

# Emmitsburg Chronicle.



C. M. MOTTER, Editor & Publisher.

Established by SAMUEL MOTTER in 1879.

TERMS—\$1.00 a Year in Advance.

VOL. XIV.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1892.

No. 9.

## DIRECTORY FOR FREDERICK COUNTY

**Circuit Court.**  
Chief Judge—J. H. Sherry.  
Associate Judges—Hon. John F. Vinson and Hon. John A. Lynch.  
State's Attorney—Edw. S. Eichelberger.  
Clerk of the Court—John L. Jordan.

**Orphan's Court.**  
Judges—Benard Collier, John R. Mills, Harrison Miller.  
Register of Wills—James K. Waters.

**County Officers.**  
County Commissioners—William M. Gaither, Melville Cross, James H. House, James H. DeKater, William Morrison.  
Sheriff—William H. Cronin.  
Tax Collector—E. L. Bantz.

**Surveyor.**  
Commissioners—Samuel Dintow, Herman L. Rutzahn, David D. Thomas, E. R. Zimmerman, Jas. W. Conlon.  
Examining—E. L. Bantz.

**Emmitsburg District.**  
Notary Public—Paul Motter.  
Justices of the Peace—Henry Stokes, James Knoff, James F. Hickey, Joshua Gibbs.  
Registrar—E. S. Taney.  
Constables—W. P. Nienmaker, H. E. Hann, John B. Shorb.  
School Trustees—O. A. Horner, S. N. McNeil, John W. Reitzel.

**Town Officers.**  
Burgess—William G. Blair.  
Commissioners—Chas. F. Rowe, A. M. Patterson, Oscar D. Pringle, J. Thos. Gelwick, Chas. C. Kretzer, James O. Hoppe.  
Constable—H. E. Hann.  
Tax Collector—John A. Hopp.

**Churches.**  
**Ev. Lutheran Church.**  
Pastor—Rev. Oscar G. Klingner. Services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. Wednesday evening lectures at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday school at 9 o'clock a. m.

**Reformed Church of the Incarnation.**  
Pastor—Rev. U. H. Hellman. Services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9 o'clock a. m.

**Presbyterian Church.**  
Pastor—Rev. W. S. Simpson, D. D. Morning service at 10 o'clock. Evening service at 7:30 o'clock. Wednesday evening lecture at 7:30 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9 o'clock a. m.

**St. Joseph's Catholic Church.**  
Pastor—Rev. H. F. White, C. M. First Mass 7 o'clock a. m. Second Mass 9 o'clock a. m. Vespers 3 o'clock p. m. Sunday school at 2 o'clock p. m.

**Methodist Episcopal Church.**  
Pastor—Rev. Jesse C. Starr. Services every other Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting every other Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday school at 10 o'clock p. m. Class meeting every other Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

**Mails.**  
**Arrive.**  
Through from Baltimore, 11:10 a. m., Way from Baltimore, 10:30 p. m., Motter's, 11:10 a. m., Frederick, 11:10 a. m., and 7:02 p. m., Gettysburg, 9:30 p. m.

**Depart.**  
Baltimore, Way 8:10 a. m., Mechanstown and Hagerstown, 9:40 a. m., Hagerstown, Lancaster and Harrisburg, 8:10 a. m., Rocky Ridge, 8:10 a. m., Baltimore, Way, 2:12 p. m., Frederick, 2:12 p. m., Motter's, and Mt. St. Mary's, 2:12 p. m., Gettysburg, 8:30 a. m.  
Office hours from 7:15 a. m. to 8:00 p. m.

**Societies.**  
**Massachusetts Tribe No. 41, L. O. R. M.**  
Kinship (evening) every Saturday evening, 8th B'n. Officers—Proprietor, D. Caldwell; Sachem, Geo. T. Gelwick; Sen. Sag, D. J. King; Jun. Sag, J. W. Dr. J. W. H. Riegle; Chaplain, J. H. G. W. Dr. J. W. H. Riegle; Representative, Geo. T. Gelwick; Trustees, Wm. Morrison, Geo. T. Gelwick, J. H. T. Webb.

**Emerald Beneficial Association.**  
President, Peter Buckel; Vice-President, Emanuel Noel; Secretary, George Seawald; Assistant Secretary, E. A. Adelsberger; Treasurer, John M. Stouffer. Meets the fourth Sunday of each month in P. A. Adelsberger's building, 16 1/2 main street.

**Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R.**  
Commander, Maj. O. A. Horner; Senior Vice-Commander, Samuel S. Simpson; Junior Vice-Commander, Harvey G. Winter; Chaplain, Jos. W. Davidson; Quartermaster, Geo. T. Gelwick; Color-bearer, Wm. A. Friley; Officer of the Guard, Albert Dettler; Surgeon, John Shank; Council Administration, Samuel Dintow, George Adams, John A. Baker, delegate to State Encampment, Wm. A. Friley; Alternate, Harvey G. Winter.

**Vigilant Fire Company.**  
Meets 1st and 3rd Friday evenings of each month at Fremont's Hall. President, V. E. Rowe; Vice-President, F. A. Adelsberger; Secretary, Wm. H. Troxell; Treasurer, J. H. Stokes; Capt., G. T. Gelwick; 1st Lieut., G. W. Bushman; 2nd Lieut., Samuel L. Rowe.

**Emmitsburg Choral Union.**  
Meets at Public School House 2nd and 4th streets of each month, at 8 o'clock p. m. Officers—President, Wm. A. Friley; Secretary, Vice-President, Maj. O. A. Horner; Directors, W. H. Troxell; Treasurer, Paul Motter; Conductor, Dr. J. H. Friley; Assistant Conductor, Maj. O. A. Horner.

**Emmitsburg Water Company.**  
President, I. S. Annan; Vice-President, L. M. Motter; Secretary, E. R. Zimmerman; Treasurer, O. A. Horner; Directors, L. M. Motter, O. A. Horner, E. R. Zimmerman, E. B. Zimmerman, I. S. Annan, E. L. Rowe, Nicholas Baker.

**The Mt. St. Mary's Catholic Benevolent.**  
Board of Directors—Vincent Schold, Chairman and Attorney; Alexis V. Keepers, John H. Rosenstiel, John A. Peiffer and E. C. Eckenrode. Rev. Edw. P. Allen, D. D., Chaplain; Alexis V. Keepers, President; Wm. H. Dorsey, Vice-President; John H. Rosenstiel, Treasurer; George Schold, Secretary; Albert J. Walter, Assistant Secretary; William Jordan, Sergeant-at-Arms; Sick Visiting Committee—George Seybold, Chairman; Samuel H. Rosenstiel, George Althoff, Augustus Kretzer and John J. Topper.

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June 14-ly

Have you written me yet? If you haven't, wisdom and intelligent business sense will tell you to do so. I am a young man, and I am in need of a good business opportunity. I have a large amount of money, and I am looking for a good investment. I am a young man, and I am in need of a good business opportunity. I have a large amount of money, and I am looking for a good investment. I am a young man, and I am in need of a good business opportunity. I have a large amount of money, and I am looking for a good investment.

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CEMETERY WORK  
Of all kinds promptly done  
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**GEO. T. EYSTER,**

See his splendid stock of  
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No farmer or dairyman can afford to be without Crown Stock Food. It is a boon to breeders of all domestic animals.

J. C. ANNAN.

**NO-GOOD.**

Read the Story and See Whether He Deserved the Name.

By J. H. WEBB.

On the upper Susquehanna there is a quaint little village of about fifteen hundred inhabitants. Forty years ago it was pretty much the same as now, and it is with that time that my story deals.

The village drew most of its financial nourishment from the lumber business. Thousands of logs were cut, away back in the forests that cover the hills of that region, and in flood-time they were floated down the river in great rafts, on their way to the market where they were sold.

One day, in this sleepy little town, something of quite unusual interest was to take place. A new church had just been completed, and at the top of its tall spire a weather-vane was to be put. The people had sent to Philadelphia for a man to do the work, and he had arrived and was ready to go ahead with it. But he needed an assistant and had vainly scoured the town in the effort to find a man bold enough to undertake the job.

Suddenly a boy about twelve years of age approached the workman.

"I'll help you," said the boy. The workman stared at the little fellow in amazement. He saw a queer-looking specimen of a village tramp, ill-clothed and careless in manner, but there was a look of determination and courage in the boy's eyes that commanded attention.

"You!" said the workman, in tones full of doubt as well as surprise. "Who are you, boy?" "I'm No-Good," answered the youngster, "at least that's what they call me. But I'll help you, all the same. Try me!"

He did try him, and when the weather-vane had been put in place and the workman and his youthful helper had descended to the ground in the midst of a gaping crowd, the former said:

"I'll bet any money that boy would stand on his head on the top of that weather-vane and kick his heels in the air!"

Who was No-Good? Four years before that church spire episode, a family consisting of father, mother and an eight-year-old boy had come to the village. No one knew who they were or where they had come from. The man had no business, and manifested no desire to do anything.

After a time he disappeared, leaving his wife and boy to shift for themselves. This they did, with very indifferent success, for a year or two, and then the mother died. The boy, deprived thus of all he had, was thrown upon the charity of the villagers. His father had never been heard from, and the boy was utterly unable to tell anything about his relatives—if he had any.

This unfortunate condition of things naturally turned the boy into a sort of village tramp, but it did not kill his courage, his love of truth, his physical strength and beauty and his bright and cheerful disposition. He was a village favorite as well as a village tramp, but a certain easy-going way he had given him the name of "No-Good," which was more in good humored jest than in reproach.

Now you know who No-Good was. Let me add that he could jump like a greyhound, run like a horse and climb like a cat, and that he was afraid of nothing.

The spring when the boy was 14 years old followed a remarkably severe winter. The cold had been intense and almost continuous from the beginning of December to the middle of March. A great quantity of snow had fallen and there had been no "January thaw" or other interval of snow-melting temperature. The snow in the mountains and along the tributary streams in the forest was said to be the deepest on record. Ice in the river had frozen to a depth of two feet, and further up it was reported as still thicker. Then came the thaw. The warm

rays of the sun began to cut the snow in the valley. It was a time of anxiety for the people. If the snow should go off gradually all would be well. The other side of the question was clearly stated by an old resident thus:

"Ef the wind shud git round to the sou'west, and bring a big rain, there'll be the wust flood ever seed in the Susquehanna."

That's just what came. At bed time one night the wind was blowing fresh from the west, the sky was clear and the snow in the valley was passing off slowly and safely. During the night the wind moved to southwest and later to south. At daylight the sky was covered with dark clouds and an oppressive warm wind was blowing. Two hours later there was a pouring rain.

For two days the rain, accompanied that warm south wind, continued without cessation. The snow nearly disappeared along the river and the ice in the neighborhood of the village began to move. But the ice up the river was solid and the snow in the mountains was to be heard from.

About noon, the day after the rain ceased, it was learned that the great ice mass was moving above, that thousands of logs were coming with it, and that the river was overflowing its banks. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the flood was within two miles of the village. Persons that went up to see it reported that some of the ice cakes were at least three feet thick, that about half the mass seemed to be composed of logs, and that the lateral pressure against the river banks was so great that it was grinding out vast quantities of earth.

In front of the village the river is quite narrow, perhaps not more than a hundred yards wide at low water mark. The narrowest point of all is just where the enclosed bridge is located with its single pier.

When the flood reached this narrow part of the river its momentum began to decrease. The great mass of enormous ice cakes, some as big as the foundation of a house, and mixed up with vast numbers of logs, crowded, crunched and scraped the bank, but the forward motion was gradually retarded.

The attempt of the great ice and log mass to force its way through the narrow channel caused such enormous pressure towards the middle of the river that immense cakes would turn up edgewise and apparently try to climb on top. Big logs, squeezed in between the ice cakes, would shoot up now and then as if trying to escape from the terrible embrace.

Nearly the whole population of the town was on the river bank. It was a grand, an awful spectacle, the slow coming of that flood. As the space grew narrower between the banks the brow of the flood became higher until its elevation assumed the proportions of a dam.

Every eye watched it eagerly. It was not the grandeur of the sight that chiefly interested the people. The older ones had seen great floods before, and well they knew the danger that menaced the village. And somehow their fears seemed to communicate to the smallest child present.

What if the ice and log mass should gorge?

The highest ground on the side of the river where the village is situated is just where the village starts. Between the town stretching along the bank, and the range of hills half a mile back, the lay of the land is much lower. If there should be a gorge the water would "back up," overflow the bank above and then come rushing down back of the town and ultimately through it.

No wonder that cheeks blanched as they saw the great comb of the flood move slower and slower as it approached the bridge. Experienced men knew that the critical time would come when the bridge pier was reached. If the speed should continue to decrease, and it was now barely perceptible, the pier might offer resistance enough and form the dreaded gorge.

That is what happened. The pressure seemed to squeeze the logs toward the centre of the

river, and when the pier was reached a great tangled mass of them slowly pressed against it. There was a moment of hope, then doubt, then fear, then mental agony.

The log and ice mass had gorged, come to a dead stop, and there it was, almost under the bridge, a frightful wall fifteen or twenty feet high!

It was nearly sunset now, and the wildest excitement spread through the crowd. The flood from up the river was coming in such volume that the "back-water" would quickly cover the town.

The fear was well grounded. Within fifteen minutes word came that the "back-water" had caused a new river to form behind the town, reaching back to the hills, where the water was pouring through like a mill-race and rising at the rate of an inch a minute. A few minutes later the flood had invaded the town in the rear, like the adroit attack of an army. Cellars in the outskirts were flooded, and the water was approaching the centre of the village with that fearful rise of an inch a minute.

It was evident that every frame house in the village would be afloat and every brick one sapped at the foundation before dark. The crowd on the higher ground on the river bank had been swelled by the frightened people that had stuck to their homes until they saw the angry water swirling around them.

Men stood with blanched cheeks there on the river bank, gazing helplessly and hopelessly at the awful wall resting against the bridge pier, the great ice blocks and saw logs tangled like snakes in a winter den.

"Ef that key-log'd only move," said an old lumberman in a hoarse voice, "it'd break the jam." Then he shook his head and dolefully continued: "but only a miracle could move it."

Any lumberman will tell you that what they call the key-log is the particular log in the jam that is a literal key to the situation—if it be dislodged other logs will tumble after it and the jam will break. The particular log alluded to was plainly seen by all when pointed out by the old man. It lay aslant on the edge of the pier.

"Why doesn't somebody try to move the key-log?"

The eyes of every person within hearing were instantly turned upon the questioner. The men fairly glared.

It was only little No-Good, and when he saw the angry glances of the men and heard an old deacon mumble something about "flyn' in the face o' Providence," the boy looked abashed and soon after that disappeared.

It was just the edge of dusk. Already objects were a little obscure on the opposite side of the river. The water had invaded the main street of the town and was crawling up on that bit of higher ground where the people were assembled.

The utter annihilation of the village and its population was only a question of minutes. Suddenly there was a thumping noise in the bridge, apparently near the pier. Eyes and ears were strained in effort to make out the mysterious sounds. But even while they gazed at the pier the water was creeping up on the little strip of ground where the people were gathered.

What was that? Splintered pieces of the bridge sheathing were falling out on the pier. And what was that they saw a second later?

An apparition in white standing on top of the pier! Keen eyes saw in the gloaming that it was a human figure—a small human figure.

It was No-Good! He was hatless, coatless, barefooted; his trousers were rolled up to his thighs and he had a cant-hook in his hand. A cant-hook is a heavy wooden lever, with a curved iron bar fastened near the lower end by a swivel. The bar swings loosely, and has a sharp point turned inward at the end. It is used by lumbermen for handling logs.

dropped upon the slanting pier, face downward, and with the cant-hook in hand slid down to that great wall of logs and ice-blocks, which towered above and almost over him.

With the nerve of a veteran soldier, he mounted to the key-log, adjusted the cant-hook, braced himself and gave it a vigorous pull. The hook slipped from the wet log and the boy nearly toppled over into the water.

In an instant he was at it again. He drove the sharp hook into the log with all the power of his arm. Bracing himself again, he gave the lever another desperate pull.

See! The cant-hook has fallen into the water below, but the key-log is moving—the great wall is tumbling!

And the boy! Where is he? Shinning up the timbered facing of the pier like the human cat that he is!

The gorge was broken; the mass moved and reached the wider part of the river just below; the rise of the back-water stopped at once, and the town and its people were saved!

It would have been worth a man's life to have called that boy "No-Good" when he came out of the bridge. The people were wild with gratitude. Even the darlings of young mothers had to take second place for the moment.

But that was not all. Gratitude took a practical turn. A subscription paper was circulated a day or two later and a good big sum of money was raised for the orphan boy.

"I don't want any money," he said when the proffer was made to him. "I have no use for it, and what I did was nothing. But I'll take enough, if you will give it to me, to buy a new cant-hook for Mr. Harris. I knew he had one and intended to borrow it, but there was nobody at his house and so I took it."

But that wouldn't do. The people were importunate. Finally the boy reflected, and said, thoughtfully:

"Well, I should like to go to school, like other boys, and get an education."

That settled it. Trustees were appointed for the fund that had been raised and the boy was sent to school.

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Six years passed. There was a great stir in that little village up on the Susquehanna. About half the population, it seems, were making arrangements for an excursion to Carlisle two or three weeks later. They had heard that their whilom No-Good had been chosen valedictorian for the commencement at old Dickinson College.

So it was. He was the brightest, handsomest and most popular young man in the graduating class.

Some days before commencement he went to Philadelphia to order new suits for the exercises, in company with three other seniors. They were walking down Market street from the station. Suddenly a team of horses drawing an open carriage came tearing through a cross street just ahead of them.

It was a runaway from Chestnut street, and in turning the corner at Chestnut the driver was thrown from the box. An elderly couple were in the carriage, bewildered with fright. A moment later they would be crashing among the vehicles in crowded Market street.

The young valedictorian shot from the sidewalk like an arrow, seized the near horse by the bridle and brought him to his haunches after a few wild plunges. But as the horse fell backward the carriage pole was pulled violently sidewise and the end of it struck the young man in the breast.

He was very pale when his friends reached him. They carried him to a near-by hotel. A physician was summoned, who said the patient would be all right in a few days if peritonitis did not supervene.

But peritonitis did supervene. He was much worse at midnight, and ten days later he was dead.

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If you should ever happen to be in that little village on the Susquehanna, don't fail to walk out to the pretty little cemetery on the hillside. On a grassy knoll there you will see a handsome granite monument bearing a name, birth and death date, and this inscription:

IN MEMORY OF A HERO.

SELECTED BY A GRATEFUL COMMUNITY.

And if you should meet the old grave digger, who lives in the little cottage in a corner of the cemetery, he will gladly tell you all about the homeless orphan boy who proved to be one of nature's noblemen.

If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

LABOR TROUBLES AND THEIR RESULTS.

That the troubles at Homestead should have culminated in a murderous attack on Mr. Frick, Carnegie's representative, is not in itself, surprising, as there will always be some among a crowd of malcontents, who are ready to take advantage of the opportunities which such troubles present, to indulge their appetite for treachery and murder in the desire to overthrow the restraints of law and order.

If Mr. Frick had died of his injuries, it would have been the severest blow that the Amalgamated Association could have received, notwithstanding their denunciation of the crime and its perpetrator. It is to be hoped that it will be a lesson to sensible, honest minded working men of the danger involved in the best regulated efforts to improve their condition by setting lawful authority at defiance.

These associations for the bettering of the condition of the laboring classes, though they may be justifiable and moderate and law-abiding in their demands and intentions; as their circle widens, necessarily embrace within their limits all sorts and conditions of disaffected humanity, until they constitute a mass of inflammable material beyond the control of the leaders, however cool headed and conservative they may be, and which is liable to be ignited at any moment by some outbreak on the part of an irresponsible crank who has nothing to gain or lose in the contest.

All the trouble at Homestead between the Carnegie company and its employes and even the savage brutality with which the locked out men treated the Pinkertons, shrink into insignificance however compared with the cool contemptible brutality of Col. Streator, one of the officers in command of the State Militia, sent there to prevent deeds of violence, an I protect both employers and employes.

If the brute who "clothed in a little brief authority" disgraced his uniform and the State he represented by hanging a boy up by his thumbs, marking him as a common felon and drumming him out of camp, for a breach of discipline, does not meet with the disgrace and punishment his conduct deserves, the State of Pennsylvania will prove more derelict to duty, than if she had made no attempt to protect her citizens from riot and bloodshed.

No other Sarsaparilla has the merit by which Hood's Sarsaparilla has won such a firm hold on the confidence of the people.

Wife Murder and Suicide. WILKESBARRE, July 28.—A shocking murder and suicide was committed here last night by Alexander Eggleston, a miner who had been separated from his wife for the last six weeks. He went to the house where the woman lived and asked her if she intended to live with him again. The woman, who had an infant in her arms, made no reply. Eggleston, without warning, pulled a revolver and the woman fell dead at the first shot, with the child still in her arms. The murderer then fired at his son, but without effect. He then pointed the weapon at his own head and fired. The ball penetrated his skull and death followed in twenty minutes. Eight children are left orphans because of jealousy.

Hundreds of Homes Destroyed. BAY CITY, Mich., July 26.—Yesterday afternoon fire broke out in the lumber manufacturing establishment of Miller & Turner, on the west side of Water street, at the foot of Twenty-ninth street, and burned for ten hours. Before the fire was controlled a thousand houses had been leveled. Most of the buildings destroyed were the dwellings of poor people. Many rumors are afloat as to the number of persons who have perished, but so far as known only one fatality is positively known. A woman was sick in one of the houses and perished before help could reach her. The loss will be upwards of a million.

W. H. Vanderbilt's Yacht Sunk. BOSTON, July 25.—The steamer L. F. Dimock, of the Metropolitan Steamship company, arrived here from New York last night having on board the occupants of W. H. Vanderbilt's yacht Alva, which the steamer ran down yesterday morning. The yacht sunk almost immediately after the collision occurred. So hurriedly were the occupants of the ill-fated craft obliged to leave that they were all, with the exception of the watch on deck, clad in nothing but their night clothes, and lost everything in the way of valuables. None of the passengers had a shoe or stocking on when landed on the Dimock.

A Stock Broker Murdered. PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—Charles H. Page, a broker, of the firm of E. T. Page & Co., was shot by a customer named Robert Kennedy, years ago, while sitting in his private office at 132 South Fourth street. Page died almost instantly and Kennedy meanwhile blew out his own brains. Kennedy had been dealing with the firm for about two years, and had at one time made about \$15,000, but in recent ventures this had been frittered away. The supposition is that he became crazed, and the death of the broker with whom he had dealt suggested itself to him.

A WILD ANARCHIST.

PITTSBURGH, July 25.—Henry Clay Frick, chairman of the Carnegie Steel company, limited, was shot twice and stabbed in his private office Saturday afternoon by Alexander Bergmann, a Russian anarchist from New York. Mr. Frick's chances for recovery are good, unless inflammation should set in, but it is about the only thing the physicians seem to fear. The would be slayer of Mr. Frick had visited the office several times before his desperate attempt, but had been unable to see the manufacturer. Finally, at 1:55 o'clock, Bergmann reappeared in the ante-room. Mr. Frick was then in his private office overlooking Fifth avenue and directly off the ante-room. He was sitting at a table in the middle of the room and on the opposite side of the table was Vice Chairman Leishman. The two were in earnest conversation over the work done in the matter. Both were sitting with their sides to the swinging open work door leading into the ante-room.

As Bergmann entered the ante-room he pulled a pistol from his pocket and stepped into the doorway leading into the private office, where Frick and Leishman were in conference. The office boy, who was the only person in the ante-room, ran toward Bergmann to prevent him from going into Mr. Frick's office. Bergmann swung back the light door, stepped into the threshold, and raising his arm, fired at Mr. Frick before the latter knew what was coming. The first bullet entered the left side of the neck, near the base of the skull, passed down under the skin, and out between the shoulders.

At the sound of the pistol Mr. Frick and Mr. Leishman started up, and the former wheeled around to face their murderous visitor. At that instant Bergmann fired again, the second shot entering Mr. Frick's neck on the right side near the base of the skull and passing on to the opposite side of the neck. Although dazed and bleeding profusely from the wounds in his neck and on his back, Mr. Frick arose, and he and Vice Chairman Leishman both started for the door to be assassinated. At the same time Bergmann fired again, but the cartridge missed Frick. Leishman reached him first, and engaged in a hand to hand struggle with him, which the crank tried to shoot him, but failed. Mr. Frick tried to separate the two, and in the desperate struggle that ensued all three were forced past the desk and over near the window of the room overlooking Smithfield street.

At this point Bergmann wrenched one arm free, drew from the inner pocket of his coat a long knife or dirk made out of an old file and stabbed Mr. Frick twice, both times on the right side, one wound being at the border of the lower ribs and the other just below the hip bone. The noise of the shots brought a number of clerks of the Carnegie company over a hall. The rooms leading back from the ante-room, and several of them jumped on the cranks as he turned to flee and bore him to the floor. In one of the offices was Deputy Sheriff May, who was waiting to receive a pass to the Homestead mill. He rushed in and saw that the crank was struggling to get free, put a pistol to his head and was about to shoot when Mr. Frick, who had walked to the door of the ante-room in order to get a good look at his assailant, raised his hand and said: "Don't shoot him; let the law take its course."

Bergmann was at once arrested and taken to a cell in the Central station. A dispatch from New York describes him as an anarchist of the most violent type. He came to New York from Russia less than six years ago. He is said to belong to an eminently respectable family in Russia, studied in one of the higher colleges, from which he was expelled for seditions utterances, and is quite well educated. He is 35 years old. Bergmann says he came from New York with the intention of killing Frick because the latter is an enemy of labor. He says he had no one knew of his intention, but himself.

PITTSBURGH, July 26.—Hugh O'Donnell was admitted to bail yesterday in the sum of \$10,000. From the fact that it was a foregone conclusion no demonstration was made on the part of the previous warrants. The names were suppressed. It is understood that new information will be made from day to day.

It is given out that Police Inspector McElvey was visited by 1500 anarchists in this county. This is quite a revelation to the citizens of Pittsburgh. McElvey says all prominent anarchists are spotted, and if they try to get away they will be arrested. He thinks Bauer and Knoll are the most dangerous of the lot. Positive evidence, he says, has been obtained as to Knoll. McElvey is satisfied Bergmann was the tool of a number of conspirators. In a few days, he said, he will have a list of names that will settle the community.

HOMESTEAD, July 28.—The headquarters of the division of state troops was discontinued today, and Major General Snowden has departed for Philadelphia, after making his report to the governor. After General Wylie. More arrests for complicity in the riot were made yesterday by Constable Morris, of Pittsburgh. The men arrested were C. W. Mansfield, a real estate agent and reporter for the Homestead Times; Peter Allen, Matthew Foy and Thomas Connelly. The charge against these men is "aggravated riot." Constable Morris had other warrants with him. One was for Burgess McElroy, who was arrested yesterday, but will give himself up. Another warrant on the charge of aggravated riot was served on Captain O. Coon. Captain Coon went to Pittsburgh and gave himself up and was released on \$2,000 bail.

MARYLAND MATTERS.

LEONARDTOWN, Md., July 24.—Erick S. Biscoe, colored, has been lodged in the Leonardtown jail, charged upon the oath of Margaret Ann Chase, also colored, with criminal assault upon her.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., July 25.—In an accident on the Shenandoah and Western railroad near Freightville, Va., yesterday John Stoffer, freight conductor, and Alvin Funk, flagman, were killed. The accident was caused by the breaking of an axle of a freight car.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Six colored persons were drowned near Baltimore by the capsizing of a row boat. A white boy fell off a wharf in another part of the city and was drowned. These cases, with four more which occurred on Sunday, make eleven drowning accidents in 27 near Baltimore in two days.

BALTIMORE, July 27.—Eleven deaths attributed to the cholera epidemic, a number of prostration have so far been reported. The greater portion of the street laborers suspended operations, being unable to endure the intense rays of the sun. Starting in at 57 at 8 o'clock the thermometer rose to 80, and subsequently promoted the thermometer to 100 until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. At that hour 120 was registered in the sun. The figure at 9 o'clock last night was 93.

WESTMINSTER, Md., July 25.—The burning of the famous Bollingbrook breeding of training stables owned by Mr. Robert W. Walker, near Middleburg on the Western Maryland railroad, was the most serious fire in Carroll county for a long while. The farm upon which the stables were located is one of the most fertile in the county, containing nearly 300 acres of land in a high state of cultivation and in one of the most fertile regions of the state. The estimated loss is \$100,000, including buildings and horses.

BALTIMORE, July 28.—The combined state and congressional district conventions of the Prohibition party assembled yesterday at Gaydon nominated four candidates for congress, selected the full quota of presidential electors and named a new state central committee. No congressional candidates were selected for the Third and Fourth districts, as conventions will be called for that purpose in September. The following nominations were made for congress: First district, D. W. McLean; Second district, M. M. McLean; Fifth district, Thomas J. Hood; Sixth district, Albert E. Shoemaker.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 26.—Governor Brown has accepted an invitation from E. C. Calp, secretary of the joint committee of the World's Columbian exposition, to be present with his staff and a party of ladies and gentlemen, including Mrs. Brown, at the formal opening of the exposition on the 21st of October. An invitation was also accepted from Mayor Grant, of New York, inviting the governor and staff and the national committee of the Prohibition party to attend the discovery of America on the 12th of October. The governor has written to Mayor Grant stating he will notify him later what part of the Maryland national guard will attend.

WESTMINSTER, Md., July 28.—Saturday morning, July 28, the N. M. McLean, Westminster, fell while carrying a large boiler of hot water upstairs to prepare the bath for his children and badly scalded himself. Some of the water spilled in carrying it and he made a vain attempt to extinguish the fire. The contents of the boiler over his chest and abdomen. The skin was entirely boiled off and the flesh was literally cooked. His wounds are of a very serious character, and it was feared he could not survive. At last reports his condition was a little more favorable, but his sufferings were beyond description.

OCEAN CITY, Md., July 24.—Governor Brown and family came over to Ocean City to spend Sunday. The state steamer Melrose brought them to Salisbury, and they were met by Governor Brown on Monday further on his cruise over the oyster grounds. On Friday the governor was met at the wharf in Leonardtown, St. Mary's county, and escorted to the steamer Melrose by High Commissioner. He says the trip has been very beneficial to him in making him personally acquainted with the oyster sources and interests of the state and in getting the views of the people. His secretary, Mr. McLean, is with him taking notes for future use.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., July 24.—Colonel S. Sturgeon, a retired officer of the regular army, died at the Baldwin house here Friday night at the age of 64 years. He graduated at West Point in 1861, served for two years as second lieutenant of the First New York Cavalry during the late war, and was afterward appointed to a position on General Sheridan's staff. He was retired on account of bad health in 1875. His home was in Danville, Virginia, N. Y., but he had been staying in this place for some time for his health. His remains were taken to Danville on Saturday night.

ONE ENJOYS

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—An explosion of coal oil gas occurred in the Mill Creek sewer last evening, tearing up Chouteau avenue from the levee to Broadway. The explosion was caused by the sewer filling with the coal oil which escaped during the laying of the Waters-Pierce plant last Friday. On Chouteau avenue the tracks of the Iron Mountain road, and freight trains and passenger coaches were blown to pieces. Three persons were killed, three seriously injured and three men are missing as a result of the explosion.

The Ocean Record Broken. NEW YORK, July 28.—The City of Paris, still flying the British flag, though practically admitted to American registry, came from the levee to Broadway today on her arrival at the bar at 1:02 o'clock. She had crossed the Atlantic in 5 days, 15 hours and 58 minutes, 33 minutes less than the best previous trip, that of the Dentonic, ended on Aug. 19, 1891—5 days, 7 hours and 31 minutes.

General Markets. PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Flour—Winter 24.95, 25.00, 25.05, 25.10, 25.15, 25.20, 25.25, 25.30, 25.35, 25.40, 25.45, 25.50, 25.55, 25.60, 25.65, 25.70, 25.75, 25.80, 25.85, 25.90, 25.95, 26.00, 26.05, 26.10, 26.15, 26.20, 26.25, 26.30, 26.35, 26.40, 26.45, 26.50, 26.55, 26.60, 26.65, 26.70, 26.75, 26.80, 26.85, 26.90, 26.95, 27.00, 27.05, 27.10, 27.15, 27.20, 27.25, 27.30, 27.35, 27.40, 27.45, 27.50, 27.55, 27.60, 27.65, 27.70, 27.75, 27.80, 27.85, 27.90, 27.95, 28.00, 28.05, 28.10, 28.15, 28.20, 28.25, 28.30, 28.35, 28.40, 28.45, 28.50, 28.55, 28.60, 28.65, 28.70, 28.75, 28.80, 28.85, 28.90, 28.95, 29.00, 29.05, 29.10, 29.15, 29.20, 29.25, 29.30, 29.35, 29.40, 29.45, 29.50, 29.55, 29.60, 29.65, 29.70, 29.75, 29.80, 29.85, 29.90, 29.95, 30.00, 30.05, 30.10, 30.15, 30.20, 30.25, 30.30, 30.35, 30.40, 30.45, 30.50, 30.55, 30.60, 30.65, 30.70, 30.75, 30.80, 30.85, 30.90, 30.95, 31.00, 31.05, 31.10, 31.15, 31.20, 31.25, 31.30, 31.35, 31.40, 31.45, 31.50, 31.55, 31.60, 31.65, 31.70, 31.75, 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Emmitsburg Rail Road.

TIME TABLE.

On and after June 19, 1892, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH. Leave Emmitsburg at 7.10, 10.00, a. m., and 2.45 and 5.45 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 7.40 and 10.30 a. m., and 3.15 and 6.15 p. m.

Established 1837. Wely's all rice whiskey. It has no rival for superiority, is absolutely pure, and has a reputation of the highest standard for excellence and purity, that will always be sustained.

BLACKBERRIES are selling at 5 cents per quart. THE Dog Days will end on Saturday, August 27th.

Don't forget the picnic at Byer's Grove tomorrow. MR. JOHN E. FLEMING has qualified as mayor of Frederick city.

The thermometer registered 101° on Tuesday afternoon at this office. SIXTEEN persons died in Philadelphia on Wednesday from heat exhaustion.

THE net earnings of the B. & O. R. R. for June show a decrease of 28,824.18. THE tournament and picnic at Seabrook's Grove last Saturday was quite a success.

FORTY persons were overcome by the intense heat in Baltimore Wednesday, of whom thirteen died. HON. LEWIS E. MCCOMAS, of Hagerstown, has been appointed secretary of the National Republican Committee.

WANTED—500 Saw Logs, to saw on shapers, at Iron Dale Saw Mill. W. L. MCGINNIS, one mile west of Emmitsburg.

THE Citizens' National Bank of Frederick has declared a semi-annual dividend of three per cent, clear of taxes.

ON Wednesday John H. Williams charged with the larceny of a barrel of fish, was sent to the penitentiary for a year.

THE Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has purchased the storage and freight property on Spear's wharf, Baltimore, for \$65,000.

THE old outbuilding adjoining the main residence of Mr. James A. Rowe has been weatherboarded and a new roof put on it.

BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS cure indigestion, Heart Burn, Costiveness and all malarial diseases. Twenty-five cents per bottle. For sale by J. A. Elder.

Do you hear it drop? What? Prices at M. F. Shull's Furniture store. A call will convince you that he has knocked the bottom clean out of prices.

LAST Friday President Harrison appointed Mr. Chas. F. Markell, of the Frederick bar, to be secretary of Legation at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

THE postmaster at Middletown has been notified by the Postoffice Department that the free delivery system will be continued at that place until June 1893.

ALBERT MITCHELL, driver for the United States Express company at Havre-de-Grace, absconded on the 10th inst., with \$5,000 of the company's funds.

Festival. There will be a festival held at Moritz's School House on Saturday Aug. 6, for the benefit of the Sunday School. Come one, come all. COMMITTEE.

A FESTIVAL for the benefit of the Sunday School will be held at Hunters' School House, about 24 miles north of this place, tomorrow afternoon commencing at 5 o'clock.

A FESTIVAL for the benefit of the Sunday School will be held at Stony Branch School House, on Friday evening, Saturday afternoon and evening, August 12th and 13th.

THE excursion to Tolchester last Saturday, under the auspices of the West-Maryland R. R. Employees, is said to have been the largest that association has ever had.

COUGH SYRUP—Yes I am tired of hearing and seeing the word; yet if you want a good, reliable, pleasant-to-take, Cough Syrup, and a large bottle for the money, ask your druggist for Dr. Fahrney's and take no other.

HENRY T. WELSH has started to push a wheelbarrow from M. Pleasant, Mich., to Washington, D. C., via Frederick. He expects to reach Washington by September 20, after being on the road 82 days. The distance is 800 miles.—News.

DEAD SEA FRUITS. They slay multitudes when they are the product of neglect of incipient disease. A "slight" cold, a fit of indigestion, biliousness, constipation such as any of these "minor ailments" advance in many cases with "leisurely" steps, and finally result in a "fatal" disease.

MR. JAMES M. SMITH, of Woodsboro, has removed his trotting stock to the track at Baltimore, owing to the bad condition of the track at the Frederick Fair grounds.

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If you are troubled with a "hacking cough," Downs' Elixir will give you relief at once. Warranted as recommended or money refunded. For sale by J. A. Elder.

Reformed Annual at Pen-Mar. The third annual reunion of the members of the Reformed Churches of Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia, will be held at Pen-Mar on Thursday, August 18.

Nine Times out of Ten Dr. Fahrney's Peerless Liniment will prevent Pneumonia and Croup, if used in time. So say hundreds who have used it. Sold by all druggists for twenty-five cents.

In accordance with an act passed by the Legislature at its last session, an election will be held in Mt. Pleasant District this county, next Tuesday, when an effort will be made to suppress the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The terms of the School Commissioners of this county have been fixed by Governor Brown as follows: W. H. Lakin, George Devilliss, six years; Samuel Dutton, J. B. Brown, four years; David D. Thomas and Ezra R. Zimmerman, two years.

FOR RENT—The Adelsberger store room on W. Main street, near the diamond. Dimensions 26 feet square, abundance of light and two large show windows. Also room of same size on second floor. For particulars apply to F. A. Adelsberger.

Female Weakness Positive Cure. TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from deranged female organs. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any lady if they will send their Express and P. O. address. Yours respectfully, Dr. W. B. MARCHESI, 90 GENESSEE ST., UTICA, N. Y.

A New Rule. Governor Brown has adopted a rule which requires persons making applications for pardons of individuals from the Penitentiary and House of Correction to pay the expense of advertising the notice which is necessary before the case can be taken up. Formerly the expense was paid from the contingent fund at the disposal of the Governor, and the applicant could not designate which paper should receive the notice.—News.

Smashed by the Cars. Last Friday as the Barker House bus was leaving the station on the commons via Railroad street, Hanover, with one passenger inside, a freight engine shifting cars, backed into it crushing the rear wheels of the bus and giving the passenger and driver a fright shake up.

MONDAY, Tuesday and Wednesday furnished the hottest weather this locality has experienced in twenty years, the thermometer ranging from 98° to 104°. ON Wednesday evening a thunder shower brought decided relief and made a comfortable night's sleep possible to the most persistent complainers.

The Ladies. The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

Assaulted. J. Roger McSherry, Esq., was assaulted on Tuesday evening by Mr. Lloyd L. McGill, Jr., both of Frederick city. The difficulty arose over a political argument, and Mr. McSherry was knocked insensible with a cane by Mr. McGill. Mr. McSherry laid complaint before Justice Eckstein for criminal assault, and Mr. McGill waiving a hearing was held in \$1,000 bail for his appearance at court.

Narrow Escape. Saturday evening last as Mr. O. A. Smith of New Oxford, was driving across the railroad tracks at the Hanover Milling and Manufacturing Company's works, a shoe on his horse caught between a plank and the rail, throwing the horse and tearing the shoe from his foot. Mr. Smith was thrown from the cart he was riding in, upon the horse. He quickly cut the bridle from his horse and thus succeeded in getting him off the track just as the passenger train dashed past. It was a very narrow escape. Neither horse nor man was hurt, but the cart was somewhat damaged.—Hanover Citizen.

The Shipments from the mines of the Cumberland coal region for the week ending Saturday, July 23, 1892, were 72,233 tons, and the total shipments for the year to date 2,025,280 tons, a decrease of 37,444 tons as compared with the corresponding period of 1891. The shipments to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for the week were 41,176 tons; for the year, 1,302,474 tons, a decrease of 283,091 tons as compared with last year. The shipments to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company were 7,398 tons for the week and the year 110,677 tons, an increase of 108,490 tons as compared with last year. The shipments by the Pennsylvania Railroad for the week were 23,661 tons and for the year 612,698 tons, a decrease of 222,483 tons as compared with last year.—Sun.

During an epidemic of dysentery, in the summer of 1879, I sold 108 bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy, and it proved satisfactory in every instance. The remedy is standard in this community.—Geo. B. DUNBAR, Druggist, Center Point, Iowa. The epidemic referred to was by far the worst that has ever occurred in Iowa. Over 400 persons died from it in a town of only 500 inhabitants; but in every case in which this remedy was used recovered. It was equally successful during the epidemic of bloody flux in Virginia, in 1887, and Michigan and southern Illinois in 1888. It has been in constant use over eighteen years, and has proved itself to be the most successful medicine yet discovered for bowel complaints. For sale by C. D. Eichelberger.

A MISSTEP will often make a cripple for life. A bottle of Henry & Johnson's Arnic and Oil Liniment at hand, will not prevent the misstep, but used immediately it will save being a cripple. For sale by J. A. Elder.

Two Horses Die from the Effects of Heat. On Thursday forenoon, two horses belonging to Mr. Calvin Walters, residing about four miles south of this place, dropped dead about the same time while being worked in a plow, from the effects of the intense heat. People should be very careful about working their horses during this hot weather, for they are liable to become exhausted and die at any time.

The Testimonials. Published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla are not extravagant, are not "written up," nor are they from its employees. They are facts, and prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses absolute merit and is worthy the full confidence of the people.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, effective, but do not cause pain or gripe. Be sure to get Hood's.

Struck by Lightning. During the severe storm which passed over this place last Friday night, the tower on the parsonage of St. Mark's Lutheran church, in which Rev. Charles Stock, pastor, resides with his family was struck by an electric bolt. The roof and pinnacle of the tower were torn off, but no serious damage was done to the building. Rev. Stock is at present with his regiment at Homestead.—Hanover Citizen.

When bilious disorders are the cause of dysentery or diarrhea, or when they accompany those diseases, the system must be cleansed, and the bilious disorders corrected before the dysentery or diarrhea can be permanently cured. For this purpose always use St. Patrick's Pills, and after they have operated, take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhea Remedy and a speedy cure is certain. For sale by C. D. Eichelberger.

More Honors Won by the Adriance Rear Discharge Binder. Cable from Europe, July 11th 1892, says: Trial of Binders at Nyregyvaaz, Hungary, July 9th and 10th; First Gold Medal and 1,000 Francs to the Adriance Binder. Trial of Binders at Milly, France, First Gold Medal to the Adriance Binder. It leads the world over. Messrs. Joseph Byers & Son, of near this place, are agents for the above machines. July 22-18.

Lightning's Work. During the terrific thunder storm that prevailed in this section on last Friday night, lightning struck the United Brethren parsonage on East St., this place, splitting a chimney top, shattering a rafter and setting the roof on fire. It was discovered before it had progressed far and put out by the neighbors. Rev. Mr. Horn and family were absent at the time. During about ten minutes it was the most magnificent display; the flashes were incessant and many of them decidedly too close to be really enjoyable. A tree on Mrs. John Rouzer's farm at the tanyard was struck and shattered.—Clarion.

What Cured Him? Disturbed, disturbed; with pain oppressed, No sleep, no rest, what dreadful pest Such torments thus ensnared him? Dyspepsia all night, all day, It really seemed had come to stay; Pray, guess you, then, what cured him? It was Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That is the great cure for Headache, Sorethroat, Dyspepsia, Kidney Disease, Liver Complaint and General Debility. An inactive Liver means poisoned blood; Kidney disorder means poisoned blood; Constipation means impure blood is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Acting directly upon the affected organs, restores them to their normal condition. The "Discovery" is guaranteed to benefit or cure in all disease for which it is recommended or money paid for it will be promptly refunded.

Prospecting for Ore. Within the past two weeks the capitalists from Baltimore who have leased several farms in Middletown Valley for the purpose of prospecting for iron ore, that it is believed exists there, have been engaged in digging on Mr. Charles Colbentz's farm, about two miles southeast of Middletown. They have, up to the present time, sunk four holes twenty-five feet deep in various places on the farm, but as yet have met with very little encouragement in that direction. There is no doubt as to the existence of iron ore of a very fine quality further south in the valley. On the farm of Mr. William Holter, and also on Mr. John W. Ramsburg's farm, near Jefferson, lots of ore are to be found on the surface of the ground, and an analysis of the ore, made about a year ago, proved it to be of an excellent quality, in fact of a quality that could not be obtained at a nearer point than Michigan. Should the yield be of any consequence it will not be long before the valley will enjoy much and long needed railroad facilities. The men will also prospect for ore on the last two named farms before giving up the project as lost. We hope their efforts will be crowned with abundant success.—News.

Mr. Harry Eline Dead. Harry Eline, formerly of near this place, and a son of the late Jacob Eline, died at the residence of his brother, Joseph Eline, in Norwalk, Ohio, on Friday, July 15th. Mr. Eline's health had been declining for several years and his death was not unexpected.

A Hard Fall. After retiring last Saturday night, Mrs. Deliah L. Blair, mother of our townsman G. Milton Blair, Esq., residing at No. 22 Baltimore St., remembered that she had not locked her henhouse, and rising to go down and lock it, by some mishap fell down the stairway from her sleeping apartment to the dining room, lodging insensible against the door at the foot of the stairway. After some time she recovered consciousness and calling for help attracted the attention of the household who, with neighbors went to her assistance. Mrs. Blair was sorely bruised but escaped serious injury, and is again able to superintend her household.—Hanover Citizen.

SABILLASVILLE ITEMS. On Tuesday the thermometer registered 90° in the shade. Mr. Maurice Sheffer and wife spent last Friday at Middleburg. Miss Carrie Miller, of Baltimore, is visiting relatives at this place. Thirty-five dollars was realized at the festival recently held at the Reformed parsonage at this place. Mr. James McClain, who was employed at the Walden Race Track, at Middleburg, returned to his home on Monday. Last Friday evening a very heavy rain storm accompanied by incessant thunder and lightning, passed over this valley. No hail fell, although the cats crop was greatly damaged.

PERSONALS. Rev. U. H. Heilmann was in Frederick this week. Miss Emma Motter, of Williamsport, spent a few days in this place. Miss Louise Patterson, of Boston, is the guest of Mrs. O. A. Horner. Miss Bessie McClymont, of Baltimore, is the guest of Miss Anna Annan. Mr. James N. Sepler and wife, of Fairfield, made a flying visit to Mr. and Mrs. John F. Bowman's. Misses Mamie and Lillie Moore, of Baltimore, are visiting at Mrs. Jos. Zimmerman's, near town. Miss Grace Johnson, of Waynesboro, is visiting her cousins, Misses Nora and Minnie Bowman, near town. Mrs. John S. Harner, of near this place, who has been visiting friends in Waynesboro, has returned home.

FAIRFIELD ITEMS. Mr. Wm. Carbaugh, of Liberty twp., lost a fine spring colt by death. The G. A. R. Bean Soup, at Fairfield, will be held on the last Saturday in August. Mrs. G. Spaulding, who was spending a few weeks in this place returned to Baltimore. Mrs. John Hospellhorn of Fairfield, and Mrs. Lucy Evans, of Baltimore, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Shanley. Phosphate agents are over-running our country. They are as troublesome and as hard to get rid of as potato bugs. The corn fields look promising since the rain of Friday last. Wheat at the station brings from 70 to 74 cents per bushel. During the thunder storm last Friday night, Mr. Peter Keady's stable at Orrtown was struck by lightning and burned down.

New Grasshoppers. One day last week Mr. Jacob Eyer, foreman of the repair hands on the Emmitsburg railroad, showed us several grasshoppers of an entirely different variety from the ones we have been used to seeing for so many years. They are not half so large as the old grasshoppers, and over the back they are of a dark blue color, with two silver stripes; the legs are black with yellow stripes running down them, and the belly is yellow; they have very small wings and are great jumpers, and travel in droves. He also showed us a stalk of corn on which these insects had been feeding and which was entirely destroyed by them. They have also destroyed a good deal of young clover. It is evident that in a few years there will be no large grasshoppers seen in this section of the country.

Firemen's Celebration in 1893. The celebration of the Seventy-fifth anniversary of the organization of the Independent Hose Company, of Frederick city, which will be held in that city, in the spring of 1893, promises to be the greatest event of the kind ever held in Frederick county. The programme consists of a two days celebration, a firemen's parade and tournament, which will be participated in by nearly every volunteer fire company in the State, and a large number of firemen from Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Delaware and New Jersey are also expected to take part in this grand display. There is also a movement on foot to organize a State Association of Volunteer Firemen, which will establish better organization among the local fire departments of the county and State, and secure harmony of action, insure prosperity and success, provide pecuniary support and protection, and will promote the best interests of the firemen. An organization of this kind will cultivate the fraternal fellowship between all the fire companies of the State and county, and should receive the hearty endorsement of every wide awake organization.

Women Wanted! Between the ages of fifteen and forty-five. Must have pale, sallow complexions, no appetite, and be hardly able to get about. All answering this description will please apply for a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription; take it regularly, according to directions, and then note the generally improved condition. By a thorough course of self-treatment with this valuable remedy, the extreme cases of nervous prostration and debility peculiar to women, are radically cured. A written guarantee to this end accompanies every bottle.

The Home of the Aged. The opening of this noble institution is assured in the near future, as the Board of Managers is now making final preparations. The rules and regulations which will shortly be issued, together with its Constitution and By-Laws will show that the institution will be governed like all other well regulated ones. As has already been stated generous donations have been given and application made for entrance. When the establishment is opened it will be an ornament to the city and a boon to many who pass their declining years in peace. The next meeting of the Board will be held Tuesday, August 2nd.—Examiner.

Rain and Hail Storm. The storm on Friday evening last, was the severest experienced in this locality for a number of years. There were in fact two distinct storms, the first, early in the evening, being accompanied by hail, and lasting about an hour. The hailstones were as large as hickory nuts and did considerable damage to the growing corn as well as injuring garden crops, shrubbery and trees. When this storm had passed entirely away, it was succeeded by a terrific down pour of rain. Flash after flash of lightning lighted up the blackness of the night with almost a continuous blaze, whilst the thunder rumbled, and rattled and crashed as though the universe were tumbling to pieces. No serious damage was done in this immediate neighborhood, though Mr. E. R. Zimmerman's barn was struck by the lightning, and an old hollow tree in a field near St. Joseph's Academy was also struck and caught fire, which burned all night, and was extinguished the following morning by the fire department of that institution.

A Delightful Evening. A very pleasant party was given on Friday evening last, by Major and Mrs. O. A. Horner, at which the accomplished pianist, Le Chevalier Joseph Ferrata, rendered quite a number of brilliant musical selections, to the delight of the assembled guests, among whom were some of the most accomplished amateur musicians of our town and neighborhood, who contributed in no small degree to the evenings' entertainment by their well trained musical ability. The evenings' amusement was wound up by merry dancing in which the young folks showed their appreciation of music in its application to the graceful movements of the waltz and quadrille. The storm which raged without was scarcely heeded in the brilliantly lighted rooms, so filled with mirth and music. The guests were Mrs. and Miss Cretin, Miss Emma Moore, Miss McBride, Rev. and Mrs. U. H. Heilmann, Dr. and Mrs. Wrigley, Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Annan, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Annan, Misses Helen, Sallie, Gertrude, Alice and Anna Annan, Emma and Edith Motter, Fonce White and Pauline McNair, Signor Farrata, Messrs Edgar Moore, Edgar Annan and John O. Johnston.

The Horses Turned. On Thursday of last week while Mr. David C. Donoghue was hauling hay in to the barn and driving at a rapid gait in order to make the grade, the lead horses made a short turn when on the barn floor, breaking the tongue and letting the wagon run backwards out of the barn, upsetting the load and breaking the coupling pole. Messrs. John Agnew and Casper Reifsnider who were on the load of hay at the time of the accident, jumped, Mr. Agnew landed in the snow and Mr. Reifsnider on the floor, while Mr. Donoghue with the horses and the front part of the wagon took a short jaunt through the orchard. Both men and horses escaped without being injured. After getting the wagon in shape again and putting the hay in the mow, they returned to the field for another load, and while Mr. Donoghue was in the act of pitching a heap of hay on the wagon he discovered that a snake was among it. In the effort to kill the snake he ran the prong of the fork through its tail, which made it very angry and it showed fight, but he soon succeeded in killing it. It was a viper and measured two feet.

Barn Destroyed by Flames. Last Friday morning about 4 o'clock Mr. John A. Nicodemus, a large peach grower, near Edgemont, was awakened by a rumbling noise sounding like distant thunder. He soon found that his barn was on fire and with his son hastened to the scene as quickly as possible, but the fire had too long a start, and the only thing that could be done was to protect the house and other adjacent buildings. Just as Mr. Nicodemus reached the horse stable one of his fine horses fell back partly out of the door, suffocated by smoke and badly burned, dying in a short time. The barn was totally destroyed, with six head of valuable young horses, two cows, five head of fat hogs, about twenty tons of hay, a lot of mill stuff, 200 to 300 barrels of corn, about 4,000 peach crates and between 5,000 and 6,000 peach baskets. The packing house, an adjoining building, was also burned, with a large wind mill and corn crusher. The barn was covered with tin, thus preventing the flames from spreading as much as they otherwise would. Mr. Nicodemus said that his loss would be about \$3,500, while the destroyed property was insured in the German American and Phoenix companies through the Armstrong agency, for \$2,500, leaving a total loss of \$1,000. A boy by the name of Hayes Ridge, about 17 years old, is believed to have set the barn on fire while smoking a cigarette. He was not in bed that night and it is thought he slept in the barn.—Herald and Torch Light.

Crown Stock Food acts like a charm on hogs, and will surely prevent hog cholera, etc.

Happy Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Rejoice Because Hood's Sarsaparilla Rescued Their Child from Scrofula.

For Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and all other foul humors in the blood of children or adults, Hood's Sarsaparilla is an unequalled remedy. Read this: "We are so thankful to Hood's Sarsaparilla for what it did for our little girl that we make this statement for the benefit of other anxious parents and

Suffering Children Our girl was a beautiful baby, fair and plump and healthy. But when she was two years old, sores broke out behind her ears and spread rapidly over her head and forehead down to her eyes, and into her neck. We consulted one of the best physicians in Brooklyn, but nothing did her any good. The doctors said it was caused by a scrofula humor in the blood. Her head became

One Complete Sore offensive to the smell and dreadful to look at. Her general health waned and she would lay in a large chair all day without any life or energy. The sores caused great itching and burning, so that at times we had to restrain her hands to prevent scratching. For 3 years

She Suffered Fearfully with this terrible humor. Being urged to try Hood's Sarsaparilla we did so. We soon noticed that she had more life and appetite. The medicine seemed to drive out more of the humor for some time, but it soon began to subside, the itching and burning ceased, and in a few months her head became entirely clear of the sore. She is now perfectly well, has no evidence of the humor, and her skin is clear and healthy. She seems like an entirely different child, in health and general appearance, from what she was before taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla I. W. FREDERICK, 311 Genesee Ave., East New York, Brooklyn, N. Y.

This Testimonial Is an illustration of what Hood's Sarsaparilla is doing for the sick and suffering every day, from Maine to California. In the light of these facts who can say that the work of an immense concern like ours is not beneficent? HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS A Special Examination of applicants for Teachers' Certificates and Free Scholarships in the State Normal School will be held at the Court House, On Tuesday and Wednesday, August 30th and 10th, 1892.

Only those applicants who produce a certificate from the principal of a school which they have attended for not less than one month, to prepare themselves for teaching, will be admitted to the examination for teachers' certificates. No certificate will be granted to any applicant making less than 75 per cent both in Arithmetic and Grammar. A general average of not less than 80 per cent, will be necessary to acquire a First Grade Certificate, and not less than 70 per cent. for a Second Grade Certificate. The examination will begin promptly at 9 A. M. on each day.

By order of the Board. EPHRAIM L. BOBLITZ, Secretary. July 29-31

Order Nisi on Sales. No. 5911 EQUITY. In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity. JULY TERM, 1892.

In the Matter of the Report of Sales filed the 5th day of July, 1892. JOHN B. BRANWER vs. The Sisters of Charity of Saint Joseph's, a body corporate, et al.

ORDERED, That on the 30th day of July, 1892, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate, reported to said Court by Benjamin F. Reich and Eugene L. Rowe, Trustees in the above cause, and filed therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for three successive weeks prior to said day. The Report states the amount of sales to be \$900.

Dated this 5th day of July, 1892. JOHN L. JORDAN, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick Co. True Copy—Test: JOHN L. JORDAN, Clerk. July 8-14.

ICE CREAM. I have opened my ice cream parlors on West Main Street, and am prepared to furnish the public at all times with a superior article of my own manufacture.

Picnics, Festivals and Parties furnished in any quantity at short notice. Prices reasonable.

ICE! I also have a large supply of excellent ice, which will be delivered daily to all parts of the town. ALBERT SMITH, Emmitsburg, Md. April 15-16.

BUSINESS LOCALS GET your horse painting done by John F. Adelsberger, who will furnish estimates upon application, work done on short notice and satisfaction guaranteed.

A FULL stock of fine and coarse city made Boots and Shoes, also Gum shoes and boots. New long made work and mending of all kinds, done with neatness and dispatch, by Jas. A. Rowe & Son. HAVE your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by Geo. T. Eyster, who warrants the same, and has always on hand a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware. feb-8-tf.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS. GAVEATE, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to: MUNN & CO., 36 Broadway, New York. Patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Scientific American Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Specially designed to instruct the man who cannot be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year. For more information, write to: MUNN & CO., 36 Broadway, New York.

Crown Stock Food acts like a charm on hogs, and will surely prevent hog cholera, etc.

AFTER AWHILE.

BY J. R. PARKE.

"Come, Freddie, my son, it is time for prayers!" I called, and heard with a smile, A faint little yawn and a voice from the stairs;

"Yes, papa, after awhile!" Dear sleepy voice, since I heard it last How many a weary mile I've wandered away from that dreamy past Into life's great "after awhile."

With bursting heart as I musing stand By that little grave alone, I feel the touch of his vanished hand, And listen to each loved tone, I feel the gold of his sunny hair, And thrill to the old glad smile; And, dreamily sweet, from the angel's stair, Comes the whisper, "After awhile."

After awhile, when the days are spent, And our steps grow faltering and slow; When the eye is dimmed and the forehead bent, And silver'd with sifted snow, We, too, shall sleep, and at morn will wake From the mists and the shadows gray, To see on the heavenly hilltops break The dawn of a lovelier day.

SUPERSTITIOUS IDEAS.

We Are By No Means Above Them in This Enlightened Age.

An eminent physician once said that there was a strain of insanity in every living person. Whether this statement is correct or not, another one equally emphatic and self evident is that everyone is more or less imbued with superstitious ideas. No matter how emphatically we deny that we are superstitious there is always some weak point in our armor. We have all met staid, religious and extremely sensible people, who deny indignantly that they have any faith in such ridiculous notions, yet when they are cornered they are forced to admit that they are not superstitious, yet they don't like to break a mirror or have a bird fly through the house.

Superstition is in the air we breathe and from the time of early childhood we pick up notions of good and ill luck that will stick to us as long as we live. We can all remember what dire misfortune was sure to befall us if we walked four in a row to school, or if we allowed a third party to come between us and our particular friend. The sting of the latter happening, it was believed, could be mitigated by saying together "bread and butter."

To pass a pin lying on the sidewalk was to take our fate in our own hands, for "to see a pin and let it lay, bad luck will follow you all the day;" but "to see a pin and pick it up, all the day you'll have good luck." The sentiment is all right, even if the rhyme is slightly dubious. Every girl that ever lived has counted nine stars for nine nights (if it did not rain or her memory play her false), hoping to be awarded at the end of that time by shaking hands with her future husband.

Wishing on a load of hay and the first star has long been supposed to assure the fulfillment of any desire. In the case of the star the wish is precluded by a popular chant that runs this way: Star, star, shining bright, First star I've seen to-night, Wish I may, wish I might, Wish my wish would come true to-night.

All the superstitious beings on the face of the earth, the prospective bride is pre-eminent. She is entering on a new and untried experience and if there is anything that will tend to make her future life happy she means to employ each and every means towards that end. On this account she becomes steeped in superstitious views and notions and follows out to the letter everything that is liable to bring her good fortune.

Everyone knows that "to change the name and not the letter, is to change for the worse and not the better." If, however, "Miss Smith" has given her heart to "Mr. Simpson," she endeavors to remove the curse of the similarity of letters by using all known charms to bring about the happy result. If her wedding day is beautiful and clear her face becomes radiant, for she knows "happy is the bride that the sun shines on," and she does not admit one iota of the

superstitions regarding her wardrobe and makes it a point to wear "something old and something new, something borrowed and something blue." Her heart would be broken if the rice and old shoes were omitted as the appropriate finale of the ceremony, for then she would be positive that they would never have good luck and plenty, as these time honored symbols augur.

Perhaps her husband is not far behind her in his own notions of masochism and hoodoo. In all probability he carries the left hind foot of a graveyard rabbit or a horse chestnut to scare away rheumatism, or some particular little article of wearing apparel that he considers has brought him luck at the races or given him some extraordinary hands at poker. All gamblers are superstitious and you might as well try to convince them that the moon is made of green cheese as to separate them from their ideas on this particular subject.

If a man leaves his home for the track or gaming table and discovers that he has forgotten something that will necessitate his return, he is absolutely certain that his luck has gone for the day, and if in the face of this conviction he puts up his bets he is almost certain to lose, for his nerve has gone. Almost everyone has what they consider a lucky number or a lucky coin. Thirteen has always been regarded with distrust, and even people who scoff at other superstitions will not sit down to a table at which that number has assembled.

The Thirteen Club, of New York, has most effectually proved the fallacy of the fatality connected with this number, for at a house, the number of which is thirteen, and in a street of the same figure, a jolly company sit down to the most delightful meals, with decorations of a ghastly and sepulchral character. Skeletons and death's heads adorn the rooms, the ices are served in little coffins and yet no one is depressed either by the gruesome surroundings or the fact that they are taking their fate in their own hands by thus arraying themselves in opposition to this most popular superstition.

If a person is ill and some unfortunate dog chained for the night gives vent to his feelings and howls dimly, no matter what the doctor may say, the sorrowing friends relinquish all hope and rely on the warning of the canine prophet rather than the advice of the skilled attendant. To walk under a ladder has always been regarded as an ill omen. To break a mirror presages death to some member of family, and the poor little wood tick is looked upon as bringing a warning of calamity with its little tapplings. There is hardly anything that cannot be turned into a symbol of one kind or another.

School girls will wear a garment wrong side out all day long rather than change after once donning it in this manner, for fear that in so doing they would change their luck. If the left hand itches it is a sure sign that money is coming to us, and in order to make assurance doubly sure you must "rub it on wood to make it come good." Days of the week each have their significance and Friday is always regarded as a bad day to commence a piece of work, embark on a voyage or enter into a new business enterprise. Nothing is ever supposed to succeed that is begun on Friday, and as for Saturday, it is almost as bad, for if one is forced to move his residence on that day he feels that in a very short time he will be again packing his trunks and removing to another place, for is not "a Saturday's flit a very short sit?"

Even after we are dead superstition follows us, and if the day of the interment be stormy it presages additional sorrow for the living. We consider ourselves a race so far superior to the tribes of savages who worship idols, believe in charms and whose old women wear healing potions and chant weird incantations. In our superior culture we regard with intellectual pity those creatures who put their faith in signs and symbols, and wonder how the ancients could have been humbugged by the false and lying oracles, yet to-day in an advanced civilization we are as superstitious and easily influenced by what appears to be supernatural as the savages or the ancient Greeks and Romans.

If it were not so, how would the thousands of fortune-tellers exist? Yet exist they do, and live on the fat of the land through trading in the credulity and superstition of the public. Were we not inculcated with latent superstition there would never be the opportunity for such a case as is now before the New York public, where a charmed chain of beans for teaching infants is the cause for litigation.

We may strenuously deny and protest until we are black in the face, yet the self evident fact remains that we are one and all on one point or another as superstitious and ignorantly credulous as the races we consider so infinitely our inferiors.

Real Estate Transfers.

We copy from the Frederick News, the following transfers of real estate which have taken place in this county, as recorded in the Clerk's office during the past week: Jacob Wiles and George W. Smith to Frederick E. Wiles, lot of land, etc., premises and \$1. Isaac T. Davis, et al., to Frederick Noland, 1294 acres of land, more or less, \$1097.39. Martin L. and John J. Hightman to Daniel D. Zecker, house and lot, etc., \$108.50. Geo. H. Zimmerman and wife to John M. Hartman, lot in Frederick city, \$105. E. Marshall Gilbert and Randolph G. Stull, surviving executors, to trustees of M. P. Church of Woodsboro, part of lot in Woodsboro, \$5. Trustees of M. P. Church of Woodsboro, to James M. Smith, part of lot in Woodsboro, \$169.25. Millard J. Philips, executor, to George H. Whitmore, 132 acres, etc., of land, \$2,655.25. George W. Lerch and wife to Jacob E. M. Stup, 20 acres, etc., of land, \$800. William S. Thompson and wife to Edward Nichols, 133 acres, etc., of land, \$4,000. Susan Houck, et al., to John J. Wilson, tract of land in New Market district, \$200. Millard J. Philips, executor to Chas. A. Castle, 127 acres, etc., of land, \$4,602.15. C. A. Castle and wife to Millard J. Philips, same land, requested not to state consideration. Lewis Eusterday to Elizabeth Wiseman, 8 acres, etc., of land, \$100 and premises. Susanna S. Biehl and husband to David Grossnickle, 7 and 4-10 square perches of land, more or less, \$25. Charles Hooper and wife to Charles W. Johnson, 1 acre, etc., of land, \$5. George W. and Elsie M. Anders, to Ellen R. Remsburg, real estate in Frederick county, \$1,250. Charles W. Johnson and wife to council of Evangelical Lutheran church of St. John's, Churchhill, water right, etc., \$16. John M. Abalt and wife to Sarah R. Free, 45 square perches of land, more or less, \$40. Elizabeth King and others to Mary Hooper, lot in Frederick city, \$375. Henry King and wife to Mary Hooper, lot in Frederick city, \$1. Mary Hooper and her husband to B. E. Phelps, lot in Frederick city, \$390.

I HAVE been troubled with chronic catarrh for years. Ely's Cream Balm is the only remedy among the many that I have used that affords me relief.—E. W. Williard, Druggist, Joliet, Ill.

I HAVE been troubled with catarrh for ten years and have tried a number of remedies, but found no relief until I purchased a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. I consider it the most reliable preparation for catarrh and cold in the head.—Geo. E. Crandall, P. M., Quonochawtaug, R. I.

A Sure Cure for Warts.

Have standing in some convenient place, a little cooking soda, several times a day, moisten the finger and dip it into the soda and rub it on the wart, and it will soon disappear without leaving any scar. Soda will also cure a cold sore on the lips by rubbing several times with the moistened soda on the finger, rubbing it very hard.

THE SAME TROUBLE.—Philanthropic Visitor (at the jail)—My friend, may I ask what brought you here? Bad Dick (from the slums)—Yes, sir. Same thing that brings you here.—Poking my nose into other folks' affairs. Only I gener'ly went by way of the basement window.—Chicago Tribune.

COMPETENCE, if not wealth, is in the reach of every owner of a tract of farming land. He has only to find out what is the most profitable crop his land will produce, and then produce it in the greatest quantity, of the best quality, and at the least possible expenditure of labor and materials.

Classical Information.

Professor—Who was Atlas? Student—He was a highwayman. Professor (sarcastically)—Indeed! Student—Doesn't Shakespeare say, "All the world's a stage?" Professor—Yes. Student—Well, Atlas held it up.—New York Sun.

SMYTHE—"I dropped a penny in front of a blind beggar to-day to see it he'd pick it up." Tompkins—"Well, did he?" Smythe—"No; he said: 'Make it sixpence, mister, and I'll forget myself.'"

Salt Water Baths.

Not many people nowadays deny the wholesome effect of mineral water baths, and M. Albert Robin, of France, who has made a special study of the effect of the mineral salts on the human system, when applied by the bath, has announced some of his conclusions as follows: "A bath containing six per cent of chloride of sodium diminishes the amount of organic matter, uric acid, and extractive substances, but increases the inorganic compounds, the amount of nitrogen, urea, chlorides and phosphoric acid. If the bath has twelve per cent of common salt, it gives a brisk stimulation to the nitrogenous interchanges. A bath of twenty-five per cent of salt influences mainly the process of oxidation, while it affects the nitrogen interchanges but slightly.

"This last strong bath is, therefore, indicated for patients of sluggish digestion and oxidation, who suffer mostly from diseases of the skeleton, with rachitis or necrosis, or with anæmia.

"It is also good for all persons in whom the nervous system needs to be built up by economizing the nitrogenous interchanges."

In following up this discussion of the biological action of salt baths, the European edition of the New York Herald contains a proposition advanced by some enterprising scientists "to utilize the waters of the Dead Sea for antiseptic purposes."

So far as known, no bacteria can abide in this sea, which is densely charged with chlorides of magnesium and sodium, and also contains in large quantities the bromide of potassium and lime.

Whether this will be attempted or not, and whether in case it should be done there will be found any advantage for antiseptic dressing over the ordinary remedies now in use, remains to be seen.

Meanwhile for certain classes of invalids, especially people of bilious habits and sluggish circulation, says the American Druggist, there is fresh encouragement to plunge when convenient, in the ocean surf, and when not so convenient to make use of the waters derived from the sea salt as may be most easily procured.

PHYSICIAN—"Here, take this; it's good for your liver." FOGG—"And what do I care if it is? Hasn't my liver given me more trouble than all my other tormentors put together? No, sir; give me something that's good for me, no matter how bad it is for my liver."

"SOME men are mighty mean about lending money," said Mr. Long; "now, I always keep a fiver in my pocket to lend to a friend."

"Will you lend me the fiver this morning?" asked Mr. Short. "I am sorry to say, my friend, that the fiver I keep for lending is lent."

NOTHING so good for tired eyes has yet been discovered as bathing them in hot water, and neuralgia in nine cases out of ten will yield to applications of cloths wrung out in water in which the hand cannot be borne.

"WHAT do you mean by saying you want to speak to me on business when you only want to borrow some money?" "Excuse me, but borrowing money is my business!"

"YESTERDAY I told Schlegelmayer that his club consisted of blockheads, and to day I hear that I have been elected an honorary member!"

Ask your Merchants for Crown Stock Food, should he not have it, write to Biggs Bros., Rocky Ridge, Md.

WE always admire a dentist for one thing at least. He isn't afraid to say a thing right to your teeth.

No wonder the amateur photographer is intoxicated with his art. He is always taking "something."

WHEN a fly lights on a sheet of sticky paper he realizes that he is better off.

RUBBER stamps—Those we give sometimes when putting on our overshoes.

THE ups and downs of life are better than being down all the time.

To be really yourself you must be different from those around you.

Ancient Cave Dwellers in Asia.

The Russians have made a singular discovery in Central Asia. In Turkistan, on the right bank of the Amou Daira, in a chain of rocky hills near the Bokharan town of Karki, are a number of large caves, which, upon examination, were found to lead to an underground city, built, apparently, long before the Christian era. According to the effigies, inscriptions and designs upon the gold and silver money unearthed from among the ruins, the existence of the town dates back to some two centuries before the birth of Christ. The edifices contain all kinds of domestic utensils, pots, urns, vases, and so forth. The high degree of civilization attained by the inhabitants of the city is shown by the fact that they built in several stories, by the symmetry of the streets and squares, and by the beauty of the baked clay and metal utensils, and of the ornaments and coins which have been found. It is supposed that long centuries ago, this city, so carefully concealed in the bowels of the earth, provided an entire population with a refuge from the incursions of nomadic savages and robbers.

An elderly lady who lives near Atlanta, Ga., is deaf. A few weeks ago she rode on an electric car for the first time in her life, and when she returned home she declared that she could hear perfectly while on an electric car. One of the family went with her, boarded an electric car and found that the elderly lady could hear perfectly.

BAKERS' MANDRAKE BITTERS. Entirely VEGETABLE AND A SURE CURE FOR COSTIVENESS. Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Eruptions and Skin Diseases. Price, 25c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. BERRY, JOHNSON & LEID, Prop., Baltimore, Md.

Western Maryland Rail Road. SCHEDULE TAKING EFFECT JUNE 19, 1892.

Table with columns: Read Downward, STATIONS, Read Upward. Stations include Williamsport, Sunbury, Shippensburg, etc.

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Elys Cream Balm For CATARRH. THE POSITIVE CURE. ELY BROTHERS, 67 Warren St., New York. Price 75c.

John M. Stetson, MANUFACTURER OF— Bricks and Drain Tiles. ESTIMATES FURNISHED. SOCKET TILES MADE TO ORDER. To Farmers and Land Owners—The advantages of profits derived from draining low and marshy land are too well known to need any comment.

POWELL'S PURE \$12.00 a ton DISSOLVED SOUTH CAROLINA BONE. This article is sometimes called Dissolved Rock—It is a fine fertilizer for all crops, and is the best made. As proof of this in the States where it is most largely used, the Agricultural Experiment Stations give the following values—Ohio, 22.50 per cent; W. Va., 20.00 per cent; which is from \$20.00 to \$40.00 per ton greater than other brands.

W. S. POWELL & CO., 202 to 210 Bowly's Wharf, BALTIMORE, MD. Valuable Real Estate AT PRIVATE SALE. Nos. 1, 2, 11, 12, 16—Sold.

Virgina Military Institute, LEXINGTON, VA. 4th Year. State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Confers degree of graduate in Academic Course and Bachelor of Science.

NEED HOME SCREWING MACHINE. Agents wanted in this section. VIGOR OF MEN. EASILY, QUICKLY, PERMANENTLY RESTORED.

Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road. SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 22, 1892. LEAVE CAMDEN STATION, BALTIMORE.

For New York, Boston, and the East, daily, 7:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 3:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m. For New York, Boston, and the East, daily, 7:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 3:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m.

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