

Emmitsburg Chronicle.



SAMUEL MOTTER, Editor and Publisher.

"IGNORANCE IS THE CURSE OF GOD; KNOWLEDGE THE WING WHEREWITH WE FLY TO HEAVEN."

TERMS:—\$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

VOL. II.

EMMITSBURG, MARYLAND, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1881.

NO. 33.

DIRECTORY. FOR FREDERICK COUNTY.

Circuit Court.
Chief Judge.—Hon. Richard I. Bowie.
Associate Judges.—Hon. William Viers
Bonie and Hon. John A. Lynch.
State's Attorney.—John C. Motter.
Clerk of the Court.—Adolphus Fearhake, Jr.
Orphan's Court.
Judges.—Daniel Castle of T., John T.
Lowe, A. W. Nicodemus.
Register of Wills.—James P. Perry.
County Commissioners.—Thos. R. Jarboe,
Daniel Smith of T., Peter Dudderar,
Samuel M. Bussard, Thos. A. Smith
of T.
Sheriff.—Joseph S. B. Hartsock.
Tax-Collector.—D. H. Rontzahan.
Surveyor.—Rufus A. Rager.
School Commissioners.—Jas. W. Pearce,
Harry Boyle, Dr. J. W. Hilleary, Jas.
W. Troxel, Joseph Brown.
Examiner.—D. T. Lakin.
Emmitsburg District.
Justices of the Peace.—Michael C. Adles-
berger, Henry Stokes, Jas. Knouff, Eu-
gene L. Rowe.
Registrar.—James A. Elder.
Constable.—William H. Ashbaugh.
School Trustees.—Henry Stokes, E. R.
Zimmerman, U. A. Lough.
Burgess.—J. H. T. Webb.
Town Commissioners.—Isaac Hyder, Jas.
A. Elder, Jno. T. Gelwicks, Wm. H.
Weaver, U. A. Lough, Chas. F. Zeck.

CHURCHES.

Ev. Lutheran Church.
Pastor.—Rev. E. S. Johnston. Services
every other Sunday, morning and evening
at 10 o'clock, a. m., and 7 o'clock,
p. m., respectively. Wednesday evening
lectures 7 o'clock, p. m. Sunday
School at 2 o'clock, p. m., Infants S.
School 11 p. m.
Church of the Incarnation, (Ref'd.)
Pastor.—Rev. A. R. Kremer. Services
every other Sunday morning at 10 o'clock,
and every Sunday evening at
7 o'clock. Wednesday evening lecture
at 7 o'clock. Sunday school, Sunday
morning at 9 o'clock.
Presbyterian Church.
Pastor.—Rev. Wm. Simonton. Services
every other Sunday morning at 10 o'clock,
a. m., and every other Sunday
evening at 7 o'clock, p. m. Wednes-
day evening lecture at 7 o'clock. Sun-
day School at 11 o'clock, p. m. Prayer
Meeting every Sunday afternoon at
8 o'clock.
St. Joseph's, (Roman Catholic).
Pastor.—Rev. H. F. White. First Mass
7 o'clock, a. m., second mass 10 o'clock,
a. m.; Vespers 3 o'clock, p. m.; Sun-
day School, at 2 o'clock, p. m.
Methodist Episcopal Church.
Pastor.—Rev. E. O. Eldridge. Services
every other Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.
Prayer meeting every other
Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Wed-
nesday evening prayer meeting at 7 o'clock.
Sunday School 8 o'clock, a. m.
Class meeting every other Sunday at 2
o'clock, p. m.

MAILS.

Arrive.
From Baltimore, Way, 11:50 a. m.; From
Baltimore through, 7:50 p. m.; From
Hagerstown and West, 7:50 p. m.; From
Rocky Ridge, 7:50 p. m.; From Mot-
ters, 11:50 a. m.; From Gettysburg 3:30
p. m.; Frederick, 11:50 a. m.

Depart.
For Baltimore, closed, 7:00 a. m.; For
Mechanicstown, Hagerstown, Hanover,
Lancaster and Harrisburg, 7:00 a. m.;
For Rocky Ridge, 7:00, a. m.; For Bal-
timore, Way, 2:40 p. m.; Frederick
2:40 p. m.; For Motters, 2:40, p. m.;
For Gettysburg, 8:30, a. m.

All mails close 20 minutes before sched-
ule time. Office hours from 6 o'clock
a. m., to 8:30 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

Massasoit Tribe No. 41, I. O. R. M.
Kindles her Council Fire every Satur-
day evening, 8th Run. Officers: R. E.
Hockensmith, P.; Daniel Gelwicks, Sach.;
John C. Hess, Sen. S.; J. J. Mentzer
Jun. S.; John T. Gelwicks, C. of R.;
Chas. S. Zeck, K. of W.
**"Emerald Beneficial Association,
Branch No. 1, of Emmitsburg, Md."**
Monthly meetings, 4th Sunday in each
month. Officers: J. Thos. Bussay, Pres.;
Thos. J. Henley, Vice-Prest.; Geo. F.
Rider, Secretary; F. A. Adelsberger,
Ass't. Sect.; Dr. J. B. Brawner, Treas-
urer.
Junior Building Association.
Sec. J. Thos. Bussay; Directors, J.
T. Hays, Pres.; W. S. Guthrie, Vice
Pres.; John Witherow, Thos. Fraile,
Daniel Lawrence, Jas. A. Rowe, Jno. T.
Gelwicks.

SUMMER IS GON', BUT SPRING WILL COME AGAIN.

BY ALICE CARY.

The leaves are fading and falling,
The winds are rough and wild,
The birds have ceased their calling,
But let me tell you, my child,

Though day by day, as it closes,
Doth darker and colder grow,
The roots of the bright red roses
Will keep alive in the snow.

And when the winter is over,
The boughs will get new leaves,
The quail come back to the clover,
And the swallow back to the eaves

The robin will wear on his bosom
A vest that is bright and new,
And the lowliest wayside blossom
Will shine with the sun and dew.

The leaves to-day are whirling,
The brooks are all dry and dumb,
But let me tell you, my darling,
The spring will be sure to come.

There must be rough, cold weather,
And winds and rains so wild;
Not all good things togther
Come to us here, my child.

So, when some dear joy loses
Its beautiful summer glow,
Think how the roots of the roses
Are kept alive in the snow.

GETTING MARRIED IN GERMANY.

This time I was bound to make
sure work, and so, with the best in-
formation I could procure, started off
for the civil bureau (Standes Amt)
to ascertain precisely what was re-
quired.

"Upon what business do you
come?" demanded the pompous
servant at the door.

"I am an American citizen, and
want to know how to get married
in Germany, I faitered.

He opened the door of the main
office and shouted "Ein Herr Amer-
ikanner wishes to marry himself!"
and then showed me into a large
and well filled waiting room to
take my turn, every occupant of
which gazed fixedly at me without
winking for some minutes. One
thin, dark, wiry man in soiled linen,
and bright yellow kid gloves, had
dropped in to announce the death of
his third wife. A trembling young
mother was sharply reprimanded
for letting the legal third day pass
before announcing the death of her
child. A somewhat seedy clerk
had come, with a radiant face, to
announce the birth of a boy four-
teen hours old, to be called Johan-
nes Conrad Hermann Degenermeis-
ter. A servant-girl and her lover
were waiting in one corner—the red
and giggling, he erect, dignified,
and taciturn as a head-waiter—to
be made man and wife. I had
plenty of time to observe, for nearly
an hour passed before my turn came.

At length I was shown into a long
room, with half a dozen clerks at
one end, who twisted their necks,
adjusted their glasses, and gazed
and listened with open-mouthed won-
der.

"I wish to get married in the
very simplest and quickest way," I
said, presenting my passport. "Will
you please tell me how to do it?"

"It is extremely simple," said the
officer. "We must have a certifi-
cate of your birth (Geburtschein),
signed by the burgomaster of the
town in which you were born, and
with its seal, and witnessed in due
form. Your certificate of baptism
(Taufschein) should also be sent, to
guard against all error, sealed and
witnessed by the present pastor or
the proper church officers. These
must be presented here by each of
the contracting parties, with their
passports, as the first step."

I carefully noted this, and he
proceeded:

"The parents, if living, should
certify to their knowledge and ap-
proval of the marriage. We must
also be satisfied that there is no ob-
stacle, legal, moral, or otherwise, to
it; whether either of you have been

married before, and if so, whether
there are children, and if so, their
names and ages. The parents'
names should be in full; also their
residence, occupation, age, and
place of birth should of course be
given for record here."

I begged for another scrap of pa-
per and made further notes.

"When we have these here in
this desk," he continued, patting
fondly that piece of furniture, "then
either we can publish the bans
(Aufgebot) by posting a notice of
your intention in the Rathaus for
fourteen days, or else you can have
it printed in the journal of the
place where you reside in America,
and bring us a copy here as evi-
dence that it has actually appeared.
After the expiration of this time
you can be married in this office."

"Must it be here?" I queried.

"Of course," he said. "This is
the only place which the law now
recognizes. Poor people are con-
tent with civil marriage only, but
all who move in good society go
from here to the church for a relig-
ious ceremony."

"Is it not possible to shorten the
time?" I timidly ventured to in-
quire. "We had made all the
arrangements for an earlier day, and
are seriously inconvenienced by the
delay. I did not know the require-
ments. It takes four weeks to hear
from America, and then two weeks
more here, and— You do not per-
haps exactly understand, and yet I
hardly know how to explain. But
there is really haste. We are press-
ed for time."

"Haste? Pressed for time?" he
repeated. "Perhaps I do not un-
derstand. I am sorry, but it can-
not possibly be sooner. You think
we are slow in Germany? True,
but we are sure. We require our
people to take time to think over
the matter beforehand, and divorce
with us is far from being the easy
matter I have heard it is in Amer-
ica."—*January Atlantic.*

A Drunken Bear.

A half-dozen prospectors camped
one night recently in the Sierra
Nevada, El Dorado county, Califor-
nia. The ground was covered with
snow, and when about midnight a
grizzly bear approached the cunch-
ing of his feet aroused the whole
camp. The bear trotted boldly up
to within a few feet of the fire and
seized the nearest thing that could
be reached—a bag containing a few
such articles as bread and sugar and
a demijohn of the bottest whisky
manufactured on the Pacific coast.
The prospectors fired several shots
at the grizzly, which caused him to
seize the bag in his teeth and scam-
per off. Relieved of the unwelcome
visitor's presence the party dropped
off to sleep again, to be aroused
about dawn by loud and long roars
in a neighboring ravine. The men
approached the ravine cautiously
and were delighted to see the griz-
zly uproariously drunk and rolling
in the snow. The bear had broken
the demijohn and lapped up the
whisky with an appreciative tongue.
His antics were very funny—"as
good as a circus," one of the pro-
spectors says—and they were kept
up until long after sunrise. He
tried hard to climb up the side of
the ravine and made ferocious dash-
es at the men, but every time he rolled
down. At last the spectators
shot him and moved on.

"ANY good shooting on your
farm?" asked the hunter of the far-
mer. "Splendid!" replied the ag-
riculturist. "There's a lightning-
rod man down in the clover mead-
ow, a cloth-peddler at the house, a
book-agent out in the barn, and two
tramps down in the stock-yard.—
Climb right over the fence, young
man, load both barrels, and sail in."

Ventilation of Closets.

There is nothing so handy in a
house as an abundance of large,
roomy closets; but because they are
handy and extremely useful they
are apt to be abused. There are
many things which, as a matter of
course, are always put into a closet,
of which the articles of outward
wearing apparel make a large part.
There are also things which ought
not to go into a closet—i. e., a closet
adjoining, or closely connected with
a living or sleeping room. Of such
are all soiled under garments, the
wash clothes, which should be put
into a large bag for the purpose, or
a roomy basket, and then placed in
the wash-room or some other well-
aired room at some distance from
the family. Having thus excluded
one of the fertile Sources of bad
odors in closets, the next point is to
see that the closets are properly
ventilated.

It matters not how clean the
clothing in the closet may be, if
there is no ventilation that clothing
will not be what it should be. Any
garments, after being worn for a
while will absorb more or less of the
exhalations which arise from the
body, and thus contain an amount
of foreign—it may be hurtful—mat-
ter, which free circulation of pure
air can soon remove; but if this is
excluded, as in many close closets,
the effluvia increases, and the
clothes, closets, and adjoining rooms
in time possess an odor that any
acute sense of smell will readily de-
tect.

Every closet in daily use, in
which the night clothes are hung by
day and the day clothing by night,
should have an airing as well as the
bed. If the closet can be large
enough to admit of a window—and
it is in some cases—an ample pro-
vision for sunlight and a circulation
of pure air is provided in the win-
dow, which should be left open for a
short time each day.

In the case of small closets a ven-
tilator could be put over the door or
even in it. In many cases such
precaution for pure clothing are not
practicable, and the next best thing
is, to see that the door of the closet
is left open for a half hour or so
each day, at the time when the win-
dows are thrown up and the large
room is purified with fresh air from
out of doors. In this way—first, by
keeping out clothes intended for the
wash; and second, daily changing
the air—the closets may be compar-
atively pure.—*An erican Agricul-
turist.*

WHEN one contemplates the mag-
nitude of the sums paid by the gov-
ernment to the soldiers and their
representatives, in the way of pen-
sions, it cannot truthfully be said
that the American republic is un-
grateful. Since the beginning of
the rebellion the aggregate amount
paid for pensions, including the cost
of disbursement, has been nearly
five hundred millions of dollars.—
The effect of the arrears act, aside
from settling the \$25,000,000 due to
pensioners then on the rolls, is to
make the regularly yearly appropri-
ation, some fifty or sixty millions,
for years to come, instead of twenty
or thirty millions.

WICKED FOR CLERGYMEN.—"I be-
lieve it to be all wrong and even
wicked for clergymen or other pub-
lic men to be led into giving testi-
monials to quack doctors or vile
stuffs called medicines, but when a
really meritorious article is made up
of common valuable remedies known
to all, and that physicians use and
trust in daily, we should freely com-
mend it. I therefore cheerfully
and heartily commend Hop Bitters
for the good they have done me and
my friends, firmly believing they
have no equal for family use. I will
not be without them." Rev.—
Washington, D. C.

Starvation in Russia.

The reports of distress and desti-
tution in the great grain growing
sections of Russia increase in fre-
quency and intensity, and of course
cannot be altogether ill founded.
In these provinces the rye crop,
which yields the only bread the peas-
antry ever eat, has been reported
as only 60 per cent. of an average,
while the potato crop has failed al-
most as signally. The peasantry of
the communes, when they have paid
their taxes, seldom have more left
over than will keep them through
the year and provide seed for next
year's crops. It is still impossible,
however, to receive without some
grains of allowance the report of the
Russky Vedomosti that there are
8,750,000 peasants either starving
or in absolute destitution in the two
provinces of Samara and Saratov.—
These provinces, which are "govern-
ments" in what is called the "Czar-
ate of Kasan," are adjacent to each
other in the middle Volga region
the great wheat growing section of
eastern Russia, Saratov being on
the west and Samara on the east
bank of the river. Two railroads,
each a branch of the Moscow system,
pass through Saratov to the Volga.
The combined population of the
two provinces is only about 3,500,-
000, so that if the report by cable
be correct, one half of the entire
population is starving. This would
exceed the proportion in the worst
famines of India and China. Beside
their staple agricultural prod-
ucts, Samara and Saratov have
considerable manufactures both of
hemp and leather. The peasantry,
however, are in a wretched condi-
tion, and it is in these provinces that
the ravages of the diphtheria have
been most frightful.

Sleep.

There is no fact more clearly es-
tablished in the physiology of man
than this: that the brain expends
its energies and itself during the
hours of wakefulness, and that these
are recuperated during sleep; if the
recuperation does not equal the ex-
penditure, the brain withers; this
is insanity. Thus it is that in
early English history persons who
were condemned to death by being
prevented from sleeping, always died
raving maniacs. Thus it is also
that those who are starved to death
become insane—the brain is not
nourished and they cannot sleep.—
The practical inferences are three:
1. Those who think most, who do
most brain work, require most sleep.
2. That time "saved" from neces-
sary sleep is infallibly destructive
to mind, body and estate. 3. Give
yourself, your children, your ser-
vants—give all who are under you
—the fullest amount of sleep they
will take by compelling them to go
to bed at some regular, early hour,
and to rise in the morning the mo-
ment they awake of themselves, and
within a fortnight nature, with al-
most the regularity of the rising
sun, will unloose the bonds of sleep.
The moment enough repose has been
secured for the wants of the system.
This is the only safe and sufficient
rule, and as to the question how
much sleep any one requires, each
must be a rule for himself—great
nature will never fail to write it out
to the observer, under the regula-
tions just given.—*Hall's Journal of
Health.*

LONG BRIDGE.—A long bridge
over the Volga, in Russia, has re-
cently been completed. The width
of the river is nearly a mile, and as
it is liable to heavy spring floods,
the piers, of which there are four-
teen, had to be built 100 feet above
mean water level, the depth of the
river being more than fifty feet.—
The girders, 864 feet long and twen-
ty wide, were riveted together on
the right bank of the river, and then
floated to their position.

Closing London Tower.

The Tower of London is locked
up every night at eleven o'clock,
and the officials are obliged to go
through an old-time ceremony which
somewhat resembles the very juve-
nile games of "Queen Dido," "Have
you a chicken?" and "Shall John
marry Sue?"
As the clock strikes the hour the
yeoman porter, clothed in a long
red cloak, bearing a huge bunch of
keys, and accompanied by a warder
carrying a lantern, stands at the
front of main guard-house and calls
out, "Escort keys." The sergeant of
the guard and five or six men then
turn out and follow him to the out-
er gate, each sentry challenging as
they pass with "Who goes there?"
the answer being, "Keys." The
gates being carefully locked and
barred, the procession returns, the
sentries exacting the same explana-
tion and receiving the same answer
as before. Arriving once more at
the main guard-house, the sentry
gives a loud stamp with his foot
and asks, "Who goes there?"
"Keys." "Whose keys?" "Queen
Victoria's keys." "Advance Queen
Victoria's keys, and all's well."—
The yeoman porter then calls out,
"God bless Queen Victoria." To
which the guard responds, "Amen."
The officer on duty gives the word,
"Present arms," and kisses the hilt
of his sword, and the yeoman porter
then marches alone across the pa-
rade, then deposits the keys in the
lieutenant's lodging.

Earthquakes.

There is a general but erroneous
impression that earthquakes are in-
variable associated with volcanic
eruptions. Such, however, is not
the case, and geology teaches us that,
at least during some periods of time,
scarcely a spot of the earth's sur-
face has been free from sudden and
violent upheaval. The fair county
of Kent, the garden of England, is
full of evidences of awful catastro-
phes in which the titanic powers
played at ball, as it were with huge
rocks, leaving the face of the land,
when their terrible game was over
and done, spotted with great jagged
stones and boulders. An average of
a dozen earthquakes occur in differ-
ent parts of the globe every year.—
There was a terrible one in Eng-
land in 1318. Part of old St. Paul's
and the Temple Church succumbed
to another in 1850. London felt a
slight shock in 1750. A distinct
disturbance of a similar nature made
itsself manifest from Bath to Swansea
18 years ago, and the latest record-
ed earthquake occurred in Yorkshire
no longer than nine years since. By
the disaster in Austria several per-
sons have been killed and many in-
jured, while the damage done to
property is at present incalculable.
What may be called the knowledge
of the direct cause of earthquakes is
still in its infancy; and, though, as
the Laureate has it, science may
"steal her secret from the latest
moon," the hidden forces doing bat-
tle beneath the surface of the globe
remain for the present an undiscover-
ed mystery, apparently beyond
mortal ken.

"MR. O'RAFFERTY," said the Re-
corder, "why did you strike Mr.
Murphy?" "Because Murphy would
not give me a civil answer to a civil
question, yer honor." "What was
the civil question you asked him?"
"I asked him, as polite as you
please, Murphy, ain't your brother
the biggest thafe on Galveston is-
land, excepting yourself and your
uncle, who is absent at the peniten-
tiary in Huntsville?" "And wh't
rude answer did he give to such a
very civil question?" "He said to
me: 'Ave course, present company
excepted,' so I said, 'Murphy, you
are another,' and struck him wid
me fist."

ABOUT FOWLS, EGGS, AND OTHER FARMING AFFAIRS.

We should like to call the attention of our Rural Readers, to the subject of Fowl raising and Egg producing as a branch of business, calling for and promising a lucrative return to, both labour and capital.

Now, if in connexion with this fruit culture, the owner of the small worn out farm, makes the raising of Fowls a part of his regular and carefully attended to business, he will find himself in receipt of immediate returns for his investments and labour.

In another column will be found the refunding bill in the shape that the House yesterday prepared it for passage to-day. The \$400,000,000 of bonds are to be redeemable after five years, and payable after ten years, and the \$300,000,000 of certificates the government may redeem at its pleasure after they have been out a year.

A TERRIBLE accident, resulting in two deaths, occurred on Tuesday in the town of Coalville, Kansas. In passing an open fireplace the dress of a young lady named Davis caught fire and she immediately rushed out into the yard, where her clothes burned off and she died at her mother's feet.

THREE more of Sitting Bull's chiefs with fifty lodges are on their way to Fort Buford, D. T., to surrender. Sitting Bull, with the remnant of his band, has gone back to Canada.

GENERAL GRANT has been elected president of the World's Fair Commission, under whose auspices the great fair is to be held in New York in 1883.

THE BUCKEYE BLACKSMITH DEAD.

John W. Baer, the famous stump speaker and singer, and a man widely known in political circles as the "Buckeye Blacksmith," died suddenly while sitting in a chair on Wednesday morning at his house, No. 1128 South Twentieth street, Philadelphia.

ON Monday the Secretary of the Interior sent a communication to the House of Representatives with tables from the census superintendent, showing the population of the United States to be 50,152,866.

THE report of Steamboat Inspectors Loway and Saville shows among other things that over a million and a-half of passengers were transferred during the past year—half a million more than in 1879—without the loss of a single life.

A Niagara Falls dispatch says that the main feeding pipe leading to the reservoir of the Clifton Water-Works Company burst yesterday, and the water washed away about 25 feet of the cliff to the south of Table Rock, besides doing other damage to property.

THE Spanish colonial minister has announced to the Cortes the complete pacification of Cuba.

J. CLIFFORD INGRAM was found in his house, a mile and a half from West Chester, dead. He lived alone and had shot himself on Wednesday.

THE ice crop of Maine, last season, was immense, and the sale aggregated one million tons. It is said that two million tons will be cut and housed this winter.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18th. Senator Theron of Nevada, was in his seat yesterday morning, for the first time this season. He will probably start West again to-morrow, or even to-day, and never be seen in the Capital again.

There is a great deal of talk made now a days, that Senator Blaine is to be the controlling power in the next administration. It got out several days ago that he had gone to Mentor to make known his wishes, but inquiry develops the fact that he is here now and has been since before the reports were circulated.

THE Senate yesterday showed its high appreciation of valuable services rendered the country, by passing without opposition, the bill to give General Ord the retired list of Major General.

THE imports of coffee for the year ending June 30, 1880, were over \$60,000,000 in value. One-half of this could have been saved at home by growing and using chicory instead.

THE heaviest snow storm of the season throughout New England, occurred on Sunday night and Monday. It blockaded railroads, and almost entirely suspended communications with distant points.

PATRICK HAYES, a wife murderer, and Daniel Sullivan, who shot his paramour in a fit of jealousy, were hanged at Philadelphia 6th inst. Mrs. Melerhoeffer and her paramour Frank Lammens, were hanged at Newark, N. J., for the murder of the former's husband.

THE REASON WHY.—The tonic effect of Kidney-Worth is produced by its cleansing and purifying action on the blood. Where there is a gravely deposit in the urine, or milky,ropy urine from disordered kidneys, it cures without fail.

PETER McLAUGHLIN, a brother of the McLaughlin Brothers, well known as publishers of children's books in New York, committed suicide Tuesday in his parlor at his residence in Brooklyn.

COUNTERFEITERS are ever on the alert to find fresh fields to work, but they never imitate a worthless article. Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pad was brought out about ten years ago, and since then a host of chaps without skill or conscience have sought to imitate it by many worthless affairs.

GENERAL GRANT has been elected president of the World's Fair Commission, under whose auspices the great fair is to be held in New York in 1883.

BEWARE OF QUAIL.

A STARTLING STATEMENT FOR THOSE WHO LIKE THEM AS FOOD.

The following startling news appears in the Washington Republican, of Saturday. It will be recollected that at the time Buchanan was inaugurated, a large number of persons were poisoned at a hotel. The winter immediately preceding the inauguration was an unusually hard one. The proprietor of the hotel, to please his guests, had procured, as is stated, all the quail in the surrounding country.

These birds had been starved to such an extent that they were compelled to feed upon poisonous berries and leaves until their flesh became thoroughly permeated with the poison. A thing almost certainly destined to produce either death or irremediable disease in the system is the present eating of quail. The birds have been starved for weeks, and are now feeding upon such berries and buds as make their flesh poisonous.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THE Spanish colonial minister has announced to the Cortes the complete pacification of Cuba.

J. CLIFFORD INGRAM was found in his house, a mile and a half from West Chester, dead. He lived alone and had shot himself on Wednesday.

THE Pope has instructed Archbishop McCabe, of Dublin, to publish immediately the recent papal letter concerning the Irish agitation.

THE ice crop of Maine, last season, was immense, and the sale aggregated one million tons. It is said that two million tons will be cut and housed this winter.

Professor Richard a Proctor, the renowned English astronomer, will arrive in San Francisco, Cal., on the 25th of this month, and make a farewell lecture tour through this country.

THE heaviest snow storm of the season throughout New England, occurred on Sunday night and Monday. It blockaded railroads, and almost entirely suspended communications with distant points.

PATRICK HAYES, a wife murderer, and Daniel Sullivan, who shot his paramour in a fit of jealousy, were hanged at Philadelphia 6th inst. Mrs. Melerhoeffer and her paramour Frank Lammens, were hanged at Newark, N. J., for the murder of the former's husband.

THE REASON WHY.—The tonic effect of Kidney-Worth is produced by its cleansing and purifying action on the blood. Where there is a gravely deposit in the urine, or milky,ropy urine from disordered kidneys, it cures without fail.

PETER McLAUGHLIN, a brother of the McLaughlin Brothers, well known as publishers of children's books in New York, committed suicide Tuesday in his parlor at his residence in Brooklyn.

COUNTERFEITERS are ever on the alert to find fresh fields to work, but they never imitate a worthless article. Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pad was brought out about ten years ago, and since then a host of chaps without skill or conscience have sought to imitate it by many worthless affairs.

GENERAL GRANT has been elected president of the World's Fair Commission, under whose auspices the great fair is to be held in New York in 1883.

On Tuesday, Senator Thos. F. Bayard was reelected United States Senator, for the third time, from Delaware; and the same day Gen. Joseph B. Hawley was elected United States Senator from Connecticut.

A SCHEME for a grand eastern railroad from Pesth through Belgrade to Constantinople is proposed.—Geok-Tepe has been completely invested after a three days' fight by the Russians.

A WOMAN named Mrs. Mary Glenn, who has for years lived with her husband and four children on a small truck farm in the suburbs of Philadelphia, has suddenly become wealthy by the death of her father in Australia. Her fortune is fixed at \$1,500,000.

TREELESS Iowa is being transformed into a forest covered country, by a law which remits certain taxes for five years on every acre of fruit, and ten years on every acre of forest trees planted and kept alive.—Over 75,000 acres of fruit and forest trees have been planted, and \$200,000 have been remitted in taxes.

DELAWARE has 48,853 spindles in the manufacture of cotton, which is far ahead of Arkansas, Florida, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia and Wisconsin. The lowest is in Utah, where there are only 432 spindles. The total in the United States is 10,921,147 spindles.

THE Imperial Academy of Science at St. Petersburg has indorsed the suggestion made some time ago by Sanford Fleming, late chief engineer of the Canada Pacific railway, regarding the establishment of a new prime meridian for the world, 180 degrees from Greenwich, and the adoption of a standard time of reckoning. The English and Scotch astronomers royal gave unfavorable opinions.

INAUGURATION! January 1st, 1881. A Bargain Sale OF CLOTHING!

Note some of the reductions:

- FOR MEN—Overcoats reduced to \$10.00, \$14.00, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$25.00, \$19.00 Suits* \$16.00

- FOR YOUTHS—Overcoats reduced to \$8.00, \$11.50, \$8.00 Ulsters \$5.00

- FOR BOYS—Overcoats reduced to \$4.00, \$5.00, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$7.00 Suits \$6.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$11.50, \$12.00

- FOR CHILDREN—Suits reduced to \$3.50, \$5.00, \$7.00, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$3.50 Ulster \$2.75, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50

Odds and Ends 7, 8, and \$9 00 Overcoats reduced to \$5.00.

If at the above prices, you are not thoroughly satisfied with your purchase, you are privileged to return the goods for Exchange or the money.

B.R. HILLMAN & CO. Strictly "One Price" Clothiers. No. 166 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.

T. Fraley & Sons, FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS.

AND repairs of all kinds. Manufacturers of the best and other plows, and threshing machines. Iron railing of all kinds at the lowest price. Emmitsburg, Md. Jan 14-ly.

To the Ladies and Gentlemen: PROF. GUILMETTE'S French Kidney Pad



Western Maryland Railroad

WINTER SCHEDULE. On and after SUNDAY, Oct. 24th, 1880, passenger trains on this road will run as follows:

Table with columns: STATIONS, Mail, Acc., Exp., Acc., P.M., P.M. Lists stations like Union depot, Penn'a ave., etc.

Table with columns: STATIONS, Acc., Exp., Acc., Mail, P.M. Lists stations like Williamsport, Hagerstown, etc.

EMMITSBURG RAILROAD.—Trains South will leave Emmitsburg at 7:20 and 10:35 a. m., and 3:10 p. m., and arrive at Rocky Ridge at 7:50 and 10:55 a. m., and 3:40 p. m.

GLANDING'S Patent Trunk

Patented September 30, 1879, by Thomas Glanding, Baltimore, Md.

This Trunk is presented to the public, and the special attention of buyers is called to its advantages. The body and lid of the trunk are made in the usual manner.

The trays, which are a special feature, are divided into two sections, the smaller tray or parcel case being attached to the lid, is raised out of the body when the lid is raised.

The larger or main tray is attached to the ends of the body by means of parallel arms, so that the tray may be raised and carried back into the lid in its original horizontal position, and is supported on the arms, thus giving access to the body of the trunk.

The arms are pivoted to plates of suitable metal, on which are knobs or projections to stop their motion and prevent the tray from falling back against the lid.

We ask the ladies when in town to call and examine the Trunk at

GEO. A. GILBERT'S Hat, Boot & Shoe Store, NO 16 N. MARKET ST., Frederick City, Maryland.

Ask for Glanding's Patent Trunk. Use no other. mar 1880

NOTICE. SUCH OF OUR READERS AS DESIRE STEADY employment, or valuable reading matter cheap, should address THE FRANK LESLIE PUBLISHING CO., 15 Dey Street, New York.

THIS PAPER may be found on the streets, where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

Agricultural.

New Ideas and Plans. Minnesota Millers no longer "grind" wheat into flour. They "crack" it, and the people of the Northwest claim that the new process makes their hitherto inferior wheat the most valuable in the world. Burr stones are things of the past and Hungarian steel rollers have taken their place. These rollers are about thirty inches long and eight inches in diameter. It takes five sets of steel rollers to finish the flour. Each set of rollers run closer than the preceding. After the wheat passes each set of rollers it is bolted or sifted through coarse cloth. This cloth lets the disintegrated particles of wheat through and passes off the bulk and larger pieces, which are run through another and a closer set of rollers and cracked again. The last rollers have little else but wheat hulls and waxy germs of wheat, which do not crack up, but smash down like a piece of wax. The germ of a kernel of wheat is not good food. It makes flour black. By the old millstone process this waxy germ was ground up with the starchy portion and bolted through with the flour. By the new system of cracking the kernel instead of grinding it this germ is not ground, but flattened out and sifted or bolted out, while the starchy portions of the wheat are crushed into powdered wheat or flour. All the big mills of Minneapolis now manufacture by the new process.

Plowing.

There are two kinds of soil on every man's farm—the agricultural soil and the subsoil. The agricultural soil may be two inches deep or it may be nine, but it is not twenty feet. It is no deeper than the air can penetrate. If the agricultural soil is too shallow it may be gradually deepened by lifting an inch of the subsoil of each plowing, bringing it up to the air and enriching it with manure. Says Professor Stockbridge: Our agricultural society committees, by their premiums for smooth, shiny, flat furrows have done the community great harm.—Such as often takes the premiums is the very poorest kind of plowing. The soil is best plowed when it is the most roughly crushed, twisted and broken with the sod well covered. On some kind of lands I would have furrows lapped an inch as, the Canadian farmers plow. Let the air and water have a chance to circulate underneath the surface.—Light lands, however, should have a flat furrow if we wish to make such land more compact.

VALUABLE RECIPES

WHIPPED POTATOES.—Whip boiled potatoes to creamy lightness with a fork; beat in butter, milk, pepper and salt; at last, the frothed white of an egg; toss irregularly upon a dish, set in the oven two minutes to reheat; but do not let it color.

JUMBLES.—One cup butter, two cups sugar, one cup milk, four eggs, one teaspoon soda, six cups flour, a little nutmeg. Roll them out, cut them with a tumbler and a wineglass to form a ring dust over with the white of an egg, and sift on a little sugar before baking.

MUFFINS.—Two eggs, one pint flour, one teaspoonful baking powder, one leacup milk, a piece of butter half the size of an egg, and a little salt. Mix the flour, baking powder and salt together. In another dish beat the yolks of the eggs, add the milk and butter, then the flour then the whites. Beat well together, and bake in gem irons in a hot oven.

COCONUT PUDDING.—Heat a pint of milk, stirring into it a small half-cup sugar. Dissolve two tablespoons of corn starch in a little of the milk taken out before it is heated. Add this to the milk when it begins to boil. Stir until it becomes a firm paste, then stir in the beaten whites of four eggs, and after a moment or two take it off the fire. Then add a half coconut grated and mould it. Serve it cold with the yolks of the eggs and flavored with vanilla or lemon.

Humorous.

CAN you make a pun on the signs of the Zodiac? "By Gemini, I Cancer."

SOME men are so awful slow that the only time they get ahead is when they buy a cabbage.

A MAN in Iowa is ninety years old and has just cut a new set of teeth.—He is a combmaker.

THE Boston 'Journal of Commerce' publishes a lot of dyeing receipts; but none of them beat the old-fashioned way of fooling with an empty shotgun.

WHY is it that men always cross a muddy place on their toes and women on their heels?—Rome Sentinel. To get over to the other side.—Stuebenville Herald.

THERE is a slight hope for art.—We saw half a dozen quite pretty landscapes in a show-window this morning, but not a cat-tail, a lily pad or a stork standing on one leg.

A Galveston man who has a mule for sale, hearing that a friend in Houston wanted to buy a mule, telegraphed him: "Dear friend.—If you are looking for a No. 1 mule don't forget me."

A clergyman who said in one of his discourses that every blade of grass was a sermon, was next day amusing himself by clipping his lawn, when a parishioner said:—"That's right, doctor.—Cut your sermons short."

A certain English general, being at the point of death, opened his eyes, and seeing a consultation of four physicians, who were standing close by his bedside, faintly exclaimed, "Gentlemen, if you fire by platoons its all over with me."

NEXT DOOR TO A FOOL.—A lad who was at play with the son of a next door neighbor, asked his companion:

"Is not your father a fool?" "No! who said that of my father?" was the indignant reply. "Nobody, as I know on," responded the knowing urchin, "but mother told me the other day that I was next door to a fool, and I didn't know whether she meant your father or Nat-Smith's."

VALUABLE TRUTHS.

If you are suffering from poor health, or sickness, take cheer, for Hop Bitters will cure you. If you are simply ailing, if you feel weak and dispirited, without clearly knowing why, Hop Bitters will restore you. If you are a minister, and have overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties; or a mother, worn out with care, Hop Bitters will restore you. If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your every day duties; or a man of letters, toiling over your pen, Hop Bitters will strengthen you. If you are young and suffering from any indiscretion, or are growing the case, Hop Bitters will relieve you. If you are in the workshop, and feel that your system is getting out of gear, Hop Bitters will restore you. If you are old, and your eyes unsteady, Hop Bitters will give you new life and vigor. HOP BITTERS MANUFACTURING CO., Rochester, New York. For sale by J. S. A. Elder, C. D. Eichelberger.

KIDNEY WORT advertisement. This Great Remedy in either Liquid or Dry Form acts at the same time on the diseases of the Liver, Bowels and Kidneys. WHY ARE WE SICK? Because we allow these great organs to become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally. KIDNEY WORT WILL CURE BILIOUSNESS, PILES, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, URINARY DISEASES, FEMALE WEAKNESS, AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM OF LYNN, MASS.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

The Positive Cure For all Female Complaints. This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. From the trial of the merits of this compound will be recognized, a relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in many cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, thousands will testify. On account of its purity, it is today recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhoea, irregular and painful menstruation, all ovarian troubles, inflammation and ulceration. It restores the system to its normal condition, and is especially adapted to the change of life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterine cavity, and is especially adapted to the tendency to cancerous humors there. It is checked very speedily by it. In fact, it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It restores the system, and gives strength and energy for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Chlorosis, Depression, Ailments, Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and lachrymation, is always permanently cured by its use. It will relieve all forms, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system. For Kidney Complaints of either sex, this compound is unsurpassed. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 223 and 225 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price \$1.00. Six bottles for \$5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, \$1.00 per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this paper. No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND. It cures Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box. W. M. H. BROWN & CO., Baltimore, Md., wholesale agents for the sale of LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound. nov 6-1y.

THE LUNG PAD advertisement. IT HAS CURED TRADE MARK MANY. Cures by ABSORPTION (Nature's way) ALL LUNG DISEASES, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, BREATHING TROUBLES. IT DRIVES INTO the system curative agents and healing medicines. IT DEWASMS FROM the diseased parts the poisons that cause death. Thousands testify to its virtues. You Can Be Relieved And Cured Don't despair until you have tried this Sensible, Easily Applied and RADICALLY EFFECTUAL Remedy. Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, \$2.00. Send for Test: The Only Lung Pad Co. 1011 Broadway, New York. WILLIAMS BROS., DETROIT, MICH. oct 30-6m.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS advertisement. Sleep, Appetite and Strength Return when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is systematically used by a bilious dyspeptic sufferer. Moreover, since the brain sympathizes closely with the stomach and its associate organs, the liver and the bowels, as their derangement is rectified by the action of the Bitters, mental despondency produced by that derangement disappears. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

STOMACH BITTERS advertisement. Sleep, Appetite and Strength Return when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is systematically used by a bilious dyspeptic sufferer. Moreover, since the brain sympathizes closely with the stomach and its associate organs, the liver and the bowels, as their derangement is rectified by the action of the Bitters, mental despondency produced by that derangement disappears. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

RISLEY'S WITCH HAZEL advertisement. Cures Headache, Burns, Sprains, Cuts, Wounds, Rheumatism, Toothache, Earache, etc., etc. Warranted equal in quality to any made, at half the price. 6 oz. Bottles 25c. Pint Bottles 50c. Have your druggist order, if he has not in stock, CHARLES F. RISLEY & Co., Wholesale Drug's, 64 Cortlandt St., N. Y. dec 4-3m.

T. Fraley & Sons, FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS. AND repairs of all kinds. Manufacturers of the Hess and other plows, and threshing machines. From nothing of all kinds at the lowest prices. Emmitsburg, Md. jul 4-1y.

THE "Emmitsburg Chronicle"

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING. \$1.50 a Year in Advance—If not paid in Advance, \$2.00. \$1.00 for 6 Months.

No subscription will be received for less than six months, and no paper discontinued until all arrears are paid, unless at the option of the Editor.

ADVETISING:

Cash Rates—\$1.50 per square of ten lines, for three weeks or less. Special rates to regular and yearly advertisers.

JOB PRINTING



We possess superior facilities for the prompt execution of all kinds of Plain and Ornamental Job Printing, such as Cards, Checks, Receipts, Circulars, Notes, Book Work of every description, Druggists' Labels, Note Headings, Bill Heads, in all colors, etc. Special facilities will be made to accommodate late both in price and quality of work. Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention.

SALE BILLS

OF ALL SIZES, NEATLY AND PROMPTLY PRINTED HERE.

All letters should be addressed to Samuel Motter, PUBLISHER, EMMITSBURG, Frederick County, Md.

EXCELSIOR KIDNEY PAD advertisement. IMPROVED EXCELSIOR KIDNEY PAD CURE FOR BACK ACHE. And all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs by wearing the Improved Excelsior Kidney Pad. It is a MARVEL OF HEALING and RELIEF. Simple, Sensible, Direct, Painless, Powerful. It CURES when all else fails. A REVOLUTION AND REVOLUTION in Medicine. Absorption or direct application, as opposed to unsatisfactory internal medicines. Send for our treatise on Kidney troubles, sent free. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, \$1. This is the Or. The "On'y" Lung Pad Co. 1011 Broadway, New York. WILLIAMS BROS., DETROIT, MICH. ask for it and take no other.

FARMERS AND DEALERS, READ THIS!

S. N. McNAIR advertisement. Blank Books, Stationery AND BRITISH AND AMERICAN INKS, Revolvers, Razors, and Knives. Also, a large line of CIGARS & TOBACCO AT THE POST OFFICE, Emmitsburg, Md. jul 4-1y.

Furniture Furniture!

SMITH & SHUFF, Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Looking Glasses, Piano Stools, Parlor Suits, Bedroom Suits, Marble-top Tables, Picture Frames Extension Tables, Wardrobes, Mattresses, Brackets, Chairs Sideboards, Lounges, Spring Bed

And all goods that are generally kept in a first-class furniture wareroom. All kinds of repairing neatly and promptly done. UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY.

A complete stock of coffins and caskets always on hand. A Corpse Preserver free of charge, if desired. Calls at all hours promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, we ask for a continuance of the same. SMITH & SHUFF, Motter's Store Room, W. Main St., Emmitsburg, Md. may 8, 1880, 1y

Literary Revolution and Universal Knowledge:

An Encyclopedia in 20 Vols., over 16,000 pages; 10 per cent more matter than any Encyclopedia ever before published in this country, and sold, handsomely and well bound, in cloth for \$10, in half morocco for \$15, and printed on fine heavy paper, wide margins, bound in half Russia, gilt top, for \$20—an enterprise so extraordinary that its success, beyond all precedent book publishing, may be fairly claimed to inaugurate a Literary Revolution. THE LIBRARY OF UNIVERSAL KNOWLEDGE is a reprint entire of the last (1879) Edinburgh edition of "Chambers's Encyclopedia," with about 40 per cent of new matter added, upon topics of special interest to American readers, thus making it equal in character to any similar work, better than any other suited to the wants of the great majority of those who consult works of reference, and altogether the latest Encyclopedia in the field. SPECIAL VOLUMES in either style will be sent for examination with privilege of return on receipt of proportionate price per volume. Special Discounts to all early subscribers, and extra discounts to clubs. Full particulars with descriptive catalogue of many other standard works equally low in price, sent free. Leading principles of the AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE: I. Publish only books of real value. II. Sell upon the basis of present cost of making books, about one half what it was a few years ago. III. Work to buyers direct, and save them the 50 to 60 per cent. commission commonly allowed to dealers. IV. The cost of books when made 10,000 at a time is but a fraction of the cost when made 500 at a time—adopt the low price and sell the large quantity. V. Use good type, paper, etc., do careful printing, and strong, neat binding, but avoid all "padding" and heavily-glazed type, shabby paper and gaudy binding, which are so commonly resorted-to to make books appear large and fine, and which greatly add to their cost, but do not add to their value. VI. To make \$1 and a friend is better than to make \$5 and an enemy.

- Library of Universal Knowledge, 20 vols., \$10. Milton's History of Rome, 5 vols., \$2.50. Macaulay's History of England, 3 vols., \$1.50. Chambers's Encyclopedia of Eng. Literature, 4 vols., \$2. Knight's History of England, 4 vols., \$3. Plutarch's Lives of Illustrious Men, 3 vols., \$1.50. Gulliver's Travels, 2 vols., \$1.50. Young's Bible Concordance, 311,000 references (preparing), \$2.50. Aeneas Library of Biography, 50 cents. Book of Psalms, 100 cents, illus., 50 cents. Milton's Complete Poetical Works, 50 cents. Shakespeare's Complete Works, 75 cents. Works of Dante, translated by Cary, 50 cents. Works of Virgil, translated by Dryden, 40 cents. The Koran of Mohammed, translated by Sale, 35 cents. Adventures of Don Quixote, illus., 50 cents. Arabian Nights, illus., 50 cents. Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, illus., 50 cents. Robinson Crusoe, illus., 50 cents. Munchausen and Gulliver's Travels, illus., 50 cents. Stories and Ballads, by E. T. Allen, illus., \$1. Aeneas Library of Modern Classics, 50 cents. Remittances by bank draft, money order, registered letter, or by Express. Fractions of one dollar may be sent in postage stamps. Address: AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE, Tribune Building, New York.

NICHOLS SHEPARD & CO advertisement. Battle Creek, Michigan, MANUFACTURERS OF THE ONLY GENUINE VIBRATOR. THRESHERS, Traction and Plain Engines and Horse-Powers. Most Complete Thresher Factory Established in the World. 1848. 32 YEARS of continuous and successful business without change of name or location, to "back up" the broadest warranty given on our goods. STEAM-POWER SEPARATORS and Complete Steam Outfits of matchless quality. Finest Traction Engines and Plain Engines ever sent to the American market. A multitude of special features and improvements for 1881, together with superior quality in construction and materials not dreamed of by other makers. Four sizes of Separators, from 6 to 12 horse capacity, for steam or horse power. 7,500,000 Feet of Selected Lumber constantly on hand, from which is built the inimitable wood-work of our machinery. TRACTION ENGINES Strongest, most durable, and efficient ever made. 5, 10, 15 Horse Power. Farmers and Threshermen are invited to investigate this matchless Threshing Machinery. Circulars sent free. Address: NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., Battle Creek, Michigan.

KNABE advertisement. Grand, Square and Upright PIANO FORTES. These instruments have been before the Public for nearly fifty years, and upon their excellence alone have attained an UN-URCHASSED PRE-EMINENCE WHICH establishes them as unequalled in TONE, TOUCH, WORKMANSHIP & DURABILITY. Every Piano Fully Warranted for 5 Years. SECONO HAND PIANOS. A large stock at all prices, constantly on hand, comprising some of our own make, but slightly used. Sole agents for the celebrated SMITH AMERICAN ORGANS AND OTHER LEADING MAKES. Prices and terms to suit all purchasers. WM. KNABE & CO., 204 & 206 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore. July 5-1y. BENJ. F. GRAFTON, STORY B. LADD, HALBERT E. PAINE, Late Commissioner of Patents.

Patents. Paine, Grafton & Ladd, Attorneys at Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents. 412 FIFTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C. Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamphlet sent free on receipt of stamp for postage.

Marble Works! U. A. Lough, Proprietor. ALWAYS on hand, and made to order, MONUMENTS, TOMB AND HEAD STONES, AT VERY LOW PRICES. ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. ALL WORK DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE. CHAS. J. ROWE, DEALER IN SEWING MACHINES and Manufacturer of cigars. I am CLOSING OUT my stock of Cigars, bargains can be had in them, by the hundred or thousand. Sewing Machines, of all the leading kinds, furnished promptly.

THIS PAPER may be found on No. 11, GEO. F. NEWSBEE ADVERTISING BUREAU (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it. NEW YORK.