

# TANETOWN RECORD.

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TANETOWN, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1896.

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## Locals and Personals.

Some notes are furnished free of charge, when desired, to all who have their bills printed at this office.

The funeral sermon of little Joe DeGroot, will be preached in the Harney U. B. church on Sunday, February 2nd, at 10 a. m.

Our Silver Run letter was received too late last week, and as most of the items would be out of date for this issue, we are compelled to omit using them.

Our doctors are kept going almost continuously day and night, on account of the epidemic. The absence of Dr. Birnie adds considerably to the work of the others.

The office of magistrate seems to be going begging in this district. Only one applicant, and that one says he does not care much about it. There may be others that we have not heard of.

Rich deposits of copper ore of a fine quality have been discovered on the farm of Samuel Repp, near Johnsville, Frederick county, and preparations are being made to develop the find.

The legislative mill is beginning to grind more rapidly now that the Senatorial squabble is over, and the hard work of the session has commenced, which will likely be pushed vigorously from this on.

There is a great amount of sickness in this locality, the most of it of a "grippish" character. Fully nine tenths of the people, young and old, have a cold, cough, sore throat or a general "feel-badness."

Dr. C. Birnie came home on Friday morning, and J. B. Galt on Thursday night, to spend the time of the adjournment, the legislature having adjourned on Thursday evening until Monday evening.

Those most prominently mentioned for congress in the sixth district to succeed Wellington, are, John C. Motter, Frederick; M. L. Keedy and Norman B. Scott, Hagerstown; and George A. Pearce, Allegany.

A Kansas man has discovered that brandy can be made out of wet elm sawdust. Now a discouraged prohibitionist asks what chance can a good cause have when a man can get forth with a ripswal and get drunk on a rail fence.

Isaiah Hann and family will remove to South Chester, near Philadelphia, this spring, leaving this neighborhood for the first time for many years. Miss Jessie is teaching at Linwood, near South Chester, and will live with her parents.

The editor of the Record has received from J. C. Landes, Collegeville, Pa., an inquiry as to the success and merits of the Carroll county telephone system, and saying also that they desired a new line established at that place.

That it pays to advertise public sales in the Record, was illustrated by the large attendance at S. C. Rea's blanket and harness sale here last Saturday. He had no large posters printed, but had a three weeks notice of it in the Record, which brought many people here from a distance.

A considerable number of bills for advertising sent out on January 1st, remain unpaid. Our patrons are requested to honor these statements promptly when received, at the end of each quarter, as it is our desire to do business strictly on this plan, so that we can in turn meet all obligations promptly.

We received information by telephone this Friday morning from Union Bridge, that the corner stone of the M. P. church of that place was robbed last night, and the contents carried off. Some enterprising and sacrilegious so-called "monks" have been very hard up. It would give as much pleasure to state next week that he has been caught.

Architect Dempwolf submitted two designs to the Lutheran church council, last Saturday. One is for an entirely new church, on the one story plan, and the other is for remodeling the present structure. Both designs are on exhibition at P. B. Englar's store, and have been very much admired. Further consideration of the question will be held at a council meeting on Monday afternoon next.

A large lamp which contained a gallon of oil, came near exploding in F. M. Yount's store one evening this week. After being lighted it was turned up too high, and when noticed later the flame was coming out of the top of the chimney. The screw regulator was turned down, and the lamp was promptly carried outside and the blaze smothered, an explosion would undoubtedly have occurred.

On last Tuesday evening, the Reformed parsonage was taken by surprise by a large number of the members of the church, and the friends of the pastor and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Bateman. They took with them, as tokens of the esteem in which the pastor is held by them, a large amount of supplies for the larder, and other useful articles. After Mr. and Mrs. Bateman had received from their surprise they proceeded to make the visitors welcome, and a delightful evening was spent in games and social intercourse, after which the surprised wended their way homeward, feeling after receiving the grateful thanks of Mr. and Mrs. Bateman, that it is indeed more blessed to give than to receive.

## NOTES FROM EVERYWHERE.

Items of current news boiled down, for busy readers.

The Carroll News printing plant at Union Bridge, is advertised at Morgage's sale February 1st.

A store room owned by Mrs. Edward Harman, at Rocky Ridge, Frederick county, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night. The building was fully covered by insurance and unoccupied.

Mr. Walter B. Brooks died in Baltimore last Thursday. He was the Republican candidate for Governor the year E. H. Jackson was elected—1887. He was president of the Canton Company.

William A. Golden has declined a nomination by the Citizens Municipal League of Pittsburg, for the select council, on the grounds of independence in politics, and avoidance of office-seeking under all circumstances.

Hon. George M. Russum, was on Tuesday appointed Judge of the Court of Appeals to succeed the late Judge Robinson. Mr. Russum is regarded as a lawyer of considerable ability, and is possessed of genial manners and ready wit. His appointment is generally satisfactory.

The Hanover Record says: The gentleman on the bond of J. H. LeFevre, lately cashier of the Littlestown Savings Institution, have been notified that they must at once make good a shortage of about \$15,000 in the funds of that bank. This is the net result of the trouble in the institution last summer.

The Waynesboro Gazette made a very creditable effort last week to give its patrons a supplement after the style of the large western papers commonly designated a "boom edition." It contains handsome photographs of many prominent citizens of Waynesboro, with a brief biography of each.

J. Rufus Smith, prosecuting attorney for Morgan county, W. Va., died at his home in Berkeley Springs, on Jan. 16, from blood poison, aged 67 years. His illness was caused by a tick in his shoe which penetrated the toe, last November. Amputation of several toes followed, but he gradually grew worse and died.

State's Attorney John T. Ensor, of Baltimore county, will make a test case of the cigarette law in Maryland. He has ordered Sheriff Cole to arrest all who have been selling cigarettes without a license. The violations have become so frequent of late that almost every little shop throughout the county is selling cigarettes without a license.

Peter Relyea, the widely known Williamsburg undertaker, who buried Lincoln, died at his home on Broadway, Brooklyn, Tuesday night, at the age of eighty. He was one of the oldest undertakers in the state, but will be chiefly remembered as the man who conducted the funeral arrangements of President Lincoln in April, 1865.

A live fish, seven inches long and over an inch thick, was vomited up by a Scanton, Pa., woman on the 16th. For ten years she had been a great sufferer from stomach troubles, and physicians could give her no relief. On Thursday evening she became much worse, when her husband gave her brandy and tea, and violent vomiting followed during which she by a great effort threw up the fish, barely escaping being strangled.

## MARRIED.

DEER—FISHER.—On the 23rd, at the Catholic parsonage, by Rev. Theo. D. Mead, Mr. Theodore J. Fisher, Jr., to Miss Martha V. Fisher, both of Westminster.

## DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published free of charge.

SEABROOK.—On the 20th, near Middleburg, Mr. Moses Seabrook, aged 88 years, 9 months and 2 days. Interment in Union Bridge cemetery on Wednesday.

GARBER.—On the 19th, near Uniontown, Mr. John Garber, aged 76 years, 1 month and 21 days.

LYNN.—On the 16th, at her home near Emmitsburg, Mrs. John Lynn, in her 60th year.

## In Memoriam.

(For the Record.)

Surrounded by all she held most dear, Miss Maggie May Foglesong breathed her last on the afternoon of Jan. 11th, 1896. A lovely Christian woman has passed away to her eternal rest. From all that love could bestow to make life happy, the fond devotion of father, sister and brothers, and the abiding tenderness of her mother, whose blessed privilege it was to minister to her comfort through her long illness, she has gone from her happy home on earth to her home of bliss in heaven.

Funeral services, conducted by Rev. S. Spassard and Bangham, were held at Baptist's church, which she was a member and for some time leader of the choir. The pleasant Valley choir under the direction of Mr. N. H. Bankard, beautifully rendered music for the occasion. Though young, the deceased had many friends who gathered at the homestead to pay a last tribute of respect and attend the funeral.

Lord, she is gone! Although we held her fast And clung to thee, she slowly glided past And left our clinging arms to go at last. Love could not keep her or she would have stayed. Prayers could not save her for we prayed and prayed. By nothing we could do was death delayed. Thou knowest, in this, Thy hand, O Lord, we see. In our great sorrow it is sweet to be Assured she hath but gone from us to thee. And is not lost to us but gone before Where home and happy on that blessed shore. With arms outstretched she helps to draw us on. A FRIEND.

## NEW ELECTION LAW.

Mr. Debeler's bill to repeal present election laws.

A copy of the proposed election law has been furnished the RECORD by Dr. Birnie, the main provisions of which will be found reprinted below in a condensed form. The bill is voluminous, covering eighty-eight pages, and proposes many changes and additions. It is pretty safe to say that the bill will meet with strong opposition in some of its parts, and will likely be considerably amended before finally adopted. In reporting it, we have aimed to give mainly the proposed new features.

## SUPERVISORS.

The bill provides for the election by the people every two years of three supervisors of election in each county, and that every qualified voter shall be entitled to vote for not more than two of the candidates, who shall have been nominated and their names placed upon the regular official ballots. Upon receiving the returns the Governor shall commission the three persons receiving the greatest number of votes. Each supervisor in the counties not containing over fifteen polling places, shall receive an annual salary of seventy-five dollars. Provisions are made for vacancies, organization of the Board, printing ballots, ballot-boxes, registration of voters and incidental expenses.

## JUDGES AND CLERKS.

In every county, before the first day of July, the supervisors shall select the judges of election for each county or precinct, and before Sept. 1st, two clerks; two of the judges and one of the clerks to be selected from each of the two leading political parties in the state. Each of the judges and clerks must be a resident and voter residing in the district for which he is appointed, a man of good capacity and character, able to speak and write in the English language, and skilled in the four fundamental rules of arithmetic, not holding any other office, and not a candidate for office at the next election. Provisions are made for the failure to make appointments on the part of the board, and penalties provided for refusal of appointees to serve. After appointment the names of the judges and clerks shall be announced before August 1st, and clerks before October 31st, by publishing one a week for two consecutive weeks, in two or more newspapers in each county.

## REGISTRATION.

Each judge of election shall also be an officer of registration in the district for which he shall be appointed, and the four judges shall collectively constitute the board of registry thereof. Said officers, in addition to their other powers, shall have authority to keep the peace and preserve order around the places of registration. Provisions are made for the time and hours of the sittings, the custody of the books and how they shall be kept, questions and qualifications of applicants for registration, appeals, residence, &c. In the counties a new general registration shall be made every four years, for each presidential election, and in the city of Baltimore, there shall be annual registration.

## BALLOTS AND BALLOT-BOXES.

BalLOTS shall be printed at the expense of each county, and shall contain the names of all persons properly nominated. None other than the official ballot shall be legal, but any voter may write or paste the name of any candidate on his ballot, or he may desire to vote. The arrangement of the ballot, which is to be white paper, is like the one now in use, except that each ballot shall contain a detachable stub, one inch by three inches, above the upper left hand corner of the ballot, which shall be used for the purpose of marking the amount of votes returned by the last registration.

## ELECTIONS.

Each of the judges of election shall have power to cause the arrest of any person for breach of the peace or any violation of election laws, or for any interference with the election or counting of ballots. In the counties the polls shall open at 8 a. m. and close at 5 p. m. No judge or clerk shall leave his place during the voting, unless he appoint some competent person to fill his place during his absence, which person shall be regularly sworn. Each poll shall be held in a building or place to have one challenger present both in the polling and registration room, who shall be under the protection of the voters, and shall not exceed one year or by both. Citizens, other than challengers, may also enter the room for the purpose of challenging a voter. The voting booths are to be made like those now in use, except that a curtain is to be hung in front of each booth. The voter before receiving his ballot will have his name and number written on the stub by the judge giving it to him. He then retires to a booth and marks his ballot with either stamp or pencil, and before leaving the booth shall fold his ballot without in any way disclosing how it was marked and keep the same so until he has voted by handing it to one of the judges who will detach the stub and file it and place the ballot in the ballot box. Instructions to voters will be given outside the booth, by one of the clerks in the presence of the other, after the voter has made affidavit on account of the disability which he made known on being registered, that he is unable to prepare his ballot. There are numerous other provisions, not materially different from the present law.

## COUNTING OF BALLOTS.

Immediately after the close of the polls, and before counting commences, all the stubs or coupons shall be destroyed. During the counting, all ballots decelerately (3) folded, or not marked with the initials of the judge handing the ballot to the voter, shall be rejected. The counting of the votes, in the same manner as under the present law. Provisions are also made in detail for the return of the result, the care of the ballot boxes and poll books, board of canvassers, recounts, &c.

## COMPENSATION.

The Sheriff in each county shall be allowed \$12.00 for each election in the county. The judges and clerks of election shall be paid \$3.00 per day, and fractions of a day at 30 cents an hour. The Eastern Shore law is retained, which requires one of the United States Senators to be chosen from the Eastern, and one from the Western shore of the state.

## WELLINGTON ELECTED.

The Senatorial contest at Annapolis ended at last.

After one single, and eight joint ballots, Hon. George L. Wellington was on Wednesday elected United States Senator by the legislature of this state. The vote of each day has been given in the legislative proceedings of each day published elsewhere in the RECORD. A joint caucus was held on Monday night, which failed to agree on a nominee after three ballots, but at a caucus on Tuesday night a break was made for Wellington, which gave him the nomination and consequently the election on Wednesday.

The Carroll county delegation cast its vote solidly for Goldsborough, during the balloting, except on the final vote, when it was a portion of the fourteen republican absentees. Five other republicans were excused from voting, and one voted for Goldsborough, making in all, twenty votes not cast for the caucus nominee, who received 63 votes, or 15 more than necessary for his election. The candidacy of Mr. Wellington, and the eastern shore question, has been so thoroughly discussed during the last month, that it is unnecessary to say anything further about either. That the new Senator possesses unquestionable ability for the position, is admitted by all; but whether his selection, and the departure from an old custom was wise, remains to be seen.

## February Jurors.

Judge Roberts has drawn the following jury, for the February term of the Circuit Court: Taneytown—Adam Clark, Wm. H. Feagle. Uniontown—Wm. T. Boring, Alfred H. Young. Myers—Adam Yingling, Charles E. Baumgardner. Woolery's—Zachariah L. Jordan, Hanson Davis. Freedom—Louis Horpel, Francis L. Criswell. Manchester—Luther H. Hoffacker, Peter Geiman, Leonard South. Westminster—John Logue, John L. Reifender, Levin Black, John Murray Yingling. Hampstead—David F. Shaffer, Frank Fowble. Franklin—Wesley Pickett. Middleburg—David Foreman. New Windsor—Andrew Albaugh, Nelson Brown. Union Bridge—Dr. M. M. Norris. Mount Airy—Edward D. Maisel.

## Death of John Garber.

(Special to the Record.)  
Died, near Uniontown, on the 19th, Mr. John Garber, husband of Mary Garber, aged 76 years, 1 month, and 21 days. His remains were laid away in the Pipe Creek cemetery, in the presence of a large congregation of friends and relatives; Elder E. W. Stoner officiating, assisted by Elders Kolb and Ecker. Text, Ps. 119, verse 54. Another landmark and faithful member in the church passed to his reward; may we all be ready when our turn comes.

## Littlestown Water Supply.

Last week's issue of the Independent, contained the following item in reference to their proposed water supply: The Secretary of the Town Council informs us that he is now obtaining prices and estimates on the proposed water plant and piping. On their visit last week to Hanover, Spring Grove and McSherrystown they found that the plant they will have will be similar to McSherrystown's. Their engineer has found that all the springs north of town are hard water, while the springs of soft water south of town are not strong enough for the supply. The only way left for them to obtain water is by boring wells. The stand pipe will most likely be located on the hill above Mt. Carmel Cemetery. The present Town Council will go ahead and have everything in readiness to begin work on the erection of the plant early in the spring, as soon as the new Council is elected.

## Pleasant Events at Union Bridge.

(For the Record.)  
Two very pleasant events have occurred recently at the Lutheran parsonage, Union Bridge. The first was the visit of a single gentleman (I mean he came alone and well he isn't married either) from the pastor's Keysville congregation. He brought a wagon heavily loaded with corn and oats for "Nancy Hanks," and a goodly supply of groceries, &c., for the pantry. It was all the gift of a thoughtful people, and was gratefully received.

On Friday night of last week, came a visit from the Junior Society of a Christian Endeavor, about thirty members strong. They brought a heaping basket of groceries, nuts, candies, &c., which in the language of the sweet little presentation speakers was "a token of the love the Juniors have for Rev. and Mrs. Patterson." At the formal request of the visitors the parsonage was given into their possession. The parlor was converted into an audience room, the company seated, and the Juniors under the management of Mrs. J. E. Shaffer rendered a program of vocal and instrumental music, recitations, &c. The "features" of the evening were "The Girl's Quarrel," "I Don't want to Play in Your Yard," "The Browns' March Through Georgia," and the duets of "Mr. and Mrs. Hicks." Miss Byrde Myers accompanied the songs and marches with piano. Pastor Patterson says the parsonage latch string is always on the outside to the Juniors.

## RE-ASSESSMENT BILL.

Mr. Bankard introduces the important measure.

The Baltimore Herald in its editions of last Sunday and Monday, published in full the Re-assessment bill introduced by Mr. H. N. Bankard, devoting ten solid columns for the purpose. The bill provides for the appointment by the Governor, of one assessor in each election district, at a salary of three dollars a day, not to exceed in the aggregate \$150. The work of assessing is to be done by printed schedules which will be furnished the tax-payers, and revised by them out and return to the assessor, giving correct answers to the numerous questions asked relative to the value of their various parcels of property, within ten days after the schedules has been received.

At the time of returning the schedules, each tax-payer must make affidavit to its correctness, and that nothing has been withheld on which tax should be paid as required by the act, and that the property has been fully and fairly described, without evasion, &c., &c. The penalty for a false return is designated willful and corrupt perjury, and upon conviction, sentence shall be a fine not exceeding \$500, and imprisonment not exceeding seven years, and for the second offense, from being witness in any district of court, or in any trial, within ten days after the schedules has been received.

The basis of valuation shall be that of full cash value, and not of a forced sale. The assessors, on the return of the schedules, shall carefully examine the same, and if in their opinion a property has been under-estimated, they shall notify the tax payer of the amount of increase, and unless said tax-payer give notice of an appeal in writing to the county commissioners, the same shall be final and binding. As soon as the assessors shall have completed the work of their district, all returns shall be delivered to the Board of County Commissioners, where appeal made will be heard and final revision made. The commissioners are authorized to amend the original list, and the sum of \$3000 annually, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated to pay the salaries of the assessors, and the cost of the required books, schedules and blanks.

The mortgage tax feature is in a supplementary bill, so that the defect of the one made in this bill, and the other. It provides that the mortgagee shall pay tax, on all mortgages recorded, for all state, county and municipal taxes, on all claims contained in mortgages after the passage of the act, requiring the mortgagee to pay any portion of the tax, shall be void, and that all payments made on account of such claims in force previous to the passage of the law, shall be remitted from the tax on the property covered by such mortgages.

After the passage of the act, every person and corporation lending money on mortgage, shall take the oath to the effect that he has not required the mortgagee or any person for him, to pay the tax levied either in advance or at some other time, and that he will supplement the bill, called the "bond-scaling bill," provides for the taxation of bonds and certificates in proportion to the amount of interest received on the investment; that is, a 5 per cent bond shall be assessed at \$50, and a 4 per cent one at \$40, in the \$100. All of these shall take effect from the date of their passage.

## Ohler—Conover.

The hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Ohler, near Taneytown, was the scene of a very pleasant event on Thursday, January 16th, it being a reception given in honor of the marriage of their son Harvey, to Miss Lillie Conover, the previous evening. The guests were kindly received by the family, and after some time spent in congratulatory and social intercourse, the dining room was thrown open, and a sumptuous dinner consisting of all the delicacies of the season was served to the present. The afternoon was spent in rendering of vocal and instrumental music and social intercourse. Later, a bountiful collection of cakes, &c., was served. The Taneytown Band under the leadership of Mr. J. N. O. Smith was present in the evening and rendered many of their finest selections. A number of fine selections were also rendered on the organ and violin, by members of the band, after which the many friends departed, leaving their best wishes to the happy couple.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Ohler, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Ohler, Mr. Wilson Feagle, Mr. and Mrs. Anos Miller and child, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Conover, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Storer and children, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Forney and children, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sell, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. O. Smith and children, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Bankard, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Reek; Mrs. Ida Martin and children, Mrs. Sarah Fogle, Miss Jennie Ohler, Rosa Ohler, Abbie Fogle, Addie Hawk, and Addie Shriner; Messrs William Ohler, Edgar Conover, John Aulthouse and Edward Bankard.

The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate reported on Monday a resolution which asserts the Monroe doctrine in unequivocal terms. The report comes after seven weeks of careful consideration, the initiative having been taken by Mr. Cullom and Mr. Lodge on the first day of the session, many days prior to the President's Venezuelan message. Senator Davis, author of the report, submitted it. The report is mainly important as an answer to the British contention that the Monroe doctrine is merely a Presidential dictum not enforced by law. It proposes to make it the positive and specific principle of the United States. Moreover, the terms of the doctrine, as reported, have a stirring sound which couple patriotism, honor and the flag with the usually dull phraseology of a statute. With such a declaration the world in general and Great Britain in particular, are given notice that European aggression, either by purchase, force or slow absorption, must cease. It will not be open to the caprice of any Administration, but will be the law to be executed.

## UNION BRIDGE NEWS.

The Dayhoff Boy not dead. Social Events.

On Friday of last week, a very pleasant company of relations gathered at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Shepherd, where a sumptuous "family dinner" was given. The assembled guests were composed of children, nephews, nieces and grand-children. As all had gathered several hours before the dinner hour, the time was spent in social intercourse. At 12.30 summons were given by the hostess to fall in line for a march to the dining room, where a beautiful and tastefully arranged heavily laden table stood awaiting its recipients, who did ample justice to all that was spread before them. The dinner consisted of chicken salad, turkey and oysters with their accompaniments, and also some very fine celery raised by Mr. Shepherd in his garden. A delicious dessert of ambrosia, cake and fruit was served at the last course. We bespeak praise for Mrs. Shepherd in the manner and style which this memorable dinner was served, we feel sure that the pleasant hostess delights in preparing such a dinner for their happy friends. Mrs. Shepherd is a great lover of flowers and gives a great deal of attention to their culture. She had the parlor, dining room and hall decorated with ivy, potted plants and cut flowers, with a handsome bouquet as a centre piece on the table.

After dinner the guests wended their way back to the parlor where a "digestive intercourse" was spent together, all feeling greatly benefited by having had a visit to the dining room. Later in the afternoon, the hour came for the departure of the happy assemblage, which was met with many regrets for its coming so soon, but, as we expressed our heartfelt appreciation for the kindness bestowed upon us by our host and hostess, we bade them good bye, trusting that some future time may bring us all together again in the same manner.

Those present on this memorable occasion were; Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Shepherd, Mr. and Mrs. Job Hibberd, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hibberd, Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Ecker; Mrs. Harvey Carter of New Windsor; Mr. and Mrs. David Englar of Medford; Mr. and Mrs. Philip Shepherd of Uniontown; Mr. and Mrs. Foadner of Woodley; Mr. S. Haines, Mrs. Moses Shew, Mr. and Mrs. Emma Strutz, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Little, and Miss Laura Shaw of Union Bridge.

The report that the little boy of Mr. and Mrs. Dayhoff, was lost and found frozen to death last week, was incorrect. The little fellow had been at the residence of Miss Lizzie Cox about one-fourth of a mile from his home on Beaver Dam, and about 4 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon of last week, he started for home with two dogs. On the arrival at home of his mother (who had been working at Miss C's on that day) she found that the boy had not come home. At once a search party started out to look for him, but could not find him nor the dogs that night. On the following morning they resumed their search, and found him about one mile in the opposite direction of his home lying in a fence corner in an unconscious condition, one dog lying beside him and the other one over his body, which saved his life to a certain extent. He was taken home, and Dr. Watt of this place, was summoned. In several hours, he began to recover consciousness, but did not talk until Friday morning. His feet were badly frozen from going through a stream of water; it was feared that his toes would have to be taken off but we are glad to learn that such is not the case to be done. He is recovering rapidly from the awful fate that befell him on the 14th. On Friday, he said the dogs started up a rabbit, and he followed them instead of going straight home as he should have done.

On last Monday, January 20th, our new additional mail service went into effect. We now have eight mails daily by rail, 4 each way, and 3 star routes; the additional mail leaves U. B. at 6.05 a. m. and 12.47 p. m.; arrives from Baltimore and points along the line at 12.31 and 8.0 p. m. We sympathize with our sister town (Taneytown) for its inconvenient mail facilities; we trust you may have better service before long.

Mr. Joseph Wilson, who has been confined to his bed with neuralgia of the stomach for the past two weeks, is still in a critical condition. The Proverbial social to be given by the Church Work Society of the Reformed church has been changed from the evening of the 30th., to Friday and Saturday evenings, January 31st, and February 1st, in the town hall. As was mentioned several weeks ago, the proverbials will be acted by the members of the society, and guessed by the audience. Music will be different each evening. There will be a bill of fare for the "Intricate Tea;" all the dishes will have odd names, and the names. Music will be interspersed during each evening on the organ and stringed instruments. Admission will be free. The public are cordially invited to attend and enjoy a pleasant evening.

The funeral of Mr. Moses Seabrook, who died at his late residence in Middleburg on Sunday afternoon last, took place from the M. E. church in this place on Thursday afternoon. The deceased was in the 60th. year of his age, and leaves a widow and two children to mourn his loss. The church was more than full, as many had to remain outside. Rev. Ruark, a former pastor at Middleburg, officiated. Interment was made in Mountain View Cemetery. Mr. C. O. Fass, of Taneytown, undertaker.

It is thought that the Indian Garment Manufacturing Company will be able to begin operation by February 1st.

## Correspondence.

Littlestown.

The mortality for Littlestown during the year 1895, was the lightest for some years, there being only eleven deaths. The following are names with their ages: Lena Hawn 75, Israel Hammett 45, Joseph Livers 78, Lydia Robert 74, Walter Long 7, Mrs. William Kester 88, Mrs. Louis Richstein 61, Elijah Hesson 76, Robert Witt 6, Florence Blocher 4, Nina M. Eline, 3 months.

Death claimed its first victims for this year this week. On Tuesday morning, Mr. John Robert died suddenly at his home near town, and on the same day Miss Lucretia Colostock on E. King St., died after a lingering illness.

Dwelling houses for next summer are nearly all taken up. Quite a number of new houses would be needed to supply the demand. One man, after desiring for next year, made arrangements to move to another town, and as soon as it became known, there were eight applicants for the dwelling.

A protracted meeting is in progress in the M. E. church. There have been a number of converts and some seekers at the altar yet.

Mr. Wm. Robinson, who recently was elected cashier of our bank, took his position last week, with Daniel Melring as clerk.

The proposed telephone company received subscriptions for 34 phones in our town.

Quite a surprise was occasioned in the U. B. church at large, a few weeks ago by the announcement that ex-bishop D. K. Fieckinger had left the Liberal wing of the church, and cast his lot with the Radicals. Mr. F. has since sailed for Africa, to superintend the mission work in charge of the Radicals. He has spent quite a number of years as missionary to Africa, and his action at this time is a great gain to the Radicals, and a corresponding loss to the Liberals.

## Harney.

Harney is badly in need of another doctor at this time. There is certainly a good opening here for the right man, but in our opinion he should be a married man, and one who is willing to stick close to his profession. He should also be a perfectly steady man, and one that can always be found at his post of duty. We have several properties that could be rented, and are suitable for a professional man. Every person says that there is no better opening anywhere than right in this place for a man to make money and build up a large practice. Give us a call and be convinced that we know exactly what we are talking about.

The latest thing out is, "Well, how is the Grip?" Nearly every body in the town is coughing and trying hard to pull their noses off, and quite nine seems to be in great demand. Every person knows that the weather prophet must have been dreaming when he made his predictions for the past month. Give us a little more cold weather, please, and not so much "lamp, foggy weather. It will be better for the health of the community.

While we were a little opposed to Wellington for U. S. Senator at the beginning of Maryland's great Senatorial contest, we are glad the battle is over, and the victory won, and surely we are all Wellington men now. We are told that one of the Taneytown ladies baked a very large loaf of bread quite recently, and that many of her friends say that they never saw anything like it.

## Keysville.

Miss Emma Devillish, of Middleburg, is visiting Miss Carrie Whitlode. Mr. Alva Reid was compelled to close school last Tuesday on account of the illness of his sister, Miss Virginia.

Mrs. Mary Valentine is lying critically ill with little hopes of her recovery. Mrs. Annie Dern is suffering with dyspepsia and neuralgia of the heart. Dr. C. H. Diller of Double Pipe Creek is the attending physician.

## New Windsor.

The Odd Fellows of Sulphur Spring Lodge installed their officers for the ensuing term on last Thursday night. It had been announced that this ceremony would be public, but as those who were to officiate did not put in their appearance, the installation was private.

There was a dance held in the public hall on Friday night. Miss Mary Catharine Hartsock was found dead in her chair at an early hour last Saturday morning. She had been living with her brother, Marshall Hartsock and he retired at a late hour on Friday night, leaving her in the kitchen apparently in good health, but he awoke about 3 a. m., and discovering a light still burning in the lower apartment, went to ascertain the cause and found his sister dead as above stated. Cause of death was heart trouble. Her remains were interred at Winter's on Sabbath afternoon, 19th, inst. Deceased was a sister to Mrs. Dr. Geo. H. Brown, of this place.

Rev. Dr. D. B. Greig, of Baltimore, will deliver a lecture on "Ben Hur," in the Presbyterian church, on next Tuesday evening. Admission 20 cents. Reserved seats 25 cents. Proceeds for a New Windsor College scholarship.

## Uniontown.

On last Tuesday afternoon in the presence of a large gathering of friends, our aged and highly respected friend, John Garber, was laid to rest at Pipe Creek cemetery, aged 76 years, 1 month, and 23 days.

The M. P. Church commenced meeting on last Sunday evening, to be continued during the week



COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Court Officers.

[Jury terms held in Westminster, 2nd Monday in May and November; non-jury, 2nd Monday in February and August.]
JUDGES—Hon. Chas. B. Roberts, Chief and Resident Judge. Hon. James Beville and Hon. Isaac T. Jones Associate Judges.

CLERK OF THE COURT—Benjamin F. Crouse.
CLERK—Gersham Huff.

AUDITOR—J. J. Baumgartner.
[Orphans' Court meets in the Court House in Westminster, every Monday and Tuesday, and daily during jury terms of Court.]

REGISTER OF WILLS—George M. Parke.
ORPHANS' COURT—Jacob Rinehart, William Y. Fritzel, Albert Schaeffer.

County Officers.

STATES ATTORNEY—J. Milton Reifensider.
SHERIFF—J. Oliver Murray.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS—John H. Stem, David Stoner, Jesse Lemon.
COUNTY TREASURER—Alfred T. Buckingham.

SURVEYOR—William A. Roop.
SUPERVISORS OF EDUCATION, Jas. K. Smith, Michael Buchman, Marshall G. Shaw.

Legislature.

SENATOR—Dr. J. W. Hering.
HOUSE OF DELEGATES—Charles H. Smith, Charles J. H. Genter, Dr. Clotworthy Birnie, William F. Cover.

TANEYTOWN DIST.

NOTARY PUBLIC—A. H. Zollikoffer.
TAX COLLECTOR—Geo. H. Birnie.
MAGISTRATES—A. F. Orndorff, Henry Galt, Constantine B. S. Miller.
REGISTRAR—J. S. Fink.

Town Officers.

BURGOSS—H. D. Mehring.
COMMISSIONERS—Dr. G. T. Motter, Edward Kemper, W. Jesse Roberts, Joshua Kutz, E. K. Weaver.
BAILEFF AND TAX COLLECTOR—B. S. Miller

Church Notices.

Presbyterian Church.—Commencing on the second Sabbath of December, and continuing until the 2nd Sabbath in April, services every 10 a. m., every two weeks, and on every 10th Sabbath at 2.30 p. m. Sabbath School one hour before church service.—C. E. Seeding Pray Meeting 6 p. m. every Sabbath Evening. Weekly Prayer Meeting Tuesday Evenings at 7 p. m.

Piney Creek Church.—Commencing with the first Sabbath of December, and continuing until the first Sabbath in April, services every two weeks at 10 a. m.
Rev. P. Roscoe, Pastor.

Trinity Lutheran Church.—Services every Sunday at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School 9 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m. H. and F. Missionary Society let Saturday in each month, 2 p. m. Mission Band, and Junior C. E. alternate Sundays, 3 p. m.
Rev. G. W. McSherry, Pastor.

Grace Reformed Church.—Services every Sunday at 10 o'clock, a. m., and 7 p. m. Sunday School 9 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 6 p. m.
Rev. A. Bateman, Pastor.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church.—Mass 9.30 a. m. Vespers, 3.30 p. m., catechism, 3 p. m. every Sunday. On the first Sunday of each month, confession after mass, concluding the services of the day. Rev. T. D. Mead, Pastor.

United Brethren Church.—Preaching every Sunday at 2.30 p. m. Sunday school at 1.30. Harpys charge, services at 10 a. m., and 7 p. m., alternately. Rev. T. Wagner, Pastor.

Post Office.

T. H. ECKENRODE, Postmaster.
Mails arrive from London at 9 a. m., from R. R. 5.55 a. m., and 5.15 p. m.; from Harney 12.30 p. m.

Mails close at office, for R. R. north, 9.45 a. m.; for Linwood 10.10 a. m.; for Harney 8.50 a. m.; for R. R. south, 5 p. m.

Societies.

Patriotic Order Sons of America, Camp 2, Md. meets in Eckenrode's Hall, Thursday Evenings at 8 o'clock. H. D. Reid, President. Chas. O. Fuss, Sec'y.

Carroll Convalescent Hospital, meets on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of every month. Henry Galt, Secretary.

The Young Women's Christian Temperance Union meets first Monday evening of every month. President, Mrs. J. Forward; Vice President, Mrs. Edith L. McSherry; Sec'y, Mrs. Lorena Leffever; Cor. Sec'y, Anna L. McSherry; Treasurer, G. May Forrest.

Not Enough.

Liver pills have their good and bad side. They cleanse the bowels and clean out the system, but they leave the patient weak, exhausted and unstrung, with no appetite and no strength.

If you were to go to a physician he would tell you that your liver pills were all right but that they did not go far enough. You need something else to restore the appetite, repair the waste, purify the blood and build up the system. He would give you a tonic.

We supply you with the regular physician's medicine for an entire treatment of nearly three weeks. There is one small case of ten of the Liver Pills (the finest in existence) and there is another box containing fifteen of the Tonic Pellets. You get them both for 25c. Ask your druggist for Ramon's Tonic Liver Pills and Ramon's Tonic Pellets. Together they make a sure treatment for Constipation and Biliousness.

At all dealers, or mail, for 25c., 5 boxes \$1.00. BROWN MFG. CO., New York.
For Sale by R. S. McKinney, Taneytown, Md.

Job Printing

Of All Kinds, Promptly Done

Reasonable Prices.

Home and Farm.

Original articles solicited for this department on any subject relative to home comforts, whether of food, domestic economy, or general character. Also articles pertaining to Agriculture, Domestic Economy, and other kindred topics. Contributions must be received not later than Monday evening to be guaranteed insertion the same week.

Harrison on the Presidency.

Ex-President Benjamin Harrison will discuss "The Presidential office" very comprehensively in his "This Country of Ours" series, in the forthcoming February Ladies' Home Journal. He will detail the provisions and methods of electing a Chief Magistrate, and will have much to say bearing upon the eligibility of a President for re-election; will give his views as to the length of the Presidential term, and express rather decided opinions relative to the annoyance to which Presidents are subjected from office-seekers.

The article is prepared based upon his own experience and observation, and is very timely. General Harrison believes that the fears (expressed by the framers of our Constitution) that the power of the office is such as to enable an ambitious incumbent to secure an indefinite succession of terms have never been realized. "In practice the popular opinion has limited the eligibility of the President to one re-election. But some of our leading and most thoughtful public men have challenged the wisdom of the four-year term, and have advocated six years, usually accompanied with a prohibition of a second term. And unless some method can be devised by which a less considerable part of the four-year term must be given to hearing applicants for office and to making appointments, it would be wise to give the President, by extending the time, a better chance to show what he can do for the country. It must be admitted, also, that ineligibility to a second term will give to the Executive action greater independence. It seems unlikely, however, that any change in the Presidential term will be made unless some unexpected event should stir into action a thought that is now of a theoretical rather than a practical cast."

The Single Bed.
" As we become more intelligent concerning the laws of health," says the New York Post, "we are beginning to realize that the single bed, designed only for the occupancy of one person, is as much a necessity for hygienic living as a tooth-brush or a napkin is for the individual use of every person. All the conditions that make for health, for rest, and for refreshing sleep, urge its use as a precaution against contagious diseases, impure air and disturbed slumber. It will really cost little more to buy two beds of enameled iron, or brass and iron, than one of expensive wood, even including the two mattresses and two sets of springs which will be necessary.

"If one does not like these beds, the single, or 'twin beds,' as they are called, are to be had in great variety in woods. They are designed to occupy little more space than the old-fashioned double bed, and are usually placed in a room side by side and under one wide canopy, when a canopy is used. The canopy is rarely of old-fashioned affair which shut out air and hold it in the folds of its heavy drapery. It usually projects only over the head of the beds and the curtains of washable materials are draped far back, so that they do little more than soften the iron lines, without interfering with the healthfulness. Where two beds are used instead of one, it can not be denied that more sheets and more laundry work are necessary, but in the end, seeming extravagance often prove one's real economies."

Dipping Fowls.
The dipping of fowls is a subject that several recent writers have discussed. One man says: "When a boy I often helped dip the sheep after hearing to kill the ticks, but it never occurred to us farmers that we might dip the chickens in the same tobacco-water and kill all the lice, any more than it did to the family doctor to adopt the theory now practised by all intelligent physicians, to use germicide preventives instead of physic cures for all diseases." This writer gives recipes for dips as follows: Fill a barrel, say two-thirds full, of either of the following: One part coal oil to twenty parts water. One part carbolic acid to 100 parts water. One part oil of sassafras to eighty parts water. One part oil of pennyroyal to sixty parts water. Or a strong decoction of tobacco, pennyroyal or sassafras. To mix the oils with water, emulsify, first, by mixing with an equal part of hot sweet milk, or soft soap well beaten. To make soft soap, reduce hard soap to jelly by boiling each pound in two gallons of water until dissolved. Have the bath warm. Take the fowl by the head and feet, and submerge him into the bath until he is soaked to the skin, head, legs and all, then turn him loose to shake and dry off. Dip every fowl on the premises, then with a spray pump spray the dipping fluid over all the nests, roosts and walls of the poultry house.—Farmer's Voice.

Lieut. Baden Powell, of the British Army, claims to have made successful experiments with a monster kite of 500 square feet, supplemented by three smaller kites, the team to carry a man aloft. The tests were made only when gentle winds prevailed. The device is to serve as an occasional substitute for the captive balloon.

An Old Soldier's Recommendation.
In the late war I was a soldier in the First Maryland Volunteers, Company G. I was killed, head and legs and all, then turn him loose to shake and dry off. Dip every fowl on the premises, then with a spray pump spray the dipping fluid over all the nests, roosts and walls of the poultry house.—Farmer's Voice.

Caricaturists in depicting a German man in the habit of putting a big pipe in his mouth. The pipe is national, indeed; but the Germans as a nation are far from being the greatest smokers. They do not smoke more than Frenchmen, Russians, Swedes or Hungarians. The men of the United States and the men of Switzerland are the most inveterate smokers on earth. In these two countries the consumption of tobacco per capita is three times greater than in Germany. At the same time, we also raise more tobacco than any other country on the globe. British India comes next, producing nearly as much as we do.

We are sometimes so near a thing that we cannot see it. This is especially true in the matter of our own physical health. Many a woman is suffering from sick-headaches, although relief is right at her elbow, she does not see it. Let such a woman ask R. S. McKinney, druggist for Ramon's Tonic Liver Pills and Tonic Pellets, and take them for a few days and she will be cured. The entire cost is but 25 cents—trial dose free.

The Water Supply.

Running streams and springs are the best sources of water supply, but they should be frequently examined to detect otherwise unsuspected causes of pollution, these most frequently coming from factories, slaughter-houses, and the sewage from hotels and farm houses. Especially should one see to it that all forms of human excreta are kept from polluting drinking water.

Cisterns should be carefully built and covered so that no foul air can reach the water, or small animals or insects fall into it. The overflow pipes from cisterns should have no connection with any other pipes. Roofs and gutters should be frequently examined and no water allowed to enter the cistern during storms until they are well cleaned. Cistern water should be frequently examined and kept free from color, odor and every other indication of impurity. Rain-water is purest when collected from a slate roof. The cistern should not be under the house, and should be cleaned at regular intervals.

Wells are the most dangerous source of water supply, for very few wells in old settled districts are safe from surface pollution. In towns long founded, well water is almost certainly contaminated and unfit for human use. In the country, wells should be properly located so as not to receive surface drainage, especially not from the barnyard or privy. No well should ever be nearer a privy than 200 feet. They should be walled up and so covered that no rats, mice, toads, frogs and insects can enter and deposit in the water, thus making it unfit for use. It has been the writer's experience that few wells are securely enough protected from small animals, while very many are contaminated by refuse from the kitchen. It should be kept in mind that very impure water is often bright, sparkling and tasteless.

A simple method to test waters for impurities is to dissolve a lump of loaf-sugar in a clean bottle filled with the suspected water; close the bottle with a close-fitting glass stopper, and set it in the window where the sunlight will fall upon it. If the water remains bright and limpid after a week's exposure it may be pronounced fit for use. But if it becomes turbid during the week, it contains enough impurity to be unhealthy. Whenever it is necessary to use for drinking purposes a water suspected to be impure, it should always first be thoroughly boiled, and, since boiled water is insipid to the taste, it may be flavored with tea or some other harmless substance. In all cases boil suspected waters before using them. In summer and autumn when waters are low they are generally most impure. When filters are used it should be remembered that in time the filter itself needs cleaning. Such a contrivance as a reliable, self-cleaning filter is unknown.

Impure water affects domestic animals well as man, and when used by cows seriously contaminates the milk. "Wet weather ponds" are not a fit source of water for milk cows. If you can do so, have pure running water at the house and barn. This is possible on many farms where there is a source higher than the buildings, or by means of a hydraulic ram.

Have as little to do with the plumber's art in your house as possible. Let all the pipes be exposed, never hidden away in the walls or under the floors, especially under the cellar floor. Have as few stationary wash-stands as possible. Some of the best houses in the country have rejected them entirely. Don't place too much dependence on traps; use them, but try to make all things so clean that there will not be the need for them. Traps, disinfectants and others are too often only delusions and snares to the unwary.

Have some convenience for bathing. If a room cannot be set aside for this purpose, a bathtub may be placed in the kitchen. It may have a lid to cover it when not in use, so as to form a bench. Water may be heated on the kitchen stove; but for all who own their homes a bathroom should be secured. There should be a room or shed where farmhands could bathe before meals when at dirty work.

Not taught How.
"I'm about to be married," writes a girl to a friend, "and instead of receiving congratulations I am aware that I need a defecation and take this means of making it. I am 37 years old—old enough to know better and do better, but I have no choice. The man is a widower with one child. He liked his wife better than he does me. I liked a man years ago better than I like him, so we are quits on that. He wants a housekeeper; I want a home. I was brought up to sing a little and play a little, but have no trade. My parents will be glad to see me settled. I would be happier earning \$5 or \$6 a week and taking care of myself, but I was not taught how."

There are thousands of women in my position. Every man who brings up his daughters without starting them with the means of earning a livelihood is responsible for just such a mistake as I shall make next month."

Caricaturists in depicting a German man in the habit of putting a big pipe in his mouth. The pipe is national, indeed; but the Germans as a nation are far from being the greatest smokers. They do not smoke more than Frenchmen, Russians, Swedes or Hungarians. The men of the United States and the men of Switzerland are the most inveterate smokers on earth. In these two countries the consumption of tobacco per capita is three times greater than in Germany. At the same time, we also raise more tobacco than any other country on the globe. British India comes next, producing nearly as much as we do.

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Neapolitan and macaroni are no longer inseparable. The Neapolitan police happened to observe lately that large quantities of bones entered the macaroni factories. Investigation disclosed that the bones were ground finely and incorporated in the dough, because somebody had discovered that bone meal imparts an extra "delicious" flavor to the national dish. Subsequently a rumor went abroad, and is still there, that most of these flavoring bones came from old graveyards, and now the macaroni consumption in Naples is down to zero.

DO YOU WANT TO BE SUITED?

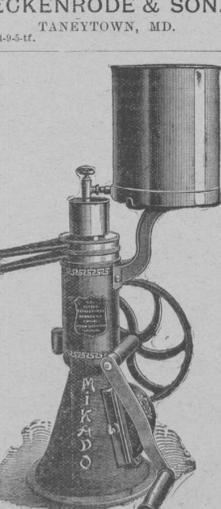
AND WHO DOES NOT?
There is only one thing to do, viz: Have us suit you. When we suit a man—young or old—we suit him to a T. There is a style about our

Winter Suits, and Overcoats, that a tailor may equal, but cannot excel—a quality that only the Best All-Weather makers, and a price that no other party can afford. Our Winter Suits and Overcoats suggest dollars saved, style and value gained, and perfect satisfaction secured to every purchaser.

As the season is advancing, we will from now on give a Reduction of 10 per cent. on Overcoats and Winter Clothing, and 20 per cent. on Ladies' Coats and Capes. We would have our patrons understand that we have no goods that are 10 or 12 years old, that need a Red Mark or any other marks. Our goods are new, the oldest we have not being over 9 months old, and when you can get them for a few cents above Red Mark goods, you surely have a better bargain than buying shrewd wares at any price no matter how small.

Ladies that have not bought a Cape or Coat yet, will secure a Great Bargain by calling in at once, as we have only a few of each left, and we don't propose to carry them over.

Thankful for past favors, we remain Yours Respectfully, ECKENRODE & SON, TANEYTOWN, MD. 14-9-11.



Mikado, and Empire are the two leading Separators of the world. For recommendations call on John Roop, Solomon Myers, William Fieking, S. L. Angell, Jas. White, John M. Nickey, M. D. Hess, and E. Starner.

Butter Workers, Barrel Churns, and Separator Oil.
D. W. Garner, GENERAL AGENT, TANEYTOWN, MD. 15-8-11.

In Order to Sell Right, You Must Buy Right, and by looking at my prices, you will be convinced that I bought right, in spite of the last advance in leather. A Genuine Hair Collar for 1.50. COLLAR PADS, 30c.

We still have a few Blankets left, which we purpose on selling off at cost, in order not to carry them over. Where you once got bargains on Blankets, you can get them again, by buying what is left.

S. C. REAVER, Near R. R. TANEYTOWN, MD.
JAS. W. TROXELL, SURVEYOR. Carefully made. PLATS NEATLY EXECUTED. 38 Years Practical Experience. CHARGES MODERATE! Address, EMMITSBURG, MD. 14-6-11

GENTS' Gold Filled Watch, Warranted, Only \$9.00. Gents' Nickel Watch, with Chain, complete only \$2.50. Have you seen them yet? H. E. SLAGENHAUP, Taneytown, Md. JEWELER. E. E. REINDOLLAR W. M. REINDOLLAR

REINDOLLAR & CO., DEALERS IN Grain, Lumber, Coal, Hay, Straw, Feed, Salt, Cement, AND FERTILIZERS. TANEYTOWN, MD. 15-9-11

McKellip's Cattle Powder, A Scientific and Reliable remedy for stock of all kinds. Cheapest and Best! Try it and get the worth of your money—can furnish all kinds of Horse & Cattle Powders—we have them. McKellip's Drug Store, TANEYTOWN, MD. FRANKLIN BOWERSOX, TANEYTOWN, MD. LEADING DEALER IN Agricultural Implements. Hand and Power Feed Cutters. Corn Shellers, hand and power. Corn and Cob Crushers. Roland Chilled Plows,—the Leader. Wrought and Cast Plows. Spring Tooth Harrows, float and lever. Wagons, Buggies and Stick Wagons. Full Line of Repairs for all kinds of Plows, Feed Cutters, &c

THE NAME OF THE NEXT President of the United States WILL BE ANNOUNCED IN THE New York Weekly Tribune OF NOVEMBER 4th, 1896. Public interest will steadily increase, and the disappointment of the men whose votes turned the scale at the last election, with the result under the administration they elected, will make the campaign the most intensely exciting in the history of the country.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE the leading Republican family newspaper of the United States, will publish all the political news of the day, interesting to every American citizen regardless of party affiliations. Also general news in attractive form, foreign correspondence covering the news of the world, an agricultural department second to none in the country, market reports which are recognized authority, fascinating short stories, complete in each number, the cream of the humorous papers, foreign and domestic, with their best comic pictures, fashion plates and elaborate descriptions of woman's attire, with a varied and attractive department of household interest. The "New York Weekly Tribune" is an ideal family paper, with a circulation larger than that of any other weekly publication in the country issued from the office of a daily. Large changes are being made in its details, tending to give it greater life and variety, and especially more interest to the women and young people of the household.

A SPECIAL CONTRACT enables us to offer this splendid journal and "The Record" for ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.25, CASH IN ADVANCE. (The regular subscription price of the papers is \$2.00.) SUBSCRIPTIONS MAY BEGIN AT ANY TIME. Address all orders to THE RECORD. Write your name and address on a postal card, send it to Geo. W. Best, Room 2, Tribune Building, New York City, and a sample copy of THE NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be mailed to you.

ROBERT S. MCKINNEY, DRUGGIST, TANEYTOWN, MD. Foreign and Domestic Drugs

THE MOST POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES IN THE MARKET. FANCY ARTICLES --- AND --- PERFUMERY. MCKINNEY'S COMP. SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, for Coughs and Colds. Price 25cts.

DO YOU KNOW That we guarantee everything we sell to be exactly as represented, or if found not to be so, we will replace it free of charge? We have everything usually kept in a well equipped Jewelry Store. Also Sewing Machines and Musical Instruments, such as Accordions, Banjos, Mandolins, Harmonicas, &c.

A First-class Sewing Machine, FOR \$25.00. With Full Set of Attachments, guaranteed for 5 years. We sell Oil, Needles, and Attachments for all Machines. We do all kinds of Repairing on Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Sewing Machines, Musical Instruments, &c., in a good and workmanlike manner, at very reasonable rates, and guaranteed every job.

Sole Agent for the ROCKFORD RAILROAD WATCHES, and Dr. Julius King's Spectacles. JOHN D. MAYERS, Dec-14-6mo LITTLESTOWN, PA

TANEYTOWN Roller Mills Manufacture and have constantly on hand THEIR SUPERIOR BRANDS OF FLOUR made from selected wheat, and very choice BRAN AND MIDDINGS. Highest cash prices paid for gr. in. ZOLLIKOFFER & BRO. 15-9-11

Feel Badly To-day? Brown's Iron Bitters. We ask this repeatedly, because serious illness almost always follows. If you are weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have indigestion, and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. Benefit comes from the very first dose.

IT CURES DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, COLIC, CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, BRUISES, SCALDS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEY, AND THROAT. Get only the genuine—It is crossed red lines. BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD. 15-9-11

Littlestown Carriage Works, GRAND COMBINATION OFFER. Unprecedented in the History of Journalism. The publishers of the Carroll Record have made special arrangements with the publishers of the New York Morning Advertiser and Sunday Advertiser whereby they can furnish the CARROLL RECORD, and both of the above papers to a limited number of subscribers for one year for \$2.50. A first-class metropolitan newspaper by mail every day for one year and THE CARROLL RECORD For \$2.50. The most liberal offer of the century. THE MORNING ADVERTISER. A bright and clean eight-page daily, containing every day all the news and special features of interest to everybody, good stories, a woman's column, weekly about actors and actresses, book reviews, special market and financial reports, and the best sporting page. It is the foremost newspaper in the United States, a high-toned and wholesome home newspaper.

FARMERS Before buying anything in the line of Agricultural Implements, come to see me and get prices. I mean to turn my attention to this line altogether, and will handle all the best makes. I will handle a general line of Implements, and repairs to same, and will furnish any Machine or Implement desired on short notice when not kept in stock. Washing Machines, price \$4.00. Oliver Chilled Plows and repairs. Spring Tooth Harrows. Feed Cutters from \$9.50 up. THE RAMSBURG Fertilizer Company's FAMOUS BRANDS, which are shipped in 107lb. bags, and in good, dry condition for drilling. I will be at my Machine Warehouse in Harney, every Saturday afternoon, and at other times either in Harney, or at my residence near by. I respectfully solicit your patronage, as I am in business to do business.

S. S. SHOEMAKER, HARNEY, MD. 2-23-5-11

GEO. H. BIRNIE & CO. BANKERS, TANEYTOWN, MD. Discount Business Notes. Receive Deposits subject to check. Make collections on all points. Savings Bank Department. Interest paid on Time Deposits. SPECIAL RATES — to Weekly and Monthly Depositors.

THE TANEYTOWN SAVINGS BANK. Does a General Banking Business. Loans Money on Real or Personal Security. Discounts Notes. Collections and remittances promptly made. INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS. HENRY GALT, Treas. W. W. CRAFTSER, Pres.

DIRECTORS. SAMUEL STONER, W. JESSE ROBERTS, GEORGE KUTZ, H. D. W. HENRY, JAMES C. GALT, JOHN J. CRAFTSER, T. H. ECKENRODE, DAVID BOLLINGER, W. W. CRAFTSER, HENRY GALT. 2-7-94-11

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The Sun publishes all the news all the time, but it does not allow its columns to be degraded by unclean, immoral or purely sensational matter. Editorially, the Sun is the consistent and unchanging champion and defender of popular rights and interests against political machines and monopolies of every character. Independent in all things, extreme in none. It is for good laws, good government and good order.

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THE CARROLL RECORD. together one year for \$1.50. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

MIDDLEBURG DISTRICT.

(SUPPLEMENTARY.) PART VII.

In the fall of 1851, as we were mixing mortar for the house on the creek farm, now occupied by I. Frock, which my father was repairing, assisted by our veteran plasterer, Alfred Troxel, of Thurmont, some of the logs bearing the marks of 1770, were greeted by the presence of the first surveyor of the W. M. R. R., steering for the valley of Tom's Creek via. Emmitsburg to Hagerstown. Numerous routes were surveyed to cross the summit between the waters of Big Pipe Creek and Monocacy, even after the road had reached as far as Union Bridge.

Through the influence of George Harris and Edward Clabaugh, the road bed was taken from Pipe Creek to their farm, and to D. P. Creek by the influence of T. F. Cover. Tom's Creek Valley and Friends Creek seemed to be the first aim for the road to cross the mountain by, until a location was finally settled on through Owens Creek valley. It came to D. P. Creek similar to a blind chink, as it was led along. In 1850, the P. & A. Telegraph Company planted their poles and wire from Union Bridge to Emmitsburg via. Middleburg, Bruceville and Keysville.

April 12th, 1857, the public road from Keysville to the now Robert Barrick farm, near New Midway, was laid out by John Kinzer and Joseph Taney, Commissioners; David Kemp, surveyor; chain carriers, John Ott and Greenbury Whitmore. In their crossing the road at D. P. Creek, the records say, "Crossing the Hagerstown turn pike." Every person through whose land the road passed beyond D. P. Creek, in Frederick county, received damages rating from \$8 to \$75, because of the road not passing near their buildings, as they wished it to.

At the Westminster and Hagerstown turn pike, we have no date of its commencement, but work was done at different points. One place in Middleburg, bears its mark yet, and in the Hunting Creek gap, five miles above Thurmont near the falls—a miniature little Niagara, and one of the prettiest bits of scenery around—are relics of well made pike, until recently used by the county. John Miller was for a long time president of the road; he was succeeded by his son, John Miller of Thurmont, who held the position until the charter ran out.

This described country seemed not to be the center of churches in early days. The people then were known to go six, eight, or ten miles to church on foot or on horse-back. When a small boy, we knew of many from the Keysville neighborhood who would walk to Haugh's church, and Taney went to church and hear Solomon Sentman preach to a well filled house. Often the meetings were held in the groves when the weather was pleasant.

Many of the farms of eighty to one hundred acres, years ago, had large apple, pear and peach orchards and vineyards. In the fall they would distill apples into apple jack, peaches into peach brandy, and pumpkins into pumpkin wine. Their pumps would tell me how things looked when his grand-father lived here over 100 years ago.

In our early days, grain was sown broadcast, and covered with the harrow or shovel plow. Some would plow in low wet lands with a bar shear plow, with a light furrow. The grain was cut by the sickle and cradle. We well remember the nice, neat sheaves of ripened grain, shorter and more solid than now, therefore the shocks stood compact and erect like bricks. The grain sown by hand, was laid off in lands to sow grass seeds. Two men would reap side by side, and drop their grain as the handful were reaped, then returning would bind back.

Later, the cradle was used, and rakes by boys, girls and old men. Women raking received 50cts., binders 60cts., and cradlers from 75cts. to a dollar. Women worked all day in the hay fields for 35 cents, many followed the cradle as binders, and received as much wages for their work as men. Sometimes the girls would take the cradle and cut around the men, which always brought forth a cheer for the girls. Water was carried by the boys, and often the bottle accompanied the water casket, for two purposes, to cool the thirst, and to warm when cold; always satisfying the mind and thirst, no matter which was the object.

Among the teamsters and owners of six-horse teams of our neighborhood fifty years ago, was John Stambaugh, who was tenant on the Josiah Baughner farm, now the Hezekiah Fox and G. W. Albaugh farms, before referred to. He was a very deaf man and made very little noise to his team, but they always heeded and moved at his low toned command. He raised a large family and later lived where a Joshua Dotterer now resides, and built the new buildings. Stambaugh's sons are Samuel and Jacob. The daughters are the wives of E. Sharer, Geo. Winebrenner, Moses Baumgartner, Bartholomew Baumgartner, James Farney, Jacob Baumgartner, Hezekiah Fox and Daniel Staub.

Before we had railroads to Hanover and Baltimore, the farmers would haul their produce to Baltimore, and bring return loads of store goods to the different villages. In the winter, every farmer would get from one to five tons of plaster to be ground at our grist mills, ready to be sown on the clover in the spring. Hucker's would fill orders for the merchants, and bring melons, sweet potatoes, and fresh oysters in the shell in season. In some respects the country was better supplied in those days than now.

This now closes our history, we might have gone further, but wish to thank the kind public for bearing with us, and our Editor for not using his scissors. There are some points on the different methods of work, a hundred years ago, and now, that we would like to hear of from more able pens. Thanking those who respond

to our request for information, we bid you adieu.

S. W. (Friend Waybright has entertained our readers very pleasantly in his articles, which have been characterized by a vein of humor, not usually found in such writing, but which adds to, rather than detracts from, their main historic features. We thank the writer for his work, and feel that it has been wholly creditable and interesting.—Ed.)

The History of Uniontown will be commenced as soon as the advance parts are furnished, but we are unable to say just how soon that may be.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

FRIDAY.

The session of the Senate was very brief; half a dozen bills were introduced, a few resolutions read, and a committee and reports made according to time. In the House, three more committees were announced. At twelve o'clock, a joint ballot for United States Senator was taken, with the following result; Wellington 30, Goldsborough 22, Westcott 15, Smith 19, Mullikin and Page 8 each; Wirt, Mudd and Dixon 1 each. After leaves were secured to introduce bills, delegate Birnie reported the rules for the government of the House.

SATURDAY.

Aside from the ballot for Senator, the proceedings in both houses were devoid of special importance. A joint resolution was offered in the Senate, calling the attention of the General Assembly of Virginia to claims for damages, on account of incursions of the Virginia oyster police, by Maryland citizens. The vote for Senator was, Wellington 37, Goldsborough 26, Westcott 13, Mullikin 8, Smith 5, Page 3, Dixon, Mudd and Pattison 1 each.

In the Senate petitions were presented from Kent and Frederick counties for the passage of the local veto bill. In the House the speaker announced the committees on railroads and canals, insurance and loan companies, internal improvement and on immigration. Mr. Birnie presented a petition from citizens of Carroll county for the passage of the local veto bill. The vote for Senator was, Wellington 39, Goldsborough 22, Westcott 15, Mullikin and Smith 8, Pattison 4, Dixon 2, Mudd 1. A caucus was held at night at which three votes were taken to try to decide on a candidate, but without success. On the last vote Goldsborough and Wellington each received 26.

In the Senate a large number of bills of local importance were read for the first time. Senator Bruce's civil service bill was reported back from the committee, with amendments, and the consideration of it was made the order of the day for next Tuesday. Two ballots were taken for Senator, the last of which was, as follows; Wellington 33, Goldsborough 25, Smith 19, Westcott 15, Pattison 9, Mullikin and Dixon 3, Crothers 1.

WEDNESDAY.

Senator Talbot offered a resolution against the violation of the Eastern Shore law, in the election of Senator, which was adopted on a viva voce vote, very few voting. Later, a resolution to reconsider, was defeated on a vote of, yeas 11, nays 12, a strict party vote, except Senator Bruce who voted with the republicans. Senator Döbler introduced a bill to amend the law of "rape," making the age of consent eighteen years. Senator Randall's bill to limit the expenditure of the general assembly was adopted. President Bruce's joint resolution to extend the term of Judge Bryan was adopted, and the nomination of Judge Russum was confirmed as chief justice of the second judicial circuit.

In the House, Mr. Rouzer presented a petition signed by 300 citizens of Woodsboro district, Frederick county, asking for the prohibition of the sale of liquor in the district. The resolution for the printing of 1000 copies of the assessment bill at a cost of \$100., was adopted. Bills were presented by Mr. Applegarth, to make an appropriation for the completions of records of soldiers, sailors and marines accredited to the State of Maryland in the civil war and to publish the same; to submit to the people at the next State election an amendment to the declaration of rights, empowering the authorities of any municipal corporation or the commissioners of any county, to exempt property from municipal or county taxation.

The last ballot for Senator was, Wellington 63, Smith 23, Pattison 7, Goldsborough 1, Ellegood 1.

THURSDAY.

Senator Crothers offered a resolution striking from the Journal of yesterday, the word "unlawful," in the resolution referring to the protest of the Senate against the violation of the eastern shore law, which was adopted. An order was passed to send copies of the election law to supervisors, states attorneys and county clerks. A number of committee reports were made, and a few bills of minor importance read the first time. In the house three bills previously introduced by Mr. Rouzer of Frederick county, were passed. The speaker was authorized to fix the pay of certain employes according to duty performed. Bills were introduced, by Mr. Banker, to make appropriation for the formation of farmer's institutes; by Mr. Cunningham, releasing husbands from responsibility for certain acts of the wife; also to employ on the public roads, able bodied men convicted of varrancy. Adjourned until Monday.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures of bad colds. It opens the system, relieves the lungs and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. It freely used as soon as the cold has been contracted, and before it has become settled in the system, it greatly lessens the severity of the attack and has often cured in a single day what would have been a severe cold. For sale by R. S. McKenney, druggist, Taneytown Md.

The Suffrage Question.

Miss Molly Elliot Seawell, in a letter against woman suffrage written to the Boston Transcript, says: "If I may be pardoned for a personal allusion, I would say that after an experience of some years in a literary life where one is brought not only into contact with men, but into competition with them, it is my belief that a vote would have been a very serious hindrance to me at any time."

Yet George Elliot, Miss Mulock and other English women have managed to do some not wholly creditable work in spite of the "very serious hindrance" of a vote. Among the American women who have not the right of suffrage would hinder their literary success are Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, Mrs. Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward, Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford and Mrs. Abby Morton Diaz.

Moreover, the possession of a vote did not hinder men from winning several important prizes in a literary competition in which Miss Seawell recently took part. Nothing shows more clearly the lack of solid reasons against woman suffrage than the idiotic objections which really bright men and women are driven when they try to oppose it.—Woman's Journal.

Empress Dagmar.

The Empress Dagmar is at last losing that stricken look she has worn since the czar's death. An eyewitness tells me she never saw anything so pathetic as that which she wore in the last 24 hours the empress never left her husband's side except once, when she was persuaded to change her gown. The czar, who had seemed unconscious for hours, immediately missed her. Turning to one of the officers, he inquired, "Where is she?" On being told, he muttered, "Of course, of course," yet kept his eyes gazing piteously at the door until she returned, when a look of relief and peace came into his face. Soon the end came. With his head on his breast, and her arms clasped around his neck, he breathed his last. For three-quarters of an hour after his death they remained in the same position, her ashen white face looking as dead as his own. It was only when the Countess K—, to whom she is tenderly attached, managed to convince her that she could do nothing more that she was persuaded to leave the room.

Women and Cornell.

In the annual report of the president of Cornell university, recently issued, the following kindly reference is made to the election by the alumni last June of Mary Ann Corcoran Thomas, president of Bryn Mawr, to the Cornell board of trustees: "The selection of Miss Thomas for trustee—and the chivalry of the alumni afforded the lots which yielded her a four year term—is a new departure, but it is a courteous recognition of woman's right to govern as well as to study at Cornell, and if it shall have the effect of leading women to interest themselves in a practical way in promoting the development of the university the precedent is pretty sure to be followed in future years."

Further on he states that the number of women registered in the regular courses in the university is 242, an increase of 17, and about 14 per cent of the entire student body.

Use of Mufflers.

The muffler, though it has its uses, is more remarkable for its abuses. Women swathe their throats at the beginning of September and keep them swathed until May in various sorts of silken things and wonder why they are "pre-disposed" to cold. The truth is that the constant use of the muffler makes the throat tender.

The muffler is intended not for ordinary cold days, but for occasions when extra protection for the throat and chest is absolutely necessary. When one has substituted a lightweight or low necked evening bodice for a heavy wool one, the muffler becomes a necessity. Pale colored liberty scarfs are favorites for evening wear. Warmer hues and heavier material are preferable for ordinary street wear.

The Life Plant.

There is a plant in Jamaica called the life plant because it is almost impossible to kill it or any portion of it. When a leaf is cut off and hung up by a string, it sends out white, threadlike roots, gathers moisture from the air and begins to grow new leaves. Even when pressed and packed away in a botanist's herbarium it has been known to grow the leaves of the book in which it was placed. The only way to kill it is by the heat of a hot iron or of boiling water.

The marriage of Gen. Benjamin Harrison, to Mrs. Caroline Lord Dimmick has been formally announced. The ceremony will be shortly after Lent.

General Campos has been superintended in the management of the Spanish forces in Cuba by General Weyler. Heavy reinforcements are expected to be sent to Cuba very shortly. Gomez and Maceo with the revolutionist forces are reported to be moving their lines for the purpose of mustering in more men. It is not thought that there is any large body of their troops now near Havana.

THE FARM JOURNAL.

The Biggest Paper of its Size in the United States of America.

This is the leading monthly farm paper in the United States with over a million and a half of readers. It is a boiled-down-bit-the-meat-on-the-bone paper that pleases everybody. It circulates everywhere, and is adapted to the needs of rural and village people from Maine to California, and from Montana to Florida, devoted to live stock, the dairy, poultry, the garden, the orchard, the young folks and pleases the women folks all to pieces. It is practical, earnest, honest, clean and progressive, with no ax to grind, no hobby to ride. It is for the farmer and villager first, last and all the time. No partisan politics in it. If you do not know the paper, write to The Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Pa., and the paper will be sent you. No money. Or you can see a copy at our office. Our card for it you ought to take this paper.

Now we have made arrangements with the publishers of the Farm Journal by which we can place it in the hands of every subscriber to the CARROLL RECORD for the year 1886, and with it a fine portrait of Washington, as follows: We will send both to every new subscriber to the RECORD and to every present subscriber, who will pay up all arrears and subscribe for one year in advance, for only \$1.15. Please walk right up to the Captain's office and settle.

YOU.

The chief want in life is somebody who shall make us do the best we can.—Emerson. A flash! You came into my life. You were not here yesterday. Rainbows of promise stretched across the sky grown gray with tears; By day you were my sun of gold. By night, my silver moon. I could not part from the Father's hands Have asked a greater boon.

Life's turbid stream grow calm and clear, The cold winds sank to rest, Hand clasped with you, no bitter pain Found dwelling in my breast; I did not dread life's care and toil, Your love dispelled all gloom, Among the flowers, I had my lot, The sweetest violets bloom.

My every breath and every thought Were pure because of you, I had not dreamed that heaven could be So close to mortal view; My hands and feet were swift to do The bidding of your every word, And in my heart throbbed the year The joy bird sang each day.

A flash! You passed out of my life—No, no, Your spirit still Laid on moon and guiding star Through every cloud and ill; And now you are my stars in gold, You still are at my side, And some day I shall stand with you Among the flowers.—Clarence Urmy in Youth's Companion.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

General Harrison Advocates Town Meetings Once or Twice a Year.

Ex-President Harrison, in a series of articles on "The Country of Ours" in The Ladies' Home Journal, writes vigorously of the great necessity of the people insisting upon the strict enforcement of the laws. Directly upon this point he says: "We need general assemblies of the people in the smaller civil subdivisions, to be held regularly once or twice a year, town meetings in which two questions only shall be considered: First, are the public officers faithfully and honestly transacting the public business? Second, are the laws—not the law, but that, but all laws—enforced and obeyed? All questions of law reform should be excluded, left to parties or societies organized to promote them. The enforcement of the law, whether we opposed or aided the making of it; the strict accountability of public officers, whether we opposed or aided their election, should be the objects and the limits of these meetings. There should be no distinction of persons.

Our law and order movements are too apt to be confined to what we, not too accurately, call influential people. Every man and woman ought to have a chance to choose his side, without regard to station or wealth or race or color. There will be none too many. In some such movements it has seemed to me that many have been assigned to the wrong side who would have chosen the right. There is danger that such may accept the place they would not have chosen. Can any working plan be devised to make the next day to day an effective watchdog interest among the body of our citizens in the enforcement of the laws, and in a clean, honest administration of public affairs—small and great? Or are we to accept the humiliating conclusion that had things gone our way, we should have done better, until they come to be persistently and utterly bad; or still worse, that when the river of popular indignation has cleaned the stable it is only to leave us without a supply of water for daily sanitation?"

Restitution by an Earthquake.

"It's an ill wind that blows nobody good" is a proverbial saying which was verified once in a somewhat peculiar manner in the Philippine islands. About 14 years ago the first class iron vessel Rhodius, of 1,600 tons register, was scuttled in Manila bay, having caught fire when on the point of sailing with a full and valuable cargo of copper, shell, gun copper, bar copper and other merchandise.

During the earthquake many months later she was thrown up by a tidal wave from where she lay in 12 fathoms of water to close land, and over three fathoms and was then purchased by an enterprising diving and salvage company just started in Singapore for the trifling sum of £14, when it transpired that her cargo had not suffered from her long submersion, and was valued at about £20,000.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Ticking of the Clock.

"The ticking of a clock," says Mr. Bagley, "is a sound so familiar that we take no thought of it till it ceases. Here are two or three of us sitting together talking. Suddenly we become dimly conscious that there is something missing; a moment later some one says, 'The clock has stopped.' Then we all listen. What a commotion of ideas! Then we wind the clock and set it going. How pleasant it is to hear it again, and how loud and plain it sounds at first, but soon it sinks to its accustomed note, and with normal conditions thus restored we resume our conversation."—New York Sun.

Her Invitation.

Fair Hostess—Now, Mr. Borem, you must spend the evening with us before we go into our new house.

Mr. Borem (graciously)—Most certainly, with pleasure. When do you move?

Fair Hostess (doubtfully)—Pa is uncertain just when that will be, but for a year or two at the least.—Pick Me Up.

After the Trail.

Rankin—In my opinion the judge's charge to the jury was outrageous.

Fyle—It wasn't half as bad as the bailiff's. He charged them \$1 a meal.—Chicago Tribune.

The Temperature of the Earth Advances

one degree for every 51 feet of descent. It is supposed that at a distance of 30 miles below the surface metals and rocks are at white heat.

A small daughter was taken to visit the Museum of Natural History the other day. "Oh, mamma," she said, upon her return, "I've been to a dead circus."

The Reign of Ribbons.

The use of ribbons is increasing until many of these pieces may be put upon one dress. Faded ribbons, in bands of ribbon from shoulders to elbows over the puffs. The waist has three or five bands from shoulders to waist line, with any number of loops and ends attached to the belt; then ribbons are set in at the belt and fall two-thirds of the way down the skirt, where there are enormous loops, rosettes and ends, and in some instances very large bows midway of the length of the ribbon from waist line to hem of skirt.—New York Ledger.

A Noble Woman.

Then I bade goodbye to an honest, earnest woman who has given her life to a great cause. Alms has not curried the milk of human kindness flowing in her veins. Poverty has not imberbered her generous soul. Susan B. Anthony, with her honorable 75 years, is more alive today than almost any woman of my acquaintance. Why? Because she is in love with a noble idea. Love begets enthusiasm. Enthusiasm keeps soul and body young. Blessed be that which makes the world go round!—Kate Field's Washington.

ENGLAR'S GREAT CLEARING SALE

When people actually need goods, they will buy them, and, as a rule, are willing to pay a fair price for them. At this season of the year when storekeepers need cash, and the people do not need goods, it is customary for prices to be cut, as an inducement for people to buy whether their needs are pressing or not. It is very questionable whether this really pays the storekeeper; in other words, whether a sufficient amount of sales are made, in excess of what would have been made any day at regular prices—whether increased sales, compensate for lost profit.

Be that as it may, the practice is almost universal. Advertisements are made to say that goods will be sold at a certain "percent off" "at cost," "half price," &c., until the customer does not know where he is at, or what to believe. Probably as frequently as otherwise, he doesn't believe any of it. Selling "below cost," is such a pat saying, and so often made use of, untruthfully, that people wink an eye, as much as to say, "you can't catch me with such chaff," and do not give the assertion a serious thought.

I usually make positive statements in all my advertisements, and ask the people to take the trouble to verify them. If I say "below cost," that is exactly what I mean. As you know, I want to go entirely out of business, but it begins to look like keeping on. This desire, however, adds to the fact of the season, and is a double reason why I announce that nine-tenths of my stock of overcoats will be sold below cost. It is not now a question of how much can I make, but "How much can I afford to lose." If you want an overcoat for this season, or next, it will pay you to come to my store.

Sacrifice Sale

BOOKS, — OF —

Until February 1st, you can buy Cloth-bound Books at 40 per cent. off from former price. \$1.00 Books, only 60c. .75 " " 45c. .60 " " 36c. .50 " " 30c. .40 " " 24c. .35 " " 21c. .25 " " 15c. .20 " " 12c. .15 " " 9c.

The stock on hand after Feb. 1st, goes back, and will not be sold at the above prices.

M. SCHNEEBERGER'S TRADE PALACE, 33 East Main St., Westminster, Md. Opposite Catholic Church, Sep 25-5

McKELLIP'S Rheumatic Cure

Is the only positive Cure known to the Medical Profession for the Cure of Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Ovarian Neuralgia, Dismenorrhoea, Psoriasis, Scrofula, Liver and Kidney Diseases. A positive Cure effected in from 6 to 18 days.

J. McKELLIP, Druggist, Taneytown, Md. Oct-5-5-6m

ENGLAR'S Special Notices.

FOR RENT—A portion of my house on Emmitsburg Street. Mrs. Margaret Wilhite. FOR RENT—Dwelling and Blacksmith shop at Bridgeport. Apply to MRS. M. E. BRIDGEPORT, 1-18-2t. REMODELING SALE! \$10,000.00 Clothing Sale at way down One-eight to one-half reduced. J. H. MYERS, Gettysburg, Pa. 1-18-2t

Mortgagee's Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

In Gamber, Carroll county, Md. By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Aeneath Shipley and Alfred W. Shipley, her husband, to George A. Shipley, dated the 21st day of December, 1885, and recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll county in Liber W. N. M. No. 22, folios 135, &c., the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises, on Tuesday, 18th day of February, 1896, at 1 o'clock p. m., all that valuable House and Lot, described and conveyed in said mortgage, containing 2 1/2 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, situated in the village of Gamber, Carroll county, Maryland, and improved by a large Weathered Dwelling House, Stable, and all other necessary out-buildings. Also, One-horse Spring Market Wagon, and Harness. TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, or upon the ratification thereof, the balance in two equal payments of 6 and 12 months to be secured by the notes of the purchaser, with approved security bearing interest from day of sale; or all cash at the option of the purchaser. A cash deposit of \$50. will be required on day of sale. GROVE A. SHIPLEY, Mortgagee, L. Howell Lamotte, Sol. 1-25ts

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW NOTARY-PUBLIC IN & FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY, No. 433 GRANT STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENN. 1-4-5ly

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R.

Table with columns: Road down, STATIONS, Road upward. Lists stations like Cherry Run, Clear Spring, New Windsor, etc.

Baltimore & Cumberland Valley R. R.

Table with columns: P.M., A.M., P.M., A.M. Lists stations like Shippensburg, Southampton, Chambersburg, etc.

Our Combination Offers.

We have made terms with the following periodicals by which they will be furnished in combination with the Record at specially low rates. The New York Weekly TRIBUNE, Republican in politics. A great Family, News, and Political paper. Regular price \$1.00 a year. In combination with the Record only \$1.25 a year.

The New York Semi-Weekly WORLD, Democratic in politics. A great journal devoted to general news and politics. Regular price \$1.00 a year. In combination with the Record only \$1.25 a year.

The FARM JOURNAL, a leading monthly Agricultural Journal, devoted to the interests of farmers and stock raisers everywhere. The orchard, dairy, garden, and poultry features are also valuable. In combination with the Record, only \$1.25 a year.

The New York Morning Advertiser, daily and Sunday, regular price \$1.50; a bright, clean and up-to-date newspaper, with the CANAL RECORD only \$1.50 a year for the two, or \$1.75 for the Record one year, and the Advertiser 6 months.

Taneytown Markets. Corrected Weekly. Flour, per ton, 3.50 to 5.00. Bran, per ton, 16.00. White Middlings, per ton, 18.00. Timothy Hay, per ton, 12.00. Mixed Hay, per ton, 5.00 to 10.00. Rye Straw, 6.00 to 10.00. Wheat, new, 35.00. Corn, new, 20.00. Oats, new, 15.00. Potatoes, 1.00. Butter, 18.00. Eggs, 14.00. Lard, 10.00. Tallow, 10.00. Hams, 10.00. Hides, 10.00. Hides, 10.00. Hides, 10.00. Hogs, 4.00. Sheep, 2.00. Lambs, 2.00. Calves, 5.00. Beef Cattle, best, 5.00. Cows, medium, 2.00. Bulls, 2.00. Cows, 2.00. Bulls, 2.00.

Baltimore Markets. Corrected Weekly. Wheat, 70c to 71c. Corn, 32c to 33c. Oats, 22c to 23c. Rye, 22c to 23c. Hay, Timothy, 12.00 to 13.00. Hay mixed, 12.00 to 13.00. Straw, Rye, 12.00 to 13.00. Straw, Rye, blocks, 8.00 to 10.00. Straw, wheat blocks, 6.00 to 7.00. Bran, 19.00 to 20.00. Middlings, 11.00 to 12.00. Potatoes, new, per bus., 25c to 30c. Sugar, granulated, .05. Sugar, coffee, .05. Beef Cattle, best, 4.00 to 4.25. Beef Cattle, medium, 2.75 to 3.00. Swine, gross, 4.00 to 4.25. Swine, rough, 3.00 to 3.25. Sheep, gross, 1.00 to 1.25. Lambs, gross, 4c to 5c. Calves gross, 4c to 6c.

HARNEY Evening School!

This school was opened on January 2nd, and will continue Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7 to 9, until June 11th. Instruction is given in Arithmetic, Single and Double Entry Book-keeping, Commercial Law, Business Correspondence and Penmanship. A class for Young Ladies will also be formed to meet from 6 to 8, on the above evenings; when the English, French, and Latin will be taught. TERMS: \$20.00 for two evenings a week until June 11th, 1896. HENRY MEIER, Milton Academy, Taneytown, Md. 1-25 4t

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