

# Emmitsburg Chronicle.



SAMUEL MOTTER, Editor and Publisher.

"IGNORANCE IS THE CURSE OF GOD; KNOWLEDGE THE WING WHEREWITH WE FLY TO HEAVEN."

TERMS—\$1.00 a Year in Advance; If not paid in Advance, \$1.50.

VOL. VIII.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1887.

No. 44.

## DIRECTORY

### FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

#### Circuit Court.

Chief Judge.—Hon. John Ritchie.

Associate Judges.—Hon. John T. Vinson and Hon. John A. Lynch.

State's Attorney.—Frank C. Norwood.

Clerk of the Court.—Wm. Irving Parsons.

#### Orphan's Court.

Judges.—John T. Lowe, John H. Keller, Robert Stokes.

Register of Wills.—Hamilton Lindsay.

Commissioners.—J. Hiram Taylor, Elias Gaver, Wm. H. Lakin, James U. Lawson, Cephas M. Thomas.

Sheriff.—Luther C. Derr.

Tax-Collector.—J. Wm. Bangham.

Surveyor.—William H. Hilleary.

School Commissioners.—Samuel Dittow, Herman L. Rontzahn, David D. Thomas, E. R. Zimmerman, Jas. W. Condon.

Examiner.—F. R. Neighbors.

#### Emmitsburg District.

Justices of the Peace.—Henry Stokes, Jas. Knouff, I. M. Fisher, Jas. F. Hickey.

Registrar.—E. S. Taney.

Constables.—Wm. H. Ashbaugh, Joseph C. Rosensteel.

School Trustees.—Joseph Waddles, John G. Hess, C. T. Zacharias.

Jurors.—William G. Blair.

Town Commissioners.—Daniel Sheets, Jas. O. Hopp, E. I. H. Rowe, Joseph Snouffer, Michael Hoke, George T. Gelwicks.

Town Constable and Collector.—William H. Ashbaugh.

#### CHURCHES.

##### Ev. Lutheran Church.

Pastor.—Rev. E. S. Johnston. Services every other Sunday, morning and evening at 10 o'clock, a. m., and 7 o'clock, p. m., respectively. Wednesday evening lectures 7 o'clock, a. m., Sunday School at 8 o'clock, a. m., Infant Sunday School 1 1/2 p. m.

##### Church of the Incarnation, (Ref'd.)

Pastor.—Rev. U. H. Heilman. Services every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, a. m., and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Wednesday evening lectures at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

##### Presbyterian Church.

Pastor.—Rev. Wm. Simonton. Services every other Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, a. m., and every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Wednesday evening lectures at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 1 1/2 o'clock, p. m. Prayer Meeting every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

##### St. Joseph's, (Roman Catholic).

Pastor.—Rev. R. F. White. First Mass 7 o'clock, a. m., second mass 10 o'clock, a. m.; Vespers 3 o'clock, p. m.; Sunday School at 2 o'clock, p. m.

##### Methodist Episcopal Church.

Pastor.—Rev. Osborn Belt. Services every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Wednesday evening lectures at 7 o'clock. Sunday School 8 o'clock, a. m. Class meeting every other Sunday at 2 o'clock, p. m.

#### MAILS.

##### Arrive.

Through from Baltimore 11:20, a. m., Way from 11:20, a. m., Hagerstown, 8:05, p. m., Rocky Ridge, 7:10, p. m., Motter's, 11:20, a. m., Frederick, 11:20, a. m., and 7:10, p. m., Gettysburg, 4:30, p. m.

##### Depart.

Baltimore, Way 8:35, a. m., Mechanics-town, Hagerstown, Hanover, Lancaster and Harrisburg, 8:35, a. m., Rocky Ridge, 8:35, a. m., Baltimore, (clock) 3:30, p. m., Frederick, 3:30, p. m., Motter's, 3:30, p. m., Gettysburg, 8:30, a. m.

Office hours from 7 o'clock, a. m., to 6:15, p. m.

#### SOCIETIES.

##### Massachusetts Tribe No. 41, I. O. R. M.

Knighted her Council Fire every Saturday evening, 8th Run. Officers: E. C. Wenschhof, Sach, Wm. Morrison, Sen. S. Wm. Dewees, Jun. S.; John E. Adelsberger, C. of R.; Charles S. Zeck, K. of W.; Daniel R. Gelwicks, Prophet; Wm. Morrison, and Joseph Byers, Representative to Great Council of Maryland.

##### Emerald Beneficial Association.

J. T. Bussay, President; F. A. Adelsberger, Vice President; T. E. Bussay, Secretary. Meets the fourth Sunday of each month in S. R. Grindler's building, West main street.

##### Arthur Post, No. 41, G. A. R.

Commander, Maj. O. A. Horner; Senior Vice-Com. S. N. McNair; Junior Vice-Com. S. H. Harvey; G. Winter; Chaplain, Joseph W. Davidson; Surgeon, E. C. Wenschhof; Officer of the Day, Geo. T. Eyster; Officer of the Guard, Wm. A. Fralay; Quartermaster, Jno. H. McLean; Treasurer, S. S. Adkins; Adjutant, George L. Grindler; and Representative to the State Encampment.

##### Vigilant Hose Company No. 1.

Meets 1st and 3rd Friday evening of each month at Firemen's Hall. Pres't, V. E. Rowe; Secretary, Albert S. Rowe; Vice-President, L. D. Cook; Treasurer, J. H. Stokes; Capt., Geo. T. Eyster; 1st Lieut., Michael Hoke; 2nd Lieut., G. W. Bushman.

##### Emmit Building Association.

Pres't, C. F. Rowe; Vice Pres't., D. Lawrence; Ed. H. Rowe, Sec'y, and Treasurer; Directors, George P. Beam, Jos. Snouffer, J. F. Hopp, S. R. Grindler, N. Baker, John F. Hopp.

##### Union Building Association.

President, W. S. Guthrie; Vice-President, Jas. A. Rowe; Secretary, E. R. Zimmerman; Treasurer, W. H. Hoke; Directors, F. A. Maxwell, D. Lawrence, Jno. G. Hess, Michael Hoke, Jno. T. Long, Geo. W. Rowe.

##### Farmers and Mechanics Building and Loan Association.—President, George T. Gelwicks; Vice-President, J. M. Kerrigan; Secretary, T. C. Seltzer; Treasurer, Joseph A. Baker; Directors, James M. Kerrigan, James V. Rider, Joseph V. Tyson, Dan'l R. Gelwicks, F. A. Adelsberger, James F. Hickey.

##### Emmitsburg Water Company.

President, I. S. Ansan; Vice-P. J. A. Elder; Secretary, E. R. Zimmerman; Treasurer, O. A. Horner. Directors, L. M. Motter, J. A. Elder, O. A. Horner, John Donoghue, E. R. Zimmerman, E. H. Rowe, T. S. Ansan.

## J. K. WRIGLEY, M. D.,

### HOMOEOPATHIC

### PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Having been engaged in the practice of medicine for the past ten years, and lately located in Emmitsburg, offers his professional services as a Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon, to the people of that place and vicinity. Office opposite the CHRONICLE OFFICE.

Jan 22-2y

## Dr. J. H. HICKEY,

### DENTIST,

EMMITSBURG, MD.

Will attend promptly to all legal business entrusted to him. Jan 12-1y.

## C. V. S. LEVY,

### ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FREDERICK, MD.

Will attend promptly to all legal business entrusted to him. Jan 12-1y.

## Edward S. Eichelberger,

### ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

FREDERICK CITY, MD.

OFFICE—West Church Street, opposite Court House. dec 9-4f.

## Dr. GEO. S. FOUKE,

### DENTIST,

WESTMINSTER, MD.

Next door to Carroll Hall, will visit Emmitsburg professionally on the 4th Wednesday of each month, and will remain over a few days when the practice requires it. aug 16-1y.

## H. CLAY ANDER, D.D.S. FRANK E. WHITE, D.D.S.

### ANDERS & WHITE,

### SURGEON DENTISTS,

MECHANICSTOWN, MD.

Have formed a co-partnership in the practice of Dentistry. Office directly opposite the Post Office, where one member of the firm will be found at all times. The following appointments will be promptly kept:—

EMMITSBURG, at the Emmit House—On Friday of each week.

UNION BRIDGE—The First and Third Monday of each month. June 12y

## The Gelwicks Hall,

Located on E. Main St.,

EMMIT-BURG, MD.

Will be rented on very reasonable terms for entertainments of all kinds. A Full Cornet Band furnished free of charge.

Jan 22-4f

## GEO. T. GELWICKS,

Proprietor.

## ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY,

NEAR EMMITSBURG, MD.

This Institution is pleasantly situated in a healthy and picturesque part of Frederick Co., half a mile from Emmitsburg, and two miles from Mount St. Mary's College. Terms—Board and Tuition per academic year, including bed and bedding, washing, mending and Doctor's fee, \$200. Letters of inquiry directed to the Mother Superior, mar 15-4f.

## PATENTS SECURED

BY

## C. M. ALEXANDER,

Nearly 50 years in Patent Practice.

Have secured more than 10,000 Patents. Reference given in Congress, in the Government Departments and in almost every town and city in the country. Send for terms.

C. M. ALEXANDER, sep4-4f 709 G St., Washington, D.C.

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These instruments have been before the Public for nearly fifty years, and up on their excellence alone have attained an

UNPURCHASED PRE-EMINENCE

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WORKMANSHIP &

DURABILITY.

Every Piano Fully Warranted for 5 years.

## SECOND HAND PIANOS.

A large stock at all prices, constantly on hand, comprising some of our own make but slightly used. Sole agents for the celebrated

SMITH AMERICAN ORGANS

AND OTHER LEADING MARKS.

Prices and terms to suit all purchasers.

Wm. KNABE & CO.,

204 & 206 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore. July 5-1y.

## DYSPEPSIA—Its Nature, Causes, Prevention and Cure. By JOHN H. MOTTER, M.D.

Low all. Mass. 14 years Tax Collector. Sent free to all addresses.

## THE EASTER BELLS.

Ring, ring, O Easter Bells!

Ring for the rosy hills of dawn

Shine 'neath the feet of Easter morn!

Ring till your long, clear tidal swells

Flood the wide earth with silvery sound!

Ring for the battle fought and won!

Ring for the Victor throned and crowned:

Ring for death destroyed and sin undone!

Ring, ring, O Easter Bells!

Ring out the love that will not cease

To weep o'er brows where all is Peace,

Ring out black weeds and funeral knells:

Ring in the love that walks in light

Of healing hope, and lifts its eyes

From illy wreaths to saints in white,

From empty graves to Paradise!

Ring, ring, O Easter Bells!

Ring out the wide wild bitter cry

Of hearts that break and souls that die,

On grimy streets and noisome cells:

Ring in white charity, to trace

Through soil and want the Master's tread

And learn to know His blessed face

On giving Peace and blessing Bread!

Ring, ring, O Easter Bells!

Ring out the old man born in sin:

The new man born in Christ, ring in:

Ring in the living-water wells!

Ring in the Bridegroom and the Bride:

Ring in the one, true, great High Priest:

Ring in the pearls gate oped wide:

Ring in the endless marriage feast!

Ring, ring, O Easter Bells!

## REMINISCENCES OF A

## SUMMER TRIP.

[Written for the Emmitsburg Chronicle.]

London contains a great many

statues and monuments, some of

which are very imposing. What is

spoken of simply as The Monument

is the one designed by Wren to

commemorate the Great Fire of

1666. It is a lofty, fluted column,

surmounted by a golden urn from

which golden flames are issuing.

Some person has said that the Fire

was sent as a punishment for glut-

tony, for the flames broke out in

Pudding-lane and stopped at Pic-

cornet.

The little green squares scattered

through London are enclosed with

iron railings, the gates are locked,

and no one is admitted except the

families of "subscribers;" but the

poor people are permitted to look

through the railings. The streets

are crooked, and change their

names without the slightest pro-

vocation. When several streets

come sharply together they make no

struggle for existence, but re-

solve themselves into an open

space which is called a circus. Cir-

cusses serve as bus cab stations.

The omnibuses run in almost an

unbroken stream; needing no

tracks they can turn aside when

necessary, so their progress is nev-

er impeded. They carry a limited

number of passengers, inside and

on top, and the fares are regulated

by the distance, a chart of rates be-

ing hung inside in full view. Lad-

ies often ride on top, and the

guards have acquired an indescri-

ble, inimitable slight of hand in

helping the fair sex to ascend and

descend the spiral staircase. You

will scarcely believe me when I tell

you that the bus windows are im-

movable, can't be opened even when

a pleasant day surprises London.

We found the guards very courteous

and accommodating, and I can

say the same of the policemen. I never

became fully accustomed to the

soldiers that are always strolling

about in foreign cities; their pres-

ence seemed suggestive of hostility

and excitement.

I expected to find English women

rosy and vigorous, but I was

disappointed. I saw nothing which

would indicate that they have great-

er powers of endurance than Amer-

ican women. As to the sensible

dress of English women, just take

as an instance the statement of a

prominent shoe dealer who said that

we "couldn't find a pair of low-heeled

shoes in London."

"She put her horns through my

bathtub and ate up all my gerani-

ums. She was to give three gal-

lons of milk a day, but she seemed

short just then, and never had that

to spare while we kept her. The

second day she walked into the

kitchen and upset a pan of butter

and a tub of lard. Then she fell

down a well, and when I got her

out at a cost of five dollars, she

took the colic, whooping cough, or

something, and kept us awake all

night. Not a green thing was left

in my garden; my neighbor's peach

trees and the rope on which his un-

derwear grew were as bare of fruit

as a singletree, and he did not have

a twig of shrubbery left. My neigh-

bor came over to me and said:

"Now, I don't desire any quar-

rel, but I want you to keep your

cow out of my shrubbery."

"And I



Emmitsburg Rail Road.

On and after March 13, 1887, trains on this road will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTH. Leave Emmitsburg at 8.45 a. m. and 3.30 and 5.45 p. m., arriving at Rocky Ridge at 9.15 a. m. and 4.00 and 6.15 p. m.

TRAINS NORTH. Leave Rocky Ridge at 10.40 a. m. and 4.15 and 6.40 p. m., arriving at Emmitsburg at 11.10 a. m. and 4.45 and 7.10 p. m.

JAS. A. ELDER, Pres't.

We are always pleased to receive communications from our friends, containing an account of the news of their localities. Incidents of interest to the public, given in a few words setting forth the facts, are always acceptable.

LOCAL ITEMS.

BLACK PILLS dispel melancholy.

THE prospect for Easter Monday fishing is very unpromising.

HAM and Eggs—come to the front now as naturally as ducks go to water.

SEE that the children's eggs are brightly colored and plenty of them.

BLACK PILLS prevent sea-sickness and cure headache, the result of costiveness or acid stomach.

MR. JEREMIAH H. CULP, a respected citizen of Gettysburg died on Friday of last week, aged 64 years.

INQUIRE at this office for information about a good No. 1, Whitney Churn that can be had at half price.

WE are pained to learn that our friend Mr. David L. Morrison is critically ill at his residence in Washington City.

ONE DOLLAR sent to this office will secure you the EMMITTSBURG CHRONICLE for one year (52 numbers). Postage prepaid.

OUR thanks are due to Senator Gorman for a lot of garden seeds, suited to our needs as fully as if they had been suggested.

THE point of attraction, for next Monday, will be Westminster and of course you're going there. Fare only 35 cents for the round trip.

A. M. DOYLE, of Columbus, Ga., says: "From my own experience, I know 'Sellers' Liver Pills' to be the best in use."

SPRING WAGONS are poetically named and their motion is poetical on good roads; but 'tis all the same for all seasons and yet no misnomer.

FLOWERS belong to Easter. Let them appear at every convenient point, that the pleasing colors may unite with the fragrance in giving delight to all.

THE Vigilant Hose Company of this place attended by the Emmitt Cornet Band will attend the Semi-Centennial Celebration at Westminster on Monday.

ON the receipt of a 2 cent stamp we will tell our Exchanges what we know about the "Indiana Chemical Company," in whose interest we sent forth just three advertisements.

THE Holy Communion will be administered in the Ev. Lutheran Church and the Reformed Church tomorrow. Preparatory services will be held this (Saturday) afternoon at two o'clock.

MR. W. P. GARDNER and wife were thrown from their buggy while driving on Monday, by the horse running away and although considerably bruised, made a fortunate escape from serious injury.

MAKE known your wants, your losses or findings in this column. It will profit you in the recovery and save time, and those who have lost anything may know where to recover it and pay for the work done.

THE farmers have started on their plowing, but complaining will scarcely begin before five or six weeks hence. The prospects for winter grain being slim we presume the complaining will be unusually extended in acres.

LOST—Coming from Fairfield to the morning train at Emmitsburg, on Wednesday March 23d, between the toll-gate and the Railroad station, a valuable Fur Boa. A suitable reward will be paid for its recovery if left at this office.

GETTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 30, 1886.—I have used the Black Pills for several years and find them to be just what I want. I have all along recommended their use and so now.

H. J. STABLE, Editor Gettysburg Compiler.

Talk about getting up with the left foot foremost, in the morning, as unfavorable to prosperity! Why we have done that all our life, and the consequence is patent to all our friends and acquaintances. Now try something practical.

I HAD kidney disorder and say for the good of others that Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me. Rev. S. C. Chandler, Lebanon Springs, N. Y. I had Stone in the Bladder and Gravel in the Kidneys. I used Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and am now well.—E. D. Parsons, Rochester, N. Y. Price \$1. Send 2 cent stamp to Dr. Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y., for a book on Kidney, Liver and Blood disorders. Mention this paper.

BLACK PILLS remove costiveness.

Hagerstown on Top.

Hagerstown has been selected by Governor Lloyd for the Maryland State militia encampment.

A Penal Colony.

The New York Herald advocates the use of Alaska as a penal colony. It will be a cool corner to send those who try to defraud printers.

Judge Appointed.

Gov. Lloyd has appointed Mr. Benjamin G. Fitzhugh of Frederick, one of the Judges of the Orphan's Court, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Robert Stokes.

YORK, Pa., inaugurated its new order as a City on Monday last, but how do they call it, "City of York" or "York City"? We have always known it as "Little York," but the place has the solid elements to enable it to hold on to what it once gets.

ONE day last week Geo. S. Springer in operating his Stump Puller on E. N. Cover's lot, near Mechanicstown, pulled a double stump, the one part measuring three feet in diameter, and the other two. It pulled up about sixteen feet of ground covering the roots.

At Home.

Arthur Post, G. A. R. has rented and fitted up the Hall above George W. Rowe's Store where they held their last meeting and were quite comfortable and happy in their new home. They meet the 1st and 3d Tuesday evenings of each month.

THE new Board of Directors of the Frederick County Agricultural Society elected on the 2d inst. consists of Caleb Lewis, John Roelkey, D. Columbus Kemp, John C. Motter, Dr. J. W. Downey, Dr. D. E. Stores, Sol. D. Devillibus, Frederick J. Nelson, Charles H. Hargett, Captain James McSherry and D. J. Snooks.

A Curious Bird.

Mr. Harry C. Keefe, of the Examiner, states that a curiosity in the way of a white robin was sent to him from the Point of Rocks, killed in that neighborhood last week. This is the first one of the kind which was ever seen in this city. The bird is the same size as an ordinary robin, perfectly white, except the breast which is red.—News.

List of Letters.

The following letters remain in the Post Office, Emmitsburg, Md., April 4, 1887. Persons calling will please say advertised, otherwise they may not receive them:

Miss Sallie W. Adams, Miss Mary Cain, Mrs. Mary G. Farris, Miss Ellie W. Melia, Eddie Madlen, Miss Lizzie Morrison, T. S. Shields, Jimmie Shriver.

It should be the aim of every householder to have every part of our village in its neatest, cleanliest and brightest state by May 1st. In whitewashing the cellars use plenty of copers to disinfect, and to keep out insects, and plenty of the same dissolved in hot water in sinks &c. for their purification. Filth and goodness can no more live together, than light and darkness.

Don't Get Caught

This spring with your blood full of impurities, your digestion impaired, your appetite poor, kidneys and liver torpid, and whole system liable to be prostrated by disease—but get yourself into good condition, and ready for the changing and warmer weather, by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It stands unequalled for purifying the blood, giving an appetite, and for a general spring medicine.

Geo. S. SPRINGER has the sale of the Cornelius Stump Pullers, and District rights, for either the sale or use of them, and will sell a District and a Puller for \$300, or a Puller alone for \$250. Every farmer should study his own benefit, and save his implements and clear his land. There is more money to be made with a Stump Puller in this District than can be made with a grain separator. Remember the stump crop has never failed as yet.

Water to Extinguish an Oil Fire. If therefore your lamp explodes or falls and breaks, do not rush to the water bucket, but run to the flour barrel. A handful of flour thrown upon burning oil in such cases will generally extinguish it at once.—Ed.

Dry earth, or dry ashes, or any good absorbent will answer. But it may often be best to smother the flame with your coat, or a piece of carpet or any sort of woolen goods.—Ed.

EVERY man is said to be getting along in the world, so long as his neighbors do not get ahead of him. We have been taken down by noting that our neighboring contemporaries, of the Compiler and the Star and Sentinel of Gettysburg have been luxuriating on what they call the "toothsome" water cress, all this while we have been restricted to ancient string-beans with the filaments unusually abundant. Besides its general beneficial effects as a spring condiment, the cress is said to be antidotal to the effects of tobacco on the system.

Free Trade.

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefited the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with Green's August Flower and Boschee's German Syrup, as the reduction of thirty-six cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The August Flower for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the German Syrup for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps, the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of the bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size.

To the Memory of Mother Euphemia.

The following touching tribute to the memory of Mother Euphemia by the young ladies of St. Joseph's Academy, whilst showing their respect and affection for her, whose place on earth has so lately been made vacant, is at the same time an evidence of true feeling on their part, creditable alike to their hearts, their womanly instincts and the culture received at the institution they represent.

St. Joseph's Academy.

At a special meeting of the pupils of St. Joseph's Academy, held on Sunday, March 27, 1887, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS, As members of the Valley-Home circle, grateful and devoted children of our "Alma Mater," we, in common with our Teachers, the inmates of St. Joseph's, and the Sisters throughout the United States, were lately called upon to mourn the death of our beloved Superior, Mother Euphemia,

And Whereas, The loss of the dear departed falls most heavily upon those whose privilege it was to be the immediate object of the affectionate interest and maternal solicitude of this worthy Daughter of St. Vincent de Paul, Be it therefore Resolved, That we treasure with due and life-long appreciation, the bright example of Christian Virtues, bequeathed to us by our dear Mother.

Resolved, That, in view of our common sorrow, we do now earnestly present our petition to the authorities governing the Institution, praying that the "Closing Exercises" of this Scholastic year, 1886-87, be made without any public demonstration.

Resolved, That, as further testimony of our filial respect, we request that the customary ceremonies, now so sadly at variance with the desires and sentiments of our hearts, be dispensed with on this occasion.

Be it further Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing, signed by the Graduates and representatives of the respective classes, be presented to the Academy, as a perpetual remembrance of our heartfelt sympathy.

We do not doubt that this our tribute to the memory of the dear departed, prompted as it is by sincere affection and a sense of duty, will receive the sanction of our dear parents, while it will also find an echo in the hearts of all former pupils of St. Joseph's Academy.

ISABELLA M. MCGONIGLE, MARY E. PARKER, MARY F. JOYCE, MARTHA E. MULDOON, M. ELISE BOAS, MARY J. O'BRIEN, KATHERINE MORTON, Graduating Class.

MARY MAGEE, CATHERINE HAYE, AGNES O'GORMAN, EMMA SINNOTT, MARGARET TWOMEY, First Senior Class.

ANNA BOWLING, MAY CASTELLO, YNEZ MEXIA, NETTIE MACGEE, MARY O'CONNOR, SOPHIE MCPRIE, Second Senior Class.

STELLA HARTMAN, KATHERINE GIBBONS, ISABEL FOLEY, PAULINE MOSBY, Third Senior Class.

ELIZABETH DODSON, JOSEPHINE BURNBACH, MAY SHORB, MARY O'CONNELL, First Intermediate Class.

TERESA KERNY, ANNA MCSHERRY, ELIZABETH STANTON, MARY JONES, Second Intermediate Class.

MARY BRANNON, MADEIRA RAGGIO, LEONIE LAGARDE, YREMITA SOL, Third Intermediate Class.

A Commendable Petition. St. Joseph's Academy, Emmitsburg, Md., March 25, 1887.

TO THE DIRECTRESS OF THE ACADEMY. DEAR SISTER—A few days ago, as members of one family, we sympathized with you, our Teachers, and all the inmates of the Valley, in the loss of our dear and lamented Mother Euphemia.

To-day, we offer as further testimony of our filial and grateful respect, a petition that the "Closing Exercises" of this Scholastic Year, 1886-87, be made without any public demonstration.

The usual ceremonies would be sadly at variance with the desires and sentiments of our hearts.

We beg you, dear Sister, to consider our request as prompted, not only by sincere affection, but also by that sense of duty which you have striven so earnestly to convince us should be the glory of every noble-minded, unselfish, woman.

The signatures attached prove, dear Sister, that we but express the wish of all, in assuring you that every pupil of the Academy, anxiously awaits your approval. While we remain, lovingly

Your children, ISABELLA M. MCGONIGLE, MARY E. PARKER, MARY F. JOYCE, MARTHA E. MULDOON, M. ELISE BOAS, MARY J. O'BRIEN, KATHERINE MORTON, Members of the Graduating Class.

BLACK PILLS relieve palpitation.

Preferred Death to Discovery. About eleven o'clock on Tuesday night Abraham L. Bowser a compositor in the Hagerstown Globe office was detected while rifling the money drawer of Hays' book store which is in the same building with the Globe office, and as soon as he found that he was discovered shot himself through the head, and died instantly. Bowser was twenty-six years old and leaves a wife and three children.

OUR venerable friend Mr. Frederick A. Black, who will be 82 years old next Wednesday, came to town the other day on horse-back. We presume it was simply for a change, as he walks in every few days. But somehow his style of riding seemed odd; whilst he sat straight enough, it appeared as if he did not throw his weight into the stirrups as fully as he should. We suggest that he observe the ways of our nonagenarian friend, Mr. Abraham Sheets, on his colt.

Ask your druggist for Black Pills.

List of Patents. The following patents were granted to citizens of Maryland, bearing date Mar. 29, '87 reported expressly for this paper by Louis Bagger & Co., Mechanical Experts and Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. Advice Free.

W. A. Cooke, Gaithersburg, artificial bait for fishing.

F. H. Hambleton, Baltimore, registering apparatus.

E. H. Roberts, Cub Hill, remedy for hog-cholera.

Officers for the Carroll Celebration. The committee having in charge the arrangements for the semi-centennial met on Wednesday night of last week at the Sentinel office, at Westminster and appointed the following officers for the day:

Committee of Reception—Hon. Chas. B. Roberts, Joseph M. Parke, Hon. Frank T. Shaw, Col. W. A. McKellip, William A. Cunningham, N. I. Gorsuch, J. A. C. Bond, C. T. Reifsnider, Dr. Charles Billingslea, Judge Isaac C. Baile and Francis H. Orendorff.

Chief marshal, John Gault; aids to chief marshal, Charles C. Curran, Harvey Freeman, B. F. Shriver, L. A. J. Lamotte, E. M. Shipley, Jacob Wink, Ephraim Banker, M. Buchman, Robert Sellman, James H. Koontz, Charles P. Baile and Marshal Repp; active marshal, Col. S. K. Herr; assistant aids, Geo. A. Shower, Percy H. Shriver, J. Milton Reifsnider; marshal of trades display, William G. Rinehart; marshal of calvacade, John G. Shunk; marshal of fireman, W. Frank Tyler; marshal of old citizens' division, David A. Owings; president of the meeting to be held at Central Hall School building, Col. John K. Longwell.

In addition to the invitations sent to the President and Governor, invitations have also been sent to Secretary Lamont several cabinet officers, the Maryland Senators and members of the House of Representatives, and to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore. A number of visiting firemen will be present in uniform.

Mr. W. L. Seabrook, president of the committee, was also instructed to extend an invitation to all Maryland wheelmen to participate in the parade.—Sun.

[The exercises take place on Monday next, and everybody will be there, with cousins, aunts, &c.—Ed.]

PEISONAIS. Misses Florence and Anna Stewart of Wilson College, Chambersburg are visiting at Mr. J. C. Annan's.

Miss Louisa Motter is visiting in Lancaster.

Miss Helen J. Rowe came home on Tuesday.

Mrs. M. C. Marsh is visiting in Baltimore.

Mrs. V. C. Wingerd and her daughter Miss Hallie of Greencastle, Pa., are visiting at Mrs. H. Motter's.

Miss Hallie Motter returned home from Washington on Monday.

Mr. W. C. Krise of Eaton and Burnett's College, Baltimore, is visiting his parents in this place.

Miss Maggie Agnew of Sams Creek, Carroll county, is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. E. F. Krise is visiting in Washington, D. C.

Miss Addie Reiss of New Windsor College is visiting at Mr. J. S. Annan's.

Miss Fannie White of Wilson College, Chambersburg, is spending the Easter vacation at her home near this place, accompanied by Miss Sadie McAllen.

Mr. Francis L. Caldwell started on Tuesday of last week for Abilene, Kansas, to join his brother Charles, who has been there over six years.

Mr. Grier Simonton of New Windsor College is spending his Easter vacation at his home in this place.

Miss Gertrude Annan is visiting in Gettysburg.

Miss Carrie Motter is visiting in Shepherdstown, W. Va.

Miss Julia Wadsworth has returned home.

Rev. S. G. Dornblaser of the Theological Seminary, Gettysburg, will assist Rev. E. S. Johnston in the administration of the Holy Communion on Sunday.

Miss Mamie Welby of St. Joseph's Academy is spending the Easter Holidays with her relatives in town.

BLACK PILLS aid digestion.

Worms! Worms! Worms! and "Dr. Sellers' Vermifuge" will expel them from the system at once. Just the thing for children. Price 25c.

MARRIED.

GOTTWALD—ARTZBERGER.—On March 31, 1887, in Gettysburg, by Rev. J. Swartz, D. D., Mr. George C. Gottwald of this place to Miss Anna Artzberger of Gettysburg.

DIED.

CHURCHILL.—On March 18, 1887, near Front Royal, Va., Marie Mabel, daughter of William and Sallie Churchill and granddaughter of Edw. McIntire, Esq., of Frederick, aged 5 months.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

GET your house painting done by John F. Adelsberger, who will furnish estimates upon application, work done on short notice and satisfaction guaranteed.

A Full stock of fine and coarse city made Boots and Shoes; also Gum shoes and boots. New home-made work and mending of all kinds, done with neatness and dispatch, by Jas. A. Rowe & Son.

Have your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by Geo. T. Eyster, who warrants the same, and has always on hand a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware. feb 8-4.

OFFICE

OF THE BOARD OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

The Board of School Commissioners will meet in regular session, On Wednesday, April 20th, 1887, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Teachers' Reports must be signed by at least two Trustees, and be in the hands of one of the Commissioners on or before Tuesday, April 19th.

All bills charged in Report must be accepted; all exemptions from payment of book fees must be signed by at least two Trustees, and all Books and Stationery on hand must be properly reported.

Persons desirous of using Books and Stationery for private schools, must apply at this office for a contract.

Public schools will close on April 15th. Salaries and accounts will be paid on and after April 23d. By order, F. R. NEIGHBOURS, Secretary.

Executor's Notice.

THIS is to give notice that the Subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

JAMES HOSPELHORN, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers therefor to the subscriber on or before the 19th day of September next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 19th day of March, 1887. JNO. T. HOSPELHORN, Acting Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Frederick County, Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

ADAM BOWER, late of said County deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 19th day of September, 1887; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand the Nineteenth day of March, 1887. WILLIAM A. SNIDER, Executor.

Order Nisi on Sales. NO. 5286 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Frederick County, sitting in Equity. MARCO TRAM, 1887.

In the Matter of the Report of Sales filed the 30th day of March, 1887. William G. Blair Mortgagee of John G. Hess and Agnes J. Hess his wife, on Petition.

ORDERED, That on the 25th day of April, 1887, the Court will proceed to act upon the Report of Sales of Real Estate, reported to said Court by William G. Blair, Mortgagee in the above cause, and filed therein as aforesaid, to finally ratify and confirm the same, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown before said day; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Frederick County, for three successive weeks prior to said day.

The Report states the amount of sales to be \$1,225.00. Dated this 30th day of March, 1887. W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Frederick Co. True Copy—Test: W. IRVING PARSONS, Clerk.

LOCUST GROVE ROLLER MILLS

Two Miles East of Emmitsburg, W. B. HUNTER, Prop'r.

BEST GRADE OF ROLLER FLOUR always on hand, and delivered within reasonable distances from the mill.

THIS FLOUR MAKES THE WHITEST & BEST BREAD AND GOES FURTHER THAN ANY OTHER.

All sorts of Meal and Chop always on hand for sale. Custom Work promptly and satisfactorily done.

BEST MARKET PRICES PAID FOR GRAIN, &c. nov 6-6m

Look Here! JOSEPH A. BAKER, BUTCHER, EMMITTSBURG, MD.

Best quality of Butcher's meat always to be had. Families in the town and vicinity supplied every Tuesday and Saturday, at the door. sep 5-ly.

SHORT HINTS

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE. Compiled from the latest and best works on the subject by "Aunt Matilda." PRICE, 40 cents.

THIS book should be in every family desirous of knowing "the proper thing to do." We all desire to behave properly, and to know what is the best school of manners. What shall we teach our children, that they may go out into the world well bred men and women? "SHORT HINTS" contains the answer and will be mailed to any address, postage prepaid on receipt of price.

SPECIAL. Until further notice we will mail each of our friends a copy of the above valuable book gratis and free of postage, if they will mail us 15 wrappers of Dobbins' Electric Scap. By folding up the wrappers as you would a newspaper, the postage will only be 2cts. Always put your full name and address on the outside of the bundle, and write the word "Etiquette" also, and then we will know who sends it.

I. L. CRAGIN & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

BICYCLES, TRICYCLES & SUNDRIES

To ride means health and happiness. An ordinary rider can make from 50 to 100 miles a day. Maryland agents for the

COLUMBIA, SINGER, AND OTHER WHEELS. PRICES FROM \$20 UP

Second hand wheels bought, sold and Exchanged.

FINE REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. Send for catalogues. Agents for the PLUMMER HAMMOCK CHAIR, The best made.

EISENBRANDT & SHAFER, 28 Light St., BALTIMORE, MD. aug 14-9m

1837. THE SUN. 1887.

A. S. ABELL & CO., PUBLISHERS. BALTIMORE.

THE PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE. On the 17th of May, 1887, THE BALTIMORE SUN will celebrate its Fiftieth Anniversary.

From the earliest period of its career THE SUN has been a "household word" in the homes of its subscribers, and a synonym for accuracy of statement, fair dealing, promptness, energy and enterprise in the collection of news. It is noted throughout the country for the independence, conservatism and thoughtfulness of its editorial utterances. There is probably no newspaper in the United States whose opinion carries more weight or whose influence is more widely extending than the SUN, a fact upon which it may justly pride itself as the legitimate result of painstaking care in the preparation of all matter admitted to its columns. The SUN's facilities for collecting news from all quarters of the globe are being constantly extended and improved, and new features are added without regard to expense as the occasion demands.

THE BALTIMORE WEEKLY SUN has long occupied an enviable position as a model family newspaper, containing not only the news of the world and a variety of literary matter and miscellaneous reading for the family circle, but special features of recognized value, including an agricultural department, which supplies every week a mass of well-digested information for the farmer.

Full Commercial, Financial, Cotton, Cattle, Market and Stock Reports up to the hour of going to press.

Terms of subscription by mail, invariably cash in advance. Postage on all subscriptions in the United States and Canada prepaid.

One Year.....\$6 00 One Month.....25 Cts. Six Months.....3 00 Three Weeks.....25 Cts. Four Months.....2 00 Two Weeks.....15 Cts. Three Months.....1 50 One Week.....13 Cts. Two Months.....1 00

To Europe and other postal union countries, 75 cents per month. As an advertising medium its value is of course, in proportion to its immense circulation.

The Baltimore Weekly Sun. Terms invariably cash in advance. Postage free to all subscribers in the United States and Canada. One Dollar a Copy for Twelve Months. 1887. 1887. Premium Copies to getters up of clubs for the BALTIMORE WEEKLY SUN.

FIVE COPIES.....\$5 00 With an extra copy of the Weekly Sun one year.....\$10 00

TEN COPIES.....\$10 00 With an extra copy of the Weekly Sun one year, and one copy of the Daily Sun three months.....

FARMERS CLUB MEETING.

(Continued from first page.)

in competition with our own, this I deny. Wool is the covering nature, given to sheep, and as we wet the seasons of Australia are two, Wet and Dry, the wool is effected by this climatic change, so that it cannot compare with our merino wools, even one who is no expert can tell the difference at a glance. We today raise the best merino wool in existence, better than the Spanish from whom we imported our original stock, we must have the fine wool and also the coarse carpet wool to mix with our own to make the kind of fabric now in use. We cannot get along without them, neither can any other country get along without the wool of some other, for the same reasons. Therefore, Protective Germany admits wool free, I ask you gentlemen, how in the world can a duty on wool be considered a chance, and that is a necessity, help us. The American manufacturers have a capacity, if run full, to manufacture double as much as they do now, why are they not doing so, because the duty of about 40 per cent, is so high they cannot afford to sell anywhere, but in the home market. You will say, no doubt, how will free wool help us—suppose the American manufacturers pay to the government one million dollars duty on the wool they import, with the tariff off they would afford to pay \$250,000 more for cheaper wool, sell their goods \$500,000 cheaper, and save for profit \$250,000. During the low tariff period between 1846 and 1861, common wool in New York was on an average 4 cents per pound higher than at any period since the war. France has our experience, the last Napoleon reduced the duty and appointed a statistician to ascertain the results he reported that the domestic fleece had risen, since foreign wool came in freely, the domestic fleeces were sought after to mix.

The protection tariff on wool is actually a robbery under the garb of kindness, it is a delusion and a snare, my friend on my left says he don't see how protection hurts the farmer. We will see by a little thought that he is paying about 40 per cent, on almost everything he buys, either to eat, drink or wear, and also tools to work with, in fact everything excepting what he raises for his own consumption. The annual amount thus forced from the farmer, is enormous, it has been estimated at \$500,000,000, truly an enormous tribute for the farmer to pay to protection without any equivalent.

Stop, right here, gentlemen, and think of this. If to raise this \$500,000,000 a direct tax, it would amount to \$10, per head, man, woman and child, do you think for one moment this would be paid, never, but such is the sophistry of this great fraud protection, and the subtle manner in which its farmers have placed it upon us, that we do not perceive its true character. Gentlemen, this question is so momentous and I have occupied your time too long, I will leave it for the present.

The Secretary followed by saying: The subject is one that not only puzzles the brain of the farmer and intelligent men in every country, but is the main question of debate and dispute in our Legislative assemblies, in our Congress halls and our Senate chambers. No other question ever brought before the American people has caused more words than this question, and it has been the subject of modification and extension in every congressional session. It has been the only live question dividing the two political parties in these United States—the Democrats and Republicans. The Independents, Labor Reformers, Prohibitionists and Greenbackers that come to the front now and then are offshoots of one or the other of these parties, and are made up of men who cannot follow the platform of the parties from which they separate; but the destinies of the country have been controlled for many years by one or the other of these leading parties. Upon the issue of this present question the Presidential election has usually been fought. This we see that it is not only a deep, but important subject. One of these parties favors protection for American manufacturers and American industries, the other favors free trade. Protective tariff is an imposition of duties upon foreign manufactures in order that they should cost as much in the American market that the American manufacturers could make similar goods at a less cost. This act was first passed by the 14th Congress, under President Madison's administration in 1816. Alexander Hamilton had much earlier than this published a pamphlet in favor of a protective tariff, and a tariff act has been in force since 1879. In the Congress of 1823 and 24 the tariff question was discussed with tremendous heat and it then became a party question, which it has ever since remained. We have never been without tariff, though there has been much discussion in Congress whether it should be protective or not, and hence it has been often changed from high to low, and from low back again to high. Ever since intercourse has become frequent between nations, we have had more or less interchanging of products between different countries. Every country has peculiarities that especially fit it for the production of some article which other countries would be unable to produce, or at a great expense, and which is of indispensable value to all. Hence each country devotes itself to its special adaptations of production and exchange its surplus with others for what it wants of their surplus for mutual benefit. The government regulates this interchange of commodities because it is of general use to the country. It was discovered long ago that there was a convenient way of producing a government income without disturbing the people with a constant demand for money to bear its expenses. A government could therefore raise all the money it wanted from this source without the establishment of a protective tariff. The resources of the country have been developed with a rapidly increased amount in the days of Andrew Jackson and his co-peers, and manufacturing and agricultural industries have risen to the establishment of the nation's wealth. The credit of the nation has been lifted from the point where 6 per cent, bonds sold at eighty-six to 1860 to where 4 per cent, bonds were eagerly sought at a premium in 1879.

It increased our foreign trade from \$700,000,000 in 1860 to \$1,150,000,000 in 1879; and our exports which were \$20,000,000 less than our imports in 1860, were \$264,000,000 more than our imports in 1879. Without resorting to loans it has closed the principal of the ordinary expenses of the government besides the accruing interest on the public debt and distributed annually millions of dollars to disabled soldiers, soldiers' widows and children, and has largely relieved the principal of the public debt. But does all this increase of wealth in the United States benefit the farmer individually? This is a question for each one to decide for himself, and it requires study. I reason that what protects American manufacturers and American industries protects American farmers. I have been told time and again that protection does not benefit the farmer, only the manufacturer; that it helps to make the rich man richer and the poor man poorer. Admittedly that does make some rich, is it not better to have rich men here than in England? The rich man does not interfere with the farming interests of the country, and the more dairies he eats, the more men he employs, the more houses he builds, are they not consumers of the farmer's produce? The more consumers of the farmer's produce the better it is for the farmer. If it had not been for foreign aid during and since the war, in the form of a protective tariff, duties laid upon imported wares strong enough to support our government, what would have been the condition of our government to-day, and its citizens? We are to-day laboring and groaning under the weight of our taxes, but we would have had a tax more burdensome than our State and County taxes. This governmental fabric can not be supported on wind, and in no other way but by a direct tax laid upon its citizens. On the contrary let the Britishman, the Frenchman or the Englishman bring his wares in here and sell them at a fair profit free of duty, and what would be the result? I reason that our American manufacturers have got to shut down. The American laborer considers himself a human being, he likes to eat what he grows, and the delicacies of the season; he will not work for the wages the foreigner will, who lives on rye bread and the coarsest kind of food in general. The result in my estimation would be that millions of American citizens would be thrown out of employment by foreign labor, and not having any other employment, would instead of being consumers of the farmer, when engaged in manufacturing, become the farmers' rivals. They would have to go to farming as a necessity, there is no other outlet; it would undoubtedly bring the price of labor down, but to what depth will the price of farm produce sink? Nor is this all. As soon as the Britishman sees that he has run the American manufacturer out of the market he will put up the price of his wares, and ten chances to one we will in less than a year pay more for our manufactured articles than we ever did under American protection. My opinion is that the more manufacturing establishments we have got, the more people employed in them the better for the farmer, and the price will come down to a general level by competition. Last year binders could be bought for \$75, reapers for \$50 and mowers for \$25. It was not the removing of tariff that caused this depression in prices, but home competition.

I am in favor of protective tariff from the fact I believe it brings the producer and the consumer close together. Whilst a protective tariff may seem a burden in some respects it also has its benefits. It starts the wheels and spinsles at our Congress halls and our Senate chambers, and it has been the only live question dividing the two political parties in these United States—the Democrats and Republicans. The Independents, Labor Reformers, Prohibitionists and Greenbackers that come to the front now and then are offshoots of one or the other of these parties, and are made up of men who cannot follow the platform of the parties from which they separate; but the destinies of the country have been controlled for many years by one or the other of these leading parties. Upon the issue of this present question the Presidential election has usually been fought. This we see that it is not only a deep, but important subject. One of these parties favors protection for American manufacturers and American industries, the other favors free trade. Protective tariff is an imposition of duties upon foreign manufactures in order that they should cost as much in the American market that the American manufacturers could make similar goods at a less cost. This act was first passed by the 14th Congress, under President Madison's administration in 1816. Alexander Hamilton had much earlier than this published a pamphlet in favor of a protective tariff, and a tariff act has been in force since 1879. In the Congress of 1823 and 24 the tariff question was discussed with tremendous heat and it then became a party question, which it has ever since remained. We have never been without tariff, though there has been much discussion in Congress whether it should be protective or not, and hence it has been often changed from high to low, and from low back again to high. Ever since intercourse has become frequent between nations, we have had more or less interchanging of products between different countries. Every country has peculiarities that especially fit it for the production of some article which other countries would be unable to produce, or at a great expense, and which is of indispensable value to all. Hence each country devotes itself to its special adaptations of production and exchange its surplus with others for what it wants of their surplus for mutual benefit. The government regulates this interchange of commodities because it is of general use to the country. It was discovered long ago that there was a convenient way of producing a government income without disturbing the people with a constant demand for money to bear its expenses. A government could therefore raise all the money it wanted from this source without the establishment of a protective tariff. The resources of the country have been developed with a rapidly increased amount in the days of Andrew Jackson and his co-peers, and manufacturing and agricultural industries have risen to the establishment of the nation's wealth. The credit of the nation has been lifted from the point where 6 per cent, bonds sold at eighty-six to 1860 to where 4 per cent, bonds were eagerly sought at a premium in 1879.

Moved that we meet at the residence of Mr. Jno. Donoghue on Saturday the 2nd of April. Subject, Public Roads. Adjourned. R. E. HOCKENSMITH, Sec.

WHEN a laboring man undertakes to support a family and a saloon at the same time, the saloon will grow rich and the family grow poor. "No, sir," he said to the captain, "I am not seagick, but I am really disgusted with the motion of this vessel."

THE WITCH'S FATE. A Cruel Prejudice of Old Times More Than Equaled Now.

Not many decades ago in this country, the people were excited over witchcraft. Persons suspected were thrown into the water; if not witches, they would drown; if they were witches, they would swim ashore, and would be put to death! In any event, they were doomed!

Not many years ago if a person were taken sick with advanced disorder of the kidneys, the physician would pronounce the disease Bright's disease, and when so declared, he regarded his responsibility at an end, for medical authority admitted that the disease was incurable.

When the physician found a patient thus afflicted, he would say, "Oh, a slight attack of the kidneys; will be all right in a little while." He knew to the contrary. But if he could keep his patient on his hands for a few months, he knew he would derive a great revenue from his case, and then when the disease had progressed to a certain stage, he would state the facts and retire, exonerated from all blame.

But the error of supposing the disease incurable, has swayed the public mind, long after the fact has ceased to be. But public opinion has been educated to the true status of the case by those who have discounted the incurability theory, and the public recognizes and testifies to the fact that Warner's safe cure is a specific for this disease. This has been shown with thousands of testimonials.

Upon referring to them in our files we find that \$5,000 reward will be given to any one who can prove that so far as the manufacturers know they are not genuine, and that hundreds of thousands similar in character could be published, if it were necessary.

This condition of things is very amusing to the journalist, who looks upon all sides of every question. Proof should be accepted by all, but prejudice fights proof for many years. It seems strange that when a proprietary medicine is doing the good that Warner's safe cure is, that the physicians do not publicly endorse it. Many of them, we are told, privately prescribe it, as it is sold by dealers in every part of the country.

A few years ago, as stated, when a man had Bright's disease, the doctor boldly announced it, because he thought it relieved him of responsibility.

To-day when prominent people are dying (and hundreds of thousands of common people die of the same disease), we are told that doctors disguise the fact that it is Bright's disease of the kidneys and say that they die of paralysis, of apoplexy, of pneumonia, of consumption, of general debility, of rheumatism, of heart disease, of blood poisoning, or some other of the names of the direct effects of kidney disease. They are not the real disease itself.

We sometimes wonder if they avoid stating the real cause of disease for fear they will drive the public into patronage of the only scientific proprietary specific for kidney diseases and the thousand and one diseases that originate in inactive kidneys.

THE LIGHT RUNNING SEWING MACHINE HAS NO EQUAL. PERFECT SATISFACTION. New Home Sewing Machine Co. -ORANGE, MASS.- 30 Union Square, N.Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo. Atlanta, Ga. Dallas, Tex. San Francisco, Cal. FOR SALE BY

USE PATENT PAPER MEAT SACKS! 1 MILLION. Every Sack Guaranteed to prevent Skippers it Meat. They last from 3 to 5 years, full directions on every sack. They are made from strong, clean-bleached heavy paper, with our perfect PATENT BOTTOM which is air and water tight in every respect to suit all sizes of meat.

W. T. DELAPLAINE & CO., SOLE MANUFACTURERS. FREDERICK, MD. The Cosmopolitan. The handsomest, most entertaining, low price, illustrated family magazine in the world.

MUNN & CO. PATENTS. After forty years' experience in the preparation of more than One Hundred Thousand applications for patents in the United States and Foreign countries, the publishers of the Scientific American, have secured a special privilege to obtain patents in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries.

THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND. Illustrated by the use of a Buggy made by T. T. Haydock, which is not only the Leading Buggy in this country, but THE LEADING BUGGY OF THE WORLD.

Chester County Agricultural Works. THE AVONDALE CORN DRILL. The Wheels are made of iron, the driving wheel having a concave face. The corn box is made of iron, consequently no warping or getting out of shape.

FREE MEN ONLY. HARRIS REMEDY CO. Avoid the impostors of promoters who sell their medicines for three times the price of the original. HARRIS REMEDY CO., 117 1/2 Chemists, 305 1/2 North Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

SALE BILLS. OF ALL SIZES NEATLY AND PROMPTLY PRINTED HERE.

EMMITSBURG MARBLE YARD. CEMETERY WORK. Of all kinds neatly executed. All orders promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Every Saturday Morning.

\$1.00 a Year in Advance—1 not paid in Advance, \$1.50. 75 Cents for 6 Months.

No subscription will be received for less than six months, and no paper discontinued until all arrears are paid, unless at the option of the Editor.

ADVERTISING. Cash Rates—\$1.00 per inch for one insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. Special rates to regular and yearly advertisers.

JOB PRINTING. We possess superior facilities for the prompt execution of all kinds of Plain and Ornamental Job Printing, in all Colors.

W. G. BRADLEY, Meriden, Conn., SOLE MANUFACTURER. H. R. RICE & CO'S, Solid Comfort Breechboards and Spindle Wagons, single and double seated.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

PARSONS' PILLS. MAKE NEW, RICH BLOOD. These pills were a wonderful discovery. They clean the blood, and give it a new life.

THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND. Illustrated by the use of a Buggy made by T. T. Haydock, which is not only the Leading Buggy in this country, but THE LEADING BUGGY OF THE WORLD.

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FREE MEN ONLY. HARRIS REMEDY CO. Avoid the impostors of promoters who sell their medicines for three times the price of the original.

AN IMPORTANT CLUB OFFER. SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE. Gives its readers literature of lasting interest and value. It is fully and beautifully illustrated and has already gained a more than national circulation exceeding 125,000 copies monthly.

EMMITSBURG CHRONICLE. at the low combination rate of for both. SEND YOUR ORDER NOW. \$3.12. SUBSCRIPTIONS MAY BEGIN AT ANY TIME. SAMUEL MOTTER, Address, Emmitsburg, Md.

W. G. BRADLEY, Meriden, Conn., SOLE MANUFACTURER. H. R. RICE & CO'S, Solid Comfort Breechboards and Spindle Wagons, single and double seated.

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FREE MEN ONLY. HARRIS REMEDY CO. Avoid the impostors of promoters who sell their medicines for three times the price of the original.

ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York.

McKAY'S Floral Guide FOR 1887. Now ready, contains 7 Colored Plates, hundreds of Illustrations, full descriptions of all the latest and most beautiful flowers.