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STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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CHRONICLES OF EMMITSBURG

Series Of Entertaining Articles Concerning Town And People

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT EARLY TIMES

Customs and Amusements Now Almost Forgotten Recounted by Oldest Inhabitants

ANECDOTES ILLUSTRATIVE OF LIFE OF FORMER GENERATIONS

Celebrated Seton Family Whose Most Prominent and Revered Member Was Mother Seton of Sacred Memory.—President Roosevelt and His Relationship to the Setons.—Sketch Which Tells How the Two Families are Linked Together.—Name Eminent Both in History and Literature Here And Abroad.—Pope Pius X to Expedite Canonization.

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The following interesting article is reproduced by the special permission of the Philadelphia Press.

President Roosevelt will ere long be able to boast of relationship with a recognized and duly canonized saint of the Roman Catholic Church. For the first steps towards the full canonization of Elizabeth Seton, who a hundred years ago founded the Order of the Sisters of Charity in America, at the very beginning of the last century, have now been completed and the further procedure necessary before the mystic letters "St." can be prefixed to the name of this universally revered woman is progressing apace, being expedited in every measure possible by Pius X, who is keenly interested about the matter.

Elizabeth Seton was a daughter of Dr. Richard Bayley, whose wife, Charlotte Barclay, was a daughter of Andrew Barclay and Helen Roosevelt. One of Dr. Bayley's sons, Guy Carleton, a brother, therefore, of the founder of the order of the Sisters of Charity in America, married Grace Roosevelt, and their son, James Roosevelt Bayley, a nephew of the lady now about to be canonized, became first of all Bishop of Newark, and then eighth archbishop of Baltimore.

Elizabeth Bayley married William Seton, the favorite cousin and correspondent of the celebrated Miss Agnes and Miss Mary Berry, who for near three-quarters of a century, played so conspicuous a role in English society, and who are portrayed as the "Misses Otrantos" by Lord Beaconsfield in his novel "Vivian Grey."

Grandson Is an Archbishop.

After the death of her husband, Mrs. William Seton, who had become a convert to Catholicism in 1804, devoted herself to the foundation in Frederick County, Md., of the first house of Sisters of Charity in the United States. Archbishop Robert Seton, formerly of New York, but who now makes his home permanently in Rome, is her grandson, and on the occasion of each of his recent visits to America has been hospitably received by his kinsman at the White House.

There are few families whose record is more interesting or interwoven with national history on both sides of the

Atlantic than the Setons. Only a few years ago the name of an American Seton was on many lips in connection with some feat of conspicuous gallantry performed while serving with the United States army in the Philippines, and a little before that, Major Henry James Seton, of the Royal Irish Rifles, was winning distinctions and honors in South Africa.

Every reader of the works of Sir Walter Scott will remember the devotion of that lovely Mary Seton, who was the most beautiful and favorite of the four Marys figuring as maids of honor to the ill-fated Mary Queen of Scots. Students of Shakespeare may recall that the immortal Bard described a "Lord Seton" as being in attendance on "Macbeth."

The Setons occupy to this day a prominent position in the aristocracy of Sweden, held for three centuries a notable place in the patriciate of Milan, have as their chief in England Sir Bruce Maxwell Seton, eighth baronet of his line, and may be described as serving as a species of connecting link between some of the oldest houses of the European aristocracy and a number of the most ancient and most blue-blooded families of Colonial descent in the United States.

Many Honors in Family.

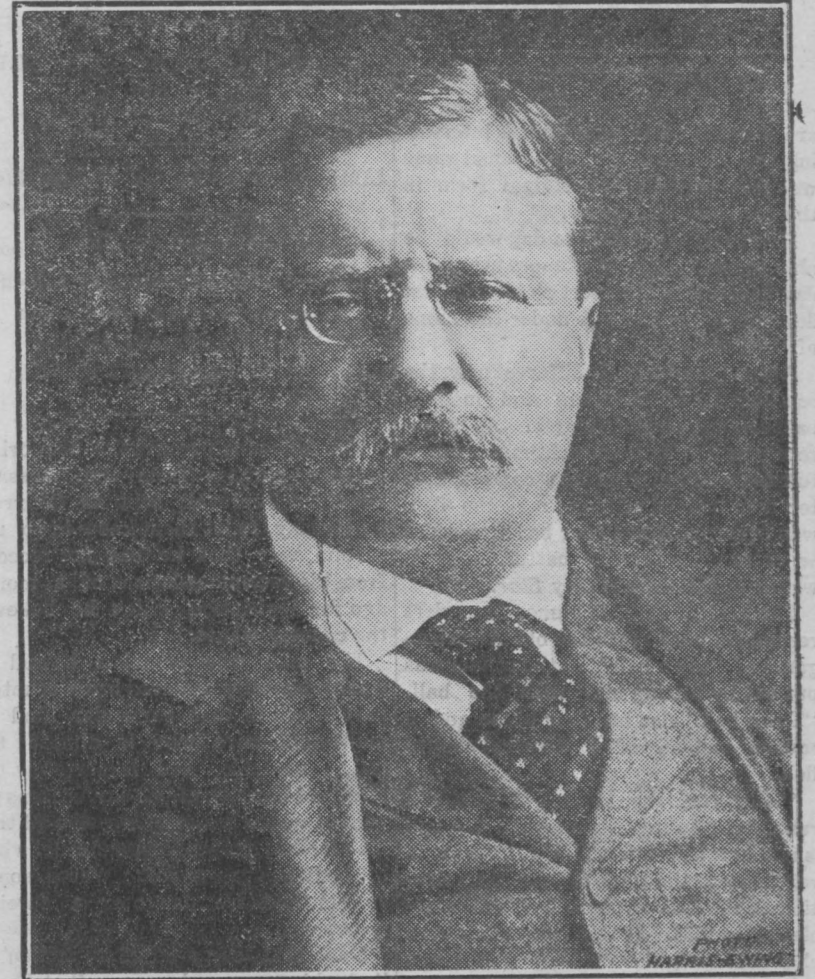
Among the many Seton honors in Great Britain have been the Earldom of Dunfermline and of Winton, these two being now held by George Montgomerie, Lord Eglington, as descendant through the female line from one of the earlier Seton Earls of Winton. Then there are the dormant Baronies of Seton and of Parbroath.

The American Setons belong to the Parbroath branch of the family and came to this country in the reign of King George II. It is just a question as to whether some of the dormant Scotch peerages of the Setons and even some of the existing honors, do not belong by right to the American Setons, who have never, however, put forward any definite pretensions thereto, or instituted any steps to establish what they believe to be their rights.

On the other side of the Atlantic, however, people have been less remiss and Lord Eglington has been put to a good deal of trouble and expense by claimants to his Seton Earldom of Winton.

One of the most interesting of these

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PRESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT.



MOTHER ELIZABETH ANN SETON.

BRYAN'S STAR NOW WANING

Some Doubt About His Nomination

CAN'T CARRY THE EAST

Republicans Would Welcome His Candidacy

THEY DON'T WANT JUDGE GRAY

Developments Make Republicans More Cautious.—Want Bryan or Somebody He Will Name.—Senator Culberson is Considered a Very Good Man.

The developments from week to week indicate that by June 16, the date of the meeting of the Republican national convention, there may be enough uncertainty about what the Democratic party will do at Denver in July to make the Republicans exercise great care in nominating a ticket and in submitting a platform to the country. Until recently the Republicans have assumed that the Democrats would nominate William J. Bryan for president. Most of the influential men in the party still cling to this view, but a good many keen observers are half inclined to believe the Nebraska man may be forced to give way for another. Unquestionably the party in power wants to see Bryan nominated. The prevailing view among men high up in the Republican party is that Bryan would fail to carry New York, New Jersey and Maryland, and that he could not possibly be elected without the electoral votes of these states. The inside talk among the Republicans of prominence is along this line:

If the Democrats will only nominate Bryan it will not make much difference what we do at Chicago. The action of the New York Democrats indicates that the Democratic party in the East will never be reconciled to Bryan. No doubt he could prove stronger in some of the Central States than in 1896 or in 1900, but if the East is to fight him as vigorously as it did in those years he will go down to defeat. What we fear is that the Democrats may, by chance, nominate a man who will be strong in the states of New York, New Jersey and Maryland and at the same time be satisfactory to the Democrats of the rest of the country. We all know that Maryland will give its electoral vote to any Democrat that is satisfactory to the party in that state. New York would certainly be debatable ground if the Democrats should put up a candidate that appealed to the party in that state, and the same is true of New Jersey. Under the circumstances we cannot hope for a better outcome at Denver than the nomination of Bryan.

Men connected with the anti-Bryan campaign are confident that by the time

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SENATORS SPEAK OUT

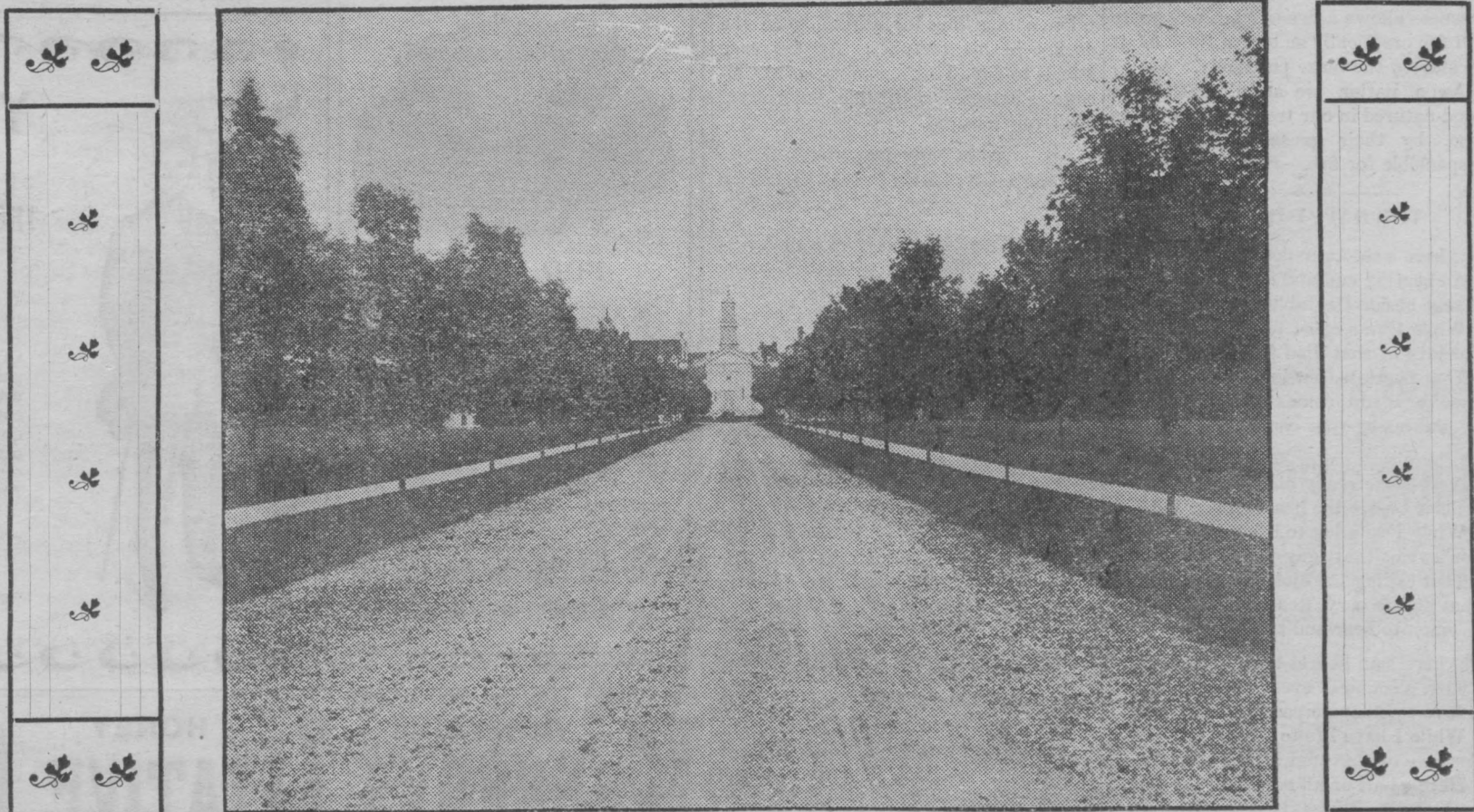
President's Appeal for Battleships Portentous.

A NIGGER IN THE WOOD PILE

Words in Senate Debate Telegraphed to Europe and Japan.—What Does The President Know That Can Not be Published?

The building of larger and more formidable battleships is necessarily a delicate question for legislative debate in open Senate. Every word that is spoken in the Senate on this subject is wired the next hour to all European and to one Oriental capital. "What information the Executive has in his possession, no man knows. An important fact is that in no other message has the President made such a recommendation on his solemn responsibility" were the words of Senator Beveridge, and continuing he said: "Does any senator think he made that request lightly? The President is the greatest peace-maker on earth. Senators may smile now, but they will not smile if war comes and they have to meet the requirements of an outraged people to give an accounting." This was said in the course of the debate last Friday in the Senate and may attract attention abroad.

Special schools for backward pupils now exist in 116 German cities. Berlin has thirty-one of the 203 schools, and the total number of pupils enrolled is not less than 13,000.



ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, EMMITSBURG, FOUNDED BY MOTHER SETON.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE?

First Session of Congress Soon to Close

SOME STATESMEN NOT POPULAR

The People Do Not Figure Very Largely in Deliberations of Their Representatives.—Congressmen Solicitous for Reelection.

The Sixtieth Congress will in three weeks have closed its first session with very little done. Indeed it is becoming evident that it is almost impossible to get anything of importance done through Congress. So intense is the jealousy of parties, so foreign to their desire is it to do anything for the people, and so desirous is each party to make political capital with a view merely to political success that the country is almost left out of consideration. It may be that after all the United States will succeed through its National Congress in demonstrating the inefficacy of representative government.

Members of Congress of the lower House are elected for only two years, but few of them are statesmen and they are necessarily controlled and influenced by their party relations or by the "leaders" as they are called. The leaders in either the House or the Senate can be counted on the fingers of one hand. They are all partisans struggling to keep themselves and their party in office. What matters it to them if the forests are devastated, if the postal system of the United States is inferior to that of a dozen European

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THE AMERICAN FLAG TO-DAY

How Many People Would Die For It

WHAT IT STANDS FOR

Changes in Government Since Olden Days

THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION

Concentration of Capital, and Railways Necessary.—Pessimist Thinks Government Must End.—Tendency Toward Personal Administration.

An eminent American statesman declares his conviction that the flag of the United States stands now for more than ever before in all its history, and that there are more people today than ever before who love it, and who, if need be, would die for it. The flag, of course, is a symbol; but it would be rather difficult to state precisely all it stands for just at the present juncture. For the patriots who first unfurled it to the breeze it represented national independence under a government by the people. The authors of the Federal Constitution built, perhaps, more wisely than they knew; for their work embodied a number of compromises, and the total effect could hardly have been immediately grasped even by the promptest and most comprehensive mind among them. But all of them must have been conscious of the fact that the greatest care had been taken to safeguard the principle of local self-government and the personal liberty of the individual citizen. A dual system had been established, consisting, on the one hand, of the Federal Government possessed only of delegated authority and divided powers, and, on the other hand, of indestructible States, reserving to themselves all the political authority and powers which they had not expressly conferred upon the Federal Government. For so much, at least, the flag stood then; whether it stands for anything less, or anything different today, is a very serious question.

Hitherto the people of this country have regarded the Federal Constitution as the bulwark of their rights and liberties, and they have rejoiced in the maintenance of government under law as opposed to personal government. But now there is an apparently prevalent disposition to accept the doctrine proclaimed in effect by the President himself—that the utmost latitude of construction is permissible where a strict interpretation of the Constitution would fail to provide an adequate remedy for any form of public evil. When that plea for the evasion of the plain requirements and restrictions of the

(Continued on page 8.)

BASEBALL AS IT WAS

Another Story Of The Beginning Of The Game

FIRST PLAYED IN 17TH CENTURY

This Authority Says It Is An English Game Known As Rounders.—"Town Ball" Played In New England.—Short History of Game.

Just now when the baseball leagues are starting off the season it is interesting to note that this great national game was first played in its original form in the seventeenth century.

However, the fan of to-day would be able to see very little likeness to present day baseball in the sport as it was first devised by London lads under the name of "rounders."

Although materially different now, the relationship of rounders and modern baseball can be plainly seen. As accurately as can be learned from records a full team of rounders was composed of ten men instead of nine, and the field was square and had four bases, besides an extra place for the batter, says a writer in the Kansas City Star.

The ancient English game of rounders resembled very much the old American game of "town ball," as the runner was put out by hitting him with the ball. "Town ball" also has four bases and a square instead of a diamond-shaped field.

However, the method of putting a runner out by hitting him with the ball is not so ancient, as this rule was in vogue up to the time of the organization of the first national baseball association in 1858.

If this rule hadn't been changed it might have been a common thing to hear the "rooter" shouting, "Hit him in the head, old top," or, "Soak him for me," at the ball parks.

Town ball was first played in Connecticut and Massachusetts. While it is not certainly known, it is presumed that the Pilgrim Fathers brought the game over with them from England.

The Olympic Club of Philadelphia played town ball from 1833 to 1859, when a phase of the game known as the "New York game" came in vogue. This game was an improvement on town ball, as the latter had been an American improvement on rounders.

The first national association of baseball players was organized in 1858. This association was the first to adopt a regular printed code of rules governing the game. Before this national association baseball was governed by the rules of the Knickerbocker Club, of New York.

Although the rules of the association were a great improvement over those of the Knickerbocker Club, they were very crude. For instance, the regulation ball of 1858 weighed 6 1/2 ounces, was 10 1/2 inches in circumference and was composed of 2 1/2 ounces of rubber covered by yarn and leather—a ball altogether too heavy, large and elastic for first-class play.

The modern pitcher would no doubt have trouble in throwing twist-ers with such a clumsy sphere. There were no rules as to the length of bats, and anything from a toothpick to a wagon tongue was permissible. In delivery the pitcher could take any number of steps or indulge in any contortions he chose while standing behind a line twelve feet in length. The batsman could be put out on a fair hit or foul ball that was caught on the first bound.

There was no rule governing wild pitches, and "three strikes; you're out," was unheard of. A batter could slash the atmosphere all day if he pleased, the only way he could be called out being on a hit ball. Records show that in a game between the Mutuals and Atlantic Clubs in the '60s, a player allowed fifty balls to pass him before he struck one, no strike being called even then.

BEAUTY OF AMERICAN CITIES.

American cities are not proverbial for their beauty, but the time is coming when they will be, if we may believe Paderewski. That eminent pianist is a close observer of many things that do not usually interest professional musicians.

He made his first tour of this country seventeen years ago, and has just closed his seventh, which covered about 35,000 miles. What impressed him most on his tour is, he tells his friends, what he is inclined to call "the universal movement toward the beautifying of cities."

He thinks that there are now more beautiful cities in the United States than in any country in the world, if we except the smaller cities of England; yet the beginning is only being made. Concerning Memphis, for instance, he says that "the great, broad avenue which leads to the park is a masterpiece of landscape art and the whole effect is magnificent."

He is enthusiastic over the splendid park system of Chicago. That city, he thinks, bids fair to become one of the most beautiful in the world. Some of the cities of the far West have "possibilities beyond description." Great traveler though he is, Paderewski knows of no city in the world which has a title of the natural beauties of Seattle's environment. He might have excepted Portland, Oregon.—New York Post.

ROOSEVELT IS IN EARNEST

President Urges Needed Laws

HITS PUBLIC ENEMIES

Sordid Millionaires and Rights of Labor

LIMIT TO POWER OF INJUNCTION

Characteristic Declaration From Roosevelt.—Striking Phrases From Document.—Condemnation Upon Those Who Teach Untruths Of Rich.

The following paragraphs are brief, striking phrases from the message President Roosevelt sent to Congress on Monday, to let them know in no uncertain way that he has not receded from his recommendations of a month ago for legislation which he believes the country wants.

The man who preaches hatred of wealth honestly acquired has a counterpart in evil in that particular kind of multi-millionaire who is almost the least enviable, and is certainly the least admirable of all our citizens; a man of whom it has been well said that his face has grown hard and cruel while his body has grown soft; whose son is a fool and his daughter a foreign princess.

I ask that the power of injunction be limited in some such way as that I have already pointed out in my previous messages for the very reason that I do not wish to see an embittered effort made to destroy it.

They are blind who fail to realize the extreme bitterness among large bodies of worthy citizens by the use that has been repeatedly made of the power of injunction in labor disputes.

In a democracy like ours it is idle to expect permanently to thwart the determination of the great body of our citizens.

The heartiest encouragement should be given to the wage workers to form labor unions and to enter into agreements with their employers; and their right to strike, so long as they act peaceably, must be preserved. But we should sanction neither a boycott nor a blacklist which would be illegal at common law.

Stern condemnation should be visited upon demagogue and visionary who teach this untruth (hatred of the rich), and even sterner upon those capitalists who are in truth grasping and greedy and brutally disregardful of the rights of others and who by their actions teach the dreadful lesson far more effectively than any mere preacher of unrest. A "class grievance" left too long without remedy breeds "class consciousness" and therefore class resentment.

OUR REGULAR FIRE LOSS.

The fire losses in this country and Canada during the year 1907 average six hundred thousand dollars per day for every one of the 365 days.

The recent fire in Chelsea, Mass., looked big to the people who saw it, but if the loss be figured at \$12,000,000, it only represented the regular steady, never-let-up loss of any twenty days in the year that you choose to select.

In other words, we have one Chelsea fire every three weeks right straight along.

What are we going to do about it? Well, let us try the effect of changing the law so that the man whose carelessness allows a fire to start will go to jail for practically as long a time as if he started the blaze purposely.

As a nation we are altogether too good-natured in our treatment of those who, by their gross negligence, are responsible for fire.—Fibre and Fabric.

THE HAPPY-HEARTED.

Oh, here's the open door for you, A cheering cup and more for you, A seat beside the table, lad, While I've a crust to share. For love of that glad face of yours, That peerless, fearless grace of yours, The very sun comes in with you and dances by your chair.

Oh, here's an eager hand for you, A welcome ready planned for you, A place beside the hearthstone, lad, While I've a log to burn. For love of that gay voice of yours, That calling to rejoice of yours, That on the very Road o'Grief makes men to hear and turn.

Oh, here's an honest heart for you, That's sound in every part for you, A love to know no passing, lad, While I have life to live. For love of that high mirth of yours, Here's half of all my earth for yours, And small enough it is 'i' faith for all that's yours to give.

—By Theodosia Garrison.

The St. Gothard tunnel cost \$760 per square yard.

THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

Considerably more than half of the delegates to the Chicago Convention have now been chosen, says the New York Post. The full roll, as fixed by the National Committee, will this year be 980—requiring 491 to nominate. Reckoning in the State and district conventions of the past week, 590 delegates have in all been named. Of these, Secretary Taft has a far larger number than any other candidate. His total is variously stated. Some of the claims of his managers are doubtless exaggerated, just as those opposed to him put the strength of his following too low; but a reasonable estimate would be that he has now at least 270 delegates upon whom he can absolutely depend. With so great an acquired momentum, it is not surprising that his nomination is regarded as highly probable. Yet it has often happened that the leading candidate has been beaten by a combination of his rivals. This was so in the Republican Conventions of 1860, 1876, 1880, and 1888. A strong lead early gained may have one of two effects: it may draw after it the timid and the time-servers, who desire above all things to be on the winning side; or it may nerve opponents to redouble their efforts to kill off the leader.

The question now chiefly in debate is whether Taft will be able to pick up enough votes to secure the nomination on the first ballot. Where will he get the 220 additional delegates that he needs? New England has distinctly disappointed his managers. They confidently predicted that Taft would have at least 52 out of the 82 New England delegates. To date, 48 have been elected, out of which he has not to exceed 20. It is not expected that either Maine or Vermont will instruct for him; Connecticut may, and out of that State's 14 delegates, he may get as many as 12. But that would leave him with much less than half the New England vote. It will apparently stand at about 34 for Taft to 48 against him.

Turning to the other Republican or doubtful States, we find among those still to hold conventions, Colorado with 10 delegates, Pennsylvania with 68, Maryland with 16, New Jersey with 24, Kentucky with 26, Wyoming with 6, Utah with 6, Michigan with 28, Idaho with 6, California with 20, Montana with 6, North Dakota with 8, Oregon with 8, Washington with 10, and West Virginia with 14. Here are 256 votes, in total, but, with Pennsylvania's 68 votes taken out for Knox, it is plain that Secretary Taft will be considerably short of a nomination on the first ballot, should he obtain all the others, without still more support from the Southern States. To succeed, he will have to secure and hold the delegations from States like Arkansas, Mississippi, and Alabama, where there is no Republican vote, and no Republican party except office-holders. Now, a nomination on such terms, Secretary Taft has himself said, would be distasteful. With New England against him, with New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, and Wisconsin committed to other candidates, it will be necessary for him, in order to win the nomination, to do it by the aid of the discredited Republican delegations from the South. Mr. Taft has declared that he would not want the nomination unless it came to him with the hearty good will of the States casting Republican electoral votes. But his manager, Mr. Hitchcock, was appointed in order to get the Southern vote, and it is now evidently regarded as indispensable to the nomination of the Secretary.

The next ten days may easily prove critical in the Taft campaign. If he succeeds in capturing Maryland this week and Kentucky next the tide would be seen to be flowing so strongly for him that his nomination would be considered foregone. On the other hand, a check to the movement for him, in those two border States, following his reverse in New Hampshire last week, might be taken as marking the beginning of the decline in his fortunes. As the case stands to-day, Taft's nomination at Chicago is extremely probable, but not yet positively assured.

POEMS BY KENNETH M. CRAIG FOR SALE AT HELMAN'S STORE. PRICE \$1.00 PER VOLUME.

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FOR SPEED SAFETY, SURETY A Solid Road-bed is Essential Visibility and Speed in the Underwood (Tabulator) Typewriter are supported by perfectly balanced construction.

Underwood Typewriter Company, Inc. 27 W. Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md. Feb 7-4ms

PROOFS OF GREAT CONFIDENCE

When American and European investors are willing to subscribe many times over for the Pennsylvania Railroad's \$40,000,000 of bonds it proves conclusively:—

First, that there is an enormous amount of idle money awaiting investment.

Second, that the talk of a want of confidence in railroad management generally lacks the essential element of truth.

Third, that there is no longer any ground for the assertion that the wide public is afraid of political conditions in the United States.

Fourth, that the new money which the railroads will now be able to raise will start the wheels of industry moving once more.

Fifth, before you realize it, the "hard times" will be past and another period of expansion will be in full swing.—Philadelphia Press.

Experience in England show that in towns supplied with soft water the death rate is 19.2, while in towns that have a supply of hard water it is only 16.5.

Canada alone produces over \$3,000,000 worth of furs every year, and to this Alaska now adds \$750,000 of raw pelts, and Labrador probably half this amount. Until a decade or so ago the Prybiloffs and other seal islands sent out \$2,500,000 worth of skins annually, and then, of course, there are the enormous quantities dressed and manufactured for the home markets.

One of the fine German proverbs is "Do your part—leave God His."

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court for Frederick County, passed by said court on the 20th day of January, 1908, the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of Niles M. Wilhide, late of Frederick county, deceased, will sell at public sale

On Saturday, May 16th, 1908, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the farm of George N. Wilhide, situated on the Monocacy River near the mouth of Tom's Creek, about 5 miles East of Emmitsburg, in Frederick County, State of Maryland, all the following personal property, viz: ONE 12-HORSE POWER FRICK TRACTION ENGINE, 1 water wagon, 1 Huber Thresher, Machine Sheet, 1 STEAM CHOPPING MILL, 2 sets single buggy harness, one nearly new, 1 Halter, 1 good Winter robe, 1 horse blanket, 1 Summer lap spread, 1 Edison Gem Phonograph with about 60 records, 1 Roller Organ with seven records, 1 telescope, 1 rifle, 1 pistol, 2 umbrellas, 1 nuckle watch, 1 gold watch and chain, 1 safety razor, 1 combination awl and other property of the deceased.

Terms of sale prescribed by the Court:—Cash upon all sums of or under \$10; upon all sums over \$10 a credit of six months will be given the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes bearing interest from day of sale with good and sufficient security to be approved by the executor.

And at the same time and place by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court for Frederick County, passed on March 23rd, 1908, and a power of sale in said will contained, the said executor will sell all that valuable timberland situated on the East side of the Mountains near Emmitsburg, in Frederick County, State of Maryland, in the Fifth Election District of said county, of which the said Niles M. Wilhide, died, seized and possessed. Said Mountain land is well timbered with chestnut, oak and other valuable timber and adjoins the lands of Geo. S. Springer, J. Stewart Annan, heirs of J. M. Stouter, deceased, and others. The same being described in a deed from Peter Baumgardner and wife to said Niles M. Wilhide dated May 1st, 1873, recorded in Liber C. M., No. 10, Folio 164, one of the land records of Frederick County.

Terms of sale prescribed by the court for said land:—One-half cash on day of sale, ratification thereof of the Orphans' Court, the balance in six months, the purchaser or purchasers giving his, her or their notes, bearing interest from day of sale with good and sufficient security to be approved by the said executor for the deferred payment. All conveyancing at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.

GEORGE N. WILHIDE, Executor. Vincent Sebald, Attorney. April 24-4ts.

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Fifth, before you realize it, the "hard times" will be past and another period of expansion will be in full swing.—Philadelphia Press.

ISAAC J. GELWICKS

A Silver Cup will be presented to the bowler making largest score during February.

POP, GINGER ALE and Soft Drinks of All Kinds.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Bowling Alley.

Private Bowling Parties may Rent the Bowling Alley by the evening.

ISAAC J. GELWICKS

A LOT OF BOOTS AND SHOES FOR SALE.

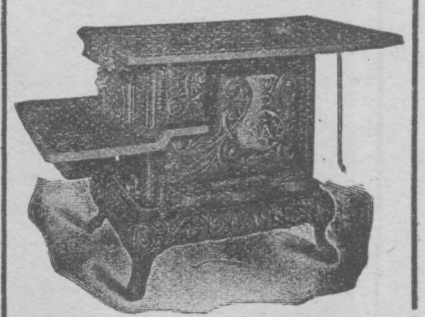
July 26-1y

Subscribe for THE CHRONICLE now and serve your own best interests.

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Come in and get acquainted with our

Farmer Girl



"Moderate in price," "economical in fuel," "durability unsurpassed," as "Bakers and Cookers unrivalled."

J. M. Adelsberger & Son

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Makers of Fine Vehicles of all descriptions. Carriages, Surreys, Buggies, Runabouts, Light and Heavy Wagons. None but first class material used and all work done in the best manner. REPAIRING AND RECONSTRUCTING. EMMITSBURG, MD. March 27-6ms

Thos. H. Haller

TAILORED SUITS

The newest Tailored Suits are in and wait your inspection. To say they are beautiful scarcely does them justice, you must feast your eyes to properly appreciate their excellence over previous seasons. The conceits are so varied and charming that few ladies will find it difficult to secure a personal style. Our display is the most comprehensive that we have ever attempted and shows not only the most approved Models, many of which have an individuality not seen elsewhere, but the most desired materials in the wanted colorings of new brown, Copenhagen, blues, fancies and black. All at prices most reasonable.

SEPARATE SKIRTS

will command unusual attention this Spring. The makers have tried themselves and such an array of pretty stylish skirts you have never beheld. Blues, browns and fancies will be good, blacks are especially strong, and Voiles tastefully trimmed with ribbon and taffeta bands will be the vogue. Our range begins at \$2.95 and embraces all correct models up to \$15.00. Drop in. Our patrons say our Skirts always fit and wear.

LIGHTWEIGHT JACKETS

are strongly seeking favor. We may have another bit of Winter but you appreciate the value of a light weight wrap when the temperature moderates. You know the Winter Wrap is too heavy, too cool to go without any, cannot afford the risk, lean to the side of discretion, don't cost much, \$3.99 up.

NOTE—We were fortunate in securing another lot of those Sample Waists. The other lot lasted about four days. We put them on sale today, you do not often get such an opportunity to buy new, up-to-date Waists at cost of material.

CENTRAL DRY GOODS HOUSE

17 and 19 North Market Street FREDERICK, MARYLAND March 27 1y

YOUR SPRING SUIT

We want to clothe you this Spring and we offer you THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST CLOTHES THE MARKETS AFFORD.

We sell the sort of clothes a man delights to wear—the kind that will please you. HANDSOME SUITS, ELEGANT TOP-COATS, CHOICE TROUSERS. Our prices are always fair, but a string of figures quoted here, would be meaningless and convince you of nothing. Anybody can quote prices. But we must "show you" and not tell you to have the excellence of our clothing appreciated. A call would afford us the greatest pleasure.

LOWENSTEIN & WERTHEIMER, HEAD TO FOOT OUTFITTER, FREDERICK, MARYLAND. Jan. 24-'08 1y.

CONTAINS HONEY AND TAR KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

Mothers endorse it Children like it Tastes so good E. C. DEWITT & CO. CHICAGO

Nearly all other cough cures are constipating, especially those containing Opium. Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup moves the bowels, contains no Opium. SOLD BY T. E. ZIMMERMAN. Aug. 2-1y

MT. ST. MARY'S ITEMS.

The entertainment given by the pupils of St. Anthony's School on Wednesday evening, April 22, was a grand success. The piano duets by the Misses Irene Warthen and Bertha Eckenrode were beautifully rendered. In the play Miss Warthen as "Granny Gilligan" and Miss Buelah Wetzel as "Topsy" attracted much attention. The creditable manner in which the performance was presented is attributed largely to the Sisters under whose supervision the rehearsals were held.

Mr. William Seltzer has gone to Hagerstown where he will engage in the hardware business.

Miss Alice Kelly, of Baltimore, visited her parents.

Mr. William Peters, of Waynesboro, spent Sunday in this place.

Mr. Frank Baldwin, of Baltimore, made a business trip to the College last week.

Miss Jennie Weaver is visiting her parents in this place.

Mr. Edward O'Toole, of Waynesboro, and his sisters, of Thurmont, spent Sunday with Miss Addie Rosensteel.

Mr. Abraham Bailey has had part of the interior of his house repapered.

Miss Blanche Hobbs is quite ill at this writing.

Miss Agnes Taylor, of Baltimore, is visiting relatives in this place.

Don't forget the Athletic meeting in St. Anthony's school hall this evening. All are invited to attend.

The people of this locality learn with deep regret that Dr. J. S. Troxell is going to leave us and take up his residence in Baltimore, where he has secured employment.

Miss Mary Eckenrode has gone to Baltimore where she expects to stay a short time.

The corner stone of the new chapel at the college was laid by Bishop Curtis, with impressive ceremonies, last Friday.

FRIENDS' CREEK ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Kipe, of near Blue Ridge Summit, visited Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kipe.

Mr. William Kipe and son, Guy, made a business trip to Thurmont, on Thursday of last week.

Miss Bina Eyer, of Franklinville, spent a few days with friends in this place.

Masters Earl Kipe and Paul Eyster, of Cascade, were in this place on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kipe spent a few days with their daughter, Mrs. R. L. Eyer, of Taneytown.

Rev. Mr. D. C. Eyer and son, Frank, of Fountain Dale, spent Sunday with Mr. E. C. Shriner.

Mrs. William Miller and daughter, of Eyer's Valley, visited Mrs. Miller's brother, Mr. W. H. Kipe.

Mrs. M. J. Kipe, visited Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harbaugh, of Sabillasville, on Monday.

Rev. Mr. Reinwald, pastor of the Lutheran Church, of Emmitsburg, of which church Mrs. Hardman has been a member for the last sixty years, visited her on Sunday. Mrs. Hardman is eighty-one years of age. Her condition at this writing is slightly improved.

We had quite a hail storm on Monday. Hail stones fell as large hickory nuts.

Mrs. A. C. Eyer and daughter, Miss Luella, of Franklinville, called on Mrs. Hardman on Sunday.

Messrs. Harry Turner and Amos Ferguson, who are employed at Blue Ridge Summit, visited their parents recently.

HARNEY.

Mr. and Mrs. Manuel Wolf, of Waynesboro, spent Sunday with Mrs. Wolf's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Null.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Herr and daughter, of Baltimore, are spending some time with Mr. Herr's father, Mr. Andrew Herr.

The Union Cigar Factory is surely on the boom. On Monday twelve new hands were employed, and five more joined on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D. Reek, Miss Anna Reek and friend spent Sunday with Miss Sarah Lightner.

Miss Pauline Feesser, of Taneytown, is spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brown.

Mr. Maurice Eckenrode, of Westminster, visited Mr. Vincent Eckenrode on Saturday and Sunday.

"Egypt and the Nile," May 5.

Hon. B. H. Warner, of Washington, D. C., will lecture on May 5, for the benefit of the Public Library, the interesting subject being Egypt and the Nile. apr. 24-25

The C. & P. Telephone Company has installed this week an automatic pay station at the Western Maryland depot in Thurmont.

According to M. Abraham, the best telephone does not transmit to the ear more than one-thousandth part of the energy which it receive from the line.

"Egypt and the Nile," May 5.

NON-CATHOLICS TO BE EXCLUDED

Accidental Sacrilege in Papal Chapel Forces Decision.—Repetition of Incident Impossible.

The special correspondent of the Boston Transcript in Rome says that it is probable that non-Catholics will hereafter be excluded from the pope's mass on those mornings when the privilege of assisting at the ceremony is generally granted to a large number of distinguished persons. An order to this effect has already been issued by the pope, it is said, and it is due to the outrage committed on Easter Sunday in the Papal Chapel by Professor Fellbogen, of the University of Vienna, and his wife and sister-in-law. They were admitted to the private mass of the pope on the recommendation of the Austrian ambassador, Count Sezen. It is the custom of Pius X., although it was not that of his predecessors, to distribute the holy communion to all those present who wish to partake of it. The professor and the two women went to the altar rail to receive the sacrament, and to the great astonishment and indignation of the pope, the three persons, after having received communion at his hands, removed the wafers from their mouths and cast them on the floor. Investigation made afterward by the papal majordomo showed that the outrage which so affected the pope was due to no anti-clerical sentiment, but wholly to ignorance of the sacred character in which Catholics hold the consecrated Host. But the pope is determined to prevent a repetition of the incident and has therefore resolved that none but Catholics shall be permitted to attend his mass.

LOOK AT HIS INDORSEMENT.

In an address at Chicago on "Obstacles to the Execution of the Law," Attorney-General Bonaparte made a statement that we shall do well to keep constantly in mind during the present political campaign for presidential nominations, says the *Farm and Fireside*. After illustrating his argument with Aesop's fable about the wolves that pursued the sheep to send away their watch dogs, and trust to the good faith and unselfish affection of the wolves for their protection, he said: "Just now the denizens of that great sheepfold, the American Union, are beginning to turn their thoughts to the grave problem of choosing a head watch dog to guard them for four long years. I cannot help thinking it may aid them in this weighty task to establish, first of all, a negative test of fitness; whatever applicant for the job is viewed with particular favor by the wolves may well be left in his home kennel; wolves can be trusted to know what they want and to want what the sheep don't want.

"In plainer language, no man can be safely trusted to 'take care that the laws be faithfully executed' if his choice be longed for and urged by all or many of those who have obstructed the faithful execution of the same laws in the past, and whose influences and resources are formidable obstacles to their faithful execution today."

In the field now are a number of candidates for party nomination for guardianship of the great American sheepfold. Some are good, faithful watch dogs; some are clever wolves, and others are wolves in sheep's clothing. The wolves are moving earth and the under world to get one of their kind chosen. Let the voters beware.

Property Transfers

The following properties have changed hands in this community according to the court records:

Eliza Gilbert and husband to Irvin Valentine, real estate in Emmitsburg district, \$3,400.

John H. Rosensteel and wife to Geo. P. Stouter, real estate in Emmitsburg district, \$830.

George P. Stouter to Charles F. Brawner, real estate in Emmitsburg district, \$425.

Anna M. Maxwell to Theodore J. Bollinger, real estate in Emmitsburg \$1,475.

Kezzia F. Hollinger and husband to Joseph F. Orendorff, real estate in Emmitsburg, district \$399.05.

Samuel N. McNair et al., to Margaret A. and John Shank, real estate in Emmitsburg, \$850.

Transparent.

A fine robust soldier, an Irishman, after serving Uncle Sam for some time became greatly reduced in weight, owing to exposure and scanty rations, until he was so weak he could hardly stand. Consequently he got leave of absence to go home and recuperate.

He arrived at his home station looking very much of a wreck. Just as he stepped off the train one of his old friends rushed up to him and said, "Well, well, Pat, I am glad to see you're back from the front."

"Begorra, I knew I was getting thin, but I niver thought you could see that much," said Pat. — *Philadelphia Public Ledger.*

The mines of the world employ 5,000,000 persons.

"Egypt and the Nile," May 5.



A seat on New York Stock exchange was sold on Monday for \$70,000.

The first heat prostration of the season occurred at Philadelphia on Tuesday.

Burglars raided Huntingdon, Pa., on Tuesday and robbed several business houses.

From fifteen to twenty inches of snow fell in England on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week.

After a flight extending over several years Philadelphia, Ohio, on Wednesday began the three-cent rate on its trolley lines.

It is declared by those high in Republican circles that the last message sent to Congress by President Roosevelt will be incorporated in the Republican platform.

The new bridge, built of steel, across the Taunton river at Somerset, Mass., was badly damaged by an explosion of dynamite on Sunday. The bridge was built by non-union men.

The Duc de Chaulnes, who three months ago married Miss Theodora Shonts, youngest daughter of Theodore P. Shonts, of New York, died suddenly in Paris on April 23.

A tornado passed over Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia last Friday killing 303 people and injured some 1200 other besides destroying a vast amount of property.

One million visitors will be expected in Pittsburgh during the week next Fall when the sesquicentennial, celebrating the 150th anniversary of the founding of the city, is to be celebrated.

Prince Helie de Sagan has petitioned the Vatican for a dispensation to marry Mme Anna Gould. He was not successful and if he marries the divorced woman the ceremony will be a civil one.

The United States Steel Corporation is to lend its assistance in the project to make a great deep water port and industrial center of Texas City, situated on the mainland just across the bay from Galveston, Texas.

Selig Silverstein, the Anarchist who attempted to throw a bomb into a group of policemen in Union Square, New York, several weeks ago and was injured by the premature explosion of the bomb, died in Bellevue Hospital.

The Sundry civil appropriation bill was reported to the House by the appropriations committee. It carries \$105,715,369, an increase of \$1,842,289 over the total sundry civil appropriations for the current fiscal year.

The America Line steamship St. Paul, which left Southampton on her regular voyage bound for New York Saturday afternoon in a dense snowstorm, rammed and destroyed the British second-class cruiser Gladiator off the Isle Wight.

James B. Reynold and Samuel B. Donnelly, who recently were appointed by the President to investigate labor conditions on the Isthmus of Panama, will accompany Secretary Taft on his trip to the Isthmus beginning April 30.

Judge Loving, the slayer of Theodore Estes, in whose memory a monument was unveiled by Virginia women on Wednesday, has resigned as manager of the Virginia estates of Thomas F. Ryan, and will remove with his daughter to a distant State.

If Congress should pass the Foraker bill restoring to the army the members of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, upon their oath that they had nothing to do with the Brownsville shooting, the President will veto it or will not obey it if passed over his veto.

Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, with Mrs. Tillman and a party of friends, will leave May 16 for a tour of Europe. A considerable portion of the time, it is said, will be spent in Italy. The trip abroad will not permit the Senator to engage in politics actively before next Fall.

The Secretary of the Treasury announced this week a further call upon the national banks for approximately \$45,000,000, twenty million to be paid on or before May 9 and the remaining twenty-five million on or before May 23, 1908.

President Roosevelt's four battleship programme failed in the Senate on Monday by an overwhelming vote, just as it did in the House. The amendment for four battleships was introduced by Senator Piles, and the fight for its adoption was led by Senator Beveridge.

Two mail bags from London, containing securities and other valuables worth \$500,000, were either stolen or lost in New York city the latter part of March. One of the bags was destined for St. Louis and was shipped on the White Star liner Majestic, which arrived in New York on March 26. The other, destined for Brooklyn, was shipped by the Philadelphia of the American Line, which arrived on March 29.

Fomal announcement was made in the *Miners' Magazine*, the official organ of the Western Federation of Miners, over the signature of C. F. Mahoney, first vice-president and acting president of the organization, that the executive board has terminated the services of William D. Haywood as a representative of the federation in the field.

Refusal to produce before the Federal grand jury in New York which is investigating the fibre and Manila paper trust certain books and papers demanded by the grand jury resulted in three witnesses being sent before Judge Lacombe in the United States District Court charged by the grand jury with contempt.

On account of their fear of bombs the governors of the New York Stock Exchange have adopted a resolution which will practically close the gallery of the exchange to the public. Hereafter no person will be admitted to the visitors' gallery unless accompanied by a member, who must remain with his guest during his presence in the gallery.

President Roosevelt was presented with a magnificent Turkish rug, Monday, the gift of the Sultan of Turkey, by the Turkish Minister Mohamed Ali Bey. The presentation took place at the White House. The rug, which is said to be of an exclusive design, is the product of the Sultan's private factory located near Constantinople.

A special train carrying Governor Sheldon and his staff, together with a party of 230 citizens of Nebraska, left Lincoln Saturday for the Pacific Coast, where they will be present and officiate at the presentation exercises when the silver service which has been given by the State of Nebraska to the battleship Nebraska, is formally presented to the ship.

Secretary of State Root, his wife and their daughter, Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant, will receive in a few days a beautiful and lasting memento of their visit to Mexico. The gift is two large albums, containing photographs of places seen and visited by the members of the Root party. The albums are the highest product of the bookmaker's and jeweler's art. They are 15 inches wide by 20 inches in length and are five inches thick.

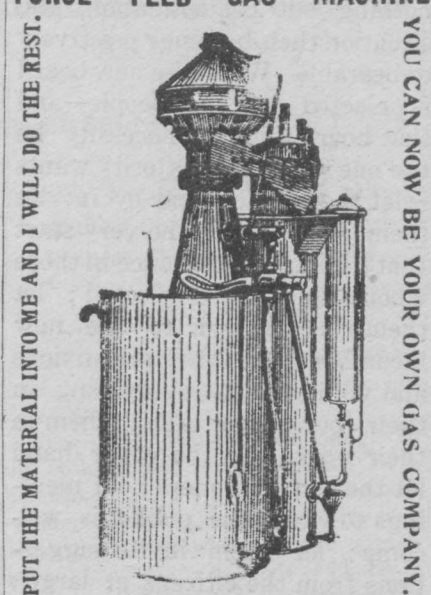
The object of Secretary Taft's approaching visit to Panama was made known in the official announcement of his visit made public in Washington on Sunday. Private advices from the Isthmus indicate that Major Goethals is having trouble with some of the subordinate heads of departments, and that the tension has grown so great between the head of the Canal Commission and at least one of his department heads that the presence of Secretary Taft in the zone is necessary.

The University of Pennsylvania's relay races held on Saturday last were featured by the breaking of a world's record, that of the pole vault, in which Walter Dray, of Yale, cleared the bar at 12 feet 6 1/2 inches; the two-mile intercollegiate championship, which was won by Michigan in 8.04 3-5 lowering the former record by 1-5 of a second, and a new interscholastic record of 3.33 4-5 set by the Brooklyn Manual Training School. The University of Pennsylvania took the one-mile relay championship from Chicago in a sensational contest.

The British Government through its diplomatic and consular representatives in China, is making a quiet investigation of the causes of the increasing antagonism of the Chinese of the mainland to the Japanese. The British press in China has recently published a series of arguments to show the seriousness of what is termed Japan's abuse of the object of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, namely of the integrity of China, and the Japanese policy on the main land is condemned by the foremost British residents in the Far East.

The Cosmopolitan Club, of Brooklyn, gave a banquet the other evening at which twenty white girls and women sat at feast with negroes in order to give an exhibition of social equality. This show of familiarity has stirred up the State of Virginia. Governor Swanson is reported to have said: "It is difficult to believe that the accounts published in the papers of the dinner of the Cosmopolitan Society in New York are true. It is difficult to believe that the persons were reputable as stated, and that they could give expression to such views. This is a discrepancy which it is the difficult to reconcile. It is such disgraceful performances as these and expression of such views that make more difficult the solution of the negro problem and the persons who are most injured by such actions in the North are the negro people of the South. There is one thing that the South is determined upon and which it will never tolerate or permit in the slightest degree, and that is social equality."

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YOU CAN NOW BE YOUR OWN GAS COMPANY. PUT THE MATERIAL INTO ME AND I WILL DO THE REST. No Limit to Size. LIGHT FOR ALL.

It Has Come To Stay. It Has No Equal.

SAFE, ECONOMICAL, BRILLIANT, HEALTHY.

Having made important improvements in our Gas Machine by the application of Force Feed and combining generator and gasometer in one, and simplifying many points of construction, and requiring small space to install; obviating all danger of excessive discharge of carbide into generator, making gas in excess of consumption. We now claim to have perfect Gas Machine, furnishing the most brilliant light ever produced, and are prepared to furnish the Improved Machine, guaranteed to be the most simple and efficient working Gas Machine on the market. We guarantee all machines as represented and put in on approval. All material of the best, put up in neat and substantial manner. All inquiries for prices or information in regard to installing machine will have prompt attention. Descriptive circulars on application. Rights for sale. Fully protected by patents.

Manufactured by J. T. HAYS & SON, Patentees, EMMITSBURG, MD.

may 6

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Open Accounts, Large and Small, Solicited.

Interest Paid On Savings Accounts and Time Deposits.

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July 18-19

Self-Balancing Simplex Cream Separators.

Undoubtedly The Best On The Market.

See the link blade.

L. M. Zimmerman

Successor to Zimmerman & Shriner.

GIFT PROBLEM SOLVED.

Send your friend fifty-two copies of **The Emmitsburg Chronicle**. A year's subscription will do it, and the cost is only **\$1.00.**

WANAMAKER & BROWN

—THE LARGEST—

Tailoring House in the World

is represented by

W. D. COLLIFLOWER

who keeps on hand a full line of samples of the best all wool garments made.

I have just received a supply of Men's and Boys'

CORD PANTS

of all sizes.

The Saturday

EVENING POST

may be purchased on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week.

Yours truly,

W. D. COLLIFLOWER.

aug. 9-1y.

EMMITSBURG GRAIN ELEVATOR

FRIZELL & BOYLE.

Dealers in Hay, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bran, Chop, Timothy and Clover Seed, Poultry and Cattle Powders, Fodder Twine, Etc.

Farming Implements.

Coal in all Sizes

Highest prices paid for all kinds of GRAIN.

We are in a position to compete with neighboring towns.

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sept. 7, 1y.

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of Carroll County, Md.

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Insures all kinds of property

AT LOWEST RATES.

Surplus - - \$40,000

NO DEBTS.

E. L. ANNAN, AGENT

EMMITSBURG, MD. 8-2-1y

OYSTERS

Served in every Style and supplied to families in any desired quantity.

ICE CREAM

Served in my parlors and sold by measure.

GEO. E. CLUTZ.

July 13-1y

MOUNTAIN VIEW CEMETERY.

Whole Lot 16x16 feet, \$25.
Half Lot, 16x8 feet, 14.
Single Graves, - - 6.

All Lots or Graves must be fully paid for prior to an interment.

Apply to J. HENRY STOKES.

sept 2-1y

Emmitsburg Chronicle

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.

STERLING GALT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right to decline any advertisements which he may deem objectionable.

NO ATTENTION whatever will be paid to anonymous contributions.

MANUSCRIPTS offered for publication will be returned if unavailable, when accompanied by stamps.

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Calendar for May 1908 showing dates from Sunday to Saturday.

FRIDAY, MAY 1, 1908.

If the readers of THE CHRONICLE will be good enough to send to this office the names and addresses of former Emmitsburgians, or those identified with or interested in Emmitsburg and its people, the Editor will greatly appreciate the courtesy.

EVERY citizen of Emmitsburg who takes pride in his town—and it is to be hoped that there is not one who does not—must realize the importance of having a strong and representative board to administer local affairs. There is a great deal that could be done for the improvement of this community, and at an important time like this every voter ought to put aside all personal feeling, all selfish motives and cast his ballot for those men who will best serve the interests of all the people.

The opportunity to elect a strong ticket is at hand it is the duty of each voter to act with one idea foremost in his mind—the election of a Burgess and Board of Commissioners who will fearlessly and impartially administer the affairs of this corporation. And there is another duty, just as important, that devolves upon every citizen, male and female, old and young, and that is giving encouragement and support to whatever ticket may be elected.

to his town and receives in return nothing but condemnation, the situation then becomes positively unbearable. When the new board is elected by the people—and that board must of necessity be the one which the majority wants—let the people stand by it; let them show from the very start that they have confidence in those whom they have elected; let them make known to the new incumbents that they are anxious and willing to do everything in their power to assist them in their work. On the other hand let the commissioners hold meetings to which the public is welcome; let them invite suggestions from the citizens at large; let them publish their proceedings as news matter in order that general interest may be aroused and let every act of theirs be, in every sense of the word, a public act. Then and only then will proper feeling prevail and an era of good fellowship set in.

To the retiring board the people of the community owe a vote of thanks. It has stood for progress and for action. It has met regularly and frequently, and moreover it has accomplished much for the good of Emmitsburg and her people. The citizens of the town undoubtedly appreciate what they have done, and the board itself is not unmindful of the support it has generously received from so many of the people.

THE CHRONICLE adds its thanks; it commends the outgoing body and stands ready to do what it can to uphold and aid the new administration in whatever efforts it may make to advance the welfare of Emmitsburg.

MR. BRYAN and Mr. Pulitzer, of the New York World, have been saying some very blunt things about each other lately. The Nebraskan declares that the editorial policy of the World is "contemptible," while that paper does not hesitate to state that Mr. Bryan is unfit for the office of President. Of course, what constitutes the editorial policy of one newspaper does not necessarily concern or affect the country at large. On the other hand, however, the qualifications or disqualifications of a candidate for the highest office in the gift of the people are matters of very great concern to those who have it in their power to elect, and a very large percentage of the people no matter what they think of the general policy of that paper, will agree with the World when it says of that seemingly irrepressible gentleman:

The main trouble with Mr. Bryan is that he has no fixed political principles; no economic stability; no grasp of the real problems of government. He is essentially an agitator with strong demagogic proclivities, given to emotions rather than to reasoning. With the narrow egotism characteristic of men of his type, he is unable to account for the opposition to his nomination except on the theory that "predatory wealth" must be spending money to defeat his candidacy. He is incapable of understanding that intelligent, thoughtful Democrats everywhere are against him because he has proved himself wholly untrustworthy as a leader; because his domination of the party is disastrous, and because he is temperamentally disqualified for the office of President.

PROFESSOR DONALDSON'S theory that the brain of the average man is equivalent in power to the brains of thirty white rats is no doubt true; but has the learned professor made proper allowance for those men whose heads are full of white mice?

"MR. CANNON thinks he is a candidate for the Republican nomination at Chicago," says a metropolitan newspaper. After going off half-cocked like that Mr. Cannon is surely entitled to another think.

"I WISH to isolate myself from the importunity of fools," says Mme. Gould. And yet she is seeking lodgment right in the midst of them. The Mme. must believe in homoeopathy.

We learn from the Johnstown Democrat that Judge Parker will not be permitted to write the Denver platform.—Philadelphia Press.

Information is also available that the Judge will not even be permitted to stand on it after some one else has written it.

A MAN from the State of Washington went crazy the other day while travelling through Missouri on a fast train.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Wonder if that man wasn't from Philadelphia instead of Washington.

WALL STREET never was the entire United States of America.—New York Journal.

What does that matter to Wall Street as long as she controls the United States?

FROM all accounts the attorneys for Mrs. Thaw are getting out their legal umbrellas to ward off the brainstorm that seems to be brewing up at Matteawan.

MAYBE if Congress had a guarantee that there would be one less Hobson, it would grant the two more battleships asked for by Mr. Roosevelt.

THERE are now almost as many kinds of soft drinks as breakfast foods.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

But there is no telling which is responsible for the most suicides.

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

Table of market reports for Emmitsburg, including prices for wheat, rye, oats, corn, hay, and various country produce.

Table of market reports for Baltimore, April 29, including prices for wheat, corn, oats, rye, hay, and various produce.

Advertisement for Atlas Cement by J. Thos. Gelwicks, dated April 21-ly.

Advertisement for Pasture! Pasture! by Charles E. Gillelan, dated April 10-11.

Advertisement titled 'DOES THIS MEAN YOU?' discussing insurance and business matters.

Advertisement for a \$1.50 saved on a French Model Design for April 10, featuring a woman in a dress.

Advertisement for MORTGAGEE'S SALE, detailing a property sale in Frederick County, Maryland.

Advertisement for M. F. SHUFF, Modern Furniture, Beds, Mattresses, and more.

Advertisement for SEWING MACHINES and CABINET WORK, REPAIRING.

Advertisement for EMBALMER, WM. P. EYLER, AUCTIONEER.

Advertisement for VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Advertisement for BRIDAL GIFTS, featuring Sterling Silver Forks, Knives, and Spoons.

Advertisement for White Pine and Tar, used for coughs and colds, available at Zimmerman's Pharmacy.

Advertisement for Mount St. Mary's College and Ecclesiastical Seminary.

Advertisement for THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, New York.

Advertisement for Cortright Metal Shingles, featuring James G. Bishop, Agent.

Advertisement for ROWE'S LIVERY, featuring Howard M. Rowe.

Advertisement for The New Suit Fabrics for Spring, featuring J. D. Lippy, The Tailor.

Concrete Construction.

- Concrete Pavements, Sidewalks, Steps, Gutters, Cellar Floors, Water Troughs, Hitching Posts, Carriage Blocks, etc.
- All work by contract and all contracts faithfully carried out.
- Estimates Furnished.

CHAS. E. GILLELAN,
EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND. aug 9-1y

Sporting Goods.

Kodaks and Supplies.

Cigars, Pipes and Tobacco. Knives, Razors, Hardware, Guns, Rifles, Revolvers and Ammunition. Confectionery, Groceries and notions.

C. J. SHUFF & CO.
Northeast Corner Public Square, Emmitsburg, Md.

ARE you going to buy a **MATTING** this Spring? If so come and examine my stock before buying.

I have the largest and best selected assortment of **MATTING** ever displayed in Emmitsburg.

OVER 100 PIECES, BOTH JAPAN AND CHINA, AT ANY PRICE YOU WANT FROM 15 CTS. TO 50 CTS. PER YARD.

Also a fine line of **FLOOR OILCLOTH, Linoleums and In-laid Linoleum.**

JOSEPH E. HOKE.

Second Floor. Both Phones.

Ready! The Spring Styles in High Art Clothing

AN AUTHORITATIVE DISPLAY FOR MEN

Never before in the history of this store have we shown such a large stock of HIGH ART CLOTHING. For months we have been preparing for this Opening Display and we have spared no pains to make it an occasion worthy of the attention of every up-to-date dresser in this community. We show the product of America's largest organization—clothing for men and young men modeled upon exclusive and advanced designs, and distinctly expressive of the clearest fashion ideals of the moment. The fabrics are assuredly striking and attractive, with every trait of refinement. The prices, as always, are decidedly lower than equal style, quality, fit and workmanship can be sold for elsewhere. For sale only by

B. ROSENOR & SONS,
Market and Patrick Streets, Frederick, Md.

NEW STOCK OF

Spring Shoes and Oxfords.

M. FRANK ROWE.

Pyocyanase serum, the discovery of Professor Emmerich, of Munich is claimed to completely destroy diphtheria bacilli—even in the severest cases—when sprayed into the patient's throat

In some cases individual flies carry as high as 100,000 bacteria on their legs and in their mouths. The correspondence between the increase of flies and increase of death tells its own story.

Lindsay's "History of the Reformation," recently published in London, is selling so rapidly that the publishers have difficulty in meeting the demand. It is commended by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

The "devil's darning needle" is the popular name of several species of the dragon fly. They are so called from their cylindrical bodies resembling needles. They are not poisonous.

Today's Suggestion by Ellen Stan.

PRINCESS SLIPS ARE USEFUL.

To successfully dress a thin woman is far easier than it is to gown those who are unduly stout, because, while it is simply impossible for the modiste to take away flesh, one can by judicious dressing give the impression of a certain amount of plumpness even where it does not exist.

To be well gowned the present season the princess slips are a positive necessity, as they are worn with all gowns, whether of the one piece variety that have the body and skirt cut in one or the style that is joined at the waist line.



The pattern is in seven sizes—from 32 to 44 inches bust measure. To copy the garment for the average person it requires 9 3/4 yards of material 36 inches wide. If the ruffle is omitted, 6 1/4 yards will be sufficient.

Any reader of this paper who desires to secure this pattern may do so by sending 10 cents to this office. Give the number, 3892, state size desired and write the full address plainly. The pattern will be forwarded promptly by mail.

When these slips are worn petticoats are omitted, and fashionable women are wearing knickerbockers of silk or satin or even the softest flannel. The satin ones are very much in style. These are worn under the skirt and are gored and fitted over the hips. They are very full at the knees. They are caught with a band of ribbon below the knees and finished with a bow at the side or a buckle.

Unless one does wear knickerbockers the usual petticoat will have to be very much modified before it can be worn under any of the new skirts. The slightest wrinkle shows through the outer material and spoils the fit. This is true of even a walking skirt and especially disastrous under an evening gown of thin material.

The fashion of having a petticoat on a waistband that fits must not be thought of. However, this has not been considered desirable by the well dressed women for years. The skirt is always put on a tiny facing and hooked at the back, dropping about two inches below the waist line.

He goes even further, and makes the astonishing statement that many cases of seeming paralysis can be cured by the simple expedient of teaching the sufferer to use the left hand.

He tells of a patient whose tongue, right hand and right side were paralyzed, but who recovered his power of speech by constantly practicing writing with his left hand. This patient suffered a second stroke of paralysis, which robbed him of all sensitiveness, but did not again deprive him of speech.

Fraenkel reports another case, that of a 13-year-old boy, who lost his left hand from a gunshot wound. When he was 30 he became paralyzed on the right side, and besides lost the power of speech. He had an artificial left hand. He was a miserable object.

Prof. Fraenkel and Dr. Gutzmann fixed a ring of wood with a spring on his artificial hand, and began to teach him to write with it. This stimulated the right lobe of his brain, and in a short time he found himself able to speak not only his mother tongue (German), but he learned French and Russian.

Men thoughtlessly have robbed themselves," Dr. Fraenkel declares, "of half their power, physical and mental, by persistent use of the right hand and neglect of the left. This is all the more to be deplored, considering the demands which the intense life of modern times imposes."—Philadelphia Press.

Making Cheap Capital of Lincoln Is not Abraham Lincoln too great a figure in our history to be dragged into every passing argument and to be used as a moral for every trivial tale?

For all the elaborate plans being formulated for the celebration of the centennial of Lincoln's birth, the surface of our daily life reveals no signs of a growing reverence for the man, but instead a tendency to make his name a shuttlecock to be knocked back and forth between the battledores of flippant debaters.

First a vehement argument was waged over the problem, "Did Lincoln ever tittle?" Now he serves to point a successful plea for acquittal of a youth whose defence against a burglary charge was sonnambulism. He is dragged down from his pedestal and made a court exhibit, labelled "historic epileptic." Next perhaps we shall witness his exploitation as the first user of Somebody's Magic Oil or our debating clubs will wax eloquent over the problem, "Did Lincoln chew tobacco?"

A truce to such base use of the name of "The First American."—Chicago Post.

Certain kinds of noise attract snakes. The whirr of the mowing machine is one, and in six months as many as 120 cobras alone have been killed on a grass farm in India by the advancing machine.

PREVENTS PARALYSIS

Brain Specialists Claim for Ambidexterity.

CHILD SHOULD USE BOTH HANDS

Seeming Paralysis Cured by Using Left Hand Constantly.—Men Have Robbed Themselves of Half Their Power

Ambidexterity, declares Prof. Manfred Fraenkel, the great brain specialist of Berlin, prevents paralysis.

"The human being must be taught to use both hands," he says "then both hemispheres of the brain will be equally developed, equally nourished, will send forth equally powerful nerve stimulation. And if the left half of his brain be damaged by injury or disease the right half, having been constantly stimulated by active use, will continue to act. So the number of men plunged in intellectual gloom or rendered helpless by paralysis will be vastly decreased."

Prof. Fraenkel's argument becomes quite clear to every one who calls to mind that the left half of the brain governs the right side of the body and vice versa. This is because the great nerves starting from the brain hemispheres cross each other near their origin.

Let any one place his palms together, finger tips out, then interlace his fingers and thumbs and bend them slightly. The body of each hand represents a brain lobe, the thumbs and fingers the nerves and their beginning distribution.

Fraenkel says that 95 per cent. of mankind are right handed, and find great difficulty in using their left hands. He says that anatomically both hands are exactly alike, of course, so there is no physical reason why the right should be in constant disuse and the left in constant use. That is to say, the left lobe of the brain is in constant use, impelling every motion of the right hand, as in writing, while the right lobe is comparatively quiescent because the left hand is inactive.

Fraenkel says positively as the result of his researches, that, had they learned to use their left hands, many persons now helpless paralytics would now be useful members of society, thanks to the right lobes of their brains.

He goes even further, and makes the astonishing statement that many cases of seeming paralysis can be cured by the simple expedient of teaching the sufferer to use the left hand.

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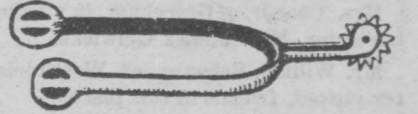
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By a recent decision of the Postoffice Department publishers of newspapers are not allowed to continue sending their publications to subscribers who are in arrears for more than one year.

As this law affects ALL PUBLISHERS of newspapers in the United States we regret that we are unable to deviate from the rule.

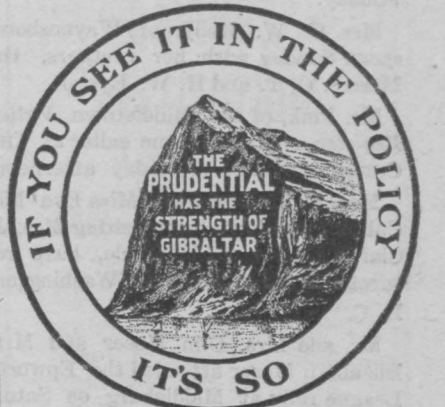
All subscribers for THE CHRONICLE who are in arrears will therefore kindly remit the amount of their subscription at their earliest convenience.



Attractive advertisements spur people on to the buying point.

Let them know that you have something good; they'll do the rest. It is simply a question of letting them know.

The correspondence in THE CHRONICLE enables its readers to know what their friends in different localities are doing.



The Prudential Insurance Company of America.

Insurance At Net Cost. THE POLICY CONTAINS THE ENTIRE CONTRACT.

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For information, fill out attached coupon.

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W. F. HARDY, Supt., 1021 & 1023 Chestnut St., PHILADELPHIA

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Perfect Service. Finest Location. Excellent Cuisine. Liberal Management. Fireproof Construction.

WASHINGTON PLACE BALTIMORE, MD.

The editorials in THE CHRONICLE are non-partisan. They are broad, independent and constructive.

SOLID SILVER American Lever Watches,

WARRANTED TWO YEARS, ONLY \$6.

G. T. EYSTER



Perhaps you can't spare the time to call—and maybe you don't care to write. Use either phone—we have them both—and your orders will receive prompt attention from The Emmitsburg Chronicle.

THE ORCHARD MAIDEN

GIVE me a maiden with her hair a blowing, Clean heart and cherry lip; Give me a maiden 'mongst green orchards growing For sweet companionship.

Scented, ah, yes; but with the breath of roses Wafted across the fells, Past where the bee at noontide drinks and dozes, Among the cowslip bells.

Dainty her home, for not in all your searches Beneath the city mist Can you find aught to match the silver birches Or mountain amethyst.

Or the gazelle, which grows in Nature's keeping, Responsive to each sound, What is more graceful than the squirrel leaping Within the forest bound?

Better green glens and sounds of running waters Than all your town-taught rules; Better round limbs and health and bounding daughters Than all the airs of schools.

Give me a maiden with her hair a-blowing, With the strong wind of the downs; Rather a love that's like her, great and glowing, Than the hothouse plants of towns. —The Queen.

Largest Belt in the World

Washington State boasts the largest leather belt ever made in the world. The hide of a herd of 225 steers were required to furnish the material from which the firm endless belt was built. Only the centres of the hides were used and each of these was stretched for weeks to insure perfectly even strength in all parts of the proposed belt. The belt is 114 feet long 8 feet wide and three-ply thick. The weight of the belt is something more than 2500 pounds. Not a peg, rivet or fastening of any kind was used to weld the pieces of hide together. The best quality of cement was used, and the place where the hides overlap welded by the weight of a hydraulic press bearing 250 pounds' pressure to the square foot. The big belt has just been installed in the new Dempster sawmill at Tacoma, Wash. —Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

If The Sun Were Blue.

If the sun were blue there would be only two colors in the world, blue and black; or if it were red everything would be red or black. In the latter case there would be red snow, red lilies, black grass, a black clear sky and red clouds. There would be a little variety, however, if the sun were green. Things that are now yellow would still remain that color, but there would be no reds, purples, orange, or pinks, and very few of those cheery hues that make the world bright and pleasant. Besides color the temperature of the earth would be very much changed. —Indianapolis News.

When the South Manchurian Railway was operated by the Russians it received a subsidy from St. Petersburg of 15,000,000 rubles yearly to make ends meet. Now, in Japanese hands, it is earning 80 per cent. over operating expenses.

PERSONALS.

THE CHRONICLE invites its readers to send in communications containing personals and items of news from their respective localities.

Mrs. Michael Hoke is visiting in Carlisle. Mr. J. Frederic Welty spent Monday in Baltimore. Mrs. George F. Mull returned to Lancaster on Saturday.

Rev. Mr. I. M. Motter, of Frederick, spent Wednesday in town. Mrs. Connor, of Graceham, is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Gelwicks.

Mr. William Seboure, of Westminster visited, friends in this place. Miss Sarah Hoke has returned to her home after a long visit in Carlisle.

Mrs. Elizabeth Moser is spending a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. R. L. Troxell, of near Motter's Station.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Baker, of near Piney Creek, were in town on Wednesday. Mr. Charles Jackson, of Baltimore, spent a few days in town, visiting his parents.

Mr. Robert Payne visited Mr. Robert Kretz at Slashersburg, Pa., last Sunday. Mrs. C. W. Kelly, of Waynesboro, spent Sunday with her brothers, the Messrs. G. T. and H. W. Eyster.

Mr. Fink, of the Middletown Valley Register, was a welcome caller at THE CHRONICLE office yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. M. A. Burns and Miss Eva McCubbin, who have been visiting Mrs. J. Clarke Shaffer at Cloverdale, have returned to their home in Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Olin Moser and Mrs. Elizabeth Moser attended the Epworth League rally at Middleburg on Saturday and Sunday. Mr. Moser was a delegate to the rally from the Methodist Church of this place.

THE LIBRARY LECTURE

Lecturer Is One of The Best In The Country.—The Cause Deserves Support.

Next Tuesday evening one of the largest audiences ever gathered in the Emmitsburg Opera House ought to greet Hon. Brainard H. Warner, who will give an illustrated lecture on Egypt and the Nile.

Members of the executive committee of the Public Library will be at the bookroom on Saturday afternoon and evening and tickets can be procured from them in advance.

Town Ticket Nominated.

The local primaries were held as advertised, on Tuesday night in Hotel Spangler at eight o'clock. Mr. Peter Burket was elected chairman and E. L. Higbee secretary.

From this ticket which has been selected by the citizens in open primary election the voters of this corporation can elect officers who will represent the best interests of Emmitsburg.

Get Ready For 1915, the Millennium.

Elder F. C. Renner, of New Midway, this county, a minister of the German Baptist Brethren Church and a diligent student of the Scriptures, has made the declaration that, as the result of many years of study and research, he has come to the conclusion that the millennium will begin in 1915.

The banking firms of Hambleton & Co. and Baker & Watts, of Baltimore, bidding jointly, were awarded the \$22,000 worth of five per cent. bonds authorized by the last Legislature for building and improving schoolhouses in Anne Arundel county.

"Egypt and the Nile," May 5.

COLLEGE JUNIORS PLAY WELL.

St. Anthony's Team Defeated, 14 to 5.—Pitching of Engel a Feature.—Several Brilliant Plays.

The Mount St. Mary's College juniors defeated the St. Anthony's A. C., Sunday, on the college grounds; the game was loosely played throughout. Engel the Young Paw, who pitched for the juniors was effective at all times and especially with men on bases.

Score table for Mount St. Mary's Juniors vs St. Anthony's A.C. showing runs, hits, errors, and outs for both teams.

Score table for St. Anthony's A.C. vs Mount St. Mary's Juniors, including individual player statistics.

HIS SEVENTY-SECOND BIRTHDAY

Mr. David Rhodes, Prominent in The Affairs of Freedom Township, Rounds Out Another Year.

Last Sunday was the seventy-second birthday of Mr. David Rhodes, of Freedom township, Pennsylvania. In 1836 he was born and through all these years, has lived at Rhodes' Mill, his residence to-day.

Mr. Rhodes was educated in the public schools of Adams county. When he was thirty-six years old he was elected county auditor of Adams county and in 1876 was appointed county commissioner to fill out the unexpired term of John Nunemaker, of Liberty township.

THE CHRONICLE joins with the many friends of Mr. Rhodes in wishing him a long life and much happiness.

EXCURSION TO BALTIMORE.

On Thursday, May 7th, 1908, Leaves Emmitsburg at 7.30 A. M., Motter's at 7.45 A. M., and connects with special train on W. M. R. R., at Rocky Ridge at 8 A. M.

Arrangement For Memorial Services. The Rev. Mr. Charles Reinwald will preach the memorial sermon to Arthur Post No. 41, G. A. R., on Sunday afternoon, May 24, at half-past two o'clock.

Sudden Death of Mrs. Herr.

On Tuesday afternoon Mr. John Herr, residing on the Bull Frog road about a mile from Fairplay, having occasion to go to his bedroom, found his wife lying on the bed dead.

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House Keeper Wanted, good wages, address, JOSEPH FRAME, Emmitsburg, Md. may 1-t.

"Egypt and the Nile," May 5.

MOUNT ST. MARY'S NEW CHAPEL

"Domine, Dilexi Decorem domus tuae, et Locum Habitationis Glorae Tuae"

(Contributed.)

Not quite two years have elapsed since Bishop Curtis of Baltimore, in the presence of a multitude of friends and well-wishers of the Mountain, officiated with great impressiveness at the laying of the corner-stone of the new Seminary building.

A better day for this auspicious event could scarcely have been chosen. Dame Nature was arrayed in all the beauty of her spring-time verdure, and the lordly sun showered benediction on the impressive scene, like the smile of a complacent father.

The daily college routine had been suspended in honor of the occasion and the entire house passed the morning in anxious expectation of the impending ceremony. At noon a sumptuous repast was served in the refectory to all present and at one o'clock the "acceptable time" for the dedication of the new chapel.

As the procession slowly wound its way along the vistas that fringe the campus, the joyous notes of the "Benedictus" as sung by the choir, were wafted aloft, to which the winds as they frolicked through the foliage seemed to breathe a soft accompaniment.

The Bishop, upon attaining the platform, retired to the scene of the altar which he blessed, the choir all the while chanting the concomitant psalms. Returning to the corner-stone, the Bishop, followed by Very Rev. Dennis J. Flynn, president of the College, and Rev. John McGovern, Director of the Seminary, blessed it also, and laid it in its place, using in this operation the selfsame trowel that he had used when he dedicated the Seminary building.

Then was chanted the litany of the saints to which the clergy and the others present responded. The sight of that vast assemblage kneeling there in blissful adoration in Nature's cathedral will remain an indelible image on the memories of all who had the pleasure of witnessing it.

All present hoped to hear a few words from the Rt. Rev. Bishop, but he, with characteristic humility, retired in favor of the Very Rev. Dr. Flynn, who, mounting the improvised pulpit, read a translation of the Latin dedication, which engrossed upon parchment, was placed in the hollow of the corner-stone with copies of the Catholic Mirror.

After the Very Rev. President had read the translation, he delivered a most eloquent speech in honor of the occasion, upon the completion of which a hymn, ably rendered, appropriately put an end to the ceremony.

NOTICE.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned until May 6th, 1908, for the grading of Monocacy Hill on the Bull Frog Road in Frederick county.

John H. Ohler, Walter W. Shoemaker, Geo. S. Valentine.

April 24-2t.

The storm last night blew in the front doors of the Lutheran Church.

ATTEMPT AT JAIL DELIVERY

Prisoners in Frederick Jail Caught Sawing Through Floor of Their Cell by Deputy Alexander.

A dispatch to the Sun from Frederick dated April 27, gives the following account of an attempt made to break from the county prison: An attempted delivery at the Frederick jail where 20 State prisoners are confined was frustrated late last night by Deputy Sheriff Eugene A. Alexander, who caught four prisoners at work sawing up the floor in the men's corridor which leads to the cellar below.

While on his final round for the night Deputy Alexander heard sounds which caused him to suspect that an attempt was being made to break jail, and he notified Sheriff Myers and Deputy Sheriff William E. Darner. The three officers went to the jail corridors where they heard the sound of sawing and found it to be coming from the men's corridor on the ground floor.

The shots had the desired effect and the prisoners pleaded with the officers not to shoot them. It was found that Amos Shane, charged with robbing a store; R. W. Murray, charged with getting money under false pretense; Summerfield Cole and Joseph Hensel, robbery, were the ringleaders. They used a saw made from a piece of sheet iron about 30 inches long taken from a cot which had been placed in one of the cells for the use of a sick prisoner.

SATURDAY'S AUTO PARADE

Contestants in Baltimore "News" Sealed Bonnet Contest Will Pass Through Emmitsburg.

On Saturday morning thirty cars, representing the best makes and types of automobiles will leave Baltimore for Hagerstown, passing through Westminster, Taneytown, Emmitsburg, Eyley, Lantz, Foxville and Cavetown, and will return via Middletown and Frederick.

As this contest is not for speed the automobiles may pass through town in a body. The roads from Emmitsburg to Hagerstown by way of Eyley's Valley are not the smoothest in the State nor the levellest and it will be interesting to know how the machines will stand the strain.

WARNING.

Mountain View Cemetery is private property and it is unlawful for children to enter it unaccompanied by parents or guardians.

It is also unlawful for any person to deface any lot, (or tombstone or railing thereon) in said cemetery, or to cut or in any manner destroy shrubbery fences or any other property belonging thereto. mar. 20-tf.

Aid the Emmitsburg Library by attending the illustrated lecture on Egypt and the Nile. The date is May 5. Don't forget. apr. 24-2t.

WANTED.

The names and addresses of people living in this District who make hickory or oak baskets. Apply at this office. tf

LUMBER SALE.

On Saturday, May 2, 1908, the County Commissioners will have a lumber sale at Wilson's Ford on the Keysville road. April 24-2t.

France has more than 300 daily newspapers.

DIED.

Regular death notices published one time free of charge. Ordinary poetry and resolutions charged for at the rate of five cents a line.

FLOHR.—On April 26, 1908, at her home in Fountain Dale, Mrs. Goldie Flohr, aged 20 years, 2 months and 4 days. The funeral service was held at Fountain Dale on Monday, Elders Thomas Kolb and John Waybright officiating.

HOUCK.—On April 27, 1908, Jeremiah Houck at his home near Emmitsburg. The funeral services were held in Taneytown on Thursday afternoon.

HERR.—On April 28, 1908, at her home near Fairplay, Mrs. Penina Elizabeth Herr, wife of Mr. John Herr. Funeral services were held at her late home on Thursday, Rev. Charles Reinwald officiating. The interment was made in Evergreen cemetery, Gettysburg.

Proper Printing. If you desire Fine Printing at a moderate cost, the kind of printing that requires good taste and nicety of judgment, have all your work done by The Chronicle Press. Modern Equipment and New Type Throughout. Business and Society Stationery, Wedding Invitations, Wedding Announcements, Visiting Cards, Opening Cards, Menus, Programmes and Folders for all occasions. Printed in the Most Approved Style. Sale Bills and Sale Cards With Appropriate Cuts. Book and Pamphlet Work Engraving, Lithographing, Embossing Ruling and Binding. The Chronicle Press, Emmitsburg, Maryland.

HOKE & RIDER. MAKERS OF MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES. MARBLE AND CEMETERY WORK OF ALL KINDS. Estimates Furnished on Short Notice Free of Charge. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

SIDNEY WEST Shirt-Maker, Men's Wear. Hatter. Colorado Building, 14th & G Streets, WASHINGTON, D. C. Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO OF NEW YORK. Oldest In America Largest in the World. Home-Made Bread. EMMITSBURG HOME BAKERY, HARRY HOPP, PROPRIETOR. Cakes Rolls Pies. Has earned more for Policy Holders, Paid more to Policy Holders, Still retains more for Policy Holders than any company in THE WORLD. See their new Policy Forms. CHAS. M. RIDER, Agent Emmitsburg, Md. July 16-1yr. Advertise in THE CHRONICLE and see how well it pays.

GASOLINE ARC LIGHT TRIAL

Brilliant Illumination on The Square.— Old Time Oil Lamps See Their Finish by the New Light.

The Commissioners suspended one of the new style gasoline arc lights over the Square last Monday evening and judging from the favorable comment heard on every side Emmitsburg will soon be able to see after dark, illuminated with a dozen of the new lights. The price of the lamps is reasonable and the cost of the gasoline to run twelve of them 365 nights of twelve hours each at the present price of gasoline, thirteen cents a gallon, would amount to less than \$285. The inadequate and miserable oil lamps now in use cost the corporation for oil, wicks and chimneys not less than \$120 a year and then they are frequently not lighted at all and often only burn for five hours. The oil lamps cost approximately six cents an hour, the gasoline lamps sufficient to brilliantly light the town would cost the same, six cents an hour. It is thought by many that twelve lights distributed along Main, Gettysburg, Frederick and Green streets would be sufficient for a beginning.

MONOCACY VALLEY R. R. SOLD

The Price, \$35,000, Has Not as Yet Been Paid.—Line Would Almost Connect Lewistown and Thurmont.

At the meeting of the directors of the Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg Railroad Company, held in Frederick on Monday, it was decided to purchase the Monocacy Valley Railroad, a four-mile line running from Catoctin Furnace to Thurmont. The sale is being negotiated through Dr. Steiner Schley, of Frederick, and L. R. Waesche, of Thurmont, principal owners of the road, and the price asked is \$35,000. The deal will not be consummated until the money can be raised. An effort is now being made to raise the necessary capital.

TO GROW POTATOES IN A HURRY

A potato wizard, who has found a method for making the "spuds" grow in a hurry, has turned up in Connecticut, says the Philadelphia Press.

William H. Sheldon is his name, and he has a farm on the Housatonic River. For several seasons he created sensations by getting his first crop of new potatoes into the market two or three weeks ahead of his neighbors.

How he accomplished this was a deep mystery to everybody. Everyone tried to solve it and failed, and now Sheldon has relieved their anxiety by removing the veil around his operations.

During the last week in February or the first week in March he takes about twenty bushels of his best potatoes from the cellar, and in a warm room, which he retains for this purpose, places them close together on the floor, stem end down. The heat and light soon start the growth of the sprouts.

In his kitchen, near the stove, he has constructed a rack which contains several board trays, each tray being 4 feet long and 14 inches wide. This he styles his "incubator."

On these trays the potatoes are laid in the same manner as they are arranged in the room. In about two weeks the leaves start and the potatoes are taken out into the field and set out in the same manner as celery or tobacco plants. Here is where the backbreaking part of the process comes in, for it is no easy matter to set by hand an acre of potatoes.

The ground is prepared in the same manner as for ordinary potato planting. Fertilizer is placed in the furrows and through these furrows a heavy chain is drawn to thoroughly pulverize the earth and to mix earth and fertilizer.

The rows are three feet apart and the potatoes are fifteen inches apart in the rows. They are entirely covered with earth, and in two or three days will break through the soil. This process, although requiring a good deal of time and attention, is made profitable, according to Mr. Sheldon, by the increased price for which the potatoes can be sold.

He Got What He Ordered

A New York produce commission house, which prides itself on filling all orders correctly, received a latter, according to the Philadelphia Ledger, from a New Jersey customer recently saying:

"Gentleman, this is the first time we ever knew you to make a mistake in our order. You are well aware that we buy the very best country eggs. The last you sent are too poor for our trade. What shall we do with them?"

The fair fame of the house for never making an error seemed to be at stake, but the bright mind of the other partner found a way out of it. He wrote: "Gentleman: We are sorry to hear that our last shipment did not suit you. There was, however, no mistake on our part. We have looked up your original order and find that it reads as follows: 'Rush 50 crates eggs. We want them bad.'"

A judicious silence is always better than truth spoken without charity.

CONNELLY'S SUPERB WORK

Carlisle Indians Defeated.

A WELL PLAYED GAME

Young Deer Does All The Hitting for Indians

GARLOW WEAKENS IN SEVENTH

Kelly Leads With The Stick for the Mountaineers.—Great Crowd See Magnificent Game.—Indians a Drawing Card and Gentlemen Manly Players.

Connelly was too much for them—that about tells the tale of the game the local college put up with the Carlisle Indians last Saturday afternoon. Twelve men of the Indian team missed their dip at the bat; all of them were loosed for fair. Balenti, the captain and the first hitter, struck out every time he came to the bat. On the other hand Garlow was a pudding. Kelly made two two-baggers off his delivery.

Emmitsburg hit the pike the lively men did a land office business. Interest was intensified for the sports by reason of the odds of 5 to 4 on the Indians, which bets were gobbled up eagerly. There will be some new automobiles in town this Summer.

In the first inning after Balenti had started his continuous performance by poking a hole in our delightful mountain air, and Waseuka was retired on a fly to Stock, Connelly hit Newashe in the slats and Blithsome Felix took his place on first base. Although there were two out yet people sat up and took notice. The next man up was Mme. Nordica (Nevitt,) he with the piccollo voice, he struck a note so high that it was out (of sight,) the scorer called it a strike out. For the Mountaineers McLaughlin was out, Nevitt to Newashe; Kelly hit a high one to Nevitt; Robinson walked and on an error of Young Deer in handling Connelly's high one and a wild throw by Waseuka scored the first run.

In the fourth inning the score was tied by the run made by Young Deer who was passed to first by Connelly, went to second on a sacrifice hit by Libby and scored on a wild throw by Robinson.

The seventh inning saw Garlow's finish. While the College was at the bat the base hits sounded like the kettle drum of a symphony orchestra playing the overture to William Tell. Stock was the first up and began the music. E. Connelly was out on an easy one to Garlow. McLaughlin hit safely and Kelly made a two bagger. Stock scored while the band played. McLaughlin took a little too much for granted and was caught between third and home in a staccato movement by Waseuka and the prima donna, Nevitt. Robinson got square with Garlow who had previously struck him out, jumped in on the fugue at the proper time and Kelly scored. The piece ended when Balenti threw Connelly out at first.

It is always a pleasure to watch a game between the Indians and Mount St. Mary's because the game is always clean and played in a gentlemanly manner. Saturday's game was no exception and the popularity of the Carlisle team among the people of Emmitsburg is attested to by the large crowd that attended this game. Saturday afternoon this place looked like Thurmont except for lager signs and signs of larger.

The score:

Table with 5 columns: Ab., R., H., O., A. E. for MT. ST. MARY'S and CARLISLE INDIANS.

McLaughlin, 2b 4 0 1 0 3 2 Kelly, ss 4 1 2 1 1 0 Robinson, 3b 2 1 1 2 1 0 Connelly, p 4 0 1 1 3 0 McHugh, c 3 0 2 12 0 0 Barrett, rf 3 0 1 1 0 0 Smith, lf 4 0 1 0 0 0 Stock, 1b 4 1 1 9 1 1 E. Connelly, cf 3 0 0 1 0 0 Totals 31 3 10 27 9 4

Basenti, ss 4 0 0 2 2 0 Waseuka, c 4 0 0 7 1 2 Newashe, 1b 3 0 0 9 0 0 Nevitt, 3b 4 0 0 1 4 0 Young Deer, cf 2 2 2 3 1 1 Libby, lf 3 0 0 0 0 0 Felix, 2b 3 0 0 1 1 0 Twin, rf 4 0 0 0 1 0 Garlow, p 4 0 0 1 3 0 Totals 31 2 2 21 12 3

Mount St. Mary's 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 x-3 Carlisle 0 0 1 0 0 0 1-2

Two base hits, Kelly, 2; Connelly, sacrifice hits, Libby, Felix, Barrett. First base on balls, off Garlow 3, off Connelly 1. Hit by pitched ball, Newashe, Young Deer. Earned runs, Mt. St. Mary's 2. Wild throws, Robinson, Waseuka 2. Left on base, Mt. St. Mary's 7. Carlisle, 7. Umpire Mr. Lester Toms.

"Be careful for nothing" in the common version of the Scripture is a mis-translation. It should be "Be anxious for nothing."

Do good and you will receive good.

AMERICAN ENSIGN PURCHASED

England Owns American Flag that Flew Over the "Chesapeake."—American Money Paid For It.

William Waldorf Astor, the expatriate, has purchased and presented to the Royal United Service Museum the famous flag of the American frigate Chesapeake, that Captain Lawrence died in battle with the British frigate Shannon, in the memorable battle of June 1, 1813, through the expenditure of \$4250 American money.

The Philadelphia Press editorially says of this incident "After all, it matters very little that England keeps the flag of the old Chesapeake. There would have been no satisfaction in getting it back by purchase."

"It is ninety-five years since the gallant but dying Lawrence urged his men not to give up the ship. They did their best, as the great death roll eloquently proves, but the Briton won, and so he got the flag.

"Compared with the principle for which Lawrence and his brave men gave their lives and helped to establish, the ensign, is a puny thing. We hold the country and there is no impression of American seamen anywhere. A captured cannon or a battleflag more or less is of no consequence. Far better to let them remain in the hands of the captors than recover them with money."

Game Stopped by Rain.

(Contributed)

Saturday afternoon, April 25, a large number of our towns people assembled at the Musselman ball park to witness the opening game of the local baseball season. Every ball enthusiast of this town was more than pleased to see what excellent results have come from the work recently done to get the diamond in condition. We now feel that we have the best amateur-club field in the country; and so we should have, since our record last season shows we have the best ball team.

The opposing club for the day was the Sophomore nine of Gettysburg College who were accompanied by a goodly number of college mates who came to do the "rooting" act. However, there wasn't much opportunity for either side to enthuse for just as the visitors had finished their half of the fourth inning a rain-storm put an end to the game. The score at the time stood 1 to 1, with the batting half of the inning coming to the Fairfield boys. Of course, everyone was disappointed that the game could not be finished. We nevertheless had a chance to get a line on the players and the result was very satisfactory, for all show their 1907 form which made them easily the champion team of Adams county.

We are all pleased with the showing our pitcher, "Teddy" Low, made. In the four innings he had eight strikeouts to his credit, while not one safe hit was made off his delivery.

On Saturday, May 2nd, the same team will again play here. The game will be called promptly at 1 o'clock.

THERMOMETRIC READINGS.

Taken every week day from THE CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer.

Table with 3 columns: 8 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M. for Friday, Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

Readings for the week beginning April 26 1907:

Table with 3 columns: 8 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M. for Friday, Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

The personal estate of the late Judge James Revell, associate judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit, was worth \$17,040.08 according to an inventory filed in the Orphans' Court at Annapolis on Tuesday by the administrators of the estate.

The beautiful weather of last Sunday brought out a parade of vehicles and pedestrians. Emmitsburg can feel proud of the showing of horses and stylish carriages.

The thousands of sandhill nests of the magnetic ant of Northern Australia, lately inspected by the governor general, measure two to three by ten to fifteen feet. They form a "nature's compass," the long axis pointing always north and south.

The aluminum books for the blind now being printed in Edinburgh are of thin sheets embossed in the usual way. They are easier to read than paper books, do not soil, and are practically indestructible. Their expansiveness is their drawback.

The first post-office scheme was a private enterprise and was begun about 1464.

Next Week's Baseball Festival

All ready the suggestion made by "Fan" in last week's issue of THE CHRONICLE has been taken up by the baseball team representing St. Euphemia's School and the advertisements are out announcing a festival for next Friday and Saturday nights. It is absolutely necessary, if the people want to see match games of ball, that the management of teams from this town have some available capital, a fund from which they can draw. The visiting teams demand a guarantee for certain sums, and the equipment of a team costs also. The gate receipts are an uncertain quantity even if the crowd is not, and it is unfair to expect those managing games to be personally responsible for the collection of the money; most of it from his own pocket.

The festival will be largely attended and the people can be sure that they will be repaid by seeing many good games during the Summer.

DO YOU KNOW?

There was once a blind carpenter, who picked up a hammer, and saw. Then there was the deaf shepherd, who went out with his flock and herd. But the greatest miracle of all was the dumb wheelwright, who reached out for a tire, and spoke!—Boston Transcript.

Aid the Emmitsburg Library by attending the illustrated lecture on Egypt and the Nile. The date is May 5. Don't forget. apr. 24-25.

Number of Scholars in America

In America secondary schools, says Lippincott's, in the year 1906 there were 925,000 pupils—742,000 at the public high schools and only 183,000 at private schools of all kinds. Many thousands of these latter were in the preparatory departments of the numerous small colleges all over the land, but largely in the South and West. The majority were in the private schools in the large cities.

The World Sunday-school Association has decided to hold the sixth world's Sunday-school Convention in Washington, June 4 and 5, 1910.

The Beck-Iden Acetylene Lamp

MAKES THE Perfect Light

Made in two sizes

Chas. S. Haines, Agt.,

myl-2w UNION BRIDGE, MD.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER OF THE CORPORATION OF EMMITSBURG

FOR THE YEAR ENDING APRIL 30, 1908:

RECEIPTS.

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like P. F. Burket, Collector; T. E. Zimmerman, Burgess; Back taxes of J. A. Helman; County Commissioners; Vincent Sebald, for improvements; Harry Harner, for improvements; Sterling Galt; E. E. Zimmerman.

EXPENDITURES.

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like I. S. Annan, for oil, matches, wicks, water pipes, etc.; William Daywalt, lighting lamps; Norman Hoke, clerk election; John Little, work on streets; Hess & Springer, plank; Mrs. Agnew, room rent for hose; John J. Long, for broken stone; William Morrison, clerking election; William Morrison, trip to Frederick; Russel Hartman, gravel; D. F. Roddy, stone for streets; E. L. Annan, insurance; J. M. Adelsberger & Son, gasoline and repairs; John S. Harner, work on streets; Howard M. Rowe, hauling and horse hire; Chas. E. Gillelan, cement crossing; Freight on lamp; J. D. Caldwell, lamps for street; Vincent Sebald, attorney fee; P. F. Burket, collecting taxes; T. E. Zimmerman, Burgess; M. F. Shuff, service as Treasurer; H. M. Ashbaugh, Clerk.

LIABILITIES.

Bills due balance on broken stone, D. F. Roddy - \$250 00

Respectfully submitted, M. F. SHUFF, Treasurer.

Audited and found correct April 29, 1908.

J. H. ROSENSTEEL, J. D. CALDWELL, Auditing Committee

Unpaid taxes, \$12.85.

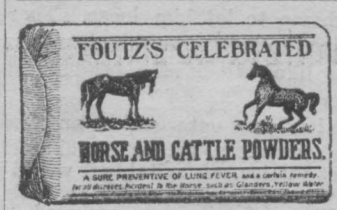
The New Tin Shop East Main Street, opposite Troxel's Store

CHARLES E. KUGLER Tinner Plumber Gasfitter

STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING PLANTS GENERAL REPAIRING.

No Contract Too Big—No Job Too Small

myl-lyr ALL WORK GUARANTEED



Foutz's Horse and Cattle Powder.

A Standard For 50 Years.

Its Reliability and Purity are everywhere known and its Efficiency for conditioning and curing Animals of Disease has never been equaled. It Cures Chronic Cough, Heaves, Influenza, Hide-Bound, Indigestion, Constipation, and all Stomach troubles. Restores-lost appetite and increases the assimilation. It assists in fattening and increases the quantity of milk and cream. Foutz's Superior Poultry Food... 25c per package Foutz's Certain Worm Powder... 25c " " Foutz's Perfect Lice Powder... 25c " " Foutz's Liniment... 25c " bottle Foutz's Certain Kolk Cure... 30c " " Foutz's Healing Powder, for collar galls, etc... 25c " package

Every article of our manufacture is guaranteed and bears U. S. Serial No. 217. Beware of imitations which are now on the market! Sold everywhere—At Emmitsburg, Md., W. S. TROXEL, THE DAVID E. FOUTZ COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD. dec 27-6m e o w

Red Dragon SELTZER. TRADE-MARK REGISTERED. "NO MARK FORMULA" 10 CENTS. RELIEVES INDIGESTION HEADACHE TRAIN FATIGUE, SEA SICKNESS SOLD EVERYWHERE Jan 24-ly

THE FREDERICKTOWN SAVINGS INSTITUTION IS NOW LOCATED IN ITS NEW BANK BUILDING. We invite the public to inspect its thorough fire-proof construction and burglar-proof equipment. M. E. DOLL, President. J. MARSHALL MILLER, Secretary. Feb 28-08.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY AND COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES, WITH PRIMARY DEPARTMENT. PUPILS UNDER TEN YEARS OF AGE NOT RECEIVED. This Institution, beautifully situated in a healthful location in sight of the Blue Ridge Mountains, is easily reached by Western Maryland Railroad from Baltimore. Extensive grounds afford ample advantages for outdoor exercise, the surroundings are attractive and picturesque. The Curriculum thorough and comprehensive, embraces all branches necessary for a refined education. For particulars address: SISTER SUPERIOR, ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, EMMITSBURG, - MARYLAND. 6-14-11

MORTGAGE SALE. By virtue of a power of sale contained in a Mortgage from Adaline Shriner to Cornelius Shriner, dated the eight day of September in the year 1900, and duly recorded in the Land Records of Frederick County, in Liber D. H. H. No. 10, Folio 100, &c., the undersigned, assignee of the said Mortgage, will sell by public auction at the Hotel Spangler in the Town of Emmitsburg, Frederick County, Maryland, On Saturday, May 2nd, 1908, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., the Real Estate mentioned in said mortgage, consisting of all that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Friends Creek Valley, in the County aforesaid about four miles West of said Town, on and near the Friends Creek Road, adjoining lands of J. Thomas Gelwicks, Joseph Tresler and others, and containing 48 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, some of the land being in timber. The improvements are a 1 1/2 STORY DWELLING HOUSE, New 2 Story Store room, Barn, Hog Pen and Chicken house. There are some fruit trees and there is an abundance of good mountain water. This property is well located, near to a Mill, Church and School house. Terms of sale as prescribed by the Mortgage—Cash. All the expense of conveying to be borne by the purchaser or purchasers. FELIX A. DIFFENDAL, Assignee of Mortgage. Serve your own best interests and get the most from your investment by subscribing for THE EMMITSBURG CHRONICLE. \$1.00 a year.

STATE JOURNAL

Paragraphs of Maryland News for Hasty Reading

Those prominent in political circles in this state say that the local Democrats are against the nomination of Mr. Bryan as Presidential candidate.

The Maryland Surety and Trust Company is the name of the new organization formed in Hagerstown. The new company will start with a paid up capital stock of \$150,000, and will absorb the banking business Eavey, Lane & Co.

Governor Crothers objects to the way in which various State institutions secure their supplies, namely, through a purchasing committee appointed by the board. He believes a great saving could be made to the State by purchasing the supplies for all the institutions in bulk.

At the game preserves at Woodmount, near Hancock, they have two black bears which will be used for breeding purposes and their offspring will be permitted to go at large as soon as they are strong enough to take care of themselves.

Out in Garrett county the tax rate has been fixed at \$1.06 on the \$100.

Steps are being taken by Republicans throughout Montgomery county to reimburse William A. Kroll, of Wheaton district, for the salary he loses by reason of his suspension from his position in the Government Printing Office at Washington because of "pernicious political activity" in the recent Republican fight in that county.

When the funeral services were being held over the remains of George B. Oswald, late clerk of the Washington county court, all business was suspended in Hagerstown. The services were held on Tuesday.

The Fairmount Coal Company, of Cumberland, will send 1,000,000 tons of coal to Great Lakes.

The Governor has appointed the Good Roads Commission. The following constitute the commission: Governor Crothers, Dr. Ira Remsen, Dr. William B. Clark, Messrs. John M. Tucker, S. M. Shoemaker and F. C. Hutton. The three salaried members of the commission are Mr. Tucker, Mr. Shoemaker and Mr. Hutton.

Former Governor Warfield has come out in a strong indorsement of Governor Johnson, of Minnesota, as the best Presidential nominee the Democratic party could select.

Dr. Ira Remsen, appointed to the Good Roads Commission, says, "To build the best roads possible at the least possible cost—that will be my policy, and I am confident it will be the policy of every member of the State Highways Commission."

Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll of Maryland, was re-elected president general of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution.

The stations of the Northern Central Railway at Walkersville and Woodsboro, this county, were broken into Sunday night and ransacked. The same night a man was caught breaking into the store of L. E. Barriek, Walkersville, and frightened away. Monday night two Baltimore and Ohio freight cars were set on fire and burned, and a few nights ago two freight cars on the Northern Central road, within the limits of Frederick, were fired by unknown persons.

The deadlock in the Republican municipal convention held in Cumberland was broken on Tuesday afternoon, after over 300 ballots had been taken for a temporary chairman.

Judge Keedy announced on Tuesday that State Senator Harry E. Baker, Republican, Hagerstown, had been appointed by the judges of the Fourth circuit to be Clerk of the Circuit Court to succeed George B. Oswald, who died on Sunday.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE?

(Continued from Page 1.)

countries, and to some Asiatic and African countries; in that it has no parcels post? What is it to them if millions of Americans are paying more for many home manufactures than they can be bought for in England, France and Germany? They are solicitous chiefly about their re-election. It is not to be expected that they can have a horizon beyond their Congressional Districts, or measure up to questions of national importance.

The country has been for years in desperate need of an improved financial system and has suffered several ruinous panics from the lack of it, a system was presented to this Congress by Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, but it was immediately pounced upon and torn to tatters by amendments suggested by different interests and it is now doubtful if any bill will be passed. The bill may not have been perfect, what bill ever was perfect? It may have been only a makeshift; but history is full of instances of makeshifts saving the day and nation.

Washington city, the Capital of this greatest of representative governments is a political paradox. It is the only city in the United States that cannot vote and is glad of it. The United States Congress governs Washington and the District of Columbia with its nearly four hundred thousand inhabitants. The people of the city escape some things, some ills that other municipalities are heir to, but it has troubles of its own. It is bestridden and ridden by monopolies,—gas monopolies, electric light and railroad monopolies.

Members of Congress have stock in corporations and are large real estate holders in different parts of the city and it is human nature perhaps that they shall vote the money of citizens of the District and the money of the United States government for improvements in utilities that will go near to, and enhance the value of their private properties. Of course there is a theoretical remedy for this condition of things. If the people of the country would send sterling men to Congress like scores that I might mention there would be an improvement in the legislative output. But most of the candidates for these places are popular ambitious mediocre lawyers who when they come here are as green as yankeedoodle who said he couldn't see the town there was so many houses and often before they have half seen or understood the town they are supplanted by a greener man.

OMISSIONS.

I had a kind word of approval to say To a friend who was weary, discouraged, and sad;

Yet the moments sped by me, one by one, Till shadows lengthened and day was done— And I left it unsaid.

I had some fair flowers I intended to give To a wanderer down in the Valley of Pain; But "to-morrow" [I thought], "Yes, to-morrow" [I said]. But to-morrow my beautiful flowers were dead— And I left them ungiven.

I had a sweet carol of gladness to sing To the loved ones who nearest my heart did bide; Oh! how it happened I never could tell, But the sun went down and the darkness fell— And I left it unsung.

Oh words unspoken! Oh songs unsung! Oh flowers that fall at our feet each day! Could we call back silence and mute refrain, Could we gather your wasted perfume again? Should we leave you ungiven? —ELEANOR W. LONG.

SECRETARY TAFT'S POSITION.

As a member of Mr. Roosevelt's official family Mr. Taft is, rightly or wrongly, credited with enjoying and utilizing opportunities of influencing a great body of Federal officeholders in his own interest. Whether this is true or false it is manifest that the position held by Mr. Taft and his closeness to the President, coupled with the superserviceable activity of certain groups of officeholders in his behalf, warrant suspicion. In the case of a Cabinet officer there should be no such warrant. He should not invite suspicion by remaining in the Cabinet while conducting a campaign for his own nomination to the presidency. From the moment of his embarking in such a campaign motives of ordinary decorum should impel him to resign and thus avoid all semblance of converting his official powers to political use.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph

THE AMERICAN FLAG TO-DAY

(Continued from page 1.)

organic law of the land is addressed to people it does not seem to occur to them that there is a perfectly lawful way to amend the Constitution whenever it is found faulty or insufficient. The President never suggests an amendment, but rather exerts himself to popularize the idea that the Constitution must be made to meet the demands of an advancing civilization by a process of judicial accommodation—that is to say, it must be made to mean whatever may seem most expedient to the Administration of the day. And that is nothing more or less than personal government, the old, well-known highway to despotism. Patriotism in a fine glow of national pride declares that the flag of the United States stands for more today than it ever did before. Well, let it be admitted that there is evidence of genuine attachment to the principle of personal liberty in the seemingly desperate revolt of the people against the reign of monopoly in business. The fact remains that the plan of defence recommended to them by the leader to whom they pin their trust involves the surrender of personal liberty and the acceptance of monopoly as the logical, necessary, and inevitable result of a normal industrial evolution.

Concentration of capital is necessary for some public purpose. Banks and railroads would be impossible without it. Now anyone who has the money can buy a share of bank or railway stock, and it seems to be Mr. Roosevelt's idea that all great business establishments must be conducted on his plans, the Government protecting individual shareholders and providing a system of inspection and regulation especially for that purpose. The people generally do not seem to understand him. They appear to imagine that he is fighting the trusts to get rid of them, though he has never once said so, but, on the contrary, has repeatedly asserted that the business of the country must be controlled by huge combinations of that sort. But if the distribution and sale of necessities of life, food and clothing and building materials are to be controlled by monopolies, it is evident that it will be necessary to fix the price of those things in order to protect the public from extortion. Then the country will have passed by successive stages from open competition in the home market to monopoly, and from corporate monopoly to State socialism. Nothing is more certain than that the exclusion of competition must have that end, and it is strange that even the great capitalists who promote the establishment of trusts fail to see that they are taking just the steps that must soon deprive them of the supervision and management of their own business interest. There are some pessimistic people in this country, who believe that all forms of government must end, sooner or later, in socialism, but there are very few who would gladly hail the establishment of that condition in their own country. Nothing can force it on the American people but the acceptance of a system of business organization that will compel the Government to fix prices in every important branch of industry and trade. One finds here and there some superficial thinker glibly discoursing upon the evil inseparable from competition, though seemingly without the slightest conception of how prices are to be fixed in the absence of competition. As long as competition exists, prices are regulated by the law of supply and demand, though the operation is subject to occasional interruption by those temporary monopolies known as corners in the wheat, in the coal, or some other extremely important market. In the main, the law of supply and demand obtains, and has always obtained, in all the markets, but its successful application depends upon competition. This is a principle that concerns the whole people of the United States, and they should think about it very seriously before they vote for the President.—New Orleans Picayune.

HAS NO SYMPATHY FOR THAW

In reference to the efforts that are being made to release Thaw the Hartford Times says: "We have no hesitation in uttering our conviction that the release of Thaw would involve a miscarriage of justice and that to allow him to go at large would be dangerous to the public safety. All the public considerations in the case make against the scheme to let him loose. There's no reason to believe that he is not now just as likely to have a brainstorm as he ever was. "To let Thaw out would be an offense against propriety, against social safety, against justice. Inevitably it would inspire the conviction that the wealth of the Thaw family has relieved this moral degenerate and murderer from the legal restraints which an ordinary degenerate and murderer would have to undergo."

CHRONICLES OF EM-MITSBURG.

(Continued from page 1.)

pretensions was that put forward by a George Seton, of Liverpool, who based his claim on a marriage said to have been contracted by the fifth and last of the Seton Earls of Winton. This peer, after being imprisoned in the Tower of London and sentenced to death for his loyalty to the ill-fated Stuart dynasty, managed in a very romantic fashion to effect his escape to the Continent and lived for a time at the court of France and then at Rome.

The closing years of his life and the circumstances of his death, as well as the location of his burial place, have remained enveloped in mystery. It is asserted that he was married to the daughter of a Scotch physician of the name of Dr. McKlear and that under an assumed name he returned to Scotland with his wife and children and died there. If the certificate of his marriage could be found, either in Scotland or else somewhere on the Continent of Europe, then George Seton, the claimant, would be able to establish his pretensions to the Earldom of Winton, though of course not to the estates.—MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

BRYAN'S STAR NOW WANING

(Continued from page 1.)

the Republican convention comes off the Democratic situation will be so complicated as to make it impossible for the Republicans to foretell what the Denver convention will do. It is pretty well understood here that some of the men behind the candidacy of Governor John A. Johnson do not expect him to be the party's nominee, even if Bryan shall fail to carry off the prize. The same thing may be said of some of the men who are behind the campaign that has been started for Judge Gray, of Delaware. Both the Johnson and the Gray movements so far as the East is concerned are simply designed to afford standards around which the opposition to Bryan can be rallied. Undoubtedly either Johnson or Gray would be satisfactory to the Democrats of the East, who are enlisted in the revolt against Bryan, but the men who are behind the movements realize that it will hardly be possible to defeat Bryan's nomination, and at the same time name the candidate. If Bryan's nomination is made impossible, he will be permitted to name the candidate. Perhaps the word "permitted" should not be used in this connection; it is conceded that Bryan will have the "whip hand" in the convention, even though he cannot get two-thirds of the delegates, and will undoubtedly be strong enough to dictate the nomination.

This is what the anti-Bryan people of the East expect—it is all they hope to accomplish. They know the Nebraskan would never consent to the nomination of Judge Gray, and they do not suspect he would ever agree to the nomination of Governor Johnson. Said a Democratic United States senator to the Transcript correspondent: "Within the last few days I am persuaded to believe it is possible to force Bryan to abdicate. No man who has been taken up by the Democrats of the East can be nominated. If the programme that has been arranged goes through Johnson will 'fall outside the breastworks,' a martyr to the cause. He will have made it possible for the party to rid itself of Bryan as a presidential candidate. The Eastern Democrats expect Bryan to name the man. They have reason to know the name of the man he will pick if he does have to get out. This man will be satisfactory to the Democrats of the East. Indeed, Mr. Bryan could hardly pick a candidate that would not be satisfactory to the so-called anti-Bryan people. They are willing to accept anybody but Bryan. If Bryan should be compelled to get out of the way and should name the candidate and the man picked should be elected, Governor Johnson and Judge Gray would go into the cabinet."—Boston Transcript.

THE SOWER'S PORTION

"My heart rejoiced because of all my labor and this was my portion." Eccl. 2. 10. Not all thy labor shall return to thee Its full fruition; it may hap thou cast Thy seed on stony ground; or it may be Scattered before the blast.

Or it may be a growth which slowly yields Its perfect fruit; and he—to thee unknown— Who follows thee along thy well-tilled fields, Shall reap what thou hast sown.

But thou, O Sower! grieve not; thine hath been A worthy portion; and when—full and free— Cometh the harvest, then it shall be seen Thou didst toil faithfully. JESSIE FORSYTH in Boston Transcript.

THE HUB FURNISHER HATTER NEW YORK AVE & 14TH ST. CLARENCE H. REIZENSTEIN WASHINGTON, D. C. feb 21-17

—CALL ON— GEO. T. EYSTER. —AND— See his splendid stock of GOLD & SILVER Key & Stem-Winding WATCHES. BUSINESS LOCAL.

HAVE your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same and has always on hand a large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware.

The circulation of THE CHRONICLE is on the increase. Now is the time to advertise.

Come and Hear The 1908 Model Edison Phonograph NOW ON SALE.

EDISON RECORDS April Records. A good selection always on hand.

E. E. Zimmerman DEALER IN WELL MADE FURNITURE. THE Emmit House Under New Management.

J. W. BREICHNER PROPRIETOR.

After extensive alterations and improvements this well-known house is in readiness for Summer Boarders

Special rates to those who spend the entire season. Special accommodations for Commercial Men. march 15-17

TO THINK OF FURNITURE IS TO THINK OF CARTY'S.

FACTS ABOUT CARTY'S "CAFURST" FELT MATTRESS.

Most Mattresses are simply cotton; CARTY'S "CAFURST" FELT is highest grade of felt.

All mattresses to the eye are the same, that can't be helped, so ask for CARTY'S "CAFURST."

You can pay more for others, but you can't get your money's worth.

When you buy CARTY'S CAFURST FELT you pay for quality, nothing else.

An ideal gift for Xmas. Price \$15.00 delivered to your station.

Call, write or phone us and we will tell you all about them.

CARTY'S FURNITURE STORE, 48-52 Patrick St. East, Frederick, Md. Oct. 11-17.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

Circuit Court. Chief Judge—G. W. Worthington. Associate Judges—Hon. John C. Motter and Hon. James B. Henderson. Clerk of the Court—Arthur D. Willard. Register of Wills—Dr. Samuel T. Hafner. Orphans' Court. Judges—William H. Pearce, chief judge; John E. Phleger and Geo. H. Whitmore. Register of Wills—William B. Cutschall. County Officers. County Commissioners—Lincoln G. Dinterman, Lewis H. Bowlin, H. Milton Kefauver, W. H. Hogarth, J. Stewart Anderson. Sheriff—Geo. Edward Myers. County Treasurer—George W. Crum. Surveyor—Rufus A. Rager. School Commissioners—Oscar B. Goblentz, Secretary, Treasurer and Superintendent; S. N. Young, Assistant; Rev. Isaac M. Motter, President; Col. E. Tieman Erien, Dr. H. B. Stetler, Gross, J. Henry Stokes, Chas. W. Wright, William R. Young. Health Officer—Dr. C. F. Goodell.

Emmitsburg District. Notary Public—W. H. Troxell. Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Mildard F. Shuff, I. M. Fisher. Constable—W. H. Ashbaugh. School Trustees—M. F. Shuff, Oscar D. Straley.

Town Officers. Burgess—T. E. Zimmerman; Commissioners—H. M. Ashbaugh, J. H. Rosensteel, H. C. Garner, M. F. Shuff, J. D. Caldwell, Wm. Morrison. Borough Constable—Wm. Daywalt.

CHURCHES.

Ev. Lutheran Church. Pastor—Rev. Charles Reinwald. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Wednesday, lectures at 7:00 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m. Reformed Church of the Incarnation. Pastor—Rev. A. M. Gluck. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and every other Sunday at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Midweek service at 7:30 p. m. Catechetical class on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Presbyterian Church. Pastor—Rev. Kenneth M. Craig. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Wednesday evening. Lecture and Prayer Meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m. St. Joseph's Catholic Church. Pastor—Rev. J. O. Hayden, C. M. First Mass, 7 a. m., second Mass, 10:00 a. m., Vespers 7 p. m. Methodist Episcopal Church. Pastor—Rev. R. Kooniz. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League Devotional Service, 6:30 p. m. Sunday School at 1:30 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

Emerald Beneficial Association. Officers: President, Edwin Chrismer, Vice-President, J. Edward Baker, Treasurer, P. F. Burket, Secretary, Chas. O. Rosensteel. Branch meets the fourth Sunday of each month in C. O. Rosensteel's house, East Main Street. Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent Association. Rev. Geo. H. Traggner, Chaplain; president, Geo. Althoff; vice president, John Althoff; treasurer, George Keepers; secretary, Chas. Eckenrode. Arthur Post, No. 31, G. A. R. Commander, James B. Black; Senior Vice-Commander, John H. Mentzer; Jr. Vice-Commander, John Peank; Quartermaster, George T. Gelwick; Surgeon, J. Herring; Adjutant, Samuel Gamble; Chaplain, Sammie McNaire; Officer of Day, George Eyster; Officer of Guard, John Helfsinger. Vigilant Hose Company. Meets the first Friday evening of each month at Firemen's Hall. President, Chas. Z. Hoke; Vice-President, V. Sebald; secretary, C. B. Ashbaugh; Treasurer, A. A. Horner.

RENO S. HARP, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. FREDERICK, MARYLAND. No. 114 Court Street. July 12-17

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IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The prices for Lots and Graves in MOUNTAIN VIEW CEMETERY are as follows: Whole Lots 16x16 feet, \$25; Half Lot, 16x8 \$14; Single Graves, \$6. All Lots or Graves must be fully paid prior to an interment. Apply to J. HENRY STOKES.