

THE CALL RECORD.

Vol. 3, No. 37.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1897.

\$1.00 Per Year.

Locals and Personal.

Miss Maggie Faller, of Hagerstown, is here on a visit to relatives.

Don't forget the printer when you go around paying up on April 1st.

The iron gutter crossings have been received, but will not be placed until the ground settles.

Miss Abbie Fogle, of near Taneytown, spent Thursday afternoon with Miss Addie Sturmer.

Levi E. Oiler, of Reed, Illinois, is here on a visit to relatives. He is a brother of Mrs. John E. Hess.

Miss Clara Willhide left here on Monday for Baltimore, where she will likely reside during the summer.

Public sales in this section have so far been very satisfactory, considering the times. Good stock and good implements bring fair prices.

Joseph Storm recently caught thirteen fish at Trevanion, five of which measured 15 inches, the balance from 10 to 11 inches.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Shriner and Mr. and Mrs. John E. Smith, of this place, attended the Smith-Slifer wedding in Littlestown, on Wednesday.

Those who change their postoffice address on April 1st, should notify us in ample time so that the RECORD may be received promptly at the new location.

A correspondent from near Littlestown says: "Mr. John H. Egan's family has been suffering from grippe but at present reported improving and out of danger."

Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Snyder, were in York, Pa., the early part of the week, adding in the removal of the household goods of their daughter, Mrs. Harry Arthur.

John Newcomer and Samuel Ocker of this district, were among the visitors to the inauguration; their names were unintentionally omitted from our list in last issue.

Rev. J. O. Clippinger, the newly appointed United Brethren pastor of this charge, will reside in Taneytown, instead of Littlestown as has been the rule heretofore.

Wheeler men have been making use of our dry and level streets this week. Ten years ago this would have been impossible, as we had mud here after the country roads were dusty.

The first published statement of the banking house of Geo. H. Birnie & Co., appears on the fourth page of this issue. It shows that the firm is solid financially and well managed.

Lots of people in Carroll county subscribe for the RECORD, but lots of people living away off, don't. Won't you help us to get the "away off" ones by giving us names to send sample copies to?

W. Jesse Roberts has been moderately exercising his stable of trotters on our streets during the past two weeks. They appear to be in fine trim and will no doubt be heard from during the coming season.

Mr. John T. Shriner, and daughter, Miss Nannie, of this district, have been confined to bed with grippe but are improving. On Thursday last, Mrs. William Lightner and Miss Minnie Hess, of Harney, and Miss Laura Stultz of Silver Run, were visitors of the family.

A delegation of the P. O. S. of A., of this place will visit Tyrone next Wednesday night, for the purpose of conducting the initiatory exercises attending the admission of a number of new members into that Camp which recently removed from Mayberry to Tyrone.

Arthur W. Coombs, Gettysburg, Pa., has our thanks for the handsome calendar we have seen this year. It contains a two third life size oil chromo of President McKinley, which, barring several words of advertising, would be just the thing for framing for our "boodler."

McC. Davidson was in town during the week making arrangements for the removal of the balance of his stock of hardware to Hanover, where he will dispose of it. The vacant room will then be remodeled to suit the dry goods business of Weant & Koons, to be opened about April 1st.

E. E. Reindollar is making preparations to build, for Dr. Samuel Swepson, a double frame dwelling on the Hill-debrand lot on Emmitsburg St. This will not only aid in supplying the demand for dwellings, but will remove an old building which long since outlived its usefulness and beauty. Next?

John C. Motter, the well known Frederick attorney and a brother to Dr. Geo. T. Motter of this place, is strongly urged for the nomination of Judge of the Circuit Court for the Sixth Judicial district. All of our republican exchanges from Frederick county contained letters to this effect in their issues of last week.

The Western Maryland Railroad Company has taken off two of the passenger trains that had been run over the road at night between Baltimore and Emory Grove. This action was decided upon because the travel is not sufficient to warrant their continuance, and will result in a reduction of the operating expenses of the road.

Now that our railroad has made for itself a new name—York, Hanover and Frederick Railroad—may we not hope that it will do some other new things? Of course we never hope to have satisfactory connections with the Western Maryland, but it might give us the least we could ask for—evening connection with Baltimore. Why not?

NOTES FROM EVERYWHERE.

Items of current news boiled down, for busy readers.

Contractors have begun to construct water works and electric light plant at Rockville.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher died on Monday, aged eighty-four. Her death was due to the effects of a severe fall received several months ago.

The new assessment in Washington county has increased the state basis \$75,307. Most of the farm lands were assessed at lower figures than before; the increase was made in Hagerstown. In Prince George's county, the complete assessment shows an increase of \$1,227,743.

"Dave" Foutz, the prominent professional base-ballist, died in Baltimore last Friday. He was born in Carroll county, September 5, 1856, and was a son of Solomon A. Foutz. He was one of the tallest men in the League and was of strict integrity and correct habits.

Chief Justice McSherry on Friday last sentenced Keller and Butler to the penitentiary, the former for eighteen, and the latter ten years. The judge pronounced Keller's crime a most atrocious one, and told him that his neck was saved by the inhumanity of his counsel.

Trouble has occurred in the Lutheran church at Woodboro, Frederick county, because of the action of the pastor, Rev. R. S. Patterson, in warning several of the members of the church of their names from the membership roll for attending a dance. The choir has also split, and all but a few of the male members refuse to return.

From indications no wine will be served at the White House during this administration. At the dinner tendered Friday night by the McKinleys to their kinsfolk no wine was served. In not having wine Mrs. McKinley will follow the practice of many years. The President is a consistent abstainer. During the recent campaign, although many noted statesmen were guests at the McKinley home and tested the merits of Dr. Major's cuisine, no wines were served.

A special meeting of the council of the German Baptist church was held in Waynesboro, Pa., on Saturday to consider the application of Rev. Jacob F. Kurtz for reinstatement. Rev. Kurtz about a year ago brought suit against a member of the church, which is contrary to the rules of the church, and he was expelled. The hearing of the council on Saturday reaffirmed the first decision, on the grounds that there was not sufficient evidence to warrant his reinstatement.

The crop report of the Department of Agriculture estimates the corn on hand at 1,164,000,000 bushels, or 51 per cent of the last crop against 1,070,000,000 in March, 1896. Both the proportion and the quantity in original hands at this date are unprecedented. The wheat reserves in farmers' hands amount to 20.6 per cent of the crop or 88,000,000 bushels, against 123,000,000 bushels last March. Of oats there are 313,000,000 bushels, or 44.2 per cent of the 1896 crop yet in farmers' hands.

A certificate of incorporation of the Washington, Westminster and Gettysburg Railroad Company has been filed for record in the Executive department at Annapolis. The incorporators are: William B. Thomas, James A. C. Bond, Charles T. Reifsnider, T. Herbert Shriner, John A. Shorb, George Colton Smith, James B. Colegrove, John H. Cunningham, David Gowan, Jr., Stewart Roberts, John L. Reifsnider, Milton Shafer, Edwin J. Lawler, the Howard Road, Frederick and Carroll counties and have a lateral branch from Sandy Spring or Laytonsville to Frederick. The capital stock is \$100,000.

The feud between the Welker and Burrier families at Mt. Pleasant, Frederick county, which grew out of the marriage of Miss Ida Burrier to Mr. Charles W. Welker, a few months ago, against the wishes of the young lady's parents, has resulted in another assault, and another arrest. Some time ago, Welker was arrested at the instigation of his father-in-law, who accused him of interfering with his family, and afterwards Mrs. Welker had her father arrested on the charge of threatening to shoot her. On Tuesday Welker was again arrested by Constable Sumpin, charged with assaulting his brother-in-law, Emerson Burrier, while the two were attending a sale. He was held by Magistrate Biser for a hearing on Saturday.

The dead body of William Valentine was found Saturday in a box car on a switch of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Woodboro, Frederick county. The sum of \$150 was found in the pockets of his clothing, and there were no evidences of foul play. He had been leading a hermit life for some years. He owned a house and lot near Woodboro and also some property at New Windsor, Carroll county, but took up his abode in this old weather-beaten box car, which he had placed at the end of the switch. In the car his effects consisted of an old coal-oil lamp, a straw mattress and a revolver. The last seen of him alive was Thursday afternoon, when he went to town and purchased a five-cent loaf of bread, which was also found in the car. The supposition is that he was taken with an attack of heart failure soon after entering the car, and, being too weak to close the door, died from exposure. He was seventy years of age and well connected in Pennsylvania.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Samuel P. Baumgardner, a well known Farmer, dies Suddenly.

This community was started last Sunday morning with the news that Samuel P. Baumgardner had been found dead in his bed by his daughter, Miss Alice, at about 7 o'clock, on going to his room to call him to breakfast. Dr. G. T. Motter was hastily summoned, but Mr. Baumgardner was past human aid, having died probably seven or eight hours before he was found.

His death was likely from heart disease, as he complained of uneasiness in the region of his heart before retiring on Saturday night, but no one apprehended serious consequences. He was in Taneytown on Saturday afternoon attending to business, and appeared about in his usual health, which has not been the best for the past few years. He was also somewhat despondent over the death of his wife, which occurred on January 8th.

The funeral was held on Thursday morning, interment being in the Lutheran cemetery this place. The entire family, five sons and five daughters, was present, together with a large attendance of friends and neighbors. One son, Charles J., lives at Ipava, Ill., Thomas and George and two daughters in Virginia, and the rest in this neighborhood. Mr. Baumgardner was a well to do farmer, having by thrift and economy accumulated considerable property; he was in his 66th year.

Christian Endeavor Rally.

A Christian Endeavor Rally will be held in Uniontown on Sunday the 21st, morning, afternoon and evening; in the Lutheran church morning and afternoon, and in the Methodist Protestant church at night. The program indicates a very interesting and profitable meeting, containing as it does the names of Prof. S. Simpson, Charles R. Woods, Miss S. E. Weaver, Miss Ida Dittenbacher, Miss Florence Weaver, Rev. D. F. Garland, Rev. B. W. Kindley, Rev. G. W. Bangham, George H. Birnie, Charles Sittig, H. C. Sperbeck, Dr. J. Weaver and Jesse P. Garner, as participants.

County Road Supervisors.

The county commissioners have appointed road supervisors for the ensuing year, as follows: Taneytown—Tobias H. Eckenrode, Hezekiah Bahn, William Keiser. Uniontown—Emanuel Fisher, Henry Sell, Leonard Zile. Westminster—Nelson Kooztz of J. William E. Warehime, Levi J. Motter. Woolerys—James W. Taylor, Francis E. Schneider, George A. Barnes. Frederick—John H. Brown, C. W. Allen, Columbus V. Conaway. Manchester—Isaiah Blocher, Peter Heifric, Samuel Smith. Westminister—Levi Black, John W. Holmes, Theodore C. Stoner. Hampstead—D. D. Ruby, Peter Bushman, Amos Arnaeoc. Franklin—Thomas J. Gunn, William F. Bowers, James V. Criswell. Middleburg—John C. Humbert, Reuben A. Stonerifer, Jacob S. Gladhill. New Windsor—Isaac Kirk, William H. Frownfelter, Gustavus Barnes. Union Bridge—Jacob Steiner, William O. Hoffman, Granville S. Haines. The first two named are democrats, and the last, a republican. The question has arisen as to whether the democratic party is the "dominant" party in the county, the law giving such party majority representation. The county having gone republican at the last two elections, in the judgment of many, entitles the republicans to the benefit of the title "dominant" and the majority of the supervisors.

Linwood Drop Letter.

(For the RECORD.) Your correspondent from our usually quiet little village, neglected, in the items in your last issue, to mention an object of wonderful attraction, that has been exciting the most intense interest and amazement amongst a large portion of our citizens. In some way the information has been disseminated throughout this and surrounding neighborhoods, that the enterprising and inventive people of Pittsburgh, have, for some time past, been sending, high into the air, an electric signal light of huge dimensions, for the purpose of ascertaining to how great a distance it would be visible. On every cloudless night the eyes of the curious are directed westward, and in wonder and admiration they gaze intently on the bright light that never fails to reward their expectation. With untiring zeal they follow it in its slowly descending course until at last with a long pull and a strong pull and a pull all together, it is suddenly yanked down out of sight beyond the lofty tree tops of the intervening Blue Ridge. It may be unkind to interfere with the enjoyment experienced in this delusion, but when we reflect that the beautiful planet Venus, that is now innocently playing so successful a ruse, is not a new thing at all, but at the proper seasons has been seen in a similar position and with as great brilliancy since the creation of the world, we find consolation in the fact that it will always continue to do so, and an opportunity be given to view its gorgeous beauty every year throughout all time to come.

INTERPRETER.

Compulsory Education bill was passed in the Indiana legislature on Saturday. It applies to children from eight to fourteen years of age, and permits additional tax levies by local boards to meet its provisions, and establish parental homes for incorrigible children, if necessary.

UNITED BRETHREN MEET.

The 108th. Annual Session of the Pennsylvania Conference.

The 108th. annual session of the Pennsylvania conference of the U. B. church began in Salem church, Baltimore, last Wednesday (Mar. 3) and continued until Friday of this week. The reports of the presiding elders showed satisfactory conditions both as to finances and membership. Rev. J. R. Hutchinson was elected secretary for the two first terms. The territory included in the conference is Baltimore city and county and Carroll county, Md., and York, Adams, Chambers, and Frederick and Perry counties, Pa. The presiding elders are Revs. Drs. C. A. Butner, of York, Pa., and J. P. Anthony, of Chambersburg, Pa. The session was largely taken up with presenting statistical reports and the needs of several stations and circuits. The committee on literary reports favorably on several candidates. Very little business was transacted during the day on account of many of the delegates being absent at the inauguration.

After devotional exercises on Friday morning, Rev. Drs. J. P. Anthony and C. A. Butner were re-elected elders for the Baltimore and Chambersburg districts for the fourth consecutive year. Only one ballot was cast, each receiving more than three-fourths of the vote. Rev. Dr. E. B. Biesman, president of Lebanon Valley College, addressed the conference, and Rev. J. B. Hall, of the Southern Methodist Church, also spoke. Examinations into the moral and official character of the members were continued and all passed. The roll of the members and lists were corrected and the report of Rev. Joseph Dougherty, of the committee on Sunday schools, was read and approved.

The afternoon session was taken up with the report of Rev. W. L. Bell, general missionary secretary, Dayton, Ohio, on foreign missions. He spoke of the work in Africa, China and Japan, after which a memorial service was held in memory of Rev. J. B. Weidner, formerly of Waynesboro, Pa., a member of the conference, who died in Africa, and Rev. E. B. Biesman, president of Lebanon Valley College, addressed the conference, and Rev. J. B. Hall, of the Southern Methodist Church, also spoke.

The reports on the benevolent work, the church erection and the Home Church extension societies, were adopted without discussion. The report on the General Conference expense fund showed a deficit of \$19, which is to be debated as to whether the Pennsylvania Conference had not paid more toward the expenses of the delegates than any other conference. Bishop Holt, after explaining how the assessments were made so each would bear a proportionate expense, stated that he felt sure the various districts that were being assessed would contribute.

Rev. C. A. Butner introduced a resolution condemning the "loose custom of allowing the licentiate to officiate at the ordination of ministers as an elder." Rev. C. T. Starn explained that the adoption of the resolution would be of justice to many of the residents of rural districts, where licensed ministers could not be obtained at all times. Bishop Holt and Dr. Dickson agreed with Dr. Starn, Bishop Holt stating that even in the city of Baltimore, which he has always regarded as being conservative, the privilege of administering the sacrament of baptism is given to laymen in cases of great necessity, and that the General Conference might give the presiding elders the power to delegate any unordained minister whom they thought worthy to preach the gospel, the authority to administer the Lord's Supper and to baptize.

The conference closed on Monday, the 11th, near Hagerstown, Md. The session of 1897, which was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Rhodes, in Freedom Township, Pa., on Thursday, March 4th, the contracting parties being their eldest daughter, Laura B., and Howard W. Shriner. Promptly at 11:30, the bridal party entered the parlor, preceded by the ushers, Mr. Edgar W. Shriner, brother of the groom, and Mr. Walter Harner, uncle of the bride, where they were met by the pastor of the bride, Rev. W. C. Shulenberger, who tied the nuptial knot. The bride was beautifully attired in a suit of cream Laidowns with gloves and slippers to match; the groom wore the conventional black, with white tie. The bride received many useful and beautiful presents.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. John J. Rhodes, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob C. Shriner, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Moritz, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Rhodes, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Hoshell, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis E. Krise, Mrs. W. A. Harner, Mrs. S. W. Clark, Misses Mary A. Heagy, Katie Nunamaker, Myrtle and Bessie Shriner, Belle and Katie Rhodes, Lethia Hess, Carrie and Maggie Bell, Fannie and Sallie Krise, Amanda Cook, Nettie Moritz and May Rhoads; Messrs Walter I. Harner, Edgar and Ernest Shriner, George Frainley, P. G. King, and Walter J. Rhodes.

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SAN DIEGO, CAL.

How Washington's Birthday was celebrated on the other Coast.

It might interest some of the RECORD's readers to know how Washington's Birthday was observed here. The flagship Philadelphia, Monitor Monterey and Monadnock gunboat Marion and fish commission steamer, Albattross, together with the British man-of-war Comus, lay at anchor in the Bay. All fired a salute of 21 guns in honor of the day. Soon after the luncheon hour, men in fine uniforms were numerous on the streets, and they hurried around among the thousands of spectators as though they were preparing for a real war, and an occasional blast from a bugle gave the scene the finishing touch. Everybody was patriotic and celebrated in the breeze from many a staff, and big and little banners appeared in windows all over the city. No Fourth of July here has shown more evidence of true patriotism than was apparent today.

The crowds that packed the sidewalks and streets of the central portion of the city have not been equalled for months. The people began coming early, and the best points from which to view the parade were taken early. And throughout all the pushing and surging throngs were the factors of souvenirs "Ere's yer Tribby heart only ten cents," and "Ere's yer admiral's ten cents, blue and white, ladies, only ten cents. Remember the father of your country, gent's." The souvenirs sold well and many wore the tinsel on the lapels of their coats, and enjoyed themselves hugely.

The great number of strangers on the streets was a subject of comment to San Diegan's; all seemed in a good humor, for the threatening weather of the previous two days had cleared and the day was fine. The parade started at 2 p. m., and was composed of the officers, soldiers and sailors from the cruisers, led by the fine band of the Philadelphia, in brilliant red coats and helmets; the members of the naval battalion and company B, followed. Heintzelman Post G. A. K., commander A. F. Stone, followed, and the 50 older veterans stepped along briskly.

On the plaza the sailors and marines went through the various maneuvers of battalion drill, with physical exercise to the tune of "Daisy" and "Two little girls in Blue." The drilling was unexpected and was greeted with hearty applause; the utmost good order prevailed despite the jam. It was expected that the officers and men from the Comus would march in the parade, but at the last moment a telegram was received saying the admiralty will not permit the landing of an armed party in time of peace.

At eight the carnival was on the bay, and the white squaddies with their numberless lights added glory to the carnival. The flagship band struck up "Star Spangled Banner," and a chorus of a hundred voices on a barge caught up the refrain. Music, song, and merry shouts were heard; long lines of decorated boats, yachts, sloops, and catboats swept into view, led by tugs and launches. A gun boomed out, the procession was in motion, the carnival was on in all its glory, rockets shot up, red lights flashed, searchlights shot their weird eyes here and there, and the bay flashed with light and color.

In the height of the merry tumult, the Siren shrieked a salute to the revellers, the siren drowned all other noises and soon the Siren shrieked on all the cruisers, which was awful; it was a fitting exposition of the uses of a ship of war, a cruel slaughtering business after all, with a little by-play of carnival lights and gaudy to divert attention from the true reason of its being. The goddess of the carnival and her attendants occupied a beautifully decorated barge. The Comus outdid herself in a fireworks display; the British boys were heartily cheered for their enthusiasm, they made their ship a vast rainbow of light. Taken altogether it was a memorable night to be added to San Diego's pleasant history. The carnival ended with a grand ball on Thursday evening.

J. C. ECKENRODE.

Shriver—Rhodes.

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Correspondence.

An account of a party purporting to have been held at Ezra Caylor's, near Uniontown, on Tuesday evening of last week, cannot be used because it was unsigned.—Ed.

Uniontown.

The Grand Lodge of I. O. M. of Maryland, will convene here March 15th., quite a large number of delegates and visitors are expected to be present.

The Carroll Co., Savings Bank, of Uniontown, elected the following directors for the ensuing year, on Saturday last: Dr. J. J. Weaver, Messrs Daniel S. Diehl, David Stoner, E. G. Gilbert, J. Hamilton Singer, Jesse P. Garner, Davis Myers, D. Fred. Englar, Emanuel Formwalt and Wm. B. Zollicoffer. At the same time the following officers were chosen, Pres. Dr. J. J. Weaver; Cashier, E. G. Gilbert; Secretary, J. Hamilton Singer; assistant secretary, Jesse P. Garner.

Dr. and Mrs. Luther Kemp attended the funeral of Mr. Granville Hering, at Sandy Mount, on Sunday.

Mr. Harry Mitten and mother of Wakefield, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Slonaker, Mrs. Mitten's parents.

Messrs E. Lee and Harvey Erb, have purchased the old Tanery (Hoffman) and will improve it with some new machinery. They propose having a saw, chopping and cider mill.

Mr. John E. Heck, one of our citizens, has opened an agricultural repository in the coach building of the late J. T. H. Davis. Both enterprises have our best wishes for success.

There will be a C. E. Rally here, March 21st. The morning and afternoon services will be held in the Lutheran church and at night in the M. P. church. A number of prominent C. E. workers will address the meeting.

Mr. Harry H. Harbaugh and family, of Westminster, spent several days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Harbaugh, during the week.

Mr. Moses Hollenberry, an aged and highly respected citizen of Bark Hill, who has been quite ill, is now convalescent.

Mrs. Eva Eckard, nee Fleagle, of Taneytown, has been visiting friends in town this week.

Emmitsburg.

Died, on Saturday morning, at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. Jeremiah Favorite, Mrs. Crouse, widow of the late John Crouse; her funeral took place Monday morning from the M. P. church. Rev. W. C. B. Shulenberger officiating.

Rev. W. C. B. Shulenberger is suffering from an attack of grippe.

Miss Ann Catharine Troxell, formerly a resident of our town, but recently of Lock Haven, Pa., died at the home of her brother, Felix J. Troxell, in Philadelphia, March 6th. Her remains were brought here on Monday last, for interment beside her parents according to her desire. She was a lady widely known in the Lutheran church for her liberality and devotion to it. Two years ago she was stricken with paralysis at Emporium, Pa., where she was attending a wedding, from which she never recovered. She leaves many friends to sympathize with the bereaved family. The funeral service took place in the Lutheran church and was conducted by Rev. Charles Reinwald.

Toms Creek.

Mr. Chas. Stansbury and sister Mattie, and Miss Maud Maxwell, attended the M. E. Conference at Baltimore last week.

Mr. N. C. Stansbury had the misfortune to lose a valuable driving horse last Saturday, the balance of his horses have been sick for some time, but at this time are about well.

Mr. D. O. Bohn, wife and sister May, of near Johnsview, spent Saturday and Sunday with their uncle, M. F. Saylor.

Mrs. Sophia Saylor has returned home from Johnsview, where she has been spending the winter with relatives.

On last Saturday Reuben Whitmore, of near Rocky Ridge, was taken by Sheriff McBride to Frederick, where a jury adjudged him incapable of caring for himself and property, and he was committed to Montevue Hospital. Whitmore was a very eccentric gentleman living in a hut in the woods alone, walking around clothed in rags, with a bed quilt around him in summer, and winter, with long hair platted and tied up with tar rope, and according to his own evidence never changing his clothes or washing himself. He was often offered clothes but always refused to take them. He claims to have invented perpetual motion, and says that he was offered one million dollars for it, but refused it, because the party wanted it on six months time.

Your Pleasant Valley correspondent says that McKinley was made ruler of the nation by confidence, and wants to know where confidence has gone. I suppose it has gone where that \$1.25 wheat has gone that they promised us four years ago just before Cleveland was elected, which was never realized. The nearest it ever got to that point was since the election of McKinley; just wait a while, and you will see that it is not so far off.

I am glad to see that your McKinstry's correspondent has come to life again.

Double Pipe Creek.

On last Saturday, Mr. George P. Buckey, Jr., of Union Bridge, and Mr. Nieling of Springfield, Ohio, were the guests of Mr. Samuel Wright.

Last Sunday Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Weant and son, Edward O., and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Barwick, attended the funeral of Mr. Granville T. Hering, at Sandy Mount M. P. church. Mr. Hering was about sixty-eight years of age; about fifty years ago he lived with his father at Joel Myers' mill. He married Mr. L. F. Miller's sister, and purchased the John Powder farm near Sandy Mount, where he resided at the time of his death.

Mr. Peter L. Ritter was well pleased with the sale of his stock and farming utensils, which went considerably beyond his estimated figures. Horses brought from \$30 to \$75.

Considerable hay and corn is being hauled to our depot at this time, and Oh! the corn is 22 cents per bushel. If farmers are compelled to market their corn at those figures, no one need ask why their expenses are not met, by summing up their year's labor.

Miss Mary R. Weybright has been ill with lagrippe this week, and has not been able to attend school.

Mrs. Lydia A. Fogle, who has been ill with the neuralgia of the breast and shoulder for over two weeks, is now improving again.

Miss Jennie Weybright is spending the week with her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Weybright.

Pleasant Valley.

Well! Well! Nothing but mud and lagrippe are talked about any more down here; lagrippe certainly has been great in our community of late; we think it no respecter of family; for it has paid a visit to one and all, and the physicians say to some families it will not be a brief one, for it has gripped them and firmly too. They have our sympathy.

Mr. John Utermahlen, who had been confined to the house several days with grippe, is at this writing able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. William Myers, of this place, have two very sick children at this writing.

Mr. Charles Devillbis, of Baltimore, paid a brief visit to his sick mother, of this place.

R. H. Bankert of this place, who has been sick with grippe several days, is better at present writing; he contemplates taking a trip to York Co., Pa., in the near future, and anticipates a good time; we feel sure he will go, as the Pennsylvania people are noted for their general hospitality.

Mr. Sherr a merchant of this place, is leaving our town soon; our best wishes go with him.

Mr. Filmore M. Bankert, of this place, spent several days in Baltimore last week, in behalf of the K. of P. lodge; he returned home much elated over the results of the trip.

Mrs. Upton Myers, of this place, who has been in Washington on the 4th. of March, at inauguration, returned home much enthused over the trip.

Calvin

The Carroll Record.

A Weekly Newspaper.
INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT TANEY TOWN, MD., BY THE CARROLL RECORD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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CORRESPONDENTS must avoid personal reflections, of a non-official character, and only make statements which can be easily verified. All communications must be signed by the writer's own name, otherwise they cannot be used.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will be continued, as a rule, after the time for which the paper has been paid, has expired. Subscribers who wish to discontinue should notify us, and their Postmaster to do so. The label on their copy contains date to which the subscription has been paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS and contributions for the inside of the paper should be handed in by Tuesday evening to be guaranteed insertion.

ENTERED AT TANEY TOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

SATURDAY, MARCH 13th., 1897.

McKinley on Immigration.

The excellent inaugural address of President McKinley contained no more patriotic utterance than the portion referring to naturalization and immigration, and the natural deduction from it, is, that he will not, like his predecessor, veto a bill drawn in the interest of securing a higher degree of intelligence in the foreign population so steadily pouring into this country. The section of the address is as follows:

"Our naturalization and immigration laws should be further improved, to the constant promotion of a safer, a better and a higher citizenship. A grave peril to the republic would be a citizenship too ignorant to understand or too vicious to appreciate, the great value and beneficence of our institutions and laws—and against all who come here to make war upon them our gates must be promptly and tightly closed. Nor must we be unmindful of the need of improvement among our own citizens, but with the zeal of our forefathers encourage the spread of knowledge and free education. Illiteracy must be banished from the land, if we shall attain that high destiny as the foremost of the enlightened nations of the world, which, under Providence, we ought to achieve."

It is probable that even our best laws contain minor features which are objectionable, for the reason that perfection is not attained through even the most enlightened human agency. The recent immigration bill was not an exception to this law, but it was decidedly more good than bad, and that it was demanded by the people was clearly demonstrated by the fact of its passage by the House over the Presidential veto.

Another effort should be made in its behalf, if not at the special, at the next regular session of Congress. This country not only needs financial relief directly, but indirectly, such as a reduction of the influx of illiterate foreigners—imported American citizens—would give. This country has all that it can do, and to assimilate those here now, without great injury to honest and worthy citizens.

THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Our Special Contributor makes an eloquent plea for the Cause of the Insurgents.

There is no question, recently presented to the American people, which has awakened more wide-spread interest, or intense feeling, than that of Cuban independence. Its proximity to our shores, its value commercially, and the important relationship it may sustain to our national prosperity, in the future, all combine to render the present conflict in Cuba one of great moment.

The principle involved is one which must of necessity enlist the sympathy and arouse the enthusiasm of the masses in our own country, who, by both precept and example have been taught to revere the yearning for personal freedom as the distinguishing mark of intellectual manhood. Whenever and wherever the determination manifests itself to throw off the yoke of political despotism, there inevitably centers the interest of America's millions, and as the fortunes of the oppressed wax and wane so fluctuates the hopes and fears of the spectators, whose prayers bespeak the aid of Divine Providence to hasten the downfall of error and superstition and plant the standard of release from political serfdom wherever mankind struggles for something higher and nobler.

As to what attitude the United States shall assume relative to the issues involved, is a subject concerning which a wide divergence of opinion is entertained among the leaders of the Republic. Those who have cautioned a conservative course of action in the premises may not be deserving of a sweeping charge of a lack of sympathy or admiration for the objects for which the Cubans are battling, but it would seem that a people who are so near to us geographically and whose animating impulse is the spirit fostered by our free institutions, should at least be granted the recognition to their heroic struggles and successful military campaigns seem to entitle them, and in determining this question the disproportion existing between the forces of the invaders and the army of the natives of the "Queen of the Antilles," as well as the genius of those who are responsible for the conduct of the campaigns, should be given full credit.

The barbarities which have characterized Spain's infamous attempts to coerce the Cubans to submit to its tyrannical rule have shocked all Christendom, and place the general-

issimo of the Spanish forces in the same category as the Sultan of Turkey, or any other monster whose deeds have stained the pages of history with dastardly violence, in violation of the laws of civilization and decency, and the government countenancing and sustaining such methods of so-called warfare should be held up, the object of the contempt and condemnation of all mankind.

Unceasing atrocities, each seeming more degraded and savage than the preceding, have followed in quick succession, and scarcely has the world recovered from the thrill of horror occasioned by their recital, ere some new deed of cruelty shocks the sensibilities and chills the blood. In the opinion of the majority of our citizens the time has arrived when a stop should be put to these infamous, and a reign of law and order established which shall make their repetition impossible. How this may best be arrived at is the consideration demanding attention. Precipitate and ill-considered action which would place us in a position which we could not consistently defend should be most carefully guarded against, but to quietly ignore an offence against the rights of American citizenship such as the murder of Dr. Ruiz, and the imprisonment of Messrs. Scott, Seyvil and Sanguilly, will arouse a popular indignation which will hold responsible any administration guilty of dereliction of duty in this particular.

A violation of the rights of the humblest individual claiming the protection of the Stars and Stripes, by any nation should be met by a demand for reparation instantly, and the more fastidious we are in defending our national honor on any and all occasions, the less frequently will these occasions arise, and the more highly respected will be our national standard.

In a telegram dated at Pittsburg, February 27th., Murat Halstead, the veteran journalist, is credited with expressing the sentiment that in the course of manifest destiny Cuba was bound to come to us, and all we had to do was to wait. This seems to be the naturally anticipated outcome of the present crisis, but that does not prevent us from extending the struggling Cubans all the assistance in our power, without violating international law, and to hasten the close of a conflict which has degenerated into a warfare of extermination and want, or destruction of life and property.

The eyes of the world are upon us, and our course of action is being closely scanned by the monarchies of Europe who would fain possess themselves of so fair a heritage as the island of Cuba, whose wealth producing capabilities are something enormous. The islands lying so close to our Atlantic seaboard are of more than ordinary importance to us, and while it has never been the policy of the United States to acquire territory for the purpose of national aggrandizement, yet a regard for the future and its responsibilities demand that we adopt all safeguards within our power to strengthen and interpose ourselves, and reduce to the minimum the dangers of foreign interference.

The protecting of both our Atlantic and Pacific coasts is at present engaging the attention of Congress, and steps are being taken looking to the accomplishment of the task of making our seacoast line as impregnable as possible. Whether or not that can best be done, so far as Cuba is concerned, by establishing a protectorate or by annexation, the future must determine, but let us, in the meantime, extend to Cuba our sympathy and aid in every way possible, and hasten the day when Spain shall cease to rule and ruin, and Antonio Maceo, if he really be dead, and those others who have fallen in defence of their native land shall then not have died in vain.

Cuba, ill-fated as thou seemest at present, thy star shall shortly, in the ascending, ride the zenith! From the tombs of thy patriot dead come the fragrant memory of their heroic deeds, to nerve the arm of the living and animate their souls, imbuing them with the loftiest sentiments, and as "though dead they yet speak," and have written their names immortally on the scroll of those who died for their fellow-men.

The sympathies of the race are with thee and prayers constantly ascend Heavenward that thou mayest win thine independence in spite of all opposing elements and take thy place among the Nations, free from all oppression and tyranny, and thy fertile vales and dewy meads blossom as the rose of Sharon, for the sustenance of thy sons, and the glory of victory which thou shalt most surely achieve!

KIRK.
Too much Lawmaking.
The following article from G. H. Kuhns, Secretary to the Attorney General of the state of Michigan, while specially referring to the existing condition in that state, contains numerous thoughts on the subject of lawmaking of a general character and application, quite worthy of consideration.

"It being an admitted fact that the people as a whole are giving more thought and personal consideration to the methods of lawmaking than formerly, and thinking that it might be interesting, if not instructive, to the many readers of the Record, to read a synopsis of the Michigan legislature of '97 is doing, I have concluded to write you a letter for publication subject to your discretion. If there is anything in it of interest sufficient to utilize in your excellent paper, well and good.

The fifty-day limit for the introduction of bills terminated on the 24th, just, thus leaving the legislature in about the midst of its biennial grind, with 1,773 bills introduced, being the largest number ever submitted during a session. At this instance Congress is about closing up business. It would seem seasonable and in order, to call attention to an evil of serious proportions. There is truth underlying the apothegm that the best government is the one which is governed the least.

We certainly have too many laws, and a large proportion of them are 'dead letters.' To multiply laws and then fail to enforce them, discredit the laws and increase social disorder. When laws are defied—even good and necessary laws—the most sacred obligations of good government are brought into contempt.

No law should be passed, except for the very best reasons. Base it upon the indispensable principle of justice and public safety, and then enforce it rigidly and impartially. General Grant was right when he said the best way to secure the repeal of a bad law was to strictly apply it. Its effects would be so obviously objectionable that popular sentiment would demand its abrogation. But such a law multiplied many times as the tendency shows in our legislature) must cause confusion, laxity and popular disregard of statutory requirements, hence the mischief of over legislation.

The statute-books are enumerated by non-operative provisions. Not long since Governor Pingree offered any of the law students of the university of Michigan a prize of \$25 who would, after careful research, prepare the largest list of obsolete laws on the statute books of Michigan. The object of the Governor being to call the legislature's attention to the laws that have never been enforced, or laws without any penalty clause, furnishing in the aggregate of three hundred such laws. During the sessions of the 54th. congress, which has just terminated, there was introduced not less than 10,300 bills. Of this number less than 500 have been passed, and it is no doubt true that the proportion could have been still smaller with material advantage to the country. I am fully justified in saying the same for Michigan: and the feeling of the active citizens is that we should have fewer laws, which, if enforced in letter and spirit, would be infinitely better than bulky volumes of statutes which, in effect are so much waste paper.

Our legislature has covered nearly everything under the sun, in the 1,773 bills aforesaid. The people of Michigan are concurred with the demands of many other enterprising states, and are demanding shorter sessions, and are cognizant of the fact that every law library is an object lesson in too much legislation; that many laws are being piled up only to have them defied and broken, thereby constituting a source of peril that must be abolished if we would have conditions essential to the preservation of our republican institutions. No question is more deserving of earnest and statesmanlike attention, and men of experience and ability in our legislative bodies, national, state and local, could have no more opportune for insisting upon reform in practices most unseemly and injurious.

I regret to have to say that our legislature has quite overlooked the voluminous duties before it, during the past two days, and has been wrangling over the question of attending the Inaugural of President McKinley on the 4th. of March. Many members publicly declare that they are eager to go, but will not attend unless the railroad companies furnish free transportation. It is a shame that any legislature should be composed of a large number of members who delight in defying the interests of our state, the sentiment of our best citizens, in stating that it is very bad politics, to say the least.

He preaches the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man; divine love instead of divine hate; infinite compassion instead of infinite remorselessness.

Theological discussions are profitless in the man, and add nothing to one's spiritual nature. Not only that, they are harmful to the weaker brother, who is groping for light, and is dazzled by false ones, that lead him into paths so labyrinthine that he may never be able to emerge therefrom.

If we truly desire the word of God, let us take it from the lips of the Christ upon whom was His most precious seal of supreme love. Even the most disputatious infidel must confess that living in Christ will make the world purer and better than aught else can be devised.—*Sunday N. Y. Advertiser.*

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness results. It is not a permanent condition, and when it is treated by our method, hearing will be restored to its normal condition, and you will be cured forever.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

To create a board of commissioners for the purpose of securing for use in common and primary schools a uniform series of text-books.
To tax sleeping cars.
To tax express companies, also a more wholesome tax upon railroads.
To regulate the manufacture and sale of cigars. This bill is very much like the law now in force in your state, as I am informed.

There are two or more anti-trust bills awaiting action. They have been drawn very much after the laws of Georgia and Illinois. It is rather doubtful if an anti-trust bill can be passed this session.

There are many other matters about which I might write, but I have already passed the mark of reasonable length.
Yours very truly,
G. H. KUHN.

One Minute is all the time necessary to decide from personal experience that One Minute Cough Cure does what its name implies. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Torturing, itching, scaly skin eruptions, burns and scalds are soothed at once and promptly healed by Dr. Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, the best known cure for piles. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

The Word of God.
A great deal of discussion is going on at the present time, and in lay as well as in clerical circles, as to the inspiration and the infallibility of the Bible. The exact benefit of this discussion can hardly be appreciated by thoughtful people. The prepara-

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tion here in this life for a place of peace and happiness in the great hereafter does not depend upon a belief in the Jonah and the whale story or upon any other of the vexed problems that are now being debated.

It must be stated, however, that the arguments used in seeking to demolish the inspiration and truth of the Scriptures are ridiculous in the extreme. If we believe in a Supreme Being we must believe that all things are possible with Him, the very word "supreme" in this connection meaning absolute, infinite power. Therefore, what seems miraculous to our finite senses is simply the common, every day action of a power that controls all, and than which there is no higher power. A Supreme Power can certainly antagonize what we are pleased to call natural laws, and to it what we consider impossibilities are the plainest of all possibilities.

But it is the word of God that is mainly the heart of all these controversies, and what is the word of God seems to offer a very unnecessary burden to a great many good people. Some people may believe that the Bible is inspired, others that inspiration is comprised therein. Some may believe in its infallibility, while others regard it as fallible because the writers of some of its great truths were, perhaps too often, swayed by their surroundings and may perhaps have unwittingly made a wrong interpretation.

Some may believe that it is the word of God, others that it merely contains the word of God buried in a great deal of unnecessary, extraneous matter, but shining like a glorious jewel when brought to the surface by calm and patient thought.

Be that as it may, be either proposition correct, or in some degree all, the discussion is not altogether a wise and fruitful one. If we are anxious to find the word of God, the truth beyond all shadow of doubt and clear of any mist and darkness, why not take it as it comes direct from the lips of His only begotten Son? Why not leave the dusty traditions and moldy creeds, the disputatious works of prophets and the contradictions of various characters, and go direct to the fountainhead of all that makes Christianity sweet and wholesome for human needs?

He preaches the Gospel of humanity, that is so distasteful to man, and still is the only true faith in which men can live in Christ and become joint heirs of the kingdom.

He preaches the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man; divine love instead of divine hate; infinite compassion instead of infinite remorselessness.

Theological discussions are profitless in the man, and add nothing to one's spiritual nature. Not only that, they are harmful to the weaker brother, who is groping for light, and is dazzled by false ones, that lead him into paths so labyrinthine that he may never be able to emerge therefrom.

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J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE DELIGHT OF THE HOUSEWIFE

is in dainty China and Glass, and there is no reason why every table should not be furnished with pretty dishes. They make the plainest dinner taste better, the sugar sweeter, and the butter look more golden.

We have all Sorts of Dishes. Decorated and plain White—odd pieces or full sets. We call special attention to our New Shape Best White Granite Ware.

You can buy a Dinner Set of as many pieces as you want to—it can be for six or a dozen persons—it can have a Soup Tureen or not, as you prefer, and the price will suit you.

The following are Closing Prices on odd pieces in White Granite and Common White Ware.

- 16 inch Meat Plate, 19c. former price, 40c.
- Extra size Meat Plate, 39c. former price 85c.
- Covered Vegetable Dishes, 39c. former price, 65c.
- 11 inch Bakers, 9c; formerly 20c
- 10 inch Dinner Plate, 4c; former price, 10c.
- Pickle Dish, (Johnson's best) 7c; former price, 15c.
- 14 inch Large Yellow Bowl, 25c; former price, 60c.
- 10 piece Decorated Toilet Set, \$1.99; former price, \$3.00.

Women's Shoes, \$1.00.

We've gone through our stock of Ladies' Shoes, and picked out all the out-of-date shoes we could find—the old stock pairs. They are most all plain toes, and running in sizes 23, 3, 3 1/2, 4, 6, and 7. Some are marked \$1.75, \$2.00, and up to \$3.00, but if you're not particular about the style, and your size is in the lot you can take your choice for \$1.00.

Youths' Rubber Boots,

Sizes 8 to 10; special price 79c. Regular price \$1.25.

Boys' Rubber Boots,

Sizes 11 to 13, 99c; regular \$1.50.

F. M. YOUNT,
Taneytown, Md.

A Heap of Odd Pieces

of China and Glassware AT ODDER PRICES.

If you want something in this line, and cannot decide just what it is, take a look at these odds and ends which we are letting go at the kind of prices you like. We want to close them out, and our prices for March are lower than we ever made before.

ROBERT S. MCKINNEY,

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, &c.
TANEYTOWN, MD.

GENTS' Gold Filled Watch,

Warranted, Only \$9.00.

Gents' Nickel Watch,

with Chain, complete only \$2.50.

Have you seen them yet?
H. E. SLAGENHAUP,
Taneytown, Md. JEWELER

N. B. HAGAN,

NEAR THE SQUARE,
sells Choice Confectioneries, Groceries, Notions, FRESH OYSTERS served in any style; also by the gallon.

Remember that I still give a beautiful piece of Glassware with every pound of Java Blend Coffee only 15c.

Nice Loose Roasted Coffee only 15c a pound. 4 pounds of good Prunes for 25c. Something new for a nice breakfast dish is Wheatite; I have it; also Rolled Oats, Best Water White Oat only 12c. White and Yellow Honey, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, all the leading brands of Flour; Cranberries, Sweet Potatoes, Atmore's Mince Meat, and Plum Pudding. Sugar Syrup, 20, 30 and 40 cents a gallon. Pure Virginia Honey, 25c a box. Imperial Green Tea, only 30c a pound; old line of canned goods at bottom prices. Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Crackers and Pretzels.

We are now prepared to serve our customers with ICE CREAM in any quantity at short notice. Come and see us and be convinced that our prices are lower than elsewhere.

Closing Out CASH SALE!

ONLY A FEW MORE DAYS

and then WE CLOSE!

Get a move on, if you want any more Hardware at or Below Cost.

Time is short, and the 15th. of March will be here before you think.

We have for sale, One Large Tin Wagon, One Spring Wagon, One Top Buggy. Call and See them.

All persons having Book Accounts due me will please call and settle on or before April 1st., 1897; either by cash or by note.

McC. Davidson,

Taneytown, Md.

CARRIAGES BUGGIES

Daytons, Phaetons, and everything in this line. Factory work will also be kept on hand, and it shall be my aim to supply the demand for all classes of work.

All Work Guaranteed.

Special attention given to Repairing.

James H. Reindollar,

TANEYTOWN, MD.
Shop back of Lutheran church.
5-18-17

THEY MUST GO!

If you won't give me my price, come and let me hear your price for the rest of the

5A BLANKETS,

and Plush Robes.

I have left, and I am certain you will leave with one of the choicest blankets in the country. If you want a blanket cheap, don't forget to come and see me before purchasing for I will sell.

S. C. REAVER,

Near railroad. Taneytown, Md.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscribers having obtained from the Orphan's Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the Estate of

JOSEPH SHARRER,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscribers on or before the 20th. day of August, 1897, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under our hands this 20th. day of February, 1897.

JOSEPH L. SHARRER, J. ERNEST SHARRER, Executors.

Feb 20-4

Pine Hill Roller Mills!

Having remodeled my mill with the Gyration system of bolting flour, I desire to inform the public that I am now ready to serve them with flour, and guarantee satisfaction, and will give any person the flour from his own wheat at exchanging rates, provided it is not less than 30 bushels. I will also sell Chop at \$1.00 per ton, which I am prepared to sell at all times. Thanking you for past patronage, and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Yours Respectfully,
ANDREW STONESIEFER,
Harney, Md.

JAS. W. TROXELL,

SURVEYOR.

Surveys and Calculations carefully made.
PLATS NEATLY EXECUTED.
35 years practical experience.
Address, ENMITSBURG, MD

Start Right!

To do so, you must take the road that leads to Taneytown.

Reindollar, Hess & Co. have just opened up a NEW LOT of

CHEAP GOODS.

Come and get some of them before they are all gone. We note prices of a few of our Goods: Appleton A Muslin, 62c; the Best Prints, 5 to 6c; Red Table Linen, (the best you have ever seen for the money) 18c; 6-4 Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings—good—for 18c; beautiful Plaid Dress Goods, from 8 to 12c, per yard; Black and Colored Dress Goods, the CHEAPEST you have ever seen. Come and see for yourself!

You will not be Disappointed.

Beautiful Lace Curtains, 40c; Window Shades (spring roller) 12c; a nice line of Ingrain Carpets, at from 18 to 50c, per yard. Best Table Oil Cloths at 15c.

Everything we offer to the trade will correspond with above named prices. If you would save money come to

Reindollar Hess & Co's.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

LOOK OUT!

FOR

D. W. GARNER'S

Queensware Ad.

McC. Davidson,

Taneytown, Md.

Littlestown Carriage Works,

Next Issue.

S. D. MEHRING,

MANUFACTURER OF FINE CARRIAGES and Buggies.

THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

Does a General Banking Business. Loans Money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes. Collections and remittances promptly made.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

HENRY GALT, Treas.
W. W. CRAPSTER Pres.

NOTICE!

I hereby inform my patrons and the public generally that I intend to retire from the Butchering business on April 1st., and desire all persons indebted to me to settle their accounts on or before that time, either by cash or by note.

Edward Kemper.

G. W. DEMMITT,

DENTIST.

Taneytown, - - - Maryland

All persons in need of dental work should give me a call as I will save them money. Teeth extracted with little or no pain. The very best sets of teeth only \$10, and guaranteed for five years. Temporary sets at low prices. Filling and all kinds of dental work at bottom prices, and all work guaranteed. I will visit person within 12 miles without extra charge. Will be at Myer's store, Pleasant Valley, on the second Thursday of each month. Give me a trial.

G. W. DEMMITT, Dentist.
9-15-17

WANTED-AN IDEA

Who can think the way to patent? Protect your ideas! They may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize offer.

NEW STOVE HOUSE!

We hereby inform the public that we have opened a new Stove and Tinware Store, on Baltimore street, Taneytown, adjoining the Railroad, where we will keep constantly on hand an assortment of

All Kinds of Stoves.

Stove Repairs, Tinware of all kinds, Pumps and Pump Repairs, and everything in the line of business usually connected with Stoves and Tin Goods.

Pumps of all kinds at Lowest Possible Prices.

Furnaces and Fire Place Heaters erected and repaired.

Repair Work of all kinds at Lowest Prices.

H. S. KOONS & CO.,

Dec 19 6-3mo

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and both of the above papers to a limited number of subscribers, one year for

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or the RECORD one year, and the Advertiser six months, for

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Entered at the postoffice at Baltimore, Md. as second-class matter, April 13, 1894.

SPECIAL CLUB RATES.

The Twice-a-Week American, with any of the following named journals, will be sent one year, to separate addresses, if desired, at the price given in the first column of figures.

NAMES OF JOURNALS.	Club Regular Price.	Price.
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Harper's Weekly.....	3.00	3.25
Magazine.....	4	

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Court Officers.

[Jury terms held in Westminster, 2nd Monday in May and November; non-jury, 2nd Monday in February and August.]
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CLERK OF THE COURT—Benjamin F. Crouse.
CRIMINAL—Gershom Huff.
AUDITOR—J. J. Baumgartner.
Orphans' Court meets in the Court House in Westminster, every Monday and Tuesday, and daily during jury terms of Court.

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SHERIFF—J. Oliver Murray.

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COUNTY TREASURER—Alfred T. Buckingham.
SURVEYOR—William A. Roof.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION.—Howard F. Schaeffer, Charles H. Sapp, Charles V. Wantz.
Legislature.
SENATOR.—Dr. J. W. Hering.
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TANEYTOWN DIST.

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Town Officers.

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BALIIFF AND TAX COLLECTOR.—B. S. Miller.

Church Notices.

Presbyterian Church.—Church without pastor; regular services discontinued for the present. Notice will be given under the heading of Church Notices, of special services.
Prayer meeting 7 o'clock Tuesday evening; Christian Endeavor at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening.

United Brethren Church.—Regular services every Sunday at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday School at 9 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.
Rev. D. Frank Garland, Pastor.

Grace Reformed Church.—Services every Sunday at 10 o'clock, and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School 9 a. m., Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m.
Rev. A. Bateman, Pastor.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Mass 9:30 a. m. Vespers, 3:30 p. m., catechism, 3 p. m. every Sunday. On the first Sunday of each month, confessions after mass, concluding the services of the day. Rev. T. D. Meach, Pastor.

United Brethren Church.—Praying every Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Sunday school at 1:30. Harney charge, services at 10 a. m., and 7 p. m., alternately. Rev. T. Wagner, Pastor.

Societies.

Patriotic Order of Sons of America, Camp 5, Md. meets in Eckenrode's Hall, Thursday evenings, at 7 o'clock. George E. Koutz, President. L. D. Reid, Rec. Sec'y.
Carroll Conclave Heptasophs, meets on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of every month. W. E. Burke, Secretary.

The Campbell System.

The Campbell system of soil culture consists of a complete rearrangement and pulverizing of the top seven or eight inches of soil, turning it as nearly but upward as is possible. The plant food found at the end of each season very largely concentrated in the top four inches. This plant food must be plowed down into the bottom of a furrow seven or eight inches deep. From this depth it will be placed by the action of moisture just where the little feeders of the plants roots want it. Immediately after plowing the lower four inches of the furrow slice must be packed as firm as possible. After the deep plowing and subsurface packing the next step is to keep the upper two inches of the surface soil constantly dry. This forms a soft mulch or dust blanket, so as to cut off the moist earth below from the effects of the air. Water cannot pass through loose, dry soil by capillary attraction. Therefore the dust blanket protects the moisture in the root bed from evaporation and saves all the natural rainfall for the use of the plants. Strong capillary attraction is desired in the root bed, and therefore the root bed is packed. No capillary attraction is desired in the surface, and therefore the dust blanket is formed.—Exchange.

Picking up Knowledge

Is easy enough if you look for it in the right place. This is the right place to learn just what to do for that debilitating condition which Spring always brings. Do you want to be cured of that languid feeling, get back your appetite, sleep soundly, and feel like a new man?

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

will do it. It has done it for thousands. It has been doing it for 50 years. Try it. Send for the "Curebook," 100 pages free. J. C. Ayer Co. Lowell, Mass.

Home and Farm.

Original articles selected for this department on any subject relative to home comforts, whether of a social, decorative, culinary or general character. Also articles pertaining to agriculture, stock-raising, the dairy and other kindred topics. Contributions must be received not later than Monday evening to be guaranteed insertion in the same week. The Editor is not responsible for the opinions expressed by contributors. The use of the publication of their names in this department, as long as it is not used as a medium for the ventilation of personalities, or for the publication of articles of no general interest or benefit. All communications must be signed by the writer, or authorship acknowledged in separate note.

Vegetables for Fowls.

In winter, fowls should be supplied with something besides grain to keep them healthy and to encourage egg production. Nothing is better for this purpose than vegetables. The small, worthless potatoes may be made to bring more per bushel than those sent to market, simply by feeding them to the hens. For the breakfast of a flock of hens in cold weather hold a kettle of small potatoes, and when done mash them and stir thick with bran, adding a little salt and some cayenne pepper. Spread upon clean troughs or boards in the henhouse, not out of doors.

Beets and mangels are relished raw. Simply throw them in, and they will pick at them until all are gone. Cabbage should be fed whole. Hens will rarely try to eat the loose leaves. Corn is always relished by fowls, but something else is needful to attain the best results. Meat should be fed occasionally, and a bone cutter is a good investment. There are inferior animals upon almost every farm for which a good price might be realized by killing and feeding them to the hens. Especially is this true of late years, since live stock of all kinds has become so cheap.

The hen is capable of giving the farmer a greater profit upon the sun invested than any four-footed animal about the place. The cow is not to be compared with her in this respect, although probably ranking second. At prices the margin on butter is not good, while upon eggs it is. Eggs pay a good profit at any time of year, for the cost is really very slight, but in winter the margin is considerably more than in summer.—New York Tribune.

One Way to be Happy

Is at all times to attend to the comforts of your family. Should any one of them catch a slight Cold or Cough, prepare yourself and call at once on R. S. McKinnel, sole agent, and get a trial bottle of Otto's Cure, the great German Remedy, free. We give it away to prove that we have a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Large sizes 50c and 25c.

Assisting the Doctor.

While there is nothing more offensive to the intelligent physician than what may be called officious and undue anxiety to assist him in performing the duties of his calling, there is probably no one in the world who more keenly appreciates the service which a trained mind, eye and hand can render him. If the case is serious a short visit is scarcely sufficient to acquaint him with all of its details. Indeed, it often happens that the excitement of his coming procures an entire change in the patient's state, and when he is ready to make his customary examination the symptoms may indicate that which does not exist at all.

Suppose there were an attendant capable of taking the patient's temperature of pulse or of making on paper a note of the hour at which certain peculiarities were most clearly indicated. Most people cannot afford to keep a physician in constant attendance, and many a life has been sacrificed because the doctor had no means of knowing certain facts connected with his patient's illness which would have been of vital importance to him and might have assisted him in saving a life.

Every child should be taught what the pulse is, and why and how we feel it at the wrist. It is very easy to understand how to tell the pulse, and not at all difficult to learn to use the clinical thermometer. Imagine the value to a doctor of a carefully-kept record of the patient's condition from one of his visits to another. With what confidence could he nurse his treatment and give his directions, and what a relief to realize that his interests are left in such intelligent hands!

Very few persons stop to think of the responsibilities that rest upon the medical man. No matter how careless the attendants or how disregardful they may be of administering the medicines prescribed, they are rarely, if ever, held to account. On the other hand, the doctor is blamed for everything; often, indeed, when a violation of his most positive order furnishes the cause for this cruel censure.

An important item is to have everything in readiness for the doctor's visit. Do not wait until you see his horse's head come round the curve, then hurry and hustle and bustle about, upsetting the patient's tranquility and your own; but make it your business, as soon as the invalid has breakfast, to put everything in order, so that there may be no confusion at the last moment. Have clean towels, fresh water and whatever other articles he is in the habit of calling for. Ask if your presence is required in the room; if not, leave it, unless you are requested to stay. It is often the case that the doctor would like to have an opportunity of making inquiries that he would hesitate to make before a third person. It is, therefore, always considered in good form to leave him alone with his adult patients and give him an opportunity for at least five minutes' talk if he choose to take advantage of the interval. If anything is used during the doctor's visit that should be removed from the room, take it out at once. Never leave soiled linen, bandages, dressings or poultices lying about; they are nauseating to the patient, annoying to the doctor and exceedingly unpleasant objects for the

family or any chance visitor.

While everyone cannot have the opportunity to study thoroughly anything that belongs to trained nursing, most people can, if they try, pick up little points from doctors and by being among sick persons, and will in a short time get a rather good idea of what needs to be done in emergency, and what one may do to be of very great assistance to the physician.—N. Y. Ledger.

Drinking Contaminated Water.

Water that is left standing in the kitchen or bedroom, and above all, in the sick room, over night, is liable to contamination by the absorption of impurities afloat in the air in such rooms, and to be rendered wholly unfit for use. No matter that the water is cold, even to near freezing; it is so much more liable to absorb and hold in solution the foul gases and organic particles to which it has been exposed. It is dangerous to use such water. Water should not be so left; but, if it should by chance so to be, it should be thrown away. Freshly drawn water only should always be used for culinary purposes, as well as for drinking, whenever practicable. Moreover, the faucets over sinks and wash basins are always more or less liable to contamination; hence, the first water that flows on opening them after they have been left all night without use should always be let flow away—it is dangerous to drink and unfit for the teakettle or for cooking water; even boiled disease germs are unwholesome.

Useful Hints.

A pleasant powder for perfuming clothes packed away, which it is said will keep out moths, is made as follows: Put in mortar one ounce each of cloves, nutmeg, mace, cinnamon, cayenne seeds and Tonnquin beans. Pound them to a powder with six ounces oforris root. Fill little bags made of muslin with this powder and lay them among the clothing. Carpet moths do not like to make their nests where salt has been, and one may often get rid of them by scrubbing the floor with strong hot salt water before laying the carpet. Sprinkle the carpet lightly with salt every week before sweeping. This not only destroys the moths, but brightens the colors in the carpet.

If hardwood floors are properly finished, when laid, they require but little attention to keep them looking well; a rubbing over with gasoline every two or three months will be all they require, and a broom covered with cotton flannel the nap side out, is the best kind of a duster to use on them every morning.

If you have a spare window in a cool room, try growing petunias. Take up small garden plants before they are frobbitten, pot them in good earth and trim them, removing all buds. Place them in a cool room with plenty of sunlight and keep well watered. Before many weeks one will be amply repaid for her trouble.

After each meal a house should be aired, if but for five minutes. One remaining in the house does not notice the close, heavy air but a guest coming in will be unpleasantly impressed, as he enters the door.

It is a Mistake.

To bake too much bread at once. For a small family two loaves are enough and all that will be eaten before becoming dry.

To cut more bread than is needed for the table, so that it will become too dry to use at the next meal.

To throw away any scraps or broken pieces of bread. Save them with the dry slices, and what are not needed for the various bread puddings and dressings for roast meats, may be rolled for breading cutlets, etc.

Pruning old apple trees.

Apple trees that have become unproductive may often be restored to usefulness by severe pruning, cutting out limbs that have begun to decay, and those less than the vigor of the tree. If large limbs are cut off the cut should be made with a saw, and the cut surface quickly coated with a varnish made of gum shellac with rosin. With a new and smaller top vigor will return to the old tree, and if supplied with mineral fertilizers, especially potash, it will often be productive many years. It is a good time to re-graft these old trees when pruning them, choosing some extra vigorous variety that is long in coming into bearing on young trees. The Twenty Ounce apple and Northern Spy are both excellent kinds to re-graft on old and apparently worn-out trees.—Boston Cultivator.

Bachelor Reflections.

Some girls never know when they're not well off. It took a man to invent a religion which teaches that babies don't go to heaven.

A woman without restrictions is as poorly off as a hen without feathers, only she doesn't know it.

Domestic Joy.

The charm of domestic joy will be preserved, if those parents, who fear the early death of one of their loved ones when attacked with a serious throat or lung trouble, resort at once to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, a never-failing remedy. "I used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for my son, who was eight years old. He has been troubled with a bronchial cough since he was two and a half years of age, and I have tried everything, but found Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup does him the most good." Mrs. A. Geib, 317 Demott St., West Hoboken, N. J. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup costs only 25 cents, and is cheaper than the dealer's big profit making substitute, because Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup always cures while the substitute does not.

CLOVER AND POTASH.

What a Delaware Farmer Has Accomplished With This Combination. Mr. S. H. Derby, one of the successful crimson clover farmers in Delaware, is also a "potash crank." He has insisted all through his farming that clover, to do its best, must be given plenty of potash and that the best crop in the rotation on which to use the potash is clover. His farmers have urged that the chemical should be put on the crop that is to be sold, like tomatoes, asparagus, potatoes, etc. Mr. Derby has always held that the potash should go on the clover. It is not lost in that case. The following crops get it just the same, and the clover crop is made larger and stronger to pay for it. This means more humus and more nitrogen, which is just what his light soil needs. Instead of going into the soil, the whole crop goes into the soil. It is plowed right under for tomatoes, corn or potatoes. That is what it is grown for, and his farm shows that the object has been attained.

Mr. Derby's successful and profitable experience has been the subject of more than one article in The Rural New Yorker, which strongly advocates clover and chemicals on worn out soils. The authority and moisture are best under control. Don't lose sight of the fact that potash in this case served a double purpose—it produced the crimson clover for the needed organic matter and also fed succeeding crops through the clover.

Mr. Derby's experience clearly shows the great value of a crop like crimson clover in improving the mechanical condition of his soil, aside from any addition of actual plant food. His soil is light naturally, and when he began to grow crops it would blow clouds of dust away from it. Four after years of green manuring has changed the whole aspect of affairs. The constant addition of organic matter and the bringing of plant food up from the subsoil through the clover roots have changed the whole character of the soil and more than doubled its capacity for retaining moisture. The result is that the plants that grow in it are able to consume plant food enough to produce ten times the crops of former years. The most economical way to fertilize is first to get the soil in such a condition that warmth and moisture are best under control.

Among the reasons given by Mr. Derby for preferring crimson to red clover are: The red takes too long to mature. The crimson makes a good growth through the hot summer and fall. It is just at this time that nitrogen is most active in the soil, and unless some thrifty growing crop were on hand much of the soluble nitrogen would be lost. The crimson clover is just the crop to save this. It covers and shades the ground, making a quicker and more profitable growth than any other plant.

If you have ever seen a child in a agony of croup, you can appreciate the gratitude of the mothers who know that One Minute Cough Cure relieves their little ones so quickly when it is administered. Many homes in this city are never without a bottle of this cure. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

E. E. Turner of Compton, Mo. writes that after suffering from piles for seventeen years, he completely cured them by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Ointment. He cured his hemorrhoids, skin diseases, J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

IMPROVED BEEKEEPING.

Advancement in Methods and Appliances. In 1852 the movable comb hive was given to the public, and that was a great leap in advance. It allowed the beekeeper to examine minutely just what was going on in the hive, and in many cases to apply the remedy where there was trouble.

At one time honey was obtained by smothering the bees with brimstone, then cutting out the combs, selecting some of the best that contained nothing but honey, making a grand mass of the rest and setting it on fire. The honey was less flavored with bee bread and dead bees. As a great improvement boxes were put on top of the hive, allowing the honey to be taken away without killing the bees.

Then the honey extractor was invented, by which the honey could be drawn from the combs, leaving the latter uninjured to be returned to the hive for refilling. Even if the comb was partly filled with eggs and partly developed bees, the honey could be thrown out without disturbing the baby bees. It is, however, not so easy to get honey out from these combs as it used to be. Along with this came the use of comb foundation, for without foundation it would be a very difficult thing to get the bees to build straight combs in the sections.

Not only was the invention of comb foundation a great aid in securing beneficial surplus honey, but it also helped in the brood chamber. The frames could be filled with foundation having imprinted on it the base of cells just the right size for worker brood, making it impossible for the colony to rear a large horde of useless consumers in the shape of drones.

Some think that the age of improvements in bee culture is about over, the summit having been reached. But a progressive apiarist, writing from Illinois to The National Stockman and Farmer, tells in addition to the foregoing that it is now confidently expected that instead of foundation having more than the septum or middle wall, we will soon have comb as delicate as that made by the bees themselves, with cells three-eighths inch deep or as deep as may be desired.

Potatoes in Cellars.

There are many dangers of injury to potatoes kept in cellars. That of being frozen is, when it happens, the worst, but it is always guarded against, so that no caution is needed about that. Much greater is the likelihood that the potatoes will rot, especially when they are piled in bins. Some warmth comes always from potatoes thus unwatched, and those in the bin will be unthawed by frost even when a film of ice will form over water set in vessels on the floor, or the potatoes left outside the heap have been frozen. It is impossible to guard against this, unless the warmth developed by sprouting the potato that creates the warmth that protects the mass as it slowly rises through it. When it is seen that potatoes are beginning to sprout, they should be removed and the larger sprouts be broken off. Those that are small, unless the warmth developed by sprouting is in a pit out of doors, and then they should be got out and exposed to air and light so soon as the weather begins to grow warm.—American Cultivator.

McKELLIP'S Horse and Cattle Powder, A SCIENTIFIC AND RELIABLE REMEDY FOR HORSES, COWS, ETC. One of the Best Condition Powders in use.

The Powders will be found invaluable for cattle in all cases of debility, or where the health has been impaired or the constitution broken down from whatever cause. They will prove an important aid in fattening cattle, as they will loosen the hide, improve the appetite, and cause a rapid deposition of fatty matter. Owing to their effect upon the secretions, Dairy men will find them very beneficial in keeping their Milk Cows in a sleek, healthy condition, and improving the quality of the milk, imparting a richness in cream, that cannot be attained without their use.

Prepared only by JOHN McKELLIP, Druggist, TANEYTOWN, MD.

THE WINDMILL.

The Figure It Cuts In Irrigation—Home-made Appliances.

Wind, generally speaking, is abundant everywhere and should be utilized more as a motive power. Other countries are ahead of us in this respect. With proper appliances wind power is nearly always available and effective. It is also cheap. It is the part of wisdom for farmers to make use of the wind for raising water and doing odd jobs about the farm. While we accord to scientific achievement high encomiums in the realm of the generation and utilization of power, we do not utilize, yet the windmill of the most modern manufacture is not necessarily a more effective machine than those made in the years long gone by. It is very apt to be a better looking affair, but it is doubtful if any of the fine electric or machinery will pump more water or churn more butter than those of simpler type. A writer in The Irrigation Age, the source of the foregoing, says: An up to date wind motor, as it is called, may cost \$150 and be well worth that sum to any farmer, but it is comparatively cheap for a man who wishes to "organize a home-made windmill" that will accomplish a big amount of work both by day and by night. The same breeze fills his corn and sows his firewood, grinds the water tank and irrigates the orchard or garden. We are nearing the time when all sorts of wind motors will be used to generate electrical power to be stored for use in heating and lighting country households and to propel farm machinery and vehicles. It is alleged that the New Jersey Insane asylum is lighted by electricity generated from the wind moved by a windmill of the most simple construction and very moderate cost.

A farmer in Sonoma county, Cal., has a queer looking windmill, which does yeoman service in filling the water tank. The machine is of simple construction, but is unique. It has a long shaft supported at the bottom by a machine of upright boards 9 feet long, the inside dimensions of the box being 4 by 17 feet and 9 feet in height. This is merely placed on the ground, and across the top, midway of the length, is placed a shaft to which the arms carrying the sails are fastened. The wind, blowing from above the box, of course, catches the force of the wind, while those below, within the box, are protected so that the wheel is always in a condition of unstable equilibrium; hence moves on and on under the force of even a slight breeze until it reaches the top of the pump.

The main object in calling attention to home-made appliances is merely to point out to the man who could not buy a complete machine of modern type composed largely or wholly of metal that he may provide himself mainly by his own hands with an effective machine of that kind. When the necessity of economy is not pressing, however, it will be found generally best to buy the most approved types of modern windmills, made largely of iron and steel.

Such machines are very durable, and while they may not be able to do more or better work than some of the home-made machines they give better satisfaction all around than anything which the farmer might himself make at a cost enough less to prove an incentive to undertake the task. The point urged is: Get a windmill. Get the best one possible. If able, get one made of steel or iron; if not of these, then let it be of wood and of the best type. But if you cannot buy one of these, don't go without a windmill. Make one.

The Standard Barrel.

The New York state law passed last Spring requires the barrel used in handling apples, quinces, pears and potatoes to represent a quantity equal to 100 quarts of green or dried measure. In buying or selling such articles by the barrel, it is understood that this standard is intended. When potatoes are sold by weight the quantity contained in a barrel must be 173 pounds. The law provides that no one in the state shall use barrels made for the sale of these articles of a size less than that specified under penalty of \$5 for every such package made or used. The law is very faulty in the respect that no provision is made for penalty in case of violation. It is therefore inoperative. The statute provides that this Ohio standard barrel shall contain 31 1/2 gallons liquid measure, while those for the purpose of handling apples, potatoes, onions, etc., shall have a diameter of 18 inches, with a head of 17 1/2 inches diameter, and shall measure at the bulge not less than 66 inches in circumference, outside measure. This barrel is favored by neither the Apple Shippers' association nor the National League of Commission Merchants, says The American Agriculturist.

Clover on Sandy Soil.

The difficulty experienced in obtaining a good catch of clover on sandy soil is, in the opinion of American Cultivator, due to the exhaustion of some mineral element in the soil, probably either lime or potash; both of which are essential to clover growth, as it contains in considerable quantities. Sand is very likely to be deficient in potash. Sandstone has no potash in its composition, as have the granites and other hard stones from which clay soils are formed. Wood ashes contain both lime and potash; so, too, does the humus of soil formed by the decomposition of leaves and other vegetable growth. It may be that lime alone is needed. If that be true, a dressing of 100 pounds gypsum or sulphate of lime per acre will supply it. But on land cultivated for many years the potash as well as the lime has been exhausted. Large supplies of potash will be required to put such land in condition.

Don't allow the lungs to be impaired by the continuous irritation of a cough. It is easier to prevent cough than to cure it. One Minute Cough Cure taken early will ward off any fatal lung trouble. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

It is surprising what a "wee bit of thing" can accomplish. Sick headache, constipation, dizziness, nervousness, dizziness, are quickly banished by DeWitt's Little Blue Pills. Small pill. Safe pill. Best pill. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.



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It will pay all parties who intend using lime this season, to give it a trial and the preference. Send for prices, giving amount wanted. Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect. For further information call on address J. W. LEGORE; Woodsboro, Md.

Table with 5 columns: Name of Journal, Special Price, Regular Price. Lists various journals and their prices.

GREEN FORAGE CROPS.

Considered From the Eastern Farmer's Standpoint by American Cultivator. Eastern farmers have for years known that, considered merely for economy, neither pasture nor hay is so cheap feed as can be produced by cultivated crops grown with greater labor. Considered merely as feed, the corn crop, either grown for fodder or for grain, furnishes nutrition in cheaper form than animals can get it from pasture, considering that both cases the interest on cost of land and the cost of fencing it. Where the soiling system is fully adopted fences are done away with altogether, and even in partial soiling this great expense is reduced to a very small amount. Corn is not only the staple forage crop, but it is not a perfect ration alone, and the growing or buying of something else to feed with it is always a necessity.

COMBINATION OFFERS.

We give below a list of Combination offers, with a number of leading periodicals, on all of which you can save money and trouble by subscribing through this office. If you are already a paid ahead subscriber to the RECORD, you can have any of the periodicals named, by paying the difference between \$1.00, and the combination price.

Table with 3 columns: Name of Journal, Special Price, Regular Price. Lists various journals and their prices.

THE CARROLL RECORD, TANEYTOWN, MD.

THE NEW YORK WORLD.

THIRICE-A-WEEK EDITION. 18 PAGES A WEEK. 166 PAPERS A YEAR.

A paper as useful to you as a great \$6 daily, for only one dollar a year. Better than ever. All the News of All this country. Great as may be the price of any root crop, it is so largely water that in nutritive value it is always inferior to corn grown on the same kind of ground and the same season. For this reason corn must always be the main crop grown for forage and other crops be only grown to give variety and improve the nutritive value of the nitrogenous nutrition in which corn is deficient.

Value of Humus to the Soil. A certain amount of humus is essential to soil fertility. As Agriculture, Clinton of Cornell station explains: The value of humus lies not so much in its chemical influence as in its physical action. It is a great reservoir for the storage of nitrogen and moisture. It affects the temperature of the soil by making it warmer. It is able to absorb moisture from the atmosphere, and having once taken it up holds it.

When we plow under a green crop or stable manure, says the authority quoted, we are then not only adding plant food to the soil, but we are adding this valuable humus, which is able to retain 181 per cent of its weight of moisture. Here is where farming with commercial fertilizers fails. Though we may give all the plant food necessary for the growth and development of the plant, the commercial fertilizer does not add humus to the soil. If its use is continued year after year without being supplemented by green or barn manures, the humus of the soil is finally used up, and the crop fails because there is no power in the soil to hold moisture.

Don't allow the lungs to be impaired by the continuous irritation of a cough. It is easier to prevent cough than to cure it. One Minute Cough Cure taken early will ward off any fatal lung trouble. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

REINDOLLAR & CO., DEALERS IN Grain, Lumber, Coal, Hay, Straw, Salt, Peas, Cement, AND FERTILIZERS. TANEYTOWN, MD.

THE Carroll Record

In its new form, is better prepared than ever to give to its subscribers the full value of \$1.00 many times over during a year. It means to be so new, so attractive and so good, that it will be a household necessity in every family in the county.

STATE NEWS, COUNTY NEWS, GENERAL NEWS, LATE NEWS, ALL THE NEWS.

The RECORD will have in the future, as in the past, its distinctive features. It will aim at all times to supply clean, pure, non-sensational news matter, fit for every member of the family to read. It will be glad to receive contributions from its readers, as well as opinions and ideas having in view the improvement of the paper, and the adaptation of its features to its patrons as a whole.

Subscribe for it! Advertise in it! Tell your friends of it! HELP IT, and it will help you.

The Job Department

is as complete as that of any office outside of a large city, and the character of the work turned out is of the best, which may be easily seen by applying for Samples. Do you want

Sale Bills, Posters, Circulars Bill and Letter Heads, Statements, Wedding Invitations, Cards, Pamphlets, Programs, Receipts. Note, Draft or Check Books, Envelopes, Shipping Tags, Labels, Tickets, Certificates—no matter what, or how many

Give us a Trial.

AS AN Advertising Medium, LOOK NO FURTHER!

Having a large circulation in a prosperous section, among different classes and professions, and as the RECORD itself is made up attractively and on the modern plan, an advertisement can scarcely be given a poor position at any place in its columns. It has been our rule not to contract for reading advertisements which must be sandwiched in with news items, and this rule will continue to be adhered to.

By keeping our space for reading matter entirely separate from advertisements, we not only please the reader, but help the advertiser too, by placing all on equal footing with each other; we offer monthly changes without charge so that advertisement will form a real news feature for the paper. Frequent changes, and special offers, will pay both the advertiser and newspaper, and benefit the reader.

The Carroll Record, together one year for \$1.50. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

E. E. REIN DOLLAR. REINDOLLAR & CO., DEALERS IN Grain, Lumber, Coal, Hay, Straw, Salt, Peas, Cement, AND FERTILIZERS. TANEYTOWN, MD.

The Carroll Record, Taneytown, Md. SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

A ROCKY RIDGE HERMIT

Reuben A. Whitmore, an Eccentric Character, Committed to Montevue.

The Baltimore Sun of Monday contained a strange account of a man named Reuben A. Whitmore, about fifty-five years of age, six feet tall and of powerful build, who was arrested near Rocky Ridge, Frederick county, last Saturday, and taken to Frederick. From it, it appears that Whitmore has been living in a dilapidated shanty in the woods which was also occupied by two hogs, two cows and a calf, a dog and a lot of chickens. He was arrested without difficulty, being surprised while yet asleep, with several chickens perched upon his legs.

As he passed along the streets from the Pennsylvania station to the court-house he attracted much attention. His large frame was entirely enveloped in an old log-cabin quilt, the surface of which, being torn into shreds, rendered his appearance all the more picturesque. He wore a pair of old boots, with his toes protruding through the ends, while upon his head he wore a derby hat of antique design, about five sizes too small for his massive head.

For ten years past he has led the life of a hermit in a hut, which he built with the slabs from a nearby saw-mill, the only aperture in it being a door at one end.

In one corner of the hut was a small stove with only one joint of pipe. When fire was made the hut was filled with smoke, and the man argued that people lost one-half the heat, which escaped with the smoke out of a chimney. He is known in his section as "Buffalo Bill." Although of respectable and well-to-do parentage, he prefers the primitive mode of life he has been following.

He was arrested at the instance of a number of farmers who feared his eccentricities might take a violent turn. He reluctantly yielded to being placed under arrest, but finally consented to go, after requesting that his live stock be well cared for.

His hair was about fifteen inches long and hung down in thick and matted locks over his shoulders, while his face was covered with a long heavy beard and mustache. He was taken before the court for a jury to determine whether he was of sound mind or not. He was perfectly calm and answered all questions in a rational manner.

In his statement before the jury he said: "I inherited some money from my people years ago, but time and again have I been cheated out of it. I also rented a large farm, but lost money. Then it was that I purchased my present place, containing half an acre, and have been prospering ever since, as you will observe by my appearance and healthy condition of my companions."

The jury adjudged him unable to properly care for himself and committed him to the Montevue Hospital, where he was shorn of his locks with a pair of sheep shears and given a good bath by several of the attendants, much to his dislike, especially as he said his hair served him as a pillow. The sum of \$171 was found concealed in his clothing by an attendant before the rags he wore were burned.

He Made a Sale.

Druggist (to new clerk)—I am going out now, James, and I hope you will be careful while I am gone. You may throw off forty per cent from the regular prices if a customer stands out and won't buy without. But don't drop a cent below that. The business won't stand it.

New Clerk (gleefully, upon return of his employer half an hour later)—I had only one customer while you were out, Mr. Squills, but I stuck him nicely. He was after postage stamps and he wanted to know if we allowed any discount in selling a quantity, and—

Druggist (breaking in excitedly)—Great Moses! You didn't throw off 40 per cent on postage stamps, did you?

New Clerk (Calmly)—Oh! no, I saved you 15 per cent on them. I told him he could have them for 75 cents on the dollar, and the great gump that he was, he never tried to beat me down another cent—just yanked out his pocket book and took all we had—yes, sir, every stamp in the place, a clean \$40 worth, at that figure. And—er—what's the matter, Mr. Squills? Hain't having a fit, are you?

And during the next fifteen minutes people passing the establishment got the idea that a case of wild animals or a ward primary had broken loose inside of the place. But this was a mistake. It was only the proprietor explaining the sliding scale of prices more fully to the new clerk.—N. Y. Herald.

Let's all Play.

A new game called "Editor's Delight," is played in this way: Take a sheet of ordinary note paper, fold carefully and enclose a blank note sufficiently large enough to pay up all arrears and one year in advance. What adds immensely to the pleasure of the game is to send along the name of a new subscriber or two, accompanied by cash. Keep your eye on the editor, and if a smile adorns his face, the trick works like a charm. Now is an appropriate time to play the joke.

Important to Farmers.

The season is near at hand when people should see that their meat is properly protected from the "Skipper" fly, and the safest, simplest, surest and most economical method of preserving meat is by the use of the "PEEKLESS" Paper Meat Sack, and you can rest assured that you will not be bothered with worms in your meat. The sacks are made in three sizes and sell at 3, 4 and 5 cents apiece, according to size. If your merchant does not keep them they can be had from the Great Southern Company, Frederick, Md.

General and Political.

Sylvester Scovil, war correspondent of the N. Y. World, has been released from prison by General Weyler. The World says "Secretary Sherman has done in two days what Secretary Olney failed to do in twenty-seven." The release was made as the result of an interview between Secretary Sherman and the Spanish minister to this country.

The Lowell Carpet Company's mills, one of the largest in the country, will shut down on Monday for a week, owing to light demand for carpets. In connection with the shutting down the officials state that the impending tariff legislation makes it unwise to store carpets. The curtailment of production will affect 2,300 employes, while it will keep the market well in hand.

A bill has been introduced in the Assembly which authorizes the city of New York to appropriate \$100,000 for the equipment and maintenance of a farm colony near New York city where habitual drunkards and other undesirable citizens may be sent to be drilled into decency and a proper regard for their duties to the State. The bill is said to be favored by a majority of the legislators.

Cousin General Lee has been asked to remain in Cuba, by the new administration, and the request is supplemented by the statement that this government will support him in any just demand he may make of the Spanish authorities in Cuba. He has heretofore requested this government to send a warship to the Havana harbor, and this request will now be considered and possibly complied with.

President McKinley attended church on his first Sunday in Washington. So did about 6,000 private citizens, who wished to catch a glimpse of him. Although it has been settled that the President is to be a regular attendant at Foundry church at Fourteenth and G streets, his first churchgoing was by special arrangement to hear a sermon by Bishop John P. Newman at the Metropolitan Methodist church, at Four and a-half and C streets.

All of the officers of the new cabinet have indicated a purpose to go very slowly in the change of personnel in their departments. This not very cheerful news to office-seekers has been communicated directly to many of the aspirants who have been unable to repress their ambitions, and, to add to their discomfort, it is intimated in some quarters that there are to be a very few changes in office, save where the incumbent insists upon immediate retirement, for some time to come.

Glad Tidings.

The grand specific for the prevalent irregularity of the age Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Colic, Civiness, General Debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver, and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Sample free. Large packages 50c and 75c. Sold only by Robert S. McKinley.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, March 8th, 1897.—Joel Ebaugh, administrator of Robert E. Ebaugh, deceased, returned list of debts and settled first and final account.

The last will and testament of Sarah Grofe, deceased, admitted to probate and letters testamentary granted to Philip S. Bowman.

William H. Wanz and Romanus J. Wanz, executors of Emanuel Wanz, deceased, returned inventory of goods and chattels, and received orders to sell good and chattels and notify creditors.

Two Families Anxious.

Frederick, Md., March 10.—Lewis S. Ramsburg, of Bloomsfield, Frederick county, left his home for Washington to see President McKinley's inauguration. Miss Mollie Spensler, who resided with her widowed mother on an adjoining farm, left the village the same day, and since then neither has been seen or heard from. Mr. Ramsburg is about fifty years of age and has a wife and two grown daughters. Miss Spensler is thirty-five years old. Their absence has occasioned much anxiety in their families.

On February 16th, Mr. Ramsburg drew \$1,200 from the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank on a note indorsed by Wm. H. Ramsburg, which he stated, he wanted to release a mortgage on his brother's (Steiner Ramsburg) farm held by Charles W. Ross. He recently borrowed \$1,000 from his father and also sold his wheat and clover crops and other farm produce lately, which netted him in all \$3,350.—Sun.

Many cases of "grippe" have lately been cured by One Minute Cough Cure. This preparation seems especially adapted to the cure of this disease. It acts quickly thus preventing serious complications and bad effects in which this disease often leaves the patient. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

They are so small that the most sensitive persons take them, they are so effective that the most obstinate cases of constipation, headache and torpid liver yield to them. That why DeWitt's Little Early Risers are known as the famous little pills. J. McKellip, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

How They Pass.

According to some writers very few persons merely "die." The banker "passes in his checks," the cashier "goes to his last account," the muggump "joins the great majority," the scabbler "breathes his last," the saloonkeeper "seeks the spirit land," the gambler "shuffles off," the stableman "kicks the bucket," the spiritualist "medium" "gives up the ghost," the accountant "goes to his long reckoning," and the editor goes to the "devil."—Western Independent.

They Wouldn't Hear Him.

Angle invited her young man to supper.—Everything passed off harmoniously until the seven-year-old brother broke the blissful silence by saying: "Oh, ma, yer oughter seen Mr. — the other night when he called to take Angle to the drill. He looked so nice sittin' alongside of her with his arm—"

"Fred!" screamed the maiden, quickly placing her hand over the boy's mouth.

"Yer oughter seen him, continued the persistent informant after gaining his breath. "He had his arm—"

"Freddie!" shouted the mother, as in her frantic attempt to reach the boy's anarchic appendage, she upset the contents of the teapot.

"I was only just going to say," the half-frightened boy pleaded, between a cry and an injured whine, "he had his arm—"

"John," thundered the father, "leave the table!"

And the boy did so, exclaiming as he went, "I was only just going to say Mr. — had his arm—"

A New Thing in Wall Paper. An entirely new thing in wall paper is the Fenwick design. It has oriental stripes and flamboyant figures, the impression of the far east in every line and curve. It gives a rich and restful aspect to the apartment in which it is used. It will cost a pretty penny to have your library and dining room papered in this style, for the proper things to go with Persian paper are embroidered portieres as window curtains, and they are expensive. There are no borders for Persian paper, which goes from top to bottom of the walls and gives the effect of great height to the room.

What is called scener paper is wall paper upon which there is a panoramic picture of historical scenes, landscapes, sea views and miscellaneous subjects. It is put on the wall above the wooden wainscoting, and when properly done, presents an attractive appearance. It is the Fenwick design, which has been and has caught the fancy of New York. One of the favorite styles is a Watteau design. The shepherds and shepherdesses, with their gamboling lambs, their beribboned crooks, are an attractive decoration for any room.

No artist requires more careful handling than green. But if the proper tint is found the effect is delightful. To make a success of rooms in green delicate tints must be employed. A shade of green which has recently obtained much favor is jade green, which, with a little white, makes a decoration for a room particularly delightful and agreeable, especially for summer cottages.—Decorators and Furnishers.

Mrs. Gladstone.

A woman's silent influence on the affairs of a nation is shown in the career of Mrs. Gladstone. She is not a social politician, nor in any way a diplomat in petticoats. She is responsible, however, far more than is generally known, not only for her husband's vigorous health at his ripe old age, but also for his great ability to accomplish the amount of work he has done through his public life and since his retirement. When he was in office, it was her ceaseless care that he should not be distracted by anything that she could prevent, words that meant remarkable self-abnegation. The interests of a growing family of seven children, with a fond and considerable demand upon the father's attention, but neither this nor any social duties, nor any household perplexities, were ever permitted to touch his leisure from statecraft cares. Her watchfulness was not decreased as she advanced in years. She is still his best physician and saves his strength in innumerable ways, trifling in themselves, but important in the aggregate and possible only to one who has made such saving a life study. Blessed herself with excellent health all her life, she wears her 83 years lightly, and she shows many traces of the handsome Miss Glyme who captivated the rising young M. P. over half a century ago.—Exchange.

A Noteworthy Suffrage League.

Millington is a small village in Franklin county, Mass. Although the village contains only about a dozen families, some of its women are very much interested in the cause of woman suffrage, and last October they decided to form a woman suffrage league, hoping they might be able thereby to help the movement a little. At present the league consists of but seven members, but they are holding the few others may join them later on. It is offered by a president and secretary. They do not hold regular meetings; but, as the secretary writes me, "any member can call a meeting at any time when she sees an opportunity to do any good for the cause." She also says, "We are pledged to go every year to our annual town meeting, thinking, by so doing, to convince the voters that we are interested and would gladly be voters too." They feel the necessity as well as the justice of women voting, and they wish to help the cause all they can.

They have taken the name of the Woman's Full Ballot League. They believe that the wrongs and ills which afflict mankind are due to error and injustice in some form, and that the full ballot for women will be one means for the ending of our civilizational.—Woman's Journal.

Burned Them.

He is a Bath (Me.) clergyman, and of course, somewhat unacquainted with new fangled forms of vice, to say the least. Accordingly, when he espied a nickel in the slot machine at a seaside resort last summer his curiosity was aroused, and he dropped in a nickel. Luck was coming the clergyman's way that day, and, to his intense horror, ten nice cigars rolled out of the machine in response to the titillations of its interior as the nickel rattled through it. In fact, the good man was so scandalized that he took those cigars away and burned them—one at a time.—Boston Herald.

No Need to Learn.

"I'm afraid you'll never know how to write, Tommie," said his teacher sadly.

"Don't care," said Tommie. "Uncle Jim is going to send me a typewriter for my birthday!"—Harper's Round Table.

Uncle Allen's Advice.

"If you have any tears to shed over the sufferings of the destitute," observed Uncle Allen Sparks, "don't shed them until you have seen a bundle of food and clothing to the sufferers. And then," added Uncle Allen, as the idea grew upon him, "you won't need to shed them."—Chicago Tribune.

Human Ingenuity.

Certainly, for the mechanic, human ingenuity has never produced a better liniment than Salvation Oil, which now stands unexcelled for curing his sprains and bruises caused by a fall; or cuts and wounds the result of an accident with his tool or saw. Salvation Oil—ways kills pain. "Recently, I fell about twenty feet and was very much bruised on my leg and side, but after bathing them with Salvation Oil the bruises soon disappeared. I think Salvation Oil is just the thing for sores and bruises." A. Jacob Rice, 520 Church St., Easton, Pa. Salvation Oil may be bought anywhere for 25 cents. Substitutes offered by dealers may cost less; hence, do less. Salvation Oil, however, never disappoints the user.

Special Notices.

ALL PERSONS indebted to me will please call and settle on or before April 3rd.

(A Native Taneytown-er.)

Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, In & For The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, No. 435 GRANT STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENN.

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

A BIRD THAT WORKS.

A Mexican Siskin That Has to Earn Each Meal Before He Gets It. In the bird store at 340 Sixth avenue, New York, there is a tiny bird, a Mexi-

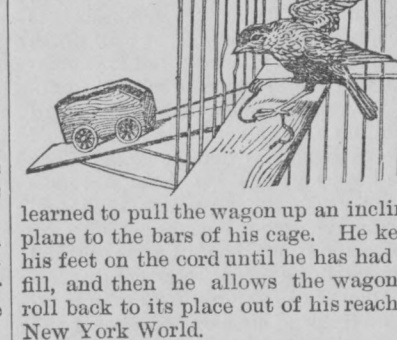


can siskin, that has to work for its living. It is a very intelligent bird, and it seems to be fond of hard labor.

One thing is very pleasant about the work the bird does, and that is that it can never get hungry while performing it. The work, indeed, consists of eating and drinking.

When the siskin wants to drink, he cannot reach the water holder like any other caged bird. He has to draw water from a well by means of a tiny oaken bucket, and then, planting his feet upon the slack of the bucket cord, he holds the bucket in place so that he can drink.

And when he wants to get at the seeds which are lashed temptingly in a little wagon outside of his cage, the siskin has



Bubble Football.

Some of you who are expert bubble footballers will find much amusement in this. Sounds queer, doesn't it? Of course you don't kick the bubbles, but you blow them about just as the rash line of a football team forces the ball down the field.

Over a table with an old shawl or other woven cloth, and ten or more set up two sticks about a foot apart with flags on top of each. At the other end of the table your bubble blowing operations are to be conducted. Of course you have put a little glycerin in the suds to make the bubbles tough, and now each of the players has a pipe ready. Bubbles are blown and allowed to float down and light on the shawl. Then each player begins to blow his bubble gently toward the other end of the table and between the two goal sticks. It is very exciting fun. If two or more bubbles come into collision, up they go, and the players who are blowing feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction and obtain as good prices as any man in the business. Give me a trial and be convinced. Postoffice, Taneytown, or can be found at residence near W. Jesse Roberts' Mill.

DO YOU WANT EMPLOYMENT?

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY? If so, write us for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address, THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY, 3-14-41 ROCHESTER, N. Y.

AUCTIONEERING!

New Candidate for Public favor.

I offer my services on reasonable terms as an Auctioneer to those who expect to have sales, and feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction and obtain as good prices as any man in the business. Give me a trial and be convinced. Postoffice, Taneytown, or can be found at residence near W. Jesse Roberts' Mill.

TOBIAS A. MARTIN,

Taneytown, Md.

Sale Register.

All persons who intend to have Public Sale this Spring, and who advertise in this column, are entitled to have notice of the sale inserted in this column from now until day of sale, free of charge. Our equipment for Sale Bill work is first-class, and we are equal to the best for samples and prices.

March 13, Jas. W. White, near Bruceville. Live Stock and Farming Implements. A Smith & Son, Auct.

March 13, Mrs. M. A. Haugh, Taneytown. Household Furniture, &c. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 14, Emanuel Lambert, near Walnut Grove. Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Goods. A. Smith Auct.

March 15, Milton A. Koons, near Haugh's church. Live Stock and Farming Implements.

March 16, J. Frank Sellinger, Copperville. Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 17, John Wertz, near Trevanton. Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Furniture. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 17, Thomas Newman, near Middleburg. Household Furniture, Farming Implements, &c. J. P. Delphay, Auct.

March 17, Daniel W. Weaver, 1 mile north-west of Harney, in Pennsylvania. Live Stock and Farming Implements.

March 18, Mrs. F. L. Harbaugh, in Double Pike Creek. Household Furniture, T. J. Kolb, Auct.

March 18, Miss Adelaide McSpadden, at Trevanton. Cattle, Hogs and Farming Implements, one extra Heavy Broad-breasted Turkey. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 19, H. G. Flockinger, Baltimore street, Taneytown. Entire stock of Groceries, Confectioneries, &c. also, Fixtures, Ice Cream Freezers, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 19, H. F. Fink and Chas. G. Brown. Horses, Wagons and Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 20, M. J. Myerly and H. A. Naylor, near Double Pike Creek. Live Stock and Farming Implements, and Personal Property. T. J. Kolb, Auct.

March 20, Mary J. Honck, adm'x of William Honck, near Grove school house. Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 22, Emanuel Ohler, Executor of James Ohler, near Bridgeton. Live Stock, Farming Implements and Furniture. A. Smith & Son, Auct.

March 23, Leonard Zile, near Uniontown. Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 23, John Arthur, near Tyrone, on Plank road. Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 27, Isaac Trimmer, near Otter Dale Mills. Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 31, Mrs. Lewis Elime, in Taneytown. Horses, Vehicles, Harness and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 31, At the same time and place as the above. Spring Wagons and 1 Bugary, by McC. Davidson.

TO CLOSE OUT

in Three Weeks.

For certain reasons I have concluded not to continue the Confectionery and Grocery business recently purchased from Sherman Glidd, and hereby announce that I will close out my stock either at Private Sale, or at retail, AT COST, from now until Saturday, March 19th, when all that remains on hand will be sold at

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Stock consists of

Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars, Canned Goods, and Confectioneries. Also; Ice Cream Freezers and complete outfit, Show Cases, &c.

These goods will be sold as stated above, therefore it will be my public duty to call and secure the great bargains which may be had now.

H. G. FLOCKINGER,

Baltimore St. TANEYTOWN, MD

APPLES!

We have a few Apples from last year. To close them out, we offer them for

\$1.25 per barrel, or 50 cents for a single bushel. Come and get them as they'll go quick.

Reindollar & Co.

Public Sale of

POLAND-CHINAS

On Wednesday, March 17th.,

Wm. M. Bigham & Sons, near Gettysburg, Pa. will sell at Public Sale,

25 THOROUGHbred

Poland-China Hogs.

They have recently added to their line of stock, registered Jersey Cattle and registered Shropshire Sheep, which they personally selected in Ohio.

DO YOU WANT EMPLOYMENT?

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY? If so, write us for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address, THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY, 3-14-41 ROCHESTER, N. Y.

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March 18, Mrs. F. L. Harbaugh, in Double Pike Creek. Household Furniture, T. J. Kolb, Auct.

March 18, Miss Adelaide McSpadden, at Trevanton. Cattle, Hogs and Farming Implements, one extra Heavy Broad-breasted Turkey. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 19, H. G. Flockinger, Baltimore street, Taneytown. Entire stock of Groceries, Confectioneries, &c. also, Fixtures, Ice Cream Freezers, etc. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 19, H. F. Fink and Chas. G. Brown. Horses, Wagons and Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 20, M. J. Myerly and H. A. Naylor, near Double Pike Creek. Live Stock and Farming Implements, and Personal Property. T. J. Kolb, Auct.

March 20, Mary J. Honck, adm'x of William Honck, near Grove school house. Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 22, Emanuel Ohler, Executor of James Ohler, near Bridgeton. Live Stock, Farming Implements and Furniture. A. Smith & Son, Auct.

March 23, Leonard Zile, near Uniontown. Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 23, John Arthur, near Tyrone, on Plank road. Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 27, Isaac Trimmer, near Otter Dale Mills. Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 31, Mrs. Lewis Elime, in Taneytown. Horses, Vehicles, Harness and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auct.

March 31, At the same time and place as the above. Spring Wagons and 1 Bugary, by McC. Davidson.

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Clothing, Ladies' and Childrens' Coats.

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25 Overcoats, just Half Price; Child's Overcoats from \$1.00 up; Gents', from \$2.50 up. 25 to 30 Ladies' and Childrens' Coats, from \$1.00 to \$5.00, former price, \$2.50 to \$10.00. 10 to 12c percales to go at 7 to 8c. 8c Bleached Muslin to go at 5 to 6c. Calicoes from 3/4c up. Gingham from