

# Emmitsburg Chronicle.

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## DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

### Party Declarations on Tariff, Reciprocity, Civil Service, Army, Pensions, Etc. No Money Plank.

The Democratic National Convention in session at St. Louis on Thursday night of last week, adopted the following platform:

"The Democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, declares its devotion to the essential principles of the Democratic faith which bring us together in party communion.

"Under their local self-government and national unity and prosperity were alike established. They underlaid our independence, the structure of our free republic, and every Democratic extension from Louisiana to California and Texas to Oregon, which preserved faithfully in all the States the tie between taxation and representation. They yet inspire the masses of our people, guarding jealously their rights and liberties and cherishing their fraternity, peace and orderly development. They remind us of our duties and responsibilities as citizens and impress upon us, particularly at this time, the necessity of reform and the rescue of the administration of government from the headstrong, arbitrary and spasmodic methods which distract business by uncertainty and pervade the public mind with dread, distrust and perturbation.

#### Fundamental Principles

"The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day is the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, of conscience and of speech; equality before the law of all citizens; right of trial by jury; freedom of the person defended by the writ of habeas corpus; liberty of personal contract untrammelled by sumptuary laws; supremacy of the civil over military authority; a well disciplined militia; the separation of church and state; economy in expenditures; low taxes, that labor may be lightly burdened; prompt and sacred fulfillment of public and private obligations; fidelity to treaties; peace and friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none; absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, the vital principle of republics—these are doctrines which democracy has established, approved by the nation and they should be constantly invoked and enforced.

#### Capital and Labor

"We favor the enactment and administration of laws giving labor and capital impartially their just rights. Capital and labor ought not to be enemies. Each is necessary to the other. Each has its rights, but the rights of labor are certainly no less 'vested,' no less 'sacred' and no less 'inalienable' than the rights of capital.

#### Constitutional Guarantees

"Constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right to labor, acquire and enjoy property or reside where interests or inclination may determine. Any denial thereof by individuals, organizations or governments should be summarily rebuked and punished.

"We deny the right of any executive to disregard or suspend any Constitutional privilege or limitation. Obedience to the laws and respect for their requirements are alike the supreme duty of the citizen and the official.

"The military should be used to support and maintain law. We unqualifiedly condemn its employment for the summary banishment of citizens without trial or for the control of elections.

"We approve the measure which passed the United States Senate in 1896, but which a Republican Congress has ever since refused to enact, relating to contempt in Federal courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt.

#### Nation's Waterways

"We favor liberal appropriations for the care and improvement of the waterways of the country. When any waterway like the Mississippi

river is of sufficient importance to demand special aid of the Government such aid should be extended with a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

"We oppose the Republican policy of starving home development in order to feed the greed for conquest and the appetite for national 'prestige' and display of strength.

#### Economy of Administration

"Large reductions can easily be made in the annual expenditures of the Government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service, and we shall insist upon the strictest economy and frugality compatible with vigorous and efficient civil, military and naval administration as a right of the people too clear to be denied or withheld.

"We favor honesty in the public service, the enforcement of honesty in the public service, and to that end a thorough legislative investigation of those executive departments of the Government already known to teem with corruption, as well as other departments suspected of harboring corruption, and the punishment of ascertained corruptionists without fear or favor or regard to person. The persistent and deliberate refusal of both the Senate and House of Representatives to permit such investigation to be made demonstrates that only by a change in executive and legislative departments can complete exposure, punishment and correction be obtained.

#### Contracts With Trusts

"We condemn the action of the Republican party in Congress in refusing to prohibit an executive department from entering into contracts with convicted trusts or unlawful combinations in restraint of interstate trade. We believe that one of the best methods of procuring economy and honesty in the public service is to have public officials, from an occupant of the White House down to the lowest of them, returned as nearly as may be to Jeffersonian simplicity of living.

#### Executive Usurpation

"We favor the nomination and election of a President imbued with the principles of the Constitution, who will set his face sternly against executive usurpation of legislative and judicial functions, whether that usurpation be veiled under the guise of executive construction of existing laws or whether it take refuge in the tyrant's pleas of necessity or superior wisdom.

#### Imperialism

"We favor the preservation, so far as we can, of an open door for the world's commerce in the Orient, without an unnecessary entanglement in the Oriental and European affairs and without arbitrary, unlimited, irresponsible and absolute government anywhere within our jurisdiction. We oppose, as fervently as did George Washington himself, an indefinite, irresponsible, discretionary and vague absolutism and a policy of colonial exploitation, no matter where or by whom invoked or exercised; we believe with Thomas Jefferson and John Adams that no government has a right to make one set of laws for those at home and another and a different set of laws, absolute in their character, for those 'in the colonies.' All men under the American flag are entitled to the protection of the institutions whose emblem the flag is. If they are inherently unfit for those institutions, then they are inherently unfit to be members of the American body politic. Wherever there may exist a people incapable of being governed under American laws, in consonance with the American Constitution, that people ought not to be part of the American domain.

#### Filipinos and Cubans

"We insist that we ought to do for the Filipinos what we have done for the Cubans, and it is our duty to make that promise now and upon suitable guarantees of protection to citizens of our own and other coun-

tries resident there at the time of our withdrawal, set the Filipino people upon their feet, free and independent to work out their own destiny.

"The endeavor of the Secretary of War, by pledging the Government's endorsement for 'promoters' in the Philippine Islands to make the United States a partner in speculative legislation of the archipelago, which was only temporarily held up by the opposition of the Democratic Senators in the last session, will, if successful, lead to entanglements from which it will be difficult to escape.

#### Tariff Legislation

"The Democratic party has been, and will continue to be, the consistent opponent of that class of tariff legislation by which certain interests have been permitted through Congressional favor to draw a heavy tribute from the American people. This monstrous perversion of those equal opportunities which our political institutions were established to secure has caused what may once have been infant industries to become the greatest combinations of capital that the world has ever known. These especial favorites of the Government have through trust methods been converted into monopolies, thus bringing to an end domestic competition, which was the only alleged check upon the extravagant profits made possible by the protective system. These industrial combinations, by the financial assistance they can give, now control the policy of the Republican party.

#### Protection as Robbers

"We denounce protection as robbery of the many to enrich the few, and we favor a tariff limited to the needs of the Government, economically administered, and so levied as not to discriminate against any industry, class or section, to the end that the burdens of taxation shall be distributed as equally as possible.

"We favor a revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses and for the common weal, and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and its discriminations, keeping in view the ultimate ends of 'equality of burdens and equality of opportunities,' and the constitutional purpose of raising a revenue by taxation, to wit, the support of the Federal Government in all its integrity and virility, but in simplicity.

#### Unlawful Combinations

"We recognize that the gigantic trusts and combinations designed to enable capital to secure more than its just share of the joint products of capital and labor, and which has been fostered and promoted under Republican rule, are a menace to beneficial competition and an obstacle to permanent business prosperity: A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable.

"Individual equality of opportunity and free competition are essential to a healthy and permanent commercial prosperity. Any trust, combination or monopoly tending to destroy these by controlling production, restricting competition or fixing prices should be prohibited and punished by law. We especially denounce rebates and discrimination by transportation companies as the most potent agency in promoting and strengthening these unlawful conspiracies against trade.

#### Interstate Commerce

"We demand an enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission to the end that the traveling public and shippers of the country may have prompt and adequate relief from the abuses to which they are subjected in the matter of transportation. We demand a strict enforcement of existing civil and criminal statutes against all such trusts, combinations and monopolies, and we demand the enactment of such further legislation as may be necessary to effectually suppress them.

"Any trust or unlawful combination engaged in interstate commerce which is monopolizing any branch of business or production should not be permitted to transact business

outside of the State of its origin. Whenever it shall be established in any court of competent jurisdiction that such monopolization exists such prohibition should be enforced through comprehensive laws to be enacted on the subject.

#### Reclamation of Arid Lands

"We congratulate our Western citizens upon the passing of the law known as the Newlands Irrigation act for the irrigation and reclamation of the arid lands of the West; a measure framed by a Democrat, passed in the Senate by a non-partisan vote and passed in the House against the opposition of almost all the Republican leaders by a vote the majority of which was Democratic.

"We call attention to this great Democratic measure, broad and comprehensive as it is, working automatically throughout all time without further action of Congress until the reclamation is accomplished, reserving the lands reclaimed for home-seekers in small tracts, and rigidly guarding against land monopoly as an evidence of the policy of domestic development contemplated by the Democratic party should it be placed in power.

#### Isthmian Canal

"The Democracy, when intrusted with power, will construct the Panama canal speedily, honestly and economically, thereby giving to our people what Democrats have always contended for—a great inter-oceanic canal, furnishing shorter and cheaper lines of transportation and broader and less trammelled trade relations with the other peoples of the world.

#### American Citizenship

"We pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and lawful protection of our citizens at home and abroad, and to use all proper measures to secure for them, whether native born or naturalized, and without distinction of race or creed, the equal protection of laws and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under the covenants of our treaties of friendship and commerce; and if under existing treaties the right of travel and sojourn is denied to American citizens or recognition is withheld from American passports by any countries on the ground of race or creed, we favor the beginning of negotiations with the governments of such countries to secure by treaties the removal of these unjust discriminations.

"We demand that all over the world a duly authenticated passport issued by the Government of the United States to an American citizen shall be proof of the fact that he is an American citizen and shall entitle him to the treatment due him as such.

#### Election of Senators

"We favor the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people.

#### Statehood For Territories

"We favor the admission of the Territories of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory. We also favor the immediate admission of Arizona and New Mexico as separate States, and a territorial government for Alaska and Porto Rico.

"We hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any Territory, as well as the District of Alaska, should be bona fide residents at the time of their appointment of the Territory or District in which their duties are to be performed.

#### Condemnation of Polygamy

"We demand the extermination of polygamy within the jurisdiction of the United States and the complete separation of church and state in political affairs.

#### Merchant Marine

"We denounce the Ship Subsidy bill recently passed by the United States Senate as an iniquitous appropriation of public funds for private purposes, and a wasteful, illogical and useless attempt to overcome by subsidy the obstructions raised by Republican legislation to the growth and development of American commerce on the sea. We favor the upbuilding of a merchant marine without new or additional

burdens upon the people and without bounties from the public treasury.

#### Reciprocity

"We favor liberal trade arrangements with Canada and with people of other countries where they can be entered into with benefit to American agriculture, manufacturers, mining or commerce.

#### Monroe Doctrine

"We favor the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine in its full integrity.

#### Army and Pensions

"We favor the reduction of the army and of army expenditure to the point historically demonstrated to be safe and sufficient.

"The Democracy would secure to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents generous pensions, not by an arbitrary executive order, but by legislation which a grateful people stand ready to enact. Our soldiers and sailors who defend with their lives the Constitution and the laws have a sacred interest in their just administration. They must, therefore, share with us the humiliation with which we have witnessed the exaltation of court favorites without distinguished service and the scarred heroes of many battles, aggrandized by executive appropriation out of the treasuries of a prostrate people, in violation of the act of Congress which fixes the compensation of allowances of the military officers.

#### Civil Service

"The Democratic party stands committed to the principles of civil service reform, and we demand their honest, just and impartial enforcement.

"We denounce the Republican party for its continuous and sinister encroachments upon the spirit and operation of civil service rules, whereby it has arbitrarily dispensed with examinations for office in the interest of favorites and employed all manner of devices to overreach and set aside the principles upon which the civil service was established.

#### The Race Question

"The race question has brought countless woes to this country. The calm wisdom of the American people should see to it that it brings no more.

"To revive the dead and hateful race and sectional animosities in any part of our common country means confusion, distraction of business and the reopening of wounds now happily healed. North, South, East and West have but recently stood together in line of battle from the walls of Peking to the hills of Santiago, and as sharers of a common glory and a common destiny we should share fraternally the common burdens.

"We therefore deprecate and condemn the bourbon-like, selfish and narrow spirit of the recent Republican convention at Chicago, which sought to kindle anew the embers of racial and sectional strife, and we appeal from it to the sober common

sense and patriotic spirit of the American people.

#### Republican Administration

"The existing Republican administration has been spasmodic, erratic, sensational, spectacular and arbitrary. It has made itself a satire upon the Congress, the courts and upon the settled practices and usages of national and international law.

"It summoned the Congress into hasty and futile extra session and virtually adjourned it, leaving behind in its flight from Washington uncalculated and unaccomplished tasks.

"It made war, which is the sole power of Congress, without its authority, thereby usurping one of its fundamental prerogatives. It violated a plain statute of the United States as well as plain treaty obligations, international usages and constitutional law, and has done so under pretense of executing a great public policy which could have been more easily effected lawfully, constitutionally and with honor.

"It forced strained and unnatural constructions upon statutes, usurping judicial interpretation and substituting for Congressional enactment decrees.

"It withdrew from Congress its customary duties of investigation which have heretofore made the representatives of the people and the States the terror of evil-doers.

"It conducted a secretive investigation of its own and boasted of a few sample convicts, while it threw a broad coverlet over the bureaus which had been their chosen field of operations.

"Operative abuses, and kept in power the superior officers under whose administration the crimes had been committed.

"It ordered assault upon some monopolies, but paralyzed by its first victory, it flung out the flag of truce and cried out that it would not 'run amuck,' leaving its future purposes beclouded by its vacillations.

#### Appeal To The Country

"In conducting the campaign upon this declaration of our principles and purposes we invoke for our candidates the support, not only of our great and time-honored organization, but also the active assistance of all our fellow-citizens who, disregarding past differences upon questions no longer in issue, desire the perpetuation of our constitutional Government as framed and established by the fathers of the Republic."

#### Piles Upon Top of Piles

Piles upon top of piles of people have the Piles, and DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures them. There are many different kinds of Piles, but if you get the genuine and original Witch Hazel Salve made by E. C. DeWitt & Co., of Chicago, a cure is certain. H. A. Tisvale, of Sumner, S. C., says, "I had piles 20 years and DeWitt's Salve cured me after everything else failed." Sold by T. E. Zimmerman, Druggist.

## COUNTRY LIFE.

It is not yet 50 years since the people of our country villages lived by farming, the men making their own sleds, shingles, scythes, brooms, ax handles, ox bows, bread troughs and mortars; the women carding, spinning, braiding, binding and dyeing. They sat around great fireplaces with hanging crane, fire dogs and a spit turned by hand or by clockwork; they made their own tallow candles and used, even on festive occasions, wooden blocks or raw potatoes for candlesticks; they ate from pewter kept bright by the wild scouring brush; they doctored their own diseases by a hundred and one different wild herbs, all gathered near home, and all put up in bags for the winter or hung in rows of dried bunches. Soap was made at home; so were the apple butter, cheese, pearlash, birch vinegar, cider, beer, baskets. Each farm was a factory of odds and ends—a village store in itself, a laboratory of applied mechanics.

Now all that period of sturdy individualism is as utterly passed as is the government of the pharaohs. The railroads have killed it all. Every process on the farm has been revolutionized by science or mechanical invention; every article can now be bought more cheaply than it can be made at home. The very mending of clothes now hardly marks the good housewife; you are told that it is cheaper for the elder daughter to go to work in the factory and buy with her wages new suits of ready made for the boys. It is all gone. The old life now lives only in tender memories.

Estates of 1,000 acres and more, owned by nonresidents, are rapidly multiplying along the coasts of the seas and gulf, the shores of the lakes and rivers, in the mountains and villages. Is there reason to believe that the alteration that has taken place within fifty years is any greater than the next fifty years will show? The property thus taken is not wrested away from the poor, for if it were offered as a gift in small holdings it would not commonly be taken. It is precisely the poor who cannot afford to hold it under existing conditions; it is only available as a toy for the rich man or as a plaything for his children.—*Milwaukee Journal*.

#### A Dream of Bliss

"So you are looking forward to a good time this summer?"  
"Yes, sir," answered Mr. Cumrox.  
"Going out of town?"  
"No. I'm going to send mother and the girls out of town. Then I'm going to sit in my shirt sleeves, smoke my pipe in the parlor and hire a street piano to play all the ragtime I want."—*Washington Star*.

#### CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*

## What Becomes of It

If a man eats two pounds daily, near two pounds daily must in some way pass from his body, or disease and a premature death is a speedy and inevitable result. The food that is eaten must contain the elements necessary to supply nutriment to the system and free from all substances that bind the bowels.

## DR. PRICE'S WHEAT FLAKE CELERY FOOD

if eaten daily there will be a daily action of the bowels; waste removed, nutriment retained. It's Nature's food for man. Served hot or cold.

Palatable—Nutritious—Easy of Digestion and Ready to Eat

My signature on every package.

*Dr. J. C. Price*

Dr. Price, the creator of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and Delicious Flavoring Extracts.

A cook book containing 76 excellent receipts for using the food mailed free to any address.

FOR SALE BY LEADING GROCERS.

Prepared by PRICE CEREAL FOOD COMPANY, Chicago, Illinois.

For Sale by Joseph E. Hoke.



NOTICE.—All arrangements of concerts, festivals, picnics, tea and cake parties, and similar entertainments, not up to make money, whether for churches, associations, or individuals, must be paid for at the rate of five cents for each line.

Entered a Second-Class Matter at the Emmitsburg Postoffice.

FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1904.

FREDERICK COUNTY PHONE 33

The Annual Presbyterian reunion was held at Pen-Mar yesterday, and was largely attended.

A wing costing \$5,000 will be built to the Washington County Orphans' Home in Hagerstown.

For fine Wines and Distill House Liquors try Harry C. Harner's brands, E. Main Street, Emmitsburg, July 1-6m

Tremendous damage has been done to the corn, hay and wheat crops in Montgomery county by storms.

Hiram Williamson, of Cecil county, while playing ball at Cherry Hill, was struck on the head by a ball and fatally injured.

The Fountainebleau Cornet Band will hold a festival on the Public School Grounds at Fountainebleau, on the evening of July 23, 1904.

Mr. Wesley Kexal, of Manchester, Carroll county, was frightfully burned by an explosion of oil which he was using to clean rust out of pipes.

John K. Messersmith, the well known cotton broker, was released from the Maryland Penitentiary, having been pardoned by Governor Warfield.

In Baltimore a colored lady was fined one hundred dollars and costs for striking her husband with a bottle. A pretty good price for a little "fun."

John M. Thomas, who was hurt by a fall of coal at Carlos mines, died at his home in Frostburg Tuesday, aged 59 years. He leaves a widow and nine children.

With his faithful dog—his only companion in life—keeping guard over his dead body, Henry Rieber, an aged veteran of the civil war, was found lifeless near his home near York Haven recently.

The Town Commissioners have replaced the old lamp posts at the fountain on the Public Square, with new ones of a rustic style. Quite an improvement.

Snored Herself to Death. Mary L. Gibe, 14 years old, of Findley, Ohio, snored herself to death recently. "Let's see which can snore loudest," said her sister. Thus amusing themselves they fell asleep. The sister awoke to find Mary dead. Physicians say death was due to swelling of the glottis.

Horse Killed by Lightning. A horse driven by Ira Blentlinger was struck and killed by lightning near New London, this county, Monday afternoon. Mr. Blentlinger and his wife, who was with him in the buggy, were slightly stunned by the bolt, but were not injured.

The farmers are again having a trying time in gathering their crops. The many heavy rainstorms of last week, as well as those of this week, have greatly interfered with all kinds of farm work. It is reported that in some places the wheat has begun to sprout in shocks.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Gumbert, of Pine Hill, have brought suit against the Somerset Coal Company, claiming \$25,000 damages for the death of their son, Peter, who was killed about a year ago in one of the company's mines, as a result of a fall of slate and rock. It is alleged that the roof was left unprotected after the coal had been taken out.

Foot Cut by Mower Knives. On Monday of last week Guy, son of Mr. George V. Lingg, of near town, was accidentally caught by the knives of his father's mower while cutting hay. How the little fellow happened to get in front of the mower is not known. The knives caught his foot and cut it in a terrible manner. Dr. D. E. Stone dressed the foot and the little boy is now getting along as well as could be expected.

A Laughable Mistake. Harry Butler, colored, was arrested at Mount Airy, Sunday on the charge of stealing a horse and buggy belonging to A. R. Staechel. Butler had a hearing before Justice Lewis Monday morning, and claimed he was intoxicated and had taken the horse and buggy through mistake, thinking he had his own until he had driven several miles out into the country, where he hitched the team to a fence. Butler was fined \$10 and costs.

Death of a Tall Man. Marshal Farnan, of Baltimore, received a telegram Monday from Louisville, Ky., signed by Chief of Police Sebastian Gunther, asking him to notify the sister of John Hanlon, aged 51 years, 6 feet 7 inches tall, of his death there Monday. He was said to have come to Louisville from Indianapolis, Ind., where his father kept a livery stable. The telegram stated that the sister lived in Baltimore, but her name was unknown.

Lightning Damages. The Chimney on the dwelling of William G. Baker, at Buckeystown, Frederick county, was struck by lightning Tuesday evening. A number of shocks of what in a field on the farm of John Thomas, at Adamstown, were struck and burned. Two large hogs in a pen, owned by George E. Price, at Brunsville, were killed by lightning. The cottage of Mrs. M. Porterfield, at Braddock Heights, was struck and a number of shingles torn off the roof.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS.

Fairfield, July 12.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Musselman and Mrs. Morris Musselman, of Gettysburg, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Rogers, of Fairfield.

The Lutheran and Reformed preachers of Fairfield have their vacations at this time. There was no preaching in Fairfield last Sunday.

Mr. Percy Polly, who went West some time ago, came home to Fairfield last Monday. There is no place like home. On last Saturday while Charles Benchoff and Sherman McLaughlin were driving down street in Fairfield, Mr. B. ran against another buggy, breaking the front wheel of his buggy. He had to borrow one to go home.

Mrs. John Butt, of Ortaana, met with an accident. She was visiting Mrs. Nary, and when in the act of going through the gate, missed her footing and fell against a paling fence, dislocating her shoulder. Dr. N. C. Trout, of Fairfield, was sent for and attended to the fracture. Mrs. Butt is getting along as well as can be expected. She suffers considerable pain.

Dr. J. E. Glean, of Fairfield, has gone to St. Louis to attend the Exposition. He has secured the services of Dr. Hildebrand to fill his place until he returns.

Mr. Parke L. Shulley will leave Wednesday for Reading, where he is going into business. The storm on Monday broke off a great deal of corn. The fields do not need to be thinned out.

Lots of grain to cut at this time.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A seven-room dwelling house with 12 acres of land. Never-failing spring of water near the house and running water in all the fields. Fine lot of fruit trees on the premises. Good fencing. This property is situated about 1 1/2 miles south of Emmitsburg, on the Bruceville road. Apply to Mrs. THOMAS BARRY, near Emmitsburg, Md. June 3-8t

AN ELECTRICAL STORM.

Houses Struck and Persons Stunned by Lightning.

A severe thunderstorm passed over Hagerstown Monday afternoon. Lightning struck in several places, including the house of William Boward, on North Mulberry street. The chimney was shattered and the current stunned Mrs. Boward and her daughter, Mrs. McCoy. Mrs. Boward was unconscious for some time. Her daughter soon recovered.

Mrs. David H. Spielman was stunned by lightning that struck the house on North North Locust street and knocked the glass out of the window.

Mrs. Norman T. Munson and Mrs. Kate Miller, North Mulberry street, were also badly shocked.

Dr. A. V. Hantzberry, dentist, had a patient in the chair who was severely shocked, requiring the attendance of a physician.

Lightning struck Squirrel Cottage, Henry A. McComas' summer residence, at Blue Ridge Summit, and badly shattered the slate roofing, but none of the persons in the house were shocked.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but when all other medicines failed, three \$1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It is absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at T. E. Zimmerman's drug store.

Mrs. Mary Harbaugh, of Townsboro, Md., who is in her eightieth year, fell from the top of a 16-foot ladder while picking cherries in the yard at her home and received injuries which will probably prove fatal. She was found lying in an unconscious condition, and an examination by a physician showed three ribs were fractured and she was badly bruised.

Boy Killed While Playing Ball.

Joseph Barrett, aged 16 years, son of Samuel Barrett, of South Cumberland, was killed by lightning late Monday afternoon while playing second base on the ball grounds at the Baltimore and Ohio roundhouse.

Young Barrett was hurled several feet. His companions, Charles McGowan and James Twigg, who were nearby, were badly stunned, but will recover.

The bolt struck Barrett on the side of the head.

Mrs. Ohler Home From Baltimore.

On last Saturday Mrs. J. Rowe Ohler returned home from Baltimore, where she had been at a hospital under medical treatment for blood-poisoning in one of her hands and arm for several weeks. Mrs. Ohler's condition is greatly improved, but it is thought that she may lose the use of her hand and arm. Mrs. Ohler was in town Monday morning and had Dr. J. W. Eichelberger dress her afflicted arm.

No Pity Shown.

"For years fate was after me continuously," writes F. A. Gullodge, Verbena, Ala. "I had a terrible case of Piles causing 2) tumors. When all failed Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. Equally good for burns and all aches and pains. Only 25c at T. E. Zimmerman's Drug Store.

Arthur Starner, the 7-year-old son of Jacob Starner, of Westminster district, Md., had one foot nearly cut off and the other badly mutilated by falling into the knives of a self-binder. The child was watching his father cut grain and got too near the machine. One foot had to be amputated, the other may be saved.

PARKER AND DAVIS DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

JUDGE PARKER'S FAMOUS TELEGRAM ON THE MONEY QUESTION.

The Democratic National Convention which met in St. Louis, Mo., last week nominated Judge Alton B. Parker, of New York, for President, on last Saturday morning, and at a late hour on Saturday night nominated Hon. Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia, for Vice-President. And after a most dramatic climax the Democratic National Convention adjourned at 1:30 A. M., Sunday, 2:30 A. M., Baltimore time. It will live as unique among conventions full of dramatic episodes, arranged to a climax like the denouement of a play. The final session developed a political sensation which entirely overshadowed the selection of a running mate.

A Telegram From Esopus.

After a long night of oratory and demonstration, culminating in the nomination of Judge Parker, it was thought that the rocket had been exploded, and that the rest must necessarily prove languid, colorless and uninteresting. But a telegram was received from Judge Parker, addressed to William F. Sheehan of New York, saying:

"I regard the gold standard as firmly and irrevocably established, and shall act accordingly if the action of the Convention of today shall be ratified by the people. As the platform is silent on the subject, my views should be made known to the Convention, and if it is proved to be unsatisfactory to the majority, I request you to decline the nomination for me at once, so that another may be nominated before adjournment."

"A. B. PARKER."

The news of such a telegram having been received could not be kept, and consternation spread among the delegates and leaders. A hundred startling versions of it were circulated one of the most common being that Parker had refused to run unless the gold plank was restored.

The Message To Parker

The effect of the information was almost paralyzing. The excitement was so great that it could find no expression except in consultations. The nomination speeches for the Vice-Presidency continued, but no one except the spectators, who were ignorant of the pending sensation, paid any attention to them. Finally the convention took a recess and the leaders went into conference. The silverites were angry with Judge Parker for trying to dictate to the Convention, but they were reasoned with, and it was finally decided to read the telegram in the Convention and to propose sending this reply:

"The platform adopted by this Convention is silent on the question of the money standard because it is not regarded by us as a possible issue in this campaign, and only campaign issues were mentioned in the platform. Therefore, there is nothing in the views expressed by you in the telegram which would preclude a man entertaining them from accepting a nomination on said platform."

Bryan Rose From Sick Bed To Oppose It.

This was the action finally taken in Convention at 12:50 Sunday morning, (1:50 A. M., Baltimore time). Bryan hearing of the sensation, rose from a sick bed and entered the Convention to vehemently oppose the sending of a reply. But his appeals were of no avail, and the Convention by a vote of 790 to 122 decided to send the message to Parker. It then quickly nominated Davis for the Vice-Presidency and adjourned sine die.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Leahy Motter and daughter, Miss Charlotte, have returned to their home in Frederick, after spending a few days with Mrs. Motter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stokes, in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Atkinson, of Baltimore, were the guests of Mrs. Atkinson's brother, Mr. James Kootz, of this place.

Mr. George Nussear, of Norfolk, Va., visited his mother, Mrs. Mary C. Nussear.

Miss Beatrice Tyson, of Baltimore, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Tyson.

Miss Lizzie Felix, of Washington, D. C., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. Frank Topper, near town.

Mrs. S. R. Minnich and children, Miss Mabel Hoekman have returned to their home, accompanied by Miss Sara E. Hoke and Mr. John E. Fortney.

Mr. Frederick Wely left yesterday morning to attend the Exposition at St. Louis, Mo.

Miss Pauline Oit, of Baltimore, accompanied by her friend, Miss Louise Henderson, is visiting her cousin, Miss Nellie Rowe, of this place.

ROBBER INVADERS A BANKER'S HOME

A bold attempt to rob the home of Roy L. Henderson, cashier of the Hancock Bank, was made at an early hour Wednesday morning, but the thief was detected by Mrs. Henderson, whose screams put him to flight. Between 2 and 3 o'clock Mrs. Henderson got up to get some additional covering for the bed, the night being unusually cool. She discovered a dim light burning in an adjoining room and, after calling to her husband, ran out into the hall.

Mrs. Henderson was just in time to see a strange man run down the steps, jump out of a rear window and disappear through the garden. An investigation showed that the intruder had ransacked several rooms, but so far as is known, he did not get anything of much value. The man carried a lighted candle about the house. Mr. Henderson thinks the man gained access to the house while he and Mrs. Henderson were away from home during the forepart of the night.

SWEEP BY FIRE.

Forty-Two Houses Gone.—Streets Filled With Homeless, Destitute People

Millington, a flourishing Kent county town, was gutted Tuesday afternoon by a disastrous fire, causing a loss of between \$150,000 and \$200,000, which is partly covered by insurance.

Mrs. Florence Forbes is missing, but no one is known to have been killed or injured during the conflagration.

The business section of the town was completely wiped out. Not a store remains standing.

Forty-two dwellings were burned.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a spark in a blacksmith shop. The streets were filled with homeless men, women and children, who saved nothing but their clothes from the flames.

The fire started at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon and raged with unabated fury for three hours.

The Washington and Liberty Fire Companies from Millington, with about 100 men, arrived on a special train shortly after 7 o'clock and were soon pouring water from Chester river upon the blazing district.

The burned district is confined principally to Sassafras and Cyprus streets. The fire originated in the Loper blacksmith shop, on Sassafras street, at 4 o'clock and 15 minutes later J. P. Ahern, president of the Town Commissioners, wired to Chief Stillely, of the Millington Fire Department, for help.

Soon a severe wind and thunderstorm came up, scattering the blazing embers all over the main section. The rain had no effect in quenching the fire. Owing to the rapidity with which the flames spread, it was impossible to save much from the buildings, which one after the other fell victims to the fire. The Millington firemen devoted their efforts to preventing the flames from spreading to the unburned section in the western part of the town. In this they were successful.

The money in the postoffice and railroad station was saved, and the vault of the bank is believed to be in good condition. The telephone office was destroyed, and for a time Millington was cut off from the communication with the outer world.

Millington is in the center of a very fertile and fertile section of Kent county. The population numbers about 500 persons. There are several canning houses and other industries in the town, and several schoolhouses, churches, etc. It is near the center of the county and about 12 miles from Chestertown.

Strike At Hoffman Mine

All the men employed at Hoffman mine, in Allegany County, one of the largest operations of the Consolidation Coal Company, went on a strike because of the discharge of two men who refused to go down a shaft under an engineer who was thought incapable of handling the engine. This is the third time the men have refused to go down under his care, claiming their lives were in danger.

Editor J. W. Aviret Seriously Injured.

Col. John W. Aviret, editor and proprietor of the Evening Times, Cumberland, while engaged about the printing press of his paper Tuesday afternoon was caught in the machine and badly injured.

Colonel Aviret had gone into the narrow space between two fly wheels of the driving shaft of the electric motor to tighten some machinery, when his coat was fanned into one of the wheels. In an instant his coat was wound around the shaft and his head was wedged against a piece of iron. Mason Hill, of the business office, noticed the accident and went to Mr. Aviret's rescue, while John T. Taylor shut off the power.

Colonel Aviret was unconscious when released from the machinery. He was immediately removed to the Western Maryland Hospital, where an examination revealed that two large holes were made in his head, one on the top and the other on the side. His breast was badly lacerated and his right arm fractured and torn. He recovered consciousness later and the doctors pronounce his injuries, although very serious, not necessarily fatal.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Summer Bowel Troubles, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. They never fail. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Lenoir, N. Y.

DESTROYED BY LIGHTNING.

During a severe electrical storm Tuesday afternoon a large frame barn, belonging to Mrs. Margaret Myers, near Pylesville, Harford county, was struck by lightning and destroyed, together with most of its contents. Farm hands were at work in the building when it was struck, and were able to save the live stock and several wagons. The contents burned were a large quantity of new hay and wheat, a wagon and some machinery. The loss is partially covered by the Harford Mutual Fire Insurance Company. The storm was particularly severe in the upper section of the county and considerable damage was done by the heavy rainfall to growing crops and the public roads.

Supervisors Name Negro Officials

The 28 men who were named by Supervisor of Elections William M. Byrne, whose appointments were voted by Supervisors Henry Fenge, were again appointed Monday, in Baltimore, Mr. Fenge withdrawing his objection to their nomination. Mr. Fenge said he withdrew his objections, as he did not consider he had any right to jeopardize the success of his party by forcing an issue the legal phase of which seemed in doubt. Personally, however, Mr. Fenge adheres to his original policy, objecting to colored men being appointed to office. All the colored men will serve in the Seventeenth ward.—American.

LARGE LEGACY FOR MISSIONS.

Fifty Thousand Dollars Bequeathed To The Board of Missions of The Southern Methodist Episcopal Church

Ex-Mayor Thomas G. Hayes, of Baltimore, was in Frederick last Friday for the purpose of having the will of Charles Shipley, who died last month at Thurmont, probated in the Orphans' Court for Frederick County. While Mr. Shipley was engaged in business in Baltimore, and resided there most of the time, Mr. Hayes stated that in the trial of a suit in Baltimore some time ago it was decided by the court that he was a resident of Frederick county, and for that reason his will was brought here for probate.

The will provides that the widow of the testator (Mrs. Ida Shipley) who is named as executrix, shall have her dower share, and that the remainder of his ground rents, stocks, bonds, etc., shall be deposited with the Mercantile Trust Company of Baltimore, which is named as trustee, and directed to pay the income from these securities to Mrs. Shipley during the remainder of her natural life. The balance of the estate is to be divided into seven equal shares, and one share is to be given to each of his surviving children.

Mr. Hayes, who was Mr. Shipley's attorney for many years, stated that the estate consisted of about a half-million dollars' worth of real estate, located principally in Baltimore city, and about \$50,000 in personal property.

Codicils to the will revoke provisions in the original draft and provide that in the case of the widow's remarriage, at her death her share should go to the Methodist Episcopal Conference of Baltimore to create "the Shipley fund," that \$25,000 should be paid out of the estate to the testator's sister, Mrs. John W. Kirkley; and his brother, J. P. Shipley, from any debts he might owe the testator, and a bequest of \$50,000 to the board of missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church South is made. In the original draft of the will the Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Baltimore was named as trustee and the Mercantile Trust Company was substituted in a codicil.

Mrs. Shipley gave a bond for \$100,000 as executrix.

At the Courthouse, after the probating of the will, it was stated that applications for 12 copies of it had been made, and that a contest was regarded as probable.

FOUGHT CONDUCTOR

A negro woman who refused to get into the Jim Crow car on the main line of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad last Friday fought the conductor and brakeman desperately and finally had to be ejected from the train.

At Mount Airy the train was boarded by Vernon Myers, colored, with his wife and child. They had tickets for Monrovia. They went into the white passenger car and when Conductor L. G. Watkins directed them to the Jim Crow car, the man went, taking the child, but the woman refused to move. The conductor called brakeman Joe Countess to his assistance, but the woman fought them both with hands and feet. A physician on the train came to the assistance of the trainmen and the woman struck a hatpin in his leg. Finally, when the train reached Plain No. 4 the woman was put off, and her husband and child got off, too.

It is understood that the woman will be prosecuted by the railroad company.—Herald

LARGE BARN DESTROYED

The large barn built on the farm of David and Kerr Lot, south of Round Top, in Cumberland township, was mysteriously destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon, together with a fine bull, a cow, a hog and a calf, also a number of valuable wagons and machines. The hog pens and chicken house were also consumed by the flames. The barn was fully insured.

Miss Mollie Shrum, who was alone at the time of the fire, saved twenty-three head of cattle. In spite of the dense smoke and flames she dashed into the barn and released the cattle at the risk of her life.—Gettysburg News

Stamp Act Repudiation.

The Frederick Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, has awarded to Paul Caprette, of New York, the contract for a tablet of bronze, 3 by 5 feet, as a memorial to commemorate the 12 judges who, in the year 1765, first officially repudiated the obnoxious British Stamp Act. The tablet will be placed in the courthouse, and unveiled on September 22, the anniversary of the repudiation.

Father Gone; Baby Starving

The 9-month-old baby of Mrs. Julia Ambrose, of 2614 Bruce terrace, Baltimore, was unconscious for five hours Monday afternoon and came very near dying for the want of the necessities of life. Mrs. Ambrose and her three other children, the oldest being 7 years, are also suffering very much from the same cause. Their husband and father deserted them two months ago. Mrs. Ambrose appealed to the police Tuesday, and they referred her to the Society for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor. Neighbors in the meantime, are doing all they can for the family.

Big Subscription For Hospital

It is stated that a wealthy resident of Hagerstown will donate a sum of money sufficient to insure the erection and completion of the proposed hospital to be established there. His determination will not be deterred by the cost, as it is understood that he is willing to subscribe \$75,000 or \$100,000 if necessary. The \$6,000 appropriated by the State will be applied to the running expenses of the hospital.

ECZEMA AND PILE CURE.

FREE. Knowing what it was to suffer, I will give FREE OF CHARGE to any afflicted, a positive cure for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Piles and skin diseases. Instant relief. Don't suffer longer. Write P. W. WILLIAMS, 400 Manhattan Ave., New York

CATHOLIC SUMMER SCHOOL

Fifth Annual Session Begins at Mount St. Mary's July 24.

The fifth annual session of the Maryland Catholic Summer School will begin at Mount St. Mary's on Sunday, July 24, and continue until Sunday, August 21. Rev. W. A. Fletcher, rector of the Cathedral, the president of the association, has completed the educational program. For the benefit of teachers a two-week course will be given in pedagogy. This will be conducted by Prof. John H. Haaren, district superintendent of education, New York city, Maurice Travers Egan, LL. D., of the Catholic University, will deliver a course of lectures upon literature. A week's course will be devoted to commerce, and the relations of the United States to Japan, Russia, England, Germany and France will be discussed by Dr. John M. Monaghan, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C.

The development of Irish literature, beginning with the Gaelic inscriptions, will be discussed during five lectures by Thomas Gaffney Taaffe, Ph. D., professor of English literature, New York City College.

Rev. Thomas B. Hughes, rector of St. Agnes, Catonsville, Md., will deliver a brief course of lectures upon wireless telegraphy and the telephone.

Dr. Marc V. Vallette, president of the New York Historical Society, will give a series of lectures on "Russia and Her Allies." Conde B. Pallen, LL. D., of New York, will give a week's course upon literary subjects.

Rev. Michael Riordan, Pikesville, Md., will illustrate his lecture upon "The Life of Christ" with stereopticon views. Dr. Charles O'Donovan will be one of the lecturers.

Ernest Lagarde, LL. D., Mount St. Mary's College will conclude the course with a series of lectures upon literature.

STEPPED ON RUSTY NAIL.

Anthony Penn, 18 years old, 115 Falls road, Hampden, was taken to the Maryland General Hospital Tuesday afternoon, suffering from the effects of stepping on a rusty nail. The accident occurred Monday morning, and at the time was thought to be slight. The wound, which extended almost through his instep, was dressed with home remedies, which partly relieved the pain and seemed to have a healing effect. Late Monday evening he began to suffer with sharp, shooting pains in his legs and thighs, and Tuesday morning the boy was in intense agony almost continuously, and about noon he had a violent fit. A physician was summoned who advised that he be sent immediately to a hospital.

The physicians at the hospital said tetanus had set in and that the boy's case is serious.

Weak Hearts

are caused by indigestion. If you eat a little too much, or if you are subject to attacks of indigestion, the stomach expands—swells, and puffs up against the heart. This crowds the heart and shortens the breath. Rapid heart beats and heart disease is the final result. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat, takes the strain of the heart, cures indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach, and contributes nourishment, strength and health to every organ of the body. Sold by T. E. Zimmerman.

SAD DEATH OF A YOUNG BRIDE.

Mrs. Elizabeth Katherine Button, wife of John Stockett Button, died at her home, near La Plata, Md., at 5:30 o'clock Sunday evening, aged 24 years. She was the youngest daughter of Mr. John W. Albrittain, a well-known farmer and local tobacco buyer of Charles county. She had been sick for eight months, tuberculosis being the cause of death. She was married to Mr. Button, an enterprising merchant of La Plata, on June 1 last, in their sick room at the home of her father.

She had received an appointment about six months ago to a position in the Bureau of Printing and Engraving, Washington, D. C., but owing to sickness she never accepted it.

She is survived by her husband and sisters: Warren M. Albrittain, deputy clerk of the Circuit Court for Charles county; John Albrittain, agent for the Pennsylvania, Baltimore and Washington Railroad; Lennel Albrittain, Mrs. F. Albert Hicks and Miss Nannie Albrittain, of Washington City.

DIED AGED 99 YEARS.

Mrs. Rachel Watts McCoy, who enjoyed the distinction of being the oldest resident of Washington county, and one of the oldest in Maryland, died Sunday evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles B. South, in Funkstown. She celebrated her ninety-ninth birthday anniversary on the 29th of May last. Until within a few days of her last illness she partook of all kinds of solid food and seldom complained of feeling ill for any length of time. About four years ago she fell and sustained a fracture of the hip, since which time she has been obliged to remain in bed.

Mrs. Nancy Friend, her sister, died at the age of 95; Mrs. Tysinger, another sister, died in her nineties. A year ago her brother, Joseph Watts, living in Illinois, celebrated his ninety-sixth birthday anniversary, and another brother, Frisby, over 90, is still enjoying life in Illinois.

Mrs. McCoy was the mother of five children, as follows: Thomas, of Mount City, Mo.; Edwin, dead; Mrs. Monard B. South, of Funkstown; Mrs. Harrison Beeler and Mrs. John Baker, both of Hagerstown.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

SUICIDE OF A GIRL.

Sadie Brengle, of Frederick, Shot Herself In The Breast.

Sadie Brengle, aged 19 years, of Frederick, after a quarrel with her sister, who scolded her for staying out until nearly midnight, at 11:30 o'clock last Thursday morning shot herself through the left breast. She died at 6:30 o'clock Thursday evening.

After the scene in which she was upbraided by her sister, the girl retired to her room. Shortly afterward a pistol shot was heard, and when the sister reached the room the girl was found lying upon the bed, with blood flowing from a wound in her breast. The bullet had passed through her body, grazing her heart, and striking the wall, rebounded to the bed upon which the girl fell after firing the shot.

The girl was a daughter of

WORKING A FRAUD.

A Typical Swindling Scheme as Carried on Through the Mails. One of the most typical of the frauds carried out through the mails was one wherein the receiver of the circular was told that he was entitled to a prize which he had won from a magazine called the Mississippi Valley Linter, published by the Mississippi Valley Publishing company.

The real kernel was the statement that the recipient of the circular was entitled to a certain prize which would be shipped on receipt of the freight charges. In nearly every case the addressee had won premium No. 7, a "horse and Lilly buggy and harness, valued at \$275." With equally remarkable uniformity the freight charges were placed at \$20.00.

Never was a bubble blown with less actual soap. There never had been such a concern as the Mississippi Valley Publishing company or such a publication as the Mississippi Valley Linter.

The fraud order intercepted 600 money orders and a number of registered letters. All these people, with the hundreds who had come before them, were reaching out after valuable prizes which they in the nature of things must have known they had never earned or even competed for. "He has mistaken me for some one else, but I'll take the horse and buggy just the same," must have been the thought which flashed through those 600 heads, and it is an unpleasant commentary on the wickedness of human nature. The prime swindler simply makes victims of men not unwilling to be his accomplices.—Leslie's Monthly Magazine.

SHE FORCED HER WAY.

The Nurse Annie Russell Used to Get on the Stage.

William Gillette was seeking a young girl with a southern accent to play Esmeralda. Annie Russell answered an advertisement. She was in short dresses, with her hair down her back and sixteen years old.

"Now, my little girl, run back to your good mother and your Sunday school lesson," said the dramatist kindly. "The stage is not for such as you. Run along my dear."

The little girl obeyed dutifully, but with no intent of accepting the dismissal as final. At the place where she was boarding was an actress who started in the small towns in "East Lynne," and from her Annie Russell borrowed an elaborate stage gown with a long train which she plastered with jewelry, also borrowed. She put on high heeled shoes and plied her hair on the top of her head. Thus arrayed she again applied to Mr. Gillette for the position. He talked with her without a suspicion that he had seen her before, and later he said to the manager:

"Well, I think that girl might do. Of course we can easily make her look younger, and some good fairy will have to teach her how to dress. But she is certainly the most intelligent looking applicant we have had."

And that is how Annie Russell secured the engagement that made her fame.—Everybody's Magazine.

STARFISH AND OYSTERS.

Mistake That Was Made by a Planter of the Bivalves.

"A few years ago," said a Long Island oyster planter last week, "one of the planters here made a big mistake that nearly cost him his whole year's oyster crop."

"You know, I suppose, that the worst enemy of the oysters is the starfish. We catch them with an instrument called a tangle in great quantities and pile them up ashore, where the sun soon kills them. But that, as you may imagine, is not an operation calculated to make the neighborhood of the place very fragrant, for the star has a fearful odor after he dies.

"Now, this planter of whom I am speaking had a plan to avoid all this. He told one of his men off with an ax, and as fast as the boats brought in a load of starfish the ax was piled, and the pieces were then dumped overboard.

"He rubbed his hands over his good idea, but he wasn't so pleased a month or so afterward when the starfish began to devour his oysters again, and investigation with the dredge and tangle showed that there were more of them than ever on his beds.

"About this time an expert from the fish commission came snooping around for curiosities, and he heard, of course, about the stars. He began to laugh.

"All that you succeeded in doing," said he to the oyster planter, "when you chopped up the starfish was to increase them. Don't you know that starfish can be cut into as many as six pieces and still not only survive, but form a new starfish from almost every piece?"—New York Press.

England's Oldest Railway Station.

The only railway station in England that can boast of being really old is that at Bourne, Lincolnshire, which is an ancient Elizabethan mansion, formerly in the possession of the Digby family, some members of which were implicated in the gunpowder plot. When the Great Northern and Midland railroads came through this district, a memorial was sent from the inhabitants of Bourne asking that instead of pulling the old landmark down it might be converted into a railway station, for which purpose it answers admirably now. Part of the house is used as a residence by the station master.

What Wealth Brings.

The late Colonel Ingersoll was talking one day with a group of friends when the subject of wealth and the desire of most men to accumulate money was discussed.

"I never could understand it," said the colonel, "just imagine a man with 1,000,000 hats, 400,000 pairs of shoes, 800,000 pairs of gloves, 6,000,000 handkerchiefs, 200,000 pairs of suspenders and a train load of neckties getting up before daylight and exerting every energy until late at night in order that he may make enough money to buy himself another necktie!"

Label Paste.

To make a good paste for labels mix together with cold water until they form a smooth cream, four ounces of flour and an ounce and a half of brown sugar. Then pour in boiling water, stirring all the time till the right consistency is obtained. Add five or six drops of carbolic acid to keep the paste from becoming sour, and when it has been well stirred in the compound will be fit for use.

TRAVELING IN INDIA.

One Must Hire a Native Servant or Endure Endless Trouble.

Every one who goes to India to travel or live at hotels, says the Chicago Record-Herald, must have a personal servant, a native who performs the duties of valet, waiter and errand boy and whatever else may be required of him. This is a fixed custom of the country, to resist which brings endless trouble to the traveler.

Many of the Indian hotels expect the guests to bring all their own servants, both chambermaids and waiters, and are consequently so short handed that the traveler who comes without them has usually to wait upon himself.

On the railways a native servant is quite indispensable, for travelers are required to carry their own bedding, make their own beds and furnish their own towels. The company provides a bench to sleep on similar to those in American freight coaches.

Each car has also a washroom and sometimes water. But if the traveler wishes to be sure of washing his face in the morning and if he is wise he will send his servant to the station master before the train starts and ask to have the water tank filled. Then a Hindoo with a goatskin full of water will climb to the roof of the car and fill it and, having descended, will stand before the door and touch his forehead every time the traveler looks toward him till he receives a penny.

At the eating houses along the road the servant will have to raid the tables and shelves for food and bring it to the car for his master, since no waiters are provided. In addition he will live baggage carriers and will attend to all the details of catching trains and engaging rooms.

A good servant can be hired for \$15 a month. Poorer "bearers," as they are called, can be engaged for \$2 or \$3 a month and expect to "find" themselves, but the traveler must pay railway fare for them.

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THE BOOKS THEY READ.

Cowper read only his Bible and his prayer book.

Chopin rarely read anything heavier than a French novel.

Voltaire's favorite classical author was Juvenal, the satirist.

Rossini for nearly thirty years read nothing but French novels.

Jean Paul Richter had only five or six books, all philosophical.

Lord Clive said that "Robinson Crusoe" beat any other book he ever read.

Franklin read all he could find relating to political economy and finance.

Michael Angelo was fondest of the books of Moses and the psalms of David.

Bach was no great reader, but much enjoyed books of jokes and funny stories.

Baxter read only the Bible and best enjoyed the prophecies of Isaiah and the Psalms.

Wordsworth was fond of the poetry of Burns, but said the latter was too rough and uncouth.—Booklover.

Strenuous Times Since.

Pa—Now, don't ask me any more questions. I don't see why your history lessons should bother you so. They didn't bother me when I was a boy. Willie—Well, there wasn't so much history made when you was a boy.—Exchange.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of. The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 BURLINGTON STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

LOW PRICES FOR SHOES. New Stock of DOUGLAS' SHOES. 13 DIFFERENT KINDS TO SELECT FROM. NEW STOCK OF Spring & Summer Shoes In Men's, Ladies', Boy's, Girls and Infants.

Many Different Styles to select from. The latest up-to-date styles. If you want nice, neat fitting Shoes for the Commencements, I can supply you. Respectfully, M. FRANK ROWE.

Price 1 Cent! THE SUN. HOW SELLS FOR ONE CENT, AND CAN BE HAD OF EVERY DEALER, AGENT AND NEWSBOY AT THAT PRICE. ALL SUBSCRIBERS IN District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, AS WELL AS THOSE IN Pennsylvania and Delaware, AND THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES, CHANGE THE SIX BY MAIL FOR ONE CENT A COPY.

Dragging Pains. 2825 Keeley St., Chicago, Ill., Oct., 2, 1902. I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groins. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

WINE OF CARDUI. For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, to The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

PATENTS. 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS & C. Anyone sending a sketch and description may obtain an opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HARGREAVES & CO. Patent Attorneys, 300 Broadway, New York.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers. The famous little pills. The hardest work some men do is looking for a chance to put the blame on the other fellow.—Atkinson Globe. He only employs prejudice who can make no use of reason.—Cicero.

Western Maryland Railroad. MAIN LINE. Schedule in Effect June 1904, 1904. Read Downward STATIONS. Read Upward. A M P M P M P M. Le Cherry Run Ar 8:00 12:45 9:10. Big Pool Ar 8:45 12:30 9:06. Clear Spring Ar 9:30 12:15 8:51. Ar Hagerstown Le 8:10 11:59 8:25.

EMMITTSBURG RAIL ROAD. TIME TABLE. On and after June 15, 1904, trains on this road will run as follows: TRAINS SOUTH. Leave Emmitsburg, daily, except Sundays, at 7:15 and 9:55 a. m. and 2:55 and 4:50 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 7:45 and 10:25 a. m. and 3:25 and 5:20 p. m.

DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY. Circuit Court. Chief Judge—Hon. James McSherry. Associate Judges—Hon. John C. Motter and Hon. James B. Anderson. State's Attorney—Arthur D. Willard. Clerk of the Court—Dr. Samuel T. Haffner.

Emmitsburg District. Notary Public—W. H. Troxell. Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, Millard F. Smith. Constables—School Trustees—Dr. R. L. Adgan, M. P. Shuff, Oscar D. Fralley. Town Officers. Burgess—E. L. Frizell.

Churches. Pastor—Rev. Charles H. Hinkle. Service every Sunday morning and evening at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 7:30 p. m. Wednesday evening lectures at 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. Reformed Church of the Incarnation. Pastor, Rev. A. M. Gluck, services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 8:30 o'clock a. m. Midweek service at 7 o'clock. Catholic classes on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

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