

# THE TANEYTOWN RECORD.

Vol. 3., No. 24.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, DECEMBER, 12 1896.

\$1.00 Per Year.

## Locals and Personals.

The assessors finished their labors in Uniontown district on Tuesday, after being engaged sixty days.

Wanted—Information as to the whereabouts of our Middleburg and Double Pipe Creek correspondents.

Call at the RECORD office for sample copy of the *Agricultural Epitaphist*. Only 20c a year, between now and January 1st., 1897.

There is a noticeable scarcity of calendars for 1897, so far, of the advertisement character. Possibly this is an illustration of hard times.

Do not forget that a years subscription to the RECORD will make a most appropriate Christmas gift to that relative of yours in the west.

Calvin T. Fringer raised his new barn on Thursday morning. The new structure will be larger and more convenient than the one recently burned.

John H. Murray, of this district, while grinding sausage meat, on Tuesday, had the middle finger of his right hand caught in the grinder, and cut off at the base of the nail.

It is reported that a child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harner, near Harney, recently drank some lye, and is now in a critical condition; its throat having closed up so that it is unable to take any nourishment.

Whenever a house is measured for carpet by a young lady who has been regularly "sparked" for a good while, it seems reasonable to presume that the services of a minister will soon be needed, or there will be a "close shave" in that direction.

We acknowledge the receipt of a copy of the *Boone County Banner* (Ky.) edited by Rev. H. Max Lantz, A. M., well known to the Lutheran fraternity in this section. With the first copy for the new year the *Banner* will be enlarged, both in size and scope, and will more than amply be a credit to its talented editor.

Butchering has been epidemic during the past two weeks in this section, and numerous jokes are the result. It is said, for instance, that a resident of the district went all the way to Westminster to have his jug filled for the occasion. The uncertainty about this joke, is, whether it is on the Taneytown whiskey or the man who bought it.

John Harrison, who is attending W. Jesse Robert's horses, has attended some of the greatest race horses known, during the past twenty years; Maud S., and Sunol being among the number. He is well known to horsemen generally, and thoroughly understands the business. He has been with Al. Cummins, Harrisburg, for a number of years.

Constable Conley, of York says that Taneytown beats any small town he ever saw in the number of lawyers and curiosity-burdened people it contains. Should Mr. Conley prove to be a man of good judgment, who has traveled extensively, his criticism would be rather severe. Without knowing this, positively, we are entitled to the benefit of the doubt.

Let us have your sale dates now, as we will begin the Sale Register in a few weeks. Remember that all who have their bills printed at this office are entitled to have a notice of the sale in the RECORD, free of charge, until the date of the sale. The advantage in announcing the date so early, is, that it will prevent different sales from being held on the same date in the same neighborhood.

Owing to delay in securing the necessary requisition papers, Edward Unger was not taken to York, Pa., until Saturday evening. While in the custody of officer Miller he was confined in the town lock-up, at his own request, in preference to going to the county jail. His case was heard on Wednesday and he is now out on bail pending his appearance in court. It is thought by some that the most serious charge against him may not be fully sustained.

As may be seen in our Court proceedings, Frederick J. Hoch has been sentenced to the penitentiary for twelve years and to the House of Correction for six months. His partner, George Holmes, received a term of seven years in the penitentiary and six months in the House of Correction. These are the young men who resisted arrest and attempted to shoot Constable B. S. Miller and deputy Charles M. Harner, of this district, an account of which appeared in the RECORD several weeks ago. At the expiration of these sentences they will be taken in charge by the Pennsylvania authorities and tried for horse stealing and other charges. Verily, the way of the transgressor is hard—sometimes.

The Taneytown Improvement Association is no more. It departed this life of well-meantness last Friday night, in Shriver's hall, at about 8.30. In the presence of a few sorrowing friends who wished it better luck in the next world, and who promptly executed its last will and minute-book by paying all indebtedness and making an equitable distribution of the residue of its personal estate among the legal heirs. It can be truthfully said of the deceased, that, in life, its character was irreproachable—the truly good, good young—and in its death, the community is a heavy loser—chiefly in what it might have been. The interment was private, in the same cemetery in which lie several Literary Society, a Choral Union, a G. A. R. Post, a lodge of K. of P., and its earthly affairs settled. R. I. P.

## NOTES FROM EVERYWHERE.

Items of current news boiled down, for busy readers.

Fifty tramps have been arrested and placed in jail in Cecil county in the past few weeks.

Edward Stimmler, well known citizen of Woolery's district, dropped dead from heart disease at Finksburg, on Thursday.

The artesian well at Littlestown is over 140 feet deep. Great progress will be made in digging the well as the rock is becoming softer.

Samuel Hughes, reported in last issue as having had an arm amputated on account of a circular saw accident, died last Friday morning, and was buried at Rider's on Monday.

The fiftieth anniversary of the dedication of the M. E. church, Littlestown, will be celebrated on Christmas. The first M. E. church in that place was built in 1846 and dedicated on Christmas Day.

Edward Kountz, of Frederick, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue for Frederick and Carroll counties, died on Tuesday, in his sixty-eighth year. He was taken sick in Westminster last Thursday.

A stable on the farm of John Bankert, near Westminster, was destroyed by fire on Monday, together with a quantity of hay. The stable was set on fire by several small boys, who were playing with matches.

Argument was heard in court in Hagerstown on Thursday for a new trial for Clarence E. Perry, convicted of embezzling several hundred dollars from Antietam Lodge, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. The motion was overruled and Judge Sloan sentenced Perry to four years in the penitentiary.

Several Hagerstown lawyers have expressed the opinion that the new assessment law will be knocked out by the Court of Appeals. The law does not permit the person assessed to appeal from the Board of Control and Review, and the lawyers say that the law may be proven unconstitutional in this particular.

Heavy losses are reported by the farmers throughout Montgomery county from the ravages of hog cholera. In Cedar Grove and Barnesville neighborhoods many farmers are compelled to bury their pork. The heaviest loss so far reported is O. H. Walker, whose entire stock of 75 hogs, valued at \$400, have died.

Mrs. Emma Conway, wife of Wm. Conway, of Winfield, made an attempt to commit suicide on Sunday night by drinking two ten-cent phials of laudanum. She was unconscious until Monday morning, and will probably recover. Both she and her husband belong to families of good standing. Domestic troubles are assigned as the cause of her attempt.

Miss S. Olivia Rinehart, head of the art department of Western Maryland College, has just returned from an absence of two and a half years spent abroad in the study of art. A large portion of this time was spent in Paris, where she studied under Carlo Rossi, Gustave Courtois, Girardot and Duran and where she has copied from paintings in the Louvre. The past three summers she has spent traveling in different parts of the continent.

The Gettysburg Star says: A young daughter of W. C. Sheely, Esq., who had been unwell for four or five days last week, was frantically, which her parents attributed to teething. The family physician, Dr. Walter H. O'Neal, being called in on last Saturday, upon an examination of the child's back below the shoulder blade which had been completely concealed. The doctor succeeded in extracting the needle which gave relief at once to the suffering child.

The whole issue of Rockville water bonds, \$30,000, has been taken by a New York speculator at 101c. The bonds bear four per cent interest and ran twenty years. Now that the money has been secured, the work of giving Rockville water works and electric light will be begun at once. An important step in this direction has already been begun, in the digging of an artesian well in the eastern part of the town. The well is 320 feet deep, and supplies a steady output of 150 gallons per minute.

Thos. Marsh, of Upper Oxford, Pa., who was up past midnight on Tuesday night, saw a light in the barn of his neighbor W. S. Turner. Taking his gun, Marsh went toward the barn, when the light went out, and a man came out of the stable. Marsh called to him to stop, and the man ran, a load of shot following. It staggered him, but he managed to reach the fence, and as he was going over Marsh fired again. The man fell in the road, and a wagon drove up, two men jumped out and tossed their wounded confederate in, and disappeared down the road. It is supposed the parties were horse thieves.

The two big manufacturing establishments of Waynesboro, the Geiser and the Erick companies, held their annual meetings on Wednesday. The statements submitted to the stockholders were more favorable than had been expected for a year of depression. The Geiser statement shows assets \$1,233,740.70; liabilities \$909,384.95. The net surplus for 1895 is \$182,541.65, and the net earnings for 1896, \$77,834.07. The Erick statement has not yet been given out, but it is very favorable. The two big shops are employing nearly a thousand hands. Both companies have received many orders since the election, and Waynesboro is experiencing quite a boom.

## COURT PROCEEDINGS.

A Number of Heavy Sentences for Law Breakers.

State of Md. vs John J. Schmidt and Julius C. Hely; heretofore tried. Each sentenced to pay a fine of \$300 and costs.

State of Md. vs George Holmes; larceny, sentenced to 3 years in Maryland Penitentiary.

State of Md. vs George Holmes; assault with intent to kill Burgess S. Miller, heretofore tried. Sentenced to Maryland Penitentiary for 2 years.

State of Md. vs George Holmes; assault with intent to kill Charles Harner, heretofore tried. Sentenced to Maryland Penitentiary for 2 years.

State of Md. vs Frederick J. Hoch alias Wm. Eldridge; assault with intent to kill Burgess S. Miller. Sentenced to Maryland Penitentiary for 3 years.

State of Md. vs Frederick J. Hoch alias Wm. Eldridge; assault with intent to kill Charles Harner. Sentenced to Maryland Penitentiary for 3 years.

State of Md. vs Frederick J. Hoch alias Wm. Eldridge; carrying concealed weapons. Sentenced to House of Correction for 6 months.

State of Md. vs Tobias Butler; selling liquor without license. Tried before court, finding of court guilty, and sentenced to the county jail for 3 months. J. M. Reifsnider for state and P. P. for traverser.

Same vs same; same offense. Stet out on motion of State's Attorney.

State of Md. vs Wm. Gray, selling hard cider without license. Tried before court; adjudged guilty and sentenced to the county jail for 3 months. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Brooks for traverser.

State vs Wm. Gray; selling hard cider without license. Tried before court; adjudged guilty and sentenced to the county jail for 3 months. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Brooks for traverser.

State of Md. vs Lorenzo Stanton aiding and abetting Debbie Oakley to poison Wm. Boyer; heretofore tried. Verdict guilty; new trial granted, and trial set for next term.

State of Md. vs Wm. H. Green; burglary and larceny, (3 cases). Plea of guilty confessed, and sentenced by the court to 1 year in Maryland Penitentiary, in each case.

State of Md. vs James Sims; selling liquor without license. Tried before court, finding of court not guilty. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Reifsnider & Reifsnider for traverser.

State of Md. vs James Gray, alias Francis Lee Gray, alias Mattie Gray; larceny, heretofore tried. Sentenced by the court to 2 years and 6 months in Maryland Penitentiary.

State of Md. vs Joseph Barnes; assault with intent to kill Wm. Barnes. Tried before jury; verdict, guilty on second count in indictment and not guilty as to first count, and sentenced to House of Correction for 1 year. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Brooks for traverser.

State of Md. vs Joseph Barnes; carrying concealed weapons. Before jury, verdict guilty. Sentenced to House of Correction for 1 year and 6 months. J. M. Reifsnider for state, and Brooks for traverser.

All other criminal cases were continued.

## Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, Dec. 7th., 1896.—Joseph D. Brooks, executor of Hosea Frederick, settled, first and final account.

Josiah Wantz and Theodore Zepp, executors of Mary Wantz, deceased, returned list sales of goods and chattels.

John H. Fair, executor of John Fair, deceased, returned inventory of goods and chattels and received order to sell goods and chattels.

## MARRIED.

WRIGHT—ECKER.—On Dec. 2nd, near Uniontown, by Elder Solomon Stone, Mr. John W. Wright, of New Hope, Va., to Miss Nettie Ecker, of Uniontown.

WARREN—RIDINGER.—On Dec. 9th., in Annapolis, by Rev. Henry Smith, Mr. Wilson Warren, of Baltimore, to Miss Maud W. Ridinger, of Copperville, this county.

ANGELL—BOWERS.—On the 8th., at the Reformed parsonage, by Rev. A. F. Driesbach, Mr. Angell to Miss Elsie Florence Bowers, both of this vicinity.

BANKARD—HAHN.—On the 10th., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. A. F. Driesbach, Ph. D., Mr. Edward D. Bankard, of Taneytown, to Miss Cora E. Hahn, of near Silver Run.

## DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions charged for the rate of 10c per line. The regular death notices published free of charge.

HUGHES.—On Dec. 4th, near Westminster, Mr. Samuel Hughes, in his 63rd year.

HAWK.—On Dec. 7th, at Hawin's Mill, Mr. William Hawk, aged 77 years. Interment in Lutheran cemetery Taneytown, last Sunday.

ERB.—On Dec. 5th, near Uniontown, Mrs. Josiah Erb, is her 58th year.

## IN MEMORIAM.

In Sad and Loving Remembrance of our dear daughter, Maud Blanche Beaver, who died December 9th., 1895.

One year, darling Maud, Oh! can it be Twelve weary months have we thought and worried for thee? And yet it seems so fresh—the pain—We count them over and over again.

You are not forgotten, Maud, dear, And with future shores We'll remember thee.

For as long as life and memory last, We'll remember thee.

By her Father and Mother.

One year thou art gone, Maud, To the spirit land; Vainly, we often look for thee. Where we used to see the stand.

Oh! thy gentle smiles of greeting, Maud We again shall hope to see. When, amidst the angels, We in Heaven hope to be.

Never will we forget thee, Maud, And with future shores We'll remember thee.

By her Sisters.

## GLEN MORRIS FLINT MILLS.

A Graphic description of this Important Industry.

(For the RECORD.)

This being my first effort to communicate with a publisher, I hope my friends of the RECORD will view this article with favor. I paid a visit to Glen Morris, on Saturday last, to visit your former citizen, James C. Davis, who is engineer and general manager of the Glen Morris Flint Co. Your many readers will probably be surprised when informed of the fact that this is the finest plant of the kind in the United States, or the entire world.

Two of the firm are of Williamsport, Pa., and are worth millions, while the balance of the members of the firm are wealthy. I found Mr. Davis, as one of the firm remarked to me, "One of the busiest men in Baltimore Co." He was engaged in placing the mill in operation, and the fine of great power, besides loading cars, placing men in different places and making out bills of lading to all points on the river, which is a very important article goes from Maine to Texas, or in other words, to every state in the Union.

I saw the mill being loaded with fifteen tons for Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, and only a few days ago the Company shipped many tons to England.

You may ask—what is it used for? I will answer—what is it used for? Its greatest use seems to be to filter water. St. Louis, for instance, gets its water supply from the Missouri river, which is always cloudy. By filtering through about 40 tons of pure white flint, broken about one third size of a wheat grain, clear drinking water is the result. This same grade is also largely used in wood turning establishments where burs, spokes, shafts and handles are made in the factories.

The fine grade, like flour, goes to match factories, and the dust which is taken up by a fan making 2500 revolutions to a minute, is shipped to Franklin, New Jersey, where it is manufactured into poultice paper by a company, whose product is used by Iron Companies for moulding and polishing purposes.

This Company has, at Williamsport, a building, 300 feet in length which is used exclusively for the manufacture of flint. The flint is taken to the mill, and the dust which is taken up by a fan making 2500 revolutions to a minute, is shipped to Franklin, New Jersey, where it is manufactured into poultice paper by a company, whose product is used by Iron Companies for moulding and polishing purposes.

I will remark here that 19 different grades are made at the same time; that is, from fan dust up to the size of a garden pea—all grades of a different size, yet of the same kind, or quality. I will not describe the great variety of the various grades, such as roller flour mill making flour from wheat. From the rolls it goes into immense steel wire bolts, where the bolts are made, and the rollers are turned by machinery in 300lb. sacks ready for the market.

When Mr. Davis took charge of this establishment the first of April 1895, the output was from 18 to 32 sacks of 200lbs each, per day of ten hours, while now the output is from 90 to 100 sacks. This looks as the present remarked, that "Mr. Davis is the right man in the right place."

As he seems able to look thoroughly after everything in the works at the same time, as well as the business portion too. His many Carroll county friends, however, should they meet him, every day, they will find he is the same old Carroll-countian.

SHARRETS—HOFFMEIER.

Dr. Upton A. Sharrets, of Frederick city, and Miss Gertrude Hoffmeier, daughter of Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier, were married in Middletown Reformed church at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon. Over six hundred invitations were sent out, and long before the hour set for the service the large church was filled. Two special cars over the electric railroad brought a large crowd from Frederick in addition to those who came on the regular cars. The channel of the church was decorated with palms.

The bride entered the church leaning on the arm of her uncle, Dr. C. R. Ankeny, of Philadelphia, preceded by the ushers and Miss Anna Rudy as maid of honor. At the altar she was met by the groom and his best man, State Senator Frank C. Norwood, of Frederick. The ceremony was performed by the bride's father, pastor of the church, assisted by Rev. Luther Kuhman, of the Lutheran church, Frederick. The ring service was used. Miss Hattie Shaeffer played the organ.

The bride was dressed in a going-away gown of blue broadcloth, trimmed with fur, and she carried Kaiser roses. Miss Rudy, the maid of honor, was dressed in serpentine green broadcloth and carried violets.

The ushers were Dr. Wm. F. Ankeny, of Washington, D. C., uncle of the bride; Mr. William Baker, Jr., of Buckeystown, and Dr. William C. McComas and Mr. Edwin Markell, of Frederick. They were boutonnières of white hyalanthus. Mr. and Mrs. Sharrets left for Frederick, where they took a train for the Northern cities.

Church Notices.

The series of meetings in the Brethren meeting house, in Union Bridge, conducted by Elder D. V. Long, have been very well attended and considerable interest manifested. They will be continued for a time and there will be preaching Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, and Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Bible meeting at 2 o'clock at Elder E. W. Stoner, all are cordially invited to be present.

The engagement is announced of Miss Susie Mangan, of Sing Sing, to Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, late of Brooklyn, but now of Washington. Miss Mangan is a daughter of D. D. Mangan, who is a prominent grain dealer in New York. Mr. Mangan is reputed to be a millionaire. Miss Mangan has been a popular young woman in Sing Sing society.

## EARLY DUNKARD HISTORY.

Facts connected with the Denomination not generally known.

The *Pittsburg Times*, of a recent date, contained a somewhat lengthy history of the Dunker, or German Baptist, church, the most of which refers to the customs and belief of the denomination. The following extracts from the article, relating to the early history of the sect, may be of interest to our readers.

"The name, is a nickname, meaning 'dippers' from the German 'tunkern' to dip. The name they give to the baptism, is 'dipping'."

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## Correspondence.

### New Windsor.

Mr. Charles Smith met with an accident, while driving from his farm to his home in New Windsor, on last Saturday evening, which has caused him a great deal of suffering. His horse having become frightened by a traction engine, became unmanageable and threw Mr. S., out of his stick wagon, striking the back of his neck against a tree or post, with great force. He is still unable to help himself in bed, though resting somewhat easier at present.

Elder Stouffer, of Washington county, preached in the German Baptist church of this place on Saturday afternoon, Rev. K. O. Spessard, of the Reformed church, officiated at the funeral.

Calvin Dutta ran into the buggy of H. M. Weaver, driven by his son Carroll, on Tuesday, breaking a wheel and shafts.

Mrs. T. J. Shreeve, also had the misfortune to break down on Monday afternoon on the Taneytown road, without getting hurt.

Rev. B. W. Kintley, wife and son, are visiting at Monrovia, Md.

### Uniontown.

A revival is in progress at the church of God.

John G. Harbaugh has opened a harness maker's shop in town.

The assessors finished their work in this district on Tuesday. The time occupied in doing the work was sixty days.

Mrs. Josiah Erb died on Saturday morning, in her 58th year. Interment in the M. P. cemetery on Monday afternoon, Rev. K. O. Spessard, of the Reformed church, officiated at the funeral.

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### Harney.

On last Monday, December 7th., about noon, Mr. W. E. Myers, a well known citizen of this community, died suddenly, from a stroke of paralysis. He had never fully recovered from the stroke he had last spring, and it was feared that his life would be ended in this manner ever since then, yet when the end came it was so sudden that it shocked the entire community. On Monday morning about 8 o'clock he walked to the mill as was his usual custom; he soon complained of feeling queer, and wondered what was wrong, but it was soon discovered that he had a stroke on the left side, and he was unconscious; he was immediately removed to the house after which he had another stroke on the right side, and it was seen at once that the end was near.

Funeral services were conducted at St. Paul's Lutheran church, of which he was a member. Rev. W. G. Minnick, pastor, officiated; he read from the Scriptures, the 90th. Psalm, and also part of the 24th. chapter of St. Matthew. He used as the basis of his remarks the 44th. verse of the 24th. chapter of St. Matthew. After preaching a very forcible and appropriate sermon, the remains were taken to Gettysburg and interred in the cemetery. Mr. Myers leaves a wife, one daughter and six sons, besides many friends, to mourn his loss. He was in the 61st. year of his age.

On Wednesday, Mr. D. D. Hesson received by express from his son in Baltimore, a large white jack rabbit; it weighed 35 pounds and was as nice a looking specimen of the rabbit kind as we have ever seen. Mr. Hesson had it skinned nicely and intends having the skin stuffed; if he succeeds in getting this done properly, he will have a beautiful ornament for his shelf.</



## The Carroll Record.

A Weekly Newspaper.  
INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT TANEYTOWN, MD.  
BY "THE CARROLL RECORD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY."

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:  
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SUBSCRIPTIONS will be continued, as a rule, after the time for which the paper has been paid, has expired. Subscribers who wish to discontinue should notify us, or ask their Postmaster to do so. The label on paper containing date to which the subscription has been paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS and contributions for the inside of the paper should be handed in by Tuesday evening to be guaranteed insertion.

ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER  
SATURDAY, DEC. 12th., 1896.

### Notice to Subscribers.

Some time about the first of the year, statements will be sent to all those who owe for a year's subscription or longer, and we respectfully ask that those who receive them, make us prompt remittance.

The statements will be for one year, or two years, according to the length of the term due us. If the time is nearer two years than one, the amount will be for two years subscription. The RECORD has never insisted on payment in advance, or attempted to make close collections; hereafter, however, we will insist on payment at least at the end of the year.

### THE CARROLL RECORD CO.

### New State Constitution.

It begins to look as if one of the most important measures which will come before our next legislature, will be a Bill to adopt a new Constitution for the state. At present, under the fee system, many counties, except those already provided for by special legislation, pay a number of their officials, salaries which seem to be out of proportion to actual necessity. In other words, the places can be filled by men perfectly competent, at salaries much below those now paid.

The only way, it seems, to remedy this, is to adopt a new constitution which will reduce all salaries to public officials to a point which will relieve the tax payers of an unnecessary burden. The RECORD has frequently called attention to the fact, that, although the ability of the people to pay the old amount of tax has been materially lessened, the pay of the office holder still remains the same, or goes higher. This is manifestly unjust, and, if it is necessary to find relief through the adoption of a new Constitution, then, by all means let us have one. An article by M. J. Herron, a Belair lawyer, has been going the rounds of the papers, from which we reproduce the following suggestions made by him:

The Orphans' Courts to be entirely abolished; their duties being performed by the Registers of Wills. Registers of Wills to receive a fixed salary and be ineligible to more than one term of service. Sheriffs to be ineligible for more than one term of four years and receive a salary. The Attorney-General to be appointed by the Governor and be ineligible for more than one term. State's Attorney to receive a fixed salary and be ineligible to more than one term. Clerks of courts to receive a salary and be ineligible to more than one term. The office of Secretary of State to be abolished. A Lieutenant Governor to be elected. Neither the Governor or Lieutenant Governor to be eligible for more than one term of office. The Comptroller and Treasurer to be ineligible to re-election; they to make up and publish on the first day of every month a sworn statement showing receipts and expenditures and cash on hand.

### Revenue or Protection.

There is considerable speculation now afloat as to whether the republican tariff policy of the future will be for revenue with incidental protection, for a moderate protection all along the line and above the necessities of revenue, or pronouncedly protective. Everyone, or at least the great majority, sees the necessity for more revenue—practically higher tariff. The question is, how far can the new administration go in this direction before the old tariff issues are again raised?

Possibly but very few, outside of the most rabid high protectionists, desire, or see the necessity for, a protection which practically amounts to prohibition. Republicans, as a rule, while believing in the principle of protection, are willing to legislate as closely as possible to the border line between protection and tariff for revenue as will conduce to the general prosperity, but are unwilling to concede the claims of the democrats that tariff for protection, even the slightest, is simply robbery.

It is scarcely probable that the question can be agitated, as it surely will be—if not in the present Congress, then in the new one—without starting up the old battle. It is one of the great questions on which the two parties will not agree, as having been settled at any of the elections by the people; and, such being the case, it is now as much an open question as it ever was. Reciprocity, too, will play an at present unknown part in the coming settlement; and, altogether, the subject as a whole, is awaited with a great deal of interest and those who delight in reading long speeches by our national legislators, on the tariff, will in all probability be gratified.

### Australian Ballots.

Part V.

PENNSYLVANIA.

This state used the largest ballot of them all, its size being 25x34 inches. Thirteen tickets were provided, nine of which, as follows, contained electors: Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, Peoples, Socialist Labor, National, Free Silver, McKinley citizens and Jeffersonian. Three contained but a few nominees for minor offices, and the last one was a blank for the use of voters desiring to vote for candidates other than those whose names were printed on the ballot.

Each ticket was entirely separate from the other, there being a plain border around each one with a narrow blank space between. Prominently at the top of each was a circle about three-fourths of an inch in diameter in which to make the X mark for a straight ticket. Following this came the party name in heavy type, then the names of candidates for President and Vice-President with a plainly outlined square immediately to the right of these names. An X mark placed within this square counted only for the electors, and not for the rest of the ticket.

The ballot, on the whole, is plain and business like, yet formidable looking on account of its great size. In our opinion the size might have been reduced by the use of slightly smaller type and a greater economy of blank space. The ballot was secured by lawyer William A. Golden, Pittsburg, through the courtesy of Mr. Denis J. Boyle, of the Allegheny county commission.

NEW YORK.

Although this state casts 36 electoral votes to 32 for Pennsylvania, the ballot used was only 19x21 inches. Eight single tickets were represented six of which, as follows, contained electors: Republican, Democratic, National, Democratic Prohibition, Socialist Labor and Peoples. The seventh was headed Independent Nominations, and the eighth was a blank ticket.

New York used party emblems; republican, a flying eagle and ballot box; Democratic, a large black star; National Democratic, a ship in full sail; Prohibition, a fountain in play; Socialist Labor, an arm and hammer; Peoples, a shamrock; Independent, the old Liberty bell.

The tickets were separated by a very heavy black line, thus giving the entire ballot the appearance of mourning. Just under the emblem and over the party name and presidential candidates, was placed a circle to contain the X mark for a straight ticket. For voters who wished to vote for a number of the candidates, a square was provided at the left of each candidate's name. Marking was done with a black lead pencil.

The ballot is fairly representative of the great state, and, without a radical change in design, does not leave much to be desired. The many thousands who used it on election day likely found it much easier to understand than did the voters in many other states, the ones provided for them. Received from Hon. Joseph A. Goulden, New York city.

KENTUCKY.

The ballot used in this state measures 21x15 inches, and contains but four single tickets: Republican, Democratic, Prohibition and National Sound Money Ticket. Each contained thirteen electors and a candidate for Congress, and is extremely simple in design and easy to understand.

The party name appears first, with the emblem following. The republican ticket was represented by a log cabin, the Democratic by a crowing rooster, the Prohibition by a spread eagle and the Sound Money ticket by a vignette of Jefferson surrounded by a laurel wreath.

Each of these emblems occupied the center of a heavy bordered square and within this square, the X mark for a straight ticket was placed, as on the Indiana ballot. A square at the right of each candidate's name furnished the method of splitting a ticket. Marking was done with a stencil and ink pad, but the use of a pencil would not invalidate the ticket. From a letter received along with the ballot from George W. Wilt, Flemingsburg, the laws regulating the act of voting seem eminently fair and easy to understand.

This ends our series of short sketches on this subject. We have been disappointed by not receiving returns from some of the requests sent out, and some have stated their inability to secure specimens. We have, however, given our readers something of an idea as to how most of the states participated in the recent great struggle, and have, at the same time, by personal inspection of the ballots received, gained some ideas, which, in our opinion, might be utilized in the formation of the ideal ballot, and these ideas may in the rear future be placed before our readers. The RECORD extends its thanks to all those who so kindly responded to its request.

WATER BONDS.

An article relative to their safety as an investment.

The Wall Street Daily News recently contained the following article on Water Bonds, which may be read with interest, particularly in consideration of the high authority giving it publication.

"There are good and there are bad water bonds, just as there are good and bad municipal bonds, railroad bonds, or Western farm mortgages. Time was when water bonds enjoyed a remarkably clean record, when Maine was claiming that none of these bonds held by her banks were in default, either in principal or interest, when Rhode Island and Connecticut were making equally strong assertions. But matters have changed somewhat, and while water bonds, as a general rule, still make an eminently respectable showing, some bad men and bad methods have crept in, fights between corporations and municipalities have occurred, and the standard of high credit has, in a degree, been lowered during the past five years. A properly issued water bond is a

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

bond issued with due regard to the earning capacity of the plant, with due regard to the present requirements and future growth of the town or city, also the amount of working capital necessary to operate the new plant until such time as it shall derive an independent revenue, sufficient to meet its obligations of whatever character they may be. And this last point is indeed a vital one, as many water bonds are constructed, particularly by corporations, on a basis of insufficient capital. The result in earnings do not prove sufficiently large to meet charges, and a receiver is forced in the early history of the company. To detect good from bad water bonds, the United States investor lays down the following rules: Ascertain whether the works issuing the securities have any competitors, just as in the case of gas, electric lighting bonds, or electric railways; also whether the supply of water is pure and is amply adequate for all necessary purposes; whether the franchise held is of a character sufficiently liberal to allow of being assured of the granting of prior rights and power to lay mains in such a manner as to reach all possible tanks. It is most important to study into the growth of the town or city, noting its increase or decrease in population during the past five or ten years, and weighing carefully its prospects for future development.

Since water is a necessity, is an absolute requirement for the health and comfort of the people and the protection of property, it ought to be, and generally is, cheerfully paid for. And again, if the owners of the water works have obtained the proper franchise to lay mains and supply the town with water, there would appear to remain little danger of competition, for after a taker has borne the expense of plumbing, etc., there is little fear of a transfer of patronage to another party, even if another has been allowed to disturb the streets as a competitor. Furthermore there is nothing that can take the place of water. New consumers on old lines and extensions add largely to the revenue each year, in a thrifty, growing town, while the increase in expenses is comparatively small. On water works' properties the fire risk is very small, the cost of insurance is almost nothing, and as but a limited number of men are employed, labor troubles are almost impossible. As the water rates of private consumers are generally paid in advance, there are few losses from bad debts. Water taxes are regarded as an obligation which must be properly met, lest the supply be cut off. Again, in a solid, substantial town or city, the annual hydrant rental, paid by same, should always amount to a large part of, and not infrequently, the entire interest charge of the company. Where losses from investments in water bonds have occurred, it has almost invariably been due to dishonesty, mismanagement or constructing works in towns or cities lacking a sound growth, in boom towns of tentative existence and in over bonding.

As a whole, however, where ordinary conservatism has been exercised, investments in water bonds have shown comparatively small losses, and it is probably safe to say that not to exceed three per cent of all the water company bonds issued have ever defaulted or been foreclosed. Among insurance companies they are held largely for investment. But perhaps the heaviest holdings of water bonds may be found among the savings banks of Maine, who hold to-day a total of \$2,793,300 of water bonds, and \$130,500 of stock of water companies, while it is estimated that there have been sold by the bankers and brokers of Portland, Me., over \$30,000,000 of water bonds to banks, corporations and private investors. The savings banks of Rhode Island hold \$684,530 of water bonds as an investment, and \$45,125 of water company stock, while the trust companies of the State own \$30,800 of water bonds. The savings banks of Vermont hold for investment \$284,000 of water bonds, the Savings Bank of Brattleboro alone holding \$187,950 of this amount."

When most needed it is not unusual for your family physician to be away from home. Such was the experience of Mr. J. Y. Schenck, editor of the Caddo, Ind. Ter., Banner, when his little girl, two years of age, was threatened with a severe attack of croup. He says: "My wife insisted that I go for the doctor, but as our family physician was at home, I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which relieved her immediately. I will not be without it in the future." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by R. S. McKinney, druggist, Taneytown, Md.

Old exchanges, in bundles of 100, only 5c, at the RECORD office.

TANEYTOWN Roller Mills

Manufacture and have constantly on hand

THEIR SUPERIOR BRANDS OF FLOUR

made from selected wheat, and very choice

BRAN AND MIDDINGS.

Highest cash prices paid for grain.

ZOLLICKOFFER & BRO.

15, 94, 4, 4

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one divided disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Milton Academy, Taneytown, Md.

The above Select School entered upon its second year on Sept. 14, '96. The number of pupils being limited, I will be able to give full attention to each one individually in every subject of study. The school is open to both sexes, and from 8 years up.

Terms of Tuition.

General Course, lasting 39 weeks, viz: Reading, Writing, Spelling, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History, Algebra, Drawing, Physiology and Physics, \$30.00. General Course and in addition Latin, Greek, German or French, \$40.00. General Course, Languages and Geometry, Trigonometry, etc., \$50.00.

Pupils can be entered at any time. Private lessons given in the Sciences and Languages. Translations from and into German, at moderate rates. For further information, address or apply to

HENRY MEIER, Principal, MILTON ACADEMY, Taneytown, Md.

Aug-02

Old exchanges, in bundles of 100, only 5 cents, at the RECORD office.

MODEL BAKERY

KOONTZ & WAGNER, Props.

Having removed into our new Store Room, opposite the Meat Market, we are now prepared to serve our patrons with Fresh

BREAD, CAKES, ROLLS, Confectioneries, Groceries, &c., such as Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Molasses of all kinds, Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Sweet Potatoes, Cranberries, Rice, Coal Oil, Tobacco and Cigars, Cigarettes, Canned Goods of various kinds, also Sweet Pickles by the gallon or quart; Flours, including the well-known brands of Alta Rose, Weist's, Roberts', Stonesier's, and two brands of Spring wheat, known as "Cyclone" and "Wonder"; also Corn Meal, Buckwheat, and Hominy. We are again prepared to serve our patrons with

† OYSTERS † in all styles; also by the quart or gallon.

Give us a trial and be convinced that our prices are lower than elsewhere.

I hereby announce that I have permanently located in Taneytown for the manufacture of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, Daytons, Phaetons, and everything in this line. Factory work will also be kept on hand, and it shall be my aim to supply the demand for all classes of work.

All Work Guaranteed.

Special attention given to Repairing.

Give me a trial and I will convince you that my Prices and Work will be found satisfactory.

James H. Reindollar, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Shop back of Lutheran church. 5-13-97

Look! Look! HERE I AM AGAIN!

Fresh Confectioneries, and Fruits of different kinds.

All kinds of Canned Goods and Nuts; Good Quality

OYSTERS, served by the gallon; also served in all the different styles. I have just received my

Christmas Goods, and will have a very Nice Assortment and will be pleased to have the public call and examine them before making their Christmas purchases.

A nice lot of Fresh Cocoanuts.

I thank the public for past patronage, and respectfully ask for a continuance of the same.

SHERMAN GILDS, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Near R. R. Dec-12-96

## A SHOWER

of Holiday Goods!

Christmas Toys, Christmas Dolls, Doll Baby Carriages, Celluloid Novelties, Plush Albums, Silver-plated Ware, China Ware, Jewelry, Fancy Goods and Notions.

Now on display at YOUNT'S.

Wise Buyers are making Selections to-day.

Yount's Weekly Bulletin

35c. Napkin Ring, 13c.

Triple Plate on white metal, bright finish with chased decorations. The early buyer takes first choice at 13c each.

10c China Dressed Doll, 5c.

Glazed China Linb Doll, size about 10 inch. Dressed in clothes made from remnants; cheap at 10c; Special price 5c each.

\$2.25 Lace Curtain, \$1.39.

Unusual Bargain in fine Lace Curtains; extra large size. Price this week \$1.39 the pair. Other Lace Curtains at 50c to \$7.00 per pair.

Men's Unlaundered \$1.00 White Shirts, 55c.

Fine Linen Bosom, warranted New York Mills muslin, reinforced front and back. Regular price \$1.00; while they last 55c.

\$5.00 Accordion, \$3.39.

The best Accordion ever offered for a Five Dollar Bill. If interested in Accordions, come and look at this \$3.39 Bargain.

Men's Fine Shoes.

Regular \$1.50 Shoes, in lace or Congress, razor toe; one of our best sellers for young men. Very special bargain at 95c the pair.

F. M. YOUNT, Taneytown, Md.

GENTS' Gold Filled Watch, Warranted, Only \$9.00.

Gents' Nickel Watch with Chain, complete only \$2.50.

Have you seen them yet?

H. E. SLAGENHAUP, Taneytown, Md. JEWELER

Old exchanges, in bundles of 100, only 5c, at the RECORD office.

GEO. H. BIRNIE & CO., BANKERS, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Discount Business Notes. Receive Deposits subject to check. Make collections on all points. Savings Bank Department. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

SPECIAL RATES—To Weekly and Monthly Depository

N. B. HAGAN, NEAR THE SQUARE, can be found, and he sells as cheap as any one else in the town. You can find a full line of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES, AND NOTIONS.

FRESH OYSTERS served in any style; also by the gallon. A beautiful piece of Glassware given with every pound of Java Blend Coffee.

Pure Virginia Honey, 20 cts. a box. Dice and Q. & Q. Tobacco only 20 cts. per pound.

Pure Sugar Syrups, 20c, 30c, and 40 cents a gallon.

All the leading brands of Flour; also Corn Meal, New Hominy, Buckwheat Meal, &c.

Green Imperial Tea, only 25c a pound. Sweet Potatoes by the barrel.

E. E. REINDOLLAR.

REINDOLLAR & CO., DEALERS IN Grain, Lumber, Coal, Hay, Straw, Salt, Feed, Cement, AND FERTILIZERS.

TANEYTOWN MD.

E. Kemper. BUTCHER AND DEALER

IN ALL KINDS OF MEATS & LIVE STOCK.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

GOOD WORK. LOW PRICES.

## Closing Out

CASH SALE!

Once more I stop to tell you that I am determined to

CLOSE OUT

my stock of Hardware at cost, Wholesale and Retail. If you are in need of such goods as I have, you will

Save 25 per cent, by calling soon before the goods are sold to jobbers. Now is the time, boys, to buy your

Chimes & Sleigh Bells, and Skates.

Remember, all these goods will be disposed of in some way by April 1st., 1897.

Respectfully yours;

McC. Davidson, TANEYTOWN, MD.

FOR SALE OR RENT!

FOR SALE; 11-room Dwelling and Store Stand; or

FOR RENT; the Store Room, now occupied by McC. Davidson as a Hardware Store. Suitable for almost any kind of business; also 6 Dwelling Rooms adjoining store. Rent reasonable. Possession given April 1st., '97.

Mrs. Julia Davidson.

Littlestown Carriage Works.

S. D. MEHRING, MANUFACTURER OF FINE CARRIAGES and Buggies.

SURREYS, PHAETONS, TRAPS, CARTS, CUTTERS, FINE { Dayton, } WAGONS. { McCall, } { Jagger, }

and a General Line of Light Vehicles A Good Selection of Second Hand Work on hand

REPAIRING promptly done. LOW PRICES, and all work guaranteed.

LITTLESTOWN, PA 8-21-94-4f Opposite Depot.

J. FRANK WEANT, COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Butter, Eggs, Potatoes Apples, Onions, Poultry, &c.

Potatoes in Car Lots a Specialty. Personal Attention to consignments. C. & P. Telephone, No. 1396.

1006 HILL STREET, BALTIMORE, MD. Near Hillen Station, W. M. R. R. 25-5-0m

G. W. DEMMITT, DENTIST.

Taneytown, --- Maryland

All persons in need of dental work should give me a call as I will save them money. Teeth extracted with little or no pain. The very best sets of teeth only \$10, and guaranteed for five years. Temporary sets at low prices. Filling and all kinds of dental work at bottom prices, and all work guaranteed. I will visit within 12 miles without extra charge. Will be at Myer's store, Pleasant Valley, on the second Thursday of each month. Give me a trial.

9-15-1v Yours Respectfully, G. W. DEMMITT, Dentist.

Have your

Job Printing

DONE AT

THE RECORD OFFICE.

THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK

Does a General Banking Business. Loans Money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes. Collections and remittances promptly made.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

HENRY GALT, Treas. W. W. CRAFTER, Pres.

DIRECTORS: SAMUEL STONE, W. J. ROBERTS, JOSHUA KOTZ, H. D. MEHRING, JAMES C. GALT, JOHN A. CRAFTER, T. B. ECKENRODE, CALVIN F. FRINGER, W. W. CRAFTER, HENRY GALT. 25-7-94-1v

WANTED SALESMEN. We want one or two men in each County to take orders for Nursery Stock, and are willing to pay well for good work. We agree to take PLACE FREE anything that dies from natural causes. We also have a choice line of SEED POTATOES. THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

## Just Listen!

Never look around before making your purchase, but go right to the store of

Reindollar, Hess & Co.,

where a blind man can always find a bargain. Now is the time to get just what you need, very cheap, for we have just opened a new lot of goods. Come and see our

Cheap Blankets. We have them at 75c a pair and up. Our Boots are the best we have had for several seasons; for \$1.45 to \$2.40 for the best—no trash in stock. The best line of

DRESS GOODS that we have ever had, at prices to suit every one. Carpets and Oilcloths good and cheap. Men's wear to suit all, both Wool and Cotton. Prices Low.

COFFEE. Price to-day Fifteen Cents and upwards for roasted.

SUGAR 4 and 4 1/2 cents for Brown, and 5 cents for White—cheaper by the barrel.

Come and see us before you buy; we carry a line of First-class Goods—we don't care to handle trash, for there is nothing in it for any one. Do not allow yourself to be taken in, but come in to

Reindollar, Hess & Co., TANEYTOWN, MD.

Hanover Gloves

OF ALL KINDS.

We have on hand the well-known Hanover Gloves; we have the Oil-tanned California White Glove, which has no equal for corn husking; also Husking Gloves of all kinds.

Hanover Gloves for Dress and driving can't be beat for neatness, fit and wear.

Come and look our Glove Stock over; if you buy other makes and get beat, the fault lies with you and not with us.

KING WASHING MACHINE, formerly \$8.00; this month \$4.00 buys one.







## NEW REPAIR SHOPS.

The Western Maryland Railroad Company has under contemplation the location of a large repair shop either at Hagerstown or Williamsport. Negotiations have been going on for some time for the purchase of a large lot of ground in the western section of Hagerstown, near the company's engine house, upon which to place the shop, but up to the present time the deal has not been made. The company also has under consideration a site at Williamsport.

General John M. Hood, the president and general manager of the road, said recently that the company was desirous of having shop facilities either at Hagerstown or Williamsport, to relieve it of the necessity of sending engines and cars operating on lines west of the mountain to Union Bridge for light repairs. Since the building of the Baltimore and Cumberland Valley and the Potomac Valley branches, a large majority of the freight engines and freight cars have been in use on these lines, as well as a first-class passenger equipment. The company has found that a great deal of time is lost and considerable inconvenience experienced in sending them to Union Bridge for repairs.

Williamsport is located six miles west of Hagerstown, and is the western terminus of the main stem of the Western Maryland Railroad. It is also at the foot of a low grade of the eastern end of the Potomac Valley branch. The location of the shop there would relieve the company of the necessity of sending extra engines from Hagerstown to help heavy trains that can be hauled over the Potomac Valley Branch from Cherry Run to the point with one engine. From Williamsport eastward the grade is right heavy, and the extra engine is required to take a train through. For this reason considerable attention is being given to the location of the shop at Williamsport.

"The company does not, and never has, contemplated the removal of its shops from Union Bridge," said Mr. Hood. While the buildings are plain and a little old, they are fitted out with some of the best machinery in the country. We only want to have a repair shop at Hagerstown or Williamsport, so as to be more convenient for disabled engines and cars operating west of the mountain, the same as the shop at Hanover, Pa., is for repairing the rolling stock on the Baltimore and Harrisburg line. When the site for the new shop is decided on and the shop built, a good sized force of hands will be necessary to do the repair work."

**Mr. Cleveland's Recommendations.**  
ARMENIA.—Sympathy should not lead the people to ask impossibilities. No Americans have been killed. Out of the question to interfere actively on account of plans of the Powers.

**CUBA.**—If Spain will offer home rule the United States will try to find a way to guarantee it. Spanish Government only one on the island. Hint to Spain that fighting cannot go on indefinitely.

**FINANCE.**—Treasury notes should be retired by issue of long-term bonds. National banks should be allowed to issue notes to the amount of the face of the bonds deposited and should redeem them themselves. Government should go out of "banking business."

**TRUSTS.**—Congressional legislation ineffective. Grave doubts of the ability of the Federal Government to act on account of limitations.

**VEGETARIANISM.**—Peaceful.

**ARBITRATION.**—Negotiations for a general treaty between Great Britain and the United States progressing rapidly.

**DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.**—Consular examinations successful. Official residences for Ambassadors and ministers favored.

**BEHRING SEA.**—American and British Commissioners at work to secure united action looking to protection of the seals.

**LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.**—More ships wrecks than any other year, and more lives saved.

**THE ARMY.**—Ranks well filled; discipline good. Sufficient supply of new magazine rifles to arm militia and volunteers recommended.

**COAST DEFENSES.**—One-fifth of the work done. Appropriations asked to increase it to one-third. Entire work may be done in six years.

**POSTOFFICE.**—Efficiency of the service increased. Legislation restricting the use of second class rates recommended.

**THE NAVY.**—Ships, guns and men in a high state of efficiency. Plan in formation for laying up ships in reserve.

**PUBLIC LANDS.**—More care and economy in their disposition urged.

**INDIANS.**—Commission of three, one of them an army officer, recommended in place of the present Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

**PENSIOS.**—The roll this year the largest ever known. One hundred and forty million dollars needed for next year.

**AGRICULTURE.**—Distributions of seeds should be stopped—Department in good condition.

**CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.**—Fourth-class postmasterhips should be added to the classified list so far as possible, and Congressional aid to that end is asked.

**INTERSTATE COMMERCE.**—Revision of the law advised.

**WILSON TAXPAYER BILL.**—Measure unjustly condemned. During the year it yielded \$8,000,000 more than the tariff duties of the previous year.—N. Y. Advertiser.

Major C. T. Pleton is manager of the State Hotel, at Denison, Texas, which the traveling man says is one of the best hotels in that section. In speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, Maj. Pleton says: "I have used it myself and in my family for several years, and take pleasure in saying that I consider it an infallible cure for cholera and dysentery. I always recommend it, and have frequently administered it to my guests in the hotel, and in every case it has proven itself worthy of unqualified endorsement. For sale by R. S. McKimney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md."

## A YOUNG WOMAN BURNED.

While her Father was trying to save Her the House took fire.

Hagerstown, Md., Dec. 8.—Miss Fannie Newcomer, daughter of John Newcomer, a wagon-maker, near Leitersburg, Washington county, was, perhaps, mortally burned yesterday morning while washing clothes. Her clothes ignited and the girl, enveloped in flames, rushed into the dwelling-house, screaming. Her father pulled from a table an oilcloth to smother the flames. A lamp was pulled to the floor and broken. The oil ignited and set fire to the house. Mr. Newcomer picked his daughter up and carried her out of the house to a well near by and extinguished the flames, which had burned all the clothing off from waist down. Her legs were burned into a crisp and her arms and elbows were horribly scorched. Dr. J. H. Wishard, of Leitersburg, was summoned and he dressed the girl's injuries, but he says chances for recovery are against her. She suffered intense pain. Her throat and lungs were burned, having inhaled the flames. She is about twenty-four years old.

In the meantime the fire in the house was spreading. Fearing that his home would be destroyed Mr. Newcomer, after pouring water over his daughter, hurried back to the house and with the aid of buckets of water put out the fire, which had burned the carpet and furniture.—Sun.

**From Sire to Son.**  
As a Family Medicine Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have Kidney, Liver or Blood disorder do not delay, but get a free sample package of this remedy at once. If you have Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, etc., this grand specific will cure you. R. S. McKimney, the leading druggist, is sole agent and is distributing samples free to the afflicted. Large packages 25c and 50c.

Congress opened on Monday attended by the usual scenes. The President's message, which was of great length, was extremely conservative and devoid of any great surprises. It has been criticised as being both very dull and uninteresting, and also as the best of his state papers, and a very excellent document.

Capitalists are planning a seventy-two story building, to be erected on the corner of Fourth avenue and Twenty-fifth street, New York. Seven stories would be underground and six in the open, leaving fifty-nine in the main building. The structure would be 108 feet square and contain 5,000 rooms and five large stores. If such a building as this is actually put up it would be the tallest in the world, overtopping even the highest monuments.

The picture of President Cleveland which hung in the rooms of the Cook County Democratic Club has been cut to pieces. The perpetrators of the deed are unknown. It is supposed to be the result of the strife between the gold and silver wings of the party. The picture which was one of the largest and finest of the President in existence, was painted in Buffalo and brought to the National Convention of 1888 by the Buffalo democrats, who presented the portrait to the Cook County Democracy.

A radical change in examination methods has been determined upon by the Civil Service Commission and will be put into immediate operation by new rules making age, character, technical experience, intelligence and physical ability the test for fitness for the place as mechanics in the engineer branch of the government service. If the experiment proves successful it will be extended to all mechanics in government service, and another innovation is that these examinations will be conducted by mail. These places were brought in to the classification service by the President's sweeping order last May, and at a recent examination it was found that there was a scarcity of desirable candidates and that the best mechanics did not respond to undergo the regular examination or deal.

Representative Wellington introduced a bill to incorporate the Washington and Gettysburg Railway company with the following incorporators: George W. Cissel, Charles Jacobson, Edgar P. Perry, John H. Green, George W. Harvey and James S. McIlhenny, of District of Columbia, and Asa M. Stabler, John Miller, J. Enos Ray, Albert Gleason, R. G. Israel, N. W. Williams, Frank C. Draue, Ashley M. Gould, S. D. Waters, Francis Thomas, Robert H. Miller and O. A. Homer, of Maryland, and T. William Harris, of New York. The bill is an extension of the Washington and Sandy Springs road to Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. The bill for that road has become a law. It is an electric line, using overhead trolley outside the city limits of Washington. The bill authorizes the road to construct and operate a single or double track in and through the National Cemetery grounds at Gettysburg, along such route as may be approved by the Secretary of War.

**Quite a Distinction.**  
"What is the difference between a visit and a visitation?"  
"Well, when your pretty young sister comes to see us, that is a visit. When your mamma comes and stays a month, that is a visitation."—Truth.

**One of the Problem Kind.**  
"I want a novel—something new."  
"Here is one by a new lady writer—quite the rage."  
"Is it good?"  
"Well, it's properly improper,"—Judy.

**A Wall.**  
These are the melancholy days,  
Because—oh, deeps of gloom—  
The fire which casts the cheerful rays  
Is in some other room.

And also when we lead a chase  
For elder, fresh and sweet,  
The farmer, who has lots to sell,  
Drives down some other street.

And when our overcoats are brought  
From storeroom into view  
The clever little moth has fed  
Upon the one that's new.

And those old gloves were fondly hoped  
Another year to see  
Our toon's mistress doth confess  
She "gave them to a man." —Miserable Record.

## HUMOR

### THE EBONY SHEPHERD.

He Had No Use For the Preacher With Many Books.

Uncle Gawge Dimmicks is an ebony shepherd, who leads his flock in the "green fields and by the still waters" of Christian faith in and about Mount Sterling, Ky.

A little while ago Uncle Gawge was at the parsonage in town one day visiting a brother clergyman "of the white persuasion" on a matter of secular business. "En I was 'vited into de side," said the dark preacher, telling of the incident.

"Dem white preachahs," he continued, "is jis got to have 'er study. Out in de fiel' on clat days, en down in de barn, when it rains, is study 'nuff fur dis yar fightin' man of de Lawd, dat whar I kin see de Master smilin' in de sunshine en de harvis' er weepin' wid dem teardrops from de skies.

"Dar he was in his study. En he had mo' big books eron him 'an would load er wheelbarrow. Here was two on dis side, en two on dat side, en two in front, en some was on de flo', en dey was kyart loads on de shelves.

"I say, 'What you doin' wid dem books, Brudder Smiff?' En he say, 'I'm prepharin' mer sermon fur de nex' Lawd's day.'"

"I say, 'Is you gwine to preach outen' all dem books, Brudder Smiff?' En he say, 'Case I is.'"

"I ain't say nuffin den, but I kep' on I say to mysef, I did, 'Dat ar good Brudder Smiff gwine to stack his fodder too high fur de calves.'"—Chicago Times-Herald.

**Gave Him a Chance.**  
A car on the Haight street line was crowded, and the conductor was out on the dummy collecting fares. Some one pulled the bell cord, and the car stopped.

"All right there?" the conductor shouted as he craned his neck to see if the passenger had left the car.

A young man in the car pulled the bell cord twice, and the gripman went ahead. The conductor did not like the interference with his duties, and he came "slurping" into the car.

"Who started the car?" he demanded. "I did," said the young man. "Didn't you want it started?"

"When it starts, I want to start it myself."

"All right." The young man reached up and pulled the bell cord once. The car stopped. "Now start your blamed old car!"—San Francisco Post.

**Not Strictly Enforced.**  
A gentleman detained at a country railway station one bitterly cold night and finding chilly wait in the waiting room, where a cheerful fire was burning.

Finding time heavy on his hands, he lit a cigar to beguile the tedium of waiting.

Just then a porter entered, and the gentleman remarked, pointing to the legend above the mantelpiece ("Smoking strictly prohibited"):

"I suppose that rule is not strictly enforced, as the cheery reply."

"Oh, no, sir!" said the porter meaningly. "Neither is the one underneath"—indicating another, which read: "Railway servants are not allowed to receive gratuities."

He got one.—Answers.

**The Victor.**  
"What's the matter?" exclaimed Bykins' friend in dismay.

"I've had a little season with the surgeon," as the cheery reply.

"Was it an accident?"

"No. It was a bicycle road race."

"Got the best of it. We were three in a bunch. One man fractured his shoulder blade and broke his arm and one leg. Another one dislocated several joints and stove in a number of ribs. I didn't break anything but my collar bone."—Washington Star.

**Breaking It Diplomatically.**  
Papa Blunt—I like to argue with that young Tomlin.

Sweetest Susan—I hope you find him logical, papa.

"Why, my child?"

"Because I think he's the logical candidate for your son-in-law, papa."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**A Greater Evil.**  
Mrs. Dusenberry—It's dreadful to be disappointed in love.

Mr. Dusenberry—There is something a great deal worse than that.

"What, for instance?"

"To be disappointed in marriage."—Texas Sifter.

**His Recollection.**  
"Willie, what was the preacher's text?"

"Something about havin' faith like a grain of some kind of seed an' sayin' to the mountain, 'Gitt a move on you,' an' it'll git."—Chicago Tribune.

**Not Such a Fool Bird.**

"They say I hide my head in the sand," the strich said, "But I know a trick better any day. When I seek a sure retreat, I hide my head in the sand."

In a pair of boots that point the other way!" —Fieglende Blatter.

**Sad Prospect For Woman.**  
Ellis—I don't think much of this new photography.

Stella—Why not?

Ellis—At the rate they are going on the next thing you know they will be photographing your age.—New York Sunday Journal.

**Oh, How They Hurt.**  
Neuralgia pains are often so acute, that the poor sufferer becomes, almost, frenzied with the intensity of the pain. Salvation Oil will instantly relieve and satisfactorily cure neuralgia, so there is no reason why a moment's pain should be endured. Mr. Jacob Klein, 1036 Main St., Evansville, Ind., writes: "My wife suffered from neuralgia for seven years and since she used Salvation Oil, she has not had a spell. I think it is the best liniment I have ever tried, and I would not be without a bottle of it in the house. I had the rheumatism for five years and had tried a great many liniments, and must say that Salvation Oil did me more good than any other remedy." Salvation Oil is sold everywhere for 25 cents.

## WINTER

### Overcoats.

As the weather has been unfavorable to the sale of Overcoats, I still have a large stock of all kinds on hand—light, medium and heavy weight. My plain Black and Blue Kersey Coats, smooth finish, are unmatchable bargains—priced from \$5.00 to \$10.00. Storm Coats for men from \$4.25 to \$9.00. In my large stock there are many special bargains in Single Coats which will be sold far below cost, to clean up the stock.

THE LINCOLN FOUNTAIN PEN, \$1.00.

### Clothing

Of all kinds can be had right here at prices which appeal to your intelligence and judgment. Compare material, workmanship and price with the stock of any other store in the county—if you don't buy, there's no harm done. There are reasons why I can, and do, sell goods cheaper than most other stores.

THE LINCOLN FOUNTAIN PEN, \$1.00.

### Underwear,

Gloves, Shirts, Neckwear and such like, always on hand in a large assortment and sold on the same plan as Clothing—the greatest amount of value possible for the lowest possible price.

THE LINCOLN FOUNTAIN PEN, \$1.00.

### Christmas

is coming. Remember that you can, as usual, be supplied with Books, Bibles and Hymn Books at my store. Children's Story Books, Fairy Tales, Mother Goose Books, &c. This year I sell the famous Lincoln Fountain Pen—equal to pens sold at \$3.00 and \$2.50—for only \$1.00. You can't find a more suitable or more acceptable gift than this. (See separate advertisement.) Fur Gloves and Fur Collars—don't put off buying these goods, as they are not likely to be here the day before Christmas.

THE LINCOLN FOUNTAIN PEN, \$1.00.

### Macintoshes

have fallen about 20 per cent. in price. I sell them only by sample, thus giving you a large selection; and, as I take no risk, the price is lower than when kept in stock.

P. B. ENGLAR, CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER, TANEYTOWN, MD.

### Special Notices.

**CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS** only \$1.00 per dozen. How? Call at P. B. Englar's and find out. Every purchaser of \$3.00 worth of goods can get them.

**CHOPPING** of all kinds promptly done. Mill now ready for such work. ZOLLICKOFFER & BRO.

[A Native Taneytown-er.]

**ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,**

**NOTARY-PUBLIC**

**In & For The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,**

**No. 435 GRANT STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENN.**

**STAGE GLINTS.**

Mary Penfield will soon return to London, where she will devote herself to literary work.

W. L. Buchanan has joined Edwin Hanford's "The Shamrock" company to play the leading heavy.

Ada Rehan's hair has turned quite gray since her visit to Europe, and it is very becoming to the famous actress.

Walter Damrosch has announced his intention to compose a light opera, which Fred C. Whitney will probably produce.

Russ Whytall's new play, "Out Yonder," is said to be a most romantic drama, based upon episodes of actual experience.

Mme. Lillian Nordica is engaged to appear in an oratorio and opera concert at Denver, Dec. 21, with the Denver Choral Society.

Olga Nethersole has a French historical play in rehearsal. If it should prove a success, she will try to run it the entire season.

Tim Murphy has decided not to discard his clever sketch, "Sir Henry Hypnotized." It will be introduced in his play, "Old Innocence."

William Young, author of "The Rajah," is at work on a new play for a young actress of Chicago, who is soon to be exploited as a star.

The Italian Dramatists' society, through its American representative, is negotiating for the production in Italy of "My Friend From India."

Charles Dickson has collaborated with a well known dramatist in the writing of a play in which several managers have offered to star him, it is said.

James O'Neill was highly complimented in Montreal for his Hamlet, which one of the critics pronounced the best seen in that city since the days of Booth.

Lydia Barry, the talented daughter of William Barry, is lying dangerously ill in Boston. She dressed in a dapper room and had a chill, which developed into pneumonia.

It is now proposed that instead of vaccinating persons bitten, as in the Pasteur method, dogs should be inoculated with the virus of rabies, in the hope that they may thereby be made proof against the usual effects of the bite of a mad dog, just as human beings are vaccinated to make them proof against the ravages of smallpox. The result of researches on this matter undertaken by an eminent Frenchman will be awaited with interest.

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