawn were in the undisputed possession of the general invaders.

The blessed memories of the hallowed past were pleasantly recalled, and old times of reckless boyhood, troublesome school days and happy courtship, were lived over again in memory and imagination. While the evening was well spent, the company repaired to the dining hall and regaled themselves with the choice dishes of the castle; and then they quietly bade adieu and departed to their several homes.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth Ecker, Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Ecker, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. A. Stouffer, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan H. Baile, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Anders, Mrs. Alice Stouffer, Mrs. Cora Stouffer, Miss Emma Ecker, Messrs Jesse Crawford, Maurice Ecker, H. B. Ecker and John C. Ecker, of New Windsor; Miss Matilda Poole, of Washington, D. C.; Messrs Howard Buffington and Charles Ecker, of Baltimore; and Rev. H. S. Ecker, of Frostburg, Md.

Held up by a Robber.

William, or "Billey" Woods, an aged and well known traveling harness maker, living near New Windsor, was "held up" on Monday last, near Marston, by a strange colored man who relieved him of about \$30 in cash, and then fled in the direction of Mt. Airy.

Mr. Woods, who had been at work in the neighborhood of Libertytown, was on his way home, when assaulted. It appears that the colored man had followed him for several miles, sometimes passing him and then falling behind, apparently with the idea of sizing the old gentleman up, and also waiting for a secluded spot on which to make the attack. When this spot was reached he caught his victim, threw him down and choked him to prevent an outcry, and after going through his pockets, with the result as stated, ran rapidly across the fields. He is described as being slender, about twenty-one years old, and very black.

Grain and Grasses.

Wheat threshing made good progress, although interrupted to some extent by rain. In the western counties much of the wheat is still in shock where the harvest was late, but considering the Section as a whole very little threshing remains to be done. The further reports regarding yields do not change previous statements. In the southern and eastern counties some following for next season's wheat crop has commenced. Oats are maturing in the western counties; some have been cut in Carroll, while farther east and south the harvest is well under way, and in some districts completed. Good yields are the general report.

Haymaking has progressed as the weather allowed; the yields have been heavy over the greater part of Western Maryland, but elsewhere a light crop has been the rule. Corn has made rapid development during the week, having been aided greatly by the rains, although growth was slightly checked by cool nights in the western counties. The fields are in tassel in many districts and some of the early corn is showing silk. The present condition of the crop is highly favorable, and good yields will follow, if suitable weather conditions prevail. From now on, until the ear is well formed, the corn crop will need warm weather and frequent rains. Pastures have not had sufficient rain during much of the summer and are now short, although they have improved somewhat during the week.—Crop Bulletin.

Correspondence.

All communications for the RECORD must be signed by the writer's own name; not necessarily in full, but an evidence that the matter and facts transmitted are legitimate and correct. Items of a miscellaneous character are not wanted.

Union Bridge.

Mrs. Sallie Dorn, widow of Marshall Dorn, of Sates, W. Va., who came to Union Bridge several weeks ago to attend the funeral of her father, Mr. Wm. Ogle, died suddenly on Monday night of paralysis, at the home of Mr. Keener Billmyer. She had just completed her toilet, preparatory to going to take a walk with Mrs. John B. Eppler when stricken down. She complained of a severe pain in her head, and in a few minutes was beyond the power of speech. One brother, Mr. Geo. Ogle, and four children—two sons and two daughters—survive her.

Mr. Dorn was born and raised in this neighborhood, being a son of the late One O. Dorn, and a nephew of brother of Hammond Dorn, for many years a baker in this place. Mrs. Dorn was the only daughter of Wm. Ogle, who died several weeks ago. Mrs. Ogle died some years ago. Interment was made in Mountain View cemetery, on Thursday, July 20th., at 10 o'clock, p. m.

Miss Annie Birkhead and niece, Miss Lella Birkhead, of Salisbury, Wicomico Co., Md., and Mrs. Wm. J. Umer, of Baltimore, sister of Dr. Norris, are visiting Dr. and Mrs. Norris, on S. Main St. Mr. Samuel Norris of Baltimore, also spent a few days with his brother, preparatory to spending his vacation in the Allegheny Mountains.

The scarlet rash is still prevalent in the town, little Miss Helen Lindsay being quite ill with the disease last week.

Mr. Clifton Lightner, of Hagerstown, and Miss Anna Eppler, of Union Bridge, were guests at "Cottonwood Farm," near town, last week. Rev. L. F. M. Myers, of Frederick, preached in the Lutheran church on Sunday morning and night.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Fultz and daughter, are visiting Mrs. Fultz's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Maus, and other relatives in this place.

Dr. Charles Stutz moved from this place to Woodsboro, Md., on Wednesday.

Rev. Hoffmeier, of Mt. Pleasant, Frederick county, Va., was the guest of Rev. Dr. A. F. Dreisbach on Monday.

Holy Communion will be administered in St. Mary's Reformed church this Sunday afternoon. Preparatory services and confirmation on Saturday afternoon previous.

Mr. Oliver Bowman and Miss Birdie Messinger were married on last Sunday evening, at about 6 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. Bowman, assisted by Rev. Wm. H. Ehrhart.

Banker's Mill.

Rev. K. O. Spessard will preach his fifth anniversary sermon on Sunday, July 30th., at 10 o'clock, at Baust church. The church on that occasion will be decorated. The choir will be assisted by Prof. J. N. O. Smith; all are invited.

Mr. Geo. C. Harmon, who was very ill about a week ago, from a wound which he received at the battle of the Weldon Railroad, Va., on the 21st. of August, 1864, is, we are glad to say, convalescent. He was attended by Dr. Kemp, of Uniontown.

The heaviest rain of the season in this community visited us on last Saturday evening. At about 6 o'clock the heavens became dark and the rain poured down in a perfect deluge for at least one hour and a half, accompanied by loud peals of thunder and vivid flashes of lightning, saturating the earth and turning creeks almost into rivers, but so far as we can learn no considerable damage was done.

Mr. Jos. Formwalt is erecting a new stable at his mill property, Samuel Wantz, carpenter; John W. Powell and L. C. Copeland, masons. Mr. Jos. Rachael Yingling and Miss Maggie, spent several days this week, with relatives in this community.

Early in the morning, very abundant and everybody is making up time for last season.

Mr. John W. Powell is on the sick list.

Bridgeport.

On Tuesday, our community was startled at the unexpected death of Mr. John Delaplane, an aged and very highly respected citizen of this place. Mr. Delaplane, though of failing health for some time, was in his usual jolly mood on Saturday and his many friends were sadly pained to learn of his sudden illness and death. The highest eulogium which he was held, was shown by the large concourse of friends which followed his remains to their last repose. Interment at the Lutheran cemetery, Taneytown. The pallbearers were: Jacobus Oehler, Hezekiah Hawk and Wm. A. Nail. Mr. Delaplane was in his 82nd year.

Mrs. Ham Oehler and Miss Leone Brown, who were on the sick list for several weeks, are both very much better.

Mr. Michael Humbert has about completed the improvements to his house, which now presents a fine appearance.

The patrons of Pine Hill school contemplate driving a well on the school house. A meeting of all interested will be held on Tuesday evening, July 25th., and it is hoped all will show their willingness to secure this needed improvement, by being present at the meeting.

The garden and cornfields are suffering from the continued drought.

While Charles Smith is still moving briars one day this week, killed an old copper-head snake with 88 young ones.

A large band of gypsies passed through our town on Thursday; they were well equipped with horses, and some very handsome wagons.

Banks Must Not Stamp Checks.

The Internal Revenue department has issued the following circular to revenue collectors, which prohibits banks from affixing stamps to unstamped checks; the action being taken, it is said, on information that certain banks had adopted the practice of not requiring stamps, as an advertisement to secure patronage against rival banks.

"You are directed to notify the banks that are guilty of stamping unstamped checks that if the practice is not immediately discontinued they will be reported to the United States district attorney for prosecution. The instruction contained in Treasury decision No. 19,006, under date of June 29, 1898, to the effect that there was no objection to the affixing by the bank of the requisite stamps to an unstamped check presented for payment is hereby revoked. This instruction was given to meet an emergency immediately preceding the taking effect of the stamp act on July 1, 1898, in order to obviate the necessity of returning by the banks thousands of unstamped checks issued by drawers in ignorance of the law. The law being now generally understood there is no further need of such permission."

Mrs. Grant Shoemaker and son spent a few days at Berret, visiting her sister, Mrs. Louise Mehring.

Miss Florence Englar, of Lancaster, Pa., is spending two weeks with her aunt, Ellen Rowe.

Mr. J. Wilhelm is very much indisposed, owing to injuries received in falling upon some large rocks.

Miss Mabel Hamilton of Philadelphia, and Master Maurice Hooker, of Baltimore, are visiting at Scraggy Maples.

The Annual Eldership or Conference of the Church of God, will be held in this village during October. Mrs. J. D. Myers, of Park Dale, had a pleasant little lawn party at twilight, last week.

Silver Run.

An election was held in the old union church on last Saturday afternoon, to decide what disposal should be made of the old church building, Sexton house and grounds. The Lutherans voted to remove the old building and enclose all the grounds belonging to the same in the cemetery, except the square in which the old church stands, which was to be left open, as it is, forever. The Reformed voted "no," and now the matter rests as it had been.

The Lutheran Sunday school will hold the annual celebration, in a grove near the village, on Saturday, July 29th. Able speakers will be present, and good music will be furnished by the school and church choir.

<

Our Home Circle.

Original articles solicited for this department on any subject relative to "home" matters, whether of a social, domestic, or general character. Also articles pertaining to agriculture, stock raising, etc. Contributions must be received not later than the 15th of the month preceding the issue in which they are to appear. The Editor is not responsible for the opinions expressed by contributors, nor does the publication of them make him their endorser. The public is entitled to the free use of this department, and it is not used as a medium for the publication of articles of no general interest or benefit. Communications must be signed by the writer, or authorship acknowledged in a separate note.

We do not disclose the identity of any writer in this department, in order to gratify curiosity, therefore the "nom de plume" may be used with a feeling of security; at the same time it must not be used as cloak, behind which to deal out "personalities." Write only on one side of the paper, and, as possible, communications should be limited to 500 or 600 words at most.

The Ideal Life.

An Essay, by Miss Mary Hill, a Milton Academy student, which was awarded "First Prize," 1890.

In the first place, what is our ideal? If we would accomplish much good, we must have a high ideal and strive hard to reach it. There are many ways of doing good. Anyone who has money, may spend it for charitable purposes; or he who has a special talent may use it to benefit his fellow-men, and in these ways accomplish much and lasting good. But, the majority of people have neither great wealth nor talent, and the question is, how can these do the most good?

Everyone of us has him or herself with which to make the world better or worse. The most important thing for us to do, if we wish to make those around us better, is to make our lives honest, upright and true. We must strive to rise above those around us; not in popularity and wealth, or even in education, but in an upright everyday life.

Whatever occupation we may choose, let us strive to make the most of it. If it is that of a merchant, try to be the best merchant in our town; be honest in all our dealings; try to make our business prosper in every way which is right. If a lawyer, be an honest one in preference to a popular one. And whatever occupation we may choose, we should conduct it strictly on the principle of right; for he who lives an ideal life himself, will not fail to benefit others.

Every one imitates someone else, and more people than we may think, are imitating us and judging their lives by our lives. We must live so as to win the love and respect of the highest, and yet be able to reach down and help the lowest and most unfortunate. We must study the disposition of those with whom we come in contact.

We cannot reach all in the same way, but there is none so bad but he or she may be reached in some way. If we have the patience to find it out, some think the poor are the only ones to be helped, but they are not; there are many of our own class who may be made better by a kind word or a pleasant smile. On the other hand, some think it is useless to waste a kind word on a sullen, barefooted boy of the poorer class; yet, I think these are the ones we may really help the most.

The great men of the past have not all come from homes of luxury and wealth, but many of them have come from homes of poverty. Those who have encouraged and helped such poor boys, did more good than they knew. It is not always great deeds which benefit the most people, or have the most lasting influence, but the many little deeds we do.

Many people accomplish very little, because they are always longing to do something great for the world, and thus overlook the little things they might do. If Washington had not, from his boyhood up, been a self-reliant, honest and truthful man; if he had not been faithful and did his best in little things, he never would have so nobly led the army which gave to this glorious land its freedom. No one will ever be able to tell how much good Washington has done for the world, or how long it will last.

If we wish to better the world we must not be a grumbler; we should strive to see some good in everything and reveal it to others. A bright sunny disposition, is like a sunny day; although it passes away, the flowers, the grass, and everything looks brighter for its having been here. Some people fail to do good because they think only of themselves, and have no time to assist others. If we wish to help others, we must, in a measure, lay self aside.

If it is necessary to reprove anyone

FEMALE MAIL.

That sounds more contradictory than it is, when attention is called to being a description of the largest mail received by any man in the United States exclusively from women. This "female mail" is received by Dr. R. V. Pierce, the celebrated specialist in women's diseases, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

It is only fair to say that it is not the man that women write to, but the doctor. One of the remarkable features of this correspondence is that years after a cure has been effected, grateful women continue to write to Dr. Pierce, being thankful for health and for the kind and fatherly advice, which was blended with the physician's command, and which was so helpful in preserving the health when regained.

The offer of a free consultation by letter is extended by Dr. Pierce to every sick and ailing woman. Every letter received is read in private, answered in private and its contents treated as a sacred confidence. To exclude any third party from the correspondence, all answers are mailed in a plain envelope, bearing upon it no printing or advertising whatever. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the great remedy for female troubles, irregularities, debilitating drains, inflammation and ulceration, is for sale by all dealers in medicine. Accepted as a substitute which may be recommended as "just as good" that the dealer may make a little extra profit.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.

We must do it in a very kind way and at a proper time. If a man is very angry, it is no use to reprove him for getting angry—wait until he is calm and then kindly tell him. Or, if a man is drunk, do not call him a drunkard and pass him by with contempt; but, when he becomes sober, gently tell him of his fault, and show him that you sympathize with him and are interested in his welfare.

There is no other way by which we may help more, than by sympathy. Show a man or woman, lower than yourself, that you really love, and are interested in them, and in many cases you will be able to influence that man or woman as you wish. The person who really wishes to do good will not seek to work every where just to become popular, and not accomplish much anywhere, but will modestly do what is at hand. Be determined to accomplish a purpose, and then stick to it. If you undertake to do anything which you believe to be right—Luther and other great men, stick to it until the end.

You may not be able to see that you have accomplished anything, but others will find it out, it is after you are gone. The greatest inventors have been hooted at and despised; if they would have given up, their work which has so much benefited the world would have come to naught, and we would not be the happy, prosperous people we are today. By a determined perseverance in what is right we can accomplish much good.

To do lasting good we must strive to cultivate the hearts and minds of the people, and especially of the children. If we cannot do anything more than teach one child the right way, we should do it to the best of our ability. The world will not grow better as fast, by any other way, as by teaching the children to be good and by using all our influence to get them to become good men and women.

We must make the most of the present opportunities to help the world. If we can do a kind deed today, never leave it until tomorrow, for tomorrow will bring its own work, and an opportunity once passed, can never be recalled. If you ever intend to do anything, do it now; the people who are always intending to do great things in the future, and leaving the present pass without doing anything, will accomplish the least.

FREDERICK COLLEGE opens Sep. 4. College Preparatory and Business courses. Free Scholarships.

The Kitchen Club.

(For the Home Circle.)
"I am getting to be near tea time, and pretty little Doris Lee knew it would never do to have her meals late as John had often told her, that was not the way mother did," so she began by lifting the stove to hold the water for tea, while she got the table ready. As she turned round upon hearing a footstep, she saw one of her neighbors coming up the path.

"Dear me, Doris, not going to make fire on this dreadful hot evening I hope." "Why certainly; how else could I make my tea?" cried Doris. "Well, I will tell you how we do it, you care to know," said Maggie Mason. "Please do, for it makes the house so warm to have a fire if it is only an oil stove, and you would be helped to have one meal all cold, wouldn't you?"

"Try tea, or pure cold water, and I am sure he will feel better after he gets used to the change, and sees how much better it is for you to be so fresh and cool at tea time, instead of being all steamed in the hot room. But I must hurry up and tell you about our cold supper, as I cannot stay long. If I want to have ice tea for supper, I make the tea in the morning, while I am about the kitchen work; also stew some fruit if there is none on hand suitable to use without cooking. So after dinner I do not often need a fire."

"Sometimes make potato salad, and we like it made this way. Slice cold boiled potatoes, and if you like, you can add an onion or two, make dressing of cream and a well beaten egg; let it come to a boil, take from the fire and season with vinegar, salt, pepper, a little sugar and mustard. Make a quantity of this and keep in a cool place; it will be good for quite a while, to be used cold. With cold meat of some kind, or chicken either, you can have a very good supper, and not be too warm to enjoy it. Keep on hand good sweet bread and butter and fruit jam. Pour the tea in glasses, instead of cups, or cracked ice, if sweeten, but no milk; a slice of lemon improves it."

"Now, I have talked too long, but if you would like it, we could meet once in a while at the home of one of the other of a few friends, and have a sort of kitchen club, to exchange views and our pet notions and useful recipes."

"Oh, that will be so much help, as there are so many things I want to learn, and we will begin right soon. Just tell some of them on your way home, and I may see those over your way, and let us all meet here next Thursday afternoon."

"Very well, I may be able to learn a good deal too, for I don't pretend to know it all. Good-bye."

AUNT POLLY.

Take a Rest.

It is an encouraging fact that periods of rest and recreation are finding a larger place in the life of the American people than was formerly the case. It is a tendency which will add carry much farther still with added profit. In this way we may gradually relieve ourselves of the just reproach often heaped upon us by observers from other lands, that we take even our pleasures sadly, and devote ourselves too much to the worship of mammon. We certainly may learn something of our English cousins, and more still of our German friends, of the way to achieve success in life by a happy mingling of honest and faithful work with occasional periods of calm and joyous ease.

It is a fatal error, however, too common in many circles of American society, and especially among the professional and working classes, that vacation days, periods set apart for pleasure and recreation, are things out of the normal course of life; pure indulgences, of questionable wisdom for any except invalids, the aged, and the wealthy. The wage-earner, the struggling professional, the man of family who gives himself a few days of rest now and then, is made to feel, oftentimes, a half-guilty sense of having yielded to a weakness, of having been a little lazy, of having done something which he had no right to do in consideration of his own worldly interests and of those dependent on him. He should have remained at home at

tending to his business; that is the prevailing thought. He cannot afford to be idle.

Against such ideas of the workers' rest days we set the truer, nobler and more rational view that they have as proper and necessary a place in every man's life as the work-days. The man who closes his desk, lays down his hammer, or leaves his plow, and does nothing for a time every year but give himself up to rest and enjoyment, is as fully in the line of doing his God-given duty as when he is toiling and moiling for his daily bread. He may, indeed, earn more bread, and more surely earn it easier and more happily when his brain has been cleared, his body energized, and his soul enlarged under the peace, the freedom and the sunshine of days lived elsewhere than under the lash of work.—*Leslie's Weekly.*

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's A-line Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions, Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. S. McKinney Druggist.

Summer Sitting Rooms.

It makes the sitting room a more attractive room in summer to change its appearance by taking up the carpet and replacing it—if the floor is not hard wood—with matting and rugs. This saves the carpet from wear and gives a more agreeable floor covering for summer, and one easily swept. Heavy hangings, which are liable to attract moths, should be cleaned early in summer and laid away during the heated months in bags of cotton with camphor or some other moth preventive. Heavy upholstered furniture should be cleaned and covered with linen to protect it from the dust. Wicker and rattan chairs, and for the piazza rattan sofas or divans, should be used as much as possible. The only curtains allowable at the windows are sheer shades of muslin or silk. Where the piazza is ample, as all summer piazzas should be, it should be furnished with a 5 o'clock tea table chair, a divan, lounge, and places of various kinds, a reading table for books and newspapers and other desirable furniture. In that case it will take the place of the sitting room to a great degree. It is hardly necessary to say that such a piazza should be screened from the sun, and that the best screens are green vines. If these cannot be obtained, or before they grow to proper size for this purpose, the inexpensive curtains of split bamboo now generally sold are in every way suitable for the purpose. Bamboo and bead screens are excellent for doorways. Such a furnished piazza as the one we have described is a good place to light with a swinging lantern of gay glass. These lanterns may be found in attractive Turkish make or in less expensive domestic ware.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject of a newspaper item, has been taken on a new importance, for it has become a county seat. The new county of Santa Cruz, an offshoot from Pima county, has just been created in Arizona, and the American half of the border town has been made the seat of the new government.

The incident of the transitory stage for the Mexicans and Americans are working hard for its progress. The Mexican custom house and municipal "palace" are handsome structures, and the Mexican municipal authorities have recently walled the "arroyo," a little river, running through the town, and have thrown across it two iron bridges. The American side of the town is now pretty well covered with cement sidewalks and Mexican Nogales is about to be invaded by the same enterprising contractor and paved in like fashion.—*Exchange.*

The Church and Young Men.
The absence of young men in many of the churches is a most distressing condition of affairs. Recently we worshipped in a church in a small town, and noted that the young men were conspicuous for their absence. There were plenty of young ladies in the choir, but not a young man; and so the minister had to step to the side of the other singers when the hymns were sung and furnish the bass. On one street corner we saw, on our way from the service, more young men loitering about than were in the entire congregation.

Who is to blame? Perhaps we church people are, to some extent; but we believe that the young men themselves must bear the larger part of the responsibility. In the service mentioned the sermon was interesting, touching and extremely helpful, and if young men do not appreciate such things, it is their own fault, not the church's, not the minister's; it is because they themselves are given up to levity and carnality of spirit, and may the time come speedily when they youthful manhood of our country will set for itself higher standards of life, character and pleasure!—*Lutheran World.*

A Purely Personal Matter.
There was a small fire in the house, the deep gray odor of burning cloth, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. The man of the house being nosing about to find out what caused it. He prides himself upon his keenness of scent. He went across the room.

"Hum! It grows stronger," he said. When he had placed his nose flat against a brick and plaster wall it was stronger than ever. He backed off. "No, it's somewhere over here," he said. He rushed down stairs into the dining room. The odor was there too. He hurried down cellar. It was overpowering.

He put his hand into his coat pocket for a match. He found the fire by his sense of touch and went upstairs and poured a glass of water into his pocket. Since then he carries his matches in a box and is disposed to be incredulous when stories of incendiaries are narrated. He says conflagration, like charity, begins at home.

"We have sold many different cough remedies, but none has given better satisfaction than Chamberlain's," says Mr. Charles Holzhauser, Druggist, Newark, N. J. "It is perfectly safe and can be relied upon in all cases of coughs, colds or hoarseness. Sold by R. S. McKinney Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

SELECTIONS

A "HALF AND HALF" TOWN.

Curious Things That Happen In Nogales, A. T.

An odd frontier town, literally half American and half Mexican, built as it is in on both sides of the international boundary line between Arizona and Mexico, is Nogales—in Spanish, "the walnut trees." Nestling in a narrow valley among the hills known as the Sierra de las Pajaritas (Mountain Ridge of the Little Birds), Nogales is a typical lively border town of about 3,500 inhabitants. There is the usual appearance of confusion—the usual evidence of prosperity and enterprise rubbing elbows with poverty and shiftlessness. Handsome stone buildings of the most modern architecture rise among the humble, rustic, wooden shanties and adobe, and representatives of all classes of men who flock to southern Arizona—the miner, the cattle raiser, the general trader and many others—are to be met in the course of a walk down International street.

In the position of this highway, dividing the town and running nearly east and west, which constitutes the most peculiar feature of Nogales. Just beyond the north side of the street lies the territory of the United States, Arizona, its buildings reaching right up to the line, with not a foot to spare. The street itself is entirely in the feet wide, is entirely in the territory of Sonora, republic of Mexico, and all of the town south of the street is consequently Mexican. It may readily be imagined how constant are the evasions of the customs duties resulting from the fact that the street is entirely in the territory of the United States. The flourishing trade in cigars, which is the superintendence of able border financiers makes the task of both the Mexican and United States customs houses anything but an easy one. The American officials are really at a disadvantage owing to the fact that the street is entirely in the territory of Mexico. Were it not for the kindness and courtesy of the Mexican officials in granting them permission to do so, neither the United States customs nor police officers would be able to patrol this important highway at all.

The interesting point about the dodging of the customs in Nogales is that much of it is done in a perfectly open and lawful way. The same mercantile establishment may have part of its wares on sale in one country and the remainder in the other. A rather curious kind was that of a saloon on the United States side of the line. Here the customers obtained liquor of American make at the usual American prices. Then they walked out to the stand in front of the saloon kept by the same proprietor, but situated just over the line in Mexico and bought cigars and foreign wine at Mexican prices. The proprietor of this establishment has been a county seat. The new county of Santa Cruz, an offshoot from Pima county, has just been created in Arizona, and the American half of the border town has been made the seat of the new government.

The incident of the transitory stage for the Mexicans and Americans are working hard for its progress. The Mexican custom house and municipal "palace" are handsome structures, and the Mexican municipal authorities have recently walled the "arroyo," a little river, running through the town, and have thrown across it two iron bridges. The American side of the town is now pretty well covered with cement sidewalks and Mexican Nogales is about to be invaded by the same enterprising contractor and paved in like fashion.—*Exchange.*

IS IT RIGHT
For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines?

From Sylvan Valley News, Brevard, N. C.
It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper is the right man to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering and a means to save a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending upon any remedy but this for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

A ROPE OF WORMS.

The Curious Procession That May Be Seen In Norway Forests.

In the deep pine forests of Norway the woodcutters sometimes find a serpentine object nearly 50 feet long crawling slowly over the ground. If they did not know that it was made up of millions of tiny worms, they might be frightened by its repulsive appearance. These worms, called the slaters, gather during July and August in large numbers preparatory to migrating in search of food or for change of condition. When setting out on this journey, they stick themselves together and form a huge serpentine mass, often reaching a length of between 40 and 50 feet and several inches in thickness.

As the slaters are only on an average about three thirty-seconds of an inch in length and barely wider than a needle, the number required to compose a line of this size is about 15,000. The worms are not getting on in their journey. If the procession be broken in two, the portions will re-mingle in a short time.

The Norwegian peasants, when they meet one of these trains, will lay some articles of their clothing, such as a belt or handkerchief, on the ground in front of it. If the procession passes over it, it is regarded as a good sign; but if it makes a way round, the reverse is believed.—*Chicago Record.*

Floral Antiseptic TOOTH POWDER.

Efficient and Exceedingly Agreeable. Arrests Putrefaction and destroys malodorous effluvia; prevents decay and sweetens the breath.

Manufactured by
JOHN MCKELLIP, TANEYTOWN, MD.
Price 10 Cents.

Cure Your Corns with Our 10-cent Corn Killer.

COFFEE AS A STIMULANT.

When Used Moderately, It Is Seldom Injurious.

About once in so often the question of coffee drinking being injurious is agitated for awhile, then the agitation subsides and people go on drinking it. According to the best authorities, coffee taken in moderation is not only harmless, but highly beneficial. Its value as a stimulant has always been recognized, and the fact that it is so highly prized as a beverage, if there were no other reason, would go far to prove that it has a powerful influence on the nervous system.

It is often imparted to the nerves, but highly beneficial. Its value as a stimulant has always been recognized, and the fact that it is so highly prized as a beverage, if there were no other reason, would go far to prove that it has a powerful influence on the nervous system.

It is said that coffee drinkers are happier and more contented than those who abstain from it, even in moderation. Coffee aids digestion, and to those not in the habit of using it it is often a valuable temporary remedy for paroxysmal headaches, the peculiar headache of Bright's disease and that produced by the use of opium.

The fashionable after dinner coffee not only enables the stomach to perform its functions with comparative ease, but it relieves that sense of oppression so often experienced after a hearty meal.

The nutritive properties of coffee have been the subject of considerable dispute, but it is now quite generally recognized that coffee contains essential properties of nutrition far exceeding its stimulating properties. It enables those who use it to retain a long time without food, as soldiers are often obliged to do in time of war. It also decreases the sensibility to physical discomforts.

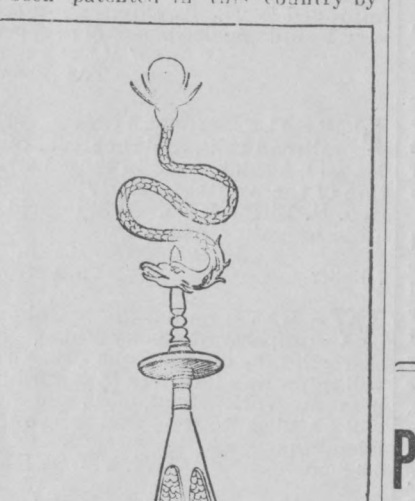
Its best results are obtained when it is mixed with an equal quantity of pure cream or milk, which forms an alimentary drink containing all the elements of good food, with the additional stimulating effect on the mind and nervous system.

Many people have an idea that strong coffee is injurious and that it should be made weak. This is a mistake. Weak coffee is bad, as it contains no nourishment, distends the stomach with liquid and prevents digestion. It should always be taken weak, like cold water, and other iced drinks, like all other iced drinks, is injurious.

While coffee should never be taken in the place of food, as it is sometimes by the poorer classes, rich coffee at last, with bread, makes a good and sufficient substantial breakfast for people of sedentary occupation. No other meal, however, should be composed of either tea or coffee with bread alone.

Coffee is especially a drink for laboring people or children, as its stimulating effect on the mind and imagination is not required by the laboring man and is decidedly harmful to the growing child.

Ornamental Lightning Rod.
A new style of lightning rod, which is not only ornamental but said to be more effective than the familiar spire, has been patented in this country by



NEW STYLE OF LIGHTNING ROD

Gustav Rammacher of Vienna. The type of rod is said to protect a field much larger than the old kind, because of the curves, the outer surface of which is covered with polished plates.

—Pittsburg Dispatch

Paid In Oysters.
When the cutter Brutus of the navy reached Mar Island navy yard the other day, after a voyage to Manila, her bottom was found covered with mature oysters, and the commandant of the navy yard has forwarded to the bureau of construction and repairs a box containing samples of the shells. The painting upon the plates below the water line was in good condition, and there was no unusual corrosion, but from stem to stern she was covered with these oysters, which became attached to her while lying in Manila harbor. On one occasion, when all the coal in her hold had been removed and a large part of her bottom was exposed above the water, the plates were cleaned by the natives without expense on condition that they be allowed to keep the oysters, which they consider a great delicacy.

August Flower.
"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Hinton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy, for dyspepsia, indigestion, liver and stomach, and for constipation. I find for tourists and salesmen, or for persons filling office positions, where less health and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." Sample bottles free at John McKellip's, Taneytown, Md.
Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.



Johnston's Sarsaparilla

QUART BOTTLES.
IN THE SHADOW OF DEATH.

I TOOK FOUR BOTTLES AND I WAS CURED—NATURAL HISTORY OF THE DISEASE.

A Whole Family Cured.

Mrs. C. H. Kingsbury, who keeps a millinery and fancy goods store at St. Louis, Gratiot Co., Mich., and who is well known throughout the country, says: "I was badly troubled with rheumatism, catarrh and neuralgia. I had liver complaint and was very bilious. I was in a bad condition; every day I began to fear that I should never be a well woman; that I should have to settle down into a chronic invalid, and live in the shadow of death. I had JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA recommended to me. I TOOK FOUR BOTTLES AND IT CURED ME, and cured my family both. I am very glad that I heard of it. I would cheerfully recommend it to every one. I have taken many other kinds of medicine. I prefer JOHNSTON'S to all of them."

Sold by WEANT & KOONS, TANEYTOWN, MD.

NEARLY FIFTY-EIGHT YEARS OLD!!!

It's a long life, but devotion to the true interests and prosperity of the American People has won for it new friends as the years rolled by, and the original members of its family passed to their reward, and each with faith in its teachings, and confidence in the information which it brings to their homes and firesides. As a natural consequence it enjoys in its old age all the vitality and vigor of its youth, strengthened and ripened by the experiences of over half a century. It has lived on its merits, and on the cordial support of progressive Americans. It is "The New York Weekly Tribune," acknowledged the country over as the leading National Family Newspaper.

Recognizing its value to those who desire all the news of the State and Nation, the publishers of the Record, your own favorite home paper, have entered into an alliance with "The New York Weekly Tribune," which enables them to furnish both papers at the trifling cost of \$1.25 per year. Every farmer and every villager owes to himself, to his family, and to the community in which he lives a cordial support of his local newspaper, as it works constantly and unflinchingly for his interests in every way, brings to his home all the news and happenings of his neighborhood, the doings of his friends, the condition and prospects for different crops, the prices in home markets, and, in fact, is a weekly visitor which should be found in every home. Just think of it! Both of these papers for only \$1.25 a year. Send all subscriptions to "THE CARROLL RECORD," Taneytown, Md.

To Families and Grocers:-

If you have the slightest difficulty in obtaining the Old Reliable Rumford Yeast or Baking Powder, communicate with us by letter, postal or otherwise, and your wants will be promptly supplied.

Do not be deceived by any attempt to sell you an inferior alum baking powder in place of the Old Reliable Rumford, no matter what reason is given. Low grade powders pay a better profit but are unfit to use.

Rumford is The Wholesome Powder, and superior to all others.
RUMFORD, 205 Water Street, Baltimore.

A PROGRESSIVE PIANO AND ORGAN HOUSE, IS J. M. Birely's Palace of Music, FREDERICK, MD.

This house is represented in Taneytown by

Mr. Clarence Boller,

a genial gentleman, who will take pleasure in serving the people with any kind of a Musical Instrument. The facilities of this house are unequalled, and those who buy an instrument through Mr. Boller may rest assured that they will receive first class goods for the price paid, and honest treatment, as it is the policy of the house to build up its reputation and business with satisfied customers.

The instruments that Mr. Boller will handle, specially, through this section will be

The Celebrated LEHR Piano and the Popular WEAVER Organ.

Orders will be taken for any other instruments. Prices very low, and terms made to suit purchasers.

5.27-9-11

The One Day Cold Cure.
For colds and sore throat use Kemmott's Cold Cure. Quinine. Easily taken as candy and quickly cure.

Economy is Wealth.
Clean Your Old Clothes with LUM TUM CLOTHES CLEANER.

Acts like magic. Quick, sure, permanent. Leaves no spots nor smell, but makes the clothing just like new. A fine sponge given with every bottle.
Price Only 15c.—"Allie Same."

Manufactured at
MCKELLIP'S DRUG STORE,
TANEYTOWN, MD.

The Hats Off Habit.
Besides the household of untidy habits that the hats off habit at the theater has engendered there is another result of the practice almost as bad. It is the woman who removes her hat at the theater, the summer practice of going bareheaded; it is a winter tendency, and it manifests itself in various ways and upon herself almost as much as upon her hat. A lady who removes her hat at the theater, in traveling, no matter how short the trip, she has the longing to lay it aside and often does so. At concerts and lectures, where there is no spectacular necessity for removing bonnets, she finds herself involuntarily taking off her hat. Church and women's club meetings are, in fact, the only places where the tendency has not yet shown itself to a marked degree, and at the former it is already recommended, while at the latter the fact that such a proceeding would strike at the very roots of the club institution, it is accounted as the true and only reason for the omission. Women find themselves on the lookout for two attributes in a new hat—lightness and an unmanageable attribute requiring no putting on and taking off of the article. All of which may be a blessing and may be not; it is, however, logical.—*Philadelphia Times.*

Volunteer Fire Company.
Dr. C. Birnie, Pres. L. D. Reid, Sec. Geo. H. Birnie, Vice P. J. Fink, Treas. A. C. Hess, Chief. Prof. H. Meier, 1st. Asst. Meets in Public School building on the 1st Tuesday night of every month.

Beneficial Organizations.

Patriotic Order Sons of America Meets every Thursday night, in P. O. S. of A. Hall, Eckerd Building. John J. Reid, President; Henry L. Feiser, Secretary.

Carroll Conclave No. 33, I. O. H. Meets every 2nd, and 4th, Monday night, in the Eckerd building. Prof. Henry Meier, Archon; Wm. E. Burke, Secretary.

Taneytown Lodge No. 36, K. of P. Meets every Tuesday night, in the Eckerd building. W. F. Clingan, C. C.; John J. Reid, K. of R. and S.

Post-office.

Office opens at 6 a. m., closes at 9 p. m. For time card giving arrival and departure of mails, for all points, inquire at Postoffice. Mails for Baltimore close at 4.30 and 9.50 a. m., and 5 p. m. Arrive from Baltimore, 7.30 a. m., and 5.15 p. m.

P. B. ENGLAR, P. M.

Railroad and Express.

Fred'k Div. P. R. R., and Adams Express. H. B. MILLER, Agent.

Telephone.

Chesapeake & Potomac (long distance.)

Western Maryland R. R. K. KOONTZ, Mgr. Exchange.

C. E. H. SHIRNER, Mgr. Exchange.

Newspaper.

THE CARROLL RECORD, (non-partisan), published weekly, in

