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SPENT ON ARMY A BILLION IN THIRTEEN YEARS

What It Costs to Guard the Philippines and Mexico

TWICE THE COST OF THE NAVY

Figures Compiled by General Oliver
Covering Time Since Battle of Manila
Bay in May, 1898.—Aggregates \$1,896,893,428.

From the battle of Manila Bay, May 1, 1898, until the beginning of the current fiscal year on July 1, 1911, the grand aggregate expenditures for the support of the army and the maintenance of the War Department was \$1,896,893,428.85. This covers all the expenses of the army and the expenditures on river and harbor work, which is done under the supervision of the army, as well as the maintenance of the general civil establishment of the War Department, claims of one kind and another, and such things. It does not include expenditures for the Panama Canal, which the army is constructing, or for pensions, which are handled by the Interior Department.

This is the amount spent in thirteen years and two months out of appropriations aggregating \$2,121,800,953, available for use by the War Department since Admiral Dewey fired the "shot that was heard 'round the world.'" The difference between these two vast sums—\$224,907,525—represents unexpended balances covered back into the Treasury, and the live balances carried forward at the beginning of the current fiscal year. There was appropriated for the fiscal year 1912 in addition \$138,206,999.

These are only the striking totals from a staggering compilation of figures on military expenditure received by Representative Harvey Helm of Kentucky, Chairman of the House Committee on Expenditures in the War Department, from Gen. Robert Shaw Oliver, Assistant Secretary of War.

No reference is made in the communication from Gen. Oliver to expenditures by the naval establishment, but Representative Helm naturally sought comparisons for the navy, and was surprised to learn that the actual expenditures by the War Department during the last thirteen years exceed the aggregate appropriations made for the naval establishment in the last twenty-eight years. According to the recapitulation in the official Navy Year Book, the total appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval establishment from the beginning of the new navy in 1883 until July 1, 1911, was \$1,711,593,725.16, of which \$1,547,489,302.68 was carried in regular annual appropriation bills, and \$164,104,422 carried in deficiency and additional acts.

The battle of Manila Bay was the half-way point between the founding of the new navy and the beginning of the current fiscal year, and it will be surprising to many students of the subject to know that actual expenditures by the War Department since 1898 have been \$1,896,893,428.85, as compared with actual appropriations of \$1,711,593,725.16 for the new navy since its founding in 1883. The actual appropriations for the support of the army and the maintenance of the War Department from May 1, 1898, until March 4, 1911, have aggregated \$2,204,390,068.62. This includes the appropriations made in the last session of the Sixty-first Congress for the current fiscal year of 1912. As there was a balance of \$55,617,884.01 available for the use of the army and the War Department on May 1, 1898, this latter sum, added to the aggregate appropriated since that date, gives a grand total of \$2,260,007,952.63, which has been available for the use of the army since May 1, 1898.

This entire sum has not been spent. To July 1 last the amount spent was \$1,896,893,428.85, of which \$1,459,385,838.71 was spent on the military establishment and \$337,699,029.38 on the side of the civil establishment of the War Department. Since May 1, 1898, various amounts have been covered into the surplus fund of the Treasury from all appropriations under the control of the War Department which became no longer available or required for expenditure. The total reverted in this manner to the surplus fund in fourteen years has aggregated \$150,336,519. On June 30, 1911, there was an unexpended balance from continuing, permanent, annual, and indefinite appropriations of \$74,571,005 to the credit of the War Department, besides appropriations which became available on July 1, 1911, for the fiscal year 1912, aggregating \$138,206,999.

CONGRESSMAN LEWIS

Appreciation of Sixth District Representative

ENGAGING MAN IN WORTHY CAUSE

The Restoration of Boonsboro's Patriotic Memorial to George Washington Strongly Advocated.

When David J. Lewis was elected to the Sixty-second Congress from the Sixth district of Maryland, says the New York Sun, his interesting story attracted attention all over the country. Born in this country, the child of Welsh immigrants, he went to work as a miner when nine. He learned to read in Sunday school, studied law and Latin between shifts, and finally was admitted to the bar. It is gratifying to find his name now attached to a bill proposing an expenditure of Government money for a patriotic and sensible purpose.

Representative Lewis' district includes Washington county, in which lies the South Mountain, the site of an interesting and valuable memorial to George Washington, who had been so disposed, might have discovered an overwhelming public demand among his fellow citizens for him to become president the third time. This memorial was erected on Independence Day of 1827, near the town of Boonsboro, by volunteer labor, each resident of the community who was able to be present contributing his share. Locally it is believed that this was the first monument built in honor of Washington, who died in 1799. Mr. Lewis holds this opinion. Whether other memorials antedating it exist is not a material question. It is a structure of unusual history, testifying in an unusual manner to the respect in which George Washington was held.

With the passage of years the monument has fallen into disrepair, and it is now in danger of destruction. Mr. Lewis proposes that the Federal Government shall buy the land on which the pile stands, restore it on the original design, using as far as possible the original materials, and that hereafter it be maintained at a national expense. The appropriation asked for is \$2,500 and the annual expenditure to keep it in good condition would be practically nothing. While it would unquestionably be in better accord with the spirit in which the monument was raised to have its restoration effected by unpaid volunteer labor from the neighborhood, if this is not forthcoming the Government may undertake the task with perfect propriety.

There is something particularly appealing in the advocacy of this enterprise by Mr. Lewis, but the project would enlist the support on its merits were his career not brought to mind by it. Certainly there are not, and cannot be, too many memorials to George Washington in this country, and that any of them should be obliterated through neglect is unthinkable.

TAFT EAGER FOR THE FIGHT NO LONGER FEARS DEFEAT

He Wants to Get Rid of the "Lies and Hypocrisy" That Have Been Injected Into the Campaign.

President Taft and Senator Root of New York sounded an aggressive note for the coming National campaign in speeches they delivered early Sunday morning before the League of Republican State Clubs at the Willard Hotel. The occasion was the league's annual dinner. The speeches came toward the close of an extended series of addresses in which the President, with admitted pleasure, heard his Administration praised and success promised for it in the coming fight.

The President and the New York Senator made it plain that the fight will be a hard one. They propose to carry the war into the enemy's country, to retract nothing from the traditional attitude of the Republican Party, and to fight out the campaign on that basis. The President declared that the Democrats had spent their strength in the middle of the course, and were already making heavy weather, with party dissensions sundering their councils wider and wider each day. He declared himself personally eager for the opportunity the struggle would give him for getting rid of the "lies and hypocrisy" that have already been injected into the campaign.

Woman's Day at Annapolis.

Eight hundred women interested in suffrage for their sex were in Annapolis on Tuesday in the interest of the Woman's Suffrage bill. These ladies demeaned themselves as they should and in consequence their was nothing sensational in the news they made. The interest they created will be apparent from the future action of General Assembly.



Friday.

Abbe Charles Loyson, known throughout the world as Pere Hyacinthe, died today at Paris in his eighty-fifth year, after a brief illness. Pere Hyacinthe was one of the most prominent pulpit orators of the Catholic Church in France until 1869, when he renounced the Roman Catholic faith.

The Nationalists in the Japanese Diet today put up a strong plea for the acquisition of further interests in China by Japan, urging that the present was an excellent opportunity.

The consolidation of the Revenue Cutter Service, Lighthouse Service and Coast and Geodetic Survey of the United States in a single bureau under the Navy Department, to be known as the Coastguard Bureau, was proposed in a bill introduced in the House today by Representative Foss (Republican, Ill.).

The Department of Justice will undertake an inquiry into the National Horseshoe Manufacturer's Association, which, it is charged, controls the sale price of horseshoes throughout the country.

A reduction of the cavalry force of the United States Army from 15 to 10 regiments, with a consequent reduction of the enlisted force of the Army by 3,980 men was voted into the Army Appropriation Bill in the House late today after a bitter fight.

Saturday.

The Kansas City Star's Presidential straw vote showed to-night that of its 175,000 subscribers over 145,000 had recorded their preferences as follows: Roosevelt, 74,702; Clark, 14,909; Bryan, 14,119; La Follette, 8,590; Taft, 8,515; Wilson, 7,648; Folk, 7,530; Debs, 3,016; Harmon, 2,545; Cummins, 1,123; Underwood, 557; Foss, 95; scattering, 2,440. Total 145,209.

Ex-Gov. Joseph W. Folk withdrew as an active candidate for the Democratic nomination for President to-day after he had received a telegram from Speaker Champ Clark which agreed to divide the Missouri delegation to the Democratic National Convention as recently suggested by William J. Bryan equally between Clark and Folk. Mr. Folk not only agreed to divide the delegation but asked his friends to make no further effort in his behalf.

Startling letters were filed to-day with Chairman Moss of the House Committee which proposes investigating the Florida Everglades controversy. They contain the bold charge that Chief Drainage Engineer C. G. Elliott was dismissed from the Department of Agriculture "to cover the embarrassment of his superior."

The published report from Rome that Pope Pius has issued an order that all Cardinals and other Church dignitaries must decline to appear at social functions where women are permitted to wear décolleté gowns is not given credence.

The Army aviators, now in camp at Augusta, Ga., where they are having a lot of trouble owing to the weather that has prevailed in that section of the country this winter, have agreed among themselves not to make any altitude flights of a greater height than one mile. This height, they have found, is sufficient for military purposes, since at greater altitudes military observations are of practically no value.

Sunday.

Theodore Roosevelt, ex-President of the United States, has been awarded the special medal of the Societe d'Acclimation. M. Persier, Director of the Museum of Natural History in Paris, and President of the society, announced the award at the annual meeting to-day.

Warden Weyer of the Maryland State Penitentiary, noted as a prison reformer and disciplinarian, has suggested to a committee of the Legislature the administration of chloroform as a substitute for hanging in capital punishment.

W. Morgan Shuster, ex-Treasurer General of Persia, was a passenger on the steamship George Washington, which sailed from Southampton to-day for New York. Mr. Shuster has spent a fortnight in London, during which time he met many prominent people interested in Eastern affairs.

Monday.

Governor Goldsborough has agreed on his preference for the Baltimore Police

board. The personnel of the Police Board is as follows: Morris A. Soper, president, and George Whitelock and Gov. Lawrason Riggs.

Expressing the opinion that the country's business has nothing to fear from the application of progressive policies in the administration of public affairs, Gov. Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, opened his Illinois campaign for the Democratic Presidential nomination in an address before the Iroquois Club Chicago, today at the Lincoln birthday luncheon.

The alleged political influence of Major Beecher B. Ray, the army paymaster, who is declared to have enjoyed frequent changes of station and immunity from various troubles because of the influence of President Taft, was again a subject of investigation today before the House Committee on Expenditures in the War Department.

By a vote of 8 to 4, the Senate Committee on Pensions today defeated a motion favorably to report the Sherwood dollar-a-day pension bill.

Legacy duty amounting to \$300,000 must be paid on the estate of the late Consuelo, Duchess of Manchester, according to judgment delivered today in the chancery division of the High Court of Justice, London. The \$2,000,000 so taxed was never in England.

A small riot occurred late to-day when Summit View, Washington, learned that John Westall, recent purchaser of a five-acre ranch there, was John Early, the leper whom the Federal Government has allowed to roam from Washington, D. C., to Virginia, Virginia to California, and thence up the coast to Tacoma.

A cablegram from London announces that Earl Grey presided to-day at the opening of the new British Bank of Northern Commerce, of Montreal, which has a capital of \$10,000,000 half of which is subscribed. As Chairman of the bank, it is said, Lord Grey will influence the flow of capital into Canada from the bank's affiliations in Denmark, Sweden, and Russia.

Secretary Knox left Washington to-night for Palm Beach, Fla., where he will remain about a week and then embark on the armored cruiser Washington for Colon, to begin his diplomatic visit to Central America, South America, and the West Indies.

The House to-day passed an anti-loan shark bill establishing 12 per cent. as the legal rate of interest that may be charged by loan agencies in the District of Columbia.

Tuesday.

Detectives arrested Sigmund H. Speyer just as he was about to sail for Europe today on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, which was docked in Hoboken. He is accused of having embezzled \$50,000 from Speyer & Sons, of Lexington, Ky.

Rebels in the Laguna district of Mexico, estimated at 1,000, today formally proclaimed Emilio Nasquez Gomez President of the republic and Rafael Garza Aldape Vice-President and demanded the surrender of the city of Torreon.

The most remarkable exhibition of an airship ever given in New York was performed late this afternoon by Frank T. Coffyn in a hydro-aeroplane. Coffyn sailed around the Battery from Pier A. Reaching a height of 700 feet, he passed over the Brooklyn and Manhattan bridges. Then he wobbled at a dangerous angle and with a wide turn passed first under the Manhattan bridge and then proceeding southward passed also under the Brooklyn bridge.

One thousand bulls were drowned in the Tagus at Lisbon. Fire in a building where 1500 of these animals intended for the bull ring were stabled caused them to break out and do a lot of damage to property. They were driven into the river with the above result.

Wednesday.

The United States Government today arrested nearly all of the 51 men indicted in the dynamite conspiracy cases.

Because several hundred men refused to submit to inoculation against typhoid 200 of the crew of the battleship Vermont, now at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, are in irons as a result of a mutiny which occurred in the big ship last Monday, according to reports received in Norfolk today.

(Continued on page 7.)

WHY ORPHANS' COURT

Solons Think There is Need for New Constitution

WANT CONFERENCE OF CITIZENS

It Costs Too Much to Amend the Document and Many of Its Measures are Now in Need of Revision.

The proposal of President Price of the Senate that a conference of the leading citizens of the State be called by the Legislature to consider the wisdom of calling a constitutional convention, is a subject of considerable discussion among the members of the Legislature and leading party men.

Mr. Cummings of Montgomery says—"I certainly think it is time that the Constitution of Maryland be revised to date and the State be saved the frequent expense of submitting Constitutional amendments to the people at a cost of from \$18,000 to \$20,000 for each submission.

"Moreover, I believe that it is impossible without enormous expense to put before the people in an intelligent manner the various and needed changes now proposed. The simple printing of a proposed amendment conveys nothing."

Senator Price says our "organic law is a relic of a past age. It is too difficult to amend. If we undertook to amend it on all the particulars that need amending we would have to submit many propositions to the voters, one dependent on the other. One might be ratified and another defeated so that the result would be a hodge-podge.

"Our Orphans' Courts have come down to us from England, where they were originally ecclesiastical courts. As now constituted they have outlived their usefulness. Imagine three farmers without knowledge of law sitting on a bench interpreting the law of inheritance for widows and children. I make no reflection on the farmers, as they cannot be expected to have a knowledge of law.

"Take the State Treasurer. Is there any good reason why he should not be elected for four years, the same as the Governor. Should he not be elected by a direct vote of the people the same as in most other States? Is there any reason why he should not submit his case direct to the people?"

"Again and again we have undertaken to amend, sometimes we have succeeded, but more often we have failed. And each submission of an amendment to the people means an expense of about 20,000. At the present time there are several bills before the Legislature providing for amendment to the Constitution."

EARLY, THE SUSPECTED LEPER, TAKEN CARE OF AT TACOMA

Shunted About From City to City He At Last Finds Kindness in the Far West.—Isolated on Small Farm.

Quarantined by the Washington Government officials in 1909, taken to New York and placed in the Skin and Cancer Hospital and declared clean, a residence in Brooklyn for a few months, reported a leper by a noted Norwegian physician, hounded from his home by anxious neighbors to a small town in Connecticut, to Washington where again he was taken in charge, another trip, by force, to New York, this time in a freight car, and more speculation as to his disease is the history of John R. Early in the East.

This unfortunate sufferer has been discovered in Washington State, near the city of Tacoma. With a full knowledge of his case the authorities have decided to at least treat the man humanely.

It is proposed to build a fence around an acre of land on the farm, which Early several months ago undertook to buy under contract plan, and to build on that acre a house for him to live in. He will be kept absolutely apart from his family. He has a wife and three children, the oldest four years old.

County officers have placed him under quarantine and stationed a guard to enforce it. They will not drive him out. He receives a pension of \$30 monthly from the Government. Early's brother has asked the Commissioners to be lenient. The Federal Government will be asked to aid by restoring Early's pension to \$75 a month. The pension was reduced to \$30 because one of the many doctors who examined him said he did not have leprosy. Later the same doctor, on re-examination at Los Angeles, reversed his examination and declared Early a leper.

Fire At Wolfville.

Fire about noon Monday destroyed the dwelling of Uriah Palmer, a carpenter, residing about a mile from Wolfville. The house and all its contents, with the exception of one bureau burned causing a loss of about \$500.

AID SOCIETY OF COUNTY

RESUME OF ITS WORK

In Prevention of Depend-
ency, Disease and Crime

WHEREIN IT SAVES THE STATE

Relieves Institutional Care—and Thus More Than Paid for Expense of Agency.—Want to Raise a Fund of Thousand Dollars.

The first annual meeting of the Frederick County Branch of the Maryland Children's Aid Society was held in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. Building, last Saturday afternoon. Mr. Arthur D. Willard, President of the society, opened the meeting. The treasurer, Dr. Thomas B. Johnson, reported that \$335 had been received in contributions from the residents of Frederick City and county. A most interesting report was rendered by the General Secretary, Geo. L. Jones, explaining the purpose and necessity of child-helping agencies all through the State of Maryland. The society was organized for the purpose of meeting each family situation in the counties when it arises to prevent dependency, disease and crime, and to give or secure for each child the proper treatment. As rapidly as the funds will justify it is proposed to establish children's agencies in each of the judicial districts, and to place in each a trained child specialist. Our experience in Frederick county proves that the establishment of such agencies not only effect a great economy to the state, but are a most effective movement towards good citizenship.

A resume of the work accomplished in Frederick since the establishment of the local agency in Frederick City was given. In 22 homes conditions were so improved that the children involved have been well cared for in their own homes without any other recourse to charity than that offered by relatives and friends. Five children who had been temporarily removed from their parents in times of acute distress have been returned to their families under the agent's supervision. Seven mothers with illegitimate children were sympathetically helped to self-support, by finding employment for the mothers where they can take care of the child and earn their living. Seven families which were about to be broken up for insufficient causes were held together by continued help with the prospect that the children will develop in their own homes with their own parents. Twenty-two children who were either neglected, delinquent or exposed to vicious influences were committed to the society and placed in carefully selected Christian homes. Eight children suffering from deformities or disease have been given surgical or hospital treatment through the liberal co-operation of the most skillful physicians and specialists obtainable. In ten instances employment has been found for children of working age on farms where they have family connection an home care.

The saving of the State alone in preventing institutional care for children in cases where parents or relatives have been maintained to provide properly for their maintenance has more than paid for the expense of the agency. But far more important is the fact that it has called forth the support of representative citizens throughout the counties in a campaign against the causes of dependency, disease and crime.

The Managers wish to express their sincere gratitude to the physicians who have acted as medical examiners and treated children free of charge; also to the lawyers who have given so much of their valuable time and services gratuitously for the benefit of the organization. The Society also acknowledges with grateful appreciation the helpful co-operation of the ladies case committee consisting of Mrs. Francis Smith, Miss M. L. Johnson, Mrs. Hammond Urner, Mrs. F. L. Stoner, Mrs. Arthur D. Willard and Fraulein Zimmer.

At the closing of the meeting a finance committee was formed to take under advisement the ways and means to support the work for the current year and to raise the necessary sum of \$1000 for this purpose.

The annual report which will give a full account of the work is now in course of preparation and will be mailed to all the members of the organization, or on application to any person interested in the work.

The State Department holds that refugee officials of the Diaz regime in Mexico cannot be extradited for executions or other acts which they may have ordered while holding positions of authority.

POSTAL EXPRESS AND HIGH COST OF LIVING

A Specially Prepared Article on a Subject That Should be of Vital Interest to the General Public.

The speech of Hon. David J. Lewis, Representative of the Sixth Congressional District of Maryland, delivered in the House on Feb. 3, is not only an inspiring one, but shows how thoroughly equipped our Representative is, and how cogently he marshals his facts to convince his hearers of the great advantages that will flow from the adoption of his favorite plan of Postal Express—while he directs his argument with most persuasive effect in showing the tendency which the present carrying agency of the country has on the most serious condition in which the people are with regard to the high cost of living. He points out the fact that "the farmers who raise our vital necessities get about six billion dollars for what they finally sell to the consumers for thirteen billions. In support of this declaration, he gives the following statement of B. F. Yoakum, chairman of the St. L. & San Francisco Railroad: "Last year's agricultural products were worth \$9,000,000,000 to the farmers. The government used farm values in getting figures for this total. Assuming that the farmers kept one-third of the products for their own use, the consumers paid more than \$13,000,000,000 for what the producers received \$6,000,000,000. The cost of getting the year's products from producers to consumers amounted to the enormous sum of \$7,000,000,000. The real problem to deal with is not high cost of living; it is high cost of selling."

With these facts before him, Congressman Lewis tells us, "that it is generally admitted that the problem before the country is how to get these vital necessities direct from the producer to the consumer at something like the price at which they are produced." After analyzing the problem Mr. Lewis tells us that it resolves itself into this question: "How can the small shipment—that is, the shipment in sizes sufficiently small to suit the ultimate unit of purchase—the consumer—be economically transported in this country?" As the question is one of transportation, the railroads, of course, are the first agents to be considered. The railway minimum of unit of shipment is 100 lbs.; and the minimum charge is 25c. Now, the consumer seldom requires 100 lbs. of meat, butter, eggs or the vital necessities; and it thus happens that the railroads cannot handle the shipment in sizes small enough for the consumer, and so the shipment takes its way from the producer not to the consumer, but on account of its wholesale size it goes into the commerce of the country after many round-about, complicated and expensive processes, to reach the consumer with a price multiplied by two.

No objection can reasonably be taken to the practice of the railroads in drawing the line on a 100 lb. shipment and the 25c charge. On investigation, it will be found that the minimum shipment and charge are quite reasonable

from the railroad standpoint. When the various factors of attention which are demanded of the railroads in making a shipment are considered, be it large or small—be the haul a long or a short one—it will be found that they may be classed under twenty different heads, all of which demand equal consideration. Of these twenty different factors of transportation attention quoted, Mr. Lewis tells us that fifteen are at this moment replaced by the postage stamp in the carriage of the shipment by the postal system; and that that effect on the small shipment is simply to penalize it out of the commerce of the country.

This matter of small shipment brings to mind, as the usual agent of transportation, the Express Company. On carrying the commodities, its rate of transportation is by no means on a sufficiently economical basis, and for two reasons. First, it is governed by the same conditions of "transportation accounting" that prevails with the railroads. These factors of attention for express transportation consist of eleven, which are replaced by the postage stamp in the postal carriage of the shipment.

These facts account for an immense proportion of the expenses of the Express Company and are fatal to the making of a rate proportioned to the shipment of small quantities of the necessities of life. Here follows a statement of facts and figures which go very far in explaining the prohibitive effect of transportation by express. These are Mr. Lewis' words: "Let us put an express rate maker at work in order to illustrate its character. Let us say he is making a rate on a five pound package from Washington to Baltimore, about 41 miles. He puts down first 6 cents let us say, to pay for this accounting of some overhead charges; he puts down 5 cents to pay for collect and delivery, and adds 2 cents for profit to the Company, making 13 cents in all. But the railway has to be paid and he must add enough to the 13 cents to pay it. How shall he compute his share—according to service standards? No; not all. He must compute it according to the contract between the Express Company and the railway, and the contract, on the average provides that the railway must get 47.50 per cent. of the final rate. So he adds 12 cents for the railway, which makes a charge of 25 cents. But that 12 cents means \$1.42 per ton-mile on the 5-ton package, while at the same time, under rates made by the same express rate maker, traveling on the same train to the same point, be the package 100 lbs., carrying a rate of 50 cents pays the railway only 14 cents a ton-mile. Because of the anomalous connection of the Express Company with the subject, its merely contractual right to be there at all, the package is overloaded 10 cents for railway transportation and the charge becomes 25 cents instead of 15 cents, when about 2 cents is what the package ought to bear for that purpose."

After describing the conditions which are responsible for excessive express rates in this country, the learned economist goes on to show by methods of

comparison the average rate in transportation by which we may ascertain whether a particular rate is too high or not. He goes on to say that he found first, that the average charge for carrying a ton of freight was \$1.90 in 1909, representing the average haul of the entire traffic. He found this astounding result that the average charge for carrying a ton of goods by express was \$31.20, giving between the two rates the proportion of nearly 16 to 1; having established this ratio, he goes on to compare these with the charges exacted by other countries, he then strikes an average on ten countries, which includes France and Germany, and which gives the proportion between the transportation agents, freight rate and express rate, \$5.23 to 1—while in the United States the proportion is \$14.53 to 1. After comparing these differences, the Congressman tells us that there is no circumstance to explain the grossly higher ratio of the express charge in this country except the existence of the express company. He further adds, that even if we had a normal express rate, there would still exist another deficiency of the express company, which is fundamental in its character. He explains this as follows: Some 40,000,000 of our people, the producers of the vital necessities, live in the country, off the railway lines. The express companies, of course, and the railways too, fail utterly to articulate this country population with the railways. Any system at all adequate to directly connect the consumer and producer * * * will have to connect the country storekeeper and farmer with the railway and the town. Only the postal system possesses the agency for that purpose. It possesses it in the rural free delivery structure. * * * We are now spending over \$40,000,000 on that service and it is waiting * * * with empty wagons to receive and convey in retail quantities the necessities from the farmer to the hungry mouths in the city. The express company is excluded as the remedy to connect consumer and producer for two reasons: First, its rates are prohibitive; second, its instrumentalities do not reach the farm, do not cover the field with a service sufficiently extensive. Here Mr. Slayden of Texas asked the question, whether it was contemplated that the rural carriers should deliver to the farmers all sorts of packages from the merchants and in return, carry to the market produce from the farm. Mr. Lewis answered, "it is so contemplated."

Having been interpellated further on by Mr. Slayden to explain "the possible harm that would be done to the business of the country by enhancing the department store business and the mail order business," Mr. Lewis admits that a flat rate for all distances through the parcel post as partial remedy for express conditions, might bring about the effect apprehended; but he shows that the Goeke bill is not a partial post proposition at all. "It contemplates taking over the express companies and operating the business as a part of the postal function." He adds that, "with the express rates cut in two, as a unification of the express companies with

the postal system and postal economy of method, would permit, not harm but great benefit would come to the business of the country." He submits a table of merchandise rates, under the proposed system, as compared with the express company "merchandise" rates. The economic bases for the tentative rates are stated in an economic study printed on the Senate side. Here follows a most important part of the Congressman's discussion; being asked whether he favored an unlimited parcel post, or a parcel post regulated as to distance, he goes on to say that he does not favor a parcel post at all. He is in favor of a Parcel Express such as is contemplated by the Goeke bill; that means "taking over the express companies, articulating the service with the country through rural delivery and giving relief to the consumers by getting the vital necessities direct to them from the farmer, while giving all express shippers, mercantile as well as others, relief from the onerous and prohibitive express charge."

The attention of Mr. Lewis having been called by Mr. Slayden to the fact that while the former complains with perfect propriety of the exorbitant rates of the express companies, a remedy is provided by the rulings of the Interstate Commerce Commission, that can regulate rates and force them to a reasonable basis, but Mr. Lewis proceeds in his argument and shows that ordinarily one would say if a transportation rate were two or three times as high as it ought to be, the Interstate Commerce Commission would be the appropriate tribunal for relief, yet, in as much as the express company is not a normal transportation agency, but to use the terms of the congressman, "a transportation parasite," which he uses, he says, not as an epithet, but as a term of description. The question propounded brings up the consideration of the very anomalous characteristics of the express company, and this he exhibits by the following: "For years they have been paying, as a whole, near to, if not more than, 100 per cent. profits on the real investment, and yet the proportion of the average rate which is profit was less than 7 per cent. last year. A slight reduction would wipe out this margin and perhaps leave a deficit. Now, take a normal transportation agency and the facts are very different. In order for the railways to pay 6 per cent. dividends, 30 per cent. of their average rates must be profit. If you wished to reduce their rates so as to produce dividends of only 5 per cent., you would have this 30 per cent. to play on, and a reduction of 5 per cent. in the rate would produce the lowered dividend proposed and leave a profit margin of 25 per cent. of the total rate. In the case of the express rates, one-half of 1 per cent. profit in the rate would produce a 10 per cent. dividend on the capital used in the business, but this margin would be so small that the slightest changes in business might convert it into a deficit.

Of course, no Government tribunal would order such a margin, and I am not sure that it could safely reduce the present margin of less than 7 per cent.,

as a perturbation of the traffic might mean a deficit. Nearly all the efforts made by the State regulatory tribunals have been struck down by the courts on this ground. Thoughtful men will recognize that you cannot trifle with such a small margin. All this is true because the parasitic character of the express company enables it to proceed with relatively no capital and yet capital enough to enforce the protections vouchsafed to proprietary rights. I may say to the gentleman from Texas that regulation seems entirely unfitted for this subject.

It is impossible to give in the space at our disposal more than a summary of Mr. Lewis' profound study and extensive research on the question of postal express. It is to be hoped that our indefatigable Representative will continue his laudable efforts to bring home to the people the necessity of government intervention in the matter facilitating and cheapening the transportation of vital necessities from the farm to the household.

A Poisonous Industry.

Claude Kitchin, Representative of the Second District of North Carolina, tried to "laugh out of court" the case of the sponsors of the Esch Match bill at the hearing held to consider whether the Ways and Means Committee of the House should report this measure, which forbids the use of poisonous white phosphorus in the manufacture of matches by imposing a destructive tax. In the midst of his hilarity a figure more startling than Banquo's ghost and not less horrible appeared and confronted the committee. A man whose jaw and throat had been eaten away by the invading fumes as he bent at his work in one of the match factories stood a mute witness of their terrible effects. It is reported that Representative Kitchin checked his light-flowing mirth, stared, shrunk back and fled.

This bill is being treated in a cowardly way by the Ways and Means Committee. President Taft asked the Diamond Match Company to give up its patent in the harmless sesquiphosphide process, so that all its competitors might use it on equal terms, in place of the compound that produces the disfigurement of "phossy jaw" among their operatives. This the Diamond Match Company has done. The Republican House last year rejected the Esch bill to tax the poison out of use, and substituted a resolution to investigate the Diamond Match Company. The Ways and Means Committee of the present Democrat House is hostile to the bill because, forsooth, it is favored by a Republican President. The committee should favor the bill because its members are men first, partisans afterward, and because the President who recommended it is a man with the common instincts of humanity. Let us have no report withholding the measure from the vote of Congress by a subcommittee whose members meet in secret, and are ashamed to sign their names to the report.—N. Y. Times.

The Ching Hwa Republic is the official name of the new Chinese Government. Ching Hwa means Chinese.

TAFT FIRES HOT SHOT INTO HIS OPPONENTS

Progressives So In Name Only.—Extremists Would Repeat Conditions of the French Revolution.

In a speech delivered in New York on Monday President Taft made a direct appeal to the common sense of the Nation. He declared that the extremists were not progressives and they would have us into a condition that would find no parallel except in the French Revolution or of that anarchy which once characterized the South American Republics. He spoke of the security of the Constitution and the necessity of its observance to give equal opportunity to all men. He scorned the catchphrase that we should prefer "the man above the dollar."

The President read his speech with considerable rapidity and it was necessary for the audience to listen with care to catch all he said. But they broke in from time to time with applause a great shout arose as Mr. Taft declared that the Republican Party would never consent in the slightest degree to the subjection of the Courts and the Judges to the popular will.

Then he settled down to a review of the things that he had accomplished during his administration. He dwelt on the necessity of tariff revision according to actual information. He spoke of his desire to make as little disturbances in business as possible in effecting tariff changes by schedules and he denounced the habit of making general denunciations without suggesting any affirmative policy.

The Kaiser's Code of Life.

There has been made public, from a thoroughly authentic quarter, the text of a "Code of Philosophy" which hangs in the Kaiser's study both in Berlin and Potsdam. It constitutes, as his Majesty informs his friends, the principles on which he governs his daily life. The code is in the form of a scroll, and occupies a conspicuous place directly above the Emperor's work table. In English translation it reads:

"To be strong in sorrow; not wishing for that which is unattainable or worthless; content with each day as it comes; seeking for the good in everything and enjoying nature and mankind as they are; finding solace in one happy hour for a thousand bitter ones, and always giving the best that is in one, even though no thanks are received.

"Who learneth that lesson is happy, free, and proud, and his life will be a beautiful one. But he who mistrusts, only wrongs others and harms himself. It is our duty to consider every one good until the contrary is proved. The world is so large and we are so small—everything cannot possibly revolve around ourselves. If something injures us or causes us pain, who knows but what it is necessary for the good of the whole creation?"

"The great, wise will of the Almighty and omnipotent Creator manifests itself in everything, animate or inanimate, in this world; we petty human beings lack only the wisdom to comprehend it. As everything is, so should it be, in this world; and no matter how it is, it is always good in the eyes of the Creator."

FIRE FACTS!! Which Side of the Fence are You On?

THE OLD WAY

THE HALLER & NEWMAN WAY

Your Agent brings you a policy and collects your premium. His Companies are probably good, and if your property burns you will probably get your money. But—he does not give you the INSURANCE SERVICE to which you are entitled and for which you are paying him real money.

Fires prevented by expert inspection and careful attention.

Reduced Hazards and Lower Premiums.

Correctly Written policies in the Strongest Companies.

Losses paid promptly without discount or "red tape."

A Service that Saves You Money, Time and Trouble.

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The Philadelphia Underwriters of Phila.
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SALE NOTICES.

The chances are you have already determined about when you will have sale. Why not settle upon the exact date now and make it DEFINITE?

T. A. MAXELL, AUCTIONEER. Book Your Dates with me for Future Sales.

- Feb. 19—at 10 A. M., E. E. Creps, in Adams county, Pa., about 3 miles West of Emmitsburg at Grayson School House known as the Lewis Wertz farm, Live Stock and farming implements.

Feb. 24, at 1 P. M., Mary G. Landers, at residence on Square, Emmitsburg, Household Goods.

Feb. 26, Henry Hoke, on Jacob Hoke farm, short distance west of Emmitsburg off the mountain road, Clearance Sale of Live Stock, Farming Implements, etc.

Feb. 27, John B. Pecher in Liberty township, Pa, 3 miles South of Fairfield, Horses, Cattle and Farming implements.

Feb. 29, at 10 A. M., Joseph H. Long, at Annandale, West of Emmitsburg, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

Feb. 28, at 12 o'clock, G. G. Ecker in Liberty township on road from Gingell's Mill to Gettysburg, half mile from former, Live Stock. W. T. Smith, Auct.

March 1, at 12 o'clock, Wm. E. Koons, on the Neely farm, midway between Emmitsburg and Harney, on Little-town road, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 2, at 10 o'clock, J. Stewart Annan, on farm near Emmitsburg, on Taneytown road, Live Stock, Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 2, at 12 o'clock, George I. and Ada R. Wagner, at residence, one mile and a quarter South of Mt. St. Mary's College on Mechanicstown road, Household Goods and Carpenter's and Gardener's tools.

March 4, at 10 A. M., Howard Linebaugh, on road from Sabillasville to Emmitsburg, about 2 miles from former, Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Good. S. W. Mong, Auct.

March 4, at 12 o'clock, W. Tyson Lansinger on Welty farm 1-4 mile Northeast of Emmitsburg, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 5, John A. Matthews, about one mile Northeast of Emmitsburg, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 6, Samuel Boyd, midway between Taneytown and Bruceville, Live Stock, and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 7, at 12 o'clock, Martin Pryor, half mile North of Zentz's Mill, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 8, at 11 o'clock, Henry Hiltberbach, 2 miles South of Taneytown on Middleburg road, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 9, at 10 A. M. Sharp, Wm. T. Smith, at Bridgeport, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Jno. Smith, Auct.

March 11, at 10 A. M., Anthony Wyvill, on Track Road about 4 miles North of Emmitsburg, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 12, 9 A. M., Wash. Shoemaker, 1 1/2 miles South of Harney, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 13, at 9 A. M., Wm. Fox, at Myers' Mill, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 14, John M. Ahalt, near Creagerstown, Live Stock and Farming Implements, etc.

March 14, at 10 A. M., Harold Null, about 2 miles South of Bridgeport, on the Samuel Null farm, Live Stock, Farming Implements, Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 15, 9 A. M., Noah Frounfelder, 2 miles North of Harney, in Mt. Joy Township, Live Stock, Farming Implements, Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 15, at 10 o'clock, M. L. Sprengle, one-fourth mile from Jack's Mountain station on W. M. R. R., 1/4 mile from Waynesboro pike, Live Stock and Farming Implements.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned intending to quit farming will sell at public sale at Bridgeport, about midway between Taneytown and Emmitsburg on Saturday, March 9, 1912, at 10 o'clock sharp, rain or shine, the following valuable personal property to-wit: 5 HEAD OF HORSES, 1 Bay Mare, 4 years old, work anywhere hitched; Bay Mare, 4 years old, good off-side worker; Roan Mare, 7 years old, work anywhere hitched; Bay Mare, 2 years old, 2 years old, will make a fine horse; Black Mare, 2 years old in June, will make a fine mare; 8 HEAD DEHORNED CATTLE, consisting of 5 milch cows, 3 of which have calves by their side, 1 heifer one year old and 2 Durham bulls one 20 months old and the other 1 year old, 21 HEAD OF FINE SHOATS, Berkshire and Poland China crossed, ranging from 40 to 70 lbs, each, also 4 large Berkshire and Poland China sows, 2 of which will have pigs last of February and the other two will farrow by April 1st, 1 male hog (Berkshire) 18 months old, entitled to be registered, farming implements, wagon capacity 5 tons, 3-inch tread, home-made, 2 1/2 horse wagon, (4 tons 3-inch tread, 2 1/2 horse wagon and bed, wagon bed 14-foot long, capacity 100 bushels, 2 McCormick 6-foot cut binders in good condition, 2 McCormick mowers 5-horse, 2 extra good condition, 2 riding corn plows, hay tedder, Columbia Horse rake in good condition, low down spangler drill, Deering check-row corn planter and 80 rods chain, 8-cylinder single row corn planter in good order, home-made land roller (good), drag, separator and horse team, with three 600 bushels per day, winnowing mill, spring disc harrow good as new, 2 lever springtooth harrows, 2 steel frame springtooth harrows, 3 spike harrows, 3 cultivators, 3 plows, 2 Roland Chilled No. 43, 1 Wyard No. 28, 2 double shovel plows, 2 corn covers, 4 single corn workers, chopping mill, 2 pair hay carriers, 21 feet long, 2 sets dung bands, dry-down, retaining 20 drums made from best lumber, 3 horse wagon stretcher, 3 spreaders, 2 good home-made fifth chains, 2 carrying chains, 2 lock chains, rough lock and lee cutter, 3 pairs butt traces, 3 pairs breast chains, 4 other chains, 25 cow chains, 3 log chains, 2 soap shovels, mattock, pick, ice hook, double Harpoon hay fork and 4 pulleys with 10 feet new rope, 20 iron trees, 3 double trees, 15 single trees, 20 middle rings, rakes and forks of all kinds, dung hook, 2 hay knives, 2 sets breechbands, 4 sets front ends, set rakes harness, wagon saddle, 2 sets saddles, 4 blind bridles, 6 collars, 5 housings, 2 6-horse lines, new 4-horse line, 3 pair check lines, 8 halters, 3 fly nets, 6 tie straps, 4 plow lines, lot of iron, good 2-horse, 1-horse, 2-horse spread, 2 horse sled, good feed trough, wagon jack, 2 bag wagons, bag holder, straw cutter, broom corn stripper, 60 feet heavy rope, 3 sets of iron cross-cut saw, wagon rims, 2 lime boxes, 1000 bushels of corn in ear and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of sale—All sums under \$5.00 and over a credit of 10 months will be given, the purchaser to give his note with approved security bearing interest from day of sale. Two per cent. off for cash. Any person buying stock can leave it until Monday and I will take proper care of it, but must settle for same on day of sale.

Wm. T. Smith, Auct. Edmond F. Smith, Harry L. Peeser, clerks.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned having rented his farm will sell at public sale on the premises just East of Emmitsburg on the Taneytown road, on Saturday, March 2, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M., sharp, the following valuable personal property of which the household goods will be auctioned off first, beginning promptly at 10 o'clock. SIX HEAD OF HORSES, two horses four years old, will each weigh 1275 pounds; one five-year old, weight 1325; one five-year old 1390 pounds. These will all work wherever hitched and are good big horses. Black horse Mack, nine years old, will weigh 1400, work wherever hitched. Standard bred Stallion, three years old in the State of Maryland. Precursor who has a mark of 2:18 1/2 out of Eagle, bred from Allie Lee, who had a mark of 2:22. SEVEN HEAD OF CATTLE, six cows, three of which will be fresh by day of sale and one heifer. NINE HEAD OF HOGS, two brood sows, one will have pigs in April, one with pigs by her side; boar hog and six shoats, six ewes and five chickens. Farming implements, 4-horse wagon, wagon bed, stick wagon, hay ladders, wagon ladders, dump cart, spring wagon, runabout, sleigh, break cart, land roller, Tornado roller cutter, new Peerless drill, Deering corn planter, McCormick mower, McCormick binder, hay tedder, horse rake, 2 new Mountville 2 and 3-horse plows, 1 3-horse plow, single 1-horse plow, 2 double shovel plows, corn coverer, 2 walking corn plows, 2 lever harrows, hay rope and pulley, set of dung boards, dung hook, dung sled, dung fork, lawn mower, circular wood saw, circular belt, 120 feet long; straw knives, pick, forks, cow chains, 3 jockey sticks, spreader, 2 3-horse double trees, 2 3-horse double trees, 9 single trees, middle rings, horse wheel, ice hooks and many other butchering utensils, chicken coops, dog box, meat benches, barrels, milk can, screen doors. Household goods, beds, lamps, coats, chairs, wardrobes, dishes, refrigerator, pictures, iron kettle, tripod, swing, curtain poles, wash bowls and pitchers, churn, coal oil stove, shelves, and numerous other articles.

Terms of sale—On all sums under \$5 cash; on all sums of \$5 or over a credit of six months will be given by the purchaser giving his note with approved security bearing interest from day of sale. No goods to be removed until the terms of sale have been complied with.

Wm. T. Smith, Auct. J. STEWART ANNAN.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned agent will sell at public sale, at his residence on the Bull Frog road, one and one-half miles from Fairplay, near Emmitsburg and Harney road, on Tuesday, February 27, 1912, at 1 o'clock sharp, the following property: THREE HEAD OF HORSES, consisting of one brown mare, 13 years old, fine driver and good off-side worker; 1 Bay mare, 15 years old, good off-side worker; dark bay mare, 15 years old, works anywhere and a good leader and driver. TWO HEAD OF CATTLE, consisting of one brindle cow, carrying her calf, will be fresh in August, one red Durham heifer carrying her first calf and will be fresh last of October. Farming implements, one 3 or 4-horse wagon, 3-inch tread, new bed 12 feet long, new set hay carriages, 16 feet long, McCormick binder, 6-foot cut, in good running order. Columbia hay rake, springtooth harrow, spike row harrow, 2-horse plow, 2 double riding corn workers, one Reed, one Hench, single shovel plow, double shovel plow, new land roller, dung sled, work bench, corn fork, digging iron, pick, shovels, forks, saws, single, double and triple trees, cow chains, ropes, jockey sticks, half barrel crude oil, 2 sets breechbands, set front gears, 2 sets buggy harness, 4 blind bridles, 4 collar lines, 4 halters, 2 fly nets, lot of carpenter tools, broad axe, parlor stove, corner cupboard and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of sale—All sums under \$5 cash; all sums over \$5 a credit of eight months will be given by the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes with approved security bearing interest from day of sale.

GREENBERRY T. GEARHART, Agent. Wm. T. Smith, Auct. Charles Gillean, Clerk.

March 22, at 12 o'clock, Mrs. Ike Reifsnider, on Bruceville road, 2 miles South of Taneytown, Live Stock, Farming Implements, Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 23, at 11 A. M., Ed. Shriver, half way between Harney and Bethel Church, Live Stock and Farming Implements. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 23, at 12 o'clock, Charles C. Reeder, Agent, at his residence, West Main street, Household Goods. T. A. Maxell, Auct.

March 25, S. G. Sprengle, Glad Hill Station, W. M. R. R. to Gettysburg, Live Stock and Farming Implements.

March 25, at 1 o'clock, John Ecker, on Plank Road, Live Stock, Farming Implements, Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 26, at 1 o'clock, Frank Palmer, Palmer's Mill, South of Harney, Various Articles. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 27, at 10 A. M., Ambrose Fisher, close to Chews' Station on Littlestown road, Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 28th, at 1 o'clock, David Staley, between Bridgeport and Harney, Live Stock, Farming Implements and Household Goods. Wm. T. Smith, Auct.

March 29, at 12 o'clock, one mile South of Motter's Station, Robert Martin, Live Stock and Farming Implements. W. T. Smith, Auct.

March 30, at 12 o'clock, Isaac M. Fisher at Motter's Station. W. T. Smith, Auct.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned intending to quit farming will sell at public sale, at his residence in Liberty township, on the road leading from the Tract road to the Waynesboro pike, on Monday, March 11, 1912, at 9 o'clock sharp, the following personal property: FOUR HEAD OF HORSES, No. 1, gray horse, Jerry, coming 11 years old; No. 2, light bay horse, Charley, coming 9 years old; No. 3, dark brown horse, coming 5 years old; No. 4, roan mare, Bess, coming 5 years old. These are all good workers and drivers and will work wherever hitched, fearless of cars or automobiles. 12 HEAD OF CATTLE, consisting of 4 head of milch cows, one fall cow, will be fresh in October; 2 fresh by day of sale, 4 heifers, 1 bull. These cattle are all good, mostly Durhams, 1 head of 15 months old HOGS, one a brood sow; these hogs will weigh from 60 to 120 lbs. 2 Acme farm wagons, one a 4-horse 4-inch tread, the other a 2-horse 2-inch tread; McCormick binder, 6-foot cut, good as new; Deering corn harvester, McCormick hay rake, McCormick mower, 2 American plows, Bissell bar-shar plow, Oliver chisel plow No. 4, 2 spring tooth harrows, one a lever Osborne, the other a wood frame; double shovel plow, single shovel plow, Brickman & Huffman grain drill, 2 Spangler corn planters, 3 buggy harness, set of hay carriages, 20-foot long; 7 pulleys, 150 feet of hay rope, double harpoon hay fork, good threshing machine, winnowing mill, cider press, land roller, grain cradle, digging iron, shovels, forks, saws, single sleigh, wagon jack, 2 sets sleigh bells, dung sled, 6 dung forks, 4 pitch forks, shaker fork, 2 sets breechbands, 4 sets front ends, 4 housings, riding saddle, wagon saddle, side saddle, set double harness, 2 sets single harness, 7 bridles, 2 pairs check lines, 2 plow lines, 10 horse collars, 4 fly nets, 6 tie straps, 3 hitching ropes, 2 spreaders, 3 double trees, single trees, 2 triple trees, 3 jockey sticks, complete set of blacksmith tools, consisting of tire staver, tire bender, drill vice, bellows, anvils, hammers, saws, hammers, stock and die tongs; set of carpenter tools, 2 log chains, tie chains, cow chains, breast chains, rough lock and lee cutter, 3 pairs butt traces, 3 pairs breast chains, 4 other chains, 25 cow chains, 3 log chains, 2 soap shovels, mattock, pick, ice hook, double Harpoon hay fork and 4 pulleys with 10 feet new rope, 20 iron trees, 3 double trees, 15 single trees, 20 middle rings, rakes and forks of all kinds, dung hook, 2 hay knives, 2 sets breechbands, 4 sets front ends, set rakes harness, wagon saddle, 2 sets saddles, 4 blind bridles, 6 collars, 5 housings, 2 6-horse lines, new 4-horse line, 3 pair check lines, 8 halters, 3 fly nets, 6 tie straps, 4 plow lines, lot of iron, good 2-horse, 1-horse, 2-horse spread, 2 horse sled, good feed trough, wagon jack, 2 bag wagons, bag holder, straw cutter, broom corn stripper, 60 feet heavy rope, 3 sets of iron cross-cut saw, wagon rims, 2 lime boxes, 1000 bushels of corn in ear and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of sale—All sums of \$5.00 and over, a credit of 10 months will be given, the purchaser to give his note with approved security bearing interest from day of sale. Two per cent. off for cash. Any person buying stock can leave it until Monday and I will take proper care of it, but must settle for same on day of sale.

Wm. T. Smith, Auct. ANTHONY WIVELL.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned intending to quit farming will sell at his residence on the Annan farm one mile west of Emmitsburg, near Annandale school house on Thursday, February 29, 1912, at 10 o'clock sharp, rain or shine, the following valuable personal property to-wit: 5 HEAD OF HORSES, 1 Bay Mare, 4 years old, good leader, work anywhere, weight 1000 lbs.; 1 gray horse, 5 years old, good leader, work anywhere, good driver, weight 1400 lbs.; 1 gray horse, 1 year old, good worker and driver, weight 1400 lbs.; 1 black horse, 8 years old, work anywhere, fine leader and driver, black horse, 7 years old, work wherever hitched, any child can drive him; 1 brown mare, 8 years old, work anywhere, elegant leader and driver, weight 1100 lbs.; 1 brown horse, 6 years old, work anywhere, good driver; 1 brown mare, 8 years old, good leader and will work anywhere; 2 yearling colts, bay horse, 1 year old, good leader and driver; 18 HEAD OF CATTLE, 9 head of shoats weighing about 60 lbs., 2 brood sows, with their pigs by their side, farming implements, Deering binder, McCormick mower, (new) only out 25 acres, riding corn plow, (Kraus) make, 2-horse, 3-horse, 4-horse, 5-horse, 6-horse, 7-horse, 8-horse, 9-horse, 10-horse, 11-horse, 12-horse, 13-horse, 14-horse, 15-horse, 16-horse, 17-horse, 18-horse, 19-horse, 20-horse, 21-horse, 22-horse, 23-horse, 24-horse, 25-horse, 26-horse, 27-horse, 28-horse, 29-horse, 30-horse, 31-horse, 32-horse, 33-horse, 34-horse, 35-horse, 36-horse, 37-horse, 38-horse, 39-horse, 40-horse, 41-horse, 42-horse, 43-horse, 44-horse, 45-horse, 46-horse, 47-horse, 48-horse, 49-horse, 50-horse, 51-horse, 52-horse, 53-horse, 54-horse, 55-horse, 56-horse, 57-horse, 58-horse, 59-horse, 60-horse, 61-horse, 62-horse, 63-horse, 64-horse, 65-horse, 66-horse, 67-horse, 68-horse, 69-horse, 70-horse, 71-horse, 72-horse, 73-horse, 74-horse, 75-horse, 76-horse, 77-horse, 78-horse, 79-horse, 80-horse, 81-horse, 82-horse, 83-horse, 84-horse, 85-horse, 86-horse, 87-horse, 88-horse, 89-horse, 90-horse, 91-horse, 92-horse, 93-horse, 94-horse, 95-horse, 96-horse, 97-horse, 98-horse, 99-horse, 100-horse.

Terms of sale—All sums under \$5 cash; on all sums of \$5 or over a credit of 6 months will be given, the purchaser to give his note with approved security bearing interest from day of sale. 2 per cent. off for cash.

Wm. T. Smith, Auct. JOSEPH H. LONG, Chas. E. Gillean, E. H. Rowe, Clerks.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned intending to reduce his stock will sell at public sale on the premises one mile west of Emmitsburg on the road leading from Annandale School House on the Jacob Hoke farm, on Monday, February 26, 1912, at 12 o'clock sharp, the following valuable personal property: FOUR HEAD OF HORSES, 1 light bay horse, 10 years old, good leader, work anywhere, weight 1600 lbs., sound, will work wherever hitched, and an extra good leader and driver; 1 gray horse, 1 year old, will make a fine horse; pair of brown Kentucky mules, rising 3 years old, good workers, these are extra good mules, FOUR HEAD OF CATTLE, consisting of 1 cow, will be fresh in the Spring; young cow carrying her second calf, was fresh in January; one heifer will be fresh in April; one Holstein bull coming 2 years old, HEAD OF HOGS, 1 Chester brood sow; 4 Chester White brood sows, these sows will farrow the last of March and first of April; 16 shoats will weigh from 85 to 120 lbs., farming implements: iron wheeled truck wagon, 2-horse; good 14-foot wagon bed, 2 sets side boards, set 16-foot wood ladders, 5-foot McCormick mower in good running order, new Deering weeder, only used one season, 6-foot Champion reaper, dog cart, single row spangler corn planter, Corn King triple-gang grinding machine, will grind 20 bushels an hour, nearly new, 2-horse sled, 4-horse cultivator, hoe harrow, spring harrow, 2 spike harrows, single shovel plow, 2 sets breechbands, 4 sets front ends, sleigh, spring wagon pole, new buggy pole, cutting box, Fairbank's Platform scales, 3-horse wagon stretcher, corn sheller, 2 sets heavy breechings, set single driving harness, halter, stone and sand, lawn mower, set of poplar planks and side boards, 12 feet long for 2-horse wagon bed, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of sale—All sums under \$5 cash; on all sums over \$5 a credit of six months will be given by the purchaser giving their notes with approved security, being interest from day of sale. No goods to be removed until settled for.

Wm. T. Smith, Auct. HENRY G. HOKE, C. T. Zacharias, Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will sell at public sale on his farm along the Taneytown road, near Harney to Emmitsburg, known as the J. M. Neely farm, on Friday, March 1, 1912, at 10 o'clock, the following valuable personal property: FIVE HEAD OF HORSES and COLTS, dark bay horse, 16 years old, will work wherever hitched; a dark bay mare, 10 years old, off-side worker and driver; dark bay colt, 15 years old; light bay colt, rising three years old, bay mare, 4 years old with foal, off-side worker, 8 milk cows, 2 of which will be fresh by time of sale, some in April and some in May; 6 heifers, four bulls fit for service, 4 of them red Durham and two smaller but w, 2 brood sows, 36 head of shoats, 100 lbs. and over, will be fresh by time of sale, farming implements, new Deere gang plow, good as new, long plow, Oliver chisel, springtooth harrow, with eighteen teeth; double shovel plow, three prong corn plow, single row corn planter, long sled, double trees, single trees, middle rings, bridles, collars, 3 sets front ends, butters and check lines, etc. Terms of sale—All sums of \$5 and under cash; on all sums over \$5 a credit of eight months will be given by the purchaser giving his note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale. Two per cent off for cash. No goods to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned intending to reduce his stock will sell at public sale at his residence in Liberty township, on the road leading from Gingell's Mill to Gettysburg about half a mile from the former, on Wednesday, February 28th, 1912, at 12 o'clock the following personal property: FIVE HEAD OF HORSES, No. 1, a Bay Horse Prince coming 5 years old will weigh about 1350 pounds will work wherever hitched a good driver and has been worked in the lead, sound and all right. No. 2, Bay Horse, Jack, a leader and good worker and driver; No. 3, a Bay Mare, Maud, coming 3 years old, good size and will make a fine mare; No. 4, a Brown Horse Dick, coming 3 years old, good blood and will make a fine driver; No. 5 a Bay Mare colt, coming 1 year old, good size and a good bred colt. 11 HEAD OF CATTLE, consisting of 6 milk cows, 2 will be fresh by the time of sale, 1 in April, 2 heifers, 1 bull, fit for service, 10 HEAD OF GOOD SHEEP will have lambs by the time of sale, 23 HEAD OF HOGS, 7 brood sows, 2 will have pigs by the time of sale, 1 the day of May, 4 young sows will farrow in May, the balance are shoats weighing from 40 to 60 pounds, these hogs are good stock and will show for themselves, 1 sulkey corn plow in good order, Kraus make, 2 spring harrows, horse rake, grain drill, cutting box, Sharpless cream separator No. 3, good as new, only been used a short time and many other things not mentioned.

TERMS—A credit of 10 months will be given on all sums of \$5.00 and up, purchasers giving their notes with approved security bearing interest from day of sale; if the notes are promptly paid at maturity the interest will be released. Five per cent. off for cash.

G. G. ECKER, Wm. T. Smith, Auct. J. E. Zimmerman, Clerk.

FINE NOTE PAPER

One pound of Fine Linen Note Paper—eighty odd sheets—with envelopes to match. 50c

CHRONICLE OFFICE.

PARAGRAPH NEWS.

(Continued from page 1.) Led by the Moccasin and Viper, the submarine fleet at Norfolk, Va., will tomorrow attempt a 20-mile trip up the Chesapeake Bay and return, under its partially ice-covered surface.

The Roosevelt boom was officially launched tonight, when Roosevelt headquarters were formally opened on the tenth floor of the Munsey Building, Washington.

As the White House clocks were striking 10 this morning President Taft signed the proclamation admitting Arizona to the Union.

Thursday. Yuan Shi Kai was to-day elected President of the Chinese Republic by the National Assembly.

Mexican rebels have seized Patomas, a port of entry opposite Columbus, N. M.

A "Dutch Treat" bill has been introduced in the New York Assembly.

The penal system of Maryland will be investigated if a bill introduced to day passes.

BRYAN HELD UP AS THE PARTY'S EVIL GENIUS

Representative Dies of Texas, Arraigns Nebraska In The House To Great Pleasure of Some Members.

William J. Bryan was held up to the House on Saturday last as the "evil genius hovering on the flanks of democracy" by Representative Martin E. Dies of Texas, who spoke in reply to the Commoner's latest attack upon the Democratic membership of the House.

Democrats and Republicans alike cheered Mr. Dies' declaration that he "neither feared the power nor respected the judgment" of the Nebraskan, and his further announcement "that Democracy, under the leadership of Champ Clark and Oscar W. Underwood, was headed toward complete success" swept the Democratic side of the House into storms of applause.

"I am almost ready to join Gov. Wilson in his desire to find some decent and orderly manner of knocking Mr. Bryan into a cocked hat," said Mr. Dies, amid a roar of Democratic laughter and applause.

—CALL ON— GEO. T. EYSTER. —AND— See his splendid stock of GOLD & SILVER Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES

SHALL WE SEND YOU A WONDERFUL PICTURE

Costing Hundreds of Dollars, of the Great Baltimore Harbor as it looks after being built up since the great fire in 1904, with its fifteen million dollar piers? This picture was taken from the top of the Emerson Bromo Seltzer Tower 310 feet high and shows the Big River and Ocean Going Vessels, a vast portion of the city the entire harbor, the eastern Shore of Maryland and miles and miles of surrounding Country.

IF YOU LIKE IT Tell us so, it is the front cover of J. Bolgiano and Son's Seed Catalogue for 1912. It plainly shows Bolgiano's New Pier and Warehouses and Bolgiano's Seed Store both on the water front.

IT'S FREE Although Bolgiano's 1912 Catalogue cost many thousands of dollars to produce—having over 300 half tone illustrations. We will send it to you free if you plant Garden Seeds, Field Seeds or Flower Seeds or users of Poultry Foods and supplies—but we cannot afford to give it free to those who do not use these items—the edition is limited so send for one to-day before they are all gone.

FOR A 2c. STAMP We will also send a 25c. Poultry Record for one year.

J. BOLGIANO & SON, THE OLD RELIABLE SEED STORE BALTIMORE, MD. feb 9-12

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GUY K. MOTTER

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW Will be in Emmitsburg Tuesday of each week from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Office at Public Library Room. Frederick office telephone number 30. June 3-10-11

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Fidelity and Deposit Co. OF MARYLAND EDWIN WARFIELD, President.

We Do Business Everywhere HALLER & NEWMAN General Agents for Frederick County FREDERICK, MD. Aug 12-10-17

Paint—Drouth

The longer the drouth the more rain is required to water the earth. The longer a building goes without painting the dryer it gets and more paint is required to keep water out.

A ten gallon Job this year is a eleven gallon Job next year—you will save money by using the best paint.

DEVOE'S J. Thos. Gelwicks, Agt. april 24-17

—CALL ON— GEO. T. EYSTER. —AND— See his splendid stock of GOLD & SILVER Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES

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The Weekly Chronicle

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—One Dollar a year in advance; Six months, 50 cents. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25 cents.

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THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right to decline any advertisements which he may deem objectionable.

NO ATTENTION whatever will be paid to anonymous contributions.

MANUSCRIPTS offered for publication will be returned if unavailable, when accompanied by stamps.

Entered as second-class matter January 1, 1909, at the post office at Emmitsburg, Md., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1912.

THE CHRONICLE will be independent in politics, progressive in spirit and a champion of what it conceives to be right.

[Editorial from The Chronicle, June 8, 1906.]

1912 FEBRUARY 1912

Calendar for February 1912 showing days of the week and dates.

Communications intended for publication in this paper, letters of a business nature in relation to the Chronicle, and all orders for Job Printing to be done at this office should be addressed to THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

FREDERICK COUNTY.

Frederick is next to the largest of the counties of Maryland. In population and wealth it ranks next to Baltimore county.

A LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE TO INSPECT STATE INSTITUTIONS.

The excellent suggestion that a committee composed of State senators and delegates be appointed to visit and examine during the recess of the Legislature all institutions receiving State appropriations should bear fruit.

CHLOROFORM INSTEAD OF HANGING OR ELECTROCUTION.

It is the opinion of Warden Weyler that hanging should be done away with and electrocution not adopted in Maryland.

DIPLOMATIC REGALIA.

Why not the ambassadorial uniform? The clergy have a distinctive dress, the judiciary the gown of office, the several branches of our martial service the gold lace and plume—all emblematic of their respective rank.

MRS. GEORGE W. ASH, wife of the late editor of the Cecil Democrat, has assumed the editorship and management of that excellent paper and, with the warm welcome accorded by every Maryland contemporary, should feel entirely at home in the ranks of the journalism of the State.

The next thing in feminine headgear, so the fashion writers say, is to be the Turkish towel hat.

can imagine a very chic model with a buckle made of a cake of soap, a face sponge for a rosette, ornaments formed by carelessly crossing a tooth brush and nail file, and a veil composed of loosely crocheted wash cloths.

If failure be the end of your fond dream, the world will shake its head and wink its eyes. But if you land successfully your scheme, 'twill laud your name up to the very skies.

THE precedent established by the municipality of Chicago in fining a street railway company for failure to properly heat its cars might well be followed by state authorities in dealing with steam railroads guilty of similar negligence.

THE fact that the Army will shortly begin using wax bullets and a suffragette cavalry troop is forming in New York may be taken as an indication of our country's sincerity in the peace movement.

"ROOSEVELT will break silence February 21," reads a heading in the Baltimore Evening Sun. Perhaps after that roll of thunder we can look for the breaking up of winter.

OLD Frank Black in New York politics is back, and his aim is to maim Col. T. R. with one whack. For years old Frank's been sore, nursing up an ugly score, and he's going after him with a vim.

CURIOUS BITS OF HISTORY

QUEER DOINGS AT BALTIMORE.

By A. W. MACY. There were some queer doings at Baltimore eighty years ago. Witness this from Griffith's "Annals of Baltimore," published in 1833: "December 14 (1829), thirty-seven persons are drawn by one horse, in a car, planned by Mr. Ross Wians, of New Jersey, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at the rate of about ten miles per hour, or as fast as the horse could trot or gallop; which was done in the presence and to the astonishment of a multitude of spectators, who, not having witnessed such an exhibition could scarcely realize the effect."

(Copyright, 1911, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

DIET AND HEALTH TIPS

By DR. T. J. ALLEN Food Specialist

ICE CREAM FROM SOURED MILK.

The Iowa agricultural experiment station has developed an ice cream made from soured milk instead of sweet milk. This is superior to the ordinary ice cream not only in the same respects as buttermilk is superior to sweet milk, but because the select culture used in the development of buttermilk from the fresh whole milk prevents the development of inferior germs.

(Copyright, 1911, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

When Gladstone Spoke.

Gladstone was one in whom nervousness had become mannerism. When he rose to speak he began with a few gracious words on the speech which he was about to follow or some pointed remark as to the character and importance of the subject.

Fingers Before Forks.

There are some rare occasions in these days of refined table manners when fingers are really permissible instead of forks, and one grows rather rebellious under too much restraint and wishes it were oftener so.

Irregular Pulses.

A pulsus paradoxus is a pulse that stops for a moment when you are taking a deep breath. It is nothing very dreadful, though it occasionally worries people to find their pulse has stopped.

Two Views of the Same Question.

A noted bishop in order to point a lesson in humility sometimes tells a story of a young clergyman whose first appointment was to be an out of the way and poor parish.

Where Books Were Pawned.

In primitive days books had a recognized and settled value. We know how they were exchanged for a horse or half a dozen sheep, but few people know the extent to which books were pawned in the middle ages.

Why She Left Them at Home.

"Have you any references?" asked the lady of the house. "Yes, ma'am. A lot of 'em." "Then why didn't you bring them with you?"

Surprised.

Lady—I am surprised, little boy, to see you smoking that cigar. Boy—I'm sprised myself, lady; I thought the man would never drop it.—Philadelphia Telegram.

An Expensive Luxury.

"Yes," said the literary man with a sigh: "style is a fine thing for a writer to have, but when his wife's got it too it takes all the profit away."—Harper's Weekly.

Runaway Match.

"People wonder how I got my wife. It was a runaway match. I ran away and she ran after me."—Cassell's Journal.

Contentment gives a crown where fortune hath denied it.—Ford.

The Lotus Flower.

Poets and novelists alike have given mythical texture and color to the lotus. The elder Dumas spoke of a lotus flower "pure white and with petals as delicate as fine muslin."

A Porterhouse Steak.

According to the Encyclopaedia Britannica, the word "steak" is apparently derived from Icelandic "steik," used in the same sense as the English word, "which meant properly roasted meat, from steikja, to roast—that is, placed on a stick or peg of wood before the fire (compare Swedish, stek; Danish, stek, roast meat)."

Lord Brougham's Dream.

Lord Brougham was one of the most stubborn believers in the "common sense" explanation of ghostly appearances as dreams. At Edinburgh university he and an intimate friend drew up an agreement written with their blood that whichever of them died first should appear to the survivor.

A Rogue Elephant.

In "Big Game Shooting In Upper Burma" Major Evans tells of a famous rogue elephant that had for some time terrorized the jungle and that had finally been laid low by a bullet from the major's rifle.

Wasted Wit.

"Crude country, America," the visiting Englishman condescended to say. "As how?" we ventured to ask. "I see by this mawning's paper that a man was held up and robbed heah yestehday in broad daylight. Such things nevah could happen in London."

Heard In the Lobby.

"I am very much interested in the passing show," said Mr. Pinchpenny insinuatingly. "Well," replied the man in the box office, "this isn't any passing show. This is a pay as you enter show."—Exchange.

A Perfect Likeness.

Mrs. S.—Oh, what a beautiful face! Who is it? Painter—That, madam, is your daughter. Mrs. S.—What a perfect likeness! I think you must paint me!

In Training.

Clinton—Can you get in at nights without waking your wife? Clubman—No, but I expect to be able to soon. I'm taking lessons of a burglar.

Saved.

She—So your wife didn't detect that you had been drinking? He—No. The story I told took my own head away.—Variety Life.

Most men postpone happiness until the future, and the future never comes.—Epicurus.

Strength of the Condor.

The enormous strength of the condor is equaled by his voracity and boldness. This immense bird often pounces upon small animals, but from the shape and bluntness of his claws he is unable to carry anything very heavy, so he contents himself with fixing it against the ground with one of his claws, while with the other and his powerful beak he rends it to pieces.

Some Indian Chiefs.

Spotted Tail was a strong character, a wise and really great chief. He would have been a statesman, diplomatist or able governor if he had been a white man.

Crazy Horse was the incarnation of ferocity—a fierce, restless warrior, who had made a great reputation as a successful leader of raids and war parties and had become at the age of twenty-six the recognized leader of the Ogallallas, the most warlike tribe of the Sioux nation.

Sitting Bull of the Uncapapas *** was the embodiment of everything hostile to civilization, a perfect type of the savage Indian, a natural born leader of men, cunning and courageous.

Chief Joseph was the highest type of the Indian I have ever known, very handsome, kind and brave. He was quite an orator and the idol of his tribe.—General Miles in "Serving the Republic."

New York City's Seal.

A man who has done research and writing in New York city history explained the other day the significance of the two barrels on the seal of the city. Of the four spaces cut off by four windmill blades, set at right angles to each other, two heavers occupy the upper and lower, while a barrel is in each of the spaces to the right and the left.

"I can understand the meaning of the windmill arms and of the heavers, but why should the city of New York be represented by a couple of beer barrels?" some one asked.

The barrels are not beer, but flour barrels. In early colonial times under the English New York got the exclusive right to bolt flour, which brought the town such prosperity that the flour barrel was naturally an appropriate selection for the city seal.—New York Sun.

Don't Miss This.

If a woman has one daughter, who goes away, the Mrs. misses the Miss and the Miss misses the Mrs. If she has two daughters and both are away the Mrs. misses the Misses and the Misses miss the Mrs. If she has three daughters and two are at one place and one at another the Mrs. misses the Miss and the Misses, and the Miss misses the Mrs. and the Misses. If it is four daughters she has and two are at one place, while the other two are away from home and separated, the Mrs. misses the Miss and the Misses and the Misses miss the Mrs. and the Miss misses the Mrs. and the Miss misses the Miss and the Misses and the Mrs. So they would all better remain at home with the Mr. of the Mrs.—Judge.

When Hats Were Taxed.

Hat taxes were always more effective with regard to men's headgear than with women's. Queen Elizabeth taxed the blocked beaver out of existence, and Pitt's hat tax of 1784 brought a substantial revenue. Stamps were fixed inside the crown of the hat from threepence to 2 shillings, according to its price, while the penalties for selling unstamped hats ranged from £10 to £20, and the punishment for counterfeiting a hat stamp was death.

Women Street Cleaners.

Many women in Munich support themselves by street sweeping. Most of the recruits of this army come from the country, strapping daughters of small farmers or laborers, and the task is a coveted one to those stout and wholesome young women, so that there is always a waiting list. They dress in a kind of uniform—Tyrolese hat of green, with a feather at one side, blue petticoat, red jacket and a neckerchief.

As She Figures It.

"This is the first time I have seen your wife in ten years." "Yes?" "Yes. She is considerably changed." "Well, you must consider that she is a year older than she was ten years ago."—Houston Post.

His Delightful Bull.

An Irish editor in speaking of Ireland and her woes said: "Her cup of misery has been for ages overflowing and is not yet full."

The Other Way.

"What on earth's the matter? Cut yourself while shaving?" "No-o. I should say that I shaved myself while cutting."

WHEN IN
Frederick
—even between trains—be
sure to visit the
Diamond Alleys
The Finest in the State
Something Going On All The Time
**Finest Brands of
Wines, Liquors, Cigars**
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Match Games of Duck Pins
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field. Fine gymnasium and swimming pool.
Separate department for young boys.
Address, VERY REV. B. J. BRADLEY, A. M.,
Emmitsburg, Maryland.
3-11-10

A FAIR EXCHANGE
MANY people have things that they no longer have
use for, but keep them in the house taking up room
and doing no one any good.
Better sell or trade off things you don't want. Adver-
tise them and you will find that there are people ready to
take them and pay cash, or trade for them. You will
find it easy through the Columns of
THE CHRONICLE

FACING A FAMINE.
An untimely biting frost effectually
completed the mischief done earlier
by the insect enemies of Mr. Barden's
potatoes. The tops of the plants,
which had served as pasturage for the
pests, were entirely destroyed, and
with them Mr. Barden's hopes of a
crop.
He was not selfish, however, and
could think of others in the hour of
adversity. Going to town in the after-
noon, he was accosted at the postof-
fice by James Hayes, an intimate ac-
quaintance.
"Hello, Giles! How's everything up
to the corners?"
"Trouble enough, Jib, trouble
enough!" was the gloomy response.
"Ten million 'tater bugs and nothing
for 'em to eat!"—Youth's Companion.

Terrifying.
The little boy regarding the pic-
tures of the harem skirt with start-
ling eyeballs.
"Does it mean that I am to have
twice as many trousers cut down for
me?" he shrieked.
Then he fell on his knees and
prayed, as never before, that several
sisters might be vouchsafed him in
the future.—Puck.

NO GOING BEHIND THAT.



Bridget (after taking up the caller's
card)—She ain't at home, ma'am.
Caller—Really? Are you sure?
Bridget—Faix, Oi am not, but she
seems to be.

Set at Rest.
"I hear that your wife takes boarders.
Is there truth in the report?" quoth she.
"No truth whatever, dear madam;
'Tis only a roomer," said he.—Judge.

In the Barnyard.
"Quack!" scornfully exclaimed the
Goose, "don't you see all this praise
of the great American hen is merely
a jolly?"
"And why, may I ask?" demanded
the Hen, drawing herself up stiffly.
"That's easy," replied the Goose.
"It is merely to egg you on."

Unusual.
"It is queer that the quarrels of
leading actresses with their managers
about their dressing rooms are not
more secret."
"Why should they be?"
"Because the conferences are star-
chamber sessions."

Ages of Wisdom.
"I believe it's a fact that a man
must get to be at least 30 before he
really knows anything."
"Yes, and he must be at least 40 be-
fore he learns to quit telling what he
knows."—Catholic Standard and
Times.

Curious.
Mayme—Sure, I used to go with
him. Did you tell him I was going to
be married?
Grayce—I sure did.
Mayme—Did he ask how soon?
Grayce—No; he asked how long.

MERCENARY.



The Author—Unless my novel suc-
ceeds at once, I'll starve to death
The Publisher—Great idea, my boy.
Start in at once; it would advertise
your book wonderfully.

Auricular Proof.
"Is your husband a sound sleeper?"
"My dear doctor, don't you hear
him? His sleep is nothing but
sound."

Accounted For.
"I heard you are a hard drinker."
"So would you be, if you get only
hard water."

**Caring for
Uncle Horace**

Uncle Horace was over sixty and
discouragingly rich.
There is a point where one's income
becomes so great that people pass
from common, ordinarily covetous
envy to a resigned helplessness of
mind. They write down the figures of
that income, stare at them and then
say: "Oh, shucks! There ain't no
such income!" That was the delight-
ful kind of income Uncle Horace had.
Mrs. Stebbins and Mrs. Crompt, his
two nieces, were so devoted to him
and said they counted it such a joy
to have the dear old man's presence
glorify their homes that they lost
good sleep planning how to entice him
away from each other.
Moreover, each was firmly con-
vinced that the other was a designing
person.

Since he had come to stay with
Mrs. Stebbins for a few months she
had felt that something was wrong
with Uncle Horace. If it had not
been for his income Uncle Horace
would have been a small, insignificant
individual with pale eyes and an un-
pleasant habit of wanting the best
chair, and of sitting in the next room
and coughing when his niece had call-
ers. Under the circumstances he was
a reserved, original man with ideas of
his own, which his relatives delighted
to humor.

What worried Mrs. Stebbins espe-
cially was Uncle Horace's air of ab-
straction and his unwonted helpful-
ness. Usually he was under feet, in-
vestigating everything that went on
and getting in the way tremendously.
On these occasions Mrs. Stebbins was
wont to say, through her teeth, that
it was perfectly wonderful the way
Uncle Robert kept up.

This time he paid no attention to
what was going on in the house, but
would sit deep in meditation or stare
out of the window. Mrs. Stebbins'
first fear was that he was losing his
mind.

She said she would feel perfectly
terrible if anything like that hap-
pened to the dear old man while he
was under her care. She said she
never would be able to forgive her-
self, never!

"Mebbe it's rheumatism," Stebbins
suggested, hopefully. "That is liable
to make a man do almost anything!"
"Don't you want some more blank-
ets on your bed, Uncle Horace?" his
niece asked him after this suggestion.
"Are you perfectly comfortable?"
"Thank you, Tilda, I'm perfectly
comfortable," Uncle Horace had re-
sponded. "I guess I'll go after the
mail!"

This was really a double blow, for
Uncle Horace normally was not pol-
ite, and he always wanted anything
that was offered him, no matter what
it was, and also it was a long walk to
the post office.

Mrs. Stebbins had begged him to let
little Johnny go and save his own
strength, but Uncle Horace had per-
sisted. He said he felt that he ought
to do something instead of sitting
around and letting the family wear
themselves out waiting on him, and
that he was glad to be of service.

"Not in this rain, Uncle Horace!"
"Surely not when the wind is blowing
so, Uncle Horace!" or "Don't worry
me by going out in this snowstorm,
Uncle Horace!" had not the remotest
effect upon him when he started to
climb into his galoshes and wrappings
to go after the mail.

Mrs. Stebbins said to her husband,
dolefully, that she feared it was the
beginning of the end.

The week that Uncle Horace took
to starting at a sound and to flush
at a word or an unexpected look, filled
Mrs. Stebbins with alarm. That
something awful was the matter with
Uncle Horace she was convinced and
she besought him to see a doctor. She
made him jelly and fed him beef tea
despite his protests and tried in vain
to get some intelligible conversation
out of him.

Then one day he went after the
mail and did not come back.

Mrs. Stebbins had the whole town
out searching for him. She wept as
she looked on closet shelves and up
trees and in other impossible places
and said that nobody could know
how her heart bled at the idea that
darling old Uncle Horace might be in
terrible danger that very moment.

The Stebbins family and most of
the town stayed up all night search-
ing. Then the next morning a note
that explained everything came from
Uncle Horace.

"I went away to get married," he
wrote in his crabbed hand. "I have
been corresponding for some time
with a most estimable widow of forty-
five, who wants to make a home for
me in my old age. She has four chil-
dren, and we will all come to visit
you soon, for I know you will be as
fond of Sally and the children as you
are of me."

They revived Mrs. Stebbins three
times before she quit fainting. Then
she remembered that Mrs. Crompt was
lit just as hard as she was and that
made her feel better.
"It serves that designing, self-seek-
ing woman exactly right!" she told
the neighbors. "Pretending to care
about the doddering, foolish, tiresome
old man! As for me, I took him in
because I felt it was my duty!"

STATEMENT OF
The Citizens' National Bank
OF FREDERICK, MD.
JANUARY 10, 1912

| RESOURCES | | LIABILITIES | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Loans..... | \$1,487,180.16 | Capital Stock..... | \$ 100,000.00 |
| U. S. Bonds..... | 101,000.00 | Surplus..... | 300,000.00 |
| Other Bonds..... | 1,438,292.30 | Undivided Profits.. | 58,167.74 |
| Banking House and Fixtures..... | 45,000.00 | Circulation..... | 98,700.00 |
| (Cost about \$180,000) | | Deposits..... | 3,146,950.39 |
| Cash..... | 632,345.67 | | |
| | \$3,703,818.13 | | \$3,703,818.13 |

OFFICERS.
J. D. BAKER - President.
WM. G. BAKER - Vice President.
H. D. BAKER - Vice President.
WM. G. ZIMMERMAN - Cashier.
SAMUEL G. DUVALL - Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
GEO. WM. SMITH, THOS. H. HALLER,
JOHN S. RAMSBURG, DANIEL BAKER,
WM. G. BAKER, C. H. CONLEY, M. D.,
C. M. THOMAS, C. E. CLINE,
D. E. KEFAUVER, P. L. HARGETT,
JUDGE J. C. MOTTER, J. D. BAKER.

New Tailored Suits.

Suit selling has been unusually active with us—not surprising
for we are showing some of the most satisfactory values for the
money ever produced. Each day the express brings us some-
thing new—Brown is looking up considerably. To-day brings
us the Model which has all the ear marks of a \$25.00 Suit.
Splendid Quality, Correctly Tailored, very effective. Price \$16.00.
Plenty of other splendid designs, \$8.50 up. Suits for Large
Figures.

Polo Coats.
are holding the center of the stage—A wonderful variety of per-
sonal notions. New garments to-day—\$5.75 up. Handsome
styles a little higher up.

Underwear.
If an abundant Chestnut Crop does indicate a cold winter,
it will be wise to get ready. The makers of our underwear have
established the highest standard of excellence in this product,
guaranteeing to each customer the most satisfactory comfort, fit
and wear. Children's, 15c. up, Misses', 25c. up, Boys' 25c. up.
Ladies', 25c. for a good garment. Superior qualities at 37½c.
50c. up to elegant garments of Silk and Wool.

Solid comfort for men at 50c. Fleece-lined, English Ribb
Better grades 75c., \$1.00 up.

Union Suits For Everybody.
New Shirts and Neckwear For Men.

THOS. H. HALLER,
Central Dry Goods House
17 and 19 North Market Street - FREDERICK, MARYLAND.
march 27-1y

You are Invited to Inspect My
1912 LINE OF FALL AND WINTER FOOTWEAR 1912
Lot of Sample Shoes and Boots
Latest Styles. Moderate Prices.
M. FRANK ROWE,
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND

THAT MAN
Who leads in anything that is worth while being leader in,
is nearly always dressed in the fashion that leads. The
man who wears
Lippy Made Clothes
has the certainty of good fashion and of being among the
leaders in good fashion, because they have INDIVIDUAL-
ITY and are made from the Newest Fabrics.
J. D. LIPPY, Tailor,
AT HOTEL SPANGLER GETTYSBURG, PA.
Emmitsburg, Every Wednesday. Mch. 8-1f.

Peoples Fire Insurance Company of Maryland
H. M. WARREN FELTZ, Agent. EMMITSBURG, MD.
HOME OFFICE, FREDERICK, MARYLAND
A STOCK COMPANY
DR. D. E. STONE, Local Director.
Jan. 1-11

PERSONALS.

It is the aim of THE CHRONICLE to publish as many personal and social items as possible, but it frequently happens that those who have guests visiting them, and those who entertain, fail to send a list of their friends, or an account of these events, to this office. Readers who live at a distance are always interested in what is going on "at home," and for that reason, if for no other, this column should be filled every week. It is of course understood that anonymous contributions will not be published. Names of persons furnishing items will be withheld.

Miss Ferne Snook, of Rocky Ridge, spent several days with Miss Ella Mae Caldwell.

Mr. J. D. Caldwell and daughter, Ella Mae, attended the funeral services of Miss Jennie Eyer, near Thurmont, last week.

Mr. Edwin F. Ohler, of Pittsburgh, is visiting in town.

Misses Sarah Lawrence and Rosella Burdner and Messrs. Robert Burdner, Edgar Dukehart, Joseph Topper and Archie Lingg spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Bessie Long at Mt. View farm.

Miss Anna Long left last Friday for Baltimore, where she has accepted a position.

Messrs. Howard Ridinger and Roy Plank, of Gettysburg, spent Saturday with friends here.

Miss Sarah Kreitz spent Sunday with her cousin, Miss Sarah Boyle.

Miss Mary Miller, of Frederick, is visiting Mrs. J. B. Boyle.

Mr. Coover, of Lowell, Mass., is visiting Mr. E. L. Friezel.

Miss Marion Hoke has returned from a visit to York.

Miss Nellie Felix visited Mrs. Walter Ziegler in Frederick. Miss Felix attended the ball given in Armory Hall on Wednesday evening.

Mr. Charles Bowling, of Waynesboro, spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bowling, in this place.

Miss Violet Knott, of Eyer's Valley, visited Miss Rosella Adams, near town.

Miss Rosella Adams spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Mr. John Michaels.

Mr. Harry B. Fox, of Thornbrook, has gone to Silver Springs stock farm, Baltimore county, where he will be engaged for some time in training Shetland ponies.

Mr. Ed. Rider is visiting his relatives in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Bache, of Washington, who spend their Summers here, are visiting in town.

Miss Etta McKeehan, of Lynchburg, Va., visited Miss Belle Rowe.

Mr. F. Harry Gross has returned from an extended trip through the South and Southwest.

Mr. J. H. Crowell, of Brunswick, visited Mr. James Hospelhorn.

Mrs. Andrew Annan was in Baltimore on Saturday.

Mr. Joseph Topper has returned from a visit to Baltimore, York and Hanover.

Mr. Joshua Gillelan spent Sunday in Emmitsburg.

Mrs. Luey Beam, Miss Tabitha Beam and Miss Sue Guthrie were in Baltimore last week.

Mr. Bert Hospelhorn, of Hagerstown, visited here over Sunday.

Mr. P. S. Kirkland, of Baltimore, was in town on Monday.

Mr. A. F. Cronise, of Philadelphia, spent a day here last week.

Mr. George T. Eyster was in Frederick on Monday.

Miss Lulu Bushman has returned from Titusville, Pa., where she visited relatives for some time.

Mr. Frank Miller made a business trip to Thurmont on Wednesday.

Mr. J. Frank Eline, of Baltimore, visited here Wednesday.

WANTED PRINTER.—Principally straight composition but must be able to handle display work. One that will be on the job from Monday morning till Saturday noon of each week. No others need apply.

CHRONICLE OFFICE.

High School Entertainment.

The High school entertainment on Friday evening, the 9th, was enjoyed by a large and representative audience of people from both town and country. The kindly criticisms from all sides are appreciated by the twelve young men who worked so hard and persistently to make it a success. Not one of them showed a lack of preparation or the least bit of nervousness. One of the most enjoyable features was the music furnished by the Lansinger orchestra. The public owe their thanks to these musicians who so kindly came forward and by their talent and efforts made the evening a pleasant one.

To-night, the same entertainment will be given in Fairfield by these same twelve for the benefit of the Fairfield schools.

Town Hall For Urbana.

The citizens of Urbana at a recent meeting, made arrangements for the building of a town hall. The plans contemplate the construction of a hall to cost in the neighborhood of \$1,000.

MINISTER STRICKEN ON WAY FROM SERVICE

Rev. James R. Lewis Found Unconscious In Buggy Dies Short Time After.—Once Pastor at Sabillasville.

Rev. James R. Lewis formally pastor of the Reformed Church at Sabillasville but for the last five or six years in charge of the congregation of that faith at Lovettsville, Va., a short distance from Brunswick, was found unconscious setting erect in his buggy, on Monday morning. He died a short while after.

Rev. Lewis had filled the pulpit of the Reformed Church at Brunswick the day before and after the evening service he started for home. It is thought he was stricken a short time after leaving Brunswick with apoplexy.

He was 54 years old and was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. He was graduated from Franklin and Marshall College and became pastor at Sabillasville. Later he went to Kansas, but returned and was installed at Mount Pleasant. About six years ago he went to Lovettsville, Va., as pastor of St. James' German Reformed Church. He was a member of the Frederick Ministerial Association and is survived by his widow, a son and a daughter.

SURPRISE PARTY

A very delightful party was given Mr. and Mrs. Elias Knipple, of Motter's Station, in honor of their guest, Mrs. J. W. Thompson, of East Hickory, Pa., on last Thursday evening, Feb. 8. Playing games was indulged in till a late hour. Music was furnished for the occasion by Mr. Chas. Stambaugh, Mr. Roy Sharrer and Mr. Henry Warthen, of which there was a great deal of comment. The Motter's mixed quartet gave a few of their selections and with the aid of the music Mrs. Geo. W. Warthen sang a solo which every person enjoyed, then at a late hour the guests were invited to the dining room where a table was laden with plenty of good things to eat to which every body did justice. Those present were: Mr. Mr. and Mrs. Elias Knipple, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Byers, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Warthen, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Grimes, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Warthen, Mr. and Mrs. M. Roy Sharrer, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Saylor, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Welty, Mr. and Mrs. Samael Seiss, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Knipple, Mr. and Mrs. N. O. Sharrer, Mrs. J. W. Thompson, Misses Ella Knipple, Orpha and Ferne Byers, Mary Saylor, Grace Riffle, Anna and Bessie Welty, Ora Whitmore, Messrs. Arthur Krugs, Chas. Stambaugh, Henry Warthen, James Oscar, Roy, and Harry Saylor, Charles, and Maurice Knipple, Frederick and William Byers, Earl and Elmer Welty.

Enjoyable Party.

A very enjoyable party was given at Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baker's on Saturday evening. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baker and children, Mr. and Mrs. John Lingg and children, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Favorite and children, Misses Mary Michael, Irene Shorb, Hazel and Mary Ridenour, Nellie Click, Ella Seiss, Rosella Adams, Blanch Bishop, Messrs. Pius Shorb, George Lingg, George Peddicord, Jess. Marshall, Elmer Bailey, David Michael, Russel and Walter Baker, William and Walter Shorb, Kinley Dorsey, Edward Michael, Cecil and Warner Kreitz, Lewis Baker, Thomas Sears, Anthony Seiss, George and Richard Ott, Clarence Adams, David Shindlecker, Harry Peddicord, Joen Kelly, Henry Warthen. The evening was spent in dancing. Refreshments were served at half past ten. At 12 o'clock all returned to their homes after thanking Mr. and Mrs. Baker for a very enjoyable evening.

Great Richmond Firm of Seedmen.

T. W. Wood and Sons "Guide for Farm and Garden" for 1912 has been issued, and, like other things that come from this well known Richmond house, it is invaluable to the agriculturist. This firm of seed merchants have a farm of 2000 acres, a large part of which is devoted to the testing and growing seeds for their business. Their warehouses and equipment in Richmond are second to none in this country. Their advertisement in another place in this paper should receive every farmer's attention.

Congress and the Lincoln Way.

Within 30 days Congress will decide whether the memorial to Abraham Lincoln shall be in the form of an up-to-date highway, used by thousands of people, or an architectural recognition, in the form of a Greek temple, located in one of the Washington parks. Before the Library Committee of the House of Representatives, March 5, at 10 o'clock in the morning there will be a hearing on Representative Borland's measure which provides that the memorial shall be in the form of a highway.

Sen. Mathias Delegate to Harrisburg.

Governor Goldsborough has named State Senator John P. T. Mathias as Maryland's representative to the convention which has been called to meet at Harrisburg, Pa., on February 20 and 21 to consider means of preventing the spread of the fungus disease known as the "chestnut bark" disease, which is seriously damaging chestnut trees in this as well as in other States.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Readings from THE CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer for week ending Friday Feb. 16.

| | 8 A. M. | 12 M. | 4 P. M. |
|-----------|---------|-------|---------|
| Friday | — | 29 | 32 |
| Saturday | 4 | 10 | 15 |
| Monday | 22 | 30 | 26 |
| Tuesday | 4 | 27 | 32 |
| Wednesday | 14 | 31 | 35 |
| Thursday | 18 | 32 | 32 |
| Friday | 29 | — | — |

Readings from THE CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer for week ending February 17, 1911.

| | 8 A. M. | 12 M. | 4 P. M. |
|-----------|---------|-------|---------|
| Friday | — | 35 | 33 |
| Saturday | 20 | 39 | 46 |
| Monday | 32 | 44 | 50 |
| Tuesday | 39 | 43 | 40 |
| Wednesday | 29 | 31 | 29 |
| Thursday | 32 | 36 | 39 |
| Friday | 37 | — | — |

Mr. Charles J. Shuff has been confined to the house this week.

Miss Nellie Rowe, who has been ill, has fully recovered.

M. W. H. Weant has been ill.

Mr. Greenberry Gearhart, who has been indisposed during the Winter, is recovering.

Dr. Jamison Wants New Trial.

The case of Dr. Brooke I. Jamison against Mr. Daniel W. Zentz, tried before a jury this week resulted in a verdict against Dr. Jamison. A new trial will be asked for. The case was for the amount of a bill for professional services rendered to Mr. Seiss, who had his leg injured and whom Dr. Jamison attended. Dr. Jamison claims that Mr. Zentz told him to go ahead and save the leg and he would pay the bill. Later Mr. Zentz refused to pay.

Board of Charities Named.

The County Commissioners, named the members of the Board of Charities and Corrections, which board has charge of the expenditures for Montevue and the jail. The membership of the new board follows: Jacob B. Tyson, David Cramer, Sol. Stern, George T. Eyster and Howard Magruder.

JOSEPH A. GETTIER.

Last Saturday Mr. Joseph A. Gettier, formerly of this place, died at his home in Baltimore in his eighty-first year. The funeral was from his late residence on Tuesday morning. Requiem mass was said in the Church of the Immaculate Conception. He is survived by his wife M. Lou Weller Gettier.

Valuable Property for Sale.

"Bella Vista," a 10-acre country home, situated on the Frederick turnpike, 1 1/2 miles from Emmitsburg, midway between St. Joseph's and Mt. St. Mary's College. The house, of artistic design, contains 14 rooms, including bath and laundry, large dry cellar with cement floor, wide porches, front, side and rear, equipped with hot water heating system, out-buildings consist of summer kitchen and dining-room, large stable, suitable for garage, and plenty of room for storage, chicken house, wood and coal house, and closet, all in first-class condition. Artesian water, analytically pure and unfailing. Land in high state of cultivation. Fruits, large and small, a choice variety, just coming into maturity. Shade trees and shrubbery. Cement walks leading from entrance to all buildings. Apply to MRS. EICHELBERGER WELTY, Feb 9-4ts on the premises.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All are invited to attend the great four-act Western comedy drama, "Who is the Richest Girl in the West," given by the Swastika Dramatic Club, in St. Anthony's School Hall, Mt. St. Mary's, Monday evening, February 19th, 1912. Performance begins at 8 P. M. Prices 15 and 25c. Feb 9-2ts

M. E. CHICKEN SUPPER.

The ladies of the M. E. Mite Society will hold their Annual Chicken Supper on Feb. 22, in the Ice Cream Parlors of Matthews Brothers, afternoon and evening. Supper 25c 2-9-2t

FOR RENT—On East Main street,

two story eleven-room house, separate out kitchen, stable, with carriage house attached, also wood house and fine chicken house and yard. Apply to 2-16-4ts MRS. C. J. LANSINGER.

FOR RENT—Desirable dwelling on

West Main street. Apply to 2-9-3t MISS COLUMBIA WINTER.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

Two double brick dwelling houses on Frederick street. Apply to 1-12-6t MRS. ISABEL BAKER.

FOR SALE—Two yearling colts. Terms

cash. D. E. and L. H. CALLAHAN. Feb 16-2ts

FOR SALE—Homemade two-horse

wagon in good condition. QUINZY OVELMAN.

FREDERICK COUNTY FARMERS ORGANIZED IN ASSOCIATION

Messrs. J. Stewart Annan and Meade Fuss Local Vice Presidents.—Oliver C. Wren Made President.

The Farmers' Association of Frederick County was formed on Saturday as the result of an enthusiastic meeting held in Frederick. The organization was made by the election of officers among which are found the names of Robert Barrick, Frank Stevens, J. Stewart Annan, Meade Fuss, David Zentz and L. R. Waesche.

COMMODOUS HEADQUARTERS FOR TAFT AT WASHINGTON

Leased Six Rooms on Second Floor of New Willard Hotel Which Will Be Open Both Day and Night.

Representative W. B. McKinley, manager of the pre-convention campaign for President Taft, has leased six rooms on the second floor of the New Willard Hotel, Washington, and opened headquarters there Monday. Telegrams and letters are being sent to prominent Republicans throughout the country inviting them to visit Washington at their earliest convenience and give the committee the benefit of their views and the promise of their support. The headquarters will be equipped with typewriters, stenographers and publicity agents and it will be kept open, according to an announcement, day and night, a cordial welcome being given to any Republican who calls between now and the Chicago convention.

MANCHUS QUIT THRONE HELD FOR THREE CENTURIES

Edict Issued Announcing Abdication and Providing For Establishment of the Republic of China.

After occupying the throne of China for nearly three centuries, the Manchu dynasty, represented by the child Emperor Pu-Yi, abdicated at noon Monday. Three edicts were issued, the first proclaiming the abdication, the second dealing with the establishment of the republic, and the third urging the maintenance of peace and approving the conditions agreed upon by the Imperial Premier, Yuan Shi-Kai, and the Republicans. The publication of the edicts has given profound relief to every one in Peking, both foreigners and Chinese. The arrangement is considered to be a skillful compromise, and it is believed that the terms will satisfy the Republicans. The first edict provides that the terms shall be communicated to the foreign legations for transmission to their respective Governments, the object being to record throughout the world the Republicans' pledges.

New Way to Preserve Eggs.

Science at last has found a means to provide for the preservation of eggs even before they are hatched, or, in the words of Dr. Oscar Riddle, who made the necessary experiments, provision is made for the "natural" production of eggs "capable of maintaining themselves against the ravages of time and the decomposing influence of temperature." This desirable result is obtained by feeding hens an antiseptic drug hexamethylenamin which undergoes decomposition in the eggs in which it is deposited and acts as a preservative, so that the time which ordinarily intervenes between the fresh and the unpalatable egg is lengthened. Here, then, is exemplified the natural production of eggs capable of maintaining themselves against the ravages of time and the decomposing influence of temperature.

Brunswick Bank Property Sold.

The property of the Brunswick Savings Bank of Brunswick, which went into the hands of receivers some time ago, was sold at public sale on Saturday. The bank building and lot were sold to Samuel W. George for \$8,150. The property adjoining owned by the bank was sold for \$5,000 to Mr. Engle. This is a two-story building with a store room on the first floor. Fixtures and possessions were auctioned off.

Wants \$1,200 For Use of Building.

William H. Bradshaw, late of Frederick county, Maryland, has filed a claim for \$1,200 against the Government for the use of a building by the Federal Army during the Civil War. Representative Linticum introduced a bill covering it in the house.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

All business letters, and all communications intended for this paper should be addressed to THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE. Mail addressed to Sterling Galt will be considered PERSONAL and in his absence will remain unopened.

Killed at Railroad Crossing.

Martin Koogle of Brunswick was killed at Knoxville while crossing the tracks of the Baltimore and Ohio road. He and Charles Boyer were riding in a buggy and failed to notice the approach of the express train until it was impossible to avoid the accident. Boyer was hurt but not seriously. This is not the first accident at this crossing.

A pool of boiling water has been discovered in the Gulf of Mexico near

Texas.

Valentine Party and Linen Shower.

Valentine Day was beautifully observed by Miss Grace Rowe, who entertained her many friends on Wednesday afternoon from two to six, the party including a "Linen Shower" to her friend Miss Nellie Eyster. The reception and dining rooms were very appropriately decorated with garlands and flowers and the table with favors consisting of hearts, cupids, arrows and other favors emblematic of the Saint whose day was being celebrated.

SOLID SILVER

American Lever Watches, WARRANTED TWO YEARS, ONLY \$6. G. T. EYSTER

ALBERT ADELSBERGER LIVERYMAN

Emmitsburg, Maryland
Fine Horses and First-Class Carriages.
Teams for Drummers and Pleasure Parties a Specialty

may 7-09 1y

THE STAFFORD

Perfect Service. Finest Location. Excellent Cuisine. Liberal Management. Fireproof Construction.

WASHINGTON PLACE BALTIMORE, MD.

June 28-1y

J. W. RIEGLE, D. V. S. TEL. 263
E. G. W. SCHUBEL, D. V. S. TEL. 1305

RIEGLE & SCHUBEL
VETERINARY PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

Calls Day and Night. EMMITSBURG, MD.

LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS

AT VERY SPECIAL PRICES TO INTRODUCE THIS NEW DEPARTMENT.

\$2.50 Values \$1.75, \$3.50 Values \$2.50, \$5.00 Values \$3.50, \$8.00 Values \$4.98

Beautiful Braid Trimmed in Latest Styles in Black and Blue.

New Shirt Waists, High and Low Necks, Newest Designs and Trimmings. Prices 39c. Up.

Ready-to-Wear Dresses for Girls 6 to 14 years.

CHARLES ROTERING & SONS ON THE SQUARE STRICTLY CASH

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

are presented in the present low prices on high-grade well-secured investment bonds. Many gilt-edge securities are now selling on a 5 per cent. to 6 per cent. basis; this opportunity should be taken while it is here.

Underlying conditions are improving and it is to be expected that the low prices now prevailing will not hold much longer. Bond prices by the middle of the year should be materially higher than they are at present, and already the investment market is strengthening up.

Make your investment purchases now, through us. Our facilities for the purchase and sale of securities are equal to those of larger city firms and more convenient to you.

MOTTER BROS. & CO., BANKERS AND BROKERS, FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

One Farmer and his Telephone

Since I've had my telephone thanks to the Bell people I've been way ahead of my neighbors who haven't joined our Rural Co. I know how the market is before Jones is to the corners on his way to town. Mary, at the Normal too and if it wasn't for the telephone we'd be pretty lonesome at times.

Write to-day for Rural Line Booklet.

R. W. STAKE, District Manager FREDERICK, MARYLAND

GRACEHAM

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Layman and Mrs. John Whitmore, of near Catoctin Furnace, spent Wednesday last with Mrs. Charles Miller and family.

Mrs. Harvey Groshon, of Union Bridge, spent Thursday with Mrs. Harry Groshon.

Mrs. Howard Colliflower gave a quilting on Wednesday afternoon. Those present were: Mrs. Emma Firor, Mrs. Harry Creeger and daughter, Mary, Mrs. Clyde Young and daughter, Mrs. Charles Boller, Mrs. Charles Miller, Mrs. John Joy, Mrs. John Joy, Mrs. Frank Colliflower.

Miss Hazel Epler, of Sabillasville, spent several days with relatives in this place.

Mrs. Alva Zimmerman, of Lewistown, visited her sister, Mrs. Clarence Colliflower, on Saturday.

Mr. John Colliflower and daughter, and Mrs. Adam Zentz, visited Frederick on Saturday.

Mrs. Harry Creeger and Mrs. Howard Colliflower and Mr. and Mrs. William Troxell spent Saturday evening with Mrs. John Pittinger.

Mr. Frank Deberry, of Key Mar, spent Sunday with relatives in this place.

Messrs. John Fisher and Clyde Young spent Sunday evening with F. A. Colliflower and family.

Miss Blanche Creeger is visiting her uncle, Mr. John Deberry and family, near Key Mar.

Mrs. Clyde Young and daughter spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Charles Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Keilholtz and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Joy.

As Mrs. Chester Joy opened a coat stove door the gas flared out and burned her face. While the accident was very painful she was not seriously hurt.

On February 22nd, the Ladies' Aid Society will hold a Martha Washington social. There will be served a lunch, ice cream, cake, lemonade, candy. Also a fish pond will be operated. Afterward there will be an entertainment with a chorus of fifty voices, also some drills. Don't forget the evening, all are cordially invited.

A Surprise Social.

Mr. and Mrs. Pharus Burhmar were tendered a surprise on Wednesday, Feb. 7th by a large number of their friends and a most enjoyable time was spent in music, games and conversation. At a late hour all were invited to the dining room where delicious refreshments were served consisting of ice cream, cakes, lemonade, coffee, candies, oranges and fruit to which all did ample justice. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Burham, Mrs. Claybaugh, Misses Kate Engle, Gertrude Miller, Effie Burhman, Mary Eigenbrode, Florence Burhman, Lottie, Kea and Helen Colliflower, Grace Eicholtz, Grace and Edna Smith, Esther Firor, Bertha Munshower, Blanche, May and Mary Creeger, Helen Kern, Ruth Burhman, Hazel and Lottie Zentz, Ella and Floretta Eyer. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Crawford, and son, Glenn, Mrs. Henry Kern, Mrs. Frank Colliflower, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Creeger, Mrs. Henry Fleagle, Mr. and Mrs. Amos Eyer, Mr. and Mrs. Layman, Mr. and Mrs. George Firor, Mrs. Julia Conner, Mr. George Ramsburg, Mrs. Harry Troxell, Mr. and Mrs. Leather, Mrs. Jackson and son, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Zentz, Mrs. Jennie Colliflower, Mrs. Carrie Suffacoe and son, Leslie, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McSherry, Mrs. Stambaugh, Messrs. Melvin Hesser, Elmer Burhman, Elmer and Marion Creeger, Paul Fleagle, Annie Eyer, Lester Munshower, Calvin Eicholtz, Mr. Eichelberger, Mr. Powell, Mr. Speak and Ervin Yingling.

ROCKY RIDGE.

Mrs. Bertha Valentine and Miss Marian Beiter spent Sunday in Hagerstown.

Mrs. Sophie Biggs and Dorothy were in Frederick on Tuesday.

Mrs. Catherine Heffner died in Creagerstown, aged 81 years. The interment was made at this place in the German Baptist cemetery on Monday. Rev. John Weybright, of Thurmont, conducted the services.

Mrs. Amy Long and Mrs. Edgar Long spent Tuesday in Thurmont.

Mrs. Sarah Fox and Mrs. Bertha Valentine visited Mrs. Annie Eyer, who is still ill.

Miss Ferne Snook spent Saturday in Emmitsburg.

Rev. O. E. Bregenzler, of Union Bridge, was here on Wednesday.

Well Described.

A little Newton girl who had been to the dentist to have a tooth extracted, thus described her experience: "The man grabbed hold with a pair of big tongs and just before it killed me the tooth came out."—Boston Transcript.

Advances in freight rates proposed by trans-continental railroads were suspended by the Interstate Commerce Commission from February 28 until August 28.

MIDDLEBURG.

A surprise social was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Bowman last Friday evening by their children. The occasion being Mrs. Bowman's birthday. It was a complete surprise when the first guest arrived, they found Mrs. Bowman quietly sewing and while greatly astonished she soon recovered and made them all welcome. Mr. Bowman having come to town early in the evening and not returning until all the guests were there, was more than surprised on entering the house to find so many friends present. A most enjoyable evening was spent in social conversation and music both vocal and instrumental. The Bolingbrook Mandolin Club was present and rendered some very fine music. Refreshments consisting of ice cream, cake, fruits and lemonade were served in abundance and were heartily enjoyed. At a late hour the guests departed after wishing their hostess many more happy birthdays. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bowman, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Flickinger, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Eyer, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Grimes, Mrs. Rebecca Woods, Mr. and Mrs. Gurney Gosnell, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hyde, Misses Clara and Lucy Mackley, Carrie Bowman, Virgie Humbert, Vivian Woods, Mazie Kaufman, May Gosnell, Messrs. Charles Bowman, Jr., Samuel Bowman, John and Joe Fisher, Wilbur Delphay, Thomas Langdon, Domino Gallow, Henry Alex, Clarence Slaughter and William Angell.

Misses Mabel Mackley, Mary Ohler Addie Keifer and Bertram Mackley, of Frederick, visited at Mr. David Mackley's over Sunday.

Miss Sadie Griffin, of Frederick, visited her mother last Sunday.

Mr. Lynn Sheads, of Philadelphia, who was visiting his aunt, Mrs. Emily Lynn, returned home Monday.

Mrs. Arthur Benchoff and daughter, who have been visiting friends in Baltimore for sometime, returned home Monday.

On Tuesday afternoon as Mr. Byers, of Baltimore, a brakeman on the W. M. R. R., was coupling cars at Key-Mar he slipped and fell under the cars, the train being in motion and passing over him both limbs were cut off. A special car was sent from Union Bridge with Dr. Wm. D. Brown, who rendered what aid he could, and took him to Baltimore to a hospital.

The little daughter, of George Delphay, is still confined to her bed with muscular rheumatism. Fears are entertained that she may never be able to walk.

We are glad to report that the sick are slowly improving.

FRIENDS' CREEK.

Misses Lucy Adelsberger, Ruie Kipe and Annie Eyer spent Thursday evening at the home of Mr. Roscoe Eyer.

Mr. John Eyer and family are spending some time with their Uncle, Mr. Martin Eyer, Sr., of near Motters.

Miss Ruth Kipe and Mr. Joseph Turner were recent visitors at the home of Mrs. Hardman.

Mr. Tilghman Alexander, Sr., and family were recent visitors at the home of Mr. Howard Linebaugh.

Miss Laura Foulz and Mr. Maurice Wetzel, of Fountain Dale, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Ananias Ferguson.

Mrs. W. T. Miller and family spent Sunday with Mr. R. L. Eyer.

Mrs. S. A. Kipe and son, Oliver, were recent visitors at the home of Mr. W. H. Kipe.

Miss Annie Hardman made a business trip to Emmitsburg on Tuesday.

Mr. David Turner, Jr., spent Sunday at the home of his uncle, Rev. Mr. S. A. Kipe.

Mr. Hubert Humerick, of Eyer's Valley, visited at the home of Mr. W. H. Kipe on Monday.

There will be preaching services at 10:30 a. m. on Sunday, Feb. 18 at the Friends Creek Bethel Church.

Wood's Seeds For 1912.

Our New Descriptive Catalog is fully up-to-date, and tells all about the best

Garden and Farm Seeds.

Every farmer and gardener should have a copy of this catalog, which has long been recognized as a standard authority, for the full and complete information which it gives.

We are headquarters for Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, Cow Peas, Soja Beans and all Farm Seeds.

Wood's Descriptive Catalog mailed free on request. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

Jan 12-6ts.

GETTYSBURG

Elias Steinour, His Wife and Another Resident Fatally Burned.

For the third time in four days this locality has been shocked by a fatal burning accident, the latest victim being Elias Steinour, a Civil War veteran who lived alone a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery. His residence burned early Wednesday morning and a neighbor made a desperate attempt to save the sleeping man's life. The body was taken from the ruins some hours later.

Mr. Steinour's wife was fatally burned several years ago when a broom with which she was sweeping off the stove caught fire and ignited her clothing.

On Sunday Mrs. G. W. Steinour, a resident of Gettysburg, no relative of Wednesday morning's victim, sustained burns from which she died several hours later. On Monday Miss Jane Collins, an elderly woman who lived alone at Bonneauville, a village near here, was burned to death.

AROUND BRIDGEPORT

Miss Grace Cornell, of New Windsor, was the guest of Miss Pauline Baker several days last week.

Mrs. Aaron Veant and mother, Mrs. Shanabrook, made a trip to Taneytown on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ohler of Littlestown, were recent visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Baker.

Mr. E. F. Smith returned home on Tuesday from a visit to Boston, where his daughter, Miss Zona is now located. On returning he spent sometime in Harrisburg.

On Wednesday the following were delightfully entertained at the home of Mr. Joseph Ohler: Mr. and Mrs. John Ohler, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Stambaugh and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Cameron Ohler.

Miss Mary Hobbs spent Wednesday night with Miss Edith Baumgardner.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Devilbiss, of Keyville visited Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baker on Wednesday.

The Misses Mabel and Edith Pohley, and brother, Mr. Herbert, visited recently in Ladiesburg.

Mr. George Ohler made a trip to Baltimore on Sunday where his daughter, Edith, is a patient in the Maryland University Hospital.

Mrs. Harry Baker and father spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Cameron Ohler.

BLUE RIDGE COLLEGE.

Many very attractive features are in preparation for the entertainment that will be given in Walden's Hall at Middleburg likely Saturday evening, Feb. 24th, at 8 p. m. These notes will give the exact date next Friday. Keep your eye on them. The program will be very entertaining. Musical talent from Peabody Conservatory; male quartette made up of Professors Keller and Ray, Dr. Lewis and Mr. William Peiser; instrumental music, trios, duets, readings, pantomimes, etc., representing the best efforts of Professors Francis Waring and Caroline Parkhurst, Miss Marie Senseney, Marguerite Garner, Helen Markel, Pearl Starr, Elsie Bumgardner and Jessie Fleming; Messrs. Martin Anthony and Rockward Nusbam.

Many of the students and teachers made use of the good ice on Buckey's dam, near Middleburg, last Saturday.

Misses Kathryn Smith and Louise Benchoff spent Saturday at their respective homes.

Miss Elizabeth Danner returned to her home to recuperate from an attack of grippe.

The unmarried members of the Faculty spent Saturday evening very pleasantly at the home of Miss Grace Rhinehart, and on Tuesday evening they were entertained by Prof. and Mrs. Yount.

The Lincoln Memorial.

Congressman Lafean of Pennsylvania says, timidly, that many of his brethren think the plan of a Lincoln memorial from Washington to the field of Gettysburg would establish a "bad precedent;" other Federal appropriations for highways that the States should pay for would follow.

Congressman Lafean should consult the Hon. Champ Clark. That weather-wise leader observes that this is a campaign year, that all the old soldiers favor a highway to Gettysburg and disapprove a fitting memorial in Washington, and that "there are the votes of 2,000 old soldiers in every Congressional district in the North." To be sure the Commission has voted for a memorial in Washington, but why should a Congressman pay any attention to that—in a campaign year?—N. Y. Times.

Thomas F. Ryan has supplanted James B. Duke as head of the American Tobacco Company.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

HAVE your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same and has always on hand a large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware.

ACROSS THE LINE

Fairfield.—The Emmitsburg High School presents its entertainment this evening in the high school building. These young people gave a splendid performance in Emmitsburg last week which was witnessed by a number of our scholars.

A farmer's institute will be held in Odd Fellows' hall, Wednesday and Thursday, February 14th and 15th.

Mrs. Henry Sanders suffered a stroke of paralysis last Tuesday. Her condition is still precarious.

Miss Cora Kobil spent last week among friends in Chambersburg.

A notice appeared in this column last week that the farm to be vacated by Mr. E. E. Creps had been rented. This was a mistake and this is published to correct the previous notice.

The Old Order Passes.

A Kansas City bartender says: There's a whole lot less drinking by business men in business hours than there used to be. A few drop in early for a mornin's mornin, but always alone and in a hurry. A few more take on a slight agitator before lunch, but they're in a hurry, too. During the day there's very little saloon loafing by men who have anything else to do. The business man who drinks has trained his thirst to stand hitched until 4 or 5 o'clock in the afternoon, when for an hour or so the real social drinking of the day is done.

"I don't know what's the matter with the booze, but it's lost its reputation as a business stimulant. The saloon still holds its own as a forum for oratory and as a temple of song, but it's sure gone by as a council chamber and a board of trade."

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Thursday morning, are subject to daily changes.

EMMITSBURG, Feb. 15 Country Produce Etc. Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke.

Table with market prices for Butter, Eggs, Chickens, Spring Chickens, Turkeys, Ducks, Potatoes, Dried Cherries, Raspberries, Blackberries, Apples, Land, Beef Hides.

LIVE STOCK.

Table with market prices for Steers, Butcher Heifers, Fresh Cows, Fat Cows, Bulls, Hogs, Sheep, Spring Lambs, Calves, Stock Cattle.

WHEAT:—spot, @ 90 1/4; CORN:—Spot, @ 70 1/4; OATS:—White, @ 59 @ 59 1/2; RYE:—Nearby, \$1.01 @ \$1.02 bag lots, . . . @ 23.50; No. 2 Clover, \$21.50 @ \$22.50; HAY:—Timothy, \$. . . @ \$25.50; No. 1 Clover @ . . . \$23.50; No. 2 Clover, \$21.50 @ \$22.50; STRAW:—Rye straw—fair to choice, @ \$17.50; No. 2, \$16.00 @ \$16.50; tangled rye blocks \$13.50 @ \$14.00; wheat blocks, \$11.50 @ \$12.00; oats \$10.00 @ \$10.50.

POULTRY:—Old hens, @ 11; young chickens, large, 15 @ 16; small, @ Spring chickens, Turkeys, @ 10.

PRODUCE:—Eggs, 31; butter, nearby, rolls 21 @ 22 Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania prints, 21 @ 22.

POTATOES:—Per bu. \$1.10 @ \$1.25 No. 2, per bu. New potatoes per bu. \$. . . @ \$. . .

CATTLE:—Steers, best, \$. . . @ \$. . . ; others \$. . . @ \$. . . ; Heifers, \$. . . @ \$. . . ; Cows, \$. . . @ \$. . . ; Bulls, \$. . . @ \$. . . ; Calves, 7 1/2 @ 8 1/2; Fall Lambs, @ . . . @ \$. . . ; Spring lambs, 5 @ 6 1/2; Pig 75 @ \$1.50, Shoats, \$1.75 @ \$2.75 Fresh Cows \$. . . @ \$. . . per head.

NOTARY PUBLIC

A. A. HORNER OFFICE: Banking House of ANNAN, HORNER & CO. EMMITSBURG, MD. may 20-10-1v



UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT makes the strongest CONCRETE FOR SALE BY E. L. FRIZELL Emmitsburg, Md.

Apr. 10-11 yr.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

YOU SHOULD HAVE IT IN YOUR HOME.



It is one of the finest and most reliable tonic stimulants used by the medical fraternity and public in general. Doctors who have used and prescribed Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey in their practice cannot say too much in its praise.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has been on the market for more than fifty years and the splendid record it has attained is due to the absolute purity of the product and its great medicinal value. It is made from the best grain money can buy, carefully malted and distilled. Sick or well you should have Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey in your home. It is excellent in cases of emergency.

THE DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

If you cannot buy Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey from your local druggist or dealer, we can have you supplied at the following prices: 1 Bottle.....\$ 1.00 4 Bottles..... 3.50 6 Bottles..... 5.50 12 Bottles..... 10.00 EXPRESS PREPAID. Send us Certified Check, Money Order or cash by registered mail with your order. dec 29-1yr

Advertise in The Weekly Chronicle.

EMMITSBURG

GRAIN ELEVATOR

BOYLE BROS.

—DEALERS IN—

Hay, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bran, Chop, Cloyer and Timothy Seed, Chicken Feed, Horse and Cattle Powder, Maryland Portland Cement, Terra Cotta Pipe. A Full Line of

MACHINERY

And Repairs for same.

Coal in all Sizes

Call and get our Prices before you buy.

BOYLE BROS.

Apr. 2-09

General Reduction

In Prices on Every Article in Our Entire Store Including

Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Men's Furnishings, Traveling Goods, Etc.

From Now Until the 1st of February.

LOWENSTEIN & WERTHEIMER

HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS

11 N. Market Street, FREDERICK, MARYLAND. Jan 24-11

THE INDIVIDUALITY OF

A LEHR PIANO

The Distinctive Quality

Of a LEHR PIANO—the quality that makes it so different from other ordinary instruments—

Is Its Pure & Vibrant Tone

This tone is the object, the purpose for which the Lehr instrument is created. But you yourself, without assistance, can judge the tone! Can be seen at

Birely's Palace of Music,

FREDERICK, MD.

PROF. LYNN STEPHENS, Representative.

dec 22-11

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS

—AND—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Poultry, Hides and Farm Produce

My Stock Is Complete And My

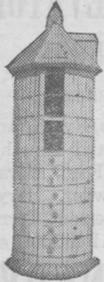
Prices Within Reason.

JOSEPH E. HOKE

ECONOMY SILOS

MANUFACTURED IN:

Frederick City, Frederick County, Md.



We are close to you which makes the freight very low on the Economy Silo as compared with others. The Economy Doorway is a Marvel of Simplicity and Perfection. Any boy can take them out or put them in, and yet they are perfectly air-tight, entirely preventing possibility of spoiled ensilage.

The Economy is the best hooped silo that is manufactured. Easy to put up. The best of material used in its construction throughout.

Every silo fully guaranteed. Write for Free Illustrated Catalogue with proof of claims from delighted users.

The Economy Silo & Manufacturing Co. FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

Feb. 17, '11-ly

MATTHEWS BROTHERS

Call on Us for Ice Cream, Candies and Fine Cigars.

We Have Everything in the Line of CONFECTIONERY and NOTIONS

dec 1-lyf.

Get Awake Spring is Coming!

Now is the time for your winter sewing. Beautiful patterns in Torchon Lace, for 3, 4 and 5 cents yard. Special values, special price per dozen yards. Valenciennes Lace 25c. to 50c. per dozen yards. Embroideries narrow and wide, Insertion to match. 3 four-yard pieces Stickerie Braid for 25c.

CHARLES ROTERING & SONS PUBLIC SQUARE EMMITSBURG, MD. STRICTLY CASH

Feb 26-11-ly

WE'RE AFTER YOU

"You are the Individual We Require"

The above is intended to attract the attention of individuals who are using the sock instead of the bank for a depository, and who in consequence are receiving no interest on their savings.

WE PAY 4% INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

and would be delighted to have all present "sock bank" patrons call and talk over the "real thing" banking proposition with us.

Established October, 1882

ANNAN, HORNER & CO., Bankers

oct 8-09lf

THEY MUST BE SOLD

Every Winter Weight Suit and Overcoat

For Men, Boys and Children

Must be sold to make room for our immense New Spring Stock which will require every inch of room we have or can get.

We therefore have passed our verdict THEY MUST BE SOLD.

They're here, They're Our's, They're Gone, They're Your's regardless of cost or profit.

Save Money by Spending it here

Harry G. Dorsey & Co.

Popular Price Outfitters

FREDERICK, - MARYLAND.

Doing all the Giving

"I think I'll have to change my position," declared the little stenographer, belligerently, as she closed the drawers of the filing cabinet with a force that would have smashed any but a steel contrivance.

"Be calm, be calm!" remonstrated the bookkeeper as he turned for further particulars. "Count one hundred slowly and then tell me about it."

"Well, I've nearly made up my mind to change!" she exclaimed, dropping into a chair. "I'm going to look for a private office, a private secretaryship!"

"Oh, ambition ails you, does it?" The bookkeeper smiled knowingly. "Salary ran low at Christmas?"

"No, it isn't that," objected the little stenographer, "but, of course, I'd just as soon have an increase of salary. I think I could use it." She paused, meditatively. "No, I think I'd be willing to stay here, if only to remain in your company"—he smiled and bowed—"even with the meager stipend I now receive, if I could use it for my own needs, and in my own way!"

"Ah! Aged mother—crippled brother—educating little sister," suggested the bookkeeper, helpfully.

"No," returned the little stenographer, with surprisingly little heat. "Not that you mean it, and yet that's the very reason! But it's some one else's mother and brother and sister!" The little stenographer looked at him out of sad, wide eyes.

"Say," exclaimed the bookkeeper "you aren't playing square. You've got to talk, not look sad. Why, in a minute I'll be handing you my pay envelope!"

"Well, to prevent such a dire catastrophe I'll explain," she agreed. "It begins in the morning about two minutes after I get my hat off and my pocket book by my side where all may see it. The door opens, and as it's my duty to greet all callers I have to get up and talk. Now, all the men have said not to call them except on real business, and I can't tell every beggar, or agent, or little boy or girl, to go see Mr. Brown or Mr. Daniels! My position wouldn't be worth two cents if I did! And I can't call Mr. Brown or Mr. Daniels out to see them, can I? No! But I have ears, and they at once proceed to work on my sympathies. They think if they can't get the big men perhaps I can help them a little. I look kind—oh, I know I do, for they all tell me so—and won't I please help them out?"

"I can't tell them that I have no money, for they see my giant bag, and they know there must be something in it. You may ask why I don't buy a small bag, just big enough for car fare and lunches, but it's the honest truth that I don't have enough money left from my many charities to buy one!"

"It might be all right and do my soul good, if only I felt charitable—but I don't, not a bit! I fairly despise every youngster who pleads. I'm trying to earn money by selling this chewing gum or 'these beautiful cards!' And when a woman explains that she must have \$10 to pay her rent or else be compelled to go out on the street with a three-month-old baby, I'm fairly nauseated!"

"No, it isn't charity, not a bit of it. Now, I like to give something sometimes when I feel that I can spare it, but I don't like to do the charity work for this whole big establishment. Why, I give to everybody! And why? For pure shame! That's all it is—I'm ashamed not to! Somehow or other, everybody makes me feel that I'm a selfish pig if I don't help, and I'm sorry all the time they are talking and ever afterward that I'm so soft—but I can't help it!"

"So you see, the only remedy I know of is a private secretaryship, where I can give commands to the outer office force not to call me for anything at all! Do you happen to know of anybody who is in need of my services in that capacity?"

"\$15,000,000 Forged in 1911. 'Albert S. Osborn, author of 'Questioned Documents,' and an authority on the subject, declares that the forgery loss in this country for the year 1911 is fully \$15,000,000," writes Frank Marshall White in the Munsey. In an article, 'The Day of the Forger,' the writer quotes Osborn as saying: 'Clever penmen are leaving a trail of bad checks reaching from Portland, Me., to Portland, Ore. Banks and hotels are naturally the shining marks of the forger; but nearly, if not quite, as much money is paid out on forgeries by individuals, small storekeepers, and business houses as by all the banks and hotels combined. A large proportion, especially of the unreported forgeries, is in amounts of less than \$100. If the forger of a small check has vanished, and only a doubtful clue remains, the natural impulse is not to 'send good money after bad.' In most cases, nothing is done, and the criminal goes on his way unhampered and unafraid. Banks naturally do not care to have it known that they pay out customers' money on forged paper, and if the forger is gone they are not inclined to take much trouble to find him.'"

Practical Fashions

MISSSES' AND SMALL WOMEN'S DRESS.



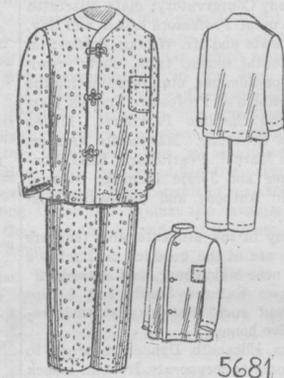
A pretty evening dress is here presented. The features of the gown are the fichu drapery, the peplum finish and the shirred, puffed skirt. It is a unique model and a very pretty and dainty one. It can be fashioned of messaline satin or soft silk. The pattern (5686) it cut in sizes from 14 to 18 years. To make the dress in the medium size will require 5 1/2 yards of 36 inch material.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department," of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 5686 SIZE.....
NAME.....
TOWN.....
STREET AND NO.....
STATE.....

Practical Fashions

BOY'S PAJAMAS.



Here is a model for a suit of pajamas for a boy. They are good looking and comfortable. The coat has high neck with standing collar or it may have low neck with stole band. Around the neck and down the front is a trimming of contrasting material or braid. Braid fastens with a pretty finish.

The pattern (5681) is cut in sizes from 4 to 16 years. To make the pajamas in the medium size will require 3 1/2 yards of 36 inch goods.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department," of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 5681 SIZE.....
NAME.....
TOWN.....
STREET AND NO.....
STATE.....

First American Woman's Club.
The first woman's club in America was organized in New Harmony by the late Mrs. Constance Runcie, Sept. 30, 1855. This was nine years before the organization of the Sorosis club of New York. In 1867 Mrs. Runcie formed the Bronte club, and later became the head of an organization which has since that time borne her name, and of which she was elected president for life. At the biennial convention held in St. Paul five years ago the title of "Mother of Clubs" was conferred upon her, and two years later, at a similar gathering in Boston, she was received with signal honors as the pioneer in the club movement.

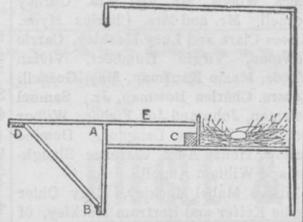
POULTRY



TRAP NEST EASILY WORKED

Simple Contrivance Is Operated by Weight of Hen—Fowl Is Removed From the Top.

In the illustration herewith is shown the simplest form of trap nest imaginable, says the Orange Judd Farmer. The hen alights on the running board and walks toward the nest. When she approaches the point B her weight depresses that end of the board and disconnects the support D, which falls of its own weight. Then when she steps into the nest, the board being heavier on the outside and hinged at A, tips until the opening to



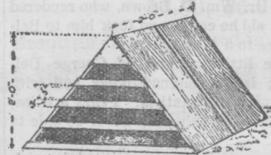
Easily Worked Trap Nest.

the nest is closed. The hen is removed from the top of the nest, which is then set as shown in the cut.

COOP FOR HENS AND CHICKS

Common A-Shaped Affair is Easily Constructed and Can Be Made Without Any Floor.

The accompanying illustration shows a common A-shaped coop used for hen and chickens. It is quickly and easily made, says the Homestead. As shown in the illustration it is three feet wide, two feet from front to back and two feet high. The cross-



A-Shaped Coop.

pieces nailed on the front side are three inches apart. Ordinarily a coop of this kind is made with a floor, although this is not absolutely necessary. If it is not floored care must be taken to have it placed where water will not enter in case of heavy rains.

TWO CAUSES OF LIMBERNECK

Usually Brought by Fowls Eating Decayed Meat Full of Maggots—Also by Ptomaine Poison.

Limberneck is an inflection that is usually caused by fowl eating decayed meat full of maggots. Some assert it is also a result of ptomaine poisoning. The remedy is turpentine, and the following is a good treatment: Mix a tablespoonful in an equal amount of warm water, and pour into the crop. Follow by filling the crop nearly full with warm water, and then, holding the fowl by the feet, head down, gently work out the entire contents. When thoroughly cleaned give a tablespoon of castor oil and allow the fowl to remain quiet by itself until recovered. To prevent this trouble, at least once a week make a careful inspection of the range to see that no dead, decaying animal bodies are laying about breeding maggots.

Capons Pay Best.

A few years ago capons were seldom found on sale except in some of the more exclusive markets, in the largest cities. This was largely because poultry raisers have only in recent years learned that caponizing insures not only a higher price per pound for their fowls, but an increase in weight for each bird. A capon not infrequently attains a weight of from fourteen to sixteen pounds, or practically twice that of the ordinary rooster of the same breed. And with other conditions similar the meat is always sweeter, always tender and usually just fat enough to make a good appearance and readily salable at from four to six cents a pound above that of ordinary poultry.

Corn and Plymouth Rocks.

A hen should not have a very great quantity of corn. It soon makes her too fat. This is especially true of the larger fowls. The Leghorn is more of a runabout and seldom gets too far for good laying, but Plymouth Rocks are not to be trusted with too much corn before them.

Narragansett More Popular.

The Narragansett turkey should be more popular than it is. It is slightly smaller than the Bronze, and is very docile and stands the confinement better than most other varieties.

The KITCHEN CABINET



IT IS GOOD to live! If but to dream That even in a city street, Above the highest building's top God's answer and my prayer will meet.

If but to see amid the crowd Two comrades meet and greeting give; A face the lovelight glories; A laughing child—'tis good to live! —Maude Hartwell.

WAYS OF USING MUTTON.

In small places during the cold weather mutton is hard to buy; but a few recipes will be useful when the meat is more plentiful.

Shepherd Pie.—Take a pound of cold mutton, a pint of cold boiled potatoes, one-half an onion grated, one or two cooked carrots; cut the mutton and potatoes into small pieces and put them with the onion and carrot into a deep baking dish. Add a cupful of stock or water, salt, pepper and a tablespoonful of butter cut in bits.

Pare and boil four medium-sized potatoes, mash and add cup of cream, salt and pepper to taste, beat until light, then add enough flour to make a soft dough; roll out and cover the dish with the dough, make a cross cut in the center to allow the steam to escape, and bake in a moderate oven one hour.

A modern shepherd's pie is made like the above with the addition of a few capers and a stalk or two of celery.

Barbecued Mutton.—Make a sauce by melting two tablespoonfuls of butter; to this add the juice of half a lemon, a quarter of a glass of currant jelly, one-quarter of a teaspoonful of prepared mustard, one-half teaspoonful of salt, pepper to taste and a bit of grated orange peel. Reheat slices of mutton in this sauce and serve hot. Do not cook after getting hot or it will toughen the meat.

Mutton Left-Over.—Mix together the following ingredients: Two cups of cooked macaroni, three cupfuls of cold cooked mutton, one-half cup of strained tomato, one teaspoonful of curry powder, one egg, one and a half tablespoonfuls of butter, salt and pepper to taste. Butter a deep pie plate or baking dish, make a mound of the mixture and cover thickly with crumbs, well buttered; cover the pan and cook twenty minutes, then uncover and brown. Remove to a hot platter and garnish with sprigs of parsley.

Croquettes are fine made from mutton, using curry for flavoring or a little tabasco and Worcestershire sauce.

Nellie Maxwell.

The KITCHEN CABINET



THERE are two stones we may not dare to cast; The stone of stumbling in our brother's way. The stone of judgment at our brother's past, We, who ourselves like sheep have gone astray. —Hamilton.

PRACTICAL POINTS.

During the extremely cold weather if the clothes pins are put into a dripping pan and heated hot, the hanging out of the clothes will be made much more comfortable. Do not carry out a full basket, or all the pins. A second trip will more than pay by the comfort.

Always wrap linen that is to lay any length of time, in blue paper. It will keep it from turning yellow.

Hair brushes, if carefully washed in hot soda water and quickly dried, will keep their freshness for years.

A good housekeeper says if we will stir a tablespoonful of vinegar into the lard in which fritters, doughnuts or potatoes are fried, they will not soak fat.

A teaspoonful of salt or a small piece of gum camphor added to the oil in a lamp is said to improve the light, always providing the burner is kept clean.

To lessen the labor of ironing table linens, if they are wrung by hand the wrinkles are not so firmly set and will dry smooth.

Eat apples. They are a tonic and an appetizer. They are rich in flavors and a valuable food adjunct.

If one would have a good complexion, it is necessary to have plenty of fresh air while sleeping and plenty of work to keep the mind busy. The only wrinkles then will be those made from laughter, and those are considered beautiful.

Winter or summer one window in the sleeping room should be kept open, day and night.

One person can exhaust all the air in an ordinary bedroom in an hour. A well-ventilated bedroom and the sleeper's head entirely covered with the bedclothes is no better than sleeping with a closed window.

Don't worry about taking cold. Fresh air is one of the best preventives.

Nellie Maxwell.