

**TO DELINQUENT SUBSCRIBERS.**  
Quite a number of our subscribers owe for a year's subscription, while many more owe for a portion of a year. We think that this is simply the neglect of an apparently small matter, to our friends, but it means a great deal to us because in the aggregate, the small sums make a large one—a large sum earned, but not received. We urge our patrons to pay up, not only because it is best for us, but best for them too, as it is always unwise to ask for credit when it is not needed even for a trifling amount. "Short Credit, makes long friends."

## Local and Personal.

This is meant to be a purely local news column, to which the Record invites contributions. Events of local importance—whether current or in the near future, accidents, cases of extreme illness, society and church happenings, marriages, deaths, etc., should be reported to the editor in writing; otherwise, they may not appear.

Miss Minnie Clingan spent Tuesday visiting friends in Littlestown.

Miss Lou Renner will again take up her residence in Washington, D. C.

Rev. B. W. Kindley, of Uniontown, was a Record office visitor, on Tuesday.

Mrs. Mary M. Hagan, of Frederick, is spending a week here with her son, N. B. Hagan.

The polls open at 8 a. m., and close at 6 p. m. A. F. Orndorff's room will be used again this year.

Mr. Jeremiah Rinehart's farm was sold, on Saturday last, to John J. Crapster, at \$24.00 per acre.

Lewis Elliot and sister, Carrie, of York Springs, Pa., spent several days here this week with relatives.

Mr. Ross Fair and Miss Lauretta Hess, of this place, spent last Sunday visiting friends in Gettysburg, Pa.

Mrs. Amos Zentz on New Street has a pumpkin which weighs 70 pounds and measures 70 inches around the long way.

Mrs. G. W. McSherry, has returned to Center Co. Pa., on account of the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Lucas.

John Newcomer has bought the James C. Galt property, on New St., and will remove to town in the spring. Another good farmer lost, and a good citizen gained.

Claudius Long has retired from the firm of Koonz & Long, bakers and grocers, and the business will be continued by John T. Koonz. Mr. Long will still reside in this place.

Master Earl Koons, who, as reported in last issue, fell from a second story window to the pavement, is apparently improving, and may not suffer any permanent injury from the fall.

Mr. Jacob Lambert, of this district, supposed to be about 95 years of age, and the oldest of our citizens, is suffering the decline incident to his great age, and will likely soon pass away.

The Carroll County Band will be present in this place on Monday evening, on the occasion of the republican mass meeting. This fact, in itself, will no doubt attract a large crowd.

No good citizen is too busy to vote. The corn will not all be husked, but it can wait, while voting can't. Don't try to work a full day and then come to the election—the polls close at 6 o'clock, and you may get left.

John S. Danner, of Porter's siding, York county, Pa., has removed to this place and taken charge of the brick hotel. At present he is only accommodating boarders, but expects to make application for license.

S. Luther Anzell, a farmer of this district, was severely kicked by a horse on Wednesday afternoon. He received the force of both hind feet in his stomach, and was thrown about twenty feet. He was quite sick for a time and is yet sore, but fortunately escaped serious injury.

Several of the employees on the water works carried beautifully mourning-draped eyes on Monday, due to the pugnacious character of the "craytar" imbibed on Saturday night. Our police force ought to be increased for the next two months, as high old times may be expected.

A surprise party was given to Willie Thomson, on Wednesday evening, at the home of W. H. Terry. A few friends gathered and spent the evening very pleasantly in plays and games, after which refreshments were served. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Thomson, Belle Fink, Margaret Englar, Mary Reindollar, Mary Yount, Ida Thomson, Clay Englar, Harrison Thomson, Eddie Reid, Harry Aulthouse and Robert Thomson.

W. Jesse Roberts has decided to sell "Greenlander Girl" and "L. 96" and they are now in Harrisburg for that purpose. "Lady Carlisle" has been sent home and will be used here by Mr. Roberts during the winter. This is adjudged, by competent horsemen, one of the finest animals ever owned in Maryland, and made the remarkable record this season, of ending either first or second in every contest in which she participated.

Littlestown is experiencing great trouble with its water works, on account of the leakage, or bursting, of the street mains. It is said that forty feet of water disappeared from the stand pipe within three days and now the contractor is pleasantly engaged in the business of digging open the trenches to find leaks, and the citizens are "cussin'." Their electric lights, too, are reported to have the bad habit of "going out," without apparent provocation; so, between the two great improvements, the language of the town is taking on a sort of indecent emphasis, more emphatic than elegant.

## COUNTY AND STATE.

### Items of Interest Gleaned from many Sources.

Miss Edith B. Maus of Tyrone Md., was the guest of Miss Mae Unger of Walbrook, Baltimore, last week.

President McKinley will to-day issue a proclamation designating Thursday, November 25th, as Thanksgiving day.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Philip Englar, of Uniontown, and Mrs. Clara E. Englar of Linwood, paid a visit to York Pa., last Saturday.

Miss Catharine Hobbs, of Emmitsburg, Frederick county, while walking in her sleep, fell down a flight of stairs, breaking her arm and cutting her head.

Mr. Charles C. Engel, clerk to the board of election supervisors of this county, is confined to his home, near Medford, by a broken leg, which he received by being thrown from a wagon.

The Potomac Synod of the Reformed church which was in session in Hagerstown last week, adjourned on Monday night. The next session will be held in Woodstock, Va., in October 1898.

A son was born to the household of Grover Cleveland, the former president of the United States, at noon on Thursday. It is said that the newborn resembles his parents in points of good health, but neither Mr. Cleveland nor the three family physicians will say anything in regard to the newborn, other than he is getting along nicely, and is a fine boy.

No person may canvass or electioneer in the polling place or within 100 feet thereof; or hold any tickets or facsimile tickets, or papers purporting to be tickets, either in said polling place or within said distance from the same, under a penalty of from \$50 to \$500 fine, or imprisonment in the county jail, in the discretion of the court, for not exceeding sixty days, or both fine and imprisonment.

The students of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, are undertaking to raise money for the erection on the campus of a bronze statue to the late Rev. Dr. Samuel S. Schmucker, founder of the institution. The cost will be about \$3,500, and it is hoped the work will be completed in time for dedication next commencement. Dr. Schmucker was the father of Mr. Samuel Schmucker, of the Baltimore bar.

Cardinal Gibbons on Monday morning dedicated the new Cathedral of St. Anthony of Padua at St. Mary's in the presence of a large assemblage. Among those who assisted were Archbishop McGarr, of Cincinnati, and Bishop McDevitt, of Harrisburg. In the absence of Bishop Curtis, who was to have preached, the sermon was delivered by Rev. G. W. Devine, of Baltimore. The Cardinal delivered a short discourse.

Mr. Edward Krise, residing on the Monocacy at the mouth of Owen's Creek, one of the best and most favorably known farmers in that locality, was seized on Saturday morning last by a most peculiar fit of mental aberration, resulting in his leaving home, or rather hiding from his family, his whereabouts not being known until shortly after noon on Sunday. He said afterward that he tried to commit suicide.

Abraham Shockey and C. C. Shockey, while going over the route of the proposed electric railway at Pen-Mar, in South Mountain, came across a mound into which they dug and found blackened stones, half burnt pine knots and a thick greasy dust which they think may be the ashes of a human being who was burnt in the grave before it was filled up. In the ashes one of the men found long golden hair and gray hair.

The residents of Chambersburg were alarmed Sunday afternoon by the wild shrieking of two Western Maryland engines, which came dashing through town at the rate of forty miles an hour, closely pursued by half of a freight train, which had broken loose about a mile from town, and came dashing down a steep grade right into the town. The engine men put on full steam, and ran away from the cars, which were stopped in the center of the town without doing any damage.

According to the Baltimore Sun, a new scheme has been devised in Baltimore county for the nullification of the colored vote, which is worked like this. The colored voter is approached with the offer of from \$3.00 to \$5.00 if he votes the republican ticket. This strikes him all right, as he likely intended to vote that way anyhow, and thinks that he might as well make the money offered. As an evidence that he voted as agreed, he must tear from the ballot a portion of Lincoln's head, and on presentation of which the money is paid. The ballot so mutilated is of course not counted, and the result is the same as the purchase of a voter to stay at home.

**Birthday Surprise Party.**  
William J. Fink was given a birthday surprise party by his children on Thursday evening, the event being rounded off by a big supper. Mr. Fink was taken completely by surprise, but entered heartily in the spirit of the occasion which represented the arrival at the 71st. milestone. Those present were Rev. Theo. D. Mead, Harry F. Fink and wife, and Mrs. Geo. Blumenauer of Hanover, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Fink; P. J. Fink and wife, and Miss Beckie Hobbs; Mrs. Jno. P. Gardner and family and Joseph Fink, all of this place. Mr. Fink was the recipient of a number of handsome presents.

## THE OFFICIAL BALLOT.

### Instructions for Marking Straight and Mixed Tickets.

Our system of voting has now been in use long enough for most people to understand how to mark their ballots, even if they vote for candidates in two parties, and scarcely needs any further explanation. This year there are three tickets; republican, democratic and prohibition, and a social labor candidate for comptroller. The last columns on the right of the ticket are taken up by the civil service amendment, which may be voted for or against. Reference to this amendment will be found elsewhere in this issue.

Under the law, the republican ticket this year occupies the first column on the left side, the democratic ticket being second. The instructions for voting are briefly as follows: An X mark made at head of ticket to right of party emblem or party name, without any other marks, means a vote for all the names under said party emblem; an X made in the small square at right of name of candidate without an X at head of ticket, means only a vote for the particular name so marked; an X made opposite the emblem, and also opposite the names of candidates under some other emblem, means a vote for all the names under the party emblem so marked, except the candidate or candidates opposite the names on the other ticket marked with the X mark.

Voting a straight ticket is very simple—only an X mark to right of party emblem, or name, being necessary. Care should be taken to fold the ballot, after voting, as it was when received from the judge. The law requires this. Voters should remember too, that no assistance in marking ballots will be given by the clerks on the inside of polling room, except to those who stated some disability at time of being registered. If in doubt as to how to prepare a ballot, information should be sought before going into the room.

## MARRIED.

**MINICK-HOKE.**—In Emmitsburg, on the 27th, Mr. Samuel R. Minnick, of Carlisle, Pa., to Miss Anna M. Hoke, of Emmitsburg.

**SELL-FREEMAN.**—On Oct. 28th, at the reformed parsonage in Union Bridge, by the Rev. C. H. Spessard, Mr. John J. Sell to Miss Anna E. Freeman, both of this county.

## DIED.

**Obituary.**—poetry and resolutions charged for the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free of charge.

**ELLER.**—On the 25th, at Double Pipe Creek, Mrs. Emma C. Eller, aged 34 years, 4 months and 24 days.

## RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Adopted by the Sabbath School and Society of Christian Endeavor of St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Harney, Md., relative to the death of Mrs. George Valentine.

**Whereas,** It has pleased Almighty God, in his wise Providence, to call home from our midst our dearly beloved sister in Christ, and co-worker in the Sabbath School and Christian Endeavor Society, therefore, be it

**Resolved,** That we, as a Sabbath school, express our greatest respect for her noble Christian life and purity of character, which she has shown by her consistent walk while among us.

**Resolved,** That we bear grateful testimony to her pure and gentle life, her kind and loving disposition, her unwavering trust in God, whom she loved to serve, and her ready and cheerful service in the Sabbath school and Christian Endeavor Society.

**Resolved,** That we, as a Sabbath school, express our deepest sympathy to her bereaved husband, her dear friends and relatives, and to the friends of her dear husband, who are sorrowing in the loss of their dear wife.

**Resolved,** That we respectfully offer to her dear friends and relatives, our warm sympathy and sincere condolence in this, their day of grief, and direct them to the Lord, who has blessed them with her.

**Resolved,** That we pray for the dear departed soul, and for the dear friends and relatives, who are sorrowing in the loss of their dear wife.

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## MARYLAND C. E. UNION.

### Eighth Annual Convention, Baltimore Nov. 9, 10, 11, 1897.

The 8th. annual State Convention will be held in the Central Presbyterian church, Eutaw, place, near Dolphin Street, November 9-11, Rev. Hugh K. Walker, pastor. The Western Maryland R. R. will sell round trip tickets at the rate of 2 cents per mile. These rates are good from Nov. 8th. to 13th. inclusive. In order to get these reduced rates, you must get a card order from the Corresponding Secretary of your C. E. Society, and present it to the railroad ticket agent; otherwise you will have to pay full fare.

The Baltimore City C. E. Union have arranged to furnish free entertainment for all delegates; that is, there will be no charge for board and lodging. A free lunch will be provided at noon, at the Convention church on Wednesday and Thursday. Those who expect to attend the convention will notify Miss Martha Stewart, No. 523 North Carey Street, not later than Tuesday, Nov. 6th. If you do not do this you will have to pay for your own entertainment.

When you arrive in the City, go directly to the Convention Church and register your name. Every delegate is expected to register. The reception committee will be on hand to receive you and assign you to a home. All delegates are requested to attend the preparatory devotional service on Tuesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, in the Convention Church. The Madison Avenue Cars, and the Linden Avenue Cars pass within one square of the Convention Church.

There will be able speakers for each day of the convention. Prof. Amos R. Wells, of Boston; Rev. Robt. F. Y. Pierce, of Philadelphia; Rev. Geo. F. Pentecost, D. D., of Yonkers, N. Y.; Rev. Frank Dixon, Hartford, Conn.; Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts, Washington, D. C.; Rev. John R. Davies, New York City; Rev. Robt. Johnson, of London, Ontario, Canada; Rev. A. J. F. Behrends, Brooklyn, N. Y.; and a number of the leading pastors of Baltimore, and the counties, will all address the convention. The Rev. B. Alfred Dumm, of Brooklyn, Md., will conduct a Bible study each morning, from 8 to 9 o'clock.

Prof. Amos R. Wells will conduct an open parliament on "Practical Methods of Endeavor Work," and he wants all Endeavorers to come prepared to give their best ideas, or to ask questions, if they need information. Mr. Wells will also give an address on "Christian Endeavor Grit," illustrated with specimens of sandstone and other materials.

The chalk talk by Rev. Robt. F. Y. Pierce, of Philadelphia, topic "Eye Preaching and Teaching," will be worthy the attention of every Endeavorer. The great missionary meeting on Tuesday evening; the Better Observance of the Lord's Day meeting, on Wednesday afternoon; the Christian Endeavor-as-an-Evangelistic-Force meeting, on Wednesday evening; the great "Junior Rally," on Thursday afternoon; the convention sermon, by Dr. Behrends of Brooklyn, N. Y.; and many other good things indicate what a feast is in store for all who attend the convention. If you are going to the convention notify Miss Martha Stewart, No. 523 N. Carey St., without delay.

## Fire Company Meeting.

As announced in our last issue, the second meeting looking to the formation of a Volunteer Fire Company for Tanetown, was held in the school house, on Monday evening. There was a large number of citizens present, the room being comfortably filled. The president, Dr. C. Birnie, called the meeting to order, and for the benefit of those not present at the former meeting, stated the object and plans of the association.

A letter from John J. Stump, Secretary of the Maryland State Fireman's Association, was read giving some information on the subject. The committee appointed to solicit names for members reported a number of names, which, added to those of previous meeting, made the entire list over one hundred. A committee of five was then appointed to draw up a constitution and by-laws and to nominate, President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, to report at next meeting. The committee is as follows: Prof. Henry Meier, John S. Fink, N. B. Hagan, R. S. McKinney and Dr. C. W. Weaver.

The next meeting will be held at the school house, Tuesday evening, November 9th, at 7 o'clock. It is important that all who are members or who desire to become so, should be present at that meeting, if possible.

**Constitutional Amendment.**  
The following amendment to the constitution of Maryland (see editorial) is to be voted for, or against, at the election on Tuesday;

**CHAPTER 459, OF ACTS OF 1896.**  
AN ACT to amend the Constitution of the State by adding an additional Section to Article XV thereof, to be known as Section 11 of said Article, as follows:

11. Appointments in the Civil Service of the State, in the municipalities and counties of the State, shall be made according to merit and fitness, to be ascertained as far as practicable by examination, which shall be competitive, except appointments which are subject to confirmation by the Senate, and the General Assembly shall pass all such laws as may be necessary more fully to carry into effect the provisions of this section.

**Orphans' Court Proceedings.**  
MONDAY, Oct. 25th, 1897.—Samuel Haines, administrator of Sarah Long, deceased, settled first and final account.

Peter W. Weishaar, executor of Michael Weishaar, deceased, settled first and final account.

The last will and testament of David Miller, deceased, was admitted to probate and letters testamentary granted to Joshua W. Hering.

Letters of administration on the estate of Benjamin Jones, deceased, were granted to Daniel Wolfe.

## THE NEW YORK CONTEST.

### Our Metropolitan Contributor on the Political Situation.

Editor RECORD:—

Your readers are more or less interested in the campaign now drawing to a close for the election of a Mayor of the Greater New York. Under the state constitution, adopted in 1895, it is intended to separate the election of officers for municipal government from those of the state and national, so that the voter may exercise the franchise free from the issues that enter into election of a governor or a president. It is beyond question a wise provision, as it enables the citizen to break loose from party allegiance in the interest of good men for the municipal administration of affairs, which have no direct bearing upon state or national issues.

The election that takes place on Tuesday next is of universal interest, as the Greater New York with its three and one-half millions of people, and a payroll to be raised annually of seventy millions of dollars, goes into effect January 1st, 1898. Under the charter then operative, the Mayor is almost supreme. He appoints the heads of all departments, and has the power of removal for the first six months of his office. To bring together the various municipalities to be called boroughs, requires an able, honest, and patriotic man, broad and liberal; once under way, with harmony and good feeling prevailing, it would not be so arduous a task.

There are four candidates in the field: Seth Low, representing the Citizens' Union, composed of independent men of all parties, who believe with the constitution of their state, and who know their candidate to be an able, conscientious, patriotic man of affairs. The republican, or Platt's, candidate is that gallant old soldier, General Benjamin F. Tracy, Secretary of the Navy under president Harrison. Tammany Hall, the same old machine leaders at the head of it, with Croker as boss, have named Judge Robert A. Van Wyck as their nominee for Mayor. The Jeffersonian Democracy, composed of democrats who refused to affiliate with Tammany Hall, have Henry George, the noted writer on political economy, as the choice for the office. The noted "no tiger nor tea" or "bottle axe" party are supporting Long Island City's present Mayor, Patrick J. Gleason, for that office in the greater New York. Then the socialists and the prohibitionists have named men for the office, but as they will not count in the matter, I have omitted their candidates.

The campaign is a heated one, and the fight of great interest all over the country. All parties are making a vigorous campaign, and the supporters of each confidently claim victory for their man. As the race stands to-day it is as follows: Van Wyck first, with Low a strong second; Tracy third; and George fourth. Two weeks ago the betting was five to one in favor of the Tammany candidate, but now it is 7 to 5 against Low, with the Citizens' Union gaining daily. It is an even race between the two, and all figures on the result are merely guess work. If Low continues to gain at the same rate until Tuesday next, he will win. George holds the key to the situation, and his campaign is a strong fighting one, cutting deeply into the vitals of Tammany Hall; but whether deep enough to defeat Van Wyck is a problem that no one can solve until the ballots are counted on election day. The independent citizen is abroad, not only here, but all over the country, and if he votes as he usually does, for the best man, Low's election is assured. He is the safeguard of our free institutions, and will preserve our republican form of government from the hungry design of politicians, who place party affiliation above patriotism.

**VERITAS.**  
New York Oct. 25th, 1897.

**Death of Mrs. John C. Eyler.**  
(For the RECORD.)

Our community was very much shocked by the sad and untimely death of Mrs. Emma C. Eyler, wife of John C. Eyler, on Monday, October 25th, 1897. She was a worthy and consistent member of the German Baptist Brethren church. Funeral services took place on Wednesday. She was buried in the Brethren's burying ground at Rocky Ridge. Elder T. J. Kolb officiated, assisted by Elders D. R. Saylor and Jacob A. Bricker, the latter of Downsville, Washington Co., Md. Funeral text, Amos 4:12.

To know Mrs. Eyler was to love her, she having a kind word for all whom she associated with. The high esteem in which she was held was clearly shown by the many friends who attended her funeral. Forty-eight teams were counted in the procession. She leaves a husband and eight small children to mourn her loss. Her age was 34 years, 4 months and 24 days. J. W. Kolb undertaker.

**Orphans' Court Proceedings.**

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The last will and testament of David Miller, deceased, was admitted to probate and letters testamentary granted to Joshua W. Hering.

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TUESDAY, Oct. 26th, 1897.—The last will and testament of William J. Fink, deceased, was admitted to probate, and letters testamentary granted to Cyrus Feaser.

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## Correspondence.

All communications for the Record must be signed by the writer's own name; not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence that the matters and facts transmitted are legitimate and correct. Items of a mischievous character are not wanted.

The Record reserves the right to publish either all, or a portion of, communications received, and is not to be understood as endorsing the opinions of others thus published. Articles on timely topics, whether of a purely news character or not, are always desired.

## Uniontown.

Elder T. B. Tyler, who has been faithfully filling the pulpit of the Church of God for the past nine months, will close his labors in that capacity next Sunday evening. During his brief stay, he has made many friends among this people. At the close of the service last Sabbath morning they gave him a slight proof of their regard in the form of a purse containing \$24.50, and two hats for his little girls, the gift of Mrs. Ezra B. Garner. The presentation speech was made by Mr. J. P. Garner in a very appropriate manner. Mr. Tyler expressed his thanks in a few touching remarks. The Frizzellburg congregation remembered him generously on the same day.

Mr. Clarence Billmyer made a trip to Gettysburg on his bicycle last week, and spent several days with his brother Scott, at the Pitzer House.

Mr. Will Kolb and Mrs. Mary Garber, of Middleburg, spent Sunday with Mr. Davis Myer's family. Master Orville Bowersox, of Reese, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bowersox.

Miss Maria Carbaugh is on the sick list.

Mr. Charles Smelser and family, of Roop's Mill, were guests at Mr. E. Lee Erb's, on Sunday.

Mrs. Margaret Poole, of Warfieldsburg, spent last week with Mr. Edward Beard's family.

Mr. W. Clarke Gibeon, of Lancaster, Pa., spent a few days with his mother-in-law, Mrs. Harriet Seilhamer, and assisted at her sale.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Crawford, of Waterloo Farm, were guests of Mr. Wm. Baust's family at Woodside, on Saturday. On Sunday "Uncle Jimmy" Devillish and Miss Anna E. Baust accompanied them to Keysville, where they visited Mr. Samuel Weybright's family.

Mr. Ezra Trite and family, of near New Windsor, spent Sunday with Mr. Ephraim Kelley's family.

Miss Evie Waltz, visited friends in Woodboro last week.

Mrs. Josiah Kolb and Miss Annie Selby spent several days in New Windsor last week, the guests of Mr. Joel Roop's family.

Miss Fannie Slonaker is visiting in Frizzellburg.

Miss Clara Barriek, of Woodboro, is visiting Mr. Louis Waltz's family.

Mrs. Ezra Feagle and daughter Lucy, of Middleburg, spent several days this week visiting friends in and around town.

Mrs. Harriet Seilhamer's sale, on Tuesday, was well attended, and quite a success. She will go to Lancaster, Pa., on Saturday.

Mrs. Gover Routsen has been quite sick this week, but at this writing is better.

Mrs. Margaret Ruple, of Newville, Pa., is visiting Mr. Lewis Selby's family.

Intelligence has been received here that Mrs. Rebecca Merring, of Westminster, but formerly of this place, who is 94 years old, is very ill, and not expected to recover.

## McKinstry.

Mr. Wesley Repp, who met with a painful accident while driving on the track of R. W. Walden last Saturday, is much improved at this writing.

Miss Maggie Englar, spent the past week with her brother, Mr. P. B. Englar, of Tanetown.

Mr. Frank Lambert and family all spent Saturday and Sunday with his brother, of near Gettysburg.

Mr. T. C. Balle and son Roy, and Roy Stoner, all spent several days in Washington, D. C., the past week.

Mr. P. B. Englar, of Tanetown, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Mary Englar.

Mr. Geo. B. Simpson, while attending the auction at Clemensville, was relieved by some long fingered person of his lap robe and whip, valued at \$7.00.

Mrs. Clara Englar, of Linwood spent the past week with Mrs. Mary Englar of this place.

Mr. W. R. Zumburn and family spent Sunday with W. R. Koonz and family; Mrs. John Yingling also spent Sunday with the same family.

Mr. Hoge, of Mt. Washington, has rented Mrs. S. B. McKinstry's store, and is now invoicing.

## Double Pipe Creek.



## The Carroll Record.

A Weekly Newspaper.  
INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.

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ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER  
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30th, 1897.

### DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Comptroller.  
THOMAS A. SMITH.  
For Clerk of Court of Appeals.  
J. FRANK FORD.  
For Associate Judge.  
JUDGE THOMAS JONES.

### COUNTY TICKET.

For Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
DR. JAMES HOWELL BILLINGSLEE.  
For Register of Wills.  
NICHOLAS W. STEELE.  
For Sheriff.  
EPHRAIM HAINES.  
For House of Delegates.  
DANIEL J. HESSON,  
JAMES W. TAYLOR,  
DR. MILTON M. NOBLES,  
BENJAMIN F. CROUSE.  
For County Commissioner.  
DANIEL S. DIEHL.  
For County Treasurer.  
JOHN E. MASONHIMER.  
For County Surveyor.  
PHILIP C. KENNEDY.

### REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Comptroller.  
PHILLIPS LEE GOLDSBOROUGH.  
For Clerk of the Court of Appeals.  
GENERAL ALLEN RUTHERFORD.  
For Clerk of the Circuit Court.  
WILLIAM JESSE ROBERTS.  
For Register of Wills.  
JOSEPH D. RHODES.  
For Sheriff.  
EZEKIAH D. BOWERSOX.  
For House of Delegates.  
DR. CLOTWORTHY BIRNIE,  
CHARLES H. SMITH,  
CHARLES W. OTTO,  
ALPHABUS STANBURY.  
For County Commissioners.  
JESSE SMITH.  
For County Treasurer.  
ALFRED T. BUCKINGHAM.  
For County Surveyor.  
WILLIAM A. ROOP.

"SUNDAY observance" was more  
than ordinarily a subject before the  
Reformed and Presbyterian Synods  
last week; and the Pennsylvania  
Presbyterians, in their assembly in  
Chambersburg, also held last week,  
adopted, after a spirited discussion,  
a resolution against Sunday excursions  
trolley cars and bicycles, and also  
against riding on regular Sunday  
trains, "except in cases of urgent ne-  
cessity."

### Fitness of Candidates.

It is too frequently the only excuse  
of a voter for casting his ballot for a  
candidate, that "he is a good fellow,"  
or that he is on the "party ticket." To  
state the same idea in other words,  
the desire for party supremacy is re-  
sponsible for the finding of many un-  
sound excuses for voting for certain  
people, in preference to certain oth-  
ers. Party feeling is undoubtedly  
very strong in most people; so strong,  
in fact, that voters, who must be  
classified as wholly honest and upright  
in all other matters, do not feel bound  
to repudiate, but rather to loyally  
support, regular party nominees,  
without asking questions as to fitness,  
preferring, no doubt, to let the party  
organization be responsible, rather  
than the individual, for poor nomi-  
nations.

This is the partisan view, but not  
the correct one, no matter how long  
standing the custom, or how strong  
party preference. The real honest  
exercise of citizenship demands the  
same conscientious action, the same  
unswerving devotion to honesty and  
principle, that is devoted to the most  
sacred and important affairs of life  
outside of politics. In fact, there is  
scarcely a more important act than  
casting a ballot, and, instead of the  
matter of voting being something in  
which one may be excused in being  
more or less crooked, it ought to re-  
present the straightest of the straight  
of ones acts.

More "good fellows," have no right  
to votes, more than party nomi-  
nees, simply because they are such.  
Neither does competency alone stand  
as a sufficient reason for voting for a  
candidate. The ideal candidate—the  
one who, without question, is en-  
titled to support—is the man who is  
first, honest; second, competent;  
third, a "good fellow" or a "straight  
party man," whichever is considered  
the greater accomplishment.

Honesty, is the first true considera-  
tion to be desired in a public official.  
Brilliance, or competency, may easily  
be possessed by a consummate  
scamp, and his ability be used un-  
scrupulously, not only against party  
and party associates, but against the  
best interests of the people and gov-  
ernment. If a man be honest, he is  
at least safe, even if not conspicu-  
ously able, and can never be far wrong.  
His mistakes—the best make them—  
are simply mistakes, not likely to be  
very great ones, and his acts will

never be questionable or disgraceful.  
If one knows a man to be straight  
and honest, and to possess a fair  
amount of business ability, he knows  
enough to be sure that his vote will  
not be cast far wrong if given to him.  
The combination of the three ele-  
ments mentioned, is very rarely found  
in one person. Competency and popu-  
larity may go together, and the  
necessary integrity be lacking; hon-  
esty and good address, and the abili-  
ty lacking; the desideratum, there-  
fore, is the first qualification—honesty—with as much as possible of the  
other two. Such candidates, in the  
end, prove the best officials.

### Civil Service Amendment.

The voters of Maryland will have  
an opportunity, at the coming elec-  
tion, to place themselves on record  
in reference to civil service examina-  
tions as a test for all appointees to  
civil and local offices. The last legis-  
lature passed a bill, providing that  
the sentiment of the voters be taken  
on the question at the next state and  
county election, thereby placing the  
responsibility of legislation on the  
subject directly on the people, and  
not on a legislature or party; the pre-  
sumption being that a law will be  
framed and passed, according to the  
character of the verdict so ascertain-  
ed. The question, in fact, is submit-  
ted in the shape of an amendment to  
the constitution.

We have never been fully decided  
on the question of civil service exam-  
inations, which is probably the posi-  
tion of most people. The intention  
of such laws seems to be very good,  
but results, where the system is in  
force, seem to be very bad; owing, no  
doubt, to abuse of the laws. Unde-  
oubtedly, all appointees to office should  
be thoroughly competent, and the  
public service suffers, and some-  
times highly proper. Certainly, the public  
patronage should not be used merely  
as a political machine, to furnish re-  
wards for services rendered to party.  
The danger of such a system is demon-  
strated clearly when the services of an  
individual are of such great value as  
to demand an office of a higher grade  
than he is competent to fill.

The feature of civil service laws  
which seems to be most objectionable  
is, that it practically establishes a  
favored class of office holders. Or, in  
other words, that appointees under  
them may retain offices almost for  
life, or during good behavior, to the  
exclusion of others equally compe-  
tent, and possibly more deserving,  
who rightly have a claim on the  
salaries of offices, fat and lean, at the  
disposal of the state, which are paid  
out of the taxes received from the  
general public.

Under the strict application of civil  
service laws, rotation in office—some-  
thing, which under certain circum-  
stances is highly desirable—is prac-  
tically done away with. The unfortu-  
nate fact is, that no matter how high  
grade the efficiency may be, so far as  
the transaction of the business of the  
public is concerned, it is nevertheless  
true that these same officials are fre-  
quently far from honest, and conse-  
quently, all the more unfit for office  
and fit subjects for removal. It is  
claimed that rotation in office, and  
uncertainty as to the length of tenure,  
tends to honest administration, and  
indirectly to the same efficiency aimed  
at by the advocates of competitive  
examination.

The sentiment of the majority in  
this state will likely be strongly  
against the amendment, and this,  
without regard to party. Both re-  
publicans and democrats are both  
pronouncedly in favor of, and against,  
any constitutional provision which  
will require an examination test, and  
such a verdict seems to be the only  
proper one to render, until the present  
construction and operation of civil  
service laws are radically changed.  
The theory of requiring compe-  
tency in public officials is right, but  
the practice of civil service has proven  
as objectionable as the present  
spoils system, if not more so.

A few weeks ago the editor was  
taken with a very severe cold, that  
caused him to be in a most miserable  
condition. It was undoubtedly a bad  
case of la grippe and recognizing it as  
dangerous, he took immediate steps  
to bring about a speedy cure. From  
the advertisement of Chamberlain's  
Cough Remedy and the many good  
recommendations included therein,  
we concluded to make a first trial of  
the medicine. To say that it was sat-  
isfactory in its results, is putting it  
very mildly, indeed. It acted like  
magic, and the result was a speedy  
and permanent cure. We have no  
hesitation in recommending this ex-  
cellent Cough Remedy to anyone  
afflicted with a cough or cold in any  
form.—The Banner of Liberty, Lib-  
ertytown, Maryland. The 25 and 50  
cent sizes for sale by R. S. McKinney,  
Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

### Prejudice Against Bankers.

Bankers sometimes wonder at a cer-  
tain prejudice against men of their  
profession that seems to exist in the  
popular mind. This condition is in-  
deed unreasonable, for the relation  
between the banker and the commu-  
nity in which he lives should be one  
of mutual trust and confidence. But  
it is the prejudice that exists due en-  
tirely to ignorance upon the part of  
those who entertain the feeling? Are  
the bankers themselves in no wise  
responsible for it?

Nothing so excites general resent-  
ment against a class as for repre-  
sentatives of that class to oppose pro-  
gressive movements of great import-  
ance to the general welfare, because  
they fear a comparatively trifling in-  
jury to themselves. The demand for  
postal savings banks is very general  
among the people, and their estab-  
lishment would be of very great value  
to the country. Yet because these  
banks might interfere a very little  
with the business of private bankers  
the small country bankers of Illinois,  
who dominated the convention at  
Peoria, refused to give their indorse-  
ment to the idea. The reason for this  
opposition was not concealed. The  
enemies of postal savings banks  
openly said that they opposed the  
system because they did not want  
the government to interfere in any  
manner with the private business of  
receiving deposits in which they were  
engaged. Some protest, too, that the  
government savings banks would  
tend in the direction of socialism, but

it is noticeable that this reason for  
opposition is given chiefly by those  
who do not want any one to interfere  
with their business of receiving de-  
posits. To a considerable extent, the  
large bankers are favorable to postal  
savings banks, despite the fact that  
they have even more interest in op-  
posing socialism than have the little  
fellow.

This opposition to postal savings  
banks on the part of many of the  
small bankers is narrow and bigoted.  
The interference with private bank-  
ing would be comparatively inconse-  
quential. Yet because of this small  
interference some of the bankers  
would prevent the establishment of  
the system which would mean so  
much to thousands of the population.  
If the private bankers were able to  
supply the needs of small depositors  
for safe places of deposit the matter  
would be different. But they are not.  
The postal banks would afford safe  
savings accommodations to thousands  
whose needs private institutions  
would never supply. Is it any won-  
der that workingmen and other per-  
sons of small means feel a prejudice  
against bankers, when they see the  
establishment of an institution in  
which they are greatly interested  
grounded on narrow and selfish  
grounds by the members of the bank-  
ers' convention? Men holding the  
positions of bankers in the commu-  
nity ought to take a broader view of  
things.—Chicago Record.

J. M. Thirswend, of Grosbeck, Tex.,  
says that when he has a spell of indig-  
estion, and feels bad and sluggish  
he takes two of DeWitt's Little Early  
Risers at night, and he is all right  
the next morning. Many thousands  
of others do the same thing. Do you?  
J. McKelip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

J. C. Berry, one of the best known  
citizens of Spencer, Mo., testifies that  
he cured himself of the worst kind of  
piles by using a few boxes of DeWitt's  
Witch Hazel Salve. He had been  
troubled with piles for over thirty  
years and had used many different  
kinds of so-called cures; but DeWitt's  
was the one that did the work and he  
will verify this statement if any one  
desires to write him. J. McKelip,  
Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

### The First Thanksgiving Dinner.

The first Thanksgiving was appoint-  
ed by Governor Bradford, at Ply-  
mouth, Massachusetts, in 1621, the  
year following the landing of the  
Pilgrims, in order that the Colonists  
in a more special way could rejoice  
together at having all things in good  
and plenty, writes Clifford Howard  
in the November Ladies' Home Jour-  
nal. In preparation for the feast  
"gunners were sent into the woods  
for wild turkeys, which abounded  
there in great numbers; kitchens were  
made ready for preparing the feast—  
especially the large ones in Dame  
Brewster's house, which was under  
the immediate direction and charge  
of Priscilla Molines, she who after-  
ward became the wife of John Alden—  
while a messenger was dispatched  
to invite Massasoit, the chief of the  
friendly tribe, to attend the celebra-  
tion."

"Early on the morning of the ap-  
pointed Thursday—about the first of  
November—Massasoit and ninety of  
his warriors arrived on the outskirts  
of the village, and with wild yells  
announced their readiness to enjoy  
the hospitality of their white brethren.  
The little settlement, which now con-  
sisted of seven dwellings and four  
public buildings, was soon astir with  
men, women and children, who gave  
the Indians a hearty welcome, as they  
filed into the large square in front of  
the Governor's house. Soon the roll  
of a drum announced the hour of  
prayer, for no day was begun without  
this religious service. Then followed  
a holiday of feasting and recreation,  
which continued not only that day  
but during the two succeeding days.  
The usual routine of duties was sus-  
pended; the children romped about  
in merry play; the young men indulg-  
ed in athletic sports and games in  
friendly rivalry with the Indians;  
the little American army of twenty  
men, under the leadership of Miles  
Standish, went through its drill and  
martial of arms, to the great delight  
and astonishment of the natives,  
while the women busied themselves  
in the careful preparation of the ex-  
cellent meals, which were eaten in  
the open air."

Persons desiring to know anything  
further can communicate with the  
subscriber at 3318 Beyerford Ave.,  
Philadelphia, Pa., or with Mr. H. D.  
Mehring, Taneytown, Md.

TERMS: Satisfactory terms will be  
made with purchaser.

J. N. O. Smith, Aust. Oct 23-18.

### WANTED

AT OTTER DALE MILLS.

Good Hickory Hoop Poles, at  
\$8.00 per thousand, delivered.  
Wanted at once.

REINDOLLAR & CO.,  
Taneytown, Md.

ORDER NISI.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll  
county, sitting in Equity.

John M. Roberts,  
Assignee of Mortgage,

vs.  
Jos. H. Kellenberger, No. 3579 Equity.

Kellenberger, his  
wife, Mortgagees.

ORDERED, this 29th day of Sep-  
tember, in the year Eighteen Hun-  
dred and Ninety-seven, that the sales  
of the personal property of John M.  
Roberts, Assignee of Mortgage, acting  
in the Mortgage filed among the pro-  
ceedings in this cause, be ratified and  
confirmed, unless cause to the con-  
trary thereof be shown on or before  
the 1st day of November next; pro-  
vided, a copy of this order be insert-  
ed in some newspaper printed in Car-  
roll County aforesaid, once a week for  
three successive weeks before the 25th  
day of October next. The report  
states the amount of sales to be  
\$1894.25.

BENJ. F. CROUSE, Clerk.

Test: BENJAMIN F. CROUSE, Clerk.  
Oct 2-18

E. E. REINDOLLAR.

REINDOLLAR & CO.,

DEALERS IN—

Grain, Lumber, Coal,

Hay, Straw, Salt, Peas, Cement,

AND

FERTILIZERS

July 7-94. TANEYTOWN, MD.

NOTICE.

Whereas, my daughter, Nora Krug,  
has left my house without any cause  
or provocation, I hereby forewarn  
any person from harboring or trust-  
ing her on my account, as I will not  
pay any of her debts.

RUFUS KRUG,  
Keyville, Mo.

Oct 16, 94

Oct 16, 94

Oct 16, 94

Royal makes the food pure,  
wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

An interview that there would un-  
doubtedly be suffering, but he added  
that the predictions of a famine simi-  
lar to that of the year 1848 were the  
"merest rubbish." He added:

"There are several counties on the  
west coast of Ireland where the peo-  
ple have had an exceedingly hard  
time to attain self-support under the  
best conditions, and it requires but a  
small push to send them over the  
line, so that with a small falling off  
of the crops they will be obliged to  
accept aid. This will be the case in  
positions of the west coast. Two circum-  
stances, however, will prevent a re-  
currence of famine in Ireland under  
any circumstances, namely, the in-  
crease of railroad facilities since 1848,  
and the fact that the people no longer  
depend entirely upon the potato  
crop."

"The truth is that part of Ireland  
is not sufficiently productive to sup-  
port its people, and it is a question  
whether manufactures should not be  
taken to them, or whether they should  
not be taken to the manufacturers of  
England, the United States or else-  
where, though I am not prepared to  
say which. If electricity was largely  
applied to manufacturing in Ireland,  
that country would have a great fu-  
ture as a manufacturing center, but  
if Ireland is obliged to import coal, it  
will be unable to compete with Eng-  
land and other countries. The gov-  
ernment is keeping informed on the  
situation, and is fully able to handle  
any suffering which may arise."

Everybody says so.

Consumers of the most modern  
medical discovery of the age, pleasant  
and refreshing to the taste, act gently  
and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels,  
cleanse the entire system, dispel colds,  
cure headache, fever, habitual constipation  
and biliousness. Price 10c. per bottle, and  
try a box of C. C. C. today; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold  
and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Public Sale

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY!

The undersigned will sell at Pub-  
lic Sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1897,  
at 2 o'clock, p. m., his Valuable Prop-  
erty situated on Mill Avenue, in Taney-  
town, Md. (This lot fronts 120 feet  
on the Pennsylvania Railroad and  
there is a side track running full  
length of same. The stone wall of the  
burned field mill is in position  
and good repair, and can be used  
again. The boiler and engine founda-  
tions can also be used. Adjoining  
the mill foundation there is an artesian  
well, capable of supplying about  
hundred gallons of water per hour; a  
good pump suitable for engine use is  
in this well. An alley way on each  
side of this lot belongs to the property.

As there is so little available land  
in Taneytown fronting on the Rail-  
road, this property becomes one of  
considerable value. It can be used  
as a flour or grist mill, cannery fac-  
tory or for other purposes.

Other improvements on the same  
lot consist of a good two-story frame  
dwelling house and necessary out-  
buildings, a never failing well at the  
house door, and a very productive  
garden.

Persons desiring to know anything  
further can communicate with the  
subscriber at 3318 Beyerford Ave.,  
Philadelphia, Pa., or with Mr. H. D.  
Mehring, Taneytown, Md.

TERMS: Satisfactory terms will be  
made with purchaser.

J. N. O. Smith, Aust. Oct 23-18.

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28-91-ly

### J. T. KOONTZ,

Model Bakery.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Opposite the Meat Market is his place  
of business, and he has constantly on  
hand, Fresh

BREAD, ROLLS, CAKES,

Confectioneries, Groceries,

Flour of the following well-known  
brands: Roberts, Weist, Basehart's,  
Stonesifer's, Myers', Small's, and ex-  
cellent brands of Spring Wheat  
Flour, known as Diamond Medal,  
Rex and Pillsbury.

Fresh Oysters

served in any style; also by the gal-  
lon or quart.

FINE CANNED GOODS

of all kinds, always in stock.

N. B. The firm of Koontz & Long  
has been dissolved, and in the fu-  
ture the business will be conducted  
by me individually.

JOHN T. KOONTZ.

See My New Dress?

This is an  
old dress,  
but no one  
knows that,  
for its color  
is new and  
fresh. roc.  
and a few  
stitches are  
all it cost.

Strong,  
Sure,  
Fast,  
Beautiful  
and Cheap

Diamond  
Dyes should  
be in every  
household

Sold by

ROBERT S. MCKINNEY,

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Drugs, Medicines and

Chemicals;

Brushes, Soaps, Fancy and

Toilet articles usually kept

in a first-class Drug Store.

Proprietor of

McKinney's Rheumatism Liniment,  
McKinney's Comp. Syrup of Wild  
Cherry, for Coughs and Colds.

TANEYTOWN, - - MD.

NOTICE.

Whereas, my daughter, Nora Krug,  
has left my house without any cause  
or provocation, I hereby forewarn  
any person from harboring or trust-  
ing her on my account, as I will not  
pay any of her debts.

RUFUS KRUG,  
Keyville, Mo.

Oct 16, 94

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Oct 16, 94

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WESTMINSTER AND PLEASANT VALLEY.

The most complete Stock ever collected under one roof in  
Western Maryland.

### DRESS GOODS.

Our dress goods department is com-  
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the greatest markets afford. Prices  
range from 10c to \$1.25.

### Black Goods.

This department this season sur-  
passes anything ever attempted in  
Western Maryland. It comprises over  
200 styles. Everything in plaid and  
novelty weaves. Prices from 18c to  
to \$3.50.

### SILKS.

Black Dress Silks a specialty;  
Failles, Armores, Gros Grain, Peau  
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Silks, Irresistible, Plain and Crape-  
able Taffetas. Prices from 50c to \$1.50.

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A stylish line of Ladies', Misses' and  
Children's Cloaks. Everything that  
is new and stylish. Salt's real Silk  
Plushes. Prices from \$1.50 to \$25.00.

Blankets and Comforts.

Our display in this department is  
well worth seeing. Blankets from 30c  
to \$9.00. Comforts from 50c up. We  
buy direct in this line, in the original  
packages, and consequently are in a  
position to sell you cheaper than  
others who buy from second hands.

### CARPETS.

We have made radical changes and  
completely renovated this depart-  
ment. Everything new in Brussels,  
Tapestries, Velvets and Ingrains. A  
particularly strong line of Brussels at  
50c.

## J. T. ORNDORFF'S SONS,

WESTMINSTER, MD.

### The Atlas Watch.

Deafness Cannot be Cured  
by local applications, as they cannot reach the  
diseased portion of the ear. There is only one  
way to cure deafness, and that is by constitu-  
tional remedies. Deafness is caused by an in-  
flamed condition of the mucous lining of the  
Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed  
you have a running sound or imperfect  
hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness  
is the result. It can be cured by a method  
which is nothing but a natural and healthy  
process. We will give One Hundred Dollars for  
any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can-  
not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for  
circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists; 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Every farmer  
who has  
4 OR 5 COWS  
should have a  
CREAM  
SEPARATOR

Will earn  
their cost the  
first year.

Write  
for  
Catalogue

Ladies' size in Gold-filled  
Case with Chain com-  
plete, only - - \$10.00

Boys' size, in handsome Sil-  
verine Hunting Case,  
Only - - \$5.00

H. E. SLAGENHAUP,  
Taneytown, Md. JEWELER.

Every farmer  
who has  
4 OR 5 COWS  
should have a  
CREAM  
SEPARATOR

Will earn  
their cost the  
first year.

Write  
for  
Catalogue

Ladies' size in Gold-filled  
Case with Chain com-  
plete, only - - \$10.00

Boys' size, in handsome Sil-  
verine Hunting Case,  
Only - - \$5



The New Volume will aim to be an

The New Volume will aim to be an improvement over its predecessors, as it is not the policy of the RECORD to attain a certain degree of excellence and then stand still. From time to time, special articles will appear on subjects not usually touched by county papers, and at all times our columns will be open for the discussion of leading public topics.

As in the past, partisan politics will be given no room. We believe that the mission of a local paper is first to ventilate local questions for the benefit of the homes of the community, and to cover well the legitimate field of its circulation, without attempting too much.

## As a News-gatherer

Once a Subscriber—  
Always a Subscriber

is the rule with patrons of the RECORD. Few indeed, have discontinued the paper, and the few have been those who had no grievance against, or fault to find with, the RECORD. Our subscribers, in fact, have assisted materially, by their personal influence and solicitation, in swelling our list until now our circulation is over 1,000 copies weekly.

## JOB PRINTING

Is a leading item of the business of the Carroll Record Co. Our equipment for Job Work of all kinds is second to no office outside of the large cities, and we prove this by the excellence of our work, and by the amount of it turned out.

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Pays best in a paper which is read, and which makes a point of being first a *netos paper* rather than an advertising medium. Sheets which cater to all classes of advertisers, by putting up their columns to grant special positions, and intermingling news and advertising matter, generally succeed in pleasing neither the reader or advertiser. The RECORD belongs to the former class.

Many of our subscribers pronounce  
the CARROLL RECORD the best  
newspaper in Carroll  
County,  
and show the courage  
of their convictions by telling  
others so—the paper speaks for itself.

Subscription price \$1.00 a year,  
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3 months, 25c.

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Taneytown, Md.

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ALL THE NEWS FROM ALL POINTS.  
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## TERRIBLE R. R. ACCIDENT.

A New York Central Express Plunges Into Hudson River.

Twenty persons drowned, and sixty have a narrow escape.

A New York Central railroad train plunged into the Hudson river three miles south of Garrison's just before daybreak Sunday morning and twenty persons were killed. This village is a summer resort, in Putnam county, fifty miles north of New York city. It is opposite West Point. There was nothing to presage the accident which so suddenly deprived the twenty unfortunates of life. The train left Buffalo at night and had progressed nearly nine-tenths of the distance toward its destination, and the first streaks of dawn were appearing when the locomotive plunged into the muddy depths of the river.

Neither the engineer nor the fireman will ever tell the story of that terrible moment, for with his hand upon the throttle, the engineer plunged into the river bottom and the locomotive, too, met death at his post. Behind them came an express car, a combination car and three sleeping cars, and these piled on top of the locomotive. This section of the road was supposed to be the best on the entire division. There was a heavy retaining wall along the river bank, and while the tide was high, it was not unprecedented.

What seems to have happened was that beneath the tracks and the ties the heavy wall had given way, and when the great weight of the locomotive struck the unsupported tracks it went crashing through the wall and toppled over into the river.

Then there happened, what on the railroad at almost any other time would have caused disaster, but now proved a blessing. As the train plunged over the embankment the coupling-pin that held the last three of the sleepers broke and they miraculously remained on the torn up track. In that way sixty lives were saved.

General Manager Toney made the following statement as to the cause of the disaster:

"The accident was caused by the bed of the railroad being washed out in some inexplicable manner. In this condition the track sank as soon as the weight was put on it, and the embankment giving way, the train was of course precipitated into the river. Such conditions as this we had never looked for. Trains have been running over this place for years and years without accident or difficulty of any kind, and the piece of track was considered as good as any section of the railroad. Not only was the roadbed the hardest kind of an embankment, but it was strengthened by a retaining wall of solid masonry three feet thick."

But very few of the people who went down into the river were saved, but it is thought that some were rescued and hastily removed from the spot, and have not been interviewed. Those who have been, relate heart-rending stories of the scenes in the submerged cars.

Chief Detective Humphreys, who, with Superintendent McCoy, Assistant Superintendent Weeks and Trainmaster Slack, of the railroad company, remained at the wreck all Sunday night superintending the search for valuables on the Glen Alpine, sent the recovered property to the Grand Central Station, there to be claimed and identified by the owners. There were found in this one car in wallets and pocketbooks \$900 in money, in some ranging from \$15 to \$500, and eight gold watches, one of them being a lady's chainlink. Some of the watches bear engravings by which they can be identified. There were also found a variety of diamonds, sleeve buttons, studs, a pearl pin, wearing apparel, satchels, umbrellas and shoes.

Chauncey M. Depew, president of the road, says the accident was caused by dynamite having been used to blow out the roadbed, and a full investigation is in force.

## An Amiable Greenhorn.

Mrs. G—, of Staten Island, had in her employ a greenhorn, says Harper's Bazar. Her only qualification for the position of waitress which she possessed upon her arrival in this country was a pretty face. She was voluble of speech and slow of comprehension, and many a housekeeper would have given her, marching orders at the end of the first week. But Mrs. G— thought there were the makings of a good servant in her, and so kept her.

After the girl had been with her a month, and had learned how to serve soup without spilling it down the backs of the diners, Mrs. G— gave a dinner, to which were invited two very dignified people, in whose home everything ran the smoothness of a chronometer, and she was naturally anxious to approximate that smoothness in the service of her guests.

For two courses everything went as heart could wish. Bridget refrained from speech, spilled not a thing, was attentive to the wants of the guests and looked as pretty as a fresh young Irish girl can, which is saying a great deal.

## ANNEXATION OF HAWAII.

Japan May Reply to Secretary Sherman's Note.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The Japanese legation has received no recent information relative to the status of Japan-Hawaii affairs. A letter came yesterday from Mr. Shimamura, the Japanese representative at Honolulu, but it made no mention of the report, which would vitiate all differences on the immigration question. It is the general understanding, however, that an amicable solution will be reached, if indeed it has not been already concluded.

The more important question is felt to be that affecting Japan's attitude toward the annexation of Hawaii and the United States. The Japanese have a controversy over immigrants being a comparatively minor branch of the subject. On the question of annexation, the last official act was that of Secretary Sherman reaffirming, in a letter to Minister Hoshi, of Japan, the right of the United States to annex Hawaii and giving assurances that all of Japan's interests would be protected. This letter was sent two months ago, and, although Japan acknowledged its receipt, no answer has been given up to today.

The unusual lapse of time has given rise to the impression that Japan had ceased to press her protest, and that the United States was content to let the case stand. It is understood, however, that an answer may yet be made and that the delay has been due to the fact that the Japanese authorities to consult Mr. Hoshi in person. He was due to Tokyo yesterday, and it is expected that he will confer at length with the Japanese authorities on the question of Hawaii's annexation.

Those who believe chronic diarrhoea to be incurable should read what Mr. P. E. Grisham, of Gaus's Mills, La., has to say on the subject. "I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have tried all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found a remedy that effected a cure, and that was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy." This medicine can always be depended upon for colic, cholera morbus, dysentery and diarrhoea. It is pleasant to take and never fails to effect a cure. 35 and 50 cent sizes for sale by R. S. McKinnay, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

President Hood Re-elected.

The directors of the Western Maryland Railroad company and its branches, the Western Maryland Tidewater, Baltimore and Cumberland Valley, Potomac Valley and Potomac Valley of West Virginia railroad companies, met at Hilton Station on Wednesday and re-elected Mr. John M. Hood, president, general manager and chief engineer, and Mr. J. T. M. Barnes, secretary and treasurer for the ensuing year. There was almost a full attendance of the directors of the different companies, but only routine business was transacted after the election of officers.

Mr. Hood has been president and general manager of the company since 1874, and he has proven himself a thoroughly capable and efficient official. He has always jealously guarded the interests of the companies, and has worked indefatigably to bring about greater success from time to time. The building of the Potomac Valley branch from Williamsport to Cherry Run, W. Va., making the connecting link with the Baltimore and Ohio, which has so largely increased the freight business between Cherry Run and Shippensburg, Pa., has been the result of a plan conceived by Mr. Hood. There was no opposition to his re-election.

POLITENESS NOT WANTED.

In the case of the Elevator Man It Should Be Discouraged.

In view of the fact that the various petty employees of large corporations are usually not overburdened with politeness or consideration for the public, the complaint recently made against a passenger elevator man is a remarkable one. It was alleged that the man was "too polite for safety." The man who was the subject of the complaint did what hundreds of elevator men do. When the elevator gets to the ground floor, the conductor usually steps out of the car to get a fresh air, and the car to get to the hallman or possibly make inquiry about the ball game.

## FIGHTS AMONG TARS.

SAILORS OF THE NAVY EVER READY WITH THEIR FISTS.

The Unavoidable Cause of Friction—Simple Things Start the Quarrels, and Then They Must Be Settled—Bruised Combatants "Feel Down a Ladder."

The regulation against fighting is perhaps the dearest of all naval regulations. It is impossible of enforcement. If it were enforced to the letter, pretty nearly all hands among the men for ward would be in the "brig" from one year's end to the other. Fighting is practically necessary evil among men who have the country's uniform for a livelihood. Officers of experience blink at it. They know the bad, contaminating results of bitterness between a pair of blue-jackets under the forecastle. They have learned that it is better the thing should be fought out and done with than that dozens of men should be drawn into a quarrel that festers and grows unless the head of it is broken by a decisive battle between the two men who have been snarling at each other. People who have made ocean voyages often dwell upon the weariness which has overcome them at the sight of air fellow voyagers' countenances toward the end of a passage. This is a feeling which is aggravated a thousandfold amid the uncomfortable surroundings of a war vessel's forecastle, the hundreds of occupants of which are obliged to be constantly together for from one to three years. Each man becomes thoroughly aware of all his mates' little characteristics, and after awhile, whether these characteristics are good or bad, they jar upon him, if only on account of their monotony. This friction is generated, and it is for this reason that the crew of a war vessel just returned to the United States after a three years' cruise in foreign waters is generally such a sour looking lot, even as concerns the officers' staff, who become quite as sick of each other as do the men forward.

Hardly a day passes that there is not at least one scrap on board most men-of-war, with the promise of a heavier battle to follow. A blue-jacket seats himself on another's ditty box, and on being roughly ordered by the box's owner to vacate, he refuses to do so, and the quarrel is on. A man named Davey Jones' locker. The men come together, two or three blows are exchanged, and then, as by common consent, each man draws away, both feeling that the "jimmy legs" (i. e., the master at arms) is not far distant and that a "brig" is being worked up for a trick in the "brig." Having thus become involved in the minor fistful argument of the deck, the two blue-jackets are looked to by the entire ship's company to bring their affair to a satisfactory conclusion. The mere exchange of blows between the two men doesn't go. "Pipe down there, ye men-of-war chaws, and settle the thing right," is the general remark hurled at them by all hands when they meet in mere contests of cuss words, and the sailor who is considered to be the aggrieved man is watched carefully to see if he makes any preliminary moves toward arranging a regular fight. He almost always does.

Nearly all the regular fights between blue-jackets aboard ship are pulled off down below in one of the firerooms or in an empty bunker. The empty bunker is preferred on account of its greater isolation. When a fight is to come off between two blue-jackets below, all hands know all about it, often including the master at arms himself, but very few of the men, unless they are intimates of the combatants, expect to see the fight. There is no reason for this. The fight is for more than half a dozen minutes of each man, and even with this number the space is rather contracted.

With a second each and a referee agreed upon by both, the men, stripped naked to the waist, go at it. The fight is not of the rough and tumble order that the men fight according to regular prize ring rules, and their shipmates are present to see that the rules are complied with. As many as 50 rounds are sometimes fought. Ordinarily one of the men goes under by the time the tenth round is called. If the men are unusually matched and one of them is getting palpably the worst of it, all hands in the bunker agree that the fight is carried on to the end, until the man who is planned by the referee to knock out is planned by the referee to knock out. Both are too weak to go on. At the conclusion of the fight the on-lookers quietly depart from the bunker and ascend to the deck by different engine room ladders, so as not to attract the attention of the officer of the deck.

Both men generally get pretty badly bruised and bruised up in these bunker fights, and when the battle is over they jump into their uniforms and repair to the sick bay to get themselves patched up with amica, court plaster, etc. The surgeon knows at a glance what ails them, and he asks them what the trouble is. They have both fallen down a ladder. Both at the same time? No, sir; they fell down different ladders. "That's curious!" murmurs the surgeon, with a smile and a faraway look in his eyes, scribbling an account of their injuries into his record, and then he orders the apothecary to dress their wounds.—Washington Star.

WARNING.—Persons who suffer from coughs and colds should heed the warnings of danger and save themselves suffering and fatal results by using One Minute Cough Cure. It is an infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup and all throat and lung troubles. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

There is no need of little children being tortured by scald head, eczema and skin eruptions. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve gives instant relief and heals permanently. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Indian Ink.

Indian ink, or encre de chine, as it is more correctly called, says the English consul at Wuku, China, is made as follows: The chief material used is pure oil, or the oil expressed from the poisonous seeds of a tree extensively cultivated in China and Japan. To this oil varnish and pork fat are added, and the lampblack produced by the combustion of these materials is charged according to the different grades of fineness and time of combustion. The paste made from this lampblack has some glue added and is then beaten on wooden anvils with steel hammers into masses weighing about half a pound each. A certain quantity of musk or rose camphor is added for scenting, and some times gold leaf is used to give it a metallic luster. This material is then molded in carved wooden molds, dried for about 20 days and then gilded. The price in China ranges from less than 10 cents to \$35 per pound, in the domestic market of different grades manufactured. This ink is only made in the Anhui province of China, and in 1895 about two tons of it, valued at \$2,820, were exported from Shanghai.

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