

THE CARROLL RECORD.

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TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1897.

\$1.00 Per Year.

Locals and Personals.

Henry Swope, of Libertytown, well known in this place, is reported to be seriously ill.

Our local merchants are now pretty fully stocked up with spring goods and ready for business.

J. J. Reindollar, and son Carroll, of Fairfield, Pa., were among the visitors in this place this week.

All the churches will have special Easter music in addition to regular services appropriate to the day.

It is reported that John McFadden, of Philadelphia, would like to buy a good property adjoining Taneytown.

Charles W. Forrest returned to Taneytown on Friday morning after an absence of several months in the west.

A communication from Uniontown does not appear in this issue, because the author was evidently afraid to sign it.

The malodorous spring onion—vegetable polka—is coming forth from obscurity and in its own emphatic way asserting its presence.

The Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone pay station has been removed to Kountz & Long's confectionery; a very good central location for it.

Mrs. D. F. Garland who is still in Gettysburg, has been suffering from a severe attack of influenza, but is now reported somewhat improved.

Would it not pay some enterprising fellow to invest in a street sprinkling outfit? Even if we get water, everybody will not have a street sprinkler.

A. H. Zollkofer returned to this place from Philadelphia on Tuesday, to wait until his place of business in that city is completed and ready for occupancy.

Mrs. Anna M. Diehl, of Wilmington, Del., who has been visiting friends and relatives in this section for about six months, has returned to her home.

A. D. Null, of Harney, left an egg at the RECORD office on Monday, which measured 6 inches by 8, and weighed 4 ounces. He left the egg—didn't simply show it.

An exchange says the game law should be amended so book agents could be legally killed from March 1 to October; spring poets from March 1 to July, and scandal mongers at any time.

While Carroll county did not get the Dunkard Annual Meeting which commences in Frederick on June 8th, two-thirds of the persons comprising the various committees are residents of Carroll.

A citizens meeting will be held this (Friday) evening in the school house to nominate a ticket—Burgess and Commissioners—to be voted on at the coming May election. It should be fully attended.

Dr. A. M. Kallbach advertises two wood sales in this issue. One on the 22nd, on the premises of Jacob Stoner, Middleburg district, the other on the premises of Evan Haines, on the 23rd., in Uniontown district.

Don't ask the editor whether he has an "egg to pick." He generally has "crows to pick"—he furnishes the "crows" and the other fellow "picks" it—and this supplies all the diversion in the picking line that he requires.

The new iron gutter crossings were placed in position during the week, and are a great improvement. No more danger of a loose board disturbing one's centre of gravity when he is in a hurry to cross to the other side of a street.

A copy of the ordinance relating to the water supply of New Oxford may be examined at the RECORD office. This town established a system last year, and it is of special interest to us because of the similarity of location of the two places.

W. Maurice Routsen sends us his subscription from Washington D. C., and says that he has secured a position as assistant in an undertaking establishment in that city. His Uniontown friends will be pleased to learn of his advancement.

A gentleman who has recently moved here from a neighboring town, notes a decided difference in the way of order on our streets, particularly at nights, as compared with his former home. This is strictly true; we have an orderly and respectable town.

Communion services will be held in Grace Reformed church, on Easter (Sunday) morning at 10 o'clock; preparatory services to-day (Saturday) at 2 o'clock p. m. On Sunday evening, the members of the Sabbath school will hold their Easter services, consisting of music, recitations, etc., to which all are cordially invited.

The Littlestown town council has offered the electric light company \$26.66 per light, a year, for lighting the town, or \$400, for fifteen lights. Westminster and Hanover are reported to pay \$60., and McSherrytown \$48. per year, so it is probable that some differences must be split before the dicker is concluded.

The Mayor of Waynesboro has issued orders that hereafter garbage and refuse from kitchens and stores must not be thrown on any lot, street or alley, but must be deposited in barrels or boxes kept for that purpose, the same to be emptied once a week by the street commissioners without expense to the residents. Well? How would these same orders do for Taneytown?

NOTES FROM EVERYWHERE.

Items of current news boiled down, for busy readers.

Willis R. Zambrun has been appointed postmaster at McKinstry, this county, vice S. B. McKinstry, deceased.

Walter E. Stoner, of Johnsville, Frederick county, has been appointed to a position in the Department of Agriculture, and will be stationed at Norfolk, Va.

Extensive preparations are being made in Frostburg for the entertainment of 250 delegates of the Junior Order of American Mechanics, who will hold their annual meeting there April 20.

The Garrett county tax rate for 1897 has been fixed at 50 cents on the \$1.00. Last year the rate was \$1.10 on the \$100. The reduction is, therefore, 30 cents, and the rate is the lowest ever declared for Garrett county.

Some time after midnight Sunday the residence of Mr. Jesse Babylon of Fritzburg, this county, was broken into and \$40 in money stolen from a desk. A side window of the house was found open the next morning by which, it is supposed, the thief gained entrance. Nothing else was taken and the thief left a pocketbook in the desk which contained \$2. There is no clue to the robbery.

The steam flouring mill of James H. Gambrell, in Frederick City, was sold at public auction Saturday for \$16,000. The property was bought in by Mrs. Margaret E. S. Hood, the mortgagee. The mill is four stories high and improved with the latest full roller process milling machinery, operated by steam and has a capacity of 250 barrels per day. It is one of the finest and largest flour mills in the State, and was operated day and night before Mr. Gambrell's assignment. It cost over \$30,000.

The officials of the State game and Fish Protective Association are preparing to lend effective assistance to the State Fish Commissioners this year in the propagation and distribution of food fish. This matter is being more carefully and efficiently looked after than ever, and Commissioners Gangey and Taves have done good work during the past year in their respective fields, but their labors are necessarily curtailed by the inadequate support given by the State.

At a meeting of the Washington County Medical Society on Wednesday Dr. S. S. Davis, of Boonsboro, read a paper descriptive of a peculiar ailment with which a lady in Boonsboro is afflicted, which is "sweating blood." Dr. Davis exhibited to the view of the doctors two handkerchiefs saturated with blood which he wiped from the woman's face. He, with other doctors, is of the opinion that the coloring matter in the blood exuded through the skin. The woman otherwise seems to be in perfect health.

Governor Lowndes has accepted an invitation to be the guest of Mayor Strong, in New York, on the day of the dedication of the tomb to General Grant, April 27. The Governor will be attended by his staff, and will have a place on the reviewing stand. The brigade staff will not accompany him on the trip, as was at first expected, but some of the officers will go over on the day of the dedication in a special car with Colonel Howard and officers of the Fourth Regiment. The Governor has decided that he will not march at the head of the Maryland troops in the parade.

The executive committee of the Republican League of Clubs held a meeting on Wednesday night, in Baltimore, and named several committees from their own personnel to select a date and place of holding a state convention of Republican league clubs. It is very likely that the convention will be held on June 2, and if not on that date, one week later. The night of the convention a monster mass-meeting will be held, and an endeavor will be made to secure Hon. Thomas Reed, of Maine, as the principal speaker for that occasion.

Resolutions were offered in the Reformed church, Frederick, on Monday calling for a church meeting at Easter to decide the question of dividing the congregation and electing an assistant pastor. The church owns a fine chapel on Church street, opposite the main edifice, in which the German Reformed congregation has been worshipping for some time. It is thought this will be used to accommodate the portion of the congregation, grown too large for the main church, although the question of building another church is also under consideration. The Rev. Dr. E. R. Eisebach has been pastor of the church for many years and is greatly beloved by the people.

MARRIED.

STONER—WERTENBAKER.—On the 11th, near Uniontown, by Elder Solomon Stoner, Mr. Emory E. Stoner to Miss Alda W. Wertenbaker, both of this county.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free of charge.

HAMBURG.—On April 9th., in Uniontown, Mrs. Deborah Hamburg, aged 84 years, 3 months and 24 days.

IN MEMORY OF DAVID FOREMAN.

Oh! Dear Father, how we miss thee—That pleasant face, that anxious look; But, Oh! how we miss thee, Father, When we see his vacant chair.

By his daughter, SUSAN MILLER.

DEDICATION POSTPONED.

The Organ builder Disappoints the Lutheran Congregation.

Owing to the failure of the organ firm to complete the instrument donated by Dr. Samuel Swope to the Lutheran church, in time for the dedication day as originally announced, the Church Council voted to postpone the ceremonies until May 6th. to 10th; Sunday the 9th, being the day for the dedication proper.

The program committee will secure the same speakers, if possible, for the later date, and no material change is contemplated in the series of services as first announced. The disappointment occasioned by the change is very great among the congregation, and many are of the opinion that there should have been no postponement on account of the organ, but that the dedication of the church should have been proceeded with, using the small organ during the services, and holding the organ recital at a later date.

The other side, however, claims that the musical feature is one of the great attractions, and that postponement was the only right thing to do under the circumstances, particularly as a considerable number of very fine and difficult selections are being practiced, which almost positively require pipe organ accompaniment.

The speakers will likely be Rev. G. W. McSherry, Taneytown, for Thursday evening; Rev. Dr. W. H. Dunbar of Baltimore and Rev. Luther Kuhlman of Frederick, for Friday evening, at which time Rev. D. F. Garland will be installed as pastor of the congregation. Rev. Dr. B. F. Alleman, of Lancaster, Pa., for Saturday evening; Rev. Dr. M. Valentine, of Gettysburg, Pa., and Rev. D. Alleman, for Sunday morning, and Rev. Oliver C. Roth, Baltimore, for Sunday evening.

An organ recital under the management of Prof. H. F. Mayser, of Lancaster, Pa., will be given on Monday evening, the 10th, for which extensive preparations are being made, and which will, no doubt, be of a high order. A program in detail will be announced in the RECORD as soon as it can be done authoritatively.

Taneytown Lodge No. 36, K. of P.

The old Taneytown lodge of K. of P., No. 36, which surrendered its charter in 1881, was revived on Wednesday night in P. O. S. of A. Hall this place, and given its old name and member. The rejuvenated lodge promises to have a long and prosperous life, if its beginning is any precursor of what is to follow, as the application for re-charter contains the names of ninety-two persons, seventy-four of whom were present on the above occasion.

Twelve of the old members joined themselves together as the nucleus of the present lodge, the efforts of whom resulted in securing eighty new members, most of which are from this town and vicinity with a fair representation from Union Bridge, York Road and Harney. It is probable that all who signed the application will present themselves for initiation before the charter closes, together with a number who now have the step under consideration.

The ceremonies were in charge of Lewis Reitz, G. C. C. James Whitehouse, G. K. of R. S. and John A. Schwartz, G. V. C., of Baltimore; George A. Miller, Prelate, Westminster; Edward P. Zepp, Master at Arms, of Pleasant Valley and Dr. Luther Kemp, of Uniontown. The other stations were filled by old members of Lodge No. 36.

The officers elected for the ensuing term, who were installed at the close of the degree ceremonies, are as follows: Leyl D. Reid, C. C.; Dr. George T. Motter, V. C.; R. S. McKinney, Prelate; Geo. H. Birnie, M. of E.; E. K. Reaver, M. of P.; John J. Reid, K. of R. & S.; David R. Fogle, M. of W.; Chas. O. Fuss, M. at A.; (by appointment), John T. Shriver, I. G.; Emanuel Hawk, O. G.

Sale of Emmitsburg Railroad.

The Circuit Court of Frederick county has passed a decree in equity appointing John C. Motter, Vincent Seibold, J. R. McSherry and Isaac S. Annan, trustees to sell the Emmitsburg Railroad, together with its various franchises and rolling stock, providing the interest and coupons on the bonded indebtedness of the road, which amounts to \$33,000, is not paid before May 1 next.

The road is about eight miles long, and connects with the Western Maryland road at Rocky Ridge, and was built about twenty-five years ago. The capital stock of the company is \$85,000, with a bonded indebtedness of \$69,000, the interest on which has not been paid for seven years. The greater portion of the stock is owned by the sisters of Mount St. Joseph College, at Emmitsburg. The road was principally built for the convenience of transporting the scholars of the two Catholic institutions located near Emmitsburg. Dr. James A. Elder, of Emmitsburg, is president of the road.

Agricultural Department has taken steps looking to the extermination of hog cholera, and as an initiative has sought the co-operation of the States of Tennessee and Iowa in an experiment to determine how economically the malady can be stamped out. If these States do not agree to co-operate, others will be asked, so that a satisfactory experiment can be made. The outcome is expected to be a system economical in its operation for stamping out the disease in the States co-operating.

METHODIST CONFERENCE ENDS.

A Resolution Practically Endorsing the Prohibition Party Adopted.

The Maryland M. P. Conference on Friday disposed of the question of admitting women to general conference by voting in favor of their admission as lay delegates, but against their admission as ministerial representatives, and also against their being eligible to ordination as elders in the church. The subject enlisted considerable discussion before its final disposition.

Rev. Dr. J. T. Murray introduced the report of the Baltimore Book Directory endorsing the capability and efficiency of Rev. Dr. F. T. Tagg, editor, and W. J. C. Duany, agent of the Methodist Protestant, the official organ of the church. Subscriptions were reported to have fallen off 90% of which one-third were in the Maryland district. Pastors were urged to press the support of the paper upon their congregations.

On Saturday, four young ministers, Revs. H. L. Schlinke, F. L. Stevens, A. Scott Ward and Charles E. Dryden were added to the conference and now have authority to take charge of congregations. The report of the committee on temperance aroused warm discussion; particularly the following clause, "We believe it the duty of every Christian not only to pray for the suppression of the liquor traffic, but to give his suffrage to that party which has the moral courage to declare against its legal perpetuation."

Dr. S. B. Sotherland seemed to voice the opinions of many, by saying, "I do not propose to allow this conference to say how I shall vote, and whatever action may be taken, I will assume that you are trying to infringe on personal rights." Dr. Wilson said that while he was in favor of prohibition, he was opposed to any union of church and state in any shape, as would be presumed by the mention of "party" in the resolution. The resolution was very ably defended, and finally adopted.

The board of governors of Westminster Theological Seminary urged the necessity for trained ministers, and asked conference to join in supporting the institution. Request was made for the appointment of Rev. Dr. Hugh Latimer Elders as president and of Rev. B. F. Benson to fill the chair of systematic theology. Conference was also asked to assume \$1,800 toward paying their salaries and other expenses, which will amount to about \$2,500 a year. Of this amount \$800 has been pledged by the North Carolina Conference. Dr. L. W. Bates was placed upon the superannuated list at the request of Rev. Dr. J. D. Kinzer.

On Monday Rev. J. J. Murray, of Union Bridge, attempted to modify the temperance resolution, which seems to make the M. P. church endorse the prohibition party, by introducing a resolution that the conference "has no right to control the members of the church in the matter of suffrage, and recognizes the right which personal freedom has to act according to its conscience."

This resolution was tabled, and was followed by a very acrimonious debate in which Dr. Murray accused Rev. Mr. Kirk, a strong advocate of the original resolution, with "disrespect."

On Tuesday Rev. Dr. Hugh Latimer Elders was appointed to fill the position of the late Rev. Dr. J. T. Ward in Western Maryland College, and Rev. B. F. Benson as professor of systematic theology. The new president of the seminary is a native of Carlisle, Pa., where he was born in 1860. He was graduated from Western Maryland College in 1882 and from Yale Divinity School in 1890. In 1885 he was ordained in the conference. His first seven years were spent as pastor at Broadway church. For the past five years he has been pastor at Pocomoke City. He has been secretary of the conference for five years.

A great deal of business was disposed of on this day of the session which our space will not allow us to notice; the work was principally in the line of committee reports.

Wednesday was the closing day of the Conference. The principal interest centered in the appointments, there being no changes made in Carroll county.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, April 17th., 1897.—Report sale of real estate of Lucretia E. Van Bibber, deceased, filed.

Nicholas Benson, appointed guardian of Mary L. M. Benson and Alverta Benson.

William Houck and Jacob W. Houck, administrators of Elias Houck, deceased, returned inventory of goods and chattels, inventory of money and list of debts, and received orders to sell goods and chattels and notify creditors.

TUESDAY, April 18th., 1897.—Jacob H. Dutcher and Austin D. Dutcher, executors of James E. Dutcher, deceased, settled third and final account. David J. W. Earhart, administrator of David B. Earhart, deceased, returned list sales of goods and chattels, list of debts and inventory of money, and settled first and final account.

Mordecai C. McKinstry, administrator of Sarah E. McKinstry, deceased, returned inventory of goods and chattels, inventory of real estate and inventory of money, and received order to notify creditors.

William H. Wantz and Romanus J. Wantz, executors of Emanuel Wantz, deceased, returned list of debts and list sales of goods and chattels.

The last will and testament of David S. Dentz, deceased, admitted to probate.

Correspondence.

All communications for the RECORD must be signed by the writer's own name; not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence that the matters and facts transmitted are reliable and correct. A name, or initials, written close under the copy, not enclosed (like this) will be understood as a request for publication of same.

The RECORD reserves the right to publish either all, or a portion of, communications received, and is not to be understood as endorsing the opinions of others thus published. Articles on timely topics, whether of a purely news character or not, are always desired. When not of too great length, Friday morning letters will be understood as having insertion guaranteed, they should reach us on Thursday.

Linwood.

Down here we are enjoying this beautiful April weather, and taking advantage of the fine condition of ground to plant potatoes, and cultivate and plant our gardens. We scarcely realize we are nearing the beautiful month of May, with its wealth of roses, and other beautiful flowers.

Easter tide is upon us and Linwood Sunday school officials were busy the past week, with music and recitations, training the little ones for Easter services to be held at the chapel, Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. William Woods, of near Linwood, who died last Sunday, was buried on Tuesday afternoon in Pipe Creek Brethren's cemetery. Services in the church adjoining.

Mrs. Louis Messier, who had been so ill with appendicitis, is now able to get out, and with her mother, spent Tuesday afternoon at Linwood Shade.

Priesthood Academy, Miss Jane Ecker teacher, closed Thursday with quite a number of visitors, including the patrons of the school. The closing exercises were very interesting, and the children gave ample evidence of the fine ability of their teacher, whom they all respect and love very dearly. Miss Jane gave the school a delightful treat, which was enjoyed by all. Some of the patrons, who appreciated the teacher's faithful services during the past winter, considering her county salary too small, made up a nice purse and presented it to her, as a free will offering. She will open summer school on Monday next.

Miss Rose Haines, of New Windsor, is visiting Mrs. Thomas Haines. Miss Parthenia Lovegrove, of Baltimore, is visiting at Mr. Jesse Smith's.

Mrs. Elizabeth Englar and daughters, Misses Alice and Ida, were at Linwood Shade, on last Sunday. Quite a number of brethren and sisters from Pipe Creek church expect to attend the district meeting of the Eastern district of Maryland, to be held in Frederick on Tuesday next. It will afford a good opportunity to look around and about our annual meeting grounds, in which we are all very much interested.

We were the recipients of quite a number of garden seeds from our Congressman, Mr. Baker; quite a surprise, as we had not been able to get the smallest package the past four years. Ex-Secretary Olney opposed the method.

Keyville.

Straw hats will soon be forthcoming, although it is nearly Easter.

The making of gardens was prevalent in this community during the good weather of two weeks ago. Rev. R. L. Patterson, of Union Bridge, will hold communion services at this place, on Sunday next, April 18th.

Mr. R. O. Koons, is improving our village, by building a new dwelling. Mrs. A. N. Forney and son spent several days last week, visiting relatives and friends in Frederick.

Miss Lillie Baumgardner has returned home from a two week's visit at Bridgeport.

Our school is now closed; this term was a success. The teacher goes away with the best wishes of both pupils and parents. Her laurels are fresh and green.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dorn, Sr., spent one day last week with Mr. Charles Buffington's family near Mt. Union.

We are sorry to learn that the condition of Mrs. Aaron Weant is worse, at this time.

Pleasant Valley.

We are glad to say that Prof. Zepp, returned home on Saturday last, and is going about his work again.

Mr. Wm. Myers and wife are on the sick list at present writing.

Mr. David Petry, of near this place, has a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

Miss Annie Renner and Mrs. Upton Myers attended the funeral of Mrs. Motter, at Littlestown, on Tuesday last.

The Lutheran and Reformed congregations had their annual election yesterday (Good Friday).

There were several of our town folks attended preaching at Mayberry, the past week.

Mrs. Hannah Powell, of near this place, is sick at present.

Mr. Wm. Myers shot a wild duck on Saturday last.

Have you got your guns in trim? If not get them in shape at once, for on Tuesday a mad dog traveled through this section of the country, but did very little harm, only having bitten one dog, which belongs to Mrs. Jesse Leister.

K. H. Bankert contemplates playing with Linwood band this coming picnic season.

Several of the members of the P. O. S. of A., at this place, paid a visit to Tyrore Camp, on Wednesday night, April 14th.

Rev. Ehrhart will hold communion at this place, tomorrow (Sunday) at 10 o'clock a. m.

Harney.

Mr. J. V. Eckenrode is having the lumber hauled from Hanover to build the addition to his store room. We are told that lumber can be bought at Hanover, much cheaper than at Taneytown or Littlestown.

Messrs J. Hill and D. J. Hesson were in Philadelphia, several days the beginning of the week.

Mr. E. O. Grimes, and Dr. Reindollar of the Board of School Commissioners, and Mr. Geo. A. Davis, examiner, visited our town on Tuesday, to view the proposed site for a new school house at this place. We are told that they were highly pleased with the location of the lot, and that they instructed the trustees to go ahead and build, and that they wanted the work completed by August 1st.

Our Band is making things howl again; they have purchased a lot of new music, and will be thoroughly prepared for the picnic season, this coming summer.

Last week, while Morris Bishop was playing with the school boys, as is his custom nearly every day, he happened to kick one of Jesse Shoemaker's boys, but of course did not hurt him, only making a little red mark which passed away in a very short time. However, Shoemaker had him arrested, and brought before "Squire Ordorff," who fined him one dollar and costs, which amounted in all to \$6.39. Public sentiment over the occurrence seems to be decidedly partial to the Bishop side of the case.

York Road.

This place is like the ground hog; it does not like to put in its appearance in cold and rainy weather, and as the sun is shining beautifully it thinks it will creep out and nestle in the chair at the correspondence table a few minutes, and give you a few items.

Miss Ethel Sweigart is visiting her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frey, of McCall's Ferry, Pa.

Miss Ida Garber spent the past week with her brother, Mr. Charles Garber, of this place.

Mr. Ross Koons and sister, Miss Mattie, paid a flying visit to Taneytown on Sunday last to their brother, Mr. Milton Koons, of the firm of Weant & Koons.

Mr. W. F. Cover was in Baltimore Monday last on business.

Mr. Arthur Newman, of Baltimore, is paying a short visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Newman, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Igenfritz left last Wednesday, for Wellsboro, Tioga county, Pa., to attend the annual reunion of the 207th. Pa. volunteers, of which Mr. I. is 1st. sergeant.

Miss Lizzie Birely, of Middleburg, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Cover.

Mr. O. D. Birely is having an artesian well bored on his lot at this place, where in the near future he intends erecting a new dwelling house. The well-known Shoemaker's machine is doing the work.

Mrs. George Koons is having her farm improved by the erection of a new wagon shed, in place of the one which was blown to pieces last fall by the storm, and which, when completed will no doubt be the finest shed in this section of the country.

On last Thursday morning as Mrs. Elsie Frook went to her father's home to milk, in the absence of her mother, she found her brother, Mr. C. H. Igenfritz, Jr., in bed, overcome by a chill, which escaped from the heater through the night, but through the timely arrival and quick service of Dr. C. H. Diller, of Double Pipe Creek, he, in several days, was able to be up and at work again.

Marston.

Our teacher and his pupils celebrated April 17th, Arbor day, by planting a study locus tree in the school yard. The pupils named the tree "Lord Baltimore," in honor of that first great and wise ruler of glorious Maryland. The tree was tastefully decorated with white and gold ribbons, and many of the scholars and the teacher wore badges of the same material, in honor of the event.

Mr. S. W. Boun, our progressive merchant, has received his spring stock which he is tastefully displaying.

Death of Mrs. Deborah Hamburg.

For the RECORD. Mrs. Deborah Hamburg, of Uniontown, died Friday evening, April 9th., aged 84 years, 3 months and 24 days. She was born in Bendersville, Adams Co., Pa., December 15th., 1812, of Quaker parentage; her maiden name was Hewitt. December 24th., 1835, she was married to Frederick Hamburg. It is a remarkable coincidence that she died on the 35th. anniversary of her husband's death. For 57 years she has resided here continuously, and made a large circle of friends. They had five children, all of whom are living; John H. Hamburg, of near Uniontown; Mrs. Margaret A. York, of Baltimore; Mrs. Matilda Wagoner, of Panora, Iowa; C. G. Hamburg, of Bismark, Washington, and Mrs. Annie Dingle, of Uniontown, with whom she resided.

The funeral services were held at the Church of God, of which she was a member, on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. The sermon was preached by Elder T. B. Tyler, of Frederick, from Job 14: 14. A few remarks were made by Elder J. Wesley Rodkey. The pall bearers were: Messrs Nathaniel Heck, Thomas Myers, Thomas Eckard, J. Wesley Rodkey, Geo. W. Slonsker and E. G. Gilbert; interment in Church of God cemetery.

Several attempts have been made recently to wreck trains on the W. M. R. R., near Mt. Hope, by piling old ties on the track. That section is being closely watched day and night.

Uniontown.

Miss Cora Price, of Baltimore, is home on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Price.

School has closed, and the average small boy is rejoicing again in a delightful freedom. Mr. Norman Eckard, the principal has closed a very successful year, and justly merits the esteem in which he is held. We are glad to commend him for the faithful manner in which he has sought to instill into the minds of his pupils the principles of true manhood and womanhood, and hope he may be with us another year.

Mrs. Ezra Fleagle, of Middleburg, spent Wednesday in town with friends.

Mr. Howard Brough, of York, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brough.

Sunday afternoon, Mr. Emory Stoner of near town, was married to Miss Wertenbaker, of Sabillasville; the ceremony was performed by his grand father, Elder Solomon Stoner, at the latter's residence.

The O. E. Convention will convene here the 20th. and 21st. of May, at the M. P. church.

Excitement is running high among the friends of the aspirants for the Postoffice. One of our sister towns has only 3 applicants, while we have two. It is the daily topic of conversation.

Mr. T. Clyde Routsen, a student at the Maryland University, is home for the summer.

Mr. Thomas Mehrling, who has been employed by "Uncle Sam," is home enjoying a vacation.

Rev. B. W. Kindley, who has returned from Conference, has been returned to Pipe Creek Circuit.

Mr. Howard Brough, of York, will shortly move his family to Mrs

The Carroll Record.

A Weekly Newspaper.
INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, AT TANEY TOWN, MD., BY "THE CARROLL RECORD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY."

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ADVERTISEMENTS and contributions for the issue of the paper should be handed in by Tuesday evening to be guaranteed insertion.

ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER

SATURDAY, APRIL 17th., 1897.

Age of Public officials.

Undoubtedly the public service is sometimes rendered inefficient because of the advanced age of office holders, and it would seem to be a piece of wisdom to fix an age limit beyond which a man will not be eligible, either to re-election or continuance in office. Such a law would be peculiarly appropriate in its application to those positions which have to deal with modern ideas and methods demanded by the interests to be served.

It is no discredit to age to make this assertion, but simply an application of the inevitable law of nature, that multiplication of years dulls one's intellect in the direction keeping abreast with the times. Maturity in years, also means habits, impressions and ideas, strongly formed and hard to change—a condition not favorable to the proper consideration of "new fangled" methods which are now so necessary in this era of the world.

It is no doubt true that there are certain positions in which mere age, as long as the mental faculties are unimpaired, should not act as a bar to election or appointment to, or continuance in, office, but just as surely as this is true in some cases, it is as surely true that in certain other cases the opposite is true.

Seventy years is likely about the age beyond which but few officials should be allowed to serve. No doubt there may be found a few brilliant exceptions, in which such a law would seem to work injustice and endanger the public service, but such instances are likely very rare indeed, because the supply of young and competent men for all the offices within the gift of the people is well nigh inexhaustible.

This subject is entitled to the attention of our legislature, and if such a departure would not be unconstitutional, it would be well worth making a trial of a law fixing a reasonable age limit for all public places. Everywhere there are persons serving in places, for one reason or another, who are simply encumbrances and figure heads—if not, indeed, mere tools—the retention of which is not for the best interests of the people or their business institutions.

Town Hog Pens Again.

A considerable number of the citizens of Cambridge have complained to the State Board of health of the hog pen nuisance in that place, to which Dr. Fulton has made the reply that petitions cannot move the State board of health to use the extraordinary power in its hands, as that is only meant to be exercised in the presence of unusual sickness, or in case of failure of local health authorities to legislate effectively in the sanitary interests of the people. The earnest hope is expressed that the local board will abate all nuisances which exist or which are anticipated.

Under the present laws of the state there is no necessity for any town to permit nuisances of any character, whether hog pens or not; but some action, locally, is necessary, and properly so. It is sufficient to have placed within our reach those things which are for our benefit, in law as well as other matters, so that if they are really desirable they are worth some effort and responsibility on our part to secure.

Hog pens, in closely populated towns which depend on wells for a water supply, are undoubtedly a menace to health, particularly in old places like Taneytown, as well as a nuisance. The time is coming when this question will be made an issue in all progressive towns.

WAR REMINISCENCES.

Written Specially for the RECORD by
Geo. C. Harman, Serg't Co. D., 4th.
Reg't Md. Vol. Inf't.

PART IV.
On November 20th., the order is to strike tents, pack into wagons which have been provided, and be ready to move at once; we are soon in readiness, and the head of the column is winding along the road toward Frederick, Md., where we arrived in the evening, and bivouacked for the night, in a vacant lot near the town. The next morning at reveille we were informed that we were to board the cars at Frederick Junction, and proceed to Baltimore, to relieve the 151st regiment Pa. volunteers, at the old fair ground, and guard drafted men and substitutes encamped in the stockade.

About 10 o'clock we boarded the train and were whirling away to our native city; on our arrival, we were treated to a sumptuous repast by the citizens at the Union Relief Association Building, consisting of the soldiers' beverage, (coffee) bread, and cold ham. After lunch, we were marched to the vicinity of the above camp, where we pitched our tents, and relieved the Pennsylvania regiment, and resumed our usual routine of camp duties.

The drafted men we met here were

mostly from the rural districts, and in most cases were poor, therefore unable to furnish substitutes; their occupation was that of laborers and mechanics, and were, on the whole, first-class citizens, and soon learned themselves to the duties and life of soldiers. But most of the substitutes were a rare coterie of gentlemen; most of them were deserters from other regiments, and not a few from the rebel army, and of course the greatest vigilance was necessary on the part of the guards.

I had frequent conversations with them, and became much interested, and therefore sought every opportunity to converse with them, and they became very communicative, and told me how much money they made since the war began, and how they contrived in every dishonest way to cheat, and in many ways which required a great deal of ingenuity. Sometimes they would get a man drunk and induce him to enlist for several hundred dollars, obtain twice that amount of some citizen desirous of procuring a substitute, send him to camp in the forenoon, and go out in the evening and bring him out and barter him away a second time, and take him to another camp where he was not known.

Some of them had changed their names so often that they hardly recognized, or almost forgot, the one they originally bore. They assured me they belonged to a number of regiments at different times, for in the line of desertion they had been very energetic, and had engaged themselves as substitutes whenever opportunity offered.

They undertook to enlighten me on the character of some of their ways of escaping, and in almost every case succeeded; sometimes they would pass the guard by putting pens behind their ears and slips of paper in their hands, the guard supposing they were clerks. They had slipped out in wagons that were driven by negroes, usually wagons that brought wood into camp, and by giving the negro a five dollar bill, were permitted to lie down in the bottom, and in that way effect their escape; but thus far they had been unsuccessful in deceiving the guard at this camp, as every man was required to present a pass signed by Colonel Bowerman, whether soldier or citizen, before he could pass the guard, and every vehicle that entered the enclosure was searched by the officer of the guard. "Confound the guards, they are too vigilant for us in this camp, and we suppose we are in for it this time," as they expressed themselves.

The stringent orders here prevented them from using any ingenuity, and the men on duty were too vigilant, and no means presented themselves for their escape. About Christmas we were relieved by the drafted men, who had by this time become acquainted with the duties of soldiers, and were therefore able to do guard duty, and we were sent to Harper's Ferry, Va., and rejoined our brigade that was in winter quarters there.

Our regiment was taken to the top of Maryland Heights, and built winter quarters; this was done by driving posts into the ground several feet, and earth piled against the stockade, the tents were then drawn down over this, and in this way we had very comfortable quarters. A sheet iron stove, furnished by the quartermaster, was given for each mess, and as we had no trouble to procure wood, we did not suffer from cold.

When the weather was extremely cold we usually kept fire during the entire night. We would take our turn in making the fire; all members of each tent would be told off into reliefs by the sergeant, and number 1 would take the first hour, number 2 the second, and so on until morning. Our bunks would be made by driving stakes into the ground; small poles which were gathered from the adjacent forest would be placed crosswise, and if straw could not be had we would gather leaves or pine boughs, and place them upon the poles, and our rubber blankets upon them. Our woolen blankets and overcoats would serve for covering; our knapsacks would be used for pillows.

One day during our stay in this camp—I have forgotten the date, but if my recollection serves me right it was on Washington's birthday—our Company cook, an old German, got on a "bear" (drunk) and when dinner call was sounded, it was found that he had not been extremely particular in regard to cleanliness, and the rations this day were so vilely cooked that many of the men declared they would not eat such a meal, for they disliked water soup, with dirt, pebbles and beef, boiled down to superlative dryness. They believed they could support life by the consumption of less dirt. Under the circumstances there was more violation of the Third commandment than I care to record. A row, however, was averted by one of our company officers who appeared on the scene, and emptied all the soup and then detailed a comrade to prepare the meal. After waiting an hour we were finally served with rice soup, boiled potatoes and dry beef. We were well pleased, extended a vote of thanks, and congratulated our new cook in his endeavor.

A man who was detailed to cook for a company of soldiers, and preserved his temper, would have excelled human nature; one could not lay down a knife or fork without missing it; could not turn his back without being deprived of some portion of his ration. I venture the assertion that the South would never have been able to get her rights there. Who that served in the army does not remember, the defeats at breakfast, the drawn battles at dinner, the triumphant victories at supper, the irrepressible conflict between salt pork and business; rice, beans and rhetoric; dried apples and despair? We felt that it was disgraceful for men who had enlisted in the United States army to be engaged in personal quarrels, but when a man had his vessel stolen almost before his eyes, hot soup poured down his back, scalding coffee turned into his foot gear, or his rice pail filled with dirt, was it strange that he was deprived of his amiability?

Two years ago R. J. Warren, a druggist at Pleasant Brook, N. Y., bought a small supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sums up the result as follows: "At that time the goods were unknown in this section; today Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a household word." It is the same in hundreds of communities. Wherever the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy have become known the people will have nothing else. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

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ty; and venture the assertion that he could whip somebody, it matters not who?

We had an amusing entertainment one night. I have always been passionately fond of music, and could listen to sweet sounds until the moon would turn to green cheese, but never until the night in question, had my desires been gratified with so unique a performance as a mule concert. My army companions and myself were lounging in the tent talking about the prospects of the war, when our voices were drowned by the loud, shrill and shrill bray I remember to ever have heard. A moment passed, and the bray was repeated; then, another, and so on, each with a different modulation.

We had the soprano, mezzo and pure the first and second tenor; the baritone, the basso profundo and the alto; the alto and fassetto. All the mules in the camp volunteered for the performance, and indulged in a species of mule music that was positively infernal. Ten thousand squaling pigs, a million of mill saws carelessly filed, with four billion intoxicated musicians trying to play "Hail Columbia" with the wrong end of a cornet, might give a faint conception of the sound. For at least one hour the mules kept up their hellish noise. The soldiers started from their tents and hurried into their company streets, officers were seen to emerge from their quarters. The sentinels turned pale, and the general impression was that Hades had broken loose and emptied itself on top of Maryland Heights.

No one knows what perfect discord it, until he has listened to a mule concert of the high art style. I always imagined mules were vicious, but then I was convinced they were possessed of a devil, and that they let him out through their mouth at the never-to-be-forgotten jackassical entertainment, on Maryland Heights in the winter of 1893.

During this winter the troops stationed on the heights built several forts. Every day (except Sunday) a detail of twenty-five men from each regiment was made, and under command of a commissioned officer, were sent to work on these forts, and by spring we had several built and heavy guns mounted. The Sixth N. Y. heavy artillery regiment, composed of nineteen hundred men, assumed charge of these different forts, until they were evacuated the following June.

Thirty years is a long time to fight so painful a trouble as piles, but Jacob Mitchell, of Unionville, Pa., struggled that long before he tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which quickly and permanently cured him. It is equally effective in eczema and all skin affections. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Not only acute lung troubles, which may prove fatal in a few days, but chronic coughs and throat troubles may receive immediate relief and be permanently cured by One Minute Cough Cure. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

FIRE LOSSES LAST YEAR.

Aggregated over \$117,000,000.

The Insurance loss almost \$73,000,000.

The fire loss in the United States during 1896 aggregated something over \$117,000,000 and the insurance loss is almost \$73,000,000, according to the New York Chronicle. The fact that 1896 was a poor year for business has not shown any increase in the uninsured fire loss. In fact, the difference between the fire loss and insurance loss is lower than it has been for six years and is as low as at any time for fifteen years past. While the value of the property burned and the insurance loss was less last year by several millions of dollars, there was a decided increase in the number of fires over 1895.

In 1896 there were about 42,000 fires. In 1895 the number was about 38,000. In 1896 the number of risks burned amounted to about 61,000. In 1895 the number of risks burned amounted to 58,921. Cripple Creek was burned out twice during the year. The loss when Ontonagon, a lumber town in Michigan, was burned out was much lower than first reports placed the figures. The principal monetary loss in this fire was to the Diamond Match Company's saw mill. The fire loss during the cyclone at East St. Louis was comparatively small.

The fire loss by States shows that, as usual, New York leads in fire and insurance, number of fires and number of risks burned. The property loss aggregates \$13,750,000 and the insurance loss amounted to \$10,330,000. There were 5,500 fires, which involved the burning of 8,100 risks. In 1895 the property loss in New York State amounted to \$17,324,255, the insurance loss to \$11,745,128 and the number of risks burned amounted to 3,559. Nevada sustained the least loss during last year. Her property loss was \$62,600, insurance loss \$25,700 and the number of risks burned amounted to sixty. In 1895 the lowest property loss was sustained by Nevada, the lowest insurance loss by Idaho and the least number of risks burned was in Wyoming.

March was the month of greatest loss in 1896 both to property and insurance. The fire loss in that month amounted to about \$12,000,000 and the insurance loss approximated \$8,300,000. In November the property loss was lightest—slightly over \$7,000,000. In June the insurance loss was lightest—about \$4,200,000. The property loss in the winter months aggregated \$62,000,000, on which insurance to the amount of \$10,000,000 was paid. The average loss per fire is almost \$3,800, and the average insurance loss is slightly over \$1,700.

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Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthful nature. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Grant's achievement as a Peacemaker.

The honors and attentions showered upon General Grant during his tour of the world are, perhaps unequalled in the history of kindly hospitality. He was received everywhere as the greatest soldier of his time and as the foremost living American. Hon. John Russell Young, who accompanied General Grant throughout the famous journey, graphically recalls, in the *May Ladies' Home Journal*, his conspicuous incidents: the receptions, dinners, fetes, balls, etc., given in honor of the illustrious American. It is a fact that Mr. Young brings to light a fact that has received but passing attention, that General Grant was instrumental in arranging the terms of a treaty of peace between China and Japan, which prevented an outbreak of war between those nations.

Everybody Says So.
Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, acts gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispelling colds, curing headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. Candy Cathartic, 25 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

THE SUMMER TERM of Union Bridge Elementary and High School

will begin April 12th., 1897, and continue Ten Weeks.

Persons preparing for teaching, or for teachers' examinations will do well to take advantage of the Normal Course in this school.

Pupils of the Public Schools that close on April 15th., can enter at any time, and will be charged from date of entrance.

Terms Moderate.
EDWARD REISLER, A. M., Principal.
LEILA M. REISLER, A. B., Assistant.

THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

Does a General Banking Business. Loans Money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes. Collections and remittances promptly made.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.
HENRY GALT, Treas.
W. W. CRAPSTER, Pres.

DIRECTORS:
SAMUEL STONE, W. JESSE ROBERTS,
JOSHUA KOUTZ, H. D. MEHRING,
JAMES C. HARRIS, J. H. HARRIS,
T. H. BERNARD, CALVIN FINGER,
W. W. CRAPSTER, HENRY GALT.

PUBLIC SALE OF Lumber and Cord Wood.

On Thursday, April 22, 1897, Will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises of JACOB STONER, in Middleburg District, in Carroll county, Md., on the road leading from Middleburg to Union Bridge, 1 mile northwest of Union Bridge,

45,000 FEET OF Oak Boards, Plank, and Scantling, 75 Cords of Slab Wood, 150 Cords of Oak & Hickory Wood, Fence Posts, Chips, Chucks, Saw Dust, &c.

A Credit of Three months will be given. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m., on Thursday, April 22, 1897, when terms and conditions will be made known by

A. F. KALBACH.

PUBLIC SALE OF Lumber and Cord Wood!

On Friday, April 23rd., 1897 Will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises of EVAN HAINES, in Uniontown district; Carroll Co., Md., about 1 mile northwest of Linwood,

55,000 FEET OF OAK BOARDS, PLANK, and Scantling, 85 Cords of Slab Wood, 175 Cords of Oak & Hickory Wood, Fence Posts, Chips, Chucks, Saw Dust, &c.

A Credit of Three months will be given. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m., on Friday, April 23rd., 1897, when terms and conditions will be made known by

A. M. KALBAOH.

A GREAT REDUCTION.

Cheapness seems to be the motto to success nowadays, so in order to be successful we have made a great reduction on all our Harness, and will prove the truth of this statement if you will come and examine our stock before purchasing.

DON'T FORGET us when you want your Harness Oil.

S. C. REAVER, SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER. Near Railroad. Taneytown, Md.

No-To-Bac For Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

J. T. Orndorff's Sons. SHOES.

We still give out coupons and will do so for an indefinite length of time. General depression of times caused the failure. Cash and plenty of credit did the rest. We bought the entire wholesale stock of shoes of G. P. Herd, 37 3/4 Liberty St., Baltimore, Md. The shoes are principally Drew, Selby and Co's make of goods. Your store-keeper will tell you what kind of goods they make. 'Tis no fake, no fancy, no fiction; nothing but a plain fact, when we tell you that we have over 9000 pairs of shoes in our store, and the values put upon them are not fictitious. The above is a plain statement of facts which a visit to our store will verify. Dealers are invited to call, see, and get prices.

Lot No. 1. Child's Tan Sandals, sizes 5 to 8 worth 75c; at 39c.

Lot No. 2. Ladies' fur Top House Slippers, sizes 4 to 8, worth 75c; at 50c.

Children's Tan Sandals, sizes 10 to 2, worth 75c; at 50c.

Lot No. 3. Kangaroo, Spring Heel, lace sizes 6 to 8; Kangaroo, spring heel, button, sizes 6 to 8; Kangaroo, spring heel, button, sizes 6 to 8, worth \$1.00; at 60c.

Lot No. 4. Misses' Dongola Sandals, sizes 12 to 2, Little Man's buff, spring heel, button, sizes 11 to 2 worth \$1.00; at 65c.

Lot No. 5. Old Ladies' Comfort: Congress Shoes, sizes 2 to 8. Misses' Kangaroo Lace, sizes 12 to 2; Misses' Goatskin, button, sizes 12 to 2; Misses' Kangaroo lace, sizes 13 to 2. Worth \$1.25; at 75c.

Lot No. 6. Ladies' Kangaroo Shoes, 3 styles of Toes in button, sizes 4 to 8. Ladies' Kangaroo Shoes, in lace, sizes 3 to 8. Worth \$1.25; at 85c.

Lot No. 7. Ladies' Dongola Patent Tip, button, sizes 3 to 8. Misses' Kangaroo, spring heel, button and lace, sizes 11 to 2. Misses' Dongola, spring heel, button, tip of same, sizes 13 to 2. Worth \$1.50; at \$1.00.

Lot No. 8. Ladies' Dongola, common sense Oxfords, sizes 3 to 8. Worth \$1.50; at \$1.00.

Lot No. 9. Ladies' Vici Kid Shoe, slant made, patent tip and tip of same. Calf, Egg, Nicholas and Pointed Toes, lace and button. Common Sense, C. D and E last, sizes 3 to 7. Worth \$3.50 and \$4.00; at \$1.98.

CLOTHING. Our Clothing Department presents everything that is mode, new, nobby, nice and stylish, at less than it can be bought for elsewhere. Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Odd Coats and Old Pants, Bicycle and Summer Gowns, Men's Suits from \$3.00 up. Boys' Suits from 75c. up. Boys' Reeler Suits from \$1.25 up. You can buy good clothing here for less than you can buy inferior goods elsewhere.

STRAW MATTINGS. By a fortunate purchase, we are enabled to offer another lot of those cheap straw and cotton chain mattings, to our patrons. THE MOST ARTISTIC DESIGNS PRODUCED BY MAN.

HATS. A complete stock of straw hats. All sizes of Malaga straw hats at 10c. All the new and nobby shapes and colors in stiff and soft hats from \$1.00 to \$3.00.

Something to Come After. Genuine Celluloid Collars 5c., Cuffs 10c. All styles of standing and lay-down collars. You can't afford to pass us by without knowing our prices when you want anything in Dry Goods, Notions, Hats, Shoes, Clothing and Carpets.

J. T. ORNDORFF'S SONS, 20 and 22 West Main Street, WESTMINSTER, MD.

MODEL BAKERY KOONTZ & LONG, Prop'r's.

As we are now comfortably situated in our new quarters, we shall be pleased to serve our customers in the best manner possible, with such articles as BREAD, CAKES, ROLLS, Confectioneries and Groceries, such as Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Molasses of all kinds, Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Sweet Potatoes, Salt, Rice, Cold Oil, Tobacco and Cigars and Cigarettes, Canned Goods, of various kinds.

GARDEN SEEDS by the package or in bulk, such as Peas, Beans, Corn, &c. Flours, including the well known brands of Roberson's, Weist's, Stoner's, Base Dress Goods, from 8 to 12c. per yard; Black and Colored Dress Goods, the CHEAPEST you have ever seen. Come and see for yourself.

Fresh Oysters served in all styles; also by the quart on ice.

We are now prepared to serve our customers with ICE CREAM in any quantity at short notice. Come and see us and be convinced that our prices are lower than elsewhere.

Start Right! To do so, you must take the road that leads to Taneytown.

Reindollar, Hess & Co. have just opened up a NEW LOT of CHEAP GOODS.

Come and get some of them before they are all gone. We note prices of a few of our Goods: Appleton A. Muslin, 6c.; the Best Prints, 5 to 6c.; Red Table Linen, (the best you have ever seen for the money) 12c.; 9-4 Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings good—for 12c.; beautiful Plaid Dress Goods, from 8 to 12c. per yard; Black and Colored Dress Goods, the CHEAPEST you have ever seen. Come and see for yourself.

You will Not be Disappointed. Granulated Sugar by the bbl., \$4.63; Coffee, loose and in packs, 18c.—one grade at 12c.; Prunes that will charm you at 8c., some for 5c.; Good Syrup hard to beat, at 20 and 25c. per gallon;

Everything down but Reputation. Beautiful Lace Curtains, 48c.; Window Shades (spring roller) 12c.; nice line of Ingrain Carpets, at from 18 to 50c. per yard. Best Table Oil 15c.

Everything we offer to the trade will correspond with above named prices. If you would save money come to

Reindollar, Hess & Co's. TANEYTOWN, MD.

The Atlas Watch.

Yeoho, Balto., Co., Md., April 6, 1897. Mr. GARNER, SIR:

I received my Separator all right; enclosed find check for same. I am very much pleased with the Empire tury. I don't see how they could be beat for clean skimming, easy running, and simplicity as to their construction.

GRAFTON S. BROOKS, D. W. GARNER, General Agent, TANEYTOWN, MD.

R. E. REINDOLLAR, REINDOLLAR & CO., DEALERS IN Grain, Lumber, Coal, Hay, Straw, Salt, Feed, Cement, AND FERTILIZERS. TANEYTOWN, MD.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of a better way of doing some thing to please? Protect your ideas; they may be your fortune. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,500 prize offer.

SHOES.

If you buy a poor shoe because it's cheap you will have trouble without end. There is no case where merit is so necessary as in the selection of a good shoe.

You Know our Reputation in this Line.

How much are your 45c. Gray Enamel Sauce Pans? 20c. now; size 4 quart, and First quality.

TOWELS. Large size; full bleached, and our regular 10-center. This month 6c.

Laundry Soap. Ten oz. cake, popular shape, and 4 cent quality. Special at 2c per cake.

Muffin Pans. Our regular 10c size; reduced to 5c.

Torchon Lace. 3c for your choice; worth up to 8c per yard.

Tea set. 50 piece; printed decoration in brown. Regular price \$4.50; special at \$3.29.

Crescent Bicycles. "The Wheel that stands up." We have them in stock at \$39., \$50. and \$75.; also second-hand Bicycles at \$20. to \$25.

F. M. YOUNT, Taneytown, Md.

At This Season, when every one is afflicted with lingering Spring Colds and Grippe, and all run down, there is no more effective tonic than

Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, in their various solutions. We have in stock a line of the best of these preparations in the market; also the most popular Spring Blood Purifiers. We solicit your trade.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. ROBERT S. MCKINNEY, Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, &c. TANEYTOWN, MD.

Thereby announce that I have permanently located in Taneytown for the manufacture of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, Dayton's, Phaetons, and everything in this line. Factory work will also be kept on hand, and it shall be my aim to supply the demand for all classes of work.

</

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Court Officers.

[Jury terms held in Westminster, 2nd Monday in May and November; non-jury, 2nd Monday in February and August.]

JUDGES—Hon. Chas. B. Roberts, Chief and Resident Judge, Hon. James H. Wells and Hon. Isaac T. Jones Associate Judges.

CLERK OF THE COURT—Benjamin F. Crouse, Clerk—Gershom Huff.

AUDITOR—J. J. Baumgartner.

[Orphans' Court meets in the Court House in Westminster, every Monday and Tuesday, and daily during jury terms of Court.]

REGISTER OF WILLS—George M. Parke.

ORPHANS' COURT—Jacob Rinehart, William Y. Friell, Albert Schaeffer.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

STATES ATTORNEY—J. Milton Reifsdorf.

SHERIFF—J. Oliver Murray.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—John H. Stem, David Stoner, Jesse Lemon.

COUNTY TREASURER—Alfred T. Buckingham.

SURVEYOR—William A. Roop.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION—Howard F. Schaeffer, Charles H. Sapp, Charles V. Wantz.

Legislature.

SENATOR—Dr. J. W. Hering.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES—Charles H. Smith, Charles J. H. Genter, Dr. Clotworthy Birme, William F. Cover.

TANEYTOWN DIST.

NOTARY PUBLIC—Dr. F. H. Seiss.
TAX COLLECTOR—W. W. Crapster.
MAGISTRATES—A. F. Orndorff, Henry Wilt, John T. Fugle.
CONSTABLE—B. S. Miller.
REGISTRARS—Thomas D. Thomson, J. V. Bekenrode.

Town Officers.

BURGESS—H. D. Mohring.
COMMISSIONERS—Dr. G. T. Motter, Edward Kemper, W. Jesse Roberts, Joshua Koutz, E. K. Reaver.
BALDWIN AND TAX COLLECTOR—B. S. Miller.

Church Notices.

Presbyterian Church.—Church without pastor; regular services discontinued for the present. Notices will be given under the heading of Church Notices, of special services.

Prayer meeting 7 o'clock Tuesday evening; Christian Endeavor at 6 o'clock Sunday evening.

Trinity Lutheran Church.—Regular services every Sunday at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.

Rev. D. Frank Garland, Pastor.

Grace Reformed Church.—Services every Sunday at 10 o'clock, a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Y. P. S. E. 6:30 p. m.

Rev. A. Bateman, Pastor.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Mass 9:30 a. m., 12:00 p. m., 6:00 p. m., 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. On the first Sunday of each month, Benediction after Mass, concluding the services of the day. Rev. T. D. Mead, Pastor.

United Brethren Church.—Preaching every Sunday at 10 a. m. Sunday school at 10:30 a. m. Harney charge, services at 10 a. m., and 7 p. m., alternately. Rev. J. O. Clippinger, Pastor.

Post Office.

T. H. BEKENRODE, Postmaster.
Mails arrive from Linwood at 9 a. m. from R. R. 9:55 a. m. and 5:10 p. m.; from Harney 2:30 p. m.

Mails close at office, for R. R. north, 9:45 a. m.; for Linwood 10:10 a. m.; for Harney 11:00 a. m.; for R. R. south, 5 p. m.

Star Route to York Road, carrying mail for Baltimore and other points, comes daily at 7:30 a. m., returning, the carrier arrives at Taneytown at 7:50 a. m., with mail from Baltimore, Westminster and other points.

Societies.

Patriotic Order Sons of America, Camp 2, Meets in Bekenrode's Hall, Thursday evenings, at 7 o'clock. George E. Koutz, President. L. D. Reid, Rec. Sec'y.

Carroll Conclave Heptasophs, meets on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of every month. W. B. Burke, Secretary.

Women Read Advertisements.

It is claimed, says the Philadelphia Press, that the women are the only readers of advertisements. In a measure this is true, and necessarily so, for women are the larger purchasers for the household and spend most of the money that is earned by business, professional and working men.

Even in the larger transactions it will probably surprise dealers to learn how influential a voice women have. The purchase of a home is almost invariably determined by the women of the household, and in many cases out of ten their information as to the situation and desirability of a purchase is gained from the newspapers.

And every furniture dealer, dry goods dealer, groceryman and keeper of any sort of a store knows that he must appeal to the woman if he wishes to sell his goods. One of the largest elements in the success of one of the greatest merchants in the world today is the fact that he knows how to appeal attractively through the advertisement to the woman.—Fourth Estate.

The graduate nurses of the Women and Children's hospital of Syracuse have formed an alumnae association and will maintain a room in the hospital for sick nurses.

Before Retiring....

take Ayer's Pills, and you will sleep better and wake in better condition for the day's work. Ayer's Cathartic Pills have no equal as a pleasant and effective remedy for constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and all liver troubles. They are sugar-coated, and so perfectly prepared, that they cure without the annoyances experienced in the use of so many of the pills on the market. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Cathartic Pills. When other pills won't help you, Ayer's is

THE PILL THAT WILL.

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THE PILL THAT WILL.

Home and Farm.

Original articles solicited for this department on any subject relative to home comfort, whether of a social, decorative, culinary or general character. Also articles pertaining to Agriculture, Stock-raising, the Dairy, and other kindred topics. Contributions must be received not later than Monday evening to be guaranteed insertion the same week. The Editor is not responsible for the opinions expressed by contributors, nor does the publication of them make him their endorser. The public is entitled to the free use of this department, as long as it is not used as a medium for the ventilation of personalities, or the publication of articles of no general interest or value. All communications should be signed by the writer, or authorship acknowledged in a separate note.

From "Annet Dorothy."

For the Record.

Since springtime is here, I will say to the sister readers of the RECORD, do not take down your stoves before the weather becomes settled, and you are sure you will not need fires in sitting room or parlor—unless you can have fire on the hearth. Dear, blessed old fireplaces! How cheery and bright they are these cool evenings, and how cruel to close them up with Labrothe stoves. Let us have the open fires every time.

When you take up your carpets to clean house, beat and clean well; then give them a thorough sprinkling with turpentine, and pack in a box in the cellar. The cellar must not be damp, and the box should be mouse tight, leave them there until the fall house cleaning, and you will be surprised when you take them out to see how beautiful and bright they look, and no moths about them. The cellar is a moth preventative, and the turpentine brightens the colors that look so faded after a hard winter's wear.

If you have, or can afford to have, matings, put them down for the summer. If you can't have them, stain your floors oak, and leave them bare. It may be a trial the first week or two, but you will soon get used to the change, and after having the experience one summer, you will readily fall in line the next. You will find your house very much cooler, and considerably less dust, and the change will please the eye.

Take down your woolen portieres, pack them away and substitute the beautiful figured Denim that comes in now for that purpose. It comes in different widths, from a yard up. Yard wide, beautiful quality brings 25 cts. per yard. A home material makes a delightful substitute for the woolen mantle drapery; also curtains for windows. All the above arrangements will make you a sweet, cool-looking and cool-feeling house during the hot months, and will gladden your hearts. Try it.

Great Triumph.

Instant relief and a permanent cure by the great remedy Otto's Cure, for Lung and Throat diseases. Why will you continue to irritate your throat and lungs with a hacking cough when Robt. S. McKinney, sole agent, will furnish you a free sample bottle of this great guaranteed remedy? Its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. Sample free. Large bottles 50c and 25c.

Home Recipes.

Nut Sandwiches.—Chop together a quarter of a pound of English walnuts and two ounces of grated cheese, half a teaspoonful of salt and a slight sprinkling of cayenne pepper. Butter the end of the loaf of bread (a sandwich loaf is best), after removing the crust; then cut off, butter the loaf again and cut. You will find that you are able to make much thinner sandwiches in this way. Then cover with the nut mixture. Place over it another slice of buttered bread. The sandwiches are much neater if cut perfectly square, than diagonally across. Pile on a pretty plate, and, if necessary for them to stand, cover with a wet napkin and place in a cold place.

Saratoga Chips.—These may be made on Saturday and heated for Sunday night's supper. Pare and put in ice water for an hour or half a dozen large, smooth potatoes. Slice very thin into slightly-salted water, where they should remain an hour. Then drain in a colander. At least half an hour before you wish to fry the slices put on the fire some lard. Dry the slices on a clean towel, place in a frying basket, and when the fat is boiling plunge them in until a light golden brown. Drain on brown paper and stand in a cold place. Sprinkle with salt. When you wish to use them place in the colander in the oven. Serve quickly.

Sand Tarts.—Rub together with the hands half a pound of butter, one pound of white sugar and two eggs. When well mixed add one pound of flour and mix until smooth. Then stand in a cold place until the next day. Cut out a small piece of the dough, roll very thin and cut with a cake cutter. Wash the tops with rose water, or the white of egg, sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon and grate nuts. Bake in a hot oven. Watch carefully, for they take but an instant to bake if the oven is right. These cakes are dainty and delicious, and may be kept for two or three weeks in a cool place if carefully covered. This supper may all be prepared on Saturday, and is very easily served; at the same time is very attractive if care is taken.

Facts Worth Knowing.

Mrs. Rorer considers "Blue Monday" an utterly unnecessary institution. Laundry work, she declares, should never be done in the house, but if it is absolutely impossible to send it out, luncheon should be prepared in the dining room in a shallow dish and dinner should consist as far as possible of what is left over from Sunday.

The following recipe for graham muffins is known to be good: Stir two cups of graham flour into two cups of cold milk and water, to which has been added the yolks of two eggs, well beaten. Add a teaspoonful of sugar, a pinch of salt and the whites of the eggs, beaten stiff. Bake for a half hour in muffin rings.

Mucilage of rice is an excellent diet when there is any irritation of the bowels. To prepare it place a quart of good Carolina rice in a pan on the

stove, cover with a quart of tepid water, and soak three hours without allowing the water to get any hotter; then boil slowly another hour, strain and sweeten to taste.

A good way to use up stale bread is to make coffee fritters of it. Cut "in neat, thin slices and beat up the yolks of two or three eggs, according to the quantity of the bread; flavor them with a little sugar and a few drops of very strong coffee, brush the slices of bread with the mixture and fry it once out of hot oil or butter; when just crisp and a light golden brown tint, lift them out, drain, sprinkle with sugar and serve.

Prof. Belouise says in Popular Science: "Don't be afraid to sleep in a cold room at night, with the window a little open. Cold air, if pure, will not hurt you at night any more than in the day, if you are protected by sufficient clothing and breathe through the nostrils. If you wish to be subject to colds, coughs and fevers shut yourself up in close, hot rooms day and night."

When baking apples, replace the cores with sugar and a pinch of cinnamon, put a small bit of butter on each and sprinkle with sugar. Cover for a short time after putting them in the oven, and when they get tender remove the cover and let them brown.

A nice breakfast biscuit can be made as follows: Slightly warm a pint of sweet milk, stir into it half a cup of melted butter and half teaspoonful of salt; sift a quart of flour with two heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and stir into the milk; make a stiff batter; drop from a spoon into a buttered pan, and bake in a quick oven.—New York Tribune.

WOMEN'S GREATEST PROBLEM.

It can be solved if Women will work Together.

Discussing the solution of "Women's most vexing problem"—domestic service—in the April Ladies' Home Journal, Edward W. Bok insists that "first of all, women must drop a lot of outside problems with which they are at present grappling, but which after all, only indirectly concern them. Important they may be, in a general sense, but not one-hundredth part as important as this problem which is exclusively theirs. Foreign missions, the ballot, the higher education of women, good government, the amelioration of the poor—it will be well enough for women to labor for all these causes when their own more immediate problems are settled. The servant-girl problem is far more important at present than any of these. Other problems are general in their effects; this one strikes at the very heart of the American home. We do not begin to realize how intimately associated is this problem with our happiness. It concerns every man, woman and child. The heathens in African lands ought to be civilized. No one will dispute that. But true charity begins at home, and we have heathens in a few of our kitchens who need civilizing and educational influences, just as much as do the natives of India's coral strand. I have nothing to say against woman's work in foreign missionary societies, good government clubs, or charity organizations of whatever sort. But I do say this: that scores of women are employing efforts in those directions which ought to be employed in the solution of matters nearer home. Women can solve this domestic problem if they will. But they must get together and work unitedly. If they do, I venture to say that in a year or two there will be no such thing as the servant-girl problem, for it will have been solved."

American are the most inventive people on earth. To them have been issued nearly 600,000 patents, or more than one-third of all the patents issued in the world. No discovery of modern years has been of greater benefit to mankind than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in my family for several years, and find it to be the best medicine I ever used for cramps in the stomach and bowels. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Teeth Don't.

Don't use your tooth brush back and forth—that is, crosswise of your teeth—but up and down, as the bristles will get in between them. Don't think that brushing is all the care teeth require. A spoon of dental floss is a toilet necessity, and a night going over with a piece of this indispensable aid to get the food particles, the primary cause of decay, out of interstices, where the brush does not penetrate. Don't use "gritty" powder; it is not good for the enamel. Powdered chalk is as good as anything. Don't have a dentist use his foot engine to remove any tartar or discoloration without first trying the use of a match stick wet and dipped in powdered chalk. With rubbing and preservation this will almost always prove successful, and the first method, if resorted to too often, is injurious. Don't use too stiff a brush. This is apt to loosen the gum around the teeth, quite a serious matter, and will make the gums bleed, besides. Don't allow more than six months to elapse before having your teeth examined. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure in this case, if ever. Don't neglect to clean your teeth after each meal and before retiring. This is clean and preserving. Don't bite off the ends of your silk or cotton when sewing. This is a very common practice, but very unnecessary when scissors are handy, and the edges of your teeth will be much saved thereby. Don't forget that nothing alters a face or makes you look so much older as a set of artificial teeth, not to mention the discomfort of them or the pain in the beginning; so, take good care of your teeth, as being one of the most important parts of your system. Very often serious and painful stomach trouble results from improper mastication from poor teeth.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 50c. If C. C. C. fails, druggists refund money.

Domestic Joy.

The charm of domestic joy will be preserved, if those parents, who fear the early death of one of their loved ones when attacked with a serious throat or lung trouble, resort at once to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, a never-failing remedy. "I used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for my son, who was eight years old. He has been troubled with a bronchial cough since he was two and a half years of age, and I have tried everything, but found Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup does him the most good." Mrs. A. Gelb, 317 Demott St., West Hoboken, N. J. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup costs only 25 cents, and is cheaper than the dealer's big profit making substitute, because Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup always cures while the substitute does not.

American Gems.

Although not many precious stones of great value are found in the United States, yet as Mr. George E. Kunz shows in his recent report to the Geological Survey, they include diamonds, rubies and sapphires. In 1895 a diamond weighing six carats was found in Ozaukee county, Wisconsin. Rubies are found in Macon county, North Carolina, and sapphires in Fergus county, Montana. Fine gems of tourmaline, chrysoberyl and other minerals exist in various parts of the country.

Croup and whooping cough are childhood's terrors, but like whooping, bronchitis, and other throat and lung troubles, can be quickly cured by using One Minute Cough Cure, J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Unconditional surrender, is the only terms those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers will make with constipation, sick headache and stomach troubles. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Woman Slavery.

Woman slavery continues in San Francisco, and the importation of Chinese girls is increasing. The Pacific Ensign says:

There is no disputing the fact that they are slaves of the most abject order, and, nearly all being between 18 and 22 years of age, their commercial value is from \$1,000 to \$1,500 each. Of course the laws of the land prohibit restricted Chinese immigration, but all these undesirable females claim the right to land on the ground that they are the wives of merchants in this city, or that they are native daughters.

"Mother" Johns.

"Mother" Johns, Mrs. Laura M. Johns' mother-in-law, is in her eighty-sixth year. She spent last summer in Colorado with a daughter on a ranch 14 miles from their voting place. She was duly registered—all voters in Colorado must register—and would have voted but for a failure in health which prevented her, to her great disappointment and that of her family. She took much interest in politics and read much during the summer. She is now at her son's home in Salem, Ky., and has the opportunity to cast a full ballot for all municipal officers.

A Woman Apothecary.

Miss Agnes P. Mahony of New York was recently appointed apothecary at the Manhattan State hospital, on Ward's island. Miss Mahony graduated some years ago from the New York school of nurses on Blackwell's island. Afterward she studied medicine and was for several years in the medical ward of St. John's guild, on Staten Island. She then entered the New York College of Pharmacy and won a prize of \$100 for scholarship. She was the only woman in a class of 150.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be free of cough, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No. 10. This is the only reliable cure. It is a strong, safe, and sure cure. All druggists, 50c or \$1.00. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

An Inextinguishable Fire.

An extended account is given in the Cincinnati Enquirer of John Floyd's discovery of a peculiar kind of fire, inextinguishable when once ignited. It is represented as a substance having the consistency of paste and harmless while in a quiet state. The friction caused by rubbing it against a hard surface will, however, set it aglow, and nothing will overcome the flame, the latter burning with a blue light and an intense heat until the compound is completely destroyed by combustion, water having no effect upon it. Dynamite and gunpowder require a spark to kindle them, while powder produces an explosion, but not a regular fire, but to ignite this compound there is just the slightest friction of rubbing it against some ordinary substance. There is then no explosion or rapid spreading of flames, but a strange, steady fire, incapable of being stamped out or killed in any known way. The inventor states his unwillingness to make the ingredients of this composition known on account of risks to the public by so doing.

PERSONAL.—The gentleman who annoyed the congregation last Sunday by the noise of his watch, will find instant relief by using One Minute Cough Cure, a speedy and harmless remedy for throat and lung trouble. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

It should be made a matter of public knowledge that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will speedily cure piles of the longest standing. It is the household favorite for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises and sores of all kinds. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

A correspondent writes to the London Field that while he was hunting rabbits with four friends in the forest he had on three occasions in willow trees where the water of a mill stream. The miller said that it was not an unusual circumstance. Some months ago The Field told of other rabbits which had been shot, like raccoons or opossums, out of trees in England. Recent years cases of rabbits in trees have been reported with increasing frequency. From Australia has come the most remarkable story of rabbits as climbers. The only way in which rabbits could be kept out of certain tracts of land in Australia was by the building of wire fences, but the fence was so high that the rabbits could not climb over it. The fence was so high that the rabbits could not climb over it. The fence was so high that the rabbits could not climb over it.

With four free states in the Union, with eight senators owing their election to women constituents, and with other evidences of the gaining popularity of their cause, the women suffragists certainly have an encouraging outlook.—Massillon (O.) Independent.

It is said that English servant girls are being rapidly displaced in London by Swedish and Norwegian girls, who are stronger, more willing to work and cheaper.

Statistics of life insurance show that in the last 25 years the average woman's life has increased from about 42 years to nearly 46, or more than 8 per cent.

Woman suffrage gains supporters constantly, and even the conservative Bay State will surprise the mossbacks sometime.—Warren (Mass.) Herald.

McKELLIP'S Horse and Cattle Powder, A SCIENTIFIC AND RELIABLE REMEDY FOR HORSES, COWS, ETC. One of the Best Condition Powders in use.

The Powders will be found invaluable for cattle in all cases of debility, or where the health has been impaired or the constitution broken down from whatever cause. They will prove an important aid in fattening cattle, as they will loosen the hide, improve the appetite, and cause a rapid deposition of fatty matter. Owing to their powerful alterative effects upon the secretions, dairymen will find them very beneficial in keeping their Milk Cows in a sleek, healthy condition, and improving the quality of the milk, imparting a richness in cream, that cannot be attained without their use.

Prepared only by JOHN McKELLIP, Druggist. TANEYTOWN, MD.

The New-York Weekly Tribune, FOR EVERY member of EVERY family in EVERY farm, in EVERY village, in EVERY State or Territory.

FOR Education. FOR Noble Manhood. FOR True Womanhood.

IT GIVES all important news of the Nation. IT GIVES all important news of the World. IT GIVES the most reliable market reports. IT GIVES brilliant and instructive editorials. IT GIVES fascinating short stories. IT GIVES an unexcelled agricultural department. IT GIVES scientific and mechanical information. IT GIVES illustrated fashion articles. IT GIVES humorous illustrations. IT GIVES entertainment to young and old. IT GIVES satisfaction everywhere to everybody.

We furnish the "Record" and "N. Y. Weekly Tribune" ONE YEAR for \$1.25. Cash in advance. Address all orders to THE RECORD

Write your name and address on a postal card, send it to Geo. W. Best, Tribune Building, New York City, and a sample copy of THE NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be mailed to you.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
ALL DRUGGISTS

LIME. LIME.

All parties that want a good, quick and durable Lime, free of impurities, should buy Legore's Combination of Lime. As a guarantee and comparison we submit five different analyses made by H. J. Patterson, State Chemist of Maryland, Prince George's Co., for the consideration of farmers and others who want the best article. Special inducements in prices, terms, &c., will be given.

It will pay all parties who intend using lime this season, to give it a trial and the preference. Send for prices giving amount wanted. Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect. For further information call on or address

J. W. LeGORE; Woodsboro, Md.

	per cent.	per cent.	per cent.	per cent.
Lime (CaO) Ava. Sol. Lime.....	97.61	96.00	97.00	96.80
Magnesia (MgO).....	43	1.08	43	72
Oxide of Iron and Alumina.....	1.07	1.30	1.60	1.80
Silica.....	.89	1.63	.41	.68
Undetermined.....		.09	.56	
	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD! The Genuine HANES' LINIMENT, AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR THE CURE OF Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Eyes, Sprains, Spavin, Kicks, etc.

Horses and Cattle. and untailing in the cure of Old Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Erysipelas, Chilblains, Sprains, etc. and the various ailments of mankind that may receive an outward remedy.

Ask your Dealer for a Bottle or send us 10 cents, or 25 cents, for postage, packing, etc., and receive a small or large size bottle, on trial, by mail. HANES' LINIMENT MFG. CO. Sole Manufacturers, STEWARTSTOWN, PA.

Growing In England. It is claimed that woman suffrage "is not making headway in England."

The first petition for woman suffrage presented to parliament in 1837, was signed by only 1,490 women. The petition of 1873 was signed by 11,000 women. The petition presented to the members of the present parliament was signed by 237,000 women.

The last time before this when the suffrage bill came up in parliament it was defeated—175 to 152. This year it has passed to its second reading—228 to 157. Commenting upon the marked gain in the vote, the well known newspaper correspondent, Harold Frederic, says, "The question may be one at which many politicians smile, but the steadily increasing support it receives cannot be denied by any careful student."—Exchange.

With four free states in the Union, with eight senators owing their election to women constituents, and with other evidences of the gaining popularity of their cause, the women suffragists certainly have an encouraging outlook.—Massillon (O.) Independent.

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THE Carroll Record

In its new form, is better prepared than ever to give to its subscribers the full value of \$1.00 many times over during a year. It means to be so newsy, so attractive and so good, that it will be a household necessity in every family in the county.

STATE NEWS, COUNTY NEWS, GENERAL NEWS, LATE NEWS, ALL THE NEWS.

The RECORD will have in the future, as in the past, its distinctive features. It will aim at all times to supply clean, pure, non-sensational news matter, fit for every member of the family to read. It will be glad to receive contributions from its readers, as well as opinions and ideas having in view the improvement of the paper, and the adaptation of its features to its patrons as a whole.

THE Carroll Record

Has been a pronounced success so far, and means to continue to improve, and thus merit the continuance of the liberal support which has hitherto been accorded it.

Subscribe for it! Advertise in it! Tell your friends of it!

A BEAUTIFUL EASTER CUSTOM.

The Advent of Resurrection Day Hailed with Melody and Praise.

"No more divinely appropriate expression of the Moravian love of music, and their appreciation of its inspiring power is to be found than in their sublime annunciation of the Resurrection day," writes Clifford Howard, descriptive of "A Moravian Easter Dawn," in the April Ladies' Home Journal. "Through the quiet streets of Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, in the early morn, the trombones walk from place to place, pouring forth their grand, inspiring anthem that arouses the slumbering town to the welcome knowledge of the advent of this glorious day. Now here, now there, now everywhere the lights appear within the windows of the dwellings, and the streets are thronged with people, young and old, wending their way from all directions toward the church, and greeting one another with loving salutations of the day. The Easter service is begun within the church and is continued there until the brightening sky announces the advent of the dawn. Then, in slow procession, subdued and reverent, the people pass through the doors, and headed by the trombones, solemnly ascend the winding hill to their beloved and quiet old burying ground.

"Within the closure of this consecrated spot the congregation assembles and stands in a semi-circle facing the eastern hill in fond anticipation of the emblem of its cherished faith. A little apart stand the minstrelers, and the trombone choir. Thus assembled, the service of song and responsive readings, begun in the church, is continued. A sense of deep, religious awe pervades the gathered throng, as on this cold, gray morning of the early spring they await, in spiritual communion with their departed loved ones, the Resurrection. Above the hill the dawning light appears. Then from the voices of the assembled host there bursts a melody of rapturous song, a heartfelt hymn of praise and adoration, a spontaneous symphony of joy, that starts in glad expression of triumphant hearts, and mingling with the loud, resounding strains of sweet-toned trumpets and resonant trombones, arises with the warbling song of joyous birds in glad hosannas to the splendid sky. For see! a radiant light o'erspreads the earth. A wondrous glory fills the new-born day. The sun appears in fulgent splendor—God's symbol of the resurrected life; and earth and Heaven in exulting joy peal forth in glad, anthemic accord: 'The Lord is risen! Hallelujah, praise the Lord!'

Numbering bank notes.

All United States bank notes are printed in sheets of four of one denomination on each sheet, and are numbered and lettered twice. All notes of which the number when divided by four shows a remainder of one, have the letter A upon them; a remainder of two, the letter B; of three, the letter C, and those which have no remainder the letter D.

Fashion in Carpets.

"The new carpets are characterized by grounds in medium and deep tones of strong colors, and by all-over conventionalized floral designs," writes Katherine B. Johnson in the Woman's Home Companion. "Grounds of cream, cream and other delicate, neutral tints which found decided favor for several years past have been relegated to their proper place; namely, drawing rooms, parlors and dainty bedrooms. From an esthetic point of view plain velvet and other carpets are charming as a background for rugs or even finished with a floriated border to match. But, alas! the beautiful is not always the practical, and such carpets show dust, footprints and other impressions more readily than figured grounds, and are not suited to ordinary use. To offset this defect, however, there is an exceptionally large variety of all-over small patterned carpets in self-tones or softly blended tints that bring out the beauty of rugs as well as filling, and do not show soil anything like as easily. As usual high-grade matings (and no other is worth buying) show many new patterns and combinations of colors, but the so-called fiber carpet (an American matting made of a foreign vegetable fiber), which promises to be as superior in durability as it is in texture, will no doubt give the best foreign matting a hard push this season. Of rugs especially designed for summer use there is an unprecedented variety of Japanese jute and cotton, colonial, fiber, fiber velvet and matting, but to lay over matting on handsome polished floors, none are at once so effective and durable as the Japanese cotton ones, which come in blue figures on a white background, or the reverse, and range in size from one and one-half by three feet to 12 by 15 feet.

He was a Daisy.

An exchange tells of a divinity student who was recently sent into a rural district to fill the pulpit of a preacher who was ill. He chose for his theme the subject of creation and dwelt upon the wisdom displayed in the creation of even the smallest forms of animal life. "My friends," he said, "the same Divine power which created the behemoth, the mastodon and the elephant, created a blade of grass; the all-wise Creator that made me a daisy." And he doesn't understand yet why the worldly members of the flock smiled during the remainder of the sermon.

Mrs. A. Inven, residing at 720 Henry St., Alton, Ill., suffered with sciatic rheumatism for over eight months. She doctored for it nearly the whole of this time, using various remedies recommended by friends, and was treated by the physicians, but received no relief. She then used one of a half bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which effected a complete cure. This is published at her request, as she wants others similarly afflicted to know what cured her. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

To Whiz Fitzsimmons.

"WANTED—A strong, willing young man, not necessarily beautiful or eager to preserve his appearance intact, who wishes to learn how to whip Robert Fitzsimmons. Apply to James J. Corbett, en route.

Any teachable young man who fulfills these requirements stands a chance of having the best boxing instructor in the world to tell him what is the most approved method of pushing a face and fracturing ribs. What is most needed is strength and a certain amount of quickness. After that comes the disregard of personal appearance, which is the sine qua non that every man must possess who is a candidate for the honors of the arena. It is a notorious fact that Apollo himself would have to take chances with his countenance if he wanted to be the champion of the prize ring, and that effective delroids are quoted at a much higher rate in this connection than a Grecian nose and a dimpled cheek. Mr. Corbett is now debating with himself the propriety of taking as a pupil some promising youth whose biceps and deltoids are beyond all cavil, and who does not care a continental whether his nose is Grecian or pug and his cheek is dimpled or hard as undentable brass. In fact, a brass, iron, or steel cheek would be considered not only a beauty, but a solid advantage.—Phila. Telegram.

From Sire to Son.

As a Family Medicine Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have a Liver or Blood disorder do not delay, but get a free sample package of this remedy at once. If you have Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, etc., a small, specific will cure you. R. S. McKinney, the leading druggist, is sole agent, and is distributing samples free to the afflicted. Large packages 25c. and 50c.

It is said that bananas will be cheaper this year than ever, as there is a great abundance of the fruit and much competition in carrying and disposing of it.

PROOF OF SINCERITY.

How An Army Officer Stood the Supreme Test of Belief in Fatalism.

In the days of the "old army" on the frontier, when military posts were sometimes hundreds of miles from any civilized place, there was little to do in the way of amusement in the winter time when the country was snowed out and it was then that the reputation the army has for card playing and drinking was gained. And it is true that a great deal of both was done at that time.

It was in these days that an event transpired that showed that the principal actor had had enough of his card playing, and that he was most certainly born under a lucky star. It was after a very "wet" stag dinner party, and all had partaken most freely of the wine, and, strange as it may seem, the subject that came up for discussion was the Mohammedan religion. "I don't believe in fate," said the man of the party. "To them a man's fate is written above, and the time of his death is set, and nothing can advance it. Well, this belief has been discussed long and earnestly. The pros and cons had been gone over at length, till one officer wanted to know of his own fate. He was told that he was born with a tag of destiny attached. One officer finally arose and said there was no use of discussing the matter any further. The only way was to make a practical test of the question, and he would give himself as a subject. "You, a man willfully dispose of his life with the fatal moment had been chosen at his birth from above?"

He could get no one to try the experiment on him. Finally a wager was made. "Who will pay you if I lose?" said the subject. "If my pistol shot me and showed that it was loaded. He placed the pistol against his temple and pulled the trigger. The pistol missed fire. "A joke," yelled the crowd. The fatalist smiled, and, recoiling the pistol, aimed it with a steady hand at the wall. He fired, and the bullet crashed through the center of the dial.

"Apologize to me now," he said. "I have won the bet. I always believed in fate."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

When a cold is contracted, cure it at once. One Minute Cough Cure will set you on the road to recovery in a minute. It will cure pneumonia, bronchitis, croup and all forms of lung and throat troubles. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

He Had Fallen Off.

Patrick was a new man in the light house neighborhood, but his cheekbones and witty replies had already established him as a favorite. He had one drawback, however, and that was his awkwardness when on a horse's back. Naturally his position required the opposite of this, and Patrick worked hard and faithfully to acquire the ease and naturalness of his comrades when riding. He congratulated himself that this was at last accomplished. But one day when on parade his horse shied and threw him with considerable force. When he regained consciousness, he found that his arm had been broken by the fall. With his usual characteristic good humor the poor fellow smiled in his pain as he said: "Well, well, it's too bad. I thought I had improved in my riding a great deal, but instead I have fallen off."—Harper's Round Table.

Silk From Spider's Web.

The web of the Madagascar spider is about to be utilized for the purposes of silk manufacturing by a company of French capitalists. A French naturalist, M. Cambolle, has recently ascertained the fact that the Madagascar spider produces at the beginning of its work more than 100 yards of thread per hour, increasing the quantity until it produces more than 150 yards per hour. His experiments show that this thread has about the consistency and strength of the thread produced by the silkworm fed on mulberry leaves. A delicate, constructed machine, which winds the thread on bobbins automatically immediately from the spider, is to be employed in Madagascar. The spiders themselves are to be raised systematically in enormous numbers.—Boston Journal of Commerce.

Why X Rays Burn the Skin.

Mr. Tesla points out what he considers to be the cause of the singular sunburn effects produced by X rays impinging upon the hands. It is not the rays themselves which cause the injury, he says, but the ozone generated by them in contact with the skin. Nitrous acid, produced electrically from the nitrogen in the air, may also be responsible to a small extent. The best means of protecting the hands is to prevent the access of air to them while the exposure is going on by a coating of oil.—Electrical Review.

BUSINESS WOMEN'S HOME.

What Is Being Done in This Field in New York by Mrs. Dunlop Hopkins. There are thousands of self supporting working women in every large city in the United States. In New York alone there are 70,000 professional women, 200,000 working girls and 9,700 students in art schools, conservatories and colleges. These women, with the exception of the very few thousands who live with friends or relatives, find their only substitute for homes in east side hotels and second rate boarding houses. The average working girl finds the only solution of the home problem in the hall bedroom.

In Chicago, San Francisco and Denver this has been achieved in a modest way, but nothing adequate to the needs of New York has been suggested or in any way brought before the public until Mrs. Dunlop Hopkins conceived the idea of erecting a series of buildings, handsome, spacious, comfortable and practical, adapted to the requirements of the working women of New York.

Designs for the first four of the series, the business women's hotel, the art students' home, the clubhouse and the model tenement, are already completed. It is estimated that at least two, if not the entire series, will be well under way early in the spring.

The architects for this scheme of women's buildings, which is the most elaborate in the United States, if not in the world, are Miss Mary Gammon and Miss Lavinia Lloyd Dock, two of the former pupils of the New York School of Applied Design.

"The crying need of the hour," Mrs. Hopkins said in speaking of this vast scheme, "is the providing of a proper home for the hosts of working women who are filling up our cities. Not one home or building, but many of them."

"When I decided to put into operation the plan for a home or hotel for art students I took all my ideas and sketches and submitted them to the students at the league. It was not a question of what I wanted or what Mrs. Fred Van derbit might think sensibly or Mr. Gilder might approve. We might all make good suggestions, but art students are to live in the building, and I want it to be adapted to the needs and so far as possible wishes of the women who are to occupy it."

"In the same manner I consulted business women about a business women's hotel. I talked with professional women, with lawyers, journalists and teachers and modeled the design of an apartment house and hotel for them on their own views of what was most practical and desirable."

The business women's hotel will be divided into a series of small apartments and single rooms. The single rooms will be arranged in groups of six, with one parlor and bath for each group. This arrangement enables each girl to have a private parlor, a dressing room and a bath, and to have a pleasant place for reunion on Sundays. Smaller apartments of one or two bedrooms, parlor and bath are planned for the women with a larger weekly stipend.

The question of the kitchen, which is the center of every woman's life, has proved more disastrous than fire or water, will not be broached in any of the series of buildings designed by Mrs. Hopkins. "Working women," she declared, "need less, not more, restrictions than other women."

"Only to make a test case of it I rolled my new French gauches in my machine, laid my card on top and put them in a safe corner of the dressing room of a house where I went to luncheon the other day. But it was of no avail. The gauches had been metamorphosed into a pile of muddy rags, with a few scraps of blue velvet and my lace head scarf changed for a frayed one of soiled white chiffon. Naturally cross and sleepy, I fell on the tired maid, who wept and denied, but looked as if she could tell a tale."

"When asked if charity in any form would be required to carry on these buildings, Mrs. Hopkins said: 'I do not see why a practical financial project should seek the aid of charity. Each of these buildings will be self supporting, a business investment, which is expected to realize from 8 to 8 per cent on all capital. It is figured out that the expense of living, say, for instance, in the art students' home, will range from \$4 to \$6 for single rooms, including meals, but the girl paying \$4 will be as independent from any money obligation as any guest at the Waldorf.'

Scrub Brush and Soap.

"The scrub brush as a method of cleaning floors, though in extensive use in this section of the country and even more so in parts farther south," remarked a New England lady who took a prominent part in the recent mothers' congress, "long since went out of use in the New England states and never did have much of a place in the progressive new cities of the west. In its place, a mop at the end of a stick is used. The mop is a New England lady who took a prominent part in the recent mothers' congress, 'long since went out of use in the New England states and never did have much of a place in the progressive new cities of the west. In its place, a mop at the end of a stick is used. The mop is a New England lady who took a prominent part in the recent mothers' congress, 'long since went out of use in the New England states and never did have much of a place in the progressive new cities of the west. In its place, a mop at the end of a stick is used. 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