

## Local and Personal.

This is meant to be a purely LOCAL News column, to which the RECORD invites contributions. Events of local importance, whether current or in the near future, accidents, deaths, marriages, deaths, etc., should be reported to the Editor in writing; otherwise they may not appear.

Miss Bessie Fair, of Govanstown, is visiting relatives in town and vicinity.

Misses Anna M. and Virginia R. Motter are visiting in Emmitsburg, Md.

Miss Anna Dick left last week on a trip to Omaha, Neb., on a visit to relatives and the Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

The Roberts farms and mill property will be offered at public sale, this Saturday, and should attract numerous purchasers.

D. M. Stuller, of Washington, D. C., paid our office his customary annual visit, on Friday, and "swapped" a few opinions on the general situation.

Miss Emma Ecker, of New Windsor, who has been visiting relatives here, returned home last Friday evening, accompanied by Miss A. Beulah Englar.

The RECORD added nearly fifty new subscribers, on its special offer of 25c. to January 1st., and still they come, the effect of the offer not having died out.

Guyon H. Buehler, proprietor of the Gettysburg Star, paid our office a friendly call on Thursday, and afterwards visited the picnic at Piney Creek.

The annual picnic of the Presbyterian Sunday school was held on Thursday, at Piney Creek. The day was pleasant and the occasion very enjoyable.

On Saturday, Mr. C. V. Clippinger, who spent a few weeks vacation with his parents in this place, returned to Lebanon Valley College, to take his senior course of studies.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Haek and daughter, with Miss Gertrude Annan, of Emmitsburg, and Mr. L. Edwin Motter, of Kansas City, Missouri, spent Friday evening at Dr. Motter's.

A valuable mule, belonging to Charles Harbaugh, died last Saturday from sun stroke. The extreme heat has caused a number of cases of prostration among animals in this section.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Stenner and Master Willie Stenner, who have been spending some time with Mr. Harry Baker's family near Keysville, have returned to their home in Philadelphia.

School commissioners Reindollar and Shaw inspected the new Pine Hill school house, on Wednesday, and were much pleased with the improvement. The school property in this district is now in creditable shape.

Master Andrew McKinney had the misfortune to fall from a carriage, while on the way to the Piney Creek picnic on Thursday, and break his collar bone. The fall was a severe one and might have resulted more seriously.

Prof. Henry Meier returned, on Thursday, from a two weeks engagement at special work in New York and Philadelphia. Milton Academy will reopen on Monday with a very satisfactory list of scholars, and with prospects for a successful year.

One of the most important questions, affecting the people of Taneytown, though probably not fully appreciated, is the securing of a safe and convenient headquarters for our fire apparatus. Stables, and other isolated buildings, are highly inappropriate for such use.

Farguhar's Run (Martin's) school house, will be torn down and moved out to the Middleburg road, the contract for which has been given to Wm. J. Reifsnider, at \$275. This removal will no doubt be very advantageous, particularly since the erection of the Otter Dale school building. The change will be made promptly, so as to lose but a portion of the fall term.

Welsh Brothers show will be in Taneytown, on the Eckenrode lot, Tuesday, Sept. 13th. From the press comments shown us and the reports of exhibitors given in other places, the coming show is up-to-date in every particular and worthy of patronage. This is not a medicine company, but a regularly organized and equipped show. See advertisement on another page.

Joel K. Bollinger, a man widely known, in this and adjoining counties, on account of his former connection with various milling, steam thrashing and other enterprises, died at the home of his son-in-law, Charles Shipley, this district, on Tuesday morning. Mr. Bollinger had been in failing health for a number of years. He was a hard worker and passed through many reverses, his ventures seldom proving profitable, notwithstanding his ability and energy. His funeral took place at Baust's church on Thursday.

Mrs. Sophia M. Harman, wife of Daniel Harman, of this district, died suddenly from heart disease on Thursday morning about 8 o'clock. She had been in ill health for a number of years, and for about a week previous to her death was receiving medical attention, being in bed a portion of the time. On Thursday morning she did not complain of being worse than usual, and no one was in attendance when death came. Her funeral will be held Saturday afternoon; services at the house at 1 p. m., followed by regular services at the Taneytown Lutheran church.

## COUNTY AND STATE.

### News Notes of General Interest from various Sources.

Mayor Mulster, of Baltimore, has signed the sub-way ordinance, which will put the electric wires underground. The work will be commenced as soon as an engineer is selected.

James C. Galt, mortgagee, will sell the Western Maryland Hotel property, in Emmitsburg, at public sale, on Saturday, October 1st. It is a very desirable property and should command a good price.

A commission was issued to George R. Gehr, on Thursday, as school commissioner for Carroll county, vice Milton Schaeffer resigned. Mr. Gehr will likely be elected president of the board.

President Wolfe, of the Priestland alumni, writes: "Our students meeting, of last Saturday, was dissolved by the fervent heat. Will try to hold another meeting in November, the day to be named later."

The Fifth Maryland regiment returned home on Wednesday, without having seen any active service, though anxiously desiring it. The unanimous sentiment of the members is in opposition to camp life in the far south in the summer, particularly at camps located like that at Tampa.

The Carroll county commissioners have appointed the following vaccine physicians: C. W. Weaver, Taneytown; T. J. Shreve, Uniontown; Jos. J. Stewart, Silver Run; S. L. Moore, Finksburg; W. Steele, Sykesville; J. H. Sherman, Manchester; John S. Mathias, Westminster; Robert F. Wells, Hampstead; E. D. Cronk, Winfield; Chas. Thomson, Middleburg; G. H. Brown, New Windsor, and James Watt, Union Bridge.

Efforts are being made to have Thomas Barry pardoned. He was the ring-leader of the Williamsport wooly-gooly cemetery desecrators and was sentenced, with three others to twelve years in the penitentiary. His health is said to be breaking down and he may not live to serve another year of his sentence. All of the convicted parties still stoutly protest their innocence and contend they were unjustly condemned.

Governor Lowndes has issued a proclamation declaring Monday September 13, a legal holiday throughout the State. The day, which is known as "defenders' day," is now by law a municipal holiday in Baltimore. Governor Lowndes recommends that the day be observed by a general cessation of business, and that the people give thanks to God for the victory with which He has crowned the American arms and for the return of the blessings of peace.

John Hiles, in the employ of Dr. A. M. Kalbach, of Lancaster, Pa., was run over shortly after noon on Thursday and killed by a wagon loaded with lumber on the farm of Mrs. E. Jerome Myers, in Pleasant Valley. He started alone with a team of six mules with the lumber for Kump's Station, on the Frederick Division, Pennsylvania Railroad, and was found dead a short distance from the place of starting. It is supposed he fell and the wheels of the wagon passed over his body obliquely from hip to breast. He was about thirty-five years old.

A democratic conference was held in Baltimore on Tuesday for the purpose of discussing J. Fred C. Talbot's chances for the congressional nomination in the second district. It is said that his nomination would be very unsatisfactory to many, and it is thought that Dr. J. W. Hering might be the stronger candidate. The conference was a very secret one, but it is pretty generally conceded that it was in the interest of Dr. Hering. Carroll county was represented by E. Frank Crouse. It is said, by those who claim to know, that under no circumstances will Dr. Hering consent to be a candidate.

## Church Notices.

Uniontown M. P. Church. Rev. George W. Englar will preach at 10:30 a. m. At 7:30 p. m., second of the Hymnal service, model of the standard hymns will be described by the pastor, and heartily sung by the choir and congregation. B. W. KIDNEY.

The preaching in the Taneytown U. B. church next Sabbath will be in the afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, and in the Harney church in the morning. J. O. CLIPPINGER, Pastor.

Service will be held in the Taneytown Presbyterian church, next Sabbath, at 10 o'clock a. m., and in the Piney Creek church in the afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock p. m. JAMES CATTANACH, Pastor.

Uniontown Church of God, Sabbath school at 9 a. m.; Preaching at 10:15 in the evening at 7:30. At Frisellburg, at 2:30, by Rev. P. R. Gerninger. In the grove near Roop's, where the Union Sabbath school is held, I will preach at 2:30. S. B. CRAFT, Pastor.

## DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions, charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free of charge.

HARMAN.—On Sept. 8th, '98, near Taneytown, Mrs. Sophia M. Harman, aged 63 years, 2 months and 10 days.

BOLLINGER.—On Sept. 6th, '98, near Taneytown, Mr. Joel K. Bollinger, aged 71 years.

BURDNER.—On Sept. 6th, '98, near Double Pipe Creek, Mr. Andrew Burdner, aged 38 years, 4 months and 20 days.

OHLEH.—On Sept. 7th, '98, in Freedom, Mr. Louis Ohler, at an advanced age.

## MARRIED.

NEWCOMER—MYERS.—At the Lutheran parsonage, Uniontown, on the 8th inst., by Rev. G. W. Baughman, Edward A. Newcomer, of Copperhill, to Miss Effie G. Myers, of Frisellburg.

## THE GAME LAWS.

### Open Seasons in Carroll and Frederick Counties.

Having had numerous requests, we publish, briefly, the game laws applying specifically to Carroll and Frederick counties. There is a general law for the state, but the special laws for each county take precedence; therefore the general law is of little interest except that it prohibits the destruction of insectivorous birds at any time. The dates given, represent the open season, during which game may be taken.

## CARROLL COUNTY.

Partridges and Pheasants—November 10th. to December 24th.

Woodcock—July 15th. to December 24th.

Rabbits—November 10th. to December 24th.

Squirrels—September 1st. to December 1st.

Plover or Snipe—September 1st. to May 1st.

Unlawful to kill, or destroy nests of any insectivorous birds, excepting on premises of gunner.

## FREDERICK COUNTY.

Partridges, Pheasants or Rabbits—November 1st. to January 1st.

Squirrels—August 1st. to December 30th.

Unlawful to sell, barter or trade any pheasant, partridge, squirrel or woodcock that have been trapped or shot in Frederick county.

## Registration of Voters.

The officers of registration will sit in their respective districts for the purpose of registering voters in Carroll county, on Tuesday, October 4th., and Tuesday, October 11th., 1898, between the hours of 8 a. m., and 7 p. m.

In Taneytown district, the sittings will be held in the office of A. F. Orndorff, Taneytown.

In Uniontown district, the sittings will be in a room adjoining the residence of Dr. Luther Kemp, Uniontown.

In Middleburg district, the sittings will be at the residence of Emma G. Lynn, Middleburg.

In Union Bridge district, the sittings will be in a room in the Western Maryland Hotel, Union Bridge.

In New Windsor district, the sittings will be in a room owned by D. P. Smelser, at the railroad, New Windsor.

For other districts, see large posters. Tuesday, October 18th, will be the day for revising the lists, but no registering will be done.

## Proceedings of the School Board.

At a meeting of the School Board on Tuesday, Sept. 6th., Mr. Marshall G. Shaw was called to the chair in the absence of President Schaeffer. All the other members were present. Dr. Reindollar was given charge of Black's and Green Valley schools in the 3rd. Election Dist. Mr. Nicodemus was authorized to have necessary repairs done at various schools in his districts.

Mr. Grimes reported that the City Hotel property had been secured for school purposes, and his report was accepted. Pupils who have been attending Central Hall School, will, for the present, attend in the hotel property until the new school house is completed.

Messrs. Grimes, Reindollar and Shaw were constituted a committee to examine the new house at Pine Hill, which has just been completed.

A delegation from Martin's School appeared before the Board and urged the removal of the house to a more centrally located point. The claims of all were attentively heard. The committee agreed to donate one acre to the School Board for the new site in lieu of the old lot. Mr. Wm. J. Reifsnider agreed to rebuild the house on the new site, according to specifications issued from this office, for the sum of two hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$275.00). The Board voted to allow the removal of the house on the terms agreed to.

The following teachers' contracts were confirmed: Miss Nellie B. Stansbury at Mablon's; Harvey A. Ruppert Bish's; W. K. Burgee at Mt. Airy; W. Sumner Brown at New Windsor, (colored); Jeremiah Butler at Western Chapel (colored).

Benj. F. Gummel was appointed trustee at Old Fort in place of Thos. E. James, deceased.

Miss Bessie Mering was appointed to a scholarship at the State Normal School from this county.

The following were appointed to County Scholarships at Western Mt. College: Miss May Barnhart of Middleburg Dist.; W. H. C. Stockdale of Woolery's Dist., and Miss Alma Myers, of Union Bridge Dist.

After some routine business, the Board adjourned to meet October 3rd.

## The "Personal" Question.

We constantly have trouble with the request for more "personals" from home subscribers, and again will explain that this is impracticable, as long as we presume to publish a county paper, and not exclusively a Taneytown paper. If those who take exceptions in this matter will call at our office and examine our list of subscribers at postoffices all over the county, who are interested more in county news than our local news, they would readily understand that a column of "personals" could only be published at our loss.

We fully appreciate the conflicting requirements of different classes of subscribers, and constantly aim at the "happy medium." The success of the RECORD, on its present plan of make-up, convinces us that we had "better let good enough alone," much as we would like to further gratify our magnificent home patronage.

## TRIP TO WASHINGTON.

### Farmers Invade the Capitol and See the Sights.

(Continued from last week.)

The Mechanical Department, where boys are taught all kinds of trades, commanded the attention of many. The farmer must be very dull indeed, who cannot receive full compensation for all that he spent on this visit, gathering here a little, and there a little, it will result in the aggregate to a great deal.

We have the satisfaction of knowing that Carroll county sent the largest delegation of any county in the state. The night of the 25th., passed the same as that of the 24th., with the exception of not being crowded so much. After eating hearty breakfast, on Friday morning we began to prepare for our journey, but, before going, resolutions of thanks were hastily written and adopted, thanking Director Amos, President Silvester, Director Patterson and others connected with the institution, for their kind and courteous treatment during the time that we were among them.

In conversation with our Carroll delegation, we found that the success of this meeting owed so much to the prominence which the CARROLL RECORD had given it, that we requested Director Amos, Prof. Johnson, State Entomologist, who had just arrived from Boston where he had been attending a convention in the interest of the particular work in which he was engaged, to make his appearance. He brought us the very important information that they had finally succeeded in finding a remedy for the pest which has so much dreaded San Jose scale.

After receiving an introduction to Prof. Johnson, we had the satisfaction of being put under his guidance for the Washington trip, we were soon on our way, and, in a short time arrived at our destination. The Professor did not let us rest long, for we soon arrived at the Congressional Library, which is the most thoroughly American of any building in Washington; there not having entered it a single atom that was not produced in America. Neither were any but Americans employed in its erection. It is grand beyond conception, and covers about three acres of ground.

We visited the Capitol and several other buildings, and finally the Agricultural Department. Here we found a vast and elaborate collection of the products of the soil, and the products of the farm which can only be appreciated by being seen. We visited the Bureau of Animal Industry, Division of Great and Small Animals, Division of Chemistry, Entomology, Pomology, Roads, Seeds and many others which would take pages to relate. The Secretary of Agriculture received the visitors at 11 o'clock at his private office; we, however, did not have the pleasure of being at this reception, being engaged elsewhere.

We were in Washington on Thursday, having been induced to go that day in order to avail ourselves of the services of Prof. Henry Meier, who is quite well acquainted with Washington, and showed us many of the public buildings, which it would not have been possible for us to see on Friday. Washington is so great, and so elaborate, that no one who is able to visit it should fail to do so. Even for us to attempt to describe it would be useless.

When we had seen the sights pointed out to us which we were unable to visit in so short a time, we were tempted to stay longer. The attraction of the city, which we most desired to visit was Arlington, which we could see in the distance. Mr. Vernon was another. There is one thing that the farmers of Maryland have to be proud of, and that is the fact that the most orderly crowd for its size that we ever met.

On Wednesday evening a man lost his pocket book, which was reported to the President of the College who announced the loss, and almost before he finished his announcement the owner had it returned to him. We must bring our letter to a close, as the editor has placed two elections upon us; one is that our communication should not be too long, and the other that there should be no jokes on our neighbors. We have found it very hard to say so much in so little a space, and if it fails to interest the editor ought to share some of the blame at least.

E. O. G.

## German Baptist Meeting.

(For the RECORD.) The German Baptist Brethren, of Union Bridge, have been holding meetings in their house on Broadway since August 23rd. The attendance has been fairly good at all the meetings, and some have been crowded. As is usual, the proportion of attendants has been about two to one in favor of woman, showing that although she is considered unworthy of the ballot, we must depend on her to maintain our credit as a Christian nation and a church going people.

Elder J. Kurtz Miller, of Kaufmann, Pa., has been conducting the services and has made many earnest appeals to the youth to come up to a higher and better standard in life, and not waste their precious time in folly and the vain pursuit of worldly pleasures. To all those outside the church, kindly invitations have been given to come in and unite therewith, and in brotherly love press on toward a noble and more blissful future.

One very pleasant feature of the meetings has been the sweet singing participated in by the congregation, and led by a young sister from Uniontown, and J. Smith, of Union Bridge. The meetings closed on Wednesday evening, and we believe have been much enjoyed by all who attended them. Elder Miller, who has so ardently labored in the Master's cause during the past weeks, returned home on Thursday.

Serg't Charles J. Goulden, of the gallant 71st. New York Volunteers, a nephew of the late William Goulden, of this place, reached Camp Wykoff, Montauk, N. Y., from Santiago, on Sunday last. He is now in St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn, recovering from a severe attack of dysentery. He is an immune, having had yellow fever, taking it after the battle, in which he took a conspicuous part. He is on the list for appointment to a second Lieutenantcy in the regular army.

## DEATH FROM ACCIDENT.

### Andrew Burdner Knocked from a Straw Stack.

Andrew Burdner, tenant on the farm of Joseph A. Waesche, near Double Pipe Creek, was the victim of an accident on Monday, from the effects of which he died Tuesday evening. It appears that Burdner was assisting at thrashing at Judge Lewis Cash's, stacking the straw as it fell from the carrier. The wind being strong, and the carrier somewhat elevated, a portion of the straw was being blown away from the stack; to remedy this, preparations were made to lower the carrier, and, when ready to do it, by some means it could not be controlled by the person or persons having the work in charge, with the result that it suddenly dropped about four feet, striking Burdner and knocking him off the stack to the ground, a distance of nine feet.

Mr. Burdner was found under the overjet in a paralyzed condition, from the shoulders down. He was taken to his home and Dr. C. H. Diller summoned, and later, Dr. F. H. Seiss. His injury was in the lower cervical region of the spine, causing pressure on the spinal chord which completely paralyzed his body and extremities but left his mind perfectly clear up to Tuesday noon when he became unconscious and remained so until he died.

Whether his injury was the result of the blow from the carrier, or the fall, cannot be determined. He talked freely of his condition, and said that he could not feel that he had anything but a head. Mr. Burdner, who was formerly from near Thurgood, was an energetic, hard working farmer and very economical. His family consists of a wife and two children. Funeral services were held at Keysville, Thursday morning.

## Test of Drinking Water.

Here is a simple test for the presence of sewage in water. All drinking water should be tested in town or country, frequently, as there are other impurities besides sewage which are quite as deadly, and every cistern of water is liable to be a source of blood-poisoning. Mice, rats and other pests must have water, and many a case of typhoid is set up by such as these falling into the cistern and remaining there for months in a decomposed state.

To detect this impure condition is very simple and unfeeling. Draw a tumbler of water from the tap at night put a piece of white lump sugar in it and place it on the kitchen mantel shelf or anywhere that the temperature will not be under 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

In the morning, the water, if pure, will be perfectly clear; if contaminated by sewage or other impurities, the water will be milky. This is a simple and safe test well known in chemistry.—Buffalo Enquirer.

## A Fishing Tour.

(For the RECORD.) On the 2nd. of September 1898, a party of excursionists went to Mr. Daniel Buckley's dam, on a fishing tour, the following named parties being present: Mr. Jerry Chronister and wife, of Gettysburg; Jesse Billmyer and wife, George Eckenrode and wife, Benton Flater and wife, Emory Stoner and wife, Daniel Diehl, Mrs. Funk and two children, Jadie and Louise of Waynesboro; Granville Reinecker and wife, George Weishaar, Andrew Sullivan, William B. Bankard, F. Thos. Lynn and wife, Mrs. Crumbacker and daughter Ruth, Mrs. Belmore, Edna, Edith, Maggie and Pearl Flater, Nettie Caylor, Byrl Clingan, Rhoda, Bowser, William and George Fair, Clarence Billmyer, Charles and George Wagner.

The repeat at noon was excellent, and the toothsome viands suffered severely—much more than the fish did. In the afternoon, notwithstanding the slim catch, every one enjoyed themselves to the utmost; at least, so they expressed themselves.

## Porters.

Mr. Lewis Ohler, an aged and much respected citizen of Freedom, died at the residence of Mrs. Little, in that village, on Wednesday morning, and was buried at the Freedom M. E. Church South, on Thursday afternoon. Mr. Ohler came here about forty-five or fifty years ago, and engaged in the cabinet-making and undertaking business, from which he retired a few years ago. He was never married. Mr. Joseph Ohler, from near Emmitsburg, Md., was with him at his death.

Master Willie Beck, son of Mr. C. F. Beck, had his right hand badly hurt on Tuesday by getting it caught under the cable of a stump puller.

Mr. Morley R. Farver has the masons at work on the cellar wall of his new house.

The plasterers have been at work putting the rough-casting on Messiah Lutheran church this week.

Farmers have begun cutting corn.

Mr. Servener, an aged citizen, residing with his son-in-law, Mr. Robert Hughes, had a couple of slight strokes of paralysis the first part of the week, but when last heard from was convalescent.

Mr. Harry L. Bushey has gone to Gettysburg, Pa., where he will enter college.

Miss Dora I. Hess, who has been visiting friends at Littlestown, Gettysburg, Pa., and Taneytown and Middle, this county, has returned home much pleased with her visit.

## Correspondence.

All communications for the RECORD must be signed by the writer's own name; not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence that the matter and facts transmitted are legitimate and correct. Items of a mischievous character are not wanted.

## New Windsor.

Most of the city boarders, who have helped to enliven our town during the summer, have taken their departure within the past week.

Miss Childs, of Baltimore, one of Miss Amelia Engel's boarders, died at the home of the latter, on last Saturday, aged about 40 years. Her remains were taken to Baltimore by the Sunday morning train, for interment.

Electric lights are now being used to light New Windsor, and are we understand, giving good satisfaction. Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Diehlman, who have been away for the last ten days or more on a pleasure trip, are expected home the latter part of this week.

Hamilton Magruder, a colored boy of this place, who escaped some time ago from the House of Refuge for colored boys, of Cheltenham, Md., was re-arrested at the home of his father, Grason Magruder, by the authorities of that institution, and taken back there to serve more time.

Mr. C. P. Baile is improving his dwelling with a new front porch and bay window.

A private dance was held at the home of Mr. Alfred Banker, on Tuesday night.

## Middensville.

The Sunday school picnic last Saturday was quite a success. The new organ, under the master-hand of Miss Linnie Fisher, gave forth such grand music that from thenceforth it is sure of a permanent berth in the church. The singing under the direction of Mr. Fisher, and the music by the Union Bridge band, directed by Prof. Little, were much enjoyed. When the band played "The air the soldier boys sing," a thrill of patriotism passed through every one present. Nor must we forget the elegant and encouraging address of our minister, Rev. G. W. Baughman, whose eloquence was edifying. The school was treated to as much ice cream as they could eat, and given a bounteous supply of cake and confectioneries. Many persons lingered to enjoy the picnic by moon light. The proceeds were nearly \$60. Linwood picnic this Saturday.

We are sorry to say the disease among our swine continues to make poor scarce. Since last writing, O. H. Crumbacker has lost one, and E. Fisher four. A number of new cases have developed.

Mr. Ohler is a sufferer from hay-fever.

Miss Jennie Davidson is spending her vacation at the home of her parents.

Miss Emma Spielman and Stella Mathias have returned to Baltimore. Mr. Arthur Coombs and family, who have been sojourning at Mr. John Coomb's, have returned to their home in Taneytown.

Mr. Samuel S. Crouse and family, of Taneytown, spent Sunday at the home of his father-in-law, Mr. Fisher. Mrs. Miller and daughters were the guests of Mrs. Warner, last week.

Master Herbert Engler and sister leave for college at Huntingdon, Pa., next week; we wish them a pleasant and successful winter.

Our farmers have at last realized the necessity of using lime as a ground renovator, and nearly every one is liming a field or two. Some farmers are cutting corn.

S. M. Benedict is supplying the country with peaches, at fancy prices. A horse belonging to Mr. Cartzen-dafner, of Bark Hill, ran away last Saturday night, but fortunately no damage was done beyond the breaking of the harness.

Geo. Waltz, our miller, broke his corn sheller so badly as to necessitate the purchase of a new one this week.

We congratulate the editor of the RECORD on his sensible and fearless criticism of our school system, a few weeks since. Let more be forthcoming.

## Harney.

Some time ago, we reported that Mr. J. D. Shoemaker had a mule with lock-jaw, and nearly every person thought sure that it would die, but Mr. Shoemaker informs us that after 28 days it is about well. Of course he gives Dr. N. A. Hitchcock the credit, and says that it was only by his skillful treatment that its life was saved.

Mr. Shoemaker says that he is a bout tired of having people asking him about his mule, and hopes that people will read the paper and let that settle the matter. We think the suggestion a good one



## The Carroll Record.

A Weekly Newspaper.  
INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, AT TAN-  
EY TOWN, MD., BY P. B. ENGLAR, CARROLL  
RECORD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

P. B. ENGLAR, Editor and Manager.

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ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND-  
CLASS MATTER.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 10th., 1898.

THE HAMPSHIRE Enterprise has recently been publishing excellent editorials, on timely and local topics, which should have their effect in the field of the paper. Unfortunately, editorial writing, like preaching, does not always hit the mark; because those who need to be hit, don't read—a fact not to their credit—which illustrates the force of, "Where ignorance is bliss, 'tis folly to be wise."

RECENTLY, THE RECORD had the experience of losing a subscriber, because it refused the publication of an article, from him, in which he called several people, political names, manufactured from his stock of peculiar personal opinions. THE RECORD is not in the business of being used as a vehicle for peddling the political grievances of any individual, faction or party, hence has no regrets on the loss of such subscribers. We think, that, by this time, we have an absolute claim to the title, "non-partisan," and are quite content to have a few disgruntled people withhold their support, when they cannot "use" our columns for their personal gratification.

### Malicious Criticism.

As the RECORD predicted several weeks ago, the newspaper "Jabberwocks" are playing hob with the reputations of those in high official position, during the Cuban war, and the flow of accusations is approaching the magnitude of a flood. With old grudges to be settled, political and otherwise, and ambitions to be satisfied, also political and otherwise, the dirty stream will no doubt flow on, and on, until the public sickens of it, or its emphatic stamp against the system of character blackening, indulged in by a too numerous class of would-be influential, newspapers, which make us wonder whether our boasted freedom of the press is a blessing or a curse.

Before the acme of this rot is reached, only God will likely escape condemnation, because the death of our soldiers can be satisfactorily settled (by) on human instruments. The President, however, cannot escape, as one of the New York papers has already caricatured him, in all the hideousness at the command of hired artists, as the man responsible, above all, for the deaths which have occurred as the inevitable results of camp life on the systems of those who left office desk and workshop bench—unaccustomed and unaccustomed to severe army necessities—in answer to their country's call.

The accusations have been, for the greater part, spiteful exhibitions and uncalculated evidences, not supported by competent evidences. It is almost incomprehensible that the great newspapers—some of them—will stoop to the mean vocabulary of the vilest little factional county sheet, in criticizing a few, and inventing more, mistakes, which no government or set of officials on earth could have avoided making.

The very fact—a fact that our nation is proud of—that we are not a war-like people, constantly arming, drilling and preparing for war in all its details, is responsible for certain weaknesses now in evidence, which are being magnified out of all proportion to their just deserts. Another fact, almost of equal importance for consideration, is that, we had not the choice of battlefields, nor the power to prevent certain results from certain climatic conditions. Those who blather now, against individuals, as to criminal incompetency, might as well take the other step, and blame the Supreme Being for allowing yellow fever and the other scourges which prevail in Cuba.

As it is, there has scarcely yet been a charge made, which has not been refuted by more competent testimony than that which originated it; and all who love truth and justice would do well to remember that the fact is always "another side," and that the present situation is not an exception. Besides, every truth seeker should search for the motives of these officials who have been starving and withholding medical attention from our soldiers, as charged.

Why would they do this? Are they not gentlemen and Christians? Are they not men of reputation, who would likely do the best they could under circumstances involving life and death? If so, criticism becomes more folly, or worse—vindictive agitation for personal or political ends—which should receive the popular condemnation it richly merits.

### Spain's Easy Escape.

It may be set down as an axiom that even the strongest power cannot afford to try to retain political sovereignty over distant colonies against the will of the inhabitants. And what a strong power cannot afford to do is ruinous to the last degree for a weak power like Spain. The loss of the colonies, therefore, will for Spain be a good riddance. The chief argument for the retention of them has been the danger that their loss might so offend national pride at home as to precipitate a revolution. Spanish pride could not countenance the surrender of the is-

lands to colonial rebels; but their surrender to a great power like the United States is a wholly different affair. Beyond that, Spain will be marvelously fortunate if she escapes without being asked to pay a money indemnity. France, besides losing Alsace and Lorraine—which were part and parcel of her home domain rather than troublesome distant colonies—was compelled to pay to Germany \$1,000,000,000. The terms of the peace treaty between Japan and China required the payment by China of a substantial money indemnity of \$175,000,000. Even the quick campaign of the Turks against impetuous little Greece called for a matter of \$10,000,000. Spain ought certainly to have made careful note of these and other recent object-lessons. For example, it is only within the past month that the Japanese, having received the last installment of the indemnity from China, have withdrawn their troops from the bay of the same name adjacent to Port Arthur. Moreover, it is among very recent financial happenings that several European governments have guaranteed the bonds issued by Greece with which to pay off the Turks, and thus secure the evacuation of Thessaly. If the United States had shown the disposition that any other power in the world would have exhibited under like circumstances, we should not have been content with the mere extinction of Spain's already forfeited sovereignty over distant and refractory colonies, but would have insisted upon an indemnity of several hundred millions of dollars, coupled with the occupation of Cadiz or some other Spanish port until the money was paid.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for September.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alternative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a healthy complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. S. McKinney's Drug Store, 50 cents per bottle.

### How To Look Good.

GEN. WHEELER TALKS.

Testimony which has no Politics Back of it.

General Joe. Wheeler, an old Confederate General, who had a prominent part in the campaign in Cuba, and knows what war is, has given out the following for publication, which cannot help but carry conviction to all to all fair minded persons who are not pre-disposed to side against the management of the war.

"The following is a sample of the letters we are constantly receiving regarding the soldiers in the camp:

"In regard to my situation, we feel very uneasy about the newspaper reports of the privation and suffering inflicted on our soldiers. Although I have never uttered a complaint since he has been in the army, we hear from other sources of the cruel and horrible treatment inflicted on our soldiers under the pretense of humanity for our country, and the whole country is in a state of terrible excitement.

"I should not be surprised if the feeling should lead to a revolution of some kind, for I assure you I hear on all sides the loud and bitter denunciations of the war department and the administration. It is, indeed, a great pity that the glory of our triumph should be dimmed by such a shameful thing as the ill-treatment of our brave soldiers, and that the brave men who have sacrificed their lives for the country should be treated in this manner.

"It will be seen that this letter says that not a word of complaint has been received from this soldier, and so far as any investigation goes, no complaint has been made by any of the brave soldiers that have added glory to our arms in the Cuban campaign. A great many anxious fathers, mothers, brothers or sisters arrive here from all parts of the United States to look after their relatives, whom they say, the papers tell them are suffering and many of them have heard that their relatives are in a condition of starvation. Most of these people are little able to expend the money for such a journey, and they are surprised when they come here to find their relatives surrounded with everything to eat which can be procured by money, and if sick in the hospital they are gratified and surprised to find that they are given every possible care.

"I will state to a direct request that I will reply the exact facts as I see them. I will state: Every officer and soldier who went to Cuba regarded that he was given a great and special privilege in being permitted to engage in that campaign. They knew they were to encounter yellow fever and other diseases, as well as the torrid heat of the country, and they were proud and glad to do so. They knew that it was impossible for them to have the advantage of wagon transportation which usually accompanies armies, and yet officers and men were ordered to march, with their blankets and their rations on their backs, and to be subjected, without any shelter, to the sun and rain by day and the heavy dew by night.

"They were more than glad to incur the hardships and dangers. They went there and did their duty; each man seeming to feel that American honor and prestige was to be measured by his conduct. The brave men who won the victories did not complain of the neglect of the government, but to the contrary they were grateful to the president and secretary of war for giving them the opportunity to incur these dangers and hardships. They realized that the hurried organization of an expedition by a government which had no one with any experience in such matters, it was impossible to have everything arranged in the most efficient manner, and that the conditions were more perfect than any one would have reason to expect, and that the president and secretary of war, and others who planned and dispatched this expedition, deserve high commendation.

"One reason why our army was lacking in some respects in equipment was that a telegram was received from Admiral Sampson, stating that if the army reached there immediately they could take the city once, but that they should be delayed, the fortifications of the Spaniards would be so perfected that there might be great difficulty in taking it. On receiving this dispatch from Admiral Sampson the war department directed the army to move at once, and as all connected with the army will recall, the orders were received after dark, and the army was in motion, had traveled nine miles and was on the ships at daylight. When the expedition sailed for Cuba it went there escorted by a large fleet of war ships.

"At that time it was regarded as impossible for a merchant ship to sail on the ocean safely from any American port to Santiago, but as the Spanish fleet was destroyed, so that it was possible for unarmed ships to sail safely to Santiago, the general

people of the United States subscribed money without limit and dispatched ships after ships loaded with luxuries and delicacies for the Santiago army, and everything that could be accomplished for their comfort was done by the president and secretary of war.

"After the surrender had been completed and arrangements completed for transporting the Spanish army to Spain the president and secretary of war sent shipping to Santiago and transported our army to one of the most healthful localities in the United States. The point selected by the president of war was so situated that thorough protection was given the people of the United States from the danger of yellow fever contagion. The soldiers upon their arrival at this place received every care and bounty which could be procured by money. The president and secretary of war directed that their health and comfort should be cared for without reference to expense, and in addition the people within a circuit of 100 miles lived with each other in shipping to their carloads and steamboat loads of luxuries of all kinds.

"I have just finished my daily inspection of the hospitals. With rare exception the sick are cheerful and improving. I have nurses and doctors to care for them, and in all my many tours I have not found a single patient who made the slightest complaint. It is true there has been suffering, and great suffering. The climate of Cuba was very severe upon all our soldiers, but, instead of complaining, the hearts of the brave men are filled with gratitude to the people for the bounteous generosity which has been extended to them.

"There is no doubt that there have been individual cases of suffering and possibly neglect among the soldiers, not only in Cuba, but since their arrival at this place.

"Nearly 50,000 men were brought from a yellow fever district to the United States. It would have been criminal to have landed them and allowed them to go promiscuously among the people. It has been stated by physicians that if it had been done yellow fever would have spread through many of our states.

"To avoid such a catastrophe, a point which is more thoroughly isolated from the people than any other locality which could be found was secured. By these wise means the country has been secured from a scourge of this fearful disease. Every one will realize that to land 18,000 men and put them on bare fields without any buildings or shelter could not be done without some hardships. Over 5,000 very sick men have been received in the general hospital and as many more sick have been cared for in the camps and yet only about sixty deaths have occurred in these hospitals.

"Tents had to be erected and hospitals constructed and preparations to supply those 18,000 men with wholesome water, food, medicines, physicians, nurses, cooks, hospital furniture, wagons, ambulances and the other needs essential to caring for 18,000 men, fully half of whom are very sick or in a feeble physical condition. In addition to this, most of the bedding and much of the clothing was left in Santiago to prevent yellow fever infection. We had but one line of railroad to bring these supplies and sometimes there have been delays.

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# HOME CIRCLE.

Original articles solicited for this department are of a general nature, and may be on any subject, whether of a social, decorative, literary or general character. Contributions should be sent to the Editor, and should be accompanied by the name of the contributor, and a statement of the nature of the contribution. Contributions will be returned to the contributor, and will be published in the Home Circle, or in some other publication, at the discretion of the Editor. Contributions will be returned to the contributor, and will be published in the Home Circle, or in some other publication, at the discretion of the Editor.

## How it Looked at 15.

For the Home Circle. Oh, yes, the summers so full of gladness? And fair and bright the days seem; There are no tears nor any sadness, To mar one's youthful dream. They tell us that time is a thief relentless, But, really, I cannot believe this; I call it a friend with store of treasures To ignite in us ambition's glow. Dear little birds in nests so downy, How many sweet voices you sing! While you rock in your leafy hammock, You tell of the loving years will bring. But oh, for a glimpse of the world outside us, To my lips the foaming chalice press, I'm tired of the fields and quiet woodlands, Let me feel the world's wild career.

## Working the Big Guns.

In manning the batteries on a vessel of war twelve men are allotted to every gun with the exception of the ten, twelve, and thirteen inch, mounted in turrets. In the latter case, the guns being mounted in pairs, twelve men are divided between them. Each man has a certain duty to perform, and, under the thorough system of drilling in the United States Navy, he is generally letter-perfect in his work. The six men of the thirteen-inch crew are designated as follows: captain, first pluggman and sponger, lifterman, return-lever man, trainner.

The duty of the captain is to exercise a general supervision over the crew and to handle the hydraulic rammer. The first pluggman and sponger has his station at the rear end of the plug platform, and the second pluggman and sponger at the front end of the plug platform. By the plug is meant the piece of steel used to close the breech. The lifterman attends to the lift-lever, the return-lever man to the return-lever, and the trainner turns his attention to the lever controlling the hydraulic training gear. In drill and in action everything runs like clockwork, each man seeming a component part of an intricate piece of mechanism.

The great guns are aimed by means of "range finders"—instruments invented by naval officers for the purpose of divining the range of an enemy. One used to a considerable extent in the service consists of two telescopes, placed one at each end of a base line (some measured length of the vessel). These telescopes are directed upon the target, the distance between them axes, thereby varying the resistance of two conducting bodies, and causing the deflection of a galvanometer, which is graduated in yards, so that the distance may be read off directly. The working of this finder is so simple that enlisted members of the crew are sometimes stationed at it.

From the foregoing the reader can easily understand that placing and fighting the battery of a modern man-of-war is a science in itself. It is a mistake to imagine that it is a simple and unimportant part of the service. Uncle Sam's Navy. In fact, the naval officer of the present day must embody in himself the learning of a college professor, the scientific skill of an expert, the courtesy of a Brummel, and the dash and bravery of a D'Arignani. From "A Warship's Battery," in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for September.

## Domestic Recipes.

**MACAROONS.** Take the whites of four eggs beaten stiff. A half pound of almonds are first blanched, cooled, and pounded to a paste with a little rosewater, adding the latter as you pound them. Beat a cup of powdered sugar with the eggs, and add the almond paste, a tablespoonful of cornstarch and ten drops of essence of bitter almonds. Beat thoroughly, and drop by small spoonfuls on buttered paper laid in a baking pan. Bake in quick oven.

**FRIED TOMATOES.** Select tomatoes that are colored but not quite ripe. Cut in slices one-third of an inch thick and dip in batter of beaten egg with a little flour, seasoning first with salt and pepper. Fry rather slowly in butter. Escalloped tomatoes are prepared much like escalloped oysters, in alternate layers of the tomato and crackers crumbs. Bake half an hour. Stewed tomatoes should not be cooked too long, as the seeds make them bitter and they turn dark-colored.

**PLUM JELLY.** Choose the large, blue plums for jelly. Put them in a preserving kettle with just water enough to keep them from burning on the bottom. Heat up slowly and let them cook till they can be readily mashed, then turn them into the jelly-bag and let drip till all the juice is extracted. Boil the juice twenty minutes, skimming it frequently, remove from the fire and measure. To each pint allow a pound and a quarter of granulated sugar. Stir sugar and juice together, and dissolve, then boil it until a little taken out on a plate will jelly.

**An Entertaining Druggist.** There are few men more widely awake and enterprising than R. S. McKinney who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country. Its many startling cures, its especially cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, will at above drug store and get a trial bottle free of charge. Regular size for 50 cents and \$1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

## The Dog under the Wagon.

"Come wife," said good old Farmer Gray, "Put on your things, it's market day. And we'll be off to the nearest town. There and back ere the sun goes down. Spot? No, we'll leave old Spot behind." But Spot he barked and Spot he whined, and soon made up his doggie mind. To follow under the wagon.

Away they went at a good round pace, and Joy came into the farmer's face, "Poor Spot," said he "did want to come. He'll guard the barn, and guard the cot. He'll guard the cattle out of the lot."

"I'm not so sure of that," thought Spot, "The dog under the wagon."

The farmer all his produce sold, and he got his pay in yellow gold; Home through the lonely forest. Hark! A robber springs from behind a tree; "Your money or else your life," says he, "The moon was up, but he didn't see."

Spot he barked and Spot he whined; But quickly caught the thief behind; He dragged him down, in the mud and dirt, And tore his coat and tore his shirt, Then held him fast on the merry ground, While his hands and feet the farmer bound.

And tumbled him into the wagon. So Spot he saved the farmer's life, The farmer's money, the farmer's wife, And now a hero grand and gay, A silver collar he wears to-day, Among his friends, among his foes— And every one calls him Spot the dog.

The dog under the wagon. —The Atlantic.

## Suggestions to Housekeepers.

If you spill oil on the carpet, cover the spot with cornmeal as quickly as you can. The meal will take up the grease. The season of green corn is with us, and there is corn—and corn. Some justifies all we expect of it, and some is not fit to eat. Corn that has passed out of the milk should go to the pigs. That which has not may be served at table. Don't boil green corn an hour, or even forty-five minutes. Don't let it stand and soak in the water after it is done. Boil the corn till the milk does not escape when a kernel is penetrated by the nail. Twenty minutes is usually sufficient. Then drain off the water and leave the corn covered if it must stand. But it should be served as soon as done. Lay a napkin on a platter, pile the corn on it, sprinkle with salt and fold the corners of the napkin over it.

Thomas Murray, the noted chef, says many cooks do not know how to do so simple a thing as to boil rice properly. Each grain of rice, he says, should be distinct, whole, but at the same time tender. To accomplish this, a small quantity of rice should be boiled in a large pot nearly filled with water. Put it into cold water, and a little salt, and boil rapidly for twenty or thirty minutes. Test the grains occasionally, and when a slight pressure between the thumb and forefinger will crush them they are done. If allowed to boil till the grains burst or boiled in a small quantity of water, the grains will stick together. When done, drain off the water and set the rice on the range, where it will keep warm.

Dr. Jonathan Hutchinson, a very noted surgeon, prescribes coffee as a medicine in many cases of great debility. Tea and coffee are alike in many respects, and the latter is greatly to be preferred as regards its sustaining power. Tea, he says, is strong or used in any quantity, and especially if the individual is not in robust health, induces a nervousness prejudicial to health. Coffee stimulates and quiets the nerves. It would be a great advantage to our working classes and a great help to the development of social sobriety if coffee were to come into greatly increased use and the ability to make it well were more generally acquired, says this great practitioner.

When the young tender stalks of the plant start up after the mid-summer rains, try canning some for winter use. Cut the stalks in lengths after peeling them, weigh them, allow half as much sugar. Cover the pie-plant with boiling water and let stand two minutes; drain; put layers of the plant and sugar in a preserving kettle, cover and set in a hot oven for an hour. Then can like any fruit.

When eggs are scarce, soda crackers may be used instead of them in lemon pie. Soak the crackers in boiling water till you can beat them to a stiff paste. Add the juice and grated rind of two lemons and sugar to taste. Bake between two crusts. This is not as good as the lemon pie made with eggs, but answers as a substitute.

## OF WOMEN'S CLUBS.

### Conditions under which they are Entitled to Commendation.

"That many of the women's clubs in America are doing valuable work in many directions admits of no doubt," writes Edward Bok in the September Ladies' Home Journal. "And so long as a woman's club keeps within its sphere—that of the social, mental and educational improvement of the sex and the children—and does not extend and take up political questions and go into a maelstrom of purely municipal matters, the conduct of which it is not given women to rightly understand, and in which they can do no good, but, on the contrary, do much harm, it serves a purpose high and mighty."

There is no question at all of the benefit which a woman derives from getting out of the atmosphere of the routine of domestic machinery, once a week or once a fortnight, according as she is able to spare the necessary time, and coming into the different surroundings of a number of other women at the meeting of a sensible and well-conducted literary, social or educational club.

Women's clubs, like the clubs for men, are useful institutions so long as they are considered as a means toward an end, and that end be social betterment. But when they are taken to be an end in themselves, then they become evil which should be corrected. For a woman to make her club the all-absorbing thing in her life is wrong. But used as a well-directed means toward her own development, her own exhilaration, to the companionship of the sexes, and not their further separation, the woman's club is commendable.

## Cuban Women.

The belles of the island often bedeck themselves with fireflies, in lieu of costlier but paler jewel lights. These insects are nearly four times as large as the "lightning bugs" in the United States and emit a beautiful glow from their breasts and wings. The young women dearly love to imprison them in the gauzy folds of their summerland costumes, and enmesh them in the hair in mock coronets. Sometimes a senorita will wear a brilliant firefly or two imprisoned in a tiny cage of gold or silver wire, hanging as a bangle to her bracelet. It is an astonishing sight to see a light-bedecked southern beauty shimmering in the soft night as if clad in a thousand gems, but having no other adornment than this economical one of fireflies. The poor use them in a more practical way for lighting their houses, but putting them under wire screens or in bottles, and they prove very successful in this office of utility.

At one time the laws of Spain forbade the poor in Cuba using any other means for house lighting than fireflies, and the practice is still a common one long after this strange law has been abolished.

The life of the women of the upper classes is a very narrow one, and the average girl has little else than marriage to look forward to. It behooves her to make an early marriage, too, while the charms of youth abide, for she will likely begin to fade at 30. Handsome matrons are infrequent, as in all tropic lands. Her motherly teaching is her very little else than in the way of personal accomplishments, and the natural result is that the average girl knows a great deal more regarding complexion powder than she does of baking powder, and her lack of other useful knowledge is in much the same proportion.—Woman's Home Companion.

## Valuable to Women.

Especially valuable to women is Brown's Iron Bitters. Backache, vanishes, headache disappears, strength takes the place of weakness, and the glow of health readily comes to the pallid cheek when this wonderful remedy is taken. For sickly children, for overworked housewives, for no one should be without this famous remedy. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

## Dry, Fluffy Hair.

"In case the government weather breeder continues to give us this horrid, sticky weather that would take the kink out of a puddle's hair," said a clever girl, "I'll tell you a secret which will keep the curls in the most hopelessly straight hair. But it is a return to the barbaric curl paper. I want you to know that I have tried it, and it is a good thing. Well, first of all the hair must be thoroughly shampooed, and by the way, this should not be done often more than once in three weeks even in summer. It is not only women's crowning glory, but also makes it impossible to get at night when retiring that the hair which is worn wavy or curled should be wet in water in which a little borax has been dissolved and then rolled up on curl papers. Care should be taken not to have the hair too wet. Next morning there is a natural looking, light, dry, fluffy curl. This hair which defies even this sticky, muggy, curl destructive weather. Even this, with the intense heat, will not change the curls into strings before it is time to confine them in papers again."—New York Sun.

## A Summer Cure.

At this season the health of the baby becomes a matter of much care and much anxiety. Engage the most intelligent thought of every mother. A well known physician was recently discussing the subject with a well meaning but flighty young mother and expressed himself thus: "Just leave him alone. Don't worry his temper into a passion and his nerves into a fit of fusing. Have plain clothes—no reds and laces that will have to be changed four times a day. If he belonged to me, he would have a gingham gown and a sunbonnet and be turned loose in the garden, there to stay until the sun got too hot or too rap time came around. Have him sleep on a hair mattress and a hair pillow—no feathers or eider down, make him a good subject for pneumonia and sore throat, cough and fever. Don't let every woman in the hotel kiss him. Don't wheel him around in his carriage all day. Let him dig and get close to Mother Earth, and don't think he will be quite as white or quite so fat. Now when you come back in September."

## League For Men's Rights.

The questionable persistence of the advocates of "women's rights" has brought about the "revolt of man" which Sir Walter Besant foreshadowed and many others foresaw years ago. A league of fortune has founded a "League for men's rights" in order to try and obtain something like justice for the sex in the eyes of the law, as he has found a woman has many undue advantages in litigation and that the law, instead of being impartial, discriminates in the sharpest possible manner between men and women to the disadvantage of men. The strong minded women who have so often expressed their contempt for man as the weakest worm seem likely to discover that even a worm, constantly trodden upon, will hurt. There is certainly something humorous in a "man's rights" society, but it is none the less a sign of the times, which perhaps "advanced" women may be wise not to ignore.—Chicago Times-Herald.

## A Woman Superintendent.

Miss Sarah G. Weed has been appointed superintendent of the Charlestown (Mass.) almshouse. This marks a departure in the management of that institution. Hitherto it has been a general almshouse for both men and women, but careful consideration the trustees for the paupers have decided to make it an almshouse for women and aged couples, to resemble, so far as possible, an old ladies' home. Miss Weed, the new superintendent, is a distant relative of the poet Whitier. Her previous experience is such as to fit her for the work she has undertaken. The trustees mean to accommodate from 100 to 150 pauper women at Charlestown, and the building, which is pleasant and comfortable, though old fashioned, can readily be adapted to their use.—Boston Woman's Journal.

## Hat and Bonnet.

A hat should not be worn by those who unmistakably show signs of age. In itself there is something jaunty and aggressively young in a hat, and it requires a good amount of hair to set it on. There appears to be an idea that a bonnet is old fashioned—not at all. The very smart just now, especially those with jeweled crowns.

Mr. Edward Fitzjohn, the champion golfer of Edinburgh, has charge of the links at Saratoga Lake, N. Y. This is a fine hole course, and one of the best in the east.

## SPANISH GRANDEES.

### FAMILY PEDIGREES THAT RUN BACK TEN CENTURIES.

The National Vanity Borders on the Abnormally Grotesque, and Playing the Game of Human Beings Called "The Endemic Disease of Spain."

It is related that a young guard, having neglected to pay the usual salute to Spanish duke at the court of Madrid, excused himself by saying that he did not know the offender's rank.

"My friend," replied his grace, "a safe rule is to assume that everybody in the palace who looks like a monkey is a grandee of the first class."

Probably the truth is the Spanish are a thoroughly degenerate race, and their conduct of themselves among us. Their country has probably been often overrun and conquered than any other territory of equal extent in Europe. Phoenician, Carthaginian, Roman, Vandal, Visigoth and Moor have all successfully made their stamping ground, and the effect of all this has been a pure Castilian blood, whatever that may be, is indelibly stamped on every really Spanish face.

But playing the gentleman has been called "the endemic disease of Spain," and the national vanity is something grotesque. One of the historians seriously advanced the theory that the inhabitants of the country "arrived by air," so impressed was he by their superhuman qualities that nothing short of a descent from the sky could account for all this.

A subsequent historian, however, of the question, finally announced his opinion that "they more probably came by land."

After this we need not be astonished that the Spanish claim to possess the oldest pedigree in Europe. The surprising circumstance is that the claim is not wholly without foundation. Some of the family names can in some cases be traced back to an incredibly remote period, though it must not be assumed that the original blood persists in any purity.

Probably the most ancient family in Spain is that of the Pacheco, whose estates are not far from Madrid. The castle Cartaya, in Andalusia, Plutarch tells us that when Crassus fled from Italy he concealed himself for eight months at Ximena, near Cartaya, in the house of a Spanish gentleman named Pacheco. Crassus also mentions this generous Spaniard, and there can be no doubt that he was one of the ancestors of the Pacheco family, whose name is obviously derived from his name.

He still owns the castle. This carried out nearly 2,000 years, to a period antedating the Christian era, but it is possible to trace the line much farther. The name is clearly of Phoenician origin, being ultimately derived from "patol," the word by which the Tyrians designated the carved figurehead of their galleys.

The identification is made more complete by the fact that the Phoenicians were the founders of Cartaya, as of Cadiz in the same province. That adds another 1,000 years or so to the Pacheco pedigree. Think of it—a landed estate remaining in the possession of the same family for 3,000 years! This is doubtless the most wonderful fact in the world, and unusually well authenticated. The Pacheco may well be pardoned for taking pride in it, though it roots in rather unsavory soil at last, for the great original Pacheco was evidently a very freebooter.

Names that trace back to the Carthaginian occupation in the time of Hannibal are also found, and the title of Hannibal's own clan, Barca, is perpetuated by the Barcias and Garcias, who are also several names of Roman antecedents, as Ponce and Caceres, Pontius and Canis. A Spanish gentleman bearing the latter name was a personal friend of the poet Martial, all of which seems to bring antiquity very close to the present.

The Spanish, however, are inclined to look back to the Goths as "the purest fountain of nobility." This certainly seems a strange perversion of sentiment, for all the barbarians that came down from the north to lay waste Roman civilization with fire and sword, the Goths, with their cousins the Vandals, were the most irredeemably villainous.

And these Goths were no extraordinary heroes either, even in war. With supine and arrogant incompetency they lost the Moors in the eight months' campaign which ended in their defeat. Yet "Gothic of Spain" is the pet phrase. To a rank outsider it would seem that the Basque families have the most honorable lineage, and their pedigrees run back to a time immemorial, though not easily traced. The Basques represent the original population of the Spanish peninsula. Their seat is the mountains of the northern district, and in many ways remind us of the Welsh. They have the same simplicity of life, and the same really justifiable pride of birth, and the same reverence for the past, that counts for anything. Like the Welsh also, they have to a considerable extent maintained their ancient language, one of the strangest which survive upon the earth, bearing no resemblance to any other in Europe.

part, bear names which appear to be geographical in their origin, as Ugarte, meaning "between waters," Zubia, "the bridge," Ibarra, "the valley"—a style which reminds us of our American Indians, although it is found more or less in the names of the Welsh. The terminations "ez," so common in Spanish names, is Basque, and signifies "son" or "Perez, son of Peter, exactly like our own Peterson.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

## Teeth and Health.

In late years more and more attention has been paid to the condition of the teeth of candidates for life insurance, and now the report of the dentist is considered of proportional value with that of the physician in determining the value of the "life." So important are the indications afforded by the teeth of the general health and strength of the individual of candidates for the United States navy that unless a would-be cadet can pass a creditable examination at the hands of the dentist he must make up his mind to look for another calling. It is argued that if the teeth are not in good trim, the digestion, and eventually, of course, the general health, and consequently the professional efficiency of the candidate must be impaired to extend to the army. One of the first signs of the movement is the recommendation that a bill is to be passed to establish a dental corps in the United States army. It is proposed to make the army dentist a part of the medical corps, assigning one surgeon dentist, with the rank of captain, to each brigade, and one surgeon dentist, with the rank of captain, to each regiment. The army dentists are to be graduates of reputable dental colleges. The teeth of the rank and file of the army are to be inspected periodically and kept in order, and the soldier himself is to be instructed how to second the efforts of the dentist.—Chicago Record.

## Franchise For Irish Women.

The Irish local government bill, as amended in committee, will give the owner, service and lodger franchise to women in Ireland, and will also—read connection with the orders in council, whether married or unmarried, both rural and urban, and on boards of guardians, on either the local, electoral or the residential qualifications. This is an important advance. Until the residential qualification was given in England the number of women guardians remained below 200. It now exceeds 900. The Review of Reviews says of the residential qualification, "It will permit the candidature of many persons of highly qualified women who would otherwise be shut out from public administrative work."

## A CRITICAL TIME

### During the Battle of Santiago.

### SICK OR WELL, A RUSH NIGHT AND DAY.

The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba were all Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.

P. E. Butler, of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago, De Cuba, on July 24, says: "We all had diarrhea in more or less violent degree and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy we kept our health in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time the medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

## PERSONAL CHATS.

Wellington once said, "Take my word for it, if you had seen but one day of war you would pray to Almighty God that you might never see such a thing again."

Sir William Henry Broadbent, M. D., F. R. C. P., has been appointed one of Queen Victoria's physicians extraordinary in the room of the late Sir Richard Quain, M. D.

Falling Shower is the name of an Indian girl baby born recently in Brooklyn. Her parents' names are Little Cloud and Laughter Water, and she has a small brother called Morning Glory.

Count Cassini, the new ambassador of Russia to the United States, is said to have extraordinary powers as a linguist. He speaks fluently seven languages, including Turkish and Chinese.

It is said that Colonel John Hay, our ambassador to England, during the two days following Schley's victory shook hands with over 4,000 people who came to congratulate him on his country's triumph.

Snapper Garrison, the once famous jockey, has quit the turf and is engaged in the life insurance business in New York. He failed to save any of the big sums he made as a rider and is said to be in debt.

Colonel Halliwell, formerly of Wichita, Kan., who died the other day, was the opponent of Jerry Simpson when that Populist first ran for congress and was the originator of the famous nickname, "Sockless" Simpson.

General George E. Bryant, who was Admiral Dewey's roommate at Norwich (Vt.) Military academy, says that Dewey belonged to a student society calling themselves the "University Regulars" and was the leader in all their mischief.

Mr. Gladstone is said to have managed the Hawarden estate, which was once much involved, with so much thrift and sagacity that the eldest son of W. H. Gladstone will, it is believed, be added to £10,000 a year on attaining his majority.

Joseph M. Novak, a lawyer of Cleveland, after ten years of married life, divorced his wife and married her seamstress. Then he divorced the seamstress and remarried his first wife. In less than a year they were again divorced, and now Novak has married the seamstress once more.

Queen Victoria's official bagpipe maker is dead. He also made bagpipes for the households of the Prince of Wales, of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and of the Duke of Devon. His name was Pipo Major Duncan McDougall, and he represented the third generation of a family that had made the instruments at Perth.

Lake Cato, who in his eightieth year began to learn Greek, Lord Dufferin, who has passed the limits of threescore and ten, thinks it is really time he knew something about Persian. He has accordingly set himself the task of adding to his poetic and figurative language to his already large store of linguistic accomplishment.

## HORSES AND DRIVERS.

Carbonate, 2:09, pacing, is credited with a trial mile in 2:06 1/4. Star Pointer paced in 2:01 1/4 at Detroit the other day in an effort to beat 1:59 1/4.

It is predicted that Zomboro, the California trotter, will take a record as fast as 2:05 this season. Monopole, pacer, by Leicester, is the first New England bred horse to enter the 2:10 list this year.

Directum Kelly is the largest money winner of the year thus far, his earnings amounting to \$5,500. The correct breeding of Star Hal, 2:16, pacer, is by Bruno Hal, dam Dixie, by Black Dick. His sire has been printed as Bruno.

Mr. C. R. Bentley, known as a turf writer over the non de plume of Driftwood, is now managing the Forest City farm's horses.

Dictator's Last, said to be the last foal by Dictator, is in Scott Hudson's stable, at Lexington, Ky. He is a pacer and has shown halves in 1:58.

It is likely that Riley Medium, 2:10 1/4, pacing, will be shayed much of the races in the fall. He has made a good stud season in South Bend, Ind.

It is reported that Scott Hudson drove Eagle Flanagan, 2:12 1/4, a half mile at Ottawa recently in 1:02 1/4, and the full mile was faster than the horse's record.

A 3-year-old colt named Ottawa Silver, by the word, dam sister to Kentucky Union, 2:07 1/4, is reported to have shown a mile in 2:30 1/4 and a half in 1:09.—Turf, Field and Farm.

## ITEMS OF INTEREST.

In Costa Rica canary birds, bullfinches and parakeets are special table dainties.

It is an interesting coincidence that the fall of Santiago occurred on the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille.

German foxes are being imported into England in crates containing a dozen animals by some of the hunting associations.

The first vessel to carry the American flag around the world was the ship Columbia, which sailed from the port of Boston Sept. 10, 1876.

Copenhagen's round tower, built in the eleventh century and 150 feet high, is to be moved bodily a distance of 150 feet to widen a business street.

English military authorities say that new boots will wear better if kept about six months before using. If kept over a year, they become less durable.

Well Rebuked.

It is recorded of a young fop who visited one of the Rothschilds that he was so proud of his malachite sleeve buttons that he insisted upon exhibiting them to his host.

The latter looked at them and said: "Yes, it is a pretty stone. I have a mantelpiece made of it in the next room."

Nature has given us two ears, two eyes and but one tongue, to the end that we should hear and see more than we speak.—Socrates.

## FLORAL ANTISEPTIC

### Tooth Powder,

Efficient and exceedingly agreeable. Arrests putrefaction and destroys malarious effluvia; prevents decay and sweetens the breath.

Manufactured only by J. McKELLIP, TANETOWN, MD.

PRICE 10 CENTS.

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10c. CORN KILLER.

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It is said that Colonel John Hay, our ambassador to England, during the two days following Schley's victory shook hands with over 4,000 people who came to congratulate him on his country's triumph.

Snapper Garrison, the once famous jockey, has quit the turf and is engaged in the life insurance business in New York. He failed to save any of the big sums he made as a rider and is said to be in debt.

Colonel Halliwell, formerly of Wichita, Kan., who died the other day, was the opponent of Jerry Simpson when that Populist first ran for congress and was the originator of the famous nickname, "Sockless" Simpson.

General George E. Bryant, who was Admiral Dewey's roommate at Norwich (Vt.) Military academy, says that Dewey belonged to a student society calling themselves the "University Regulars" and was the leader in all their mischief.

Mr. Gladstone is said to have managed the Hawarden estate, which was once much involved, with so much thrift and sagacity that the eldest son of W. H. Gladstone will, it is believed, be added to £10,000 a year on attaining his majority.

Joseph M. Novak, a lawyer of Cleveland, after ten years of married life, divorced his wife and married her seamstress. Then he divorced the seamstress and remarried his first wife. In less than a year they were again divorced, and now Novak has married the seamstress once more.

Queen Victoria's official bagpipe maker is dead. He also made bagpipes for the households of the Prince of Wales, of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and of the Duke of Devon. His name was Pipo Major Duncan McDougall, and he represented the third generation of a family that had made the instruments at Perth.

Lake Cato, who in his eightieth year began to learn Greek, Lord Dufferin, who has passed the limits of threescore and ten, thinks it is really time he knew something about Persian. He has accordingly set himself the task of adding to his poetic and figurative language to his already large store of linguistic accomplishment.

## HORSES AND DRIVERS.

Carbonate, 2:09, pacing, is credited with a trial mile in 2:06 1/4. Star Pointer paced in 2:01 1/4 at Detroit the other day in an effort to beat 1:59 1/4.

It is predicted that Zomboro, the California trotter, will take a record as fast as 2:05 this season. Monopole, pacer, by Leicester, is the first New England bred horse to enter the 2:10 list this year.

Directum Kelly is the largest money winner of the year thus far, his earnings amounting to \$5,500. The correct breeding of Star Hal



# JUDGE MSHERRY'S CHARGE.

The Duties of Grand Jurors Strongly Outlined.

SWIFT JUSTICE NEEDED.

Frederick City, Md., Sept. 5.—Chief Judge Msherry, in opening court today with Associate Judge Motter, delivered a notable charge to the grand jury. He said in part:

Your powers are vast and sweeping. No individual is so exalted as to be above your reach, and no one is so humble as to be beneath your jurisdiction. The grand jury is the power that carries with it a correlative responsibility, which cannot be evaded. Grand jurors, it has been said, are sentinels stationed on the walls of the tower of liberty; and they should be vigilant and sleepless sentinels. They are no less charged with the duty of protecting from groundless persecution the innocent than they are bound by an equally imperative obligation to bring the guilty to the bar of justice. Upon your fidelity and fearlessness depend in a great measure the preservation of the public peace and tranquility, the dignity and supremacy of the law, the safety and protection of the citizen, the prompt indictment of the criminal and the speedy vindication of the innocent.

"With these ends in view, you have sworn to present to me one from malice, hatred or ill-will, and to leave no unpunished from fear, favor or affection. That no guilty person may escape and no innocent one may be accused, you are solemnly bound to keep secret the councils of the State, your fellows and your own. In the proceedings for all time, unless the law which now seals your lips, should through its appointed tribunals unseal them hereafter in furtherance of private right or public justice.

"There will be laid before you four cases of homicide. These serious offenses have all been committed within the past six months. During the preceding eighteen months were four other accusations of murder. Eight homicides within a period of less than a year is appalling. Not one of the four cases which have been tried resulted in a verdict of murder in the first degree, though all the accused were convicted of murder in the second degree or manslaughter. The heavy penitentiary sentences imposed upon the convicted parties have apparently had not the slightest deterrent effect.

"This frightful increase of crime must be checked. Penalties commensurate with the offense must be swiftly visited by the courts upon the guilty. Penalties for violations of law are imposed with a two-fold object: First, to punish the offender, and second, to warn the evil-disposed and lawlessly inclined, that a like fate awaits them for a like offense. If the punishment should, in my judgment, be certain, speedy and severe. But no punishment can be inflicted until a verdict of guilty has been rendered by a petit jury. If timidity, a false sentiment of pity or a lack of courage influences a jury and causes it to shrink from rendering a verdict, the law will be followed by a death penalty when the death penalty ought to have been indicted, crime will be stimulated rather than restrained. And the safety and protective potency of the law itself will be seriously impaired and ultimately wholly undermined.

"A jury's duty is to ascertain the guilt of the accused by the verdict of the jury to say so, no matter what the consequences of the verdict may be. He has no right to look to the consequences in reaching his conclusions. Had some of the four cases, which had already been tried, resulted in convictions of murder in the first degree, as they ought to have been, the evil would have been checked, and I am satisfied, these recent homicides, or at least some of them, would not have been committed and the lives of the unoffending victims would have been spared. It is a dangerous condition for a community if a belief becomes prevalent among the victims that justice is too timid or too lenient to convict of the highest grades of crimes. It will be your duty to prefer, if the evidence warrants you in doing so, and it will then be for the petit jury to fearlessly render such verdicts as the facts may justify, without being swayed by passion or prejudice against the accused and equally without being influenced in their favor by a false sentiment of mercy, and without being deterred from a rigid discharge of duty by timidity or other unworthy or unlawful motive. When jurors resolutely and persistently do this, serious violations of the law will cease or materially decrease in number.

# A Calculative Mule.

This strange story is duly credited of a mule who fell hind feet backward into an old dry well, sixty feet deep, all effort to rescue him seeming fruitless, as he was completely wedged in. Finally the owner, supposing the poor creature was injured by the fall, decided that it would be more merciful to have him killed than to allow him to starve to death. Not knowing any other way of dispatching him, he had a cartload of dirt thrown in upon him. But instead of patiently submitting to being buried alive, the mule patiently shook off the dirt and trampled it with his feet, thereby raising himself several inches. Another load was thrown in, with the same result. Someone suggested keeping up the process, and, acting upon the idea, all the neighbors set diligently to work filling the well, carefully throwing the dirt in on the sides. It was slow work, but a hearty interest was awakened from the perseverance with which the poor mule tramped down the dirt. Inch by inch he ascended until the well was filled to within a few feet of the top, when, complacently, as though nothing had happened, his muleship stepped out safe and sound.

# Alger Asks Investigation.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Secretary Alger has requested the President to order a thorough and searching investigation of the War Department. In this request the Secretary has been joined by Adjutant General Corbin. No decision has been reached by the President, but it is probable that he will pursue. He has the request of Secretary Alger under advisement, but has not determined whether he will grant it or not.

The Secretary had a long conference with the President to-night before leaving the city and impressed his earnest desire that an investigation such as he had requested be ordered. The question was thoroughly discussed in all its phases. Secretary Wilson took part in the conference and General Corbin was present during a greater part of the time.

It seems not unlikely that the investigation will be ordered. The question, probably, will receive consideration at the cabinet meeting tomorrow.

Mrs. Ruth Roads, of Portland Oregon, says nothing exceeds Victor Infants' Relief for cramps and colic.

# Reunion at Silver Run.

(For the Record.)

"Sing me that old, old song  
You sang long years ago,  
When you and I were young,  
And life was all aglow.  
Sing it once again  
'Twill calm life's mad stream;  
The rosy glow has faded,  
And youth was but a dream."

The words of the above stanza came vividly back to our memory, as we gazed on the many happy faces before us on last Saturday. Here were quite a number whom we had taught to sing the old songs, and they had come to hear and unite with us in singing these songs once more.

It was a great chorus, and the grove was made resound with the sweet strains of "Gloria in Excelsis," Te Deum, and a number of familiar hymns. It was a rare treat in the true sense of the word, so far as the writer is concerned, and we take this mode of returning our heartfelt thanks to the members of the Taneytown, Baust and Harney choirs, for their valuable assistance in this great service of song.

Fully two thousand people came to hear us, and every one was pleased. Financially it was also a success, and the cash box, at the close, contained \$132.50, which will net the home choir the snug little sum of about \$75. Have we need of this money? Certainly. Every well regulated choir in a progressive congregation has many little incidental bills to meet, which many church councils do not feel able to pay, because many church members take no interest in the choir.

A temporary organization was effected at the close of the exercises, and Mr. Geo. C. Harman was appointed president, Mr. Samuel Lambert secretary, and Mr. J. A. Angell treasurer. These gentlemen will arrange for holding a reunion next year, when we expect to form a permanent organization.

Representatives from eight of the twelve choirs invited, and four ministers, were present. Following is the program:

# FORENOON.

Silver Run band; orchestra: "Gloria in Excelsis," by a chorus choir of one hundred voices, accompanied by an orchestra of ten pieces and organ; prayer by Rev. Dr. J. C. Bowman; hymn No. 386, by chorus choir.

# AFTERNOON.

Band: "Te Deum," by chorus choir; anthem, "Praise and Magnify the Lord," by Taneytown choir; cornet solo, "Nearer my God to Thee," with variations, by Arthur Stonestifer, of Carroll county band; solo, "Saved by Grace," by J. A. Angell, clarinet solo; "Peerless," by Geo. F. Morelock, of Carroll county band; hymn No. 603, by chorus choir; anthem, "Magnify the Lord," by Baust church choir; solo, "My Jesus as thou wilt," by Mrs. Maria Ebaugh; anthem, "Praise the Lord," by Silver Run choir; orchestra; address by Rev. Dr. J. C. Bowman; cornet solo, "Robin Polka," by A. Stonestifer; anthem, "Holy is the Lord," by Silver Run choir; "My Country 'tis of thee," by chorus choir; orchestra; band; music in general.

# EMMITSBURG.

Since the middle of July, over two hundred Sisters of Charity have been sent from the branch houses to Camp Hospitals in this country and Porto Rico. Many have been sent from the Mother House, of this place. Mother Mariana Flynn is Superior; at the beginning of the war, she offered the Sisters as nurses. Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, wife of Prof. W. J. McGee of Washington, D. C., accepted the offer, and at each call Mother Mariana promptly responded. The Sisters now on duty are at Montank Point, Chickamauga Park, Fort Thomas, Camp Alger and Porto Rico. Mrs. Elizabeth Hayes is lying very ill at the home of her son Joseph K. Hayes.

# Orphans' Court Proceedings.

TUESDAY, Sept. 6th, 1898.—Charles H. Everhart, administrator of Ann Gaumer, returned inventory of personal property and received orders to sell leasehold estate and personal property.

Last will and testament of Richard Manning, deceased, admitted to probate, and letters testamentary granted unto Dr. Joshua W. Hering.

Luther W., David H., and Samuel H. Mohring, administrators of Hezekiah Mohring, settled first account.

Rebecca D. Mixer, executrix of Joseph Mixer, settled first and final account.

Cardiff T. Hollingsworth, executor of Sarah G. Hollingsworth, settled first and final account.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 7th, 1898.—Joshua A. Stansbury and H. Oliver Stonestifer, executors of Joshua Stansbury, returned list of sales of personal property, and received order to transfer mortgages.

Catharine Fletter, executrix of John N. Fletter, settled second and final account.

Catharine Fletter, administratrix of David H. Fletter, returned inventory of money, and settled first and final account.

# Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions. Positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. S. McKinney.

# Second Thoughts.

The sound of the door closing behind him fell like a knell.  
"Come back!" she shrieked.  
The echo of her own voice mocked him.  
"Come back!"  
Her cry smote the empty air and was lost.  
"Perhaps!"  
She bowed to the decree of fate—it is better thus.  
Upon closer inspection she had discovered that the umbrella he left was silk and not alpaca after all—Pick Me Up.

# "An Old Cross Patch."



# A Case of Jealousy.

"Bub," said the woman to the small boy who was leaning in front of her house, "don't you go to school?"  
"No, ma'am, not now," was the reply.  
"But why not?"  
"Cause the teacher got jealous of me."  
"How do you mean?"  
"Why, I had six different ways of spellin' 'cat,' and she had only one, and she got down on me, and I had to leave."—Saginaw Courier-Herald.

# Alive to Business.

Clipper—You remember Renter, the real estate agent who went to the front with the volunteers?  
Lipper—Yes, very well.  
Clipper—Well, at the battle of Shiloh the American troops hadn't any more than captured the field when he went to the commanding officer and asked if he couldn't have an option on it for sale or lease.—Richmond Dispatch.

# The Worst Mistake.

"Every man is likely to make mistakes in public as in private life," said the charitable man.  
"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum.  
"But there are some mistakes for which there is no excuse."  
"For example?"  
"Well, about the worst is owning up after you have made one."—Washington Star.

# On a War Footing.

"What's making that jarring noise in the room overhead?"  
"It's a meeting of strikers. They're kicking for higher wages."  
The questioner was silent a moment. Then he said dimly:  
"Another revenue stamp," he said, as the applause seemed to break loose again.—Chicago Tribune.

# Credit For Good Intentions.

Hewitt—Gracie is an economical fellow. He carried his best girl to go to the theater the other night.  
Jewett—I don't see any economy in that.  
Hewitt—But he didn't invite her until after he'd found the seats were all sold.—Vim.

# Diplomacy.

Miss Grotz (shyly)—Papa thinks you intend to annex somebody in this house.  
Charley Harduppe—I am opposed to annexation as unconstitutional. But I am looking for a base of supplies.—New York Journal.

# Attachments.

"Dear me," exclaimed the sousbrute as the elephant passed by, "I wish my trunk was attached to me like that." And then she thought of the attachment the sheriff had on her saratoga at Upper Sandusky, and her bright eyes filled with tears.—Vim.

# Little Fonso.

Little Fonso has the measles—Little Fonso, King of Spain.  
That is why his precious mamma's Tail on so.  
Fall of pain.  
And his little tummie All is mottled.  
Like a pop.  
On my life that foul disease has Surely settled Fonso up!

If it gets a grip upon him, As 'twill maybe, Good and strong, Like it must be, it won't do a Thing to Baby Fonso ere long!

Oh, the frothing and the turning! Like the rabies!  
We will seal Measles is a vulgar thing for Royal babies! Such as he!

Prickly heat, they tell us, cannot Hold a candle To its rash.  
S'pose he should kick the bucket—Who would handle Baby's cash!

Oh, Alfonso, Baby Fonso, Royal young, King of Spain!  
Will you cry with irritation? Will you flunk or Scream with pain?

Think of Blanco, Torral, Pando, Santiago And the fleet!  
Think of them and cease your racket, Royal daps! Measles' meat! —St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

What a rejoicing among the mothers that use Victor Infants' Relief, the babe's digestive tonic.

It is said that Fanny Alden, 2:16, and Hail Cloud, 2:07.34, went a quarter recently in 30 seconds.—Turf, Field and Farm.

# Are You Weak?

Weakness manifests itself in the loss of ambition and aching bones. The blood is watery; the tissues are wasting—the door is being opened for disease. A bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters taken in time will restore your strength, soothe your nerves, make your blood rich and red. Do you more good than any expensive special course of medicine. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

# Pic-Nics and Festivals.

All Pic-nics and Festivals for which posters are printed at this office, will be entitled to a free notice under this heading.

Sept. 10, Pic-nic of Linwood Union Sunday school, in the grove at Winters' church. Refreshments, etc. Linwood band.

Sept. 10, Keyville Drum Corps, in Stillwell's Grove. Refreshments, etc. Bag Kicks, Musical and other amusements. Refreshments of all kinds.

Sept. 10, Dancing Pic-nic in Nall's Grove, near Bridgeport, in the evening.

WM. F. DERR. WM. F. DERR.

# THE GREAT MODEL EMPORIUM.

We close at 6 p. m., except on Saturday.

# YOUR INTERESTS

Are always our interests, we want you to always feel that this is your store; we are always here to serve you; our constant study is your needs. We want to sell you every day better goods at more equitable prices. Quality is always our first consideration, for it must be defendable merchandise to meet your demands. Poor goods are dear at any price, while the good goods cause you to come again with a pleasant remembrance of the last purchase. Our price is always the lowest for good merchandise and of less value than the price on inferior goods. At this season we have a particularly complete stock of good goods at very low prices. Will you take advantage of this?

# New Outing Flannels.

We have a Special lot of bright, pretty patterns in this season's new Outing Flannels. They come in blue, pink and gray stripes, and plaids. We bought them with special view to your need for House Gowns, Dressing Sackies and Morning Dresses. The usual price is Fifteen cents, but we mark them 10c per Yard.

# Fall Jackets.

Even now we often feel in the evening, a touch of coolness that reminds us of the need of a safety in a Jacket. We have some beautiful garments, tailor made in popular cloths, latest patterns, strap seams, half silk lined, silk sleeve linings. An altogether stylish and serviceable Jacket, worth \$8.00, that we have priced at only \$5.00.

# Dress Skirts.

It is always a saving in both dollars and time to buy a ready made Dress Skirt and beside that you receive the benefit of the latest exclusive tailor made style. We have in stock a number of Five and Eight Dollar Skirts, extra well made up in serviceable goods that we offer for only \$3.50 an opportunity you cannot afford to miss.

# The Best Corset for Sale in this State.

We have the sole exclusive agency for Thomson's Glove Fitting Corsets. It is, without doubt, the very best Corset made in America; its easy-fitting qualities, thorough boning, and stylish appearance, stamp it as the BEST.

# Mail Orders carefully and promptly filled.

# The Great Model Emporium,

WM. F. DERR, WESTMINSTER, MD.

Near Railroad, WESTMINSTER, MD. WESTERN MARYLAND TELEPHONE 77.

# We are Ready to Swing.

In fact, we have swung the knife into the already LOW PRICES of the remaining stock of Fine Suits and Suitings SHARRER & GORSUCH, Opposite Catholic Church, - - MD., now offer you the greatest chance of your life to be a well-dressed man, at a very small expense.

# Men's and Youths' Suits.

Elegant Cassimeres and Serge \$8.00 and \$10.00 Suits reduced to \$7.00. \$12.00 and \$18.00 Suits reduced to \$9.50. Fine Imported \$15.00 and \$16.00 Suits reduced to \$11.50. Youths' \$7.00, \$8.00 and \$9.00 Suits reduced to \$5.00.

# CHILDREN'S SUITS at great Bargain Prices.

Now is the time to have a Fine Suit made to order. Some beautiful patterns at a greatly reduced price. SHIRTS. See our 25c Shirts. We have the latest in Madras Shirts, Neckwear, Collars, etc.

# Special Notices.

Short advertisements will be inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent per line, each insertion, counting seven words to the line. No charge under 10c, and no charge for name and address.

# FIRST CLASS Timothy Seed for Sale.

H. J. HILTEBRICK, near Taneytown.

# FOR SALE. A farm of 188 acres, good buildings and land in a high state of cultivation. Apply to SAMUEL D. FOX, Keyville Md.

# WIND STORM INSURANCE.

Protect your property against loss, at a small cost. Apply to P. B. ENGLER, Agent, Taneytown, Md.

# FOR good fresh Wheat Bread, or Graham and Rye Bread, Cakes, Rolls and Pies, go to the Taneytown Bakery.

G. A. SHOEMAKER.

# SEVERAL Second-hand Drills for sale, cheap.

JOHN S. WEYBRIGHT, Double Pipe Creek, 10-9-2t.

# Santiago has Fallen!

"On to Porto Rico," is the cry!

A great DEWEY, SCHLEY and SHAFER Campaign will be waged against all our SUMMER STOCK, for the next 10 or 15 days.

# OAK HALL.

If you move forward without delay, we will surrender at once. The ammunition required will be pennies and dimes, backed, by a few dollars. All of our 10c to 15c Lawns, Dimities, Lap-pets and Jaconets, to go for 5c a yard.

10 yards of Lawn for 25c. 75 to 100 pairs of \$3.00 Slippers for \$1.00 per pair. 75 Straw Hats, 50c to \$1.00 grade, now 25c to 40c. 50 Shirt Waists, \$1.00 grade, now 50c. 50 Percal Shirts, \$1.00 grade, now 50c.

25 Suits of Clothes, \$8.00 and \$10.00 grades; for \$5.00 to \$6.50.

25 Boys' Suits, Half Price. Job lots of Calico. Gingham to be sold regardless of former price. Come at once, as we have the above goods and must sell them.

GEO. C. ANDERS, NEW WINDSOR, MD.

# GEO. H. BIRNIE & Co., BANKERS,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM. Geo. H. Birnie, Edward E. Reindollar, John E. Davidson, H. Martin Hess, Edwin H. Sharretts, Luther T. Sharretts, Edward Shorb.

Discount Business Notes. Receive deposits subject to check. Make collections on all points.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS. SPECIAL RATES TO Weekly and Monthly Depositors.

# CLEARING SALE

—OF—

# Summer Clothing, Hats, &c.

Lowest Prices for the quality

ever offered. Just now we are making an end of Summer things, and that brings you unheard-of prices. Some suits at cost; others at less than cost.

Mens' Suits, \$1.75, 2.50, 3.50, 5.00, 7.00, 8.00.

Youths' Suits, - \$1.50 to \$3.00.

Straw Hats, (while they last) at wholesale figures.

# Sensational Prices

have been made on all Summer Goods. They must go to make room for our Fall stock.

COOMBS & LITTLE, Clothiers and Furnishers, TANEYTOWN, MD.

# THE NEW STORE.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

A determination to dispose of all Summer Goods in the house, no matter at what loss.

# Lawns.

This day, and as long as they last, all Lawns that were sold at 6c, 8c, 10c, 12c and 15c, will be sold at 3c, 5c and 7c. Plenty to select from.

# Laces.

Narrow Val. Laces, were sold at 4c, 5c and 6c; now 2c and 3c. White and Cream Oriental Laces, 6 to 10 inches wide, usually 25c and 30c; now 12c.

# Percal.

All good styles; yard wide; were 9c and 12c; now 7c.

# Crash Suitings.

Fancy and Plain Crash Suitings; were 15c and 18c; now 9c.

# Straw Matting.

In order to make room for Fall Stock, we give you your choice of any Matting, at a discount of 20 per cent of regular prices.

# Glass Jars and Stoneware.

The season is here for this ware, but the fruit is not here; therefore we do not mean to carry them over. You will make no mistake in getting our prices; they are for sale—cost or no cost.

# WEANT & KOONS.

# OUR GREAT AUGUST CLEARING SALE BEGINS TO-DAY.

As per our custom, the clearing out of all stock, at the end of each season, gives you a two-fold advantage.

# At less than Wholesale Cost.

Here are sterling values that cannot be matched; a whirlwind of Real Bargains from a large stock of the Finest kind of Clothing.

25 fine Cheviot and Worst Suits that were \$12.00, \$10.00 and \$9.00, at this Clearing Sale, \$7.00.

20 Fancy Plaid Canadian Homespun Suits that were \$8.00, at this Clearing Sale, \$5.00.

50 pairs of Trousers, only 2 and 3 pairs of pattern, the best and ends of our \$4.00, \$3.00 and \$2.50 Trousers—all at one price, \$1.75.

20 pairs of Bicycle Trousers, that were \$3.00 and \$2.50, Clearing Sale price, \$1.50.

25 Linen Blouse Suits, for Boys, 3 to 10 years; that were \$1.00. Clearing Sale price, 50 CTS.

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats, must go at HALF PRICE!

Linen and Crash Suits, Trousers, Percale Coats and Summer Neckwear, almost given away.

# ECKENRODE & SON.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

# Victor Infants' Relief

Price 25 Cents.

the Baby's digestive Tonic for one day old or more. Nothing better. Harmless. Does not create morbid sleep nor stupor. It cures Colic, Cramps, Griping and Cholera Infantum. It is unsparingly in teething; quiets the nervous system. Druggists and merchants Sell it. VICTOR REMEDY CO. FREDERICK, MD.

# WESTERN MARYLAND R. R.

MAIN LINE.

Schedule in effect June 30th, 1898.