

# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

STERLING GALT, Editor and Proprietor.

Established by Samuel Motter in 1879.

TERMS—\$1.00 a Year in Advance

VOL. XXVIII.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1907.

NO 41

## DEAD PROPHET.

### Character Study of Life of Alexander Dowie.

## "ELIJAH II" HE OF ZION.

### Sidelights on a Most Remarkable Character Who, Relying on the Credulity of His Followers, Held Thousands Under his Sway.

In the passing of John Alexander Dowie, the "Elijah II" whose death occurred on Saturday, a most extraordinary life had its ending. A penniless man who, by his audacity, magnetism, and a capability to play upon his followers, could in a remarkably short time build a \$25,000,000 city, live in luxury and wield the power of a Czar, is a character so unusual that it is no wonder that people everywhere are seeking to find wherein his power lay. One writer attributes the hold which Dowie had over the people to the fact that he "made use of two great human weaknesses that have been deep-rooted in the nature of all mankind since Adam and Eve," the craving for religion and something new to worship. Dowie gave his people this in a novel way; he gave them a new religion through which to worship him. He posed, as this writer in the Philadelphia Press says, "as the divine leader of his people, in the sense that Moses was the leader of the people of Israel. He professed to be on intimate terms with the Almighty as ever Moses was. He could give them manna; he could strike water from the rock; he could commune with God in person; he could heal, not only by the laying on of hands, but by merely offering up a supplication for health.

His autocracy assumed the form of a studied tyranny and, again and again, he would thrust down the throats of Zion, in crude, domineering phrases, his absolutism in temporal as well as spiritual affairs.

He left Edinburgh, Scotland, at 13; moved with his family to Adelaide, Australia; clerked in a store until he had saved enough money to take a course in theology—which he did on his return to Scotland. He then came to Australia in 1872 and was ordained and made pastor of a Congregational church at Sydney.

His magnetism and his brusque new ways of preaching drew from the first. He could quote the scriptures on any subject, and revealed in argument a short time he was placed in charge of the denominational Collegiate Church, at Newtown, near Sydney.

It was in Melbourne that he began to be immoderate in his speech. "I drew crowds, but it also drew the police, and Dowie was frequently in trouble. Things grew so warm for him in Australia that he left the country in 1887 and landed in San Francisco penniless.

He hung around California for several years, but the people there did not seem to take to Dowieism. In 1890 he cheerfully and hopefully damned them all and went to Chicago.

People ignored him at first, then they laughed at him, then they listened, and very soon they bowed in droves and gladly accepted the Zion Creed which enjoined upon them that "the discipline of Zion is that of an army which does not vote as to who shall be its officers, but, believing that God has given apostles, prophets and teachers, obeys those whom God has set over his kingdom, in so far as these obey the plainly revealed word of God.

Zion requires, first, in accordance with the word of God, a tithe of all earnings to be given into God's storehouse, that there may be meat in His house; and that the Gospel may be extended throughout the world.

"Zion further expects that the people shall co-operate in all her financial institutions and in the industries which are springing from these, which will find their first embodiment in Zion City, near Chicago, where it is our hope that an object lesson will be taught to all the earth."

In his missionary work he was indefatigable. In Chicago he lectured to 3000 students on "Doctrines of Devils, Drugs," and he finished the lecture, although every student brought with him some particularly offensive drug, the combined smell of which made the prophet turn pale. They hissed him and pelted him with stones, and when Dowie left the police had to protect him from their assaults.

While the campaign of abuse went on, the exchequer of Dowie's church, which was Dowie's exchequer, was growing at leaps and bounds. Along the lake front, in Michigan Avenue, which is Chicago's fashionable South Side thoroughfare, Dowie erected his Zion buildings.

No multi-millionaire in Chicago lived more luxuriously than he. He had an elaborate "chariot" made to order, with white doves emblazoned on the sides. The chariot was drawn by the finest horses that money could buy, and his numerous servants were all arrayed in gorgeous liveries. Mrs. Dowie and the beloved daughter dressed splendidly.

"Leaves of Healing," "Zion Banner," and many pamphlets on Dowieism, were published in an establishment which Dowie owned. Across the street from the printing house were the Zion College and Home for Divine Healing, including a juvenile school, a home for working girls and a refuge for fallen women. It was through these institutions that Dowie did good. While he was strict about the collection of his own percentage of profits, he was equally insistent that all Zionists should pay their just debts, and he would permit no cheat to remain in the fold of Zion.

He lifted men and women out of the gutter and made them clean, honest citizens. He was always trying to improve the conditions of the lower classes and to convert the social scum into a good, wholesome product once more.

## NOTED HYMN WRITER.

### Three Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of Paul Gerhardt Whose Hymns are Sung All Over the World.

Tuesday, March 12th, was the 300th anniversary of the birth of Paul Gerhardt, styled "the prince of German hymn writers," whose hymns—about one hundred and twenty-three—are sung throughout the whole christian world.

He was born in an obscure town in Saxony, attended college at Wittenberg and though prepared to preach was denied a pulpit on account of the Thirty Years war which at this time, 1642, was raging throughout Germany.

Mr. F. J. Metcalf, writing for the Washington Herald, says of him: "Gerhardt had begun to write hymns early in life, but he was too poor to have them published. His first church was at Mittenwalde, near Berlin. Now he began to put forth his hymns; and by this means his name was made known over Germany.

"For six years he remained at Mittenwalde, and then he was called to Berlin to serve as third assistant deacon in the church of St. Nicholas, the oldest in the city. This is a most interesting building, erected in the twelfth century.

"Here Paul Gerhardt spent nine years in earnest Christian work. His departure from Berlin was not of his own seeking, but he was deprived of his church by the Great Elector, Frederick William I, because he would not subscribe to any pledge which would restrict his freedom of speech. In May, 1668, he became archdeacon over the church at Lubben, where he labored until his death, on June 7, 1676.

"Of course the greatest interest centers around Lubben, where he spent the last seven years of his life, for here his body lies, beneath the altar of the church where he preached, and in front of that altar there is now being erected a monument, surmounted by a statue of the man holding in one hand a book of hymns, and with the other pointing to a disabled cannon, a relic of the war just over.

## UNSOICIABLE WEALTH.

### The Extremely Rich Seem to Find Comradship a Hard Matter.—Understanding Needed Between Rich and Poor.

Enough has been said to suggest the possible danger of unsociable wealth and the desirability of a better understanding between the rich and the poor, says the Post, of New York. Clearly, this cannot come about through a revival of bygone conditions. Apparently, the administration of new-style charity must continue to be too impersonal to afford the necessary bond. The college settlements and kindred enterprises make praiseworthy endeavors along this line, but their effect is evidently limited. There is greater hope, perhaps, in the cultivation of a sort of family feeling in factories, railroads, and mines. All such enterprises afford to the rare employer truly patriarchal opportunities, but their success is evidently limited. There is greater hope, perhaps, in the cultivation of a sort of family feeling in factories, railroads, and mines. All such enterprises afford to the rare employer truly patriarchal opportunities, but their success is evidently limited.

## IS SCORED BY FAMILY.

### Action of Mrs. Holman Declared to Be Inhuman By Grandmother and Aunts of Evelyn Thaw.

After blaming her in most direct terms the Nesbit family, including the aged mother of W. Scott Nesbit, Evelyn's father, issued a statement which in part is as follows:

"Admitting that Mrs. Holman did not know the true character of Stanford White should she have left her beautiful little girl under the charge of an influential man of the world? Even a dumb brute would protect its young, but this woman turns against her daughter and is making strenuous efforts to save her reputation by giving information to Prosecuting Attorney Jerome, so that he can torture the girl under cross-examination—torture such as no woman has ever undergone and which she is voluntarily bearing bravely and nobly, showing that underneath the fair and fragile beauty there lies a stratum of pure gold which she must have inherited from her father, never from her mother. Her father's family was known in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City as a family whose men were brave and honorable and whose women were virtuous."

## MUCH MONEY FOR GOOD ROADS.

The State of Pennsylvania fully realizes the advantages to be derived from good roads, and as an evidence of its belief in the necessity for them a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the State constitution so as to authorize a \$25,000,000 bond issue for good roads, was reported favorably in the House last week. This resolution was defeated in the House Constitutional Reform Committee, but the committee reconsidered its action and decided to report it out.

It cost the city of New York just \$210,000 to remove the recent snow from the streets.

## NEWEST IDEAS.

### Proper Shapes and Combinations in Millinery.

## BRAIDS AND STRAWS.

### The Correct Thing for Spring Wear. Various Materials and Colors that Will be Worn During the Coming Season.

Every one of the models, both domestic and imported, which is shown at the various openings exhibits some quip or turn either in its foundation or its garniture that is entirely new and indicative of no period or style farther back than 1907, a fact for which no woman at all interested in the subject can fail to feel a sense of gratification, says the fashion writer for the New York Evening Post.

As regards shapes anything that suits the individual taste is correct, so far as mode goes but in view of the wide scope allowed it is found to be the wiser thing to leave this selection to the individual taste of an expert milliner, rather than to one's own. There is a slight leaning toward larger hats than have been worn this Winter, and it is more than likely that the tendency will increase as the season advances. However while the picture hats of the Gainsborough and early Victorian styles will prevail among the larger models for early Spring wear, smaller hats, with drooping or mushroom brims, round and pointed turbans, plain sailors, and Napoleonic turbans will all appear in new trimmings which will stamp them at once as distinctly of the vintage of the present Spring and correspondingly smart. Crowns show as many and as frequent modifications as brims. In some instances this modification is carried to the vanishing point, as in the instance of plateaus, which are even more popular than last year. Other models show flower crowns either massed in front, or in regulation shapes, mixed with loops of straw, braid, or silk. Then there is a medium-sized hat which has a low bell crown, formed in a double bow pleat, which, pointed at the front widens toward the back, where it ends at the brim. A large turban of white material, very low and wide bell crown surmounting a brim which, wide at the sides, is rolled slightly inward at the edge.

Brims are straight or circular and drooping, and in any case, may be short in front, or long in front and all around. Sometimes the brim is slashed at the back, as in the Marie Antoinette model, sometimes cut to a point directly in front, as in the "Douglas turban"; again it is round and flat, and caught up abruptly across the back, as represented in the Poeyanne, or bent downward, as shown in the Esther Meyer.

But whatever the shape, the chief characteristic of the millinery this Spring is found in the correct blending of colors and combinations of materials. To begin with, there seems absolutely no limit to the braids and straws. Everything in this line which we have ever had is with us, reinforced by any number of novelties. Leghorn bids fair to be more popular than it was last year, also the hair braids and paxylon. The Italian braids are more exquisite than ever, especially the Rigolotti, which is a quarter of an inch wide, closely woven, with little open figures cutting it, those figures being in themselves or contrasting colors. Panama is shown only in the more expensive hats, and Milan and hemp braids have taken on new beauty.

However handsome as the braids of this season admirably are, there is no evading the fact that the straws, according to all prophetic signs, will predominate even for ceremonial wear. The "Peter Pan" is one of the season's most effective novelties. It is hood-shaped originally, then twisted into a round turban which is considerably wider at the top than at the base. The top is surrounded with a fringe, or ruching, of ribbon, silk, straw, or velvet and ostrich tips, plumes, or a spray of flowers coils around the sides and top. The name which it plays an important part in shapes this year, although in several instances where it was used last year it is removed. In the "Peter Pan" just mentioned the bandeau is wide and closely filled with tulle or gauze. Still another novel shape among the new materials, formed from a plateau of coiled or fluted braid, generally in two or three tones. It is mushroom shaped, with a very deep bandeau at the back, trimmed with tulle, and long ribbon loops depending therefrom.

To accentuate the sweep effects, long scarfs and veils are being used extensively. Lace chiffon, velvet, and ribbons, and net are all seen in combination.

Grass aigrettes are making a strong bid for approval, and are certainly very attractive for midsummer wear. In form they have the appearance of a Paradise tail, and are to be had in different colors and combinations, the shaded ones being particularly effective, and many novelties in the feather and aigrette are noticed.

One thing very certain, even thus early, is that hats are to be very much betrimmed and very showily so. This puts the shape of the hat as a matter of secondary importance, and leaves it almost entirely to the taste and discretion of the milliner. All trimmings have a tendency to droop, even upstanding loops being unwired, or only partially so, so that, while they keep their place, they may appear stiff and uncompromising. Next to this, the sweeping effect is most noticeable, all trimmings being arranged to give a suggestion of breadth.

Ribbons, though, on account of the exceeding rage for flowers, not quite as lavishly used as in some former seasons, are still very much in favor, and, even when they do not form the sole trimming, almost invariably have some part in the scheme of decoration.

Geologists and experts from South Africa who have lately been inspecting land in Kentucky declare that the deposits in Elliott county are exactly the same as in the Transvaal, and that judicious working will make the property worth \$50,000,000.

## ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

### The Seventeenth of March Honored as the Day of the Death and Beatification of the Patron Saint of All Irishmen.

On Sunday next, the 17th of March, every son of Erin the world over will pay homage to St. Patrick, the patron saint of Ireland, and on every Irish breast the shamrock—if it can be obtained—will be worn. Irish societies all over the globe will assemble in St. Patrick's honor and in many Catholic churches, particularly those named after the saint, there will be special services.

There is much uncertainty as to just when St. Patrick was born, some claiming Bonaveus Taberniae (thought to be modern Boulogne) was the place, while others maintain that it was Killpatrick in Scotland.



An authority states that the "name of Patricius was bestowed on him in Rome by Pope Celestine, his original name having been Succath. At the age of sixteen he was carried captive to Ireland by a band of marauders, but after six months escaped to Scotland. Carried off a second time, and again escaping, he resolved to become a missionary to the Irish, was ordained in Scotland, and after some preparation was consecrated bishop. Having previously, according to some accounts, visited Gaul and perhaps Italy, he passed over to his chosen field of labor about 432, and preached the gospel with such extraordinary effect that, although not absolutely the first to introduce Christianity into that country, he has always received the credit of its general conversion. He baptized the kings of Dublin and Munster, and the seven sons of the King of Connaught, with the great applause of the subjects, and before his death had converted almost the whole island to the faith. St. Bernard testifies that he fixed his metropolitan seat at Armagh, and that he appointed several other Bishops, with whom he held councils to settle the discipline of the Church."

St. Patrick's laborers in Ireland lasted more than thirty years and he died in Down or Downpatrick, Ulster, March 17, 433 or 435 and here it is believed his ashes lie.

## THE SHAMROCK.

Although much has been done to discredit the beautiful legend which represents the patron saint of the Emerald Isle as using the shamrock for an illustration of the Holy Trinity, Irishmen in every clime cling to the little leaf to a round turban which is considerably wider at the top than at the base. The top is surrounded with a fringe, or ruching, of ribbon, silk, straw, or velvet and ostrich tips, plumes, or a spray of flowers coils around the sides and top. The name which it plays an important part in shapes this year, although in several instances where it was used last year it is removed. In the "Peter Pan" just mentioned the bandeau is wide and closely filled with tulle or gauze. Still another novel shape among the new materials, formed from a plateau of coiled or fluted braid, generally in two or three tones. It is mushroom shaped, with a very deep bandeau at the back, trimmed with tulle, and long ribbon loops depending therefrom.

To accentuate the sweep effects, long scarfs and veils are being used extensively. Lace chiffon, velvet, and ribbons, and net are all seen in combination.

Grass aigrettes are making a strong bid for approval, and are certainly very attractive for midsummer wear. In form they have the appearance of a Paradise tail, and are to be had in different colors and combinations, the shaded ones being particularly effective, and many novelties in the feather and aigrette are noticed.

One thing very certain, even thus early, is that hats are to be very much betrimmed and very showily so. This puts the shape of the hat as a matter of secondary importance, and leaves it almost entirely to the taste and discretion of the milliner. All trimmings have a tendency to droop, even upstanding loops being unwired, or only partially so, so that, while they keep their place, they may appear stiff and uncompromising. Next to this, the sweeping effect is most noticeable, all trimmings being arranged to give a suggestion of breadth.

Ribbons, though, on account of the exceeding rage for flowers, not quite as lavishly used as in some former seasons, are still very much in favor, and, even when they do not form the sole trimming, almost invariably have some part in the scheme of decoration.

Geologists and experts from South Africa who have lately been inspecting land in Kentucky declare that the deposits in Elliott county are exactly the same as in the Transvaal, and that judicious working will make the property worth \$50,000,000.

## A NEW CITY.

### Settled by Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

## GREATER PITTSBURGH

### Moves Forward From Eleventh to Sixth Place in Point of Population.—In Bank Stock Rating Exceeded Only By New York.

The Pennsylvania State Supreme Court, on Monday, affirmed the judgment of the Superior Court permitting the consolidation of Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities to take effect on March 22. Greater Pittsburgh will have a population of 521,000, probably making it the sixth city in the United States, although this claim may be disputed by Baltimore.

The enlarged city will have an area of thirty-eight square miles, 435 miles of paved streets, thirteen parks, containing 1,194 acres, valued at \$23,000,000, and a total assessed property valuation of \$547,336,250. It will be the first city in the world in the proportion of capital to population. The city has a surplus and surplus to gross deposits in its banks and trust companies, having 48 per cent. It will be second in bank stocks rated at more than \$1,000 a share, New York being first. The greater city will have a total of 115 public school buildings valued at \$9,300,000, with 64,166 pupils and 1,625 teachers.

The value of the property owned by the city of Allegheny, exclusive of school properties, is \$15,500,000, and that of Pittsburgh \$25,000,000, making a total of \$40,500,000 for the greater city. The greater Pittsburgh will be as large as Washington and Louisville combined, or New Orleans and Louisville combined.

A news despatch from London says that during a debate on colonial affairs in the House of Commons Jesse Collings attacked the Government for its treatment of Gov. Swettenham of Jamaica, whom he describes as now the victim of local intrigues. Mr. Collings testified from his personal observation that during the earthquake Gov. Swettenham was cool and calm; that he kept under the most trying conditions of insured confidence, obtained labor and arranged for the care of the injured long before American aid arrived.

The President called a halt in anti-Japanese legislation by the following telegram to Governor Gillette of California: Action of Legislature reported in morning papers most unfortunate in effect upon my efforts to secure exclusion of Japanese laborers by friendly agreement, and, if continued, will probably render recent legislation of Congress for that purpose ineffective. I desire secure suspension of further action until receipt of letter from me. Theodore Roosevelt.

A powder magazine on board the French battleship Iena (or Jena) blew up Tuesday, while the vessel was in the dry dock at Toulon, owing to the explosion of a compressed torpedo. Further explosions on the vessel occurred momentarily for some time afterward and debris flew over the dockyard for a distance of 500 yards. There were over fifty killed, and three hundred injured.

The American Coal Company, which has purchased the holdings and plant of the Cumberland Basin Coal Company, will build a new town near Earlsville, on the Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railroads.

## FOR THE ORCHARDIST

### Department of Entomology Warns All Farmers to Spray Their Trees to Kill San Jose Scale.

The following is the contents of an important letter which Mr. T. B. Symons, State Entomologist, has sent to all State papers, with the idea of aiding farmers and orchardists to overcome the effect of San Jose scale, a deadly parasite which kills fruit trees by the thousands if not combated.

Much depends upon the activity of the general fruit growing industry at this time of the year as to the life of his trees in the future and quality of his fruit this season. The San Jose Scale is generally disseminated throughout the State. Even if you are sure your trees have not this pest among them, it would be money well spent to spray them as a preventative as well as to add vigor to the trees.

"Trees infested with the above scale must be treated at least once a year and should be sprayed while the trees are dormant. We find that, with our experiments, the late application in the Spring just before the buds open, seems to be the most satisfactory time.

"We, therefore, urge every orchardist or person who has a few trees to give them attention and spray them this Spring with the lime-sulphur wash, which we find to be the best insecticide for the control of this pest.

"The Department stands ready to aid all persons in the State as to giving further instructions in making and applying the spray mixture, both by personal as well as public demonstrations. It also stands ready to enforce the law in carefully inspected cases and we will give our prompt attention to complaints in any vicinity where such cases exist. Get your materials and apparatus ready to commence work at a favorable time. The most convenient method of making the lime-sulphur wash and a discussion of other insecticides on the market in this State, are given in bulletin 112 published by the Maryland Experiment Station, a copy of which can be had for the asking."

One of the bills contracted by Mme. Anna Gould in her divorce suit was for the sum of \$175,000 for legal services and expenses.

## THEY ARE TOO YOUNG.

### Investigation Discloses the Fact That American Signalmen Lack Experience and Are Not Old Enough For the Responsibility.

## ARBITRATION.

### First Peace Congress to Be Held Next Month.

The report of the men who, under the direction of the Interstate Commerce Commission, made a thorough investigation of the block system employed on the railroads of this country, was made public a few days ago. One of the men, B. B. Adams, is the editor of the Railroad Gazette, and the other, C. C. Anthony, supervisor of the block signals of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and both are men of many years' experience in railroading. One of the most important points they touched on in their report was the youth and inexperience of the signalmen employed on American roads, on this subject they said:

"The average signalman in America is young, and has had, probably, from six months to two year's instruction—not systematic training—under another signalman, whose superiority to the student is due entirely to what he has learned by experience and not at all to methodical and authoritative instruction. The average block signalman in England, on the contrary, has served as such from five to twenty-five years, and has been through a long course in a signal cabin as 'booking boy,' or as assistant, before being trusted with full charge of the block signals. This difference in the personnel of the signalmen of the two countries is doubtless explained in large measure the nearer approach to perfection of the block signal service in England. The fact that youth and inexperience are factors in our 'failure in block working' has been repeatedly illustrated in the accident records, given in the quarterly bulletin. So long as the telegraph block system is worked anywhere with a higher degree of safety than on American railroads, the practice of American roads to the extent of such superiority must be declared deficient."

## HE RAN UP AGAINST IT.

### A Tenderfoot From The Untamed West Struck The East Just About The Time There Was Something Doing.

"A government employe, who has spent several years in the 'Wild West,' says the Kansas City Journal, "recently visited the haunts of his childhood in the East. He has returned to Indian Territory to look for a quiet spot, where life may be enjoyed without fear of death. Upon arriving in Washington he called at the Raleigh Hotel to see a friend. While presenting his card he was struck by a pistol shot which killed ex-Senator Brown of Utah. The Western man caught a train and made for Connecticut, stopping at Greenwich. As he entered the hotel where he expected to stay, a bride of two days killed her husband by jabbing a nail file into his eye. Again the Westerner fled. Arriving in New York City he was attracted by a man running madly down the street with a pistol in his hand. On reaching the elevated road the man raised the pistol to his head and ended his life. The next day he returned to Washington, and there accepted an invitation from a friend, who lives in Virginia, to spend a few days in the country. He reached the town of Culpepper just in time to behold two brothers spending themselves in the law, after firing thirty-two shots into a brother-in-law, who had married their sister an hour before. That settled it. The Westerner has returned to his wild and woolly home to calm his nerves and get some sleep."

Belgium—Baron Descamps, minister of State, Senator, professor of international law member The Hague Court of Arbitration.

Holland—"Maarten Maartens" the novelist, whose name is J. M. W. Van der Poorten-Schwartz.

The Congress will begin with a musical service in Carnegie Hall on Sunday evening, April 14. The music will be in charge of Dr. Frank Damosch, rendered by an orchestra, a large chorus, and soloists. Speeches will be made by Archbishop Farley, Bishop Potter, and Rabbi Hirsch, and there will be a responsive reading by the founder of the Chautauque Movement, Bishop John H. Vincent of Topeka.

On Monday afternoon, April 15, the meeting will be opened formally by Mr. Carnegie, president. Mayor McClellan, of the City, will welcome the delegates, and Gov. Hughes and Mr. Root will speak. Mr. Root follows the precedent established by Secretary John Hay, who made the important address at the meeting of the international Peace Congress in Boston, in October, 1904.

The meeting of Monday evening will be devoted to international views of the peace movement. The speakers will be France, Baron Descamps of Belgium, "Maarten Maartens" of Holland, Oscar S. Straus, James Bryce, the British ambassador, is endeavoring to arrange his engagements so as to speak at this meeting. The Arion Society will furnish the music.

Women's influence in the peace movement will be recognized at the session of Tuesday morning, April 16. Addresses will be made by Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago, Mrs. Ellen M. Henriotin of Chicago, ex-president of the National Federation of Women's Clubs, Mrs. Lucia Ames Mead of Boston, Mrs. Frederick Nathan of New York, Baron D'Estourmelles de Constant, and W. T. Stead. Music by a chorus and by soloists will be a special feature. Mrs. Julia Ward Howe of Boston and Mrs. May Wright Sewall of Indiana are to be guests of honor. Mrs. Anna Garlin Spencer will preside.

There is to be a university meeting in the evening, and President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University will preside. Invitations have been sent to all the colleges and universities in the United States to send two delegates, one from the student body and one from the faculty.

An important factor in the movement for international peace is undoubtedly the Interparliamentary Union, of which 2,000 members of the nations legislatures of the great countries of the world are members. The meeting on Wednesday afternoon will center about the union, and will consider the legislative and judicial phases of the peace cause.

The congress will close with a public dinner on Wednesday evening, April 17. Mr. Carnegie will be the toastmaster. President Roosevelt, President Diaz of Mexico, Lord Grey, the governor-general of Canada, and Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, have been invited to speak. Mr. Roosevelt has not yet accepted the invitation, but there is every probability that he will be able to do so.

Casimir-Perier, former President of the French Republic, died at his residence in Paris last Monday night.

TERMS:—One Dollar a year in advance; Six months, 50 cents. Trial subscriptions, Three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES made known on application at this office.

THE PROPRIETOR reserves the right to decline any advertisements which he may deem objectionable.

NO ATTENTION whatever will be paid to anonymous contributions.

MANUSCRIPTS offered for publication will be returned if unavailable, when accompanied by stamps.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for this paper should be addressed to THE EMMITSBURG CHRONICLE.

CHESEAPEAKE AND POTOMAC and Frederick County Telephone connections.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

1907 MARCH 1907 calendar table with days of the week and dates.

MOON'S PHASES table showing moon phases for March 1907.

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1907.

At the present time there seems to be a perfect craze for building monuments. Statues of heroic size representing the valorous deeds of this one and that one are to be found in every city, and there is scarcely a town of size in which a tablet does not commemorate the fame of a public or local character, chronicle some conspicuous era, or recount at least one notable historic event.

Yet notwithstanding the eager search for celebrities to whom honor may be done that is continually going on, no one seems to have thought of four characters whose deeds have added so much of the "long green" tint to history's too sombre background.

Injustice would surely be done if lasting monuments to M. and Mme. Humbert, Mrs. Cassie Chadwick and the late Mr. Dowie of "Zion City," were not erected in some conspicuous place to commemorate the lamentable credulity of the times, and to make an example of those "Easy Marks" who belong to that class which call forth the saying about the parting of fools and their money.

Would it be just, would it be fitting that these four shining lights should sink into utter oblivion without an imperishable tribute to their shrewdness and perspicacity? Ah! Surely not. Any man and woman who could separate staid bankers and wide-awake financial agents from their exchequer by furnishing security in the shape of blank paper enclosed in official-looking envelopes; any one woman passed the age of fifty, not prepossessing and not endowed with a charming personality, but who could talk men of affairs out of thousands of dollars; any man who could compel a tremendous following to worship him and to practically give into his absolute control their wills and their pocket-books; any one of this quartette, say we, is entitled to a monument.

And in this connection we would suggest that life-size figures of this little assemblage of grafters be moulded in shining brass and placed in Central Park, New York; that these statues be raised on a pedestal made of touch-stone; and that their be grouped in the foreground (some kneeling, some crouching, some standing, but all with money-laden hands outstretched to these figures) numerous fine images of apparently well-to-do people wearing caps and bells; and that on a tablet underneath this latter group should be deeply graven: "What Fools These Mortals Be."

THE city "journalist" delights in saying that country papers are continually harping on good roads. He considers this subject the long suit of the town editor; one on which he can fall back whenever his lethargic thoughts reach a particularly low ebb. Another thing in which this superior gentleman takes

pleasure is ridiculing the local column of the country weekly.

What fun he has over the item which states that John Banks has built an addition to his house on Main Street. How he enjoys the personal telling of Hon. Hezekiah Hump's visit to his brother in Dunkville. What joy unspeakable is his when his attention is riveted upon a startling paragraph recounting the injury to a farmer's valuable horse.

But pause. On just the very day that this influential owner, and perhaps editor, of the city daily is revelling in the "provincial" weekly, he, himself, has written or caused to be written, a "ringing" editorial about the failure of the Board of Aldermen to keep the streets in repair; has administered a "stinging rebuke" to the "gang" who have pocketed the money which should have been spent on park roads or the suburban thoroughfares; or perhaps in this issue there appears a "leader" on the business intelligence displayed by the State of—in appropriating for roads the enormous amount mentioned in a detailed account in another column. Inconsistent? Never.

Further along in the pages of this city daily we find that Mr. Cortlandt Van Schick Cadwallader is adding another story to his magnificent garage on Avenue. We are also acquainted with the very interesting news that Mrs. Onderdonk-Onderdonk will spend the Easter Holidays at "Onderkrankie," the country home of her brother, at Wetleigh-By-The-Sea.

In another place, under a glaring heading, we see that, "at that very hour when Avenue is crowded with shoppers and people are returning from the matinee," "a spirited and very valuable animal, driven by —, slipped on the icy pavement and fell across the tracks of the Traction Company, delaying traffic for some time" etc., etc.

After all then, in effect, the city and the country editorials on good roads, the news of John Banks' improvement to his house and Cadwallader's addition to his garage, Mrs. Onderdonk-Onderdonk's and Mr. Hump's visits, and the accounts of the farmer's "valuable horse" and the other's "spirited animal" are the same in so far as the interest to the respective communities is concerned, and, when it is all said, the city and the country paper are very much alike.

In dismissing a trivial case in Baltimore the other day, a police justice made the following wise remark: "The trouble," said he, "is that we have too many laws on the statute books and too little application of the laws of good sense." This comment of the learned justice brings to mind the fact that very many law makers seem to be entirely devoid of good sense. It also emphasizes the truth that the average statute and ordinance book is a written or printed anomaly. In almost any one of these books, in cities and even small towns, contradictory statutes or ordinances may be found. One such statute will totally nullify another; yet both are allowed to remain.

And here is where the exercise of common sense, by a judge, a mayor or a burgess, comes in. But fortunately common sense rulings only bring out more strongly the failure on the part of the makers of statutes and ordinances to strike out every law which clashes with another. It is palpably nonsensical to retain a law which fines a man for doing that which another law in the same jurisdiction permits him to do. Yet strange to say the ordinance books of many a town are full of instances where there are two regulations diametrically in opposition; both however, supposed to be operative.

Elbert Hubbard said not long ago, in speaking on the subject of lack of brains, that the highest degree that a man could obtain—greater by far than that which any university or college could bestow—was the degree of D. C. S., Doctor of Common Sense. But the great question is, how many are there who would be entitled to it?

Both the police justice and the latter gentleman are right. There is too little application of the laws of good sense—of common sense.

A NEW YORK gentleman took poison the other day because he was \$170,000 short in his accounts. He left a note confessing that he was and had been insane for sometime. But after having made away with nearly two hundred thousand dollars he had the effrontery to write in this same note that he was taking his life because, as he put it, "I have lost my power to grasp things."

NOT TOO SERIOUS.

A Bit Of Wit And Humor To Season The Serious Side Of Life.

A Springtime Ditty. The crocus now begins to croak, The wind flower soon will blow, The hurry of the hurricane Will drive away the snow. —New York Sun.

Not Absolutely. "Are you keeping Lent?" "Well, not so rigorously as that five you touched me for a month ago is." —Philadelphia Ledger.

Too Big a Field. Years ago, while Reverend Shandoulou was a student at the seminary, he undertook, one vacation season, to sell fire extinguishers. His pleasing address and affability enabled him to make many sales. However, he encountered the usual rebuffs which are the experience of all agents. The theological student had gained access to the office of a surly broker, and forthwith began expatiating on the deluging powers of his incomparable fire extinguisher.

"To hell with it!" roared the broker, fiendishly. "Oh, my dear man," expostulated Shandoulou, "this extinguisher does not deserve the extreme virtue with which you credit it." —From Harper's Weekly.

Wonderful Sight. Two smart youths from London met a shepherd on one of the Argyleshire hills. "You have a fine view from here," one of them remarked, "you must be able to see a great way." "Oh, ay, a ferry great way." "Ah! Can you see America from here?" "Farther than that," said Donald. "Ah! How's that?" "Oh, just wait till the mists gang awa', an' you'll see the mune!" —Am. S. S. Magazine.

A Spell Of Illness. A physician having a large practice among the poor of Chicago recently received a communication from the mother of a child, asking that he come at once to the youngster, who it was explained, had "a very bad cold." After he had attended to the needs of other patients, the doctor made his way to the lodgings of the woman who had sent the note. To his utter astonishment the child was suffering with a complaint utterly distinct from "a bad cold." "Can't you see," he impatiently demanded of the woman, "that your child is down with the measles? What on earth did you mean by writing me that he had 'a bad cold'?" After a moment's hesitation, the woman explained in a sheepish way: "To tell you the truth, doctor, I didn't know how to spell measles." —Harper's Weekly.

MARKET REPORTS.

The following market quotations, which are corrected every Friday morning, are subject to daily changes.

EMMITSBURG. Corrected by Zimmerman & Shriver. Wheat, (dry) 70; Rye 50; Corn per bushel 40; Hay \$11.00@13.00.

Country Produce Etc. Corrected by Jos. E. Hoke. Butter 50; Eggs 14; Chickens per lb 11; Spring Chickens per lb 12; Turkeys 15; Ducks per lb 12; Potatoes per bushel 6; Dried Cherries (seeded) 22; Raspberries 15; Blackberries 4; Apples (dried) 4; Peaches (dried) (peeled) 10; Lard per lb 9; Beef Hides 10.

LIVE STOCK. Corrected by Patterson Brothers. Steers per lb 4 @ 5.00; Butcher Hides, 20 @ 50; Fresh Cows, 20 @ 50.00; Fat Cows and Bulls, per lb 2 @ 35; Hogs, Fat per lb 7 @ 85; Sheep, Fat per lb 5 @ 44; Lambs, per lb 5 @ 6; Calves, per lb 3 @ 50; Stock Cattle, 2 @ 30.00.

BALTIMORE, Mar. 13. WHEAT—Spot, 79 @; CORN—Spot, 52 @; OATS—White 50 @ 50 1/2; RYE—New, 58 @ 59; bag lots, 55 @ 62; HAY—Timothy, 20 @ 25; No. 1 Clover, 17 @ 19; No. 2 Clover, 15 @ 17; STRAW—Rye straw—fair to choice, 11 @ 12; No. 2, 10 @ 11; No. 3, 9 @ 10; tangle, 8 @ 9; wheat, blocks, 75 @ 80; oats, 8 @ 10; MILK FEED—Winter bran, per ton, 22 @ 25; 200 lb. sacks, per ton, 28 @ 30; middlings, 100 lb. sacks, per ton, 22 @ 25; POULTRY—Old hens, 15 @; young chickens, large, 16 @ 17; small, 14 @ 15; Spring chickens, large, 1 small; PRODUCE—Eggs, 17; butter, nearby, rolls 2 @ 22; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania prints, 10 @ 20; POTATOES—Per bu. 45 @ 58; No. 2, per bu. @; CATTLE—Steers, best, 11 @ 14; others \$2 @ 8.50; Hides, \$ @ 6; Cows, \$2 @ 6; Bulls, \$2 @ 6; Calves, \$2 @ 6; LAMBS, 4 @ 7; Pigs, \$1.00 @ \$2.00; Hogs, \$2.50 @ \$3.00; Fresh Cows, \$9.00 @ \$10.00 per head.

SPRING WEDDING GIFTS. In the course of a few days we will issue a very attractive folder, called "1907 Weddings", giving a list of more than a hundred articles suitable as bridal gifts, ranging in price from one to several hundred dollars. The folder will be mailed free upon request. GALT & BRO., JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS, STATIONERS, 1107 PENNSYLVANIA AVE., WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Right Goods at the Right Price ARE WHAT YOU WANT. I Keep None But The Best Stillhouse Goods AND I SELL IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT THE TRADE. FINE WINES AND LIQUORS. H. C. HARNER. T. E. ZIMMERMAN DRUGGIST ZIMMERMAN'S WHITE PINE AND TAR. TRY IT FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

UNDERTAKER. M. F. SHUFF DEALER IN Modern Furniture, BEDS, MATTRESSES. Hospitals, Hotels, Institutions Furnished Throughout. Sewing Machines. Cabinet Work, Repairing. Both Phones. W. Main St., Opp. Presbyterian Church. EMBALMER. July 6-11. PUBLIC SALE. By virtue of a power of sale contained in the last will and testament of Mary C. Nussear, deceased, and also in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, the undersigned, Executor, will sell at public sale on the premises lately occupied by said deceased.

MASURY'S HOUSE PAINTS. THE PAINT WITH THE LONG LIFE. MASURY'S House Paints are known the length and breadth of the United States as the paints that live the longest. They live the longest because they are made of carefully selected pigments ground in PURE LINSEED OIL. The preservative qualities of which are unquestioned. They retain their original appearance and preserve the materials of which your house is constructed for a greater period than any other paints you can buy, which, combined with their superior covering capacity, make them by far the cheapest. Made only by JOHN W. MASURY & SON New York and Chicago LOCAL AGENT: J. THOS. GELWICKS

Fair Criticism is Invited of any part of our service and a prompt and thorough investigation will be given. We are often able to discover defects, but the suggestions of our subscribers are always welcome. The C. & P. Telephone Co. FREDERICK, MD.

PUBLIC SALE. The heirs of Nicholas Baker, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, On Saturday, March 23, 1907, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises described below as No. 1, No. 1, All the Real Estate situated in the Town of Emmitsburg, Frederick County, Maryland, adjoining lot of Jno. J. Dukehart on the North, the Carriage Shop lot on the South and the baseball field on the East, improved with a large BRICK DWELLING, containing nine rooms and basement, with Stable, Corn Crib and Chicken house, No. 2.—All that lot of ground adjoining No. 1 on the North, and said baseball ground on the East, and improved with Carriage Shops, No. 3.—All that lot of ground adjoining No. 2 on the North, and lot of James Koontz on the South, and the said baseball ground on the East, improved with a double BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, Stable and other outbuildings, No. 4.—All that half lot of ground adjoining lot of James Koontz on the North and Jno. F. Felix on the South, running back with a uniform width of 30 ft. to said baseball grounds, No. 5.—All that lot of ground situated in said Town of Emmitsburg, known as the baseball grounds and East of lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4, adjoining lands of Sisters of Charity on the South and East and lot of Geo. P. Beam on the North, containing THREE AND ONE HALF ACRES of land more or less, No. 6.—All that parcel of land situated about one and one half miles from the Town of Emmitsburg, Md., along and near the Frederick and Emmitsburg Turnpike road and on the West side of said road, adjoining the Chas. W. Ott property, lands of Harry Hopp, Henry J. Hoke, Edward S. Taney and others, containing about 34 ACRES, more or less, and improved with an apple and pear orchard.

HEIRS OF NICHOLAS BAKER, mar.-8-31. ORDER NISI ON SALES. N. O. 8137 EQUITY. In the Circuit Court for Frederick county, sitting in Equity. JANUARY TERM, 1907. In the matter of the Report of Sales filed the 19th day of February, 1907. James T. Hays, mortgagee of Ann R. Hiner, Elizabeth Hiner, Mary J. Hiner, Julia Ann Miller and William F. Miller, her husband on petition

Home-Made Bread EMMITSBURG HOME BAKERY, HARRY HOPP, PROPRIETOR. Cakes Rolls Pies. Deliveries made in new water and dust-proof wagon. Wedding and birthday cakes made to order. EVERYTHING IN THE BAKER'S LINE. July 13-31.

At Breichner's Barber Shop A FINE LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS, SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOES. NOTICE TO CREDITORS. THIS is to give notice that the subscribers has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of ISAAC F. BOWERS, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of October, 1907; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 1st day of March, 1907. ISAAC S. BOWERS, Administrator.

GET YOUR OYSTERS FROM GEO. E. GLUTZ. CHAS. W. NUSSER, mar. 1-4ts. Executor.

WASHINGTON LETTER. LIVE CAPITAL TOPICS. Weekly Letter From Our Regular Correspondent. The usual lull that follows the busy closing days of Congress has been felt in Washington since Monday. Representatives and senators are hurrying out of the city by every train and by the end of the week only the few who remain here practically the year round will be left. The falling off in the number of the callers at the White House is very notable and must be especially gratifying to the President. Mr. Roosevelt has accepted an invitation to speak at Indianapolis, May thirtieth and on the following day at Lansing, Michigan. It is believed that on both of these occasions he will discuss the ship subsidy proposition. To many of the White House visitors since the adjournment he has stated that he is more than ever convinced of the wisdom and sound policy of a ship subsidy and that it is his intention to urge the bill with all his strength upon the sixtieth Congress. When the Child Labor bill was before Congress there was some opposition to the plan of turning over the investigation of the problem to the Bureau of Commerce and Labor. Fifteen thousand dollars was appropriated and the Senate passed an amendment to pay this amount to the Bureau of Commerce and Labor for the work. The President was known to be opposed to this and since announcing his opinion that the investigation should be made by some commission especially fitted for the work and not by persons now in the classified service. Representative Crumpacker and Commissioner Neil, of the Bureau of Labor have been in consultation with the President and it is believed that they have arrived at a plan by which the work can be turned over to a commission to be appointed by the President. It is believed that James Bronson Reynolds, a senator and selenometer maker of distinction, will be placed in charge. He is one of the men who made the sensational findings against the packing houses in Chicago last year and is a personal friend of Mr. Roosevelt. In order to take charge of this work he would have to submit to a civil service examination in order to comply with the technicalities of the Senate amendment. The Executive branch of the Government is considerably agitated over the impending tariff war with France. All hope of finding any concession which it can offer the French Government to prevent the application of the maximum tariff rates on American products has been abandoned. The situation is really analogous to that which Germany a year ago and in neither case can this Government at present meet the demand for a reciprocity treaty as the price of minimum tariff rates for American goods. There is much activity here between the State Department and the French Embassy but it is not believed that there is any ground for asking a suspension of tariff rates for the expectation of a possible reciprocity treaty from the next Congress. Nothing has occurred in the House of Representatives to warrant the belief that Senators could be persuaded at the next session to pass a reciprocity treaty that would avert this threatened blow to American trade. France has been one of our best customers since the war, in five cent and dressed meats. But the French Government has declined to accept as sufficient the examination and inspection of cattle and meats provided for in the Pure Food act and the Department of Agriculture. Instead it persists in demanding a certificate of microscopic examination provided for by the old law and regulation. So far the State Department has failed to persuade the French Government that the new plan is safer and better, even though Italy and other countries have accepted it. The projected increase in the tariff of our goods landed on French soil is likely to extend to all our products sent there and the menace to our trade is serious. Mr. Larrinaga, the delegate from Porto Rico has made a most pathetic appeal on behalf of his people of that island and at the same time a very clear exposition of the result of American rule there. In the fore front of the island's troubles, it appears, is the Dingley tariff the application of which, according to the delegate, finished the ruin of the coffee traders which had been begun by the cyclone a year before. Porto Rico has enjoyed a lucrative trade in coffee with Spain but U. S. tariff destroyed it. The failure of the House of delegates to pass the proposition to raise a loan on the credit of the island to supply the Capital to restore the industry was also a blow that could be traced to American interference. Furthermore the changing of the currency, the change of the money stringency and a "second cyclone" in financial circles. The address of Mr. Larrinaga only serves to make it clearer that any country with a high tariff policy, and especially our own is not fitted for colonizing.

It is stated that from 1898 to 1905 the Government paid between 45 and 55 cents a pound for ink for the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Since that time the price has been 12 cents. Had the present price been maintained the Government would have saved between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000, according to estimates which have been made by officials.

EVERYTHING IN THE BAKER'S LINE. July 13-31.

At Breichner's Barber Shop A FINE LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS, SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOES. NOTICE TO CREDITORS. THIS is to give notice that the subscribers has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of ISAAC F. BOWERS, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of October, 1907; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 1st day of March, 1907. ISAAC S. BOWERS, Administrator.

GET YOUR OYSTERS FROM GEO. E. GLUTZ. CHAS. W. NUSSER, mar. 1-4ts. Executor.

KIDNAPPED BOY FOUND

Rescued By the Police in Salt Lake City Last Night.—Two Women and a Man Arrested.

[Special dispatch to The Chronicle.] Horace Marvin, Jr., the kidnapped son of Dr. Horace Marvin, of Dover, Del., is safe in the hands of the Salt Lake City police.

TANEYTOWN.

Interesting Happenings of the Week. From our Regular Correspondent.

Rev. A. B. Mower, of Mount Wolf, Pa., former pastor of the U. B. Church of this place, visited friends here last Friday. Mrs. Sallie Dorsey, of Westminster, her aunt, Mrs. Nellie Crapster, of Baltimore, and her daughter, Mrs. Mervin Barr, of Chicago, were visitors at the home of Mr. W. W. Crapster, part of last week.

PERSONALS.

Items of Interest About People You Know.

Mr. Harry Troxell has gone to California. Mr. John Anderson, of Baltimore, was in town this week. Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Annan were in Baltimore this week.

NEWSFROM FREDERICK

Abridged Items From The County Seat Or General Interest To The Local Public.

The fight before the Orphans' Court of Frederick County over the administration of the \$25,000 estate of Charles and Alice Bentz, who were found dead at their home in Frederick on February 2, which has been in progress for the last few weeks was concluded.

The Frederick County Telephone and Telegraph company, which recently purchased the Examiner Building in Annapolis, will remodel the building and install a new equipment.

An agreement has been affected between the Washington, Frederick and Gettysburg Railroad Company and Charles V. Sanner by which the railroad company secures the right of way through the land of Mr. Sanner at Yellow Springs.

At the annual meeting of the Frederick City Hospital Association Mrs. Margaret E. S. Hood, widow of James Higin Hood, was elected second honorary vice-president of the institution for life.

Mrs. Pearl Stambaugh, wife of Platin Stambaugh and granddaughter of ex-City Tax Collector Edward A. Gittinger, of Frederick, died at the home of her mother-in-law, Mrs. M. C. Fechtig, in York, Pa., from the effects of a severe cold several weeks ago.

Several attempts have been made to kill Harry Dean, of Middletown. A few nights ago three shots were fired at him by some one concealed in a railroad cut.

John Justice McSherry has gone to Johns Hopkins Hospital for treatment.

HAGERSTOWN EVENTS.

What Goes on From Day to Day.—The News of The Week.

The residence of Dr. J. T. Rothrock, former Commissioner of Forestry, at Mountsainde Sanitarium, on top of South Mountain, several miles east of Mont Alto Park, was destroyed by fire entailing a loss of about \$10,000.

The annual Farmers' Institute, which met in Hagerstown on Monday and Tuesday, was addressed by Mr. J. T. Campbell, on the subject of potato culture and poultry raising; and by Prof. R. L. Watts, of Johnstown, Pa., on moisture and profitable market gardening.

The jury in the case of Mrs. Mary L. Motter against David and Samuel Mehring, owners of a hotel in Taneytown, returned a verdict for Mrs. Motter placing her damages at one cent. Mrs. Motter sued for \$1,000. The case was removed to Washington county from the Carroll county court.

Daniel W. Reichard was appointed Collector of County and State Taxes for the ensuing year. The office pays \$3,800.

Several landslides interrupted traffic on the Cumberland extension of the Western Maryland railroad last Tuesday night. The worst slide was a few miles west of Hancock where over one hundred tons of rock and earth fell on the track.

GETTYSBURG NEWS

Gathered From The Local Papers And Condensed For Chronicle Readers.

By the will of the late Mary A. Hoffman, of Annapolis, Pa., Rev. Prof. Melancthon Hoover, of Theological Seminary, and family, were the recipients of a very substantial sum.

The annual contest of the Pennsylvania Intercollegiate Oratorical Union was held in this place last week. Five colleges were represented, Dickinson and Lehigh Universities failing to send orators.

The judges were: W. M. Hain, of Harrisburg; Rev. F. Plack, of Greensburg; and Rev. D. W. Woods, Jr., of Gettysburg. The Gettysburg College Mandolin and Guitar Club furnished the music.

The judges awarded the first prize of \$25 to J. M. Shimer, of Mühlenberg, and the second prize of \$15 to F. L. Windolph, of Franklin and Marshall, and honorable mention to S. E. Smith, of Gettysburg.

Clay Whitmoyer, a seminarian of the Middle Class died at his home in Millville, Pa., after several weeks illness from typhoid, fever aged about 27 years. He left here ill about three weeks ago and soon after his arrival home the trouble was diagnosed as typhoid fever. It was thought he would recover but in a relapse death came.

He was considered one of the brightest men in the Seminary, presenting unusual promise. He was a graduate of Susquehanna University. The funeral took place on Tuesday, representatives of his class-mates being present.

The engagement of Norman C. McPherson and Miss Margaret A. Cloud, both of Pittsburgh, was announced recently.

The stockholders of the Gettysburg Department Store have awarded the contract to Wm. H. Johns for the erection of a large warehouse on the site of the one destroyed by fire on February 28th, 1906. The building will be a two-story brick about 60x100 feet with a cement basement.

FOUR POINTS AND VICINITY.

News of Interest From Our Regular Correspondent.

Mrs. Thaddeus Maxwell, of Emmitsburg, visited the family of Mr. H. P. Maxwell of this place on Sunday last. Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Stansbury and Mrs. Samuel Fitez and daughter, Edna, visited the family of Mr. H. F. Baker, of near Bridgeport on Monday last.

Mrs. Jennie Gerking and son, Henry, are visiting the family of Mr. John Reddy of this place. Mrs. Samuel Fitez, of this place, visited Mrs. L. M. Fisher, of Motter's Station, on Tuesday last.

J. Thos. Gelwick

dealer in Hardware, Woodenware, Paints, Oils.



Shop Inspector Morgan of Ohio, says that Ohio is ahead of any other state in child labor legislation.

In 1906 there were 311 prosecutions for violating the law, and fines aggregating \$4,557.

"Aunt Betsy" Freeman, of Madison township, Pa., celebrated her 87th birthday last Friday. This woman lived through one century and parts of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. She was a great lover of the pipe and smoked incessantly.

A decision made by Attorney-General Bonaparte will prevent States from attracting immigrants by sending agents abroad. The decision upsets the opinion of the solicitor of the Department of Commerce and Labor, that States are exempt from the provisions of the alien contract labor law.

Heinrich von Boetticher, who was for many years minister of the interior under Prince Bismarck, died last week. He was usually entrusted with the task of defending the government in the Reichstag on behalf of the iron chancellor, who frequently attended the sessions.

A new theory in connection with the recent shortage in the Sub Treasury at Chicago has been advanced. It has been suggested that some banking institution, through an employee, appropriated the \$75,000 to tide them over some financial rocks and that now they are afraid to restore it.

On account of alleged bad treatment, poor accommodations, indifferent food, and the fact that his daughter was bitten by a rat—all this happening on one of the steamers of the Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlantique, Professor Wurts, of the Yale Law School, has sued the steamship company for \$90,000.

The South Dakota House has passed the Senate Divorce bill, requiring the residence of one year in the State and three months in the county, before beginning a divorce suit, with all hearings in open court. This law will check the divorce industry of the State, which has become distasteful to people of South Dakota.

Lumbermen in the Puget Sound region have complained to the Interstate Commerce Commission that they have

TOUCHING RESPONSE.

A Working Woman the First to Answer Mayor Weaver's Appeal in Behalf of Starvers in China and Russia.

A ten dollar bill, a sum of money that meant a big sacrifice to the donor, was the first contribution received by the Citizens' Permanent Relief Committee of Philadelphia, in the sum of \$300, from a working woman whose sympathy had been aroused after reading Mayor Weaver's appeal.

The woman's response to the appeal for aid was not only practical, but it showed that her heart was in her gift, and the charity of thought, as expressed in her letter which follows, was worth more than the generous gift itself.

In sending her liberal contribution this "Working Woman"—so she signed herself—said: "It has been stated that \$5 will keep a starving Russian alive until the next harvest. If this be true, then every one that can give the amount must feel that they are responsible for one death if they do not contribute. I pray this \$10 note will keep two persons alive until better provided for."

Even since they received this note those in charge of the fund have been hoping that it would be the means of bringing the needs of the sufferers in far off Russia and China to the attention of others who are better able to contribute to this worthy cause.

IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFFS.

Annan, Horner & Co. Get Judgment Against Martin E. Valentine.

In the case of Annan, Horner & Co. against Martin E. Valentine, of this place, which lasted several days in the Westminster court, the plaintiffs were given judgment in the sum of \$300. The defendant was surety for James G. Shriver of Ohio, on a note for \$1,000, dated July 2, 1904. After that date Shriver became indebted to Annan, Horner & Co. for other sums, and a farm owned by him was sold and the proceeds, after the payment of a mortgage, applied to the latter indebtedness by his direction. The defendants claimed that this balance should have been applied to the note of July 2, 1904. But the verdict was against this assumption.

THE THERMOMETRIC READINGS.

Taken every week day from THE CHRONICLE Standard Thermometer.

Table with 4 columns: Day, 8 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M. Rows for Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

LOCAL PAINTERS ENGAGED.

Messrs. James M. Kerrigan and James J. Kerrigan have received the contract for the inside decorative painting for the new Catholic Church now being erected in Brunswick. Both these gentlemen are now in that place. The reputation these painters have in this and other communities, established by the genuine merit of their work, was recognized by the people of Brunswick and the contract was given to them a short time ago.

AGAINST IT THEN; FOR IT NOW.

Those who read the newspapers and remember what they read will call to mind that the President, when his son was hurt in a game of football about a year ago, "volleyed and thundered" against rough sports. At Harvard the other day he did some equally strenuous volleying and thundering against what he termed the "molly-coddles" turned out by universities which prohibit such rough sports. However, shiftness is one of the President's long suits.—Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser.

VERITABLE HEROISM.

A TRUE STORY OF UNSELFISH, SPLENDID BRAVERY.

A Young Boy Twice Rescued From Death And Returned To His Mother.—Man Had Nothing To Say Of His Gallantry.

The New York Sun published the following news item last Tuesday: "While walking on the trestle of the Erie Railroad at Passaic, N. J., forty feet above the Passaic River, twelve-year-old Edward Berger missed his footing and fell between the ties, striking the steel frame work in his descent to the icy water."

"As the boy fell Chris Naumann with a friend, Peter Brueck, started across the trestle on their way from Hawthorne to Patterson. They saw the boy struggling in the river and Naumann ran to the nearest pier and clambered down the steel work. At the base of the pier, which is barely wide enough for a foothold, Naumann took off his overcoat and threw one end to the boy, who was clinging to a cake of ice."

"The boy caught the coat and Naumann hauled him to the pier. He was exhausted and unable to help himself, and Naumann, who is big and muscular, put the boy on his broad back and started up to the top of the trestle. He had first instructed Brueck to see if a train was coming. Naumann reached the top of the trestle and had started to walk across with the boy on his back when Brueck began waving his arms wildly. An express, which Brueck saw he would not be able to stop, was almost on the trestle when Naumann had lowered the helpless boy between the ties with one hand and was hanging himself to a tie with the other."

"The express roared above them, and following it as swiftly as his legs could carry him, came Brueck, who marvelled at his friend's escape. Brueck helped Naumann and the boy back on to the trestle. "The two men carried Berger to his home and left him with his mother, not stopping long enough to tell the story of the boy's double peril and Naumann's gallantry. The boy recovered enough to tell himself to-night."

SABILLASVILLE.

Narrow Escape At Cascade.—Work On Sanitarium to Begin.—Illustrated Lecture In U. B. Church.—Child Adopted.

Rev. Mr. Houck of Washington, D. C., gave an illustrated lecture in the U. B. Church, on the evening of the 8th; subject "A Trip to The Golden Gate." The church was well filled and every one seemed pleased with the evening's entertainment.

Mr. C. L. Wachler made a narrow escape from being run over by an engine at Cascade on Saturday evening. He was watching for an Eastbound train, when this engine came tearing along at a high rate of speed, from the opposite direction, and, as is so often the case, the engineer failed to whistle for the crossing.

Mrs. George Ridge, of Edgemont, spent Wednesday and Thursday in our town, visiting her sister Mrs. Alonza Willard.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Willard of this place, have legally adopted Helen, the one year old babe of Mr. Willard's brother William, whose wife died a year ago. Mrs. Willard has taken care of Helen ever since her birth.

Mrs. T. F. Eyer and Miss Temmie Wachter of this place, and Mrs. Fred. Ridenour, of Deerfield, spent a delightful day last Thursday at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Charles Reinwald, Emmitsburg.

Mr. Albert Low has decided to quit butchery. Mr. Low is the only butcher in this place.

The list of those confined to the house by illness does not decrease. Dr. J. E. Glenn and Mrs. Joseph Kittinger are the latest additions, both being ill at this writing.

Dr. James Watson, of near Altoona, Pa., visited his mother, Mrs. Robert Watson, of near this place.

Mr. Daniel Stoops, of New Oxford, is in Fairfield at this time.

The promises of higher wages and the call of the West are drawing many of the young people to the wider fields of the middle West. There seems to be nothing here at home to hold them.

The price of eggs has dropped to fifteen cents and butter to twenty-five.

On Wednesday morning between three and four o'clock there were several heavy peals of thunder and on Wednesday night at about eleven o'clock several flashes of lightning were seen to the North of town.

SALE REGISTER.

When the printing and advertising is done by this office, sale notices under this heading will be published free of charge until the date of sale. Under other conditions the rate will be as follows: Four insertions 50c; each additional insertion 10c; entire term \$1.00.

- March 16, at 1 p. m., Isaac S. Bowers, Administrator of the estate of Mrs. Mary Ann West of Emmitsburg, personal property.
March 19, at 11 a. m., Stewart W. Sites, on the premises, in Emmitsburg, Md., several Tom's Creek M. E. Church, and 1 1/2 miles south of the Emmitsburg and Keysville road houses, cattle, and farming implements.
March 21, 1 p. m., Lewis Topper, on road leading from McCleary's school house to Willoughby's Barn—about 1/2 mile from Gettysburg, Pa., Horses, Cattle and Farm Implements.
March 21, 1 p. m., Henry Stokes, at his residence in Emmitsburg, Household goods.
March 23, 10 a. m., Chas. W. Vossler, Executor, on the premises, in Emmitsburg, Md., Real Estate and Personal Property.
March 23, at 2 p. m., heirs of Nicholas Baker, on the premises, in Emmitsburg, Md., several pieces of Real Estate; also Brick Dwelling and Carriage Shop.



Money has wings, so people say, And all want money to come their way. To gain this end be truly wise, And IN THE CHRONICLE advertise.

SEMI-ANNUAL REDUCTION SALE. Of all Odds and Ends, and Broken Lots in all lines. MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES, about 150 pairs. WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, about 150 pairs. MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS AND HATS. GENTS' FURNISHINGS; Gloves, Stockings, Suspenders, Shirts, etc., etc. GENUINE BARGAINS IN ALL LINES. ECKERT'S STORE "ON THE SQUARE," GETTYSBURG, PA.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP, 10th, 11th—F & G Sts. WASHINGTON, D. C.

HOUSEFURNISHING DEPARTMENT. This splendid department includes, besides Housefurnishings of the most modern sorts and highest grades, the very best productions, both foreign and domestic, in Chinaware, Glassware, Lamps and accessories, Cut glass, Japanese Wares, Baskets, Pure Food Products, etc.

Five Shell Oyster Plate Special. We have received a lot of dainty decorated imported Oyster Plates, and call attention to the low price at which they are offered. 25 cents each.

Austrian China Dinner Set Special. We offer a lot of 100-piece White and Gold Dinner Sets, at the price usually asked for earthenware. \$15.00 per set.

Thin Cup And Saucer Special. We offer a lot of thin blue Japanese China Tea Cups and Saucers, in assorted patterns and in the popular ovoid shape, at a very special price. 15c. per cup and saucer.

New Rich Cut Glass. We show a splendid assortment of New Cut Glass, which is unusually brilliant and well cut. We call special attention to the following speciality values:

New Flower And Vegetable Seeds. We have just received and placed on sale our first shipment of seeds. These are absolutely fresh and new—this season's stock and of the same high quality we have always offered.

Imported Plates For Plate Racks. We offer a lot of 8 inch Historical Plates, in assorted subjects and two colors. We call attention to the specially low price, 3 for 50 cents. Regular price, 35 cents each.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. (In this column "UNCLE BILL" will answer all questions of a proper character submitted to THE CHRONICLE. Readers of this paper should not hesitate to patronize this column frequently as "UNCLE BILL" draws a big salary and loves to work.)

Uncle Bill: Is there any truth in the statement that the soul has weight? JAMIE.

Jamie: This is a new one. You refer to the news item appearing a few days ago, I suppose. Before I dilate on this important subject, gaze on this "mouse, one-half minute after death, depreciates in weight ten to twenty milligrams." But this only goes to prove that a mouse has a soul. Of course the soul has weight sometimes not enough, for instance when the ballance shows that it is wanting. The soul also has size. I know one man whose soul would rattle in flea's shell. Then there is Gladys, she is soulful or full of soul, so much so that it gushes overboard; not often but frequently. There are also whole souls and a soul hole. Skunks have no souls; that that should be soulful is awful.

Uncle Bill: What is a barnacle? JOHN.

John: A barnacle is a small bird of the genus Horno indigenous to all climates. In many cases this bird is hydrophobic, eschewing water as we all should evil, and only taking it when under stress of circumstances. This bird fixes himself securely behind him who is not afraid of bills and their payment, taking gracefully that which others provide, liquidates his throat while others do the bills. There are several varieties of barnacles some of which are well known in this and other communities. Say, John, did you ever hear a fellow sing with a barnacle on his chest?

Uncle Bill: What's a good way to keep rats and mice from the house? BESS.

Bess: Make a noise like a piece of cheese to attract them and then in their presence throw a cataleptic fit. They'll never come back.

FOR RENT. A very desirable Store-room 18x50 ft., suitable for any business. Moderate rent, immediate possession. Apply to D. W. GARNER, feb. 15-2mos. c. p. Taneytown, Md.

NEW MANAGEMENT. AFTER APRIL THE FIRST, THE EMMIT HOUSE. Well known to the people of this community and the travelling public generally, will be under the management of J. W. BREICHER, Prior to its reopening for the reception of guests the house will be thoroughly renovated and newly furnished throughout. mar. 15-15

ORDER NISI ON SALES. IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF FREDERICK COUNTY, MARYLAND. FEBRUARY TERM, 1907. In the Matter of the Sale of the Real Estate of Mary E. Zimmerman, dec'd. Filed this 12th day of March, 1907. ORDERED, by the Orphans' Court of Frederick County, this 12th day of March 1907, that the sale of the Real Estate of Mary E. Zimmerman, late of Frederick County, deceased, this day reported to this Court by his Executor be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 6th day of April, 1907, provided a copy of this Order be published in some newspaper published in Frederick County for three successive weeks prior to the 6th day of April, 1907. The Executors' Report states the Amount of Sales to be Seven Hundred Dollars [\$700.00]. RUSSELL E. LIGHTER, JACOB M. BIRELY, WM. H. PEABRE, Judges of the Orphans' Court. True Copy Test: WM. B. CUTSHALL, Register of Wills for Frederick County. John T. Hospelhorn, Executor. mar. 15-4ts.

SIDNEY WEST Shirt-Maker, Men's Wear, Hatter. Colorado Building, 14th & G Streets, WASHINGTON, D. C. Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention. SPECIAL NOTICE. The person who borrowed my Otter's History of Emmitsburg several years ago will kindly leave the same at the office of the EMMITTSBURG CHRONICLE. LEWIS RHODES.

**DEAD PROPHET**

(Continued from page 1.)

tunes to become Dowieites; men of the highest order of intelligence.

With an insatiable lust for power, Dowie was encouraged by his success to plan a little kingdom of his own. He conceived the idea of Zion City and in his manner of putting the plan into execution proved beyond all cavil his business shrewdness and his executive ability.

This city lying between Chicago and Milwaukee, on a tract of 6400 acres is a monument to the fallen prophet. Millions upon millions were spent in factories, dwellings, stores, a bank and buildings of all kinds, and among others the enormous and expensive tabernacle seating 7000 people. Lots were leased at Dowie's own figure and city prices prevailed for real estate, the income from which filled Dowie's coffers.

He planned a Theocratic political party, which was to rule the country, and it did become a considerable factor in the affairs of Cook County, Dowie was courted by the party bosses, and he was the biggest boss of them all. Any man who did not vote as he commanded was ex-communicated from Zion.

The beginning of the end came in October, 1903, when Dowie invaded New York after loudly trumpeting his purpose to regenerate that stronghold of sin.

This enterprise proved to be the undoing of the prophet. So long as he remained aloof from the outside world, an adored ruler in Zion, his power continued undisturbed. But when he undertook his pilgrimage to New York he showed himself at his worst in chicanery and blackguardism and was finally laughed out of the metropolis, his wand of power broken.

After this the "prophets" power steadily waned. He lost control of his followers, he was declared a bankrupt and was finally deposed. Had he died in the zenith of his power he would have been immortalized by thousands, as it is he died beloved by scarce a handful, condemned by thousands.

Mrs. Russell Sage has set aside \$10,000,000 for the improvement of social and living conditions in this country. An organization to be known as the Sage Foundation will have charge of the income accruing from this sum. Seven incorporators are named.

The War Department has decided to establish a great rifle range for cavalry, infantry and field artillery near Washington. Several sites are under consideration, the chief of which is near Knoxville, Frederick county.

**U. S. TRANSFER COMPANY.**  
MOTOR POWER  
REPLACES THE HORSE.

\$35 TO \$85. 300 HEAD OF HORSES AND 100 HEAD OF YOUNG BLOCKY-BUILT MULES, 6 to 8 years old, weighing 900 to 1,400 pounds, to be positively sold, on account of our new motor-wagon system. Will be sold at the rate of 50 head a week. All good, serviceable stock, right out of hard work. Also, 30 HEAD OF BIG, YOUNG, FAT MARES, pavement sore; will come sound in the country. See SUPERINTENDENT at COMPANY'S STABLES, 533, 535, 537 and 539 WEST PRATT STREET, corner Greene, BALTIMORE, MD. feb 15-3mos. c. p.

**MULES. MULES. MULES.**  
U. S. TRANSFER COMPANY.  
100 HEAD YOUNG MULES, \$75 TO \$150 A PAIR. See Superintendent at Company's Stables, 535-537-539 W. Pratt st., cor. Greene, Baltimore, Md. feb 15-3mos. c. p.

**SPECIAL NOTICE**

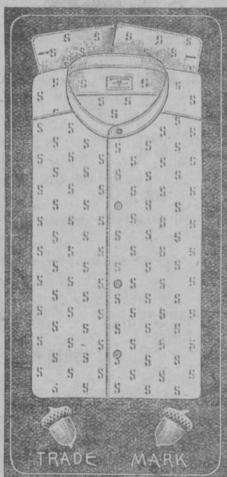
Having made enough money and being in ill health I will sell at PRIVATE SALE my Hardware, Paint and Oil Store in EMMITSBURG, MD.

I am agent for The Pittsburg Perfect Fence, Dr. Hess Stock Food and Poultry Panacea, Briscoe and O-Rib-O-Goods, Our Husbands' Mfg Co's Goods, J. W. Masury & Sons' Paints, F. W. Devoe & Co's Paints, and for the Capewell Horse Shoe Nails.

J. THOS. GELWICKS.  
Mch. 8-14.

**G. W. Weaver & Son. G. W. Weaver & Son.**  
**The Leaders.**  
GETTYSBURG, PA. EMMITSBURG, MD.

**The Negligee Shirts**



\$1.00.

Order through Branch Store. No shirt stock kept there.

march 15-3t



**FOR TENDER FEET**

The comfort of a woman's shoe depends largely on the flexibility of its sole. While all Dolly Madison Shoes are unusually flexible, yet one style is especially designed for tender feet. It is called the Dolly Madison Hand-Turn Shoe, with Feather Edge.

To those seeking absolute ease and comfort in their shoes we especially recommend this style \$3.00 and \$3.50 For Sale by Representative Dealers

SOLD BY M. FRANK ROWE.

**Sporting Goods.**

**Kodaks and Supplies.**

Souvenir Post Cards of Emmitsburg, Easter Post Cards, Cigars, Pipes and Tobacco. Knives, Razors, Hardware, Guns, Rifles, Revolvers and Ammunition. Confectionery, Groceries and notions.

**C. J. SHUFF & CO.**

Northeast Corner Public Square, Emmitsburg, Md.

**EASTER HAT AND BONNET DISPLAY**

Seventy-five Trimmed Hats For Ladies. Twenty-five Hats for Misses and Children. Fifty Ready-to-wear Hats.

Everything offered is new and the styles are those which fashion has approved.

You are invited to call and inspect this especially attractive showing of the Season's productions.

**HELEN K. HOKE,**  
Emmitsburg, Md.

Mch. 8-14.

**Mount St. Mary's College and Ecclesiastical Seminary.**

Conducted by secular clergymen, aided by lay professors.

- The ninety-ninth scholastic year begins September 14, 1906.
- Classical, Scientific and Commercial Courses. New Laboratory for the practical teaching of Physics and Chemistry.
- The latest modern improvements. Beautiful grounds. New athletic field. Fine gymnasium and swimming pool.
- Separate department for young boys.

Address, VERY REV. D. J. FLYNN, LL. D., Emmitsburg, Maryland.

**We've Turned The Corner.**

It's Spring in the store, no matter what the weather is outside. Fabrics for the Spring have again filled up our store, and the demand will turn to the light weights.

It's a splendid time to order. Not a dent in the stock yet. And you have the choice or the refusal of the most worthy collection of fabrics that you will find anywhere.

**LIPPY**  
The Tailor

Gettysburg, Pa.

Mch. 8-14.

Having sold all our old stock at the January Clearance Sale I am now prepared to show an entire new line of goods.

**New Spring Dress Goods After March 10th.**

I have already received a fine assortment of

**Men's Fine Shirts and Neckwear.**

A large variety of

**Easter Novelties and Post Cards.**

All the leading brands of

**CIGARS**

10 Different Varieties of 5 Cent Cigars.

**JOSEPH E. HOKE.**

MARCH 16, 1907, WILL BE

**DEMONSTRATION DAY AT OUR STORE**

We have just received a large assortment of IN-ER-SEAL TRADE MARK PACKAGE GOODS from the

**NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY**

who will send a demonstrator to our store on that day, to demonstrate the cleanliness, goodness, crispness and superior quality of these goods, and you will have an opportunity to sample the newest and most attractive varieties of delicious biscuit.

You and your friends are cordially invited.

**JOSEPH E. HOKE.**

**ROWE'S LIVERY**

TEAMS AT ANY TIME AND FOR ANY OCCASION.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL MEN.

ALWAYS PROMPT AND SATISFACTORY SERVICE

**HOWARD M. ROWE,**

EMMITSBURG, MD.

C. & P. PHONE.

jan 26-1y



**STEINWAY PIANOS**

ALL AZURETITE, TIMONITE, ELANGE, STRANSKY AND EMERALD ENAMELED WARE REDUCED 5 PER CENT. DURING MONTH OF MARCH.

J. M. ADELSBERGER & SON.

July 13-1y

**MOUNTAIN VIEW CEMETERY.**

Whole Lot 16x16 feet, \$20.  
Half Lot, 16x8 feet, 11.  
Single Graves, 5.

All Lots or Graves must be fully paid for prior to an interment.

Apply to J. HENRY STOKES.

sept 2-1y

**COAL.**

This weather is enough to make you think of filling up your coal bins.

**I HAVE IT**

In all sizes and for all purposes.

Put in your order now

**E. L. FRIZELL,**

Successor to J. STEWART ANNAN.

sept. 7, '06.

**ANNAN, HORNER & CO., BANKERS.**

Open Accounts, Large and Small, Solicited.

Interest Paid On Savings Accounts and Time Deposits.

**EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND.**

July 13-1f

**PATENTS**

**GASNOW & CO.**

OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

VINCENT SEBOLD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

THE CHRONICLE represents the community in which you are interested. Every out of town subscription advertises your community.

**HOKE & RIDER**

MAKERS OF MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES

MARBLE AND CEMETERY WORK OF ALL KINDS.

Estimates Furnished on Short Notice Free of Charge.

**ALL WORK GUARANTEED.**  
C. & P. PHONE.

**The Improved Frictionless 'Empire.'**

You keep cows, you keep them for the results to be obtained, for the dollars you can make out of them.

We make and sell Cream Separators for the same reason—dollars. You can buy a Cream Separator for less money, but you cannot buy any other Cream Separator as good as the Empire for any price.

Did you take the wrong road? Why not take the back track? We all make mistakes occasionally; the harm is in not correcting them. If you have a low-down machine, or \$19.00 stuff, why not set it aside and

**BUY AN EMPIRE?**

If you have any of the standard Cream Separators that have served their usefulness, and have vibration from old age we will take them in part pay for an Empire.

For anything in the Dairy line, no matter what, Address,

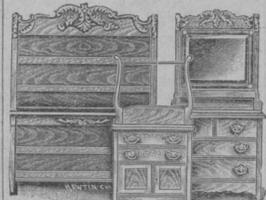
**D. W. GARNER, TANEYTOWN, MD.**

SOLID SILVER

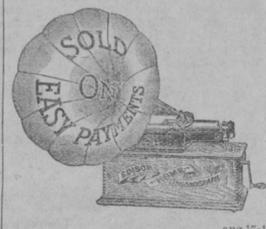
American Lever Watches,

WARRANTED TWO YEARS, ONLY \$6.

G. T. EYSTER

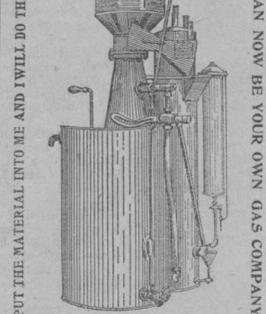


**E. E. Zimmermann**



**SUNLIGHT AUTOMATIC FORCE FEED GAS MACHINE**

YOU CAN NOW BE YOUR OWN GAS COMPANY



No Limit to Size.

LIGHT FOR ALL.

It Has Come To Stay. It Has No Equal.

SAFE, ECONOMICAL, BRILLIANT, HEALTHY.

Having made important improvements in our Gas Machine by the application of Force Feed and combining generator and gascometer in one, and simplifying many points of construction and requiring small space to install, obviating all danger of excessive discharge of carbide into generator, making gas in excess of consumption. We now claim to have perfect Gas Machine, furnishing the most brilliant light ever produced, and are prepared to furnish the Improved Machine, guaranteed to be the most simple and efficient working Gas Machine on the market. We guarantee all machines as represented and put in on approval. All material of the best, put up in neat and substantial manner. All inquiries for prices or information in regard to installing machine will have prompt attention. Descriptive circulars on application. Rights for sale. Fully protected by patents.

Manufactured by J. T. HAYS & SON, Patentees, EMMITSBURG, MD.

may 6

Your neighbor may not be a subscriber to THE CHRONICLE. Mention the matter to him.

**ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES.**

Established 1809. Incorporated 1816. About sixty miles from Baltimore, at the base of the Blue Ridge Mountains. Healthful location, large and shady lawns, modern equipment throughout. Students may enter either the CLASSICAL or English Course; graduation is attainable in either. Music, Painting and Domestic Economy are branches of special interest in their respective departments. Address, SUPERVISOR, St. Joseph's Academy, Emmitsburg Md.

**BUSINESS LOCAL.**

HAVE your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by George T. Eyster who warrants the same and has always on hand a large stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware.

**DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.**

**Circuit Court.**  
Chief Judge—Hon. James McSherry.  
Associate Judges—Hon. Motter and Hon. James B. Henderson.  
State's Attorney—Arthur D. Willard.  
Clerk of the Court—Dr. Samuel T. Haffner.

**Orphan's Court.**  
Judges—Russell E. Lighter, Jacob M. Brady, William H. Pearson, Milton Kefauver, W. H. Hogarth, David G. Zeutz.  
Sheriff—John H. Martz.  
County Treasurer—George W. Crum.  
Surveyor—Ruth A. Rager.  
School Commissioners—Oscar B. Coblenz, Secretary, Treasurer and Superintendent, S. N. Young, Assistant; Rev. Isaac M. Motter, President; Col. L. Thimmat, Clerk; Dr. H. Boster, Gross, J. Henry Stokes, Chas. W. Wright, William R. Young.  
Health Officer—Dr. T. E. R. Miller.

**Emmitsburg District.**  
Notary Public—W. H. Troxell.  
Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Millard F. Shuff, J. M. Elder.  
Constable—W. H. Ashbaugh.  
School Trustees—M. F. Shuff, Oscar D. Fratley.

**Town Officers.**  
Burgess—M. F. Shuff; Commissioners, J. T. Long, O. D. Fratley, E. E. Zimmerman, John Dukshart, James Miller, J. Thos. Gelwick, Borough Constable—Wm. Daywalt.

**CHURCHES.**  
**Ev. Lutheran Church.**  
Pastor—Rev. Charles Kelmwald. Service every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Wednesday lectures at 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.

**Reformed Church of the Incarnation.**  
Pastor—Rev. A. M. Gluck. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and every Sunday at 7 p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Midweek service at 7 p. m. Catechetical class on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

**Presbyterian Church.**  
Pastor—Rev. Kenneth M. Craig. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Wednesday evening Lecture and Prayer Meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m.

**St. Joseph's Catholic Church.**  
Pastor—Rev. J. O. Hayden, C. M. First Mass, 7 a. m., second Mass, 10:00 a. m., Vespers, 7 p. m.

**Methodist Episcopal Church.**  
Pastor—Rev. F. R. Bayley. Services every Sunday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League Devotional Service, 6:30 p. m. Sunday School at 1:30 p. m.

**SOCIETIES.**  
**Emerald Beneficial Association.**  
Officers: President, Edwin Chrimer, Vice-President, J. Edward Baker, Treasurer, J. F. Burket, Secretary, Chas. O. Rosensteel. Branch meets the fourth Sunday of each month in C. O. Rosensteel's house, East Main Street.

**Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent Association.**  
Rev. Geo. H. Traggner, Chaplain; president, A. V. Kesper; vice president, Geo. Ashboft; treasurer, John H. Rosensteel; secretary, Chas. E. Eckenrode.

**Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R.**  
Commander, James B. Black; Senior Vice-Commander, George T. Eyster; Jr. Vice-Commander, John H. Menizer; Adjutant, Samuel Gamble; Chaplain, Samuel McVair.

**Vigilant Hose Company.**  
Meets the first Friday evening of each month at Firemen's Hall. President, Chas. R. Hoke; Vice-President, A. A. Horner; Secretary, C. B. Ashbaugh; Treasurer, J. H. Stokes.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Frederick county, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

MARY C. NUSSEAR,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of October, 1907; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 1st day of March, 1907.

CHARLES W. NUSSEAR, Executor.

Eugene L. Rowe, Atty. mar. 1-5t.

**EMMITSBURG R. R.**

TIME TABLE

On and after November 1, 1906, trains on this road will run as follows:

**TRAINS SOUTH**

Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 8:00 and 9:40 a. m., and 2:50 and 4:40 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 8:30 and 10:10 a. m., and 3:20 and 5:10 p. m.

**TRAINS NORTH**

Leave Rocky Ridge, daily, except Sundays, at 8:40 and 10:20 a. m., and 3:30 and 7:05 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 9:10 and 10:50 a. m., and 4:00 and 7:35 p. m.

VINCENT SEBOLD, Gen. Manager.

—CALL ON—

**GEO. T. EYSTER.**

See his splendid stock of

**GOLD & SILVER**

**Key & Stem-Winding**

**WATCHES.**