

The Weekly Chronicle.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

ESTABLISHED OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

TERMS—\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

VOL. XXXI

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1909 / 0

NO. 34

CONSUMERS TO FORM LEAGUE TO REGULATE PRICES

Like Organization Successful in Germany

NEW WAY TO BREAK UP TRUSTS

Rapid Spread of Organization Expected By Promoter.—Its Size Will Regulate Its Effect.—National Propaganda Is Proposed.

The question of the increased cost of everything that man and woman used internally and externally is being investigated by the venerable Secretary of Agriculture, the question is vital and widespread. It is pretty generally conceded that the original producer does not get more for his products than he is entitled to and there is a strong suspicion that the last retailer has succeeded by means of combination, in reaping a undue profit. The number of green grocers in city, town and village, it is said, is out of all proportion to the population and it is argued that the great and increasing lists of these middlemen between the purchaser and the consumer indicate the great extent of their pickings. Combinations and trusts are under keen suspicion nowadays and the food-stuffs trust is doubtless the most intolerable of all.

It is proposed to organize a league to fight the high prices in the necessities of life which have been increasing from year to year and have now reached abnormal rates. Dr. Scharf, a well-known economist, has suggested the formation of a league similar to an organization formed in Germany years ago for the suppression of the exorbitantly high price of coffee. The members of this league abstained from buying coffee for a time all over the German Empire with the result that the price fell to a normal point, competition was resumed and the trust was broken. A number of distinguished men in Washington, including members of Congress were present when a preliminary organization was effected. A national propaganda is proposed and women as well as men will be enlisted. The plan of procedure will be that when any article of food is forced too high in price, the members will be notified secretly that on a certain day all will discontinue buying that article. It is believed that this would soon bring the trusts to terms. If, for instance, several millions of people should discontinue for a week the use of beef, there is no doubt it would have a very serious effect upon the market. The promoters of the league believe that no trust could long survive such drastic tactics.

Dr. Scharf expects this league to spread rapidly over the country and that it will be able to force the food trusts to put a fair price on their products. A few years ago there was no country in the world where food was so plentiful and so cheap as in the United States. Two months ago the papers were full of reports of the most bountiful harvests of corn, wheat, barley, oats and vegetables that the country has ever known, but for some reason these bounties of nature never reach the table until the purse of the family has been well nigh exhausted in supplying them.

NO DEBATE POSSIBLE BETWEEN WATSON AND ELLIS

The Populist Leader Declines to Meet the Newspaper Man on the Subject of Foreign Matters.

The challenge issued by various church organizations to Thomas E. Watson to meet William T. Ellis in debate on the subject of foreign missions has been declined by the several-times nominee for President. Mr. Watson who lives in Georgia, says that he cannot afford to meet "every man or woman who desires to have a public discussion." However he will be glad to meet William Jennings Bryan and debate the question with him.

In the letter Mr. Watson declares that his position on the subject is misunderstood; that he is not opposed to the principal of foreign missions in its entirety, but is opposed to the present methods employed.

Another Society Jumps on Cook.

The council of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences voted on Tuesday that the discredited explorer, Dr. Frederick A. Cook be dropped from membership. The action was unanimous. Dr. Cook was a member of the executive committee.

The Wright brothers have secured an injunction against the Herring-Curtiss Company restraining them from the manufacture and sale of aeroplanes that infringe on their patents.

THAT POSTAL DEFICIT

Contention Over Second Class Mail Rates

PAY FIVE CENTS FOR ONE CENT

Magazines and Newspapers Differentiated.—Postal Subsidy to Periodicals and Extensive Loss.

There has been much talk concerning the expense connected with second class mail matter by those interested in the Post Office Department. Second class matter is divided into two classes: When mailed by the public and when mailed by publishers or news agents. Under the first class or division all newspapers and other periodicals bearing the regular statement as will be found at the head of the editorial column of THE CHRONICLE, are mailable at the transient second class rate—one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

In the second division the general rate is one cent a pound. Magazines and periodicals constitute 63 per cent. of the whole bulk of second class matter and the contention over the rate that it costs five cents a pound to transport magazines.

Many so-called magazines and periodicals are, in fact, little more than collections of advertisements, says the New York Herald, only enough reading matter inclosed to give color to their claim for privilege as second-class matter. The loss on transportation of this class is about \$64,000,000, and most readers will share in President Taft's doubt as to the wisdom of a policy which contributes so large a subsidy and requires additional taxation to meet it.

Newspapers are not in the same category. They contain a much smaller proportion of advertising matter than the magazines and the average distance over which they are delivered to customers is less than a third of that over which magazines and miscellaneous periodicals are hauled. The average cost of transporting newspapers is less than two cents a pound compared with a cost of five cents a pound for magazines.

The ground on which newspapers and periodicals are favored with lower rates than is charged other mail matter is that their cheap circulation tends to the spread of intelligence. Very slight indeed is the contribution to intelligence made by periodicals that are for the most part merely vehicles to carry advertisements and still smaller is the contribution from the lower order of magazines, the few reading pages of which gives up to muckraking and the apotheosis of crime.

It is absurd to tax the people for the maintenance of such publications. Congress should adopt President Taft's suggestion and take up this important subject without delay.

EMBEZZLED THE FUNDS OF D. A. R. SOCIETY

Miss Maclay the Accused Purloined Letters Containing Money and Has Since Disappeared.

An announcement has been sent by the President-General to the regent of every chapter of the Daughters of the Revolution telling of the discovery "by the United States post office officials of the employees—in the offices of the society—guilty of thefts of money, postoffice orders, checks, other tampering with mail of the offices and other dishonest practices.

"The amount of the defalcation has been greatly exaggerated. The sums taken have been small, and while it is impossible to make an exact estimate of the loss to the society, it can scarcely run up into the thousands, as has been affirmed.

"I regret with sorrow and humiliation unspeakable that I am compelled, notwithstanding the anguish of crushed and grief-stricken friends, to give the name of this former and formerly trusted employe—our late curator, Miss Sarah B. Maclay."

Miss Maclay has disappeared.

More Valuable Than Gold.

Remark is frequently made that this is the age of cement, and point is given to the declaration by some figures recently given out by Robert Meade, of Easton, Pa., an authority on this manufacture. This building material was first made in this country in 1875, when a plant was established in Lehigh county of that state, with a capacity of 1700 barrels a year. From that small beginning there were 51,000,000 barrels turned out in the United States last year, at a value of \$43,000,000. Mr. Meade says that the output of cement in Pennsylvania alone to-day exceeds in value that of gold in either California or Alaska.

Mrs. Russel Sage presented Yale with \$650,000.

CAPITAL POST-HOLIDAY TALK

RESULT OF THE TAFT-DALZELL CONFERENCE

Newest Phases of the Ballinger-Pinchot Controversy Now to Be Publicly Aired

Dramatic Scene Promised When Joint Committee Gets Busy With Investigation.—Outline of Charges Against Ballinger.—Effort Made to Sustain Member of President's Cabinet.—The Shadow of Theodore Hangs Over Proceedings.—Other Important Matters.

Washington, D. C. Jan. 6.—With the return of the national legislators to Washington at the conclusion of the holiday recess of Congress, gossip is centering upon the newest phases of the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy, which is about to be thoroughly aired by a public investigation, says THE CHRONICLE'S special Washington correspondent.

It has been decided at a conference between President Taft and Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, a member of the House Committee on Rules, that the investigation shall be conducted by a joint committee of the House and Senate. A resolution to this effect will be introduced during the coming week, and it is probable that before the end of January the curtain will rise upon dramatic scenes, which promise to have a wide influence throughout the balance of the present administration, and particularly in the congressional elections of next autumn.

So many forces will be let loose by the decision of the committee, whether favorable or unfavorable, that it will be well to recapitulate them briefly. In the first place is the superficial fact which is patent to everybody, that Secretary Ballinger of the Interior Department has been charged with acting as attorney and then using his influence in the General Land Office for the immense Cunningham interests in certain very valuable public lands in Alaska. Glavis, a public coalite in the Land Office, contended that the connection between Secretary Ballinger's action as attorney and that of the Interior Department in granting favorable action to the Cunningham interests in regard to the claims was incompatible with the welfare of the public. Gifford Pinchot, head of the Bureau of Forestry, sided with Glavis. The President heard the evidence as a judge sitting in the case and publicly exonerated his Secretary of the Interior. This action meeting with criticism, a congressional investigation was decided upon.

Underlying the facts of this particular Cunningham case is the general question of whether the natural resources of the public domain shall be utilized for the benefit of private interests or conserved as national resources for the benefit of all the people of the country now and in the future. Pinchot is understood by member of Congress to be an extremist in defense of the latter alternative, and Ballinger as representing the former alternative as attorney in a certain instance. Because of this underlying question, it is regarded here as highly probable that in the public mind the conservation problem will

be more acute than at any previous time since it was actually taken up and exploited by President Roosevelt, who was an ardent exponent of Pinchot's views on the subject.

More than all this, however, is the effect the publicity given the investigation may have upon the political fortunes of the administration. It is considered by the politically wise at the Capital that no matter what action is finally taken by the joint committee, it is apt to hurt, if for no other reason than because of the breach between the radicals and conservative friends of the conservation policy. No one here doubts that as the President himself went over all the evidence, the committee will sustain his findings; but even that may not satisfy the public, if there is the slightest indication of whitewash.

It is believed by these same wise ones that the investigation will be conducted with every appearance of thoroughness. Two facts assure this: First is the general election next autumn, when members of the sixty-second congress will be chosen. The middle and the far west, where the radical exponents of the conservation policy are most numerous, will be the battle-ground of that election. Therefore, it is believed that every effort will be made to sustain a member of the President's cabinet who is under fire, and at the same time espouse the conservation policy. The retirement of Pinchot is not considered in any case, except by voluntary resignation. That he will be exceedingly active in maintaining his end of the fight, is indicated by the fact that he is understood to have so stated to his intimate friends, and by the additional and highly important fact that he is fully able to do so, being rated as a millionaire.

The second fact which assures a thorough investigation is the fear pervading the minds of many leaders of the administration that Theodore Roosevelt, who, in a sense, is the father of the conservation policy in its widest development, may get into the game on his own account when he returns next summer. If possible, his followers will not be antagonized. The administration labors under the disadvantage of having as its implied if not actual critic the head of the preceding one, who inaugurated the policies it is supposed to carry on. It inherited this disadvantage from the fact that Mr. Taft was the candidate endorsed by President Roosevelt in the national convention. Mistakes made by the present administration encourage those who would like to see Mr. Roosevelt return to power. Hence this additional motive for heroic (Continued on page 8.)

BROTHER'S SACRIFICE COULD NOT SAVE DOCTOR'S LIFE

Remarkable Fight To Save Dr. Stauffer of No Avail Except to Prove the Strength of the Tie of Blood.

Dr. James H. Stauffer died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital of leukemia on Monday last.

This case has attracted much attention especially in this county where the deceased formerly lived. When the fight for Dr. Stauffer's life began it was found imperative that his blood be strengthened with a transfusion of the blood of some healthy person. His brother, Mr. S. Theodore Stauffer, of Walkersville, at once volunteered to furnish the blood and the first transfusion was made on December 19.

Dr. Stauffer rallied after the operation but the relief was not permanent. His sister, Miss Felicia Stauffer, of Walkersville, came to her brother's assistance but her brother, Mr. S. Theodore Stauffer, decided that he would rather again submit than have her suffer the pain. The second transfusion was given on December 24, which greatly strengthened Dr. Stauffer. It had been planned to have a third transfusion Wednesday.

Up to the end Dr. Stauffer took a keen interest in every step made in the treatment of the case. He was conscious to the end. By the use of stimulants his life was prolonged. "We have all of us made a good fight," he said with the last strength he could muster up, "but I guess we lose."

Dr. William S. Thayer had charge of the case, assisted in the operations by Dr. J. M. T. Finney, Dr. J. W. Churchman and others.

ANOTHER DARING AVIATOR IS INSTANTLY KILLED

Fell About Sixty-Five Feet While Making Sharp Turn.—His Machine Was Entirely Demolished.

Another famous aviator has lost his life in experimenting in the navigation of the air. Leon Delagrang, the French aviator whose achievement in the last two years had won for him a high place among those who have set out to conquer the air, was instantly killed at Bordeaux, France, on Tuesday while making a flight in the presence of a great crowd of spectators.

A strong uncertain wind prevailed, but, with characteristic daring, Delagrang faced it in the same monoplane in which he made a record of 53 miles an hour at the Doncaster meeting last October. On the third round, when at a height of between 60 and 70 feet, he increased his speed. He swung wide at the turns, but he attempted to describe a sharp curve and the machine was seen to sway. The left wing was broken and the right wing immediately collapsed. The aeroplane came plunging to the earth, and it turned half over as it fell, with the aviator clinging to the seat. In this way it crashed to the ground with Delagrang beneath, and the heavy motor crushed out his life. Death was instantaneous. He ranked among the first of the aviators of the world.

Mrs. Helen Boyle, the handsome wife of James Boyle, one of the kidnapers of Willie Whitla, of Sharon, who is serving a 25 year sentence in the penitentiary is seriously ill from appendicitis.

LEGISLATORS AT WORK

Much Doing Before and After Assembly Meeting

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE DELIVERED

Is Not of Great Length but Does Insist on Redemption of All Party Pledges Made in Platform.

The politicians and legislators are busy at Annapolis. Democratic members of the Senate were in caucus over two hours Wednesday night, trying to learn how they stood and how they were likely to stand upon the subject of retrenching expenses by limiting the number of employes.

It was finally determined to adopt the rules of the last session, with the proviso that they should be considered as preliminary and not regarded as binding on the Senate in the future.

The Republican members of both houses in caucus, refrained from the introduction of discussion of any prospective legislation and from defining their attitude on any questions to be discussed at the session. On calling the meeting to order in the room of the Senate Committee on Finance Chairman John H. Hanna, of the State Central Committee, made the address, which his auditors applauded enthusiastically.

No business was transacted at this session, which was followed by separate caucuses of the members of the Senate and House. Senator L. McK. Griffith, of Calvert, and Secretary C. C. Ausherman, of Frederick, as secretary.

Without taking up any of the questions to be decided during the session the Democratic members of the House of Delegates devoted their proceedings in caucus simply to the nomination of Speaker and desk officials, no contests arising harmony prevailed on all sides.

The Governor's message which went to the General Assembly on Wednesday arrested the attention of all and is regarded as one of the most interesting state papers of recent years. He is emphatic in urging the redemption of all pledges in the platform.

The message is not of great length, but it deals with subjects of general interest. The Governor is a Democrat of the old school, and he believes that recent indications of a trend toward a protective tariff in the South should be met by some counter outgrowth, and the proposed income tax amendment to the Constitution of the United States affords him the opportunity he desired.

The Governor did not recommend the ratification of the amendment by the Legislature. On the other hand he is anxious for another suffrage amendment to put before the people in the hope that a satisfactory one can be framed.

TOBACCO TRUST CASE BEFORE SUPREME COURT

Most Important Hearing Ever Held Before Nation's Highest Court Says Mr. Wickersham.

Argument in the Tobacco Trust case, which has attracted much attention because of the possible effect of the court's decision on anti-trust legislation was begun Monday in the Supreme Court of the United States, and it will continue to hold the attention of the court for the next three days.

The court awarded 12 hours to counsel, which is thrice the usual time given to a case in court. Of this time the Government will have five hours, counsel for the American Tobacco Company four and a half hours and counsel for the Imperial Company of Great Britain and the United Cigar Company two and a half hours.

In presenting the plea for an extension of time Attorney-General Wickersham stated that no more important case had ever come before the court, and he said that time would be necessary to present the facts as well as the law.

W. J. Bryan visited Panama.

Industrial Depression Gone.

Revised figures on interest and dividend disbursements to be made January 1, as compiled by the New York Journal of Commerce, show dividend payments aggregating \$87,591,352 compared with \$75,117,856 a year ago, and interest payments, of \$114,431,250 against \$107,131,250 a year ago. More than 100 corporations during the year have either resumed or increased dividend payments, and this in spite of the fact that there has been an increase in corporate debt which largely explains the increase in interest disbursements. This affords sufficient evidence that the industrial depression has pretty completely disappeared.

Two "white slave" syndicates have been uncovered by Secret Service Men.

TAFT STOOD OFF 6 PRESIDENTS

RAILROADS WORRIED

Conference With President Not Satisfactory

BUT FEW SUGGESTIONS ADOPTED

Magnates Anxious to Have Message Favorable to Their Interests.—Further Regulations Said To Be Dangerous.

The presidents of six of our most powerful railroads were received by President Taft on Monday by appointment. Those who attended the conference besides the President and the Attorney-General were Judge R. S. Lovett, successor to Harriman as president of the Union and Southern Pacific; James McCrear, successor to A. J. Cassatt as president of the Pennsylvania system, who also spoke in behalf of Baltimore and Ohio and other affiliated interests; W. W. Finley, President of the Southern Railway; W. C. Brown, president of the New York Central lines; George F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia and Reading lines, and Charles S. Mellen, President of the New York, New Haven and Hartford lines.

On the occasion of President Taft's visit to New York to attend a family wedding last week he was called upon over the telephone by Mr. Morgan, who expressed a desire to have a talk with the Chief Executive. Mr. Taft had Mr. Morgan informed at that time that he could not find time while in New York for such a conference, but would be glad to have him visit the White House the following morning. When Mr. Morgan called early on his flying visit of last week he said the object of his request for a conference was to arrange for a hearing for the six big railroad presidents.

These gentlemen told Mr. Taft of the recovery of the railroads of this country from the troubles of two years and discussed the danger of further regulation, which they feared will be embodied in the special message now prepared by the President. Mr. Taft was a good listener and consented to some of the changes suggested but no promise was obtained. His message has been divided into two parts, the first of which was delivered yesterday; the part concerning the railroads is before Congress to-day.

The six magnates were thoroughly practical in their talk and lost no time in telling the President their objections to what they knew he intended to recommend. They were opposed to supervision over stock and bond issues, to his plan to allow the shippers of the country the right to designate the route over which they desire their goods transported, and offered strong objection against the intention of the President to urge the creation of an Interstate Commerce Court. But President heard what they had to say, but informed them he could not depart from any of the principles he had agreed upon with his own Attorney-General.

When this became evident to the President's visitors they suggested that certain verbal changes be made in the completed draft of the Wickersham bill, pointing out to the President their belief (Continued on page 8.)

ORGANIZE FOR LOWER FIRE INSURANCE RATES

Movement Begun in Chicago Will Spread Rapidly All Over Country.—Will Save Many Millions.

A national movement was begun on Tuesday in Chicago to obtain uniform reductions in fire insurance rates upon classification of statistics by the States, which, it is said, will result in an annual saving of several million dollars in premiums in Chicago alone.

The campaign was launched at a meeting of representatives of national and State associations, business interests and trade publications, in the office of George H. Holt. A committee of eight was appointed to confer with the Illinois Insurance Commission, to obtain information and bring influence to bear on insurance companies to force uniformity of rates. A similar plan is promised in Maryland.

Burned to Death at Home.

William H. McKay, aged 68 years, was burned to death in his home, a short distance from Silver Springs, Montgomery county, about 11 o'clock Monday. His body was burned to a crisp, and when found was on the back porch of the home.

Edward P. Weston, the celebrated pedestrian has announced that he intends to walk from the Pacific to the Atlantic Ocean, across the United States in 100 days. He is 71 years old.

MULE DRIVER TO AMBASSADOR

R. C. Kerens' Case Illustrate Flipflops of Time's Whirligig.

Truly time works wonderful changes, says the Leavenworth Labor Review, and one of the most wonderful in America, this land of magical changes, is the appointment of Richard C. Kerens, of St. Louis, to be Ambassador to Austria.

The original location of the Kerens family in the United States was in Iowa, from where they moved to Doniphan county, this State, where they resided for some years, and then the family, consisting of father and mother, two brothers, and one sister, removed to Leavenworth, where they made their home for several years.

Both Richard C. Kerens and his brother obtained employment at Fort Leavenworth as teamsters, or, as it was more familiarly called in those days, "mule whackers," and this was their means of gaining a livelihood during the years they spent there.

The house where his father died in Ottawa street is still standing, and is occupied by a colored family, while the last place occupied by the family, a one story frame with a stone wall in front, in Seneca street, bids fair to last for many a year to come.

But what a change! The erstwhile "mule whacker," who had to earn a livelihood by manual labor long after he had reached manhood, and only after four years' steady work gained a slight advance in position, is to-day quoted as being worth between thirty and forty million dollars, and is Ambassador to the oldest and most aristocratic monarchy in Christendom.

AFTERLIFE OF PRESIDENTS.

President Roosevelt retired from his exalted office while a comparatively young man, and doubtless looks forward to a longer lease of life than has fallen to the lot of a majority of retiring Presidents.

ALTOGETHER TOO MANY FIRES.

Every person in America, practically, sustained a fire loss of \$2.58 in 1907, whereas the per capita loss in Europe for the same year was only 45 cents.

INTERESTED IN GOOD ROADS.

The Frederick agent of the Northern Central Railroad has been notified by the company he serves that if a suitable place can be secured and enough persons interested they will send Mr. King, inventor of the split-log drag, to Frederick to deliver a lecture on the subject of improving the condition of country roads.

DR. FREDERICK A. COOK HAS BEEN LOCATED IN VIENNA, AUSTRIA, WHERE HE IS CRITICALLY ILL AND UNDER THE CARE OF A SPECIALIST.

His condition is so serious that he has not been told of the adverse decision of the Danish scientists.

ONE MAN WAS KILLED AND SEVEN INJURED IN THE COLLAPSE OF A DECK ON STEAMER D. N. LUCKENBACH, AT CANTON ON SATURDAY.

The steamer D. N. Luckenbach, at Canton on Saturday.

FAIRFIELD'S BLOOD TONIC FOR HORSES

Only neutralizes poisons produced by undigested foods fermenting in the intestines. It strengthens digestion, purifies the blood, perfecting the health and increasing the animal's working ability.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND HAS PUBLICLY DEFENDED THE CHARACTER OF THE LATE KING LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM.

Archbishop Ireland has publicly defended the character of the late King Leopold of Belgium.

CAZRE OF EXTRAVAGANCE CAUSE OF HIGH PRICES

Senator Clapp Explains Conditions.—Combinations are Putting the Prices Way out of Sight.

"A craze of extravagance has seized the people," said Senator Clapp. "They are living beyond their means. Economy and the principle of saving are lost arts. People are dashing about in automobiles who ought to be riding in street cars or walking. I have heard of numerous instances of families mortgaging their homes in order to buy automobiles. The sudden manufacture of several hundred thousand automobiles has helped to run up the cost of living. It has set a pace away beyond the means of the general public."

"But the chief cause of the higher cost of living is the combination element. Combinations are putting the prices up. In this connection there are two things which the people do not clearly understand. If the tariff bill could have been beaten it would have saved the purchasing public millions and millions of dollars. Everybody realizes that the general effect of the new tariff was to raise prices to the consumer, although many things were reduced for the benefit of the manufacturer. An epidemic of increase in prices followed. Men who deal in things not touched at all by the tariff boosted prices. They saw everybody else doing the same thing and promptly fell in line. It has extended to articles that were not even mentioned during the tariff debate."

MARYLAND MAY GET THE ARMY MANEUVERS

National Guards of Eastern States and Representatives of Regular Army May Camp in This State.

Maryland, Virginia or Pennsylvania will be the seat of the maneuvers directed by the war department during July, 1910, and participated in by a large part of the National Guard of the Eastern States and a good representation of all the branches of the regular military service.

The troops of the regular Army which will participate will consist of 15 companies of infantry, three troops of cavalry, two batteries of field artillery, two companies of engineers, one company of hospital corps.

As either Maryland or Virginia may be the location of the camp, a report that the troops will attack and defend Washington may have some foundation in fact. However, there is no official confirmation of this.

Col. Charles Thompson Dead.

The tragedy which caused the death of the beautiful Mrs. Woodill, near St. Michaels had its sequel on Tuesday when Col. Charles H. Thompson, her foster-father, died suddenly at his home near St. Michaels. He died while at the table aged 78 years. It is supposed that he brooded over the untimely death of his adopted daughter to such an extent as to induce his own end in the manner stated.

Any absent Emmitsburgian would appreciate a subscription to The Chronicle. 52 weeks \$1.00.

Gen. Estrada is fighting in Western Nicaragua.

BEAUTIFUL STAR IN THE WEST

Simple Explanation of the Movement of the Planet Venus.

Out in the southwest these evenings shines the most beautiful star or, to be more correct, the most beautiful planet in the sky. Astronomers, on account of its lustrous beauty, have named it Venus. In answer to a query concerning how Venus can be both evening and morning star, since it is nearer than the earth to the sun, the Springfield Republican says:

"There should be no difficulty in solving this problem by drawing a rough sketch, with the sun at the center of two concentric circles, one with any convenient radius, for the path of Venus, the other with a radius increased by half, for the earth's orbit. From this it will appear that at times Venus will be between us and the sun; when it exactly crosses the sun's disk a transit of Venus occurs. Obviously when it is in line with the sun it can be above the horizon only in the day time, a condition which recurs when it is at the furthest point of its orbit. But when its course along the zodiac carries it out of the direct line between the earth and the sun, it will lie either a little east of the sun, in which case it will lag behind the sunset and be the evening star, or to the west of the sun, in which case it will precede the sun in rising and be the morning star. Even a crude diagram will make this plain. It was not understood by the ancients, who gave the morning and the evening star separate names."

POEMS FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

These verses are published by request of the school department. Teachers and pupils are asked to become familiar with the poems published from time to time under this head.

A CHILD'S PRAYER.

God make my life a little light, With in the world to glow; A tiny flame that burneth bright Wherever I may go.

God make my life a little flower, That giveth joy to all, Content to bloom in native bower, Although its place be small.

God make my life a little song, That comforteth the sad, That helped others to be strong, And makes the singer glad.

God make my life a little staff, Whereon the weak may rest, That so what health and strength I have, May serve my neighbor best.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR.

Between the dark and the daylight, When the night is beginning to lower, Comes a pause in the day's occupation That is known as the Children's Hour.

I hear in the chamber above me The patter of little feet, The sound of a door that is opened, And voices soft and sweet.

From my study I see in the lamplight, Descending the broad hall stair, Grave Alice, and laughing Allegra, And Edith with golden hair.

A whisper, and then a silence: Yet I know by their merry eyes They are plotting and planning together To take me by surprise.

A sudden rush from the stairway, A sudden raid from the hall! By three doors left unguarded They enter my castle wall.

They climb up into my turret O'er the arms and back of my chair; If I try to escape, they surround me; They seem to be everywhere.

They almost devour me with kisses, Their arms about me entwined, Till I thing of the Bishop of Bingen In his Mouse-Tower on the Rhine.

Do you think, blue-eyed banditti, Because you have scaled the wall, Such an old mustache as I am Is not a match for you all.

I have you fast in my fortress, And will not let you depart, But put you down into the dungeon, In the round-tower of my heart.

And there will I keep you forever, Yes, forever and a day, Till the walls shall crumble to ruin, And moulder in dust away.

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Gen. Estrada is fighting in Western Nicaragua.

DETOUR ITEMS.

Messrs P. D. Koons, Jr., and Harry B. Fogle spent Sunday with Mr. E. O. Norris, of near Middleburg.

Mr. Samuel Weybright and daughter, Miss Mary, spent Wednesday with Mrs. Mary Troxell at Four Points.

Miss Emma Fox is on the sick list at the present writing.

Mr. William Eyley, wife and children, at Thurmont, spent Sunday with Mr. Edward Essick, and Mr. A. C. Miller.

Miss Margaret Shorb, of Rocky Ridge, is visiting Miss Marguerite Miller.

Mrs. Herbert Angell and children are spending a few days with Mrs. Angell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Troxell, of near Graceham.

Miss Mary Weybright entertained on Wednesday evening the 29th of December in honor of Mrs. Webster Harnish, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Happy-Go-Lucky Club held its annual Banquet at Miss Vallie Shorb's on New Year's evening. Covers were laid for twenty-five, a bountiful meal was served and appetites were equal to the occasion.

Several of the pleasing features of the evening were: "A Musical Romance," the winners of prizes being, First, Mr. Charles Miller; Second, Mr. Erle Koons. In "a Peanut Race," the successful participants were, First, Mr. J. Howard Miller; Second Mr. P. D. Koons, Jr. With the Annual Banquet, came the annual announcement of a coming nuptial.

Subscription Not a Debt.

This one comes from Missouri, where one editor "showed" them why: "An evangelist asked all the men present who were honest and paid their debts to stand up. All arose but one. He said he was the local editor and couldn't pay his debts because the men standing were his delinquent subscribers."—Atlanta Constitution.

SALE REGISTER

When the printing and advertising is done by this office, sale notices under this heading will be published free of charge until the date of sale. Under other conditions the rate will be as follows: Four insertions 50 cents; each additional insertion 10 cents, entire term \$1.00.

March 12.—W. Fisher, executor, at Motter's Station, Md., Live Stock and Farming Implements.

March 15.—John T. Joy, Graceham, Live stock and farming implements.

March 16.—Samuel Sless, on the Ephraim Eckerdorf farm 1 1/2 miles south of Motter's Station, at 10 o'clock, Live Stock and Farming Implements.

March 17.—E. F. Kellholtz, 5 miles Southeast of Emmitsburg on Tom's Creek, Live stock and farming implements.

March 18.—Cornelius Shriner, 2 1/2 miles south of Emmitsburg, near Maxell's Mill, Live Stock and Farming Implements, Wm. P. Eyley, Aucr.

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Thursday morning, are subject to daily changes.

EMMITSBURG, Jan. 6. Emmitsburg Grain Elevator Corrected by Boyle Brothers.

Wheat 1.17 Rye70 Oats55 New Corn70

LIVE STOCK.

Corrected by Patterson Brothers. Steers, per 100 lb. 4.50@5.50 Butcher Heifers 3 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Fresh Cows 30.00@30.00 Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb. 9 @ 4 Hogs, Fat per lb. 9 @ 4 Sheep, Fat per lb. 3 @ 4 Spring Lambs 5 @ 5 1/2 Lambs, per lb. 4 @ 5 Calves, per lb. 6 @ 7 Stock Cattle 8.50@9.00

Country Produce Etc.

Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke. Butter 25 Eggs 30 Chickens, per lb. 18 Turkeys, per lb. 18 Spring Chickens per lb. 10 Ducks, per lb. 10 Potatoes, per bushel 65 Dried Cherries, (seeded) 12 Raspberries 15 Blackberries 4 Apples, (dried) 8 Lard, per lb. 12 Beef Hides 69

BAITMORE, Jan. 5

WHEAT:—Spot, @ \$1.25 1/4 CORN:—Spot, 67 1/2 OATS:—White 50 1/2 @ 51 RYE:—Nearby, 70 @ 80 bag lots, 65 @ 78. HAY:—Timothy, \$21.50 @ 22.00; No. 1 Clover 20.00 @ 20.50; No. 2 Clover, \$18.00 @ 19.00. STRAW:—Rye straw—fair to choice, \$16.50 @ \$17.00; No. 2, \$15.00 @ \$15.50; tangled rye, blocks \$10.50 @ \$11.00; wheat, blocks, \$8.00 @ \$8.50; oats \$8.00 @ \$9.00.

MILL FEED:—Spring bran, per ton, \$26.50 @ \$27.00; 100 lb. sacks, per ton, \$26.00 @ \$26.50; middlings, 100 lb. sacks, per ton, \$26.00 @ \$26.50. POULTRY:—Old hens, 16 @ young chickens, large, @ 17 @; small, @; Spring chickens, large, @; Turkeys, 22 @.

PRODUCE:—Eggs, 35 @; butter, nearby, rolls @ 24 @; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania prints, 24. POTATOES:—Per bu. 50 @ 60; No. 2, per bu. New potatoes per bbl. \$ @ \$ CATTLE:—Steers, best, \$4.00 @ \$4.50; others \$3.00 @ \$3.50; Heifers, \$ @ \$; Cows, \$2. @ \$2.50; Bulls, \$2.50 @ \$3.00; Calves, \$8 @ \$9; Fall Lambs, @ c. Spring lambs, 6 1/2 @ 7 1/2; \$15.00 @ \$20.00; Shoats, \$25.00 @ \$30.00; Fresh Cows \$30.00 @ \$40.00 per head.

Taneytown Grain and Hay Market.

Prices paid by Reindollar Co. TANEYTOWN, Jan. 7. Wheat, \$1.20 Corn per bushel, 70 Timothy Hay prime, \$15.00 Straight Rye Straw, \$11.00 WE OFFER YOU:—Bran at, \$28.00 per ton, White Feed, at \$29.00 per ton. Cotton Seed Meal, \$36.00 per ton. Flax Seed meal, \$37.00 per ton Ear Corn 80 per bus. Shelled Corn, 75 per bus.

Four firemen were killed in Milwaukee on Monday.

The resignation of Oscar B. Murray as president of the B. and O. R. R., is confirmed.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

J. EDWARD BAKER, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of July, 1910; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 7th day of January, 1910. JULIA C. BAKER, Administratrix.

PETER F. BURKET, Agt. Jan. 7-5t

ORDER NISI ON SALES.

No. 8501 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1909.

In the Matter of the Report of Sales filed the 22nd day of December, 1909.

Milton G. Urner, Jr., Assignee of Mortgage of Catherine S. Dukehart and Isaac F. Dukehart, her husband, to F. J. Dukehart, on Petition.

ORDERED, That on the 15th day of January, 1910, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate, reported to said Court by Milton G. Urner, Jr., Assignee of Mortgage in the above cause, and filed therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$925.00 Dated this 22nd day of December, 1909.

HARRY W. BOWERS, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick County.

True Copy—Test: HARRY W. BOWERS, Clerk.

Urner & Urner, Sol's. dec 24-4ts.

STRICTLY STAG

THE BUFFALO

LOUIS OTTE, Prop'r

Dining Rooms for Ladies and Gentlemen.

31-33 W. Patrick St., FREDERICK, MD.

June 25-1y

BARGAINS

J. THOS. GELWICKS'

STORE

april 24-1y

FOR OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

The WEEKLY CHRONICLE

has furnished the most complete and authentic clean news of this county and neighborhood.

It carries something of interest to every member of the family and from year to year its regular and special issues contain a great variety of original articles covering a wide range of topics.

It is an advertising medium of tested value—a result-getter for those who appreciate dignified publicity.

BULLETIN.

"The Chronicle Press"—the job printing department—is unusually well equipped, as the fine work bearing that imprint will prove, and those who require fine printing at a moderate price will serve their own best interests by placing their orders here.

SPECIAL MEETING

OF County Commissioners

FREDERICK, Md., Dec. 20th 1909.

The January Session of the County Commissioners will commence at their office in the Court House, on MONDAY, JANUARY 3RD, 1910, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The first three days will be devoted to general business and the appointment of County Constables. Road supervisors will be settled with and new appointments made in accordance with the following schedule:

Thursday, January 6—Johnsville District No. 17. Friday, January 7—Woodville and Lingnore Districts Nos. 18 and 19. Saturday, January 8—Lewistown District No. 20.

SECOND WEEK.

Monday, January 10—Emmitsburg District No. 5. Tuesday, January 11—Woodsboro District No. 11. Wednesday, January 12—Petersville and Burkittsville Districts Nos. 12 & 22. Thursday, January 13—Mt. Pleasant and Walkersville Districts Nos. 13 and 26.

Friday, January 14—Mechanicstown District No. 15. Saturday, January 15—Jefferson District No. 14.

THIRD WEEK.

Monday, January 17—Jackson District No. 16. Tuesday, January 18—New Market District No. 9. Wednesday, January 19—Liberty and Hauvers Districts Nos. 8 and 10. Thursday, January 20—Uršana District No. 7. Friday, January 21—Tuscarora District No. 21. Saturday, January 22—Middletown District No. 3.

FOURTH WEEK.

Monday, January 24—Creegerstown District No. 4. Tuesday, January 25—Catoctin and Ballenger Districts Nos. 6 and 23. Wednesday, January 26—Buckeystown District No. 1. Thursday, January 27—Frederick, Braddock and Brunswick Districts Nos. 2, 24 and 25.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Supervisors are hereby notified not to bring in their accounts before the day assigned for their District. Also report all road machines, tools, lumber, tiling or other materials in their possession belonging to the County.

By order, WILLIAM H. HOGARTH, President.

MARKWOOD D. HARP, Clerk. dec 31-3t

ARCHITECTURE.

Drawings and Specifications for Cottages, Dwellings, etc., made on short notice.

B. EVARD KEPNER, Architect. Md. Phone 10-J. sept 10-09-1y

H. S. BREWSTER & SON, PATENT AGENTS

THE OLD RELIABLE FIRM. FREE—SEND FOR OUR BOOKLET ON PATENTS, TRADE MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS. 717-719 EQUITABLE BLDG. BALTIMORE, MD.

jan. 7-10-1y.

STIEFF PIANOS

are the Embodiment of every Improvement essential to the making of DURABILITY, TONE, QUALITY and A Perfect Instrument

The Stieff Piano is so far different from others that it stands alone.

REFERENCES: NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY, Boston, Mass., who own 160 Stieff Pianos. HANNAH MOORE ACADEMY, Reisterstown. ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, Emmitsburg, Md. WOMAN'S COLLEGE, Frederick, Md. And Many Others.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.

STIEFF, 9 N. LIBERTY ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

aug 6-09-1y



BIRTHPLACE OF WAU-KE-SOAK-A, UNCLE OF INDIAN TOM, MENTIONED IN MR. HELMAN'S HISTORY OF EMMITSBURG.

The Place to Buy Feed
ONE CAR OF
HAMMOND'S DAIRY FEED
AND TWO CARS OF BRAN
TO ARRIVE SOON AT
WEYBRIGHT'S
THURMONT, MD.
aug 20-2018

PEARRE'S
MODERN PHARMACY
Albert L. Pearre
FREDERICK, MARYLAND
Maryland 186
C. & P. 101R
June 25-1y

THE OLD RELIABLE
Mutual Insurance Company
OF FREDERICK COUNTY
ORGANIZED 1843
OFFICE—46 NORTH MARKET ST.
FREDERICK, MD.
A. C. MCCARDELL President
O. C. WAREHIME Secretary
SURPLUS \$25,000
NO PREMIUM NOTES REQUIRED
INSURES ALL CLASSES OF PROPERTY
AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE AT RATES
25 PER CENT. LESS THAN STOCK
COMPANIES CHARGE
A HOME INSURANCE COMPANY
FOR HOME INSURERS
CHARLES F. ROWE, Agent,
EMMITSBURG, MD.
Feb-19-1y

EMMITSBURG
HOME BAKERY,
Rosensteel & Hemler
Proprietors
BREAD, ROLLS,
CAKES, PIES
WEDDING and BIRTHDAY CAKES
Made to Order
CREAM PUFFS, CHOCOLATE
ECLAIRS, MACAROONS
and **LADY FINGERS**
A SPECIALTY.
July 13-1y

E. L. FRIZELL
—DEALER IN—
FEED,
COAL
AND ESPECIALLY
SEEDS
FARMERS' SUPPLIES
IN GENERAL
WEST MAIN ST.,
EMMITSBURG, MD.
Apr. 30-09-1y

GETTYSBURG

Mr. J. W. Flaharty, a respected citizen and a Civil War veteran, slipped and fell on the cement pavement in front of the Court House last Thursday afternoon. He was carried to the Wash Hotel and a physician summoned, who, upon examination, found the ligaments of his left limb badly bruised, but no bones broken.

Jacob Mickley died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Abraham Warren, North Stratton street, last Thursday evening, aged about 85 years. Mr. Mickley was born and spent nearly his entire life in Adams county. The funeral was held Monday morning. Short services were held at the house and further services were held at Flohr's church, where interment was made.

Mrs. Anna C. Dougherty died at the home of her son, Charles B. Dougherty, Hanover Street, last Saturday, at 11 o'clock, aged 81 years. Owing to Mrs. Dougherty's advanced age, she usually arose late in the morning, consequently nothing was supposed to ail her, and when about 10:30 her daughter-in-law found her asleep she paid no further attention to her, and on going to her room a half hour later, found her dying. Funeral was held Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock and was conducted by her pastor, Rev. Baker, of St. James' Lutheran Church, of which she had been a member many years.

The citizens of town were startled shortly before 11 o'clock last Thursday morning to learn that a freight wreck had occurred at the edge of town, and in a very few minutes scores of townspeople were wending their way down the York pike to view the unusual spectacle. As we have been able to ascertain the facts it appears that a freight train had been held for orders at the trestle over Rock Creek, and a flagman sent back to signal the second train, which was a heavy train of ballast. The engineer of the second train, Charles Britcher, sighted the preceding train before being signalled, and applied the emergency brakes, but the train had gained such momentum that he could not get it under control. Seeing the impending danger, he called to his fireman, L. E. Weaver, to jump, which he did, Mr. Britcher remaining at his post until within a few feet of the first train. Several members of the crew of the first train were in their caboose and were not aware of the approach of the other train until Engineer Britcher whistled for brakes. When the crash came the caboose was completely demolished, being shattered into fragments. The engine was badly damaged, the cab, smoke stack, bell, etc., being torn from it. Beside this a stock car was somewhat mutilated, the trestle splintered and track twisted. A wrecking crew from Hagerstown was soon on the scene and the track cleared for traffic. The engine, which had fallen from the trestle to the ground below, a distance of approximately thirty feet, was not moved until Saturday afternoon, when it was taken to Hagerstown.

At a meeting of a board appointed last June to investigate the actions of Dr. S. G. Hefelbower, president of Pennsylvania College, in regard to affairs pertaining to the institution, it was decided that no fault could be found in him. Dr. Hefelbower, however, took advantage of the occasion and tendered his resignation, stating that he had not sought the position and did not care for it now. Dr. Hefelbower was heartily endorsed for the manner in which he has conducted the college. Among other things he has reduced the indebtedness from \$41,000 to \$30,000 during the five years of his presidency.

The proprietors of the Gettysburg Department Store gave their employees a delightful banquet at Hotel Gettysburg last Thursday evening. There were 25 present.

On Tuesday evening of this week Mr. E. P. Miller gave his Sunday school class a banquet at his home on York street.

Saturday, January 1st, was the last day for filing petitions for nominations on the spring ballot. Miley Miller, clerk to the commissioners, was kept busy filing the applications.

President Hagerstown Fair Association
In one of the most exciting elections in the history of the Hagerstown Fair Association Dr. J. McPherson Scott was Saturday afternoon elected president over former State Senator B. Abner Betts by a handsome majority, the vote for the head of the ticket being: Scott, 285; Betts, 143. Seven of the old directors were re-elected, those defeated being George H. Hager, W. H. Howard and John G. Cable.

Stranger Buncoes Teachers.
Some smooth tongued man managed to talk several teachers of the public schools in this county into depositing with him part of their salaries as a first payment on a standard book to be delivered last month. The books haven't come yet and the publishing firm says their representative is a scamp for the apprehension of whom they will give \$100.

Sec. Knox may visit Central America.

ROCKY RIDGE

Quite a number of people enjoyed the sleighing while it lasted.

Mr. Orlando Seiss, of Graceham, who was operated on at the Frederick Hospital, died on Wednesday, Dec. 29, aged 73 years. His remains were interred here on January 1st. Mr. Seiss leaves a wife and one son, Ellsworth, living in Philadelphia; and one daughter, Mrs. Williams, of Washington, D. C. The funeral service was held in the Moravian Church at Graceham, Rev. Mr. Huebner, officiating.

Miss C. M. Engler is attending the Teachers' Institute at Frederick.

The fire which destroyed the barn of Mr. E. Wachter at Hansonville was plainly seen from this place on Tuesday evening. The loss was heavy a large number of stock perishing in the flames. Mail Carrier J. W. Snook is enjoying a vacation. His substitute, Ellsworth Valentine, is serving the route.

Mr. Morris Barrick has returned from a visit to Baltimore and Philadelphia. He has resumed his studies at the Maryland Collegiate Institute, Union Bridge. Rev. Mr. J. W. Reinicke had great difficulty in getting here last Sunday on account of the snow drifts. Rev. Reinicke is pastor of the Reformed Church.

SABILLASVILLE

Mr. William O. Wertenbaker, of this place, who was elected in November as delegate to the Maryland Legislature, left here on Tuesday for Annapolis. Mr. Wertenbaker is well qualified to fill the office to which he has been chosen, having taught in the public schools of Frederick county for ten years. He is also a man of good judgment and sound Republican principles. His many friends wish him success in all legislative business which may come before him.

Mr. Norman Harper, of Utica Mills, Md., will take charge of Mr. Wertenbaker's school at Franklinton, Md., during his stay at Annapolis.

A very pleasant entertainment and Minstrel was given by the patients at the Maryland Tuberculosis Sanatorium on Saturday evening, January 1st. Many persons in the community were in attendance and spent a very pleasant evening.

Edith, fourteen-year old daughter of Mr. William Williar, has been critically ill for the past week. Her entire left side is paralyzed. Her trouble has been pronounced by the resident physician, as tuberculosis of the bone.

FRIENDS' CREEK

Mr. Lewis Hardman, of near Waynesboro, spent a few days with his aunt, Mrs. C. Hardman.

Miss Ruth Kipe and Master James Kipe spent Sunday with their aunt, Mrs. David Turner.

Miss Ruie Kipe spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Samuel Humerick.

Master Howard Turner is spending a few days at the home of Mrs. Hardman.

Miss Nora Shriner is ill at this writing.

Mr. Charles Clark and family spent Sunday at the home of Mr. E. C. Shriner.

Messrs. Ridge and Raymond Clem, of Rocky Ridge, spent several days with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Turner.

Miss Rhoda Kipe spent Monday at the home of Mr. S. A. Kipe.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kipe and daughter, Rhoda, spent New Year's day at the home of Mr. William Miller, of Eyer's Valley.

Mrs. C. Hardman is greatly improved at this writing.

Along The Tract Roads.

Mr. and Mrs. William Goulden are visiting friends in McSherrystown.

Miss Mary Miller has returned from a visit to Waynesboro.

Miss Arbutus Wolf spent some time with her parents at Fountain Dale.

Miss Lucy Bowling was the guest of the Misses Goulden on Monday evening.

Mr. George Warren has greatly improved his home by having his house weatherboarded.

Mr. John Bell, who has been ill, is out again. Mrs. Bell's condition is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Manahan were visitors to the home of Mr. John Bell Sunday afternoon.

High Price For Hogs.

Hogs brought the unusual price of \$8.60 on the Kansas City (Mo.) market last week. This is the highest mark attained there since 1882. Receipts were heavy. Packers did not explain the high price, except to say it marked another step in constantly increasing value of hogs.

An Airship Company has been formed in Germany.

ACROSS THE LINE

Fairfield.—Messrs. J. J. Reindollar and Charles A. Lanids were elected as elders of the Lutheran Church to fill the vacancies caused by the death of D. R. Musselman and removal of John Manherz.

Mr. William T. Reed, an aged citizen of Hamiltonban township, fell and broke his arm last week.

Mr. James Musselman and family, of Harrisburg, were recent guests of Mr. Samuel Walter, at the station.

Miss Zoe Kittinger, of Chambersburg, Mr. Lee Kittinger, of South Bend, Ind., and Mr. Raphael Kittinger, of Rockport, Ill., spent the holidays with their mother, Mrs. Bertha Kittinger.

Miss Belle Irwin, of McConnellsburg, and Miss Janet Cunningham, of Philadelphia, visited Mr. and Mrs. James Cunningham last week.

Wills, son of Mr. J. W. Musselman, slipped from a rock last week dislocating his shoulder.

Mr. Clarence King and family, of Harrisburg, and Mrs. Cora Weikert and child, of Hanover, were week-end visitors at the home of Mr. E. E. King.

Mr. Guy Hockensmith and Miss Bessie Barnhart, of Chambersburg, were recent visitors at the home of Mr. Elmer Baumgardner.

Measles are prevalent in this neighborhood.

Mrs. P. C. Sanders and son, Clare, of McKnightstown, were in town on Sunday.

Mrs. H. M. Kittenger, of Washington, D. C., spent last week with relatives in this place.

Pennsylvania's minor labor laws passed by the Legislature of 1909, went into effect Saturday throughout the State. The laws prohibit the employment of any one under 14 years in industrial establishments or coal mines in the State, and provide that persons between 14 and 16 may be employed only when they are provided with certificates setting forth their age and the fact that they can read and write English intelligently.

John W. Bingham, cashier of the Biglerville National Bank since its founding, has resigned his position in that institution to accept the position of teller in the National City Bank of Baltimore which opened its doors on Thursday, January 6. Mr. Bingham and family left Biglerville on Wednesday for their new home.

The teachers of Freedom township will hold an institute at Moritz's school house, January 14. J. Leslie Bowling, teacher, with the following topics for discussion: "School Environment," "Miss Jennie Currens;" "Incentives to School Work," "Miss Bessie Trostle;" "Methods of Preventing Tardiness," J. Leslie Bowling. Should the weather prove unfavorable it will be held the following Friday evening.

LOYS AND VICINITY

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Loy attended the funeral of Orlando Seiss on January 1st at Graceham.

Mrs. Morris Smith and two grandchildren are visiting Mrs. Mary Domer, of Graceham.

Miss Nora Loy was a visitor to Baltimore several days recently.

Miss Elsie Robinson spent several days with her aunt, Mrs. R. Miller, of Graceham.

Mr. George Beitler and family and Mr. Frank Philipps visited Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Miller on Sunday.

Mrs. G. W. Miller, of Lewistown, is visiting her son, Mr. W. L. Miller.

Mr. John Ott, is visiting Mr. D. P. Koons, of near Detour.

Mrs. Jere Martin was the guest of Mrs. Morris Smith on New Year's Evening.

Miss Nora Loy visited her sister, Mrs. Clarence Creager, of Thurmont. Miss Loy will spend this week in Frederick attending the Teachers' Institute.

Master George David Miller is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. G. W. Miller, of Graceham.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miller, of Frederick, formerly of this place, visited Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Miller on Sunday last.

Glavis Charges Unproved.

President Taft has submitted to the Senate the papers and documents in his hands relating to the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy and the report of L. R. Glavis. These include the report and summary of Attorney-General Wickesham. This last says that the charges against the Secretary, Mr. Ballinger, are unproved and not well founded. They "appear to have been founded upon a wholly exaggerated sense of his (Glavis') own importance, and a desire for personal advancement."

Any absent Emmitsburgian would appreciate a subscription to The Chronicle. 52 weeks \$1.00.

President Taft shook hands with 5,575 people on New Year's Day.

The Emmitsburg Savings Bank
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND

DR. D. E. STONE, Jr.
J. LEWIS RHODES.
JNO. C. MOTTER.

J. R. OHLER.
E. R. SHRIVER.
P. F. BURKET.

J. C. ROSENSTEEL,
DIRECTORS.

DR. D. E. STONE, Jr., President.
J. LEWIS RHODES, Vice President.

H. M. WARRENFELTZ, Cashier.
P. F. BURKET, Teller.

4%

If you have small sums to put aside from time to time, or if you have a lump sum which you want to invest in a safe and profitable manner, you will find the **EMMITSBURG SAVINGS BANK** will pay you 4 per cent. on your interest deposits in the future. Begin with ONE DOLLAR or more.

Banking Hours, 9.00 to 3.00

Open Every Saturday Evening from 7.00 to 9.00
June 18-09-1y

Maryland Insurance Agency Co.
OF BALTIMORE, MD.

CHAS. T. LEVINNESS, JR., President.

- ☞ The Recent Fire should remind you of the necessity for and the advantages of Insurance.
- ☞ Start the New Year right by securing your property against Loss.
- ☞ Let us talk the matter over with you and advise you what kind of a policy to take.

The Company is Represented in Emmitsburg by
E. L. HIGBEE, Chronicle Office.

HALLER & NEWMAN, Managers, 12 West Patrick Street, Frederick, Md.

We Handle Every Known Branch of Insurance.

June 20-08-1y

The Citizens' National Bank
OF FREDERICK, MD.

CAPITAL \$100,000
SURPLUS \$300,000

J. D. BAKER - President.
WM. G. BAKER - Vice President.
H. D. BAKER - Vice President.
WM. G. ZIMMERMAN - Cashier.
SAMUEL G. DUVALL - Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

GEO. WM. SMITH, THOS. H. HALLER,
JOHN S. RAMSBURG, DANIEL BAKER,
WM. G. BAKER, C. H. CONLEY, M. D.
C. M. THOMAS, C. E. CLINE,
D. E. KEFAUVER, P. L. HARGETT,
JUDGE J. C. MOTTER, J. D. BAKER.

NOTICE.

On November the 1st, 1909, this Bank increased its interest rate to Four (4%) per cent. per annum on all its special interest bearing deposits, said deposits to remain in all other respects subject to the provisions of the contracts under which they were made.

Referring to the above notice, it is not necessary for any depositor to present his or her book to have any change made. The 4% rate, will, of course, also be paid on new deposits made of the same class.

This bank offers first-class facilities for the transacting of your general banking business.

July 3-09-1y

COLD WEATHER GOODS

Heavy "Overcoats" and "Suits"
the kind for "January" weather. Ready-to-wear Clothing always on hand. Line of Samples for Highly Tailored Made-to-Order Clothing. When you need a Hat or Cap or any Men's Furnishings come to us.—**Second Floor.**
Embroideries and Laces for winter sewing, Shirt Waists, Neckwear.—**First Floor.**

TRY ONE OF OUR \$1.00 UMBRELLAS.

CHARLES ROTERING & SONS PUBLIC SQUARE
EMMITSBURG, MD.
STRICTLY CASH
Feb 26-09-1y

The Weekly Chronicle

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:—One Dollar a year in advance; Six months, 50 cents. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES made known on application at this office.

THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right to decline any advertisements which he may deem objectionable.

NO ATTENTION whatever will be paid to anonymous contributions.

MANUSCRIPTS offered for publication will be returned if unavailable, when accompanied by stamps.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for this paper should be addressed to THE CHRONICLE.

CHEESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC and Frederick County Telephone connections.

Entered as second-class matter January 1, 1909, at the post office at Emmitsburg, Md., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1910.

THE CHRONICLE will be independent in politics, progressive in spirit and a champion of what it conceives to be right. Its columns will always be open for a dignified discussion by the people of any subject that may seem to them interesting, or that may in anywise be a benefit to the community at large.

[Editorial from The Chronicle, June 8, 1906.]

1910		JANUARY					1910	
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	
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30	31		

THE EMMITSBURG LIBRARY.

If there is one institution that deserves the support of the citizens of this community it is the Emmitsburg Library, organized only a few years ago and which during the short term of its existence has been the source of pleasure to many and which has done a great deal to foster a taste for and supply good reading to the people of the neighborhood. This little library has a collection of books—standard works and fiction—that is unusual for a place no larger than Emmitsburg. This fact and the excellent management of its affairs has been most favorably commented upon by the State Librarian in his annual report and by many visitors who from time to time have availed themselves of the privileges offered by this local institution. In addition to the now considerable number of volumes on its shelves the Library subscribes for and has donated to it various current magazines which are at the disposal of its members. And it has given many books to worthy causes throughout the neighborhood. All of this ought to be and no doubt is a matter of decided gratification to those faithful friends and patrons who from the very start have helped to make this library a success. It might be noted that there is no deficit in the treasury of the Emmitsburg Library, but it should also be remembered that there is not to its credit a sum sufficiently large to acquire many new books. And here is where public spirit may now be put to the test. This Library is not a close corporation. It is essentially public. Any one subscribing to the rules and paying a nominal fee may become a member. Of course the chief reason for taking out membership is that the subscriber himself may benefit by it. But even if their own time is too limited for regular reading there are many who nevertheless could well afford either to send membership cards to others or help to increase the usefulness of the library for the public weal by paying for an annual privilege.

There has recently been open comment to the effect that more public spirited men are needed in

Emmitsburg and here is a splendid opportunity to show whether public spirit is after all real or feigned.

The amount of good accomplished by the Library, its unusual possibilities for doing further good if generously supported and the small amount necessary for membership ought to appeal to every household and the season of 1910 ought to be, through the increased interest of the community, the library's banner year.

NEED OF YOUNG MEN IN POLITICS

In our grandfathers' time, from all accounts, young men took a very active part in politics. They studied the policies of the day, they familiarized themselves with State issues, and they had positive opinions on all local questions. They were not so many subsidized henchmen, so many units to make up a sum total, so many personal ballots to be voted under order. They sat at the councils of their party, they went to the primaries, they were live factors in moulding opinion and they became active agents in the dissemination of political views. But how is it to-day? Are young men welcomed to party councils? Are they even admitted at times? We fear not—at least not to the extent that they ought to be. Old moss-backs, who are no longer of any practical use to their party, who "have been going to conventions since Greeley's time," have become so solidly entrenched in their strongholds that they still insist on following old time customs and precedents,—not necessarily wise ones—from which they are loathe to depart and any change in which they would consider positive presumption, especially if advocated by younger men. Some old war horses, it is true, have kept in touch with the changes time has made. There are a few who have kept their hand on the political pulse, noting every beat, and who are to-day as well qualified to lead and direct as they were thirty years ago. But these are exceptions. We are referring especially to those old fossils who would still fight political battles with muzzle-loading methods—chair warmers whose chief function is to sit (chiefly in the way) at all caucuses and party gatherings and say "aye" to anything proposed by any other old fossil. They belong to a past generation—those old barnacles—and if they are not ready to step down and out altogether they should at least be willing, for the good of their parties, to take a back seat. They should give up dreaming and dealing in theories and realize that the infusion of new blood and young blood is absolutely necessary to party preservation. Having realized this they should hunt up likely material among a younger generation and urge young men of character and ability to take their places in the ranks.

The argument is by no means one-sided, however, for as a class the young men of to-day are not always willing to do their part in politics. They are not anxious to shoulder the responsibility which is clearly theirs. Every man, old or young, has a public duty to perform in his own community and for the good of his own County and State. It is not for him to selfishly hold aloof and give over the management of public affairs to professionals.

Indifference such as this makes rings possible and creates the political "boss." An obligation rests upon each and every voter and it is an obligation that can be fulfilled only by active service in the party to which he belongs service that originates good public measures and helps to enact them into law.

It is high time for the younger element of Frederick county, for instance, to get alive to the duty which is theirs. It is high time that they assert themselves—that they organize and then claim not only recognition in party councils, but also some share in the shaping of party policies.

EVERYDAY CHIVALRY.

The chivalry that flourished in the olden time has been described as the "ideal of the heroic character, combining invincible strength and valor, justice, modesty, loyalty to superiors, courtesy to equals, compassion to weakness, and devotion to church." It had a purpose in the era in which it obtained, and the youth of the land were trained through many years to become proficient in all that it entailed. To be a knight was a proud distinction, and to possess the graces of a courtier was considered an estimable thing.

Many customs have changed since men wore armor and fought with broadsword, and in this age there is no longer the need of invincible physical strength like that displayed by those who tilted with the lance. Rather is there need for invincible strength of character. But there is need to-day for a revival and a universal practice of all those other knightly attributes without which man is at best but little above the savage.

Justice—the kind that looks at facts and brooks no biased influence from friends, or kindred or party, and which springs from a desire to do no injury to any one—can never be discarded as being out of fashion, and modesty is only another name for humility which should rest with equal grace upon the shoulder of a sovereign or a serf. Loyalty to superiors is the beginning of all government and should start at the hearthstone and end only at the grave. Courtesy to equals is admirable, but courtesy of the genuine kind goes much further and extends to inferiors. As for compassion, the man who is devoid of sympathy and whose heart does not melt at the sight of woe is not entitled to the designation, man. And the manliest of all is he who not only venerates religion but who tries to make it the guiding rule of his daily life.

All of these admirable qualities entered into the makeup of those whose proud standard in medieval times was chivalry. Men bore arms then and they drew them constantly in defence of what they believed to be right. They were knights. We have no such title as knight in our day, but we have another—gentleman—which embodies all that knight-hood stands for, and our plea is for a more general adoption and use, in social life, in business transactions, in forum and on the street, of that everyday chivalry which is the conduct characteristic of the real gentleman.

ARE there any dents in those resolutions you made on January 1st?

STATE MISCELLANY

Interesting Paragraphic News From

Various Sections of Maryland.

Two hundred and twenty-four teachers attended the twelfth annual institute in Hagerstown.

On a wager of \$2 Olin Keller, of Middletown, 16 years old, removed his shoes and stockings and ran barefooted through nearly six inches of snow for a distance of half a mile.

The distribution of the State school tax for 1910 has been announced. Frederick county's appointment is \$10,836.54; Washington county, \$9,361.46; and Carroll county \$7,042.16.

Seven men were placed in \$10,000 bail for the action of the grand jury in Baltimore on Saturday for being mixed in a plot, so it is alleged, to blow up the Mount Clare shops of the B. & O. and a bridge.

By the will of William E. Watts, of Funkstown, Washington county, the Washington County Hospital is to receive \$30,000 outright, and is made the residuary legatee by which it receives \$60,000 more.

The receipts at the Hagerstown post-office show decided gains. In December they were \$5,123.79, against \$4,810 in December, 1908. For the quarter ended December 31 they were \$13,936, against \$12,452.32 for the corresponding quarter the previous year.

W. F. Downs, under indictment on the charge of stealing \$67,000 of Baltimore's funds while employed as a stock clerk in the office of city register, will be tried the third time in the beginning of the January term of court which starts on Monday.

Captain Ward, of the Baltimore police force, has been dismissed, after standing trial. He was found guilty on four specifications of the charges preferred against him by Marshal Farnan. More startling developments are expected from the investigation now made and those in prospect.

Miss Laura Alice Crist, daughter of Rev. George W. Crist, pastor of the Lutheran Church at Walkersville, and Mr. Charles Elmer Barrick, son of Lewis E. Barrick, a well-known young farmer, were married at the home of the bride by her father, assisted by Rev. James Willis, of Myersville.

Mr. A. M. Ordway, a prominent business man of Hagerstown, died on Monday, aged 77 years. For many years he was the senior member of the firm of A. M. Ordway & Co., dealers in musical instruments. He was a native of Vermont and came to Hagerstown 27 years ago. Mr. Ordway left an estate valued at \$50,000.

Lawrence Perin of Baltimore, who was taken into custody by the American consulate on Dec. 11, and who a few days ago was officially declared to be insane, made his escape Saturday evening. He was found however, on a mountain, in Moorish costume, and was trying to arrange to leave Morocco. Perin did not resist arrest, and his brother was taken in charge also as an accomplice in his escape.

A possible Congressional investigation into the policy of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company in serving the coal fields of West Virginia was much discussed this week both in the Baltimore and Ohio, Central Building and among the soft coal shippers doing business in Baltimore. What was regarded as of most significance in this connection was the fact that ex-Governor A. B. Fleming, of West Virginia was among those seeking a Congressional inquiry through Representative Hubbard and Senator N. B. Scott, of that State.

After introducing former Attorney-General Charles J. Bonaparte at a meeting of the Maryland Progressive League at Baltimore on Monday, W. Asbury Hawkins, a Negro lawyer, objected to the appointment of a committee to draft resolutions commending President Taft on certain clauses of his first annual message. These clauses pertained to the Liberian situation, the payment by the Federal Government of the moneys lost by the depositors through the failure of the Freedman's Savings Bank and the suggestion of the appointment of a commission to consider the feasibility of a celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the proclamation of emancipation.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bridge across the Susquehanna River at Frenchtown, a few miles south of Port Deposit was opened for traffic Wednesday. The building of the double track bridge was started May 7, 1907. The company decided to put eight new piers in the river. These piers, in time of ice gorges, would throw water back into the town of Port Deposit and would not allow the ice to pass through. Port Deposit objected, and, after considerable controversy, the number was reduced to six, which are now in the river. When the company was building the bridge it continued running its trains, placing hundreds of tons of iron upon the false work which began to get weak under the heavy strain. On September 30, 1908, as a north bound freight was going across the bridge with twelve loaded coal cars, the span next to the Cecil county shore collapsed, eleven of the cars going into the river. One man going down in the mass of twisted iron. This was a loss of a half-million dollars and caused a delay of six months in the construction of the bridge.

Discussion of Affairs in General from Leading Journals of The Country.

Millions Not Happiness.

(Hartford Times.)
The evidence in the Brokaw separation suit is a disclosure of jealousy, of family bickerings, of suspicion, of espionage and of cocktails. It's a story of high life and of unhappy lives. The picture, as painted on the witness stand is dark and repellent—and the trail of the dollar is over it all.

The mechanic who has a steady job at a fair wage and who occupies a modest and contented home with his family get a thousand times more pleasure and satisfaction out of life than the Brokaw outfit does, and is of more use in the world. Money can buy fine houses and fine raiment, expensive equipages, rich gravies, champagne, liveried servants, and other luxuries, but it can't buy happiness. Rightly used, wealth can serve great and noble purposes and do a lot of good; squandered and perverted, it can only build whitened sepulchres.

Nobody who reads the Brokaw serial develops any envy for the Brokaw millions. It shows that pleasure, when resting wholly on a foundation of cash and dealing in terms of the marketplace, becomes a mockery. The old proverb-maker who, thousands of years ago, declared that "better is a dinner of herbs where love is than a stalled ox and hatred therewith" knew his business.

Therapeutic War.

(Sacramento Union.)
With Dr. Wood as chief of the staff of the army and Dr. Ainsworth as adjutant general, we shall expect to see the next army report devote much attention to clinical tactics and dispensary strategy.

College Men and Business.

(Worcester Gazette.)
It is pleasing to note that heads of State universities and colleges are to meet in Boston next month for the purpose of conferring with leading business men as guests of the Chamber of Commerce. Heads of colleges have shown commendable readiness for such a meeting and this may be judged to bespeak their willingness to adapt education to the end that it may be a more powerful factor in the development of New England's industries and commercial life. The great bulk of college and university men go out into the world to make their career. In the past they have found some pretty tough spots in the transition. It is to be hoped that bringing college authorities and leaders of business together will result in a shaping of school training that will make the transition of the student from the atmosphere of the college to the exacting demands of business life less like the advent into a new and strange world.

Overworked Congressman.

(Richmond Times-Dispatch.)
Congress voted itself a two weeks' holiday. In fact, a congressman's life is mostly fence-mending and holidays.

Yesterday's Football Kings.

(New York Evening Post.)
Where are the football kings of yesterday? The wind has blown them all away; and some it has planted on a high stool in front of dreary ledgers, and some it has sent out with a compass and surveyor's chain where rolls the Oregon, and some train football teams for a living. On the day of the great annual game, they flit like ghosts along the side lines, the storied and pictured heroes of a year or two ago, now unrecognized, save by a brother exile or two. Their names, it is true, are inscribed on the gridiron of fame. But in a college ten years constitutes an immortality; and even immortality, while a pleasant thing to the dead, makes thin fare for the living. The short life and the merry may be sound philosophy, but how if the thing turns out to be merely a "hot" time, with a long aftermath of hungry memories and possible regrets? Fortune works no sorrier trick than it does to the college hero. Time loves to pay havoc with his laurels; Time which pulls down the mighty and uplifts the humble, which makes the captain of a winning crew a clerk in a broker's office, and sends the "grind" to the United States Senate.

A True American Artist.

(New York Mail.)
Taking it as it stands, the art work of Frederick Remington is the most American thing that brush, pencil or clay has yet put forth. He seems to have been almost the first American with an imagination who saw and could characteristically depict some of the most salient things in American life. Sometimes he had been accused of want of imagination. The charge was false. Though he repeated many themes, there was never one treatment of Remington's great central theme which did not body forth an event of life or death or a vast elemental scene, or some aspect of nature's beauty and mystery, in a form of expression peculiar to himself, with a big thought lying behind him. The plains and prairies, and the people who ride upon them, had awaited the touch of his imagination for

their interpretation to the world.

We have spoken of his central theme. What was that? Manifestly nothing more nor less than the near and menacing presence of death in the midst of intense life. If we look at any characteristic picture of Remington's we see, first, a vivid and pulsating life, generally keyed high, full of the light and color of the sun—life eager, self-poised, katabolic. And then, in a moment, we see death standing near in the form of some great threatening danger. Commonly the death that threatens is the death that comes in fight. Often it is death by thirst or hunger on the desert, or the approach of wild creatures of prey. It may be only suggested by the presence of deadly weapons. And even where there are no weapons, it was a trait of Remington's genius to draw the human face and body as a mere thin covering of flesh and skin stretched over a skull or a skeleton. Somehow the idea of death is always there. No picture of Remington's is more characteristic than one he drew for Parkman's "Oregon Trail," of a half-starved coyote on the plains sniffing at a buffalo's skull on the ground. There is death in this skull, death in the wolf's emaciation and his hungry eye, death in the boundless thirsty wilderness that stretches away to a grim and empty infinity.

Watch The Ice Man.

(Springfield Republican.)
The ice dealers are having the best start for a harvest they have had in years. This is a fact to be tucked away in the memory for possible use when next summer's price schedules are submitted.

People Ready To Be Fair.

(Indianapolis Star.)
George B. Cortelyou, former secretary of the treasury, now president of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York, advised the members of the national gas association, assembled in convention in New York the other day, to be frank with the public. "I am convinced," he said, "that not a little of the misapprehension in the public mind is wearing away and with greater publicity as to the details of manufacture and with the business management of companies grounded on the old, old principles of integrity and fair dealing our public utilities will become such in fact as well as in name. You put the people in a position to be just and fair when you are frank with them."

He was speaking especially of the gas business, but the principle applies equally to any public utility or to any corporation whose operations directly affect the public. The secrecy commonly observed as to the conditions of these concerns has, no doubt, had much to do with the prejudice against them and the feeling that they are exacting far more from the public than is necessary for their own success or reasonable profit. People loosely estimate the income of these enterprises and industries without definite knowledge of their expenses or losses and, making no proper deduction for them, often draw erroneous conclusions.

If a gas company or heating plant or street car or telephone company is under criticism on a charge of making its rates too high it is better to give the public a plain showing of the facts, if the charge is unjust, than to disregard the comment and maintain a scornful silence. People are not unreasonable; they are commonly ready to meet frankness in a friendly spirit, and, if they know they are being dealt with fairly, to accept the situation as it is presented to them. It is undoubtedly true that much of the feeling against corporations in general has come from the disposition of these organizations to keep their affairs to themselves—a course entirely needless when the methods are honest. Frankness in business is often a better asset than concealment. Mr. Cortelyou says the old order is passing, and it may be that in future open and outspoken ways in commercial life will prove the solution of many present problems.

Two Ways of Looking At It.

(Charleston News and Courier.)
Gov. Campbell of Texas celebrated the Christmas season by pardoning 60 convicts in the state penitentiary. There are two views that can be taken of this exercise of the executive clemency: Either Texas is going Republican at the next election, or the governor could not see why any distinction should be made between the men in the penitentiary and the great body of the citizens of that state who have so far escaped commitment.

Sympathy for Mark Twain.

(Washington Herald.)
And Mark Twain, the humorist, the scatterer of sunshine and dispeller of gloom—he, doubtless, understands why the words that one so willingly invokes fail to come. He reads between the lines of the feeble and halting assurances of deep sympathy and abiding affection, profound respect, and honest esteem, and he knows what his friends wish to say, and he must realize a measure of the thoughts they would frame into English if only they could.

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Short Sermons on the Decalogue

THE SIXTH COMMANDMENT.

"Thou shalt not kill; or Thou shalt do no murder."

How fair the garden of Eden! Not a ripple to indicate the coming storm. Peace and contentment sit upon the brow of Adam and Eve, and perfect harmony reigns between God and man. But even now the dark cloud is gathering on the horizon. Soon it will be big and black, and will burst with terrible fury sweeping away for ever the tie that binds the creature to the creator. The serpent is on the trail of man. Eve has fallen. Adam doubts, hesitates, but he, too, accepts the bribe, and slips from his great moorings for ever.

In the fall of Adam, in his disobedience, man has become a rebel in the sight of God, and enmity has driven love and reverence from his heart.

Our first parents have disobeyed the voice of God, and how soon it reacts upon their home and lives! Cain slays his brother, and already the cup of iniquity is full.

And so we pass on to consider this commandment, "Thou shalt not kill," in detail. And at the outset we notice that it has to do with the life or being of our fellow man. All injury to our own or our neighbor's life is strictly forbidden. Not only must we do no open violence to our neighbor, but we must not cherish or nurture the seeds of hate or murder in our hearts. "Thou shalt not hate thy brother in thy heart." "Whosoever hateth his brother is a murderer," and "ye know, that no murderer hath life eternal abiding in him." There is nothing so contrary to the Spirit of God, and the work of His grace, than the spirit of malice. It ruins the higher aspirations toward God, and crushes the loving ties that should bind man to man.

There may be times when justice will have to assert itself. We read in the Old Testament, "An eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth." But even when a man has slain his brotherman we question if the highest and best interests are gained by taking his life also. Far rather would we follow the ideas contained in the New Testament.

In his exile and banishment from the rest of the world, let us reclaim, and serve even the man who has lifted his hand against his brother. "Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good." Shakespeare said long ago, "the worst use you can make of a man, is to hang him." With the life gone, all is gone. Where there is life there is hope. The soul may be redeemed, for even the murderer throwing himself on the boundless mercy and love of God, may be pardoned and saved. And in the light of the New Testament, and with the nobler teaching of Christ before us, we think every Court of Justice should hesitate to take the life of man, a life, it cannot bestow.

Passing on to the wider view of this subject I remark that a man may be individually civilized but nationally remain barbaric. How much we hear today of injured honor, and even with peaceful settlement in our hands, we clamor for national revenge. In the coming days the general who will dare parade our streets, and the scalps of his victims dangling from his girdle must be brave indeed. Not only will the glory and victory of war be withheld, but he will be banished to Siberia as a monster, and unworthy to dwell among a civilized people. Abraham Lincoln drove slavery from our shores, let us in turn rise in our might and give this accursed thing called War no shelter and no quarter. "War is hell." It arouses every savage passion within the breast, and men, once made in the image of God become fiends incarnate. The sooner this Christian nation gets rid of its war songs the better. The sooner the sentiment of brotherhood, and charity to all mankind takes a grip of our national life, so much the better, will it be for the wide-world.

This commandment then exhorts us not only to guard with jealous care our own life, but also that life of our brother-man, and not only so, but we are required to aid and assist our neighbor, so that he shall become better and happier because we have lived. Did men but know the sweetness and joy of forgiving injuries, they would practice the virtue even if there were no law commanding it. "Anger resteth in the bosom of fools," but, "a man of understanding is of an excellent spirit."

So many lives are turned to vinegar, because the heart is forever brooding upon injuries, real, or imagined. Such people are a nuisance in any community. A man of large soul, and far-vision, will live day by day so that his brother, his neighbor, and all with whom he may come into contact will share the sunshine of his life, and be the better and happier because he has lived.

Suggestive Questions on the Sunday School Lesson by Rev. Dr. Linscott for the International Newspaper Bible Study Club.

(Copyright 1909 by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D. D.)

January 9, 1910.

The Baptism and Temptation of Jesus - Matt. 3:13-17, 4:1-11.

Golden Text. In that he hath suffered being tempted, he is able to succor them that are tempted. Heb. 2:18.

Verses 13, 14—Why did Jesus want to be baptised?

What reason is there for the opinion that John's refusal to baptise Jesus was a reasonable position to take?

Verse 15—Is baptism essential to salvation and if not, what is its purpose?

Repentance seems to have been a necessary step to John's baptism, did Jesus need to repent?

Verse 16, 17—What evidence is there that any person but Jesus saw the opening heavens, the Holy Spirit, or heard the voice from heaven?

If a few of those present, who were spiritual, saw and heard these things, is there any evidence to show that the multitude did also?

Verse 1—Why did the Spirit lead Jesus into the wilderness?

What reasons are there to believe that temptation was, or was not, essential for the spiritual development of Jesus?

Is temptation necessary, or a part of God's educational process for all of us? Give your reasons.

* How much virtue would there be in doing right, if there were neither temptation nor opportunity to do wrong? (This question must be answered in writing by members of the club.)

Verse 2—Why did Jesus fast and what is the general effect of fasting upon spiritual life?

If Christians follow the example of Jesus in the matter of fasting, what results would probably follow?

Give a reasoned opinion, as to whether Jesus would probably feel the pangs of hunger during the ecstasy of the fast?

And the Earth Would Arrest Him. "Do you know, I'd rather like to ride on one of those aeroplanes myself." "Well, there's no law preventing you." "Yes, there is; the law of gravitation."—Boston Transcript.

Decollete At Last. "The dress Mrs. Style wore at the opera was a perfect poem," said Mrs. Howard. "As far as it went, no doubt," replied her husband, "but I thought some cantos were missing."—Brooklyn Life.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MIDDLETOWN SAVINGS BANK

Middletown, Md., at the close of business December 31st, 1909.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts.....	\$ 83,907.21
Securities.....	172,773.88
Due from Banks.....	21,534.39
Real Estate and Fixtures.....	13,027.78
Cash on hand.....	5,338.14
Total Resources.....	\$296,581.40

LIABILITIES.

Weekly Deposits (Capital Stock).....	\$ 25,000.00
Surplus and Profits, (net).....	13,842.49
Dividends Unpaid.....	85.70
Dividend No. 4.....	500.00
Interest uncalled for.....	4,140.21
Deposits.....	253,013.00
Total Liabilities.....	\$296,581.40

State of Maryland, } To wit:
Frederick County, }
I, John L. Rutzahn, Cashier of the above named Bank, do most solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN L. RUTZAHN, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:—
GEORGE W. GAYER, }
JOHN M. GROVE, } Directors.
WM. S. RUTZAHN, }

Subscribed and sworn to, before me, this 1st day of January, 1910.

CHAS. B. T. HENDRICKSON, Notary Public.

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Better sell or trade off things you don't want. Advertise them and you will find that there are people ready to take them and pay cash, or trade for them. You will find it easy through the Columns of

THE CHRONICLE

PERSONALS.

It is the aim of THE CHRONICLE to publish as many personal and social items as possible, but it frequently happens that those who have guests visiting them, and those who entertain, fail to send a list of their friends, or an account of these events, to this office. Readers who live at a distance are always interested in what is going on "at home," and for that reason, if for no other, this column should be filled every week. It is of course understood that anonymous contributions will not be published. Names of persons furnishing items will be withheld.

Mr. Bernard J. Eckenrode, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who spent the Christmas holidays at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. V. J. Eckenrode, has returned.

Miss M. E. Kennedy, of Frederick, has been the guest of Miss Anna Long and Miss Valerie Welty.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith returned home after a two-week's visit to Washington and Philadelphia.

Mr. P. D. Lawrence spent several days in Baltimore.

Mr. Edward Kershner, of Pittsburgh, was here for several days.

Miss Helen Kilmer, who visited Mrs. E. L. Higbee, left for Brookline, Mass., on Wednesday.

Rev. Mr. Gluck attended the meeting of the board of the Hoffman Industrial and Orphans' Home in Hanover.

Mr. L. Edwin Motter, who spent four weeks in the West, has returned.

Mr. W. H. Devilbiss, of York Road, was here on Saturday.

Mr. Joseph C. Wagerman, of Green-castle, spent the holidays here.

Messrs. Peter Baumgardner, A. J. Baumgardner, William E. Ritter, George P. Ritter, Mahlon Stonesifer, all of York Road, were in Emmitsburg on Tuesday.

Miss Mary Topper, of Baltimore, is visiting Miss Helen Knode.

Miss M. Jeanette Byers, of Havana, Cuba, is visiting her mother.

Miss Julia Wardsworth, of Long Green, Md., spent several days at the home of Mr. James M. Kerrigan.

The following teachers from this place and vicinity attended the Teachers' Institute held in Frederick this week: Prof. P. F. Strauss, Mr. Harry Whitmore, The Misses Carrie, Eva, Anna and Clara Rowe, Miss Sarah Miller, Miss Mabel Whitmore and Miss Mary Wiegand.

Mr. Samuel Annan spent the holidays in Westminster.

Miss Mary Shuff has returned to Baltimore.

Dr. B. I. Jamison and Mr. Robert Annan were in Rocky Ridge on Friday.

Messrs. Lucian Beam, Francis White, and Alexander Colliflower spent New Year's Eve in Graceham.

The Misses Helen and Elizabeth Hoke spent New Year's Day in Fairfield.

Rev. Abdel R. Wentz, of the Gettysburg College faculty, was in town on Sunday.

Miss Madeline Frailey returned on Tuesday to the Women's College, Frederick.

Mrs. P. F. Strauss and daughter are visiting in Lancaster, Pa.

Mr. Robert Sellers returned to Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pa., on Monday.

Miss Hazel Patterson, who spent the holidays with her parents, has returned to Baltimore.

Miss Louise Sebold visited in Thurmont.

Miss Nellie Rowe attended the dance in Thurmont on New Year's eve.

Miss Irene Seboure, of Baltimore, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Jackson.

Prof. Joseph E. Rowe has returned to Baltimore after spending the holidays with his mother, Mrs. Cora Rowe.

Messrs. John Matthews and Francis White left on Tuesday for Jacksonville, Florida.

Mr. S. R. Smith, of the Union Theological Seminary, New York, who spent several days here, has returned to New York.

Mr. Augustus Ohler, of Hammond, Ill., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ohler near Bridgeport.

Miss Grace Cornell, of New Windsor, spent a few days last week at Meadowbrook farm, the guest of Miss Pauline Baker.

Mrs. William Naill, of Bridgeport and sisters, Lily and Lottie Hoke, of near Emmitsburg, spent a few days last week in York, Pa.

YOUR SIGHT

should be tested only by those who thoroughly understand afflictions of the eye, their causes and cure. Such service is rendered by our Optometrist O. W. Hines, who will be at Emmitt House, Emmitsburg, Md., January 12th, 1910. Yours very truly,

CAPITAL OPTICAL CO.
614 Ninth St. N. W.
Washington, D. C.

LOST—A gold locket containing the photograph of a child. Liberal reward if returned to Miss Grace Lansinger, Emmitsburg, dec 10-tf.

FOR SALE—A Chickering Piano in good condition. Reasonable terms. Apply to MISS GRACE LANSINGER. tf.

EMMITSBURG LIBRARY

Various Reports of Officials For Year Just Closed

ALMOST 200 NEW BOOKS ADDED

Number of Patrons Increased and Weekly Circulation Remains the Same.—Magazines Added.

The annual reports of the officials of the Emmitsburg Library show gratifying results for the year's work. The Librarian's report shows that 134 new volumes have been added to the shelves and that the public interest in the books remains the same. During the year ninety-four names have been enrolled against eighty-eight last year. The exceptionally strong committee in charge of the work for 1910 gives promise of future growth.

On Monday evening the new committee organized by electing Mr. Sterling Galt, president; Rev. A. M. Gluck, secretary and treasurer; Mrs. J. Henry Stokes, librarian. The resignation of Miss Marian Hoke, recently elected, was accepted and Miss Belle Rowe was elected to take her place. The annual report follows:

"At the annual meeting for 1909 of the Executive Committee of the Emmitsburg Public Library the votes of the patrons for new members were counted and the following were found elected: For the regular two-year term, Rev. A. M. Gluck and Mrs. J. Henry Stokes; for one year to fill the places made vacant by the resignation of Miss Madeline Frailey and Mr. Clarence Hoke, Mr. Sterling Galt and Miss Marian Hoke. The committee as it now stands consists of Miss Alice Blair, Mrs. J. Henry Stokes, Rev. Mr. Gluck, Miss Marian Hoke and Mr. Sterling Galt. The new committee will hold its meeting on Wednesday, January 12.

"The reports as submitted by the librarian, Miss Zacharias, and the treasurer, Miss Blair are published below.

"During the year the committee had the pleasure of a visit from Miss Mary P. Farr, representing the State Librarian. Miss Farr seemed very much surprised and pleased with the condition of Emmitsburg's library and her valuable suggestions were appreciated by the committee.

"It has been the endeavor of those in charge of the affairs of the library during the past year to keep it to the high standard maintained ever since its establishment. The demand for current fiction has been met and at the same time, as far as the funds allowed, standard classics have been added to the shelves, and the juvenile department has not been neglected.

"The cooperation of the people of Emmitsburg, who by their patronage, maintain this institution, has been and is fully appreciated. The future of the Emmitsburg Library is in their hands and as they work for its welfare so its advances in efficiency. Its value to the community is immense and an appreciation of this is rapidly growing among the people. By donations and economic use of its funds there has been added a list of valuable books of reference which will grow in usefulness as the people come to a better knowledge of their value. The relations between the patrons and those in charge of the books has been in all instances pleasant and to the advantage of both.

"With the past experiences and the present success it is safe to say that the Emmitsburg Public Library is a permanent institution whose value will increase with each year. Its interests are public and the community has its future in charge.

"E. LEWIS HIGBEE, President."

Report of the librarian of the Emmitsburg Public Library for the year ending Dec. 31, 1909:

No. of Volumes.	
Reference.....	27
History and Biography.....	52
Juvenile.....	53
Essays, Travels, & Belles Lettres 103	
Fiction.....	474
Pratt Collection.....	107
Total.....	816

Average circulation per week..... 30
During the year 94 people have been members of the library.

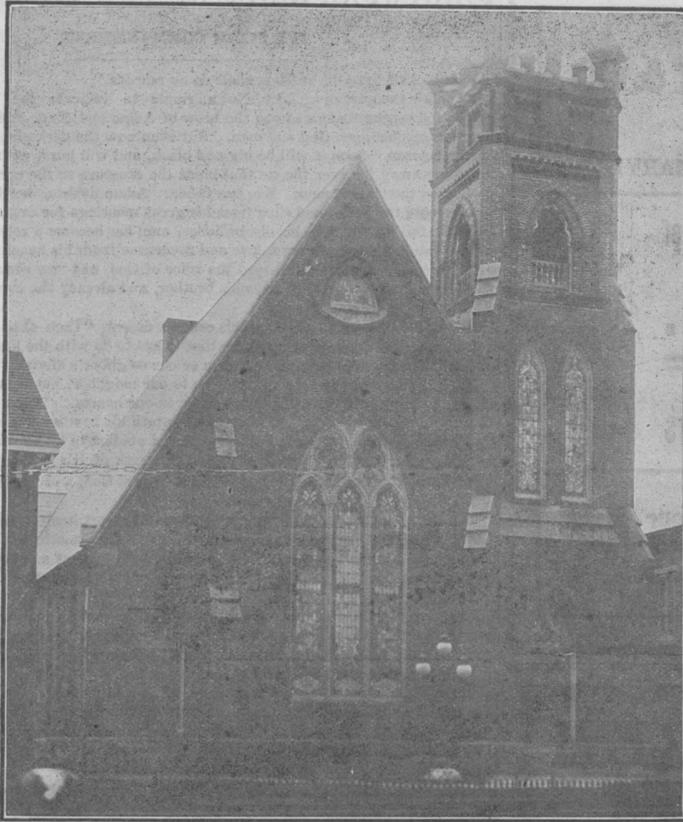
Twenty books have been donated and 60 purchased.
The following magazines have been donated by friends of the library each month for the use of members. World's Work, Woman's Home Companion, Ladies' Home Journal, Munsey's, Lippincott's, Everybody's, Literary Digest, Good Housekeeping, Ainslee's, Book News, Saturday Evening Post, Delin-eator, Colliers.

HELEN ZACHARIAS, Librarian.

Emmitsburg, Md., Dec. 31, 1909.
Report of the Treasurer of the Emmitsburg Public Library beginning Jan. 1, 1909 and ending Dec. 31, 1909.

Receipts.	
Cash received from former Treasurer.....	\$12.86
Fees and Fines.....	54.25
Receipts from Sale.....	13.02
To Cash for Books.....	2.08
Receipts not entered.....	6.77
Total.....	\$88.98
Disbursements.	
Rent and Oil.....	\$26.27
Cleaning Library.....	5.00
Chronicle, Cards and Printing.....	3.05
Books and Magazines.....	40.73
By Ck Associated Library Co.....	4.20
Stationery, Postage and Paste.....	.42
Chimney.....	.10
Balance.....	9.21
Total.....	\$88.98

ALICE BLAIR, Treas.



PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH AGAIN OPENED FOR REGULAR SERVICES BY NEWLY ELECTED PASTOR, REV. MR. L. B. HENSLEY.

After being closed for several months regular services will be resumed in the Presbyterian Church. Rev. Mr. L. B. Hensley, former pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Oakland, has accepted the call extended to him by the local congregation, and already this gentleman has made a favorable impression on the people, not only of his particular charge, but in general. Mr. Hensley is warmly welcomed to Emmitsburg and his work here will assuredly be both pleasant and profitable of good to the community.

LOCAL BREVITIES

In the notice of the death of the late J. V. Danner, it was omitted that he was survived by his widow, Mrs. Fannie Jarboe Danner.

The Rowe building, partly destroyed by fire two weeks ago, is almost entirely repaired.

A large number of sleighing parties made the town lively while the snow lasted.

Bell ringing, horn blowing, pistol shooting were in evidence on New Year's eve. The tolling of the Lutheran Church bell and the ominous sound of the fire bell, ringing out the old year, made the last night of 1909 impressive.

December 31st at 7 o'clock the thermometer reached the lowest point this winter. During the day the mercury shot up at a rapid rate.

The High School students will resume work on Monday. St. Euphemia's opened on Wednesday.

The Emmitt Cornet Band treated the town to a serenade on New Year's eve.

"Bell Snickers" garbed in fantastic costumes, some in sleighs others on horseback and some on foot, gave much enjoyment to the children on New Year's day.

Miss Helen McNair, of Baltimore, in a letter to THE CHRONICLE, wishes a "happy New Year to all the old friends in Emmitsburg."

Mr. George A. Saffer, of Scranton, calling himself "one of the most ardent readers" of THE CHRONICLE, extends a happy New Year to all.

A horse belonging to Boyle Brothers fell in front of THE CHRONICLE office on Wednesday morning. The timely assistance of Messrs. Elmer Eyer, James Arnold and Robert Burdner saved the wagon from injury from the animal's struggles. The horse was unhurt.

A Family Reunion.

A family reunion was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ohler, on Friday, Dec. 31. A dinner, consisting of oysters, chicken, cake, ice cream and many other things which go to make up an appetizing meal, was served in honor of their children and grand children.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ohler, Mr. Augustus Ohler, of Hammond, Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. George Ohler and daughters, Mary and Edith; Mr. and Mrs. Jones Ohler and children, Ruth, Florence and Ernest, of Harney; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baker and children, Pauline, Jones and Guy; Grace and Jacob Cornell, of New Windsor; Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Weant and Mrs. Mary Hockensmith.

Racing feeling is high in Havana.

COUNTY EDITORS ORGANIZE

Interesting Meeting of Paper Men in Baltimore This Week.

Editors representing 61 of the leading county papers of Maryland met at Baltimore Wednesday afternoon and organized the Maryland State Press Association. The object of the organization is the betterment of the county press, the classification of advertisement and the establishment of a uniform rate for advertisement. This association will also keep a close watch on the present legislature, and will thus be enabled to present a united opposition to any measure which they consider hostile to the interests of the people and the county press. Another meeting will be held at the Remont on February 16, at which time reports will be considered from the standing committee.

The following officers were elected for the first term: President, William S. Powell, of the Ellicott City Times; first vice president, C. O. Melvin, Ledger Enterprise, Pocomoke City; second vice president, Sterling Galt, Emmitsburg Chronicle; secretary and treasurer, W. S. McCombs, Havre de Grace Republican; executive committee, George R. Ash, Cecil Democrat, Elkton; J. M. Street, Harford Democrat, Belair; P. M. Engler, Carroll Record, Taneytown, and W. W. Burton, Progress, Ellicott City.

BANK OFFICERS RETAINED

Annual Election of Stockholders of Emmitsburg Savings Bank.

At the election of the stockholders of the Emmitsburg Savings Bank, held at that institution on Tuesday afternoon, the following directors were chosen: Dr. D. E. Stone, J. Lewis Rhodes, J. C. Rosensteel, John C. Motter of I., Ernest Shriver, Peter F. Burket, J. Rowe Ohler, William A. Devilbiss and Sterling Galt. Nineteen hundred and sixty-four votes out of the 2500 were cast.

After the election of directors a vote was taken for officers of the bank which resulted in the unanimous choice of those who served before, namely: Dr. D. E. Stone, president; J. Lewis Rhodes, vice-president. Mr. H. M. Warrenfeltz was reappointed cashier and Mr. P. F. Burket, teller.

The extra vitality required to digest the Cow's winter foods is drawn from her milk secreting organs weakening them and cutting down the milk supply. Fairfield's Milk Producer makes Winter foods digestible, strengthens all organs and increases milk in quantity and quality. Sold under written guarantee by C. R. Wachter & Sons, Sabillasville, E. L. Frizell, Emmitsburg.

The bursting of a 30-inch water main in Boston flooded the theater district on Monday to such an extent that all traffic was stopped for two hours.

Any absent Emmitsburgian will appreciate a subscription to The Chronicle. 52 weeks \$1.00.

FURS WANTED.—Highest prices paid. Communicate with George W. Roop, dec 11-11t. Route 1 York Road, Md.

The Battlefield Photo Co. will make sittings at the Rowe Gallery, Saturday, Jan. 8, from 10 a. m. to 3:30 p. m. 1t

CHURCH NEWS

The Week of Prayer began with services in the Reformed church on Sunday evening. Rev. Mr. L. B. Hensley, the recently elected pastor of the Presbyterian Church delivered the sermon. By a series of circumstances there were only four services instead of the usual number during this week. Rev. Mr. Gluck's absence and the fact that Mr. Koontz, of the Methodist church, found it impossible to take part in the meetings were the main reasons for curtailing the services. On Monday evening Rev. Mr. Gluck delivered the sermon; on Tuesday, Rev. Dr. Reinwald; and on Wednesday, Rev. Mr. L. B. Hensley.

Rev. Mr. Aaron M. Gluck attended a meeting of the board of the directors of Hoffman's Orphan and Industrial Home, held at Hanover. He was also present at the inauguration of President Apple of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pa.

Rev. Mr. L. B. Hensley, the pastor of the Presbyterian Church, is a native of Texas. He came to Emmitsburg from Oakland, Md.

The pulpit of the Lutheran Church was occupied last Sunday by Rev. Mr. Abdel R. Wentz, acting professor of English Bible at Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg. Rev. Mr. Wentz was the guest of Prof. Joseph E. Rowe while in town.

A watch meeting was held in the Lutheran Church on New Year's eve.

Runaway Wrecks Three Vehicles.
On Monday afternoon a junk dealer's horse standing unhitched in front of Dr. Eichelberger's became frightened and ran off down East Main street leaving a trail of wrecks behind it. The two back wheels of Mr. W. H. Sanders' buggy were demolished and the one rear wheel of a buggy belonging to Mr. Ignatius Lingg, hitched in front of the home of Mr. F. Harry Gross was disbed. In front of Mr. Troxel's store the horse fell and broke the shafts of the wagon.

Water Main Burst Under Creek.
The large main that conveys the water from the reservoir to town burst on Tuesday where the pipe goes under Toms creek.

LOST.—On north side of Main street, a gold hat pin. Finder will please return same to CHRONICLE Office. 1t

FOR SALE.—A small valuable farm. Mrs. SARAH OVELMAN, Emmitsburg, 12-10-12ts

Miss Clara Rowe entertained a number of friends on New Year's eve.

SPECIAL OFFER DEC. 10th TO JAN. 10th
One Beautiful Jardiniere Or Cuspidor Given with Every \$1.50 Worth of Ware
All Enamel Ware Formerly 15 cents will sell for 10 cents
J. M. ADELSBERGER & SON.

ALMOST FROZEN TO DEATH

Found on the Pike Near Convent and Cared For By Sisters of Charity.

On Tuesday morning workmen on the new station at St. Joseph's Academy carried on the snow near the race bridge on the pike the half frozen body of a tramp, who afterwards gave his name as James Mitchell. The man was almost dead from exposure and it was not with a little difficulty that Dr. Brawner brought him back to consciousness. The afternoon of the same day he was taken to the Maryland General Hospital, Baltimore, for treatment.

The man said he had come from Frederick the day before and had spent the night in the Cretin barn. When found he was almost dead. A large icicle had formed below his nose from the frozen moisture of his breath and many spots on his body were frozen. He was found lying in the snow beside the road. From appearance it is judged he is between 65 and 70 years old.

Entertained at Cards.

Mrs. J. Brooke Boyle entertained quite a number of friends at Five Hundred on Saturday evening. The following guests were present: Mrs. G. B. Resser, Mrs. Foreman, Mrs. J. S. Annan, Mrs. E. L. Higbee, Mrs. L. M. Zimmerman, Mrs. Harry Boyle, Misses Eva and Rachel Shulenberg, Anne and Estelle Codori, Belle Rowe, Helen Kilmer, Annabel Hartman, Ruth Gillilan and Ruth Patterson.

Good Job For Hustler.

Hustling agent wanted to sell our celebrated Teas, Coffees, Spices, Baking Powder and Extracts, in Emmitsburg and vicinity. Valuable premiums given away as inducements. Highest commission paid. Man with team preferred. For information address
Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. 1t Lancaster, Pa.

Teachers' Institute at Frederick.

The sessions of the Teachers' Annual Institute held at Frederick were most interesting and instructive, and a large audience of the county's educators were present. The instructors secured for these meetings were unusually able.

When hay, grain and fodder are "cured," the nutritive and digestive elements in the Saps are lost. Fairfield's Blood Tonic, added to the ration, restores the lost elements, makes food digestible, purifies the blood and perfects the health. Sold under written guarantee by C. R. Wachter & Sons, Sabillasville, E. L. Frizell, Emmitsburg.

Poultry Raising Policeman.

Policeman John Peltz, of Hagerstown, has the best laying chickens in that city. All during the winter, when eggs were the highest in many years, his hens were right on the job. From August 15 to the close of the year 33 hens laid 933 eggs.

Burns Prove Fatal to Miss Houck.

Miss Carrie Grace Houck, who was terribly burned at a skating carnival at Lakeview Casino on Dec. 23, died of her injuries on Dec. 30. Miss Houck was almost eighteen years old. The funeral services were held at Utica last Saturday.

DIED.

Regular death notices published one time free of charge. Ordinary poetry and resolutions charged for at the rate of five cents a line.

SEISS.—On Dec. 29, 1909, Orlando Seiss, of Graceham, aged 73 years. Funeral service was held in Moravian Church, Graceham, Jan. 1, Rev. Mr. Huebner, officiating.

CLUNK.—On Jan. 4, 1910, Henry Clunk, at his home in Emmitsburg district, along the Mountain road, between Annandale and Mt. St. Mary's College, aged 59 years, 7 months and 5 days. Funeral services at St. Anthony's Church this morning, Rev. G. H. Tragger officiating. Interment in Cemetery on the Hill. The deceased is survived by his wife, who was Miss Katherine Collins.

KNOUFF.—On Dec. 27, 1909, James W. Knouff, son of the late James Knouff, of this place, at his home, 267 West Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa., aged 88 years.

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE EMMITSBURG SAVINGS BANK

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS

DECEMBER 31, 1909

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts.....	\$ 47,456.84
Bonds, Securities, Etc.....	15,270.00
Furniture, Fixtures, Etc.....	2,394.91
Due from Banks.....	12,193.33
Cash on hand.....	8,579.43
Total.....	\$ 80,893.91

LIABILITIES.

Weekly Deposits.....	\$ 25,000.00
Profit and Loss.....	63.21
Contingent Interest.....	193.16
DEPOSITS.....	55,647.54
Total.....	\$ 80,893.91

I, H. M. Warrenfeltz, Cashier of the above named Bank, do most solemnly declare that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. M. WARRENFELTZ, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of January, 1910.

HENRY STOKES, J. P.

Correct—Attest:—

WM. A. DEVILBISS,
STERLING GALT,
JOHN C. MOTTER OF I,
J. LEWIS RHODES,
J. R. OHLER,
Committee. Jan 7-3t

HOME DINING ROOM

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING
FREDERICK, MARYLAND
OPEN EVERY DAY AND SUNDAY
6.30 A. M. TO 11.30 P. M.
Regular meals on short orders.
Quick Lunch. Oysters in every style
—15 and 25 cents. All kinds of
sandwiches.
**Best Dinner in Frederick
For 35 Cents**
Board for the week; twenty-one
meals for \$3.50. Dinner tickets,
good until used, five for \$1.00.
Parties, Dinners, Banquets,
served on short notice. For special
rates, etc., call on or address
MRS. M. MULLINIX,
Proprietress.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY AND COLLEGE

FOR YOUNG LADIES.
WITH PRIMARY DEPARTMENT
PUPILS UNDER EIGHT YEARS OF AGE
NOT RECEIVED.
This Institution, beautifully
situated in a healthful loca-
tion in sight of the Blue
Ridge Mountains, is easily
reached by Western Mary-
land Railroad from Balti-
more.
Extensive grounds for out-
door exercise, the surround-
ings are attractive and pic-
turesque. The Curriculum
thorough and comprehen-
sive, embraces all branches
necessary for a refined edu-
cation.
For further address:
SISTER SUPERIOR,
ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY,
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.
6-14-11

What Everybody Should Know!

That you can buy everything in
the line of
**Furniture, Carpet,
Matting, Oilcloth,
Linoleum, Rugs,
Pictures, Victor and
Edison Talking
Machines And Records,
Sewing Machines,
Organs, Pianos, etc.**

AT M. F. SHUFF'S

W. Main St., Opp. Presbyterian Church.
Compare Goods and I will guarantee
prices with any Dealer in the land.
Trust to suit buyers.
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
having 30 years' experience in this branch
of the business I feel I can give satis-
faction in all cases.

Holiday Goods!

Largest Stock Best Quality
Lowest Price
EVERYTHING ENGRAVED FREE
Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,
Canes, Umbrellas, Sunshades, Sterling
Silver and Plated Ware, Sterling
Novelties.
H. S. LANDIS
LEADING JEWELER OF FREDERICK
Best and Quickest Repairing and Engraving
33 N. MARKET ST. PHONE
July 16-22-23

FLOWERS! FLOWERS!

If you need Carnations or Roses
just call on me and see what love-
ly flowers you can get. I also
have artificial flowers if you want
them. Call or address,
ROBERT E. CREAGER,
THURMONT, MD.
BOTH PHONES.
Mr. C. T. Zacharias, Emmitsburg Agent
Feb 5 09-1y



HARRY G. TRITAPOE.

OUR ANNOUNCEMENT
of real estate for sale does not mean a lot of low-
class property at high-class prices. You can get
that any time and anywhere. What we offer is
real estate that is worth every cent asked for it
and will be worth a lot more at no distant date. If
you mean business we have the property worth
investing in.
C. & P. Phone 67F. 121 Court Street,
Maryland 356M. FREDERICK, MD.
July 9-09-1y

They Are Fine Cigars
"HAVANA PLUMS"
9 for 15 Cents.
HAVE YOU TRIED THEM?
YOU CAN GET THEM AT
ZIMMERMAN'S PHARMACY

Tailored Suits
The New Fall Tailored Suits are here awaiting your inspection. 'Tis
almost futile to attempt a description. They are the kind you'll want if you
intend to be in the procession. Man tailored, correctly designed, represent-
ing the most recent modes of fashion, and not high priced. We believe you
will do well to see us, as many of our models have marked individuality.

Sweaters
are an actual necessity nowadays. Fine to ward off that Fall cold. A great
assortment in the wanted lengths and qualities. Children's and ladies. Might
save a doctor bill.

Colonial Draperies
are possibly just the items needed to complete the appointment of that room.
They are of the new order of things—just the proper weight—clinging in fin-
ish and exquisite in coloring.

**Silkolines, Scrim,
Casement Cloth,
New Fall Gingham,
New Fall Percales,
New Fall Outings**
THOS. H. HALLER,
Central Dry Goods House
17 and 19 North Market Street - FREDERICK, MARYLAND.
March 27-1y



1886—JAMES, CARDINAL GIBBONS—1910.

Last Sunday His Eminence, James, Cardinal Gibbons delivered the sermon in the cathedral taking as his subject "Our Christian Dignity." In part he said:
"There is inborn in every human breast an unconquerable ambition of human glory. Men labor from morning till night, they hunger and thirst to attain some dignity, to achieve some conquest, to arrive at some coveted goal which is the aim of their aspirations. This ambition is laudable if kept within legitimate bounds, because it is an incentive to human activity. But how many fail in the attempt to achieve the object of their earthly desires, and then there follows a revulsion from action to despair.
"Let us consider before God what constitutes the highest and noblest dignity of man. It consists in the consideration that we can claim God Himself for our Father, Jesus Christ for our elder Brother, and the Kingdom of Heaven for our prospective inheritance. This thought ennobles our ambition; it lights up our aspiration to a celestial kingdom and reaches beyond the bounds of time to eternity.
"In being made children of God we become also the brothers and sisters of

Jesus Christ. 'Jesus,' says the Apostle, 'is not ashamed to call us His brothers.' Would not we be ashamed to recognize a fallen brother who had disgraced his family and his name by a dissipated life? How often have we grieved and dishonored our elder Brother Jesus by our sinful life! How often have we defiled that sacred image of our Father and His Father which is stamped on our immortal souls! And yet Jesus is not ashamed to call us His brothers. Nay, He leads us to the waters of life, where those stains may be washed away, so that the image of His Father and our Father may appear once more resplendent on our souls.
"What dignity can be compared to this? You will hear persons boasting of their ancestry. They will glory in being the descendants of kings and emperors and illustrious men. But how much more honorable is it for you to claim as your kindred and brethren the patriarchs and prophets, the apostles and martyrs, the confessors and virgins of the church!
"To sum up: In being worthy Christians you become children of God, brothers of Christ, temples of the Holy Ghost. Our Lord is your Advocate in Heaven. He is the Herald that will

usher you into His kingdom, and you claim as your spiritual kindred those illustrious men and women who have reflected honor on your common humanity.
"May I not say to you, not in the language of exaggeration, but in the inspired words of the apostle, 'You are a chosen people, a royal priesthood.' You are a chosen generation, chosen from thousands of others who know not God. For He hath not done alike to other nations and hath not manifested His ratifications to them as He has to you; 'a holy nation;' for what people or nation is like to ours, that hath its God so nigh unto them as our God is nigh unto us? 'A purchased people,' purchased not with corruptible gold and silver, but with the precious blood of Jesus Christ—'A royal priesthood.'
"He calls you kings because you are the sons of God, the King of Kings and the Lord of Lords; though you are outside the sanctuary and not clothed in sacred robes, He calls you priests because you are consecrated in your baptism that you might offer up on the altar of your hearts and in the sanctuary of your homes praise and thanksgiving, and supplication to your God."

Frederick County Fair Controversy.

A proposed amendment to the constitution of the Frederick County Agricultural Society, designed to limit the membership of the society, was voted down at the annual meeting of the society Saturday. The amendment, submitted at a special meeting a couple of months ago, proposed to limit the number of life members to 210. When the society met Saturday, however, it was confronted with the fact that there were already 214 life members, nine persons having taken advantage of the rule under which any person may become a life member upon payment of \$40, since the amendment was proposed. Several amendments to the proposed amendment were offered at the meeting. One was to fix the price of life membership at \$100. This was rejected, but another one, to fix the limit at 125 members, was adopted and, with this amendment, the proposed amendment to the constitution was submitted to the meeting and was rejected by a vote of 79 to 66. It was decided, however, upon motion of William P. Maulsby, to refer the question of limiting the membership to a committee of seven, to be named by the president and to report at a special meeting to be called later.
The annual election resulted in the reelection of all the old members, except George S. Rodock whose place is now filled by Mr. J. H. Grove.

MRS. JAMES BELL.

The following dispatch dated Clinton, Ill., December 30, tells of the death of Mrs. James Bell: "At her home this morning, 220 South East street, occurred the death of Mrs. James Bell, one of Clinton's most respected residents. The death of Mrs. Bell had been expected for several days and all her children were at the bedside when the end came. Mrs. Bell's maiden name was Peddicord and she was born near Emmitsburg, Md., February 2, 1835. She was united in marriage to James Wesley Bell January 21, 1854. Mrs. Bell came west in 1856, residing in Clinton in 1858. Seven children were born to the union, three dying. The following survive; Grant E. Bell and Mrs. Morris March, of this city; Mrs. Harry Scott, of Davenport, Ia., and Mrs. S. H. Stewart, of Chicago. Mrs. Bell was a faithful member of St. John's Catholic church, where the funeral services will be held, with interment taking place in Woodlawn cemetery."
Mr. James Bell is a brother of our respected citizen, Mr. John M. Bell.
The hen's winter diet is lacking in egg-making material. More of her food must be used in keeping her body warm. Egg production, naturally, falls off. Fairfield's Egg Producer supplies the egg-making material, increases egg production and prevents disease. Sold under written guarantee by C. R. Wachter & Sons, Sabillasville, E. L. Frizell, Emmitsburg.

ODDS AND ENDS

Congress began business on Tuesday. Charles W. Morse, the New York banker, began his 15-years sentence at Atlanta, this week.
The report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs shows that tuberculosis heads the list of diseases afflicting the Red Men.
Thomas Waggoner, a Texas cattle and land king, gave each of his two children 100,000 acres of land, 30,000 head of cattle and 1,000 horses.
J. Pierpont Morgan, Thomas F. Ryan and Levi P. Morton have joined in a trust company merger which will have resources of \$150,000,000.
Announcement is made of a \$50,000 endowment bestowed on the American University, Washington, by a philanthropist, whose name is withheld.
The Daughters of the American Revolution have appealed to all patriotic women to support all measures for the conservation of our natural resources.
John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is foreman of a grand jury charged especially to inquire into the "White Slave" traffic in New York.
Work has already begun on the first gyroscopic railway in America to be devoted to commercial transportation purposes. The line will encircle Okanagan, British Columbia. Spur tracks will run to points where business warrants.
At a mass meeting, mainly of women, held in New York, girls of the shirt-waist shops now on a strike passed a resolution declaring that certain city magistrates were unfit for office, because of their attitude toward strikers who have been arrested and bought before them.
The case of the Government vs. the Standard Oil Company, involving an effort on the part of the government to have the company dissolved as a trust under the Sherman Anti-trust Law, was presented to the Supreme Court of the United States in a preliminary way Monday on a motion to advance the hearing.

OUR NUT BEARING TREES

Many Species of the Hickory.—Pecan of the South.—The Walnut.
Among our nut bearing trees the hickories are perhaps the best known, remarks the Indiana Farmer. They are strictly North American trees; none now grow in any other part of the world. There are fourteen known species; one Mexican, while the other thirteen grow east of the Rocky Mountains. Our own State boasts of six species, of which the shagbark or shell-bark is most noted because of its nuts and its peculiar bark.
The wood of most species is tough, strong and flexible—especially valuable for farm implements, tool handles, &c. There is no other kind of fuel that exceeds dry hickory for heat and brilliancy of flame. No other of our trees bear such valuable nuts. No finer shade trees are to be found. But because of the value of the wood for implements and fuel the finest trees of the forest have been sacrificed and as a consequence the crop of wild nuts is decreasing while the demand is increasing. Nurserymen are now experimenting to find the best method of propagating the trees and improving the varieties.
The Creek and Algonquin tribes of Indians made a drink from the pounded nuts, shells and all, and called it "pow-cohickora." Recent botanists have adopted the latter part of the Indian name, with a slight change (hickoria) as the name of the genus, which seems very fitting.
We scarcely think of the pecan as a hickory, yet it is the largest of our hickories. It is a native of the southern and southwestern counties of the State and grows to perfection in the rich, moist soils of river bottoms. The wood of the pecan is hard, brittle, of a light reddish brown and is the least valuable of all the hickories, except for fuel, and for its nuts which, are collected and sold in all the markets of the North. What the pecan is to the river valley people the shellbark, shagbark, and mockernut hickories might, with a little forethought and care, become to the people living on the uplands further north.
The black walnut is a grand tree growing in river bottoms and on hillsides west from Western Massachusetts to Minnesota and southward to Georgia, Florida, Mississippi and Texas. The trunk is tall and straight. The branches are stout and spreading, forming a round topped tree when grown in the open.
The flowers of the hickory are much like those of the hickory except that the pistillate flowers, instead of being yellowish green are of rich red. The pistils as in the case of the hickory divide into two plummy heads.
The nutrimen which nature provides for baby walnuts and hickories is stored in the seed leaves. While the pollen is flying from the boughs the forming nut has four communicating chambers in which one embryonic plant lives all alone. As the seed leaves are packed with oils and starches for the sustenance of the young tree they swell and stretch and soon occupy the entire four roomed apartment. When they have attained their growth they are lobed and folded so as to fill every cranny of the nut-shell in which they lie. This is the reason that the kernels show such irregular surfaces when taken from the shells.
The family's botanic name, Juglans, is derived from Jovis glans—Jove's nut. Roman writers applied this name to the European walnut on account of the excellence of its nuts. Jove's acorn was the walnut of commerce, for curiously enough it was this nut, not the fruit of the oak, which the Romans called an acorn.
BOUGHT FARM IN CARROLL CO.
Successful Farmer Leaves This Vicinity After Sixteen Prosperous Years
Mr. Samuel Waybright has purchased a farm of 250 acres of land near Tyrone, Carroll county, and will move to his new home in the Spring.
Sixteen years ago Mr. Waybright began his successful career as a farmer in this vicinity. He says that at that time he had no money and went into debt for his stock and implements. By wise care of his resources and skill in his work he became with such an unpromising beginning, one of our most enterprising and prosperous farmers. This neighborhood will miss him greatly but at the same time wishes him abundant success in his new surroundings.
Rumors of Another Baltimore Paper.
The report is circulated that Mr. Charles H. Grasty, formerly publisher of the Baltimore World, has purchased the Baltimore World. On Wednesday the World was sold to Wilhelm L'Allemard for \$67,750. He was associated with Mr. Grasty and did not buy the paper for himself hence the rumor.
Any absent Emmitsburgian would appreciate a subscription to The Chronicle. 52 weeks \$1.00.
Lee's Grandchild Wedded in London
On Friday Aurljel Leed, an actress, daughter of Robert E. Lee and granddaughter of the commander of the Confederate Army during the civil war, was married in Christ Church, Mayfair, to Frederick William Lloyd. Several peers attended the ceremony.

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6 05	10 34	8 40	8 55	Rocky Ridge	8 30	10 30	3 26	5 25
6 10	3 30	10 35	8 55	Rocky Ridge	8 30	10 30	3 20	5 20
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BEAUTIFUL BLANKETS in prices ranging from 50 cts to \$5.00 pair.

UNDERWEAR

Men's and Boys' Underwear in Wright's Health and also in Lansdown. Ladies' Underwear in the Vellastic and Setsung. Also in cheaper grades. Union Suits 50 cts and \$1.00

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Sweaters in all prices from 25c to \$1.75

Call and examine my stock. I am sure you will be pleased.

THE WORLD'S TRIUMPHANT MASTER BREW

MOERLEIN'S CELEBRATED CINCINNATI BEER

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And will appreciate a call from you to inspect the merchandise of our different departments and compare with others the quality and prices of our goods, and we feel sure of—after your examination—a share of your patronage.

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- Hats and Caps for Men, Boys and Children
- Shoes and "Comfy" House Slippers for Every Member of Your Family
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CAPITAL POST-HOLIDAY TALK

(Continued from page 1.)

culan efforts to prevent a mistake in the Ballinger investigation and the conservation controversy as a whole.

As a preliminary to this investigation, a little curtain-raiser, as it were, is planned in the shape of a probe into the conduct of the Interior Department by the House committee on expenditures in that department. Bird McGuire, the only Republican representative from Oklahoma, is chairman of this committee. He proposes to overhaul the amounts expended for various projects, including the work of the General Land Office. A commendation of the manner in which these expenditures are made would, it is believed, have a favorable effect upon the larger task of the joint committee of investigation.

It is not regarded as likely that the beginning of the real work of the session, which always comes at the conclusion of the holiday recess, will be marked by concerted action on the part of the House insurgents. For the time being their activities are in the formative stage. A great program has not been mapped out. But it is likely that they will be found lined up against any attempt on the part of the House organization to prevent a thorough investigation of the sugar trust. A House rule provides that when the Committee on Rules has had a resolution under consideration more than seven days, it may be relieved from further consideration by the House, which may then act upon it favorably. Should the insurgents be sufficient in number to join forces with the Democrats and force an investigation, it is believed that the cause of the opponents of Speaker Cannon would gain immeasurably in prestige.

Some of the insurgents are also considering the advisability of making a stand for the election of the House members of the joint committee to investigate the Ballinger charges, instead of allowing the resolution to be reported on the Rules Committee to be passed favorably and the membership selected by the Speaker. Such action is so exceptional and would be such a marked manifestation of lack of confidence in the Speaker, however, that it is highly improbable the attempt will be made.

One of the principal points of contention during the remainder of the session will be over the question as to whether a river and harbor appropriation bill shall be allowed to pass the House. None has been enacted for two years, but Chairman Burton of the Rivers and Harbors Committee reported one which was larger by many millions than any of its predecessors. It provided for expenditures of more than \$90,000,000. During the long ascendancy of Mr. Burton, the pork barrel idea of this appropriation bill was largely eliminated, because of the particular care of the chairman, who became the foremost authority on internal waterway improvements in the country. He worked with the War Department engineers and gained the reputation of turning down all propositions that were merely intended to satisfy the wishes of a local constituency without regard to merit. Mr. Burton is now in the Senate and the quest of anxious members of the House now is to determine the purpose of the policy of the Administration generally, to cut all expenditures of every sort in every appropriation down to the bone, it is more than probable that the hopes of these members will, in more than the usual number of instances, be dashed to the ground. The project of making a deep waterway from the Lakes to the Gulf, by lowering the channel of the Mississippi river, is foredoomed to failure at this time. It is the present plan to enact a measure which will carry authorizations of expenditures amounting to about \$60,000,000. Of this the largest individual item will be for work on the Ohio river.

Senor Don Luis F. Corea, the former minister from Nicaragua to the United States, who has been appointed special envoy to settle all existing differences between the two countries, has been in Washington during the past three months, and has in that time acted as a confidential adviser to the State Department. He has considerable property in Nicaragua and has been planning to open offices in New York for the sale of mahogany wood from his immense timber interests there. So solid is his position in the Central American republic that he was seriously considered for the presidency as the successor of Zelaya, who has been part owner of his properties as well as of all other industrial concessions. At the same time, Corea is very friendly to the United States. He married an American girl, and in Washington lives at the home of his mother-in-law. He is understood to be friendly to the idea that this country eventually maintain order in Central America by exercising a potent influence in their governmental affairs.

The discovery of a secret treaty between Mexico and Zelaya's government and the escape from Nicaraguan soil of the deposed President on a Mexican cruiser has caused considerable feeling against Mexico on the part of the De-

partment of State. It is believed that the coming to Washington in the very near future of Minister of Foreign Affairs Branco, of Brazil, has as its real motive the establishment of a definite understanding between Brazil and the United States in regard to the joint policy of the two countries toward Central America. Should this be consummated, it is thought likely that it will mean the end of joint action by the United States and Mexico in those affairs. Brazil is exceedingly ambitious to extend her influence in South and Central America, and an understanding between her government and that of this country would go a long way toward enabling her to do so.

CAUSES AND CURE OF COLDS

Food Important Factor in Causes.—Plenty of Fresh Air a Preventative.

"Colds," quotes the New York Sun from a physician, "are the exclusive privilege of civilization. The human race didn't snuffle much in all likelihood until it began to build houses and to wear clothes. The next stage was when houses began to be heated. Then instead of a wholesome coping with the elements without people crowded into these superheated houses, and then they began to know what colds were.

"While staying in these comfortable and enervating houses as long as they could, they were constantly rebreathing their own poisonous exhalations, mingled with those of the family, the boarders, and such animal friends as they could not see suffer in the raging elements without. Next, in fear of night air, the sleeping rooms were kept hermetically sealed.

"More pernicious than all, as civilization advanced, people came more and more to contract infectious diseases; their clothing would harbor germs, and these would be brought to the house.

"A very essential element in the catching of colds has been the disturbance of equilibrium in the body through constantly passing from the superheated home into low temperatures without the house.

"It is related that a young chimpanzee in the Pasteur Institute in Paris was recently taken down with a very bad cold in the head. Undoubtedly he caught this from some human who had dropped in to make him a call. That comes of getting next to civilization. In its native forest haunts such danger as this need never have been feared.

"The common cold is a catarrh, an inflammation of the upper air passages from the nostrils to the windpipe. Sometimes there is a nervous element in such sufferings. People who have neurasthenia—nerve fatigue—are apt to get a catarrh with the chilling of the air and not to get rid of it until the spring is well on. People may have a nervous catarrh merely from the apprehension of catching cold. In very windy seasons catarrhs are got from breathing dust of various kinds. Hay fever is oftentimes of purely nervous origin.

"But most colds are the result of specific bacterial infection, and a variety of germs have been isolated in examining catarrhal exudates under the microscope. As in the case of all infections, people differ greatly in susceptibility.

"Many are absolutely immune, hardly know what a cold means, don't catch cold however much they are exposed to microbes. Others again are constantly occupied from November on with sneezing, their voices thick in the way so well known to the funny man, having chills, fever, headache, pains in the bones—from the infection—unable to swallow comfortably. Most unhappy mortals they are.

"Habitual mouth breathers, those who have adenoids and otherwise unhealthy throats, are very liable to colds, as are those also who, for a great number of reasons, are run down. Here, as in all infections, the predisposition is most important of consideration.

"Food has a great deal to do with catarrhs. Eating indigestible food—fruits, or shellfish, or rarebits—overeating and not eating enough, these things engender the catarrhal habit, which thus comes about in many cases through the absorption of poisons—toxins—from undigested or indigestible material in the alimentary tract.

"Many a man has got a bad cold just from a too generous meal, helped on with potions in goodly proportion; thus there is stimulation, followed by reaction, with perspiration, all conducive to catarrhs. Again, Dr. Harry Campbell has found in London that practically all the very young children of the poor have more or less catarrh; which would probably not be the case if the starches and the sweets were cut out of the dietary. It is not so much that they are starved as that their food is improper for them.

"Bad teeth are an enormous factor in the development of catarrhs. Many a chronic catarrh is kept up for this reason alone.

"It is in every one's experience that there are epidemics of catarrh. From one case alone practically the whole force of an office, a workshop or a factory will presently be suffering, and that acutely too. If a worker comes into the office sneezing, snivelling, his speech unintelligible, better send him home until he is recovered, no matter at what sacrifice; it will be found to pay.

"How, then, shall the common cold be prevented? It is not a disease in it-

self but rather a sign of something wrong in the system.

"Any local trouble, adenoids, enlarged tonsils, chronic sore throat and the like, should get cured. Then of course the general health must be improved, another way of saying that all predispositions to the infection should be eradicated from the system.

"Stuffy and overheated rooms are to be avoided; bedroom windows are to be kept open wide at night; a cool bath in a warm bathroom, is the thing if it can be tolerated; the clothing clean and warm but not too heavy; the feet invariably warm and dry. 'Put your chest protectors on your feet.' Don't in any event cover the neck and the chest so heavily as to impede the natural respiratory movements.

Keep the teeth very clean and gargle several times a day, using half a teaspoonful of common salt to a tumblerful of water as hot as is comfortable. Eat temperately and regularly of wholesome, nutritious food.

"But after all, fresh air's the keynote. People who live habitually out of doors know nothing of coughs and colds. Arctic explorers are never troubled with colds, not while in the Arctic regions. For there the air is cold, pure and germ free. It is when these heroes come back to civilization that they begin to sneeze and to cough.

"It is odd why so many people dread fresh air; the antipathy seems to be akin to the tramp's aversion to soap and water. Fresh air abounds all over the surface of the earth, except in the houses which man has built. Not fresh air but the want of it is the cause of a great many diseases; it is nature's disinfectant, and there is certainly no better.

"People are being vaccinated against colds, but that's another story. An enthusiastic Darwinite believes that in process of time natural selection will render the race increasingly resistant to colds; for those most resistant to the minor maladies of life, among which are catarrhs, are the most likely to leave progeny to whom they have transmitted their superior resisting powers. Be that as it may, we had better in the meantime, since it generally takes a few millions of years for these evolutionary changes to come about, do all we can in the way of prophylaxis to forestall cold and catarrhs."

TAFT STOOD OFF SIX PRESIDENTS

(Continued from page 1.)

lief that while, as explained by the President and Mr. Wickersham, the proposed amendments were intended to accomplish certain ends, the phraseology of the measure in several places might not make that purpose absolutely clear. The counsel for leading railroads were familiar with the draft of the bill, just as the lawyers for the shipping associations had been kept informed by the Administration of the evolution of the railroad amendment as they were being gradually evolved to express the views of the Administration, and in the opinion of these railroad lawyers some injustices might be worked to legitimate interests in railway properties unless certain verbal changes were made.

The President assured the railway presidents that nothing is farther beyond his intentions than the wrecking of properties or the upsetting of existing conditions, and while no assurances were given his visitors, the President told them the requests for certain verbal changes would be considered. Following the visit of the railway men the President conferred with Attorney-General Wickersham, also with Secretary Nagle, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, for the purpose of considering the effect of the verbal changes proposed, the result of which were certain changes of phraseology both in the Wickersham bill and also in that of the message which states what that bill contains and which followed the wording of certain passages of the bill rather closely. Both the bill and the railroad message were changed to make them conform with each other. These changes are made for the purpose of allaying the fear of the railway men that the bill might accomplish something directly the opposite of what the President intends to accomplish in a way that might work injury to innocent stockholders, and the motive of the President in making the alterations of phraseology is stated to be his desire to make it absolutely certain that the affirmative legislation he is seeking cannot work injury to minority stockholders in certain competing lines that will be affected by his recommendations.

D. O. Mills Dies Suddenly.

Darius Ogden Mills, banker, philanthropist and man of affairs, died suddenly of heart disease at Millbrae, a suburb of San Francisco on Tuesday. He was 84 years old. He was worth probably \$60,000,000. He was the originator of the famous "Mills' Hotels" in New York, where meals and lodgings were furnished at a reasonable rate. His daughter is the wife of Ambassador Whitelaw Reid.

The executive council of the American Federation of Labor has sent out an appeal to all trades unionists for 10 cents from each one with which to fight the Steel Trust for the iron, steel and tinplate workers.

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—FOR—
Headache, Indigestion
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