## The Meekly Chromirle.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR
ESTABLISHED OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY
TERMS- $\$ 1.00$ A YEAR IN ADVANCE
VOL. XXXII
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1910
 KISSING UNDER THE MISTLETOE.
$\begin{aligned} & \text { HE mistletoe was connect- } \\ & \text { ed with the heathen Satur- } \\ & \text { nalia, and was adopted in- } \\ & \text { to the Christian festivities. } \\ & \text { It was an object of special } \\ & \text { veneration by the ancient } \\ & \text { Druids, but only when it } \\ & \text { grew upon an oak tree. } \\ & \text { At the time of the winter }\end{aligned}$
solstice the Druids gathered the mistle-
toe with great ceremony and the people toe with great ceremony and the people
hung sprays of it over their doors as an offer of shelter to the gods of the forests during the cold season. It was
first hung in the servants' hall in Engfirst hung in the servants hall in Eng and, but soon invaded the parlor and
drawing room. The idea of kissing under the mistletoe is a relic of Scandinavian mythology. Tradition says that Christmas was
first observed in 98 A . D., and was orfirst observed in 98 A. D., and was or-
dered to be held as a solemn feast by dered to be held as a solemn feast
Pope Telesphorus in 137 A . D.
WHY HANG UP STOCKINGS? ey was their dowry and enabled then to marry. Some claim that the shape
of the purses of that day, which were of the purses of that day, which were
much like stockings, gave rise to the custom of hanging the stockings for St. Nicholas. Gradually hanging up o
stockings on St. Nicholas Eve cease and the custom Christmas festivities. CUSTOM OF GIVING PRESENTS
 HE custom of making
presents at Christmas presents at Christmas
was derived from the
Romans Romans, who made
gifts to one anothe gifts to one anothe festival, the Saturnalia The early Christian
made presents to their
children on children on Christma had been dropped by the Christ chiley passing over the house at night.
"Hail to the King of Bethlehem,
The yellow crocus for a gem of His authority.


The custom of uing holly at Crid
And then a miracle befell my sight With eyes no longer holden I beheld A realm immeasurable, a golden zone That like a ring of flame shone round the world And everywhere the joy was in the air, Wreaths bloomed on shrine and window, and so sweet The incense rose from every heart and home It seemed a bright new worm whe A thousand summers mingled into one. And stiln the burden of a song wo "This day began the kingdom of the Child."
"'Oh, who," I cried, "is lord of this fair realm ? Why do all hearts leap up with victor's joy ? I see no lofty forts, no stell-clad ranks, Nor signs of martial conquest. Can A warrior and a king of high renown The answer came: "By mightier force than arms Our monarch has his royal honor proved His truth is keener than a thousand swords, His purity so dazzling that the hosts Of unclean error flee before the sight And in the fervid summer fis love The superstitions of the elder world, hike vapors of the sunrise disappear Look now upon the train of vanquished kings Who bow before the sceptre of the Child !"

And forth from cot and bower and palace came Myraids of litle children, bounding for With lilies-of-the-valley in their hands, And fragrant branches of the forest green.
These went before, and with them followed on An army with white banners borne aloft, On which in shinning letters was inscribed The beautiful legend, "Good-will to men." "These are his guards and warriors," said the voice "See how the way-side blooms beneath their feet Said to the viewless spirit at my side "If eyes can bear such splendor, let me look Upon the face of him you call the Child."

I orld. sweet
28 F , m?



?'
ords,
a

Then down the borders of this shining land There passed a gloomy train, and by their front Majestic, awful even in their fall, knew them not as warriors, but as gods Osiris, dear to Egypt's ancient shrines And Isis, the world-mother, at his side, Whose single tear renewed the wasted Nile They too, the bright Olympian deities, With echoes of remembered music stil Upon their lips, regretfully passed by
And the stern monarchs of the icy North Odin, a wanderer from the fallen throne Of old Valhalla, and the hoary Thor, And as they passed, the wilderness gave up Its tawny gods, the spirits of the storms, The mountains, and the precipices wild. And all walked heavily, with bended head, Save only Isis, in whose mourning eyes
I saw a wistful yearning for the Child.

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mininitrators, Trustees, Eter

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Sapling and Alsyke Seeds
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| Advertise 1 |  |
| THE WEEKLY CHRONICL |  |
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## SERVE

THE BEST
Yoư family and guests will pay you the compliment of having selected the best when you serve Hagersthis beer to grace your table or to be served to your friends, you ar

## Hagerstown

 Gold Crown
## McKinley's Birthday Settled.

$\qquad$ dent McKinley was born on January
29,1843, or February 26,1844 , both of
which dates have appeared in the conwhich dates have appeared in the con-
gressional directories since Mr. Mc gressional directories since Mr. Mc-
Kinley was a member of the House of Representatives from Ohio, has been
dispelled by George B. Cortelyou, for-
merly secretary to President McKinley merly secretary to President McKinley,
in a letter to Justice William R. Day, of the United States Supreme Court.
Mr . Cortelyou established the fact mr. Cortelyou established the fact Day is president of the Ohio Society of
Washington, which is planning a banWashington, which is planning a ban-
quet for the anniversary of President quet for the anniversary of President
McKinley's birth and the date for the chekinley's birth and the date for the
celebration has now definitely been announced as January 30 , the day fol
ing the birth of the president.

Annual Bonus to Employees.
The United States Steel Corporation
has announced the plan for distributing a bonus to the officers and employees of
the corporation and subsidiary corporations in accordance with its annual
practice. The sum to be distributed for 1910 amounts to approximately $\$ 2$
700,000 . The amount is determined by the annual earnings. Island Home Goes Down, 150 Drow An earthquake shook the foundations
an island off Salvador to such an ex-
tert that it slid into the sea. It is es-

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { PATHETIC APPEAL OF } \\ \text { BLIND CLERGYMAN }\end{array}$ | SMITH AND WILSON IN |
| :---: | :---: |
| NEW JERSEY POLITIC |  |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Asks Governors to Be Electrocuted As } \\ \text { Relief From a Life of Want and }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Fight For Senatorship Waxes Warm. } \\ \text { Governor-Elect May Take to the }\end{array}$ | Asks Governors to Be Electrocuted As

Relief From a Life of Want and
Physical Incapacity. $\begin{gathered}\text { Fight For Senatorship Waxes Warm. } \\ \text { Governor-Elect May Take to the }\end{gathered}$

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| n to the Governors of New York, |  |
| w Jersey, West Virginia, and Ohio | ations of Ex-Senator James Smith, Jr. |
|  | notg ago that if |
| ars old and has been blind from |  |
| th. He overcame his infirmity su | to this Smith has come out openl |
| ciently to become a minister, but | randidate and has announced the |
| e years his powers have failed | principles for which he |
| s had no pastorate. He had a fir | Among these is the declaration |
| and made a living singin |  |
| that failed. Since then | cision, of the people of a proposed |
| s sold trinkets, but his profits ha |  |
| en small. In his letters to the Go | g for the election of Uni |
| not and seemingly cannot be | w Jersey politicians say that M |
| profitably employed, therefore I can- | Smith's declaration will cause Governor- |
| ome and a |  |
| I must live in the poor house g lunatics, idiots, broken-down | Martine, the primary nominee. |
| unkards, and vagabonds, where all do is to eat unpalatable food a | ters |
|  |  |
| de end to aspiration, and where 1 |  |
| circumstances, it is the duty of the |  |
| ate to take my life in the most pain | Mr. Editor: |
| way possible. I have the misf | At the risk of being te |
| even execute criminals. Therefor |  |
| Governor of some | question for whi |
|  | sace in your |
| to be taken in tha |  |
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| re |  |
|  | Congress, the election of U. S. Senators |

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## STERLHG GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

 TERMS: - One Dollar a year in advance: Sixmonths, 50 cents.
Trial
subseriptions, Thre
 THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right todecline
abyedvertisements which he may deem objection NO ATTENTITN , whatever will be paid to
anonymous contributions.
MANUSCIPS offered for publication will Etampe
Entered as second-class matter January 1,1909
ct the post ofice an Immitsburg, Md., under the FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23,1910
$\qquad$ THE CHRONICLE will be indepen-
dent in politics, progressive in spirit
and a chamrion of what it conceives and a chamrion of what it conceives
to be right. Its columns will al-
ways be open for a dignified diswaysion by the people of any subject
cussit may seem to them interesting, or that may in anywise be a benefit [Editorial from The Chronicle, June 8, 1906.]

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|  |  |  |  |  | 31 |

ICommunications intended for publi-
cation in this paper, letters of a business nature in relation to the Chronicl and all orders for Job Printing to done at this office should be addressed t
THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

##  <br> 

The one preeminently signif cant day in all the year-Chris mas, the birthday of Christ Our Lord! A few more hours, and this greatest of all festivals will
be with us, bringing to our minds anew the sacred memory of Him to whom the world owes all. "Peace on earth, good will to men," is the message it bear from far off centuries, and child like faith in Christ and His relig ion is still the lesson it would teach.

* ** *

Other things may change, and other things have changed since that first Christmas morn when into a dark existence there came The Light of The World to show mankind the way to higher liv ing, but unaltered, untrans muted is and ever will be the truth that except through the teachings of that little Babe of Bethlehem, except by that aid which He came into the world to bestow may life be happy here and eternal in the great here after.

If true happiness and devotion is the theme of that religion which is typified by that Holy Child whose birth we celebrate, full indeed of love and joy and kindliness should be every heartbeat on this glorious, natal day

*     *         *             * 

It is but natural that the spirit sion in some outward form and tangible shape, and so it is that at this season there is sent to those one loves and to those whose need well claims the largess of man's bounty, tokens of affection and gifts that bespeak one's thought and heartfelt consideration. It is a beautiful time-honored custom and one that is full of meaning if rightfully observed; bat often, it must be confessed, is the esmay be, is the si
The Chronicle.


Lo! now is come our joyfulest feas
Let every man be jolly. Each room with ivy leaves is dre
And every post with holly,"
sence of it lost sight of or dis-
regarded altogether. The interchange of costly gifts, actuated
by sordid impulses only robs the by sordid impulses only, robs the
custom of its sentiment and tarnishes the bright surface of the observance in which love wourd
fain be reflected. The thought fain be reflected. The thought
behind the gift is what counts and by that alone can its value e little, but only the spirit i which it is given and the love really intrinsic

For the child Christmas is the time of times, and by every right of fact and tradition so should cence, the guilelessness and ra diant joy, and all the exultant ex ectations that beam forth from happy children, the day would
be without the very element that be without the very element that young, then, all the joy that is yours to give. Be young again yourself. Once more live over so much to you, a child. Weave so much to you, a child. Weave
into the delight of children about you the revived spirit of you for them and through them for your hour.

## ores where

 esolation is ; to ease the load o burdened; to help in some gentle way to smooth the furrowed brow where sorrow has left its mark ; to add to the scanty store is an unwelcome but abiding uest-this is to keep Christmas sit should be kept.And at evening when the fir is lighted and the carols of bydays are sung once more mayhap there will come to mind the forms and faces of loved ones whose wont it was to add geir
voices to the Christmas glee. Theirs will not be heard, for they are gone, long since, but the them in spirit to your hearthtone. Give them a place and id them welcome, and when the day is done your heart will have been filled with a tenderness greater than that which was there before.

*     * 

That Christmas may bring to each friend of this paper all that ach desires, and that the happihess and the true spirit of the day may abound wherever they
'TWAS THE NIGHT BEFORE CHRISTMAS'
 HERE are not many of us who are not familiar with "' 'Twas
the Night Before Christmas." The author of this most
popular poem was born in what is now part of New York City. He was a professor teaching Hebrew and Greek a
the General Theological Seminary and found time to pub
lish a Hebrew lexicon.
Professor Moore, Clement C. Mere verses for them. In 1822, as a Christmas present for these children he

'T was the night beforer Christmas, when all thro' the house
Not a ereature was stirinte, not even
 The hididere were neestled dill sung in in theirib bede, While visionos of suyaraplime danced in their heads;
 I sprang from my bed to see what was the matter. Amays to the window $I$ flew 1 like a fash, Tore open the shaters and thew wp the eash.
The moon on the breast of the new.fallen snow When what tom $m$ wodering eves should appear Buta a minature seifig and eifht tiny reindee
Wih a a itte old driveres solively nand quick, In ken in in momentit must best. Nick.
More rapid than agiles bis bourer. More rapid than eagles his coursers they came,
And he whistled and shouted, and called them by name "Now, Dasher! now, Dancer! now, Prancer and Vixen! On, Comet on, Cupid ton, Donder and Bititen! To the too of the porch, to the top of the wall: Now dash away, dash hway, dath hawy all","

 And then in in twinkling theard on the roof The praceing and pawing of each little hoof. Down the chimney St. Nicholas came with a bound He was dressed all in fur from his head to his foot, And his clothes were all tarnished with ashes and soot A bundle of toys he had flung on his back,
And he looked like a pedler just opening his His eyes how they twinkled! his dimples how merry His cheeks were like roses, his nose like a cherry; His droll little mouth was drawn up like a bow, And the beard on his chin was as white as the snow
The stump of a pipe he held tight in his teeth, The stump of a pipe he held tight in his teeth, And the smoke it encircled little round belly That shook, when he laughed, like a bowl full of jelly. He was chubby and plump-a right jolly old elf; And I laughed, when I saw him, in spite of mysel A wink of his eye and a twist of his head He spoke not a word, but went straight to his work, And filled all the stockings; then turned with a jer And laying his finger aside of his nose,
And giving a nod, up the chimney he And giving a his sleigh, to his team gave a whistle, He sprang to his sleigh, tio sise the down of a thistle: But I heard him exclaim, ere he drove out of sight 'Happy Christmas to all, and to all a good-night!'

| What to Do With Remains of Christmas | Serve hot with mushroom sauce poured <br> Dinner. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| over them. |  |
| After the dinners of the holiday sea- |  |
| ore making mushroom sauce, melt |  |

Compared with that of olden times,
he farmers' year is fully thirty-three
corn having been housed by Thanks-
giving Day and the oprk butchered
during the next weels the old time
durnge the nex week, the old fime
farmer whose sole evevue came from
the sion went into winter quatrors for
the next three monts and became
rming, no part of himp business pro-
am. The horses grew fot
gram. The horses grew fat and so
in their stalls, the chickens scarce
left the rost tong enough to eat the
morning ration ond the cows went so
nearl
miking once a day was business that
Today the farmer is "on the job"
like business men for twelve months in
the year. Suucculent silage and con
fortable stables are instrumental
producing as fine fiow of mik in Jan-
uary ang grass in in July well-cared
for poultry, lay thirty-five cent eggs
are kept staunch and healthy by a weel
regulated system of winter hauling.
man whole perogram is is better for both
organism voluntarily hibernate, high
ord
rew occupations will stand stagnation
one fourth of the time. The more the
farmer conforms in every way to the
ruluss governing othen classes of busi-
ness men the more nearly will he hap-
mental vigor.-Bel Air $\not$ \&gis.

It is a beautiful and splendid thing
to gladden the loved ones at Christmas-
tide by gitts expressive of affection-a
cordial and brotherly thing to remem-
ber in our gift-buying the good friends
we have. But a better thing "unto
the Least of Theset")-to bring Christ-
mas into the homes and hearts of the
helpless poor.
little of time, to geta tay for for a ne
glected child of poverty - and it means
so much! Do you think of this means this
season of the
season of the year? Everything is
relative in this world, and to the poor
child the trifle you give is a thing of
ond
oy z a beautiful, wonderful thing which
it bliss to possess.
It is eass tossess. that the giving of
ifts is not the right way to help the
gitts is not the right way to help
poor. Indeed, it is quite the thing
nowadys to decry charity of the old-
nowadays to decry charity of the old-
fashioned sort as pernicious and inimi-
cal to improvement of of the recinients
cal to improvement of the recipient's
condition. Perhaps it is-we have
condition. Perhaps it is-we hat
thought so ourselves sometimes, but
what has that to do with the ragged
little boy who pathetically wonders
why Santa Claus so seldom comes into
that part of the town in which he lives?
treatment of the poor blush with shame and sneak into corners before the question in the poor child's eyes.
Christmas is a delightf
Cristmas is a delightfully illogical
time, anyway. We say therefore lime, anyway. We say, therefore, to
you and to you and to you, be illogical, if it really is illogicial oto carry oot our
theory of bringing christmas cheer in to the homes and hearts of the help. less poor. Forget the solemn adjura-
tions of social science at this timelions of social science at this time-
lock your better judgment in the attic if needs be, should it not approve-go
buy something for the poor and give it in the bad old, good old-fashioned Che way pointed out to us by the
blest sentiment that in us dwells. Cumberland News.

## o Danger Of Egg Slump.

At the poultry show held at Bel Air
this week there were seventy exhibitors, all with one or two exceptions, years ago there were not twenty peryears ago lhere
sons in all Harford county who bred
poultry of pure strains eligible to exhibition. Doubtless there are now dreds of persons in Harford who have
fine fowls but who did not care to enter the competition. Within a radius of a mile or two of Towson another seven-
ty or more persons reside who devote much time and attention to raising
chickens of aristocratic lineage, and in every village and hamlet all over
country the condition is the same, say nothing of the millions of flocks
which pass a happywhich pass a happy-go-lucky existence
on the farms, scratching on the farms, scratching for a living
and doing just about as well in the way of egg producing as the more tenderly cared for biddies that are nurtured un-
der various systems guaranteed to reder various systems guaranteed to return a fabulous profit every year per
hen. And still eggs are retailing at forty-eight cents a dozen in times of piping peace! Some of the political sages of Towson say the Republican party is responsible, but the assertion
does not seem well founded as does not seem well founded, as nothing
has been reported of any political dishas been reported of any political dis-
cussion or activity among the hens of this vicinity.
The scarcity of eggs and their con-
sequent high price is not sequent high price is not explainable by
any ordinary hypothesis. It will any ordinary hypothesis. It will of
course be said that the demand has increased, but the increase in the number of egg eaters is not at all in pro-
portion to the increase in the number portion to the increase in the number
of fowls; neither is it correct to lay the blame on the movement of country peo-
ple to the city, because for every man
who
chicken raising three or four move part of their savings in a chicken
"plant." With all the attention paid
to strains of blod scientific feedii
nd nd care and copyrighted "systems"
nd home-made plans des better than the systems, the hens do
not seem to do as well as in the old
days when the farmer kept a fock ersand" gathered eggs from mangers,
haymows and other nooks and crannies The hen must be under the manage-
ment of that bureau preserves equilibreaum on the earth by
limiting fecundity when races, tribes,
breeds, fauna breeds, fauna or flora of a certain sort any rate, eggs are high and seem like-
ly to remain so and no erred from going into the poultry bus-
iness by the fear that he will overstock
the market and spoil the game Farmer's Don't Get The Extras On In concluding a discussion of the high
eost of living, Secretary of Agriculture
Wilson in his annual report, declares empon in his annual report, declares well-grounded complaint against the
farmer for the prices that he pays." well known for his readiness to defend the high prices of foodsputfis upon, the
middlemen, the distributors, and the etailers. He shows by quotation of
prices that the farmer receives, on an verage, about half of the price which
The consumer pays for his products. salvation, the Secretary declares. As from the producers, is suggested.
In seventy In seventy-eight cities in the United
States, in which the Department of the farmer received a scant one-half of consumer to the retailer. The railng 43 pere cent. going to the distribu-
ing cent, the remain-
ers. In regard to milk, the Secretary says of retailers, by which one milk wagon serves a few customers in a wide area,
while other wagons are passing along he same route, is a great waste of ef
ort and expense.
$r$ 's price is received by the farmer for per cent. of the consumer's price; for cabbage 48 per cent., when it is sold by
the head, and 65 percent. by the the head, and 65 per cent. by the pound
The apple grower gets 56 per cent. of The apple grower gets 56 per cent. of
the last price when the purchase is by the bushel, and 66 per cent. by the barrel, the strawberry grower receives 49
per cent. of the consumer's price in purchases by the quart, and 76 per
cent. by the crate. For his onions, the farmer gets 28 per cent. of the consumer's price, for his oranges, 20 per cent., for melons 50 per cent.; for
tring beans, 50 per cent., and for wa string beans, 50 per cen
termelons, 34 per cent.
"The farmer supplies the capital for production," says Secretary Wilson,
'and takes the risk of loss. his crop are at the mercy of droughts and floods heat and cold, to say nothing of nox-
ious insects and blighting diseases. He supplies hard, unremitting labor. A degree and range of information and intelligence are demanded hardly equal ed in any other occupation. Then there
is the risk of overproduction and dis. astrously low prices.
When the products are started o adds a percentage of increase to the farmer's prices that is not large. After delivery the products are stored
for a time, measured into various re tail quantities, and the dealers are rid of them as soon as possible. The deal ers have risks that are comparatively small, except credit sales, and grow their number.
"Why do not consumers buy directly
rom the farmers?" the Secretary' ask He cites the example of the English in o-operative buying. Aside from buy-
ing associations maintained by farmers he says, hardly any exist in this couns try. It is apparent, that the consumer has much to do to work out his own salvation in regard to the high
he pays. - Rockville Sentinel.

## The Senate Taking Notice

 The adoption by a sub-committee favorable report on a resolution for the adoption of a constitutional amend-ment to provide for the election ment to provide for the election o
United States Senators by direct vote of the people is an encouraging in-
dication that Senators are not totally bblvious to public opinion. Perhaps the adoption of this resolution will not
follow the sub-committee's action, but follow the sub-committee's action, but
persons who have been demanding the reform which it is sought in the reso-
lution to accomplish will be heartened y the support secured for it, and en couraged to persist in the effort to have the constitution amended, as
posed. - Frederick Evening Post.



## MaALIISTER'S

## (9) 3

## 。 orounve numacel

 $=5=5$ $=5$WHAT GLASSES WILL DO
If your work or reading tire the $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{E}$

ONT wear glasses unless prescribed

## REASON WHY.

If you were ill you would call in the
best Physician; if you had a law best Physician; if you had a law
suit, the best Lawyer. If your eyes are bad why not take equal precau-
tion to selecta a reliable Optician and
Optometrist? tion to select a
Optometrist?
WE FIT HUNDREDS
Of pair of eyes with glasses and can
point to scores of persons whose
porse eye troubles we have relieved entire-
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THE WEEKLY CHRONICLE


 ing wite, the carcass a neat appear ance. As layers il preduce eggs en
are steady and will
ery month in the year and many them. .The largest proportion of the
WTil be produceen when eggs sell higl
therefore the proft therefore the pront. They are not pe
sistent
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 his chicken factory.
 about three incues in the top of each
stump to oemore, thit the hole wit
refined nitrate of potash and drive
 absorbed. Pour a listle oil on the to
of the stump and set afre. The entire of the stump and set airre. The entir
stump and in a great many istance
all the roots will be consumed by

## 

Easily Built and Substantial Without $A$ writer in the Rural New Yorker trom which the picture shown here.
with is taken, sass that everr farm
should be provided with one or more goods sleds, and one built as shown
in the drawing will prove very satis factory, It is easily bultt and sub
stantiai, as there are no tenons to quire much morther, and seriouslig weak mark of X , which are 4 by 6 by
marcent


$\qquad$
$\qquad$ to prevent their turning should the
bolts become loose. Next come the diagonal brace B and the crosspiece
at the rear end of the sed fust be
hind the standaris. The top of the hit the theartendards. The top of the
siled may be floored over it destred. The tongue is borted loosesly on on op of
the tront crossiece and braced with
 and good ones are easily made of old Tagon tres. dlagrams, should glive satisfactory
serrice, but it may be made higher it service, but it may mee made higher if
desired, though greater height is not needed unless to be used in stony or
sumpy fields. Crosspieces X X X may be 2 by 6 instead of 4 by 4 , when
two bolts at each joint can be used and the diagoana braece B be dispensed
with The bottom of the sled frame is With. The bottom of the sled frame is
nine feet long, and the top from stand-


## Daddy'sBedtime

Story — An od od sar
Cut the String and
Let the Winds

T

Daddy sald: "Yes, and it was old when my great-great-grandfother was a boy and long before that. It is about a great king who lived long ago.
His name was Odysseus, and he was a famous man. He did many brave deeds, and he fought bravely in a long war. When the war was ended he
took hhis men in a great ship and salied for home. "On his way home he pald a visit to an island
named Aeolus. He was king of all the winds also. "Aeolus had charge of all the winds-the north wind, which blows from
the cold countries; the west wind, which is gentle and soft: the east wind the cold countries; the west wind, which is gentle and soft; the east wind
which brings rain, and the south wind, which is warm. He could send any wind anywhere he pleased. he went away he gave to Odysseus a big bag tied with a silver string. In $1 t$
were all the winds except the east wind, which would take the ship home. 'Do not open the bag,' sald the king of the winds, 'for if you do the other
winds will blow and will send you out of your course.' Odysseus said he would take great care of the bag and sailed away with his men.
"For nine days and nights the east wind blew, sending Odysseus and his
men toward home. He had not told his men what was in the great bag which he watched so closely, and he was afraid that they would open it to see what
was inside. He had told them not to touch it, but he was afrald that the was inside. He had
would become inquistive and open it it they had a chatice to do so.
"So for nine days and nights the king did not sleep, but at last he became so tired that he could remain a wake no longer.
"When the men saw that their leader slept one of them said:
$\qquad$ winds rusherd out they cut the silver string of the bag, and with a roar all the were swept overboard by the winds and drowned. The cries of the men a woke Ail he could do was to save the ship, with himself and some of his men. The
storm lasted many days. The ship was blown out of her course, and it was

EXPERIMENT FARMS' VALUE. They Open the Eyes of Farmers to the
Possibilities of Thoir Land. The demonstration farm is just as open air encampment and the sham
gattue to the millitiaman. The reading of military tactics can never teach a
man either to stand steady under fire or to capture an entrenched enempy
We know this because of the many We know this because of the many
tustances where eren a brief sisit made
by some neighboring farmer to these experimental farms has utterly chang
ed practices which have existed for
not
 cessful and which have caused abso
lute fallure only at intervals For example, shallow plowing got a
black exe during the eason of drough
when the farmers noted the result te the experimental stations of deep plow
ing aided by frequent shallow cultiva tion, a method which kept corn green
without wilt and produced a big crop or fully filled ears, to say nothing o
keeping the potato olpants green and
heaity healthy until a normal crop was ma
turede
The early plauting of such extremely harda vegetables as carrots and onions
which with them assures a good start fallo of early spring, was only adopted
when dry weather sured ourselves a crop. In like man ner the spraying of ruit trees annua
ly, systemattcally and thoroughly wa only brought about in the neighbo
hood by the extremely healthy appear ance or the small demonstration or
chards at the experimentol the farmerss saying little, but bein
quick to note the dark green of the Tollage and the handsome appearanc and juiciness of the highly flavore
fruit.-H. B. Fullerton in Craftsman.

Graduate your hired men who

iill treat your stock, especialy the diary cows. Send them out into | $\begin{array}{l}\text { the world } \\ \text { discharge. }\end{array}$ |
| :--- |

Chemical Fertilizers. Who use chemicals should remembe eveenly as possible. Theould be spread are all con-
centrated and will etation if they are dumped in hane veguls upon growing crops. They should b
spread out all orer the ground

## Orchard and Garden

 Take precautions against apple danger from freezing set a large tub the temperature. If freezing occursallow the fruit to thaw allow the fruit to thaw slowly.
The farmer who finds it cher The frarmer who faits it than to raise it usually goe Plum thost of the time. y feet apart will need good, vigorous
pruning to keep them in bounds in ater years.
berry bed should be keply set stra the wintable the plants to go through A simple rule for the arrangement dooryard trees and shrubs is nev
set them in straight lines, but groups with curving boundaries. An ideal peach orchard location is
high, rolling elevation where the ver best nir drainage is obtainable, and so much the better. Never set pea The man who think
work to keep a garden going was not considered cordingly.
Do not bury cabbage untll there
danger of tery hard freeatng


In this space will shortly be announced information that will be of great interest to careful buyers. JOSEPH E. HOKE

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ard to standard


[^0]:    As these strange shadows of the fallen faith A soft, serene illumination grew A soft, serene illumination grew,

