





## The Carroll Record.

A Weekly Newspaper.  
INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, AT TANEYTOWN, MD., BY "THE CARROLL RECORD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY."

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FINE JOB WORK a specialty, at lowest rates. Samples and estimates furnished on all classes of work.

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SUBSCRIPTIONS will be continued, as a rule, after the time when the paper has been paid, has expired. Subscribers who wish to discontinue should notify us, or ask their Postmaster to do so. The label on paper contains date to which the subscription has been paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS and contributions for the inside of the paper should be handed in by Tuesday evening to be guaranteed insertion.

ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER

SATURDAY, FEB. 6th, 1897.

SENATOR Dubois, of Idaho, one of the republicans who bolted the St. Louis convention, has been defeated for re-election by a combination of democrats and populists. It would seem, therefore, that the faithful. The new senator is, of course, a silver supporter, and wins the prize in spite of anti-election deals.

THE PRINCIPAL topics treated editorially in the February Review of Reviews are the Anglo-American arbitration treaty, the Cuban situation, the prospects of the Nicaragua Canal, the recent elections of United States Senators in the different States, and the relation of the great corporations to political campaign funds. There is also the customary resume of the significant foreign events of the past month. The editorial pages, like the other parts of the magazine, are fully and suitably illustrated.

Fifty Years Hence.

Part II.

Competition, rather than necessity, is the "mother of invention," unless it be said that competition creates necessity. In any case, genius, invention and competition, are responsible for progress. When we retrospect the last fifty years, it seems almost impossible that there can be in the coming like period, as many and as great changes; and yet, when we analyze this feeling, there is nothing to support it worthy of moment, because, we must acknowledge that the superior advantages of the present may reasonably be expected to produce superior results in the future, more incomprehensible now than were our present inventions fifty years ago.

Inventions change customs—the times—and are responsible for change in prices, cost of living, increase of necessities and new methods in our life work. It is absolutely necessary that all "keep up with the times," at least in all that pertains to our business, if we would prosper. The non-observance of this truth and the difficulty experienced in the rapid adaptation of one's affairs to changed conditions, is largely responsible for hard times. The merchant loses on his wares, because he cannot dispose of them as rapidly as prices fall and styles change; the farmer fails to realize the old time financial returns, because he cannot lower the cost of production as rapidly as the market price of his produce lowers. In both cases, inventive genius and supply and demand, furnish the cause and effect, as they always have heretofore and will continue to do in the future.

The writer, in all probability, knows but little about farming, as far as the actual work of the business is concerned, yet, it is equally probable, that he knows that the same general principles which underlie merchandising or any trade or profession under the sun, these principles, call them what you may, stand for, first of all, knowledge, and the power derived from it; energy, and a quick conception of its proper application; management, and a true understanding of its meaning; foresight, and courage to drop the old for the new, and that broad-mindedness which enables one to comprehend, and seek for a remedy, for those things which we are too apt to try to settle by complaining and false reasoning.

Farming, with no doubt, be revolutionized within the coming half century. It is quite probable that we will, in the near future, see our farms of 150 to 200 acres cut in half, if not, indeed, reduced to 50 or 60 acres. To a large extent this has been the result in the countries of the old world, where they were old, comparatively. Farming, in the east, is never again likely to be profitable, as it has heretofore been conducted. Large acreage, expensive fencing, and costly storage buildings, can no longer be maintained, except at a loss, and farming for a living must take the place of farming for making a fortune; and more, the land owner must occupy his possessions in person and participate in working them, if he would receive satisfactory returns on his investment.

This latter thought seems to be substantiated by the fact that most of the tenanted farms, even now, are going down—buildings, fencing and soil, suffering for want of the value of the owner's half in the produce. The landowner, living in town, perhaps, depending on the farm to keep him the rest of his days without work—if he lives long, it won't do it—keeps on spending in some other direction, his half, which both he and the farm needs. This system can, in these times, have but one end—the farm goes down. It must be clear, that, as

the revenue is insufficient to keep both a non-resident family and the source of income from suffering, something must be done. What this "something" is, we are not prepared to say, but, before we are fifty years older, it will have been done. Who can forestall it?

The land owner who works his own place, even a large one, and is not heavily in debt, is not badly off, providing, of course, he understands his business and attends to it. The man who owns a small farm, and is not at all in debt, is better off still. There is scarcely a community which does not prove this assertion—study over it—that small farming pays best; and we firmly believe that the era of the small farm is at hand and that the sooner the change is made the better it will be. The cities are becoming congested, largely because there are not homes enough in the country; dividing the home place into two or more homes, will remedy this condition to a considerable extent, because, the boys need not be driven off to make a living—and that is all nine-tenths of them do make.

What will become of the tenant farmer, as a great class, is a question of some, possibly, will be able to purchase small properties with their savings and the amount realized from the sale of the surplus of their present stock and implements, while others will remain tenants; because, no matter how present large tracts may be cut up, there will always be certain properties for rent, for the reason that there will always be land owned by those who do not care to, and are not compelled to, do the actual work of farming. If the new system materializes and proves profitable, it can be safely assumed that every other class will in some way share in the profit, because, the prosperity of any great class, always has, since the beginning of the world, distributed prosperity among other classes.

### SUNDAY-SCHOOL BOOKS.

Titles and Teachings of Volumes Found in Sunday-School Libraries.

Edward W. Bok, in the February *Ladies' Home Journal*, writes of the "wisely-washy," pernicious literature which is placed in the hands of the young through the Sunday-school libraries. He makes a plea for a reform of this evil, and has some words of regret that standard novels are not generally included in the libraries of Sunday-schools. He also gives the titles and teachings of a few of the books procured from Sunday-school libraries.

"The first," he says, "was called 'The Assault, or Bobby's Lesson.' Bobby struck a boy, who died from the effects of the blow! Imagine! Then Bobby became sorrowful, remorse, finally went insane, was sent to a madhouse and died there at the age of twenty-three. The story plainly points to the fact that Bobby went to hell. Another book which I read, preached the cheerful gospel of idleness. It was called 'Margaret, or the Story of a Little Girl.' In it a little girl was born an idiot, and eight little girls were daily sent to her home so that they might hear her diabolical sayings and feel thankful for their blessings! 'Oscar's Sunday Flowers' told the story of a boy who picked flowers on Sunday, and that finally made him an unsuccessful man for life!

"Jim's Confession, or a Boy Who Lied," was the story of a lie. Poor little Jim told a lie to his mother one day, and that settled him. His torments are pictured through one hundred and forty-eight pages, until he is at last repented. But men and women shun him, and he is always known as 'Jim, the Liar.' \* \* \* 'The Two Schoolboys' portrays two boys; one good, the other bad. Both die: one goes to Heaven and the other to hell! 'Little Ella' is a crossy girl. She puts on a bright red cloak to wear to Sunday-school one day against her mother's wishes, and her downfall as a woman is the result.

Mr. Bok interestingly lays a part of the blame upon the Publication Boards and Societies, which are influenced by a denominational spirit that narrows their choice of books. Then, again, it is shown that the most mediocre sort of "talent" is employed to write these books, and that beggarly prices—less than \$80 per book—are paid. A share of responsibility, Mr. Bok asserts, rests upon the men who purchase Sunday-school libraries, who, as is most frequently the case, are not qualified for the task, and whose object is to secure a library as cheap as possible. Mr. Bok warmly urges that the selection of Sunday-school books be left to women, who "instinctively know and feel the kind of a book which a boy or girl will read and enjoy."

He assists that women should be given carte blanche to make the selection, and to prescribe the amount of money to go. "A hundred good books," Mr. Bok concludes, "are far better than five hundred books of indifferent interest," which are bought simply because they are cheap. "A Sunday-school library cannot be created in a day, and no discouragement should be felt if the financial means of the church are contracted, and necessitate the purchase of only a few books at a time."

### Lincoln's Famous Speech.

The following is the brief, though famous, speech, made by President Lincoln at the dedication of Gettysburg Cemetery, November 19th, 1863. "Four score and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this continent a new nation, conceived in Liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But, in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it, far above our poor power to add or

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

## Carroll Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Detract. The world will little note, nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us, the living, rather than for the dead, that we should dedicate this little plot of ground. Here the brave have taken a great task remaining before us—that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion—that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain—that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom—and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth."

All the different forms of skin troubles, from chapped hands to eczema and indolent ulcers can be readily cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great pile cure.

Minutes save like hours when a life is at stake. Croup gives no time to send for a doctor, delay may mean death. One Minute Cough Cure gives instant relief and insures recovery. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. J. McKelvie, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Let us save our Public Men.

Collateral demands upon public characters are greater by far in this country than elsewhere. The scholar in Germany has due opportunity to pursue his scholarship unmolested. In England a statesman, apart from social recreation and sports, is accorded his full time and strength for his most important duties. In France the artist and the author are guarded and protected by common consent. In London the editor in office hours is as inaccessible to the ordinary caller as the Queen herself; and outside of office hours he is altogether a private person. As for our own country, one is sometimes disposed to take the discouraging view that we are so warmly appreciative of everybody who does anything creditable enough to gain some little public recognition, that henceforth we are all unwittingly engaged in a conspiracy to prevent that poor fellow from doing anything again that shall embody his best concentrated effort. From "A Plea for the Protection of Useful Men," in February Review of Reviews.

### Election of Senator.

The only practical way of electing senators by popular vote is that which has been adopted by the dominant party in South Carolina. The names of the several candidates for United States senator were submitted to a popular vote at the Democratic primaries last summer, and the candidate securing the highest vote was declared the party nominee at the state convention. The Democratic candidates for the legislature regarded this a binding instruction to them to vote for Judge Earle, the candidate receiving the highest vote, with the result that there was no other Democratic candidate before the legislature.

This method could easily be adopted in every state and by all political parties, and we believe with good results, as its adoption would create a healthy popular interest in the choice of United States senators, whereas under the present practice it often happens that the choice of a senator in Congress plays no part whatever in the election of members of a legislature. In no other way is there any prospect that senators will be chosen by popular vote, and it will be better for those desiring to put an end to legislative dead-locks to go about it in the only way in which the popular will can express itself.—Philadelphia Times.

### Vick's Floral Guide, 1897.

For nearly half a century this Catalogue of Flower and Vegetable Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Roses, Grains, Potatoes, etc., has come as regularly as spring time. Here it is again to remind us that it's time to think about our gardens. This issue contains half a dozen full page half tone illustrations of Roses, Asters, Gold Flowers, Carnations and Tomatoes. It seems full of the necessary information for either amateur or professional. Send 15 cents to James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., for a packet of either Vick's Branching Aster, New Japan Morning Glory or extra choice Pansy and a copy of Vick's Floral Guide. If you state where you saw this notice you will receive a package of flower seeds free.

For a pain in the chest a place of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown Md.

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### N. B. HAGAN,

NEAR THE SQUARE,  
Confectioneries, Groceries, Notions.  
FRESH OYSTERS

served in any style; also by the gallon. Remember that I still give a beautiful piece of Glassware with every pound of Jave Blend Coffee. Nice Loose Roasted Coffee only 15c a pound. 4 pounds of good Prunes for 25c. Something new for a nice breakfast dish is Wheatmeal; I have it also Rolled Oats. Best Water White Oil only 12c. White and Yellow Hominy, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Meal, all the leading brands of Flour, Cranberries, Sweet Potatoes, Atmore's Mince Meat, and Plum Pudding. Sugar Syrup, 20, 30 and 40 cents a gallon. Pure Virginia Honey, 20c a box. Imperial Green Tea, only 35c a pound; full line of canned goods at bottom prices. Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Crackers and Pretzels.

## YOUNT'S

Feb'y Clearance Sale!

We waste no time in useless blows. But strike the nail, and in it goes.

## Shoes!

18 pairs Douglas \$3.00 calf-skin Shoes, for men; closing price \$2.00.

30 pairs of Women's Shoes, genuine Kangaroo, lace, all sizes and fresh, clean goods, worth \$1.75; bargain price \$1.19.

Misses' Grain Button Shoes sizes from 11 to 2, old stock; reduced to 29c the pair.

Boys' Heavy Work Shoes; reduced from \$1.00 to 59c. the pair. Sizes 3 and 4 only.

Misses' Calf Button, patent tip; heels, size 12 only. Worth \$1.50; reduced to 69c.

25 pair 25c Baby Shoes, not fresh goods; reduced to 13c the pair.

## Corsets,

Assorted sizes in \$1.00 Corsets, slightly soiled; reduced to 49c.

## Engraved Tumblers.

A strong, Handsome Tumbler, with hand-engraved handle. February price 4c each.

## Steak Plate,

size 11 1/2 inch, Johnson's best white Granite ware, and considered a bargain at our regular 15c price; we have too many of this size. February price 10c each.

## Colored Bed Blankets.

We have only a few pairs on hand. Regular price \$1.50; special at 99c the pair.

F. M. YOUNT,

Taneytown, Md.

## OUR LINE OF

If you are going to build a house, now is the time to buy your Nails, Cellar Grates and Door Hinges, very low.

Remember; at longest, only 50 days in which to dispose of remaining stock.

Respectfully yours;

McC. DAVIDSON.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

## THEY MUST GO!

If you won't give me my price, come and let me hear your price for the rest of the

5A BLANKETS,

and Plush Robes,

I have left, and I am certain you will leave with one of the cheapest Blankets in the country. If you want a blanket cheap, don't forget to come and see me before purchasing for I will sell.

S. C. REAVER,

Near railroad, Taneytown, Md.

## Embraces everything that any one may desire.

We also have a nice line of Toilet articles, Soaps, Brushes, and Perfumery.

Fine Stationery and Box Paper.

ROBERT S. MCKINNEY,

DRUGGIST.

TANEYTOWN, - - - MD.

## GENTS'

Gold Filled Watch,

Warranted, Only \$9.00.

Gents' Nickel Watch.

with Chain, complete only \$2.50.

Have you seen them yet?

H. E. SLAGENHAUP,

Taneytown, Md. JEWELER

## GEO. H. BIRNIE & CO.

BANKERS,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Discount Business Notes.

Receive Deposits subject to check.

ake collections on all points.

Savings Bank Department.

Interest paid on Time Deposits.

SPECIAL RATES—

to Weekly and Monthly Depositors

E. E. REINDOLLAR.

REINDOLLAR & CO.,

DEALERS IN—

Grain, Lumber, Coal,

Hay, Straw, Salt, Peas, Cement,

—AND—

FERTILIZERS.

TANEYTOWN MD.

## NOTICE!

On and after January 1st, 1897, we will charge interest on all Book Accounts after sixty days. That is, if accounts are paid within sixty days, no interest; if not paid in sixty days, interest from date of Bill. All accounts on our books, unpaid after January 1st, 1897, will bear interest, if over due sixty days.

Respectfully, &c.,

REINDOLLAR & CO.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

## Closing Out

CASH SALE!

Look at these Prices.

4-0 Halter Chains, 18c  
3-0 Halter Chains, 15c  
No. 2 Halter Chains, 12c  
Triumph Halter Chains, as low as 8c  
Coil Chains, from 4c to 5c per lb.  
Galvanized Pump Chain 4c per lb.  
Long Trace Chain, 30, 70 and 90c a lb.

## Myers Hay Car, \$3.00.

Best on the market.

Lightning Hay Knife, 1.00c

Pruning Saw and Knife, 50c

Pruning Shears, 25c

Disston Hand Saws, 10-tooth, worth \$1.30, now, \$1.15

Disston Hand Saws, 10 and 11-tooth, worth \$1.30, now, \$1.15

No. 1 Jackson Back Saws, 14 inch, worth \$1.10, now, 75c

No. 8 Canewell Horse Nails, 13c a lb.

No. 8 Allegheny " 10c a lb.

Steel Cut Piling Nails, per lb., 14c

Steel Wire Brads, pound papers, 5c

4d Wire Slatting Nails, per keg, \$2.10

10 and 12d cut finish Nails, keg, \$2.00

Wrought Nails, per lb., 3c

1 inch barbed Roofing Nails, lb, 2c

10d and larger Wire Nails per lb, 2c

Sand Paper, per dozen sheets, 5c

Steel Hinges and Reversible Butts, below cost.

8 and 10 oz. Tinned Carpet Tacks, 25c per dozen packs.

Steel Barn-door Track, per foot, 3c

Double-barrelled Breech-loading Gun worth \$12.00; now, \$5.00

Double-barrelled Muzzle-loading Gun worth \$5.00; now, \$3.50

No. 8 and 10 Shot, per lb., 5c

Spoons, 10c per cent, below cost.

Large lot of Large Steel Bolts at less than Bar Iron Prices.

Garden Rakes and Hoes below cost.

Spokes, Rims and Hubs at less than cost.

Churns and Tubs, Horse Buckets and Cellar Grates cheaper than you ever bought.

10 inch Strap Hinges, per pair, 7c.

8 inch " " " " 6c.

4 inch " " " " 3c.

3 inch " " " " 2c.

8 inch T Hinges, per pair, 4c.

6 inch " " " " 3c.

3 inch " " " " 2c.

3 inch Hand Augers, 65c.

Post Augers, from 60c to \$1.00.

Grindstone Fixtures, per set, 25c.

Cotton Safety Fuse, per 100ft., 25c.

Single Tape Waterproof, 100ft., 33c.

Gun Locks, per bottle, 75c.

Brazil Gum, per bottle, 75c.

Star Steel Plates, per pack, 3c.

Oil Cloth, below cost.

## GENERAL AGENT

Empire Cream Separators,

D. W. GARNER,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

## Littlestown Carriage Works.

MANUFACTURER OF

FINE CARRIAGES

and Buggies.

SURREYS, PHAETONS,

TRAPS, CARTS, CUTTERS,

FINE { Dayton, } WAGONS.

{ McCall, }

{ Jagger, }

and a General Line of Light Vehicles

A Good Selection of Second Hand Work on hand

REPAIRING promptly done.

LOW PRICES, and all work guaranteed.

LITTLESTOWN, PA

8-21-94-11

## THE TANEYTOWN

SAVINGS BANK

Does a General Banking Business.

Loans Money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes. Collections and remittances promptly made.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

HENRY GALT, Treas.

W. W. CRAPSTER Pres.

## DIRECTORS.

SAMUEL STONE, W. JESSE ROBERTS

JOSHUA KUTZ, H. D. MEHRING

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H. B. ECKENRODE, CALVIN T. FLINGER

W. W. CRAPSTER, HENRY GALT



## COUNTY DIRECTORY.

### Court Officers.

(Jury terms held in Westminster, 2nd Monday in May and November; non-jury, 2nd Monday in February and August.)

JUDGES—Hon. Chas. R. Roberts, Chief and Resident Judge, Hon. James Reville and Hon. Isaac T. Jones Associate Judges.

CLERK OF THE COURT—Benjamin F. Crouse.

CRIME—Gersham Huff.

AUDITOR—J. J. Baumgartner.

(Orphans' Court meets in the Court House in Westminster, every Monday and Tuesday, and daily during jury terms of Court.)

REGISTER OF WILLS—George M. Parke.

ORPHANS' COURT—Jacob Hinchart, William Y. Friezel, Albert Schaefer.

### County Officers.

STATES ATTORNEY—J. Milton Hefersider.

SHERIFF—J. Oliver Murray.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—John H. Sten, David Stoen, Jesse Lemon.

COUNTY TREASURER—Alfred T. Buckingham.

SURVEYOR—William A. Roup.

SUPERVISORS OF ELECTION—Howard F. Schaefer, Charles H. Sapp, Charles V. Smith, William F. Cover.

### Legislature.

SENATOR—Dr. J. W. Herling.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES—Charles H. Smith, Charles J. H. Genter, Dr. Clotworthy Birnie, William F. Cover.

## TANEYTOWN DIST.

NOTARY PUBLIC—Dr. F. H. Seiss.

TAX COLLECTOR—W. W. Crapster.

MAGISTRATES—F. A. Orndorff, Henry Wilt, John T. Fogie.

CONSTABLE—B. S. Miller.

REGISTERARS—Thomas D. Thomson, J. V. Beckerode.

### Town Officers.

BURGESS—H. D. Mehring.

COMMISSIONERS—Dr. G. T. Motter, Edward Kemper, W. Jesse Roberts, Joshua Kuntz, E. K. Weaver.

RAILFIRE AND TAX COLLECTOR—B. S. Miller.

### Church Notices.

Presbyterian Church.—Church without pastor; regular services discontinued for the present. Notes will be given under the heading of Church Notices, of special services.

Prayer meeting 7 o'clock Tuesday evening; Christian Endeavor at 6 o'clock Sunday evening.

Trinity Lutheran Church.—Regular services during rebuilding, in the C. R. church at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., every Sunday. C. R. services every Sunday evening at 6:30.

Rev. D. Frank Garland, Pastor.

Grace Reformed Church.—Services every Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School 9 a. m., Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m.

Rev. A. Bateman, Pastor.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church.—Mass 9:30 a. m. Vespers, 3:30 p. m., catechism, 8 p. m., every Sunday. On the first Sunday of each month, Benediction after mass, concluding the services of the day. Rev. T. D. Mead, Pastor.

United Brethren Church.—Preaching every Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School 9 a. m., Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m., alternately. Rev. T. Wagner, Pastor.

### Post Office.

T. H. BOKENBRODE, Postmaster.

Mails arrive from Linwood at 9 a. m. from R. R. 9:55 a. m. and 5:10 p. m.; from Harney 2:30 p. m.

Mails close at office, for R. R. north, 9:45 a. m.; for Linwood 10:10 a. m.; for Harney 11:00 a. m.; for R. R. south, 5 p. m.

Route to York Road, carrying mail for Baltimore and other points, leaves daily at 4:30 a. m. Returning, the carrier arrives at Taneytown at 7:30 a. m., with mail from Baltimore, Westminster and other points.

### Societies.

Patrons (Order Sons of America, Camp 2, Md. meets in Reckon's Hall, Thursday evenings, at 7 o'clock. George E. Kuntz, President. L. D. Reid, Rec. Sec'y.

Carroll Conclave Heptasophs, meets on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of every month. W. E. Burke, Secretary.

## HORSES AND RIDERS.

Directum, 2:05 1/4, will be probably sold at auction.

Hickok will winter his horses in California after all.

There is talk of a two weeks' meeting at Fleetwood next fall.

Eighty of the get of Strathmore have taken records of 2:30 or better.

At the 17 meetings held last season the sum of \$449,695 was distributed.

John Spain is anxious to have Elloree, 2:11 1/4, in his stable next season.

Monroe Salisbury's farm, at Pleasanton, Cal., has been priced at \$23,500.

There are now no less than 76 sires having 25 and more standard performers.

M. M. Morse, ex-secretary of the National Trotting association, is going to Italy.

W. O. B. Macdonough, the owner of Ormonde, will remain in New York all winter.

Jack Curry, in speaking of Star Pointer, says, "A steam engine couldn't beat him."

Who could imagine that this should be the place where, in eighteen ninety-three that white world-wonder of arch and dome.

Should shadow the nations, polychrome... Here at the Fair was the prize conferred on Ayer's Pills, by the world preferred. Chicago-like, they a record show. Since they started—50 years ago.

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Who could imagine that this should be the place where, in eighteen ninety-three that white world-wonder of arch and dome.

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## Home and Farm.

Original articles solicited for this department on any subject relative to home comfort, whether of a social, decorative, culinary or general character. Also articles pertaining to Agriculture, Stock-raising, the Dairy, and other kindred topics. Contributions must be received not later than Monday evening, by the Editor in order to be possible for the publication of them make him their endorsement. The Editor is entitled to the free use of this department, as long as it is not used as a medium for the publication of articles of no general interest or benefit. All communications must be signed by the writer, or authorship acknowledged in a separate note.

### What to do for it.

For facial neuralgia this is the very best plan to secure quick relief. Heat a freestone hot and roll up in a cloth, wetting one side of it and turning about a teaspoonful of essence of peppermint on the wet surface. Lay the face against this and cover the whole head up warmly with flannel. It will give relief in almost every instance. Or heat a basin of salt, very hot, put it in a bag and apply to the face; there is something about the salt that seems to relieve the pain where simply the heat will not help it.

For Cuts or Wounds.—For cuts or wounds made by rusty nails there is nothing better than bandaging with clothes wet in a solution of carbolic acid—six drops of acid to a table-spoonful of water. The acid prevents the accession of germs and helps the wound to heal quickly. For slight cuts a cobweb is an excellent thing. It will stop the blood, prevent soreness and stick till the cut is well.

Burns and Scalds.—For keeping burns and scalds from blistering take common baking soda and make into a paste with vaseline or any unsalted grease and spread thickly upon the burn. Bandage carefully and let it remain for three or four days. If this is prepared and put on immediately there will be very little pain from the burn, and it will be found when the bandage is removed that there will be very little blistered surface to heal.

A Lame Back Plaster.—For an excellent plaster for lame backs take one ounce each of Burgundy pitch, camphor gum and rosin, and one dram of opium. Melt the pitch, and having broken up the other ingredients into small bits, stir them in and see that they are dissolved and evenly mixed. Spread upon thin leather. Wash the back with vinegar as hot as can be borne, rub till it glows, and out the plaster on hot.—Philadelphia Record.

Not a few who read what Mr. Robert Rowls, of Hollands, Va., has to say below, will remember their own experience under like circumstances: "Last winter I had lagrippe which left me in a low state of health. I tried numerous remedies, none of which did me any good, until I was induced to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The first bottle of it so far relieved me that I was enabled to attend to my work, and the second bottle effected a cure." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by R. S. McKinney, druggist, Taneytown, Md.

### Good Things to Know.

Preserving Autumn Leaves.—Bright autumn leaves may be preserved for decorating by pressing them with a waxed blotter. Place several thicknesses of wrapping paper upon a smooth board or table; have at hand a cake of yellow wax and a warm flat-iron; place a leaf upon the paper, rub the iron over the wax and then iron the leaf on both sides until dry. After ironing several times there will be sufficient wax on the paper so the leaves will require ironing on only one side. The iron must not be so hot as to make a hissing sound on the leaf.

Chloroform the Spots.—Spots on clothing that have been caused by the colors being taken out by acids may be obliterated often by first applying ammonia and after it chloroform.

Over-Garlished Dishes.—In garlishing dishes great care should be taken not to overdo the matter. Too much decoration tends to injure rather than improve the appearance of a dish.

Getting the Better of the Onion.—In this season of pickling, when many onions are used, it will be much more comfortable work if this vegetable is peeled and sliced under water. Hold in the lap a large bowl filled with clear water and work with the hands under water. Onions done in this manner will not cause tears or stained fingers.

Air the House after Meals.—After each meal a house should be aired, if but for five minutes. One remaining in the house does not notice the close heavy air, but a guest coming in will be unpleasantly impressed as he enters the door.

To Make Eggs Beat Rapidly.—If the whites of eggs do not beat to a froth readily add a pinch of salt and place in the refrigerator until they are thoroughly cold; then they should beat light very quickly.

### So says a Wise Mother.

That we should begin very early to teach the children to distinguish between right and wrong.

That "Oh, he is so little to know any better," is a very poor argument.

That although a child may be too little to know better when he commits a wrong, and he is not too little to be taught to know better than to do it again.

That mothers should not forget that different cases require different treatment and because the rod is sometimes needed for punishment, it does not follow that it often is.

That no one in the family should ever be allowed to twist a child of a punishment or to speak tauntingly of a fault.

That we must not imagine that by keeping the children in comparative seclusion and in ignorance of the outside world, we will succeed in placing them beyond the reach of temptation until they are too old to be affected by it.

That it must be remembered that no one can successfully resist an enemy if he is utterly ignorant of that enemy's mode of attack; and children will gain very little strength, either

physically, mentally or morally, if not allowed to use that which they have. That the little ones should never be allowed to tease and vent their anger on the pet kitten or some helpless animal, the mother saying nothing so long as the child is amused by it.

That it is a mother's duty to see that the children are provided with good literature and bright picture books adapted to their ages, from baby up; that she should read to them and talk over what she has read; that she should help them to analyze the illustrations, and look at them with critical eyes; it will tend to make them close observers.

### Constructing a Cozy Corner.

A cozy corner is the thing to have, and as no woman wants to be behind the fashion in her home furnishing any more than she does in her dress, the consequence is that women generally are seeking ideas in the construction and furnishing of one, and most of them want them on an economical basis, says an exchange. A cot with a woven wire spring, with the feet sawed off to make it lower, will do for a foundation, or a board frame 6 feet 6 inches long, 4 feet wide, and 14 inches deep. Bore holes in the sides all around, about two inches from the top and make a lattice work of clothes line for a spring. Put a thin mattress on this and cover with a Bagdad. Three broomsticks fastened to the wall, the center one a little higher than the others, will do to drape the canopy over, and if desired, two wooden flag poles, with spear heads, can be purchased for a small sum. Fasten these to each corner of the front, with the spear points just reaching beyond the canopy. Have a shelf about eight inches wide and the length of your divan put about two feet up from the divan. Cover this in plain burlap or drape it in draping silk. Put a clock and some bric-a-brac on it; a bust is very effective. Hang a Moorish wrought iron lamp in front from the center of the canopy; have it lined with red glass. It heightens the effect. A candle can be placed in this for a little. Have innumerable cushions, lots on the divan and two or three thrown carelessly on the fur rug, which should be put in front. In the draping of the top and sides, if you desire to have the sides draped, too—some do; some don't—you will have to display your ingenuity, as no rules can be given; any of the shops however, will show you the materials used. Bagdads, burlaps, plain Chinas, embroidered in gold, etc. Pin this until you secure the desired effect, and then tack for permanency. Any woman of taste and a little skill can get up one of these much-sought after affairs easily and cheaply.

A weed in the garden can be easily destroyed when it first starts. Consumption can be nipped in the bud by One Minute Cough Cure. J. McKellip, druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Soothing for burns, scalds, chapped hands and lips. Healing for cuts and sores. Instant relief for piles, stops pain at once. These are the virtues of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. J. McKellip, druggist, Taneytown, Md.

### A Few Health Hints.

For burns take equal parts of water and pure olive oil, beat them to a cream, apply to the burn on a piece of soft linen.

It is said, too, that powdered charcoal, if laid thickly on a burn, affords immediate relief from pain; it will heal a superficial burn in about an hour.

In ventilating a room, open the windows at the top and bottom. The fresh air rushes in one way, while the foul air makes its exit the other; thus you let in a friend and expel an enemy.

A delicate way of cooking an egg for a sick person is to fill a china cup with hot water, let it stand five seconds, then pour off, then fill with boiling water and drop the egg into it and cover with a hot saucer for two minutes. Pour this water off, season and serve in the cup.

Barley water is very good in cases of fever, inflammation, etc. It allays thirst and is useful in coughs and colds. Wash quarter pound of barley, drain through a colander, put it in a pint of hot water and boil for five minutes, strain through a sieve, throwing the fresh water away. Put to the barley two quarts of fresh water and boil steadily for an hour, then strain. Many persons like the thinnest yellow peel of a lemon boiled with it; sweeten to taste.

### For Young Married People.

Try to be satisfied to commence on a small scale.

Try to avoid the too common mistake of making an unwise effort to "begin where the parents ended."

Try to look at richer homes and covet their costly furniture.

Try to go a step further and visit the homes of the suffering poor when secret dissatisfaction is liable to spring up.

Try buying all that is necessary to work with skillfully, while adorning the house at first with simply what will render it comfortable.

Try being perfectly independent from the first, and shun debt in all its forms.

Try to cultivate the moral courage that will resist the arrogance of fashion.

Try to co-operate cheerfully in arranging the family expenses and share equally in any necessary self-denials and economies.

Try to be cheerful in the family circle, no matter how annoying may be the business cares, and the house-keeping trials.

Try to remember that it matters but little what "peep a think," provided you are true to yourself, to right and duty, and keep your expenses within your means.

### One Way to be Happy

Is at all times to attend to the comforts of your family. Should any one of them catch a slight Cold or Cough, prescribe yourself and call at once on R. S. McKinney, sole agent, and get a trial bottle of Otto's Cure, the great German Remedy, free. We give it away to prove that we have a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Large sizes 50c and 25c.

## Children Should Sleep in Dark Rooms.

Children should be accustomed as soon as possible to sleep in a dark room. Unless they have learned to be afraid of the darkness is soothing to the nerves and the rest is more profound and refreshing than when there is the unconscious stimulation of light. It is particularly desirable for children of a nervous temperament that light should be excluded, yet it is most often the nervous, sensitive child whose imagination has been filled with fears of the shapes the dark may hide.—November Ladies' Home Journal.

## POMOLOGICAL ART.

TRYING TO PRODUCE SEEDLESS AND THORNLESS FRUIT.

Methods by Which Fruit Scientists Succeed in Improving Upon Nature—Results Have Shown That They Are on the Right Basis—Slight Success With Apples.

One of the most important objects pomologists are striving for is to produce thornless and seedless fruits, and from the results already obtained it is not unlikely that the end will soon be reached. Seeds are not relished by the consumers of fruits, and if they could be removed we would enjoy our grapes without experiencing a dread of appendicitis and kindred complaints.

Thorns are not in good standing among fruit growers, because they are constantly puncturing the best fruits and, what is equally important, the skin of the pickers. The thorns and prickles of plants and trees were undoubtedly intended by nature to protect them from animals, but that is no reason why they should be continued for generation after generation on the cultivated varieties. The gardener has no need for them, and, for that matter, the trees and shrubs have none either.

Our domesticated pears and apples were all derived from the thorny, wild varieties, and pomologists have succeeded in ridding them of these spikes and prickles by careful culture and selection. Oranges and lemons have not been cultivated in this country as successfully as pears and apples, and many of them are very thorny. The wild and sour orange crosses of Florida are bristling with thorns, as is also the high priced king orange, one of the best of the mandarins. The wild lemon trees of Florida are so thorny that growers question the advisability of grafting the fine La France lemons on them.

In Florida, however, the thorns of the orange and lemon trees have been greatly reduced by selecting buds from branches with the fewest thorns, and by continuing this process year after year the sharp spikes disappear. In California nearly all of the orange trees are thornless—not naturally, but as the result of cultivation and selection.

The thorns on blackberries, raspberries and rosebushes give the greatest bother to horticulturists in the north, and there is a determined effort to get rid of them. The thorns give enemies trouble to the pickers, and their removal might save many a puncture to delicate hands. There is an improved variety of raspberry placed on the market today which is entirely thornless, but the trouble is that quality and quantity of fruit are sacrificed to the gain made in destroying the thorns.

There is little doubt that perfect thornless blackberries and raspberries will soon be obtained, for there is a widespread movement among gardeners and seedsmen to accomplish this. The man who is fortunate enough to produce a variety that gives perfect fruit without the thorns will receive a pretty stiff price for his plants.

Seeds are also unnecessary plant products in these advanced days of horticulture, when gardeners propagate half their stock by cuttings, grafts and slips. Nature need no longer trouble herself about the fear of losing any of her types. The modern horticulturist is sure to preserve every one of any value without gathering a seed.

The California navel orange represents the best type of fruit grown without seeds. Nature produced this orange as a freak at first, and man has taken advantage of it to propagate fruit of a high order. Half the oranges of California are grafted with the navel, and it is the most important fruit of the Pacific coast. Nature tried to produce twins in the navel orange, and she survived only as a protuberance in the blossom end, while the other expanded into a well shaped fruit without seeds. These oranges are occasionally found with small seeds; but, as a rule, they are perfectly seedless.

Several varieties of seedless apples and pears have already been produced, but the quality of the fruit is generally poor and nearly worthless. They are called "bloodless" pears and apples and are exhibited more as curiosities than as the triumphs of pomology. Nevertheless, they are the beginning of a new era of apple growing, and they represent the primary stock of seedless fruits which may produce in time the finest flavored apples and pears.

The grape industry would be benefited more than any other by the production of new varieties without seeds, and toward this end scores of fruit growers are working, especially in California. The idea is to produce not only table grapes, but grapes that will make fine raisins. Seedless raisins would prove such a boon to the whole civilized world that any other variety would be quickly run out of the market.

There is a seedless grape of Corinth, which commonly passes as a currant, and the Sultan raisins of southeastern Europe are also seedless. But these fruits are so small and so inferior that they answer the purpose. What the trade wants is a large, seedless grape, with perfect color and flavor, and to get that it is necessary to experiment for years.—New York Journal.

## The Austrian Dynasty.

The present emperor of Austria is Francis Joseph, who ascended the throne Dec. 2, 1848. He is of the royal house of Hapsburg, which has held the throne since 1282. Twenty-six sovereigns of this house have ruled over Austria. Rudolph I., the nobleman who founded this royal family, built a castle on the Habichtsburg, or Hawk's mountain, whence the name of the family.

## Domestic Joy.

The charm of domestic joy will be preserved, if those parents, who fear the early death of one of their loved ones when attacked with a serious throat or lung trouble, resort at once to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, a never-failing remedy. "I used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for my son, who was eight years old. He has been troubled with a bronchial cough since he was two and a half years of age, and I have tried everything, but found Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup does him the most good." Mrs. A. Geib, 317 Demott St., West Hoboken, N. J. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup costs only 25 cents, and is cheaper than the dealer's big profit making substitute, because Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup always cures while the substitute does not.

## McKELLIP'S

## Horse and Cattle Powder,

## A SCIENTIFIC AND RELIABLE REMEDY FOR HORSES, COWS, ETC.

## One of the Best Condition Powders in use.

The Powders will be found invaluable for cattle in all cases of debility, or where the health has been impaired or the constitution broken down from whatever cause. They will prove an important aid in fattening cattle, as they will loosen the hide, improve the appetite, and cause a rapid deposition of fatty matter. Owing to their powerful alterative effects upon the secretions, Dairy men will find them very beneficial in keeping their Milk Cows in a sleek, healthy condition, and improving the quality of the milk, imparting a richness in cream, that cannot be attained without their use.

Prepared only by JOHN McKELLIP, Druggist, TANEYTOWN, MD.



### PERSONALITIES.

The Countess of Anmerley, one of England's beauties, is a famous botanist.

James Wood, a prominent citizen of Portsmouth, N. H., has just celebrated his one hundredth birthday.

Cardinal Ledochowski, since Cardinal Hohenlohe's death, stands at the head of the cardinal priests in Rome.

Felix de Fontaine, one of the most celebrated of the civil war correspondents, recently died at his home in Columbia, S. C., being about 64 years old.

Field Marshal Lord Roberts, whom Kipling has immortalized as "Little Bobs," has written an important two volume work called "Forty-one Years in India."

King Leopold of Belgium has announced his intention of visiting next spring, for the first time, his possessions on the Congo. He is to be accompanied by Stanley.

Mrs. Dan Howard, a member of the Presbyterian church at Jeffersonville



## A CAPITOL IN ASHES.

Pennsylvania's State Building in Harrisburg Was Burned on Tuesday.

### THE HOUSE WAS IN SESSION.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 2.—The Pennsylvania State Capitol here was totally destroyed by fire today. The loss will be \$1,500,000. The structure is comparatively new, about \$100,000. Several persons were slightly but not seriously injured in fighting the flames. A new and much more handsome state building will be erected at once. The sessions of the Legislature will continue here, although it was stated at first that both Senate and House would hold their future meetings during this session in either Philadelphia or Pittsburgh, to both of which they were invited when the destructive character of the fire became known.

The volunteer fire department of Harrisburg is held partly to blame for the rapid spread of the flames because of its alleged tardiness in responding to the fire alarms. It is also said that the water pressure was not sufficiently great to throw a stream upon the burning building, in which the flames at first raged most furiously.

When the fire was first discovered the House of Delegates was in session and the Senate was about to convene after a few minutes' recess. Smoke was seen in small volumes pouring out into the Capitol grounds from the House windows. The fire was not mind of it until the great clouds rolled by the window. Instantly there was a motion to adjourn and all was confusion. The Senate chamber was crowded with members. Senator John C. Grady, of Philadelphia, warned the Senators, and there was a general haste to remove effects. Fire alarms were sent in and soon the Senate was a mass of howling men. Dasks were hastily carried out. The same work was done in the House chamber.

Great crowds quickly gathered on the grounds. The flames were then shooting out of the roof over the Lieutenant-Governor's chamber, where the fire originated. The flames destroyed the roof and made their way down into the Senate chamber. Soon the men who were trying to recover property were driven out. The flames enveloped the Senate roof and then the roof of the House chamber. A heavy rain was falling the woodwork of the building was like tinder. Soon the fire spread to every portion of the building. During the fire numerous persons were injured by falling timbers and by explosion. For a time it looked as though the adjoining department buildings would be destroyed, but a shifting wind saved them. The records of this session of the Legislature were saved. Meetings of House and Senate will be held tomorrow to define what will be done.

The department of the burned building were the following: Senate and House, all of the committee rooms, the Senate library's room, smoking room, harbor shop in Senate chamber, Governor's room, room of President pro tem, school department, House chief clerk's room, Speaker of House's room, chief clerk's room, two telephone offices, room of the Harrisburg Legislative Correspondents' Association, pasters and folders' departments, cloak-rooms of both branches and the engine-rooms.

Superintendent of Public Buildings Delaney places the loss at \$1,500,000. "I will," said Mr. Delaney, "the building on the colonial style. We will have a meeting of the building committee as soon as the House and Senate committees can be appointed."

There is not much over \$100,000 insurance on the building and contents according to the statement of the treasury officials. There was \$400,000 on the Capitol building while the state library was in it. After it was removed to another structure the insurance on the legislative building was reduced to \$60,000. In addition to this there is \$125,000 insurance carried on all the state buildings.

The state capital was a plain but substantial brick building, the cornerstone of which was laid seventy-eight years ago. The original tract of four acres for the Capitol buildings was a donation from John Harris, the founder of Harrisburg. Subsequently ten acres and five lots adjoining were bought by the state for \$2,100, a small portion of this land was sold in 1828 for \$412. This it will be seen that the original tract of land only cost the state \$1,688. The construction of the Capitol buildings cost \$135,000, the corner stone being laid in 1819, and the first Legislature meeting in it in 1822. When the cornerstone of the Capitol was laid by Gov. Findlay, in 1819, he had a large number in performing the ceremonies, which was considered by many a bad omen.

On the old executive offices east and west of the Capitol, the state expended \$12,000 for the removal of the inclosure and embellishment of the public grounds and \$15,000 for the furnishing of the Capitol. The original building was a two-story structure, with a central tower, and the library building was completed in the center of the spacious Capitol Park at an expenditure of \$800,000. Extensive additions and alterations to the old Capitol were completed just in time for the opening of the present session of the Legislature.—*Sun.*

### A Strong Defence.

Justice.—You plead innocent of the charge of theft and yet you were caught with two of Mr. Punksinck's chickens in your possession. How do you explain the circumstances?

Prisoner.—De 'umstance is easy nuff to 'splain, yer Honor. I took de chickens by permission.

Justice.—How's that? You don't mean to say he gave them to you?

Prisoner.—Well, not exactly, but sumption 'nivalves, yer Honor. Yee see, it war this way: I arks de gentleman to give some 'sistance to a po' nigger out of a job, an' he says I ain't 'willin' enough to help a man to help himself.—I says dat all I want, massa, a chance to help meself. Well, just den he steps 'side de barn an' I wuz left alone 'side de chicken coop, so I takes the first chance he gives me to help meself, an' dat's how I come in 'pession of de chickens. Dar want no theft 'bout it, yer Honor.

Many merchants are well aware that their customers are their best friends and take pleasure in supplying them with the best goods obtainable. As an instance we mention Perry & Cameron, prominent druggists of Flushing, Michigan. They say: "We have no hesitation in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to our customers, as it is the best cough medicine we have ever sold and always gives satisfaction." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Give the RECORD the job of printing your Sale Bills. Sale notes, and a place in the Sale Register, go with the bills without extra charge. Our Bills are equal to the best.

## FUNERAL EXPERIENCE.

Fighting the Snow to Deposit a Casket Into the Grave.

Frederick, Md., Jan. 29.—The family and friends of Joshua Main, of Rocky Springs, Frederick county, whose funeral took place today, had quite a rough experience attending the interment. The snow drifts before Montevue Hospital were as much as two horses could pull through and the wind was so fierce and the snow flying in the faces of the drivers so steadily that it was impossible to see twenty-five yards ahead. The casket stools were blown from the hearse and could not be found.

Rev. Mr. Barshinger, United Brethren minister, of Walkersville, started out at 9 o'clock and the drifts had increased to such an extent that he was unable to get any further than Mr. Wm. Stone's farm, two miles from the city, where he was compelled to leave his horse and buggy and walk across the fields to Rocky Springs Chapel. He was so cold that his ears were partly frozen.

The roads were so blocked that men were compelled to shovel them open for the funeral cortege to proceed and to take down the fence in order to reach the grave-yard. Upon the arrival at the grave an indescribable scene took place. Several men fought the snow bank, while others endeavored to deposit the casket in the grave. When this was finally accomplished those who had been at the funeral were all scattered with earth and snow. Neighbors and friends were untiring in their efforts to help the funeral through. The conveyances were compelled to return home through the farms by lowering the fencing.—*Sun.*

Constipation in its worst forms, dyspepsia, sick headache, biliousness and derangement of the liver are readily cured by DeWitt's Little Blue Pills. These little pills never fail. After all other so-called cures have failed entirely, Mr. Vensel said it assisted his children through a very bad case of measles. One Minute Cough Cure makes expectoration very easy and rapid. J. McKellip, druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Chicora, Pa., "Herald." Richard Vensel reports: "One Minute Cough Cure the greatest success of medical science. He told us that it cured his whole family of terrible coughs and colds. After all other so-called cures had failed entirely, Mr. Vensel said it assisted his children through a very bad case of measles. One Minute Cough Cure makes expectoration very easy and rapid. J. McKellip, druggist, Taneytown, Md.

### Poverty in the Country.

Not long ago, I was visiting a friend in the country, and the conversation turned upon the hard times.

My friend, the farmer's wife, said that she wanted to leave the farm, and move to some large city where the boys and girls of the family could find work. She said that poverty in the country was so much harder to endure than poverty in the city. Now, I have gone among the poor in several of our largest cities, and I know she was mistaken in her ideas. As we were talking, dinner was announced. As we sat at the table, I asked if the dinner was an extra one on my account. "No, indeed," said my friend, "this is our usual dinner."

Here is a description of the dinner: Baked chickens, mashed Irish potatoes, baked sweet potatoes, boiled turnips with cream dressing, a salad made of sliced tomatoes on lettuce, bread, butter, pickles and coffee, and a big pitcher of milk. For dessert, baked apples and cream. I asked my hostess if she knew what such a dinner would cost in any of our big cities. She said she did not, but told her that her dinner would cost three or four dollars. She said, "How do you mean that out?" I answered this: The chickens, of which you had three, would cost you from forty to sixty cents apiece, your Irish potatoes from six to ten cents; sweet potatoes, ten cents; turnips, five cents; lettuce and tomatoes, each, ten cents; butter, twenty-five cents; cream, twenty cents. Here you have two dollars, without counting coffee, sugar, milk or bread. As the dishes were cleared away, one of the girls brought a dish piled high with grapes and pears, also a pitcher of cider. These, I said, would add another half dollar to your dinner.

Leaving the table, we walked through the garden. There, I saw such evidences of thrift and plenty, that I said, "How can you call your self poor, when you have such quantities of good things about you?"

The truth of it, my friend does not know what poverty is. She has heard of it, but she has never seen it. How would she like to see one of her children crying for an apple? What does she know of hunger or cold? It is a rare thing to see a hungry man or woman in the country, but oh, what a common thing in a city! You can tell them when you meet them there is a sunken look in the eyes and a pinched look about the mouth, that is rarely, if ever, seen in the country.

If my country friend should move to some large city, where she would have to pay money for every egg she used, every potato, every drop of milk, I believe she would soon wish herself back on the farm. The city is all very well for the rich, but for poor people, or people in moderate circumstances, the country every time.—*Epitomis.*

### From Sire to Son.

As a Family Medicine Bacon's Celery Tonic for the Nervous System is sold to son as a legacy. If you have Kidney, Liver or Blood disorder do not delay, but get a free sample package of it, and get it once if you have Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, etc., this grand specific will cure you. R. S. McKinney, the leading druggist, is sole agent and distributing samples free to the afflicted. Large packages \$5 and 50c.

### Not Smoking.

In a Glasgow ear the other night was an aged Irishman who held a pipe in his mouth. The conductor told him he could not smoke, but he paid no heed. Presently the guard came into the car and said with a show of irritation, "Didn't I tell you you couldn't smoke in this car?"

"Well, O'm not smoking," replied Pat, "but O'm not walking."

## General and Political.

### THE RECOMMENDATION OF POPULIST NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29.—The Populist National Committee, that the Populist party abandon the silver question and fall back upon the two issues of Governmental control of railroads and unlimited paper money, to be issued by the Government, creates a good deal of stir among the Populists. It has also started up the silver people generally, for they see in it the prospect of a break in the solid front which the Populists and silver Democrats presented in the late campaign.

A number of orders for ball tickets have been received by members of the inaugural finance committee. The committee has no doubt of being able to dispose of 10,000 tickets. A peculiar feature of the inaugural ball will be that no wine or liquor of any kind will be sold in connection with the supper or at any other time during the evening. This prohibition of liquors at the ball, it is understood, is made in accordance with the wishes of Mr. and Mrs. McKinley. It will be the first inaugural ball held here at which wine has not been sold.

Nevada has placed itself on record as the only state in the Union which legalizes and encourages prize fights. Governor Sadler has signed the glove-contest bill, which makes it almost certain that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will be held there, and already the cities are rivaling each other in the way of offers of inducements for the event. The bill provides that gloves not less than four ounces in weight shall be used, and that a license of \$1000 shall be paid to the sheriff in the county in which glove contests are held. Now that a place has been found in which fistie encounters can be held, it is probable that there will be less fight talk, as it will be "put up or shut up."

It is announced that President Cleveland has determined to veto the immigration bill, should that measure come to him for consideration. Senator Palmer is quoted as relating an interview with the President in which Mr. Cleveland informed him that he regarded the bill as unjust and one to which he could not give his approval. The President's chief objection to the bill is that by applying the educational test to both sexes there is danger of separating wives from their husbands and of causing other hardships. The President is represented as sharing the views of the House members of the House who made such a spirited opposition to the adoption of the conference report upon the measure.

### Ate Glass, Tacks, Nails and Screws.

The novel sight of a man eating, with seeming relish, nails, glass, screws and other indigestible articles was witnessed Thursday by the faculty and students of the Baltimore Medical College.

The man was Samuel Harris, twenty-two years old, of Syracuse, N. Y., who calls himself the "Austrian Man," who has been exhibiting himself to the students of medical colleges throughout the country for the last seven years. After eating seventy-five tacks, three hatch-nails, one two-inch screw, a three-inch horseshoe nail and a portion of a lamp-chimney, he bit a piece off the blade of a pocketknife and swallowed it.

Several members of the faculty examined Harris without finding any of the articles he claimed to have eaten. Harris said his secret was in the fact that he always ate a hearty meal of beef and bread before taking an allowance of the other articles.—*Sun.*

### The First Steam Power.

The power of steam was known to Hero of Alexandria, who exhibited what seems to have been the first steam engine to Ptolemy Philadelphus and his court about 150 B. C. Pappus describes a small boat, built by a "magician" of Rome, which moved by means of a wheel, "driven by a pot of hot water." Watt's invention of a rotary steam engine, which was the first practical locomotive, was built by Trevithick in 1804. The first practical locomotive was perfected by Stephenson in 1825. As early as 1707 Denys Papin built a model of a steamboat, which was destroyed by a mob of boatmen. The first practical steamboat was built by William Symington in 1802. In 1803 Robert Fulton, in connection with Chancellor Livingston, built a steamboat which was tried on the Seine. In 1807 the Clermont began trips from New York to Albany.

### A Discreet Estimate.

"Papa," said young Mrs. Hunker, "won't you please give George and me \$10,000?"

"What do you want that much money for?"

"We want to build a \$5,000 house,"—Harlem Life.

### Did Him a Favor.

Pedestrian (to footpad)—Money or my life, is it? I was wondering how I was going to live through this week. Now I won't have to. Very kind of you. Shoot away.—Boston Transcript.

The willow is one of the most adaptable of plants. A willow switch stuck in the wet ground will almost invariably take root and become a tree.

### Human Ingenuity.

Certainly, for the mechanic, human ingenuity has never produced a better liniment than Salvation Oil, which now stands unexcelled for curing his sprains and bruises caused by a fall; or cuts and wounds the result of an accident with his tool or saw. Salvation Oil always kills pain. "Recently, I fell about twenty feet and was very much bruised on my leg and side, but after bathing them with Salvation Oil the bruises soon disappeared. I think Salvation Oil is just the thing for sores and bruises." A. Jacob Rice, 520 Church St., Easton, Pa. Salvation Oil may be bought anywhere for 25 cents. Substitutes offered by dealers may cost less; hence, do less. Salvation Oil, however, never disappoints the user.

## BECOMING INDIANS.

CLAIM THAT AMERICANS ARE DEVELOPING ON THAT LINE.

Increasing Resemblance in Faces to the Aboriginal Type—A Study of Heads, With Especial Attention to the Residents of Pennsylvania.

It is an extraordinary question in anthropological science which has been propounded popularly of late. The influence of environment upon the race resident in the United States must in the course of four centuries produce certain marked and undeniable physical results. It is not generally acknowledged by American anthropologists that there is a tendency of reversion to the type indigenous to the soil. But foreign students of race, with more perspective, have offered interesting food for reflection. A writer in the Chicago Times, General Longstreet, "never heard him utter a profane or vulgar word. He was a boy of good native ability, although by no means a hard student. So perfect was his sense of honor that, in the numerous cabals which were formed against him, he was never mentioned, for he never did anything which could be subject for criticism or reproach. He soon became the most daring horseman in the academy." He had a way of solving problems out of rule by the application of logic, and by saying: "When our school days were over, if the average opinion of the members of the class had been taken, every one would have said: 'There is Sam Grant. He is a splendid fellow, a good, honest man, against whom nothing can be said and from whom everything may be expected.'"

One of the keenest observers in his class, for a year his roommate, perceived more in him than his instructors. "He had the most scrupulous regard for truth. He never held his word light. He never said an untruthful word even in jest."

"He was a reflective mind and at times very reticent and somber. Something seemed working deep down in his thoughts—things he knew as little about as we. There would be days, even weeks, at a time when he would be silent and somber—not morose. He was a cheerful man, and yet he had these moments when he seemed to feel some premonition of a great future—wondering what he was to do and what he was to become. He was moved by a very sincere motive to join the Dialectic society, which was the only literary society while I did not belong, but Grant joined while we were roommates, with the aim to improve in his mode of expressing himself."—McClure's.

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E. E. REINDOLLAR, Taneytown, Md.

### Sale Register.

All persons who intend to have Public Sale this Spring, and who advertise the same in the RECORD, or in the Daily Star, or in the Evening News, are entitled to have notice of the sale inserted in this column, now and until day of sale, free of charge. Our equipment for Sale Bill work is first-class, and our bills equal to the best. Ask for samples and prices.

March 2. Samuel Ott, near Harney, Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auc.

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March 5. Jacob Wantz, Exr. of John Wantz, near Tyrone, Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Furniture. J. N. O. Smith, Auc.

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March 17. John Wertz, near Trevanion, Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auc.

March 17. Daniel W. Weaver, 1 mile northwest of Harney, in Pennsylvania, Live Stock and Farming Implements. A. Smith & Son, Auc.

March 18. Miss Adelaide McFadden, at Trevanion, Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Goods. J. N. O. Smith, Auc.

March 20. H. F. Fink and Chas. G. Brown, Horses, Wagons and Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auc.

March 20. Mrs. Phoebe Koons, near Harney, Live Stock and Farming Implements. A. Smith & Son, Auc.

March 21. Mary J. Houck, ad'm'r of William Houck, near Walnut Grove school house, Live Stock and Farming Implements. J. N. O. Smith, Auc.

## SONG.

I would that my love were a fly fair And I would that I were a sunbeam bold, Still to be kissed by her flowery hair And all day long with my airy gold.

Or would that she were the dew that lies In 'th' rose and in the rose tree's bower, To fold my red cheeks over her eyes And make my sweetness a part of her.

Would I were a breeze that is where it will And she a leaf in some lonely place, I would cling to her, sister to her, till She gathered me up in her green embrace.

Or would that she were a fawn so gay And I within some lowly bed, Where oft her silvery feet would stray And dimple the turf above me spread.

Nay, leave 'th' sunbeam the light that's his And the fly her airy gold, And give me my maiden, just as she is, To kiss and sing to, to keep and hold.

—New York Ledger.

### A LAD WITHOUT GUILE.

How Grant Impressed His Comrades as a West Point cadet.

"He was a lad without guile," testified General Longstreet. "I never heard him utter a profane or vulgar word. He was a boy of good native ability, although by no means a hard student. So perfect was his sense of honor that, in the numerous cabals which were formed against him, he was never mentioned, for he never did anything which could be subject for criticism or reproach. He soon became the most daring horseman in the academy." He had a way of solving problems out of rule by the application of logic, and by saying: "When our school days were over, if the average opinion of the members of the class had been taken, every one would have said: 'There is Sam Grant. He is a splendid fellow, a good, honest man, against whom nothing can be said and from whom everything may be expected.'"

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## PROSPERITY ASSURED

At OAK HALL, New Windsor, Md.

### GREAT CLEARING SALE OF BLANKETS & COMFORTS

Clothing, Ladies' and Childrens' Coats.

### NOW IN PROGRESS.

25 Overcoats, just Half Price; Child's Overcoats from \$1.00 up; Gents', from \$2.50 up. 25 to 30 Ladies' and Childrens' Coats, from \$1.00 to \$5.00, former price, \$2.50 to \$10.00. 10 to 12c percales to go at 7c. 8c Bleached Muslin to go at 5c to 6c. Calicoes from 3 1/2c up. Gingham from 3c up. 20th Century Shoes we start at \$1.50. We still have a number of \$2.50 to \$3.00 shoes, selling at \$1.25 to \$1.50. 50 pairs of \$1.00 Kid Gloves to go at 50c.

There is no store in the county offering greater Bargains than here. Our Spring stock of Carpets, Matting, Queensware, &c., will be ready at very low prices. Come and see us, and we will make you happy