

THE CALL RECORD.

Vol. 3., No. 4.

TANEYTOWN, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, JULY 25, 1896.

\$1.00 Per Year.

Notice to Subscribers.

All persons who are one year in arrears to the RECORD will please settle up. It is not good business for either the subscriber or newspaper to allow subscriptions to remain long unpaid. Payment should be made in advance; but, until we establish that rule positively, payment at the end of the year is insisted on. Examine the label on your paper, and if it says July 95, or any date previous to that, this notice is intended for you.

Locals and Personals.

Henry Swope, of Liberty, is visiting his brother, Dr. Samuel Swope, of this place.

Mrs. John E. Davidson has been very ill during the week, from heart trouble.

Edward Copenhagen has accepted a clerkship in P. B. Englar's store, and assumed his duties last Monday.

Rev. Isaac M. Motter and wife, Miss Anna Annan and Mr. I. S. Motter spent Tuesday with Dr. Motter and family.

A festival is now in progress on the lawn at the Reformed church, under the management of the Ladies' Aid Society.

The P. O. S. of A. of this place will attend the Picnic at Mayberry on Saturday, accompanied by the Taneys-town band.

Attention is called to the advertisement, in this issue, of Prof. Edward Reiser's, Union Bridge, Elementary and High school.

John B. Herr, who has been at Niantic, Illinois, for about two years, returned on Saturday and is living with James D. Haines near this place.

The election for pastor of the Lutheran congregation will be held on Monday afternoon, August 3rd, in the U. B. church, between the hours of two and four o'clock.

Fine blackberries are selling in the mountains above Emmitsburg at three and four cents per quart. It is thought that they will reach this place next week, and sell at five or six cents. The season has been favorable, and the fruit is both plenty and fine.

Two communications have been received for "Home and Farm" department, which appear in this issue. May this beginning result in brightening up this portion of the RECORD, which has heretofore been dull. We can easily imagine how it can be made very interesting and helpful, if those who can write will do so.

An excursion will be run from Emmitsburg over the Western Maryland R. R. to Baltimore next Wednesday, connecting with Steamer Jull. Bay Ridge. The train leaves Emmitsburg at 6:10 and stops at all stations on main line. The fare is \$1.25 from Emmitsburg, and \$1.00 from points on the W. M. It is under the auspices of several Emmitsburg Orders.

Orion Stonessier, son of Richard Stonessier, formerly a proprietor of the Elliot House, this place, was buried in Uniontown on Thursday. His death was the result of injuries sustained in falling from an electric light pole in Baltimore. One of his legs was so badly injured that it was amputated, but as he was also internally injured, death ensued. He was about 25 years of age.

Linwood Camp was largely attended last Sunday; the crowd, in estimation of many, being greater than usual. About half the people talked politics, while a large portion of the other half enjoyed themselves by being miserable in numerous ways. A few listened to the preaching and a few more indulged in the pleasant pastime of courting. Altogether, as camp meetings are considered, this one was a success.

An error was made in last issue in reference to the value of old cents of 1831 and 1836, and all dates from 1840 to 1848. The prices named apply to half cents, and not to cents. A number of old pieces have been brought to the RECORD office during the week, among which was one by Aaron Weant, Keyville, an old cent of 1794 in fairly good condition. In the near future a complete list of valuable old coins will be published in the RECORD.

Edwin J. Lawyer, Westminster, has presented the ladies of the Mite Society of the Lutheran church with a number of copies of the history of Grace Lutheran church, Westminster, which also contains a history of every church of the denomination in the county. These books, which sell at \$1.00, will be disposed of for the benefit of the repairs now being made on the church in this place. As there are eleven volumes in the lot, it makes quite a handsome gift on the part of Mr. Lawyer.

Our baseball club played a game at Frizellburg on Wednesday, and lost it by the score of 12 to 2. With the exception of two innings, in which the Frizellburg combination made 11 runs, the game was very evenly contested. In the second, when four runs were made, catcher Angell of our team was obliged to retire on account of an injured finger, and Clingan, the Junior catcher took his place. The score stood 5 to 1 at the beginning of the 8th, when pitcher Rein-dollar lost control of the ball with the result that the Frizellburg sluggers pulled up seven runs. Pitcher Shaw was imported by Frizellburg for the occasion, and played a fine game, otherwise, the score would likely have been in favor of our boys.

NOTES FROM EVERYWHERE.

Items of current news boiled down, for busy readers.

David M. Rood has been appointed court stenographer for Carroll county. A milling company has been organized at Hood's Mills on the B. & O. R. R., for the purpose of making flour and corn meal. An elevator will be erected in connection with the mill.

Rev. Dr. H. L. Baugher, who was recently retired from the Greek chair which he has held for about twenty years in Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, is it stated, has been tendered the presidency of the Lutheran German Seminary at Chicago.

The gross earnings of the Baltimore and Ohio for the year ended June 30 last, were more than a million dollars in excess of those for the year ended June 30, 1895. At this rate the earning capacity of the road will soon give satisfaction to those most interested.

The contract has been given for boring a well to supply Rockville with water to the E. H. Miller Company, of Baltimore. The rate of pay is \$2.50 a foot until rock is struck, and then \$3.00 a foot. The well is to be sunk on the Reading division.

The republicans are now in control of the schools in Cecil county, owing to the removal by Governor Lowndes of one of the members of the county board. This will result in the election of a republican examiner. In Frederick county the board is a tie, and it is expected that a compromise organization will be effected.

"Defect in the commitment." That is about what you may expect to read in the report of every habeas corpus case that goes before the court. What is wrong? Is there no specific form, or are magistrates careless in the matter of qualifying themselves to properly make out writs and commitments of the several kinds?—*Catoctin Clarion*.

A new variety of potato bug has been discovered in portions of Pennsylvania. It is an insect three times as large as an ordinary fly and of a dull black color. It eats the vegetables from the top into the ground. Paris green and other poisons have been tried, without effect. The farmers are most concerned and experts puzzled.—*Fred. Examiner*.

Elías B. Arnold, dealer in hardware, Westminster, has made a deed of trust to Jas. A. C. Bond for the benefit of his creditors. It will be remembered that it was his store which came so near being burned out about three weeks ago. Mr. Arnold is an ex-sheriff of the county, and has not been in business one year; the failure was caused by dull times.

A gentleman from Baltimore who was recently in Towson on business says the political discussions that are agitating so many at the present have no terrors for him. He claims to be the best equipped man in the county, as he has an acre of mint, an interest in a distillery, his icehouse filled with ice, and is now negotiating for an interest in a sugar refinery.

The large barn on the farm of Wm. C. Null, in Buckeystown district, Frederick county, was struck by lightning Wednesday night and destroyed, the flames bursting out almost immediately. The stock was rescued, but the other contents of the barn were destroyed, including a quantity of wheat, hay and farming implements. The barn was insured for \$900, but the wheat and hay are a total loss.

The Frederick County School Board, which has been Democratic for a number of years past, will stand equally divided after August 4th, when the two Republican members appointed to succeed the Democratic incumbents will be sworn in. It is stated that Mr. E. R. Zimmerman, Republican, who has long been a member of the board, will succeed Mr. Samuel Dutrow as president. Mr. Dutrow has served with great efficiency for many years.

The little town of Sabillasville was wrought up to unusual excitement last week by a movement to change the name of the place to one that was shorter and in all respects more appropriate. Upwards of seventy persons signed a paper to this effect and at a meeting in the school house on Saturday evening it was resolved to apply to the postoffice authorities to have the name changed to Belmont, and to have the privilege of issuing postal notes granted to the office.

At a camp meeting held near Chambersburg on Sunday, by the "Christian Workers," under the charge of Rev. Edmund Walton, Philadelphia, a heavily veiled woman approached a young woman from Green Castle and asked her to hold her baby for a moment, until she could get a drink. The Green Castle woman took the child, and the mother disappeared in the crowd, not to return again. The fact of the heartless abandonment was announced from the preacher's stand, and a kind-hearted woman from Green Castle took charge of the six-month-old baby.

The fanning system of ventilation that is being used in the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad tunnel has been announced from the presser's stand, and a kind-hearted woman from Green Castle took charge of the six-month-old baby. The fanning system of ventilation that is being used in the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad tunnel has been announced from the presser's stand, and a kind-hearted woman from Green Castle took charge of the six-month-old baby.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTOR BOLTS.

Randolph Barton Withdraws as an Elector for Maryland.

Attorney-at-law, Randolph Barton, who was prominent in advocating the election of John E. Hurst for Governor last fall, has sent a letter to Chairman Talbot of the democratic state central committee, in which he withdraws as a democratic elector for the state of Maryland. He says: "I have hesitated to do this because I did not wish to appear to give undue importance to an office which has been created by custom, purely perfunctory and because I wished to give to the political situation the calmest consideration in my power, hoping that my profound abhorrence of the declarations contained in the Chicago platform would wear away."

It might be possible for me to dismiss the resolutions aimed at the Supreme Court and President Cleveland and the civil-service law as mere generalities intended to soothe the spleen of such men as Tillman and Alfalfa, but to the dangerous error of the money resolution I find it impossible to reconcile myself. "I am most reluctantly forced to the conclusion that McKinley and Hobart at this time present the best interests of the people of the United States, and I shall vote for them."

"Unimportant, therefore, as it may be, whether I vacate the place or not, I do not wish to identify myself with a political party urging the measures offered to the people in the Chicago platform."

Bitten by copperhead snakes.

The Baltimore papers on Monday contained the following terrible experience, with copperhead snakes, of a family near Hagerstown. Walter Drury, aged five years, son of Martin Drury, of Blair's Valley, was bitten by a copperhead snake ten times and died from the effects of the poison. He was in bed with his older brother, Ignatius. They awoke in the night, and Walter thought a mouse was biting him on the foot. He called to his parents, and they came into the room with a light. A snake wound itself around Walter and sank its fangs into his body ten times until the child fell from pain and exhaustion. He was bitten twice on the arm, twice on the stomach, once on the breast and on his feet and legs.

In the meantime Ignatius was battling with a second copperhead snake which crawled out of the covers. Ignatius was bitten twice, once on the arm. He shook off the snake and leaped out of bed. Mrs. Drury, in going to the rescue of her boy, stepped on the snake which had bitten Ignatius, and the snake bit her on the foot. Both snakes disappeared through a hole in the floor through which doubtless they had crawled into the house.

The body of Walter swelled to immense size almost immediately and he suffered intense pain. Mr. Drury rode six miles for a physician, but when the doctor arrived the lad was dying. The physician was too late to save Walter, but he gave Mrs. Drury and Ignatius remedies to counteract the poisonous bites, and both of them will recover. The house in which Mr. Drury lives is built at the foot of the North mountain and the boys slept in the basement to keep cool. It is thought the snakes crawled into the house from the mountain.

Free Book Apportionment.

The Comptroller has made public his apportionment of the free school book fund of \$150,000 for the purchase of books in the city of Baltimore and the various counties. Carroll gets \$3713.59 for white schools, and \$341.32 for colored schools; Frederick county gets \$5686.36 and \$987.97, payable August 1st. It is said that many of the counties, of which Carroll is one, have not received their fair proportion.

The Act of Assembly provides that the fund shall be apportioned to the comptroller as the state school tax for now apportioned, and it is claimed that in this way the southern counties of the state, which contain a large colored population, get more than their equitable share, as they share pro rata in the entire state school tax and also in the specific appropriation of \$125,000 out of it, made to the colored schools each year. The Code requires that the comptroller shall apportion the amount of the whole levy of state school tax to the several counties and the city of Baltimore in proportion to their respective populations, between the age of 5 and 20 years, and the board claims that the free school book funds should have been thus divided and the extra appropriation to colored schools of the state tax should have been disregarded in this apportionment.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

MONDAY, July 20th, 1896.—Elizabeth A. Wilson and William T. Wilson, executors of Jesse T. Wilson deceased, returned additional list sales of goods and chattels and settled second and final account.

TUESDAY, July 21st, 1896.—Peter C. Wertz, administrator of Elizabeth Wertz, deceased, returned list sales of goods and chattels.

Mary A. Nelson, administratrix of John W. Nelson, deceased, returned inventory of goods and chattels, inventory of money and list of debts and received order to sell goods and chattels.

Edward E. Roop, administrator of David Roop, deceased, received order to sell stock.

FIRE REGULATIONS.

The State Fire Marshal suggests Methods for fire prevention.

State Fire Marshal, Edwin J. Lawyer, has sent the following circular to the proper authorities of all towns and cities in the state:

"Appointed by the Governor of our Commonwealth to examine into the causes, circumstances and origin of all fires occurring within the State, and to recommend any legislation necessary, I enclose ordinance passed by Baltimore City, and, as by investigation, no small proportion of fires are the result of our carelessness, and a reasonable degree of caution would prevent many of them, I respectfully suggest such legislation as your part and public notice of the ordinance by bills properly posted, with due notice of fines, &c., against the careless handling of lamps, hot ashes, smoking cigars, cigarettes and combustibles of any kind, as will induce proper caution on the part of persons generally. I therefore ask your prompt action in this matter, an ordinance similar to the enclosed and earnestly urge its enforcement. Good fire apparatus for water or chemicals, as well as fire organization, headed by the best people of your town and village, when volunteer fire service is depended on, is most important, as apparatus without organization avail nothing. All possible encouragement should be given to your volunteer fire service; a fire chief or marshal should be appointed, for the government of your volunteer companies, and an alarm system should be adopted, as it will facilitate action in the first few minutes at a fire are worth the expense of the hour. Such action as to ordinance and attention to fire protection will in a very short time of years save to your tax payers and citizens many dollars in fire waste, insurance rates, &c."

The Baltimore city ordinance referred to, provides for fire escapes, the construction of houses and regulates the use of fire in inflammable materials, and is of interest to all places in a general way. The following extracts from the City Code apply more directly to all localities:

SEC. 52. No person or persons shall carry a lighted candle or lamp into any stable, or make use of it there, unless the same is secured in a tin, horn or glass lantern, under a penalty of five dollars.

SEC. 56. No person shall keep ashes in any barrel, box or other wooden vessel, or on any wooden floor in any building, under a penalty of five dollars for each offence.

SEC. 57. If any person or persons, provided and on condition that the building in which the hay and straw shall be kept shall be constructed of brick or masonry, not less than eight and one half inches thick; and if the building be of one story, the roof shall be covered with gravel, slate or other non-combustible material, and for an violation of this section the person or persons offending shall forfeit and pay ten dollars.

SEC. 77. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to deposit in any gutter, lane or alley, or vacant lot, except at a distance of at least three hundred feet from any building or lumber yard, any shavings, chips or other combustible matter; and if any person or persons offending shall be found guilty of this offence, they shall be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars in the evening of the day on which they are so deposited; and every person or persons offending against the provisions of this section shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding twenty dollars.

Republican League of Clubs.

The annual convention of the Maryland League of Republican Clubs was held in Ford's Opera House on Wednesday afternoon and night. Four hundred delegates were present, and great enthusiasm prevailed. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Dr. William C. Booz; Secretary, Hugh McEldeiry; Treasurer, L. E. P. Demas. Among the delegates at large to the National League convention to be held at Mill Wankee, August 25-27, is Charles C. Gorsuch, of Westminster.

An address to the people was presented, and unanimously adopted, which ratifies the nomination of McKinley & Hobart and endorses unequivocally the St. Louis platform. Senator elect Wellington spoke for over an hour, chiefly on the money question. Other speakers were Wm. T. Malster, General Agnus, Dr. George W. Bryant, Stephen R. Mason, William M. Marine and others.

In his climax Mr. Wellington told a story of a man, each worth \$1,000. One had the money in gold, one in silver dollars and the other in balloon notes.

"Suppose," he said, "that a fire occurs in the home of each of these men. When the ruins are searched he that had the gold money will find that he has still in the blackened, shapeless lump \$1,000, because our gold coin is worth intrinsically its face value and carries with it no promise to pay."

"The man with the silver can find but \$500 because his money was worth but that intrinsically and had stamped upon its face the government's promise to pay the remainder, and in the fire that promise has been obliterated."

"The man with the paper money, worth nothing in itself, being all promise to pay, will discover, unless he has retained the numbers of his notes, that he has nothing at all with which to start life anew."

DIED.

MAUS.—At Mayberry, on the 22nd, Jacob Roy, son of Jacob and Rebecca Maus, aged 1 year, 8 months and 18 days. Interment, on Thursday, in Bant's church cemetery.

FRILEY.—On the 22nd, in Emmitsburg, Mrs. Mary Friley, aged about 70 years.

APPOLD.—Near Rocky Ridge, Mrs. Annie M. Appold, aged 83 years, 8 months and 5 days.

Correspondence.

New Windsor.

The masons will complete the foundation for the new depot this week, if the weather will permit. The carpenters are getting the timber ready to go to work soon as the mason are through.

Mr. Henry von Werder, who moved from this place to Baltimore in the spring of 1895, is visiting friends in this community.

Quite a number of people from here attended the Pipe Creek camp on last Sabbath.

Farmers are busy plowing for the fall crops.

Mrs. Charles Smith is on the sick list.

Mrs. U. G. Heltibrille returned Monday evening from a two weeks visit to relatives in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Laura Sellman, of Warfieldburg, and her brother's wife, Mrs. Poole, of Chicago, visited the family of Mr. C. H. Sellman on Monday.

Mr. John Norris, a former resident of this district and a graduate of New Windsor college, who has been in business in Chicago for the past few years, paid his many friends in this section a flying visit, and started for his home on Wednesday evening.

Una Hammond, a daughter of Mr. Lewis Hammond, of near Newport, was burned to death, on Wednesday, last. The accident was caused by attempting to start a fire with coal oil.

Emmitsburg.

Died at her home in Baltimore, July 17th, Mary E., wife of Daniel Lawrence aged 53 years. Her funeral took place from St. Joseph's R. C. church, Emmitsburg, Monday morning.

Mrs. Sontag, wife of Rev. Charles Sontag of Marlboro, Md., and Miss Edith Hantz, of Washington, D. C., are the guests of Mrs. J. A. Helman.

Miss Harriet Shorb, of Canton, Ohio, and Mrs. Wm. Moore, of Baltimore, are visiting Miss Ida Zimmerman.

On Saturday evening, the 25th, a "lawn fete" will be held at Mrs. Mary Winter's, for the benefit of the Lutheran church.

Died at her home, Wednesday morning, after a lingering and painful illness, Mrs. Mary Fraley, widow of the late Thos. Fraley, aged about 76 years. Her funeral will take place Friday morning. She leaves eight children, four sons and four daughters. Miss Elizabeth, William, Thos. E., George, Oscar, Alice, wife of Chas. A. Der, of Frederick; Columbia, wife of Victor E. Rowe, and Fannie, wife of G. T. Eyster.

Gambler.

The Christian Endeavor Society of Providence M. P. church gave a social at the residence of Mr. Joshua Peeling, on Wednesday evening, July 24th, which was quite well attended and everyone present enjoyed them selves grandly. It was proposed to hold the social on the lawn in front of the house, but on account of the very sudden rain storm, the guests repaired to the house which was handsomely decorated, and lighted for the occasion. The evening was spent in vocal and instrumental music by the Hering Orchestra, and the company assembled, reading, recitations, &c. At about 11 o'clock (in being Leap Year) the ladies escorted the guests to the supper table, which groined under its load of ice cream, cakes, lemonade, bananas, fruits, confectionery, etc. The table was also beautifully decorated with cut plants and flowers in profusion. After supper the guests bade their host and hostess goodnight and repaired to their respective homes feeling that they had spent a most delightful evening.

Among the invited guests present were, Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Peeling and family, Rev. S. W. Coe and family, J. W. Sellers and wife, Robert E. Barnes and daughter Daisy, Mrs. A. M. Gamber, Mr. Jabez Barnes and children, Levi Barnes and family, James Slasman, Misses Mollie, Nettle and Fanny Slasman, Minnie Marshall, Elsie Branning, Grace Shipley, Hollis Williams, Tamsa Stockdale, May and Addie Gorsuch, Beulah Benson, Mattie Barnes, Mollie Barnes, Carrie Parrish, Maude Ford, Bertie Palmer, Estella Arnold, Jane Bashinger, of Philadelphia; Jennie Belt, of Baltimore; Anna Murray, Ollie Raver; Messrs Will Harden, Frank Glover, Jesse and Joshua Patterson, Elmer Marshall, Henry and George Klee, Will Shipley, Harry Bush, Will Widen, Charles Benson, George Hoff, Jesse Taylor, John Spencer, Alva Branning, Fenby and Harry Herwin, Percy Barnes, Allen Taylor and Emory Williams.

There was a tournament held in the grove of Willard Steffy, adjoining the village, on Saturday, July 18th, which was a success so far as we can hear. Mr. George Beasman, Knight of Freedom won first prize, and crowned Miss Addie Gorsuch, queen of the professionals. Mr. Albert Gibson won first prize of the amateurs, and crowned Miss May Gorsuch, queen. Coronation address was delivered by Leon Hoff, the Westminster Bar, Chas. H. Knights was delivered by J. Frank Long. Judges were Dr. S. N. Gorsuch, Thomas Beasman and Lewis Shipley. Mr. F. Albert Crawford was chief marshal.

Mr. Alfred Edmondson is having the patent roller process put into his mill; known as the Shank Mill.

Mrs. David Shipley, of Baltimore, is visiting the family of Mr. Lewis Shipley, of this place.

Mrs. Robert Barnes is spending some time with her aunt, Mrs. Annie Jenkins, near Windfield.

Union Bridge.

Mr. John H. Sponser and family spent several days last week with his father, Mr. S. H. Sponser.

The Union Bridge band, composed of 25 pieces, furnished music for the Ladiesburg picnic, on Saturday last.

Mr. Julius Traub, of Baltimore, was in town on Friday last.

Miss Joe Miller, of Thurmont, Md., visited Miss Minerva Miller last week.

Mrs. Mammie Shaw and Myra Snyder, of Woodsboro, Md., are spending some time at Mrs. H. G. Winter's.

Mr. D. P. Smelser, of New Windsor, was in town on last Saturday.

The Westminster base ball team defeated the Union Bridge team on the grounds of the former by a score of 17 to 6 on Saturday last. Battery for Union Bridge, Whitehill and Davis; for Westminster, Babylon and Miller.

Mr. Frank Eppley, of Frederick, Md., visited the family of John B. Eppley, on Sunday.

Some 300 tickets to Linwood camp meeting were sold here on last Sunday.

Messrs. A. H. Rossman and Charles Brown, of Waynesboro, Pa., stopped here several hours on Monday, on their way home from Baltimore.

Mr. Harvey Little is spending some time with friends at Waynesboro, Pa.

Mr. Roy Miller goes to Baltimore five days each week, where he is being treated for catarrh, by Dr. Hartley.

The W. M. R. R. Company have on sale at our station here, excursion tickets to the numerous summer resorts in Virginia and West Virginia, good to return until October 31st, 1896.

Randolph & Son have erected a photograph tent on Mr. Ed. Leed's lot, on Main St., and are ready for business.

The Union Bridge Fire Co. will hold their fair and festival on August 27, 28, 29, and 31, and September 1st, in the rink.

Mr. David Little and daughter, of Baltimore, visited D. E. Little this week.

John H. Repp & Co's. store room has been much improved in appearance, it having lately been painted.

Mrs. Clautie and daughters, of Baltimore, are visiting Mrs. F. M. Ogle. Mr. Arthur Combs, of Gettysburg, Pa., visited friends here on Monday.

Double Pipe Creek.

Mrs. Anne Margaret Pawley, wife of Geo. W. Appold, living near Rocky Ridge, was buried in the cemetery of the M. E. church, near this place, on Sunday morning last. Mrs. Appold was converted in North Baltimore, and became a member of the M. E. church, with her husband, in 1845; she was a consistent member of the same until her health failed. Her life was one of usefulness, being ever ready to help others, and her place will not be easily filled in the community of her home. Services were conducted by Elders T. J. Koll and J. S. Weybright, from the text Luke 23: latter part of the 28th verse. Mrs. Appold was aged 83 years, 8 months and 5 days.

Our farmers are sure to be in the lead; some are through with fall plowing, while others are getting out their manure. Quite a number are threshing rye and hauling it to market, some are cutting their oats, and others have it put away. Thus it goes; when the farmer thinks he has completed one job, he looks around and behold, his neighbor has got a new start at another, and then into it again, boys, push and pull, pull and push.

Wednesday morning, July 23rd, at 7 o'clock, Monocacy was clear and calm; one hour later the water had raised it 10 feet. Eye witnesses say that if a team would have been fording the stream when the water came down, it would have been impossible for it to have gotten out, so rapid was the rise; at one time it raised 4 feet in 15 minutes. Much drift came down, such as barrels, tubs, boxes, chickens, &c. Mr. W. Adams had five young cattle caught in a bottom; his sons attempted to reach them but could not. Mr. S. Royer Weybright was called to come with his big sorrel mare, and by the use of lines and ropes from high ground, by Mr. Weybright holding up the heads of the cattle, they were all safely landed on more secure ground. The water receded as rapidly almost as it came, as Dr. C. H. Diller forded the stream at 8 o'clock p. m.

Bruceville.

Bruce Weant succeeded in shooting three beautiful white fish cranes on Monday morning, on Big Pipe Creek, measuring 4 feet from tip to tip. His sister Mertie, sent one to Westminster to have mounted, which will create quite a sensation among her many friends.

Quite a number of people visited Linwood camp Sunday; seventy-one tickets were sold at our station.

We are glad to see that the little ones who were suffering with whooping cough, are improving.

Our merchant, Mr. Koll, who has been very sick with bronchitis, is better again.

Miss Ree Fuss, who has been ill, is able to be about again.

Mrs. G. C. Eichelberger, daughter and son, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Weant. Little Ruth, who has been very ill, is much improved by the change of air.

Mrs. John Garver and Miss Dena Fair, of Uniontown, is visiting at Mr. W. E. Koll.

The pavement in front of the Wm. H. Vanderbilt residence in New York city cost over \$30,000. The single stone lying directly in front is the largest paving stone, and cost, transportation and all, \$9,000.

Silver Run.

Farmers have been engaged in hauling manure and fall plowing during the past week.

Corn and potatoes promise a fair crop, since the refreshing showers of rain.

Much of the oats is on shock in the field yet, owing to the wet weather. Threshing also is delayed for the same reason.

Rev. A. F. Dreisbach will preach the annual Harvest Home sermon at the Reformed church, next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. There will be no preaching at the Lutheran church next Sunday.

Work on the new school house to be erected here was started this week. Mr. Ezra Hawk, of near Taneys-town, paid us his visit on Tuesday.

Pleasant Valley.

Misses Alice and Lizzie Eppley, of Union Bridge, who had been visiting friends in this vicinity, returned home last Friday. Their mild and candid, genial disposition won for them hosts of new friends, while in our midst.

St. Matthew's Union Sabbath school will hold its annual celebration and festival on Saturday, August 15th, in Mr. Wm. Yingling's grove. A fine band of music will be present.

Quite a number of persons from this vicinity attended Linwood Camp last Sunday.

Adams county Democrats.

The Democratic congressional and county nomination convention was held in Gettysburg on Monday, and its deliberations concerning the congressional candidate were the storm-center on record. It was a close fight between the Strubinger and Benner delegates, and the latter, to gain complete control, initiated the example of the Chicago convention, and unseated four Strubinger delegates, and put in their places four who were not legally elected. By this manipulation the Benner people secured 46 votes, while the Strubinger forces could muster only 31. Forty were necessary to a choice.

The opposing clans were arrayed on opposite sides of the room, and the Strubingerites were not given any of the officers of the convention. Ex Judge A. F. White presided. George J. Benner, of Gettysburg, was named for Congress by Prof. M. F. Power, and P. H. Strubinger by Albert J. Brady. The following nominations were made: District attorney, W. C. Sheely, Gettysburg; sheriff, E. M. Wireman, of Tyrone; Assembly, Newton M. Horner, of Cumberland township, and Charles H. Dutta, of Germany township; clerk of the courts, David Thomas, Franklin township; treasurer, John A. Livers, Gettysburg; register and recorder, H. G. Weiler, Hamilton township; county commissioners, James Devine, Conewago township, and Michael Robert of East Berlin; director of the poor, Edward W. Hoffman, Freedom township; auditors, H. E. Olinger and Samuel Reinecker. As Cumberland county has already been

The Carroll Record.

A Weekly Newspaper.
INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS.

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BY THE CARROLL RECORD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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ADVERTISEMENTS and contributions for the inside of the paper should be handed in by Tuesday evening to be guaranteed insertion.

ENTERED AT TANEYTOWN POSTOFFICE AS SECOND CLASS MATTER

SATURDAY, JULY 25th, 1896.

Notice to Subscribers.

All persons who are one year in arrears to the Record, please settle up. It is not good business for either the subscriber or newspaper to allow subscriptions to remain long unpaid. Payment should be made in advance; but, until we establish that rule positively, payment at the end of the year is insisted on. Examine the label on your paper, and if it says July 95, or any date previous to that, this notice is intended for you.

The St. Louis and Chicago conventions evidently did not confer the pleasure of commission poets, or they would have bequeathed them easier names to make rhymes with.

JUST THINK! There hasn't been a lynching in Maryland for two weeks! Who says the world isn't getting better—probably the camp-meeting season is responsible for the change?

OUR NEIGHBORING Pennsylvania county of Adams, is apparently trying to rival old Frederick county in the production of candidates for political lightning to strike. The yield seems to be as prolific as last year's water crop.

Free Silver and the Tariff.

The question of free silver coinage, whether right or wrong, will be the leading subject for argument during the coming campaign. Those who favor the Chicago platform, as well as those who oppose it, will be heard from fully and often, and, to a very great extent, the tariff question is out of sight and out of mind. In other words, the tariff question is practically side-tracked for the time, and, it is possible for a long time to come.

Honestly speaking, the tariff question should not be a political one. Its settlement should be dependent on the application of correct business methods and honest conclusions, rather than on political ways and means, which are quite likely to be neither honest or correct. While the sentiment in the east is pretty generally favorable to a gold standard, and free coinage advocacy is declared a craze, it may be, even if the latter be incontestably true, that the discussion of the "craze" may result in the equitable settlement of the tariff squabble. If it does this, it will have done the country a great service, no matter what its proper appellation may be.

It is scarcely probable that all of the features of a tariff for protection can be wrong; it is equally probable that the free list can be increased, and duties lowered in some instances, without any but generally beneficial results. As the whole system of tariff schedules deals with economic qualities, it seems to follow that the true American tariff policy lies between the extremes of protection and a tariff for revenue—not to say free trade—and that this mean can only be truly determined by a non-partisan commission, or something of the kind, not influenced by politics or personal pecuniary interests.

This view of the situation may be purely chimerical, and, it may be that the old subject with its innumerable branches will again take the lead after this campaign, particularly if the money question should be overwhelmingly settled by the people; yet, one cannot help but wish that the verdict might be the less important, should it, by being so, give the more time and inclination to the final settlement of the apparently interminable and complex questions of tariff rates.

Lightning and Barns.

The number of barn fires, caused by lightning, have been very numerous this year all over the country. Every night when there is a heavy electrical storm, it is almost a sure thing to see one or more fires on an elevated point, and, in almost every case it is a barn. There seems to be some peculiar attraction for lightning, in barns, particularly when filled with grain and hay; practically every barn probably do not burn much more frequently than other buildings. That there is a scientific cause for this, is undoubtedly true; but, whether it is definitely known, is not within our knowledge.

The fact, however, that barns burn in a probable proportion of ten to one to houses, is the cause for the much higher insurance rates on the former. Many companies will not insure barns alone, which means that the aggregate of loss on barns as a class is greater than the premiums received, even at the higher rate, and that revenue must be received at the same time from some less dangerous property, in order to enable the companies to meet the losses that experience has taught them to expect.

The very fact which causes the numerous barn fires—their being full

of farm produce—necessarily means that the amount of the damage is great, and should lead to scientific investigation for means of prevention, if such be possible. So much that is wonderful has been accomplished in science in the past fifty years, that a question of this kind might easily be solved if the subject is earnestly studied. It may be that the construction of these buildings, which is practically the same as half a century ago, is responsible, to some extent, for the known results; or, it may be a simple question of ventilation, or something else easy to remedy. Whatever be the direct cause, certainly the annual loss is great enough to warrant the most searching investigation of the subject.

Devotion to Principle.

All honest men are, as far as their intelligence will permit, devoted to principle, but an astonishingly large number follow the name of a thing rather than its substance. Thus men are born into certain sects of religion, and become so accustomed to calling their religion by the name of the sect that they never stop to examine one or the other, and very frequently hold views contrary to those avowed by their church. So also they will cling to a church name long after the church itself has drifted away from its primary principles. The effect of this habit on political parties is very marked. A party is necessarily made up of those who agree upon certain fundamental principles. They may not agree upon all the declarations, made by their party conventions, for if division were made upon minor subjects the number of parties would be so greatly multiplied that no one would be strong enough to govern the state. But the parties having been organized stand for certain principles, and presumably all who attach themselves to one party or the other, believe in its principles and desire that they may be made the rule of government. Men are born into such parties and know them only by name.

There are thousands upon thousands of republicans and democrats who would find it very difficult to explain the reason for the faith that is in them. They are guided by the name rather than by any well understood political principle, and such men may be expected to follow the name blindly even when their organization has fallen under the control of fanatics, who have changed its principles. The man, however, who is devoted to principle and has sufficient intelligence to understand what a political principle means cannot be led around by a name. He seeks the company of men who think as he thinks, and thus helps to preserve the fundamental principles of his party, even though he is obliged for the time being to drop its name. The curious thing about such political changes is that when a party thus deserts its thinking members, the men who are left behind to guard the faith, are called bores, while those who have, through ignorance or emotional insanity, deserted the faith are regarded as consistent members of the party because they have clung to its name. Real political principles, however, are immortal, and the party never dies.

Those who are devoted to principle will rally about them men who think with them and either form a new party or rescue the old from the control of strangers. It is devotion to principle, not loyalty to an empty name or title, that has kept alive the great parties in American politics. The republicans, though they have changed their title often, are the legitimate followers or descendants of the federalists, and the republicans of Jefferson's day were until recently the democrats of the present generation. But the followers of Jefferson, who know what principles mean, will not abandon them merely because they find themselves without a name; the republicans and democrats of today having usurped both titles of the party and left the real followers of Jefferson and Jackson without a title. The name will come to them if they remain true to principles, for after the disintegration of parties there will be a fresh tendency on the part of those who think alike to get together and the new party will be the better for having been formed by thinking men more devoted to principle than to office seeking.—Sun.

The Gold Reserve Falling.

Washington, July 20.—The gold reserve went below the ninety million mark today for the first time in many months, and at the close of business the actual figure was \$89,761,330, a reduction of \$3,700,300 for the day. Of the withdrawal \$3,633,000 was for export. Treasury officials look upon this heavy golden drain as entirely abnormal, and are confident that it will not continue, at least, so heavily. They say that there is nothing in trade conditions to warrant the exports, adding that although exchange is almost a point above the shipping point in normal times, the conditions are such, in their judgment, as to make it uncertain whether it can be profitable at present.

In the absence of Secretary Carlisle, who will not return to the city until tonight or tomorrow morning, no one can speak authoritatively respecting the probability of another issue of bonds to replenish the reserve in the near future, but the general trend of opinion was that such a thing was not to be expected.

The rumor reached the treasury late in the day that the New York banks had decided to come to the relief of the department and pledge themselves to maintain the reserve at the \$100,000,000 point. There was no official backing to this report, but officials profess to see other hopeful signs, even if this promise fails of realization. Among them is the prospect that the demand for money in the West will oblige the New York banks to deposit gold with the treasury in order to enable the necessary loans to be made.

This would add materially to the protection of the gold reserve. The department has already accumulated in the general balance of \$361,

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

618,393 no less than \$84,286,016 of gold legal tender notes and \$35,113,019 in Sherman notes. This leaves the whole amount of legal tender notes outstanding, notes of a kind that can be used under the "endless-chain" plan to draw out the treasury gold, at only \$345,000,000, and very much of this is actively circulating in the course of daily trade. The national banks held of this total \$147,000,000, and so far as the treasury officials know, they are not generally lending themselves to the present raid on the reserve.

As to other conditions the officials are satisfied with the manner in which they have gotten so far through the month of July. This is always a trying month, the beginning of the fiscal year letting loose a lot of appropriations for miscellaneous objects as well as for rivers and harbors and pensions. The payments on account of the latter have amounted so far to \$8,327,000 this month, while the quarterly interest charges on the 4 per cent bonds and others have aggregated \$6,478,000. The total expenditures for the month have reached \$31,118,000, which leaves a deficit of \$13,091,294, but this is no more than was expected, while encouragement is found in the fact that the receipts have averaged well up a million dollars per diem, and that much of this increase is composed of internal revenue receipts, an indication that the whisky in bond has at last been drawn upon.

A study in Immigration.

The report of the Immigration Commission of Baltimore for the year ended June 30 discloses some important facts. The number who arrived here was 13,374, and of these 13,323 came from Europe. Russia, Austria-Hungary and Germany sent the greatest number. It is remarkable that only one Irishman came over. It is clear that the Green Isle is now so attractive that a new country has no claims that are specially alluring. The males outnumbered the females. Of persons between fifteen and forty years there were 9,241, and only 1,445 were over forty years, showing that the majority expect to make their permanent homes in the new country. Only fifty-five persons were sent back on the ground that they were likely to become charges on the country. The money brought over by the whole body of immigrants was \$192,422, a little over \$14 apiece, which is rather a small capital upon which to lay the foundation for a fortune, even in the United States.

One fact in the report is worth noting. Of the total number of immigrants, 2,983—nearly one-fifth—could not write, and 2,979 could neither read nor write. In three years those of legal age can become voters. If anybody supposes that within that period those of voting age, handicapped, as the report shows them to be, will be able to understand American institutions sufficiently to vote intelligently upon any political or other questions, he is certainly a hopeful citizen. It is next to impossible that such should be the case. When the new immigrant falls into the hands of the ward politicians, good citizens know what sort of instruction he generally gets. The immigration and the naturalization laws are sadly in need of reformation.—American.

The Methodist Itinerancy.

To many of our readers who do not understand the laws of the Methodist Episcopal church, this itinerancy seems cruel, unequalled for and unexampled, as the system, so thoroughly tried and for the most part satisfactory for over a hundred years, has its advantages which we leave to the opinion of those concerned and otherwise. There is somewhat of objection to the moving, the loss of time involved, the days and even weeks of confusion these changes entail, the sundering of ties, the enforced effort to become acquainted with hundreds of people in a new society, the longing for home, the probable loss of influence on the church he has left, and last, though not least, the homesickness which must come over him as he remembers old tried and true friends so rare in these days of greed and progress. By the way, in mind with as a Methodist seldom outstays his welcome and never dies of a broken heart.—Balt. Co. Union.

An East Indian apparatus for the production of rain consists of a rocket capable of rising to the height of a mile and containing a reservoir of ether. In its descent it opens a parachute, which causes it to come down slowly. The ether is ejected in a fine spray and its absorption of heat is said to lower the temperature in its vicinity sufficiently to condense the vapor and produce a limited shower.

A typewriter bicycle is a recent English invention which is said to be a success. It has been used in connection with the field operations of the English Army. It consists of a typewriter mounted on a wheel, which is ridden by the operator, who takes down commands and general orders in shorthand, and by manipulating can make duplicate copies on the typewriter. The bicycle and rider being meanwhile held erect by portable means.

Last summer one of our grandchildren was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Our doctor's remedies had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. We regard it as the best medicine ever put out on the market for bowel complaints.—Mrs. E. G. Gregory, Fredericktown, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine ever put on the market for cholera, summer complaints, colic and cholera infantum in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many thanks have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cures it has afforded. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

YOUNT'S.

A SHOE SALE

that will beat anything ever attempted in Taneytown. Over 300 pairs of Ladies' Shoes, of all sorts, square or pointed toe, button or lace, russet or black, worth \$1.50 to \$1.75 per pair; we are going to turn them into cash in the next 30 days. To do this we put the low price of

99c.

the pair, for your choice. Will you be the one to get the benefit of this bargain?

FRAMED PICTURES.

Size 12x14, worth 35c. 12c. is our price for this month only.

CHINA TABLE PLATE.

The Best Bargain in China Plates ever offered. 3 styles. July price 10c each.

DISH PAN, 25c.

Extra Heavy 17 quart Dish Pan—not larger than we usually sell for 25c, but much heavier and will outwear half a dozen of the lighter ones. Special July price, 25c.

Glass Dish, 5c.

8-inch oblong Glass Dish, extra deep. Regular price 10c; reduced to 5c this month only.

Stamped Tin Pans, 2c each.

Sizes from one pint to three quarts; sold regularly at 5c. Special July price 2c each.

Crescent Bicycles.

Our \$50. Wheel will satisfy any one who wants a strong, durable bicycle.

The Ladies', Boys' and Girls' sizes in Crescents, are beauties.

F. M. YOUNT,

Boots, Shoes, and Notions.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Old exchanges, in bundles of 100, only 10c., at the Record office.

TANEYTOWN

Roller Mills

Manufacture and have constantly on hand

THEIR SUPERIOR

BRANDS OF FLOUR

made from selected wheat, and very choice

BRAN AND MIDDINGS.

Highest cash prices paid for grain.

ZOLICKOFFER & BRO.

15, 9, 04, 11

GENTS'

Gold Filled Watch.

Warranted, Only \$9.00.

Gents' Nickel Watch.

with Chain, complete only \$2.50.

Have you seen them yet?

H. E. SLAGENHAUP.

Taneytown, Md. JEWELER

E. Kemper.

BUTCHER AND DEALER

IN ALL KINDS OF

MEATS & LIVE STOCK.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

GEO. H. BIRNIE & CO.

BANKERS.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

Discount Business Notes.

Receive Deposits subject to check.

Make collections on all points.

Savings Bank Department.

Interest paid on Time Deposits.

SPECIAL RATES—

to Weekly and Monthly Depositors

Closing Out

CASH SALE!

If you are in need of any

HARDWARE

it will pay you to call and get prices before buying elsewhere, as I am closing out my entire stock of

Hardware, Paints, Oils,

Stoves and Tinware,

at extremely Low Figures; a great many goods sold

Regardless of Cost!

As the season is about here for

Plow Shares and Drill

Points, Pitch and

Dung Forks,

which must be sold before the season is over, you will save money by buying now.

We have on hand a lot of Brass

PRESERVING KETTLES,

worth from 80 cents to \$1.00,

which we are selling at 40, 50 and 60 cents.

We have on hand a big lot of

TIN FRUIT CANS,

that will be sold very Low.

A lot of 24 and 26 inch Painted Fly Screen, which we offer at 8 and 9 cents per yard.

Sewing Machine Needles,

7c per dozen.

ONE BICYCLE,

good and strong; in perfect order,

for \$28.00.

McC. Davidson,

TANEYTOWN, MD.

DON'T FORGET

the old, reliable stand of

C. SILK & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Clothing, Dry Goods, Notions,

Boots, Shoes, Hats,

Caps, &c.

Owing to a contemplated

change in the firm, the entire

stock must be sold, even if at

BELOW COST.

Come and be convinced at the

Astonishing Prices,

Yours Respectfully,

C. SILK & CO.

J. FRANK WEANT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Butter, Eggs, Potatoes

Apples, Onions,

Poultry, &c.

Potatoes in Car Lots a Specialty.

Personal Attention to Consignments.

C. & P. Telephone, No. 1396.

1006 HILLEN STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Near Hillen Station, W. M. R. R. 26-26-60

G. W. DEMMITT.

DENTIST.

Taneytown, - - - Maryland

All persons in need of dental work should give me a call as I will save them money. Teeth extracted with little or no pain. The very best sets of teeth only \$10, and guaranteed for three years. Temporary sets at low prices. Filling and all kinds of dental work at bottom prices, within 12 miles without extra charge. Will be at McCr's store, Pleasant Valley, on the second Thursday of each month. Give me a trial.

Yours Respectfully,

G. W. DEMMITT, Dentist.

Have your

SHOES

AND OXFORD TIES

are our Special Leaders for the month of July. Our Any Oxford Tie is a dandy. Have you seen it? So low a price is put on it that it is within the reach of all.

Men's Low Cut Shoes in tan and patent leather. On these goods we give you Rock Bottom prices, when quality is considered.

Men's Heavy Shoes.

When you see "Trenton Shoe" stamped on the sole of a shoe, you need look no further; we know cannot be equalled by any line at similar cost. They are honestly made and need no apology; we warrant them in every way.

Garden Seed of all kinds.

Slug Shot kills all garden insects.

Salt Fish.

Our first invoice will arrive about the last of this week.

Fresh Groceries.

A full and complete line crowds our store at all times.

Thanking you for your past patronage, we kindly ask you for a share in the future.

Respectfully Yours,

D. W. GARNER.

—BUT—

Still They Go!

What we mean by this, is, we have again filled up our stock with the Nicest Lot of

Summer Dress Goods

we have had this season. It is a little late, but our trade demands it, and we are selling them every day. Come and see the NEW LINE! We know you will be pleased.

SUSPENDERS.

We have a big lot of Sample Suspenders. You can take your pick for 10 cents a pair.

Peaches and Raisins.

We are now selling the Finest Peaches we have had this season, at 5 cts. per pound, but, these are about the last we can get for this money.

White and Brown Sugar.

After to-day we will sell good Brown Sugar at 4c to 4 1/2c per pound. White Sugar, 5 1/2c per pound, or 5c by the barrel.

Glass Jars.

Are you in need of any Glass Jars? We are now offering them at 50c, 60c, and 80c per dozen. These goods were bought early, and that is why we can sell them at these figures. If we had to buy now, they would cost from two to three dollars a gross more.

Q. & Q. Tobacco, 20c lb.

It is going fast. When this lot is all, the price will be higher, as the factory refuses to fill any more orders at these figures.

Stoneware.

If you need any Stoneware, here is the place to get the good article. We keep nothing but the straight goods. They always sell.

It Always Pays

to buy a good article; you get value for your money, and it keeps you in a good humor.

Reindollar, Hess & Co.

TANEYTOWN, MD.

In Order to Sell Right,

You Must Buy Right,

and by looking at my prices, you will be convinced that I bought right, in spite of the late advance in leather.

A Genuine Hair Collar for 1.50.

COLLAR PADS, 30c.

We still have a few Blankets left, which we purpose on selling off at cost, in order not to carry them over, where you once got bargains on Blankets, you can get them again, by buying what is left.

S. C. REAVER.

Near R. R. TANEYTOWN, MD.

THE TANEYTOWN

SAVINGS BANK.

HISTORY OF TREVANION.

BY J. H. TAYLOR, 1896.
PART III.

The miller who was longest connected with the mills was John Townsend. Thomas Townsend, son of John Townsend, now living at Owings Mills, Baltimore county, Md., reports of him to George H. Russell, as follows: "My father, John Townsend, learned his trade at the Kephart mills, while it was under the ownership of David Kephart, and was with George Kephart, his successor to the mills, until about the year 1850, or spring of 1851. He was at the mills twenty-one years, when he removed to the Grove Mills at Big Pipe Creek. He died at Baughman's Mills in Baughman's Valley, in 1861, aged 61 years. His remains are interred at the Baughman Lutheran church, near by the Baughman Mills."

THE KEPHART FAMILY.

The following account of the Kephart family has been furnished by George H. Russell, of Reisterstown, a grandson of David Kephart.

David Kephart Sr., died June 5, 1792, in the 55th year of his age. His wife, Elizabeth, died June 23, 1814, in the 81st year of her age. His son, David Kephart, Jr., who succeeded his father on the farm and mills, was married to Margaret Reister, of Reisterstown, Balt. Co., Md., on October 17, 1802. He died at his home at Pipe Creek in 1836, after a short illness, in the 72nd year of his age. His wife, Margaret, died at the same place, Oct. 15, 1853, in the 73rd year of her age.

Henrietta Kephart was married to Benjamin Darby of Montgomery Co., Md., on the 15th day of April, 1823, and died in June, 1876 in her 72nd year. Sally Kephart died in Baltimore, on the 16th of May, 1884, in her 79th year. Eliza Kephart died in Baltimore on the 25th of June, 1849, in her 41st year. Dr. Philip Kephart practiced medicine at Somerset, Pa., where he married Miss Kimmel, and removed to Berrien, Michigan, in 1841, and died there September 23, 1880, in the 73rd year of his age.

George Kephart, who succeeded his father on the home farm, settled upon the Moad estate at Reisterstown and died there on the 30th of August 1888, in his 78th year. Susan Kephart was married to Alexander Russell, of Langhustown, Pa., at her Pipe Creek home, on the 22nd day of April 1834. She survives her husband and now resides at Reisterstown, and is in her 84th year of age. She is the only surviving member of the Kephart family.

Catharine Kephart died January 16, 1816, aged three years. Hannah Kephart was married to Adam B. Wingard, of Green Castle, Pa., and died at her home there in 1867, in her 51st year. Peter Kephart was the youngest member of the Kephart family at Pipe Creek, of whom the following special account is given.

PETER KEPHART.

While on the farm and in his minority, he experimented upon a method of keeping meats, fruits and vegetables in a state of freshness by refrigeration for which he subsequently secured letters patent. His method was founded upon the use of a cellar with an icehouse so arranged that the storage space for the fruits, &c., should be kept at a temperature of 32°, and not to go above 35° as a standard, to prevent the fermentation and putrefaction stages of decay. It was also established as a scientific fact that atmospheric oxygen was a promoter of the fermentation that preceded decay. His invention was to preserve the freshness of fruits, meats, &c., in an air-tight cellar by excluding oxygen and by keeping the standard temperature at a little above the freezing point, 32°.

He was enabled to attain a considerable degree of success in his experiments at Trevanion, but they were not wholly satisfactory; they were, however, the ground-work for further progress. He afterwards built a preservative house in the suburbs of Philadelphia, which he sold, and then removed to Baltimore and built a refrigerator house and cellar at Spring Gardens. He then formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, Benjamin Darby, in the foreign fruit and candy business, in 1845, on Baltimore St., cor. McClellan's Alley, under the firm name of Kephart & Darby, which was the beginning of the present well known firm of Darby & Co.

He was the pioneer in the system of keeping perishable goods by refrigeration, and the smaller family refrigerators as well as the larger ones in use in cars and vessels, are made upon his plan. He also invented and patented the first hot air fire-place heater in Baltimore, and all the modern heaters are modifications of his original plans.

In 1857 he purchased the Susquehanna Ice Company, along with the ice ponds, lands and houses at Winans, now in the city of Baltimore. About this time he made some successful experiments in making artificial ice, upon a plan similar to the one now in use. He was for 23 years director and President of the Howard Bank of Baltimore; during his sojourn in Baltimore he was always known as a useful and active member of the Lombard street Lutheran church, and as being of a kindly and charitable disposition. He died lamented by his many friends, at his home on Fayette St., near Pine, on the 4th day of March 1875, aged 54 years.

Cost of New Oxford Waterworks.

The following itemized statement of the cost of the New Oxford water plant, is taken from this week's issue of the New Oxford Item.

Contract price as per bid.	\$11,850.00
63 3-10 yds. of excavation for standpipe, @ 35c.	23.30
63 3-10 yds. of masonry for standpipe @ \$6.00.	409.80
470 ft. 4 in. pipe, extra, @ 30c	162.20
1 fire hydrant, extra, @ 30	30.00
Filterer	125.00
Cover over filterer.	15.00
Extra masonry in well.	25.00
Trenching and laying 144 feet 4 in. pipe @ 18c.	25.92
Total	\$12,678.82

A PUZZLED DUTCHMAN.

A very old story published by request of a reader of the Record.

(Old Paper.)

Some good stories have been told in illustration of the absurdities to which the "liberal construction" of Scriptural passages generally leads, but we have not seen anything more sarcastic in this line than the following observation by a puzzled Dutchman, at a sort of service held by a "progressive" sect out West. A Wisconsin paper is responsible for putting it into print.

One who did not believe in immersion for baptism was holding a protracted meeting, and one night spoke on the subject of baptism. In the course of his remarks, he said: Some believe it is necessary to go into the water and come up out of it in order to be baptized. But this, he claimed, to be a fallacy, for the preposition INTO of the Scriptures should be rendered differently, as it does not mean INTO all times. Moses, he said, we are told, went INTO the mountain, &c. Now, we do not suppose that he went INTO the mountain, but upon it, with his going down into the water; it means simply going down to or near the water, and being baptized in the ordinary way, by sprinkling.

He carried out this idea, fully, and in due season and style closed his discourse, when an invitation was given to any one who felt disposed to rise and express his thoughts. Quite a number of the brethren rose and said they were glad that they had been present on this occasion, that they were well pleased with the sermon they had just heard, and felt their souls greatly benefited. Finally a corpulent gentleman, of Teutonic extraction, a stranger to all, rose and broke a silence that was almost painful, as follows:

"Mr. Breacher, I ish so glad I vash here to-night, for I has had explained to my mind something dat I never could believe before. Oh I ish so glad INTO does not mean INTO at all, but shust close by or near to, for now I can believe manish things vot I could not understand before. We reast, Mr. Breacher, dat Taniel vash INTO de ten of lions, and came out alive! Now, I never could understand dot, for de wilt peasts would eat him up right off; but now it ish very clear to my mind. He vash shust close by or near to, and did not get INTO de den at all. Oh, I ish so glad I vash here to night. And we reast dot de Hebrew children vash cast INTO de frish furnace, and dat always lookt like a peeg story, too, for I dinks dey would have been burnt up; but it ish all plain to my mind now, for dey were shust cast close by or near de furnace. Oh, I vash so glad I vash here to night."

"And now, Mister Breacher, if you will shust explain two more passages of Scripture, I shall be, O, so happy I vash here to night! One of dem is vere it saish de wicked shall be cast INTO a lake dat burns mit fire and brimstone always. O, Mister Breacher, shall I be cast INTO dat lake if I am wicked, or shust close by or near enough to be comfortable? I hope you will say I shall be cast shust by a good way off, and I will pe so glad I vash here to night? De oder passage is dat vish saish plessed are dey who obey these commandment, dat dey may have a right to de tree of life, and enter in through the gates INTO de city. Oh, tell me I shall get INTO de city, and not close by or near to, shust near enough to see vat I have lost, and I shall be so glad I vash here to night."

A disease that is causing the death of many horses in Allegany county and the adjoining county of Pennsylvania, is baffling the skill of the veterinary surgeons. They are of the opinion that it originated from the animals eating aftermath in places where the army worm was destructive. Farmers of Wellersburg, Pa., said today that quite a number of horses have died recently with the disease. The animals are taken in the first place as if they were afflicted with what is known as the "bots," and suffer such great pain that they are thrown into the lockjaw and die. Some of them suffer so intensely that they become very weak with perspiration.

Secretary of the Interior Smith will support the democratic ticket. He considered himself bound by a pledge to abide the result of the Chicago convention. There is renewed talk in Washington on the part of the cabinet officers that the President will urge the nomination of a sound-money democratic ticket. Ex-Secretary Foster has written a letter stating that Secretary Carlisle announced a year ago, in Mr. Foster's presence, that he would vote for a republican on a sound-money platform against a democrat who favored free coinage. It is stated positively in administration circles in Washington that the other bond issue is not contemplated and will probably not be necessary.

The editor of an exchange has been taking observations on the difference between a lady and gentleman, in mounting a bicycle. He says the lady stops, adjusts her skirts, puts one foot upon a pedal, gives a little spring, settles lightly upon the saddle and away she goes! The man grabs the handle bars, stretches himself out behind the machine, puts one foot upon the step, hops along like a lame ostrich, in the jump, lands "ker plunk" in a saddle, kicks about to find the pedals and then goes wobbling along for a rod or so before he gets his centre of gravity located.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by R. S. McKinney, Druggist, Taneytown, Md.

THE BRECHLOADER.

Improvements in Gun That Conduce to Rapidity of Firing.

Let us examine a breechloader and see what improvements have been made which may conduce to rapidity of fire. We see that in the older pattern three motions were necessary to open the breech. First the bar which is fixed across the base of the block had to be removed, then a half turn had to be given to the block to free it in its bed, and then it had to be pulled forward. Lastly, it had to be thrown back on its hinge, so as to open the gun from end to end. We are shown that in later patterns the cavity or bed into which the block fits is made in the form of a cone, so that the breech block itself can be turned outward without any preliminary motion forward. In artillery work time is everything, and any one motion of the gunner's hands and arms saved is a point gained.

Now let us look at the mechanism by which the recoil or backward movement of the gun is checked at the moment of firing. The gun slides into its cradle, and its recoil is counteracted by buffers which work in coil, something in the fashion of the coil springs which we see on doors. Iron spiral springs push the gun back again into place. An interesting piece of mechanism is the electric machinery by which the gun is fired. When the recoil has taken place, the wire, along which runs the electric current, is pushed out of place, so that it is impossible to fire the gun, even though it be loaded, until it has been again fixed in its proper position on the cradle. Truly a modern cannon is a wonderful machine, and yet it is only a development from the sort of iron gas pipe which was used in the middle ages.

Hard by is a gun which has come to grief. In experiments which are carried on at Shoeburyness guns are charged to their full, or, as in this case, more than their full strength. There is an ugly crash running down the outer case or jacket, as it is called, of the gun, and the latter has broken and nearly jumped out of its cradle. Nursery phraseology certainly comes in strongly in the technical slang of gunnery when we have to do with Woolwich infants.—Chambers's Journal.

X RAYS CAN BE SEEN.

Their Effects on Different Parts of the Human Eye.

Dr. Brandes of the University of Halle has succeeded in rendering directly visible the X rays discovered by Professor Roentgen. The observation made by Professor Salvini, an Italian physicist, that lenses are in a very slight degree penetrable by Roentgen's rays, suggested to Dr. Brandes the idea that the visibility might be due to circumstances connected with this fact. He accordingly resolved to test the effect of Roentgen's rays on lensless eyes.

There are many people who have had the lenses of their eyes removed as a remedy for extreme shortsightedness or for catarrh. A girl who had had this operation performed on both eyes, and in whose right eye a remnant of the lens had been left, allowed the experiment to be tried upon her.

Professor Dorn, whom Dr. Brandes had interested in the investigation, subjected the girl quite unexpectedly to the rays, and, when the strong current passed through the tube, which had been totally darkened, she declared that she saw light with her left eye. Professors Dorn and Brandes at first thought it possible that a spark had leaped across, but when this had been rendered impossible the girl continued to declare that she saw light.

On further trying the experiment the two savants saw the light too. They then continued their investigations and ascertained that Roentgen's rays really affect the retina. If we place our head, completely inclosed in an absolutely opaque vessel, near the source of the rays, we see light even with the closed eyes, and we see it most clearly at the periphery. Moreover, we continue to see it even when a large aluminium plate, which would completely exclude the rays, is placed between a Hittorf tube and the eye. Utter darkness, on the other hand, results if a thick pane of glass, which is as well known, is only in a very slight degree penetrable by Roentgen's rays, is placed between the tube and the closed or covered eye.—Berlin Cor. London Standard.

Wedding Postponed.

Sharp Dame—I must frankly tell you, Mr. Meek, that my consent to marry with my daughter has been wrung from me under protest.

Mr. Meek—Is that protest? Sharp Dame—Yes, sir. I knew that if I did not consent she would disgrace the family by an elopement. When she wants anything, we all have to give in to her or take the consequences, and long experience has taught me that I might as well try to fan off a cyclone as reason with her when she gets mad, especially if there is a father or a rolling pin handy, and so I just give right up at once. Has the wedding day been set yet, Mr. Meek?

Mr. Meek—Um—er—not yet, and, in fact, madam, I'm—I'm a little afraid I can't afford to marry very soon anyhow. Good-good day.—New York Weekly.

Her Varying Value.

Mrs. Ferguson—George, if I should cease to care for you and fall in love with some handsome man, what would you do? Mr. Ferguson (with some fierceness)—I see the scoundrel for \$100,000 for Mrs. Ferguson (applying the corner of a handkerchief to her eye)—And yet when I told you the other day how dearly I love you if you would only buy me that \$18.99 vase at Spotsch & Co.'s you only said, "Humph!"—Chicago Tribune.

PADDOCK AND TRACK.

New York state fair will take place Sept. 1 to 5. Webster City, Ia., will have its annual fair and race meet Sept. 22 to 25. W. W. P. stepped to the half in 1:03 1/2 in the second heat of his Denver race.

H. S. Henry, proprietor of the Penn Valley stud, is to retire from the breeding industry.

Red Wilkes and Onward are the only two sons of George Wilkes, 2:32, out of Mambrino Crib mares now living.

Colonel Dickey, 2:16 1/2, the last little son of Pilot Medium, now a gelding, has shown a half in 1:06 and a quarter in 0:32.

Red Fox, 2:10 1/2, by Eric Chief, went a half mile at Adrian, Mich., in a match race recently in 1:06, taking the track record for paces.

Frank, but Ungrateful. Press Woodruff and Lee Fairchild, two western humorists, were to lecture at the Opera House in Puyallup. As they were approaching the place on the evening of the entertainment a little girl on the sidewalk, who was fondly hugging a puppy in her arms, said to Woodruff:

"Don't you want to buy a puppy, sir? I will sell him for 15 cents." "What do you want with 15 cents just now?" Woodruff asked. "I want to go to the show," she replied. "Oh, well, I am the show. I will give you a ticket, and then you can go to the show and keep your puppy too." The little girl was there, and when the show was over some one overheard the little girl say, with a sigh, as she hugged the puppy closer: "I'm awful glad I kept my puppy."—Chicago Times Herald.

An Old Saying Illustrated.



"RUNNING ACROSS AN OLD FRIEND IN A STRANGE PLACE."—Scribner's Magazine.

Affected by the Sun.

"Mr. Badger, playing in the hot sun must affect these poor baseball men's brains."

"Why, that you think so?" "What makes you so lousy. The paper says one of 'em just caught flies and handed 'em to another man all afternoon."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

His Qualifications.

"Jim's done graduated, ain't he?" "You bet!" "Got his diploma?" "Shore!" "Well, what kin he do?" "Reach home base every time an kick a football clean over into the next county."—Atlanta Constitution.

An Authority.

"Is he truly a great connoisseur?" asked the doubting one. "Great?" replied the man who knew. "He knows so much about technique that he can tell at a glance whether the motif for a poster was evolved from abnshir or Welsh rabbit."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

An Interrupted Story.

"Yes," said the major, "it was at the seashore; the tide was low, and, although the water weighed a ton, I finally succeeded in turning him over!" "And then as the crowd gathered the major added, 'to the authorities!'"—Atlanta Constitution.

Observant Mr. Casey.

"This country," writes Mr. Casey to his cousin in Ireland, "is the greatest on earth. It is a country where the man who earns his own living is as good as any other man, and if he don't have to earn it he is a damn sight better."—Indianapolis Journal.

Very Much Out.

He—And did you call at Monte Carlo while you were at Nice? She—No. Papa called on him, I believe, but, from his disappointed appearance when he returned to the hotel, I think Mr. Carlo must have been out.—Public Opinion.

Mr. Muchlost—I don't think we can do better than put Johnny in the dry goods business. Mrs. Muchlost—Why so? Mr. Muchlost—His teacher says he is always getting marked down.—New York World.

Pitiless.

"And still you got even with her?" "Oh, yes, I showed her the respect due to age. As pitilessly as errant worlds might crush together does woman meet up with woman.—Detroit Tribune.

The Proverb Works Both Ways. Twynn—Stingy man is—Yes, but he is no fool. Twynn—Not if a fool and his money are soon parted.—Detroit Free Press.

To Complete the Collection. She (sentimentally)—I would I were a bird. He (stupidly)—And what would I be? She (sarcastically)—Oh, you might be a small bottle.—Chicago Record.

The Usual Way.

Ebbs—Who shall decide when doctors disagree? asks a poet. Hobbs—Oh, the undertaker usually comes in and buries the bone of contention.—Towns Topics.

Weight In Ice.

Customer—I want 400 pounds of ice. Dealer—Yes, I'll send it right up by a bicycle messenger boy.—Detroit Tribune.

Pa'n Ma.

There hasn't nobody what c'n lick my pa, Not even Sullivan. Cuz pa, he said so. On'y sometimes ma—'Y jing, she makes him say. Sometimes my pa gits tantrums, an he'll kick An swear an storm around. An ma says, 'Wil'ham' an 'jis' as quick My pa he storms down. Et I wuz pa, she coudn't skeer me so. An I'd 'jis' like 't see Her try it on. Gue whie, I got 't go—'That's ma a-callin' me!—William R. Lighton in Truth.

Special Notices.

JUST RECEIVED. New style Golf and Eton Caps, at 25c, and 50c. For cyclists and others—at P. B. Englar's.

DO YOU WANT A Bargain in Hats, Baby Caps and Children's Hats? If so, call on Mrs. J. H. Gardner, and see Bargains; also a beautiful line of Fancy Ribbons.

[A Native Taneytown-er.] *Chas. A. Englar* ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC In & For The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, No. 435 GRANT STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENN.

DOWN THEY GO!

Every suit of Clothing in my stock cut down for 30 days

To Clean Up the summer stock. Lots of desirable goods at a sacrifice—to make them go.

How Is This?

A lot of Men's suits, some slightly shop-worn, all worth double the money and more, only

\$2.50.

And How's This?

A lot of Boy's long pants suits—way below cost, and just the thing for school, only

\$2.25.

The above lots of suits are not large, and are the greatest actual bargains ever offered in Taneytown.

For Truth Days

from the 10th. of July, you may, if you will, save big money at my expense.

The Truth Is

I still want to go out of business, and I am going to make a strong effort to get out by next spring. To do so, easily, I must have a small stock,

And Must Sell

at a loss to accomplish this. If you think this is "all talk," come and offer to buy me out. If you don't want the whole stock, you can save big money on what you do want.

A handsome assortment of Men's and Boy's Golf and Eton Caps

just received. Just the thing for cycling and evening wear.

Men's Woolen BICYCLE HOSE, Hagerstown make!

P. B. ENGLAR, Clothier & Furnisher, TANEYTOWN, MD.

Pic-nic Register.

All pic-nics, Sunday School, or other kinds, will be given free notice under this heading when the bills are printed at this office. Hand in your dates now, so as to avoid, if possible, the holding of two on the same date.

July 23-24-25.—Festival by the ladies of the Aid Society of Grace Reformed church, on the church lawn, Taneytown, Md.

July 25.—Haugh's Church.—Mt. Zion Lutheran S. S.—in D. C. Warner's grove. Double Pic-nic. Double Free Creek Band.

Aug. 1.—Annual celebration of the Union Catholic school at Keyville, Md., in Stuller's grove. Double Free Creek Band.

August 5th.—The annual Pic-nic of St. Joseph's Catholic church will be held in Clabbers Grove in the first week in August.

August 8.—First annual celebration of Our Dale Sabbath School, in N. Angel's Grove. Music furnished by the Taneytown Band.

Aug. 15.—Clearview, (formerly Shaw's) Sabbath school pic-nic, in Reuben Whittle's grove on Keyville road, 2 miles from Taneytown. Taneytown Band.

Sept. 5.—Oak Grove Sabbath school pic-nic in the Krontz's grove, near the old stone school house. Refreshments of all kinds. Taneytown Band.

Most Remarkable Slaughter Sale AT M. SCHNEEBERGER'S Trade Palace, 33 E. Main St., Westminster, Md.

On Saturday, June 13th.

we shall commence a Slaughter sale of great magnitude; all of our Spring Merchandise must be sold. Hundreds of seasonable merchandise will be put on sale for almost half its original cost. Hence we call especial attention to the saving buyer.

If you secure some of these bargains, please remember where you got them, and come again.

We will mention just a few of the many articles slaughtered during this sale,

12 1/2c	Dimity Lawns, at	6 1/2c.
12c	4-4 Percaloes, at	8 1/2c.
8c	Pacific Lawns, at	3 1/2c.
75c	48-inch Black Crepon, at	48c.
25c	Table Damask, at	19c.
10c	China Matting, at	8c.
20c	Japanese Jointless Matting, at	15c.
25c	Japanese Jointless Inlaid Matting; cotton wove, at	16c.
30c	Heavy Jointless China Matting, at	18c.
40c	Union Ingrain Carpets, at	23c.
30c	Jute Carpet, the wonder of the season, at	18c.
25c	4-4 Floor Oilcloths sacrificed at	16c.
15c	Felt Window Blinds 6 feet long, with Roller Attachments.	12c.
12c	Men's Seamless Half Hose; at	8c.
15c	Ladies' Seamless Hose; at	9c.
12c	Ladies' Fast Black Ribbed Hose, at	8c.
\$1.00	Men's Lau'd Fancy Percaloe Shirts, at	69c.
1000 yards	Pacific Prints, at	4c.
75c	Ladies' Corsets in all sizes, greatest value ever offered, at	48c.
\$1.00	Boys' Dark Striped Suits; just the thing for warm weather, at	59c.

M. SCHNEEBERGER'S

TRADE PALACE.

33 East Main St., Westminster, Md. Opposite Catholic Church, Sep 23-5

LIME. LIME.

All parties that want a good, quick and durable Lime, free of impurities, should buy Legore's Combination of Lime. As a guarantee and comparison of the quality of the different analyses made by H. J. Patterson, State Chemist of Maryland, Prince Georges's Co., for the consideration of farmers and others who want the best article. Special inducements in prices, terms, &c., will be given.

Below are the five different analyses made by the State Chemist.

Below are the five different analyses made by the State Chemist.				
	per cent.	per cent.	per cent.	per cent.
Lime (CaO) Ava. Sol. Line.....	97.61	96.00	97.00	96.80
Magnesia (MgO).....	43	1.08	.43	.72
Oxide of Iron and Alumina.....	1.07	1.20	1.60	1.80
Silica.....	.89	1.63	.41	.68
Undetermined.....		.09	.56	
	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Calcium (Lime) Carbonate.....		98.39	per cent.	
Magnesia Carbonate.....		.51	" "	
Oxide of Iron and Alumina.....		.60	" "	
Silica.....		.50	" "	
		100.00	" "	